

FX-35100-A BASE FOR 2530-HH-SERIES

Version Number 1.2 Page 1 of 21 Revision Date 05/01/2015 Print Date 05/02/2015

SAFETY DATA SHEET

FX-35100-A BASE FOR 2530-HH-SERIES

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier FX-35100-A BASE FOR 2530-HH-SERIES

Chemical name Mixture **CAS** number Mixture Other means of identification FO20028390 **Product type** liquid

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use Industrial applications. Plastics.

Supplier's details POLYONE CORPORATION

33587 Walker Road, Avon Lake, OH 44012

1 (440) 930-1000 or 1 (866) POLYONE

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)

CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident). CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire,

exposure or accident).

Section 2. Hazards identification

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole. Information provided on the health effects of this product is based on individual components. All ingredients are bound and potential for hazardous exposure as shipped is minimal. However, some vapors may be released upon heating and the end-user (fabricator) must take the necessary precautions (mechanical ventilation, respiratory protection, etc.) to protect employees from exposure. After handling, always wash hands thoroughly with soap and water.

OSHA/HCS status This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard

Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or

mixture

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) -

Category 3

GHS label elements



FX-35100-A BASE FOR 2530-HH-SERIES

 Version Number 1.2
 Page 2 of 21

 Revision Date 05/01/2015
 Print Date 05/02/2015

Hazard pictograms

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Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : Causes serious eye irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Precautionary statements

General : Not applicable.

Prevention: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Use only

outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should

not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response : IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a

position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical

attention.

Storage : Store in a well-ventilated place.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local,

regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements : None known. **Hazards not otherwise classified** : None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture: MixtureChemical name: MixtureOther means of identification: FO20028390

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
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FX-35100-A BASE FOR 2530-HH-SERIES

Version Number 1.2 Page 3 of 21 Revision Date 05/01/2015 Print Date 05/02/2015

Methyl ethyl ketone	30 - 60	78-93-3
Tetrahydrofuran	5 - 10	109-99-9
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	1 - 5	1330-20-7
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester	0.1 - 1	80-62-6

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing Skin contact and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Ingestion Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If



FX-35100-A BASE FOR 2530-HH-SERIES

Version Number 1.2 Page 4 of 21 Revision Date 05/01/2015 Print Date 05/02/2015

material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause

drowsiness and dizziness.

Skin contact : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. Irritating to

mouth, throat and stomach.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering

redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion : No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist

immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.



FX-35100-A BASE FOR 2530-HH-SERIES

Version Number 1.2 Revision Date 05/01/2015 Page 5 of 21 Print Date 05/02/2015

Protection of first-aiders

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media : In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or CO₂.

None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

May emit Hydrogen Chloride (HCl).

Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

Special protective actions for firefighters Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any

personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and selfcontained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See

also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".



FX-35100-A BASE FOR 2530-HH-SERIES

Version Number 1.2 Revision Date 05/01/2015 Page 6 of 21 Print Date 05/02/2015

Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area,



FX-35100-A BASE FOR 2530-HH-SERIES

Version Number 1.2 Revision Date 05/01/2015 Page 7 of 21 Print Date 05/02/2015

away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Methyl ethyl ketone	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01)
	PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 590 mg/m3 200 ppm
	Pollutant concentration that should not be exceeded during
	working hours and which workers are believed to be exposed
	during a period of 15 minutes maximum, without experiencing: a)
	irritation. b) chronic or irreversible tissue damage. c) dependent
	toxic effects of exposure rate. d) Narcosis of sufficient magnitude
	to increase susceptibility to accidents. e) The reduction of ability to
	get to safety by their own means. 885 mg/m3 300 ppm
	OSHA PEL (1993-06-30)
	PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 590 mg/m3 200 ppm
	NIOSH REL (1994-06-01)
	Time Weighted Average (TWA) 590 mg/m3 200 ppm
	Pollutant concentration that should not be exceeded during
	working hours and which workers are believed to be exposed
	during a period of 15 minutes maximum, without experiencing: a)
	irritation. b) chronic or irreversible tissue damage. c) dependent
	toxic effects of exposure rate. d) Narcosis of sufficient magnitude
	to increase susceptibility to accidents. e) The reduction of ability to
	get to safety by their own means. 885 mg/m3 300 ppm
	ACGIH TLV (1994-09-01)
	TLV-TWA: Threshold Limit Value - Time weighted average PEL:
	Permissible Exposure Level 590 mg/m3 200 ppm
	TLV-STEL: Threshold Limit Value - Short Time Exposure Level
	885 mg/m3 300 ppm
Tetrahydrofuran	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01)
y = - = -	PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 590 mg/m3 200 ppm
	Pollutant concentration that should not be exceeded during
	working hours and which workers are believed to be exposed
	7/21



