

Safety data sheet

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BASF Safety data sheet according to Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended from

time to time.

Date / Revised: 06.03.2023 Version: 7.0
Date previous version: 24.09.2018 Previous version: 6.0

Date / First version: 17.08.2004

Product: Vitamin A-Palmitate 1.0 Mio IU/G stabilized with BHT

(ID no. 30041040/SDS_GEN_GB/EN)

Date of print 11.10.2025

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Vitamin A-Palmitate 1.0 Mio IU/G stabilized with BHT

UFI: D5Y9-S08M-C009-U4S9

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses: feed additive(s), food additive(s), cosmetic ingredient

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company: BASF SE 67056 Ludwigshafen GERMANY Contact address:
BASF plc
4th and 5th Floors, 2 Stockport Exchange
Railway Road, Stockport, SK1 3GG

UNITED KINGDOM

Telephone: +44 161 475 3000

E-mail address: product-safety-uk-and-ireland@basf.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

International emergency number: Telephone: +49 180 2273-112

SECTION 2: Hazards Identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

time to time.

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For the classification of the mixture the following methods have been applied: extrapolation on the concentration levels of the hazardous substances, on basis of test results and after evaluation of experts. The methodologies used are mentioned at the respective test results.

According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567

Repr. 1B H360D May damage the unborn child.

Aquatic Chronic 3 H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

For the classifications not written out in full in this section the full text can be found in section 16.

2.2. Label elements

According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567

Pictogram:



Signal Word:

Danger

Hazard Statement:

H360D May damage the unborn child.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements (Prevention):

P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection or face

protection.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

Precautionary Statements (Response):

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.

Precautionary Statements (Storage): P405 Store locked up.

Precautionary Statements (Disposal):

P501 Dispose of contents and container to hazardous or special waste

collection point.

Hazard determining component(s) for labelling: Retinyl palmitate

2.3. Other hazards

According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567

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When finely distributed on porose material, self-ignition is possible.

The product does not contain a substance fulfilling the PBT (persistent/bioaccumulative/toxic) criteria or the vPvB (very persistent/very bioaccumulative) criteria.

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Chemical nature

Preparation based on: Retinyl palmitate

dissolved in: Sunflower oil

stabilized with: 2,6-di-tert-Butyl-p-cresol

2119480425-37

Hazardous ingredients (GHS)

Retinyl palmitate

Content (W/W): >= 50 % - < 75 % Repr. 1B (unborn child)
CAS Number: 79-81-2 Aquatic Chronic 4
EC-Number: 201-228-5 H360D, H413
REACH registration number: 01-

2,6-di-tert-Butyl-p-cresol

Content (W/W): >= 1 % - < 3 % Aquatic Acute 1
CAS Number: 128-37-0 Aquatic Chronic 1
EC-Number: 204-881-4 M-factor chronic: 1
REACH registration number: 012119555270-46, 01-211956511346

For the classifications not written out in full in this section, including the hazard classes and the hazard statements, the full text is listed in section 16.

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SECTION 4: First-Aid Measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First aid personnel should pay attention to their own safety. If the patient is likely to become unconscious, place and transport in stable sideways position (recovery position). Immediately remove contaminated clothing.

If inhaled:

Keep patient calm, remove to fresh air, seek medical attention.

On skin contact:

Immediately wash thoroughly with soap and water, seek medical attention.

On contact with eyes:

Wash affected eyes for at least 15 minutes under running water with eyelids held open.

On ingestion:

Immediately rinse mouth and then drink 200-300 ml of water, seek medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms: Information, i.e. additional information on symptoms and effects may be included in the GHS labeling phrases available in Section 2 and in the Toxicological assessments available in Section 11., (Further) symptoms and / or effects are not known so far

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment: Treat according to symptoms (decontamination, vital functions), no known specific antidote.

SECTION 5: Fire-Fighting Measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

water spray, foam, dry powder, carbon dioxide

Unsuitable extinguishing media for safety reasons:

water jet

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Endangering substances: carbon oxides, harmful vapours

Advice: The substances/groups of substances mentioned can be released in case of fire. Evolution of fumes/fog.

5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment:

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and chemical-protective clothing.

Further information:

In case of combustion evolution of toxic gases/vapours possible. Cool endangered containers with water-spray. Collect contaminated extinguishing water separately, do not allow to reach sewage or effluent systems. Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with

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official regulations. Do not spray water directly on fire, product will float and could be reignited on surface of water.

SECTION 6: Accidental Release Measures

High risk of slipping due to leakage/spillage of product. Soiled textiles/cleaning rags made of natural fibres (e.g. of pure wool or of pure cotton) are capable of ignition and should not be used and/or must be desposed of in a safe manner.

