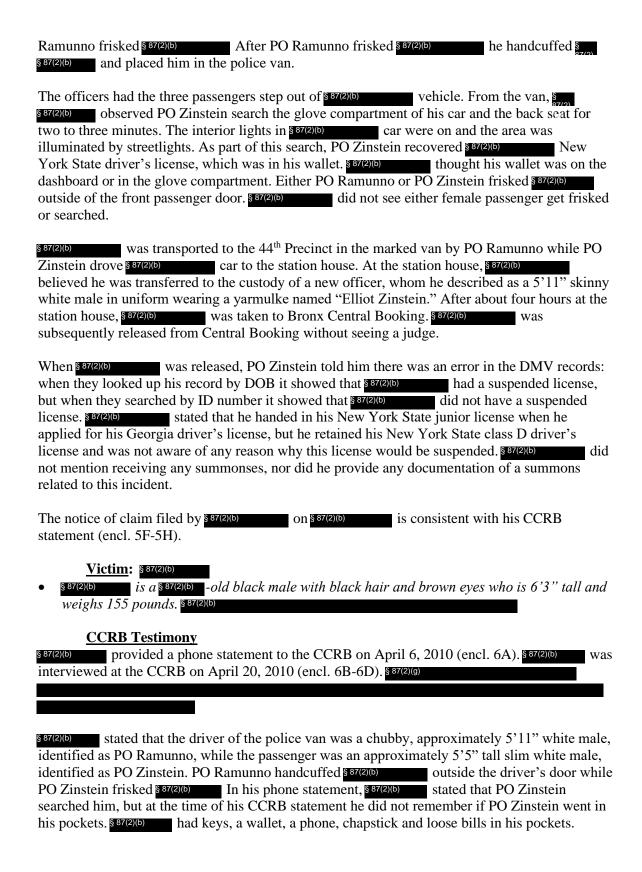
## CCRB INVESTIGATIVE RECOMMENDATION

Investigator:		Team:	CCRB Case #:	☐ Force		Discourt.	U.S.
Matthew Wasserman		Team # 1	201004354	Abuse		O.L.	☐ Injury
Incident Date(s)		Location of Incident:		Precinc	t: 18 N	Mo. SOL	EO SOL
Sunday, 03/21/2010 11:45 PM		Grand Concourse and East 156th Street		44	9/2	21/2011	9/21/2011
Date/Time CV Reported		CV Reported At: How CV Reported		: Date/T	Date/Time Received at CCRB		
Thu, 04/01/2010 5:04 PM		CCRB In-person		Thu, 0	Thu, 04/01/2010 5:04 PM		
Complainant/Victim	Type	Home Addre	ss				
Witness(es) Home Address							
Subject Officer(s)	Shield	TaxID	Command				
1. POM Elliot Zinstein	03152	947634	BX IRT				
Witness Officer(s)	Shield N	o Tax No	Cmd Name				
1. POM Steven Ramunno	11784	930874	044 PCT				
Officer(s)	Allegatio	on		I	nvestigat	or Recom	mendation
A.POM Elliot Zinstein	Abuse: P	Abuse: PO Elliot Zinstein frisked § 87(2)(b)					
B.POM Elliot Zinstein	Abuse: P	Abuse: PO Elliot Zinstein searched §87(2)(b)					

