CCRB INVESTIGATIVE RECOMMENDATION

Investigator:		Team:	CCRB Case #:	M	Force	☐ Discourt.	U.S.
Monique West		Squad #2	201509330		Abuse	O.L.	Injury
-		-					· ·
Incident Date(s)		Location of Incident:		I	Precinct:	18 Mo. SOL	EO SOL
Monday, 10/26/2015 6:00 AM		§ 87(2)(b)			62	4/26/2017	4/26/2017
Date/Time CV Reported		CV Reported At:	How CV Reported	:	Date/Time	Received at CC	RB
Mon, 10/26/2015 6:45 AM		IAB	Phone		Mon, 11/0	2/2015 2:15 PM	[
Complainant/Victim	Type	Home Addre	ess				
Witness(es)		Home Addre	ess				
Subject Officer(s)	Shield	TaxID	Command				
1. DT3 Andrew Cerase	3014	924042	WARRSEC				
2. SGT Carlos Narvaez	01318	926391	WARRSEC				
Witness Officer(s)	Shield N	o Tax No	Cmd Name				
1. DT3 Victor Sadarangani	7862	934143	WARRSEC				
2. DT3 John Sheedy	7177	935733	WARRSEC				
3. SGT Paul Adams	00883	924866	062 PCT				
4. DT3 Brian Macarthur	7110	945938	WARRSEC				
5. DT3 Anthony Rodriguez	6388	935614	WARRSEC				
Officer(s)	Allegatio	on			Inve	estigator Recor	nmendation
A.DT3 Andrew Cerase		Det. Andrew Cerase ente					
B.SGT Carlos Narvaez	in Brooklyn. Abuse: Sgt. Carlos Narvaez entered and searched in Brooklyn. **B7(2)(b)** in Brooklyn.						
D.SOT Carios narvaez							
C.SGT Carlos Narvaez	Force: Sg § 87(2)(b)	gt. Carlos Narvaez used	•	st			
D.DT3 Andrew Cerase		Det. Andrew Cerase refu	sed to provide his na	ame	to		

Case Summary

<u>Case Summary</u>					
On October 26, 2015, at approximately 6:45 a.m., Det. Andrew Cerase and Det. John Sheedy					
of the Queens Warrant Squad entered and searched the 887(2)(b) in					
Brooklyn in search of [887(2)(b)] who had an active bench warrant (allegation A). At the					
location, they encountered \$87(2)(b) the owner of the location and the mother of					
When Sgt. Carlos Narvaez of the Queens Warrant Squad arrived at the location, he					
reentered and searched the location (allegation B). Sgt. Narvaez allegedly pushed \$87(2)(b)					
and then flung her into a wall (allegation C). Det. Cerase allegedly failed to provide his name to					
(allegation D). There were no arrests or summonses issued.					
§ 87(2)(g)					
There is no video footage that captures this incident.					
Mediation, Civil and Criminal Histories					
• This case was unsuitable for mediation due to a civil lawsuit filed by \$87(2)(b)					
regarding the incident.					
• On \$87(2)(b) filed a Notice of Claim regarding this incident					
claiming personal injury and illegal entry and seeking an undisclosed amount for					
adjustment and payment (Board Review 01).					
• [§ 87(2)(b)] [§\$ 86(1)(3)&(4)] [§ 87(2)(c)]					
[3 01 (2)(0)] [33 00(1)(0)0(4)] [3 01 (2)(0)]					
Civilian and Officer CCRB Histories					
• This is the first CCRB complaint filed by \$87(2)(b) (Board Review 03).					
• This is the first CCRB allegation against Det. Cerase during his 16 year tenure with the					
NYPD (see officer history).					
• Sgt. Narvaez has been a member of the NYPD for 15 years, has had six prior CCRB					
allegations against him involving two cases with one substantiated allegation. In CCRB					
case #201409443, an allegation that Sgt. Narvaez entered an apartment without					
justification was substantiated and charges were recommended. The NYPD disposition is					
pending (see officer history).					
pending (see officer history).					
Findings and Recommendations					
Explanation of Subject Officer Identification					
• Det. Cerase was the investigating officer for the bench warrant he executed on the					
incident date. § 87(2)(9) The second of the second floor did not economy until Set. Newscar arrived on second Set.					
• The search of the second floor did not occur until Sgt. Narvaez arrived on scene. Sgt.					
Narvaez was the top ranking officer on scene at the time. § 87(2)(9)					
• stated that there were two officers who originally entered her home. She					
identified one of the officers by name as "Seedy" and alleged that his partner refused to					
provide his name to her. Det. Cerase and Det. Sheedy admitted to being the first two on					

