202006515 Paul Bentz

On October 8, 2019, Officer Bentz and several other officers officer responded to a 911 call for a violent emotionally disturbed person. When they arrived, a man was standing in the middle of the boulevard partially clothed. The officers told him to move to the sidewalk or get down on the ground several times and Officer Bentz threatened to use his taser if the man did not comply. After about a minute of asking the man to move, officer Bentz deployed his taser. After the man fell to the ground, Office Bentz handcuffed him and the officers lifted him and carried him to the sidewalk. Officers then repeatedly told the man to sit on the sidewalk and Officer Bentz was captured on body worn camera footage clearly saying "take a fucking seat." When EMS arrived and the officers began to escort the man to the ambulance, he ended up on the ground again and Officer Bentz was recorded stating "come on dude, what the fuck?"

During his CCRB interviews, Officer Bentz claimed that he had no recollection of saying "take a fucking seat" or "come on dude, what the fuck." Upon being shown body worn camera footage in which an officer was recorded saying "take a fucking seat," Officer Bentz initially stated that he was unable to identify the voice and that he could not recall which officers were present at that point. During his second interview, Officer Bentz watched another officer's body worn camera footage which showed a different angle of the incident, showing Officer Bentz interacting with the man and making the statement. When asked again if it refreshed his recollection, Officer Bentz stated that he still was not positive but "it could've been me." After being further pressed by the interviewer, Officer Bentz finally acknowledged that "from the video it looks like it" was him who made the statement, though he maintained he had no independent recollection.

The CCRB found that Officer Bentz abused his authority by refusing to provide his shield number and speaking discourteously. The CCRB also found that the video footage clearly depicted Officer Bentz making these statements. The NYPD did not discipline Officer Bentz.

# CCRB INVESTIGATIVE RECOMMENDATION

To and a second	ļ,	T	CCDD C #		F		D'		
Investigator:		Геат:	CCRB Case #:	-	Force	$\overline{\mathbf{A}}$	Discourt.	_	
Laura Strauss	[5	Squad #6	202006515		Abuse		O.L.	☑ Injur	y
Incident Date(s)	1	Location of Incident:	•	P	recinct:	18	Mo. SOL	EO SO	)L
Tue, 10/08/2019 6:02 PM					108	04	-/08/2021	11/23/20	021
Date/Time CV Reported		CV Reported At:	How CV Reported:	:	Date/Time	Rece	eived at CCI	RB	
Sat, 09/26/2020 10:39 PM		CCRB	On-line website		Sat, 09/26	/2020	10:39 PM		
Complainant/Victim	Туре	Type Home Address							
Subject Officer(s)	Shield	TaxID	Command						
1. POM Paul Bentz	20690	§ 87(2)(b)	108 PCT						
2. LT Tamara Mclamb	00000	§ 87(2)(b)	108 PCT						
Witness Officer(s)	Shield No	Tax No	Cmd Name						
1. POM Alex Mcclellan	31443	§ 87(2)(b)	108 PCT						
2. POM Shaikh Islam	11669	§ 87(2)(b)	108 PCT						
3. POM Cedric Frisby	04773	§ 87(2)(b)	108 PCT						
4. POM Michael Harold	06827	§ 87(2)(b)	108 PCT						
5. POM Brian Merle	26772	§ 87(2)(b)	108 PCT						
6. POM Matthew Rousseau	15196	§ 87(2)(b)	108 PCT						
7. POF Cydni Darrell	18852	§ 87(2)(b)	108 PCT						
8. POM Disrol Harry	08186	§ 87(2)(b)	108 PCT						
Officer(s)	Allegation	1			Inve	estiga	tor Recon	nmendatio	on
A . POM Paul Bentz	Force: Pol	ice Officer Paul Bentz	used a Taser agains	t § 87	(2)(b) A.	§ 87(2)(	(g)		
B . POM Paul Bentz	Discourtes to § 87(2)(b)	sy: Police Officer Paul	Bentz spoke discour	rteou	ısly B.	§ 87(2)(	g)		
C . POM Paul Bentz		Authority: Police Offic s shield number to § 87(2		ed to	C .	§ 87(2)(	g)		
D . POM Paul Bentz	Discourtes to § 87(2)(b)	sy: Police Officer Paul	Bentz spoke discour	rteoı	ısly D.	§ 87(2)(	(g)		
E. LT Tamara Mclamb	Abuse of A	Authority: Lieutenant 7 87(2)(b) to the	Famara McLamb for hospital.	cibl	у Е.	87(2)(	g)		
F. POM Paul Bentz		Statement: Police Off g official statement to t		/ideo	la F.	87(2)(	g)		

