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VARIANO DUO 1/14

Version 5 / GB Revision Date: 12.12.2024 102000011941 Print Date: 19.03.2025

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name VARIANO DUO

Product code (UVP) 06455646

UFI A5C0-Y0GN-F00C-T8TS (for Northern Ireland only)

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use Fungicide

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Bayer CropScience Limited

230 Cambridge Science Park

Milton Road

CB4 0WB Cambridge United Kingdom

Telephone +44(0)1223 226500

Telefax +44(0)1223 426240

FOR IRELAND & Bayer CropScience Ltd

NORTHERN IRELAND: Bayer Ltd

1st Floor, The Grange Offices The Grange, Brewery Road

Stillorgan Co. Dublin A94 H2K7 Ireland

Telephone +353 1 216 3300

Responsible Department Email: gb-bcs-crop-regulatory-affairs@bayer.com

1.4 Emergency telephone no.

Emergency telephone no. 0330 678 3382 (24 hr)

For Medical Professionals:

You can also contact the relevant NPIS.

For Members to the Public:

You can contact NHS111 (for GB) or your local GP (for Northern

Ireland)

National Poisons Information Centre UK: 0344 892 0111 National Poisons Information Centre Dublin: +353 1 809 2166

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VARIANO DUO 2/14

Version 5 / GB Revision Date: 12.12.2024 102000011941 Print Date: 19.03.2025

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, as amended.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure: Category 3 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard: Category 1 H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard: Category 1

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, as amended.

Hazard label for supply/use required.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

- Fluoxastrobin
- Prothioconazole
- gamma-Butyrolactone





Signal word: Warning

Hazard statements

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH401 To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for

use.

EUH208 Contains 2-[2-(1-chlorocyclopropyl)-2-hydroxy-3-phenylpropyl]-2,4-dihydro-3H-1,2,4-

triazole-3-thione. May produce an allergic reaction.

Precautionary statements

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P391 Collect spillage. P410 Protect from sunlight.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardous-waste disposal contractor or

collection site except for empty clean containers which can be disposed of as non-

hazardous waste.

2.3 Other hazards

No additional hazards known beside those mentioned.

Fluoxastrobin: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

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3/14

VARIANO DUO

Version 5 / GB Revision Date: 12.12.2024 102000011941 Print Date: 19.03.2025

Prothioconazole: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to

have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission

Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to

have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission

Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature

Emulsifiable concentrate (EC) Fluoxastrobin/Prothioconazole 50:100 g/l

Hazardous components

Hazard statements according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

Name	CAS-No. /	Classification	Conc. [%]	
	EC-No. / REACH Reg. No.	REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008		
Fluoxastrobin	361377-29-9	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	4.4	
Prothioconazole	178928-70-6	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	8.8	
2-Ethylhexanol propylene ethyleneglycol ether	64366-70-7	Acute Tox. 4, H332 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	> 1 – < 25	
Alkylarylpolyglycol ether	104376-75-2	Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	> 1 - < 25	
Citric acid	77-92-9 01-2119457026-42-XXXX	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335	> 1 – < 5	
gamma-Butyrolactone	96-48-0 01-2119471839-21-XXXX	Acute Tox. 4, H302 > 25 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H336		

Further information

Fluoxastrobin	361377-29-9	M-Factor: 1 (acute), 1 (chronic)

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

Particle characteristics

This substance/ mixture does not contain nanoforms

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VARIANO DUO 4/14

Version 5 / GB Revision Date: 12.12.2024 102000011941 Print Date: 19.03.2025

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely.

Move out of dangerous area. Place and transport victim in stable

position (lying sideways).

Inhalation Move to fresh air. Keep patient warm and at rest. Call a physician or

poison control center immediately.

Skin contact Wash off thoroughly with plenty of soap and water, if available with

polyethyleneglycol 400, subsequently rinse with water. If symptoms

persist, call a physician.

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at

least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Get medical attention if irritation

develops and persists.

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center

immediately. Rinse mouth.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms No symptoms known or expected.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

TreatmentTreat symptomatically. In case of ingestion gastric lavage should be

considered in cases of significant ingestions only within the first 2 hours. However, the application of activated charcoal and sodium sulphate is always advisable. There is no specific antidote.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon

dioxide.

Unsuitable High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or

mixture

In the event of fire the following may be released:, Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid), Carbon monoxide (CO), Hydrogen chloride (HCI),

Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Hydrogen fluoride

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters

In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. In the event

of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Further information Contain the spread of the fire-fighting media. Do not allow run-off from

fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

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VARIANO DUO 5/14

Version 5 / GB Revision Date: 12.12.2024 102000011941 Print Date: 19.03.2025

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Precautions Avoid contact with spilled product or contaminated surfaces. Use

personal protective equipment.

