



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product number CL271
Product identifier 15 OZ CL BUG BUSTER INSECT KILLR LB 12PK
Company information Claire Manufacturing Co.
1005 S. Westgate Drive
Addison, IL 60101 United States
Company phone General Assistance 1-630-543-7600
Emergency telephone US 1-866-836-8855
Emergency telephone outside US 1-952-852-4646
Version # 01
Recommended use Not available.
Recommended restrictions None known.

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable aerosols Category 1
Health hazards Not classified.
Environmental hazards Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard Category 1
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard Category 1
OSHA defined hazards Not classified.
Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Extremely flammable aerosol. Harmful if swallowed. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Very toxic to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement

Prevention

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves.

Response

If swallowed: Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. Specific treatment (see this label). Rinse mouth. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Collect spillage.

Storage

Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

Supplemental information

13.62% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity. 25.43% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 25.43% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

| Chemical name | Common name and synonyms | CAS number | % |
|--|--------------------------|------------|----------|
| Butane | | 106-97-8 | 10 - 20 |
| Propane | | 74-98-6 | 10 - 20 |
| Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light | | 64742-47-8 | 2.5 - 10 |
| Piperonyl Butoxide | | 51-03-6 | 2.5 - 10 |
| Pyrethrins | | 8003-34-7 | 0.1 - 1 |
| Other components below reportable levels | | | 60 - 80 |

*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

Composition comments For the full text of the R phrases mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

4. First-aid measures

| | |
|--|--|
| Inhalation | Move to fresh air. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. |
| Skin contact | Immediately take off all contaminated clothing. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists. In case of eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions. For minor skin contact, avoid spreading material on unaffected skin. Wash clothing separately before reuse. |
| Eye contact | Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If a contact lens is present, DO NOT delay irrigation or attempt to remove the lens. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately. |
| Ingestion | Have victim rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Get medical attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward to reduce risk of aspiration. Never give anything by mouth to a victim who is unconscious or is having convulsions. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. If ingestion of a large amount does occur, seek medical attention. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. |
| Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed | Dermatitis. Rash. May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed | Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed. |
| General information | Immediate medical attention is required. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. |

5. Fire-fighting measures

| | |
|---|--|
| Suitable extinguishing media | Water fog. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire. |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. Fire may produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases. |
| Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters | Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA. Firefighters should wear full protective clothing including self contained breathing apparatus. Structural firefighters protective clothing will only provide limited protection. |

Fire-fighting
equipment/instructions

In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, protective clothing and face mask. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety devices or any discoloration of tanks due to fire. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. For massive fire, use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles; if this is impossible, withdraw from area and let fire burn. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. If tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions; also consider initial evacuation for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions. ALWAYS stay away from tanks engulfed in flame. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out. Some of these materials, if spilled, may evaporate leaving a flammable residue.

Specific methods

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

General fire hazards

Extremely flammable aerosol.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions,
protective equipment and
emergency procedures

Consider initial downwind evacuation for at least 500 meters (1/3 mile). Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. Keep out of low areas. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Stay upwind. Fully encapsulating, vapor protective clothing should be worn for spills and leaks with no fire. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for
containment and cleaning up

Refer to attached safety data sheets and/or instructions for use. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Move the cylinder to a safe and open area if the leak is irreparable. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Prevent product from entering drains. Following product recovery, flush area with water. Clean contaminated surface thoroughly.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.

Environmental precautions

Never return spills in original containers for re-use.

Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. May be ignited by open flame. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Do not re-use empty containers. Use only with adequate ventilation. Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapor/spray. Do not get this material in contact with eyes. Do not get this material in contact with skin. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Do not get this material on clothing. Do not taste or swallow. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Level 1 Aerosol.

