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1. Identification

Product identifier used on the label

iso-Butyl Acrylate (IBA)

Recommended use of the chemical and restriction on use

Recommended use*: Monomer. Recommended use*: Monomer.

Unsuitable for use: Not intended for sale to or use by the general public.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company:

BASF Canada Inc. 5025 Creekbank Road Building A, Floor 2 Mississauga, ON, L4W 0B6, CANADA

Telephone: +1 289 360-1300

Emergency telephone number

24 Hour Emergency Response Information

CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300

BASF HOTLINE: (800) 454-COPE (2673)

Other means of identification

Molecular formula: C7 H12_O2

Chemical family: organic acids, esters

Synonyms: Isobutyl ester of acrylic acid

Isobutyl propenoate; 2-Propenoic acid, 2-isobutyl ester

2. Hazards Identification

According to Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) (SOR/2022-272)

Classification of the product

Flam. Liq. 3 Flammable liquids

^{*} The "Recommended use" identified for this product is provided solely to comply with a Federal requirement and is not part of the seller's published specification. The terms of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) do not create or infer any warranty, express or implied, including by incorporation into or reference in the seller's sales agreement.

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Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation - vapour) Acute toxicity
Skin Sens. 1B Skin sensitization
Skin Irrit. 2 Skin irritation

STOT SE 3 (irritating to Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure

respiratory system)

Aquatic Acute 2 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute Aquatic Chronic 3 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic

Label elements

Pictogram:





Signal Word: Warning

Hazard Statement:

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H315 Causes skin irritation. H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H401 Toxic to aquatic life.

Precautionary Statements (Prevention):

P280 Wear protective gloves and eye protection or face protection.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P260 Do not breathe mist or vapour.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other

ignition sources. No smoking.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.
P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P264 Wash contaminated body parts thoroughly after handling.

P242 Use non-sparking tools.

P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

Precautionary Statements (Response):

P312 Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell.

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for

breathing.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water or shower.

P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.

P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention.

P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use water spray, dry powder, foam or carbon dioxide for

extinction

Precautionary Statements (Storage):

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P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

Precautionary Statements (Disposal):

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations.

Hazards not otherwise classified

If applicable information is provided in this section on other hazards which do not result in classification but which may contribute to the overall hazards of the substance or mixture. See section 12 - Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.

Labeling of special preparations (GHS):

Risk of hazardous polymerization under certain conditions (e.g. elevated temperatures, low inhibitor and oxygen concentration). Do not blanket with nitrogen.

3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

According to Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) (SOR/2022-272)

isobutylacrylate

CAS Number: 106-63-8

Content (W/W): >= 99.5 - <= 100.0%

Synonym: 2-Propenoic acid 2-methylpropyl ester; Isobutyl acrylate

n-butyl acrylate

CAS Number: 141-32-2

Content (W/W): >= 0.1 - <= 0.2%

Synonym: 2-Propenoic acid butyl ester; Butyl acrylate

4. First-Aid Measures

Description of first aid measures

General advice:

First aid personnel should pay attention to their own safety. If the patient is likely to become unconscious, place and transport in stable sideways position (recovery position). Immediately remove contaminated clothing.

If inhaled:

Keep patient calm, remove to fresh air, seek medical attention.

If on skin:

Wash thoroughly with soap and water

If in eyes:

Wash affected eyes for at least 15 minutes under running water with eyelids held open, consult an eye specialist.

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If swallowed:

Immediately rinse mouth and then drink 200-300 ml of water, seek medical attention.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms: Overexposure may cause:, CNS stimulation, respiratory disorders, collapse, salivation Hazards: Information, i.e. additional information on symptoms and effects may be included in the GHS labeling phrases available in Section 2 and in the Toxicological assessments available in Section 11. (Further) symptoms and / or effects are not known so far

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physician

Treatment: Treat according to symptoms (decontamination, vital functions), no

known specific antidote.

5. Fire-Fighting Measures

Suitable extinguishing media:

dry powder, water spray, carbon dioxide, foam

Unsuitable extinguishing media for safety reasons: water iet

Additional information:

Use extinguishing measures to suit surroundings.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards during fire-fighting:

Risk of violent self-polymerization if overheated in a container. Cool endangered containers with water-spray.

