



## HAVEN

Version 7 / GB  
102000011056

1/14

Revision Date: 12.12.2024  
Print Date: 18.03.2025

### SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Trade name HAVEN

Product code (UVP) 06347924

**UFI** AKM3-Q0NG-500T-1F0Y (for Northern Ireland only)

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use Fungicide

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

**Supplier** Bayer CropScience Limited  
230 Cambridge Science Park  
Milton Road  
CB4 0WB Cambridge  
United Kingdom

**Telephone** +44(0)1223 226500

**Telefax** +44(0)1223 426240

**FOR IRELAND & NORTHERN IRELAND:** Bayer CropScience Ltd  
Bayer Ltd  
1st Floor, The Grange Offices  
The Grange, Brewery Road  
Stillorgan  
Co. Dublin  
A94 H2K7  
Ireland

**Telephone** +353 1 216 3300

**Responsible Department** Email: gb-bcs-crop-regulatory-affairs@bayer.com

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone no.

**Emergency telephone no.** 0330 678 3382 (24 hr)

For Medical Professionals:  
You can also contact the relevant NPIS.

For Members to the Public:  
You can contact NHS111 (for GB) or your local GP (for Northern Ireland)

National Poisons Information Centre UK: 0344 892 0111  
National Poisons Information Centre Dublin: +353 1 809 2166



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## SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Classification in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, as amended.**

Effects on or via lactation:

H362 May cause harm to breast-fed children.

Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard: Category 1

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard: Category 1

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### 2.2 Label elements

**Labelling in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, as amended.**

Hazard label for supply/use required.

**Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:**

- Trifloxystrobin
- Fluoxastrobin
- Prothioconazole



**Signal word:** Warning

### Hazard statements

H362 May cause harm to breast-fed children.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH208 Contains 2-[2-(1-chlorocyclopropyl)-2-hydroxy-3-phenylpropyl]-2,4-dihydro-3H-1,2,4-triazole-3-thione, Trifloxystrobin. May produce an allergic reaction.

EUH401 To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.

### Precautionary statements

P391 Collect spillage.

P410 Protect from sunlight.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardous-waste disposal contractor or collection site except for empty clean containers which can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

### 2.3 Other hazards

No additional hazards known beside those mentioned.

Trifloxystrobin: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT).

This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

Fluoxastrobin: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT).



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This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).  
Prothioconazole: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT).  
This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

## SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

### 3.2 Mixtures

#### Chemical nature

Emulsifiable concentrate (EC)  
Trifloxystrobin/Fluoxastrobin/Prothioconazole 75:75:150 g/l

#### Hazardous components

Hazard statements according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

Name	CAS-No. / EC-No. / REACH Reg. No.	Classification	Conc. [%]
		REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008	
Trifloxystrobin	141517-21-7	Skin Sens. 1, H317 Lact. H362 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	6.47
Prothioconazole	178928-70-6	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	12.90
Fluoxastrobin	361377-29-9	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	6.47
gamma-Butyrolactone	96-48-0 01-2119471839-21-XXXX	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H336	> 25.00
2-Ethylhexanol propylene ethyleneglycol ether	64366-70-7	Acute Tox. 4, H332 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	> 1.00 – < 25.00
Alkylarylpolglycol ether	104376-75-2	Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	> 1.00 – < 25.00
Citric acid	77-92-9 01-2119457026-42-XXXX	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335	> 1.00 – < 5.00

#### Further information

Fluoxastrobin	361377-29-9	M-Factor: 1 (acute), 1 (chronic)
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For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

#### Particle characteristics



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This substance/ mixture does not contain nanoforms

## SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

<b>General advice</b>	Move out of dangerous area. Place and transport victim in stable position (lying sideways). Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely.
<b>Inhalation</b>	Move to fresh air. Keep patient warm and at rest. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Wash off thoroughly with plenty of soap and water, if available with polyethyleneglycol 400, subsequently rinse with water. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

<b>Symptoms</b>	No symptoms known or expected.
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### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

<b>Treatment</b>	Treat symptomatically. Gastric lavage is not normally required. However, if a significant amount (more than a mouthful) has been ingested, administer activated charcoal and sodium sulphate. There is no specific antidote.
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## SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

<b>Suitable</b>	Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.
<b>Unsuitable</b>	High volume water jet

<b>5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture</b>	In the event of fire the following may be released:., Carbon monoxide (CO), Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid), Hydrogen chloride (HCl), Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Hydrogen fluoride, Sulphur oxides
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### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

<b>Special protective equipment for firefighters</b>	In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
<b>Further information</b>	Contain the spread of the fire-fighting media. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.



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## SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**Precautions** Avoid contact with spilled product or contaminated surfaces. Use personal protective equipment.

