

SAFETY DATA SHEET

China

Safety Data Sheet according to GB/T 16483-2008 and GB/T 17519-2013

Section 1. Identification

Sodium Bicarbonate (NaHCO3), 1.96kg

Catalogue Number SH30173.13

Other means of identification Not available.

Product type Powder.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Not applicable.

Supplier's details

Supplier/Manufacturer

Cytiva Austria Kremplstr. 5 4061 Pasching AUSTRIA Tel. (+43) 7229 64865 Fax (+43) 7229 64866

Cytiva Singapore 1 Maritime Square #13-01 Harbourfront Centre Singapore 099253 HyClone Laboratories 925 West 1800 South Logan, Utah 84321 Phone: (435) 792-8000

Emergency telephone number of official advisory body

400-6267-911

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture according to GB 13690-2009 and GB 30000-2013

Emergency overview

Solid. [Crystalline powder.]

White.

May be harmful if swallowed.

May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed.

IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell.

See Section 12 for environmental precautions.

Classification of the substance

ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5

or mixture

GHS label elements

Signal word Warning

Hazard statements May be harmful if swallowed.

Precautionary statements

Prevention Not applicable.

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Response IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell.

Storage Not applicable.

Disposal Not applicable.

Physical and chemical hazards May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed.

Health hazards May be harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

reanes

Inhalation Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

Skin contactNo specific data.IngestionNo specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects Not available.

Potential delayed effects Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects Not available.

Potential delayed effects Not available.

Environmental hazards No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixtureSubstanceOther means of identificationNot available.

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number Not available.

EC number Not available.

Ingredient name%CAS numbersodium hydrogencarbonate100144-55-8

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check

for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical

attention if irritation occurs.

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing,

if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway.

Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get

medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before

reuse.

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Ingestion

Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause

irritation of the eyes.

Inhalation Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause

irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.

Skin contact No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion May be harmful if swallowed.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eve contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Inhalation Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

Skin contact No specific data. Ingestion No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have Notes to physician

been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments No specific treatment.

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be Protection of first-aiders

dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Use dry chemical powder.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Avoid high pressure media which could cause the formation of a potentially explosible dust-air

chemical

Specific hazards arising from the May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides

fighters

Special protective actions for fire- Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

For emergency responders

Environmental precautions

fire-fighters

Special protective equipment for Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus

(SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate For non-emergency personnel

surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing dust. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when

ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers,

waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Vacuum or

sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed

waste disposal contractor.

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Large spill

Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Prevent dust accumulation. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Electrical equipment and lighting should be protected to appropriate standards to prevent dust coming into contact with hot surfaces, sparks or other ignition sources. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store between the following temperatures: 15 to 30°C (59 to 86°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

None.

Appropriate engineering controls

Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields. If operating conditions cause high dust concentrations to be produced, use dust goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Thermal hazards

Not available.

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Solid. [Crystalline powder.]

Color White.

Not available. Odor Not available Odor threshold Not available. Not available. **Melting point Boiling point** Not available. Flash point Not available. **Burning time** Not available. Not available. **Burning rate Evaporation rate** Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) Not available.

Lower and upper explosive

(flammable) limits

Not available.

Vapor pressureNot available.Vapor densityNot available.Relative densityNot available.SolubilityNot available.Solubility in waterNot available.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/

water

Not available.

Auto-ignition temperatureNot available.Decomposition temperatureNot available.SADTNot available.ViscosityNot available.Flow time (ISO 2431)Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).

Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate

static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before

transferring material. Prevent dust accumulation.

Incompatible materials Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidizing materials

Hazardous decomposition

products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be

produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient nameResultSpeciesDoseExposuresodium hydrogencarbonateLD50 OralRat4220 mg/kg-

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

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Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

of exposure

Information on the likely routes

Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause

irritation of the eyes

Inhalation Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause

irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.

Skin contact No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion May be harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Adverse symptoms may include the following: Inhalation

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

Skin contact No specific data. Ingestion No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Not available. Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects Not available. Potential delayed effects Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation.

Carcinogenicity No known significant effects or critical hazards. Mutagenicity No known significant effects or critical hazards. Teratogenicity No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Developmental effects** No known significant effects or critical hazards. Fertility effects No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

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| Product/ingredient name | Oral (mg/ kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) | Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I) |
|--------------------------|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| Sodium Bicarbonate | 4220 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| sodium hydrogencarbonate | 4220 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------|
| sodium hydrogencarbonate | Acute EC50 650000 µg/l Fresh water | Algae - Navicula seminulum | 96 hours |
| | Acute LC50 767.87 mg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Americamysis bahia | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 7550 ppm Fresh water | Fish - Gambusia affinis - Adult | 96 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 576 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate | 3 weeks |

Persistence/degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient Not available.

(Koc)

Other adverse effects No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

| Section | 11 | Transport | inform | nation |
|---------|-----|------------------|---------|--------|
| OCCHOIL | 14. | Hansbull | IIIIOII | паноп |

| | occion in manapore information | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--|--|
| | China | UN | IMDG | IATA | | |
| UN number | Not available. | Not available. | Not available. | Not available. | | |
| UN proper shipping name | Not available. | Not available. | Not available. | Not available. | | |
| Transport hazard class(es) | Not available. | Not available. | Not available. | Not available. | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Packing group | - | - | - | - | | |
| Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. | No. | | |
| Additional information | - | - | - | - | | |

Special precautions for user

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Use dry chemical powder.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Avoid high pressure media which could cause the formation of a potentially explosible dust-air

mixture.

Incompatible materials

Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidizing materials

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Transport in bulk according to Not available.

Annex II of MARPOL and the

IBC Code

Section 15. Regulatory information

List of Goods banned for Importing

None of the components are listed.

Inventory of Hazardous Chemicals

None of the components are listed.

List of Goods banned for Exporting

None of the components are listed.

List of Toxic Chemicals Severely Restricted for Importing & Exporting by China

None of the components are listed.

Inventory of Highly Toxic Chemicals

None of the components are listed.

Catalogue of Hazardous Chemicals of Priority Management

None of the components are listed.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

China All components are listed or exempted. Europe All components are listed or exempted. **United States** All components are listed or exempted. Canada inventory All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory (ENCS): All components are listed or exempted. Japan

Japan inventory (ISHL): All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

History

15 April 2020. Date of printing Date of issue/Date of revision 24 May 2019. Date of previous issue 31 October 2018.

Version

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Key to abbreviations ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified

by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available

UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification Justification

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ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5

Calculation method

References

Not available.



Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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