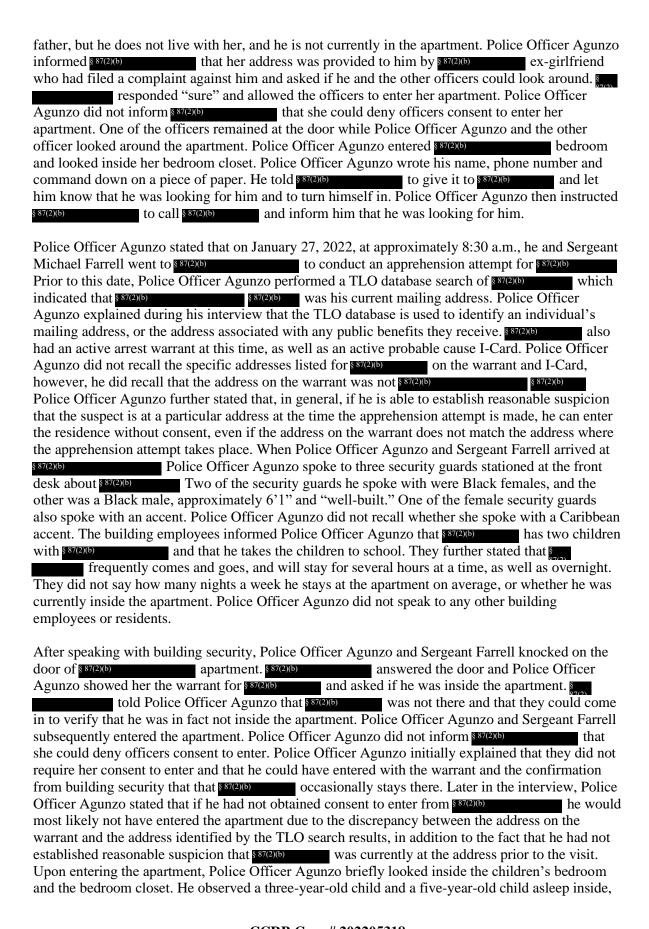
## CCRB INVESTIGATIVE RECOMMENDATION

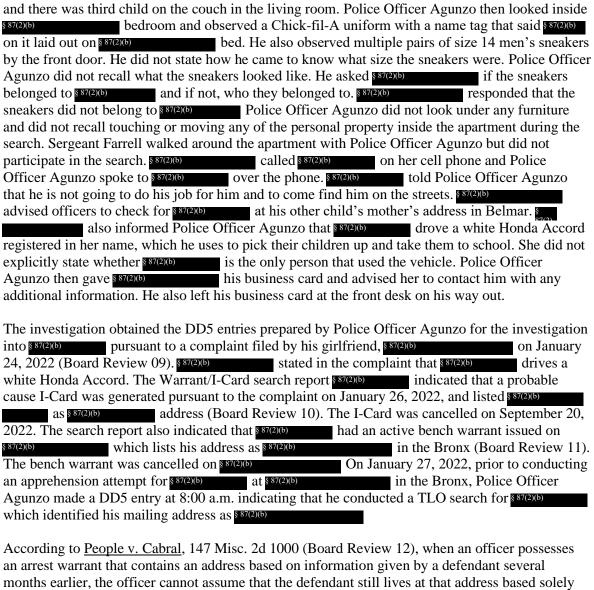
Investigator:		Team:	CCRB Case #:	☐ For	ce	☐ Discourt.	U.S.
Julia Vittore		Squad #15	202205318	☑ Abı	ise	O.L.	☐ Injury
Incident Date(s)		Location of Incident:		Preci	nct:	18 Mo. SOL	EO SOL
Thursday, 01/27/2022 8:10 AM, St 04/03/2022 8:00 AM, Monday, 07/ 7:20 AM, Friday, 08/12/2022 3:50 Friday, 08/19/2022 7:00 A	/11/2022	§ 87(2)(b)	87(2)(b)	52	2	7/27/2023	7/27/2023
Date/Time CV Reported		CV Reported At:	How CV Reported:	Date	e/Time	Received at CCI	RB
Fri, 08/12/2022 2:34 PM		CCRB	Call Processing System	Fri,	08/12/	2022 2:34 PM	
Complainant/Victim	Туре	Home Addre	ss				
Witness(es)		Home Addre	ss				
Subject Officer(s)	Shield	TaxID	Command				
1. PO Michael Agunzo	18509	962913	WARRSEC				
Officer(s)	Allegatio	n			Inve	stigator Recon	nmendation
A.PO Michael Agunzo	Abuse: P	olice Officer Michael A	gunzo entered on January 27, 20	22.			
B.PO Michael Agunzo	Abuse: I	Police Officer Michael A	agunzo searched on January 27, 20	22.			
C.PO Michael Agunzo	Abuse: P	olice Officer Michael A	gunzo entered on April 3, 2022.				
D.PO Michael Agunzo	Abuse: P	olice Officer Michael A	gunzo searched on April 3, 2022.				
E.PO Michael Agunzo	Abuse: P	olice Officer Michael A	gunzo entered on July 11, 2022.				
F.PO Michael Agunzo	Abuse: P	olice Officer Michael A	gunzo entered on August 12, 202	22.			
G.PO Michael Agunzo	Abuse: P	olice Officer Michael A	gunzo searched on August 12, 202	22.			
H.PO Michael Agunzo	Abuse: P	olice Officer Michael A	gunzo entered on August 19, 202	22.			
I.PO Michael Agunzo	Abuse: P	olice Officer Michael A	gunzo searched on August 19, 202	22.			
J.PO Michael Agunzo	Abuse: P	olice Officer Michael A § 87(2)(b) on September		)			
K.PO Michael Agunzo	Abuse: P	olice Officer Michael A , § 87(2)(b) on Sep	gunzo searched (87(2)) ptember 20, 2022.	1			

