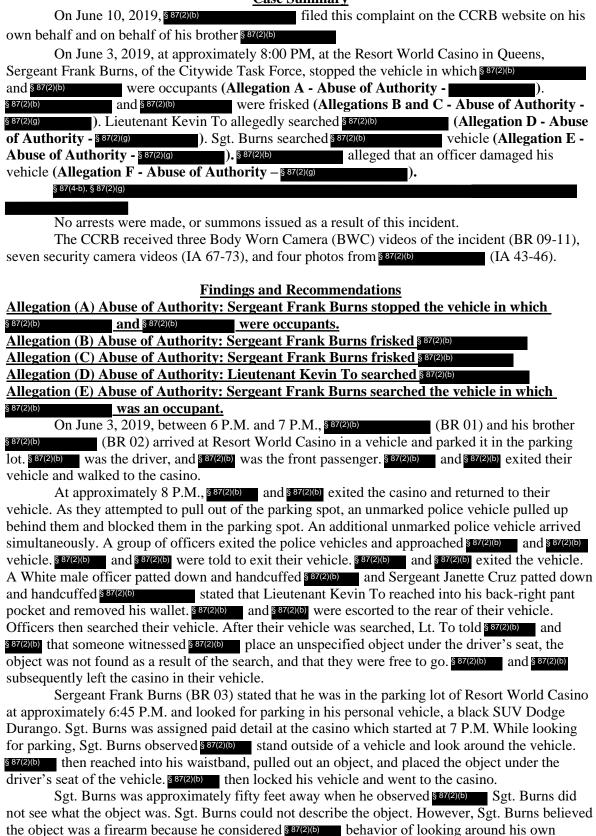
CCRB INVESTIGATIVE RECOMMENDATION

Investigator:		Team:	CCRB Case #:	☐ Force	☐ Discourt.	U.S.
Edward Tsigel		Squad #4	201905037	✓ Abuse	O.L.	☐ Injury
Incident Date(s)		Location of Incident:	l	Precinct:	18 Mo. SOL	EO SOL
Monday, 06/03/2019 8:00 PM		Resort World Casino		106	12/3/2020	7/20/2021
Date/Time CV Reported		CV Reported At:	How CV Reported:	Date/Tin	ne Received at CC	RB
Mon, 06/10/2019 4:16 PM		CCRB	On-line website	Mon, 06/	/10/2019 4:16 PM	[
Complainant/Victim	Type	Home Addre	ess			
Subject Officer(s)	Shield	TaxID	Command			
1. LSA Kevin To	00000	920902	SRG			
2. SDS Frank Burns	02906	923596	DBMN OP			
3. An officer						
Witness Officer(s)	Shield N	o Tax No	Cmd Name			
1. POM Steven Cruver	11884	950250	SRG			
Officer(s)	Allegatio	on		Inv	vestigator Recor	nmendation
A.SDS Frank Burns	Abuse: S § 87(2)(b)	ergeant Frank Burns sto	opped the vehicle in were occupan			
B.SDS Frank Burns	Abuse: Sergeant Frank Burns frisked § 87(2)(b)					
C.SDS Frank Burns	Abuse: Sergeant Frank Burns frisked §87(2)(b)					
D.LSA Kevin To	Abuse: L	ieutenant Kevin To sear	rched ^{§ 87(2)(b)}			
E.SDS Frank Burns	Abuse: S § 87(2)(b)	Abuse: Sergeant Frank Burns searched the vehicle in which was an occupant.				
F. An officer	Abuse: A	an officer damaged § 87(2)	(b) prope	erty.		
§ 87(4-b), § 87(2)(g)						

Case Summary



CCRB Case # 201905037

CCRB CTS – Confidential Page 2

vehicle, to be suspicious, and due to his experience with prior firearm arrests.

Sgt. Burns parked his vehicle, went to the security room of the casino, and reviewed security camera footage to see if he could determine what the object was. He was unable to determine what the object was after he watched the security footage.

