

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/830 - Switzerland

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name Formaldehyde 37%; part of 'DNA Silver

Staining Kit'

Catalogue Number 17-6000-30

Product description Not available.

Product type Liquid.

Other means of identification Not available.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Analytical chemistry. Use in laboratories

Scientific research and development

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Cytiva Hours of operation Amersham Place

> Little Chalfont Buckinghamshire HP7 9NA United Kingdom

+44 0800 515 313

Person who prepared the MSDS: sds_author@cytiva.com

08.30 - 17.00

1.4 Emergency telephone number

0848 8028 10 Switzerland Cytiva Switzerland

Europastrasse 31 CH-8152 Glattbrugg

Switzerland

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Switzerland Centre Suisse d'Information Toxicologique

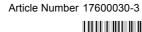
(Swiss Toxicological Information Centre)

Freiestrasse 16 CH-8032 Zurich

Telephone: +41 44 251 66 66

Emergency telephone: +41 44 251 51 51 (145 from within Switzerland and Liechtenstein)

Fax: +41 44 252 88 33 E-mail: info@toxi.ch Web site: http://www.toxi.ch



SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Muta. 2, H341 Carc. 1B, H350 STOT SE 3, H335

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

Ingredients of unknown toxicity Not applicable.

Ingredients of unknown

Not applicable.

ecotoxicity

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal word Danger

Hazard statements Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

May cause cancer.

Suspected of causing genetic defects. May cause respiratory irritation.

Precautionary statements

Prevention Øbtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves. Wear protective clothing. Wear

eye or face protection.

Response FinhaleD: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a

POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF IN EYES:

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.

Storage Store locked up.

Disposal Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international

regulations.

Hazardous ingredients Formaldehyde

Supplemental label elements Not applicable.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the Restricted to professional users.

manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings

Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures Mixture

			<u>Classification</u>	
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
Formaldehyde	REACH #: 01-2119488953-20 EC: 200-001-8 CAS: 50-00-0 Index: 605-001-00-5	37	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Muta. 2, H341 Carc. 1B, H350 STOT SE 3, H335 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	[1] [2]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

- [1] Substance classified with a physical, health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern
- [6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with

plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a

physician.

Inhalation Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air

and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap

and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid

further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

IngestionGet medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water.
Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway.

Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Protection of first-aidersNo action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected

that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear

gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

cougning

Article Number 17600030-3



Skin contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have Notes to physician

been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

Hazardous combustion

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

products

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special precautions for fire-

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. fighters

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment

for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will

provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

Decomposition products may include the following materials:

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate

surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective

For emergency responders If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8

on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental

precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers,

waterways, soil or air).

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-

soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind.

Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

6.4 Reference to other

sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

hygiene

Advice on general occupational Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store between the following temperatures: 10 to 30°C (50 to 86°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and wellventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds (in tonnes)

Danger criteria

Category **Notification and MAPP** Safety report threshold threshold **H**2 200

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations Analytical chemistry. Laboratory chemicals. Scientific research and development.

Industrial sector specific

solutions

Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
Formaldehyde	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2018). Skin sensitiser. Notes: not temporary STEL: 0.74 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 0.6 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 0.37 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 0.3 ppm 8 hours.

Recommended monitoring procedures

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
f ormaldehyde	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.1 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.5 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	3.2 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	4.1 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	9 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	102 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	240 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic

PNECs

No PECs available.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering

controls

Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating,

smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that

eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is pecassary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is

indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face

respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection

Hand protection Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all

times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures,

consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed

and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the

task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before

handling this product.

Respiratory protectionBased on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate

standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to

ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Environmental exposure

controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions

to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid.

Colour Colourless.

Odour Pungent. Suffocating.

Odour threshold

pH

Not available.

Melting point/freezing point

<15°C

Initial boiling point and boiling

93 to 96°C

range

Flash point Closed cup: 84°C

Evaporation rate >1 (butyl acetate = 1)

Flammability (solid, gas)

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Not available.