### **Case Summary**

On August 12, 2022, \$87(2)(b) filed this complaint with the CCRB via telephone.
On January 27, 2022, at approximately 8:10 a.m., Police Officer Michael Agunzo of the Warrant Squad entered and searched approximately 8:10 a.m., Police Officer Michael Agunzo of the Warrant In the Bronx (Allegation A: Abuse of Authority – Entry of Premises, 187(2))  Allegation B: Abuse of Authority – Search of Premises, 187(2)(5)  Was not present. Police Officer Agunzo returned and entered and searched on April 3, 2022, at approximately 8:00 a.m. (Allegation C: Abuse of Authority – Entry of Premises, 187(2)(5)  Authority – Search of Premises, 187(2)(5)  Allegation H: Abuse of Authority – Entry of Premises, 187(2)(5)  Allegation J: Abuse of Authority – Entry of Premises, 187(2)(5)  Allegation J: Abuse of Authority – Entry of Premises, 187(2)(5)  Allegation J: Abuse of Authority – Entry of Premises, 187(2)(5)  Allegation J: Abuse of Authority – Entry of Premises, 187(2)(5)  Allegation K: Abuse of Authority – Search of Premises, 187(2)(5)  Allegation M: Abuse of Authority – Entry of Premises, 187(2)(5)  Allegation M: Abuse of Authority – Entry of Premises, 187(2)(5)  Allegation M: Abuse of Authority – Entry of Premises, 187(2)(5)  Allegation M: Abuse of Authority – Entry of Premises, 187(2)(5)  Allegation M: Abuse of Authority – Entry of Premises, 187(2)(5)  Allegation M: Abuse of Authority – Entry of Premises, 187(2)(5)  Allegation M: Abuse of Authority – Entry of Premises, 187(2)(5)  Allegation M: Abuse of Authority – Entry of Premises, 187(2)(5)  Allegation M: Abuse of Authority – Entry of Premises, 187(2)(5)  Allegation M: Abuse of Authority – Entry of Premises, 187(2)(5)
Findings and Recommendations
Allegation (A) Abuse of Authority: Police Officer Michael Agunzo entered \$87(2)(b)
on January 27, 2022; Allegation (B) Abuse of Authority: Police Officer Michael Agunzo searched \$87(2)(6)
on January 27, 2022.
On August 24, 2022, \$87(2)(b) was interviewed by the CCRB (Board Review 01 and 02). On January 19, 2023, Police Officer Agunzo was interviewed by the CCRB (Board Review 03 and 04). On March 29, 2023, the investigation called \$87(2)(b) (Board Review 05). On March 30, 2023, the investigation called \$87(2)(b) (Board Review 06). On April 3, 2023, Police
Officer Agunzo was interviewed by the CCRB (Board Review 07 and 08).
Officer Agunzo was interviewed by the CCRB (Board Review 07 and 08).  It is undisputed that Police Officer Agunzo entered and searched \$87(2)(6) on