Sgt. Burns called Deputy Inspector William Kivlehan, who was in charge of City-Wide Anti-Crime, on his cellphone and requested back up to the scene to stop \$87(2)(b) and \$87(2)(b) DI Kivlehan told Sgt. Burns to contact Lt. To. Sgt. Burns (BR 03) called Lt. To and told him that he witnessed someone place a firearm in their own vehicle. Sgt. Burns did not remember if he called Lt. To on his cell phone, or through a radio. Lt. To, Sergeant Janette Cruz (Inactive), and Police Officer Steven Cruver responded to Sgt. Burns' backup request and they arrived approximately one hour later. While he waited, Sgt. Burns requested that casino security personnel keep track of and \$87(2)(b) and \$87(2)(b) and \$87(2)(b) vehicle in the parking lot and looked into it through the windows, which did not reveal any contraband.

Lt. To (BR 04) and PO Cruver (BR 05) arrived at the casino and spoke with Sgt. Burns regarding the alleged firearm. At approximately 8 P.M. casino security personnel notified Sgt. Burns (BR 03) that 37(2)(b) and 37(2)(b) were leaving the casino. 37(2)(b) and 37(2)(b) returned to their vehicle and entered it. As 37(2)(b) and 37(2)(b) pulled out of their parking spot, Lt. To, Sgt. Cruz, and PO Cruver, who were in an unmarked grey sedan, pulled up behind them and blocked them in the parking spot. Sgt. Burns pulled up to 387(2)(b) vehicle in another lane of the parking lot. Lt. To and PO Cruver exited their vehicle, approached the driver's side of the vehicle, and told 387(2)(b) to exit the vehicle. Sgt. Burns and Sgt. Cruz approached the passenger's side of the vehicle and told 387(2)(b) to exit the vehicle. Lt. To patted down and handcuffed 387(2)(b) Sgt. Burns patted down and handcuffed 387(2)(b) person. No contraband was found as a result of the pat downs. Lt. To (BR 04) denied that he entered any of 387(2)(b) pockets or removed any items from his pockets.

Sgt. Burns and PO Cruver searched the entire interior of 37(2)(b) vehicle, including the center console, and the glove box. A pocketknife and a burnt marijuana cigarette were found as a result of the search. There was no firearm in the vehicle. PO Cruver (BR 05) stated that 37(2)(b) and 37(2)(c) were not issued a summons for the marijuana because discretion was used. He did not know which officer made the decision to not issue a summons.

At 0:00 of Video 7 (BR 07), \$87(2)(b) and \$17(2)(b) arrive to the casino parking lot in a black sedan and enter a parking spot. At 0:50, Sgt. Burns (BR 03) identified himself in the black SUV driving past the parked black sedan. Between 0:50 and 1:57, \$87(2)(b) and \$87(2)(b) exit their vehicle and walk to the casino. Video 6 (BR 06) shows a different perspective of Video 7.

From 0:00 to 0:40 of Video 1 (BR 08), \$37(2)(b) and \$37(2)(b) walk to and enter their vehicle. The vehicle turns on and begins to back up out of the parking spot. At 0:40, an unmarked grey sedan and an unmarked black SUV initiate a vehicle stop. At 0:52, Sgt. Burns (BR 03) identified himself as the individual who exited the driver's seat of the unmarked black SUV. Lt. To and PO Cruver approach from the driver's side, remove \$37(2)(b) from the vehicle, and handcuff him. Sgt. Burns and Sgt. Cruz approach from the passenger's side, remove \$37(2)(b) from the vehicle, and handcuff him. From 0:50 to 2:10, Lt. To pats down \$37(2)(b) and Sgt. Burns pats down \$37(2)(b) are escorted to the rear of their vehicle. Between 2:10 and 6:30, Sgt. Burns searches the driver's side of the vehicle and PO Cruver searches the passenger's side of the vehicle.

At 0:00 of Lt. To's BWC video 1 (BR 09), Lt. To pats down Between 0:45 and 5:00, Sgt. Burns and PO Cruver search the vehicle. Between 0:10 and 0:35 of PO Cruver's BWC video (BR 11), Sgt. Burns pats down Between 0:55 and 2:43, PO Cruver and Sgt. Burns search the entire vehicle. At no point throughout any of the BWC footage (BR 09-11), does Lt. To or any other officer enter Ser(2)(b) pockets.

