

#### CANBERRA BEIGE II

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 09/06/2016 Page 1 of 19 Print Date 11/22/2016

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### **CANBERRA BEIGE II**

### **Section 1. Identification**

**GHS product identifier** : CANBERRA BEIGE II

Chemical name: MixtureCAS number: MixtureOther means of identification: CC10247792

**Product type** : solid

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Product use** : Industrial applications. Plastics.

Supplier's details : POLYONE CORPORATION

33587 Walker Road, Avon Lake, OH 44012

1 (440) 930-1000 or 1 (866) POLYONE

Emergency telephone number

(with hours of operation)

CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure or

accident).

### Section 2. Hazards identification

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole. Information provided on the health effects of this product is based on individual components. All ingredients are bound and potential for hazardous exposure as shipped is minimal. However, some vapors may be released upon heating and the end-user (fabricator) must take the necessary precautions (mechanical ventilation, respiratory protection, etc.) to protect employees from exposure. After handling, always wash hands thoroughly with soap and water.

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard

Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). While this material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), this SDS contains valuable information gritical to the cofe bondling and property as of the graduat

information critical to the safe handling and proper use of the product. This SDS should be retained and available for employees and other

users of this product.

Classification of the substance or

mixture

Not classified.

#### **GHS** label elements



#### CANBERRA BEIGE II

Version Number 1.0 Page 2 of 19 Revision Date 09/06/2016 Print Date 11/22/2016

Signal word : CAUTION!No signal word.

**Hazard statements** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Precautionary statements**

General:Not applicable.Prevention:Not applicable.Response:Not applicable.Storage:Not applicable.Disposal:Not applicable.Supplemental label elements:None known.Hazards not otherwise classified:None known.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture: MixtureChemical name: MixtureOther means of identification: CC10247792

#### **CAS** number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	<b>%</b>	CAS number
Titanium dioxide	25 - 50	13463-67-7
2-Propenenitrile, polymer with Ethenylbenzene	10 - 25	9003-54-7
Decanedioic acid, bis(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl) ester	10 - 25	52829-07-9
Carbon black	0.1 - 0.3	1333-86-4

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.



#### CANBERRA BEIGE II

Version Number 1.0 Page 3 of 19 Revision Date 09/06/2016 Print Date 11/22/2016

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with

plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical

attention if irritation occurs.

**Inhalation**: Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical

surveillance for 48 hours.

**Skin contact** : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at

least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of

water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical

attention if symptoms occur.

Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed

to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately. Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical

personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Slightly irritating to the eyes. No known significant effects or critical

hazards.

**Inhalation** : Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.

Serious effects may be delayed following exposure. No known

significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : Slightly irritating to the skin. No known significant effects or critical



#### CANBERRA BEIGE II

Version Number 1.0 Page 4 of 19 Revision Date 09/06/2016 Print Date 11/22/2016

hazards.

**Ingestion**: Harmful if swallowed. No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: No specific data.Inhalation: No specific data.Skin contact: No specific data.Ingestion: No specific data.

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

**Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms

may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48

hours.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. No action shall be taken involving

any personal risk or without suitable training.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### Extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing media**: In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or CO<sub>2</sub>.In

case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or CO<sub>2</sub>.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known. None known.

Specific hazards arising from the  $% \left\{ 1\right\} =\left\{ 1\right\} =$ 

chemical

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: No specific fire or explosion hazard. No specific fire or explosion

hazard.

Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides

metal oxide/oxidesDecomposition products may include the following

materials: carbon dioxide



#### CANBERRA BEIGE II

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 09/06/2016 Page 5 of 19 Print Date 11/22/2016

carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for firefighters Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Move containers from spill area. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.



