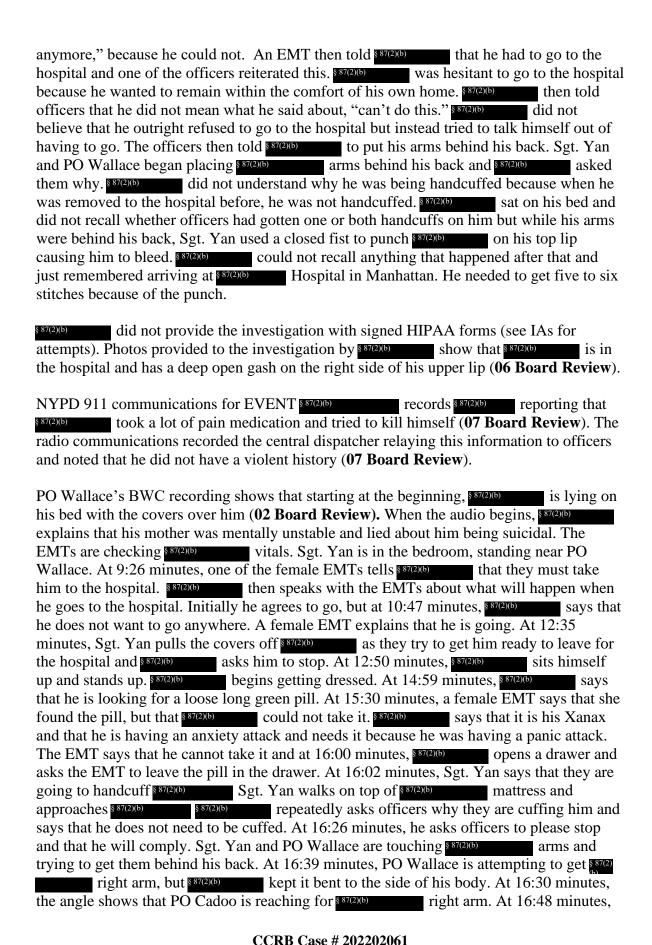
CCRB INVESTIGATIVE RECOMMENDATION

Investigator:		Team:	CCRB Case #:	✓	Force		Discourt.	U.S.
Tileyah Williams		Squad #03	202202061	V	Abuse		O.L.	✓ Injury
Incident Date(s)		Location of Incident:			18 N	lo. SC	DL	Precinct:
Thursday, 03/17/2022 9:46 AM		§ 87(2)(b)			9/1	7/202	3	13
Date/Time CV Reported		CV Reported At:	How CV Reported:		Date/Tim	e Rece	ived at CCI	RB
Thu, 03/17/2022 7:47 PM		IAB	Phone		Fri, 04/01	/2022	2:21 PM	
Complainant/Victim	Туре	Home Addre	ss					_
Witness(es)		Home Addre	ss					_
Subject Officer(s)	Shield	TaxID	Command					
1. SGT David Yan	01630	946402	013 PCT					
Witness Officer(s)	Shield N	o Tax No	Cmd Name					
1. PO Nikoy Wallace	25344	963319	013 PCT					
2. PO Sonia Hazel	01360	970590	013 PCT					
3. PO Mayela Arthur	26964	950025	013 PCT					
4. PO Princesse Cadoo	08050	963424	013 PCT					
5. PO Angela Villota	04206	939810	013 PCT					
Officer(s)	Allegatio	on			Inv	estiga	tor Recon	nmendation
A.SGT David Yan	Abuse: Sergeant David Yan entered							
B.SGT David Yan	Force: Sergeant David Yan used physical force against \$87(2)(6)							
C.SGT David Yan	Force: Sergeant David Yan used a chokehold against §87(2)(b)							
D.SGT David Yan	Abuse: Sergeant David Yan forcibly removed \$87(2)(6) to the hospital.							
§ 87(2)(g), § 87(4-b)								

