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# SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name SEKATOR OD

**Product code (UVP)** 06281230, 85394827

**UFI** 3QN0-503Q-F009-85GX (for Northern Ireland only)

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Use** Herbicide

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

**Supplier** Bayer CropScience Limited

230 Cambridge Science Park

Milton Road

CB4 0WB Cambridge United Kingdom

**Telephone** +44(0)1223 226500

**Telefax** +44(0)1223 426240

FOR IRELAND & Bayer CropScience Ltd

NORTHERN IRELAND: Bayer Ltd

1st Floor, The Grange Offices The Grange, Brewery Road

Stillorgan Co. Dublin A94 H2K7 Ireland

**Telephone** +353 1 216 3300

**Responsible Department** Email: gb-bcs-crop-regulatory-affairs@bayer.com

1.4 Emergency telephone no.

**Emergency telephone no.** 0330 678 3382 (24 hr)

For Medical Professionals:

You can also contact the relevant NPIS.

For Members to the Public:

You can contact NHS111 (for GB) or your local GP (for Northern

Ireland)

National Poisons Information Centre UK: 0344 892 0111 National Poisons Information Centre Dublin: +353 1 809 2166

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#### **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, as amended.

Skin sensitisation: Category 1

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eye irritation: Category 2

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard: Category 1
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard: Category 1

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### 2.2 Label elements

Labelling in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, as amended.

Hazard label for supply/use required.

### Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

- Amidosulfuron
- lodosulfuron-methyl-sodium
- Mefenpyr-diethyl
- Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic, <1% naphthalene





Signal word: Warning

**Hazard statements** 

## H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

EUH401 To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for

use.

### **Precautionary statements**

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
P308 + P311 IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor/ physician.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardous-waste disposal contractor or

collection site except for empty clean containers which can be disposed of as non-

hazardous waste.

### 2.3 Other hazards

No additional hazards known beside those mentioned.

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Amidosulfuron: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB). Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB). Mefenpyr-diethyl: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to

have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission

Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to

have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission

Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

### **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

### 3.2 Mixtures

### **Chemical nature**

Oil dispersion (OD)

Amidosulfuron-sodium.lodosulfuron-methyl-sodium/Mefenpyr-diethyl 106:25:250 g/l

### **Hazardous components**

Hazard statements according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

Name	CAS-No. / EC-No. / REACH Reg. No.	Classification REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008	_ Conc. [%]
Amidosulfuron-sodium	596120-00-2 01-0000019399-56-0000	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	9.4
lodosulfuron-methyl- sodium	144550-36-7	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	2.21
Mefenpyr-diethyl	135590-91-9 01-2119480146-39-0000	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	22.1
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, aromatics, <1% naphthalene	922-153-0 01-2119451097-39-xxxx	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	> 25
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	918-668-5 01-2119455851-35-XXXX	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Carc. 1B, H350 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	> 2.5 - < 5
Docusate sodium	577-11-7 01-2119491296-29-xxxx	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Irrit. 2, H315	> 5 – < 15
Fatty alcohol ethoxylate alkyl ether	1492044-51-5	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	> 2.5 - < 10
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	Flam. Liq. 3, H226	> 1.0 - < 5

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		Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	
Sodium carbonate	497-19-8 01-2119485498-19-XXXX	Eye Irrit. 2, H319	<= 1.0
Methanol	67-56-1 01-2119433307-44-XXXX	STOT SE 1, H370 Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 3, H331	> 0.1 - < 0.5

#### **Further information**

lodosulfuron-methyl-	144550-36-7	M-Factor: 1,000 (acute)
sodium		

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

### **Particle characteristics**

This substance/ mixture does not contain nanoforms

## **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

**General advice** Move out of dangerous area. Place and transport victim in stable

position (lying sideways). Remove contaminated clothing immediately

and dispose of safely.

**Inhalation** Move to fresh air. Keep patient warm and at rest. Call a physician or

poison control center immediately.

