

# Payout Management System Documentation

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## Overview

The Callastar Payout Management System provides a complete solution for managing creator payments, from booking payment to final payout. The system implements a **7-day holding period** for security and dispute management, followed by a **manual admin approval process** for payout requests.

## Key Features

- **✓ Automatic Payment Hold:** All payments are held for 7 days after booking
- **✓ Creator Payout Requests:** Creators can request payouts for available balance
- **✓ Admin Approval Workflow:** Admins manually process payout requests
- **✓ Stripe Integration:** Direct transfers to creator Stripe Connect accounts
- **✓ Webhook Automation:** Automatic status updates from Stripe
- **✓ Analytics Dashboard:** Comprehensive platform metrics and insights

# System Architecture

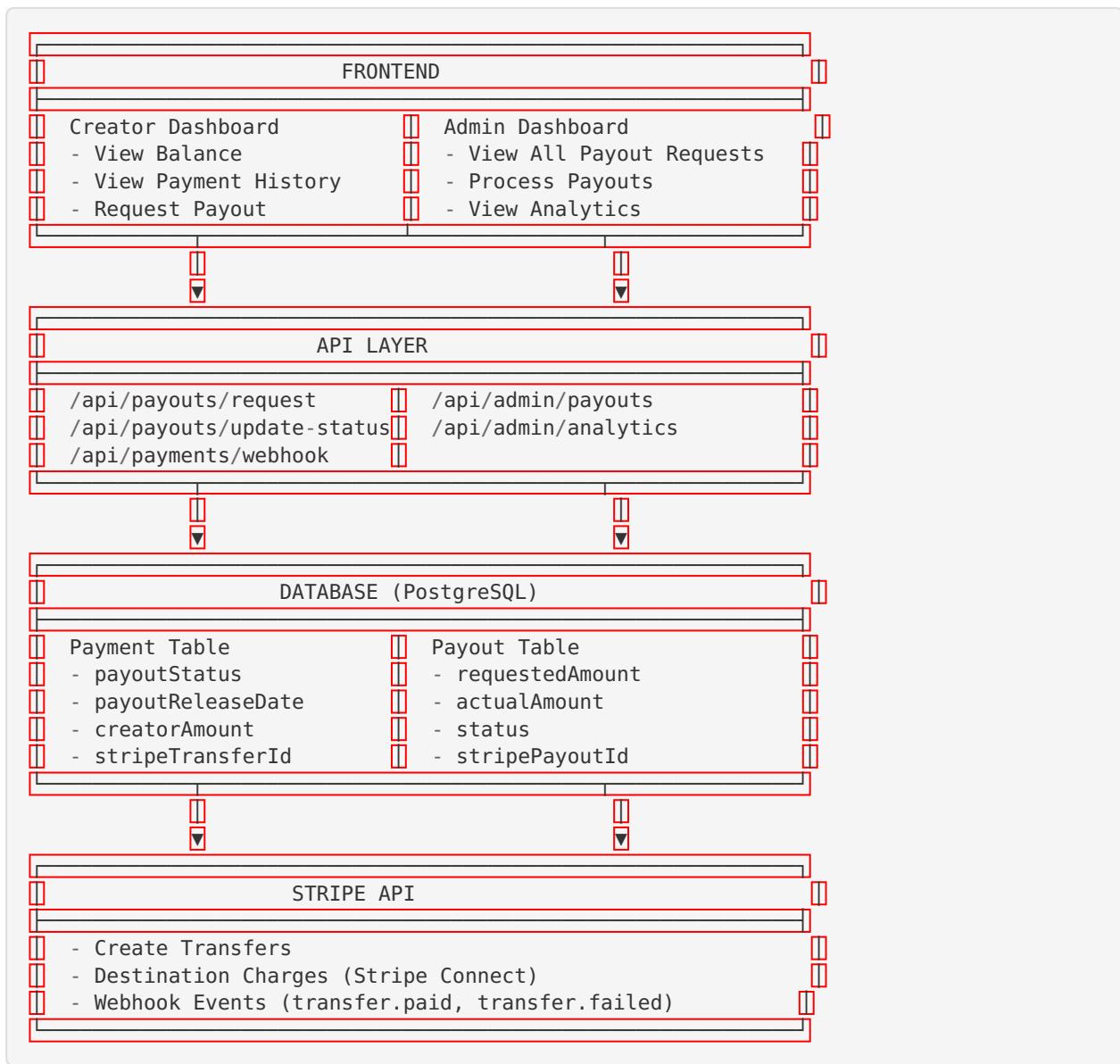
## Payment Status Flow

```

BOOKING PAYMENT
↓
PAYMENT CREATED (status: SUCCEEDED)
↓
HELD (7 days security period)
↓ (automatic after 7 days via cron job)
READY (available for payout)
↓ (creator requests payout)
PAYOUT REQUEST CREATED (status: PENDING)
↓ (admin processes request)
PROCESSING (Stripe transfer initiated)
↓ (Stripe webhook confirms)
PAID (funds transferred to creator)

