

# Payout Management System Documentation

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## Overview

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The Callstar Payout Management System provides a complete solution for managing creator payments, from booking payment to final payout. The system implements a **7-day holding period** for security and dispute management, followed by a **manual admin approval process** for payout requests.

### Key Features

-  **Automatic Payment Hold:** All payments are held for 7 days after booking
  -  **Creator Payout Requests:** Creators can request payouts for available balance
  -  **Admin Approval Workflow:** Admins manually process payout requests
  -  **Stripe Integration:** Direct transfers to creator Stripe Connect accounts
  -  **Webhook Automation:** Automatic status updates from Stripe
  -  **Analytics Dashboard:** Comprehensive platform metrics and insights
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## System Architecture

### Payment Status Flow

BOOKING PAYMENT



PAYMENT CREATED (status: SUCCEEDED)



HELD (7 days security period)



(automatic after 7 days via cron job)

READY (available for payout)



(creator requests payout)

PAYOUT REQUEST CREATED (status: PENDING)



(admin processes request)

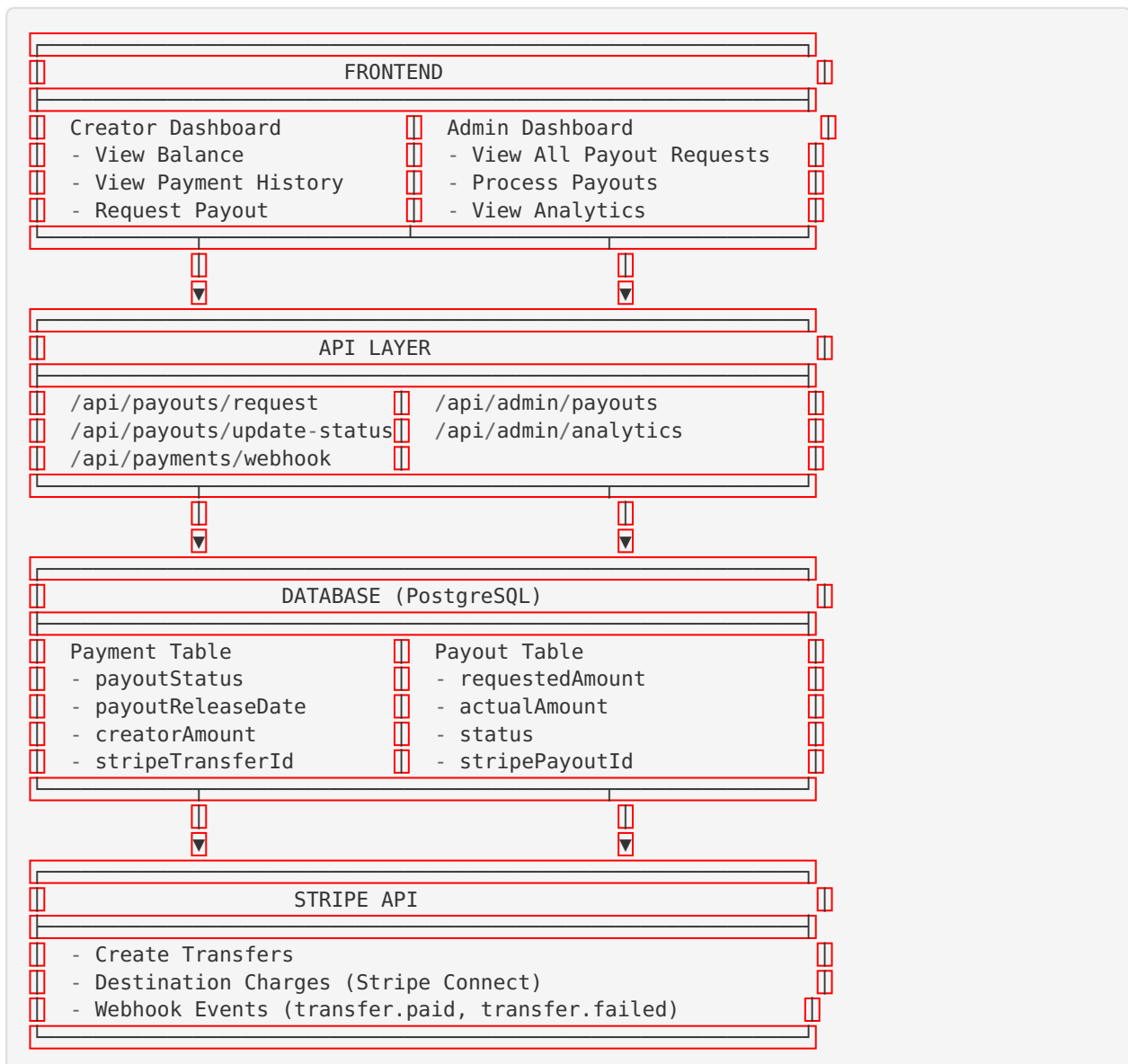
PROCESSING (Stripe transfer initiated)