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scene.§ 87(2)(g)

Allegations not pleaded

• Abuse of Authority: \$87(2)(b) alleged that she asked to see the search warrant, after officers told her that they had one but they refused to show it to her. This allegation was not pleaded because the officers did not have a search warrant for her home.

Allegation A- Abuse of Authority: Det. Andrew Cerase entered and searched §87(2)(b) in Brooklyn. Allegation B- Abuse of Authority: Sgt. Carlos Narvaez entered and searched \$57(2)(5) in Brooklyn. It is undisputed that Det. Cerase and Det. Sheedy entered and searched § 87(2)(b) in Brooklyn in search of § 87(2)(b) with a bench warrant from 2007 that listed in Brooklyn (Board Review 04). It is also undisputed that his address as § 87(2)(b) most recent arrest report prior to the date of entry from \$87(2)(b) of 2015 and a Domestic Incident Report from \$87(2)(b) 2015 listed his address as \$87(2)(b) (Board Review 05) as well as an I-card prepared a few days prior to the entry (Board Review 06). It is undisputed that § 87(2)(b) allowed the officers into the vestibule of her home and told them that \$ 800 (2)(b) did not live there and was not there at that time. It is also undisputed that after this she asked them to leave, at least one for the officers searched an area that she had not given permission for. It is also undisputed that after Det. Cerase and Det. Sheedy left the location, Sgt. Narvaez reentered and searched the location with Det. Rodriguez and Det. Macarthur. It is undisputed that there was no search warrant for the location and that the officers remained at s home for approximately 3 hours. stated that when the officers told her that they saw a man in her home, she explained that she has borders and they must have seen one of them. § 87(2)(b) when Sgt. Narvaez arrived on scene she told him that he did not have permission to search her home when he asked but Sgt. Narvaez continued the search of every room inside of her home. made six calls to 911 while the officers were in her home to complain about them being there. In § 87(2)(b) s third call to 911, a male is heard in the background, to step up. § 87(2)(b) saying "excuse me" and asking \$87(2)(b) said no and told the stated to the operator that the officer was touching officer that this was her house. § 87(2)(b) and pushing her. She then stated, "Oh my God. He just hit me" and continued to repeat that the officer had hit her. After § 87(2)(b) was connected to IAB, she stated that Sgt. Narvaez hit her and pushed her through the door and slammed her against the wall (Board Review 17). 201509330 20160202 1438 DM.mp4 Det. Cerase explained that they entered and searched §87(2)(b) in search of \$ 37(2)(b) on a bench warrant and that although the bench warrant had a different address on it, they had an I-card, an arrest report and a DIR that were more recent than the bench warrant When questioned, Det. Cerase listing § 87(2)(b) address as § 87(2)(b) explained that this was how they determined that \$ 87(2)(b) resided at that address. A request for Queens Warrant DD5s involving see \$87(2)(b) came back negative,

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confirming that the officers did not conduct any additional research to determine § 37(2)(b)

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address (Board Review 20).

A search of the Department of Buildings revealed that there are three levels in the home and each level is a separate one family apartment (Board Review 13).

