

# Safety data sheet

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BASF Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as amended from time to time.

Date / Revised: 14.08.2025 Version: 10.0

Date / Previous version: 04.03.2024 Previous version: 9.0

Product: Hydroxypropyl Acrylate (HPA)

(ID no. 30041308/SDS\_GEN\_IE/EN)

Date of print 23.10.2025

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

# 1.1. Product identifier

# Hydroxypropyl Acrylate (HPA)

Chemical name: hydroxypropyl acrylate

INDEX-Number: 607-108-00-2 CAS Number: 25584-83-2

REACH registration number: 01-2119459351-41-0000, 01-2119459351-41-0012

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses: Monomer.

For the detailed identified uses of the product see appendix of the safety data sheet.

# 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company: BASF SE 67056 Ludwigshafen GERMANY Contact address:
BASF Ireland DAC
Asgard House, 19-20 City Quay
Dublin, D02 K744
Ireland

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Telephone: +353 21 451-7100

E-mail address: product-safety-uk-and-ireland@basf.com

# 1.4. Emergency telephone number

For products classified as hazardous in accordance with CLP: National Poisons Information Centre, Beaumont Hospital, Dublin 9 Emergency medical information: 8am-10pm (seven days)

Tel.: 01 8092566

International emergency number: Telephone: +49 180 2273-112

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# **SECTION 2: Hazards Identification**

# 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

According to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation - H331 Toxic if inhaled.

vapour)

Acute Tox. 3 (oral) H301 Toxic if swallowed.
Acute Tox. 3 (dermal) H311 Toxic in contact with skin.

Skin Corr. 1B H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Eye Dam. 1 H318 Causes serious eye damage.
Skin Sens. 1 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Aquatic Chronic 3 H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Specific Concentration Limits According to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

Skin Sens. 1: >= 0.2 %

According to BASF current knowledge and application of the criteria given in Annex I of Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, the following classification exceeding the classification given in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, Annex VI, Table 3.1 is required.

Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation - vapour)

Acute Tox. 3 (oral) Acute Tox. 3 (dermal)

Skin Corr. 1B Eye Dam. 1 Skin Sens. 1B Aquatic Chronic 3

For the classifications not written out in full in this section the full text can be found in section 16.

# 2.2. Label elements

According to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

# Pictogram:





#### Signal Word:

Danger

Hazard Statement:

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H301 + H311 + H331 Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements (Prevention):

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection or face

protection.

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Precautionary Statements (Response):

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Precautionary Statements (Storage):

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Precautionary Statements (Disposal):

P501 Dispose of contents and container to hazardous or special waste

collection point.

Hazard determining component(s) for labelling: acrylic acid, monoester with propane-1,2-diol

# 2.3. Other hazards

# According to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

If applicable information is provided in this section on other hazards which do not result in classification but which may contribute to the overall hazards of the substance or mixture. See section 12 - Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.

Product does not contain a substance above legal limits included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 for having endocrine disrupting properties or is identified to have endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients**

### 3.1. Substances

## Chemical nature

acrylic acid, monoester with propane-1,2-diol

CAS Number: 25584-83-2 EC-Number: 247-118-0 INDEX-Number: 607-108-00-2 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation - vapour)

Acute Tox. 3 (oral) Acute Tox. 3 (dermal)

Skin Corr. 1B Eye Dam. 1 Skin Sens. 1 Aquatic Chronic 3

H317, H314, H301 + H311 + H331, H412

<u>Differing classification according to current</u> <u>knowledge and the criteria given in Annex I of</u>

Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation - vapour)

Acute Tox. 3 (oral) Acute Tox. 3 (dermal)

Skin Corr. 1B Eye Dam. 1

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Skin Sens. 1B Aquatic Chronic 3

Specific concentration limit:

Skin Sens. 1: >= 0.2 %

# Regulatory relevant ingredients

acrylic acid, monoester with propane-1,2-diol

Content (W/W): 98.5 % - 100 % CAS Number: 25584-83-2 EC-Number: 247-118-0

INDEX-Number: 607-108-00-2

Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation - vapour)

Acute Tox. 3 (oral) Acute Tox. 3 (dermal)

Skin Corr. 1B Eye Dam. 1 Skin Sens. 1 Aquatic Chronic 3

H317, H314, H301 + H311 + H331, H412

<u>Differing classification according to current</u>

knowledge and the criteria given in Annex I of

Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation - vapour)

Acute Tox. 3 (oral) Acute Tox. 3 (dermal) Skin Corr. 1B

Eye Dam. 1 Skin Sens. 1B Aquatic Chronic 3

Specific concentration limit:

Skin Sens. 1: >= 0.2 %

### acrylic acid

Content (W/W): 0.1 % - 0.5 %

CAS Number: 79-10-7 EC-Number: 201-177-9 INDEX-Number: 607-061-00-8

Substance with EU occupational

exposure limit

Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation - vapour)

Acute Tox. 4 (oral) Aquatic Chronic 2 Aquatic Acute 1 Acute Tox. 4 (dermal)

Flam. Liq. 3 Eye Dam. 1 Skin Corr. 1A M-factor acute: 1

H226, H314, H302 + H312 + H332, H411, H400

Specific concentration limit:

STOT SE 3, irr. to respiratory syst.: 1 - < 5 %

For the classifications not written out in full in this section, including the hazard classes and the hazard statements, the full text is listed in section 16.

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#### 3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable

# **SECTION 4: First-Aid Measures**

# 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First aid personnel should pay attention to their own safety. Remove affected person from danger area. Immediately remove contaminated clothing. If the patient is likely to become unconscious, place and transport in stable sideways position (recovery position). Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing.

#### If inhaled:

Keep patient calm, remove to fresh air, seek medical attention. Immediately administer a corticosteroid from a controlled/metered dose inhaler.

#### On skin contact:

Immediately wash thoroughly with soap and water, seek medical attention.

#### On contact with eyes:

Immediately wash affected eyes for at least 15 minutes under running water with eyelids held open, consult an eye specialist.

#### On ingestion:

Immediately rinse mouth and then drink 200-300 ml of water, seek medical attention. Do not induce vomiting.

# 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms: Information, i.e. additional information on symptoms and effects may be included in the GHS labeling phrases available in Section 2 and in the Toxicological assessments available in Section 11.

# 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment: Treat according to symptoms (decontamination, vital functions), no known specific antidote.

# **SECTION 5: Fire-Fighting Measures**

# 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

dry powder, water spray, carbon dioxide, foam

Unsuitable extinguishing media for safety reasons: water jet

### Additional information:

Use extinguishing measures to suit surroundings.

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# 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Advice: Risk of violent self-polymerization if overheated in a container. Cool endangered containers with water-spray.

Advice: Burning produces harmful and toxic fumes. Do not breathe gas/vapour.

Advice: Shut off or stop released substance/product under safe conditions. Do not release chemically contaminated water into drains, soil or surface water. Sufficient measures must be taken to retain the water used for extinguishing. Dispose of contaminated water and soil according to local regulations.

# 5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment:

Wear a self-contained breathing apparatus. Special protective equipment for firefighters

### Further information:

Extend fire extinguishing measures to the surroundings. Fight fire from maximum distance. Vapours are heavier than air and may accumulate in low areas and travel a considerable distance up to the source of ignition.

In case of a fire in the vicinity a restabilization system should be used if the temperature in the bulk storage-tank reaches 45°C. Evacuate area of all unnecessary personnel. In case of a fire in the vicinity evacuate all personnel in a greater area if the temperature in the bulk storage-tank reaches 60°C.

Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental Release Measures**

High risk of slipping due to leakage/spillage of product.

Release of substance/product can cause fire or explosion. Shut off or stop source of leak. Shut off or stop released substance/product under safe conditions.

Pack in tightly closed containers for disposal.

# 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame. Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Breathing protection required.

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Keep people away and stay on the upwind side. Beware of pits and confined spaces.

Use antistatic tools. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

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# 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not discharge into drains/surface waters/groundwater. Contain contaminated water/firefighting water.