(Stripe webhook confirms)

PAID (funds transferred to creator)

### Component Architecture



## Payment Flow

### 1. Initial Booking Payment

When a user books a call:

#### 1. **Payment Intent Created:**

- Uses Stripe Connect Destination Charges
- 10% platform fee automatically deducted
- 90% designated for creator

#### 2. **Payment Record Created** (via webhook):

```
typescript
{
  status: 'SUCCEEDED',
  payoutStatus: 'HELD',
  payoutReleaseDate: currentDate + 7 days,
  amount: 70.00,           // Total amount in EUR
  platformFee: 7.00,       // 10% platform fee
  creatorAmount: 63.00     // 90% for creator
}
```

### 2. Holding Period (7 Days)

- Payments remain in `HELD` status for 7 days
- Protects against chargebacks and disputes
- **Cron Job** runs daily via `/api/payouts/update-status` :

```
bash
# Checks if payoutReleaseDate has passed
# Updates payoutStatus from HELD → READY
```

### 3. Creator Payout Request

When release date is reached:

1. Creator sees available balance in dashboard
2. Creator clicks “Request Payout” button
3. Enters amount to withdraw (up to available balance)
4. System creates **Payout Request**:

```
typescript
{
  status: 'PENDING',
  requestedAmount: 63.00,
  stripeAccountId: 'acct_xxx',
  requestedAt: new Date()
}
```

### 4. Admin Processing

Admin reviews and processes requests:

1. Views pending requests in `/dashboard/admin/payouts`
2. Verifies creator’s Stripe account status
3. Clicks “Process” button

#### 4. System:

- Creates Stripe Transfer to creator account
- Updates payout status to `PROCESSING`
- Updates payment records to `PROCESSING`

### 5. Stripe Transfer Completion

Stripe webhook handles completion:

#### 1. `transfer.paid` event received:

- Updates payout status to `PAID`
- Updates payment records to `PAID`
- Sends notification to creator
- Sends email confirmation

#### 2. `transfer.failed` event received:

- Updates payout status to `FAILED`
- Reverts payment records to `READY`
- Notifies creator of failure

## Database Schema

### Payment Model

```
model Payment {
  id                String      @id @default(cuid())
  bookingId         String      @unique
  amount            Decimal      @db.Decimal(10, 2)
  stripePaymentIntentId String
  status            PaymentStatus @default(PENDING)
  platformFee        Decimal      @db.Decimal(10, 2)
  creatorAmount      Decimal      @db.Decimal(10, 2)
  createdAt          DateTime     @default(now())

  // Payout tracking
  payoutStatus      PayoutStatus @default(HELD)
  payoutReleaseDate DateTime?
  stripeTransferId  String?
  payoutDate         DateTime?

  booking Booking @relation(fields: [bookingId], references: [id])

  @@index([payoutStatus])
}
```

## Payout Model

```
model Payout {
  id String @id @default(cuid())
  creatorId String
  requestedAmount Decimal @db.Decimal(10, 2)
  actualAmount Decimal? @db.Decimal(10, 2)
  stripePayoutId String?
  stripeAccountId String?
  status PayoutStatus @default(PENDING)

  // Tracking dates
  requestedAt DateTime @default(now())
  processedAt DateTime?
  completedAt DateTime?
  failedAt DateTime?

  // Metadata
  failureReason String? @db.Text
  notes String? @db.Text
  processedBy String?

  createdAt DateTime @default(now())
  updatedAt DateTime @updatedAt

  creator Creator @relation(fields: [creatorId], references: [id])

  @@index([creatorId])
  @@index([status])
}
```

## PayoutStatus Enum

```
enum PayoutStatus {
  PENDING // Initial state, awaiting payment
  HELD // Payment succeeded, funds held for 7 days
  READY // Holding period passed, ready for transfer
  PROCESSING // Transfer in progress
  PAID // Successfully transferred to creator
  FAILED // Transfer failed
  CANCELLED // Cancelled (refund/dispute)
}
```



## API Endpoints

### Creator APIs

**GET /api/payouts/request**

Get creator's balance and payment details.