**6.2 Environmental precautions** Do not allow to get into surface water, drains and ground water. If spillage enters drains leading to sewage works inform local water company immediately. If spillage enters rivers or watercourses, inform the Environment Agency (emergency telephone number 0800 807060).

### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Methods for cleaning up** Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Clean contaminated floors and objects thoroughly, observing environmental regulations. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

**Additional advice** Check also for any local site procedures.

**6.4 Reference to other sections** Information regarding safe handling, see section 7.  
Information regarding personal protective equipment, see section 8.  
Information regarding waste disposal, see section 13.

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## SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

**Advice on safe handling** No specific precautions required when handling unopened packs/containers; follow relevant manual handling advice. Ensure adequate ventilation.

**Hygiene measures** Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Keep working clothes separately. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Remove soiled clothing immediately and clean thoroughly before using again. Garments that cannot be cleaned must be destroyed (burnt).

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

**Requirements for storage areas and containers** Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store in original container. Store in a place accessible by authorized persons only. Keep away from direct sunlight.

**Advice on common storage** Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

**Suitable materials** Coex HDPE/EVOH  
Black mild steel sheet with interior coating

**7.3 Specific end use(s)** Refer to the label and/or leaflet.

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## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### 8.1 Control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Update	Basis
Fluoxastrobin	361377-29-9	0.42 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (TWA)		OES BCS*
Trifloxystrobin	141517-21-7	2.7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (SK-SEN)		OES BCS*
Prothioconazole	178928-70-6	1.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (SK-ABS)		OES BCS*

\*OES BCS: Internal Bayer AG, Crop Science Division "Occupational Exposure Standard"

### 8.2 Exposure controls

**Refer to COSHH assessment (Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (Amendment) Regulations 2004). Engineering controls should be used in preference to personal protective equipment wherever practicable. Refer also to COSHH Essentials.**

#### Personal protective equipment

In normal use and handling conditions please refer to the label and/or leaflet. In all other cases the following recommendations would apply.

#### Respiratory protection

If product is handled while not enclosed, and if contact may occur:  
Wear a compressed air respirator (continuous flow) conforming to European norm EN14594 or EN14563-1 or equivalent or an organic gas and vapour filter mask (protection factor 20) conforming to EN136 Type A filter or equivalent.  
Respiratory protection should only be used to control residual risk of short duration activities, when all reasonably practicable steps have been taken to reduce exposure at source e.g. containment and/or local extract ventilation. Always follow respirator manufacturer's instructions regarding wearing and maintenance.

#### Hand protection

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact time.  
Wash gloves when contaminated. Dispose of when contaminated inside, when perforated or when contamination on the outside cannot be removed. Wash hands frequently and always before eating, drinking, smoking or using the toilet.  
Material Nitrile rubber  
Rate of permeability > 480 min  
Glove thickness > 0.4 mm  
Directive Protective gloves complying with EN 374.

#### Eye protection

Wear goggles (conforming to EN166, Field of Use = 5 or equivalent).

#### Skin and body protection

Wear standard coveralls and Category 3 Type 4 suit.  
If there is a risk of significant exposure, consider a higher protective type suit.  
Wear two layers of clothing wherever possible. Polyester/cotton or cotton overalls should be worn under chemical protection suit and



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should be professionally laundered frequently.  
If chemical protection suit is splashed, sprayed or significantly contaminated, decontaminate as far as possible, then carefully remove and dispose of as advised by manufacturer.

## SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<b>Form</b>	Liquid, clear
<b>Colour</b>	yellow to brown
<b>Odour</b>	aromatic
<b>Odour Threshold</b>	No data available
<b>Melting point/ range</b>	No data available
<b>Boiling Point</b>	No data available
<b>Flammability</b>	No data available
<b>Upper explosion limit</b>	No data available
<b>Lower explosion limit</b>	No data available
<b>Flash point</b>	102 °C
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	365 °C
<b>Self-accelarating decomposition temperature (SADT)</b>	No data available
<b>pH</b>	4.0 - 5.0 (1 %) (23 °C) (deionized water)
<b>Viscosity, dynamic</b>	No data available
<b>Viscosity, kinematic</b>	No data available
<b>Water solubility</b>	emulsifiable
<b>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</b>	Trifloxystrobin: log Pow: 4.5 (25 °C) Fluoxastrobin: log Pow: 2.86 (20 °C) Prothioconazole: log Pow: 3.82 (20 °C) (pH 7)
<b>Surface tension</b>	35.9 mN/m
<b>Vapour pressure</b>	No data available
<b>Density</b>	ca. 1.16 g/cm <sup>3</sup> (20 °C)
<b>Relative density</b>	No data available
<b>Relative vapour density</b>	No data available



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**Assessment nano particles** This substance/ mixture does not contain nanoforms

**Particle size** No data available

### 9.2 Other information

**Explosivity** Not explosive

**Oxidizing properties** No data available

**Evaporation rate** No data available

**Other physico-chemical properties** Further safety related physical-chemical data are not known.

## SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**10.1 Reactivity** Stable under normal conditions.

**10.2 Chemical stability** Stable under recommended storage conditions.

**10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions** No hazardous reactions when stored and handled according to prescribed instructions.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid** Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

**10.5 Incompatible materials** Store only in the original container.

**10.6 Hazardous decomposition products** No decomposition products expected under normal conditions of use.

## SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

**Acute oral toxicity** LD50 (Rat) > 5,000 mg/kg

**Acute inhalation toxicity** LC50 (Rat) > 4.826 mg/l  
Exposure time: 4 h  
Determined in the form of a respirable aerosol.