**CCRB Case # 202205318** 

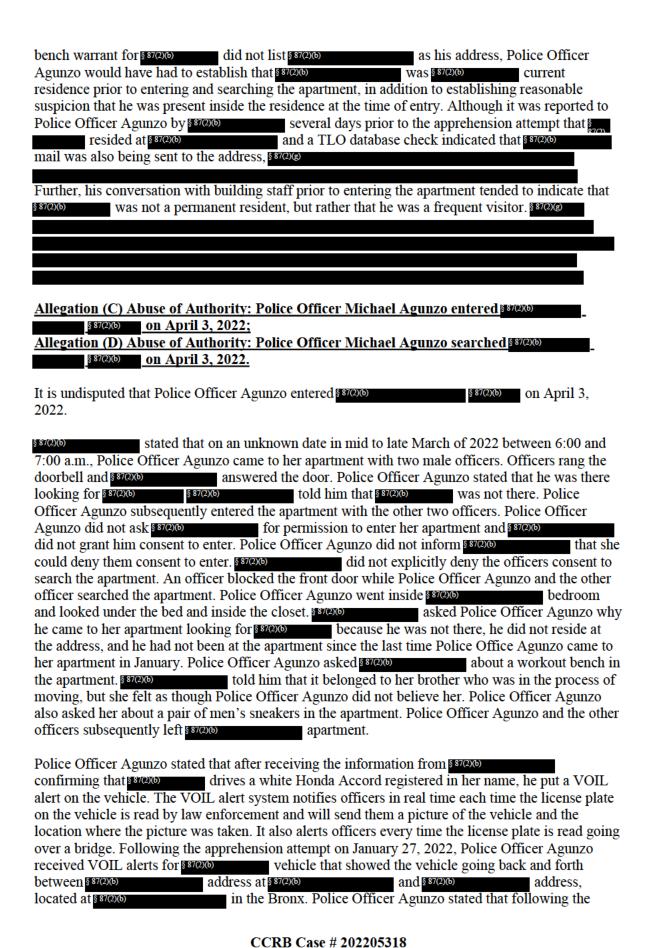


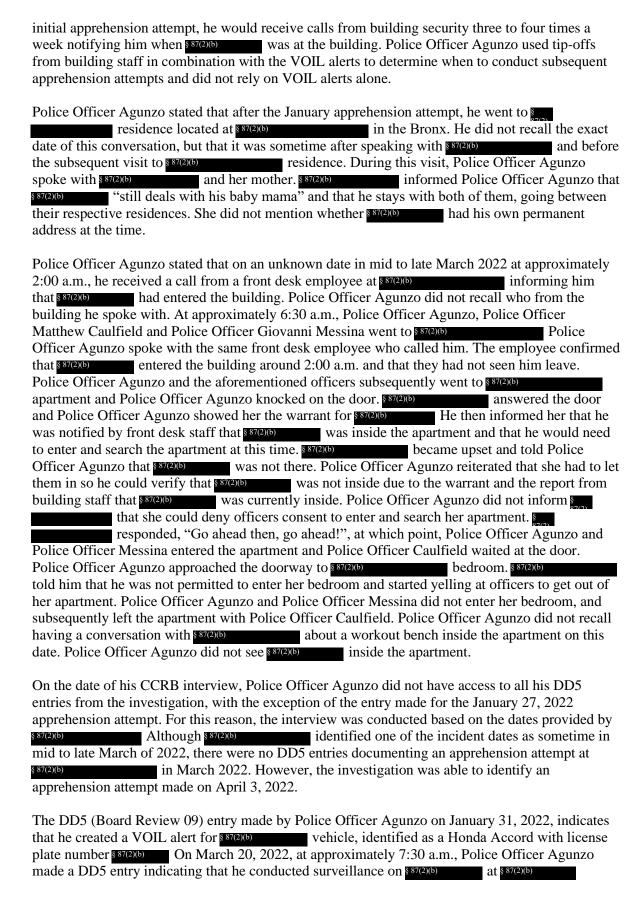


an arrest warrant that contains an address based on information given by a defendant several months earlier, the officer cannot assume that the defendant still lives at that address based solely on that information. Thus, officers must verify that the subject of a warrant resides at a particular location on the day of the warrant's execution. This will be especially true when there is a significant passage of time between the initial arrest and the issuance of the warrant. In addition to verifying the address, the officer will need to conduct a limited inquiry upon which he can base a reasonable belief that the suspect is inside the apartment at the time the officer plans to execute the warrant.

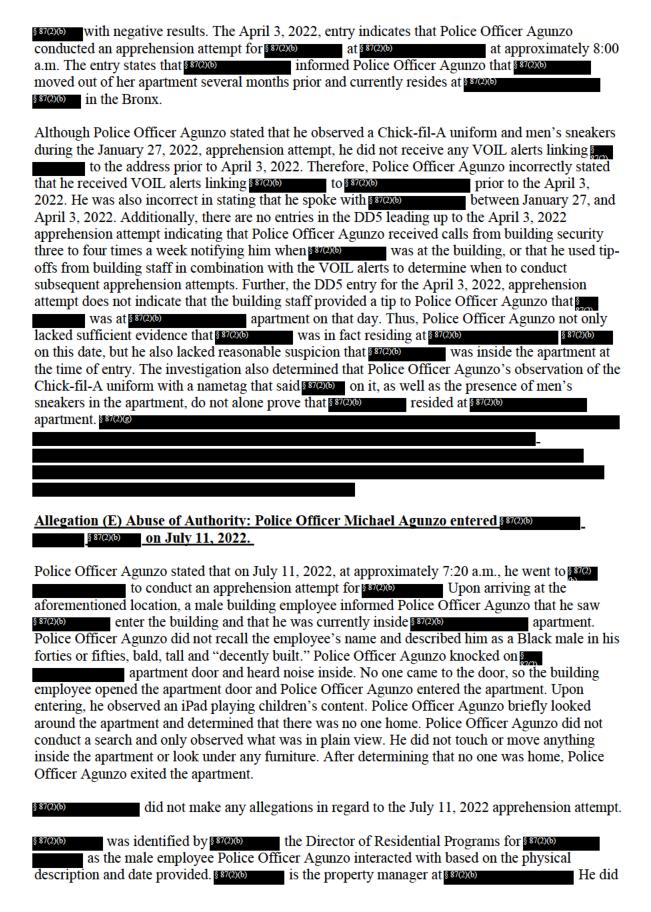
According to New York City Administrative Code §14-173 Board Review (13), when an officer is seeking consent to enter and search a residence, they are required to articulate using plain and simple language delivered in a non-threatening manner, that the occupant of the residence in question is being asked to voluntarily, knowingly, and intelligently consent to the search, and explain that the search will not be conducted if the occupant(s) refuses to consent to the search.