# 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For large amounts: Pump off product.

Spills should be contained, solidified, and placed in suitable containers for disposal. Dispose of absorbed material in accordance with regulations. Ensure adequate ventilation. Suppress gases/vapours/mists with water spray jet. Clean contaminated floors and objects thoroughly with water and detergents, observing environmental regulations. Cleaning operations should be carried out only while wearing breathing apparatus. Pick up with suitable appliance and dispose of.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Information regarding exposure controls/personal protection and disposal considerations can be found in section 8 and 13.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and Storage**

# 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

The substance/ product may be handled only by appropriately trained personnel. Facility parts must be checked for polymer residues and cleaned on regular basis in order to avoid hazardous reactions.

Ensure thorough ventilation of stores and work areas. Encapsulation or exhaust ventilation required. When filling, transferring, or emptying of containers, adequate local exhaust ventilation is necessary. Vent waste air to atmosphere only through suitable separators. Check the condition of seals and connector screw threads. Do not open warm or swollen product containers. Remove persons to safety and alert fire brigade.

The temperatures which must be avoided are to be considered. Protect against heat. Protect from direct sunlight. Protect contents from the effects of light.

Because of the possible separation from the stabilizer the product should never be partially melted and taken. Ensure that there is no crystallized product in the container before use.

Ensure adequate inhibitor and dissolved oxygen level. Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame.

Avoid inhalation of dusts/mists/vapours. Avoid aerosol formation. Avoid all direct contact with the substance/product.

Protection against fire and explosion:

Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame. Substance/product can form explosive mixture with air. Ground all transfer equipment properly to prevent electrostatic discharge. Containers should be grounded against electrostatic charge. It is recommended that all conductive parts of the machinery are grounded. Explosion-proof equipment is not necessary when loading and processing of the product takes place at a minimum of 5 °C below the flash point.

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Heated containers should be cooled to prevent polymerization. If exposed to fire, keep containers cool by spraying with water. Emergency cooling must be provided for the eventuality of a fire in the vicinity. Avoid influence of heat.

# 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Further information on storage conditions: Prior to storage ensure that the transfer equipment used and the intended storage containers do not contain other substances/products. Before transfer to stock the identity of the product must be proved to be without doubt. The entrance to storage rooms is to be granted only to appropriately trained personnel.

The stabilizer is only effective in the presence of oxygen. Maintain contact with atmosphere containing 5 - 21% oxygen. Never use tanks with inert-gas installation for storage.

Risk of polymerization. Protect against heat. Protect from direct sunlight. Protect contents from the effects of light. Avoid UV-light and other radiation with high energy. Protect against contamination. In case of bulk storage, the storage-tanks should at least be equipped with two high temperature alert devices

Do not store product below the indicated minimum temperature, because crystallization should be absolutely avoided.

Even if the product is stored and handled as prescribed/indicated it should be used up within the indicated duration of storage.

Storage stability:

Storage temperature: < 35 °C Storage duration: 18 Months

The stated storage temperature should be noted.

Avoid prolonged storage.

This product should be processed as soon as possible.

If an expiry date is mentioned on the packaging/label this takes priority over the statements on storage duration in this safety data sheet.

Ensure adequate inhibitor and dissolved oxygen level.

Do not store with less than 10 % headspace above liquid.

Storage stability is based upon ambient temperatures and conditions described.

It is recommended to keep a safe distance of +2 degrees above the crystallization range.

The product is stabilized, the shelf life should be noted.

Storage temperature: 45 °C

A restabilization system should be used if the temperature in the bulk storage-tank reaches the indicated value.

Storage temperature: 60 °C

All personnel in a greater area should be evacuated if the temperature in the bulk storage-tank reaches the indicated value.

Protect from temperatures above:35 °C

Properties of the product change irreversibly on exceeding the limit temperature.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

See exposure scenario(s) in the attachment to this safety data sheet.

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# **SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection**

# 8.1. Control parameters

Components with occupational exposure limits

79-10-7: acrylic acid

STEL value 59 mg/m3; 20 ppm (OEL (EU))

indicative

TWA value 29 mg/m3; 10 ppm (OEL (EU))

indicative

TWA value 29 mg/m3; 10 ppm (OEL (IE))

Indicative OELV

STEL value 59 mg/m3; 20 ppm (OEL (IE))

Ceiling limit value/factor: 1 min

Indicative OELV

**PNEC** 

freshwater: 0.0096 mg/l

marine water: 0.00096 mg/l

intermittent release: 0.0361 mg/l

STP: 10 mg/l

sediment (freshwater): 0.036 mg/kg

sediment (marine water): 0.0036 mg/kg

soil: 0.00156 mg/kg

**DNEL** 

worker:

Long-term exposure - local effects, Inhalation: 2.4 mg/m3

consumer:

Long-term exposure - local effects, Inhalation: 1.2 mg/m3

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection:

Suitable respiratory protection for lower concentrations or short-term effect: Gas filter for gases/vapours of organic compounds (boiling point >65 °C, e. g. EN 14387 Type A)

Hand protection:

Suitable materials also with prolonged, direct contact (Recommended: Protective index 6, corresponding > 480 minutes of permeation time according to EN ISO 374-1): fluoroelastomer (FKM) - 0.7 mm coating thickness

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#### nitrile rubber (NBR) - 0.4 mm coating thickness

Supplementary note: The specifications are based on tests, literature data and information of glove manufacturers or are derived from similar substances by analogy. Due to many conditions (e.g. temperature) it must be considered, that the practical usage of a chemical-protective glove in practice may be much shorter than the permeation time determined through testing. Manufacturer's directions for use should be observed because of great diversity of types.

#### Eye protection:

Tightly fitting safety goggles (splash goggles) (e.g. EN 166)

#### Body protection:

Body protection must be chosen depending on activity and possible exposure, e.g. apron, protecting boots, chemical-protection suit (according to EN 14605 in case of splashes or EN ISO 13982 in case of dust).

# General safety and hygiene measures

Avoid inhalation of vapour. Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing. Wearing of closed work clothing is required additionally to the stated personal protection equipment. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

#### Environmental exposure controls

All appropriate measures must be taken to prevent the release of this product to the environment and to limit the dispersion of any release when it occurs. Suitable risk management measures should be in place.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties**

# 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

State of matter: liquid
Form: liquid
Colour: colourless
Odour: acrylic-like

Odour threshold:

not determined

Melting point: -23.4 °C

Literature data.

Boiling point: 198.5 °C

(1,013.25 hPa)

Cannot be distilled without

decomposition at normal pressure.

Flammability: hardly combustible (derived from flash point)

Lower explosion limit:

For liquids not relevant for classification and labelling., The lower explosion point may be 5 - 15

°C below the flash point.

Upper explosion limit:

For liquids not relevant for classification and labelling.

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Flash point: 99 °C (ISO 2719, closed cup) Auto-ignition temperature: 308 °C (DIN EN 14522)

SADT: Not a substance/mixture liable to self-decomposition according to

GHS.

pH value:

(20 °C)

neutral, miscible

Viscosity, kinematic: 8.63 mm2/s (OECD Guideline 114)

(20 °C)

Viscosity, dynamic: 9.1 mPa.s (calculated (from kinematic

(20 °C) viscosity))

Thixotropy: not thixotropic

Solubility in water: miscible (OECD Guideline 105)

Partitioning coefficient n-octanol/water (log Kow): 0.2 (measured)

(25 °C)

Vapour pressure: 0.1 hPa (measured)

(20 °C) dynamic

Relative density: 0.1049

(25 °C)

Literature data.

Density: 1.054 g/cm3 (ISO 2811-3)

(20 °C)

1.0256 g/cm3 (OECD Guideline 109)

(50 °C)

Relative vapour density (air):4.5 (calculated)

(20 °C)

Heavier than air.

Particle characteristics

Particle size distribution: The substance / product is marketed or used in a non solid or granular

form. -

# 9.2. Other information

# Information with regard to physical hazard classes

**Explosives** 

Explosion hazard: Based on the chemical structure

there is no indication of explosive

properties.