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective clothing. Information regarding personal protective measures, see section 8. Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not breathe vapour/spray. Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not discharge into drains/surface waters/groundwater. Inform authorities in the event of product spillage to water courses or sewage systems.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For small amounts: Pick up with suitable absorbent material. Do not use saw-dust or other combustible substances as an absorbant during cleanup.

For large amounts: Dike spillage. Pump off product.

Dispose of absorbed material in accordance with regulations. Mop up spills with non-flammable adsorbents (e.g. vermiculite, spill mats). Soiled textiles / cleaning rags / adsorbents and Silica are capable of self ignition and should be wetted with water and must be disposed of in a safe manner.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Information regarding exposure controls/personal protection and disposal considerations can be found in section 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and Storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid aerosol formation. Ensure that there is no crystallized product in the container before use. Processing machines must be fitted with local exhaust ventilation. Wear suitable protective clothing and eye/face protection. Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing. Keep container tightly sealed.

Protection against fire and explosion:

Risk of self-ignition when a large surface area is produced due to fine dispersion. Soiled textiles / cleaning rags / adsorbents and Silica are capable of self ignition and should be wetted with water and must be disposed of in a safe manner. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame.

Control of exposure and risk management measures

Emission factor air: 5 % Emission factor water: 0.003 %

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Emission factor soil: 0 %

Exposure estimate and reference to its source

Assessment method: ECETOC TRA v2.0 Environment

Maximum amount of safe use: 110,000 kg/d

Remarks: Risk from environmental exposure is driven by marine water.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Segregate from oxidants.

Further information on storage conditions: Keep container tightly closed and dry; store in a cool place. Protect from air. Protect from the effects of light. Keep under nitrogen.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

For the relevant identified use(s) listed in Section 1 the advice mentioned in this section 7 is to be observed.

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

8.1. Control parameters

Components with occupational exposure limits

128-37-0: 2,6-di-tert-Butyl-p-cresol

TWA value 10 mg/m3 (WEL/EH 40 (UK))

8001-21-6: Sunflower oil

TWA value 10 mg/m3 (WEL/EH 40 (UK)), Inhalable dust TWA value 4 mg/m3 (WEL/EH 40 (UK)), Respirable dust

PNEC

Data refer to the lead substance

Components with PNEC

79-81-2: Retinyl palmitate

freshwater: 0.1 mg/l marine water: 0.01 mg/l intermittent release: 1 mg/l

sediment (freshwater): 595000 mg/kg sediment (marine water): 5950000 mg/kg

soil: 2100000 mg/kg

STP: 10 mg/l

DNEL

Data refer to the lead substance

Components with DNEL

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79-81-2: Retinyl palmitate

worker: Long-term exposure- systemic effects, dermal: 1.6 mg/kg

8.2. Exposure controls

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection:

Suitable respiratory protection for lower concentrations or short-term effect: Particle filter with high efficiency for solid and liquid particles (e.g. EN 143 or 149, Type P3 or FFP3).

Hand protection:

Wear chemically resistant gloves in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Suitable chemical resistant safety gloves (EN ISO 374-1) also with prolonged, direct contact (Recommended: Protective index 6, corresponding > 480 minutes of permeation time according to EN ISO 374-1): E.g. nitrile rubber (0.4 mm), chloroprene rubber (0.5 mm), butyl rubber (0.7 mm) etc. Supplementary note: The specifications are based on tests, literature data and information of glove manufacturers or are derived from similar substances by analogy. Due to many conditions (e.g. temperature) it must be considered, that the practical usage of a chemical-protective glove in practice may be much shorter than the permeation time determined through testing. Manufacturer's directions for use should be observed because of great diversity of types.

Eve protection:

Safety glasses with side-shields (frame goggles) (e.g. EN 166)

Body protection:

Body protection must be chosen depending on activity and possible exposure, e.g. apron, protecting boots, chemical-protection suit (according to EN 14605 in case of splashes or EN ISO 13982 in case of dust).

General safety and hygiene measures

Females in early pregnancy must never be exposed to the substance. Under no circumstances should the product come into contact with the skin of pregnant women or be inhaled by them. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wearing of closed work clothing is required additionally to the stated personal protection equipment. Avoid contact with skin. No eating, drinking, smoking or tobacco use at the place of work. Hands and/or face should be washed before breaks and at the end of the shift. Store work clothing separately.