```

## Component Architecture



# \$ Payment Flow

---

## 1. Initial Booking Payment

When a user books a call:

### 1. Payment Intent Created:

- Uses Stripe Connect Destination Charges
- 10% platform fee automatically deducted
- 90% designated for creator

### 2. Payment Record Created (via webhook):

```
typescript
{
  status: 'SUCCEEDED',
  payoutStatus: 'HELD',
  payoutReleaseDate: currentDate + 7 days,
  amount: 70.00,           // Total amount in EUR
  platformFee: 7.00,       // 10% platform fee
  creatorAmount: 63.00    // 90% for creator
}
```

## 2. Holding Period (7 Days)

- Payments remain in `HELD` status for 7 days
  - Protects against chargebacks and disputes
  - **Cron Job** runs daily via `/api/payouts/update-status` :
- ```
bash
# Checks if payoutReleaseDate has passed
# Updates payoutStatus from HELD → READY
```

## 3. Creator Payout Request

When release date is reached:

1. Creator sees available balance in dashboard
2. Creator clicks “Request Payout” button
3. Enters amount to withdraw (up to available balance)
4. System creates **Payout Request**:

```
typescript
{
  status: 'PENDING',
  requestedAmount: 63.00,
  stripeAccountId: 'acct_xxx',
  requestedAt: new Date()
}
```

## 4. Admin Processing

Admin reviews and processes requests:

1. Views pending requests in `/dashboard/admin/payouts`
2. Verifies creator’s Stripe account status
3. Clicks “Process” button

4. System:

- Creates Stripe Transfer to creator account
- Updates payout status to `PROCESSING`
- Updates payment records to `PROCESSING`

## 5. Stripe Transfer Completion

Stripe webhook handles completion:

1. `transfer.paid event received`:

- Updates payout status to `PAID`
- Updates payment records to `PAID`
- Sends notification to creator
- Sends email confirmation

2. `transfer.failed event received`:

- Updates payout status to `FAILED`
- Reverts payment records to `READY`
- Notifies creator of failure

## Database Schema

### Payment Model

```
model Payment {
    id                      String      @id @default(cuid())
    bookingId               String      @unique
    amount                  Decimal    @db.Decimal(10, 2)
    stripePaymentIntentId  String
    status                  PaymentStatus @default(PENDING)
    platformFee             Decimal    @db.Decimal(10, 2)
    creatorAmount           Decimal    @db.Decimal(10, 2)
    createdAt               DateTime   @default(now())

    // Payout tracking
    payoutStatus            PayoutStatus @default(HELD)
    payoutReleaseDate       DateTime?
    stripeTransferId        String?
    payoutDate              DateTime?

    booking Booking @relation(fields: [bookingId], references: [id])
    @@index([payoutStatus])
}
```

## Payout Model

```
model Payout []
  id          String      @id @default(cuid())
  creatorId   String
  requestedAmount Decimal    @db.Decimal(10, 2)
  actualAmount Decimal?   @db.Decimal(10, 2)
  stripePayoutId String?
  stripeAccountId String?
  status        PayoutStatus @default(PENDING)

  // Tracking dates
  requestedAt  DateTime    @default(now())
  processedAt   DateTime?
  completedAt   DateTime?
  failedAt     DateTime?

  // Metadata
  failureReason String?   @db.Text
  notes          String?   @db.Text
  processedBy   String?

  createdAt     DateTime    @default(now())
  updatedAt     DateTime    @updatedAt

  creator Creator @relation(fields: [creatorId], references: [id])
    @@index([creatorId])
    @@index([status])
}
```

## PayoutStatus Enum

```
enum PayoutStatus {
  PENDING      // Initial state, awaiting payment
  HELD         // Payment succeeded, funds held for 7 days
  READY        // Holding period passed, ready for transfer
  PROCESSING   // Transfer in progress
  PAID         // Successfully transferred to creator
  FAILED       // Transfer failed
  CANCELLED    // Cancelled (refund/dispute)
}
```



## API Endpoints

### Creator APIs

**GET /api/payouts/request**

Get creator's balance and payment details.

