

Safety Data Sheet

Classified according to the UN-GHS as adopted in the US Hazard Communication Standard (HCS 2012), the Canada Hazardous Products Regulations (WHMIS 2015) and Mexico NOM-018-STPS-2015. Revision Date: 4 June 2024 Date of issue: 4 June 2024 Supersedes Date: 23 June 2023 Version: 2.1

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier

Product Name: Aqua Ammonia 29%

CAS No: 1336-21-6

Synonyms: Ammonia water, Aqueous ammonia, Household ammonia, Ammonium hydrate

STCC: 4935280

1.2. Intended Use of the Product Uses of the substance/mixture: Fertilizer Uses advised against: Consumer use

Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Company **CF** Industries

2375 Waterview Drive Northbrook, Illinois, USA

847-405-2400

www.cfindustries.com

1.4. **Emergency Telephone Number**

Emergency : 800-424-9300

Number For Chemical Emergency, Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident, call CHEMTREC - Day or

Night

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the Substance or Mixture 2.1.

Classification (GHS-US)

Acute Tox. 4 (Oral) H302 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:gas) H332 Skin Corr. 1A H314 Eye Dam. 1 H318 STOT SE 3 H335 Aquatic Acute 1 H400 Aquatic Chronic 3 H412 Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

2.2. **Label Elements**

GHS-US Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)





Signal Word (GHS-US) Danger

Hazard Statements (GHS-US) H302+H332 - Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H318 - Causes serious eye damage. H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life.

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements

(GHS-US)

: P260 - Do not breathe mist, spray, vapors, gas.

P261 - Avoid breathing vapors, mist, or spray.

P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and exposed areas thoroughly after handling.

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

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P280 - Wear eye protection, protective clothing, protective gloves, face protection. P301+P330+P331+P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a poison center or doctor.

P303+P361+P353+P310 - IF ON SKIN (OR HAIR): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Immediately call a poison center or doctor.

P304+P340+P310 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor. P305+P351+P338+P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor.

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P391 - Collect spillage.

P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, provincial, territorial, national, and international regulations.

2.3. Other Hazards

Ammonium hydroxide is very volatile and may release ammonia as a gas. Ammonia vapor, in concentrations of 16-25% volume by weight in air, is flammable, toxic by inhalation and corrosive. Take all appropriate precautions.

2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixture

Name	Product Identifier	% (w/w)	Classification (GHS-US)
Ammonium hydroxide	(CAS No) 1336-21-6	100	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302
			Skin Corr. 1B, H314
			Eye Dam. 1, H318
			Aquatic Acute 1, H400
Contains	Product Identifier	% (w/w)	Classification (GHS-US)
Water	(CAS No) 7732-18-5	69.6 -	Not classified
		70.6	
Ammonia	(CAS No) 7664-41-7	29.4 -	Flam. Gas 2, H221
		30.4	Compressed gas, H280
			Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:gas), H331
			Skin Corr. 1B, H314
			Eye Dam. 1, H318
			Aquatic Acute 1, H400
			Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of First Aid Measures

General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Seek medical attention immediately. Show label if possible.

Inhalation: When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Skin Contact: Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 60 minutes. Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

Eye Contact: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for at least 60 minutes. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

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Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

4.2. Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

General: Harmful if swallowed. Corrosive to eyes, respiratory system and skin. Harmful if inhaled.

Inhalation: Symptoms may include: Sneezing, coughing, burning sensation of throat with constricting sensation of the larynx and difficulty in breathing. Damage to lungs. Harmful if inhaled.

Skin Contact: Corrosive, Causes burns, Symptoms may include: Redness, Pain, Serious skin burns, Blisters,

Eye Contact: Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include: Redness. Pain. Blurred vision. Severe burns. Causes permanent damage to the cornea, iris, or conjunctiva.

Ingestion: Harmful if swallowed. May cause burns or irritation of the linings of the mouth, throat, and gastrointestinal tract.

Chronic Symptoms: None known.

4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Water spray, fog.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

5.2. Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Ammonia vapor concentrations in the range of 16-25% by volume in air can be ignited if heated to the auto-ignition temperature. Oil or other combustible materials increases the fire hazard. Emits toxic fumes under fire conditions. **Explosion Hazard:** Forms explosive compounds with calcium hypochlorite, bleaches, gold, mercury, silver, chlorine and other halogens. Contact with strong oxidizers can result in fires and explosions.

Reactivity: Corrosive to copper, brass, silver, zinc and galvanized steel.