Impact sensitivity: not shock-sensitive

Based on the chemical structure there is no shock-sensitivity.

Oxidizing properties

Fire promoting properties: Based on its structural properties

the product is not classified as

oxidizing.

Pyrophoric properties

Self-ignition temperature: Temperature: 20 °C Test type: Spontaneous self-

ignition at room-temperature.

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Based on its structural properties the product is not classified as self-

igniting.

Self-heating substances and mixtures

Self heating ability: Not tested on account of the low

melting-point.

It is not a substance capable of

spontaneous heating.

Substances and mixtures, which emit flammable gases in contact with water

Formation of flammable gases:

Forms no flammable gases in the presence of water.

Corrosion to metals

No corrosive effect on metal.

Other safety characteristics

pKA:

The substance does not dissociate.,

Study scientifically not justified.

Adsorption/water - soil:

KOC: 1.49; log KOC: 0.17

Surface tension:

Based on chemical structure, surface

activity is not to be expected.

Molar mass:

SAPT-Temperature:

According to SP386 it is ensured that the level of chemical stabilization

(calculated)

is sufficient to prevent dangerous polymerization during total duration of carriage. - This information is valid for the recently stabilized

product.

130.14 g/mol

Evaporation rate:

Value can be approximated from

Henry's Law Constant or vapor

pressure.

**SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity** 

10.1. Reactivity

No hazardous reactions if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

Corrosion to metals: No corrosive effect on metal.

Reactions with

Reaction with:

water

water/air:

Flammable gases: no Toxic gases: no

Formation of

Remarks:

Forms no flammable gases in the

presence of water.

flammable gases:

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# 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

# 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Explosion and fire hazard exists under confined conditions. Ignitable air mixtures can form when the product is heated above the flash point and/or when sprayed or atomized. Formation of explosive gas/air mixtures.

Polymerization coupled with heat formation.

Risk of spontaneous polymerization by oxygen depletion of the liquid phase. Risk of spontaneous polymerization when heated or in the presence of UV radiation. Risk of spontaneous and violent self-polymerization if inhibitor is lost or product is exposed to excessive heat. Polymerization produces gases which may burst closed or confined containers. Reactions may cause ignition.

Radical formation can cause exothermic polymerization. Reacts with peroxides and other radical components. Risk of spontaneous polymerization in the presence of starters for radical chain reactions (e.g. peroxides). Reacts with nitric acid. Polymerizes explosively in contact with strong oxidizing agents. Risk of spontaneous polymerization in the presence of oxidizing agents.

Hazardous reactions in presence of mentioned substances to avoid.

The product is stabilized against spontaneous polymerization prior to despatch. The product is stable if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat. Avoid oxygen content above the product of less than 5 %. Avoid UV-light and other radiation with high energy. Avoid direct sunlight. Avoid prolonged storage. Avoid inhibitor loss. Avoid excessive temperatures. Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame. Avoid freezing. Avoid moisture. Avoid temperatures below the crystallization range.

# 10.5. Incompatible materials

Substances to avoid:

radical formers, free radical initiators, peroxides, mercaptans, nitro-compounds, perborates, azides, ether, ketones, aldehydes, amines, nitrates, nitrites, oxidizing agents, reducing agents, strong bases, alkaline reactive substances, acid anhydrides, acid chlorides, concentrated mineral acids, metal salts lnert gas

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# 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products:

No hazardous decomposition products if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological Information**

# 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

# Acute toxicity

Assessment of acute toxicity:

Of moderate toxicity after single ingestion. Of moderate toxicity after short-term skin contact. The inhalation of a highly enriched/saturated vapor-air-mixture represents an unlikely acute hazard. The European Union (EU) has classified the substance as "toxic" after inhalation. The European Union (EU) has classified the substance as "toxic" after dermal exposure. The European Union (EU) has classified the substance as "toxic" after oral exposure.

Experimental/calculated data:

LD50 rat (oral): 820 mg/kg (similar to OECD guideline 401)

LC50 rat (by inhalation): > 0.38 mg/l 8 h (similar to OECD guideline 403)

Inhalation-risk test (IRT): No mortality within 8 hours as shown in animal studies. The inhalation of a highly saturated vapor-air mixture represents no acute hazard. The vapour was tested.

LD50 rat (dermal): > 1,000 mg/kg (OECD Guideline 402)

No mortality was observed.

#### <u>Irritation</u>

Assessment of irritating effects:

Corrosive! Damages skin and eyes.

Experimental/calculated data:

Skin corrosion/irritation

rabbit: Corrosive. (BASF-Test) Serious eye damage/irritation

rabbit: irreversible damage (BASF-Test)

Respiratory/Skin sensitization

Assessment of sensitization:

Sensitization after skin contact possible.

Experimental/calculated data:

Mouse Local Lymph Node Assay (LLNA) mouse: skin sensitizing (similar to OECD guideline 429)

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Assessment of mutagenicity:

Results from a number of mutagenicity studies with microorganisms, mammalian cell culture and mammals are available. Taking into account all of the information, there is no indication that the substance is mutagenic. The product has not been fully tested. The statements have been derived in parts from products of a similar structure or composition.

#### Carcinogenicity

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#### Assessment of carcinogenicity:

In long-term animal studies in which the substance was given by inhalation, a carcinogenic effect was not observed. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition.

# Reproductive toxicity

Assessment of reproduction toxicity:

The results of animal studies gave no indication of a fertility impairing effect.

# **Developmental toxicity**

Assessment of teratogenicity:

No indications of a developmental toxic / teratogenic effect were seen in animal studies. The product has not been fully tested. The statements have been derived in parts from products of a similar structure or composition.

#### Experiences in humans

Experimental/calculated data:

Danger of skin sensitization on repeated contact.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

#### Assessment of STOT single:

Based on the available information there is no specific target organ toxicity to be expected after a single exposure.

#### Repeated dose toxicity and Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Assessment of repeated dose toxicity:

After repeated exposure the prominent effect is local irritation. No substance-specific organtoxicity was observed after repeated administration to animals. The product has not been fully tested. The statements have been derived in parts from products of a similar structure or composition.

# Aspiration hazard

No aspiration hazard expected.

# Interactive effects

No data available.

#### 11.2. Information on other hazards

# **Endocrine disrupting properties**

The substance is not identified to have endocrine disrupting properties according to Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 nor is included in the Candidate List of substances of very high concern according to EU REACh Article 59 for having endocrine disrupting properties.

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# **SECTION 12: Ecological Information**

# 12.1. Toxicity

Assessment of aquatic toxicity:

Acutely toxic for aquatic organisms. The inhibition of the degradation activity of activated sludge is not anticipated when introduced to biological treatment plants in appropriate low concentrations.

#### Toxicity to fish:

LC50 (96 h) 3.61 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fish test acute, Flow through.)

Literature data. The statement of the toxic effect relates to the analytically determined concentration.

#### Aquatic invertebrates:

EC50 (48 h) 24 mg/l, Daphnia magna (OECD Guideline 202, part 1, static)

The details of the toxic effect relate to the nominal concentration.

## Aquatic plants:

EC50 (96 h) 6.98 mg/l (growth rate), Selenastrum capricornutum (OECD Guideline 201, static) The details of the toxic effect relate to the nominal concentration.

#### Microorganisms/Effect on activated sludge:

EC20 (0.5 h) approx. 1,000 mg/l, activated sludge (DIN EN ISO 8192-OECD 209-88/302/EEC,P. C, aerobic)

# Chronic toxicity to fish:

No data available.

#### Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates:

No observed effect concentration (21 d) 0.86 mg/l, Daphnia magna (OECD Guideline 211, semistatic)

The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition.

Assessment of terrestrial toxicity:

No data available.

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Assessment biodegradation and elimination (H2O):

Readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria).

#### Elimination information:

90 - 100 % DOC reduction (14 d) (OECD 301 A (new version)) (aerobic, activated sludge, domestic)

#### Assessment of stability in water:

In contact with water the substance will hydrolyse slowly.