## **Case Summary**

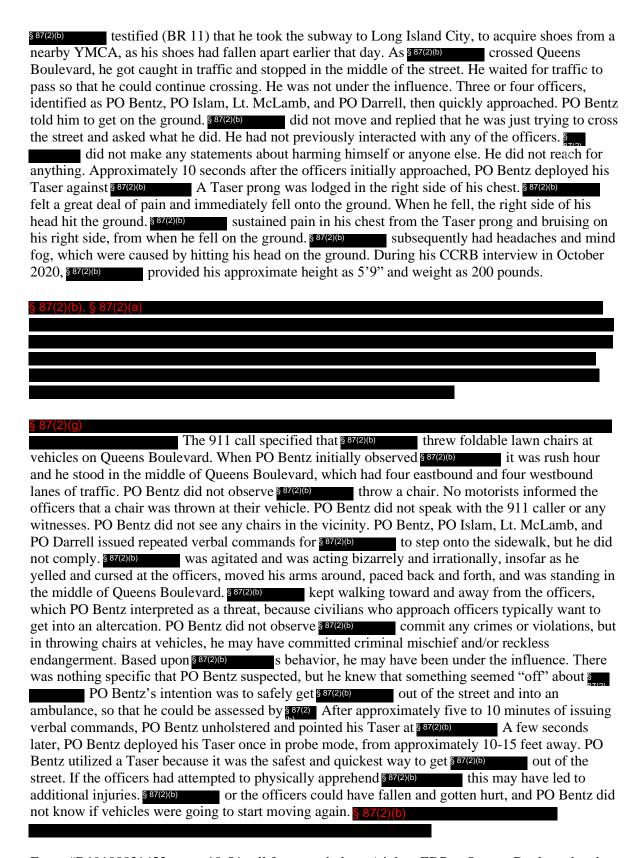
On September 26, 2020, \$87(2)(b) filed this complaint via the CCRB's website.

On October 8, 2019, at approximately 6:02 p.m., PO Paul Bentz and PO Shaikh Islam, of the 108th Precinct, responded to a 911 call for a violent EDP at Queens Boulevard and 32nd Place in Queens. When they arrived, \$87(2)(b) was partially clothed and stood in the middle of Queens Boulevard. PO Bentz and PO Islam approached, and PO Bentz told §87(2)(b) ground. PO Bentz then deployed his Taser against § 87(2)(b) (Allegation A: Force, After \$87(2)(b) fell to the ground, PO Bentz handcuffed him and led him to the sidewalk. PO Bentz told \$87(2)(6) "Take a fucking seat" (Allegation B: Discourtesy, PO Bentz failed to provide his shield number to \$87(2)(b) (Allegation C: Abuse of Authority, \$87(2)(9) EMS was called and as officers escorted \$87(2)(6) ambulance, he fell or moved onto the sidewalk. PO Bentz then stated, "Come on dude, what the fuck?" (Allegation D: Discourtesy, § 87(2)(9) § 87(2)(b) was forcibly removed to (Allegation E: Abuse of Authority, § 87(2)(9) PO Bentz provided a misleading statement to the CCRB (Allegation F: Untruthful Statement, \$87(2)(9) No arrests or summonses resulted from this incident.

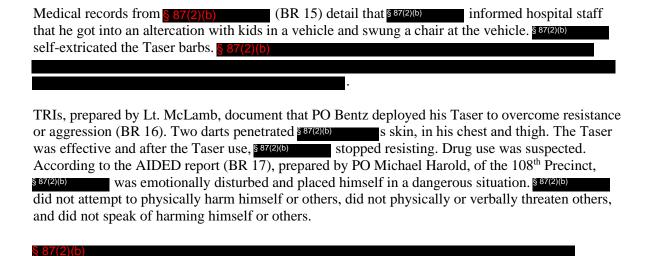
Ten body-worn camera videos were obtained of this incident (BR 01-10).

