Not available. **Decomposition temperature Viscosity** 20.5 mm²/s 104 °F (40 °C) Viscosity temperature

Other information

Heat of combustion 5.81 kJ/g pH in aqueous solution 12.9 VOC 519 g/l

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity Reacts violently with strong acids. This product may react with oxidizing agents.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions. Possibility of hazardous Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

reactions

Conditions to avoid Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials. Do not mix

with other chemicals.

Incompatible materials Acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Oxidizing agents. Chlorine. Fluorine. Nitrates.

Hazardous decomposition products

Upon decomposition, this product emits carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and/or low molecular

weight hydrocarbons.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation May cause irritation to the respiratory system. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

Skin contact Causes severe skin burns. Eye contact Causes serious eye damage. Causes digestive tract burns. Ingestion

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Burning pain and severe corrosive skin damage. Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including

blindness could result.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Calculated/Test Results Components **Species**

Ammonia, aqueous solution (CAS 1336-21-6)

Acute Oral

LD50 Rat 350 mg/kg

BUTANE (CAS 106-97-8)

Acute Inhalation

LC50 Mouse 680 mg/l, 2 Hours

Rat 658 mg/l, 4 Hours

disodium metasilicate (CAS 6834-92-0)

Acute Oral

LD50 Mouse 2400 mg/kg

> Rat 1280 mg/kg

PROPANE (CAS 74-98-6)

Acute

Issue Date: 04-03-2025

Inhalation

LC50 Rat > 1464 mg/l, 15 Minutes

> 1443 mg/l, 15 Minutes

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

FIR No.: 200950 SDS US Version: 02