

SAFETY DATA SHEET

New Zealand

Section 1. Identification

Other means of identification

Product name

PhastGel™ Buffer Strips - Native, 10 pairs

Catalogue Number 17-0517-01

Product type Solid.

Identified uses Analytical chemistry. Use in laboratories

Scientific research and development

Supplier

Cytiva Cytiva New Zealand

Not available.

Buddle Findlay, Level 18, Pricewaterhousecooper Tower, Amersham Place

Little Chalfont 188 Quay Street,

Buckinghamshire Auckland, Auckland, 1010

HP7 9NA United Kingdom New Zealand +44 0800 515 313

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) Person who prepared the MSDS:

sds_author@cytiva.com 0800 733 893 (10am - 7pm)

Section 2. Hazards identification

HSNO Classification 6.3 - SKIN IRRITATION - Category B

This material is classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001 and has been classified according to the Hazardous Substances (Classifications) Regulations 2001.

GHS label elements

Signal word Warning

Hazard statements Causes mild skin irritation.

Precautionary statements

Prevention Not applicable.

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Response

Not applicable. Storage Disposal Not applicable. Other hazards which do not None known.

result in classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture Mixture Other means of identification Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number Not applicable. EC number Mixture. **Product code** 17-0517-01

Ingredient name % **CAS** number



Version 6

77-86-1 trometamo 1 - 5

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing,

> if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under

medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Ingestion Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest

> in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe.

Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Eve contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check

for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. If irritation persists,

get medical attention.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Skin contact

Inhalation No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact Causes mild skin irritation.

Eye contact No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Inhalation No specific data. Ingestion No specific data.

Skin Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Eyes Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> pain or irritation watering redness

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Specific treatments Not available

Notes to physician In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed

person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours

Protection of first-aiders No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be

dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

decomposition products

Suitable Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Not suitable None known.

Specific hazards arising from the No specific fire or explosion hazard.

chemical

Hazardous thermal Decomposition products may include the following materials:

> carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides

Hazchem code Not available.

Article Number 17051701 Page: 2/7 Special precautions for firefighters Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

Move containers from spill area. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labelled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Avoid dust generation. Using a vacuum with HEPA filter will reduce dust dispersal. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container.

Large spill

Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labelled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store between the following temperatures: 4 to 8°C (39.2 to 46.4°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

None.

Appropriate engineering controls

No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Respiratory protection

Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Article Number 17051701



Page: 3/7

Version 6

Eye protection Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment

indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree

of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed

and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Solid. [Gel] Colour Colourless. Odour Odourless Not available. **Odour threshold** pН Not available. **Melting point** Not available. **Boiling point** Decomposes Flash point Not applicable. **Burning rate** Not available. **Burning time** Not available. Not available. **Evaporation rate** Flammability (solid, gas) Not available. Not available. Lower and upper explosive

(flammable) limits

Vapour pressure Not available. Not available. Vapour density Relative density Not available

Solubility Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

Solubility in water Partition coefficient: n-octanol/

Not available. Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature Not available **Decomposition temperature** Not available SADT Not available.

Dynamic (room temperature): Not applicable. Viscosity

Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): Not applicable.

Flow time (ISO 2431) Not available

Aerosol product

Type of aerosol Not applicable. Heat of combustion Not available. Ignition distance Not applicable. **Enclosed space ignition - Time** Not applicable.

equivalent

Enclosed space ignition -**Deflagration density**

Not applicable.

Flame height Not applicable. Flame duration Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid No specific data. Incompatible materials No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition

products

reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be

produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

InhalationNo known significant effects or critical hazards.IngestionNo known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact Causes mild skin irritation.

Eye contact No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

InhalationNo specific data.IngestionNo specific data.

Skin contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Eye contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Acute toxicity

Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Sensitisation

Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

General No known significant effects or critical hazards. Inhalation No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion No known significant effects or critical hazards. Skin contact No known significant effects or critical hazards. Eye contact No known significant effects or critical hazards. Carcinogenicity No known significant effects or critical hazards. Mutagenicity No known significant effects or critical hazards. Teratogenicity No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Developmental effects** No known significant effects or critical hazards. Fertility effects No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Chronic toxicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Aquatic and terrestrial toxicity

Not available.

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name Aquatic half-life Photolysis Biodegradability

trometamol - - Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc) Not available.

Other adverse effects No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section	1 /	Ironoi	\sim rt	Into	rmatian
CCCLIOII	17.	1141131	J 101 L	11110	minanon

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*
New Zealand Class	Not regulated.	-	-	-
		No.		
IATA Class	Not regulated.	-	-	-
		-		
		No.		
IMDG Class	Not regulated.	-	-	-
		No.		

PG* : Packing group

Special precautions for user Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and

secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or

spillage.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

HSNO Approval Number HSR002596

HSNO Group StandardLaboratory Chemicals and Reagent KitsHSNO Classification6.3 - SKIN IRRITATION - Category B

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

New Zealand
All components are listed or exempted.
Australia
All components are listed or exempted.
Europe
All components are listed or exempted.
United States
All components are listed or exempted.
Canada inventory
All components are listed or exempted.
China
All components are listed or exempted.
All components are listed or exempted.
Japan
Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined.

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

Malaysia Not determined

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of printing11 May 2020Date of issue/ Date of revision11 May 2020Date of previous issue3/15/2016

Version 6

Key to abbreviations ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Road

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified

by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

UN = United Nations

References Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

Version 6