**Acute dermal toxicity** LD50 (Rat) > 4,000 mg/kg

**Skin corrosion/irritation** No skin irritation (Rabbit)

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation** Slight irritant effect - does not require labelling. (Rabbit)

**Respiratory or skin sensitisation** Non-sensitizing. (Guinea pig)  
OECD Test Guideline 406, Magnusson & Kligman test

### Assessment STOT Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure

Trifloxystrobin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.





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Fluoxastrobin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Prothioconazole: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Assessment STOT Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure

Trifloxystrobin did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies.

Fluoxastrobin did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies.

Prothioconazole did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies.

### Assessment mutagenicity

Trifloxystrobin was not mutagenic or genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.

Fluoxastrobin was not mutagenic or genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.

Prothioconazole was not mutagenic or genotoxic based on the overall weight of evidence in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.

### Assessment carcinogenicity

Trifloxystrobin was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice.

Fluoxastrobin was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice.

Prothioconazole was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice.

### Assessment toxicity to reproduction

Trifloxystrobin caused reduced body weight development in offspring during lactation only at doses also producing systemic toxicity in adult rats.

Fluoxastrobin caused reproduction toxicity in a two-generation study in rats only at dose levels also toxic to the parent animals. The reproduction toxicity seen with Fluoxastrobin is related to parental toxicity.

Prothioconazole caused reproduction toxicity in a two-generation study in rats only at dose levels also toxic to the parent animals. The reproduction toxicity seen with Prothioconazole is related to parental toxicity.

### Assessment developmental toxicity

Trifloxystrobin caused developmental toxicity only at dose levels toxic to the dams. The developmental effects seen with Trifloxystrobin are related to maternal toxicity.

Fluoxastrobin did not cause developmental toxicity in rats. Fluoxastrobin caused developmental toxicity in rabbits only at dose levels toxic to the dams. The developmental effects seen with Fluoxastrobin are related to maternal toxicity.

Prothioconazole caused developmental toxicity only at dose levels toxic to the dams. The developmental effects seen with Prothioconazole are related to maternal toxicity.

### Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## 11.2 Information on other hazards

### Endocrine disrupting properties

#### Assessment

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

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## SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### 12.1 Toxicity



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<b>Toxicity to fish</b>	LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)) 0.219 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
<b>Toxicity to aquatic invertebrates</b>	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)) 0.25 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h  LC50 (Mysidopsis bahia (mysid shrimp)) 0.00862 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient trifloxystrobin.
<b>Toxicity to aquatic plants</b>	EC50 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)) 2.09 mg/l Growth rate; Exposure time: 72 h  ErC50 (Skeletonema costatum) 0.03278 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient prothioconazole.  EC10 (Skeletonema costatum) 0.01427 mg/l Growth rate; Exposure time: 72 h The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient prothioconazole.  EC10 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)) 0.0025 mg/l Growth rate; Exposure time: 72 h The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient trifloxystrobin.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

<b>Biodegradability</b>	Trifloxystrobin: Not rapidly biodegradable Fluoxastrobin: Not rapidly biodegradable Prothioconazole: Not rapidly biodegradable
<b>Koc</b>	Trifloxystrobin: Koc: 2377 Fluoxastrobin: Koc: 424 - 1582 Prothioconazole: Koc: 1765

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

<b>Bioaccumulation</b>	Trifloxystrobin: Bioconcentration factor (BCF) 431 Does not bioaccumulate. Fluoxastrobin: Bioconcentration factor (BCF) 52 Does not bioaccumulate. Prothioconazole: Bioconcentration factor (BCF) 19 Does not bioaccumulate.
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### 12.4 Mobility in soil

<b>Mobility in soil</b>	Trifloxystrobin: Slightly mobile in soils Fluoxastrobin: Slightly mobile in soils Prothioconazole: Slightly mobile in soils
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### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

<b>PBT and vPvB assessment</b>	Trifloxystrobin: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB). Fluoxastrobin: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be
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very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).  
Prothioconazole: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

**Assessment** The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

### 12.7 Other adverse effects

**Additional ecological information** No other effects to be mentioned.

## SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

**Product** In accordance with current regulations and, if necessary, after consultation with the site operator and/or with the responsible authority, the product may be taken to a waste disposal site or incineration plant. Advice may be obtained from the local waste regulation authority (part of the Environment Agency in the UK).