Keep locked-up. Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame. Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122 °F. The pressure in sealed containers can increase under the influence of heat. Keep at temperature not exceeding 49°C. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. Keep in a well-ventilated place. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Keep container tightly closed. Keep this material away from food, drink and animal feed. Refrigeration recommended. Keep out of the reach of children. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Level 1 Aerosol (NFPA 30B)

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

| Components | Type | Value |
|----------------------------|------|------------------------|
| Propane (CAS 74-98-6) | PEL | 1800 mg/m3 1000 ppm |
| Pyrethrins (CAS 8003-34-7) | PEL | 5 mg/m3 |

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

| Components | Type | Value |
|----------------------------|------|----------|
| Butane (CAS 106-97-8) | STEL | 1000 ppm |
| Pyrethrins (CAS 8003-34-7) | TWA | 5 mg/m3 |

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

| Components | Type | Value |
|----------------------------|------|------------------------|
| Butane (CAS 106-97-8) | TWA | 1900 mg/m3 800 ppm |
| Propane (CAS 74-98-6) | TWA | 1800 mg/m3 1000 ppm |
| Pyrethrins (CAS 8003-34-7) | TWA | 5 mg/m3 |

Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

| | |
|---|--|
| Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment | |
| Eye/face protection | Face shield is recommended. Face-shield. |
| Hand protection | Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. |
| Skin protection | |
| Other | Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Wear chemical protective equipment that is specifically recommended by the manufacturer. Use of an impervious apron is recommended. It may provide little or no thermal protection. |
| Skin protection | |
| Respiratory protection | If permissible levels are exceeded use NIOSH mechanical filter / organic vapor cartridge or an air-supplied respirator. Use a positive-pressure air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection. |
| Thermal hazards | Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary. |
| General hygiene considerations | Do not get this material in contact with eyes. When using do not smoke. Do not get this material in contact with skin. When using do not eat or drink. Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. |

9. Physical and chemical properties

| | |
|--|---|
| Appearance | Compressed liquefied gas. |
| Physical state | Liquid. |
| Form | Aerosol. |
| Color | White. |
| Odor | Aromatic. |
| Odor threshold | Not available. |
| pH | 6.1 - 7.1 estimated |
| Melting point/freezing point | Not available. |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | 173.51 °F (78.62 °C) estimated |
| Flash point | -76.0 °F (-60.0 °C) estimated estimated |
| Evaporation rate | Not available. |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Not available. |
| Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits | |
| Flammability limit - lower (%) | 0.5 % estimated |
| Flammability limit - upper (%) | Not available. |
| Explosive limit - lower (%) | Not available. |
| Explosive limit - upper (%) | Not available. |
| Vapor pressure | 83 - 93 psig @70F estimated |
| Vapor density | Not available. |
| Relative density | 0.819 g/cm3 estimated estimated |
| Solubility(ies) | |
| Solubility (water) | Not available. |
| Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) | Not available. |
| Auto-ignition temperature | 421 °F (216.11 °C) estimated |
| Decomposition temperature | Not available. |
| Viscosity | Not available. |
| Other information | |
| Density | 0.86 g/cm3 estimated |
| Flammability class | Flammable IB estimated |

| | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Heat of combustion | 14.75 kJ/g estimated |
| Heat of combustion (NFPA 30B) | 14.5 kJ/g estimated |
| Percent volatile | 64.13 % estimated |
| Specific gravity | 0.819 estimated estimated |
| VOC (Weight %) | 0.1 % estimated |

10. Stability and reactivity

| | |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Reactivity | The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport. |
| Chemical stability | Risk of ignition. Stable at normal conditions. Risk of explosion. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use. |
| Conditions to avoid | Heat, flames and sparks. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials. |
| Incompatible materials | Strong oxidizing agents. Nitrates. Fluorine. Chlorine. Do not mix with other chemicals. |
| Hazardous decomposition products | May include oxides of nitrogen. May include oxides of phosphorus. |

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

| | |
|--------------|--|
| Ingestion | Harmful if swallowed. |
| Inhalation | No adverse effects due to inhalation are expected. |
| Skin contact | May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| Eye contact | Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. |