### **Findings and Recommendations**

Allegation (A) Force: Police Officer Paul Bentz used a Taser against \$37(2)(5) It is undisputed that PO Bentz deployed his Taser and struck 887(2)(b) PO Bentz's BWC footage (BR 06), beginning at the 00:25 mark in the video player, showed PO Bentz approach who stood in the middle of Queens Boulevard, \$37(2)(b) was not wearing a shirt, socks, or shoes, and solely had a garment draped around his hips, worn in a similar manner to a skirt. At the 00:29 mark, PO Bentz pointed his Taser at \$57(2)(5) and and repeatedly told him to get on the ground. §87(2)(b) asked several times if he was under arrest or being detained. PO Bentz did not answer, and repeatedly commanded §87(2)(b) to get on the ground. Lt. Tamara McLamb and PO Cydni Darrell, of the 108th Precinct, arrived. PO Bentz's partner, PO Islam, was also present. Lt. McLamb and PO Bentz repeatedly told \$87(2)(b) to move onto the sidewalk. replied no and repeatedly asked if he was being detained and what the charges were. stood approximately six feet away from PO Bentz. 397(2)(b) gestured with his hands as he spoke with the officers and periodically took several steps backwards. Vehicular traffic continued to pass by and at some points, vehicles were within one or two feet of Beginning at the 00:58 mark, PO Bentz warned \$87(2)(b) six times that he would be Tased if he did not comply. Additionally, §27(2)(b) repeatedly mentioned "a guy over there" and pointed in various directions but did not appear to be referring to the officers. At the 01:14 walked toward PO Bentz and stood within a few feet of him, then stepped back. At that point, traffic had stopped moving forward. In total, the four officers issued approximately 22 verbal commands for \$\sqrt{97(2)}\text{(2)}\text{(2)}\text{ to get down on the ground or move onto the sidewalk and including PO Bentz's threats to use his Taser. A laser warning—a red laser dot—was visible on s chest. \$37(2)(b) did not use any profanity, make any threatening statements, and did not appear to attempt to physically harm himself or others. At the 01:24 mark, PO Bentz deployed his Taser, in probe mode, at \$87(2)(b) and \$87(2)(b) fell onto the ground. It was not clear where the darts made contact. At the 01:33 mark, PO Islam handcuffed § 87(2)(b) lifted \$87(2)(b) into an upright position and led him to the sidewalk. Seven or eight passers by stood on the sidewalk as the officers approached with \$87(2)(b) none of whom said or did anything throughout the interaction. Lt. McLamb did not instruct PO Bentz to deploy his Taser.



Event #D19100821432 was a 10-54 call for an ambulance/violent EDP at Queens Boulevard and 32nd Place (BR 14).

