

Safety Data Sheet

Canada

Section 1. Identification

Product name PhastGel™ IEF - 4-6.5

Catalogue Number 17-0544-01

Product type Solid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Analytical chemistry. Use in laboratories

Scientific research and development

Supplier Cytiva

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Importer Cytiva Canada

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1 800 463 5800

In case of emergency ChemTrec (US) 1-703-527-3887

Section 2. Hazard identification

Classification of the substance

or mixture

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 1 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms





Signal word Danger

Hazard statements May cause an allergic skin reaction.

May cause genetic defects.

May cause cancer.

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Precautionary statements

Prevention Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear protective clothing. Wear eye or face protection. Avoid breathing dust. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get

medical attention.

Storage Store locked up.

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DisposalDispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international

regulations.

Supplemental label elements Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity: 85%

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 85% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 85%

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic

environment: 85%

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture Mixture

Other means of identification Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number Not applicable.

 Ingredient name
 % (w/w)
 CAS number

 Acrylamide
 0.1 - 0.2
 79-06-1

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First-aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check

for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing,

if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash

contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid

further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in

a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight

clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contactNo known significant effects or critical hazards. **Inhalation**No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact No specific data.

Inhalation Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

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Ingestion Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed

person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments

Protection of first-aiders No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected

that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

None known

Specific hazards arising from

the chemical

No specific fire or explosion hazard.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides

Special protective actions for

fire-fighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire.

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus

(SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate For non-emergency personnel

surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when

ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 For emergency responders on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways,

soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with

equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal

Large spill Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water

courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information

and Section 13 for waste disposal.

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Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store between the following temperatures: 4 to 8°C (39.2 to 46.4°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and wellventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name Acrylamide

Exposure limits

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). Absorbed through skin.

TWAEV: 0.03 mg/m3 8 hours. Form:

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).

Absorbed through skin.

STEL: 0.09 mg/m3 15 minutes. Form: Inhalable fraction and vapour

TWA: 0.03 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction and vapour

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018). Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 0.03 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction and vapour.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2018). Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 0.03 mg/m3 8 hours. Form: Inhalable vapour and aerosol

Absorbed through skin. Notes: 8 hrs OEL: 0.03 mg/m3 8 hours.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).

Appropriate engineering controls

If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin protection

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Hand protection Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all

times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary

Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting

of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the

task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling

this product

Respiratory protection Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate

standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to

ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Other skin protection

Physical state Solid. [Polyacrylamide Gel]

Color Colorless. Odor Odorless. Not available. Odor threshold рΗ Not available. Not available **Melting point Boiling point** Not available. Flash point Not applicable. **Evaporation rate** Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) Not available. Lower and upper explosive Not available.

(flammable) limits

Vapor pressure Not available. Vapor density Not available. Relative density Not available.

Solubility Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/

water

Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature Not available. **Decomposition temperature** 700°C (1292°F) Viscosity Not available Flow time (ISO 2431) Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid No specific data. Incompatible materials No specific data

Hazardous decomposition

products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be

produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient nameResultSpeciesDoseExposureAcrylamideLD50 Dermal
LD50 OralRabbit1150 mg/kg-Rat124 mg/kg-

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary

Can cause heritable genetic effects.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary Can cause cancer.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

NameCategoryRoute of exposureTarget organsAcrylamideCategory 1Not determinedNot determined

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

NameCategoryRoute of exposureTarget organsAcrylamideCategory 1Not determinedNot determined

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact No specific data.

Inhalation Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

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Ingestion Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects Not available.

Potential delayed effects Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects Not available.

Potential delayed effects Suspected of causing cancer. Can cause heritable genetic effects.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

MutagenicityMay cause genetic defects.TeratogenicityMay damage the unborn child.

Developmental effects No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects May damage fertility.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name

Oral (mg/kg)

(mg/kg)

(gases)

(ppm)

(mg/l)

Inhalation

Inhalation

(dusts and

(ppm)

(mg/l)

mists) (mg/l)

Acrylamide 124 1150 N/A N/A N/A

Other information Adverse symptoms include the following: Suspected of causing cancer.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient nameResultSpeciesExposureAcrylamideAcute EC50 98000 μg/l Fresh water
Acute EC50 85000 μg/l Fresh water
Chronic NOEC 2.86 mg/l Fresh waterDaphnia - Daphnia magna - Instar
Fish - Lepomis macrochirus48 hours
96 hoursFish - Pimephales promelas - Embryo33 days

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient nameAquatic half-lifePhotolysisBiodegradabilityAcrylamide-100%; 28 day(s)Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient nameLogPowBCFPotentialAcrylamide-0.91.44low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient Not available.

(Koc)

Other adverse effects No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

Coston 11. Handport micrimation					
	TDG Classification	DOT Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	-	-	-	-

Special precautions for user

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

Canadian lists

Canadian NPRI None of the components are listed.

CEPA Toxic substances The following components are listed: 2-Propenamide

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

Canada All components are listed or exempted.

Europe Not determined.

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United States All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of printing 5/5/2020

Date of issue/Date of revision 10/3/2019

Date of previous issue No previous validation

Version 1

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Key to abbreviations ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

HPR = Hazardous Products Regulations IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified

by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification Justification

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1

Calculation method CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1

Calculation method CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 1

Calculation method CAICULATION (Unborn child) - Category 1

Calculation method Calculation method

References Not available.



Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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