Photographs taken of the incident location by the undersigned revealed that there are two mailboxes and two door bells outside of the front door. One of the mailboxes has numerous names on it (Board Review 19).

Det. Sheedy and Det. Cerase also explained that when they arrived on scene, Det. Sheedy saw a male that resembled through the front window and when they knocked, the male disappeared further into the house (Board Review 08 and 09).

Sgt. Narvaez stated that \$87(2)(b) provided permission for him to search the first and the second floor of her home. He stated that she was compliant and other than providing him permission to search her home, she did not say anything (Board Review 11).

Det. Rodriguez stated that after attempting to explain to \$\frac{8.87(2)(6)}{25}\$ minutes why they were there and what authority they had to search her home, Sgt. Narvaez asked \$\frac{8.87(2)(6)}{25}\$ whether she was going to give permission for them to search her home and she replied, "Go ahead. He's not here." Before they went upstairs, Sgt. Narvaez asked, "Is there going to be a problem with us looking upstairs?" and she replied, "no" (Board Review 12).

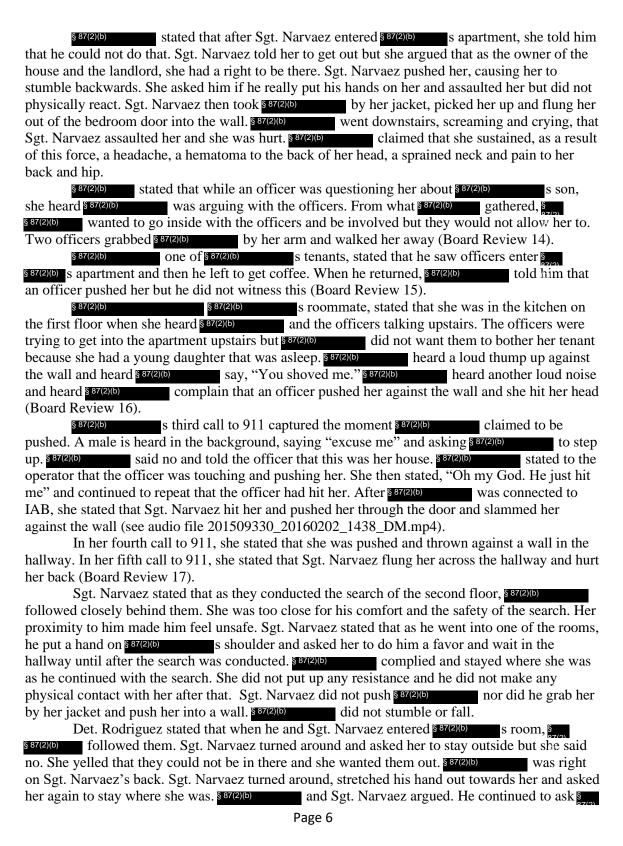
A bench warrant permits entry into what the police reasonably believe to be the suspect's residence provided that at the time of the entry the police reasonably believe that the suspect is present. The reasonableness of this belief is based upon the amount of information available to the officer at the time of the entry, as well as the age of this information. People v. Smith, 806 N.Y.S. 2d 447 (2005) (Board Review 10). Submission to authority does not constitute consent. People v. Farquharson, 901 N.Y.S.2d 901 (2009 — Sup. Ct. Bronx County). Consent must be voluntary in that it cannot be produced by intimidation or harassment. Florida v. Bostick, 501 U.S. 429 (1991). A law enforcement officer cannot legally search, without a search warrant, for the subject of an arrest warrant in the home of a third party. People v. Smith, 806 N.Y.S. 2d 447 (2005). In order to demand entry to the dwelling of a third party in order to execute an arrest of another person, the officer must additionally possess a search warrant. Without a search warrant, an officer may only enter a third party's dwelling if he has consent or there are exigent circumstances. People v. Rodriguez, 19 Misc. 3d 302 (2008). According to McBride, the following factors have been used to determine if exigent circumstances exist: (1) the gravity or violent nature of the offense with which the suspect is to be charged; (2) whether the suspect is reasonably believed to be armed; (3) a clear showing of probable cause to believe that the subject committed the crime; (4) strong reason to believe that they suspect is in the premises being entered; (5) a likelihood that the suspect will escape if not swiftly apprehended; and (6) the peaceful circumstances of the entry. People v. McBride, 14 N.Y.3d 440 (2010). Absent a valid search warrant or exigent circumstances, consent is required to search a location; consent must be knowing and voluntary and a false statement regarding the presence of a warrant negates the possibility of consent. Bumper v. North Carolina, 391 U.S. 543, 548 (1968). (Board Review 10).

