# **GE Healthcare**

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Conforms to EU Directive 91/155/EEC, as amended by 2001/58/EC - Switzerland English

1. Identification of the substance/preparation and company/undertaking

Product name Ligate-IT T<sub>4</sub> DNA Ligase; part of 'Ligate-IT Rapid

Ligation Kit, 25 reactions'

Catalogue Number US78400

Component Number 78401

Hazard symbol or symbols

Irritant

Product type

Company/undertaking identification

Supplier GE Healthcare UK Ltd Emergency telephone number

Amersham Place

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Person who prepared the MSDS: msdslifesciences@ge.com

**Switzerland** GE Healthcare Bio-Sciences GmbH 0848 8028 12

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2. Hazards identification

 $\label{eq:condition} \ref{eq:condition} \ensuremath{\text{he}} \ensuremath{\text{preparation}} \ensuremath{\text{is}} \ensuremath{\text{classified}} \ensuremath{\text{as}} \ensuremath{\text{dangerous}} \ensuremath{\text{according to Directive 1999/45/EC}} \ensuremath{\text{and}} \ensuremath{\text{its}} \ensuremath{\text{amendments}}.$ 

Classification Xi; R36/37/38

**Human health hazards** Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.

See section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/preparation Preparation

Ingredient nameCAS number%EC numberClassification✓ Slycerol56-81-550200-289-5Xi; R36/37/38

See section 16 for the full text of the R-phrases declared above
Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in section 8.



Article Number 25600301-1



#### 4. First-aid measures

### First-aid measures

Inhalation Move exposed person to fresh air. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear

an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately.

Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Ingestion Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Move exposed person to fresh air. Keep person

warm and at rest. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small auantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Obtain medical attention if symptoms occur. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or

waistband.

Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Obtain medical Skin contact

attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and Eye contact

lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

See section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

## Extinguishing media

Protection of first-aiders

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire. Suitable

None known Not suitable No specific hazard Special exposure hazards

Special protective equipment for

fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### 6. Accidental release measures

Immediately contact emergency personnel. Keep unnecessary personnel away. Use suitable protective Personal precautions

equipment.

Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. **Environmental precautions** 

Femergency personnel are unavailable, contain spilt material. For small spills, add absorbent (soil may be Large spill

used in the absence of other suitable materials), scoop up material and place in a sealable, liquid-proof container for disposal. For large spills, dyke spilt material or otherwise contain material to ensure runoff

does not reach a waterway. Place spilt material in an appropriate container for disposal.

Small spill Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble or

absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a

licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### 7. Handling and storage

Kvoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Keep container closed. Use only with adequate ventilation. Handling

Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Keep container tightly closed. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Storage

Packaging materials

Recommended Use original container.

### Exposure controls/personal protection 8.

### Ingredient name Occupational exposure limits

dlycerol SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2007).

STEL: 100 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minute(s). Form: inhalable dust TWA: 50 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). Form: inhalable dust

Exposure controls

Respiratory protection

Hand protection

Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use Occupational exposure controls

process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to

airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times

when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates Eye protection

this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts.



Article Number

Validation date 4 September 2009

Page: 2/5

Skin protection Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and

the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that

eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Environmental exposure

controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or

engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable

levels.

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

## **General information**

### **Appearance**

Physical state Liquid.
Colour Colourless.
Odour Odourless.

### Important health, safety and environmental information

**Boiling point** Fowest known value: 100°C (212°F) (water). Weighted average: 195.96°C (384.7°F)

Melting point May start to solidify at the following temperature: 20°C (68°F) This is based on data for the following

ingredient: Glycerol. Weighted average: 10.1°C (50.2°F)

**Explosive properties**Not considered to be a product presenting a risk of explosion.

**Vapour pressure** Highest known value: 3.2 kPa (23.8 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (water). Weighted average: 1.58 kPa (11.85 mm Hg)

(at 20°C)

Relative density Only known value: 1.261 (Water = 1) (Glycerol).

**Solubility** Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

Viscosity

Vapour density

Finematic: Highest known value: 1412 cSt (Glycerol)

Fighest known value: 3.1 (Air = 1) (Glycerol).

Fighest known value: 3.1 (Air = 1) (Glycerol).

= 1)

# 10. Stability and reactivity

StabilityThe product is stable.Materials to avoidNo specific data.

# 11. Toxicological information

# Potential acute health effects

**Inhalation** Irritating to respiratory system.

**Ingestion** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contactIrritating to skin.Eye contactIrritating to eyes.

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
র্ত্তীycerol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>10 g/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	4420 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Rat	5566 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	12600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	100 mg/kg	-
	LDLo Intramuscular	Rat	10 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Intramuscular	Rat	8 mL/kg	-
	TDLo Intramuscular	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary Not available.

# Potential chronic health effects

Chronic effects

Carcinogenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Inhalation Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing



Article Number

25600301-1

9 5 2 5 6 0 0 3 0 1 1

Page: 3/5
Validation date 4 September 2009

Ingestion No specific data.

Adverse symptoms may include the following: Skin

irritation redness

Eyes Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation waterina redness

Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: kidneys, upper respiratory tract, skin, Target organs

eye, lens or cornea

### **Ecological information** 12.

**Environmental effects** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Aquatic ecotoxicity** 

Product/ingredient name Test Exposure Species Acute LC50 54 to 57 dlycerol Fish - Rainbow 96 hours

ml/L Fresh water trout, donaldson trout - Oncorhynchus mykiss - 0.9 g

Not available. Conclusion/Summary

Other ecological information

Biodegradability

Not available. Conclusion/Summary

**Product/ingredient name Aquatic half-life Photolysis Biodegradability** 

**G**lycerol >60%; 28 day(s). Readily

Other adverse effects No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### 13. Disposal considerations

Methods of disposal The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Avoid dispersal of spilt

material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental  ${\sf v}$ protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

Hazardous waste The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

### 14. Transport information

## International transport regulations

Not classified.

### 15. Regulatory information

# **EU regulations**

Classification and labeling have been determined according to EU Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC (including amendments) and take into account the intended product use.

Hazard symbol or symbols



R36/37/38- Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin. Risk phrases

Classification and labeling have been determined according to EU Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC **Product use** 

(including amendments) and take into account the intended product use.

- Industrial applications.

All components are listed or exempted. Europe inventory

Other EU regulations National regulations

Liberated VOC content



Article Number

25600301-1





Page: 4/5

# 16. Other information

Full text of R-phrases referred to in sections 2 and 3 - Switzerland
Full text of classifications referred Xi - Irritant

to in sections 2 and 3 -Switzerland



Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**History** 

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# Notice to reader

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Article Number 25600301-1

