

SAFETY DATA SHEET

New Zealand

Section 1. Identification

Product name

Sodium Perchlorate 5M; part of 'illustra™ **DNA Extraction Kit HT'**

Catalogue Number RPN8509

Not available. Other means of identification Product type Liquid.

Identified uses Use in laboratories

Supplier

Cytiva Cytiva New Zealand

Amersham Place Buddle Findlay, Level 18, Pricewaterhousecooper Tower,

Little Chalfont 188 Quay Street,

Buckinghamshire Auckland, Auckland, 1010 HP7 9NA United Kingdom New Zealand

+44 0800 515 313

Person who prepared the MSDS:

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)

0800 733 893 sds author@cytiva.com

(10am - 7pm)

Section 2. Hazards identification

HSNO Classification 5.1.1 - OXIDIZING SUBSTANCES - Category B

6.1 - ACUTE TOXICITY: ORAL - Category E 6.3 - SKIN IRRITATION - Category B 6.4 - EYE IRRITATION - Category A (Irritant)

6.8 - REPRODUCTIVE AND DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY - Category C

6.9 - SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE OR REPEATED EXPOSURE): ORAL -

Category A

This material is classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001 and has been classified according to the Hazardous Substances (Classifications) Regulations 2001.

GHS label elements

Signal word Danger

Hazard statements May intensify fire; oxidiser.

May be harmful if swallowed. Causes mild skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation.

May cause harm to breast-fed children. Causes damage to organs if swallowed.

Precautionary statements

Prevention Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.

Keep away from heat. Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles and other

incompatible materials. Do not breathe vapour. Avoid contact during pregnancy/while nursing. Do

not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Response IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present

and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Wash hands after handling. IF exposed or concerned: Call a

POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Get medical advice/attention.

Storage Store locked up. Store away from combustibles.

Disposal Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international

regulations.



Symbol







Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture Mixture

Other means of identification Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number Not applicable.

EC number Mixture.

Product code RPN8509

Ingredient name%CAS numbersodium perchlorate50 - 757601-89-0

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing,

if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or

waistband.

Ingestion Get medical attention immediately. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove

victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway.

Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue

to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe.

Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check

for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical

attention.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion May be harmful if swallowed. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed.

Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

Skin contact Causes mild skin irritation.

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Inhalation Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation redness

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Adverse symptoms may include the following: **Eves**

pain or irritation watering redness

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Specific treatments Not available.

Notes to physician No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if

large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Protection of first-aiders No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be

dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Not suitable None known

chemical

Specific hazards arising from the Oxidising material. May intensify fire. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the

container may burst.

Hazardous thermal

decomposition products

Decomposition products may include the following materials: halogenated compounds

metal oxide/oxides

Hazchem code Not available.

Special precautions for fire-

fighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for

fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus

(SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

equipment and emergency

procedures

Personal precautions, protective No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers,

waterways, soil or air).

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if watersoluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible material. It may lead to a fire risk when it dries out. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible material. It may lead to a fire risk when it dries out. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Avoid exposure while nursing. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from combustible materials. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Version 10

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Separate from reducing agents and combustible materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

None

Appropriate engineering

controls

If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below

any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure

controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Respiratory protection

Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected

respirator.

Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Eye protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid. Colour Colourless. Odour Odourless. **Odour threshold** Not available.

pН 8 [Conc. (% w/w): 100%]

Melting point Not available **Boiling point** Not available. Flash point Not applicable. **Burning rate** Not applicable. **Burning time** Not applicable. **Evaporation rate** Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) Not available Lower and upper explosive Not available. (flammable) limits

Vapour pressure Not available. Vapour density Not available.

Solubility Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

Solubility in water Not available. Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ Not available

water

Relative density

Not available.



Auto-ignition temperature

Decomposition temperature

Not available.

Not available.

Not available.

Viscosity

Not available.

Not available.

Not available.

Not available.

Aerosol product

Type of aerosol Not applicable.

