

### MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

## FB475 YELLOW LOW DENSITY FOAM

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Revision Date 01/01/2013 Print Date 1/2/2013

#### 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

#### POLYONE CORPORATION

8155 Cobb Center Drive, Kennesaw, GA 30152

Telephone : 1 (440) 930-1000 or 1 (866) POLYONE

Emergency telephone : CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure

number or accident).

Product name : FB475 YELLOW LOW DENSITY FOAM

Product code : FO20015476 Chemical Name : Mixture CAS-No. : Mixture

Product Use : Industrial Applications

### 2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Components	CAS-No.	Weight percent
Azodicarbonamide	123-77-3	1 - 5
Quartz	14808-60-7	0.1 - 1
Calcium carbonate	1317-65-3	10 - 30

### 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### **EMERGENCY OVERVIEW**

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Information provided on health effects of this product is based on the individual components. However, some vapors or contaminants may be released upon heating and the end-user (fabricator) must take the necessary precautions (mechanical ventilation, respiratory protection, etc.) to protect employees from exposure. See sections 8 and 11 for special precautions. Do not use this pigment in polymers at temperatures over 200°C (392°F). Decomposition of diarylide pigments in polymers at temperatures over 200°C (392°F) may produce trace amounts of monoazo dyes, which in turn can decompose to produce aromatic amines. The amount and type of degradation products formed depend on the dwell time, formulation and processing conditions as well as temperature. As conditions become more severe, as when temperatures move into the 240-300°C (464-572°F) range, trace quantities of 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine can be generated. 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine is classified as a suspect carcinogen by NTP and IARC, is classified as Acute Toxicity category 4 and Carcinogen Category 1B according to 1272/2008EC (CLP), and is regulated by OSHA as a suspect carcinogen. In order to avoid the generation of and exposure to 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine, do not use diarylide pigments in polymers when temperatures exceed 200°C (392°F). Handle with care. Organic dusts have the potential to be explosive with static spark or flame initiation.

#### POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS



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**Routes of Exposure:** : Inhalation, Skin contact, Ingestion

Acute exposure

Inhalation : Inhalation of airborne droplets may cause irritation of the respiratory

tract.

Ingestion : May be harmful if swallowed. Eyes : May cause eye and skin irritation.

Skin : Experience shows no unusual dermatitis hazard from routine handling.

Chronic exposure : Refer to Section 11 for Toxicological Information.

**Medical Conditions** 

Aggravated by Exposure:

: None known.

### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of fumes from

overheating or combustion. When symptoms persist or in all cases of

doubt seek medical advice.

Ingestion Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. When symptoms

persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

Eyes : Rinse immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If eye

irritation persists, seek medical attention.

Skin Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If skin irritation persists

seek medical attention.

### 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Flash point : no data available

Flammable Limits

no data available Upper explosion limit Lower explosion limit no data available Auto-ignition temperature Not applicable

Suitable extinguishing media Carbon dioxide blanket, Water spray, Dry powder, Foam.

Special Fire Fighting

Procedures

Fullface self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) used in positive pressure mode should be worn to prevent inhalation of airborne

contaminants.

Unusual Fire/Explosion

Hazards

May emit Hydrogen Chloride (HCl) or Carbon Monoxide (CO) under fire conditions. Carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide (CO),

oxides of nitrogen (NOx), other hazardous materials, and smoke are

all possible.

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES



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Personal precautions : Wear appropriate personal protection during cleanup, such as

impervious gloves, boots and coveralls.

Environmental precautions : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or

the soil. Should not be released into the environment.

Methods for cleaning up : Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid

binder, universal binder, sawdust). Package all material in

appropriate container for disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling : Heat only in areas with appropriate exhaust ventilation. Processing

fume condensates may contain combustible or toxic residue. Periodically clean hoods, ducts, and other surfaces to minimize

accumulation of these materials.

Storage : Keep containers dry and tightly closed to avoid moisture absorption

and contamination. Store in a cool dry place.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Respiratory protection : No personal respiratory protective equipment normally required.

Eye/Face Protection : Safety glasses with side-shields

Hand protection : Protective gloves

Skin and body protection : Long sleeved clothing

Additional Protective

Measures

: Safety shoes

General Hygiene Considerations Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Engineering measures : Heat only in areas with appropriate exhaust ventilation. Provide

appropriate exhaust ventilation at machinery.

Exposure limit(s)



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Components	Value	Exposure time	Exposure type	List:
Calcium carbonate	5 mg/m3	PEL:	Respirable fraction.	OSHA Z1
	15 mg/m3	PEL:	Total dust.	OSHA Z1
	10 mg/m3	Time Weighted Average (TWA):		MX OEL
	20 mg/m3	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):		MX OEL
Quartz	0.025 mg/m3	Time Weighted Average (TWA):	Respirable fraction.	ACGIH
	0.05 mg/m3	Recommended exposure limit (REL):	Respirable dust.	NIOSH
	0.1 mg/m3	Time Weighted Average (TWA):	Respirable dust.	OSHA Z1A
	0.1 mg/m3	Time Weighted Average (TWA):	Respirable.	Z3
	0.3 mg/m3	Time Weighted Average (TWA):	Total dust.	Z3
	0.1 mg/m3	Time Weighted Average (TWA):		MX OEL

### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Form : liquid Evaporation rate Not established Appearance : viscous, liquid Specific Gravity Not determined Colour YELLOW Bulk density : Not applicable Vapour pressure : Not determined Odour : very faint Melting point/range : not applicable Vapour density : Not determined : not applicable Boiling Point: : Not applicable pΗ

Water solubility : immiscible

### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability : The product is stable if stored and handled as prescribed.