Police Office Agunzo stated that he entered \$87(2)(b) residence without obtaining informed consent by neglecting to inform that she could legally deny officers consent to enter. According to the precedent set in People v. Cabral, due to the fact that the active

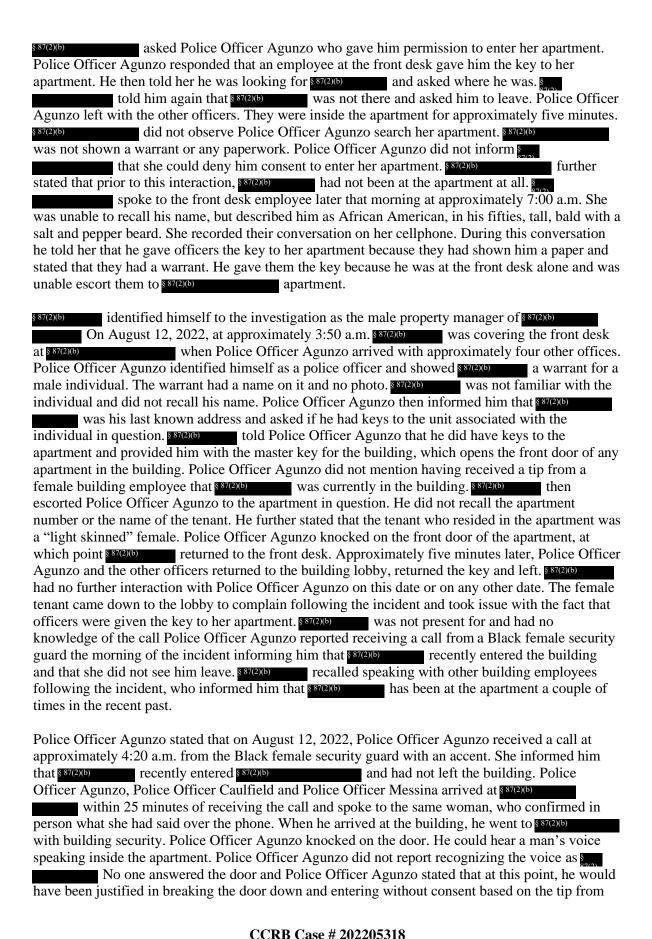




CCRB CTS – Confidential Page 5



not report providing Police Officer Agunzo with any tips in regard to the whereabouts of or interacting with him at all on July 11, 2022 (Board Review 06). On April 17, 2022, Police Officer Agunzo made a DD5 (Board Review 09) entry documenting a VOIL alert on § 87(2)(b) vehicle, however, the entry did not indicate the specific location of the alert. On May 19, 2022, the DD5 entries indicate that Police Officer Agunzo conducted an additional TLO inquiry for \$87(2)(6) which indicated that his current mailing address was \$87(2) The DD5 entry made on May 25, 2022, documents an apprehension attempt conducted for §87(2)(6) at § 87(2)(b) Police Officer Agunzo did not enter the apartment on that date or speak to the resident, however, he did speak to the superintendent and a neighbor who stated that they had never seen § 87(2)(6) 2022, Police Officer Agunzo conducted a second apprehension attempt for \$87(2)(6) Police Officer Agunzo noted in the DD5 entry for this date that and her mother answered the door and showed him around the apartment. Police Officer Agunzo further stated that he did not observe any evidence that §87(2)(6) resided at the apartment. On July 11, 2022, Police Officer Agunzo made a DD5 entry documenting an apprehension attempt for in which he stated that the apartment door was at § 87(2)(b) opened for him, and he visually inspected the apartment. He further stated that the building manger informed him that \$87(2)(b) is in and out every night. Since the previous apprehension attempt conducted on April 3, 2022, Police Officer Agunzo conducted a second TLO inquiry for \$3000 which indicated that his address was changed to Additionally, although Police Officer Agunzo stated that he had a conversation with a male building employee who stated that he saw \$87(2)(b) enter the building and confirmed that he was currently inside § 87(2)(b) apartment prior to the entry, this conversation was not reflected in the DD5 entry documenting the apprehension attempt, and did not report taking such action on this date or any other dates, and stated that he was not This discrepancy is the second time that the tip Police Officer Agunzo familiar with § 87(2)(6) reported receiving from building staff was apparently incorrect and not supported by his DD5 entry documenting the apprehension attempt. § 87(2)(g) Allegation (F) Abuse of Authority: Police Officer Michael Agunzo entered § 87(2)(b) on August 12, 2022; Allegation (G) Abuse of Authority: Police Officer Michael Agunzo searched on August 12, 2022. It is undisputed that Police Officer Agunzo entered \$87(2)(b) § 87(2)(b) on August 12, 2022. stated that on August 12, 2022, at approximately 4:20 a.m. she was awoken by the sound of a key fob unlocking the front door of her apartment. She did not hear the doorbell ring or a knock on the door prior to her apartment door being opened from the outside. From her bed saw Police Officer Agunzo and a male officer inside her apartment and two additional male officers holding the front door open with their feet. Police Officer Agunzo walked toward her bedroom. She told him that \$37(2)(6) was not there and to get out of her apartment.