5.3. Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Firefighting Instructions: Stop leak if safe to do so. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. In case of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.

Protection During Firefighting: Firefighters must use full bunker gear including NIOSH-approved positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus to protect against potential hazardous combustion and decomposition products.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Nitrogen oxides. Ammonia.

Reference to Other Sections

Refer to section 9 for flammability properties.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. No smoking. Avoid all contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Do NOT breathe vapor, mist, spray.

6.1.1. For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Eliminate ignition sources.

6.1.2. For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection. **Emergency Procedures:** Stop leak if safe to do so. Ventilate area.

6.2. Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.

6.3. Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Ventilate area. Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Never neutralize spill with acid. Absorb and/or contain spill with inert material, then place in suitable container. Use only non-sparking tools. After cleaning, flush traces away with water.

6.4. Reference to Other Sections

See heading 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection. See Section 13, Disposal Considerations.

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SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: Do NOT enter (storage areas, confined spaces) unless adequately ventilated. Emits ammonia vapors. Flammable gas. Ammonium hydroxide reacts with many heavy metals and their salts forming explosive compounds. It may attack metals forming flammable/explosive gas. The solution in water is a strong base, it reacts violently with acids.

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking, or smoking and again when leaving work.

7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Any proposed use of this product in elevated-temperature processes should be thoroughly evaluated to assure that safe operating conditions are established and maintained. Ensure adequate ventilation. Comply with applicable regulations.

Storage Conditions: Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Detached outside storage is preferable. Keep in fireproof place. Store away from oxidizers, combustible materials, and all ignition sources. Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner. Storage containers should have safety relief valves. Store locked up.

Incompatible Materials: Forms explosive compounds with calcium hypochlorite, bleaches, gold, mercury, silver, chlorine and other halogens. Contact with strong oxidizers can result in fires and explosions. Corrosive to copper, brass, silver, zinc and galvanized steel.

Storage Area: Post readily visible warning signs in the storage area listing emergency measures. Water hoses should be readily available to disperse vapors in case of a spill.

7.3. Specific End Use(s)

Fertilizer

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established Exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), NIOSH (REL), OSHA (PEL), Canadian provincial governments, or the Mexican government.

Ammonia (7664-41-7)		
Mexico	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	18 mg/m³
Mexico	OEL TWA (ppm)	25 ppm
Mexico	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	27 mg/m³
Mexico	OEL STEL (ppm)	35 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	25 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	35 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	35 mg/m³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	50 ppm
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	18 mg/m³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	25 ppm
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m³)	27 mg/m³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (ppm)	35 ppm
USA IDLH	US IDLH (ppm)	300 ppm
Alberta	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	24 mg/m³
Alberta	OEL STEL (ppm)	35 ppm
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	17 mg/m³
Alberta	OEL TWA (ppm)	25 ppm
British Columbia	OEL STEL (ppm)	35 ppm
British Columbia	OEL TWA (ppm)	25 ppm
Manitoba	OEL STEL (ppm)	35 ppm
Manitoba	OEL TWA (ppm)	25 ppm
New Brunswick	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	24 mg/m³
New Brunswick	OEL STEL (ppm)	35 ppm
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	17 mg/m³

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New Brunswick	OEL TWA (ppm)	25 ppm
Newfoundland &	OEL STEL (ppm)	35 ppm
Labrador		
Newfoundland &	OEL TWA (ppm)	25 ppm
Labrador		
Nova Scotia	OEL STEL (ppm)	35 ppm
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (ppm)	25 ppm
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	24 mg/m³
Nunavut	OEL STEL (ppm)	35 ppm
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	17 mg/m³
Nunavut	OEL TWA (ppm)	25 ppm
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	24 mg/m³
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (ppm)	35 ppm
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	17 mg/m³
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (ppm)	25 ppm
Ontario	OEL STEL (ppm)	35 ppm
Ontario	OEL TWA (ppm)	25 ppm
Prince Edward Island	OEL STEL (ppm)	35 ppm
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (ppm)	25 ppm
Québec	VECD (mg/m³)	24 mg/m³
Québec	VECD (ppm)	35 ppm
Québec	VEMP (mg/m³)	17 mg/m³
Québec	VEMP (ppm)	25 ppm
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (ppm)	35 ppm
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (ppm)	25 ppm
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	30 mg/m³
Yukon	OEL STEL (ppm)	40 ppm
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	18 mg/m³
Yukon	OEL TWA (ppm)	25 ppm

8.2. Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Gas detectors should be used when toxic gases may be released. Use explosion-proof equipment.

