

SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to WHS Regulations

Revision date 21-Feb-2021 Revision Number 1

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product identifier

Product Name UCAT/UMET Acidic Reagent

1956037 Catalogue Number(s)

Other means of identification

Proper shipping name CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (Acetic acid)

UN number UN3265

Pure substance/mixture Mixture

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use In-vitro laboratory reagent or component

Uses advised against No information available

Details of manufacturer or importer

Corporate Headquarters Bio-Rad Laboratories Inc. 1000 Alfred Nobel Drive Hercules, CA 94547

USA

Manufacturer

Bio-Rad Laboratories Pty. Ltd Level 5, 446 Victoria Road

Gladesville NSW 2111 Australia

Legal Entity / Contact Address

Bio-Rad Laboratories Pty Ltd Level 5

446 Victoria Road, Gladesville NSW 2111

Australia

For further information, please contact

Technical Service +61 2 9914 2800 or 1800 224 354

sales.australia@bio-rad.com

Emergency telephone number

24 Hour Emergency Phone Number CHEMTREC Australia: 61-290372994

Emergency telephone number No information available

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

GHS Classification

Corrosive to metals	Category 1 - (H290)
Flammable liquids	Category 3 - (H226)
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 1 Sub-category A - (H314)
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 1 - (H318)

Label elements

Flame



Signal word

Danger

Hazard statements

H290 - May be corrosive to metals H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

Keep container tightly closed

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

Use only non-sparking tools

Take precautionary measures against static discharge

Keep only in original container

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction

Absorb spillage to prevent material damage

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Other hazards which do not result in classification

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance

Not applicable

<u>Mixture</u>

Chemical name	CAS No	Weight-%
Acetic acid	64-19-7	5 - 10
Non-hazardous ingredients	Proprietary	Balance

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General advice Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in

attendance.

Emergency telephone number Poisons Information Centre, Australia: 13 11 26

Poisons Information Centre, New Zealand: 0800 764 766

Inhalation If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately. Do

not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. If breathing is difficult, (trained personnel should) give oxygen. Delayed pulmonary edema may occur. Get immediate medical advice/attention. Remove to

fresh air.

Eye contact Get immediate medical advice/attention. Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under

the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. Do not rub affected area.

Skin contact Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated

clothes and shoes. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

Ingestion Get immediate medical advice/attention. Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards

plenty of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do NOT induce

vomiting.

Self-protection of the first aider Remove all sources of ignition. Use personal protective equipment as required. See section

8 for more information. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination. Avoid direct contact with skin. Use barrier to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Avoid contact with skin,

eyes or clothing.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms Burning sensation.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to doctors Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contra-indicated.

Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated. Do not give chemical antidotes. Asphyxia from glottal edema may occur. Marked decrease in blood pressure may

occur with moist rales, frothy sputum, and high pulse pressure.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media Dry chemical. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Water spray. Alcohol resistant foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media No information available.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Specific hazards arising from the

chemical

Risk of ignition. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Thermal decomposition can lead to

release of irritating gases and vapours.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment for Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout

fire-fighters

gear. Use personal protection equipment.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions See section 8 for more information. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares,

sparks or flames in immediate area). Pay attention to flashback. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Attention! Corrosive material. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Use personal protective

equipment as required.

Other information Ventilate the area. Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8. Should not be released into the

environment. Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Prevent product from entering drains.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containmentStop leak if you can do it without risk. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. A

vapour suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapours. Dyke far ahead of spill to collect run-off water. Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches and waterways. Absorb with earth, sand

or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal.

Methods for cleaning up Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Dam up. Soak up with inert

absorbent material. Pick up and transfer to properly labelled containers.

Precautions to prevent secondary hazards

Prevention of secondary hazards Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use grounding and bonding connection when transferring this material to prevent static discharge, fire or explosion. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Use according to package label instructions. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Handle product only in closed system or provide appropriate exhaust ventilation. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this

product.

General hygiene considerations Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use.

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this

product.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and other sources of ignition (i.e., pilot lights, electric

motors and static electricity). Keep in properly labelled containers. Do not store near combustible materials. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations. Store in accordance with local regulations. Protect from moisture. Store away from other materials. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store locked up. Keep out of the reach of children. Store according to

product and label instructions.

Incompatible materials Acids. Bases. Oxidising agent.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Exposure Limits

Chemical name	Australia	ACGIH TLV
Acetic acid	10 ppm	STEL: 15 ppm
64-19-7	25 mg/m ³	TWA: 10 ppm
	15 ppm STEL	
	37 mg/m ³ STEL	

Biological occupational exposure limits

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls Showers

> Eyewash stations Ventilation systems.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Face protection shield. Tight sealing safety goggles.

Antistatic boots. Long sleeved clothing. Chemical resistant apron. Wear suitable protective Skin and body protection

clothing.

Impervious gloves. Wear suitable gloves. Hand protection

Respiratory protection No protective equipment is needed under normal use conditions. If exposure limits are

exceeded or irritation is experienced, ventilation and evacuation may be required.

No information available. **Environmental exposure controls**

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Liquid

Appearance aqueous solution

Colour Varies Odour Odourless.