6.2 Environmental

precautions

Do not allow to get into surface water, drains and ground water. If spillage enters drains leading to sewage works inform local water company immediately. If spillage enters rivers or watercourses, inform

the Environment Agency (emergency telephone number 0800

807060).

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Clean contaminated floors and objects thoroughly, observing

environmental regulations. Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Keep in

suitable, closed containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other

sections

Information regarding safe handling, see section 7.

Information regarding personal protective equipment, see section 8.

Information regarding waste disposal, see section 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling No specific precautions required when handling unopened

packs/containers; follow relevant manual handling advice. Ensure

adequate ventilation.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Take measures to prevent

the build up of electrostatic charge.

Hygiene measures Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Keep working clothes

separately. Wash hands immediately after work, if necessary take a shower. Remove soiled clothing immediately and clean thoroughly before using again. Garments that cannot be cleaned must be destroyed (burnt). Wash hands before breaks and immediately after

handling the product.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage

areas and containers

Store in a place accessible by authorized persons only. Store in original

container. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-

ventilated place. Keep away from direct sunlight.

Advice on common storage

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Suitable materials

Coextruded containers with an internal barrier layer made of ethylene

vinyl alcohol copolymer (EVOH) HDPE (high density polyethylene)

7.3 Specific end use(s) Refer to the label and/or leaflet.

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VARIANO DUO 6/14

Version 5 / GB Revision Date: 12.12.2024 102000011941 Print Date: 19.03.2025

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Update	Basis
Fluoxastrobin	361377-29-9	0.42 mg/m3 (TWA)		OES BCS*
Prothioconazole	178928-70-6	1.4 mg/m3 (SK-ABS)		OES BCS*

^{*}OES BCS: Internal Bayer AG, Crop Science Division "Occupational Exposure Standard"

8.2 Exposure controls

Refer to COSHH assessment (Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (Amendment) Regulations 2004). Engineering controls should be used in preference to personal protective equipment wherever practicable. Refer also to COSHH Essentials.

Personal protective equipment

In normal use and handling conditions please refer to the label and/or leaflet. In all other cases the following recommendations would apply.

Respiratory protection

Wear respirator with an organic vapours and gas filter mask (protection factor 10) conforming to EN140 type A or equivalent. Respiratory protection should only be used to control residual risk of short duration activities, when all reasonably practicable steps have been taken to reduce exposure at source e.g. containment and/or local extract ventilation. Always follow respirator manufacturer's instructions regarding wearing and maintenance.

Hand protection

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact time.

Wash gloves when contaminated. Dispose of when contaminated inside, when perforated or when contamination on the outside cannot be removed. Wash hands frequently and always before eating,

drinking, smoking or using the toilet. Material Nitrile rubber Rate of permeability > 480 min

Glove thickness

> 0.4 mm Directive Protective gloves complying with EN

374.

Eye protection

Wear goggles (conforming to EN166, Field of Use = 5 or equivalent).

Skin and body protection

Wear standard coveralls and Category 3 Type 6 suit.

If there is a risk of significant exposure, consider a higher protective type suit.

Wear two layers of clothing wherever possible. Polyester/cotton or cotton overalls should be worn under chemical protection suit and should be professionally laundered frequently.

If chemical protection suit is splashed, sprayed or significantly contaminated, decontaminate as far as possible, then carefully remove and dispose of as advised by manufacturer.

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VARIANO DUO 7/14

Version 5 / GB Revision Date: 12.12.2024 102000011941 Print Date: 19.03.2025

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Form Liquid, clear to slightly turbid

Colour tan

Odour aromatic

Odour Threshold

Melting point/ range

Boiling Point

Flammability

Upper explosion limit

Lower explosion limit

No data available

No data available

No data available

No data available

Flash point 96 °C

Auto-ignition temperature 405 °C

Self-accelarating

decomposition temperature

(SADT)

No data available

pH 4.0 - 5.0 (1 %) (23 °C) (deionized water)

Viscosity, dynamic 58.5 mPa.s (20 °C)

Velocity gradient 100 /s

Viscosity, kinematic 517 mm²/s (20 °C)

Water solubility emulsifiable

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Fluoxastrobin: log Pow: 2.86 (20 °C)

Prothioconazole: log Pow: 3.82 (20 °C) (pH 7)

Surface tension 32.13 mN/m

Determined in the undiluted form.

Vapour pressure No data available

Density ca. 1.13 g/cm³ (20 °C)

Relative density

No data available

Relative vapour density

No data available

Assessment nano particles This substance/ mixture does not contain nanoforms

Particle size No data available

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VARIANO DUO 8/14

Version 5 / GB Revision Date: 12.12.2024 102000011941 Print Date: 19.03.2025

9.2 Other information

Explosivity Not explosive

Oxidizing properties No oxidizing properties

Evaporation rate No data available

Other physico-chemical

properties

Further safety related physical-chemical data are not known.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity Stable under normal conditions.