Environmental exposure controls

Do not discharge product into the environment without control.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Form: liquid, partially crystallized

Colour: light yellow Odour: not applicable

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Odour threshold:

Not determined due to potential

health hazard by inhalation.

pH value:

(20 °C)

substance/mixture is non-soluble (in

water)

Melting point: approx. 26 °C

Boiling point:

The substance / product decomposes therefore not

determined.

Flash point: > 100 °C

Evaporation rate:

negligible

Flammability: hardly combustible (derived from flash - and boiling

point)

(DIN 51794)

Lower explosion limit:

For liquids not relevant for classification and labelling.

Upper explosion limit:

For liquids not relevant for

classification and labelling.

Ignition temperature: approx. 270 °C

Vapour pressure:

(20 °C)

negligible
Density: 0.88 g/cm3

(20 °C, 1,013 hPa)

Relative vapour density (air):> 1 (estimated)

(20 °C)

Heavier than air.

Solubility in water: sparingly soluble

Solubility (qualitative) solvent(s): organic solvents

soluble

Partitioning coefficient n-octanol/water (log Kow):

not applicable for mixtures

Thermal decomposition: No data available.

Viscosity, dynamic: 27 mPa.s

(60 °C)

Viscosity, kinematic:

No data available.

Explosion hazard: Based on the chemical structure

there is no indication of explosive

properties.

Fire promoting properties: Based on its structural properties

the product is not classified as

oxidizing.

9.2. Other information

time to time.

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Self heating ability: not applicable, the product is a liquid

Other Information:

If necessary, information on other physical and chemical parameters is indicated in this section.

SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No hazardous reactions if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

Corrosion to metals: Corrosive effects to metal are not anticipated.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Self-ignition is possible when finely distributed on flammable surfaces in the presence of air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Temperature: > 60 °C

Disregard of the conditions mentioned may result in undesirable decomposition reactions. Avoid light. See SDS section 7 - Handling and storage.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Substances to avoid: oxidizing agents

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products:

No hazardous decomposition products if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

SECTION 11: Toxicological Information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Assessment of acute toxicity:

Virtually nontoxic after a single ingestion.

Irritation

Assessment of irritating effects:

Not irritating to the eyes. May cause slight irritation to the skin.

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Information on: Retinyl palmitate Experimental/calculated data: Skin corrosion/irritation rabbit: Irritant. (BASF-Test)

Skin corrosion/irritation

rabbit: Slightly irritating. (OECD Guideline 404)

Information on: Retinyl palmitate Experimental/calculated data: Serious eye damage/irritation

rabbit: non-irritant (OECD Guideline 405)

Respiratory/Skin sensitization

Assessment of sensitization:

Based on the ingredients, there is no suspicion of a skin-sensitizing potential.

Information on: Retinyl palmitate Experimental/calculated data:

Guinea pig maximization test guinea pig: Non-sensitizing. (OECD Guideline 406)

.....

Germ cell mutagenicity

Assessment of mutagenicity:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Information on: Retinyl palmitate Assessment of mutagenicity:

In the majority of tests performed (bacteria/microorganisms/cell cultures) a mutagenic effect was not found. A mutagenic effect was also not observed in in-vivo assays. The product has not been fully tested. The statements have been derived in parts from products of a similar structure or composition.

Carcinogenicity

Assessment of carcinogenicity:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Information on: Retinyl palmitate Assessment of carcinogenicity:

Results from a number of long-term carcinogenity studies and short-term tests are available. Taking into account all of the information, there is no indication that the substance itself is carcinogenic.

Literature data.

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Reproductive toxicity

Assessment of reproduction toxicity:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Information on: Retinyl palmitate
Assessment of reproduction toxicity:

No reliable data are available concerning reproduction toxicity.

Developmental toxicity

Assessment of teratogenicity:

The substance caused malformations/developmental toxicity in laboratory animals.

Information on: Retinyl palmitate
Assessment of teratogenicity:
May cause harm to the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Assessment of STOT single:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Repeated dose toxicity and Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Assessment of repeated dose toxicity:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

No aspiration hazard expected.

Other relevant toxicity information

The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

12.1. Toxicity

Assessment of aquatic toxicity:

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

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Information on: 2,6-di-tert-Butyl-p-cresol

Toxicity to fish:

LCO(96 h) >= 0.57 mg/l, Brachydanio rerio (OECD 203; ISO 7346; 84/449/EEC, C.1, semistatic) The statement of the toxic effect relates to the analytically determined concentration. Limit concentration test only (LIMIT test).

Information on: Retinyl palmitate

Toxicity to fish:

LC50 (96 h) > 10,000 mg/l, Leuciscus idus (DIN 38412 Part 15, static)

The details of the toxic effect relate to the nominal concentration. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition.

Information on: 2,6-di-tert-Butyl-p-cresol

Aquatic invertebrates:

ECO (48 h) 0.48 mg/l, Daphnia magna (OECD Guideline 202, part 1, static)

The statement of the toxic effect relates to the analytically determined concentration.

Information on: Retinyl palmitate

Aquatic invertebrates:

EC50 (48 h) > 100 mg/l. Daphnia magna (Screening test. static)

The details of the toxic effect relate to the nominal concentration. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition.

Information on: 2,6-di-tert-Butyl-p-cresol

Aquatic plants:

EC50 (72 h) > 0.40 mg/l (growth rate), Scenedesmus subspicatus (Guideline 92/69/EEC, C.3, static) The statement of the toxic effect relates to the analytically determined concentration.

Information on: Retinyl palmitate

Aquatic plants:

EC50 (72 h) 152.94 mg/l (growth rate), Scenedesmus subspicatus (DIN 38412 Part 9, static)

The product has low solubility in the test medium. An aqueous solution prepared with solubilizers has been tested.

Information on: 2,6-di-tert-Butyl-p-cresol

Microorganisms/Effect on activated sludge:

EC0 (3 h) 1,000 mg/l, activated sludge (DIN EN ISO 8192-OECD 209-88/302/EEC,P. C, aerobic)

Information on: Retinyl palmitate

Microorganisms/Effect on activated sludge:

EC20 (30 min) > 1,000 mg/l, activated sludge, domestic (DIN EN ISO 8192-OECD 209-

88/302/EEC,P. C, aerobic)

Information on: 2,6-di-tert-Butyl-p-cresol Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates:

time to time.

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No observed effect concentration (21 d) 0.316 mg/l, Daphnia magna (OECD Guideline 202, part 2, semistatic)

The details of the toxic effect relate to the nominal concentration.

Information on: Retinyl palmitate

Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates:

Study scientifically not justified.

· _____

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Assessment biodegradation and elimination (H2O):

The product contains (a) poorly biodegradable component(s).

Information on: 2,6-di-tert-Butyl-p-cresol

Elimination information:

4.5 % BOD of the ThOD (28 d) (OECD 301C; ISO 9408; 92/69/EEC, C.4-F) (aerobic, activated sludge)

Information on: Retinyl palmitate

Elimination information:

40 - 50 % BOD of the ThOD (28 d) (OECD 301F; ISO 9408; 92/69/EEC, C.4-D) (aerobic, activated

sludge, domestic)

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Assessment bioaccumulation potential:

The product contains components with potential for bioaccumulation

Information on: 2,6-di-tert-Butyl-p-cresol

Bioaccumulation potential:

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 330 - 1,800 (28 d), Cyprinus carpio (OECD Guideline 305 C)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 230 - 2,500 (56 d), Cyprinus carpio (OECD Guideline 305 C)

Information on: Retinyl palmitate

Bioaccumulation potential:

No significant accumulation in organisms is expected as a result of the distribution coefficient of noctanol/water (log Pow).

colario, water (log r ow).

12.4. Mobility in soil

Assessment transport between environmental compartments:

Volatility: No data available.

Adsorption in soil: No data available.

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Information on: 2,6-di-tert-Butyl-p-cresol

Assessment transport between environmental compartments:

Volatility: The substance will not evaporate into the atmosphere from the water surface.

Adsorption in soil: Adsorption to solid soil phase is expected.

Information on: Retinyl palmitate

Assessment transport between environmental compartments:

Volatility: The substance will not evaporate into the atmosphere from the water surface.

Adsorption in soil: Adsorption to solid soil phase is expected.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) No.1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH): The product does not contain a substance fulfilling the PBT (persistent/bioaccumulative/toxic) criteria or the vPvB (very persistent/very bioaccumulative) criteria. Self classification

12.6. Other adverse effects

The product does not contain substances that are listed in Regulation (EC) 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer.

12.7. Additional information

Other ecotoxicological advice:

The product has not been tested. The statements on ecotoxicology have been derived from the properties of the individual components.

SECTION 13: Disposal Considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Observe national and local legal requirements.

The UK Environmental Protection (Duty of Care) Regulations (EP) and amendments should be noted (United Kingdom).

