

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Singapore

Section 1. Identification

PhastGel™ IEF - 5-8

Catalogue Number 17-0545-01

Other means of identification Not available.

Product type Solid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Analytical chemistry. Use in laboratories

Scientific research and development

Uses advised against Reason

<u>Supplier</u>

Cytiva Amersham Place Little Chalfont Buckinghamshire HP7 9NA United Kingdom +44 0800 515 313 Cytiva Singapore 1 Maritime Square #13-01 Harbourfront Centre Singapore 099253

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)

+65 6773 7303

(hours of operation: 8.30 pm - 5.30 pm)

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance

or mixture

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1B CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word Danger

Hazard statements May cause genetic defects.

May cause cancer.

Precautionary statements

Prevention Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing.

Response IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.

Storage Store locked up.

DisposalDispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international

regulations.

Other hazards which do not

result in classification

None known.

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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture Mixture

Other means of identification Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number Not applicable.

EC number Mixture.

Chemical formula Not applicable.

Ingredient name % CAS number

acrylamide; prop-2-enamide 0.1 - 0.2 79-06-1

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check

for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical

attention.

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing,

if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours

Skin contact Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash

contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes

thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest

in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight

clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contactNo known significant effects or critical hazards.InhalationNo known significant effects or critical hazards.Skin contactNo known significant effects or critical hazards.IngestionNo known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contactNo specific data.InhalationNo specific data.Skin contactNo specific data.IngestionNo specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed

person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected

that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear

gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media None known.

Specific hazards arising from the No specific fire or explosion hazard.

chemical

Hazardous thermal decomposition products Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides

fighters

Special protective actions for fire- Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire.

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for

fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus

(SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate For non-emergency personnel

> surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when

ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8

on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers,

waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with

equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a

licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water

courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information

and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Environmental precautions

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse

Advice on general occupational

hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled. stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage. including any incompatibilities Store between the following temperatures: 4 to 8°C (39.2 to 46.4°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and wellventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name

acrylamide; prop-2-enamide

Exposure limits

Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 2/2006).

PEL (long term): 0.03 mg/m3 8 hours.

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Appropriate engineering controls If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below

any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions

to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating,

> smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment

indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree

of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin protection

Hand protection Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all

times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary

Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any

glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed

and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the

task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before

handling this product.

Respiratory protection Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate

standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to

ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Solid. [Polyacrylamide Gel]

Color Colorless. Odor Odorless. Odor threshold Not available рΗ Not available. **Melting point** Not available. **Boiling point** Not available. Flash point Not applicable **Burning time** Not available. **Burning rate** Not available. **Evaporation rate** Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) Not available.

Lower and upper explosive

(flammable) limits

Not available.

Vapor pressure Not available. Vapor density Not available. Relative density Not available.

Solubility Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

Solubility in water Not available. Partition coefficient: n-octanol/

water

Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature Not available. **Decomposition temperature** 700°C (1292°F) SADT Not available. Not available. Viscosity Flow time (ISO 2431) Not available.

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Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid No specific data. Incompatible materials No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be

produced.

SADT Not available.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name Result **Species** Dose **Exposure** acrylamide; prop-2-enamide LD50 Dermal Rabbit 1150 mg/kg I D50 Oral Rat 124 mg/kg

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary Can cause heritable genetic effects.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary Can cause cancer.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
acrylamide; prop-2-enamide	Category 1	Not determined	Not determined

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes

of exposure

Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact No known significant effects or critical hazards. Inhalation No known significant effects or critical hazards. Skin contact No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact No specific data. Inhalation No specific data. Skin contact No specific data. Ingestion No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

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Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects Not available.

Potential delayed effects Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects Not available.

Potential delayed effects Suspected of causing cancer. Can cause heritable genetic effects.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity May cause genetic defects.

Teratogenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ l)
PhastGel, Precast Gel Group 0.1-0.2%	12400	N/A	N/A	N/A	Ń/A
acrylamide; prop-2-enamide	124	1150	N/A	N/A	1.5

Other information Adverse symptoms include the following: Suspected of causing cancer.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
acrylamide; prop-2-enamide	Acute EC50 98000 μg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 85000 μg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 2.86 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Instar Fish - Lepomis macrochirus Fish - Pimephales promelas - Embryo	48 hours 96 hours 33 days

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
acrylamide; prop-2-enamide	-	100%; 28 day(s)	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
acrylamide; prop-2-enamide	-0.9	1.44	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K Not available.

oc)

Other adverse effects No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methodsThe generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product solutions and any by products should at all times comply with the requirements of

product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	_	_	-
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	-	-

ADR/RID ADN **UN** number Not regulated. Not regulated. **UN** proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es) Packing group Environmental No. No. hazards **Additional** information

Special precautions for user Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and

secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or

spillage.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

Singapore - hazardous chemicals under government control

None.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

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International lists

National inventory

Europe Not determined.

United StatesAll components are listed or exempted.Canada inventoryAll components are listed or exempted.ChinaAll components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory (ENCS): All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

Malaysia Not determined

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of printing05 May 2020Date of issue/Date of revision03 October 2019Date of previous issue04 January 2016.

Version 6

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Key to abbreviationsATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified

by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification Justification

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1B Calculation method CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B Calculation method

References Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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