**Response:**

```
{
  "availableBalance": 126.00,
  "pendingBalance": 63.00,
  "totalPaid": 315.00,
  "stripeConnected": true,
  "payments": {
    "ready": [...],
    "held": [...],
    "paid": [...]
  },
  "pendingPayoutRequests": [...]
}
```

### POST /api/payouts/request

Create a payout request.

#### Request:

```
{
  "amount": 126.00
}
```

#### Response:

```
{
  "success": true,
  "message": "Demande de paiement de 126.00€ créée avec succès",
  "payout": {
    "id": "payout_xxx",
    "amount": 126.00,
    "status": "PENDING"
  }
}
```

## Admin APIs

### GET /api/admin/payouts

List all payout requests with filters.

#### Query Parameters:

- status : Filter by status (PENDING, PROCESSING, PAID, FAILED)
- creatorId : Filter by creator ID

#### Response:

```
[
  {
    "id": "payout_xxx",
    "creatorName": "John Doe",
    "creatorEmail": "john@example.com",
    "stripeAccountId": "acct_xxx",
    "requestedAmount": 126.00,
    "availableBalance": 126.00,
    "status": "PENDING",
    "requestedAt": "2025-12-25T10:00:00Z"
  }
]
```

### POST /api/admin/payouts

Process a payout request.

#### Request:

```
{
  "payoutId": "payout_xxx",
  "notes": "Processed manually"
}
```

#### Response:

```
{
  "success": true,
  "message": "Paiement de 126.00€ transféré avec succès",
  "payout": {
    "id": "payout_xxx",
    "amount": 126.00,
    "stripePayoutId": "tr_xxx",
    "status": "PAID"
  }
}
```

### GET /api/admin/analytics

Get platform analytics and metrics.

#### Query Parameters:

- `period` : Number of days (default: 30)

#### Response:

```
{
  "revenue": {
    "total": 7000.00,
    "period": 700.00
  },
  "platformFees": {
    "total": 700.00,
    "period": 70.00
  },
  "payouts": {
    "pending": { "count": 5, "amount": 315.00 },
    "completed": { "count": 20, "amount": 1260.00 }
  },
  "topCreators": [...]
}
```

## Cron Job API

**POST /api/payouts/update-status**

Update payment status from HELD to READY (runs daily).

**Headers:**

```
Authorization: Bearer <CRON_SECRET>
```

**Response:**

```
{
  "message": "Updated 5 payments to READY status",
  "updatedCount": 5,
  "paymentIds": ["pay_1", "pay_2", ...]
}
```



## User Interfaces

### Creator Dashboard ( /dashboard/creator/payouts )

Features:

- **Balance Cards:** Available, Pending, Total Paid
- **Request Payout Button:** Creates payout request
- **Payment Lists:**
  - Ready payments (can be included in payout)
  - Held payments (with countdown)
  - Paid history
- **Payout Request Status:** Shows pending requests

### Admin Payout Management ( /dashboard/admin/payouts )

Features:

- **Summary Cards:** Pending, Processing, Completed amounts
- **Payout Requests Table:**
- Creator details

- Requested vs available balance
- Request date
- Status badge
- Action buttons
- **Process Button:** Initiates Stripe transfer
- **Stripe Dashboard Link:** Opens creator's Stripe account
- **Status Filtering:** Filter by status

## Admin Analytics ( /dashboard/admin/analytics )

Features:

- **Period Selector:** 7, 30, 90, 365 days
- **Revenue Metrics:**
  - Total revenue
  - Platform fees
  - Creator earnings
- **Payout Metrics:**
  - Pending amount
  - Completed payouts
  - Current balances
- **Charts:**
  - Revenue over time
  - Payment status distribution
- **Top Creators:** Highest earners in period

## 🔔 Webhook Integration

### Stripe Webhook Configuration

#### 1. Configure Webhook Endpoint:

```
https://your-domain.com/api/payments/webhook
```

#### 2. Required Events:

- `payment_intent.succeeded` - Initial payment capture
- `transfer.paid` - Payout completed successfully
- `transfer.failed` - Payout failed