# Information on Stability in Water (Hydrolysis):

 $t_{1/2}$  > 490 d, (28 d) (25 °C, pH value3), (OPPTS 835.2130, other)

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 $t_{1/2} > 230 \text{ d}$ , (28 d) (25 °C, pH value7), (OPPTS 835.2130, pH 7)

t<sub>1/2</sub> 12.27 d, (7 d) (25 °C, pH value11), (OPPTS 835.2130, other)

# 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Assessment bioaccumulation potential:

Because of the n-octanol/water distribution coefficient (log Pow) accumulation in organisms is not to be expected.

Bioaccumulation potential:

No data available.

# 12.4. Mobility in soil

Assessment transport between environmental compartments:

Volatility: The substance will not evaporate into the atmosphere from the water surface.

Adsorption in soil: Adsorption to solid soil phase is not expected.

# 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) No.1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH): The product does not fulfill the criteria for PBT (Persistent/bioaccumulative/toxic) and vPvB (very persistent/very bioaccumulative). Self classification

# 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

The substance is not identified to have endocrine disrupting properties according to Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 nor is included in the Candidate List of substances of very high concern according to EU REACh Article 59 for having endocrine disrupting properties.

#### 12.7. Other adverse effects

# Results of PMT and vPvM assessment

Substance is not included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 for having PMT/vPvM properties.

#### Additional information

Sum parameter

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Chemical oxygen demand (COD): 1,705 mg/g

Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) Incubation period5 d: < 10 mg/g

Other ecotoxicological advice:

Do not release untreated into natural waters.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal Considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Must be sent to a suitable incineration plant, observing local regulations.

Contaminated packaging:

Uncleaned empties should be disposed of in the same manner as the contents.

# **SECTION 14: Transport Information**

#### **Land transport**

**ADR** 

UN number or ID number: UN1760

UN proper shipping name: CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (HYDROXYPROPYL ACRYLATE,

STABILIZED)

Transport hazard class(es): 8
Packing group: II
Environmental hazards: no

Special precautions for

Tunnel code: E

user:

RID

UN number or ID number: UN1760

UN proper shipping name: CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (HYDROXYPROPYL ACRYLATE,

STABILIZED)

Transport hazard class(es): 8
Packing group: II
Environmental hazards: no

Special precautions for

None known

user:

# **Inland waterway transport**

ADN

UN number or ID number: UN1760

UN proper shipping name: CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (HYDROXYPROPYL ACRYLATE,

STABILIZED)

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Transport hazard class(es): 8
Packing group: II
Environmental hazards: no

Special precautions for

user:

None known

# Transport in inland waterway vessel

Not evaluated

# Sea transport

**IMDG** 

UN number or ID number: UN 1760

UN proper shipping name: CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (HYDROXYPROPYL ACRYLATE,

STABILIZED)

Transport hazard class(es): 8
Packing group: II
Environmental hazards: no

Marine pollutant: NO

Special precautions for

user:

EmS: F-A; S-B

# Air transport

IATA/ICAO

UN number or ID number: UN 1760

UN proper shipping name: CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (HYDROXYPROPYL ACRYLATE,

STABILIZED)

Transport hazard class(es): 8 Packing group: II

Environmental hazards: No Mark as dangerous for the environment is needed

Special precautions for None known

user:

#### 14.1. UN number or ID number

See corresponding entries for "UN number or ID number" for the respective regulations in the tables above.

# 14.2. UN proper shipping name

See corresponding entries for "UN proper shipping name" for the respective regulations in the tables above.

# 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

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See corresponding entries for "Transport hazard class(es)" for the respective regulations in the tables above.

# 14.4. Packing group

See corresponding entries for "Packing group" for the respective regulations in the tables above.

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

See corresponding entries for "Environmental hazards" for the respective regulations in the tables above.

# 14.6. Special precautions for user

See corresponding entries for "Special precautions for user" for the respective regulations in the tables above.

# 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Maritime transport in bulk is not intended.

#### **Further information**

According to SP386 it is ensured that the level of chemical stabilization is sufficient to prevent dangerous polymerization during total duration of carriage. This information is valid for the recently stabilized product.

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory Information**

# 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Prohibitions, Restrictions and Authorizations

Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006: Number on List: 3, 75, 3, 75

Directive 2012/18/EU - Control of Major Accident Hazards involving dangerous substances (EU):

List entry in regulation: H2

Classification applies for standard conditions of temperature and pressure.

If other regulatory information applies that is not already provided elsewhere in this safety data sheet, then it is described in this subsection.

# 15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment performed

# **SECTION 16: Other Information**

Assessment of the hazard classes according to UN GHS criteria (most recent version)

Skin Corr. 1B

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Skin Sens. 1B Acute Tox. 4 (dermal) Acute Tox. 4 (oral) Eye Dam. 1 Aquatic Acute 2 Aquatic Chronic 3

Safe Handling and Storage aspects are covered in a brochure which is available on request.

# <u>Full text of the classifications, including the hazard classes and the hazard statements, if mentioned in section 2 or 3:</u>

Acute Tox. Acute toxicity
Skin Corr. Skin corrosion
Eye Dam. Serious eye damage
Skin Sens. Skin sensitization

Aquatic Chronic Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic Aquatic Acute Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute

Flam. Liq. Flammable liquids

STOT SE Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H301 + H311 + H331 Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H302 + H312 + H332 Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

#### Abbreviations

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road. ADN = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland waterways. ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimates. CAO = Cargo Aircraft Only. CAS = Chemical Abstract Service. CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging of substances and mixtures. DIN = German national organization for standardization. DNEL = Derived No Effect Level. EC50 = Effective concentration median for 50% of the population. EC = European Community. EN = European Standards. IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer. IATA = International Air Transport Association. IBC-Code = Intermediate Bulk Container code. IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code. ISO = International Organization for Standardization. STEL = Short-Term Exposure Limit. LC50 = Lethal concentration median for 50% of the population. LD50 = Lethal dose median for 50% of the population. TLV = Threshold Limit Value. MARPOL = The International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships. NEN = Dutch Norm. NOEC = No Observed Effect Concentration. OEL = Occupational Exposure Limit. OECD = Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic. PNEC = Predicted No Effect Level. PPM = Parts per million. RID = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail. TWA = Time Weight Average. UN-number = UN number at transport. vPvB = very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative.

The data contained in this safety data sheet are based on our current knowledge and experience and describe the product only with regard to safety requirements. This safety data sheet is neither a Certificate of Analysis (CoA) nor technical data sheet and shall not be mistaken for a specification agreement. Identified uses in this safety data sheet do neither represent an agreement on the corresponding contractual quality of the substance/mixture nor a contractually designated use. It is the

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responsibility of the recipient of the product to ensure any proprietary rights and existing laws and legislation are observed.

Vertical lines in the left hand margin indicate an amendment from the previous version.

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# **Annex: Exposure Scenarios**

#### Index

**1.** Polymer production, (use in industrial settings) SU8, SU9, SU12; ERC6c; PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9

- 2. Polymer production, Downstream User, (use in industrial settings) SU8, SU9, SU12; ERC6c; PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9
- **3.** Use as laboratory reagent/agent, (use in industrial settings) SU8, SU9, SU24; ERC6c; PROC15

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*

# 1. Short title of exposure scenario

Polymer production, (use in industrial settings) SU8, SU9, SU12; ERC6c; PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9

# Control of exposure and risk management measures

Contributing exposure scenario		
Use descriptors covered	ERC6c: Use of monomer i industrial site (inclusion or	n polymerisation processes at not into/onto article)
Operational conditions		
Annual amount used in the EU	3,000,000 kg	
Minimum emission days per year	100	
Emission factor air	0.01 %	
Emission factor water	5 %	
Emission factor soil	0 %	
Receive Surf. Water (Flow Rate).	18,000 m3/d	
Dilution factor river	10	
Dilution factor coast	100	
Risk Management Measures		
Soil treatment measures considered su	uitable are, e.g.	No application of sludge to soil
Type of STP		Municipal STP
Assumed sewage treatment plant flow		2,000 m3/d
Exposure estimate and reference to its source		
Assessment method	EASY TRA v5.2, ECETOC	TRA v3.0, Environment
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0.100218	
-	Risk from environmental e	xposure is driven by freshwater.