§ 87(2)(g), § 87(2)(b)	
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§ 87(2)(b), § 87(2)(g)
§ 87(2)(g)
Allers C. Ferrer Cet. Control Name and J. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.
Allegation C- Force: Sgt. Carlos Narvaez used physical force against \$87(2)(b) It is undisputed that Sgt. Narvaez made physical contact with \$87(2)(b) \$87(2)(b)
it is undisputed that sgt. Ivalvaez made physical contact with sortate

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to step back and she continued to argue that they had no right to be there and began
pushing forward. Sgt. Narvaez held his hand out and told \$87(2)(b) to stop. Det. Rodriguez
initially stated that he did not see it but he heard \$87(2)(b) say, "You pushed me. You're
assaulting me" and when he turned around to look, Sgt. Narvaez was standing in front of
who was also standing. Sgt. Narvaez told \$87(2)(b) that he did not touch her. Det.
Rodriguez later stated that he had been facing the door in the direction of Sgt. Narvaez and
while speaking to \$87(2)(b) because he wanted to keep an eye on things. He had an
eye on them the entire time and saw Sgt. Narvaez with his arm out towards \$87(2)(6) but did
not see him make contact with her. He could not tell from that angle how close Sgt. Narvaez's
hand was to \$87(2)(b) but \$87(2)(b) never stumbled or moved back prior to stating that
Sgt. Narvaez pushed her. Sgt. Narvaez did not grab her by her jacket and fling her against the
wall and \$87(2)(b) never complained of pain or injuries.
Det. Macarthur stated that he did not see or hear \$87(2)(6) when they entered the
apartment on the second floor. He did not see Sgt. Narvaez push \$87(2)(6) and did not hear
complain that she had been pushed or injured. Det. Macarthur never saw §
and Sgt. Narvaez arguing (Board Review 18).
§ 87(2)(b) went to § 87(2)(b) immediately following the incident.
According to medical records, she complained of pain in her right upper back, neck, and the lower back of her head. She stated that she was thrown against the wall and hit the back of her
head and back. She complained of having a dull pain in the right part of the lower back of her
head and the upper back area. An examination of her head found a tender 2x2 centimeter area of
swelling in the right part of the lower back of her head and prominence at the bottom of her neck.
She was diagnosed with musculoskeletal pain and a hematoma (Privileged document 01).
§ 87(2)(9)
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§ 87(2)(g)
§ 87(2)(g)

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Allegation D- A	Abuse of Authority: Det.	<u>. Andrew Cerase refused</u>	to provide his name to
§ 87(2)(b)			
§ 87(2)(b)	9	•	cene, she asked Det. Cerase
			ise allegedly responded, "We
•	mes before" and never pro		
§ 87(2)(b)		e officers searched the ho	
		h one of them provided the	
		ed his name to § 87(2)(b)	
			heir name, which he provided
•	vaez stated that he did not	t hear any officer refuse to	provide their name to
§ 87(2)(b)			
§ 87(2)(g)			
Squad: 2			
Squad. 2			
Investigator: _			
	Signature	Print	Date
Squad Leader: _			
	Title/Signature	Print	Date
D			
Reviewer: _	Title/Cianotum	Duint	
	Title/Signature	Print	Date

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