期中測试1(40分钟)

1. 某仓库有同样规格的产品 10 箱,其中 5 箱由甲生产,3 箱由乙生产,另 2 箱由丙生产,且它们的次品率依次为 0.1,0.2,0.3,现从中随机选择一箱,再从中任取一件产品,该产品为正品的概率是多少?若已知该产品为正品,则该产品是甲生产的概率又是多少?

解: 记 A_1, A_2, A_3 分别表示产品由甲乙丙生产,B 表示产品为正品

$$P(B) = P(A_1)P(B|A_1) + P(A_2)P(B|A_2) + P(A_3)P(B|A_3)$$

$$= \frac{5}{10} \times (1 - 0.1) + \frac{3}{10} \times (1 - 0.2) + \frac{2}{10} \times (1 - 0.3) = 0.83$$

$$P(A_1|B) = \frac{P(A_1)P(B|A_1)}{P(A_1)P(B|A_1) + P(A_2)P(B|A_2) + P(A_3)P(B|A_3)}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{5}{10} \times (1 - 0.1)}{\frac{5}{10} \times (1 - 0.1) + \frac{3}{10} \times (1 - 0.2) + \frac{2}{10} \times (1 - 0.3)} = \frac{45}{83}$$

2. 设离散型随机变量
$$x$$
 的分布函数为:
$$F(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & x < -2 \\ 0.2, & -2 \le x < -1 \\ 0.5, & -1 \le x < 1 \\ 0.8, & 1 \le x < 2 \\ 1, & x \ge 2 \end{cases}$$

(1) 求X的分布律; (2) 求 $P\{X < 2 | X \neq 1\}$; (3) 求D(X)

解: (1) X 的分布律为

X	-2	-1	1	2
P	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.2

(2)
$$\Re P\{X < 2 \mid X \neq 1\} = \frac{P\{X < 2, X \neq 1\}}{P\{X \neq 1\}} = \frac{0.5}{1 - 0.3} = \frac{5}{7}$$

(3)
$$E(X) = 0$$
, $D(X) = E(X^2) - (E(X))^2 = E(X^2) = 2.2$

3. 设二维随机变量(X,Y)在矩形区域: D: 0 < x < 2, 0 < y < 4上服从均匀分布 (1) 求(X,Y)的联合概率密度 f(x,y); (2) 求边缘概率密度 $f_X(x)$, $f_Y(y)$, 并判断X,Y的独立性,给出判断理由; (3) 求 $P\{X \ge Y\}$.

解 (1)
$$(X,Y)$$
的联合概率密度为 $f(x,y) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{8}, 0 < x < 2, 0 < y < 4 \\ 0, & \text{else} \end{cases}$

(2) 边缘概率密度分别为
$$f_X(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2}, 0 < x < 2 \\ 0, \text{ else} \end{cases}$$
, $f_Y(y) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{4}, 0 < x < 4 \\ 0, \text{ else} \end{cases}$

显然 $f(x,y)=f_X(x)f_Y(y)$, 故 X,Y 独立.

(3)
$$P\{X \ge Y\} = \iint_{x \ge y} f(x, y) dx dy = 0.25$$

4. 设
$$X, Y$$
 的联合密度为 $f(x, y) = \begin{cases} ky^2 & 0 \le y \le x \le 1 \\ 0 & else \end{cases}$,

(1)
$$\vec{x}k$$
; (2) $\vec{x}f_X(x), f_Y(y)$; (3) $\vec{x}P\{X > 2Y\}$;

解: (1)
$$\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(x,y) dx dy = \int_{0}^{1} dx \int_{0}^{x} ky^{2} dy = \frac{k}{12} = 1 \Rightarrow k = 12$$

(2)
$$f_X(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(x,y) dy = \begin{cases} \int_0^x 12y^2 dy, & 0 \le x \le 1 \\ 0, & else \end{cases} = \begin{cases} 4x^3, & 0 \le x \le 1 \\ 0, & else \end{cases}$$

$$f_{Y}(y) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(x,y) dx = \begin{cases} \int_{y}^{1} 12y^{2} dx, & 0 \le y \le 1 \\ 0, & else \end{cases} = \begin{cases} 12y^{2}(1-y), & 0 \le y \le 1 \\ 0, & else \end{cases}$$

(3)
$$P\{X > 2Y\} = \iint_{x > 2y} f(x, y) dx dy = \int_0^1 dx \int_0^{\frac{x}{2}} 12y^2 dy = \frac{1}{8}$$

5. 设
$$X,Y,Z$$
 相互独立, $E(X) = E(Y) = E(Z) = 2$, $D(X) = D(Y) = D(Z) = 1$,求(1)

$$E(X-2Y-3Z+2)$$
; (2) $D(X+2Y-3Z+3)$; (3) $cov(X+Y,2X-Z)$.

$$\mathbb{H}(1)$$
 $E(X-2Y-3Z+2)=E(X)-2E(Y)-3E(Z)+2=-6$

(2)
$$D(X+2Y-3Z+3)=D(X)+4D(Y)+9D(Z)=14$$

(3)
$$\operatorname{cov}(X+Y,2X-Z) = \operatorname{cov}(X,2X) = 2\operatorname{cov}(X,X) = 2D(X) = 2$$

6. 设
$$X\sim N\left(\mu,\sigma^2\right),Y\sim N\left(\mu,\sigma^2\right)$$
 , 且 X,Y 相 互 独 立 , $Z_1=3X+2Y+2$,
$$Z_2=3X-2Y-2$$
 ,求 Z_1,Z_2 的相关系数 $\rho_{Z_1Z_2}$

解:
$$\operatorname{cov}(Z_1, Z_2) = \operatorname{cov}(3X + 2Y + 2, 3X - 2Y - 2) = 3^2 D(X) - 2^2 D(X) = 5 \sigma^2$$

$$\sqrt{D(Z_1)}\sqrt{D(Z_2)} = \sqrt{D(3X + 2Y)}\sqrt{D(3X - 2Y)} = 13\sigma^2$$

$$\rho_{Z_1Z_2} = \frac{\operatorname{cov}(Z_1, Z_2)}{\sqrt{D(Z_1)}\sqrt{D(Z_2)}} = \frac{5\sigma^2}{13\sigma^2} = \frac{5}{13}$$