## **GE** Healthcare

# **Material Safety Data Sheet**

Australia English

1. Identification of the material and supplier

Product name Glutaraldehyde; part of 'ECL™ Direct Labelling

Multipack'

Catalogue Number RPN3007

Component Number **NIF820** 

Company details

Manufacturer Supplier

GE Healthcare UK Ltd GE Healthcare Bio-Sciences Building 4B, Parklands Estate Amersham Place Little Chalfont 21 South Street Buckinghamshire HP7 9NA Rydalmere NSW 2116

England Australia +61 2 8820 8299 +44 0870 606 1921

000 and +61 2 9846 4000 Emergency telephone number

ADG

<u>Uses</u>

Area of application Industrial applications. Material uses Analytical reagent. Research.

Product type

Hazards identification 2.

Xi; R36/37/38 Classification R42/43

R36/37/38- Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin. Risk phrases R42/43- May cause sensitisation by inhalation and skin contact.

S23- Do not breathe vapour. Safety phrases S24- Avoid contact with skin. S37- Wear suitable gloves.

S45- In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where

Statement of hazardous/dangerous nature

HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE. NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixture

Ingredient name CAS number Concentration 111-30-8 glutaral 1.5

**Additional information** 

Other ingredients, determined not to be hazardous according to Safe Work Australia criteria, and not dangerous according to the ADG Code, make up the product concentration to 100%.



Article Number 25006554-2

Validation date 11 May 2011

Page: 1/6

Version 4



#### 4. First-aid measures

#### First-aid measures

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for Eye contact

and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Skin contact Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash

contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further

exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that Inhalation

fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt

or waistband. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure.

Ingestion Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious,

give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight

clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Protection of first-aiders No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing

apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash

contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### Extinguishing media

Suitable Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Not suitable None known

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No Special exposure hazards

action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

Special protective equipment for Hazardous combustion products

**Environmental precautions** 

Methods for cleaning up

fire-fighters

(SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

#### 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding

areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus

entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see section 1 for emergency

contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Small spill

Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste

disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### 7. Handling and storage

Handling

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.



Article Number

25006554-2

Storage

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

#### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name

Occupational exposure limits

Safe Work Australia (Australia, 8/2005). Skin sensitiser.

PEAK: 0.41 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minute(s). PEAK: 0.1 ppm 15 minute(s).

Recommended monitoring

procedures

alutara

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures

and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.

**Engineering measures**Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to

airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Hygiene measures Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and

using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety

showers are close to the workstation location.

Personal protection

Skin

Eyes Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates

this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.

**Hands** Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times

when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

**Respiratory** Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk

assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and

the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Environmental exposure controls Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the

requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable

levels.

#### 9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical stateLiquid.ColourColourless.

**Solubility** Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

## 10. Stability and reactivity

StabilityThe product is stable.Materials to avoidNo specific data.

#### 11. Toxicological information

#### Potential acute health effects

**Inhalation** Irritating to respiratory system. May cause sensitisation by inhalation.

**Ingestion** Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

**Skin contact** Irritating to skin. May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

**Eye contact** Irritating to eyes.

**Acute toxicity** 

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
glutaraldehyde	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2500 mg/kg	-
,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	560 uL/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	17900 ug/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Rat	9800 ug/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	140 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	134 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	>750 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	480 ma/m3	4 hours

Vapour

Conclusion/Summary Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

**Chronic toxicity** 



Article Number Page: 3/6

25006554-2 Validation date 11 May 2011



Conclusion/Summary Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary Not available.

**Mutagenicity** 

Conclusion/Summary Not available.

**Teratogenicity** 

Conclusion/Summary Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary Not available.

Chronic effects Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

CarcinogenicityNo known significant effects or critical hazards.MutagenicityNo known significant effects or critical hazards.TeratogenicityNo known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effectsNo known significant effects or critical hazards.Fertility effectsNo known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Inhalation** Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

wheezing and breathing difficulties

asthma

**Ingestion** No specific data.

**Skin** Adverse symptoms may include the following:

Eyes irritation redness

Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation watering redness

Target organs Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: heart, upper respiratory tract, skin,

eyes, central nervous system (CNS).

## 12. Ecological information

**Environmental effects** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Aquatic ecotoxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Species	Exposure
glutaraldehyde	-	Acute EC50 14.6 to 18 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna - <24 hours	48 hours
	-	Acute EC50 6.7 to 9.2 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna - <24 hours	48 hours
	-	Acute EC50 3.5 to 5 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna - <24 hours	48 hours
	-	Acute EC50 0.75 to 1 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna - <20 hours	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 40 to 60 ppm Marine water	Fish - Sheepshead minnow - Cyprinodon variegatus	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 31.4 to 41 ppm Marine water	Fish - Sheepshead minnow - Cyprinodon variegatus	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 23.9 to 32 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Rainbow trout,donaldson trout - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 22.6 to 32 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Bluegill - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 12.2 to 22 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Bluegill - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 11.6 to 22 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales	96 hours



Article Number Page: 4/6

25006554-2 Validation date 11 May 2011



96 hours

96 hours

96 hours

Acute LC50 9.5 to 13

ppm Fresh water trout,donaldson

mykiss

Fish - Rainbow trout,donaldso

trout -Oncorhynchus

Acute LC50 5.4 ppm

Acute LC50 5.4 ppm Fish - Fathead Fresh water minnow -

Pimephales promelas - 12.9 mm

Acute LC50 3.5 to 4.8 ppm Fresh water

Fish - Rainbow

trout,donaldson trout -

trout -Oncorhynchus mykiss

Conclusion/Summary

Not available.

Biodegradability

Conclusion/Summary

Not available.

 Product/ingredient name
 Aquatic half-life
 Photolysis
 Biodegradability

 glutaral
 Not readily

Other adverse effects No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## 13. Disposal considerations

Methods of disposal The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Empty containers or liners

may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# 14. Transport information International transport regulations

Not classified.

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#### 15. Regulatory information

#### Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Drugs and Poisons

Not regulated.

#### **Control of Scheduled Carcinogenic Substances**

Ingredient name Schedule

Not available.

**EU Classification** 

Australia inventory (AICS) All components are listed or exempted.

Xi; R36/37/38 R42/43

**HCS Classification** Highly toxic material

Corrosive material Sensitising material Target organ effects

## 16. Other information

<u>History</u>

Date of printing11 May 2011Date of previous issue10 May 2011

Date of issue 11 May 2011 Version

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Enquiries regarding MSDS content should be directed to: our local sales office.

Notice to reader



Article Number 25006554-2

Validation date 11 May 2011



Page: 5/6

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should

be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.



Article Number 25006554-2