The product is combustible. See SDS section 7 - Handling and storage.

Advice for fire-fighters

Protective equipment for fire-fighting:

Wear a self-contained breathing apparatus. Special protective equipment for firefighters

Further information:

Extend fire extinguishing measures to the surroundings. Fight fire from maximum distance. Vapours are heavier than air and may accumulate in low areas and travel a considerable distance up to the source of ignition.

In case of a fire in the vicinity a restabilization system should be used if the temperature in the bulk storage-tank reaches 45°C. Evacuate area of all unnecessary personnel. In case of a fire in the vicinity evacuate all personnel in a greater area if the temperature in the bulk storage-tank reaches 60°C.

Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations.

Impact Sensitivity:

Remarks: Based on the chemical structure there is no shock-sensitivity.

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6. Accidental release measures

Further accidental release measures:

High risk of slipping due to leakage/spillage of product.

Release of substance/product can cause fire or explosion. Shut off or stop source of leak. Shut off or stop released substance/product under safe conditions.

Pack in tightly closed containers for disposal.

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame. Use antistatic tools.

Environmental precautions

Do not discharge into drains/surface waters/groundwater. Contain contaminated water/firefighting water.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For large amounts: Pump off product.

Spills should be contained, solidified, and placed in suitable containers for disposal. Dispose of absorbed material in accordance with regulations. Ensure adequate ventilation. Suppress gases/vapours/mists with water spray jet. Clean contaminated floors and objects thoroughly with water and detergents, observing environmental regulations. Cleaning operations should be carried out only while wearing breathing apparatus. Pick up with suitable appliance and dispose of.

7. Handling and Storage

Precautions for safe handling

The substance/ product may be handled only by appropriately trained personnel. Facility parts must be checked for polymer residues and cleaned on regular basis in order to avoid hazardous reactions.

Ensure thorough ventilation of stores and work areas. Encapsulation or exhaust ventilation required. When filling, transferring, or emptying of containers, adequate local exhaust ventilation is necessary. Vent waste air to atmosphere only through suitable separators. Check the condition of seals and connector screw threads.

The temperatures which must be avoided are to be considered. Protect against heat. Protect from direct sunlight. Protect contents from the effects of light. Do not open warm or swollen product containers. Remove persons to safety and alert fire brigade.

Ensure adequate inhibitor and dissolved oxygen level.

Avoid inhalation of dusts/mists/vapours. Avoid aerosol formation. Avoid all direct contact with the substance/product.

Protection against fire and explosion:

Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame. Substance/product can form explosive mixture with air. Ground all transfer equipment properly to prevent electrostatic discharge. It is recommended that all conductive parts of the machinery are grounded. Explosion-proof equipment is

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not necessary when loading and processing of the product takes place at a minimum of 5 °C below the flash point.

Heated containers should be cooled to prevent polymerization. If exposed to fire, keep containers cool by spraying with water. Emergency cooling must be provided for the eventuality of a fire in the vicinity.

Vapours are heavier than air and may accumulate in low areas and travel a considerable distance up to the source of ignition.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

No applicable information available.

Further information on storage conditions: Prior to storage ensure that the transfer equipment used and the intended storage containers do not contain other substances/products. Before transfer to stock the identity of the product must be proved to be without doubt. The entrance to storage rooms is to be granted only to appropriately trained personnel.

The stabilizer is only effective in the presence of oxygen. Maintain contact with atmosphere containing 5 - 21% oxygen. Never use tanks with inert-gas installation for storage.

Risk of polymerization. Protect against heat. Protect from direct sunlight. Avoid UV-light and other radiation with high energy. Protect against contamination.

In case of bulk storage, the storage-tanks should at least be equipped with two high temperature alert devices.

Even if the product is stored and handled as prescribed/indicated it should be used up within the indicated duration of storage.

Storage stability:

Storage temperature: < 35 °C Storage duration: 12 Months

The stated storage temperature should be noted.

Avoid prolonged storage.

This product should be processed as soon as possible. Ensure adequate inhibitor and dissolved oxygen level. Do not store with less than 10 % headspace above liquid.

