

WS3744 WB-S KIWI

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SAFETY DATA SHEET

WS3744 WB-S KIWI

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier : WS3744 WB-S KIWI

Chemical name: MixtureCAS number: MixtureOther means of identification: FO00016919Product type: liquid

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Industrial applications. Plastics.

Supplier's details : AVIENT CORPORATION

33587 Walker Road, Avon Lake, OH 44012

1 (440) 930-1000 or 1 (844) 4AVIENT

Emergency telephone number

(with hours of operation)

CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure or

accident).

Section 2. Hazards identification

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole. Information provided on the health effects of this product is based on individual components. All ingredients are bound and potential for hazardous exposure as shipped is minimal. However, some vapors may be released upon heating and the end-user (fabricator) must take the necessary precautions (mechanical ventilation, respiratory protection, etc.) to protect employees from exposure. After handling, always wash hands thoroughly with soap and water.

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard

Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or

mixture

SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

GHS label elements



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Hazard pictograms

Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye irritation.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Precautionary statements

: Not applicable.

Prevention : Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves. Wear

protective clothing. Wear eye or face protection. Wash thoroughly

after handling.

Response : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. Take off

contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or

attention.

Storage : Not applicable.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local,

regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements Hazards not otherwise classified None known.
None known.

Not available.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture Chemical name : Mixture Other means of identification : FO00016919

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
1,2-Propanediol	>= 5 - <= 10	57-55-6
Urea	>= 3 - <= 5	57-13-6
Diethylene glycol	>= 3 - <= 5	111-46-6



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Triethanolamine	>= 1 - <= 3	102-71-6
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	> 0 - <= 0.3	556-67-2

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Skin contact

Ingestion

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the
	upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses.
	Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable
	for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory

arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing

such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

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Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms

may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under

medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to

give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media



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Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media : In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or CO₂.

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container

may burst.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides

halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for firefighters Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any

personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and selfcontained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated

in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note

of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials.

See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil,

waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil

or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with

water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-

insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal

contractor.

Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach



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release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits



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Ingredient name	Exposure limits
1,2-Propanediol	OARS WEEL (1999-01-01) TWA 10 mg/m3
Urea	OARS WEEL (1999-01-01) TWA 10 mg/m3
Diethylene glycol	None.
Triethanolamine	ACGIH TLV (1994-09-01) TWA 5 mg/m3
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	OARS WEEL (2018-05-07) TWA 10 ppm

Appropriate engineering controls : If us

If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to

keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any

recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety

showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a

higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved



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standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based

on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be

approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures

should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this

product.

Respiratory protection: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that

meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper

fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state liquid [liquid] Color **GREEN** Not available. Odor Not available. **Odor threshold** Not available. pН **Melting point** Not available. **Boiling point** Not available. Flash point Not available. **Burning time** Not available. **Burning rate** Not available. **Evaporation rate** Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) Not available.

Lower and upper explosive : Lower: Not available. (flammable) limits : Upper: Not available.

Vapor pressureNot available.Vapor densityNot available.Relative densityNot available.SolubilityNot available.Solubility in waterNot available.Partition coefficient: n-Not available.

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.



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Decomposition temperature : Not available. **SADT** : Not available.

Viscosity : Dynamic: Not available.

Kinematic: Not available.

Aerosol product

Heat of combustion : Not available.

Ignition distance : Not available. **Enclosed space ignition - Time** : Not available.

equivelent

equivalent

Enclosed space ignition - : Not available.

Deflagration density

Flame height : Not available.
Flame duration : Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or

its ingredients.

Chemical stability : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see

Section 7).

Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will

not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Keep away from extreme heat and oxidizing agents.

Incompatible materials : Keep away from strong acids.

Oxidizer.

Hazardous decomposition: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition

products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

products

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
1,2-Propanediol				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	20,000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	20,800 mg/kg	-
Urea				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8,471 mg/kg	-
Ethanol, 2,2'-oxybis-				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	12,000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	11,890 mg/kg	-

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Ethanol, 2,2',2"-nitrilotris-				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7,390 mg/kg	-
Cyclotetrasiloxane, 2,2,4,4,6,6,8	3,8-octamethyl-			
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1,540 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	36 Mg/l	4 h
	Vapor			
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	1,770 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
1,2-Propanediol	Skin - Mild irritant	Woman	-	96 hrs	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	168 hrs	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Human	-	72 hrs	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-		-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hrs	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Child	-	96 hrs	-
Urea	Skin - Moderate irritant	Human	-	24 hrs	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hrs	-
Ethanol, 2,2'-oxybis-	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-		-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hrs	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-		-
Ethanol, 2,2',2"-nitrilotris-	Skin - Severe irritant	Mouse	-		-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hrs	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hrs	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-		-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-		-
Cyclotetrasiloxane, 2,2,4,4,6,6,8,8-octamethyl-	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hrs	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hrs	-

Conclusion/Summary

Skin:Mixture.Not fully tested.Eyes:Mixture.Not fully tested.Respiratory:Mixture.Not fully tested.

Sensitization

Conclusion/Summary



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Skin: Mixture.Not fully tested.Respiratory: Mixture.Not fully tested.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Mixture.Not fully tested.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Ethanol, 2,2',2"-nitrilotris-	-	3	-

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture. Not fully tested.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of : Not available.

exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation,

watering, redness



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Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight,

increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, redness,

reduced fetal weight, increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight,

increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.
Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested.