FX-35100-A BASE FOR 2530-HH-SERIES

Version Number 1.2 Revision Date 05/01/2015 Page 8 of 21 Print Date 05/02/2015

	during a period of 15 minutes maximum, without experiencing: a) irritation. b) chronic or irreversible tissue damage. c) dependent toxic effects of exposure rate. d) Narcosis of sufficient magnitude to increase susceptibility to accidents. e) The reduction of ability to get to safety by their own means. 735 mg/m3 250 ppm OSHA PEL (1993-06-30) PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 590 mg/m3 200 ppm NIOSH REL (1994-06-01) Time Weighted Average (TWA) 590 mg/m3 200 ppm Pollutant concentration that should not be exceeded during working hours and which workers are believed to be exposed during a period of 15 minutes maximum, without experiencing: a) irritation. b) chronic or irreversible tissue damage. c) dependent toxic effects of exposure rate. d) Narcosis of sufficient magnitude to increase susceptibility to accidents. e) The reduction of ability to get to safety by their own means. 735 mg/m3 250 ppm ACGIH TLV (2005-01-01) TLV-TWA: Threshold Limit Value - Time weighted average PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 50 ppm TLV-STEL: Threshold Limit Value - Short Time Exposure Level 100 ppm
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	OSHA PEL (1993-06-30) PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 435 mg/m3 100 ppm OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 435 mg/m3 100 ppm Pollutant concentration that should not be exceeded during working hours and which workers are believed to be exposed during a period of 15 minutes maximum, without experiencing: a) irritation. b) chronic or irreversible tissue damage. c) dependent toxic effects of exposure rate. d) Narcosis of sufficient magnitude to increase susceptibility to accidents. e) The reduction of ability to get to safety by their own means. 655 mg/m3 150 ppm ACGIH TLV (1996-05-18) TLV-TWA: Threshold Limit Value - Time weighted average PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 434 mg/m3 100 ppm TLV-STEL: Threshold Limit Value - Short Time Exposure Level 651 mg/m3 150 ppm
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 410 mg/m3 100 ppm OSHA PEL (1993-06-30) PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 410 mg/m3 100 ppm



FX-35100-A BASE FOR 2530-HH-SERIES

Version Number 1.2 Revision Date 05/01/2015 Page 9 of 21 Print Date 05/02/2015

NIOSH REL (1994-06-01) Time Weighted Average (TWA) 410 mg/m3 100 ppm ACGIH TLV (2000-03-01) TLV-TWA: Threshold Limit Value - Time weighted average PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 50 ppm TLV-STEL: Threshold Limit Value - Short Time Exposure Level 100 ppm

Appropriate engineering controls

Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.



FX-35100-A BASE FOR 2530-HH-SERIES

Version Number 1.2 Page 10 of 21 Revision Date 05/01/2015 Print Date 05/02/2015

Body protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based

on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be

approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures

should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this

product.

Respiratory protection: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying

with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits

of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state liquid [liquid] Color NO PIGMENT Odor Not available. **Odor threshold** Not available. Not available. рH **Melting point** Not available. **Boiling point** Not available. Flash point Not available. **Burning time** Not available. Not available. **Burning** rate **Evaporation rate** Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) Not available.

Lower and upper explosive : Lower: Not available. (flammable) limits : Upper: Not available.

Vapor pressure

Vapor density

Relative density

Solubility

Solubility in water

Partition coefficient: n
Not available.

Not available.

Not available.

Not available.

Not available.

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature: Not available.Decomposition temperature: Not available.SADT: Not available.

Viscosity : Dynamic: Not available.

Kinematic: Not available.



FX-35100-A BASE FOR 2530-HH-SERIES

 Version Number 1.2
 Page 11 of 21

 Revision Date 05/01/2015
 Print Date 05/02/2015

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or

its ingredients.

Chemical stability : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see

Section 7).

Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will

not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Keep away from extreme heat and oxidizing agents.

Incompatible materials : Avoid contact with acetal homopolymers and acetyl homopolymers

during processing.

