GE Healthcare

Material Safety Data Sheet

Australia English

1. Identification of the material and supplier

Product name MabSelect Xtra™, 50 μL, 4 x 96 well

Catalogue Number 28-9436-29

Company details

Manufacturer Supplier

GE Healthcare UK Ltd GE Healthcare Bio-Sciences
Amersham Place Building 4B, Parklands Estate
Little Chalfont 21 South Street
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Emergency telephone number 000 and +61 2 9846 4000

ADG -

<u>Uses</u>

Area of application Industrial applications.

Material uses Analytical chemistry. Research. Liquid chromatography.

Product type Liquid.

2. Hazards identification

Classification R10

Risk phrases R10- Flammable.

Statement of hazardous/dangerous nature

NON-HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE. NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixture Yes.

Ingredient nameCAS numberConcentrationEthanol64-17-514 - 19MabSelect (highly cross-linked agarose)9012-36-6-

Additional information

Other ingredients, determined not to be hazardous according to Safe Work Australia criteria, and not dangerous according to the ADG Code, make up the product concentration to 100%.

4. First-aid measures

First-aid measures

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for

and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if

irritation occurs.

Skin contact Wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if irritation

develops.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms appear.

Ingestion Do not ingest. Get medical attention if symptoms appear.

Protection of first-aiders No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to

the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.



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5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Do not use water jet. Not suitable

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No Special exposure hazards

action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire

area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Flammable liquid. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Special protective equipment for

fire-fighters

Hazardous combustion products

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus

(SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

Accidental release measures 6.

Personal precautions

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Environmental precautions

Methods for cleaning up

Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal. Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste

Small spill

disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Fut on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosionproof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Storage

store between the following temperatures: 2 to 8°C (35.6 to 46.4°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Exposure controls/personal protection 8.

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name **E**thanol

Occupational exposure limits

Safe Work Australia (Australia, 8/2005).

TWA: 1880 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s).

Recommended monitoring procedures

Engineering measures

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.

Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Hygiene measures

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Personal protection

Eyes Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates

this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts. Recommended: safety glasses with

side-shields

Hands Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times

when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. 1-4 hours

(breakthrough time): butyl rubber, neoprene

RespiratorySe a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk

assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: A respirator is not needed under normal and intended conditions of product use.

Skin

Fersonal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and

the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Recommended:

lab coat

Environmental exposure controls Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the

requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable

els

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state Liquid. [and Suspension]

Colour solution : Colourless. / Suspension : White.

Odour Sweetish. Alcohol-like. [Slight]

Odour threshold 180 ppm

Flash point Closed cup: 38 to 43°C (100.4 to 109.4°F)

Solubility Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability The product is stable.

Conditions to avoid Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind

or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

Materials to avoid Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidizing materials

11. Toxicological information

Potential acute health effects

InhalationNo known significant effects or critical hazards.IngestionNo known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contactMay cause skin irritation.Eye contactMay cause eye irritation.

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name
ETHYL ALCOHOL

Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
LD50 Intra-arterial	Rat	11 mg/kg	-
LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	3600 ug/kg	-
LD50 Intravenous	Rat	1440 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	15010 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	7060 mg/kg	-
LDLo Dermal	Rabbit	20000 mg/kg	-
LDLo Oral	Rat	7000 mg/kg	-
TDLo Intraperitoneal	Rat	2.45 g/kg	-
TDLo Intraperitoneal	Rat	1.5 g/kg	-
TDLo Intraperitoneal	Rat	1.2 g/kg	-
TDLo Intraperitoneal	Rat	1 g/kg	-
TDLo Intraperitoneal	Rat	0.5 g/kg	-
TDLo Intraperitoneal	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
TDLo Intraperitoneal	Rat	3000 mg/kg	-
TDLo Intraperitoneal	Rat	2700 mg/kg	-
TDLo Intraperitoneal	Rat	2500 mg/kg	-
TDLo Intraperitoneal	Rat	2000 mg/kg	-
TDLo Intraperitoneal	Rat	1000 mg/kg	-
TDLo Intraperitoneal	Rat	500 mg/kg	-
TDLo Intraperitoneal	Rat	1.25 mg/kg	-
TDLo Intravenous	Rat	0.5 g/kg	-
TDLo Oral	Rat	6.4 g/kg	-
TDLo Oral	Rat	5.25 g/kg	-
TDLo Oral	Rat	3 g/kg	-
TDLo Oral	Rat	2.5 g/kg	-
TDLo Oral	Rat	2 g/kg	-
TDLo Oral	Rat	0.72 g/kg	-
TDLo Oral	Rat	0.5 g/kg	-



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TDLo Oral	Rat	0.5 g/kg	-
TDLo Oral	Rat	0.4 g/kg	-
TDLo Oral	Rat	10 mL/kg	
TDLo Oral	Rat	5 mL/kg	
TDLo Oral	Rat	4.8 mL/kg	
TDLo Oral	Rat	4.57 mL/kg	
TDLo Oral	Rat	4.44 mL/kg	
TDLo Oral	Rat	4 mL/kg	
TDLo Oral	Rat	12800 mg/kg	
TDLo Oral	Rat	5250 mg/kg	
TDLo Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
TDLo Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
TDLo Oral	Rat	1500 mg/kg	-
TDLo Oral	Rat	1000 mg/kg	-
LC50 Inhalation	Rat	124700 mg/m3	4 hours
Vapour			
LC50 Inhalation	Rat	5900 mg/m3	6 hours

Conclusion/Summary Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Chronic toxicity

Conclusion/Summary Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary Not available.