**Skin contact** Wash off thoroughly with plenty of soap and water, if available with

polyethyleneglycol 400, subsequently rinse with water. If symptoms

persist, call a physician.

**Eye contact** Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at

least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. If eye irritation or redness persists,

see an ophthalmologist.

**Ingestion** Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Risk of product entering the

lungs on vomiting after ingestion. Call a physician or poison control

center immediately.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**Symptoms** If large amounts are ingested, the following symptoms may occur:

Headache, Nausea, Dizziness, Somnolence

Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and

diarrhoea.

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Aspiration may cause pulmonary oedema and pneumonitis.

Inhalation may provoke the following symptoms: Cough, Shortness of breath, Cyanosis, Fever Symptoms and hazards refer to the solvent.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Risks Contains hydrocarbon solvents. May pose an aspiration pneumonia

hazard.

**Treat symptomatically.** Gastric lavage is not normally required.

However, if a significant amount (more than a mouthful) has been ingested, administer activated charcoal and sodium sulphate. In case of aspiration intubation and bronchial lavage should be considered. Monitor: kidney, liver and pancreas function. There is no specific

antidote. Contraindication: derivatives of adrenaline.

### **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

5.1 Extinguishing media

**Suitable** Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon

dioxide.

**Unsuitable** High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising

from the substance or

mixture

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Further information

In the event of fire the following may be released:, Hydrogen chloride (HCI), Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid), Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2), Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Sulphur oxides

In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. In the event

of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Contain the spread of the fire-fighting media. Do not allow run-off from

fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

### **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**Precautions** Avoid contact with spilled product or contaminated surfaces. Use

personal protective equipment.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Do not allow to get into surface water, drains and ground water. If spillage enters drains leading to sewage works inform local water company immediately. If spillage enters rivers or watercourses, inform

the Environment Agency (emergency telephone number 0800

807060).

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### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Methods for cleaning up** Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid

binder, universal binder, sawdust). Clean contaminated floors and objects thoroughly, observing environmental regulations. Keep in

suitable, closed containers for disposal.

Additional advice Check also for any local site procedures.

6.4 Reference to other

sections

Information regarding safe handling, see section 7.

Information regarding personal protective equipment, see section 8.

Information regarding waste disposal, see section 13.

### **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling No specific precautions required when handling unopened

packs/containers; follow relevant manual handling advice. Ensure

adequate ventilation.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Hygiene measures Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Keep working clothes

separately. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Remove soiled clothing immediately and clean thoroughly

before using again. Garments that cannot be cleaned must be

destroyed (burnt).

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

Store in original container. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store in a place accessible by authorized persons only. Store bulk material and packed materials in a closed warehouse or under cover protected against direct sunlight and frost.

**Advice on common storage** Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Suitable materials Coex HDPE/EVOH/HDPE

**7.3 Specific end use(s)** Refer to the label and/or leaflet.

### **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

### 8.1 Control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Update	Basis
lodosulfuron-methyl-sodium	144550-36-7	1 mg/m3 (TWA)		OES BCS*
Mefenpyr-diethyl	135590-91-9	10 mg/m3 (TWA)		OES BCS*
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	125 mg/m3/25 ppm (TWA)	01 2020	EH40 WEL
Sodium carbonate	497-19-8	10 mg/m3 (TWA)		OES BCS*

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Methanol	67-56-1	266 mg/m3/200 ppm (TWA)	12 2011	EH40 WEL
Methanol	67-56-1	333 mg/m3/250 ppm (STEL)	12 2011	EH40 WEL
Methanol	67-56-1	200 ppm (TLV)		OES BCS*

<sup>\*</sup>OES BCS: Internal Bayer AG, Crop Science Division "Occupational Exposure Standard"

### 8.2 Exposure controls

Refer to COSHH assessment (Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (Amendment) Regulations 2004). Engineering controls should be used in preference to personal protective equipment wherever practicable. Refer also to COSHH Essentials.