Storage stability is based upon ambient temperatures and conditions described.

It is recommended to keep a safe distance of +2 degrees above the crystallization range.

The product is stabilized, the shelf life should be noted.

Storage temperature: 45 °C

A restabilization system should be used if the temperature in the bulk storage-tank reaches the indicated value.

Storage temperature: 60 °C

All personnel in a greater area should be evacuated if the temperature in the bulk storage-tank reaches the indicated value.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

No substance specific occupational exposure limits known.

Advice on system design:

Provide local exhaust ventilation to maintain recommended P.E.L.

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Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection:

Wear a NIOSH-certified (or equivalent) organic vapour/particulate respirator as needed. At concentrations < 250 ppm, use a chemical cartridge respirator. At concentrations > 250 ppm, use an air-supplied or self-contained breathing apparatus.

Hand protection:

Chemical resistant protective gloves

Eye protection:

Tightly fitting safety goggles (chemical goggles).

Body protection:

Body protection must be chosen depending on activity and possible exposure, e.g. head protection, apron, protective boots, chemical-protection suit.

General safety and hygiene measures:

Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid inhalation of vapour. Wearing of closed work clothing is required additionally to the stated personal protection equipment. Wash soiled clothing immediately.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical state: liquid
Form: liquid
Odour: ester-like
Odour threshold: not determined
Colour: colourless

pH value: The substance does not dissociate.

Melting point: -61 °C

Literature data.

Freezing point:

No data available.

Boiling point: 137.8 °C

(1,013 hPa)

Boiling range: No data available.

Sublimation point: No applicable information available.

Flash point: 30 °C (open cup)

Literature data.

Flammability: Flammable liquid and vapour. (derived from flash

point)

Lower explosion limit: For liquids not relevant for

classification and labelling. The lower explosion point may be 5 - 15 °C

below the flash point.

Upper explosion limit: For liquids not relevant for

classification and labelling.

Autoignition: 350 °C

Literature data.

SADT: Not a substance/mixture liable to self-decomposition according

to GHS.

Vapour pressure: 9.6 hPa

(25 °C) 8.12 hPa (34.3 °C)

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35.3 hPa

(48.7 °C) 0.8896 g/cm3

Density: 0.8896 g/cm3 (20 °C)

(20 °C) Literature data.

0.8587 g/cm3 (OECD Guideline

(50 °C) 109)

Relative density: 0.8896

(20°C)

Literature data.

Relative vapour density: 4.4 (calculated)

(20 °C)

Heavier than air.

Partitioning coefficient n- 2.38 (measured)

octanol/water (log Pow): (25 °C)

Self-ignition Based on its structural properties the temperature: product is not classified as self-

igniting.

Thermal decomposition: No decomposition if stored and handled as

prescribed/indicated.

Viscosity, dynamic: 0.822 mPa.s

(21.1 °C) Literature data.

Viscosity, kinematic: not determined

Solubility in water: 1.8 g/l

(25 °C)

Literature data.

Solubility (quantitative): No applicable information available.

Solubility (qualitative): miscible

solvent(s): organic solvents,

Molecular weight: 128.17 g/mol

Evaporation rate: Value can be approximated from

Henry's Law Constant or vapor

pressure.

Particle characteristics

Particle size distribution: The substance / product is marketed or used in a non solid or granular

form.

10. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity

No hazardous reactions if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

Corrosion to metals:

Corrosive effects to metal are not anticipated.

Oxidizing properties:

Based on its structural properties the product is not classified as oxidizing.

Formation of Remarks: Forms no flammable gases in the

flammable gases: presence of water.

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Chemical stability

The product is stable if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Explosion and fire hazard exists under confined conditions. Ignitable air mixtures can form when the product is heated above the flash point and/or when sprayed or atomized. Formation of explosive gas/air mixtures.

Polymerization coupled with heat formation.

Risk of spontaneous polymerization by oxygen depletion of the liquid phase. Risk of spontaneous polymerization when heated or in the presence of UV radiation. Risk of spontaneous and violent self-polymerization if inhibitor is lost or product is exposed to excessive heat. Polymerization produces gases which may burst closed or confined containers. Reactions may cause ignition.