Heat of combustion Not available.

Ignition distance Not applicable.

Enclosed space ignition - Time Not applicable.

equivalent

Enclosed space ignition -

Deflagration density

Not applicable.

Flame height Not applicable.
Flame duration Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Hazardous reactions or instability may occur under certain conditions of storage or use.

Conditions may include the following: contact with combustible materials Reactions may include the following: risk of causing or intensifying fire

Conditions to avoid Drying on clothing or other combustible materials may cause fire.

Incompatible materialsReactive or incompatible with the following materials:

combustible materials reducing materials

Hazardous decomposition

products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be

produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion May be harmful if swallowed. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed.

Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

Skin contactCauses mild skin irritation.Eye contactCauses serious eye irritation.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Inhalation Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Eye contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient nameResultSpeciesDoseExposuresodium perchlorateLD50 OralRat2100 mg/kg-

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Sensitisation

Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

General No known significant effects or critical hazards. Inhalation No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion No known significant effects or critical hazards. Skin contact No known significant effects or critical hazards. Eye contact No known significant effects or critical hazards. Carcinogenicity No known significant effects or critical hazards. Mutagenicity No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Teratogenicity** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects May cause harm to breast-fed children.

Fertility effects No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Chronic toxicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|--------------------|------------|-------------------|----------------|
| sodium perchlorate | Category A | Oral | Not determined |

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

RouteOral

ATE value
3360 mg/kg

Other information Adverse symptoms include the following: methaemoglobinaemia

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Aquatic and terrestrial toxicity

 Product/ingredient name
 Result
 Species
 Exposure

 sodium perchlorate
 Chronic NOEC 7.31 mg/l Fresh water
 Fish - Gambusia holbrooki - Adult
 8 weeks

Persistence/degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient nameLogPowBCFPotentialsodium perchlorate-0.06 to 0.14low

Article Number 25006719-3



Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc) Not available.

Other adverse effects No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

| Section | 14 | Transport in | formation |
|----------|----|--------------|------------|
| CICCIONI | | Hansbullin | ioiiiauoii |

| Regulatory information | UN number | Proper shipping name | Classes | PG* |
|------------------------|-----------------------|--|---------|-----|
| New Zealand Class | UN3211 | Oxidising liquid, n.o.s. (5M Sodium perchlorate solution) (sodium perchlorate) | 5.1 | II |
| | OXPOENG SUBSTANCES | - No. | | |
| IATA Class | UN3211 | PERCHLORATES, INORGANIC, AQUEOUS SOLUTION, N.O.S. (5M Sodium perchlorate solution) (sodium perchlorate) | 5.1 | II |
| | <u>0</u> | - No. | | |
| IMDG Class | UN3211 | PERCHLORATES, INORGANIC, AQUEOUS SOLUTION, N.O.S. (5M Sodium perchlorate solution) (sodium perchlorate) | 5.1 | II |
| 51 | - No. | | | |

PG*: Packing group

Special precautions for user

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC

Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

HSNO Approval Number HSR002596

HSNO Group StandardLaboratory Chemicals and Reagent Kits

HSNO Classification 5.1.1 - OXIDIZING SUBSTANCES - Category B 6.1 - ACUTE TOXICITY: ORAL - Category E

6.3 - SKIN IRRITATION - Category B 6.4 - EYE IRRITATION - Category A (Irritant)

6.8 - REPRODUCTIVE AND DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY - Category C

6.9 - SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE OR REPEATED EXPOSURE): ORAL -

Category A

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

New Zealand All components are listed or exempted.

Australia All components are listed or exempted.

Europe All components are listed or exempted.

United States All components are listed or exempted.

Canada inventory All components are listed or exempted.

China All components are listed or exempted.

Japan All components are listed or exempted.

Malaysia Not determined

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of printing1 May 2020Date of issue/ Date of revision07 October 2019Date of previous issue2/28/2017Version10

Key to abbreviations ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Road

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified

by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

UN = United Nations

References Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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