### Personal protective equipment

In normal use and handling conditions please refer to the label and/or leaflet. In all other cases the following recommendations would apply.

### Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection is not required under anticipated

circumstances of exposure.

Respiratory protection should only be used to control residual risk of short duration activities, when all reasonably practicable steps have been taken to reduce exposure at source e.g. containment and/or local extract ventilation. Always follow respirator manufacturer's instructions regarding wearing and maintenance.

### Hand protection

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact time.

Wash gloves when contaminated. Dispose of when contaminated inside, when perforated or when contamination on the outside cannot be removed. Wash hands frequently and always before eating,

drinking, smoking or using the toilet.

Material Nitrile rubber

Rate of permeability > 480 min Glove thickness > 0.4 mm Protective index Class 6

Directive Protective gloves complying with EN

374.

### Eye protection

Wear goggles (conforming to EN166, Field of Use = 5 or equivalent).

### Skin and body protection

Wear standard coveralls and Category 3 Type 4 suit.

If there is a risk of significant exposure, consider a higher protective type suit.

Wear two layers of clothing wherever possible. Polyester/cotton or cotton overalls should be worn under chemical protection suit and

should be professionally laundered frequently.

If chemical protection suit is splashed, sprayed or significantly contaminated, decontaminate as far as possible, then carefully

remove and dispose of as advised by manufacturer.

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### **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Form Liquid

**Colour** yellow to light brown

**Odour** aromatic

Odour Threshold

Melting point/ range

Boiling Point

Flammability

Upper explosion limit

No data available

Flash point 83 °C

Auto-ignition temperature No data available

Ignition temperature 440 °C

Self-accelarating decomposition temperature

(SADT)

No data available

**pH** 9.5 - 11.0 (10 %) (23 °C) (deionized water)

Viscosity, dynamic 120 - 300 mPa.s (20 °C)

Velocity gradient 20 /s 100 - 250 mPa.s (20 °C) Velocity gradient 100 /s

Viscosity, kinematic ca. 113 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (40 °C) Shear rate of 100/sec

ca. 203 mm²/s (40 °C) Shear rate of 20/sec

Water solubility dispersible

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Amidosulfuron: log Pow: -1.56 (22 °C) (pH 7)

lodosulfuron-methyl-sodium: log Pow: -0.7 Mefenpyr-diethyl: log Pow: 3.83 (21 °C)

Surface tension 30.7 mN/m (25 °C)

Determined in the undiluted form.

Vapour pressure No data available

**Density** ca. 1.13 g/cm³ (20 °C)

Relative density

No data available

Relative vapour density

No data available

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This substance/ mixture does not contain nanoforms Assessment nano particles

Particle size No data available

9.2 Other information

**Explosivity** Not explosive

No oxidizing properties Oxidizing properties **Evaporation rate** No data available

Other physico-chemical

properties

Further safety related physical-chemical data are not known.

### **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Stable under normal conditions. 10.1 Reactivity

10.2 Chemical stability Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.4 Conditions to avoid Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

10.5 Incompatible materials Store only in the original container.

10.6 Hazardous

decomposition products

No decomposition products expected under normal conditions of use.

### **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

**Acute oral toxicity** LD50 (Rat) > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity LC50 (Rat) > 1.339 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Determined in the form of a respirable aerosol.

Highest attainable concentration.

Acute dermal toxicity LD50 (Rat) > 4,000 mg/kgSkin corrosion/irritation No skin irritation (Rabbit) Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Irritating to eyes. (Rabbit)

Respiratory or skin

sensitisation

Skin: Non-sensitizing. (Guinea pig) OECD Test Guideline 406, Buehler test

Skin: Sensitising (Mouse)

OECD Test Guideline 429, local lymph node assay (LLNA)

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### Assessment STOT Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Amidosulfuron: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

lodosulfuron-methyl-sodium: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Mefenpyr-diethyl: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Assessment STOT Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Amidosulfuron did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies. Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies. Mefenpyr-diethyl did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies.