#### 3. Webhook Secret:

```
bash
# Add to .env
STRIPE_WEBHOOK_SECRET=whsec_xxxxx
```

## Webhook Handler ( /api/payments/webhook/route.ts )

Handles three event types:

#### 1. `payment_intent.succeeded`

- Creates Payment record
- Sets payoutStatus to HELD
- Calculates payoutReleaseDate (7 days)
- Sends confirmation emails

## 2. `transfer.paid`

- Updates Payout status to PAID
- Updates Payment records to PAID
- Sends success notification to creator
- Records transfer ID and date

## 3. `transfer.failed`

- Updates Payout status to FAILED
- Reverts Payment records to READY
- Records failure reason
- Sends error notification to creator



# Admin Instructions

## Daily Operations

### 1. Check Pending Payout Requests

Navigate to `/dashboard/admin/payouts` :

- View all pending requests
- Check creator's available balance
- Verify Stripe account status

### 2. Process Payout Request

#### Steps:

1. Click "Stripe" button to verify creator's account:

- Check if payouts are enabled
- Verify bank account is connected
- Review account status

1. Click "Process" button:

- System creates Stripe transfer
- Status updates to PROCESSING
- Wait for webhook confirmation

2. Verify Completion:

- Check payout status changes to PAID
- Verify in Stripe Dashboard
- Creator receives email notification

### 3. Handle Failed Payouts

If payout fails:

1. Check failure reason in admin panel
2. Contact creator to resolve issue:
  - Bank account issues
  - Stripe account verification needed
  - Insufficient funds (rare)
3. Creator can request again after fixing

## 4. Monitor Analytics

Check `/dashboard/admin/analytics` regularly:

- **Revenue Trends:** Monitor platform growth
- **Pending Payouts:** Ensure timely processing
- **Balance Health:** Check held vs ready amounts
- **Top Creators:** Identify high performers

## Troubleshooting

### Creator Can't Request Payout

#### Possible Causes:

1. Stripe Connect not configured
  - Guide creator to `/dashboard/creator/settings`
  - Complete Stripe onboarding
1. No available balance
  - Payments still in HELD status
  - Check payoutReleaseDate
2. Pending request exists
  - Process existing request first
  - Only one pending request allowed

### Payout Processing Fails

#### Possible Causes:

1. Invalid Stripe account
    - Verify account ID is correct
    - Check account status in Stripe
  1. Stripe API error
    - Check Stripe API logs
    - Verify API keys are correct
  2. Insufficient balance (rare)
    - Check platform's Stripe balance
    - Contact Stripe support if needed
-

# Configuration

## Environment Variables

```
# Stripe Configuration
STRIPE_SECRET_KEY=sk_test_xxxxxx
STRIPE_PUBLISHABLE_KEY=pk_test_xxxxxx
STRIPE_WEBHOOK_SECRET=whsec_xxxxxx

# Cron Job Secret
CRON_SECRET=your-secure-secret

# App URLs
NEXT_PUBLIC_APP_URL=https://your-domain.com
NEXTAUTH_URL=https://your-domain.com

# Database
DATABASE_URL=postgresql://user:pass@host:5432/db
```

## Cron Job Setup

The system uses an automated cron job to check and update payment statuses from HELD to READY when the 7-day holding period has passed.

### Vercel Cron Configuration (Recommended)

#### 1. Create `vercel.json` in project root:

```
json
{
  "crons": [
    {
      "path": "/api/payouts/update-status",
      "schedule": "0 2 * * *"
    }
  ]
}
```

#### 2. Set `CRON_SECRET` in Vercel:

- Go to your project in Vercel Dashboard
- Navigate to Settings → Environment Variables
- Add new variable:

- Name: `CRON_SECRET`
- Value: Generate a secure random string (min 32 characters)
- Available to: All environments (or Production only)
- Example generation:

```
bash
# Generate secure random secret
openssl rand -base64 32
# or
node -e "console.log(require('crypto').randomBytes(32).toString('base64'))"
```

#### 3. Deploy to Vercel:

```
bash
git add vercel.json
```

```
git commit -m "Add cron job configuration"
git push origin main
vercel --prod
```

#### 4. Verify Cron Setup:

- Go to Vercel Dashboard → Your Project → Settings → Cron
- You should see the cron job listed with schedule “0 2 \* \* \*”
- Check logs after first run to verify success

### Alternative: External Cron Service

If not using Vercel, you can use an external cron service like:

- [cron-job.org](#)
- [EasyCron](#)
- [AWS CloudWatch Events](#)
- [Server crontab](#)

#### Setup Example (Server Crontab):

```
# Edit crontab
crontab -e

# Add this line (runs daily at 02:00 UTC)
0 2 * * * curl -X POST \
    -H "Authorization: Bearer YOUR_CRON_SECRET" \
    https://your-domain.com/api/payouts/update-status
```

### Testing the Cron Job

#### Local Testing (Development)

##### 1. Start development server:

```
bash
npm run dev
```

##### 2. Test via GET request (development only):

```
bash
# Simple GET request (no auth needed in dev mode)
curl http://localhost:3000/api/payouts/update-status
```

##### 3. Test via POST request (production-like):

```
bash
# With authentication
curl -X POST \
    -H "Authorization: Bearer dev-secret" \
    http://localhost:3000/api/payouts/update-status
```

##### 4. Expected Response (no payments to update):

```
json
{
  "success": true,
  "message": "No payments to update",
  "updatedCount": 0,
  "timestamp": "2025-12-25T02:00:00.000Z",
```

```

    "duration": "45ms"
}

```

### 5. Expected Response (with payments updated):

```

json
{
  "success": true,
  "message": "Updated 3 payments to READY status",
  "updatedCount": 3,
  "paymentIds": ["pay_1", "pay_2", "pay_3"],
  "payments": [
    {
      "id": "pay_1",
      "amount": 63.00,
      "creatorName": "John Doe",
      "releaseDate": "2025-12-18T10:00:00.000Z"
    }
  ],
  "timestamp": "2025-12-25T02:00:00.000Z",
  "duration": "123ms"
}

```

## Production Testing

### 1. Manual Trigger (for testing only):

```

```bash
# Get your CRON_SECRET from Vercel environment variables
CRON_SECRET="your-actual-secret-here"

# Call production endpoint
curl -X POST \
-H "Authorization: Bearer $CRON_SECRET" \
https://your-domain.com/api/payouts/update-status
```

```

### 1. Check Vercel Logs:

- Go to Vercel Dashboard → Your Project → Logs
- Filter by function: /api/payouts/update-status
- Look for log entries with [CRON] prefix

### 2. Expected Log Output:

```

```

```

```

[?] [CRON] Payout status update job started at: 2025-12-25T02:00:00.000Z
[✓] [CRON] Authentication successful
[?] [CRON] Searching for HELD payments with release date <= 2025-12-25T02:00:00.000Z
[?] [CRON] Found 3 payments ready to be updated
[$] [CRON] Payments to be updated:

```

1. Payment ID: pay\_abc123

Amount: €63.00

Creator: John Doe (john@example.com)

Release Date: 2025-12-18T10:00:00.000Z

[?] [CRON] Updating payment statuses from HELD to READY...

```
✓✓✓ [CRON] Successfully updated 3 payments to READY status
⌚ [CRON] Total execution time: 234ms
📅 [CRON] Next run: Tomorrow at 02:00 UTC
```

```

## Monitoring Cron Job Health

### 1. Check Execution Logs:

```
bash
# View recent cron job executions in Vercel
vercel logs --follow /api/payouts/update-status
```

### 2. Set Up Alerts (Optional):

- Use a monitoring service like Better Uptime or Cronitor
- Configure webhook to receive cron failure alerts
- Example with Cronitor:

```
bash
# Add to your cron endpoint response handling
curl https://cronitor.link/YOUR_MONITOR_ID/complete
```

### 3. Database Verification:

```
```sql
- Check for payments still in HELD status past release date
SELECT COUNT(*) as stuck_payments
FROM "Payment"
WHERE "payoutStatus" = 'HELD'
AND "payoutReleaseDate" <= NOW();
```

- Should return 0 if cron is working properly

```

## Troubleshooting Cron Issues

### Issue: Cron Job Not Running

**Symptoms:** Payments stay in HELD status past release date

#### Solutions:

1. Check vercel.json is committed and deployed
2. Verify cron appears in Vercel Dashboard → Cron section
3. Check CRON\_SECRET is set in Vercel environment variables
4. Review Vercel logs for error messages
5. Manually trigger endpoint to test:

```
bash
curl -X POST \
-H "Authorization: Bearer YOUR_CRON_SECRET" \
https://your-domain.com/api/payouts/update-status
```