The stop report (BR 12) confirms that a stop, frisk, and vehicle search was conducted, which resulted in a knife and marijuana cigarette found in the vehicle. The stop report states that

there was no search of persons conducted during the incident.

As per <u>People v. May, 81 N.Y.2d 725 (1992)</u>, (BR 13) an officer may only stop a vehicle to investigate criminal activity when he has a reasonable suspicion that its occupants have been engaged, are presently engaged, or are about to engage in conduct in violation of the law.

As per <u>People v. Batista, 88 N.Y.2d 650 (1996)</u>, (BR 14) in order to frisk someone, an officer must have knowledge of some fact or circumstance that supports a reasonable suspicion that the suspect is armed or poses a threat to safety.

As per <u>People v. Hernandez</u>, <u>238 A.D.2d 131 (1997)</u>, (BR 15) there must be probable cause that a vehicle contains contraband, weapons, or evidence of a crime to justify a warrantless search of the vehicle.

Sgt. Burns requested back up and provided the responding officers with information that confirmed the existence of a firearm, even though he did not have probable cause to believe that a firearm existed. The responding officers acted based on the information they were provided by Sgt. Burns, that there was a firearm; therefore, their actions are pled against Sgt. Burns.

Sgt. Burns stated that he observed \$87(2)(b) reach into his waist band and look around his own vehicle, and this behavior led him to believe that there was a firearm in \$87(2)(b) and \$87(2)(b) vehicle. Sgt. Burns did not see \$87(2)(b) with a firearm, nor did he see what object \$87(2)(b) placed in his vehicle. Sgt. Burns looked through the vehicle's windows and looked at casino security footage, and was unable to determine whether there was a firearm inside the vehicle.

§ 87(2)(g)
§ 87(2)(g)
§ 87(2)(g)
3 U (E/(9)
Allegation (F) Abuse of Authority: An officer damaged § 37(2)(b) property.
(BR 01) and \$67(2)(b) (BR 02) stated that after the incident, they
noticed that the seat belt buckle in the rear passenger seat of §87(2)(6) vehicle was
missing and that the fabric of the seat had been pulled back (BR 16). They stated that the rear
passenger seat was not damaged prior to the incident. Neither \$87(2)(b) nor \$87(2)(b) ever saw which officer caused damage to the vehicle.
Sgt. Burns (BR 03), Lt. To (BR 04), and PO Cruver (BR 05) all denied that they damaged
any part of \$57(2)(6) vehicle. They all stated that they never saw another officer cause
damage nor were any of them ever made aware of any damage that the vehicle sustained.
As mentioned before, Sgt. Burns and PO Cruver were the only officers who searched
vehicle. At no point throughout any of the BWC footage (BR 09-11) is either
officer seen damaging any part of the vehicle nor is there a clear visual of the seat belt buckle.

87(4-b), § 87(2)(g)	-		
This is the firs Sergeant Frank ten other CCR o 20180 Sgt. B	t CCRB complaint to whi t CCRB complaint to whi k Burns has been a member B complaints and twenty- 7156 involved a substanti	Ch \$87(2)(6) has been a party of the service for twenty years and has six allegations, of which one was su ated allegation of interference with a ended command level discipline and	(BR 20). s been a subject in bstantiated. a recording agains
		r of service for twenty-two years and enteen allegations, none of which we	-
	Mediation, Civ	vil and Criminal Histories	
This case was	not eligible for mediation	•	
§ 87(2)(b)		iled a notice of claim with the City of	
•	_	n of civil rights, and negligent and in 00,000 as redress (BR 21). There is	
scheduled.			
	he Office of Court Admir	nistration (OCA), § 87(2)(b)	has no history of
	New York City (BR 22).		1:
~	he Office of Court Admir New York City (BR 23).	hastration (OCA), § 87(2)(b)	s no history of
Convictions in	100 Tork City (Bit 25).		
Squad No.:	4		
Investigator:	Edward Tsigel Signature	Investigator Edward Tsigel Print Title & Name	5/21/2020 Date
Squad Leader:	Raquel Velasquez Signature	IM Raquel Velasquez Print Title & Name	<u>5/24/2020</u> Date
Reviewer:			
	Signature	Print Title & Name	Date