#### CANBERRA BEIGE II

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 09/06/2016 Page 6 of 19 Print Date 11/22/2016

#### Large spill

Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures Advice on general occupational hygiene

- : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
- Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**



#### CANBERRA BEIGE II

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 09/06/2016 Page 7 of 19 Print Date 11/22/2016

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Titanium dioxide	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01)
	PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 10 mg/m3 Form: Total dust
	OSHA PEL (1993-06-30)
	PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 15 mg/m3 Form: Total dust
	NIOSH REL (1994-06-01)
	ACGIH TLV (1996-05-18)
	TLV-TWA: Threshold Limit Value - Time weighted average PEL:
	Permissible Exposure Level 10 mg/m3
Decanedioic acid, bis(2,2,6,6-	
tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl) ester	
2-Propenenitrile, polymer with	
Ethenylbenzene	
Carbon black	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01)
	PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 3.5 mg/m3
	OSHA PEL (1993-06-30)
	PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 3.5 mg/m3
	NIOSH REL (1994-06-01)
	Time Weighted Average (TWA) 3.5 mg/m3
	Time Weighted Average (TWA)
	ACGIH TLV (2010-12-06)
	TLV-TWA: Threshold Limit Value - Time weighted average PEL:
	Permissible Exposure Level 3 mg/m3 Form: Inhalable fraction

**Appropriate engineering controls** 

If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. Good general ventilation should be

sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

**Environmental exposure controls** 

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering



### CANBERRA BEIGE II

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 09/06/2016 Page 8 of 19 Print Date 11/22/2016

modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual protection measures**

#### **Hygiene measures**

wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### Eye/face protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

#### **Skin protection**

#### **Hand protection**

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

#### **Body protection**

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task



#### CANBERRA BEIGE II

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 09/06/2016 Page 9 of 19 Print Date 11/22/2016

being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a

specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures

should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this

product

**Respiratory protection**: Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an

approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe

working limits of the selected respirator.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Physical state : solid [Pellets.]
Color : TAN

Odor Faint odor. **Odor threshold** Not available. Not available. рH **Melting point** Not available. **Boiling point** Not available. Flash point Not available. **Burning time** Not available. **Burning** rate Not available. Not available. **Evaporation rate** 

Lower and upper explosive : Lower: Not available. (flammable) limits : Upper: Not available.

Vapor pressure

Vapor density

Relative density

Solubility

Solubility in water

Solubility

Solubility in water

Solubility in water

Solubility in water

Solubility in water

Partition coefficient: n- : Not available.

octanol/water

Flammability (solid, gas)

Auto-ignition temperature: Not available.Decomposition temperature: Not available.SADT: Not available.

Not available.



#### CANBERRA BEIGE II

Version Number 1.0 Page 10 of 19 Revision Date 09/06/2016 Print Date 11/22/2016

Viscosity : Dynamic: Not available.

Kinematic: Not available.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or

its ingredients.

Chemical stability : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see

Section 7). Stable under recommended storage and handling

conditions (see Section 7).

Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will

not occur. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous

reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Keep away from extreme heat and oxidizing agents. Keep away from

extreme heat and oxidizing agents.

**Incompatible materials** : Keep away from strong acids.

Oxidizer.Keep away from strong acids.

Oxidizer.

**Hazardous decomposition** 

products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Exposure effects listed are based on existing health data for the individual components which comprise the mixture.

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure			
Carbon black	Carbon black						
	LD50 Oral	Rat	15,400 mg/kg	-			
2-Propenenitrile, polymer with	2-Propenenitrile, polymer with Ethenylbenzene						
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1,800 mg/kg	-			
Decanedioic acid, bis(2,2,6,6-t	Decanedioic acid, bis(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl) ester						
Titanium dioxide							
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat - Male	6.82 Mg/l	4 h			
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	> 5,000 mg/kg	-			

**Conclusion/Summary** : Mixture.Not fully tested.

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**



#### CANBERRA BEIGE II

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 09/06/2016 Page 11 of 19 Print Date 11/22/2016

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation	
Titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild	Human		72 hrs	-	
	irritant					

Conclusion/Summary

Skin:Mixture.Not fully tested.Eyes:Mixture.Not fully tested.Respiratory:Mixture.Not fully tested.