Hazardous decomposition : Un

products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition

products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Exposure effects listed are based on existing health data for the individual components which comprise the mixture.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	
Methyl ethyl ketone					
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2,737 mg/kg	-	
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	24 mg/l	8 h	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	6,480 mg/kg	-	
Tetrahydrofuran					
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1,650 mg/kg	-	
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	21000 ppm	3 h	
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	72 mg/l	2 h	
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)					
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4,300 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4,300 mg/kg	-	
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	6670 ppm	4 h	
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	5000 ppm	4 h	
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	6700 ppm	4 h	
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester					
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7,872 mg/kg	-	
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	78 mg/l	4 h	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	5,000 mg/kg	-	

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture. Not fully tested.



FX-35100-A BASE FOR 2530-HH-SERIES

 Version Number 1.2
 Page 12 of 21

 Revision Date 05/01/2015
 Print Date 05/02/2015

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Methyl ethyl ketone	Skin -	Rabbit		24 hrs	-
	Moderate				
	irritant				
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	Skin - Mild	Rat		8 hrs	-
	irritant				
	Skin -	Rabbit			-
	Moderate				
	irritant				
	Skin -	Rabbit		24 hrs	-
	Moderate				
	irritant				
	Eyes - Mild	Rabbit			-
	irritant				
	Eyes - Severe	Rabbit		24 hrs	-
	irritant				

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: Mixture.Not fully tested.Eyes: Mixture.Not fully tested.Respiratory: Mixture.Not fully tested.

Sensitization

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: Mixture.Not fully tested.Respiratory: Mixture.Not fully tested.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested.

Classification

Classification				
Product/ingredient	OSHA	IARC	NTP	
name				
Xylenes (o-, m-, p-		3		
isomers)				
2-Propenoic acid, 2-		3		
methyl-, methyl ester				



FX-35100-A BASE FOR 2530-HH-SERIES

Version Number 1.2 Page 13 of 21 Revision Date 05/01/2015 Print Date 05/02/2015

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Methyl ethyl ketone	Category 3		Narcotic effects
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of :

Not available.

exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause

drowsiness and dizziness.

Skin contact : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression., Irritating to

mouth, throat and stomach.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness



FX-35100-A BASE FOR 2530-HH-SERIES

Version Number 1.2 Page 14 of 21 Revision Date 05/01/2015 Print Date 05/02/2015

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.
Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested.

General : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when

subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	2,670.8 mg/kg
Route	ATE value
Inhalation (gases)	144,204.4 ppm

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity



FX-35100-A BASE FOR 2530-HH-SERIES

Version Number 1.2 Revision Date 05/01/2015 Page 15 of 21 Print Date 05/02/2015

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Methyl ethyl ketone			
	Acute LC50 3,220,000 μg/l Fresh	Fish - Fathead minnow	96 h
	water		
	Acute LC50 5,600 mg/l Fresh	Fish - Western	96 h
	water	mosquitofish	
	Acute EC50 5,091,000 μg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	water	Water flea	
	Acute EC50 > 500,000 μg/l Marine	Aquatic plants - Diatom	96 h
	water		
	Acute EC50 > 500 mg/l Fresh	Aquatic plants - Green	96 h
	water	algae	
Tetrahydrofuran			
	Acute LC50 2,160,000 μg/l Fresh	Fish - Fathead minnow	96 h
	water		
	Chronic NOEC 367 mg/l Fresh	Fish - Fathead minnow	33 d
	water		
	Chronic NOEC 717 mg/l Fresh	Fish - Fathead minnow	33 d
	water		
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	_		
	Acute LC50 13,400 μg/l Fresh	Fish - Fathead minnow	96 h
	water		
	Acute LC50 19,000 μg/l Fresh	Fish - Bluegill	96 h
	water		
	Acute LC50 20,870 μg/l Fresh	Fish - Bluegill	96 h
	water		
	Acute LC50 15,700 μg/l Fresh	Fish - Bluegill	96 h
	water		
	Acute LC50 16,940 μg/l Fresh	Fish - Goldfish	96 h
	water		
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-,		1	1
	Acute LC50 159,100 μg/l Fresh	Fish - Fathead minnow	96 h
	water		
	Acute LC50 191,000 μg/l Fresh	Fish - Bluegill	96 h
	water	Did D d i i	0.61
	Acute LC50 130,000 μg/l Fresh	Fish - Fathead minnow	96 h
	water	D' 1 D 1 '	0.61
	Acute LC50 150,000 μg/l Fresh	Fish - Fathead minnow	96 h
	water		0.61
	Acute LC50 160,200 μg/l Fresh	Fish - Fathead minnow	96 h
	water		1

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Persistence and degradability



FX-35100-A BASE FOR 2530-HH-SERIES

Version Number 1.2 Page 16 of 21 Revision Date 05/01/2015 Print Date 05/02/2015

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Methyl ethyl ketone	0.29	-	low
Tetrahydrofuran	0.45	-	low
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	3.15	8.10	low
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-,	1.38	-	low
methyl ester			

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient

(KOC)

Other adverse effects

Not available.