## **Case Summary**

filed a complaint with the CCRB in-person on April 1, 2010. At about 11:45 p.m. on March 21, 2010, \$87(2)(b) car was stopped at East 156th Street and the Grand Concourse in the Bronx by PO Elliot Zinstein of the Bronx Impact Response Team and PO Steven Ramunno of the 44th Precinct. PO Zinstein mistakenly arrested \$87(2)(b) for driving with a suspended license. The following allegations resulted:							
Allegation A—Abuse of Authority: PO Elliot Zinstein frisked §87(2)(b)							
Allegation B—Abuse of Authority: PO Elliot Zinstein searched \$87(2)(b) car. \$87(2)(9)							
was offered and rejected mediation.							
Results of Investigation							
Civilian Statements:							
Complainant: \$87(2)(b)  • \$87(2)(b)							
was interviewed at the CCRB as a walk-in complainant on April 1, 2010 (encl. 5A-5C). At about 11:45 p.m. on March 21, 2010, \$\frac{87(2)(0)}{2}\$ was driving his 1992 Honda Accord on the Grand Concourse in the Bronx. \$\frac{87(2)(0)}{2}\$ had just met, \$\frac{87(2)(0)}{2}\$ and \$\frac{87(2)(0)}{2}\$ were sitting in the back seat. At East 156th Street, a marked police van containing two uniformed officers pulled up to the right of \$\frac{87(2)(0)}{2}\$ car while he was waiting at a red light The driver was a 6'1" tall bald white male in his 30s, identified in the course of the investigation as PO Steven Ramunno of the 44th Precinct and the passenger was a skinny 6'0" tall blond white male, identified through investigation as PO Elliot Zinstein of the Bronx Impact Response Team.  While they were stopped at the red light, PO Ramunno asked \$\frac{87(2)(0)}{2}\$ "How are you							
doing?" \$87(2)(b) replied that he was good. PO Ramunno then asked \$87(2)(b) for his license, but not his registration. \$87(2)(b) passed his Georgia state driver's license to \$87(2)(b) who passed it to PO Ramunno. At this point, neither officer had exited their van. \$87(2)(b) also has a New York State driver's license, but did not pass this to PO Ramunno as he could not find it. PO Ramunno told \$87(2)(b) to pull to the side and \$87(2)(b) moved his car to a bus stop in front of the police van.							
After the officers had \$87(2)(b) license for a minute, PO Ramunno exited his vehicle and approached \$87(2)(b) PO Ramunno told \$87(2)(b) to step out of the car and he complied. PO Ramunno then asked \$87(2)(b) to go to the back of his car. At the back of the car, PO							

Page 2 CCRB Case # 201004354



Page 3 CCRB Case # 201004354

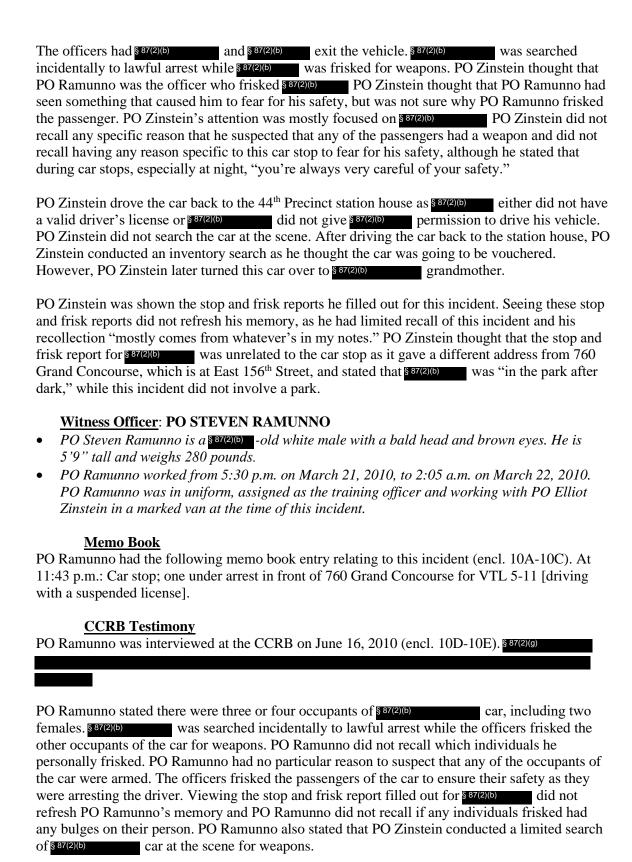
PO Zinstein told \$87(2)(b) that he was going to allow him to drive \$87(2)(b) car if he had proper identification, but \$87(2)(b) told PO Zinstein that he only had a learner's permit.  Following the frisk of \$87(2)(b) PO Zinstein searched \$87(2)(b) car from both sides. PO Zinstein opened the glove compartment, the center console, looked under the seats and underneath the mats, but did not open the trunk. \$87(2)(b) did not see any physical interaction between the officers and \$87(2)(b) or \$87(2)(b)
<u>Witness</u> : § 87(2)(b)  is a § 87(2)(b) −old black female.
provided a phone statement to the CCRB on April 5, 2010 (encl. 7). Serical ser
Witness: $887(2)(b)$ is a $887(2)(b)$ -old black female.
provided a phone statement to the CCRB on April 9, 2010 (encl. 8). This statement was generally consistent with \$87(2)(6) s CCRB statement, although she did not mention the frisk of \$87(2)(6) s missed a scheduled interview at the CCRB on April 16, 2010, and did not respond to a missed-appointment letter and two subsequent phone calls.
NYPD Statements:
<ul> <li>Subject Officer: PO ELLIOT ZINSTEIN</li> <li>PO Elliot Zinstein is a strength -old white male with black hair and brown eyes who is 5'7" tall and weighs 150 pounds. PO Zinstein wears a yarmulke.</li> <li>PO Zinstein worked from 5:30 p.m. on March 21, 2010, to 2:05 a.m. on March 22, 2010. PO Zinstein was in uniform and working with PO Ramunno in a marked van.</li> </ul>
Memo Book  PO Zinstein had the following memo book entries relating to this incident (encl. 9A-9E). At 11:40 p.m.: Car stop in front of 760 Grand Concourse." At 11:46 p.m.: Arrest at location. At 11:55 p.m.: Arrived at the 44 <sup>th</sup> Precinct station house. At 12:30 a.m.: Queens grandmother of 337(2)(b) picked up his car. PO Zinstein also has the following summary of this incident: While driving north-bound on Grand Concourse in front of 760 Grand Concourse observed GA license plate number 337(2)(b) with obstructed view. Upon further investigation driver's license [of 337(2)(b) was found to be suspended in New York State.
Arrest Report  At about 11:46 p.m. on March 21, 2010, PO Zinstein arrested \$87(2)(b) for \$87(2)(b) (encl. 9G-9H). The arrest narrative reads: \$87(2)(a) 160.50
Summons