Personal Protective Equipment: Gloves. Protective goggles. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection. Protective clothing. Face shield.











Materials for Protective Clothing: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics.

Hand Protection: Wear chemically resistant protective gloves. **Eye Protection:** Chemical safety goggles and face shield. **Skin and Body Protection:** Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory Protection: If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection

should be worn.

Other Information: When using, do not eat, drink, or smoke.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State: LiquidAppearance: ColorlessOdor: PungentOdor Threshold: 1 - 50 ppm

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pH : 10.6 - 11.6 (0.02-1.7% aqueous ammonia solution)

Evaporation Rate : Not available

Melting Point : - 77 °C (-106 °F) (< 44% NH₃)

Freezing Point : -38 °C (-36 °F)

Boiling Point : 37.4 °C (99.3°F) (25% NH₃)

Flash Point : Not available

Auto-ignition Temperature : 651 °C (1,204°F) (ammonia vapor)

Decomposition Temperature : Not available **Flammability (solid, gas)** : Not available

Lower Flammable Limit: 16 % (ammonia vapor)Upper Flammable Limit: 25 % (ammonia vapor)Vapor Pressure: 49642.2 Pa at 68°F (20°C)

Relative Vapor Density at 20 °C : 0.6 (for ammonia vapor over aqua ammonia at 0°C and 760 mm Hg)

Relative Density : Not available

Specific Gravity : 0.90 at 60 °F (19% NH₃)

Solubility : Soluble in water.

Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water : -1.14 at 25° C

Viscosity : Not available

Explosion Data - Sensitivity to Mechanical : Not expected to present an explosion hazard due to mechanical

Impact impact

Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Static : Not expected to present an explosion hazard due to static discharge.

Discharge

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity: Forms explosive compounds with calcium hypochlorite, bleaches, gold, mercury, silver, chlorine and other halogens. Contact with strong oxidizers can result in fires and explosions. Corrosive to copper, brass, silver, zinc and galvanized steel.

- **10.2.** Chemical Stability: Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).
- 10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.
- 10.4. Conditions to Avoid: Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Heat. Sources of ignition.
- **10.5. Incompatible Materials:** Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizers. Hypochlorites.
- **10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products:** Thermal decomposition generates: Carbon oxides (CO, CO2). Nitrogen oxides. Emits ammonia vapors.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on Toxicological Effects - Product

Acute Toxicity: Oral: Harmful if swallowed. Inhalation:gas: Harmful if inhaled.

LD50 and LC50 Data:

Aqua Ammonia 29% 1336-21-6	
ATE US (oral)	350.00 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (gases)	10,256.41 ppmV/4h

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

pH: 10.6 - 11.6 (0.02-1.7% aqueous ammonia solution)

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Causes serious eye damage.

pH: 10.6 - 11.6 (0.02-1.7% aqueous ammonia solution) **Respiratory or Skin Sensitization:** Not classified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified

Teratogenicity: Not available Carcinogenicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): May cause respiratory irritation.

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

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Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Symptoms may include: Sneezing, coughing, burning sensation of throat with constricting sensation of the larynx and difficulty in breathing. Damage to lungs. Harmful if inhaled.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Corrosive. Causes burns. Symptoms may include: Redness. Pain. Serious skin burns. Blisters.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include: Redness. Pain. Blurred vision. Severe burns. Causes permanent damage to the cornea, iris, or conjunctiva.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Harmful if swallowed. May cause burns or irritation of the linings of the mouth, throat, and gastrointestinal tract.

Chronic Symptoms: None known.

11.2. Information on Toxicological Effects - Ingredient(s)

LD50 and LC50 Data:

Ammonia (7664-41-7)		
LC50 Inhalation Rat	5.1 mg/l (Exposure time: 1 h)	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	2000 ppm/4h (Exposure time: 4 h)	
Water (7732-18-5)		
LD50 Oral Rat	> 90000 mg/kg	
Ammonium hydroxide (1336-21-6)		
LD50 Oral Rat	350 mg/kg	

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - General: Toxic to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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Ammonia (7664-41-7)	
LC50 Fish 1	0.44 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Cyprinus carpio)
EC50 Daphnia 1	25.4 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
LC 50 Fish 2	0.26 - 4.6 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus)
Ammonium hydroxide (1336-21-	6)
LC50 Fish 1	8.2 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas)
EC50 Daphnia 1	0.66 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: water flea)
EC50 Daphnia 2	0.66 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia pulex)

12.2. Persistence and Degradability

	······································
Aqua Ammonia 29% (1336-21-6)	
Persistence and Degradability	Biodegradation of ammonia occurs in water under aerobic conditions.