<u>Mutagenicity</u>

Conclusion/Summary Not available.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary Not available.

Chronic effects
 Carcinogenicity
 Mutagenicity
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Developmental effects
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Fertility effects
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

InhalationNo specific data.IngestionNo specific data.SkinNo specific data.EyesNo specific data.

Target organs Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: kidneys.

Vapour

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, the reproductive system, liver,

upper respiratory tract, skin, eyes, central nervous system (CNS).

Other adverse effects

Adverse symptoms include the following: kidney abnormalities, liver abnormalities Adverse symptoms may include the following: central nervous system depression

12. Ecological information

Environmental effects No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Species	Exposure
ETHYL ALCOHOL	-	Acute EC50 >100 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna - <24 hours	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 5680 to 7392 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna - Neonate - <24 hours	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 13 to 16 ml/L Fresh water		96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 12720 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas - 40 mm	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 14200000 to	Fish - Fathead minnow -	96 hours



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	15100000 ug/L Fresh	Pimephales	
	water	promelas - 30 days -	
_	Acute LC50	19.4 mm - 0.099 g Fish - Fathead	96 hours
	13480000 ug/L Fresh		30 110u13
	water	Pimephales	
		promelas - Juvenile	
		(Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) - 4 to 8	
		weeks - 1.1 to 3.1 cm	
-	Acute LC50	Fish - Bleak - Alburnus alburnus -	96 hours
	11000000 ug/L Marine water	8 to 10 cm	
-	Acute LC50	Fish - Bleak -	96 hours
	10000000 to	Alburnus alburnus -	
	11500000 ug/L Marine water	8 cm	
-	Acute LC50 6772000	Daphnia - Water flea	48 hours
	ug/L Fresh water	- Ceriodaphnia dubia	
_	Acute LC50 6386000	- Neonate Daphnia - Water flea	48 hours
	ug/L Fresh water	- Ceriodaphnia dubia	40110013
	•	- Neonate	
-	Acute LC50 6325000	Daphnia - Water flea	48 hours
	ug/L Fresh water	Ceriodaphnia dubiaNeonate	
-	Acute LC50 6076000	Daphnia - Water flea	48 hours
	ug/L Fresh water	- Ceriodaphnia dubia	
_	Acute LC50 5577000	- Neonate Daphnia - Water flea	48 hours
	ug/L Fresh water	- Ceriodaphnia dubia	40110013
	•	- Neonate	
-	Acute LC50 3715000 to 4432000 ug/L	Daphnia - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours
	Fresh water	- Neonate	
-	Acute LC50 >100000	Fish - Fathead	96 hours
	ug/L Fresh water	minnow -	
		Pimephales promelas - Juvenile	
		(Fledgling, Hatchling,	
		Weanling) - 0.2 to 0.5	
_	Acute LC50 42000	g Fish - Rainbow	4 days
	ug/L Fresh water	trout,donaldson	1 days
		trout -	
		Oncorhynchus mykiss	
-	Acute LC50 25500	Crustaceans - Brine	48 hours
	ug/L Marine water	shrimp - Artemia	
		franchiscana - LARVAE	
-	Chronic NOEC < 6.3	Daphnia - Water flea	48 hours
	g/L Fresh water	- Daphnia magna	
Not available.			
		_	
Test	Result	Dose -	Inoculum
-	100 % - Readily - 20 days	-	-
Not available.	- / -		
Aquatic half-life	<u>Photolysis</u>	Biodeo	gradabilit <u>y</u>
-	-	Readil	
<u>LogP₀w</u>	<u>BCF</u>	<u>Poten</u>	<u>tial</u>
-	0.66	low	

Conclusion/Summary Other ecological information

Biodegradability

Product/ingredient name ETHYL ALCOHOL

Not available Conclusion/Summary

Product/ingredient name A **E**thanol

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name

Ethanol L 0.66 low

No known significant effects or critical hazards. Other adverse effects



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13. Disposal considerations

Methods of disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

14. Transport information

International transport regulations

Not classified

Remarks

IATA Special Provision A 58 - Aqueous solutions containing 24% or less alcohol by volume is not subject to these regulations.

15. Regulatory information

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Drugs and Poisons

Not regulated.

Control of Scheduled Carcinogenic Substances

<u>Ingredient name</u> <u>Schedule</u>

Not available.

Australia inventory (AICS)

All components are listed or exempted.

EU Classification R1

HCS Classification Combustible liquid

Irritating material Carcinogen

Target organ effects

16. Other information

History

Date of printing19 September 2011Date of previous issue29 August 2008

Date of issue 19 September 2011 **Version** 5.01

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Enquiries regarding MSDS content should be directed to: our local sales office.

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