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Maximum amount of safe use	299,347.1 kg/d
Risk from environmental exposure is driv	ven by freshwater.

Contributing exposure scenario		
Use descriptors covered	PROC1: Chemical production or refinery in closed process without likelihood of exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions.  Use domain: industrial	
Operational conditions		
Concentration of the substance	acrylic acid, monoester with propane-1,2-diol Content: >= 0 % - <= 100 %	
Physical state	liquid	
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	1 Pa	
Duration and Frequency of activity	480 min 5 days per week	
Indoor/Outdoor	Indoor	
	Assumes activities are at ambient temperature.	
Risk Management Measures		
Avoid skin contact. Ensure doors and windows are opened (general ventilation).  Use suitable eye protection.		
Avoid contact with contaminated tools.		
Avoid skin contact. Clean up contamination as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately.		
Change gloves, if duration of activity exceeds break through time, Wear chemically resistant gloves in combination with 'basic' employee training.		
Exposure estimate and reference to its source		
Assessment method	EASY TRA v5.2, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Worker	
	Worker - inhalation, long-term - local	
Exposure estimate	0.0542 mg/m³	
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0.022569	
Assessment method	Qualitative assessment	
	Worker - dermal	
Additional good practice advice		
Local exhaust ventilation and / or general ventilation are / is advisable.		
Guidance to Downstream Users		
For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra		

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PROC2: Chemical production or refinery in closed

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	continuous process with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions Use domain: industrial	
Operational conditions		
Concentration of the substance	acrylic acid, monoester with propane-1,2-diol Content: >= 0 % - <= 100 %	
Physical state	liquid	
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	1 Pa	
Duration and Frequency of activity	480 min 5 days per week	
Indoor/Outdoor	Indoor	
	Assumes activities are at ambient temperature.	
Risk Management Measures		
Local exhaust ventilation	Effectiveness: 90 %	
Provide a good standard of general or controlled ventilation (5 to 10 air changes per hour)	Effectiveness: 70 %	
Avoid skin contact. Ensure doors and windows are opened (general ventilation).		
Use suitable eye protection.		
Avoid contact with contaminated tools. Avoid skin contact. Clean up contamination as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately.		
Change gloves, if duration of activity exceeds break through time, Wear chemically resistant gloves in combination with 'basic' employee training.		
Exposure estimate and reference to it		
Assessment method	EASY TRA v5.2, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Worker	
	Worker - inhalation, long-term - local	
Exposure estimate	0.1625 mg/m³	
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0.067708	
Assessment method	Qualitative assessment	
	Worker - dermal	
Additional good practice advice		
Local exhaust ventilation and / or general ventilation are / is advisable.  Guidance to Downstream Users		
For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra		

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PROC3: Manufacture or formulation in the chemical industry in closed batch processes with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment condition

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	Use domain: industrial	
Operational conditions		
Concentration of the substance	acrylic acid, monoester with propane-1,2-diol Content: >= 0 % - <= 100 %	
Physical state	liquid	
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	1 Pa	
Duration and Frequency of activity	480 min 5 days per week	
Indoor/Outdoor	Indoor	
	Assumes activities are at ambient temperature.	
Risk Management Measures		
Local exhaust ventilation	Effectiveness: 90 %	
Avoid skin contact. Ensure doors and windows are opened (general ventilation).		
Use suitable eye protection.		
Avoid contact with contaminated tools. Avoid skin contact. Clean up contamination as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately.		
Change gloves, if duration of activity exceeds break through time, Wear chemically resistant gloves in combination with 'basic' employee training.		
Exposure estimate and reference to its source		
Assessment method	EASY TRA v5.2, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Worker	
	Worker - inhalation, long-term - local	
Exposure estimate	1.625 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0.677083	
Assessment method	Qualitative assessment	
	Worker - dermal	
Additional good practice advice		
Local exhaust ventilation and / or general	al ventilation are / is advisable.	
Guidance to Downstream Users		
For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra		

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PROC4: Chemical production where opportunity for exposure arises Use domain: industrial
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	acrylic acid, monoester with propane-1,2-diol Content: >= 0 % - <= 100 %
Physical state	liquid

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Vapour pressure of the substance during use	1 Pa
Duration and Frequency of activity	480 min 5 days per week
Indoor/Outdoor	Indoor
	Assumes activities are at ambient temperature.
Risk Management Measures	
Local exhaust ventilation	Effectiveness: 90 %
Provide a good standard of general or	
controlled ventilation (5 to 10 air	Effectiveness: 70 %
changes per hour)	
Avoid skin contact. Ensure doors and	
windows are opened (general	
ventilation).	
Use suitable eye protection.	
Avoid contact with contaminated tools.	
Avoid skin contact. Clean up	
contamination as soon as they occur.	
Wash off any skin contamination	
immediately.	
Change gloves, if duration of activity	
exceeds break through time, Wear	
chemically resistant gloves in	
combination with 'basic' employee	
training.	
Exposure estimate and reference to i	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v5.2, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Worker
	Worker - inhalation, long-term - local
Exposure estimate	0.8125 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0.338542
Assessment method	Qualitative assessment
	Worker - dermal
Additional good practice advice	
Local exhaust ventilation and / or general ventilation are / is advisable.	
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/t	ra

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes Use domain: industrial
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	acrylic acid, monoester with propane-1,2-diol Content: >= 0 % - <= 25 %
Physical state	liquid
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	1 Pa
Duration and Frequency of activity	480 min 5 days per week
Indoor/Outdoor	Indoor

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	Assumes activities are at ambient temperature.	
Risk Management Measures		
Local exhaust ventilation	Effectiveness: 90 %	
Avoid skin contact. Ensure doors and		
windows are opened (general		
ventilation).		
Use suitable eye protection.		
Avoid contact with contaminated tools.		
Avoid skin contact. Clean up		
contamination as soon as they occur.		
Wash off any skin contamination		
immediately.		
Change gloves, if duration of activity		
exceeds break through time, Wear		
chemically resistant gloves in		
combination with 'basic' employee		
training.  Exposure estimate and reference to i	its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v5.2, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Worker	
Assessment method	Worker - inhalation, long-term - local	
Exposure estimate	1.625 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0.677083	
Assessment method	Qualitative assessment	
ASSOCIATION	Worker - dermal	
Additional good practice advice		
Local exhaust ventilation and / or general ventilation are / is advisable.		
Guidance to Downstream Users		
For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra		
3		

Contributing exposure scenario		
Use descriptors covered	PROC8a: Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at non-dedicated facilities Use domain: industrial	
Operational conditions		
Concentration of the substance	acrylic acid, monoester with propane-1,2-diol Content: >= 0 % - <= 100 %	
Physical state	liquid	
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	1 Pa	
Duration and Frequency of activity	480 min 5 days per week	
Indoor/Outdoor	Indoor	
	Assumes activities are at ambient temperature.	
Risk Management Measures		
Provide a good standard of general or controlled ventilation (5 to 10 air changes per hour)	Effectiveness: 70 %	
Wear suitable respiratory protection.	Effectiveness: 90 %	
Avoid skin contact. Ensure doors and		