**Response:**

```
{
  "availableBalance": 126.00,
  "pendingBalance": 63.00,
  "totalPaid": 315.00,
  "stripeConnected": true,
  "payments": {
    "ready": [...],
    "held": [...],
    "paid": [...]
  },
  "pendingPayoutRequests": [...]
```

### POST /api/payouts/request

Create a payout request.

#### Request:

```
{
  "amount": 126.00
}
```

#### Response:

```
{
  "success": true,
  "message": "Demande de paiement de 126.00€ créée avec succès",
  "payout": {
    "id": "payout_xxx",
    "amount": 126.00,
    "status": "PENDING"
  }
}
```

## Admin APIs

### GET /api/admin/payouts

List all payout requests with filters.

#### Query Parameters:

- status : Filter by status (PENDING, PROCESSING, PAID, FAILED)
- creatorId : Filter by creator ID

#### Response:

```
[
  {
    "id": "payout_xxx",
    "creatorName": "John Doe",
    "creatorEmail": "john@example.com",
    "stripeAccountId": "acct_xxx",
    "requestedAmount": 126.00,
    "availableBalance": 126.00,
    "status": "PENDING",
    "requestedAt": "2025-12-25T10:00:00Z"
  }
]
```

#### POST /api/admin/payouts

Process a payout request.

##### Request:

```
{
  "payoutId": "payout_xxx",
  "notes": "Processed manually"
}
```

##### Response:

```
{
  "success": true,
  "message": "Païement de 126.00€ transféré avec succès",
  "payout": {
    "id": "payout_xxx",
    "amount": 126.00,
    "stripePayoutId": "tr_xxx",
    "status": "PAID"
  }
}
```

#### GET /api/admin/analytics

Get platform analytics and metrics.

##### Query Parameters:

- `period` : Number of days (default: 30)

##### Response:

```
{
  "revenue": {
    "total": 7000.00,
    "period": 700.00
  },
  "platformFees": {
    "total": 700.00,
    "period": 70.00
  },
  "payouts": {
    "pending": { "count": 5, "amount": 315.00 },
    "completed": { "count": 20, "amount": 1260.00 }
  },
  "topCreators": [...]
```

## Cron Job API

**POST /api/payouts/update-status**

Update payment status from HELD to READY (runs daily).

**Headers:**

Authorization: Bearer <CRON\_SECRET>

**Response:**

```
{
  "message": "Updated 5 payments to READY status",
  "updatedCount": 5,
  "paymentIds": ["pay_1", "pay_2", ...]
```



## User Interfaces

### Creator Dashboard ( /dashboard/creator/payouts )

Features:

- **Balance Cards:** Available, Pending, Total Paid
- **Request Payout Button:** Creates payout request
- **Payment Lists:**
  - Ready payments (can be included in payout)
  - Held payments (with countdown)
  - Paid history
- **Payout Request Status:** Shows pending requests

### Admin Payout Management ( /dashboard/admin/payouts )

Features:

- **Summary Cards:** Pending, Processing, Completed amounts
- **Payout Requests Table:**
- Creator details



- Requested vs available balance
- Request date
- Status badge
- Action buttons
- **Process Button**: Initiates Stripe transfer
- **Stripe Dashboard Link**: Opens creator's Stripe account
- **Status Filtering**: Filter by status

## Admin Analytics ( /dashboard/admin/analytics )

Features:

- **Period Selector**: 7, 30, 90, 365 days
- **Revenue Metrics**:
  - Total revenue
  - Platform fees
  - Creator earnings
- **Payout Metrics**:
  - Pending amount
  - Completed payouts
  - Current balances
- **Charts**:
  - Revenue over time
  - Payment status distribution
- **Top Creators**: Highest earners in period



## Webhook Integration

### Stripe Webhook Configuration

#### 1. Configure Webhook Endpoint:

```
https://your-domain.com/api/payments/webhook
```

#### 2. Required Events:

- `payment_intent.succeeded` - Initial payment capture
- `transfer.paid` - Payout completed successfully
- `transfer.failed` - Payout failed