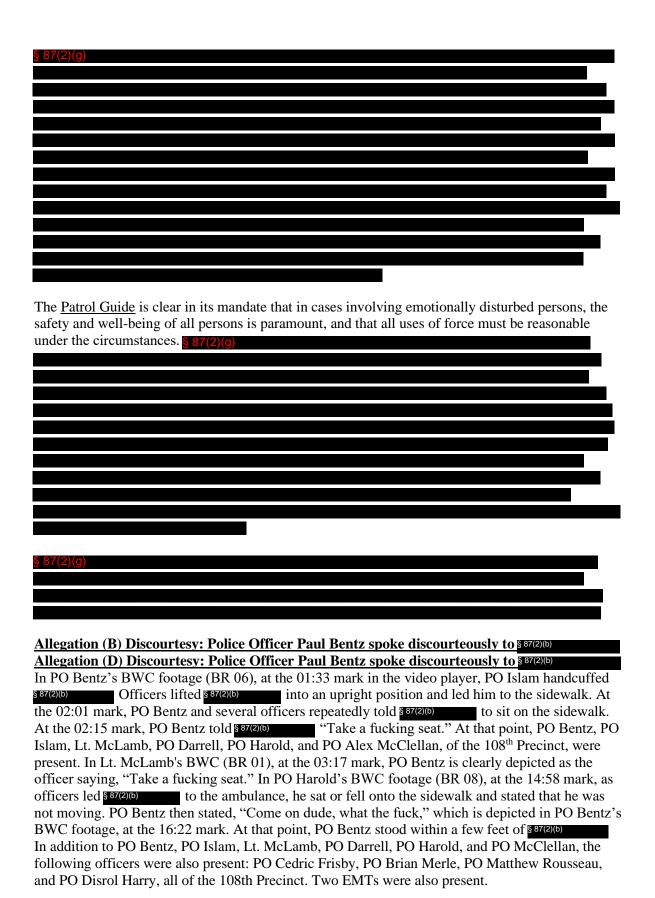


Officers must use only the reasonable force necessary to gain control or custody of a subject. In determining whether the use of force is reasonable, the following factors should be considered: "the nature and severity of the crime/circumstances, actions taken by the subject, duration of the action, immediacy of the perceived threat or harm to the subject, members of the service, and/or bystanders, whether the subject is actively resisting custody, whether the subject is attempting to evade arrest by flight, number of subjects in comparison to the number of MOS, size, age, and condition of the subject in comparison to the MOS, subject's violent history, if known, presence of hostile crowd or agitators, subject apparently under the influence of a stimulant/narcotic which would affect pain tolerance or increase the likelihood of violence." <a href="https://www.nypen.com/nypen

When assessing whether the use of a Taser, or Conducted Electrical Weapon (CEW), is reasonable, the totality of the circumstances should be considered. The use of a CEW is considered a significant intermediate use of force and should only be used against persons who are actively resisting, exhibiting active aggression, or to prevent individuals from physically injuring themselves or other persons present. Active resisting includes physically evasive movements to defeat a member of the service's attempt at control, including verbally signaling an intention to avoid or prevent being taken into or retained in custody. Active aggression is a threat or overt act of an assault (through physical or verbal means), coupled with the present ability to carry out the threat or assault. It is prohibited to use a CEW in situations that do not require the use of physical force. <a href="NYPD Patrol-Guide">NYPD Patrol-Guide</a>, Procedure 221-08 (BR 21).

In cases involving an emotionally disturbed person (EDP), the safety and well-being of all persons involved is paramount. If such person is deemed dangerous to himself or others, force may be used when it is reasonable to prevent serious physical injury or death. Officers must use only the reasonable force necessary to gain control or custody of a subject. When there is time to deescalate, use all time necessary to ensure the safety of all individuals concerned. <a href="NYPD Patrol-Guide">NYPD Patrol-Guide</a>, Procedure 221-13 (BR 22).

§ 87(2)(g)	



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3 07		$(\mathbf{P})$	U		(a)

PO Bentz testified that after he deployed his Taser, he and the other officers led \$87(2)(0) to sit down, to calm him down and ensure that he was comfortable. \$87(2)(0) was still very agitated and tried to move around. PO Bentz did not recall stating, "Take a fucking seat." Upon viewing his BWC footage, PO Bentz stated that he did not think that he was the officer who stated, "Take a fucking seat," and was not sure said it. PO Bentz did not recall whether \$87(2)(0) fell or moved onto the sidewalk as he walked to the ambulance. PO Bentz did not recall stating, "Come on dude, what the fuck?" Upon viewing Lt. McLamb's BWC footage (CCRB re-interview, BR 29), PO Bentz testified that he was not sure whether he was the officer who stated, "Take a fucking seat." After viewing the footage again, PO Bentz confirmed that the video showed him making the remark. PO Bentz testified that he made the statement to deescalate and express the severity of the situation. In his initial interview, upon viewing his BWC footage, PO Bentz stated that he was not sure whether he was the officer who stated, "Come on dude, what the fuck?". PO Bentz was unable to identify who made that statement. Given that PO Bentz did not acknowledge making the statement, he did not provide an explanation for doing so.

The NYPD is committed to accomplishing its mission of protecting the lives and property of all citizens of New York City by treating every citizen with compassion, courtesy, professionalism, and respect. Officers must "maintain a higher standard of integrity than is generally expected of others." NYPD Patrol Guide, Procedure 200-02 (BR 23). The NYPD's disciplinary decisions "have consistently held that when a police officer uses an otherwise impolite word during a stressful street encounter where that officer is attempting to maintain control of the situation, the police officer's verbal slip does not rise to the level of actionable misconduct." NYPD Disciplinary Case No. 76927/04 (2004) (BR 24).

