SAFETY DATA SHEET

Express® herbicide

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: -
1.1	02.02.2023	50000963	Date of first issue: 03.01.2018

SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Express® herbicide

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Herbicide

Restrictions on use : Use as recommended by the label.

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : FMC Australasia Pty Ltd

Address : Building B, Level 2, 12 Julius Avenue,
North Ryde NSW 2113
Australia

Telephone : +6161029887900

Telefax : +61610298870911

E-mail address : SDS-Info@fmc.com

Emergency telephone number : For leak, fire, spill or accident emergencies, call:
1800 033 111 (Ixom)

Medical emergency:
1 800 033 111 (Transport and 24 h Medical information)

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure : Category 2 (Nervous system, Thyroid)

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :

Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : H373 May cause damage to organs (Nervous system, Thyroid) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements : **Prevention:**

P260 Do not breathe dust.

Response:

P314 Get medical advice/ attention if you feel unwell.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
tribenuron-methyl (ISO)	101200-48-0	75
kaolin	1332-58-7	>= 1 -< 10
Sodium alkyl naphthalene sulfonate	68425-94-5	>= 2.5 -< 10
Lignosulfonic acid, ethoxylated, sodium salts	68611-14-3	>= 3 -< 5

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : Do not leave the victim unattended.
Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
Move out of dangerous area.

If inhaled : If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
Consult a physician after significant exposure.

In case of skin contact : If on clothes, remove clothes.
Wash off with soap and plenty of water.
Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
If on skin, rinse well with water.

In case of eye contact : If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.
Keep eye wide open while rinsing.
Protect unharmed eye.
Remove contact lenses.
Flush eyes with water as a precaution.

If swallowed : Take victim immediately to hospital.
If symptoms persist, call a physician.
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.
Keep respiratory tract clear.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	High volume water jet
Specific hazards during fire-fighting	:	Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.
Hazardous combustion products	:	Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapours. Nitrogen oxides (NOx) Sulphur oxides Carbon oxides
Specific extinguishing methods	:	Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.
Hazchem Code	:	2Z

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid dust formation. Use personal protective equipment.
Environmental precautions	:	If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on protection against fire and explosion	:	Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. Avoid dust formation.
Advice on safe handling	:	Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national regulations. Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.
For personal protection see section 8.
Do not breathe vapours/dust.
Avoid formation of respirable particles.

Hygiene measures : Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.
When using do not smoke.
When using do not eat or drink.

Conditions for safe storage : Electrical installations / working materials must comply with the technological safety standards.
Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.
Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

Further information on storage stability : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
kaolin	1332-58-7	TWA	10 mg/m3	AU OEL
		TWA (Respirable particulate matter)	2 mg/m3	ACGIH

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : In case of dust exposure wear suitable personal respiratory protection and protective suit.

Hand protection
Material : Wear chemical resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber or nitrile rubber.

Remarks : The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed with the producers of the protective gloves.

Eye protection : Tightly fitting safety goggles
Eye wash bottle with pure water

Skin and body protection : Choose body protection according to the amount and concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place.
Dust impervious protective suit

Protective measures : Plan first aid action before beginning work with this product.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	:	solid, granules
Colour	:	light brown
Odour	:	mild, sweet
pH	:	8 (25 °C) Concentration: 10 g/l
Melting point/freezing point	:	not determined
	:	No data available
Flash point	:	not determined
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not highly flammable
Self-ignition	:	400 °C
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	not determined
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	0.365 mg/m3
Bulk density	:	730 kg/m3
Solubility(ies) Water solubility	:	dispersible
Explosive properties	:	Not explosive
Oxidizing properties	:	The product is not oxidizing.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.
Chemical stability	:	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed. Dust may form explosive mixture in air.
Conditions to avoid	:	Heat, flames and sparks.
Incompatible materials	:	Avoid strong acids, bases, and oxidizers
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Stable under recommended storage conditions.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Components:

tribenuron-methyl (ISO):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50: > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 425

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.14 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

kaolin:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

LD50: > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 420
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral toxicity