#### 3. Webhook Secret:

```
bash
# Add to .env
STRIPE_WEBHOOK_SECRET=whsec_xxxxx
```

### Webhook Handler ( /api/payments/webhook/route.ts )

Handles three event types:

#### 1. `payment_intent.succeeded`

- Creates Payment record
- Sets payoutStatus to HELD
- Calculates payoutReleaseDate (7 days)
- Sends confirmation emails

**2. transfer.paid**

- Updates Payout status to PAID
- Updates Payment records to PAID
- Sends success notification to creator
- Records transfer ID and date

**3. transfer.failed**

- Updates Payout status to FAILED
- Reverts Payment records to READY
- Records failure reason
- Sends error notification to creator



## Admin Instructions

### Daily Operations

**1. Check Pending Payout Requests**

Navigate to `/dashboard/admin/payouts` :

- View all pending requests
- Check creator's available balance
- Verify Stripe account status

**2. Process Payout Request****Steps:**

1. Click "Stripe" button to verify creator's account:

- Check if payouts are enabled
- Verify bank account is connected
- Review account status

1. Click "Process" button:

- System creates Stripe transfer
- Status updates to PROCESSING
- Wait for webhook confirmation

2. Verify Completion:

- Check payout status changes to PAID
- Verify in Stripe Dashboard
- Creator receives email notification

**3. Handle Failed Payouts**

If payout fails:

1. Check failure reason in admin panel
2. Contact creator to resolve issue:
  - Bank account issues
  - Stripe account verification needed
  - Insufficient funds (rare)
3. Creator can request again after fixing

## 4. Monitor Analytics

Check `/dashboard/admin/analytics` regularly:

- **Revenue Trends:** Monitor platform growth
- **Pending Payouts:** Ensure timely processing
- **Balance Health:** Check held vs ready amounts
- **Top Creators:** Identify high performers

## Troubleshooting

### Creator Can't Request Payout

#### Possible Causes:

1. Stripe Connect not configured
  - Guide creator to `/dashboard/creator/settings`
  - Complete Stripe onboarding
1. No available balance
  - Payments still in HELD status
  - Check `payoutReleaseDate`
2. Pending request exists
  - Process existing request first
  - Only one pending request allowed

### Payout Processing Fails

#### Possible Causes:

1. Invalid Stripe account
    - Verify account ID is correct
    - Check account status in Stripe
  1. Stripe API error
    - Check Stripe API logs
    - Verify API keys are correct
  2. Insufficient balance (rare)
    - Check platform's Stripe balance
    - Contact Stripe support if needed
-

## Configuration

### Environment Variables

```
# Stripe Configuration
STRIPE_SECRET_KEY=sk_test_XXXXX
STRIPE_PUBLISHABLE_KEY=pk_test_XXXXX
STRIPE_WEBHOOK_SECRET=whsec_XXXXX

# Cron Job Secret
CRON_SECRET=your-secure-secret

# App URLs
NEXT_PUBLIC_APP_URL=https://your-domain.com
NEXTAUTH_URL=https://your-domain.com

# Database
DATABASE_URL=postgresql://user:pass@host:5432/db
```

### Cron Job Setup

The system uses an automated cron job to check and update payment statuses from HELD to READY when the 7-day holding period has passed.

### Vercel Cron Configuration (Recommended)

1. **Create vercel.json** in project root:

```
json
{
  "crons": [
    {
      "path": "/api/payouts/update-status",
      "schedule": "0 2 * * *"
    }
  ]
}
```

2. **Set CRON\_SECRET in Vercel:**

- Go to your project in Vercel Dashboard
- Navigate to Settings → Environment Variables
- Add new variable:
  - Name: `CRON_SECRET`
  - Value: Generate a secure random string (min 32 characters)
  - Available to: All environments (or Production only)
  - Example generation:

```
bash
# Generate secure random secret
openssl rand -base64 32
# or
node -e "console.log(require('crypto').randomBytes(32).toString('base64'))"
```

3. **Deploy to Vercel:**

```
bash
git add vercel.json
```

```
git commit -m "Add cron job configuration"
git push origin main
vercel --prod
```

#### 4. Verify Cron Setup:

- Go to Vercel Dashboard → Your Project → Settings → Cron
- You should see the cron job listed with schedule "0 2 \* \* \*"
- Check logs after first run to verify success

### Alternative: External Cron Service

If not using Vercel, you can use an external cron service like:

- **cron-job.org**
- **EasyCron**
- **AWS CloudWatch Events**
- **Server crontab**