12.3. Bioaccumulative Potential

Aqua Ammonia 29% (1336-21-6)	
Log Pow	-1.14
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not established.
Ammonia (7664-41-7)	
Log Pow	-1.14 (at 25 °C)

12.4. Mobility in Soil Not available

12.5. Other Adverse Effects

Other Information: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Sewage Disposal Recommendations: Do not empty into drains; dispose of this material and its container in a safe way. **Waste Disposal Recommendations:** Dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, regional, national, provincial, territorial and international regulations.

Additional Information: Prevent runoff from entering drains, sewers or waterways.

Ecology – Waste Materials: This material is hazardous to the aquatic environment. Keep out of sewers and waterways.

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SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1. In Accordance with DOT

Proper Shipping Name : AMMONIA SOLUTIONS (with more than 10% but not more than 35% ammonia)

Hazard Class : 8

Identification Number : UN2672

Label Codes : 8

Packing Group : III

ERG Number : 154

14.2. In Accordance with IMDG

Proper Shipping Name : AMMONIA SOLUTION (with more than 10% but not more than 35% ammonia)

Hazard Class : 8

Identification Number: UN2672Packing Group: III

Label Codes : 8 + MP(P) **EmS-No. (Fire)** : F-A

EmS-No. (Spillage) : S-B

Additional Information : Classified as HME per MARPOL

Annex V

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

14.3. In Accordance with IATA

Proper Shipping Name : AMMONIA SOLUTION(with more than 10% but not more than 35% ammonia)

Hazard Class : 8

Identification Number : UN2672

Label Codes : 8
Packing Group : III

ERG Code (IATA) : 8L 14.4. In Accordance with TDG

Proper Shipping Name : AMMONIA SOLUTION(with more than 10% but not more than 35% ammonia)

Hazard Class : 8

Identification Number : UN2672

Label Codes : 8
Packing Group : III



SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. US Federal Regulations

13.1. US i ederal Negulations		
Aqua Ammonia 29% (1336-21-6)		
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard	
Ammonia (7664-41-7)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory		
Listed on the United States SARA Section 302		
Listed on United States SARA Section 313		
SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity	500	
(TPQ)		
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Fire hazard	
	Immediate (acute) health hazard	
	Sudden release of pressure hazard	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1.0 % (includes anhydrous Ammonia and aqueous Ammonia	
	from water dissociable Ammonium salts and other sources,	
	10% of total aqueous Ammonia is reportable under this listing)	
Water (7732-18-5)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory		

15.2. US State Regulations

Ammonium hydroxide (1336-21-6)

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Ammonia (7664-41-7)

