CCRB INVESTIGATIVE RECOMMENDATION

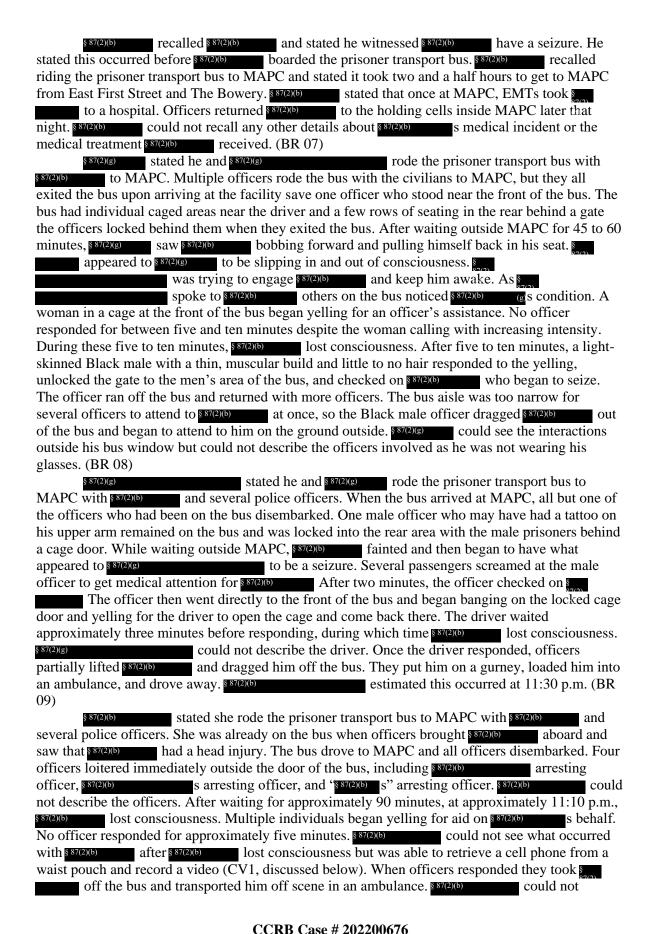
Investigator:		Team:	CCRB Case #:	Force	☐ Discourt.	U.S.
Chris Olmsted		Squad #9	202200676	✓ Abuse	□ O.L.	✓ Injury
Cin is Cinisted		Squad 119	202200070	110050	O.E.	V mjary
Incident Date(s)		Location of Incident:		Precinct:	18 Mo. SOL	EO SOL
Saturday, 05/30/2020 11:10 PM		On Pearl Street adjacent to One Police Plaza		01	11/30/2021	5/4/2022
Date/Time CV Reported		CV Reported At:	How CV Reported:	: Date/Tim	e Received at CC	RB
Thu, 02/03/2022 11:47 AM		CCRB	Call Processing System	Thu, 02/0	03/2022 11:47 AM	М
Complainant/Victim	Туре	Home Addre	SS			_
Witness(es)		Home Addre	SS			
Subject Officer(s)	Shield	TaxID	Command			
1. PO Benjamin Quinn	03468	965831	107 PCT			
2. PO Michael Avelin	14107	966450	107 PCT			
3. PO Christopher Lillis	22969	965269	079 PCT			
4. PO Damani Morgan	05133	967615	077 PCT			
5. PO Tyler Howe	14840	961822	M COURT			
6. PO Carlos Bello	12741	962946	106 PCT			
7. PO John Ferguson	09473	966051	103 PCT			
Witness Officer(s)	Shield N	o Tax No	Cmd Name			
1. PO Jarvis Onabanjo	20933	959010	SRG 1			
Officer(s)	Allegatio	on		Inv	estigator Reco	mmendation
A.PO Damani Morgan		olice Officer Damani M creatment for § 87(2)(b)	organ did not obtair	1		
B.PO Christopher Lillis		rolice Officer Christophe reatment for §87(2)(b)	er Lillis did not obta	in		
C.PO Tyler Howe		olice Officer Tyler How t for § 87(2)(b)	re did not obtain me	dical		
D.PO Michael Avelin		olice Officer Michael A t for § 87(2)(b)	velin did not obtain	medical		
E.PO Carlos Bello		olice Officer Carlos Bel t for § 87(2)(b)	lo did not obtain me	edical		
F.PO Benjamin Quinn		olice Officer Benjamin (creatment for § 87(2)(b)	Quinn did not obtair	1		
G.PO John Ferguson		olice Officer John Fergu t for § 87(2)(b)	ıson did not obtain r	nedical		