10.2 Chemical stability Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3 Possibility of No hazardous reactions when stored and handled according to

hazardous reactions prescribed instructions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

10.5 Incompatible materials Store only in the original container.

10.6 Hazardous

decomposition products

No decomposition products expected under normal conditions of use.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

LD50 (Rat) > 2,500 mg/kgAcute oral toxicity

Test conducted with a similar formulation.

Acute inhalation toxicity LC50 (Rat) > 5.077 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

highest concentration tested

Test conducted with a similar formulation.

LD50 (Rat) > 4,000 mg/kgAcute dermal toxicity

Test conducted with a similar formulation.

Skin corrosion/irritation No skin irritation (Rabbit)

Test conducted with a similar formulation.

Serious eye damage/eye

No eye irritation (Rabbit)

irritation Test conducted with a similar formulation.

Respiratory or skin Skin: Non-sensitizing. (Guinea pig)

sensitisation OECD Test Guideline 406, Magnusson & Kligman test

Test conducted with a similar formulation.

Assessment STOT Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure

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VARIANO DUO 9/14

Version 5 / GB Revision Date: 12.12.2024 102000011941 Print Date: 19.03.2025

Fluoxastrobin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Prothioconazole: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Assessment STOT Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Fluoxastrobin did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies. Prothioconazole did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies.

Assessment mutagenicity

Fluoxastrobin was not mutagenic or genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.

Prothioconazole was not mutagenic or genotoxic based on the overall weight of evidence in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.

Assessment carcinogenicity

Fluoxastrobin was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice. Prothioconazole was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice.

Assessment toxicity to reproduction

Fluoxastrobin caused reproduction toxicity in a two-generation study in rats only at dose levels also toxic to the parent animals. The reproduction toxicity seen with Fluoxastrobin is related to parental toxicity. Prothioconazole caused reproduction toxicity in a two-generation study in rats only at dose levels also toxic to the parent animals. The reproduction toxicity seen with Prothioconazole is related to parental toxicity.

Assessment developmental toxicity

Fluoxastrobin did not cause developmental toxicity in rats. Fluoxastrobin caused developmental toxicity in rabbits only at dose levels toxic to the dams. The developmental effects seen with Fluoxastrobin are related to maternal toxicity.

Prothioconazole caused developmental toxicity only at dose levels toxic to the dams. The developmental effects seen with Prothioconazole are related to maternal toxicity.

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Further information

No further toxicological information is available.

11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

Assessment The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have

endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission

Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)) 2.78 mg/l

semi-static test; Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to aquatic EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)) 4.39 mg/l static test; Exposure

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 VARIANO DUO

 Version 5 / GB
 Revision Date: 12.12.2024

 102000011941
 Print Date: 19.03.2025

invertebrates time: 48 h

Toxicity to aquatic plants ErC50 (Skeletonema costatum) 0.03278 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient prothioconazole.

EC10 (Skeletonema costatum) 0.01427 mg/l

Growth rate; Exposure time: 72 h

The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient prothioconazole. EC50 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)) 24.0 mg/l

Growth rate; Exposure time: 96 h

NOEC (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)) 0.95 mg/l

Growth rate; Exposure time: 72 h

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability Fluoxastrobin:

Not rapidly biodegradable

Prothioconazole:

Not rapidly biodegradable

Koc Fluoxastrobin: Koc: 424 - 1582

Prothioconazole: Koc: 1765

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation Fluoxastrobin: Bioconcentration factor (BCF) 52

Does not bioaccumulate.

Prothioconazole: Bioconcentration factor (BCF) 19

Does not bioaccumulate.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Mobility in soil Fluoxastrobin: Slightly mobile in soils

Prothioconazole: Slightly mobile in soils

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT and vPvB assessment Fluoxastrobin: This substance is not considered to be persistent,

bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

Prothioconazole: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Assessment The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have

endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission

Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Additional ecological

information

No other effects to be mentioned.

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VARIANO DUO 11/14

 Version 5 / GB
 Revision Date: 12.12.2024

 102000011941
 Print Date: 19.03.2025

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product In accordance with current regulations and, if necessary, after

consultation with the site operator and/or with the responsible authority, the product may be taken to a waste disposal site or incineration plant. Advice may be obtained from the local waste regulation authority (part

of the Environment Agency in the UK).

Contaminated packaging Small containers (< 10 l or < 10 kg) should be rinsed thoroughly using

an integrated pressure rinsing device, or, by manually rinsing three

times.

Add washings to sprayer at time of filling.