Odour threshold No information available

None known

None known

None known

None known

None known

None known

Property Values Remarks • Method

pH
 No information available
 None known
 Melting point / freezing point
 No data available
 None known

Boiling point / boiling range 100 $^{\circ}$ C **Flash point** > 55 $^{\circ}$ C

Evaporation rateNo data availableNone knownFlammability (solid, gas)No data availableNone knownFlammability Limit in AirNone known

Upper flammability or explosive No data available

limits

Lower flammability or explosive No data available

limits

Vapour pressureNo data availableNone knownVapour densityNo data availableNone knownRelative densityNo data availableNone known

Relative density
Water solubility
Solubility(ies)
Partition coefficient
Autoignition temperature
No data available
No data available
No data available

Decomposition temperature
Kinematic viscosity

Dynamic viscosity

Explosive properties

Oxidising properties

No data available
Not applicable
Not applicable

Other information

Molecular weight Not applicable VOC Content (%) Not applicable

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

Reactivity No information available.

Chemical stability

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to mechanical impact None.

Sensitivity to static discharge Yes.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions None under normal processing.

Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Heat, flames and sparks. Exposure to air or moisture over prolonged periods.

Incompatible materials

Incompatible materials Acids. Bases. Oxidising agent.

Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products None known based on information supplied.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information

Inhalation Corrosive by inhalation. (based on components). Inhalation of corrosive fumes/gases may

cause coughing, choking, headache, dizziness, and weakness for several hours. Pulmonary edema may occur with tightness in the chest, shortness of breath, bluish skin, decreased blood pressure, and increased heart rate. Inhaled corrosive substances can lead to a toxic edema of the lungs. Pulmonary edema can be fatal. Specific test data for the substance or

mixture is not available.

Eye contact (based on components). Corrosive to the eyes and may cause severe damage including

blindness. Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Causes serious

eye damage. May cause irreversible damage to eyes.

Skin contact Corrosive. (based on components). Causes burns. Specific test data for the substance or

mixture is not available.

Ingestion Causes burns (based on components) Ingestion causes burns of the upper digestive and

respiratory tracts May cause severe burning pain in the mouth and stomach with vomiting and diarrhea of dark blood. Blood pressure may decrease. Brownish or yellowish stains may be seen around the mouth. Swelling of the throat may cause shortness of breath and choking May cause lung damage if swallowed May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available

Symptoms Coughing and/ or wheezing. Redness. Burning. May cause blindness.

Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document

ATEmix (oral) 50,923.10 mg/kg
ATEmix (dermal) 16,307.70 mg/kg
ATEmix (inhalation-dust/mist) 175.40 mg/l

Component Information

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Acetic acid	= 3310 mg/kg (Rat)	= 1060 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 11.4 mg/L (Rat) 4 h

See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritation Classification based on data available for ingredients. Causes burns.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Classification based on data available for ingredients. Causes burns. Risk of serious

damage to eyes.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - single exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - repeated exposureBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Ecotoxicity .

Unknown aquatic toxicity 0 % of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic

environment.

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to	Crustacea
			microorganisms	
Acetic acid	-	LC50: =75mg/L (96h,	-	EC50: =47mg/L (24h,
		Lepomis macrochirus)		Daphnia magna)
		LC50: =79mg/L (96h,		EC50: =65mg/L (48h,
		Pimephales promelas)		Daphnia magna)

Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability No information available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation There is no data for this product.

Component Information

Chemical name	Partition coefficient
Acetic acid	-0.31

Mobility

Mobility in soilNo information available.MobilityNo information available.

Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects No information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused

products

Should not be released into the environment. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation.

Contaminated packaging Empty containers pose a potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut, puncture of weld

containers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

ADG

UN number UN3265

Proper shipping name CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S.

Hazard class Packing group Ш **Special Provisions** 223, 274

UN3265, CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (Acetic acid), 8, III Description

IATA

UN number

UN proper shipping name Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n.o.s.

Transport hazard class(es) Packing group Ш **ERG Code** 8L **Special Provisions** A3, A803

Description UN3265, Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n.o.s. (Acetic acid), 8, III

IMDG

UN number UN3265

UN proper shipping name CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S.

Transport hazard class(es) Packing group Ш F-A. S-B **EmS-No Special Provisions** 223, 274 Marine pollutant NP

UN3265, CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (Acetic acid), 8, III **Description**

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

No information available

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations

Australia

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP)

No poisons schedule number allocated

Major hazard (accident/incident planning) regulation

Verify that licence requirements are met

Hazardous chemical Threshold quantity (T) 200

Liquids with flash points <61°C kept above their boiling points at

ambient conditions

National pollutant inventory

Subject to reporting requirement

Chemical name	National pollutant inventory
Acetic acid - 64-19-7	10 tonne/vr Threshold category 1

International Inventories

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status

International Regulations

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

SECTION 16: Other information

Prepared By Bio-Rad Laboratories, Environmental Health and Safety

Revision date 21-Feb-2021

Revision Note

*** Indicates this information has changed since the previous revision.

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

TWA TWA (time-weighted average) STEL STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)

Ceiling Maximum limit value * Skin designation

C Carcinogen

Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR)

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database

European Food Safety Authority (EFSA)

EPA (Environmental Protection Agency)

Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s))

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals

Food Research Journal

Hazardous Substance Database

International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)

Japan GHS Classification

Australian National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS)

NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP)

National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED)

National Toxicology Program (NTP)

New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)

Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications

Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Programme

Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set

RTECS (Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances)

World Health Organization

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet