SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision date 06-Sep-2023 Revision Number 2

Section 1: Identification

Product identifier

Product Name ProteOn Maintenance Solution 2, 70% Isopropyl Alcohol

Catalogue Number(s) 1764116, 10022904

Other means of identification

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use Laboratory chemicals

Uses advised against No information available

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Corporate Headquarters
Bio-Rad Laboratories Inc.
1000 Alfred Nobel Drive
Hercules, CA 94547

USA

Manufacturer

Bio-Rad Laboratories, Life Science Group Bio-Rad Laboratories Pty Ltd

2000 Alfred Nobel Drive Hercules, California 94547

USA

Legal Entity / Contact Address

189 Bush Road

Albany Auckland New Zealand

Technical Service +64 9 415 2280 or 0508 805 500

sales.nz@bio-rad.com

Emergency telephone number

24 Hour Emergency Phone Number CHEMTREC New Zealand: 64-98010034

GHS Classification

| Flammable liquids | Category 2 |
|--|------------|
| Serious eye damage/eye irritation | Category 2 |
| Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure | Category 3 |

Label elements





Signal word Danger

Hazard statements

Highly flammable liquid and vapour Causes serious eye irritation May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray

ZGHS / EN Page 1/10

sopropyi Alconoi

Revision date 06-Sep-2023

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Ground and bond container and receiving equipment

Use non-sparking tools

Take action to prevent static discharges

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

Keep container closed

Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection

Keep cool

Eves

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

Skir

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower]

Inhalation

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

Call a doctor if you feel unwell

Fire

In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Store locked up

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations as applicable

Other hazards which do not result in classification

May be harmful if inhaled.

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

| Chemical name | CAS No | Weight-% |
|---------------------------|-------------|----------|
| Isopropyl alcohol | 67-63-0 | 50 - 100 |
| | | |
| Non-hazardous ingredients | Proprietary | Balance |

Section 4: First-aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General advice Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Keep

eye wide open while rinsing. Do not rub affected area. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Skin contact Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes

and shoes.

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious

person. Call a doctor.

Self-protection of the first aider Remove all sources of ignition. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s)

involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination. Use personal protective equipment as required. See section 8 for more information. Avoid

contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

ZGHS / EN Page 2/10

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Burning sensation. Inhalation of high vapour

concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and

vomiting.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to doctorsTreat symptomatically.

Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media Dry chemical. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Water spray. Alcohol resistant foam.

Large Fire CAUTION: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Do not scatter spilled material with high pressure water streams.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Specific hazards arising from the

chemical

Risk of ignition. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear.

Section 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Use personal protective equipment as required. See

section 8 for more information. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Pay attention to flashback. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the

product must be grounded. Do not touch or walk through spilled material.

Other information Ventilate the area. Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8. Prevent further leakage or spillage if

safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. A

vapour suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapours. Dyke far ahead of spill to collect run-off water. Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches and waterways. Absorb with earth, sand

or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal.

Methods for cleaning up Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Dam up. Soak up with inert

absorbent material. Pick up and transfer to properly labelled containers.

ZGHS / EN Page 3/10

Precautions to prevent secondary hazards

Prevention of secondary hazards Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

Section 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Use personal protection 6

Use personal protection equipment. Avoid breathing vapours or mists. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use grounding and bonding connection when transferring this material to prevent static discharge, fire or explosion. Use with local exhaust ventilation. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Use according to package label instructions. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

General hygiene considerations

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat,

sparks, flame and other sources of ignition (i.e., pilot lights, electric motors and static electricity). Keep in properly labelled containers. Do not store near combustible materials. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations. Store in accordance with local regulations. Store according to product and label

instructions.

Incompatible materialsNone known based on information supplied.

Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Exposure Limits

| Chemical name | New Zealand | Australia | ACGIH TLV | United Kingdom |
|-------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------|------------------------------|
| Isopropyl alcohol | TWA: 400 ppm | TWA: 400 ppm | STEL: 400 ppm | TWA: 400 ppm |
| 67-63-0 | TWA: 983 mg/m ³ | TWA: 983 mg/m ³ | TWA: 200 ppm | TWA: 999 mg/m ³ |
| | STEL: 500 ppm | STEL: 500 ppm | | STEL: 500 ppm |
| | STEL: 1230 mg/m ³ | STEL: 1230 mg/m ³ | | STEL: 1250 mg/m ³ |

Biological occupational exposure limits

| Chemical name | New Zealand | ACGIH |
|-------------------|-------------|--|
| Isopropyl alcohol | - | 40 mg/L - urine (Acetone) - end of shift at end of |
| 67-63-0 | | workweek |

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls Showers

Eyewash stations Ventilation systems.

ZGHS / EN Page 4/10

Isopropyl Alcohol

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Tight sealing safety goggles.

Wear suitable gloves. Impervious gloves. Hand protection

Skin and body protection Wear suitable protective clothing. Long sleeved clothing. Chemical resistant apron.

Antistatic boots.

Respiratory protection No protective equipment is needed under normal use conditions. If exposure limits are

exceeded or irritation is experienced, ventilation and evacuation may be required.

Revision date 06-Sep-2023

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Liquid

Appearance aqueous solution Colour colourless Odour Alcohol.

Odour threshold No information available

Remarks • Method **Property** <u>Values</u>

рΗ None known None known

Melting point / freezing point No data available

Boiling point / boiling range 82 °C °C Flash point 13

Evaporation rate No data available None known Flammability (solid, gas) No data available None known Flammability Limit in Air None known

Upper flammability or explosive No data available

limits

Lower flammability or explosive No data available

limits

No data available Vapour pressure None known No data available Vapour density None known Relative density 0.85 None known

Water solubility No data available Miscible in water

Solubility(ies) No data available None known No data available **Partition coefficient** None known No data available Autoignition temperature None known **Decomposition temperature** None known No data available

Kinematic viscosity None known No data available **Dynamic viscosity** None known

Explosive properties No information available. Oxidising properties No information available.

Other information

Softening point No information available No information available Molecular weight **VOC** content No information available No information available **Liquid Density Bulk density** No information available Particle characteristics No information available

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

Page 5/10

Reactivity No information available.

Chemical stability

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to mechanical impact None.

Sensitivity to static discharge Yes.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions None under normal processing.

Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Heat, flames and sparks.

Incompatible materials

Incompatible materialsNone known based on information supplied.

Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products None known based on information supplied.

Section 11: Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information

Inhalation Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. May cause irritation of

respiratory tract. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May be harmful if inhaled.

Eye contact Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Causes serious eye irritation.

(based on components). May cause redness, itching, and pain.

Skin contact Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. May cause irritation.

Prolonged contact may cause redness and irritation.

Ingestion Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Ingestion may cause

gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.

Symptoms May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Inhalation of high vapour concentrations may

cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

Acute toxicity

Numerical measures of toxicity

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document

ATEmix (inhalation-vapour) 46.50 mg/l

Component Information

| Chemical name | Oral LD50 | Dermal LD50 | Inhalation LC50 |
|---------------|-----------|-------------|-----------------|

ZGHS / EN Page 6/10

| Isopropyl alcohol | = 1870 mg/kg (Rat) | = 4059 mg/kg (Rabbit) | > 10000 ppm (Rat) 6 h |
|-------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | | | |

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritation May cause skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Classification based on data available for ingredients. Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation No information available.

Germ cell mutagenicity No information available.

Carcinogenicity

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

| Chemical name | New Zealand | IARC |
|-----------------------------|-------------|---------|
| Isopropyl alcohol - 67-63-0 | - | Group 3 |

Legend

IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Group 3 - Not Classifiable as to Carcinogenicity in Humans

Reproductive toxicity No information available.

STOT - single exposure May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT - repeated exposure No information available.

Aspiration hazard No information available.

Data used to identify the health

effects

Refer to Section 16 for Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the

SDS.

Section 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Aquatic ecotoxicity The environmental impact of this product has not been fully investigated.

Unknown aquatic toxicity 0 % of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic

environment.

| Chemical name | Algae/aquatic plants | Fish | Crustacea |
|-------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|
| Isopropyl alcohol | EC50: >1000mg/L (96h, | LC50: =9640mg/L (96h, | EC50: =13299mg/L (48h, |
| | Desmodesmus subspicatus) | Pimephales promelas) | Daphnia magna) |
| | EC50: >1000mg/L (72h, | LC50: =11130mg/L (96h, | |
| | Desmodesmus subspicatus) | Pimephales promelas) | |
| | , , | LC50: >1400000µg/L (96h, | |
| | | Lepomis macrochirus) | |

Terrestrial ecotoxicty There is no data for this product.