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Dermatitis. Rash. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Information on toxicological effects

| | |
|----------------|--|
| Acute toxicity | Acute LD50: 5965 mg/kg, Rat, Dermal Acute LC50: 74 mg/l/4h, Rat, Inhalation Harmful if swallowed. May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
|----------------|--|

| Product | Species | Test Results |
|--|---------|---------------------------------------|
| 15 OZ CL BUG BUSTER INSECT KILLR LB 12PK (CAS Mixture) | | |
| Acute Dermal LD50 | - | 79987.2031 mg/kg estimated |
| | Rabbit | 12685.2275 mg/kg, 24 Hours estimated |
| | Rat | 5965 mg/kg |
| Inhalation LC50 | Cat | 511.9182 mg/l, 6 Hours estimated |
| | Mouse | 5154.1665 mg/l, 120 Minutes estimated |
| | | 216.6667 %, 120 Minutes estimated |
| | Rat | 599.9041 mg/l, 6 Hours estimated |
| | | 74 mg/l/4h |
| Oral LD50 | | 52.3241 mg/l, 4 Hours estimated |
| | | 7.9988 mg/l, 8 Hours estimated |
| | Rat | |

| Components | Species | Test Results |
|--|---------|------------------------|
| Butane (CAS 106-97-8) | | |
| Acute | | |
| Inhalation | | |
| LC50 | Mouse | 1237 mg/l, 120 Minutes |
| | | 52 %, 120 Minutes |
| | Rat | 1355 mg/l |
| Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light (CAS 64742-47-8) | | |
| Acute | | |
| Dermal | | |
| LD50 | Rabbit | > 2000 mg/kg |
| | | > 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours |
| Inhalation | | |
| LC50 | Rat | > 7.5 mg/l, 6 Hours |
| | | > 4.6 mg/l, 4 Hours |
| Oral | | |
| LD50 | Rat | > 5000 mg/kg |
| Piperonyl Butoxide (CAS 51-03-6) | | |
| Acute | | |
| Dermal | | |
| LD50 | - | > 2000 mg/kg |
| Inhalation | | |
| LC50 | Rat | > 5.2 mg/l, 4 Hours |
| Oral | | |
| LD50 | Rat | 5630 mg/kg |
| Propane (CAS 74-98-6) | | |
| Acute | | |
| Inhalation | | |
| LC50 | Mouse | 1237 mg/l, 120 Minutes |
| | | 52 %, 120 Minutes |
| | Rat | 1355 mg/l |
| | | 658 mg/l/4h |

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

| | |
|--|--|
| Skin corrosion/irritation | Not expected to be hazardous by OSHA criteria. |
| Serious eye damage/eye irritation | Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. |
| Respiratory or skin sensitization | |
| Respiratory sensitization | Not available. |
| Skin sensitization | May cause an allergic skin reaction. Prolonged or repeated contact can result in defatting and drying of the skin which may result in skin irritation and dermatitis (rash). |
| Germ cell mutagenicity | Not expected to be hazardous by OSHA criteria. Not expected to be hazardous by WHMIS criteria. |
| Carcinogenicity | Risk of cancer cannot be excluded with prolonged exposure. Not expected to be hazardous by WHMIS criteria. |
| IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity | |
| Piperonyl Butoxide (CAS 51-03-6) | 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. |
| OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050) | |
| Not listed. | |
| Reproductive toxicity | Not expected to be hazardous by OSHA criteria. Not expected to be hazardous by WHMIS criteria. |
| Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure | Not classified. |

| | |
|--|---|
| Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure | Not classified. |
| Aspiration hazard | Not available. |
| Chronic effects | Hazardous by OSHA criteria. Repeated absorption may cause disorder of central nervous system, liver, kidneys and blood. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects. Not expected to be hazardous by WHMIS criteria. |
| Further information | Symptoms may be delayed. This product has no known adverse effect on human health. |

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity LC50: 638 mg/L, Fish, 96.00 Hours
Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

| Product | Species | | Test Results |
|--|---------|---|-------------------------------------|
| 15 OZ CL BUG BUSTER INSECT KILLR LB 12PK (CAS Mixture) | | | |
| Aquatic | | | |
| Algae | IC50 | Algae | 21336.5859 mg/L, 72 Hours estimated |
| Crustacea | EC50 | Daphnia | 97937.1172 mg/L, 48 Hours estimated |
| Fish | LC50 | Fish | 638 mg/L, 96 Hours |
| Components | | Species | Test Results |
| Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light (CAS 64742-47-8) | | | |
| Aquatic | | | |
| Fish | LC50 | Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss) | 2.9 mg/l, 96 hours |
| Piperonyl Butoxide (CAS 51-03-6) | | | |
| Aquatic | | | |
| Fish | LC50 | Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss) | 0.0027 - 0.0043 mg/l, 96 hours |
| Pyrethrins (CAS 8003-34-7) | | | |
| Aquatic | | | |
| Crustacea | EC50 | Water flea (Daphnia) | 0.018 - 0.032 mg/l, 48 hours |
| Fish | LC50 | Brown trout (Salmo trutta) | 0.0165 - 0.0229 mg/l, 96 hours |

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential No data available.

| | |
|---|------|
| Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow) | |
| Butane | 2.89 |
| Piperonyl Butoxide | 4.75 |
| Propane | 2.36 |

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

| | |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Disposal instructions | Consult authorities before disposal. Contents under pressure. Dispose of this material and its container at hazardous or special waste collection point. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Incinerate the material under controlled conditions in an approved incinerator. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. If discarded, this product is considered a RCRA ignitable waste, D001. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. |
| Local disposal regulations | Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. |
| Hazardous waste code | D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 F The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company. |
| Waste from residues / unused products | Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions). |

Contaminated packaging

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Do not re-use empty containers.

14. Transport information

DOT

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| UN number | Not available. |
| UN proper shipping name | Consumer commodity |
| Transport hazard class(es) | |
| Class | ORM-D |
| Subsidiary risk | None |
| Label(s) | None |
| Packing group | Not applicable. |
| Special precautions for user | Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. |
| Packaging exceptions | 156, 306 |
| Packaging non bulk | 156, 306 |
| Packaging bulk | None |

IATA

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| UN number | UN1950 |
| UN proper shipping name | Aerosols, flammable |
| Transport hazard class(es) | |
| Class | 2.1 |
| Subsidiary risk | - |
| Label(s) | 2.1 |
| Packing group | Not applicable. |
| Environmental hazards | No. |
| ERG Code | 10L |
| Special precautions for user | Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. |
| Other information | |
| Passenger and cargo aircraft | Allowed. |
| Cargo aircraft only | Allowed. |
| Packaging Exceptions | LTD QTY |

IMDG

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| UN number | UN1950 |
| UN proper shipping name | AEROSOLS |
| Transport hazard class(es) | |
| Class | 2.1 |
| Subsidiary risk | - |
| Label(s) | None |
| Packing group | Not applicable. |
| Environmental hazards | |
| Marine pollutant | No. |
| EmS | Not available. |
| Special precautions for user | Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. |
| Packaging Exceptions | LTD QTY |

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
This substance/mixture is not intended to be transported in bulk.

IATA; IMDG



15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.
All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

One or more components are not listed on TSCA.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Pyrethrins (CAS 8003-34-7) Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - No
Delayed Hazard - No
Fire Hazard - Yes
Pressure Hazard - No
Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical No

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

| Chemical name | CAS number | % by wt. |
|--------------------|------------|----------|
| Piperonyl Butoxide | 51-03-6 | 2.5 - 10 |

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Butane (CAS 106-97-8)

Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.

US state regulations This product does not contain a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Butane (CAS 106-97-8)

Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

Pyrethrins (CAS 8003-34-7)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Butane (CAS 106-97-8)

Piperonyl Butoxide (CAS 51-03-6)

Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

Pyrethrins (CAS 8003-34-7)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Butane (CAS 106-97-8)

Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

Pyrethrins (CAS 8003-34-7)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Butane (CAS 106-97-8)

Piperonyl Butoxide (CAS 51-03-6)

Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

Pyrethrins (CAS 8003-34-7)

US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

International Inventories

| Country(s) or region | Inventory name | On inventory (yes/no)* |
|-----------------------------|--|------------------------|
| Australia | Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) | No |
| Canada | Domestic Substances List (DSL) | No |
| Canada | Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL) | No |
| China | Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC) | No |
| Europe | European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) | No |
| Europe | European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) | No |
| Japan | Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) | No |
| Korea | Existing Chemicals List (ECL) | No |
| New Zealand | New Zealand Inventory | No |
| Philippines | Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS) | No |
| United States & Puerto Rico | Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory | No |

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 09-02-2014

Version # 01

Disclaimer Claire Manufacturing Co. cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available. The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

Revision Information Product and Company Identification: Alternate Trade Names