**Sensitization** 

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: Mixture.Not fully tested.Respiratory: Mixture.Not fully tested.

**Mutagenicity** 

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested.

Classification

Clubbilication			
Product/ingredient	OSHA	IARC	NTP
name			
Carbon black		2B	
2-Propenenitrile, polymer		3	
with Ethenylbenzene			
Titanium dioxide		2B	

#### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Mixture.Not fully tested.

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: Mixture.Not fully tested.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

**Aspiration hazard** 

Not available.



#### CANBERRA BEIGE II

Version Number 1.0 Page 12 of 19 Revision Date 09/06/2016 Print Date 11/22/2016

Information on the likely routes of

exposure

Not available.

Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Slightly irritating to the eyes. No known significant effects or critical

hazards.

**Inhalation** : Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.

Serious effects may be delayed following exposure. No known

significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact** : Slightly irritating to the skin. No known significant effects or critical

hazards.

**Ingestion**: Harmful if swallowed. No known significant effects or critical

hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact: No specific data.Inhalation: No specific data.Skin contact: No specific data.Ingestion: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

**Conclusion/Summary** : Mixture.Not fully tested.

General : Contains material that can cause target organ damage. No known

significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity : Contains material which may cause cancer, based on animal data. Risk

of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. No known

significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant

effects or critical hazards.



CANBERRA BEIGE II

Version Number 1.0 Page 13 of 19 Revision Date 09/06/2016 Print Date 11/22/2016

**Teratogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant

effects or critical hazards.

**Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant

effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant

effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

**Acute toxicity estimates** 

Not available.

# Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Carbon black			
	Acute EC50 37.563 mg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	water	Daphnia	
	Acute LC50 61.547 mg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	water	Daphnia	
Decanedioic acid, bis(2,2,6,6	-tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl) ester		
	Acute LC50 4.4 Mg/l	Fish - Bluegill	96 h
	Acute EC50 8.6 Mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
		Daphnia	
	Acute EC50 0.705 Mg/l	Aquatic plants - Green	72 h
		algae	
Titanium dioxide			
	Acute LC50 > 1,000,000 μg/l	Fish - Fish	96 h
	Marine water		
	Acute LC50 > 1,000 mg/l Fresh	Fish - Fish	96 h
	water		
	Acute LC50 13 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
		Daphnia	
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
		Daphnia	
	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
		Crustaceans	
	Acute LC50 15.9 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
		Crustaceans	



#### CANBERRA BEIGE II

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 09/06/2016 Page 14 of 19 Print Date 11/22/2016

	Acute LC50 3.6 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Crustaceans	48 h
	Acute LC50 11 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Crustaceans	48 h
	Acute LC50 13.4 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Crustaceans	48 h
	Acute EC50 27.8 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Daphnia	48 h
	Acute EC50 19.3 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Daphnia	48 h
	Acute EC50 35.306 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Daphnia	48 h
CANBERRA BEIGE II		<u> </u>	
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic invertebrates.: Chemicals are not readily available as they are bound within the polymer matrix.			

Conclusion/Summary

Chemicals are not readily available as they are bound within the

polymer matrix.

#### Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary**: Chemicals are not readily available as they are bound within the

polymer matrix.

**Conclusion/Summary** : Chemicals are not readily available as they are bound within the

polymer matrix.

Bioaccumulative potential

Dioaceamaian e potential				
Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential	
Decanedioic acid,	0.35	-	low	
bis(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-				
piperidinyl) ester				
Titanium dioxide		352.00	low	

#### Mobility in soil

**Soil/water partition coefficient** 

(KOC)

Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant

effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever



#### CANBERRA BEIGE II

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 09/06/2016 Page 15 of 19 Print Date 11/22/2016

possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any byproducts should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Acute hazardous waste "P" List: Not listed

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List: Not listed

### **Section 14. Transport information**

U.S. DOT Classification : Not regulated for transportation.

