We create chemistry

Safety data sheet

BASF safety data sheet. This is a translation of the country-specific safety data sheet into a language other than that required by law. This document does not replace the safety data sheet provided according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.
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Product: **Linalyl Acetate**

(ID no. 30034993/SDS_GEN_CH/EN)
Date of print 21.10.2025

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Linalyl Acetate

Chemical name: Linalyl acetate
CAS Number: 115-95-7

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses: Chemical, Chemical for detergents, Cosmetic and oral care chemical, flavoring substance

For the detailed identified uses of the product see appendix of the safety data sheet.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company:
BASF SE
67056 Ludwigshafen
GERMANY

Contact address:
BASF Schweiz AG
Klybeckstrasse 161
4057 Basel, SWITZERLAND

Telephone: +41 0800 227722
E-mail address: PS-BCSCHWEIZ@basf.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Tox Info Suisse (STIZ): Tel. 145
International emergency number:
Telephone: +49 180 2273-112

SECTION 2: Hazards Identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

According to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

Skin Corr./Irrit. 2	H315 Causes skin irritation.
Eye Dam./Irrit. 2	H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
Skin Sens. 1B	H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

For the classifications not written out in full in this section the full text can be found in section 16.

2.2. Label elements

According to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

Pictogram:

Signal Word:

Warning

Hazard Statement:

H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Precautionary Statements (Prevention):

P280	Wear protective gloves and eye protection or face protection.
P261	Avoid breathing mist or vapour or spray.

Precautionary Statements (Response):

P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P302 + P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P333 + P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.

Precautionary Statements (Disposal):

P501	Dispose of contents and container to hazardous or special waste collection point.

2.3. Other hazards

According to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

The product does not contain a substance fulfilling the PBT (persistent/bioaccumulative/toxic) criteria or the vPvB (very persistent/very bioaccumulative) criteria. Product does not contain a substance above legal limits included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 for having endocrine disrupting properties or is identified to have endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605.

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients

3.1. Substances

Chemical nature

Linalyl acetate

CAS Number: 115-95-7
EC-Number: 204-116-4

Skin Corr./Irrit. 2
Eye Dam./Irrit. 2
Skin Sens. 1B
H319, H315, H317

For the classifications not written out in full in this section, including the hazard classes and the hazard statements, the full text is listed in section 16.

3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable

SECTION 4: First-Aid Measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Remove contaminated clothing.

If inhaled:
Keep patient calm, remove to fresh air, seek medical attention.

On skin contact:
Wash thoroughly with soap and water

On contact with eyes:
Wash affected eyes for at least 15 minutes under running water with eyelids held open, consult an eye specialist.

On ingestion:
Immediately rinse mouth and then drink 200-300 ml of water, seek medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms: Information, i.e. additional information on symptoms and effects may be included in the GHS labeling phrases available in Section 2 and in the Toxicological assessments available in Section 11., (Further) symptoms and / or effects are not known so far

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment: Treat according to symptoms (decontamination, vital functions), no known specific antidote.

SECTION 5: Fire-Fighting Measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:
dry powder, foam, carbon dioxide

Unsuitable extinguishing media for safety reasons:
water

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Endangering substances: carbon oxides, harmful vapours
Advice: The substances/groups of substances mentioned can be released in case of fire.
Combustible Liquid

5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment:
Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and chemical-protective clothing.

Further information:
Collect contaminated extinguishing water separately, do not allow to reach sewage or effluent systems. Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations. Cool endangered containers with water-spray.

SECTION 6: Accidental Release Measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective clothing. Information regarding personal protective measures, see section 8. Do not breathe vapour/spray. Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not discharge into drains/surface waters/groundwater.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For large amounts: Dike spillage. Cover with blanket of foam (alcohol-resistant foam). Pump off product.

For residues: Contain with absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, general purpose binder, sawdust).
Dispose of absorbed material in accordance with regulations.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Information regarding exposure controls/personal protection and disposal considerations can be found in section 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and Storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Ensure thorough ventilation of stores and work areas. Wear suitable protective clothing and eye/face protection. Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing. Keep container tightly sealed. This product may cause irritations; wash your hands after every contact.

Protection against fire and explosion:
The product is combustible. Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. If exposed to fire, keep containers cool by spraying with water. Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Odour-sensitive: Segregate from products releasing odours.
Further information on storage conditions: Containers should be stored tightly sealed in a dry place. Protect against heat. Protect contents from the effects of light.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

See exposure scenario(s) in the attachment to this safety data sheet.

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

8.1. Control parameters

Components with occupational exposure limits

No substance specific occupational exposure limits known.

PNEC

freshwater: 0,011 mg/l

marine water: 0,0011 mg/l

intermittent release: 0,11 mg/l

sediment (freshwater): 0,609 mg/kg

sediment (marine water): 0,0609 mg/kg

soil: 0,115 mg/kg

STP: 10 mg/l

DNEL
worker:
Long-term exposure- systemic effects, Inhalation: 2,75 mg/m3

worker:
Long-term exposure- systemic effects, dermal: 2,5 mg/kg bw/day

worker:
Long- and short-term exposure - local effects, dermal: 236,2 µg/cm²

consumer:
Long-term exposure- systemic effects, Inhalation: 0,68 mg/m3

consumer:
Long-term exposure- systemic effects, oral: 0,2 mg/kg bw/day

consumer:
Long-term exposure- systemic effects, dermal: 1,25 mg/kg bw/day

consumer:
Long- and short-term exposure - local effects, dermal: 236,2 µg/cm²

8.2. Exposure controls

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection:
Suitable respiratory protection for higher concentrations or long-term effect: Gas filter for gases/vapours of organic compounds (boiling point >65 °C, e. g. EN 14387 Type A)

Hand protection:
Suitable chemical resistant safety gloves (EN ISO 374-1) also with prolonged, direct contact (Recommended: Protective index 6, corresponding > 480 minutes of permeation time according to EN ISO 374-1): E.g. nitrile rubber (0.4 mm), chloroprene rubber (0.5 mm), butyl rubber (0.7 mm) etc.
Supplementary note: The specifications are based on tests, literature data and information of glove manufacturers or are derived from similar substances by analogy. Due to many conditions (e.g. temperature) it must be considered, that the practical usage of a chemical-protective glove in practice may be much shorter than the permeation time determined through testing.
Manufacturer's directions for use should be observed because of great diversity of types.

Consider the risk management measures as outlined in the exposure scenario.

Eye protection:
Safety glasses with side-shields (frame goggles) (e.g. EN 166)

Consider the risk management measures as outlined in the exposure scenario.

Body protection:
Body protection must be chosen depending on activity and possible exposure, e.g. apron, protecting boots, chemical-protection suit (according to EN 14605 in case of splashes or EN ISO 13982 in case of dust).

Consider the risk management measures as outlined in the exposure scenario.

General safety and hygiene measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing. Wearing of closed work clothing is recommended. No eating, drinking, smoking or tobacco use at the place of work. Hands and/or face should be washed before breaks and at the end of the shift. Store work clothing separately.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

State of matter:	liquid	
Form:	liquid	
Colour:	colourless	
Odour:	sweetish	
Odour threshold:	< 100 ppm	
Melting point:	-100 °C	(OECD Guideline 102)
glass transition temperature:	-112 °C	(OECD Guideline 102)
Boiling point:	220 °C (1.013,25 hPa) Literature data.	
Flammability:	Combustible Liquid	(derived from flash point)
Lower explosion limit:	0,9 %(V) (117,5 °C)	
Upper explosion limit:	4 %(V) (117,5 °C)	
Flash point:	85 °C Literature data.	(closed cup)
Auto-ignition temperature:	270 °C	(Directive 84/449/EEC, A.15)
Thermal decomposition:	220 °C (DSC (DIN 51007))	
pH value:	5 (approx. 23 °C)	
Viscosity, kinematic:	2,77 mm2/s (20 °C)	(OECD 114)

Viscosity, dynamic:	2,50 mPa.s (20 °C) The value was determined by calculation from the detected kinematic viscosity.	(OECD 114)
Solubility in water:	slow decomposition 40 mg/l (20 °C)	
Solubility (qualitative) solvent(s):	organic solvents soluble	
Partitioning coefficient n-octanol/water (log Kow):	3,9 (25 °C)	(OECD Guideline 107)
Vapour pressure:	1 mbar (20 °C) 2 mbar (50 °C)	
Relative density:	0,9018 (20 °C) Literature data.	
Density:	0,9018 g/cm3 (20 °C) Literature data.	
Relative vapour density (air):	> 1 (20 °C) Heavier than air.	(calculated)

9.2. Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Explosives

Explosion hazard:	Based on the chemical structure there is no indication of explosive properties.	(other)
Impact sensitivity:	Based on the chemical structure there is no shock-sensitivity.	

Oxidizing properties

Fire promoting properties:	Based on its structural properties the product is not classified as oxidizing.	(other)

Pyrophoric properties

Self-ignition temperature:		Test type: Spontaneous self-ignition at room-temperature.
	Based on its structural properties the product is not classified as self-igniting.	

Self-heating substances and mixtures

Self heating ability:	not applicable, the product is a liquid

Substances and mixtures, which emit flammable gases in contact with water

Formation of flammable gases:
Forms no flammable gases in the presence of water.

Corrosion to metals

No corrosive effect on metal.

Other safety characteristics

pKA:
The substance does not dissociate.

Adsorption/water - soil:	KOC: 517,9; log KOC: 2,7	(calculated)

Surface tension:
Based on chemical structure, surface activity is not to be expected.

Molar mass: 196,29 g/mol

SAPT-Temperature:
Study scientifically not justified.

Evaporation rate:
Value can be approximated from Henry's Law Constant or vapor pressure.

SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No hazardous reactions if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

Corrosion to metals:	No corrosive effect on metal.	
Formation of flammable gases:	Remarks:	Forms no flammable gases in the presence of water.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions when stored and handled according to instructions.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame. See SDS section 7 - Handling and storage.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Substances to avoid:
acids

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products:
No hazardous decomposition products known.

SECTION 11: Toxicological Information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Assessment of acute toxicity:
Virtually nontoxic after a single ingestion. Virtually nontoxic after a single skin contact.

Experimental/calculated data:
LD50 rat (oral): > 9.000 mg/kg (BASF-Test)
No mortality was observed.

LD50 rabbit (dermal): > 5.000 mg/kg

Irritation

Assessment of irritating effects:
Skin contact causes irritation. Eye contact causes irritation.

Experimental/calculated data:
Skin corrosion/irritation
rabbit: Irritant. (OECD Guideline 404)

Serious eye damage/irritation
rabbit: Irritant. (OECD Guideline 405)
The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition.

Respiratory/Skin sensitization

Assessment of sensitization:
Caused skin sensitization in animal studies.

Experimental/calculated data:
Mouse Local Lymph Node Assay (LLNA) mouse: skin sensitizing (OECD Guideline 429)

Germ cell mutagenicity

Assessment of mutagenicity:
Results from a number of mutagenicity studies with microorganisms, mammalian cell culture and mammals are available. Taking into account all of the information, there is no indication that the substance is mutagenic. The product has not been fully tested. The statements have been derived in parts from products of a similar structure or composition.

Carcinogenicity

Assessment of carcinogenicity:
No reliable data was available concerning carcinogenic activity. Study does not need to be conducted.