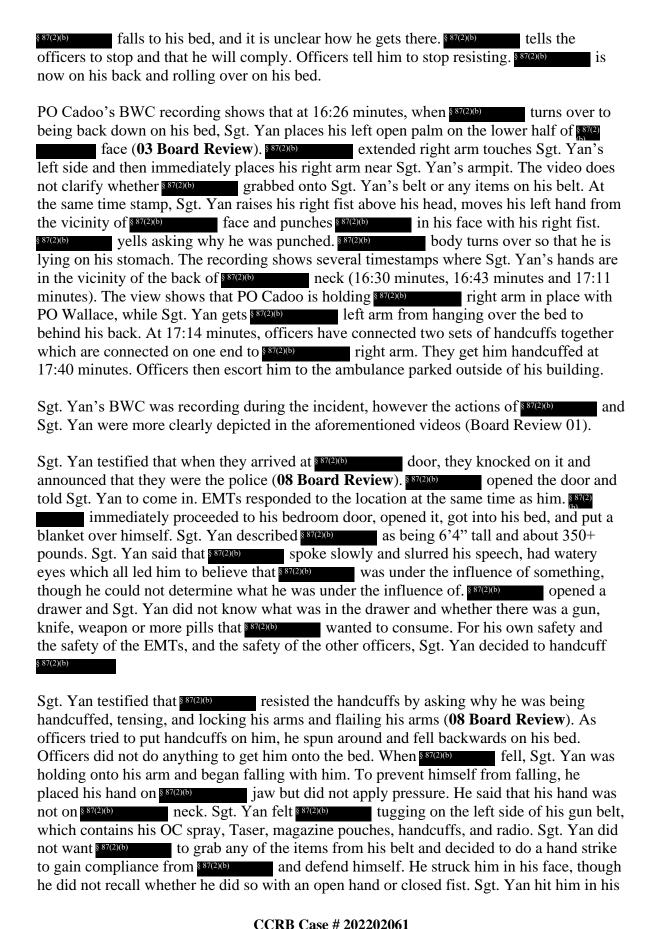
Case Summary

I filed this complaint over the phone with IAB On March 17, 2022, \$87(2)(b) generating original log number § 87(2)(b) On March 17, 2022, prior to 9:46am, \$87(2)(b) mother, § 87(2)(b) and her physical therapist, \$87(2)(b) called 911 and reported that \$87(2)(b) had taken a lot of pain medication and was trying kill himself inside his apartment at in Manhattan. Sergeant David Yan, Police Officer Princesse Cadoo, Police Officer Nikoy Wallace and Police Officer Sonia Hazel, all of the 13th Precinct, responded. Under the authority of Sgt. Yan, the officers entered \$87(2)(b) home with EMTs and decided that he needed to be removed to the hospital (Allegations A and D: Abuse of Authority, Sgt. Yan decided to handcuff § 87(2)(b) immediately comply. Sgt. Yan punched \$87(2)(b) in his face to gain compliance (Allegation B: Force, § 87(2)(g) He contacted § 87(2)(b) neck several times § 87(2)(g), § 87(4-b) during the incident (Allegation C: Force, §87(2)(g) The investigation obtained body-worn camera videos from all the officers who responded (01, 02, 03 Board Review). **Findings and Recommendations** Allegation (A) Abuse of Authority: Sergeant David Yan entered §87(2)(b) in Manhattan. Allegation (B) Force: Sergeant David Yan used physical force against Street Allegation (C) Force: Sergeant David Yan used a chokehold against \$87(2)(6) Allegation (D) Abuse of Authority: Sergeant David Yan forcibly removed [887(2)(6)] to the hospital. testified that on March 17, 2022, prior to 9:46 a.m., she was visiting her physical therapist, § 87(2)(b) (04 Board Review). § 87(2)(b) received a Facetime call who told her that he did not want to live anymore and that he had taken enough pills to take his life. §87(2)(b) called 911 and reported §87(2)(b) location and and § 87(2)(b) that he said he did not want to live and had taken pills. § 87(2)(b) the physical therapy office and took the subway to \$87(2)(6) location. When § 87(2) arrived at § 87(2)(b) apartment, she saw that EMTs, and officers were in the kitchen with § 87(2)(b) who was handcuffed. § 87(2)(b) face was bloodied on his nose, lip and chin, though she could not see where the blood was coming from. §87(2)(b) was taken to an ambulance and she rode in the ambulance with him to \$\frac{87(2)(5)}{2} Hospital in Manhattan. §87(2)(b) needed to have his lip stitched. testified that at approximately 8:30 a.m., he made calls to his parents and told them that he, "can't do this," making threatening statements against his life (05 Board Review). §87(2)(b) could not remember how the officers gained entry to his apartment. could not recall whether he walked to his bedroom and sat on the bed once Sgt. Yan and PO Wallace arrived or whether he was sitting on the bed and officers met him there. There were also two to three EMTs with the officers. When the officers asked him

what happened, he told them that before they arrived, he said that he "could not do this



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force and his face was the only target that was available in front of him. He noted that he was in too close of a proximity to to use any of the other tools on his gun belt. Sgt. Yan noticed that he sustained swelling, redness and bruising to his hand. On the date if his interview, Sgt. Yan noted that he still had a bump protruding from his right wrist from the incident. Sgt. Yan said that there was no point during the incident where contacted for neck. After reviewing PO Cadoo's BWC recording during his interview, he maintained that he did not contact neck and was touching the back of his head. He noted that savenous never demonstrated difficulty breathing.