### **Assessment mutagenicity**

Amidosulfuron was not mutagenic or genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests. Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium was not mutagenic or genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests. Mefenpyr-diethyl was not mutagenic or genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.

### Assessment carcinogenicity

Amidosulfuron was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice. Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice. Mefenpyr-diethyl was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice.

### Assessment toxicity to reproduction

Amidosulfuron did not cause reproductive toxicity in a two-generation study in rats. Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium did not cause reproductive toxicity in a two-generation study in rats. Mefenpyr-diethyl did not cause reproductive toxicity in a two-generation study in rats.

### Assessment developmental toxicity

Amidosulfuron did not cause developmental toxicity in rats and rabbits. lodosulfuron-methyl-sodium did not cause developmental toxicity in rats and rabbits. Mefenpyr-diethyl caused developmental toxicity only at dose levels toxic to the dams. The developmental effects seen with Mefenpyr-diethyl are related to maternal toxicity.

### **Aspiration hazard**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Further information**

No further toxicological information is available.

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

## **Endocrine disrupting properties**

Assessment

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

#### **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

12.1 Toxicity

**Toxicity to fish** LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)) 8.59 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

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Toxicity to aquatic EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)) 14.6 mg/l

**invertebrates** Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to aquatic plants IC50 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)) 9.97 mg/l

Growth rate; Exposure time: 72 h

IC50 (Lemna gibba (gibbous duckweed)) 0.0187 mg/l

Growth rate; Exposure time: 7 d

12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Biodegradability** Amidosulfuron:

Not rapidly biodegradable lodosulfuron-methyl-sodium: Not rapidly biodegradable

Mefenpyr-diethyl:

Not rapidly biodegradable

Koc Amidosulfuron: Koc: 36

Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium: Koc: 45

Mefenpyr-diethyl: Koc: 625

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

**Bioaccumulation** Amidosulfuron:

Does not bioaccumulate. lodosulfuron-methyl-sodium: Does not bioaccumulate.

Mefenpyr-diethyl: Bioconcentration factor (BCF) 232

Does not bioaccumulate.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Mobility in soil Amidosulfuron: Mobile in soils

lodosulfuron-methyl-sodium: Mobile in soils Mefenpyr-diethyl: Slightly mobile in soils

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT and vPvB assessment Amidosulfuron: This substance is not considered to be persistent,

bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

lodosulfuron-methyl-sodium: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB). Mefenpyr-diethyl: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Assessment The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have

endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission

Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Additional ecological

information

No further ecological information is available.

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#### **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

**Product** In accordance with current regulations and, if necessary, after

> consultation with the site operator and/or with the responsible authority, the product may be taken to a waste disposal site or incineration plant. Advice may be obtained from the local waste regulation authority (part

of the Environment Agency in the UK).

Small containers (< 10 l or < 10 kg) should be rinsed thoroughly using Contaminated packaging

an integrated pressure rinsing device, or, by manually rinsing three

times.

Add washings to sprayer at time of filling.

Dispose of empty and cleaned packaging safely.

Large containers (> 25 I or > 25 kg) should not be rinsed or re-used for

any other purpose.

Return large containers to supplier.

Follow advice on product label and/or leaflet.

### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

ADR/RID/ADN

14.1 UN number 3082

14.2 Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(IODOSULFURON-METHYL SODIUM/SOLVENT NAPHTHA

(PETROLEUM) HEAVY AROMATIC MIXTURE)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

14.4 Packing group Ш

14.5 Environm, Hazardous Mark YES Hazard no. 90 **Tunnel Code** 

This classification is in principle not valid for carriage by tank vessel on inland waterways. Please refer to the manufacturer for further information.