- U.S. California SCAQMD Toxic Air Contaminants Non-Cancer Acute
- U.S. California SCAQMD Toxic Air Contaminants Non-Cancer Chronic
- U.S. California Toxic Air Contaminant List (AB 1807, AB 2728)
- U.S. Connecticut Hazardous Air Pollutants HLVs (30 min)
- U.S. Connecticut Hazardous Air Pollutants HLVs (8 hr)
- U.S. Connecticut Water Quality Standards Acute Freshwater Aquatic Life Criteria
- U.S. Connecticut Water Quality Standards Acute Saltwater Aquatic Life Criteria
- U.S. Connecticut Water Quality Standards Chronic Freshwater Aquatic Life Criteria
- U.S. Connecticut Water Quality Standards Chronic Saltwater Aquatic Life Criteria
- U.S. Delaware Accidental Release Prevention Regulations Sufficient Quantities U.S. Delaware Accidental Release Prevention Regulations Threshold Quantities
- U.C. Delaware Accidental Release Prevention Regulations Their Ford quantity
- U.S. Delaware Accidental Release Prevention Regulations Toxic Endpoints
- U.S. Delaware Pollutant Discharge Requirements Reportable Quantities
- U.S. Florida Essential Chemicals List
- U.S. Idaho Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants Acceptable Ambient Concentrations
- U.S. Idaho Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants Emission Levels (ELs)
- U.S. Idaho Occupational Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. Louisiana Reportable Quantity List for Pollutants
- U.S. Maine Air Pollutants Criteria Pollutants
- U.S. Massachusetts Allowable Ambient Limits (AALs)
- U.S. Massachusetts Allowable Threshold Concentrations (ATCs)
- U.S. Massachusetts Oil & Hazardous Material List Groundwater Reportable Concentration Reporting Category 1
- U.S. Massachusetts Oil & Hazardous Material List Groundwater Reportable Concentration Reporting Category 2
- U.S. Massachusetts Oil & Hazardous Material List Reportable Quantity
- U.S. Massachusetts Oil & Hazardous Material List Soil Reportable Concentration Reporting Category 1
- U.S. Massachusetts Oil & Hazardous Material List Soil Reportable Concentration Reporting Category 2
- RTK U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. Massachusetts Threshold Effects Exposure Limits (TELs)
- U.S. Massachusetts Toxics Use Reduction Act
- U.S. Michigan Occupational Exposure Limits STELs
- U.S. Michigan Polluting Materials List
- U.S. Michigan Process Safety Management Highly Hazardous Chemicals
- U.S. Minnesota Chemicals of High Concern
- U.S. Minnesota Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Minnesota Permissible Exposure Limits STELs
- U.S. New Hampshire Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants Ambient Air Levels (AALs) 24-Hour
- U.S. New Hampshire Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants Ambient Air Levels (AALs) Annual
- U.S. New Jersey Discharge Prevention List of Hazardous Substances
- U.S. New Jersey Environmental Hazardous Substances List
- RTK U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. New Jersey Special Health Hazards Substances List
- U.S. New Jersey TCPA Extraordinarily Hazardous Substances (EHS)
- U.S. New Jersey Water Quality Ground Water Quality Criteria
- U.S. New Jersey Water Quality Practical Quantitation Levels (PQLs)
- U.S. New Mexico Precursor Chemicals
- U.S. New York Reporting of Releases Part 597 List of Hazardous Substances
- U.S. North Carolina Control of Toxic Air Pollutants
- U.S. North Dakota Air Pollutants Guideline Concentrations 1-Hour
- U.S. North Dakota Air Pollutants Guideline Concentrations 8-Hour
- U.S. Ohio Accidental Release Prevention Threshold Quantities
- U.S. Ohio Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Quantities
- U.S. Oregon Permissible Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. Oregon Precursor Chemicals
- RTK U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- RTK U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

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Classified according to the UN-GHS as adopted in the US Hazard Communication Standard (HCS 2012), the Canada Hazardous Products Regulations (WHMIS 2015) and Mexico NOM-018-STPS-2015.

- U.S. Rhode Island Air Toxics Acceptable Ambient Levels 1-Hour
- U.S. Rhode Island Air Toxics Acceptable Ambient Levels 24-Hour
- U.S. Rhode Island Air Toxics Acceptable Ambient Levels Annual
- U.S. Rhode Island Water Quality Standards Acute Freshwater Aquatic Life Criteria
- U.S. Rhode Island Water Quality Standards Acute Saltwater Aguatic Life Criteria
- U.S. Rhode Island Water Quality Standards Chronic Freshwater Aquatic Life Criteria
- U.S. Rhode Island Water Quality Standards Chronic Saltwater Aquatic Life Criteria
- U.S. Tennessee Occupational Exposure Limits STELs
- U.S. Texas Effects Screening Levels Long Term
- U.S. Texas Effects Screening Levels Short Term
- U.S. Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits STELs
- U.S. Virginia Water Quality Standards Acute Freshwater Aquatic Life
- U.S. Virginia Water Quality Standards Acute Saltwater Aquatic Life
- U.S. Virginia Water Quality Standards Chronic Freshwater Aquatic Life
- U.S. Virginia Water Quality Standards Chronic Saltwater Aquatic Life
- U.S. Virginia Water Quality Standards Public Water Supply Effluent Limits
- U.S. Virginia Water Quality Standards Surface Waters Not Used for the Public Water Supply Effluent Limits
- U.S. Washington Permissible Exposure Limits STELs
- U.S. Washington Permissible Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. Wisconsin Hazardous Air Contaminants All Sources Emissions From Stack Heights 25 Feet to Less Than 40 Feet
- U.S. Wisconsin Hazardous Air Contaminants All Sources Emissions From Stack Heights 40 Feet to Less Than 75 Feet
- U.S. Wisconsin Hazardous Air Contaminants All Sources Emissions From Stack Heights 75 Feet or Greater
- U.S. Wisconsin Hazardous Air Contaminants All Sources Emissions From Stack Heights Less Than 25 Feet
- U.S. Wyoming Process Safety Management Highly Hazardous Chemicals
- U.S. Alaska Water Quality Standards Acute Aquatic Life Criteria for Fresh Water
- U.S. Alaska Water Quality Standards Chronic Aquatic Life Criteria for Fresh Water
- U.S. Alaska Water Quality Standards Acute Aquatic Life Criteria for Marine Water
- U.S. Alaska Water Quality Standards Chronic Aquatic Life Criteria for Marine Water
- U.S. Alaska Ambient Air Quality Standards