Dispose of empty and cleaned packaging safely.

Large containers (> 25 I or > 25 kg) should not be rinsed or re-used for

any other purpose.

Return large containers to supplier.

Follow advice on product label and/or leaflet.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ADR/RID/ADN

14.1 UN number **3082**

14.2 Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(FLUOXASTROBIN, PROTHIOCONAZOLE SOLUTION)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 9
14.4 Packing group III
14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark YES

14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark YES Hazard no. 90
Tunnel Code -

This classification is in principle not valid for carriage by tank vessel on inland waterways. Please refer to the manufacturer for further information.

IMDG

14.1 UN number 3082

14.2 Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(FLUOXASTROBIN, PROTHIOCONAZOLE SOLUTION)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 9
14.4 Packing group III
14.5 Marine pollutant YES

IATA

14.1 UN number **3082**

14.2 Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

 $N \cap S$

(FLUOXASTROBIN, PROTHIOCONAZOLE SOLUTION)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 9
14.4 Packing group III
14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark YES

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VARIANO DUO 12/14

Version 5 / GB Revision Date: 12.12.2024 102000011941 Print Date: 19.03.2025

UK 'Carriage' Regulations

14.1 UN number **3082**

14.2 Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(FLUOXASTROBIN, PROTHIOCONAZOLE SOLUTION)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)914.4 Packing groupIII14.5 Environm. Hazardous MarkYESEmergency action code3Z

14.6 Special precautions for user

See sections 6 to 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No transport in bulk according to the IBC Code.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

UK and Northern Ireland Regulatory References

This material may be subject to some or all of the following regulations (and any subsequent amendments). Users must ensure that any uses and restrictions as indicated on the label and/or leaflet are followed.

Transport

Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No 1348)

Merchant Shipping (Dangerous Goods and Marine Pollutants) Regulations 1997 (SI 1997 No 2367) Air Navigation Dangerous Goods Regulations 2002 (SI 2002 No 2786)

Supply and Use

Chemical (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No 716) Chemical (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) (Northern Ireland) Regulations 2009

Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (SI 2002 No 2677)

EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits - Table 1 List of approved workplace exposure limits

Control of Pesticide Regulations 1986

Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 2002

Waste Treatment

Environmental Protection Act 1990, Part II

Environmental Protection (Duty of Care) Regulations 1991

The Waste Management Licensing Regulations 1994 (as amended)

Hazardous Waste Regulations 2005 (Replacing Special Waste Regulations 1996 as amended)

Landfill Directive

Regulation on Substances That Deplete the Ozone Layer 1994 (EEC/3093/94)

Water Resources Act 1991

Anti-Pollution Works Regulations 1999

Further information

amended



VARIANO DUO
Version 5 / GB
Revision Date: 12.12.2024

102000011941 Print Date: 19.03.2025

WHO-classification: III (Slightly hazardous)

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Text of the hazard statements mentioned in Section 3

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Abbreviations and acronyms

ADN European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Inland Waterways

ADR European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Road

ATE Acute toxicity estimate

CAS-Nr. Chemical Abstracts Service number

Conc. Concentration

EC-No. European community number
ECx Effective concentration to x %

EH40 WEL Worker Exposure Limit

EINECS European inventory of existing commercial substances

ELINCS European list of notified chemical substances

EN European Standard EU European Union

IATA International Air Transport Association

IBC International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous

Chemicals in Bulk (IBC Code) Inhibition concentration to x %

IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LCx Lethal concentration to x %

LDx Lethal dose to x %

ICx

LOEC/LOEL Lowest observed effect concentration/level

MARPOL: International Convention for the prevention of marine pollution from ships

N.O.S. Not otherwise specified

NOEC/NOEL No observed effect concentration/level

OECD Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development

RID Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

SI Statutory Instrument
TWA Time weighted average

UN United Nations

WHO World health organisation

The above information is intended to give general health and safety guidance on the storage and transport of the product.



14/14

VARIANO DUO

Version 5 / GB Revision Date: 12.12.2024 102000011941 Print Date: 19.03.2025

It is not intended to apply to the use of the product for which purposes the product label and any appropriate technical usage literature available should be consulted and any relevant licenses, consents or approvals complied with.

The requirements or recommendations of any relevant site or working procedure, system or policy in force or arising from any risk assessment involving the substance or product should take precedence over any of the guidance contained in this safety data sheet where there is a difference in the information given.

The information provided in this safety data sheet is accurate at the date of publication and will be updated as and when appropriate.

No liability will be accepted for any injury, loss or damage resulting from any failure to take account of information or advice contained in this safety data sheet.

Reason for Revision: The following sections have been revised: Section 2: Hazards

Identification.

Changes since the last version are highlighted in the margin. This version replaces all previous versions.