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ventilation).  Use suitable eye protection.  Avoid contact with contaminated tools.  Avoid skin contact. Clean up contamination as soon as they occur.  Wash off any skin contamination immediately.  Change gloves, if duration of activity exceeds break through time, Wear chemically resistant gloves in combination with 'basic' employee training.  Exposure estimate and reference to its source  Assessment method EASY TRA v5.2, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Worker Worker - inhalation, long-term - local  Exposure estimate 1.625 mg/m³  Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR) 0.677083  Assessment method Qualitative assessment Worker - dermal  Additional good practice advice  Local exhaust ventilation and / or general ventilation are / is advisable.  Guidance to Downstream Users  For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra	windows are opened (general	
Avoid contact with contaminated tools.  Avoid skin contact. Clean up contamination as soon as they occur.  Wash off any skin contamination immediately.  Change gloves, if duration of activity exceeds break through time, Wear chemically resistant gloves in combination with 'basic' employee training.  Exposure estimate and reference to its source  Assessment method  EASY TRA v5.2, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Worker  Worker - inhalation, long-term - local  Exposure estimate  1.625 mg/m³  Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)  O.677083  Assessment method  Qualitative assessment  Worker - dermal  Additional good practice advice  Local exhaust ventilation and / or general ventilation are / is advisable.  Guidance to Downstream Users	ventilation).	
Avoid skin contact. Clean up contamination as soon as they occur.  Wash off any skin contamination immediately.  Change gloves, if duration of activity exceeds break through time, Wear chemically resistant gloves in combination with 'basic' employee training.  Exposure estimate and reference to its source  Assessment method EASY TRA v5.2, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Worker Worker - inhalation, long-term - local  Exposure estimate 1.625 mg/m³  Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR) 0.677083  Assessment method Qualitative assessment  Worker - dermal  Additional good practice advice  Local exhaust ventilation and / or general ventilation are / is advisable.  Guidance to Downstream Users	Use suitable eye protection.	
contamination as soon as they occur.  Wash off any skin contamination immediately.  Change gloves, if duration of activity exceeds break through time, Wear chemically resistant gloves in combination with 'basic' employee training.  Exposure estimate and reference to its source  Assessment method EASY TRA v5.2, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Worker Worker - inhalation, long-term - local  Exposure estimate 1.625 mg/m³  Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR) 0.677083  Assessment method Qualitative assessment  Worker - dermal  Additional good practice advice  Local exhaust ventilation and / or general ventilation are / is advisable.  Guidance to Downstream Users	Avoid contact with contaminated tools.	
Wash off any skin contamination immediately.  Change gloves, if duration of activity exceeds break through time, Wear chemically resistant gloves in combination with 'basic' employee training.  Exposure estimate and reference to its source  Assessment method EASY TRA v5.2, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Worker Worker - inhalation, long-term - local  Exposure estimate 1.625 mg/m³  Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR) 0.677083  Assessment method Qualitative assessment Worker - dermal  Additional good practice advice  Local exhaust ventilation and / or general ventilation are / is advisable.  Guidance to Downstream Users	Avoid skin contact. Clean up	
immediately.  Change gloves, if duration of activity exceeds break through time, Wear chemically resistant gloves in combination with 'basic' employee training.  Exposure estimate and reference to its source  Assessment method EASY TRA v5.2, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Worker Worker - inhalation, long-term - local  Exposure estimate 1.625 mg/m³  Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR) 0.677083  Assessment method Qualitative assessment  Worker - dermal  Additional good practice advice  Local exhaust ventilation and / or general ventilation are / is advisable.  Guidance to Downstream Users	contamination as soon as they occur.	
Change gloves, if duration of activity exceeds break through time, Wear chemically resistant gloves in combination with 'basic' employee training.  Exposure estimate and reference to its source  Assessment method EASY TRA v5.2, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Worker Worker - inhalation, long-term - local  Exposure estimate 1.625 mg/m³ Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR) 0.677083  Assessment method Qualitative assessment Worker - dermal  Additional good practice advice Local exhaust ventilation and / or general ventilation are / is advisable.  Guidance to Downstream Users	Wash off any skin contamination	
exceeds break through time, Wear chemically resistant gloves in combination with 'basic' employee training.  Exposure estimate and reference to its source  Assessment method EASY TRA v5.2, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Worker Worker - inhalation, long-term - local  Exposure estimate 1.625 mg/m³ Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR) 0.677083  Assessment method Qualitative assessment Worker - dermal  Additional good practice advice Local exhaust ventilation and / or general ventilation are / is advisable.  Guidance to Downstream Users		
chemically resistant gloves in combination with 'basic' employee training.  Exposure estimate and reference to its source  Assessment method EASY TRA v5.2, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Worker Worker - inhalation, long-term - local  Exposure estimate 1.625 mg/m³ Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR) 0.677083  Assessment method Qualitative assessment Worker - dermal  Additional good practice advice  Local exhaust ventilation and / or general ventilation are / is advisable.  Guidance to Downstream Users		
combination with 'basic' employee training.  Exposure estimate and reference to its source  Assessment method EASY TRA v5.2, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Worker Worker - inhalation, long-term - local  Exposure estimate 1.625 mg/m³  Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR) 0.677083  Assessment method Qualitative assessment  Worker - dermal  Additional good practice advice  Local exhaust ventilation and / or general ventilation are / is advisable.  Guidance to Downstream Users	•	
training.  Exposure estimate and reference to its source  Assessment method EASY TRA v5.2, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Worker Worker - inhalation, long-term - local  Exposure estimate 1.625 mg/m³ Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR) 0.677083  Assessment method Qualitative assessment Worker - dermal  Additional good practice advice Local exhaust ventilation and / or general ventilation are / is advisable.  Guidance to Downstream Users		
Exposure estimate and reference to its source  Assessment method EASY TRA v5.2, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Worker Worker - inhalation, long-term - local  Exposure estimate 1.625 mg/m³ Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR) 0.677083  Assessment method Qualitative assessment Worker - dermal  Additional good practice advice Local exhaust ventilation and / or general ventilation are / is advisable.  Guidance to Downstream Users	combination with 'basic' employee	
Assessment method  EASY TRA v5.2, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Worker  Worker - inhalation, long-term - local  Exposure estimate  1.625 mg/m³  Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)  O.677083  Assessment method  Qualitative assessment  Worker - dermal  Additional good practice advice  Local exhaust ventilation and / or general ventilation are / is advisable.  Guidance to Downstream Users		
Worker - inhalation, long-term - local  Exposure estimate 1.625 mg/m³ Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR) 0.677083  Assessment method Qualitative assessment Worker - dermal  Additional good practice advice Local exhaust ventilation and / or general ventilation are / is advisable.  Guidance to Downstream Users	Exposure estimate and reference to	
Exposure estimate 1.625 mg/m³ Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR) 0.677083  Assessment method Qualitative assessment Worker - dermal  Additional good practice advice Local exhaust ventilation and / or general ventilation are / is advisable.  Guidance to Downstream Users	Assessment method	
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR) 0.677083  Assessment method Qualitative assessment  Worker - dermal  Additional good practice advice  Local exhaust ventilation and / or general ventilation are / is advisable.  Guidance to Downstream Users		Worker - inhalation, long-term - local
Assessment method  Qualitative assessment  Worker - dermal  Additional good practice advice  Local exhaust ventilation and / or general ventilation are / is advisable.  Guidance to Downstream Users	Exposure estimate	1.625 mg/m³
Worker - dermal  Additional good practice advice Local exhaust ventilation and / or general ventilation are / is advisable.  Guidance to Downstream Users	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0.677083
Additional good practice advice Local exhaust ventilation and / or general ventilation are / is advisable.  Guidance to Downstream Users	Assessment method	Qualitative assessment
Local exhaust ventilation and / or general ventilation are / is advisable.  Guidance to Downstream Users		Worker - dermal
Guidance to Downstream Users	Additional good practice advice	
	Local exhaust ventilation and / or general ventilation are / is advisable.	
For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra	Guidance to Downstream Users	
	For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PROC8b: Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at dedicated facilities Use domain: industrial
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	acrylic acid, monoester with propane-1,2-diol Content: >= 0 % - <= 100 %
Physical state	liquid
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	1 Pa
Duration and Frequency of activity	480 min 5 days per week
Indoor/Outdoor	Indoor
	Assumes activities are at ambient temperature.
Risk Management Measures	
Local exhaust ventilation	Effectiveness: 95 %
Avoid skin contact. Ensure doors and windows are opened (general ventilation).	
Use suitable eye protection.	
Avoid contact with contaminated tools. Avoid skin contact. Clean up contamination as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination	