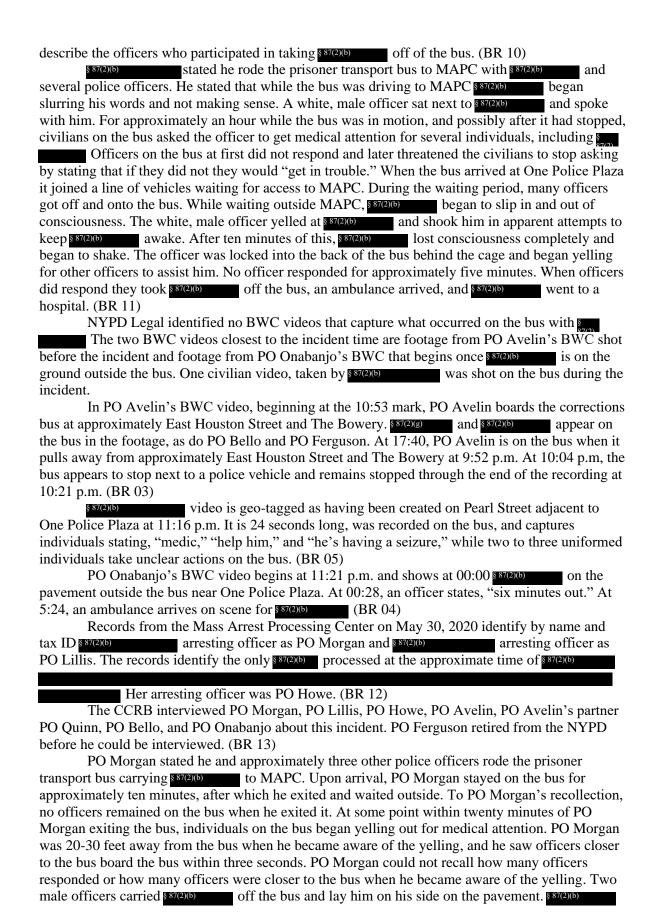
Case Summary

On August 14, 2020, \$87(2)(b) made the allegations in this complaint to the CCRB
via the call processing system.
On May 30, 2020, at approximately 11:10 p.m., on Pearl Street adjacent to One Police Plaza in Manhattan, Police Officers Damani Morgan of the 77 th Precinct, Christopher Lillis of the
79 th Precinct, Tyler Howe of the Manhattan Court Section, Michael Avelin of the 107 th Precinct,
Benjamin Quinn of the 107 th Precinct, Carlos Bello of the 106 th Precinct, and John Ferguson of the
103 rd Precinct allegedly refused to obtain medical treatment for \$87(2)(6) (Allegations A-E:
Abuse of Authority, \$87(2)(g) (Allegations F & G: Abuse of Authority, \$87(2)(g)
(integration of internal of the contraction of the
was arrested during this incident. His top charge was resisting arrest. The
district attorney declined to prosecute, and the report was sealed. (Board Review [BR] 01)(BR 02)
was transported to a hospital during this incident.
The investigation identified material evidence in body-worn camera footage from PO
Avelin (BR 03), PO Jarvis Onabanjo of SRG 1 (BR 04), and civilian video (CV1) (BR 05).
Findings and Recommendations
Allegation (A) Abuse of Authority: Police Officer Damani Morgan did not obtain medical
Allegation (B) Abuse of Authority: Police Officer Christopher Lillis did not obtain medical
treatment for \$87(2)(b)
Allegation (C) Abuse of Authority: Police Officer Tyler Howe did not obtain medical
treatment for \$87(2)(b)
Allegation (D) Abuse of Authority: Police Officer Michael Avelin did not obtain medical
treatment for § 87(2)(b)
Allegation (E) Abuse of Authority: Police Officer Carlos Bello did not obtain medical
treatment for \$87(2)(b) Allogation (F) Abuse of Authority, Police Officer Penjamin Onion did not obtain medical
Allegation (F) Abuse of Authority: Police Officer Benjamin Quinn did not obtain medical treatment for \$87(2)(6)
Allegation (G) Abuse of Authority: Police Officer John Ferguson did not obtain medical
treatment for \$87(2)(b)
On May 30, 2020, at approximately 9:21 p.m., officers used force to arrest \$87(2)(b) at
approximately East First Street and The Bowery in Manhattan while \$87(2)(b) was participating
in a protest march. After his arrest, \$87(2)(6) had a visible injury to his right eye socket. The
events of \$87(2)(b) s arrest are the subject of CCRB investigation 202006126. At 9:36 p.m., PO Onabanjo, \$87(2)(b) s assigned arresting officer, lodged \$87(2)(b) on a prisoner transport bus
on The Bowery near East Houston Street. The bus was ultimately filled with other civilians under
arrest, several police officers, and at least two corrections officers. At 9:52 p.m., the corrections bus
departed from East Houston Street for the Mass Arrest Processing Center (MAPC) at One Police
Plaza. It arrived at approximately 10:04 p.m. It is undisputed that by 11:16 p.m., \$87(2)(b) was
experiencing a medical incident on the prisoner transport bus and officers were attending to him.
stated that his memories from the prisoner transport bus were blurry and
partial. He recalled being loaded onto the bus and waking up on the sidewalk near the bus and
outside MAPC. He was told later by persons who had been on the bus that he had a seizure on the
bus for approximately ten minutes. (BR 06)
Civilians § 87(2)(b) were on the prisoner transport bus and provided the following statements to