General: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : Suspected of damaging fertility.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation (gases)	Inhalation (vapors)	Inhalation (dusts and mists)
WS3744 WB-S KIWI	140,307.6 mg/kg	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,2-Propanediol	20,000 mg/kg	20,800 mg/kg	N/A	N/A	N/A
Urea	8,471 mg/kg	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ethanol, 2,2'-oxybis-	12,000 mg/kg	11,890 mg/kg	N/A	N/A	N/A



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Ethanol, 2,2',2"-nitrilotris-	7,390 mg/kg	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Cyclotetrasiloxane, 2,2,4,4,6,6,8,8-octamethyl-	1,540 mg/kg	1,770 mg/kg	N/A	36 Mg/l	N/A

Other information

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Exposure effects listed are based on existing health data for the individual components which comprise the mixture.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
1,2-Propanediol			
	Acute LC50 710 Mg/l Fresh	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 h
	water		
	Acute EC50 > 110 Mg/l Fresh	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 h
	water		
	Acute LC50 1,020 Mg/l Fresh	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia	48 h
	water	dubia	
Urea			
	Acute LC50 0.000023 Mg/l	Fish - Oreochromis	96 h
	Fresh water	mossambicus	
	Acute EC50 6,573.1 Mg/l Fresh	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia	48 h
	water	dubia	
	Acute EC50 3,910 Mg/l Fresh	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 h
	water		
	Chronic NOEC 2,000 Mg/l Fresh	Fish - Heteropneustes fossilis	30 d
	water	_	
Ethanol, 2,2'-oxybis-			
	Acute LC50 75.2 Mg/l Fresh	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 h
	water		
Ethanol, 2,2',2"-nitrilotris-			
	Acute LC50 11.8 Mg/l Fresh	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 h
	water		
	Acute EC50 609.98 Mg/l Fresh	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia	48 h
	water	dubia	
	Chronic NOEC 0.016 Mg/l Fresh	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 d
	water		
Cyclotetrasiloxane, 2,2,4,4,6,6	6,8,8-octamethyl-	•	•
	Acute LC50 0.204 - 3.483 Mg/l	Fish - Leuciscus idus ssp.	96 h
	42/40	<u> </u>	L



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Fresh water	melanotus	
Chronic NOEC 0.0000044 Mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	93 d
Fresh water		
Chronic NOEC 0.0079 Mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 d
Fresh water		

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
1,2-Propanediol	-1.070.085	-	low
Urea	-1.73	-	low
Ethanol, 2,2'-oxybis-	-1.98	100.00	low
Ethanol, 2,2',2"-nitrilotris-	-1	3.90	low
Cyclotetrasiloxane, 2,2,4,4,6,6,8,8-	6.488	13,400.00	high
octamethyl-			

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient

(KOC)

Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty



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containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Acute hazardous waste "P" List: Not listed

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List: Not listed

Section 14. Transport information

U.S.DOT 49CFR

Ground/Air/Water

: Not regulated for transportation.

International Air ICAO/IATA

Consult mode specific transport rules

International Water

IMO/IMDG

: Consult mode specific transport rules

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

United States - TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification: None

of the components are listed.

United States - TSCA 4(a) - Final Test Rules: Listed

Octame thy l cyclotetra siloxane

United States - TSCA 4(a) - ITC Priority list: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(a) - Proposed test rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(f) - Priority risk review: Not listed United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules: Not

listed

United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Proposed significant new use rules:

Not listed

United States - TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Final risk management: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Proposed risk management: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical risk rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Dioxin/Furane precusor: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical Data Reporting (CDR): Not

determined

United States - TSCA 8(a) - Preliminary assessment report

(PAIR): Listed Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane

United States - TSCA 8(c) - Significant adverse reaction (SAR):



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Not listed

United States - TSCA 8(d) - Health and safety studies: Not listed United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 307 - Priority pollutants: Listed Phthalocyanine Blue

Acrylonitrile

United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 311 -

Hazardous substances: Listed

United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental

release prevention - Flammable substances: Not listed

United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental

release prevention - Toxic substances: Not listed

United States - Department of commerce - Precursor chemical:

Listed Triethanolamine

Clean Air Act Section 112(b)

Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I

Substances

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II

Substances

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor

Chemicals)

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential

Chemicals)

Listed

Not listed

Not listed

Not listed

Not listed

US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302)

not applicable

SARA 311/312

SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 Classification

EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
1,2-Propanediol	>= 5 - <= 10	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B
Urea	>= 3 - <= 5	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
Ethanol, 2,2'-oxybis-	>= 3 - <= 5	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B



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Ethanol, 2,2',2"-nitrilotris-	>= 1 - <= 3	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
Cyclotetrasiloxane, 2,2,4,4,6,6,8,8-octamethyl-	> 0 - <= 0.3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY - oral - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY - dermal - Category 4 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

Not applicable.

State regulations

Massachusetts None of the components are listed. **New York** None of the components are listed. **New Jersey** The following components are listed:

> Calcium carbonate 1,2-Propanediol Triethanolamine

Pennsylvania The following components are listed:

Calcium carbonate

1,2-Propanediol

Diethylene glycol

Triethanolamine

California Prop. 65

This product does not require a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) Not determined.

Canada inventory Not determined.

International regulations

Inventory list

Not determined. Australia Canada Not determined. Not determined. China **Europe inventory** Not determined. Not determined. Japan **New Zealand** Not determined. **Philippines** Not determined.



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Republic of Korea: Not determined.Taiwan: Not determined.Turkey: Not determined.United States: Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health	*	2
Flammability		0
Physical hazards		0
V		

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

History

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Key to abbreviations: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine

pollution)

UN = United Nations

References : Not available.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution.



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Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist. Particularly this information may not be valid for such material used in conjunction with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.