Ammonium hydroxide (1336-21-6)

- U.S. Delaware Pollutant Discharge Requirements Reportable Quantities
- U.S. Louisiana Reportable Quantity List for Pollutants
- U.S. Massachusetts Oil & Hazardous Material List Groundwater Reportable Concentration Reporting Category 1
- U.S. Massachusetts Oil & Hazardous Material List Groundwater Reportable Concentration Reporting Category 2
- U.S. Massachusetts Oil & Hazardous Material List Reportable Quantity
- U.S. Massachusetts Oil & Hazardous Material List Soil Reportable Concentration Reporting Category 1
- U.S. Massachusetts Oil & Hazardous Material List Soil Reportable Concentration Reporting Category 2
- RTK U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. Massachusetts Toxics Use Reduction Act
- U.S. Michigan Polluting Materials List
- U.S. New Jersey Discharge Prevention List of Hazardous Substances
- RTK U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. New Jersey Special Health Hazards Substances List
- U.S. New Jersey TCPA Extraordinarily Hazardous Substances (EHS)
- U.S. New York Reporting of Releases Part 597 List of Hazardous Substances
- RTK U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- RTK U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List
- U.S. Texas Effects Screening Levels Long Term
- U.S. Texas Effects Screening Levels Short Term

15.3. Canadian Regulations

Aqua Ammonia 29% (1336-21-6)	
WHMIS Classification	Class E - Corrosive Material
	Class D Division 1 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic

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Ammonia (7664-41-7)			
Listed on the Canadian DS	Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)		
Listed on the Canadian IDI	L (Ingredient Disclosure List)		
IDL Concentration 1 %			
WHMIS Classification	Class A - Compressed Gas		
	Class B Division 1 - Flammable Gas		
	Class D Division 1 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic		
	effects		
	Class E - Corrosive Material		
Water (7732-18-5)			
Listed on the Canadian DS	SL (Domestic Substances List)		
WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria		
Ammonium hydroxide (1336-21-6)			
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)			
Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)			
IDL Concentration 1 %			
WHMIS Classification	Class E - Corrosive Material		
	Class D Division 1 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects		

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the SDS contains all of the information required by CPR.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Revision Date : 4 June 2024

Revision Comments : This version contains updates/revisions to the following sections:

Updated company address

GHS Full Text Phrases:

Aguta Tay 2 (Inhalation:gas)	Agute toxicity (inhalation:gas) Category 2
Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:gas)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:gas) Category 3
Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:gas)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:gas) Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 3
Compressed gas	Gases under pressure Compressed gas
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1
Flam. Gas 2	Flammable gases Category 2
Skin Corr. 1A	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1A

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Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
H221	Flammable gas
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H331	Toxic if inhaled
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

NFPA Rating

Health Hazard : 3 - Short exposure could cause serious temporary or

residual injury even though prompt medical attention

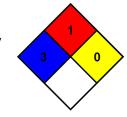
was given.

Fire Hazard : 1 - Must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively

high temperature before ignition can occur.

Reactivity : 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure

conditions, and are not reactive with water.



HMIS III Rating

Health : 3 Serious Hazard - Major injury likely unless prompt action is taken and medical

treatment is given

Flammability : 1 Slight Hazard Physical : 0 Minimal Hazard

Party Responsible for the Preparation of This Document

CF Industries, Corporate EHS Department, 847-405-2400

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This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

CF believes the information contained herein is accurate; however, CF makes no guarantees or warranties with respect to such accuracy and assumes no liability in connection with the use of the information contained herein by any party. The provision of the information contained herein by CF is not intended to be and should not be construed as legal advice or as ensuring compliance by other parties. Judgments as to the suitability of the information contained herein for the party's own use or purposes are solely the responsibility of that party. Any party handling, transferring, transporting, storing, applying or otherwise using this product should review thoroughly all applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards and good engineering practices. Such thorough review should occur before the party handles, transfers, transports, stores, applies or otherwise uses this product.

North America GHS US 2012 & WHMIS 2

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