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immediately.	
Change gloves, if duration of activity	
exceeds break through time, Wear	
chemically resistant gloves in	
combination with 'basic' employee	
training.	
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v5.2, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Worker
	Worker - inhalation, long-term - local
Exposure estimate	1.3542 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0.564236
Assessment method	Qualitative assessment
	Worker - dermal
Additional good practice advice	
Local exhaust ventilation and / or general ventilation are / is advisable.	
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra	

Contributing exposure scenario		
Use descriptors covered	PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing). Use domain: industrial	
Operational conditions		
Concentration of the substance	acrylic acid, monoester with propane-1,2-diol Content: >= 0 % - <= 100 %	
Physical state	liquid	
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	1 Pa	
Duration and Frequency of activity	480 min 5 days per week	
Indoor/Outdoor	Indoor	
	Assumes activities are at ambient temperature.	
Risk Management Measures		
Local exhaust ventilation	Effectiveness: 90 %	
Provide a good standard of general or controlled ventilation (5 to 10 air changes per hour)	Effectiveness: 70 %	
Avoid skin contact. Ensure doors and windows are opened (general ventilation).		
Use suitable eye protection.		
Avoid contact with contaminated tools. Avoid skin contact. Clean up contamination as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately.		
Change gloves, if duration of activity exceeds break through time, Wear chemically resistant gloves in		

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combination with 'basic' employee	
training.	
Exposure estimate and reference to	its source
Assessment method	EASY TRA v5.2, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Worker
	Worker - inhalation, long-term - local
Exposure estimate	0.8125 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0.338542
Assessment method	Qualitative assessment
	Worker - dermal
Additional good practice advice	
Local exhaust ventilation and / or general ventilation are / is advisable.	
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra	

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# 2. Short title of exposure scenario

Polymer production, Downstream User, (use in industrial settings) SU8, SU9, SU12; ERC6c; PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9

# Control of exposure and risk management measures

Contributing exposure scenario		
Use descriptors covered		ner in polymerisation processes at nor not into/onto article)
Operational conditions	1	
Annual amount used in the EU	3,000,000 kg	
Minimum emission days per year	180	
Emission factor air	0.01 %	
Emission factor water	0.1 %	
Emission factor soil	0 %	
Receive Surf. Water (Flow Rate).	18,000 m3/d	
Dilution factor river	10	
Dilution factor coast	100	
Risk Management Measures	1	
Soil treatment measures considered suitable are, e.g.		No application of sludge to soil
Type of STP		Municipal STP
Assumed sewage treatment plant flow		2,000 m3/d
Exposure estimate and reference to its source		
Assessment method	EASY TRA v5.2, ECET	TOC TRA v3.0, Environment
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0.516007	<u> </u>

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	Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater.
Maximum amount of safe use	1,938 kg/d
Waximum amount or sale use	Ng/ d
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater.	

Contributing exposure scenario		
Use descriptors covered	PROC1: Chemical production or refinery in closed process without likelihood of exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions.  Use domain: industrial	
Operational conditions		
Concentration of the substance	acrylic acid, monoester with propane-1,2-diol Content: >= 0 % - <= 100 %	
Physical state	liquid	
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	1 Pa	
Duration and Frequency of activity	480 min 5 days per week	
Indoor/Outdoor	Indoor	
	Assumes activities are at ambient temperature.	
Risk Management Measures		
Avoid skin contact. Ensure doors and windows are opened (general ventilation).		
Use suitable eye protection.		
Avoid contact with contaminated tools. Avoid skin contact. Clean up contamination as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately.		
Change gloves, if duration of activity exceeds break through time, Wear chemically resistant gloves in combination with 'basic' employee training.		
Exposure estimate and reference to its source		
Assessment method	EASY TRA v5.2, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Worker	
	Worker - inhalation, long-term - local	
Exposure estimate	0.0542 mg/m³	
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0.022569	
Assessment method	Qualitative assessment	
	Worker - dermal	
Additional good practice advice		
Local exhaust ventilation and / or general ventilation are / is advisable.		
Guidance to Downstream Users		
For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/t	ra	

# Contributing exposure scenario

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Use descriptors covered	PROC2: Chemical production or refinery in closed continuous process with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions Use domain: industrial	
Operational conditions		
Concentration of the substance	acrylic acid, monoester with propane-1,2-diol Content: >= 0 % - <= 100 %	
Physical state	liquid	
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	1 Pa	
Duration and Frequency of activity	480 min 5 days per week	
Indoor/Outdoor	Indoor	
	Assumes activities are at ambient temperature.	
Risk Management Measures		
Local exhaust ventilation	Effectiveness: 90 %	
Provide a good standard of general or controlled ventilation (5 to 10 air changes per hour)	Effectiveness: 70 %	
Avoid skin contact. Ensure doors and windows are opened (general ventilation).		
Use suitable eye protection.  Avoid contact with contaminated tools.  Avoid skin contact. Clean up contamination as soon as they occur.  Wash off any skin contamination immediately.		
Change gloves, if duration of activity exceeds break through time, Wear chemically resistant gloves in combination with 'basic' employee training.		
Exposure estimate and reference to its source		
Assessment method	EASY TRA v5.2, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Worker	
	Worker - inhalation, long-term - local	
Exposure estimate	0.1625 mg/m³	
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0.067708	
Assessment method	Qualitative assessment	
Additional months and its	Worker - dermal	
Additional good practice advice	al contilation and the advisable	
Local exhaust ventilation and / or general ventilation are / is advisable.		
Guidance to Downstream Users		
For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra		

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PROC3: Manufacture or formulation in the chemical industry in closed batch processes with occasional
	controlled exposure or processes with equivalent

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	containment condition Use domain: industrial
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	acrylic acid, monoester with propane-1,2-diol Content: >= 0 % - <= 100 %
Physical state	liquid
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	1 Pa
Duration and Frequency of activity	480 min 5 days per week
Indoor/Outdoor	Indoor
	Assumes activities are at ambient temperature.
Risk Management Measures	
Local exhaust ventilation	Effectiveness: 90 %
Avoid skin contact. Ensure doors and windows are opened (general ventilation).	
Use suitable eye protection.	
Avoid contact with contaminated tools. Avoid skin contact. Clean up contamination as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately.	
Change gloves, if duration of activity exceeds break through time, Wear chemically resistant gloves in combination with 'basic' employee training.	
Exposure estimate and reference to its source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v5.2, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Worker Worker - inhalation, long-term - local
Exposure estimate	1.625 mg/m³
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0.677083
Assessment method	Qualitative assessment
	Worker - dermal
Additional good practice advice	
Local exhaust ventilation and / or general ventilation are / is advisable.	
Guidance to Downstream Users	
For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra	

Contributing exposure scenario	
Use descriptors covered	PROC4: Chemical production where opportunity for exposure arises Use domain: industrial
Operational conditions	
Concentration of the substance	acrylic acid, monoester with propane-1,2-diol Content: >= 0 % - <= 100 %

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Physical state	liquid	
Vapour pressure of the substance	1 Pa	
during use		
Duration and Frequency of activity	480 min 5 days per week	
Indoor/Outdoor	Indoor	
	Assumes activities are at ambient temperature.	
Risk Management Measures		
Local exhaust ventilation	Effectiveness: 90 %	
Provide a good standard of general or controlled ventilation (5 to 10 air changes per hour)	Effectiveness: 70 %	
Avoid skin contact. Ensure doors and windows are opened (general ventilation).		
Use suitable eye protection.		
Avoid contact with contaminated tools.		
Avoid skin contact. Clean up		
contamination as soon as they occur.		
Wash off any skin contamination		
immediately. Change gloves, if duration of activity		
exceeds break through time, Wear		
chemically resistant gloves in		
combination with 'basic' employee		
training.		
Exposure estimate and reference to	ts source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v5.2, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Worker	
	Worker - inhalation, long-term - local	
Exposure estimate	0.8125 mg/m³	
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0.338542	
Assessment method	Qualitative assessment	
	Worker - dermal	
Additional good practice advice		
Local exhaust ventilation and / or general ventilation are / is advisable.		
Guidance to Downstream Users		
For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/t	ra	