Reproductive toxicity

Assessment of reproduction toxicity:
The results of animal studies gave no indication of a fertility impairing effect. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition.

Developmental toxicity

Assessment of teratogenicity:
Animal studies gave no indication of a developmental toxic effect at doses that were not toxic to the parental animals. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Assessment of STOT single:
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Repeated dose toxicity and Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Assessment of repeated dose toxicity:
Effects on the kidney of male rats were detected after repeated exposure. These effects are specific for the male rat and are known to be of no relevance to humans. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition.

Aspiration hazard

No data available.

Interactive effects

No data available.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

The substance is not identified to have endocrine disrupting properties according to Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 nor is included in the Candidate List of substances of very high concern according to EU REACh Article 59 for having endocrine disrupting properties.

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

12.1. Toxicity

Assessment of aquatic toxicity:
Harmful to aquatic life. The inhibition of the degradation activity of activated sludge is not anticipated when introduced to biological treatment plants in appropriate low concentrations.

Toxicity to fish:
LC50 (96 h) 11 mg/l, Cyprinus carpio (OECD Guideline 203, Flow through.)
The statement of the toxic effect relates to the analytically determined concentration. The product may hydrolyse. The test result maybe partially due to degradation products.

Aquatic invertebrates:
EC50 (48 h) 15 mg/l, Daphnia magna (OECD Guideline 202, part 1, static)
The details of the toxic effect relate to the nominal concentration. The product may hydrolyse. The test result maybe partially due to degradation products.

Aquatic plants:
EC50 (72 h) 62 mg/l (growth rate), Desmodesmus subspicatus (OECD Guideline 201, static)
The details of the toxic effect relate to the nominal concentration. The product may hydrolyse. The test result maybe partially due to degradation products.

Microorganisms/Effect on activated sludge:
EC20 (30 min) > 1.000 mg/l, (DIN EN ISO 8192, aerobic)

Chronic toxicity to fish:
Study scientifically not justified.

Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates:
Study scientifically not justified.

Assessment of terrestrial toxicity:
No data available concerning terrestrial toxicity.
Study scientifically not justified.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Assessment biodegradation and elimination (H2O):
Readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria).

Elimination information:
70 - 80 % BOD of the ThOD (28 d) (OECD 301F; ISO 9408; 92/69/EEC, C.4-D) (aerobic, activated sludge, domestic)

Assessment of stability in water:
In contact with water the substance will hydrolyse rapidly.

Information on Stability in Water (Hydrolysis):
$t_{1/2}$ < 1 d, (Directive 92/69/EEC, C.7, pH 7)

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Assessment bioaccumulation potential:
Because of the n-octanol/water distribution coefficient (log Pow) accumulation in organisms is not to be expected.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Assessment transport between environmental compartments:
Volatility: The substance will rapidly evaporate into the atmosphere from the water surface.
Adsorption in soil: Adsorption to solid soil phase is not expected.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) No.1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH): The product does not fulfill the criteria for PBT (Persistent/bioaccumulative/toxic) and vPvB (very persistent/very bioaccumulative). Self classification

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

The substance is not identified to have endocrine disrupting properties according to Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 nor is included in the Candidate List of substances of very high concern according to EU REACh Article 59 for having endocrine disrupting properties.

12.7. Other adverse effects

The substance is not listed in Regulation (EC) 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer.

SECTION 13: Disposal Considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Observe national and local legal requirements.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

Land transport

ADR

	Not classified as a dangerous good under transport regulations
UN number or ID number:	Not applicable
UN proper shipping name:	Not applicable
Transport hazard class(es):	Not applicable
Packing group:	Not applicable
Environmental hazards:	Not applicable
Special precautions for user	None known

RID

	Not classified as a dangerous good under transport regulations
UN number or ID number:	Not applicable
UN proper shipping name:	Not applicable
Transport hazard class(es):	Not applicable
Packing group:	Not applicable
Environmental hazards:	Not applicable
Special precautions for user	None known

Inland waterway transport

ADN

	Not classified as a dangerous good under transport regulations
UN number or ID number:	Not applicable
UN proper shipping name:	Not applicable
Transport hazard class(es):	Not applicable
Packing group:	Not applicable
Environmental hazards:	Not applicable
Special precautions for user:	None known

Transport in inland waterway vessel
Not evaluated

Sea transport

IMDG

	Not classified as a dangerous good under transport regulations
UN number or ID number:	Not applicable
UN proper shipping name:	Not applicable
Transport hazard class(es):	Not applicable
Packing group:	Not applicable
Environmental hazards:	Not applicable
Special precautions for user	None known

Air transport

IATA/ICAO

	Not classified as a dangerous good under transport regulations
UN number or ID number:	Not applicable
UN proper shipping name:	Not applicable
Transport hazard class(es):	Not applicable
Packing group:	Not applicable
Environmental hazards:	Not applicable
Special precautions for user	None known

14.1. UN number or ID number
See corresponding entries for “UN number or ID number” for the respective regulations in the tables above.

14.2. UN proper shipping name

See corresponding entries for “UN proper shipping name” for the respective regulations in the tables above.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)
See corresponding entries for “Transport hazard class(es)” for the respective regulations in the tables above.

14.4. Packing group
See corresponding entries for “Packing group” for the respective regulations in the tables above.

14.5. Environmental hazards
See corresponding entries for “Environmental hazards” for the respective regulations in the tables above.

14.6. Special precautions for user
See corresponding entries for “Special precautions for user” for the respective regulations in the tables above.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Maritime transport in bulk is not intended.

SECTION 15: Regulatory Information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Water hazard class (§6 AwSV para.4 (Legal binding announcement of the substance in the Federal Gazette)): (1) Weakly water polluting. ID-No.: 1381

If other regulatory information applies that is not already provided elsewhere in this safety data sheet, then it is described in this subsection.

The following Swiss regulations must be observed for the professional use:

- Article 4 Paragraph 4 of the Ordinance on the Protection of young workers (SR 822.115) and Article 1 letter f of the EAER Ordinance on Dangerous Work for Young People (SR 822.115.2): Young people in an initial professional training can only work with this product (this substance / preparation) if this is foreseen in the respective education ordinance to achieve their education goal, the requirements of the education plan are fulfilled and the applicable age restrictions are observed. Young people who do not complete any initial professional training are not allowed to work with this product (this substance / this preparation). Employees of both genders up to the age of 18 are considered as young people.

15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment performed

SECTION 16: Other Information

Assessment of the hazard classes according to UN GHS criteria (most recent version)

Skin Corr./Irrit. 2
Eye Dam./Irrit. 2B
Flam. Liq. 4
Aquatic Acute 3
Skin Sens. 1B

Any other intended applications should be discussed with the manufacturer. Corresponding occupational protection measurements must be followed.

Full text of the classifications, including the hazard classes and the hazard statements, if mentioned in section 2 or 3:

Skin Corr./Irrit.	Skin corrosion/irritation
Eye Dam./Irrit.	Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Skin Sens.	Skin sensitization
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Abbreviations
ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road. ADN = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland waterways. ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimates. CAO = Cargo Aircraft Only. CAS = Chemical Abstract Service. CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging of substances and mixtures. DIN = German national organization for standardization. DNEL = Derived No Effect Level. EC50 = Effective concentration median for 50% of the population. EC = European Community. EN = European Standards. IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer. IATA = International Air Transport Association. IBC-Code = Intermediate Bulk Container code. IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code. ISO = International Organization for Standardization. STEL = Short-Term Exposure Limit. LC50 = Lethal concentration median for 50% of the population. LD50 = Lethal dose median for 50% of the population. TLV = Threshold Limit Value. MARPOL = The International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships. NEN = Dutch Norm. NOEC = No Observed Effect Concentration. OEL = Occupational Exposure Limit. OECD = Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic. PNEC = Predicted No Effect Level. PPM = Parts per million. RID = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail. TWA = Time Weight Average. UN-number = UN number at transport. vPvB = very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative.

The data contained in this safety data sheet are based on our current knowledge and experience and describe the product only with regard to safety requirements. This safety data sheet is neither a Certificate of Analysis (CoA) nor technical data sheet and shall not be mistaken for a specification agreement. Identified uses in this safety data sheet do neither represent an agreement on the corresponding contractual quality of the substance/mixture nor a contractually designated use. It is the responsibility of the recipient of the product to ensure any proprietary rights and existing laws and legislation are observed.

Vertical lines in the left hand margin indicate an amendment from the previous version.

Annex: Exposure Scenarios

Index

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1. Short title of exposure scenario

Compounding, (use in industrial settings)
ERC2; PROC1, PROC3, PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC15

Control of exposure and risk management measures

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	ERC2: Formulation into mixture
Operational conditions	
Annual amount per site	250.000 kg
Minimum emission days per year	250

Emission factor air	2,5 %
Emission factor water	0,2 %
Emission factor soil	0 %
Receive Surf. Water (Flow Rate).	18.000 m3/d
Dilution factor river	10
Dilution factor coast	100
Risk Management Measures	
Type of STP	Municipal STP
Assumed sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.000 m3/d
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Environment
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,938623
	Risk from environmental exposure is driven by soil.
Maximum amount of safe use	1.065,4 kg/d
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by soil.	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PROC1: Chemical production or refinery in closed process without likelihood of exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions. Use domain: industrial
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 100 %
Physical state	liquid
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	60 min 5 days per week
Indoor/Outdoor	Indoor
Risk Management Measures	
Wear chemically resistant gloves in combination with ‘basic’ employee training.	Effectiveness: 90 %
Avoid skin contact. Ensure minimization of manual phases	

Use suitable eye protection., Wear chemically resistant gloves in combination with 'basic' employee training.	
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Worker
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0034 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,001371
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Worker
	Worker - dermal, long-term - local
Exposure estimate	1 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,004234
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Worker
	Worker - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0164 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,005948
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PROC3: Manufacture or formulation in the chemical industry in closed batch processes with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment condition Use domain: industrial
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 100 %
Physical state	liquid
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	240 min 5 days per week
Indoor/Outdoor	Indoor
Risk Management Measures	
Local exhaust ventilation	Effectiveness: 90 %
Wear chemically resistant gloves in combination with 'basic' employee training.	Effectiveness: 90 %
Avoid skin contact. Ensure minimization of manual phases	
Use suitable eye protection., Wear chemically resistant gloves in	

combination with ‘basic’ employee training.	
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Worker
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0686 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,027429
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Worker
	Worker - dermal, long-term - local
Exposure estimate	20 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,084674
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Worker
	Worker - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	1,4721 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,535325
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes Use domain: industrial
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 100 %
Physical state	liquid
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	240 min 5 days per week
Indoor/Outdoor	Indoor
Risk Management Measures	
Local exhaust ventilation	Effectiveness: 90 %
Wear chemically resistant gloves in combination with ‘basic’ employee training.	Effectiveness: 90 %
Avoid skin contact. Ensure minimization of manual phases	
Use suitable eye protection., Wear chemically resistant gloves in combination with ‘basic’ employee training.	
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, Workplace measurements
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic

Exposure estimate	0,0691 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,027656
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, Workplace measurements
	Worker - dermal, long-term - local
Exposure estimate	10,08 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,042676
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Worker
	Worker - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	2,4536 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,892209
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes Use domain: industrial
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 100 %
Physical state	liquid
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	240 min 5 days per week
Indoor/Outdoor	Indoor
Risk Management Measures	
Local exhaust ventilation	Effectiveness: 90 %
Wear chemically resistant gloves in combination with ‘basic’ employee training.	Effectiveness: 90 %
Avoid skin contact. Ensure minimization of manual phases	
Use suitable eye protection., Wear chemically resistant gloves in combination with ‘basic’ employee training.	
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, Workplace measurements
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0124 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,004964
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, Workplace measurements
	Worker - dermal, long-term - local
Exposure estimate	1,81 µg/cm³

Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,007663
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Worker
	Worker - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	2,4536 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,892209
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PROC8a: Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at non-dedicated facilities Use domain: industrial
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 25 %
Physical state	liquid
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	240 min 5 days per week
Indoor/Outdoor	Indoor
Risk Management Measures	
Local exhaust ventilation	Effectiveness: 90 %
Wear chemically resistant gloves in combination with ‘basic’ employee training.	Effectiveness: 90 %
Avoid skin contact. Ensure minimization of manual phases	
Use suitable eye protection., Wear chemically resistant gloves in combination with ‘basic’ employee training.	
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,3429 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,137143
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - local
Exposure estimate	25 µg/cm³

Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,105843
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	1,2268 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,446105
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra Please note that a modified version has been used (see exposure estimates)	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PROC8b: Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at dedicated facilities Use domain: industrial
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 100 %
Physical state	liquid
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	60 min 5 days per week
Indoor/Outdoor	Indoor
Risk Management Measures	
Local exhaust ventilation	Effectiveness: 95 %
Wear chemically resistant gloves in combination with ‘basic’ employee training.	Effectiveness: 90 %
Avoid skin contact. Ensure minimization of manual phases	
Use suitable eye protection., Wear chemically resistant gloves in combination with ‘basic’ employee training.	
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Worker
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	1,3714 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,548571
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Worker
	Worker - dermal, long-term - local
Exposure estimate	100 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,42337

Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Worker
	Worker - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,4089 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,148702
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing). Use domain: industrial
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 25 %
Physical state	liquid
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	60 min 5 days per week
Indoor/Outdoor	Indoor
Risk Management Measures	
Local exhaust ventilation	Effectiveness: 90 %
Wear chemically resistant gloves in combination with ‘basic’ employee training.	Effectiveness: 90 %
Avoid skin contact. Ensure minimization of manual phases	
Use suitable eye protection., Wear chemically resistant gloves in combination with ‘basic’ employee training.	
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,1714 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,068571
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - local
Exposure estimate	25 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,105843

Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,2045 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,074351
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra Please note that a modified version has been used (see exposure estimates)	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PROC15: Use a laboratory reagent. Use domain: industrial
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 100 %
Physical state	liquid
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	15 min 5 days per week
Indoor/Outdoor	Indoor
Risk Management Measures	
Provide a good standard of general or controlled ventilation (5 to 10 air changes per hour)	Effectiveness: 70 %
Wear chemically resistant gloves in combination with ‘basic’ employee training.	Effectiveness: 90 %
Avoid skin contact. Ensure minimization of manual phases	
Use suitable eye protection., Wear chemically resistant gloves in combination with ‘basic’ employee training.	
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Worker
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0343 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,013714
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Worker
	Worker - dermal, long-term - local
Exposure estimate	10 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,042337

Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Worker
	Worker - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	1,2268 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,446105
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra	

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2. Short title of exposure scenario

Use in/as Formulation, (use in industrial settings)
ERC2; PROC1, PROC3, PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC14, PROC15

Control of exposure and risk management measures

Contributing exposure scenario		
Use descriptors covered	AISE SPERC 2.1.a.v2: AISE SPERC 2.1.a.v2	
Operational conditions		
Annual amount used in the EU	230.000 kg	
Minimum emission days per year	250	
Emission factor air	0 %	
Emission factor water	0,01 %	
Emission factor soil	0 %	
Receive Surf. Water (Flow Rate).	18.000 m3/d	
Dilution factor river	10	
Dilution factor coast	100	
Risk Management Measures		
Wastewater treatment measures considered suitable are, e.g.		Precipitation, Coagulation, Must be eliminated from water by chemical flocculation.
Type of STP		Municipal STP
Assumed sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)		2.000 m3/d
Exposure estimate and reference to its source		
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Environment	
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,04302	
	Risk from environmental exposure is driven by soil.	
Maximum amount of safe use	21.385,2 kg/d	

Risk from environmental exposure is driven by soil.	

Contributing exposure scenario		
Use descriptors covered	AISE SPERC 2.1.b.v2: AISE SPERC 2.1.b.v2	
Operational conditions		
Annual amount used in the EU	92.000 kg	
Minimum emission days per year	250	
Emission factor air	0 %	
Emission factor water	0,1 %	
Emission factor soil	0 %	
Receive Surf. Water (Flow Rate).	18.000 m3/d	
Dilution factor river	10	
Dilution factor coast	100	
Risk Management Measures		
Wastewater treatment measures considered suitable are, e.g.		Precipitation, Coagulation, Must be eliminated from water by chemical flocculation.
Type of STP		Municipal STP
Assumed sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)		2.000 m3/d
Exposure estimate and reference to its source		
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Environment	
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,17204	
	Risk from environmental exposure is driven by soil.	
Maximum amount of safe use	2.139 kg/d	
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by soil.		

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	AISE SPERC 2.1.c.v2: AISE SPERC 2.1.c.v2
Operational conditions	
Annual amount used in the EU	72.000 kg
Minimum emission days per year	250
Emission factor air	0 %

Emission factor water	0,2 %
Emission factor soil	0 %
Receive Surf. Water (Flow Rate).	18.000 m3/d
Dilution factor river	10
Dilution factor coast	100

Risk Management Measures	
Wastewater treatment measures considered suitable are, e.g.	Precipitation, Coagulation, Must be eliminated from water by chemical flocculation.
Type of STP	Municipal STP
Assumed sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.000 m3/d
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Environment
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,269273
	Risk from environmental exposure is driven by soil.
Maximum amount of safe use	1.069,5 kg/d
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by soil.	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	AISE SPERC 2.1.j.v2: AISE SPERC 2.1.j.v2
Operational conditions	
Annual amount used in the EU	67.000 kg
Minimum emission days per year	250
Emission factor air	0 %
Emission factor water	0,1 %
Emission factor soil	0 %
Receive Surf. Water (Flow Rate).	18.000 m3/d
Dilution factor river	10
Dilution factor coast	100
Risk Management Measures	
Wastewater treatment measures considered suitable are, e.g.	Nanofiltration (NR), Ultrafiltration (UF) or Reverse

	Osmosis (OR), Coagulation, Must be eliminated from water by chemical flocculation.
Type of STP	Municipal STP
Assumed sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.000 m3/d
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Environment
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,125294
	Risk from environmental exposure is driven by soil.
Maximum amount of safe use	2.139 kg/d
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by soil.	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	AISE SPERC 2.1.k.v2: AISE SPERC 2.1.k.v2
Operational conditions	
Annual amount used in the EU	36.000 kg
Minimum emission days per year	250
Emission factor air	0 %
Emission factor water	0,2 %
Emission factor soil	0 %
Receive Surf. Water (Flow Rate).	18.000 m3/d
Dilution factor river	10
Dilution factor coast	100
Risk Management Measures	
Wastewater treatment measures considered suitable are, e.g.	Nanofiltration (NR), Ultrafiltration (UF) or Reverse Osmosis (OR), Coagulation, Must be eliminated from water by chemical flocculation.
Type of STP	Municipal STP
Assumed sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.000 m3/d
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Environment
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,134643
	Risk from environmental exposure is driven by soil.
Maximum amount of safe use	1.069,5 kg/d

Risk from environmental exposure is driven by soil.	

Contributing exposure scenario		
Use descriptors covered	AISE SPERC 2.1.l.v2: AISE SPERC 2.1.l.v2	
Operational conditions		
Annual amount used in the EU	36.000 kg	
Minimum emission days per year	250	
Emission factor air	0 %	
Emission factor water	0,4 %	
Emission factor soil	0 %	
Receive Surf. Water (Flow Rate).	18.000 m3/d	
Dilution factor river	10	
Dilution factor coast	100	
Risk Management Measures		
Wastewater treatment measures considered suitable are, e.g.		Nanofiltration (NR), Ultrafiltration (UF) or Reverse Osmosis (OR), Coagulation, Must be eliminated from water by chemical flocculation.
Type of STP		Municipal STP
Assumed sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)		2.000 m3/d
Exposure estimate and reference to its source		
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Environment	
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,269273	
	Risk from environmental exposure is driven by soil.	
Maximum amount of safe use	534,8 kg/d	
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by soil.		

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	ERC2: Formulation into mixture
Operational conditions	
Annual amount used in the EU	102.000 kg
Minimum emission days per year	250

Emission factor air	0 %
Emission factor water	0 %
Emission factor soil	0,01 %
Receive Surf. Water (Flow Rate).	18.000 m3/d
Dilution factor river	10
Dilution factor coast	100
Risk Management Measures	
Type of STP	Municipal STP
Assumed sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.000 m3/d
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Environment
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,01339
	Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater.
Maximum amount of safe use	30.470,5 kg/d
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater.	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	ERC2: Formulation into mixture
Operational conditions	
Annual amount used in the EU	11.000 kg
Minimum emission days per year	250
Emission factor air	0 %
Emission factor water	2 %
Emission factor soil	0 %
Receive Surf. Water (Flow Rate).	18.000 m3/d
Dilution factor river	10
Dilution factor coast	100
Risk Management Measures	
Type of STP	Municipal STP
Assumed sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.000 m3/d
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	

Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Environment
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,411382
	Risk from environmental exposure is driven by soil.
Maximum amount of safe use	107 kg/d
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by soil.	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PROC1: Chemical production or refinery in closed process without likelihood of exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions. Use domain: industrial
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 25 %
Physical state	liquid
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	60 min 5 days per week
Indoor/Outdoor	Indoor
Risk Management Measures	
Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 - 5 air changes per hour)	Effectiveness: 30 %
Wear chemically resistant gloves in combination with ‘basic’ employee training.	Effectiveness: 90 %
Avoid skin contact. Ensure minimization of manual phases	
Use suitable eye protection., Wear chemically resistant gloves in combination with ‘basic’ employee training.	
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0009 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000343
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been

	considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - local
Exposure estimate	0,25 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,001058
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0029 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,001041
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra Please note that a modified version has been used (see exposure estimates)	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PROC3: Manufacture or formulation in the chemical industry in closed batch processes with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment condition Use domain: industrial
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 25 %
Physical state	liquid
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	240 min 5 days per week
Indoor/Outdoor	Indoor
Risk Management Measures	
Provide a good standard of general or controlled ventilation (5 to 10 air changes per hour)	Effectiveness: 70 %
Wear chemically resistant gloves in combination with ‘basic’ employee training.	Effectiveness: 90 %
Avoid skin contact. Ensure minimization of manual phases	
Use suitable eye protection., Wear chemically resistant gloves in combination with ‘basic’ employee training.	
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified

	version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0171 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,006857
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - local
Exposure estimate	5 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,021169
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	1,1041 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,401494
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra Please note that a modified version has been used (see exposure estimates)	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes Use domain: industrial
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 25 %
Physical state	liquid
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	240 min 5 days per week
Indoor/Outdoor	Indoor
Risk Management Measures	
Provide a good standard of general or controlled ventilation (5 to 10 air changes per hour)	Effectiveness: 70 %
Wear chemically resistant gloves in combination with ‘basic’ employee training.	Effectiveness: 90 %
Avoid skin contact. Ensure minimization of manual phases	
Use suitable eye protection., Wear chemically resistant gloves in	

combination with 'basic' employee training.	
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,3429 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,137143
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - local
Exposure estimate	50 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,211685
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	1,8402 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,669157
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra Please note that a modified version has been used (see exposure estimates)	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PROC8a: Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at non-dedicated facilities Use domain: industrial
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 10 %
Physical state	liquid
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	240 min 5 days per week
Indoor/Outdoor	Indoor
Risk Management Measures	
Provide a good standard of general or controlled ventilation (5 to 10 air changes per hour)	Effectiveness: 70 %
Wear chemically resistant gloves in combination with 'basic' employee	Effectiveness: 90 %

training.	
Avoid skin contact. Ensure minimization of manual phases	
Use suitable eye protection., Wear chemically resistant gloves in combination with 'basic' employee training.	
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,1371 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,054857
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - local
Exposure estimate	10 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,042337
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	1,4721 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,535325
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra Please note that a modified version has been used (see exposure estimates)	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PROC8b: Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at dedicated facilities Use domain: industrial
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 25 %
Physical state	liquid
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	60 min 5 days per week
Indoor/Outdoor	Indoor
Risk Management Measures	