#### Setup Example (Server Crontab):

```
# Edit crontab
crontab -e

# Add this line (runs daily at 02:00 UTC)
0 2 * * * curl -X POST \
  -H "Authorization: Bearer YOUR_CRON_SECRET" \
  https://your-domain.com/api/payouts/update-status
```

### Testing the Cron Job

#### Local Testing (Development)

##### 1. Start development server:

```
bash
npm run dev
```

##### 2. Test via GET request (development only):

```
bash
# Simple GET request (no auth needed in dev mode)
curl http://localhost:3000/api/payouts/update-status
```

##### 3. Test via POST request (production-like):

```
bash
# With authentication
curl -X POST \
  -H "Authorization: Bearer dev-secret" \
  http://localhost:3000/api/payouts/update-status
```

##### 4. Expected Response (no payments to update):

```
json
{
  "success": true,
  "message": "No payments to update",
  "updatedCount": 0,
  "timestamp": "2025-12-25T02:00:00.000Z",
```

```
"duration": "45ms"
}
```

##### 5. Expected Response (with payments updated):

```
json
{
  "success": true,
  "message": "Updated 3 payments to READY status",
  "updatedCount": 3,
  "paymentIds": ["pay_1", "pay_2", "pay_3"],
  "payments": [
    {
      "id": "pay_1",
      "amount": 63.00,
      "creatorName": "John Doe",
      "releaseDate": "2025-12-18T10:00:00.000Z"
    }
  ],
  "timestamp": "2025-12-25T02:00:00.000Z",
  "duration": "123ms"
}
```

## Production Testing

### 1. Manual Trigger (for testing only):

```
```bash
# Get your CRON_SECRET from Vercel environment variables
CRON_SECRET="your-actual-secret-here"

# Call production endpoint
curl -X POST \
-H "Authorization: Bearer $CRON_SECRET" \
https://your-domain.com/api/payouts/update-status
```
```

### 1. Check Vercel Logs:

- Go to Vercel Dashboard → Your Project → Logs
- Filter by function: `/api/payouts/update-status`
- Look for log entries with `[CRON]` prefix

### 2. Expected Log Output:

```
...
🔄 [CRON] Payout status update job started at: 2025-12-25T02:00:00.000Z
✅ [CRON] Authentication successful
🔍 [CRON] Searching for HELD payments with release date <= 2025-12-25T02:00:00.000Z
📊 [CRON] Found 3 payments ready to be updated
💰 [CRON] Payments to be updated:

1. Payment ID: pay_abc123
   Amount: €63.00
   Creator: John Doe (john@example.com)
   Release Date: 2025-12-18T10:00:00.000Z
🔄 [CRON] Updating payment statuses from HELD to READY...
```

```

✓✓✓ [CRON] Successfully updated 3 payments to READY status
🕒 [CRON] Total execution time: 234ms
📅 [CRON] Next run: Tomorrow at 02:00 UTC
...

```

## Monitoring Cron Job Health

### 1. Check Execution Logs:

```

bash
# View recent cron job executions in Vercel
vercel logs --follow /api/payouts/update-status

```

### 2. Set Up Alerts (Optional):

- Use a monitoring service like Better Uptime or Cronitor
- Configure webhook to receive cron failure alerts
- Example with Cronitor:

```

bash
# Add to your cron endpoint response handling
curl https://cronitor.link/YOUR_MONITOR_ID/complete

```

### 3. Database Verification:

```

```sql
- Check for payments still in HELD status past release date
SELECT COUNT(*) as stuck_payments
FROM "Payment"
WHERE "payoutStatus" = 'HELD'
AND "payoutReleaseDate" <= NOW();

```

- Should return 0 if cron is working properly
- ```

...

```

## Troubleshooting Cron Issues

### Issue: Cron Job Not Running

**Symptoms:** Payments stay in HELD status past release date

#### Solutions:

1. Check vercel.json is committed and deployed
2. Verify cron appears in Vercel Dashboard → Cron section
3. Check CRON\_SECRET is set in Vercel environment variables
4. Review Vercel logs for error messages
5. Manually trigger endpoint to test:

```

bash
curl -X POST \
  -H "Authorization: Bearer YOUR_CRON_SECRET" \
  https://your-domain.com/api/payouts/update-status

```

### Issue: Authentication Failures

**Symptoms:** 401 Unauthorized in logs

#### Solutions:

1. Verify CRON\_SECRET matches between:
  - Vercel environment variables
  - Your local .env file (for testing)

- The Authorization header
- 2. Ensure no extra spaces in the secret
- 3. Check header format: `Bearer YOUR_SECRET` (note the space)

### Issue: Database Timeout

**Symptoms:** 500 error, "Query timeout" in logs

#### Solutions:

1. Check database connection pool settings
2. Optimize query with proper indexes:

sql

```
CREATE INDEX IF NOT EXISTS "Payment_payoutStatus_releaseDate_idx"
ON "Payment" ("payoutStatus", "payoutReleaseDate");
```

3. Add connection retry logic
4. Consider pagination for large updates

### Issue: No Payments Updated But Should Be

**Symptoms:** Returns 0 updated but payments exist

#### Solutions:

1. Check timezone settings:

typescript

```
// In route.ts, verify timezone handling
const now = new Date();
console.log('Current time:', now.toISOString());
```

2. Verify payoutReleaseDate is set correctly:

sql

```
SELECT id, "payoutStatus", "payoutReleaseDate", NOW()
FROM "Payment"
WHERE "payoutStatus" = 'HELD';
```

3. Check for database query filters

## Stripe Constants

Located in `lib/stripe.ts`:

```
export const PLATFORM_FEE_PERCENTAGE = 10; // 10% platform fee
export const PAYOUT_HOLDING_DAYS = 7;      // 7 day hold period
```

---



## Testing

### Test Scenarios

#### 1. Complete Payment Flow

```
# 1. Create booking and payment
# 2. Wait for payment_intent.succeeded webhook
# 3. Verify Payment created with HELD status
# 4. Check payoutReleaseDate is +7 days

# 5. Simulate cron job (or wait 7 days)
curl -X POST \
  -H "Authorization: Bearer YOUR_CRON_SECRET" \
  http://localhost:3000/api/payouts/update-status

# 6. Verify payment status changed to READY
# 7. Login as creator and request payout
# 8. Login as admin and process payout
# 9. Wait for transfer.paid webhook
# 10. Verify payment marked as PAID
```

#### 2. Test Payout Request Validation

```
# Test: Request exceeds balance
POST /api/payouts/request
{ "amount": 999999 }
# Expected: 400 error

# Test: Stripe not configured
# Remove stripeAccountId from creator
POST /api/payouts/request
{ "amount": 10 }
# Expected: 400 error

# Test: Already has pending request
# Create request, then try again
POST /api/payouts/request
{ "amount": 10 }
# Expected: 400 error
```

#### 3. Test Webhook Events

```
# Use Stripe CLI to forward webhooks
stripe listen --forward-to localhost:3000/api/payments/webhook

# Trigger test events
stripe trigger payment_intent.succeeded
stripe trigger transfer.paid
stripe trigger transfer.failed
```

### Manual Testing Checklist

- [ ] Creator can view balance correctly
- [ ] Creator can request payout
- [ ] Admin sees pending requests
- [ ] Admin can view creator's Stripe account

- [ ] Admin can process payout
  - [ ] Webhook updates payout status
  - [ ] Creator receives email notification
  - [ ] Analytics show correct metrics
  - [ ] Held→Ready status update works
  - [ ] Failed payout reverts to READY
- 



## Notes

---

### Security Considerations

1. **Authorization:** All APIs check user role (CREATOR/ADMIN)
2. **Validation:** Request amounts validated against available balance
3. **Idempotency:** Webhook handler checks for existing payments
4. **Cron Secret:** Protected endpoint requires secret header

### Performance Optimizations

1. **Indexed Fields:** payoutStatus, status, creatorId
2. **Pagination:** Limit paid payment history to last 50
3. **Caching:** Consider caching analytics for large datasets

### Future Enhancements

- [ ] Automatic payout processing (optional)
  - [ ] Bulk payout processing
  - [ ] Custom holding periods per creator
  - [ ] CSV export of payout history
  - [ ] Email notifications for payout milestones
  - [ ] Multi-currency support
  - [ ] Scheduled payouts (weekly/monthly)
- 



## Support

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For issues or questions:

1. Check [Stripe Documentation](https://stripe.com/docs/connect) (<https://stripe.com/docs/connect>)
  2. Review application logs
  3. Contact platform admin
  4. Submit GitHub issue
- 

**Last Updated:** December 25, 2025

**Version:** 1.0.0

**Author:** Callastar Development Team