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the CCRB:





was "having a seizure." Within five minutes an ambulance arrived and took some to a hospital. PO Morgan did not involve himself in this incident because when he became aware of the situation, other, closer officers were already responding. (BR 14)

PO Lillis stated he and as many as twelve other police officers rode the prisoner transport bus carrying to MAPC. Approximately 30 to 40 minutes after the bus parked outside MAPC, individuals on the bus began yelling out for medical attention. They had been relatively quiet until that point. PO Lillis was "right outside the door" with two or three officers whose names or biographical details he could not recall. Within a minute, corrections officers who had been on the bus removed the individual from the bus. PO Lillis did not recall whether there were still NYPD officers on the bus at this point but was certain there were at least two corrections officers on the bus. PO Lillis stated there was no delay between when civilians began yelling that needed medical attention and when uniformed individuals responded to 87(2)(b) PO Lillis never learned the names of the corrections officers on the bus and could not describe them. (BR 15)

PO Howe did not recall this incident. He identified himself in BWC footage from the incident but stated the footage did not help him independently recall what occurred. In the footage in which PO Howe identified himself, PO Howe was not one of the officers interacting with after (\$37(2)(5)) was carried off the bus. (BR 16)

PO Avelin stated that he, PO Quinn, and approximately five other officers rode the prisoner transport bus to MAPC with with when the bus arrived at MAPC they had to wait before disembarking and processing their arrestees. He could not recall for how long they waited. Approximately 25-30 minutes after the bus pulled away from the 1st and Bowery area, PO Avelin heard individuals closer to the front of the bus speaking about someone in need of medical attention. He could not recall at what point in the waiting he became aware of individuals indicating required medical attention. PO Avelin asked PO Quinn to watch over his arrestee and then went directly to who appeared to be passed out. PO Avelin first became aware of at this point. PO Avelin and a uniformed, male individual carried structured off the bus. PO Avelin did not recall whether the uniformed individual was NYPD, Corrections, or of some other affiliation. He did not recall biographical details about the man. Once was outside, PO Avelin got back onto the bus and had no further interactions with structure. PO Avelin watched his BWC video and identified PO Quinn on the prisoner transport bus. He did not recognize other officers. (BR 17)

PO Quinn stated he rode the prisoner transport bus with \$87(2)(b) and that § 87(2)(b) had a medical incident while en route to MAPC. PO Avelin and a number of officers PO Quinn could not recall rode the bus with him. PO Quinn stated he was in the rear of the bus and separated from the front of the bus, where \$87(2)(b) was, by a locked metal gate. PO Quinn first became aware of \$87(2)(b) when he heard other civilians on the bus calling out for help for \$87(2)(b) PO Quinn could not recall the nature of \$87(2)(6) s medical event, but stated he believed it to have been a seizure. In response to the incident, PO Quinn and other officers on the bus immediately called for the driver to stop. PO Quinn did not recall whether he was the first officer to respond to the incident. He stated he and other officers responded, "immediately." The driver continued driving for approximately five blocks before arriving at MAPC, where officers took off the bus. PO Quinn stated that he was locked behind a cage door in the back of the bus when \$87(2)(b) was taken off the bus at MAPC and did not participate in taking \$87(2)(b) the bus. He could not recall how much time passed between the bus arriving at MAPC and being taken off the bus. He stated it was a matter of minutes, and closer to five minutes than 30 minutes. PO Quinn did not recall who took \$57(2)(5) off the bus. An ambulance arrived and transported \$87(2)(b) to the hospital. PO Quinn did not remember if he ever exited the bus while \$87(2)(b) was on scene, or whether he got off and onto the bus during the incident. After watching media showing he and \$87(2)(b) were on the same side of the only

divider on the bus, PO Quinn stated the metal door visible in the footage is the door to which he

was referring when he stated he was locked in an area separate from \$87(2)(6) when \$87(2)(6) was taken off the bus. PO Quinn stated did not recall whether \$87(2)(6) had been in one of the contained cages or in the open seating area when he had his medical incident. PO Quinn recalled no other details about the incident. (BR 18)