Risk of spontaneous polymerization in the presence of starters for radical chain reactions (e.g. peroxides). Reacts with nitric acid. Risk of spontaneous polymerization in the presence of oxidizing agents.

Hazardous reactions in presence of mentioned substances to avoid.

The product is stabilized against spontaneous polymerization prior to despatch. The product is stable if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat. Avoid oxygen content above the product of less than 5 %. Avoid UV-light and other radiation with high energy. Avoid direct sunlight. Avoid prolonged storage. Avoid inhibitor loss. Avoid excessive temperatures. Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame. Avoid freezing. Avoid moisture.

Do not blanket with nitrogen.

Incompatible materials

radical formers, free radical initiators, peroxides, mercaptans, nitro-compounds, perborates, azides, ether, ketones, aldehydes, amines, nitrates, nitrites, oxidizing agents, reducing agents, strong bases, alkaline reactive substances, acid anhydrides, acid chlorides, concentrated mineral acids, metal salts lnert gas

Hazardous decomposition products

Decomposition products:

Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

Thermal decomposition:

No decomposition if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

11. Toxicological information

Primary routes of exposure

Routes of entry for solids and liquids are ingestion and inhalation, but may include eye or skin contact. Routes of entry for gases include inhalation and eye contact. Skin contact may be a route of entry for liquefied gases.

Acute Toxicity/Effects

Acute toxicity

Assessment of acute toxicity: Of low toxicity after single ingestion. Of moderate toxicity after short-term inhalation. Of low toxicity after short-term skin contact.

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<u>Oral</u>

Type of value: LD50 Species: rat (male/female)

Value: approx. 4,895 mg/kg (BASF-Test)

Inhalation

Type of value: LC50

Species: rat
Value: 10.5 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
The vapour was tested.

Dermal

Type of value: LD50

Species: rabbit (male/female)

Value: > 2,000 mg/kg (OECD Guideline 402)

Assessment other acute effects

Assessment of STOT single:

Causes temporary irritation of the respiratory tract.

Irritation / corrosion

Assessment of irritating effects: Skin contact causes irritation. Not irritating to the eyes.

<u>Skin</u>

Species: rabbit Result: Irritant. Method: BASF-Test

Eye

Species: rabbit Result: non-irritant Method: BASF-Test

<u>Sensitizatio</u>n

Assessment of sensitization: Sensitization after skin contact possible. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition.

Mouse Local Lymph Node Assay (LLNA)

Species: mouse Result: skin sensitizing

Method: OECD Guideline 429

The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition.

Aspiration Hazard

not applicable

Chronic Toxicity/Effects

Repeated dose toxicity

Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: After repeated exposure the prominent effect is local irritation. The substance may cause damage to the olfactory epithelium after repeated inhalation. The product

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has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition.

Genetic toxicity

Assessment of mutagenicity: The substance was not mutagenic in bacteria. No mutagenic effect was found in various tests with mammalian cell culture and mammals. The product has not been fully tested. The statements have been derived in parts from products of a similar structure or composition.

Carcinogenicity

Assessment of carcinogenicity: In long-term animal studies in which the substance was given by inhalation, a carcinogenic effect was not observed. The substance showed no carcinogenic activity in animals after chronic administration to the skin. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition.

Reproductive toxicity

Assessment of reproduction toxicity: The results of animal studies gave no indication of a fertility impairing effect. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition.

Teratogenicity

Assessment of teratogenicity: Animal studies gave no indication of a developmental toxic effect at doses that were not toxic to the parental animals. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition.

Other Information

development of pulmonary edema

12. Ecological Information

Toxicity

Aquatic toxicity

Assessment of aquatic toxicity:

Acutely toxic for aquatic organisms. Harmful to aquatic organisms based on long-term (chronic) toxicity study data. The inhibition of the degradation activity of activated sludge is not anticipated when introduced to biological treatment plants in appropriate low concentrations.

The product has not been fully tested. The statements have been derived in parts from products of a similar structure or composition.

Toxicity to fish

LC50 (96 h) 2.1 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Flow through.)

The statement of the toxic effect relates to the analytically determined concentration. Literature data.

Aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (48 h) 8.2 mg/l, Daphnia magna (OECD Guideline 202, part 1, Flow through.)