**IMDG** 

14.1 UN number 3082

14.2 Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

(IODOSULFURON-METHYL SODIUM/SOLVENT NAPHTHA

(PETROLEUM) HEAVY AROMATIC MIXTURE)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 9 14.4 Packing group Ш YES 14.5 Marine pollutant

**IATA** 

3082 14.1 UN number

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14.2 Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(IODOSULFURON-METHYL SODIUM/SOLVENT NAPHTHA

(PETROLEUM) HEAVY AROMATIC MIXTURE)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 9
14.4 Packing group III
14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark YES

**UK 'Carriage' Regulations** 

14.1 UN number **3082** 

14.2 Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(IODOSULFURON-METHYL SODIUM/SOLVENT NAPHTHA

(PETROLEUM) HEAVY AROMATIC MIXTURE)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)914.4 Packing groupIII14.5 Environm. Hazardous MarkYESEmergency action code3Z

#### 14.6 Special precautions for user

See sections 6 to 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.

## 14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No transport in bulk according to the IBC Code.

### **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

### **UK and Northern Ireland Regulatory References**

This material may be subject to some or all of the following regulations (and any subsequent amendments). Users must ensure that any uses and restrictions as indicated on the label and/or leaflet are followed.

### **Transport**

Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No 1348)

Merchant Shipping (Dangerous Goods and Marine Pollutants) Regulations 1997 (SI 1997 No 2367) Air Navigation Dangerous Goods Regulations 2002 (SI 2002 No 2786)

#### Supply and Use

Chemical (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No 716) Chemical (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) (Northern Ireland) Regulations 2009 Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (SI 2002 No 2677) EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits - Table 1 List of approved workplace exposure limits Control of Pesticide Regulations 1986

Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 2002

### **Waste Treatment**

Environmental Protection Act 1990, Part II Environmental Protection (Duty of Care) Regulations 1991 The Waste Management Licensing Regulations 1994 (as amended)

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Hazardous Waste Regulations 2005 (Replacing Special Waste Regulations 1996 as amended)

Landfill Directive

Regulation on Substances That Deplete the Ozone Layer 1994 (EEC/3093/94)

Water Resources Act 1991

Anti-Pollution Works Regulations 1999

### **Further information**

WHO-classification: III (Slightly hazardous)

#### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

### Text of the hazard statements mentioned in Section 3

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H311 Toxic in contact with skin. H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H331 Toxic if inhaled. H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H350 May cause cancer.

H370 Causes damage to organs. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Abbreviations and acronyms

ADN European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Inland Waterways

ADR European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Road

ATE Acute toxicity estimate

CAS-Nr. Chemical Abstracts Service number

Conc. Concentration

EC-No. European community number ECx Effective concentration to x %

EH40 WEL Worker Exposure Limit

EINECS European inventory of existing commercial substances

ELINCS European list of notified chemical substances

EN European Standard EU European Union

IATA International Air Transport Association

IBC International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous

Chemicals in Bulk (IBC Code)
Inhibition concentration to x %

ICx Inhibition concentration to x %

IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LCx Lethal concentration to x %

amended



 SEKATOR OD

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LDx Lethal dose to x %

LOEC/LOEL Lowest observed effect concentration/level

MARPOL: International Convention for the prevention of marine pollution from ships

N.O.S. Not otherwise specified

NOEC/NOEL No observed effect concentration/level

OECD Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development

RID Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

SI Statutory Instrument
TWA Time weighted average

UN United Nations

WHO World health organisation

The above information is intended to give general health and safety guidance on the storage and transport of the product.

It is not intended to apply to the use of the product for which purposes the product label and any appropriate technical usage literature available should be consulted and any relevant licenses, consents or approvals complied with.

The requirements or recommendations of any relevant site or working procedure, system or policy in force or arising from any risk assessment involving the substance or product should take precedence over any of the guidance contained in this safety data sheet where there is a difference in the information given.

The information provided in this safety data sheet is accurate at the date of publication and will be updated as and when appropriate.

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Changes since the last version are highlighted in the margin. This version replaces all previous versions.