PO Quinn resigned from the NYPD on January 18, 2022. (BR 25)

PO Bello initially did not recall this incident. During his interview he recalled he was on

PO Bello initially did not recall this incident. During his interview he recalled he was on the prisoner transport bus when it got to MAPC and he had to wait on the bus. He recalled that a civilian had a medical incident but could not recall whether he was on the bus when it occurred. Individuals PO Bello could not recall took the civilian off the bus. PO Bello recalled no other details. No video footage refreshed his recollection. (BR 19)

PO Onabanjo stated he did not ride the prisoner transport bus to MAPC with \$87(2)(b)

He stated he and other officers escorted the bus to MAPC in a separate vehicle. When they got to MAPC it was busy and both the officers and the bus had to wait. While he was waiting, an officer PO Onabanjo did not know and could not recall approached PO Onabanjo and stated in sum and substance that PO Onabanjo's arrestee might have had a seizure. PO Onabanjo did not recall how long he had been waiting when the other officer approached him. PO Onabanjo ran to \$87(2)(b) and activated his BWC. PO Onabanjo was certain he did not participate in getting \$87(2)(b) off the bus but did not recall whether \$87(2)(b) was already on the ground when PO Onabanjo got to him. (BR 20)

s recollections about sequence is medical incident and the medical treatment received were limited and inconsistent with the above video evidence.

PO Onabanjo's testimony is consistent with his BWC footage and no civilian or officer recalled him being involved in this incident before officers began attending to \$87(2)(b)

Civilian and officer testimony concur that structure exhibited symptoms during his medical incident that would have led a reasonable person, regardless of their medical training or experience, to believe structure was having a seizure.

Civilian testimony and civilian video evidence concur that multiple individuals on the bus screamed consistently while \$87(2)(6) experienced his medical incident.

On May 30, 2020, <u>Patrol Guide Procedure 221-02</u> stated that after any members of service use force against a subject, all members of service must "if the subject is injured or ill, ensure subject receives proper medical attention" and "ensure [the] subject receives immediate medical attention and provide first aid, if appropriate and properly trained, if [the] subject is having difficulty breathing or demonstrates any potentially life-threatening symptoms or injuries." (BR 21)

The CCRB interviewed five civilians and five officers who stated they rode with to the Mass Arrest Processing Center on May 30, 2020. Officers and civilians concur that rode the bus, experienced a medical incident, and ultimately received medical treatment. §87(2)(g)

Civilian and Officer CCRB Histories

- This complaint was spun out of CCRB 202006126, which is the first complaint to which has been a party. (BR 22)
- PO Morgan has been a member of service for 2 years and has been named as a subject in

one other CCRB complaint and one other allegation which was not substantiated.

- PO Lillis has been a member of service for 4 years and this is the first CCRB complaint in which he has been named as a subject.
- PO Howe has been a member of service for five years and has been named as a subject in 10 other CCRB complaints and 40 other allegations, of which three were substantiated:
 - 201810683 involved a substantiated allegation of Discourtesy Word against PO Howe. The board recommended Command Level Instructions and the NYPD imposed Instructions.
 - 201906121 involved a substantiated allegation of Abuse of Authority Failure to Provide RTKA card against PO Howe. The board recommended Command Level Instructions and the NYPD imposed Instructions.
 - 201909838 involved a substantiated allegation of Abuse of Authority Search (of person) against PO Howe. The board recommended Command Discipline A and the NYPD imposed Command Discipline A.
 - § 87(2)(g
- PO Avelin has been a member of service for 3 years and this is the first CCRB complaint in which he has been named as a subject.
- PO Bello has been a member of service for 5 years and has been named as a subject in 3 other CCRB complaints and 4 other allegations, none of which was substantiated.
- PO Quinn is retired.
- PO Ferguson is retired.

Mediation, Civil, and Criminal Histories

- This complaint was not suitable for mediation.
- \$87(2)(b) filed a Notice of Claim with the City of New York claiming "loss of liberty, emotional distress, physical injuries, including a fractured nose, damage to reputation, and financial loss including medical bills" and seeking \$1,000,000 as redress.

• § 87(2)(b)			
Squad No.:	<u>09</u>		
Investigator:	Christopher Olmsted Signature	Investigator Chris Olmsted Print Title & Name	03/14/2022 Date
Squad Leader	: Monique West Signature	IM Monique West Print Title & Name	03/15/2022 Date
Reviewer:	Signature	Print Title & Name	Date