ZGHS / EN Page 7/10

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation

Component Information

| Chemical name | Partition coefficient |
|-------------------|-----------------------|
| Isopropyl alcohol | 0.05 |

Mobility in soil

Mobility

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

Section 13: Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused products

Dispose of product in packaging in a way that is consistent with the EPA Consolidation 30 April 2021 of the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 and the Act.

Treat the substance using a method that changes the characteristics or composition of the substance so that the substance is no longer a hazardous substance; or export the substance from New Zealand as waste.

Flammable substances - may not be disposed of into or onto a landfill or sewage facility. They may only be burnt in certain situations.

Flammable gases, liquids and solids may only be discharged into the environment or landfill as waste if the substance will not at any time come into contact with any explosives, oxidising gases, liquids or solids or organic peroxides; and there will be no ignition source in the vicinity of the disposal site at any time and if the substance were to ignite, no person, or place where a person may legally be, would be exposed to an unsafe level of heat radiation.

Substances which are hazardous to human health or corrosive to metals – may be discharged into the environment if a tolerable exposure limit has been set for the substance (or a component of that substance); and the discharge does not, after reasonable mixing, result in the concentration of the substance in an environmental medium exceeding the tolerable exposure limit. If there is no tolerable exposure limit for the substance, then it may only be discharged into the environment if the substance is very rapidly converted to substances that are not hazardous substances.

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation.

Contaminated packaging

For packages that have been in direct contact with hazardous substances, the person must ensure that the package is rendered incapable of containing any substance. It must be disposed of in a manner that is consistent with the requirements for disposal of the substance that it contained, taking into account the material the package is manufactured from.

Packages may only be reused or recycled if:

- the substance has a physical hazard other than corrosive to metal, and has been treated to remove any residual contents of the hazardous substance;
- or for substances that have a health or environmental hazard, or corrosive to metal, the contents of the residue in the package are below the threshold for the substance to be classified as hazardous in the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

ZGHS / EN Page 8/10

Section 14: Transport information

<u>IATA</u>

UN number or ID number UN1219

UN proper shipping name Isopropanol solution

Transport hazard class(es) 3
Packing group II
Special Provisions A180

Description UN1219, Isopropanol solution, 3, II

IMDG

UN number or ID number UN1219

UN proper shipping name ISOPROPANOL SOLUTION

 Transport hazard class(es)
 3

 Packing group
 II

 EmS-No
 F-E, S-D

 Marine pollutant
 NP

Description UN1219, ISOPROPANOL SOLUTION, 3, II, (13°C C.C.)

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

No information available

Special precautions for user

Please refer to the applicable dangerous goods regulations for additional information

Section 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations

EPA New Zealand HSNO approval

code or group standard

To be determined

National regulations There are no applicable tolerable exposure limits or environmental exposure limits

according to the EPA Controls for Hazardous Substances

Certified handlers, tracking and controlled substance license

requirements

Certified handlers are required for some substances. This includes substances requiring a controlled substance license, and most explosives, vertebrates toxic agents, and certain fumigants. Acutely toxic substances which are a Category 1 or 2, such as pesticides also require Certified handlers. Please check the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 for further information

Tracking is required for some highly hazardous substances. These substances need to be under the control of an appropriately trained person or appropriately secured. Please check

the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 for further information

Controlled substance licenses are required to possess certain explosives, vertebrate toxic agents and fumigants. See Part 7 of the Health and Safety at Work Regulation 2017 for

more information

International Regulations

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

International Inventories

NZIOC Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
TSCA Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
DSL/NDSL Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
EINECS/ELINCS Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

ZGHS / EN Page 9/10

ENCSContact supplier for inventory compliance status.IECSCContact supplier for inventory compliance status.KECLContact supplier for inventory compliance status.PICCSContact supplier for inventory compliance status.AICSContact supplier for inventory compliance status.

Legend:

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

Section 16: Other information

Revision date 06-Sep-2023

Revision Note Significant changes throughout SDS. Review all sections.

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

TWA TWA (time-weighted average) STEL STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)

Ceiling Maximum limit value * Skin designation

C Carcinogen

Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR)
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database

European Food Safety Authority (EFSA) EPA (Environmental Protection Agency) Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s))

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals

Food Research Journal

Hazardous Substance Database

International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)

National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE)

Australian National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS)

NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP)

National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED)

National Toxicology Program (NTP)

New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)

Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications

Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Programme

Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set

World Health Organization

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet

ZGHS / EN Page 10/10