

# Lab 3: Exploring Discrete Probability Distributions

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*due: Oct 16, 2019 5:00 pm*

## Bernoulli and Binomial Distributions

Functions `dbinom`, `pbinom`, `qbinom`, `rbino`

### Binomial

Taken from Open Intro Exercise 4.17:

Data collected by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMSHA) suggests that 69.7% of 18-20 year olds consumed alcoholic beverages in any given year. A random sample of 10 people age 18-20 was taken.

Write text below:

1. What distribution does the number of 18-20 that consumed alcohol follow?

Binomial distribution.

2. What is the expected value of this distribution?

```
n1 <- 10
p1 <- 0.697
```

```
n1*p1
```

```
## [1] 6.97
```

6.97.

3. What is the variance of this distribution?

```
n1*p1*(1-p1)
```

```
## [1] 2.11191
```

The variance is 2.11.

Write code below:

4. What is the probability that exactly 5 out of 10 18-20 year olds have consumed an alcoholic beverage?

```
dbinom(x=5,size=10,prob=0.697)
```

```
## [1] 0.1058711
```

The probability is 0.11.

5. What is the probability that at most 3 out of 10 randomly sampled 18-20 year olds have consumed alcoholic beverages?

```
pbinom(q=3,size=10,prob = 0.697)
```

```
## [1] 0.01123721
```

The probability is 0.01.

6. What is the probability that at least 6 out of 10 randomly sampled 18-20 year olds have consumed alcoholic beverages?

```
1-pbinom(q=5, size=10, prob=0.697)
```

```
## [1] 0.844538
```

The probability is 0.84

7. What is the median of this distribution?

```
qbinom(p=0.5, size=10, prob=0.697)
```

```
## [1] 7
```

The median is 7.

You can also randomly generate samples using a binomial distribution.

## Geometric Distribution

Functions `dgeom()`, `pgeom()`, `qgeom()`, `rgeom()`

**In R, these functions model differently than the book. This looks at the number of failures until the first success.**

The probability of a defective lightbulb at a certain factor is 0.30. Write text here:

8. What is distribution would the number of bulbs until the first defective is found follow?

Geometric

9. What is the expected number of lightbulbs that are checked before finding a defective bulb?

```
1/0.3
```

```
## [1] 3.333333
```

10. What is the probability that the tenth lightbulb is the first defective bulb?

```
dgeom(x=9, prob = 0.3)
```

```
## [1] 0.01210608
```

11. What is the probability that the first defective bulb is found after the first 3 bulbs are checked?

```
1-pgeom(q=3,prob=0.3)
```

```
## [1] 0.2401
```

12. Again we can draw a random sample:

```
rgeom(100,0.3)
```

```
## [1] 0 0 7 7 1 7 1 2 7 10 4 0 0 1 7 1 0 1 2 2 0 6 0
## [24] 3 0 0 6 0 0 2 1 0 5 1 1 6 3 7 2 2 0 0 0 4 3 2
## [47] 14 10 2 1 0 0 5 1 0 4 0 1 10 2 2 6 0 0 1 0 0 2 3
## [70] 0 1 8 2 1 0 2 4 3 3 7 0 2 1 12 0 1 0 12 0 0 1 0
## [93] 1 0 4 0 7 0 0 3
```