Page 4 CCRB Case # 201004354

PO Zinstein issued § 87(2)(b) a summons for a violation of § 87(2)(b) (encl. 9F).
The narrative reads: "§87(2)(b)
Stop and Frisk Reports
PO Zinstein filled out stop and frisk reports for \$37(2)(b) and \$37(2)(c) indicates that he was stopped at 11:40 p.m. at the Grand Concourse and East 161st Street (encl. 9K-9L). According to the computerized stop and frisk report, he was suspected of criminal mischief while according to the handwritten UF-250, he was suspected of criminal trespass. \$37(2)(b) was stopped for five minutes, following one minute of observation. \$37(2)(b) was stopped for the following reasons: "in park after dark" and "suspicious bulge/object—wallet." \$37(2)(b) was frisked for the following reasons: "inappropriate attire—possibly concealing weapon" and "other—wallet." According to the computerized stop and frisk report, \$37(2)(b) was not searched. However, according to the handwritten UF-250, \$37(2)(b) was searched due to a "hard object." The following additional circumstances are checked off: "area has high incidence of reported offense"; "time of day/week corresponding to criminal activity" and "proximity to scene of reported offense." \$37(2)(b) s demeanor is listed as "calm" and the following physical force was used: "hands on suspect."
The stop and frisk reports for \$87(2)(b) and \$87(2)(b) are filled out identically to one another and indicate that they were stopped in front of 760 Grand Concourse at 11:46 p.m. on suspicion of criminal possession of a weapon (encl. 9M-9P). They were stopped for ten minutes, following two minutes of observation. The circumstances leading to their stop were "actions indicative of engaging in violent crimes." \$87(2)(b) and \$87(2)(b) were frisked, but not searched, for the following reasons: "violent crime suspected" and "inappropriate attire—possibly concealing weapon." The following additional circumstances are checked off: "area has high incidence of reported offense"; "time of day/week corresponding to criminal activity"; "suspect is associating with persons known for their criminal activity"; "proximity to scene of reported offense" and "ongoing investigation." The demeanor of both \$87(2)(b) and \$87(2)(b) is listed as "calm" and the following physical force was used on both individuals: "hands on suspect."
Unrelated to this incident, PO Zinstein also filled out a stop and frisk report for \$87(2)(b) on March 21, 2010 (encl. 9Q-9R), which matched a memo book entry that he made. \$87(2)(b) was stopped on suspicion of criminal trespass at 10:45 p.m. at the Grand Concourse and East 163 <sup>rd</sup> Street. The circumstances leading to the stop were: "in park after closing" and "suspicious bulge/object—phone." \$87(2)(b) was frisked, but not searched, for the following reasons: "inappropriate attire—possibly concealing weapon" and "other—phone." The following additional circumstances are listed: "area has high incidence of reported offense," "time of day/week corresponding to criminal activity" and "proximity to scene of reported offense." \$87(2)(b) demeanor is listed as "calm" and the following force was used: "hands on suspect."
CCRB Testimony PO Zinstein was interviewed at the CCRB on June 4, 2010 (encl. 9Q-9R). PO Zinstein and PO Ramunno were driving north-bound on the Grand Concourse in the Bronx when they pulled over

Page 5 **CCRB Case # 201004354** 

a car in front of 760 Grand Concourse for an obstructed rear-view mirror. There were two males in the car, identified as §87(2)(b) and and §87(2)(b) and PO Zinstein thought there was an air freshener on the mirror. PO Zinstein was the passenger and PO Ramunno was the driver.