ICAO/IATA : Not classified as dangerous good under transport regulations.

IMO/IMDG (maritime) : Not classified as dangerous good under transport regulations.

### Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : United States - TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification: None

of the components are listed.



#### CANBERRA BEIGE II

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 09/06/2016 Page 16 of 19 Print Date 11/22/2016

United States - TSCA 4(a) - Final Test Rules: Not listed
United States - TSCA 4(a) - ITC Priority list: Not listed
United States - TSCA 4(a) - Proposed test rules: Not listed
United States - TSCA 4(f) - Priority risk review: Not listed
United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules: Not

United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Proposed significant new use rules: Not listed

United States - TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Final risk management: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Proposed risk management: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical risk rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Dioxin/Furane precusor: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical Data Reporting (CDR): Not determined

United States - TSCA 8(a) - Preliminary assessment report (PAIR): Not listed

**United States - TSCA 8(c) - Significant adverse reaction (SAR):** Not listed

United States - TSCA 8(d) - Health and safety studies: Not listed United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 307 - Priority pollutants: Not listed

United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 311 -

Hazardous substances: Not listed

United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental

release prevention - Flammable substances: Not listed

United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental

release prevention - Toxic substances: Not listed

**United States - Department of commerce - Precursor chemical:** 

Not listed

listed

Clean Air Act Section 112(b)

Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I

**Substances** 

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II

**Substances** 

**DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor** 

Chemicals)

**DEA List II Chemicals (Essential** 

Chemicals)

Not listed

Not listed

Not listed

Not listed

Not listed

#### US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302)

not applicable

#### **SARA 311/312**



#### CANBERRA BEIGE II

Page 17 of 19 Version Number 1.0 Print Date 11/22/2016 Revision Date 09/06/2016

Not applicable. Classification

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	9/0	Classification
Carbon black	0.1 - 0.3	СН
2-Propenenitrile, polymer with	10 - 25	AH
Ethenylbenzene		
Decanedioic acid, bis(2,2,6,6-	10 - 25	AH
tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl) ester		

#### **SARA 313**

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting Rutile, antimony chromium 6		68186-90-3	5 - 10
requirements	buff		
Supplier notification Rutile, antimony chromiu		68186-90-3	5 - 10
	buff		

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

**State regulations** 

Massachusetts The following components are listed:

> Titanium dioxide Silica, amorphous

New York None of the components are listed. **New Jersey** 

The following components are listed:

Titanium dioxide

2-Propenenitrile, polymer with Ethenylbenzene

Carbon black

The following components are listed: Pennsylvania

Carbon black

Aluminum hydroxide

Silica, amorphous

Titanium dioxide

#### California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.



CANBERRA BEIGE II

Version Number 1.0 Page 18 of 19 Print Date 11/22/2016 Revision Date 09/06/2016

All components are listed or exempted. **United States inventory (TSCA 8b)**:

All components are listed or exempted. Canada inventory

**International regulations** 

**International lists Australia inventory (AICS):** All components are listed or exempted.

Taiwan inventory (CSNN): All components are listed or exempted.

Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined. **EINECS:** All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory: Not determined.

**China inventory (IECSC):** All components are listed or exempted.

**Korea inventory:** All components are listed or exempted.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): All components

are listed or exempted.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or

exempted.

**Chemical Weapons Convention** 

**List Schedule I Chemicals** 

**Chemical Weapons Convention** 

**List Schedule II Chemicals** 

**Chemical Weapons Convention** 

**List Schedule III Chemicals** 

Not listed

Not listed

Not listed

# Section 16. Other information

**History** 

**Date of printing** 11/22/2016 Date of issue/Date of revision 09/06/2016 Date of previous issue 00/00/0000

Version

**Key to abbreviations** ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine

pollution)

UN = United Nations

References Not available.



#### CANBERRA BEIGE II

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 09/06/2016 Page 19 of 19 Print Date 11/22/2016

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