<u>People v Desmarat</u>, 38 A.D.3d 913 [2d Dept 2007], notes that officers may enter a premise without a warrant if they have reasonable grounds to believe that there is an emergency at hand and an immediate need for their assistance for the protection of life, and there is reasonable basis to associate the emergency with the place being entered (**09 Board Review**).

Patrol Guide Procedure 221-13 notes that officers should remove an emotionally disturbed person (a person who appears to be temporarily deranged or mentally ill and is conducting themselves in a manner which a police officer believes is likely to result in serious physical injury to themselves or others) to the hospital in an ambulance (10 Board Review). It further notes that an emotionally disturbed person may be restrained with equipment such as handcuffs, if they are violent, resisting or when advised to do so by a physician examiner. The procedure notes that the primary duty of all members of the service is to preserve human life. The safety of all persons involved is paramount in cases involving emotionally disturbed persons. If such person is dangerous to himself or others, force may be used when it is reasonable to prevent serious physical injury or death. Members of the service will use only the reasonable force necessary to gain control or custody of a subject. When there is time to negotiate, all the time necessary to ensure the safety of all individuals will be used.

Patrol Guide Procedure 221-01 outlines the factors that officers should consider in determining whether force is reasonable (11 Board Review). These factors include: a. The nature and severity of the crime/circumstances b. Actions taken by the subject c. Duration of the action d. Immediacy of the perceived threat or harm to the subject, members of the service, and/or bystanders e. Whether the subject is actively resisting custody f. Whether the subject is attempting to evade arrest by flight g. Number of subjects in comparison to the number of MOS h. Size, age, and condition of the subject in comparison to the MOS i. Subject's violent history, if known j. Presence of hostile crowd or agitators k. Subject apparently under the influence of a stimulant/narcotic which would affect pain tolerance or increase the likelihood of violence. Patrol Guide Procedure 221-02 says that officers must not act in a manner which would compress the diaphragm or reduce a subject's ability to breathe (12 Board Review). Officers should assess the situation continually and adjust the use of force as necessary.

The investigation was unable t	to determine whether § 87(2)(6)	provided voluntary consent
for officers to enter his home.	§ 87(2)(g)	

The Patrol Guide notes that when
an individual has conducted themselves in a manner which is likely to cause physical harm
to themselves, officers must remove them to the hospital. [887(2)]
Sgt. Yan determined to handcuff for the safety of all persons present. The Patrol Guide states that officers should use reasonable force to gain control or custody of an individual. When officers attempted to put in handcuffs, and he resisted, for the safety of all persons present. The Patrol Guide states that officers should use reasonable force to gain control or custody of an individual. When officers attempted to put in handcuffs, and he resisted, for less than a second. By the time that Sgt.
Yan raises his fist to strike (1872)(0) hand is no longer near his belt. Sgt. Yan's punch caused significant injury to (1872)(0) required stitches, and lasting injury to Sgt. Yan's wrist. Given the briefness of (1872)(0) arm at Sgt. Yan's belt, the presence of numerous other officers, and the nature of the force used, (1872)(0)
BWC footage showed several instances of Sgt. Yan placing his hands near serious neck, but Sgt. Yan denied that he contacted serious neck.
\$ 07/3\/\\ \$ 07/1.1\
§ 87(2)(g), § 87(4-b)

Civilian and Officer CCRB Histories

- This is the first CCRB complaint to which satisfies has been a party (15 Board Review).
- Sgt. Yan has been a member of service for 14 years and has been a subject in one other CCRB complaint and three other allegations, none of which were substantiated.

 Case 202202173 involves two allegations of physical force. This investigation is still active.

Mediation, Civil, and Criminal Histories

This complaint was not suitable for mediation.

[§ 87(2)(b)] [§§ 86(1)(3)&(4)] [§ 87(2)(c)]

• As of October 19, 2022, the NYC Office of the Comptroller does not have any record of a Notice of Claim regarding this incident (16 Board Review).

Squad: 3			
Investigator: _	Tileyah Williams Signature	Investigator Tileyah Williams Print Title & Name	
Squad Leader <u>:</u>	Rolando Vasquez Signature	<u>IM Rolando Vasquez</u> Print Title & Name	