This product and any uncleaned containers must be disposed of as hazardous waste in accordance with the 2005 Hazardous Waste Regulations and amendments (United Kingdom)

SECTION 14: Transport Information

Land transport

ADR

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Not classified as a dangerous good under transport regulations

UN number or ID number:
UN proper shipping name:
Transport hazard class(es):
Packing group:
Environmental hazards:
Special precautions for

Not applicable
Not applicable
Not applicable
Not applicable
Not applicable
Not applicable

user

RID

Not classified as a dangerous good under transport regulations

UN number or ID number:
UN proper shipping name:
Transport hazard class(es):
Packing group:
Not applicable
Not applicable
Not applicable
Not applicable
Not applicable

Environmental hazards: Not applicable Special precautions for None known

user

Inland waterway transport

ADN

Not classified as a dangerous good under transport regulations

UN number or ID number:
UN proper shipping name:
Transport hazard class(es):
Packing group:
Environmental hazards:
Special precautions for

Not applicable
Not applicable
Not applicable
Not applicable
Not applicable

user:

Transport in inland waterway vessel

Not evaluated

Sea transport

IMDG

Not classified as a dangerous good under transport regulations

UN number or ID number:
UN proper shipping name:
Transport hazard class(es):
Packing group:
Environmental hazards:
Special precautions for

Not applicable
Not applicable
Not applicable
Not applicable
Not applicable

user

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Air transport

IATA/ICAO

Not classified as a dangerous good under transport regulations

UN number or ID number:
UN proper shipping name:
Transport hazard class(es):
Packing group:
Environmental hazards:
Special precautions for

Not applicable
Not applicable
Not applicable
Not applicable
Not applicable
Not applicable

user

14.1. UN number or ID number

See corresponding entries for "UN number or ID number" for the respective regulations in the tables above.

14.2. UN proper shipping name

See corresponding entries for "UN proper shipping name" for the respective regulations in the tables above.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

See corresponding entries for "Transport hazard class(es)" for the respective regulations in the tables above.

14.4. Packing group

See corresponding entries for "Packing group" for the respective regulations in the tables above.

14.5. Environmental hazards

See corresponding entries for "Environmental hazards" for the respective regulations in the tables above.

14.6. Special precautions for user

See corresponding entries for "Special precautions for user" for the respective regulations in the tables above.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Maritime transport in bulk is not intended.

SECTION 15: Regulatory Information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Directive 2012/18/EU - Control of Major Accident Hazards involving dangerous substances (EU): Listed in above regulation: no

time to time.

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If other regulatory information applies that is not already provided elsewhere in this safety data sheet, then it is described in this subsection.

The data should be considered when making any assessment under the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH), and related guidance, for example, 'COSHH Essentials' (United Kingdom).

15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

Advice on product handling can be found in sections 7 and 8 of this safety data sheet.

SECTION 16: Other Information

Assessment of the hazard classes according to UN GHS criteria (most recent version)

Skin Corr./Irrit. 3 Repr. 1B (unborn child) Aquatic Acute 3 Aquatic Chronic 3

Any other intended applications should be discussed with the manufacturer. Corresponding occupational protection measurements must be followed.

<u>Full text of the classifications, including the hazard classes and the hazard statements, if mentioned in section 2 or 3:</u>

Repr. Reproductive toxicity

Aquatic Chronic Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic Aquatic Acute Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute

H360D May damage the unborn child.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Abbreviations

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road. ADN = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland waterways. ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimates. CAO = Cargo Aircraft Only. CAS = Chemical Abstract Service. CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging of substances and mixtures. DIN = German national organization for standardization. DNEL = Derived No Effect Level. EC50 = Effective concentration median for 50% of the population. EC = European Community. EN = European Standards. IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer. IATA = International Air Transport Association. IBC-Code = Internediate Bulk Container code. IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code. ISO = International Organization for Standardization. STEL = Short-Term Exposure Limit. LC50 = Lethal concentration median for 50% of the population. LD50 = Lethal dose median for 50% of the population. TLV = Threshold Limit Value. MARPOL = The International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships. NEN = Dutch Norm. NOEC = No Observed Effect Concentration. OEL = Occupational Exposure Limit. OECD = Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. PBT = Persistent,

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Bioaccumulative and Toxic. PNEC = Predicted No Effect Level. PPM = Parts per million. RID = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail. TWA = Time Weight Average. UN-number = UN number at transport. vPvB = very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative.

The data contained in this safety data sheet are based on our current knowledge and experience and describe the product only with regard to safety requirements. This safety data sheet is neither a Certificate of Analysis (CoA) nor technical data sheet and shall not be mistaken for a specification agreement. Identified uses in this safety data sheet do neither represent an agreement on the corresponding contractual quality of the substance/mixture nor a contractually designated use. It is the responsibility of the recipient of the product to ensure any proprietary rights and existing laws and legislation are observed.

Vertical lines in the left hand margin indicate an amendment from the previous version.