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was inside, in addition to the fact that he could hear a man's voice inside the apartment. Building security opened the front door of the apartment. As Police Officer Agunzo, Police Officer Caulfield and Police Officer Messina entered the apartment, Police Officer Agunzo announced that they were the police entering with a warrant. Upon entering, Police Officer Agunzo observed a male child on the couch in the living room playing something on an iPad that was the source of the noise Police Officer Agunzo heard through the door. was in the bedroom and told officers she was not dressed and to get out. Police Officer Agunzo stayed out of bedroom until she was dressed. Once was dressed, Police Officer Agunzo searched her bedroom for approximately eight seconds. During this time, he opened the closet and looked inside a couple bags that were inside the closet and moved some of the other items inside the closet. Police Officer Agunzo and the other officers subsequently left the apartment. Police Officer Agunzo suspected in hindsight that the male voice he heard through the door was likely and that he may have been hiding under the bed since that is where he was found hiding when he was arrested on September 20, 2022. He further stated that, at the time of the incident, he thought the voice he heard through the door came from the iPad since he did not locate inside the apartment.
provided an audio recording of the conversation with the male building employee following the incident (Board Review 14). The building employee identifies himself to as the property manager and informs her that is just covering a shift at the front desk since they are short staffed. (STO)(S) can be heard speaking with a male individual who tells her that that officers informed him that they needed to go upstairs to make sure that was not inside (STO)(S) apartment and asked if he had keys to the unit. The male building employee further stated he then provided officers with the key. (STO)(S) tells the front desk employee that (STO)(S) does not reside at her apartment, he is not on the lease and only makes occasional visits to the apartment for his children.
On July 17, 2022, Police Officer Agunzo made a DD5 entry (Board Review 09) documenting a conversation he had with \$87(2)(6)
Neither statement nor the DD5 indicate that Police Officer Agunzo received a tip that was inside 57(2)(6) was inside 57(2)(6) apartment prior to entering and conducting a search of the residence. This is the third time Police Officer Agunzo entered 587(2)(6) was in the apartment based on inaccurate tips from building staff reporting that 587(2)(6) was in the apartment at the time of entry. Other than 587(2)(6) statement, Police Officer Agunzo had no additional evidence that 587(2)(6) in fact resided at 587(2)(6) apartment on this date and did not conduct any additional TLO inquiries or receive any VOIL alerts.
Allegation (H) Abuse of Authority: Police Officer Michael Agunzo entered on August 19, 2022;

# Allegation (I) Abuse of Authority: Police Officer Michael Agunzo searched §87(2)(6) on August 19, 2022.

It is undisputed that Police Officer Agunzo entered \$87(2)(b) on August 12, 2022.