### Issue: Authentication Failures

**Symptoms:** 401 Unauthorized in logs

#### Solutions:

1. Verify CRON\_SECRET matches between:
  - Vercel environment variables
  - Your local .env file (for testing)

- The Authorization header
- 2. Ensure no extra spaces in the secret
- 3. Check header format: `Bearer YOUR_SECRET` (note the space)

### **Issue: Database Timeout**

**Symptoms:** 500 error, “Query timeout” in logs

**Solutions:**

1. Check database connection pool settings
2. Optimize query with proper indexes:

`sql`

```
CREATE INDEX IF NOT EXISTS "Payment_payoutStatus_releaseDate_idx"
ON "Payment" ("payoutStatus", "payoutReleaseDate");
```

3. Add connection retry logic

4. Consider pagination for large updates

### **Issue: No Payments Updated But Should Be**

**Symptoms:** Returns 0 updated but payments exist

**Solutions:**

1. Check timezone settings:

`typescript`

```
// In route.ts, verify timezone handling
const now = new Date();
console.log('Current time:', now.toISOString());
```

2. Verify payoutReleaseDate is set correctly:

`sql`

```
SELECT id, "payoutStatus", "payoutReleaseDate", NOW()
FROM "Payment"
WHERE "payoutStatus" = 'HELD';
```

3. Check for database query filters

## **Stripe Constants**

Located in `lib/stripe.ts` :

```
export const PLATFORM_FEE_PERCENTAGE = 10; // 10% platform fee
export const PAYOUT_HOLDING_DAYS = 7; // 7 day hold period
```



## Testing

### Test Scenarios

#### 1. Complete Payment Flow

```
# 1. Create booking and payment
# 2. Wait for payment_intent.succeeded webhook
# 3. Verify Payment created with HELD status
# 4. Check payoutReleaseDate is +7 days

# 5. Simulate cron job (or wait 7 days)
curl -X POST \
  -H "Authorization: Bearer YOUR_CRON_SECRET" \
  http://localhost:3000/api/payouts/update-status

# 6. Verify payment status changed to READY
# 7. Login as creator and request payout
# 8. Login as admin and process payout
# 9. Wait for transfer.paid webhook
# 10. Verify payment marked as PAID
```

#### 2. Test Payout Request Validation

```
# Test: Request exceeds balance
POST /api/payouts/request
{ "amount": 999999 }
# Expected: 400 error

# Test: Stripe not configured
# Remove stripeAccountId from creator
POST /api/payouts/request
{ "amount": 10 }
# Expected: 400 error

# Test: Already has pending request
# Create request, then try again
POST /api/payouts/request
{ "amount": 10 }
# Expected: 400 error
```

#### 3. Test Webhook Events

```
# Use Stripe CLI to forward webhooks
stripe listen --forward-to localhost:3000/api/payments/webhook

# Trigger test events
stripe trigger payment_intent.succeeded
stripe trigger transfer.paid
stripe trigger transfer.failed
```

### Manual Testing Checklist

- [ ] Creator can view balance correctly
- [ ] Creator can request payout
- [ ] Admin sees pending requests
- [ ] Admin can view creator's Stripe account

- [ ] Admin can process payout
  - [ ] Webhook updates payout status
  - [ ] Creator receives email notification
  - [ ] Analytics show correct metrics
  - [ ] Held→Ready status update works
  - [ ] Failed payout reverts to READY
- 

## Notes

### Security Considerations

1. **Authorization:** All APIs check user role (CREATOR/ADMIN)
2. **Validation:** Request amounts validated against available balance
3. **Idempotency:** Webhook handler checks for existing payments
4. **Cron Secret:** Protected endpoint requires secret header

### Performance Optimizations

1. **Indexed Fields:** payoutStatus, status, creatorId
2. **Pagination:** Limit paid payment history to last 50
3. **Caching:** Consider caching analytics for large datasets

### Future Enhancements

- [ ] Automatic payout processing (optional)
  - [ ] Bulk payout processing
  - [ ] Custom holding periods per creator
  - [ ] CSV export of payout history
  - [ ] Email notifications for payout milestones
  - [ ] Multi-currency support
  - [ ] Scheduled payouts (weekly/monthly)
- 

## Support

For issues or questions:

1. Check [Stripe Documentation](https://stripe.com/docs/connect) (<https://stripe.com/docs/connect>)
  2. Review application logs
  3. Contact platform admin
  4. Submit GitHub issue
- 

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