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 - 5 air changes per hour)	Effectiveness: 30 %
Wear chemically resistant gloves in combination with 'basic' employee training.	Effectiveness: 90 %
Avoid skin contact. Ensure minimization of manual phases	
Use suitable eye protection., Wear chemically resistant gloves in combination with 'basic' employee training.	
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,3429 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,137143
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - local
Exposure estimate	25 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,105843
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	1,4313 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,520455
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra Please note that a modified version has been used (see exposure estimates)	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing). Use domain: industrial
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 10 %
Physical state	liquid
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C

Duration and Frequency of activity	60 min 5 days per week
Indoor/Outdoor	Indoor
Risk Management Measures	
Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 - 5 air changes per hour)	Effectiveness: 30 %
Wear chemically resistant gloves in combination with 'basic' employee training.	Effectiveness: 90 %
Avoid skin contact. Ensure minimization of manual phases	
Use suitable eye protection., Wear chemically resistant gloves in combination with 'basic' employee training.	
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0686 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,027429
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - local
Exposure estimate	10 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,042337
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,5725 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,208182
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra Please note that a modified version has been used (see exposure estimates)	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PROC14: Tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelletisation, granulation Use domain: industrial
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 10 %

Physical state	liquid
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	480 min 5 days per week
Indoor/Outdoor	Indoor
Risk Management Measures	
Provide a good standard of general or controlled ventilation (5 to 10 air changes per hour)	Effectiveness: 70 %
Wear chemically resistant gloves in combination with 'basic' employee training.	Effectiveness: 90 %
Avoid skin contact. Ensure minimization of manual phases	
Use suitable eye protection., Wear chemically resistant gloves in combination with 'basic' employee training.	
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0343 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,013714
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - local
Exposure estimate	5 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,021169
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	1,2268 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,446105
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra Please note that a modified version has been used (see exposure estimates)	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PROC15: Use a laboratory reagent. Use domain: industrial

Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 25 %
Physical state	liquid
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	15 min 5 days per week
Indoor/Outdoor	Indoor
Risk Management Measures	
Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 - 5 air changes per hour)	Effectiveness: 30 %
Wear chemically resistant gloves in combination with 'basic' employee training.	Effectiveness: 90 %
Avoid skin contact. Ensure minimization of manual phases	
Use suitable eye protection., Wear chemically resistant gloves in combination with 'basic' employee training.	
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0086 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,003429
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - local
Exposure estimate	2,5 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,010584
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,7156 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,260228
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra Please note that a modified version has been used (see exposure estimates)	

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3. Short title of exposure scenario

Use in Cleaning Agents, (use in industrial settings)
ERC4; PROC1, PROC2, PROC4, PROC7, PROC8b, PROC10, PROC13

Control of exposure and risk management measures

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	ERC4: Use of non-reactive processing aid at industrial site (no inclusion into or onto article)
Operational conditions	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PROC1: Chemical production or refinery in closed process without likelihood of exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions. Use domain: industrial
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 1 %
Physical state	liquid
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	480 min 5 days per week
Indoor/Outdoor	Indoor
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0003 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000137
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - local
Exposure estimate	0,1 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000423
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified

	version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0008 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000297
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra Please note that a modified version has been used (see exposure estimates)	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PROC2: Chemical production or refinery in closed continuous process with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions Use domain: industrial
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 1 %
Physical state	liquid
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	480 min 5 days per week
Indoor/Outdoor	Indoor
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0137 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,005486
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - local
Exposure estimate	2 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,008467
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0818 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,02974
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra Please note that a modified version has been used (see	

exposure estimates)

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PROC4: Chemical production where opportunity for exposure arises Use domain: industrial
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 1 %
Physical state	liquid
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	480 min 5 days per week
Indoor/Outdoor	Indoor
Risk Management Measures	
Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 - 5 air changes per hour)	Effectiveness: 30 %
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0686 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,027429
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - local
Exposure estimate	10 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,042337
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,2863 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,104091
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra Please note that a modified version has been used (see exposure estimates)	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PROC7: Industrial spraying

	Use domain: industrial
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 1 %
Physical state	liquid
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	60 min 5 days per week
Indoor/Outdoor	Outdoor
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,4286 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,171429
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - local
Exposure estimate	20 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,084674
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, Workplace measurements
	Worker - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0526 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,019128
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra Please note that a modified version has been used (see exposure estimates)	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PROC7: Industrial spraying Use domain: industrial
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 1 %
Physical state	liquid
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C

Duration and Frequency of activity	480 min 5 days per week
Indoor/Outdoor	Indoor
Risk Management Measures	
Local exhaust ventilation	Effectiveness: 95 %
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,4286 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,171429
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - local
Exposure estimate	20 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,084674
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, Workplace measurements
	Worker - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,1061 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,038573
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra Please note that a modified version has been used (see exposure estimates)	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PROC7: Industrial spraying Use domain: industrial
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 1 %
Physical state	liquid
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	480 min 5 days per week
Indoor/Outdoor	Indoor
Risk Management Measures	
Wear chemically resistant gloves in combination with ‘basic’ employee training.	Effectiveness: 90 %
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified

	version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0429 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,017143
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - local
Exposure estimate	2 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,008467
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, Workplace measurements
	Worker - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,2581 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,093847
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra Please note that a modified version has been used (see exposure estimates)	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PROC7: Industrial spraying Use domain: industrial
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 1 %
Physical state	liquid
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	480 min 5 days per week
Indoor/Outdoor	Outdoor
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, Reduction factor for local exhaust ventilation (LEV) has been used for the calculation of dermal exposure estimates., The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,4286 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,171429
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, Reduction factor for local exhaust ventilation (LEV) has been used for the calculation of dermal exposure estimates., The concentration of the substance

	has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - local
Exposure estimate	20 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,084674
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, Workplace measurements
	Worker - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0842 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,030605
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra Please note that a modified version has been used (see exposure estimates)	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PROC8b: Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at dedicated facilities Use domain: industrial
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 1 %
Physical state	liquid
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	60 min 5 days per week
Indoor/Outdoor	Indoor
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,1371 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,054857
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - local
Exposure estimate	10 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,042337
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0818 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,02974

Guidance to Downstream Users
For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra Please note that a modified version has been used (see exposure estimates)

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PROC10: Roller application or brushing Use domain: industrial
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 1 %
Physical state	liquid
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	480 min 5 days per week
Indoor/Outdoor	Outdoor
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, Reduction factor for local exhaust ventilation (LEV) has been used for the calculation of dermal exposure estimates., The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,2743 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,109714
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, Reduction factor for local exhaust ventilation (LEV) has been used for the calculation of dermal exposure estimates., The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - local
Exposure estimate	20 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,084674
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, Workplace measurements
	Worker - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,095 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,034544
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra Please note that a modified version has been used (see exposure estimates)	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PROC13: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring. Use domain: industrial

Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 1 %
Physical state	liquid
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	480 min 5 days per week
Indoor/Outdoor	Indoor
Risk Management Measures	
Local exhaust ventilation	Effectiveness: 90 %
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,1371 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,054857
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - local
Exposure estimate	20 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,084674
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0818 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,02974
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra Please note that a modified version has been used (see exposure estimates)	

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4. Short title of exposure scenario

Use as an intermediate, (use in industrial settings)
ERC6a; PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC15

Control of exposure and risk management measures

Contributing exposure scenario

Use descriptors covered	ERC6a: Use of intermediate No assessment required - Industrial use as intermediate under strictly controlled conditions
Operational conditions	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PROC1: Chemical production or refinery in closed process without likelihood of exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions. No assessment required - Industrial use as intermediate under strictly controlled conditions

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PROC2: Chemical production or refinery in closed continuous process with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions No assessment required - Industrial use as intermediate under strictly controlled conditions

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PROC3: Manufacture or formulation in the chemical industry in closed batch processes with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment condition No assessment required - Industrial use as intermediate under strictly controlled conditions

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PROC8b: Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at dedicated facilities No assessment required - Industrial use as intermediate under strictly controlled conditions

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing). No assessment required - Industrial use as intermediate under strictly controlled conditions

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PROC15: Use a laboratory reagent. No assessment required - Industrial use as intermediate under strictly controlled conditions

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5. Short title of exposure scenario

Use in Cleaning Agents, (use in professional settings)
ERC8a, ERC8d; PROC1, PROC2, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC10, PROC11, PROC13

Control of exposure and risk management measures

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	ERC8a: Widespread use of non-reactive processing aid (no inclusion into or onto article, indoor)
Operational conditions	
Annual amount used in the EU	510.000 kg
Minimum emission days per year	365
Emission factor air	100 %
Emission factor water	100 %
Emission factor soil	0 %
Receive Surf. Water (Flow Rate).	18.000 m3/d
Dilution factor river	10
Dilution factor coast	100
Risk Management Measures	
Type of STP	Municipal STP
Assumed sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.000 m3/d
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Environment
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,130654
	Risk from environmental exposure is driven by soil.
Maximum amount of safe use	2,1 kg/d
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by soil.	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	ERC8d: Widespread use of non-reactive processing aid (no inclusion into or onto article, outdoor)

Operational conditions	
Annual amount used in the EU	510.000 kg
Minimum emission days per year	365
Emission factor air	100 %
Emission factor water	100 %
Emission factor soil	20 %
Receive Surf. Water (Flow Rate).	18.000 m3/d
Dilution factor river	10
Dilution factor coast	100

Risk Management Measures	
Type of STP	Municipal STP
Assumed sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.000 m3/d

Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Environment
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,130654
	Risk from environmental exposure is driven by soil.
Maximum amount of safe use	2,1 kg/d
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by soil.	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PROC1: Chemical production or refinery in closed process without likelihood of exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions. Use domain: professional
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 1 %
Physical state	liquid
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	480 min 5 days per week
Indoor/Outdoor	Indoor
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	

Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0003 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000137
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - local
Exposure estimate	0,1 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000423
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0008 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000297
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra Please note that a modified version has been used (see exposure estimates)	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PROC2: Chemical production or refinery in closed continuous process with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions Use domain: professional
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 1 %
Physical state	liquid
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	480 min 5 days per week
Indoor/Outdoor	Indoor
Risk Management Measures	
Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 - 5 air changes per hour)	Effectiveness: 30 %
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.