stated that on August 15<sup>th</sup> or 16<sup>th</sup> of 2022, at approximately 6:00 a.m., Police Officer Agunzo, and two male officers knocked on the door of her apartment. She looked through the peephole in the front door and saw that it was Police Officer Agunzo. She did not answer the door, got back into bed and fell asleep. She awoke approximately five minutes later and saw Police Officer Agunzo and the other officers in her apartment. One of the officers stood at the door while Police Officer Agunzo and the remaining officer looked around the apartment. § \$7(2)(b) got out of bed and spoke with Police Officer Agunzo at the door of her bedroom. During this conversation she said to Police Officer Agunzo, "I don't understand why they keep giving you a key because I did not give you permission to enter my apartment," and asked him to leave. She did not ask him how they gained entry because she assumed they used the key fob from the front desk to let themselves in like they had previously done. Police Officer Agunzo ignored her request, and she then asked him to leave her bedroom because her daughter was sleeping inside, and she did not want him to wake her. She then asked to see a copy of the warrant. Police Officer Agunzo showed photo on it in the top left-hand corner. Police Officer her a piece of paper with § 87(2)(b) Agunzo subsequently looked inside \$87(2)(b) bedroom, under her bed and in the was standing in the living room with Police Officer Agunzo she bedroom closet. § 87(2)(b) observed one of the other officers enter the bedroom where her son and \$87(2)(b) thirteen-year-old son with another woman, were sleeping. §87(2)(b) told Police Officer Agunzo that \$87(2)(b) was not there and did not reside at the apartment. The officers were leaving when Police Officer Agunzo started asking §87(2)(b) about a pair of what he thought were size thirteen men's shoes on her shoe rack. §87(2)(b) responded that the Police Officer Agunzo told her that the boy does not wear a shoes belonged to \$87(2)(b) size thirteen shoe, to which § 87(2)(b) responded that the shoe was a size 10 and showed said to Police Officer Agunzo, "You keep coming here him the tag in the shoe. § 87(2)(b) and he is not here when you come because this is not his apartment, and looking for § 87(2)(b) he is not on the lease." Police Officer Agunzo responded that \$87(2)(b) had been pulled over § 87(2)(6) Police Officer Agunzo and provided his address to officers as \$87(2)(b) subsequently exited the apartment with the other officers. They were in the apartment for approximately five minutes, \$87(2)(b) stated that she did not have any further interaction with the officers after this incident. Police Officer Agunzo did not inform §87(2)(6) she could deny officers consent to enter and search the apartment. § 87(2)(6) did not observe the officers touch any of the personal effects inside the apartment.

Police Officer Agunzo stated that on August 19, 2022, at approximately 4:20 a.m., he received a call from a female front desk employee with a Caribbean accent from street that he regularly communicated with two building employees, a male, and a female with a Caribbean accent, who would call to inform him when street at the building. He did not know either of the individuals' names. Police Officer Agunzo arrived at street at approximately 7:00 a.m. with Police Officer Messina and Police Officer Caulfield. When he arrived, he spoke with the female front desk employee who confirmed that she saw street the building. She informed Police Officer Agunzo that there is a side entrance to the building that street could have left out of, but she did not see him leave out of the front entrance

since she had alerted Police Officer Agunzo to his arrival earlier that morning.

Police Officer Agunzo knocked on the front door of \$5000 apartment. He heard what he believed to be sound from the TV inside and announced his presence to the occupants by stating, "NYPD Warrant Squad, please come to the door." No one answered the door, which raised a red flag for Police Officer Agunzo since, in the past, \$5000 had answered the door. The aforementioned front desk employee then opened the front door of \$5000 apartment. Police Officer Agunzo was shown the 2021 bench warrant for \$5000 and confirmed that it is the bench warrant he was referring to. When asked if there was an investigation into the address listed on the bench warrant due to the fact that the case was several years old. He further stated that when he ran a TLO database search, it determined that had not received mail to that location in several years. \$50000 also had an active I-Card generated within the seven months listing his address as \$50000 Police Officer Agunzo further stated that he conducted a TLO database search, which determined that mail was being sent to \$50000 apartment at the time of the incident. In addition to the TLO search and recent I-Cards linking \$50000 to \$50000 apartment at the time of the incident. In addition to the TLO search and recent I-Cards linking \$50000 to \$50000 at \$50000 and \$500000 at \$500000 at \$500000 at \$500000 at \$500000 at \$5000000 at \$500000000 at \$5000000000000000000000000000000000000
present at the time of entry, and for this reason, he would not require a search warrant to enter and search \$87(2)(b) in order to apprehend \$87(2)(b)
Police Officer Agunzo entered the apartment with one of the other officers and the other remained at the door. He announced their presence to the occupants upon entering. Inside the apartment he observed a four-year-old and six-year-old playing on iPads on the living room couch.  was inside her bedroom when officers entered the apartment and initially did not seem bothered by their presence in her apartment. Police Officer Agunzo had a conversation with about the pair of size 13 Nike Jordan sneakers and bench press with 250 lbs. of weight on it he observed inside the apartment. During this conversation, source told Police Officer Agunzo that the sneakers belonged to son, but she did not provide his name. Police Officer Agunzo did not recall seeing an older child or any child above five feet tall during any of the apprehension attempts made at source apartment. When asked about whether there was a conversation between himself and source about the bench warrant, Police Officer Agunzo recalled source the bench warrant for source on his department cellphone. He further stated that the digital copy of the bench warrant when viewed on the department cell phone displays the individual's arrest photo displays in the top left-hand corner of the document, which is different than the digitized hard copy of the warrant (Board Review 11). When Police Officer Agunzo approached her bedroom door, she became angry told officers to get out. Police Officer Agunzo wanted to avoid escalating the situation, so he provided with his business card and he and the other officers left the apartment. Police Officer
Agunzo and the other officer that entered the apartment only observed what was in plain view and did not conduct a search of the apartment, and neither he, nor the other officers on scene, entered bedroom at any point.
Police Officer Agunzo made a DD5 (Board Review 09) entry documenting an apprehension attempt made for \$87(2)(b) at \$87(2)(b) on August 19, 2022, at approximately 7:00 a.m.

