### 4. First Aid Measures

Inhalation If breathing is difficult, remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

In case of skin irritation, discontinue use of product. Wash off with soap and water. Get medical Skin contact

attention if irritation develops and persists.

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if Eye contact

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion If swallowed, get medical help or contact a Poison Control Center immediately. Immediately rinse

mouth out with water. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward to reduce risk of aspiration. Never give anything by mouth if victim is unconscious, or is convulsing.

Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and

delayed

Indication of immediate medical attention and special

treatment needed **General information**  Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically.

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Use with care in premature infants or infants under 2 months of age, These products may cause irritation or chemical burns.

# 5. Fire Fighting Measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Special protective equipment

and precautions for firefighters

Fire-fighting equipment/instructions

Specific methods

General fire hazards

Alcohol resistant foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical.

Not available.

During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA. Structural firefighters protective clothing will only provide limited protection.

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

Flammable solid.

## 6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). For waste disposal, see Section 13 of the SDS.

Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. For personal protection, see

Collect and dispose of spillage as indicated in section 13 of the SDS. Avoid discharge into water courses.

# **Environmental precautions**

## 7. Handling and Storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Flammable, keep away from fire or flame. Do not use with electrocautery procedures. Use according to package label instructions. Discard after single use. Not to be used as pre-injection alcohol prep.

Wear appropriate personal protective equipment.

Do not get this material in contact with eyes.

Avoid prolonged exposure. Provide adequate ventilation.

Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition.

Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Use care in handling/storage.