In his re-interview, PO Bentz ultimately acknowledged that he told \$87(2)(6) "Take a fucking seat" and that he used profanity to de-escalate the situation and to express the severity of the situation. PO Bentz acknowledged hearing an officer in the BWC footage say, "Come on dude, what the fuck," but testified that he was not sure whether the voice was his own. \$87(2)(6)
§ 87(2)(g)

Allegation (C) Abuse of Authority: Police Officer Paul Bentz refused to provide his shield number to \$87(2)(b)

CCRB Case # 202006515

In PO Bentz's BWC footage (BR 06), at the 03:13 mark in the video player, strictly asked PO Bentz for his name, which he provided. Then asked PO Bentz for his shield number and he replied, "It's right here if you want to read it." PO Bentz did not verbally provide his shield number. At that point, was handcuffed and stood on the sidewalk, with PO Bentz and PO Islam each holding one of strictly asked PO McClellan, for his name. He replied, saked PO McClellan, you can call me Mac." Video footage, which captures the entirety of this interaction, asking any other officer for their names or shield numbers.
testified that after he was struck with a Taser, at least two additional officers arrived. asked all the officers who were present for their names and shield numbers. Solely one officer, identified as PO McClellan, provided his name. \$\frac{87(2)(5)}{2}\$ did not recall how many officers he asked for identifying information. Aside from PO McClellan, \$\frac{87(2)(5)}{2}\$ did not recall whether any other officer provided their name or shield number. \$\frac{87(2)(5)}{2}\$
PO Bentz testified that he did not think \$87(2)(b) asked him for his name or shield number. If had asked for his name or shield number, he would have provided it. In PO Bentz's understanding, if an individual asks for his name or shield number, he must verbally provide that information. Upon viewing his BWC footage, PO Bentz stated that he was not sure why he did not provide his shield number to \$87(2)(b) PO Bentz further explained that \$87(2)(b) was very agitated and that he started to get upset because \$87(2)(b) was not listening.
When officers interact with a member of the public, they must "courteously and clearly state [their] rank, name, shield number, and command, or otherwise provide them" to anyone who requests that information.

#### § 87(2)(b)

Lt. McLamb was not interviewed, as it was determined that her statement was not necessary to reach a disposition.

Officers must take into protective custody and remove to the hospital individuals who appear to be mentally ill or temporarily deranged and are conducting themselves in a manner that an officer reasonably believes is likely to result in serious injury to themselves or others. NYPD Patrol Guide, Procedure 221-13 (BR 22). Any person who has been struck by a conducted electrical weapon must be examined at a medical facility. Officers must request FDNY Emergency Medical Service, as any dart that has penetrated an individual's skin must only be removed by medical personnel. NYPD Patrol Guide, Procedure 221-08 (BR 21).

§ 87(2)(g)	

# Allegation (F) Untruthful Statement: Police Officer Paul Bentz provided a misleading official statement to the CCRB.

#### § 87(2)(a)

There were portions of PO Bentz's CCRB testimony that consisted of untruthful statements at issue here. The first group of statements regard the statement, "Take a fucking seat."

Between 24:53 and 26:50 in PO Bentz's first interview, prior to being shown BWC, PO Bentz was asked whether he told \$87(2)(5) "Take a fucking seat." PO Bentz stated, "I don't recall that, no."

Between 35:25 and 35:55 in PO Bentz's first interview, PO Bentz watched his BWC footage (02:10 to 02:18). Between 35:56 and 36:44 in the interview, the following verbatim exchange then occurred:

**Inv. Strauss:** So, hearing that it appears that an officer says, "Take a fucking seat," are you able to identify if that's yourself, officer?

**PO Bentz:** Uh, I don't think that's myself, no.

PO Bentz then stated that he was unable to identify whose voice it was, and he was not sure which officers were present at that point.

Between 03:29 and 04:57 in PO Bentz's second interview, PO Bentz watched Lt. McLamb's BWC footage (02:49 to 03:17). This BWC video showed a different angle of the incident and visually depicted PO Bentz interacting with 887(2)(b) Between 04:58 and 08:54 in the interview, the following verbatim exchange occurred:

**Inv. Strauss**: After viewing this body-worn camera video, does it refresh your recollection as to whether you made the statement, "Take a fucking seat" to \$87(2)(b)

**PO Bentz**: Uh, I mean it could've been me, I'm not positive, honestly.

Lt. McLamb's BWC footage was played again (03:06 to 03:17). The following verbatim exchange then occurred:

Inv. Strauss: So, after viewing that again officer, are you able to say whether you were the

officer that made that statement?