There are no entries made prior to the August 19-2022, indicating that \$87(2)(6) was pulled over by officers and provided his address at \$87(2)(6)

According to NY CLS CPL § 120.80 (Board Review 15), in order to effect a warrant of arrest, an officer may enter any premises in which he reasonably believes the defendant to be present; provided, however, that where the premises in which the officer reasonably believes the defendant to be present is the dwelling of a third party who is not the subject of the arrest warrant, the officer shall, before such entry, give, or make reasonable effort to give, notice of his authority and purpose to an occupant thereof, unless there is reasonable cause to believe that the giving of such notice will:

- Result in the defendant escaping or attempting to escape; or
- Endanger the life or safety of the officer or another person; or
- Result in the destruction, damaging or secretion of material evidence.

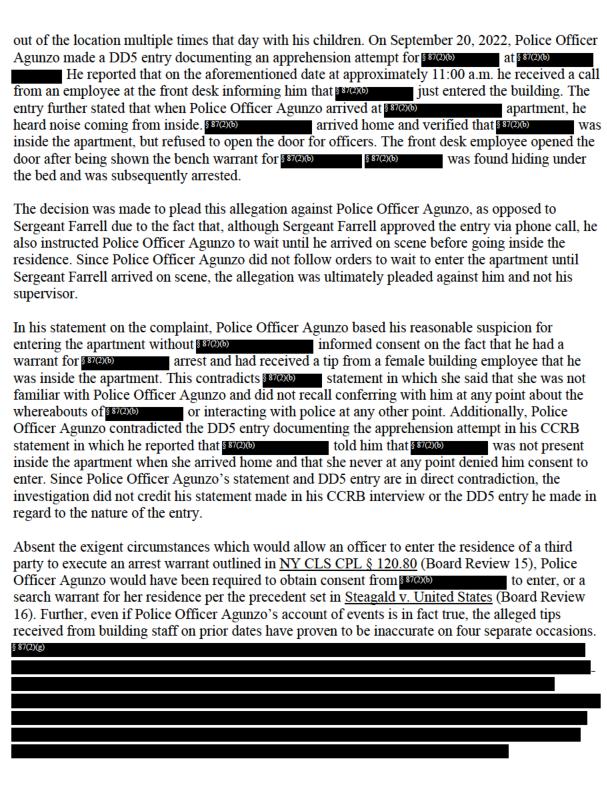
According to <u>Steagald v. United States</u>, 451 U.S. 204 (Board Review 16), under the Fourth Amendment, a search warrant must be obtained, absent exigent circumstances or consent, for a law enforcement officer to legally search for the subject of an arrest warrant in the home of a third party.

Absent the exigent circumstances which would allow an officer to enter the residence of a third party to execute an arrest warrant outlined in NY CLS CPL § 120.80 (Board Review 15), Police Officer Agunzo would have been required to obtain consent from \$3000 to enter, or a search warrant for her residence, per the precedent set in Steagald v. United States (Board Review 16). Further, \$3000 last TLO inquiry conducted on May 25, 2022, indicated that changed his mailing address to \$3000 and no subsequent efforts were documented in the DD5 to indicate that Police Officer Agunzo took any further investigative actions to verify that \$3000 was in fact \$3000 permanent residence prior to conducting the August 19, 2022, apprehension attempt. Further, the DD5 entry made for the August 19, 2022, apprehension attempt did not indicate that Police Officer Agunzo received a tip from building staff prior to arriving. Even if Police Officer Agunzo had received a tip from building staff, according to his statement, he received the tip at 4:20 a.m. and did not arrive at the incident location until 7:00 a.m., at which point the employee at the front desk was unable to confirm that was still inside \$3000 permanent. This is the fourth time that Police Officer Agunzo has reported entering \$3000 permanent. This is the fourth time that Police Officer Agunzo has reported entering \$3000 permanent.
Allogation (D. Abuse of Authority, Police Officer Michael Agunge and and Bosevia
Allegation (J) Abuse of Authority: Police Officer Michael Agunzo entered
on September 20, 2022;
Allegation (K) Abuse of Authority: Police Officer Michael Agunzo searched
on September 20, 2022.