Lower: 7%

Upper: 73%

Vapour pressure 2.3 kPa [room temperature]



Vapour density 1 [Air = 1]

Relative density Not available.

Solubility(ies) Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water, hot water, diethyl ether and acetone.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/

water

Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature423.9°CDecomposition temperatureNot available.ViscosityNot available.

Explosive properties Not considered to be a product presenting a risk of explosion.

Oxidising properties Not available.

9.2 Other information

Burning timeNot applicable.Burning rateNot applicable.Solubility in waterNot available.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid No specific data.10.5 Incompatible materials No specific data.

10.6 Hazardous

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be

decomposition products

produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
formaldehyde	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	270 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	100 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary Toxic by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed.

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/
Formaldehyde 37%; part of 'DNA Silver Staining Kit'	270.3	729.7	N/A	8.1	N/A
formaldehyde	100	270	N/A	3	N/A

Irritation/Corrosion

Conclusion/Summary

Skin Toxic in contact with skin.

Eyes Corrosive to eyes. **Respiratory** Toxic if inhaled.

Sensitisation

Conclusion/Summary

Skin May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary May cause cancer.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary Not available.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary Suspected of causing genetic defects.



Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
formaldehyde	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on likely routes of

Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

exposure

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation Toxic if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.

Ingestion Toxic if swallowed.

Skin contactCauses severe burns. Toxic in contact with skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eye contact Causes serious eye damage.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Inhalation Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

Ingestion Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

Skin contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Eye contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.

Potential delayed effects Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects Not available.

Potential delayed effects May cause cancer. Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary Not available.

General Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low

levels.

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Teratogenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Formaldehyde	Acute EC50 3.48 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	72 hours
	Acute EC50 3.05 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Isochrysis galbana - Exponential growth phase	96 hours
	Acute EC50 12.98 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute EC50 5800 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1.41 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.005 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Isochrysis galbana - Exponential growth phase	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 953.9 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus tshawytscha - Egg	43 days

Conclusion/Summary

Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
f ormaldehyde	-	-	Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
Formaldehyde	0.35	-	low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc) Not available.

Mobility Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the

requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

Packaging

Methods of disposal The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging

should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when

handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil,

waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information



	1			
	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN2209	UN2209	UN2209	UN2209
14.2 UN proper shipping name	FORMALDEHYDE SOLUTION	FORMALDEHYDE SOLUTION	FORMALDEHYDE SOLUTION	FORMALDEHYDE SOLUTION solution
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	8	8	8	8
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	₩es.	No.	No.
Additional information	Hazard identification number 80	The product is only regulated as an environmentally hazardous substance when transported in tank vessels.	-	-

14.6 Special precautions for user

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Not available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the Restricted to professional users.

manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Other EU regulations

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air Not listed

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) -Water Not listed

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category

H2

National regulations



Product/ingredient name	List name	Name on list	Classification	Notes
formaldehyde	Switzerland Occupational Exposure Limits	Formaldehyd	Carc. C1B	-

VOC content VOC (w/w): 37%

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

Europe All components are listed or exempted. **United States** All components are listed or exempted. Canada inventory All components are listed or exempted. China All components are listed or exempted.

Japan Vapan inventory (ENCS): All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

15.2 Chemical safety

assessment

This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Acute Tox. 3, H301	Calculation method
Acute Tox. 3, H311	Calculation method
Acute Tox. 3, H331	Calculation method
Skin Corr. 1B, H314	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
Muta. 2, H341	Calculation method
Carc. 1B, H350	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H335	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H

statements

H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H311 Toxic in contact with skin.

H317

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H331 Toxic if inhaled.

May cause respiratory irritation. H335

H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.

H350 May cause cancer.

Full text of classifications [CLP/ Kcute Tox. 3, H301

GHS]

ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 3 Acute Tox. 3, H311 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 3 Acute Tox. 3, H331 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B Carc. 1B, H350 Muta. 2, H341 GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B Skin Corr. 1B, H314

Skin Sens. 1, H317 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE STOT SE 3, H335

(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

Date of printing12 May 2020Date of issue/ Date of revision12 May 2020Date of previous issue27 January 2016

Version 6

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.