	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0137 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,005486
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - local
Exposure estimate	2 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,008467
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,2863 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,104091
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra Please note that a modified version has been used (see exposure estimates)	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PROC4: Chemical production where opportunity for exposure arises Use domain: professional
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 1 %
Physical state	liquid
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	15 min 5 days per week
Indoor/Outdoor	Indoor
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0686 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,027429
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - local
Exposure estimate	10 µg/cm³

Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,042337
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, Workplace measurements
	Worker - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0066 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,002411
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra Please note that a modified version has been used (see exposure estimates)	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PROC4: Chemical production where opportunity for exposure arises Use domain: professional
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 1 %
Physical state	liquid
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	480 min 5 days per week
Indoor/Outdoor	Indoor
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0686 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,027429
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - local
Exposure estimate	10 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,042337
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, Workplace measurements
	Worker - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,2913 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,105925
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra Please note that a modified version has been used (see exposure estimates)	

Contributing exposure scenario

Use descriptors covered	PROC8a: Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at non-dedicated facilities Use domain: professional
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 1 %
Physical state	liquid
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	60 min 5 days per week
Indoor/Outdoor	Indoor
Risk Management Measures	
Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 - 5 air changes per hour)	Effectiveness: 30 %
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,1371 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,054857
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - local
Exposure estimate	10 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,042337
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,2863 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,104091
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra Please note that a modified version has been used (see exposure estimates)	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PROC8b: Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at dedicated facilities Use domain: professional

Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 1 %
Physical state	liquid
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	60 min 5 days per week
Indoor/Outdoor	Indoor
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,1371 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,054857
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - local
Exposure estimate	10 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,042337
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,1636 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,059481
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra Please note that a modified version has been used (see exposure estimates)	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PROC10: Roller application or brushing Use domain: professional
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 1 %
Physical state	liquid
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C

Duration and Frequency of activity	480 min 5 days per week
Indoor/Outdoor	Indoor
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,2743 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,109714
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - local
Exposure estimate	20 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,084674
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, Workplace measurements
	Worker - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,2913 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,105925
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra Please note that a modified version has been used (see exposure estimates)	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PROC10: Roller application or brushing Use domain: professional
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 1 %
Physical state	liquid
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	480 min 5 days per week
Indoor/Outdoor	Indoor
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,2743 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,109714
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified

	version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - local
Exposure estimate	20 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,084674
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, Workplace measurements
	Worker - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,141 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,051269
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra Please note that a modified version has been used (see exposure estimates)	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PROC10: Roller application or brushing Use domain: professional
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 1 %
Physical state	liquid
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	480 min 5 days per week
Indoor/Outdoor	Outdoor
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,2743 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,109714
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - local
Exposure estimate	20 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,084674
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, Workplace measurements
	Worker - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,095 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,034544
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra Please note that a modified version has been used (see	

exposure estimates)

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PROC10: Roller application or brushing Use domain: professional
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 1 %
Physical state	liquid
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	480 min 5 days per week
Indoor/Outdoor	Outdoor
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,2743 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,109714
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - local
Exposure estimate	20 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,084674
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, Workplace measurements
	Worker - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,1165 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,04237
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra Please note that a modified version has been used (see exposure estimates)	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PROC11: Non industrial spraying Use domain: professional
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 1 %
Physical state	liquid

Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	60 min 5 days per week
Indoor/Outdoor	Indoor
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, Workplace measurements
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0044 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,001776
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, Workplace measurements
	Worker - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,1613 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,058654

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PROC11: Non industrial spraying Use domain: professional
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 1 %
Physical state	liquid
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	60 min 5 days per week
Indoor/Outdoor	Outdoor
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, Workplace measurements
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0018 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000724
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, Workplace measurements
	Worker - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0526 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,019128

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PROC11: Non industrial spraying Use domain: professional
Operational conditions	

Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 1 %
Physical state	liquid
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	480 min 5 days per week
Indoor/Outdoor	Indoor
Risk Management Measures	
Wear chemically resistant gloves in combination with 'basic' employee training.	Effectiveness: 90 %
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,1071 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,042857
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - local
Exposure estimate	5 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,021169
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, Workplace measurements
	Worker - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,2581 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,093847
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra Please note that a modified version has been used (see exposure estimates)	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PROC13: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring. Use domain: professional
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 1 %
Physical state	liquid
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C

Duration and Frequency of activity	60 min 5 days per week
Indoor/Outdoor	Indoor
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,1371 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,054857
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - dermal, long-term - local
Exposure estimate	20 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,084674
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, worker, modified version, The concentration of the substance has been considered using a linear approach.
	Worker - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,1636 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,059481
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra Please note that a modified version has been used (see exposure estimates)	

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6. Short title of exposure scenario

Use in Cleaning Agents, (consumer use)
ERC8a, ERC8d; PC31, PC35

Control of exposure and risk management measures

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	ERC8a: Widespread use of non-reactive processing aid (no inclusion into or onto article, indoor)
Operational conditions	
Annual amount used in the EU	510.000 kg
Minimum emission days per year	365
Emission factor air	100 %
Emission factor water	100 %

Emission factor soil	0 %
Receive Surf. Water (Flow Rate).	18.000 m3/d
Dilution factor river	10
Dilution factor coast	100
Risk Management Measures	
Type of STP	Municipal STP
Assumed sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.000 m3/d
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Environment
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,130654
	Risk from environmental exposure is driven by soil.
Maximum amount of safe use	2,1 kg/d
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by soil.	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	ERC8d: Widespread use of non-reactive processing aid (no inclusion into or onto article, outdoor)
Operational conditions	
Annual amount used in the EU	510.000 kg
Minimum emission days per year	365
Emission factor air	100 %
Emission factor water	100 %
Emission factor soil	20 %
Receive Surf. Water (Flow Rate).	18.000 m3/d
Dilution factor river	10
Dilution factor coast	100
Risk Management Measures	
Type of STP	Municipal STP
Assumed sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.000 m3/d
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Environment
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,130654

	Risk from environmental exposure is driven by soil.
Maximum amount of safe use	2,1 kg/d
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by soil.	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC31: Polishes and Wax Blends. In accordance to the Article 14 (2a-f) of the REACh Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, exposure estimation and risk characterisation needs not to be performed if the substance in a preparation is less than 0.1%.
Operational conditions	
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,22 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	Exposure duration: 0,75 min Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Duration and Frequency of activity	Application duration: 0,3 min Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Duration and Frequency of activity	365 uses per year
Room size	1 m3
Ventilation rate per hour	2
Temperature (Application)	21 °C
body weight	65 kg
Uptake fraction dermal	100 %
	Amount per use 0,01 g Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Release area	20 cm²
	Release area is constant

Release duration	0,3 min
	Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: instant application, Uptake model: Uptake fraction
	Consumer - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0003 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000271
	The calculation is based on the internal chronic dose.
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Inhalation model: exposure to vapour - evaporation
	Consumer - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0027 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,004041
	The exposure calculation is based on the mean concentration on the day of exposure.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,22 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
body weight	65 kg
	Amount per use 0,01 g Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: instant application
	Consumer - dermal, short-term - local
Exposure estimate	0,0001 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000433
	The calculation is based on the external dose.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).

Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,22 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	365 uses per year
body weight	65 kg
Skin contact factor	80 %
Uptake fraction dermal	100 %
Leachable fraction	0,000007 %
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: migration, Uptake model: Uptake fraction
	Consumer - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0009 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000689
	The calculation is based on the internal chronic dose.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,22 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
body weight	65 kg
Skin contact factor	80 %
Leachable fraction	0,000007 %
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: migration
	Consumer - dermal, short-term - local

Exposure estimate	0,0001 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000017
	The calculation is based on the external dose.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,66 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	Exposure duration: 3 min Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Duration and Frequency of activity	Application duration: 2 min Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Duration and Frequency of activity	260 uses per year
Room size	2,5 m3
Ventilation rate per hour	2
Temperature (Application)	21 °C
body weight	65 kg
Uptake fraction dermal	100 %
	Amount per use 2,2 g Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Release area	750 cm²
	Release area is constant
Release duration	2 min
	Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: instant application, Uptake model: Uptake fraction
	Consumer - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,1591 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,127299
	The calculation is based on the internal chronic dose.
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Inhalation model: exposure to vapour - evaporation
	Consumer - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0157 mg/m³

Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,023021
	The exposure calculation is based on the mean concentration on the day of exposure.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,66 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
body weight	65 kg
	Amount per use 2,2 g Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: instant application
	Consumer - dermal, short-term - local
Exposure estimate	0,0675 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,285922
	The calculation is based on the external dose.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,66 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	Exposure duration: 3 min Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Duration and Frequency of activity	Application duration: 2 min Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates

Duration and Frequency of activity	120 uses per year
Room size	2,5 m3
Ventilation rate per hour	2
Temperature (Application)	21 °C
body weight	65 kg
Uptake fraction dermal	100 %
	Amount per use 2,2 g Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Release area	750 cm²
	Release area is constant
Release duration	2 min
	Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: instant application, Uptake model: Uptake fraction
	Consumer - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0734 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,058753
	The calculation is based on the internal chronic dose.
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Inhalation model: exposure to vapour - evaporation
	Consumer - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0157 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,023021
	The exposure calculation is based on the mean concentration on the day of exposure.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,66 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
body weight	65 kg
	Amount per use 2,2 g Relevant for dermal exposure estimates

Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: instant application
	Consumer - dermal, short-term - local
Exposure estimate	0,0675 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,285922
	The calculation is based on the external dose.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,66 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	Exposure duration: 24 h Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Duration and Frequency of activity	365 uses per year
body weight	65 kg
Release duration	86400 min
	Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Inhalation model: exposure to vapour - constant rate
	Consumer - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0628 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,092396
	The exposure calculation is based on the mean concentration on the day of exposure.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,66 %

Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	Exposure duration: 24 h Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Duration and Frequency of activity	365 uses per year
body weight	65 kg
Release duration	43200 min
	Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Inhalation model: exposure to vapour - constant rate
	Consumer - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0539 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,079197
	The exposure calculation is based on the mean concentration on the day of exposure.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,22 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	Exposure duration: 0,75 min Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Duration and Frequency of activity	Application duration: 0,3 min Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Duration and Frequency of activity	104 uses per year
Room size	1 m3
Ventilation rate per hour	0,5
Temperature (Application)	21 °C
body weight	65 kg
Uptake fraction dermal	100 %

	Amount per use 0,01 g Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Release area	20 cm²
	Release area is constant
Release duration	0,3 min
	Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: instant application, Uptake model: Uptake fraction
	Consumer - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0001 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000077
	The calculation is based on the internal chronic dose.
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Inhalation model: exposure to vapour - evaporation
	Consumer - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0001 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000001
	The exposure calculation is based on the mean concentration on the day of exposure.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,22 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
body weight	65 kg
	Amount per use 0,01 g Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: instant application
	Consumer - dermal, short-term - local
Exposure estimate	0,0001 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000433
	The calculation is based on the external dose.
Guidance to Downstream Users	