Police Officer Agunzo stated that he received a call from the Black female front desk employee with a Caribbean accent at approximately 11:00 a.m. on September 20, 2022, informing him that arrived an hour prior and that she did not see him leave. Police Officer Agunzo told her to watch the door and make sure he does not leave. Police Officer Agunzo stated that he was

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building has a side entrance that residents can use to enter and exit the building. Police Officer  Agunzo and Police Officer Caulfield arrived at \$87(2)(6) at approximately 11:25 a.m.  and spoke with the female front desk employee who confirmed that \$87(2)(6) had not left the
building. Police Officer Agunzo subsequently knocked on the door of \$87(2)(6) and announced that the police were there with a warrant. Police Officer Agunzo heard rustling inside
the apartment, but no one answered the door. He then called his supervisor, Sergeant Farrell and
requested authorization to execute the warrant. Sergeant Farrell approved the execution of the
warrant and instructed Police Officer Agunzo to wait for him and back-up officers to arrive on
scene prior to entering. While Police Officer Agunzo waited for back-up, \$87(2)(b) arrived
home. §87(2)(6) was extremely hostile and told Police Officer Agunzo, "You're not
fucking coming in. I'm tired of your shit, I'm going to sue you. My mom's coming with my sister, we're going to fuck you up!" \$87(2)(b) then tried to enter her apartment and Police Officer
Agunzo explained to her that he was waiting for his supervisor to execute a warrant and that the
location was secured, and she would not be permitted to enter until after the warrant has been
executed. §87(2)(b) grabbed Police Officer Agunzo and shoved him. Police Officer
Agunzo then called the 52 <sup>nd</sup> Precinct for back-up because his sergeant and the backup officers from
his command were stuck in traffic. § 87(2)(b) then attempted to jam the front door of her
apartment open. Police Officer Agunzo ordered her to step back while she continued to try to push
him out of the way to get inside, at which point two officers from the 52 <sup>nd</sup> Precinct arrived on
scene. Police Officer Agunzo did not recall who from the 52 <sup>nd</sup> Precinct responded. The
aforementioned building employee came upstairs and opened the front door of the apartment for
officers. \$87(2)(b) said to Police Officer Agunzo, "I don't care, look! He's not here!"
never at any point during the encounter denied Police Officer Agunzo consent to
enter her apartment. Police Officer Agunzo did not recall asking for consent to enter the apartment and did not recall informing \$87(2)(b) that she could deny officers consent to enter. Police
Officer Agunzo stated that he most likely did not ask \$57(2)(6) for consent to enter
because he was going to enter whether she was present or not, after receiving approval from
Sergeant Farrell to execute the warrant. Police Officer Agunzo and Police Officer Caulfield entered
apartment. \$87(2)(b) remained outside the apartment. Police Officer
Agunzo and Police Officer Caulfield conducted a search of the apartment for approximately two
minutes. They entered \$87(2)(6) bedroom and Police Officer Caulfield looked under her
bed and observed \$87(2)(b) underneath it. \$87(2)(b) was subsequently placed under arrest.
Police Officer Agunzo and Police Officer Caulfield escorted \$87(2)(b) to their RMP and
transported him to the 54 <sup>th</sup> Precinct stationhouse. Police Officer Agunzo did not ask
for consent to search her apartment and did not inform her that she could deny
officers consent to search. Police Officer Agunzo further stated that he did not need
consent to search her apartment for reasons previously stated regarding the entry.
Director for Residential Programs at \$87(2)(b) identified \$87(2)(b) as
the employee described by Police Officer Agunzo (Board Review 17). The investigation contacted
who stated that she did not recall the incident and was not familiar with Police Officer
Agunzo. She further stated that it is possible she interacted with officers, but she does not recall
conferring with Police Officer Agunzo in regard to \$87(2)(b) or \$87(2)(b) and she did
not recall letting Police Officer Agunzo or any other officers into §87(2)(b) apartment,
nor does she recall interacting with any officers during the given time period.
Police Officer Agunzo made a DD5 entry (Board Review 09) on August 25, 2022, indicating that
he received two VOIL alerts for \$87(2)(b) vehicle at \$87(2)(b) the prior two
nights. On September 14, 2022, Police Officer Agunzo made a DD5 entry documenting a call he
received from front desk security at \$87(2)(6) reporting that \$87(2)(6) was in and



#### **Civilian and Officer CCRB Histories**

• This is the first CCRB complaint to which has been a party (Board Review 18).

• Police Officer Agunzo has been a member of service for six years and has been a subject in three CCRB complaints and seven allegations, none of which were substantiated.

### Mediation, Civil, and Criminal Histories

- \$87(2)(b) declined to mediate this complaint.
- A FOIL request was submitted to the New York City Comptroller's Officer on April 21, 2023. The results will be attached to the case file upon receipt (Board Review 19).

● [§ 87(2)(6)] [§§ 86(1)(	3)&(4)] [§ 87(2)(c)]		
Squad:15			
Investigator: _	Julia Vittore Signature	Inv. Julia Vittore Print Title & Name	05/08/2023 Date
Squad Leader: _	Signature	IM Simon Wang Print Title & Name	05/08/23 
Reviewer:	Signature	Print Title & Name	Date