**PO Bentz**: Uh, it very well could have been.

**Inv. Strauss:** Can you tell me a little bit more about what happened when that statement was being made?

**PO Bentz**: He just wasn't listening to us, we were just trying to get him to sit down. So, if I did curse, it's just trying to get him to know the severity of the situation, to get him to sit down.

**Inv. Strauss**: So, when you say, 'It very well could have been,' are you saying that it is you who made that statement or you're still not sure?

**PO Bentz:** It looks, from the video it looks like it is.

PO Bentz was asked why he previously testified that he did not think he made the statement, though the video showed that he did, and he stated:

**PO Bentz:** Okay yeah, I guess this is from a different camera angle, and you couldn't tell if it was me from mine. I didn't watch my lieutenant's camera.

PO Bentz stated he still did not independently recall telling \$87(2)(b) "Taking a fucking seat."

The second group of untruthful statements regard the § 87(2)(g) "Come on dude, what the fuck."

Between 29:34 and 30:32 in PO Bentz's first interview, prior to being shown BWC, PO Bentz was asked whether he stated, "Come on dude, what the fuck." PO Bentz stated, "I don't recall that."

Between 39:27 and 40:00 in PO Bentz's first interview, PO Bentz watched his BWC footage (16:01 to 16:29). Between 40:01 and 41:17 in the interview, the following verbatim exchange occurred:

**Inv. Strauss**: It sounds like you make the statement, "Come on dude, what the fuck." Are you able to say why you said that?

PO Bentz: Um. no—

**Counsel Schillinger:** Are we sure that's his voice?

PO Bentz: Yeah, I don't know if that's me.

PO Bentz's BWC footage was played again (16:17 to 16:24). The following verbatim exchange then occurred:

**Inv. Strauss:** Is that your voice, officer? **PO Bentz:** Honestly, I'm not sure.

PO Bentz was unable to identify which officer made that statement.

There was no BWC footage visually depicting PO Bentz stating, "Come on dude, what the fuck."

A misleading statement is a statement intended to misdirect the fact finder and materially alter the narrative by intentionally omitting material fact(s) or altering a member's prior statement when an officer confronted with independent evidence indicating that an event did not occur as initially described. A material fact is a significant fact that is essential to the determination of the issue, and the suppression, omission, or alteration of such fact would reasonably result in a different decision or outcome. <a href="https://www.nyppu.com/nyppu.c

PO Bentz initially testified, after viewing his BWC footage, that he could not identify whether he stated, "Take a fucking seat" or "Come on dude, what the fuck." Upon being re-interviewed and watching Lt. McLamb's BWC footage, PO Bentz ultimately amended his testimony and acknowledged that he told \$37(2)(0) "Take a fucking seat." \$37(2)(0)

acknowledged that he told § 87(2)(b)	"Take a fucking seat." § 87(2)(g)
	§ 87(2)(g)

		tz's profane remarks were captured on his ere distinctly audible. §87(2)(9)	BWC footage, the audio
• PO Bentz ha complaints a	rst complaint to sis been a member and five allegation	ivilian and Officer CCRB Histories which \$87(2)(b) has been a party (BR 2) of service for four years and has been a suns, none of which were substantiated. PO I	ubject in two CCRB
• Lt. McLamb complaints a	has been a mem and four allegatio	pattern pertinent to this investigation. ber of service for 12 years and has been a ns, none of which were substantiated. Lt. I pattern pertinent to this investigation.	
• § 87(2)(b) loss of enjoy	int was not suital filed a Notice ownent of life, loss	diation, Civil, and Criminal Histories ble for mediation.  f Claim with the City of New York claiming of liberty, economic loss, and physical in 27). A 50-H hearing was held on \$87(2)(5)	juries and seeking
Squad No.:	6		
Investigator:	Laura Strauss Signature	Inv. Laura Strauss Print Title & Name	8/11/2021 Date
Squad Leader:	Jessica Peña Signature	IM Jessica Peña Print Title & Name	8/11/2021 Date
Reviewer:	Signature	Print Title & Name	 Date