For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,22 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	Exposure duration: 240 min Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Duration and Frequency of activity	Application duration: 20 min Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Duration and Frequency of activity	104 uses per year
Room size	58 m3
Ventilation rate per hour	0,5
Temperature (Application)	21 °C
body weight	65 kg
Uptake fraction dermal	100 %
	Amount per use 19 g Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Release area	100000 cm^2
	Release area increases over time
Release duration	20 min
	Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: instant application, Uptake model: Uptake fraction
	Consumer - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,1832 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,146586
	The calculation is based on the internal chronic dose.
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Inhalation model: exposure to vapour - evaporation
	Consumer - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,2692 mg/m^3
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,39587
	The exposure calculation is based on the mean concentration on the day of exposure.
Guidance to Downstream Users	

For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,22 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
body weight	65 kg
	Amount per use 19 g Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: instant application
	Consumer - dermal, short-term - local
Exposure estimate	0,022 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,093141
	The calculation is based on the external dose.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,22 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	Exposure duration: 0,75 min Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Duration and Frequency of activity	Application duration: 0,3 min Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Duration and Frequency of activity	4 uses per year
Room size	1 m3
Ventilation rate per hour	2

Temperature (Application)	21 °C
body weight	65 kg
Uptake fraction dermal	100 %
	Amount per use 0,01 g Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Release area	20 cm²
	Release area is constant
Release duration	0,3 min
	Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: instant application, Uptake model: Uptake fraction
	Consumer - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0001 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000003
	The calculation is based on the internal chronic dose.
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Inhalation model: exposure to vapour - evaporation
	Consumer - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0001 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000001
	The exposure calculation is based on the mean concentration on the day of exposure.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,22 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
body weight	65 kg
	Amount per use 0,01 g Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: instant application
	Consumer - dermal, short-term - local

Exposure estimate	0,0001 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000433
	The calculation is based on the external dose.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,22 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	Exposure duration: 25 min Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Duration and Frequency of activity	Application duration: 20 min Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Duration and Frequency of activity	4 uses per year
Room size	10 m3
Ventilation rate per hour	2
Temperature (Application)	21 °C
body weight	65 kg
Uptake fraction dermal	100 %
	Amount per use 19 g Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Release area	64000 cm²
	Release area increases over time
Release duration	20 min
	Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: instant application, Uptake model: Uptake fraction
	Consumer - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,007 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,005638
	The calculation is based on the internal chronic dose.
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Inhalation model: exposure to vapour - evaporation
	Consumer - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0279 mg/m³

Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,040989
	The exposure calculation is based on the mean concentration on the day of exposure.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,22 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
body weight	65 kg
	Amount per use 19 g Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: instant application
	Consumer - dermal, short-term - local
Exposure estimate	0,022 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,093141
	The calculation is based on the external dose.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,55 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	Exposure duration: 60 min Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Duration and Frequency of activity	365 uses per year

Room size	15 m3
Ventilation rate per hour	2,5
body weight	65 kg
Uptake fraction dermal	100 %
Spray duration	24,6 sec
Contact rate	46 mg/min
Release duration	0,41 min
	Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Risk Management Measures	
Consumer Measures	Ensure spraying away from persons.
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: constant application rate, Uptake model: Uptake fraction
	Consumer - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0016 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,001277
	The calculation is based on the internal chronic dose.
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Inhalation model: Exposure to spray/dust
	Consumer - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0006 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000834
	The exposure calculation is based on the mean concentration on the day of exposure.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,4 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
body weight	65 kg
Contact rate	46 mg/min
Release duration	0,41 min
	Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: constant

	application rate
	Consumer - dermal, short-term - local
Exposure estimate	0,0001 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000153
	The calculation is based on the external dose.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,55 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	Exposure duration: 60 min Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Duration and Frequency of activity	Application duration: 10 min Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Duration and Frequency of activity	365 uses per year
Room size	15 m3
Ventilation rate per hour	2,5
Temperature (Application)	21 °C
body weight	65 kg
Uptake fraction dermal	100 %
	Amount per use 0,16 g Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Release area	17100 cm²
	Release area is constant
Release duration	10 min
	Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: instant application, Uptake model: Uptake fraction
	Consumer - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0135 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,010831
	The calculation is based on the internal chronic dose.
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Inhalation model: exposure to vapour - evaporation

	Consumer - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0909 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,133631
	The exposure calculation is based on the mean concentration on the day of exposure.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,55 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
body weight	65 kg
	Amount per use 0,16 g Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: instant application
	Consumer - dermal, short-term - local
Exposure estimate	0,0041 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,017329
	The calculation is based on the external dose.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,22 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	Exposure duration: 25 min Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates

Duration and Frequency of activity	52 uses per year
Room size	10 m3
Ventilation rate per hour	2
body weight	65 kg
Uptake fraction dermal	100 %
Spray duration	90 sec
Contact rate	46 mg/min
Release duration	1,5 min
	Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Risk Management Measures	
Consumer Measures	Ensure spraying away from persons.
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: constant application rate, Uptake model: Uptake fraction
	Consumer - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0003 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000266
	The calculation is based on the internal chronic dose.
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Inhalation model: Exposure to spray/dust
	Consumer - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0029 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,004324
	The exposure calculation is based on the mean concentration on the day of exposure.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,22 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
body weight	65 kg
Contact rate	46 mg/min
Release duration	1,5 min
	Relevant for dermal exposure estimates

Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: constant application rate
	Consumer - dermal, short-term - local
Exposure estimate	0,0001 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000309
	The calculation is based on the external dose.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,22 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	Exposure duration: 25 min Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Duration and Frequency of activity	Application duration: 20 min Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Duration and Frequency of activity	52 uses per year
Room size	10 m3
Ventilation rate per hour	2
Temperature (Application)	21 °C
body weight	65 kg
Uptake fraction dermal	100 %
	Amount per use 0,3 g Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Release area	64000 cm²
	Release area is constant
Release duration	20 min
	Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: instant application, Uptake model: Uptake fraction
	Consumer - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0014 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,001157
	The calculation is based on the internal chronic dose.

Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Inhalation model: exposure to vapour - evaporation
	Consumer - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0777 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,11425
	The exposure calculation is based on the mean concentration on the day of exposure.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,22 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
body weight	65 kg
	Amount per use 0,3 g Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: instant application
	Consumer - dermal, short-term - local
Exposure estimate	0,0031 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,012996
	The calculation is based on the external dose.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,22 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C

Duration and Frequency of activity	Exposure duration: 60 min Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Duration and Frequency of activity	26 uses per year
Room size	15 m3
Ventilation rate per hour	2,5
body weight	65 kg
Uptake fraction dermal	100 %
Spray duration	30 sec
Contact rate	46 mg/min
Release duration	0,5 min
	Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Risk Management Measures	
Consumer Measures	Ensure spraying away from persons.
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: constant application rate, Uptake model: Uptake fraction
	Consumer - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0001 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000044
	The calculation is based on the internal chronic dose.
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Inhalation model: Exposure to spray/dust
	Consumer - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0003 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000407
	The exposure calculation is based on the mean concentration on the day of exposure.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,22 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
body weight	65 kg
Contact rate	46 mg/min

Release duration	0,5 min
	Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: constant application rate
	Consumer - dermal, short-term - local
Exposure estimate	0,0001 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000103
	The calculation is based on the external dose.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,22 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	26 uses per year
body weight	65 kg
Uptake fraction dermal	100 %
	Amount per use 0,2 g Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: instant application, Uptake model: Uptake fraction
	Consumer - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0005 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000386
	The calculation is based on the internal chronic dose.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate

	Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,22 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
body weight	65 kg
	Amount per use 0,2 g Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: instant application
	Consumer - dermal, short-term - local
Exposure estimate	0,001 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,004332
	The calculation is based on the external dose.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,22 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	Exposure duration: 0,75 min Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Duration and Frequency of activity	Application duration: 0,3 min Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Duration and Frequency of activity	< 1 uses per year
Room size	1 m3
Ventilation rate per hour	0,5
Temperature (Application)	21 °C
body weight	65 kg
Uptake fraction dermal	100 %
	Amount per use 0,01 g Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Release area	20 cm²

	Release area is constant
Release duration	0,3 min
	Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: instant application, Uptake model: Uptake fraction
	Consumer - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0001 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000001
	The calculation is based on the internal chronic dose.
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Inhalation model: exposure to vapour - evaporation
	Consumer - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0011 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,001628
	The exposure calculation is based on the mean concentration on the day of exposure.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,22 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
body weight	65 kg
	Amount per use 0,01 g Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: instant application
	Consumer - dermal, short-term - local
Exposure estimate	0,0001 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000433
	The calculation is based on the external dose.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent

	based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,22 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	Exposure duration: 110 min Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Duration and Frequency of activity	Application duration: 110 min Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Duration and Frequency of activity	< 1 uses per year
Room size	58 m3
Ventilation rate per hour	0,5
Temperature (Application)	21 °C
body weight	65 kg
Uptake fraction dermal	100 %
	Amount per use 27 g Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Release area	220000 cm²
	Release area increases over time
Release duration	110 min
	Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: instant application, Uptake model: Uptake fraction
	Consumer - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0013 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,001001
	The calculation is based on the internal chronic dose.
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Inhalation model: exposure to vapour - evaporation
	Consumer - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,1235 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,181591
	The exposure calculation is based on the mean concentration on the day of exposure.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent

	based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,22 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
body weight	65 kg
	Amount per use 27 g Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: instant application
	Consumer - dermal, short-term - local
Exposure estimate	0,0691 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,292421
	The calculation is based on the external dose.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,22 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	Exposure duration: 22 min Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Duration and Frequency of activity	< 1 uses per year
Room size	58 m3
Ventilation rate per hour	0,5
body weight	65 kg
Uptake fraction dermal	100 %
Spray duration	1320 sec
Contact rate	5 mg/min

Release duration	22 min
	Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Risk Management Measures	
Consumer Measures	Ensure spraying away from persons.
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: constant application rate, Uptake model: Uptake fraction
	Consumer - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0001 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000004
	The calculation is based on the internal chronic dose.
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Inhalation model: Exposure to spray/dust
	Consumer - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0117 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,017185
	The exposure calculation is based on the mean concentration on the day of exposure.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,22 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
body weight	65 kg
Contact rate	5 mg/min
Release duration	22 min
	Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: constant application rate
	Consumer - dermal, short-term - local
Exposure estimate	0,0001 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000492
	The calculation is based on the external dose.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,22 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	14 uses per year
Duration and Frequency of activity	14 uses per year
body weight	8,69 kg
Uptake fraction dermal	100 %
Uptake fraction oral	100 %
	Amount ingested 0,384 mg Relevant for oral exposure estimates
Transfer coefficient	1,666667 cm²/s
Dislodgeable amount	0,0003 g/cm²
Contact time	3600 sec
Rubbed surface	22 m²
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: rubbing off, Uptake model: Uptake fraction
	Consumer - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0175 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,013983
	The calculation is based on the internal chronic dose.
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Oral model: direct intake, Uptake model: Uptake fraction
	Consumer - oral, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0001 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000019
	The calculation is based on the internal chronic dose.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).

Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,22 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
body weight	8,69 kg
Transfer coefficient	1,666667 cm²/s
Dislodgeable amount	0,0003 g/cm²
Contact time	3600 sec
Rubbed surface	22 m²
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: rubbing off
	Consumer - dermal, short-term - local
Exposure estimate	0,0008 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,003493
	The calculation is based on the external dose.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,22 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	10 uses per year
body weight	65 kg
Uptake fraction dermal	100 %
	Amount per use 0,07 g Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: instant application, Uptake model: Uptake fraction
	Consumer - dermal, long-term - systemic

Exposure estimate	0,0001 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000052
	The calculation is based on the internal chronic dose.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,22 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
body weight	65 kg
	Amount per use 0,07 g Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: instant application
	Consumer - dermal, short-term - local
Exposure estimate	0,0007 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,003033
	The calculation is based on the external dose.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,22 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	Exposure duration: 60 min Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Duration and Frequency of activity	Application duration: 2 min Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates

Duration and Frequency of activity	365 uses per year
Room size	20 m3
Ventilation rate per hour	0,6
Temperature (Application)	21 °C
body weight	65 kg
Uptake fraction dermal	100 %
	Amount per use 0,047 g Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Release area	20000 cm²
	Release area increases over time
Release duration	2 min
	Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: instant application, Uptake model: Uptake fraction
	Consumer - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0016 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,001273
	The calculation is based on the internal chronic dose.
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Inhalation model: exposure to vapour - evaporation
	Consumer - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0115 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,016973
	The exposure calculation is based on the mean concentration on the day of exposure.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,22 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
body weight	65 kg
	Amount per use 0,047 g Relevant for dermal exposure estimates

Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: instant application
	Consumer - dermal, short-term - local
Exposure estimate	0,0005 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,002036
	The calculation is based on the external dose.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,11 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	Exposure duration: 0,25 min Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Duration and Frequency of activity	365 uses per year
Room size	1 m3
Ventilation rate per hour	2
body weight	65 kg
	Amount per use 0,27 µg Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Inhalation model: evaporation model - instantaneous release
	Consumer - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0001 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000001
	The exposure calculation is based on the mean concentration on the day of exposure.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	

Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,11 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	104 uses per year
body weight	65 kg
Uptake fraction dermal	100 %
	Amount per use 19 g Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: instant application, Uptake model: Uptake fraction
	Consumer - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0916 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,073293
	The calculation is based on the internal chronic dose.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,11 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
body weight	65 kg
	Amount per use 19 g Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: instant application
	Consumer - dermal, short-term - local
Exposure estimate	0,011 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,046571
	The calculation is based on the external dose.

Guidance to Downstream Users
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,11 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	365 uses per year
body weight	65 kg
Skin contact factor	80 %
Uptake fraction dermal	100 %
Leachable fraction	0,000003 %
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: migration, Uptake model: Uptake fraction
	Consumer - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0004 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000295
	The calculation is based on the internal chronic dose.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,11 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
body weight	65 kg

Skin contact factor	80 %
Leachable fraction	0,000003 %
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: migration
	Consumer - dermal, short-term - local
Exposure estimate	0,0001 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000006
	The calculation is based on the external dose.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,11 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	Exposure duration: 0,75 min Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Duration and Frequency of activity	Application duration: 0,3 min Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Duration and Frequency of activity	365 uses per year
Room size	1 m3
Ventilation rate per hour	2
Temperature (Application)	21 °C
body weight	65 kg
Uptake fraction dermal	100 %
	Amount per use 0,01 g Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Release area	20 cm²
	Release area is constant
Release duration	0,3 min
	Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: instant application, Uptake model: Uptake fraction
	Consumer - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0002 mg/kg bw/day

Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000135
	The calculation is based on the internal chronic dose.
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Inhalation model: exposure to vapour - evaporation
	Consumer - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0014 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,002019
	The exposure calculation is based on the mean concentration on the day of exposure.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,11 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
body weight	65 kg
	Amount per use 0,01 g Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: instant application
	Consumer - dermal, short-term - local
Exposure estimate	0,0001 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000217
	The calculation is based on the external dose.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,11 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa

Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	104 uses per year
body weight	65 kg
Uptake fraction dermal	100 %
	Amount per use 19 g Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: instant application, Uptake model: Uptake fraction
	Consumer - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0916 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,073293
	The calculation is based on the internal chronic dose.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,11 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
body weight	65 kg
	Amount per use 19 g Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: instant application
	Consumer - dermal, short-term - local
Exposure estimate	0,011 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,046571
	The calculation is based on the external dose.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent

	based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,11 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	365 uses per year
body weight	65 kg
Skin contact factor	80 %
Uptake fraction dermal	100 %
Leachable fraction	0,000003 %
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: migration, Uptake model: Uptake fraction
	Consumer - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0004 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000295
	The calculation is based on the internal chronic dose.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,11 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
body weight	65 kg
Skin contact factor	80 %
Leachable fraction	0,000003 %
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: migration

	Consumer - dermal, short-term - local
Exposure estimate	0,0001 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000006
	The calculation is based on the external dose.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,11 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	Exposure duration: 0,25 min Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Duration and Frequency of activity	252 uses per year
Room size	1 m3
Ventilation rate per hour	2,5
body weight	65 kg
	Amount per use 0,27 µg Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Inhalation model: evaporation model - instantaneous release
	Consumer - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0001 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000001
	The exposure calculation is based on the mean concentration on the day of exposure.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,11 %

Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	365 uses per year
body weight	65 kg
Uptake fraction oral	100 %
	Amount ingested 0,084 mg Relevant for oral exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Oral model: direct intake, Uptake model: Uptake fraction
	Consumer - oral, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0001 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000007
	The calculation is based on the internal chronic dose.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,11 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	Exposure duration: 0,75 min Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Duration and Frequency of activity	Application duration: 0,3 min Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Duration and Frequency of activity	35 uses per year
Room size	1 m3
Ventilation rate per hour	2,5
Temperature (Application)	21 °C
body weight	65 kg
Uptake fraction dermal	100 %
	Amount per use 0,01 g Relevant for dermal exposure

	estimates
Release area	20 cm²
	Release area is constant
Release duration	0,3 min
	Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: instant application, Uptake model: Uptake fraction
	Consumer - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0001 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000013
	The calculation is based on the internal chronic dose.
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Inhalation model: exposure to vapour - evaporation
	Consumer - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0009 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,001344
	The exposure calculation is based on the mean concentration on the day of exposure.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,11 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
body weight	65 kg
	Amount per use 0,01 g Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: instant application
	Consumer - dermal, short-term - local
Exposure estimate	0,0001 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000217
	The calculation is based on the external dose.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,11 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	Exposure duration: 0,75 min Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Duration and Frequency of activity	Application duration: 0,3 min Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Duration and Frequency of activity	426 uses per year
Room size	1 m3
Ventilation rate per hour	2,5
Temperature (Application)	21 °C
body weight	65 kg
Uptake fraction dermal	100 %
	Amount per use 0,01 g Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Release area	20 cm²
	Release area is constant
Release duration	0,3 min
	Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: instant application, Uptake model: Uptake fraction
	Consumer - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0002 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000158
	The calculation is based on the internal chronic dose.
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Inhalation model: exposure to vapour - evaporation
	Consumer - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0001 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000001
	The exposure calculation is based on the mean concentration on the day of exposure.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,11 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
body weight	65 kg
	Amount per use 0,01 g Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: instant application
	Consumer - dermal, short-term - local
Exposure estimate	0,0001 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000217
	The calculation is based on the external dose.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,11 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	Exposure duration: 60 min Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Duration and Frequency of activity	Application duration: 16 min Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Duration and Frequency of activity	426 uses per year
Room size	15 m3
Ventilation rate per hour	2,5
Temperature (Application)	21 °C
body weight	65 kg

Uptake fraction dermal	100 %
	Amount per use 8,6 g Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Release area	1500 cm²
	Release area is constant
Release duration	16 min
	Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: instant application, Uptake model: Uptake fraction
	Consumer - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,1699 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,135889
	The calculation is based on the internal chronic dose.
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Inhalation model: exposure to vapour - evaporation
	Consumer - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0005 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000727
	The exposure calculation is based on the mean concentration on the day of exposure.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,11 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	Exposure duration: 60 min Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Duration and Frequency of activity	Application duration: 16 min Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Duration and Frequency of activity	426 uses per year
Room size	15 m3
Ventilation rate per hour	2,5
Temperature (Application)	21 °C
body weight	65 kg

	Amount per use 8,6 g Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Release area	1500 cm²
	Release area is constant
Release duration	16 min
	Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: instant application
	Consumer - dermal, short-term - local
Exposure estimate	0,011 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,046571
	The calculation is based on the external dose.
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Inhalation model: exposure to vapour - evaporation
	Consumer - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0005 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000727
	The exposure calculation is based on the mean concentration on the day of exposure.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,11 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	365 uses per year
body weight	65 kg
Uptake fraction oral	100 %
	Amount ingested 0,42 mg Relevant for oral exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Oral model: direct intake, Uptake model: Uptake fraction
	Consumer - oral, long-term - systemic

Exposure estimate	0,0001 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000036
	The calculation is based on the internal chronic dose.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,11 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	128 uses per year
body weight	65 kg
Uptake fraction dermal	100 %
	Amount per use 0,65 g Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: instant application, Uptake model: Uptake fraction
	Consumer - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0039 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,003086
	The calculation is based on the internal chronic dose.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,11 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C

body weight	65 kg
	Amount per use 0,65 g Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: instant application
	Consumer - dermal, short-term - local
Exposure estimate	0,0017 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,00704
	The calculation is based on the external dose.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,11 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	Exposure duration: 10 min Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Duration and Frequency of activity	128 uses per year
Room size	10 m3
Ventilation rate per hour	2
body weight	65 kg
Uptake fraction dermal	100 %
Spray duration	3 sec
Contact rate	46 mg/min
Release duration	0,05 min
	Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Risk Management Measures	
Consumer Measures	Ensure spraying away from persons.
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: constant application rate, Uptake model: Uptake fraction
	Consumer - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0001 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000011

	The calculation is based on the internal chronic dose.
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Inhalation model: Exposure to spray/dust
	Consumer - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0001 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000026
	The exposure calculation is based on the mean concentration on the day of exposure.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,11 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
body weight	65 kg
Contact rate	46 mg/min
Release duration	0,05 min
	Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: constant application rate
	Consumer - dermal, short-term - local
Exposure estimate	0,0001 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000005
	The calculation is based on the external dose.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,11 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa

Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	128 uses per year
body weight	65 kg
Uptake fraction dermal	100 %
	Amount per use 2 g Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: instant application, Uptake model: Uptake fraction
	Consumer - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0119 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,009495
	The calculation is based on the internal chronic dose.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent based products).
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,11 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
body weight	65 kg
	Amount per use 2 g Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: instant application
	Consumer - dermal, short-term - local
Exposure estimate	0,0051 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,021661
	The calculation is based on the external dose.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC35: Washing and Cleaning Products (including solvent

	based products). Other products of this category do either not exceed a concentration of 0.1% for this substance or exposure estimations are covered by the calculations made for this product category. In accordance to the Article 14 (2a-f) of the REACh Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, exposure estimation and risk characterisation needs not to be performed if the substance in a preparation is less than 0.1%.
Operational conditions	
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C

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7. Short title of exposure scenario