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 36 mg/l
Exposure time: 1 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

LD50: > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Sodium alkyl naphthalene sulfonate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Lignosulfonic acid, ethoxylated, sodium salts:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	No skin irritation

Components:

tribenuron-methyl (ISO):

Species	:	Rabbit
Assessment	:	Not classified as irritant
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 404
Remarks	:	May cause mild irritation. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

kaolin:

Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 404
Result	:	No skin irritation

Sodium alkyl naphthalene sulfonate:

Remarks	:	No data available

Lignosulfonic acid, ethoxylated, sodium salts:

Result	:	Skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	No eye irritation
Remarks	:	Minimal effects that do not meet the threshold for classification.

Components:

tribenuron-methyl (ISO):

Species	:	Rabbit
Assessment	:	No eye irritation
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 405
Remarks	:	May cause mild irritation. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

kaolin:

Result	:	No eye irritation
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 405

Sodium alkyl naphthalene sulfonate:

Result	:	Eye irritation

Lignosulfonic acid, ethoxylated, sodium salts:

Result : Moderate eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Test Type	:	Modified Buehler Test
Species	:	Guinea pig
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 406
Result	:	Does not cause skin sensitisation.
GLP	:	yes
Remarks	:	(Data on the product itself)

Components:

tribenuron-methyl (ISO):

Test Type	:	Maximisation Test
Species	:	Guinea pig
Assessment	:	May cause sensitisation by skin contact.
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 406
Result	:	Causes skin sensitization.

kaolin:

Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 429
Result	:	Does not cause skin sensitisation.

Chronic toxicity

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

tribenuron-methyl (ISO):

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment : Did not show mutagenic effects in animal experiments.

kaolin:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Ames test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Remarks: No data available

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

tribenuron-methyl (ISO):

Remarks	:	No significant adverse effects were reported
Carcinogenicity - Assessment	:	Did not show carcinogenic effects in animal experiments.

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

tribenuron-methyl (ISO):

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment	:	No toxicity to reproduction Animal testing did not show any effects on foetal development., Did not show teratogenic effects in animal experiments.

kaolin:

Effects on fertility	:	Remarks: No data available
Effects on foetal development	:	Remarks: No data available

STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

tribenuron-methyl (ISO):

Assessment	:	The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure.

kaolin:

Remarks	:	No significant adverse effects were reported

Lignosulfonic acid, ethoxylated, sodium salts:

Assessment	:	May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (Thyroid, Nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:

tribenuron-methyl (ISO):

Target Organs	:	Thyroid, Nervous system
Assessment	:	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

kaolin:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

tribenuron-methyl (ISO):

Species : Rabbit
LOAEL : 80 mg/kg
Target Organs : Thyroid, Nervous system
Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure, category 2.
Remarks : Increased mortality or reduced survival

kaolin:

Remarks : No data available

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

tribenuron-methyl (ISO):

The substance does not have properties associated with aspiration hazard potential.

Further information

Product:

Remarks : No data available

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 156 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 156 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (microalgae)): 0.067 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

EC50 (Lemna gibba (duckweed)): 0.033 mg/l
Exposure time: 14 d

Components:

tribenuron-methyl (ISO):

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 738 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Crustaceans): > 320 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 894 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.0208 mg/l Exposure time: 120 h EC50 (Lemna gibba (duckweed)): 0.00424 mg/l Exposure time: 14 d
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC (Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)): 114 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 211 NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 560 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 41 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d
Toxicity to soil dwelling organisms	:	NOEC (Eisenia fetida (earthworms)): 3.2 mg/kg Exposure time: 56 d
Toxicity to terrestrial organisms	:	LD50 (Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)): > 2,250 mg/kg LD50 (Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)): > 5,620 ppm Remarks: Dietary LD50 (Anas platyrhynchos (Mallard duck)): > 5,620 ppm Remarks: Dietary LD50 (Apis mellifera (bees)): > 98.4 µg/bee Exposure time: 48 h End point: Acute contact toxicity LD50 (Apis mellifera (bees)): > 9.1 µg/bee Exposure time: 48 h End point: Acute oral toxicity