The statement of the toxic effect relates to the analytically determined concentration. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition.

Aquatic plants

EC50 (72 h) 5.28 mg/l (growth rate), Desmodesmus subspicatus (OECD Guideline 201, static) The statement of the toxic effect relates to the analytically determined concentration.

Chronic toxicity to fish

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No data available.

Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

No observed effect concentration (21 d) 0.136 mg/l, Daphnia magna (OECD Guideline 211, semistatic)

The statement of the toxic effect relates to the analytically determined concentration. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition.

Assessment of terrestrial toxicity

No effects at the highest test concentration.

The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition.

Soil living organisms

Toxicity to soil dwelling organisms:

EC50 (28 d) > 1,000 mg/kg, soil dwelling microorganisms (OECD Guideline 217, Soil classification: Type 2.3 Lufa soil)

The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition. The details of the toxic effect relate to the nominal concentration.

Toxicity to terrestrial plants

No data available.

Other terrestrial non-mammals

No data available.

Microorganisms/Effect on activated sludge

Toxicity to microorganisms

OECD Guideline 209 aquatic

activated sludge, domestic/EC20 (0.5 h): > 1,000 mg/l

Nominal concentration.

Persistence and degradability

Assessment biodegradation and elimination (H2O)

Readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria).

Elimination information

80 - 90 % TIC of the ThIC (28 d) (ISO 14593) (aerobic, activated sludge, domestic)

Assessment of stability in water

In contact with water the substance will hydrolyse slowly.

Information on Stability in Water (Hydrolysis)

t_{1/2} 16.5 a (25 °C, pH value 7), (calculated, pH 7)

Bioaccumulative potential

Assessment bioaccumulation potential

Accumulation in organisms is not to be expected.

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Bioaccumulation potential

No data available.

Mobility in soil

Assessment transport between environmental compartments

The substance will not evaporate into the atmosphere from the water surface.

Adsorption to solid soil phase is not expected.

Additional information

Other ecotoxicological advice:

Do not release untreated into natural waters.

13. Disposal considerations

Container disposal:

Uncleaned empties should be disposed of in the same manner as the contents.

14. Transport Information

Land transport

TDG

Hazard class: 3 Packing group: III

ID number: UN 2527

Hazard label: 3

Proper shipping name: ISOBUTYL ACRYLATE, STABILIZED

Sea transport

IMDG

Hazard class: 3
Packing group: III
ID number: UN 2527

Hazard label: 3 Marine pollutant: NO

Proper shipping name: ISOBUTYL ACRYLATE, STABILIZED

Air transport

IATA/ICAO

Hazard class: 3 Packing group: III

ID number: UN 2527

Hazard label: 3

Proper shipping name: ISOBUTYL ACRYLATE, STABILIZED

15. Regulatory Information

Federal Regulations

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Registration status:

Chemical DSL, CA

Contains registered, non-listed substance. For import, individual registration may be required. Can be purchased domestically from BASF. Please contact your BASF representative.

NFPA Hazard codes:

Health: 2 Fire: 3 Reactivity: 2 Special:

Assessment of the hazard classes according to UN GHS criteria (most recent version):

Aquatic Acute 2 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute Aquatic Chronic 3 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic

Acute Tox. 5 (oral) Acute toxicity
Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation - vapour) Acute toxicity
Acute Tox. 5 (dermal) Acute toxicity
Skin Irrit. 2 Skin irritation

STOT SE 3 (irritating to Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure

respiratory system)

Flam. Liq. 3 Flammable liquids Skin Sens. 1B Skin sensitization

16. Other Information

SDS Prepared by:

BASF NA Product Regulations SDS Prepared on: 2025/10/27

We support worldwide Responsible Care® initiatives. We value the health and safety of our employees, customers, suppliers and neighbors, and the protection of the environment. Our commitment to Responsible Care is integral to conducting our business and operating our facilities in a safe and environmentally responsible fashion, supporting our customers and suppliers in ensuring the safe and environmentally sound handling of our products, and minimizing the impact of our operations on society and the environment during production, storage, transport, use and disposal of our products.

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END OF DATA SHEET