Use in/as Air care products, (consumer use)
ERC8a; PC3

Control of exposure and risk management measures

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	ERC8a: Widespread use of non-reactive processing aid (no inclusion into or onto article, indoor)
Operational conditions	
Annual amount used in the EU	510.000 kg
Minimum emission days per year	365
Emission factor air	100 %
Emission factor water	100 %
Emission factor soil	0 %
Receive Surf. Water (Flow Rate).	18.000 m3/d
Dilution factor river	10
Dilution factor coast	100
Risk Management Measures	
Type of STP	Municipal STP

Assumed sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.000 m3/d
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Environment
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,130654
	Risk from environmental exposure is driven by soil.
Maximum amount of safe use	2,1 kg/d
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by soil.	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC3: Air care products.
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 3,4 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	Exposure duration: 480 min Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Duration and Frequency of activity	150 uses per year
Room size	16 m3
Ventilation rate per hour	1
body weight	65 kg
Spray duration	28800 sec
Risk Management Measures	
Consumer Measures	Ensure spraying away from persons.
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Inhalation model: Exposure to spray/dust
	Consumer - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0145 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,021371
	The exposure calculation is based on the mean concentration on the day of exposure.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC3: Air care products.
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate

	Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,17 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	Exposure duration: 240 min Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Duration and Frequency of activity	90 uses per year
Room size	58 m3
Ventilation rate per hour	0,5
body weight	65 kg
Uptake fraction dermal	100 %
Spray duration	19,8 sec
Contact rate	269 mg/min
Release duration	0,33 min
	Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Risk Management Measures	
Consumer Measures	Ensure spraying away from persons.
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: constant application rate, Uptake model: Uptake fraction
	Consumer - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0006 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000458
	The calculation is based on the internal chronic dose.
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Inhalation model: Exposure to spray/dust
	Consumer - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0007 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,001015
	The exposure calculation is based on the mean concentration on the day of exposure.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC3: Air care products.
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,17 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa

Process temperature	20 °C
body weight	65 kg
Contact rate	269 mg/min
Release duration	0,33 min
	Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: constant application rate
	Consumer - dermal, short-term - local
Exposure estimate	0,0001 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000037
	The calculation is based on the external dose.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC3: Air care products.
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,17 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	90 uses per year
Duration and Frequency of activity	Exposure duration: 60 min Relevant for oral exposure estimates
Duration and Frequency of activity	90 uses per year
body weight	8,69 kg
Uptake fraction dermal	100 %
Uptake fraction oral	100 %
Transfer coefficient	1,666667 cm²/s
Dislodgeable amount	0,000082 g/cm²
Contact time	3600 sec
Rubbed surface	22 m²
Ingestion rate	0,001392 mg/min
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: rubbing off, Uptake model: Uptake fraction

	Consumer - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0237 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,018986
	The calculation is based on the internal chronic dose.
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Oral model: constant rate, Uptake model: Uptake fraction
	Consumer - oral, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0001 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,00002
	The calculation is based on the internal chronic dose.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC3: Air care products.
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,17 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
body weight	8,69 kg
Transfer coefficient	1,666667 cm²/s
Dislodgeable amount	0,000082 g/cm²
Contact time	3600 sec
Rubbed surface	22 m²
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: rubbing off
	Consumer - dermal, short-term - local
Exposure estimate	0,0002 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000738
	The calculation is based on the external dose.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC3: Air care products. Other products of this category do either not exceed a concentration of 0.1% for this substance or exposure estimations are covered by the calculations made for this product category. In accordance to the Article 14 (2a-f) of the REACh Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, exposure estimation and risk characterisation needs not to be

	performed if the substance in a preparation is less than 0.1%.
Operational conditions	
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C

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8. Short title of exposure scenario

other consumer applications than fragrance, (consumer use)
ERC8a, ERC8d; PC8

Control of exposure and risk management measures

Contributing exposure scenario		
Use descriptors covered	ERC8a: Widespread use of non-reactive processing aid (no inclusion into or onto article, indoor)	
Operational conditions		
Annual amount used in the EU	510.000 kg	
Minimum emission days per year	365	
Emission factor air	100 %	
Emission factor water	100 %	
Emission factor soil	0 %	
Receive Surf. Water (Flow Rate).	18.000 m3/d	
Dilution factor river	10	
Dilution factor coast	100	
Risk Management Measures		
Type of STP		Municipal STP
Assumed sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)		2.000 m3/d
Exposure estimate and reference to its source		
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Environment	
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,130654	
	Risk from environmental exposure is driven by soil.	
Maximum amount of safe use	2,1 kg/d	

Risk from environmental exposure is driven by soil.	

Contributing exposure scenario		
Use descriptors covered	ERC8d: Widespread use of non-reactive processing aid (no inclusion into or onto article, outdoor)	
Operational conditions		
Annual amount used in the EU	510.000 kg	
Minimum emission days per year	365	
Emission factor air	100 %	
Emission factor water	100 %	
Emission factor soil	20 %	
Receive Surf. Water (Flow Rate).	18.000 m3/d	
Dilution factor river	10	
Dilution factor coast	100	
Risk Management Measures		
Type of STP		Municipal STP
Assumed sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)		2.000 m3/d
Exposure estimate and reference to its source		
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Environment	
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,130654	
	Risk from environmental exposure is driven by soil.	
Maximum amount of safe use	2,1 kg/d	
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by soil.		

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC8: Biocidal Products.
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,78 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	54 uses per year

Duration and Frequency of activity	Exposure duration: 180 min Relevant for oral exposure estimates
Duration and Frequency of activity	54 uses per year
body weight	65 kg
Uptake fraction dermal	100 %
Uptake fraction oral	100 %
	Amount per use 6 g Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Ingestion rate	0,00133 mg/min
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: instant application, Uptake model: Uptake fraction
	Consumer - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,1065 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,085216
	The calculation is based on the internal chronic dose.
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Oral model: constant rate, Uptake model: Uptake fraction
	Consumer - oral, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0001 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000021
	The calculation is based on the internal chronic dose.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC8: Biocidal Products.
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,78 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
body weight	65 kg
	Amount per use 6 g Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: instant application

	Consumer - dermal, short-term - local
Exposure estimate	0,0027 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,011322
	The calculation is based on the external dose.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC8: Biocidal Products.
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,78 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	54 uses per year
Duration and Frequency of activity	Exposure duration: 180 min Relevant for oral exposure estimates
Duration and Frequency of activity	54 uses per year
body weight	8,69 kg
Uptake fraction dermal	100 %
Uptake fraction oral	100 %
	Amount per use 1,5 g Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Ingestion rate	0,00083 mg/min
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: instant application, Uptake model: Uptake fraction
	Consumer - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,1992 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,159352
	The calculation is based on the internal chronic dose.
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Oral model: constant rate, Uptake model: Uptake fraction
	Consumer - oral, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0001 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000099
	The calculation is based on the internal chronic dose.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC8: Biocidal Products.
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,78 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
body weight	8,69 kg
	Amount per use 1,5 g Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: instant application
	Consumer - dermal, short-term - local
Exposure estimate	0,0024 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,01032
	The calculation is based on the external dose.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC8: Biocidal Products.
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,78 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	Exposure duration: 240 min Relevant for inhalative exposure estimates
Duration and Frequency of activity	90 uses per year
Room size	58 m3
Ventilation rate per hour	0,5
body weight	65 kg
Uptake fraction dermal	100 %
Spray duration	19,8 sec

Contact rate	269 mg/min
Release duration	0,33 min
	Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Risk Management Measures	
Consumer Measures	Ensure spraying away from persons.
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: constant application rate, Uptake model: Uptake fraction
	Consumer - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0026 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,002101
	The calculation is based on the internal chronic dose.
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Inhalation model: Exposure to spray/dust
	Consumer - inhalation, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0032 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,004656
	The exposure calculation is based on the mean concentration on the day of exposure.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC8: Biocidal Products.
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,78 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
body weight	65 kg
Contact rate	269 mg/min
Release duration	0,33 min
	Relevant for dermal exposure estimates
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: constant application rate
	Consumer - dermal, short-term - local
Exposure estimate	0,0001 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000168
	The calculation is based on the external dose.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC8: Biocidal Products.
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,78 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
Duration and Frequency of activity	90 uses per year
Duration and Frequency of activity	Exposure duration: 60 min Relevant for oral exposure estimates
Duration and Frequency of activity	90 uses per year
body weight	8,69 kg
Uptake fraction dermal	100 %
Uptake fraction oral	100 %
Transfer coefficient	1,666667 cm²/s
Dislodgeable amount	0,000082 g/cm²
Contact time	3600 sec
Rubbed surface	22 m²
Ingestion rate	0,0064 mg/min
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: rubbing off, Uptake model: Uptake fraction
	Consumer - dermal, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,1089 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,087112
	The calculation is based on the internal chronic dose.
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Oral model: constant rate, Uptake model: Uptake fraction
	Consumer - oral, long-term - systemic
Exposure estimate	0,0001 mg/kg bw/day
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,000425
	The calculation is based on the internal chronic dose.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC8: Biocidal Products.
Operational conditions	

Concentration of the substance	Linalyl acetate Content: >= 0 % - <= 0,78 %
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C
body weight	8,69 kg
Transfer coefficient	1,666667 cm²/s
Dislodgeable amount	0,000082 g/cm²
Contact time	3600 sec
Rubbed surface	22 m²
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ConsExpo v4.1, Dermal model: rubbing off
	Consumer - dermal, short-term - local
Exposure estimate	0,0008 µg/cm³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,003385
	The calculation is based on the external dose.
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.rivm.nl/en/healthanddisease/productsafety/ConsExpo.jsp	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC8: Biocidal Products. Other products of this category do either not exceed a concentration of 0.1% for this substance or exposure estimations are covered by the calculations made for this product category. In accordance to the Article 14 (2a-f) of the REACh Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, exposure estimation and risk characterisation needs not to be performed if the substance in a preparation is less than 0.1%.
Operational conditions	
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C

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9. Short title of exposure scenario

Use in cosmetics, (consumer use)
ERC8a; PC28, PC39

Control of exposure and risk management measures

Contributing exposure scenario		
Use descriptors covered	ERC8a: Widespread use of non-reactive processing aid (no inclusion into or onto article, indoor)	
Operational conditions		
Annual amount used in the EU	510.000 kg	
Minimum emission days per year	365	
Emission factor air	100 %	
Emission factor water	100 %	
Emission factor soil	0 %	
Receive Surf. Water (Flow Rate).	18.000 m3/d	
Dilution factor river	10	
Dilution factor coast	100	
Risk Management Measures		
Type of STP		Municipal STP
Assumed sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)		2.000 m3/d
Exposure estimate and reference to its source		
Assessment method	EASY TRA v4.1, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Environment	
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0,130654	
	Risk from environmental exposure is driven by soil.	
Maximum amount of safe use	2,1 kg/d	
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by soil.		

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC28: Perfumes, Fragrances. In accordance to the Article 14 (5b) of the REACh Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, exposure estimation and risk characterisation needs not to be performed for end uses in cosmetic products within the scope of Directive EC 1223/2009.
Operational conditions	
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PC39: Cosmetics, personal care products. In accordance to the Article 14 (5b) of the REACh Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, exposure estimation and risk characterisation needs not to be performed for end uses in cosmetic products within the scope of Directive EC 1223/2009.
Operational conditions	
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	100 Pa
Process temperature	20 °C

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