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity	:	Very toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity	:	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

kaolin:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EC50 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)	:	Remarks: No data available
Toxicity to microorganisms	:	Remarks: No data available

Sodium alkyl naphthalene sulfonate:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Zebra fish): > 10 - 100 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials EC10 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)	:	EC10 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 10 - 100 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 211 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Persistence and degradability

Components:

tribenuron-methyl (ISO):

Biodegradability : Biodegradation: 29.4 %
Exposure time: 28 d

kaolin:

Biodegradability : Remarks: The methods for determining biodegradability are not applicable to inorganic substances.

Sodium alkyl naphthalene sulfonate:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Lignosulfonic acid, ethoxylated, sodium salts:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

tribenuron-methyl (ISO):

Bioaccumulation : Bioconcentration factor (BCF): < 1
Remarks: Does not bioaccumulate.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: -0.38

kaolin:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Remarks: Not applicable

Mobility in soil

Components:

tribenuron-methyl (ISO):

Distribution among environmental compartments : Remarks: Under normal conditions the active ingredient/s is/are of high to intermediate mobility in soil. There is a potential for leaching to groundwater.

kaolin:

Distribution among environmental compartments : Remarks: Low mobility in soil

Other adverse effects

Product:

Additional ecological information	:	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues	:	The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Send to a licensed waste management company.
Contaminated packaging	:	Do not re-use empty containers. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Packaging that is not properly emptied must be disposed of as the unused product. Empty remaining contents.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number	:	UN 3077
Proper shipping name	:	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Tribenuron-methyl)
Class	:	9
Subsidiary risk	:	ENVIRONM.
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	9 (ENVIRONM.)

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No.	:	UN 3077
Proper shipping name	:	Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (Tribenuron-methyl)
Class	:	9
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	Miscellaneous
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft)	:	956
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft)	:	956
Environmentally hazardous	:	yes

IMDG-Code

UN number	:	UN 3077
Proper shipping name	:	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,

		N.O.S. (Tribenuron-methyl)
Class	:	9
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	9
EmS Code	:	F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant	:	yes
Remarks	:	Environmentally hazardous substances/Marine Pollutants in single or combination packaging containing a net quantity per single or inner packaging of 5 kg or less for solids, or having a net quantity per single or inner packaging of 5 L or less for liquids may be transported as non-dangerous goods as provided in special provision A197 of the IATA and section 2.10.2.7 of IMDG code.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

National Regulations

ADG

UN number	:	UN 3077
Proper shipping name	:	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Tribenuron-methyl)
Class	:	9
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	9
Hazchem Code	:	2Z
Remarks	:	Environmentally hazardous substances meeting the descriptions of UN 3077 or UN 3082 are not subject to the ADG Code when transported by road or rail in packagings that do not incorporate a receptacle exceeding 500 kg / liters, or IBCs

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons	:	Schedule 5

APVMA Approval number: 46440

Prohibition/Licensing Requirements	:	There is no applicable prohibition,

authorisation and restricted use requirements, including for carcinogens referred to in Schedule 10 of the model WHS Act and Regulations.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

TCSI	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
TSCA	:	Product contains substance(s) not listed on TSCA inventory.
AIIC	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
DSL	:	This product contains the following components that are not on the Canadian DSL nor NDSL. METHYL 2-[4-METHOXY-6-METHYL-1,3,5-TRIAZIN-2-YL(METHYL)CARBAMOYLSULFAMOYL]BENZOATE
ENCS	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
ISHL	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
KECI	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
PICCS	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
IECSC	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
NZIoC	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
TECI	:	Not in compliance with the inventory

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

Revision Date	:	02.02.2023
Other information	:	see user defined free text
Date format	:	dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH	:	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
AU OEL	:	Australia. Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants.
ACGIH / TWA	:	8-hour, time-weighted average
AU OEL / TWA	:	Exposure standard - time weighted average

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

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