Page 6 CCRB Case # 201004354

## **DMV Records** A search of DMV records revealed that § 87(2)(b) surrendered his New York State driver's when he obtained a Georgia driver's license (encl. 14A-14B). **Arrest for Incident and Disposition** [§ 87(2)(b)] [§§ 86(1)(3)&(4)] [§ 87(2)(c)] **Status of Civil Proceedings** filed a Notice of Claim with the City of New York on §87(2)(b), claiming false arrest and unlawful imprisonment and seeking unspecified monetary damages as redress (encl. 5F-5H). As of August 3, 2010, no 50-H hearings had been held or scheduled with regards to this notice of claim. **Civilian Criminal Histories** [§ 87(2)(b)] [§§ 86(1)(3)&(4)] [§ 87(2)(c)] **Civilian CCRB Histories** This is the first CCRB complaint filed by §87(2)(b) or $\S 87(2)(b)$ (encl. 3A-3B). **Subject Officer CCRB History** PO Elliot Zinstein has been a member of the service for two years and there are no substantiated CCRB allegations against him (encl. 2). Conclusion **Identification of Subject Officer** PO Zinstein was identified as the officer who frisked \$37(2)(5) as he matched the pedigree information provided by \$87(2)(6) and he was the only officer wearing a yarmulke. PO Zinstein was identified as the officer who searched \$87(2)(b) car by his own statement. **Allegations Not Pled**

**Investigative Findings and Recommendations** 

Allegation A—Abuse of Authority: PO Elliot Zinstein frisked \$87(2)(b)

Page 7
CCRB Case # 201004354

It is undisputed that \$87(2)(b) was frisked. \$87(2)(g)				
Both PO Zinstein and PO Ramunno stated at the CCRB that they had no particular reason to suspect that \$\frac{87(2)(b)}{2}\$ or any other passenger in \$\frac{87(2)(b)}{2}\$ vehicle was armed. In fact, the only explanation that either officer gave for the frisk of \$\frac{87(2)(b)}{2}\$ was PO Ramunno's statement that they frisk the passengers in a vehicle as a matter of procedure when arresting the driver. On the other hand, the stop and frisk report for \$\frac{87(2)(b)}{2}\$ states that \$\frac{87(2)(b)}{2}\$ was frisked due to his "inappropriate attire" and a suspicious bulge, which turned out to be a wallet. However, this stop and frisk report clearly contains erroneous information, such as that \$\frac{87(2)(b)}{2}\$ was stopped in a park several blocks away from where he was actually stopped. As at least some of the information on the stop and frisk report filled out by PO Zinstein for \$\frac{87(2)(b)}{2}\$ appears to pertain to an earlier stop of an individual or individuals in a park, it is unclear what relationship, if any, the factors cited for frisking \$\frac{87(2)(b)}{2}\$ on the stop and frisk report have to why \$\frac{87(2)(b)}{2}\$ was in fact frisked.				
According to Kamins, the general rule is that in order to lawfully frisk an individual "an officer must have reasonable suspicion to believe a suspect has committed a crime <i>and</i> a reasonable suspicion that the suspect is armed and dangerousa frisk is permitted in the absence of a specific, articulated danger to the police when an officer stops a suspect because he reasonably believes the individual committed a <i>violent</i> crime [encl. 1A-1B]." New York Search & Seizure, 2-80 to 2-81 (2008 ed.). Kamins further states that if during a car stop, officers make observations that give rise to a reasonable belief that a driver or passenger is armed, they can lawfully frisk that individual (encl. 1C). Ibid., 5-77. In particular, "if an officer observes a bulge in the passenger's clothing, which justified a reasonable suspicion that the passenger is armed, the officer will be permitted to order to passenger out in order to conduct a frisk [encl. 1D]." Ibid., 5-88.				
Allegation B—Abuse of Authority: PO Elliot Zinstein searched \$37(2)(b) car.				
It is undisputed that PO Zinstein searched search happened at the scene or at the 44 <sup>th</sup> Precinct station house. It is also undisputed that PO Zinstein took this vehicle into custody and drove it to the station house. Patrol Guide Procedure 218-13 instructs officers to conduct a thorough inventory search of every automobile that comes into the custody of the NYPD (encl. 1E-1F).				
Team: 1 :				
Page 8 CCRB Case # 201004354				

Investigator:		
Signature	Print	Date
Supervisor:		
Title/Signature	Print	Date
Reviewer:		
Title/Signature	Print	Date
Reviewer:		
Title/Signature	Print	Date