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Acute hazardous waste "P" List: Not listed

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List: Listed

Ingredient	CAS#	Status	Reference number
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	Listed	



FX-35100-A BASE FOR 2530-HH-SERIES

Version Number 1.2 Page 17 of 21 Revision Date 05/01/2015 Print Date 05/02/2015

Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	Listed	
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	1330-20-7	Listed	

Section 14. Transport information

U.S. DOT Classification

Proper Shipping Name: Paint

Technical Name:

Hazard Class / Division 3

UN Number UN1263
Packing Group II
Label Required 3

ICAO/IATA Consult mode specific transport rules

IMO/IMDG (maritime) Consult mode specific transport rules

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : United States - TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification: None

of the components are listed.

United States - TSCA 4(a) - Final Test Rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(a) - ITC Priority list: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(a) - Proposed test rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(f) - Priority risk review: Not listed

United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules: Not

listed

United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Proposed significant new use rules:

Not listed

United States - TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Final risk management: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Proposed risk management: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical risk rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Dioxin/Furane precusor: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical Data Reporting (CDR): Not

determined

United States - TSCA 8(a) - Preliminary assessment report

(PAIR): Listed Tetrahydrofuran

United States - TSCA 8(c) - Significant adverse reaction (SAR):

Not listed



FX-35100-A BASE FOR 2530-HH-SERIES

Version Number 1.2 Revision Date 05/01/2015

Page 18 of 21 Print Date 05/02/2015

United States - TSCA 8(d) - Health and safety studies: Not listed United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 307 - Priority

pollutants: Not listed

United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 311 -

Hazardous substances: Listed

United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental

release prevention - Flammable substances: Not listed

United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental

release prevention - Toxic substances: Not listed

United States - Department of commerce - Precursor chemical:

Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 112(b)

Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I

Substances

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II

Substances

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor

Chemicals)

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential

Chemicals)

Listed

Not listed

Not listed

Not listed

Listed

US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302)

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	RQ for component
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	5,000 lb(s) 2,270 kg 2,270 kg 5,000 lb(s)
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	1,000 lb(s) 454 kg

SARA 311/312

Classification Immediate (acute) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
Methyl ethyl ketone	30 - 60	F, AH
Tetrahydrofuran	5 - 10	F, AH



FX-35100-A BASE FOR 2530-HH-SERIES

Version Number 1.2 Page 19 of 21 Revision Date 05/01/2015 Print Date 05/02/2015

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	1 - 5	F, AH
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester	0.1 - 1	F, AH

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting	Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	1330-20-7	1 - 5
requirements			
Supplier notification	Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	1330-20-7	1 - 5

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts : The following components are listed:

Methyl ethyl ketone Tetrahydrofuran Silica gel

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)

New York : The following components are listed:

Methyl ethyl ketone Tetrahydrofuran

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)

New Jersey: The following components are listed:

Methyl ethyl ketone Tetrahydrofuran

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)

Isopropanol

Pennsylvania : The following components are listed:

Methyl ethyl ketone

Tetrahydrofuran

Silica gel

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)

Isopropanol

California Prop. 65



FX-35100-A BASE FOR 2530-HH-SERIES

Version Number 1.2 Page 20 of 21 Revision Date 05/01/2015 Print Date 05/02/2015

This product may contain a trace (<0.001%) amount of a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : All components are listed or exempted.

Canada inventory : All components are listed or exempted.

International regulations

International lists : Australia inventory (AICS): Not determined.

Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined.

Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined.

EINECS: Not determined.

Japan inventory: Not determined.

China inventory (IECSC): Not determined.

Korea inventory: Not determined.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.

Chemical Weapons Convention

List Schedule I Chemicals

Chemical Weapons Convention

List Schedule II Chemicals

Chemical Weapons Convention

List Schedule III Chemicals

Not listed

Not listed

Not listed

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of printing: 05/02/2015Date of issue/Date of revision: 05/01/2015Date of previous issue: 03/13/2014

Version : 1.2

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine

pollution)

UN = United Nations

References : Not available.



FX-35100-A BASE FOR 2530-HH-SERIES

 Version Number 1.2
 Page 21 of 21

 Revision Date 05/01/2015
 Print Date 05/02/2015

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