Contributing exposure scenario		
Use descriptors covered	PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes Use domain: industrial	
Operational conditions		
Concentration of the substance	acrylic acid, monoester with propane-1,2-diol Content: >= 0 % - <= 25 %	
Physical state	liquid	
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	1 Pa	
Duration and Frequency of activity	480 min 5 days per week	

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Indoor/Outdoor	Indoor	
	Assumes activities are at ambient temperature.	
Risk Management Measures		
Local exhaust ventilation	Effectiveness: 90 %	
Avoid skin contact. Ensure doors and		
windows are opened (general		
ventilation).		
Use suitable eye protection.		
Avoid contact with contaminated tools.		
Avoid skin contact. Clean up		
contamination as soon as they occur.		
Wash off any skin contamination		
immediately.		
Change gloves, if duration of activity		
exceeds break through time, Wear		
chemically resistant gloves in		
combination with 'basic' employee		
training.		
Exposure estimate and reference to its source		
Assessment method	EASY TRA v5.2, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Worker	
	Worker - inhalation, long-term - local	
Exposure estimate	1.625 mg/m³	
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0.677083	
Assessment method	Qualitative assessment	
	Worker - dermal	
Additional good practice advice		
Local exhaust ventilation and / or general ventilation are / is advisable.		
Guidance to Downstream Users		
For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra		

Contributing exposure scenario		
Use descriptors covered	PROC8a: Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at non-dedicated facilities Use domain: industrial	
Operational conditions		
Concentration of the substance	acrylic acid, monoester with propane-1,2-diol Content: >= 0 % - <= 100 %	
Physical state	liquid	
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	1 Pa	
Duration and Frequency of activity	480 min 5 days per week	
Indoor/Outdoor	Indoor	
	Assumes activities are at ambient temperature.	
Risk Management Measures		
Provide a good standard of general or controlled ventilation (5 to 10 air changes per hour)	Effectiveness: 70 %	
Wear suitable respiratory protection.	Effectiveness: 90 %	

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Avoid skin contact. Ensure doors and		
windows are opened (general		
ventilation).		
Use suitable eye protection.		
Avoid contact with contaminated tools.		
Avoid skin contact. Clean up		
contamination as soon as they occur.		
Wash off any skin contamination		
immediately.		
Change gloves, if duration of activity		
exceeds break through time, Wear		
chemically resistant gloves in		
combination with 'basic' employee		
training.		
Exposure estimate and reference to it	ts source	
Assessment method	EASY TRA v5.2, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Worker	
	Worker - inhalation, long-term - local	
Exposure estimate	1.625 mg/m³	
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0.677083	
Assessment method	Qualitative assessment	
	Worker - dermal	
Additional good practice advice		
Local exhaust ventilation and / or general ventilation are / is advisable.		
Guidance to Downstream Users		
For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra		

Contributing exposure scenario		
Use descriptors covered	PROC8b: Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at dedicated facilities Use domain: industrial	
Operational conditions		
Concentration of the substance	acrylic acid, monoester with propane-1,2-diol Content: >= 0 % - <= 100 %	
Physical state	liquid	
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	1 Pa	
Duration and Frequency of activity	480 min 5 days per week	
Indoor/Outdoor	Indoor	
	Assumes activities are at ambient temperature.	
Risk Management Measures		
Local exhaust ventilation	Effectiveness: 95 %	
Avoid skin contact. Ensure doors and windows are opened (general ventilation).		
Use suitable eye protection.		
Avoid contact with contaminated tools.  Avoid skin contact. Clean up contamination as soon as they occur.		

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Wash off any skin contamination		
immediately.		
Change gloves, if duration of activity		
exceeds break through time, Wear		
chemically resistant gloves in		
combination with 'basic' employee		
training.		
Exposure estimate and reference to its source		
Assessment method	EASY TRA v5.2, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Worker	
	Worker - inhalation, long-term - local	
Exposure estimate	1.3542 mg/m³	
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0.564236	
Assessment method	Qualitative assessment	
	Worker - dermal	
Additional good practice advice		
Local exhaust ventilation and / or general ventilation are / is advisable.		
Guidance to Downstream Users		
For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra		

PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing). Use domain: industrial
acrylic acid, monoester with propane-1,2-diol Content: >= 0 % - <= 100 %
liquid
1 Pa
480 min 5 days per week
Indoor
Assumes activities are at ambient temperature.
Effectiveness: 90 %
Effectiveness: 70 %

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chemically resistant gloves in			
combination with 'basic' employee			
training.			
Exposure estimate and reference to	its source		
Assessment method	EASY TRA v5.2, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Worker		
	Worker - inhalation, long-term - local		
Exposure estimate	0.8125 mg/m³		
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0.338542		
Assessment method	Qualitative assessment		
	Worker - dermal		
Additional good practice advice			
Local exhaust ventilation and / or general ventilation are / is advisable.			
Guidance to Downstream Users			
For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra			

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# 3. Short title of exposure scenario

Use as laboratory reagent/agent, (use in industrial settings) SU8, SU9, SU24; ERC6c; PROC15

# Control of exposure and risk management measures

Contributing exposure scenario			
Use descriptors covered	ERC6c: Use of monomer i industrial site (inclusion or	n polymerisation processes at not into/onto article)	
Operational conditions	Operational conditions		
Annual amount used in the EU	1,000 kg		
Minimum emission days per year	20		
Emission factor air	0.01 %		
Emission factor water	2 %		
Emission factor soil	0.001 %		
Receive Surf. Water (Flow Rate).	18,000 m3/d		
Dilution factor river	10		
Dilution factor coast	100		
Risk Management Measures			
Soil treatment measures considered suitable are, e.g.		No application of sludge to soil	
Type of STP Municipal STP		Municipal STP	
Assumed sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d) 2,000 m3/d		2,000 m3/d	
Exposure estimate and reference to its source			
Assessment method	EASY TRA v5.2, ECETOC	TRA v3.0, Environment	

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Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0.141047	
	Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater.	
Maximum amount of safe use	35.4 kg/d	
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater.		

Contributing exposure scenario		
•	PROC15: Use a laboratory reagent.	
Use descriptors covered	Use domain: industrial	
Operational conditions	L	
	acrylic acid, monoester with propane-1,2-diol	
Concentration of the substance	Content: >= 0 % - <= 100 %	
Physical state	liquid	
Vapour pressure of the substance during use	1 Pa	
Duration and Frequency of activity	480 min 5 days per week	
Indoor/Outdoor	Indoor	
	Assumes activities are at ambient temperature.	
Risk Management Measures		
Local exhaust ventilation	Effectiveness: 90 %	
Provide a good standard of general or		
controlled ventilation (5 to 10 air	Effectiveness: 70 %	
changes per hour)		
Avoid skin contact. Ensure doors and		
windows are opened (general		
ventilation).		
Use suitable eye protection.		
Avoid contact with contaminated tools.		
Avoid skin contact. Clean up		
contamination as soon as they occur.		
Wash off any skin contamination		
immediately.		
Change gloves, if duration of activity		
exceeds break through time, Wear		
chemically resistant gloves in		
combination with 'basic' employee		
training.		
Exposure estimate and reference to		
Assessment method	EASY TRA v5.2, ECETOC TRA v3.0, Worker  Worker - inhalation, long-term - local	
Exposure estimate		
Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)	0.8125 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 0.338542	
Assessment method	Qualitative assessment	
ASSESSITION THOUSAND	Worker - dermal	
Additional good practice advice	TWORKS Comman	
<u> </u>	al ventilation are / is advisable	
Local exhaust ventilation and / or general ventilation are / is advisable.  Guidance to Downstream Users		
Guidance to Downstream Osers		

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For scaling see: http://www.ecetoc.or	rg/tra
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