Hazardous Polymerization : Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Keep away from oxidizing agents and open flame. To avoid thermal

decomposition, do not overheat.

Incompatible Materials : Incompatible with strong acids and oxidizing agents., Avoid contact

with acetal homopolymers and acetal copolymers during processing.

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of nitrogen (NOx), hydrogen chloride (HCl), other hazardous materials, and smoke are all possible. Prolonged heating may result in product degradation. As a general rule of thumb, degradation begins to occur after one hour at 177 °C (350 °F), after 10 minutes at 204 °C (400 °F), and within 5 minutes at 232 °C (450 °F). Do not use this pigment in polymers at temperatures over 200 °C (392 °F).

Decomposition of diarylide pigments in polymers at temperatures



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over 200°C (392°F) may produce trace amounts of monoazo dyes, which in turn can decompose to produce aromatic amines. The amount and type of degradation products formed depend on the dwell time, formulation and processing conditions as well as temperature. As conditions become more severe, as when temperatures move into the 240-300°C (464-572°F) range, trace quantities of 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine can be generated. 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine is classified as a suspect carcinogen by NTP and IARC, is classified as Acute Toxicity category 4 and Carcinogen Category 1B according to 1272/2008EC (CLP), and is regulated by OSHA as a suspect carcinogen. In order to avoid the generation of and exposure to 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine, do not use diarylide pigments in polymers when temperatures exceed 200°C (392°F). Handle with care. Organic dusts have the potential to be explosive with static spark or flame initiation.

### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Exposure effects listed are based on existing health data for the individual components which comprise the mixture.

### Toxicity Overview

This product contains the following components which in their pure form have the following characteristics:

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Effect	Target Organ
123-77-3	Azodicarbonamide	sensitizer	Respiratory system.
14808-60-7	Quartz	Systemic effects	Eyes, Respiratory system.
1317-65-3	Calcium carbonate	Irritant	Eyes, Skin.
		Systemic effects	Eyes, Skin, Respiratory
			system.

#### LC50 / LD50

This product contains the following components which, in their pure form, have the following toxicity data:

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Route	Value	Species
123-77-3	Azodicarbonamide	LC50	200 mg/l	rat
		Oral LD50	> 6,400 mg/kg	rat
		Dermal LD50	> 2,000 mg/kg	rabbit
		Dermal LD50	2,000 mg/kg	rabbit

#### Carcinogenicity

This product contains the following components which, in their pure form, have the following carcinogenicity data:

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
14808-60-7	Quartz	no	1	no

#### IARC Carcinogen Classifications:

- 1 The component is carcinogenic to humans.
- 2A The component is probably carcinogenic to humans.



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2B - The component is possibly carcinogenic to humans.

#### NTP Carcinogen Classifications:

- 1 The component is known to be a human carcinogen.
- 2 The component is reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

#### **Additional Health Hazard Information:**

Azodicarbonamide 123-77-3 Sensitizer to the respiratory system with repeated minimal inhalation. While no chronic health problems have been identified, individuals with respiratory problems should avoid inhalation exposure to this material.

## Additional Health Hazard Information:

Quartz 14808-60-7 This material in its free releasable form may cause respiratory tract irritation. Long-term exposure may cause coughing, chest pain, diminished chest expansion and possibly silicosis, which is a scarring of the lungs.

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Persistence and degradability : Not readily biodegradable.

Environmental Toxicity : Environmental toxicity has not been established for this mixture as a

whole.

Bioaccumulation Potential : no data available

Additional advice : no data available

### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Product : Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal or incineration. The

generator of waste material has the responsibility for proper waste classification, transportation and disposal in accordance with applicable federal, state/provincial and local regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Recycling is preferred when possible. The generator of waste

material has the responsibility for proper waste classification, transportation and disposal in accordance with applicable federal,

state/provincial and local regulations.

### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

U.S. DOT Classification : Refer to specific regulation.

ICAO/IATA : Refer to specific regulation.

IMO/IMDG (maritime) : Refer to specific regulation.

### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

US Regulations:



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OSHA Status : Classified as hazardous based on components.

TSCA Status : All components of this product are listed on or exempt from the

TSCA Inventory.

US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302)

not applicable

California Proposition

: Not applicable

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SARA Title III Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substance

Unless specific chemicals are identified under this section, this product is Not Applicable under this regulation

SARA Title III Section 313 Toxic Chemicals:

Unless specific chemicals are identified under this section, this product is Not Applicable under this regulation

Canadian Regulations:

National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI)

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Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight	NPRI ID#
		percent	
Aluminum oxide	1344-28-1	0.10 - 1.00	
2-Ethylhexanoic acid zinc salt	136-53-8	0.10 - 1.00	

WHMIS Classification : D2A

DSL : All components of this product are on the Canadian Domestic

Substances List (DSL) or are exempt.

National Inventories:

Australia AICS : Not determined

China IECS : Not determined

Europe EINECS : Listed

Japan ENCS : Not determined



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Korea KECI : Not determined

Philippines PICCS : Not determined

### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.