**Contaminated packaging** Small containers (< 10 l or < 10 kg) should be rinsed thoroughly using an integrated pressure rinsing device, or, by manually rinsing three times.  
Add washings to sprayer at time of filling.  
Dispose of empty and cleaned packaging safely.  
Follow advice on product label and/or leaflet.

## SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### ADR/RID/ADN

14.1 UN number	<b>3082</b>
14.2 Proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (FLUOXASTROBIN, PROTHIOCONAZOLE SOLUTION)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9
14.4 Packing group	III
14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark	YES
Hazard no.	90
Tunnel Code	-

This classification is in principle not valid for carriage by tank vessel on inland waterways. Please refer to the manufacturer for further information.

### IMDG

14.1 UN number	<b>3082</b>
14.2 Proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.



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14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	(FLUOXASTROBIN, PROTHIOCONAZOLE SOLUTION) 9
14.4 Packing group	III
14.5 Marine pollutant	YES

### IATA

14.1 UN number	<b>3082</b>
14.2 Proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (FLUOXASTROBIN, PROTHIOCONAZOLE SOLUTION )
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9
14.4 Packing group	III
14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark	YES

### UK 'Carriage' Regulations

14.1 UN number	<b>3082</b>
14.2 Proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (FLUOXASTROBIN, PROTHIOCONAZOLE SOLUTION)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9
14.4 Packing group	III
14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark	YES
Emergency action code	3Z

### 14.6 Special precautions for user

See sections 6 to 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.

### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No transport in bulk according to the IBC Code.

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## SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### UK and Northern Ireland Regulatory References

This material may be subject to some or all of the following regulations (and any subsequent amendments). Users must ensure that any uses and restrictions as indicated on the label and/or leaflet are followed.

#### Transport

Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No 1348)  
Merchant Shipping (Dangerous Goods and Marine Pollutants) Regulations 1997 (SI 1997 No 2367)  
Air Navigation Dangerous Goods Regulations 2002 (SI 2002 No 2786)

#### Supply and Use

Chemical (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No 716)  
Chemical (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) (Northern Ireland) Regulations 2009  
Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (SI 2002 No 2677)  
EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits - Table 1 List of approved workplace exposure limits  
Control of Pesticide Regulations 1986  
Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 2002



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### Waste Treatment

Environmental Protection Act 1990, Part II  
Environmental Protection (Duty of Care) Regulations 1991  
The Waste Management Licensing Regulations 1994 (as amended)  
Hazardous Waste Regulations 2005 (Replacing Special Waste Regulations 1996 as amended)  
Landfill Directive  
Regulation on Substances That Deplete the Ozone Layer 1994 (EEC/3093/94)  
Water Resources Act 1991  
Anti-Pollution Works Regulations 1999

### Further information

WHO-classification: III (Slightly hazardous)

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## SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

### Text of the hazard statements mentioned in Section 3

H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H362	May cause harm to breast-fed children.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Abbreviations and acronyms

ADN	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways
ADR	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ATE	Acute toxicity estimate
CAS-Nr.	Chemical Abstracts Service number
Conc.	Concentration
EC-No.	European community number
ECx	Effective concentration to x %
EH40 WEL	Worker Exposure Limit
EINECS	European inventory of existing commercial substances
ELINCS	European list of notified chemical substances
EN	European Standard
EU	European Union
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IBC	International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk (IBC Code)
ICx	Inhibition concentration to x %
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LCx	Lethal concentration to x %
LDx	Lethal dose to x %



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LOEC/LOEL	Lowest observed effect concentration/level
MARPOL	MARPOL: International Convention for the prevention of marine pollution from ships
N.O.S.	Not otherwise specified
NOEC/NOEL	No observed effect concentration/level
OECD	Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development
RID	Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
SI	Statutory Instrument
TWA	Time weighted average
UN	United Nations
WHO	World health organisation

The above information is intended to give general health and safety guidance on the storage and transport of the product.

It is not intended to apply to the use of the product for which purposes the product label and any appropriate technical usage literature available should be consulted and any relevant licenses, consents or approvals complied with.

The requirements or recommendations of any relevant site or working procedure, system or policy in force or arising from any risk assessment involving the substance or product should take precedence over any of the guidance contained in this safety data sheet where there is a difference in the information given.

The information provided in this safety data sheet is accurate at the date of publication and will be updated as and when appropriate.

No liability will be accepted for any injury, loss or damage resulting from any failure to take account of information or advice contained in this safety data sheet.

Changes since the last version are highlighted in the margin. This version replaces all previous versions.
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