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| Product name   | 2069, ABAMECTIN 36 g/I EW (THOR 3.6 EW) |                          |
|  |   | November 2021            |
| Safety data sheet according to EU Reg. 1907/2006 as amended  Supersedes November |   | Supersedes November 2015 |

# 2069, ABAMECTIN 36 g/I EW

Revision: Sections containing a revision or new information are marked with a .

#### ♣ SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING 1.1. Product identifier ..... 2069, ABAMECTIN 36 g/I EW **Contains avermectin B1a** Thor 3.6 EW Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against ..... Can be used as insecticide only. FMC Agricultural Solutions A/S 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety Thyborønvej 78 data sheet DK-7673 Harboøre Denmark SDS-Info@fmc.com 1.4. Emergency telephone number ... For leak, fire, spill or accident emergencies, call: Denmark: 45-69918573 (CHEMTREC) Medical emergency: Denmark: +45 82 12 12 12 **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION** 2.1. Classification of the substance or Acute oral toxicity: Category 4 (H302) mixture Eye irritation: Category 2 (H319) Toxic to reproduction: Category 2 (H361d) Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure: Category 2

miet is hearenfous as well

mist is hazardous as well.

The active ingredient abamectin is suspected of causing birth defects. It is a dangerous poison if swallowed or inhaled. It is harmful in contact with skin. On prolonged exposure the product

Hazards to the aquatic environment, acute: Category 1 (H400)

chronic: Category 1 (H410)

can cause several serious effects. See section 11.

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#### 2.2. Label elements

According to EU Reg. 1272/2008 as amended

Thor 3.6 EW

Hazard pictograms (GHS07, GHS08, GHS09)







Signal word ...... Warning

Hazard statements

H302 ...... Harmful if swallowed.
H319 ..... Causes serious eye irritation.

H361d ...... Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H373 ...... May cause damage to nervous system through prolonged or

repeated exposure.

Supplementary hazard statement

P312 .....

the instructions of use.

Precautionary statements

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P501 ...... Dispose of contents/container as hazardous waste.

PBT or vPvB.

#### **♣** SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. **Substances** ...... The product is a mixture, not a substance

3.2. **Mixtures** See section 16 for full text of hazard statements.

Abamectin ..... Content: 4% w/w

IUPAC name ....... (10E,14E,16E,22Z)-(1R,4S,5'S,6S,6'R,8R,12S,13S,20R,21R,24S)=

6'-[(S)-sec-butyl]-21,24-dihydroxy-5',11,13,22-tetramethyl-2-oxo-= 3,7,19-trioxatetracyclo[15.6.1.1<sup>4,8</sup>.0<sup>20,24</sup>]pentacosa-10,14,16,22-= tetraene-6-spiro-2'-(5',6'-dihydro-2'H-pyran)-12-yl 2,6-dideoxy-4-= O-(2,6-dideoxy-3-O-methyl-α-L-arabino-hexopyranosyl)-3-O-=

methyl-α-L-*arabino*-hexopyranoside

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Classification of the ingredient ..... Acute oral toxicity: Category 2 (H300)

Acute inhalation toxicity: Category 1 (H330) Toxic to reproduction: Category 2 (H361d)

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure: Category 1

(H372)

Hazards to the aquatic environment, acute: Category 1 (H400)

chronic: Category 1 (H410)

Structural formula .....

| Reportable ingredients                                   | Content (% w/w) | CAS no.     | EC no.<br>(EINECS no.) | Classification   |
|--|-----------------|-------------|------------------------|--|
| Octan-1-ol<br>Reg. no. 01-2119486978-10                  | 10              | 111-87-5    | 203-917-6              | Eye Irrit. 2 (H319)  |
| Ethoxylated propoxylated silicone                        | 6               | 134180-76-0 | None                   | Acute Tox. 4 (H312)<br>Acute Tox. 4 (H332)<br>Eye Irrit. 2 (H319)<br>Aquatic Chronic 2<br>(H411) |
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle             | max. 6          | 64742-46-7  | EINECS no.: 265-148-2  | Asp. Tox. 1 (H304)   |
| Tristyryl phenol-polyethylene glycol-<br>phosphoric acid | 4               | 114535-82-9 | None                   | Eye Irrit. 2 (H319)  |
| Alcohols, C16-18 and C18-unsatd., ethoxylated            | 1               | 68920-66-1  | NLP no.: 500-236-9     | Skin Irrit. 2 (H315)   |

#### **♣** SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

| 4.1. | Description of first aid measures | In case of exposure, do not wait for symptoms to develop. Immediately start the recommended procedures below.  |
|------|-----------------------------------|--|
|      | Inhalation                        | If experiencing any discomfort, immediately remove from exposure. Light cases: Keep person under surveillance. Get medical attention immediately if symptoms develop. Serious cases: Get medical attention immediately or call for an ambulance. |
|      | Skin contact                      | Clothing contaminated with material must be removed immediately  |

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attention if symptoms develop. Eye contact ..... Immediately rinse eyes with much water or eyewash solution, occasionally opening eyelids, until no evidence of chemical remains. Remove contact lenses after a few minutes and rinse again. See physician immediately. Call a doctor or get medical attention immediately. Make the Ingestion ..... exposed person rinse mouth and then drink 1 or 2 glasses of water or milk. Induce vomiting only if: 1. A significant amount (more than a mouthful) has been ingested 2. Patient is fully conscious 3. Medical aid is not readily available 4. Time since ingestion is less than one hour. Let the patient induce vomiting by touching the back of the throat with a finger. If vomiting occurs, take care that vomit does not enter airways. Let the exposed person rinse mouth and drink fluids again. Most important symptoms and Exposure causes symptoms of nervous system depression. High effects, both acute and delayed doses cause death by respiratory failure. Indication of any immediate If there is any sign of poisoning, call a doctor (physician), clinic or medical attention and special hospital immediately. Explain that the victim has been exposed to treatment needed an insecticide. Describe his/her condition and the extent of exposure. Immediately remove the exposed person from the area where the product is present. Perform artificial respiration if needed.

Abamectin acts as agonist of the GABA (gamma-aminobutyric

It may be helpful to show this safety data sheet to physician.

and all skin washed thoroughly with water and soap. Get medical

acid) neurotransmitter in nerve cells.

A specific antidote for exposure to this material is not known. Gastric lavage and/or the administration of activated charcoal can be considered. After decontamination, treatment should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition.

#### **SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

Notes to physician .....

4.2.

4.3.

fire from upwind to avoid hazardous vapours and toxic decomposition products. Fight fire from protected location or maximum possible distance. Dike area to prevent water runoff. Firemen should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing.

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#### SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

It is recommended to have a predetermined plan for the handling of spills. Empty, sealable vessels for the collection of spills should be available.

In case of large spill (involving 10 tonnes of the product or more):

- 1. Use personal protection equipment; see section 8
- 2. Call emergency telephone no.; see section 1
- 3. Alert authorities.

Observe all safety precautions when cleaning up spills. Use personal protection equipment. Depending on the magnitude of the spill this may mean wearing respirator, face mask or eye protection, chemical resistant clothing, gloves and rubber boots.

Stop the source of the spill immediately if safe to do so. Keep unprotected persons away from the spill area. Avoid and reduce vapour and mist formation as much as possible.

6.2. Environmental precautions .......

Contain the spill to prevent any further contamination of surface, soil or water. Wash waters must be prevented from entering surface water drains. Uncontrolled discharge into water courses must be alerted to the appropriate regulatory body.

6.3. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

It is recommended to consider possibilities to prevent damaging effects of spills, such as bunding or capping. See GHS (Annex 4, Section 6).

Surface water drains should be covered if appropriate. Minor spills on the floor or other impervious surface should be absorbed onto an absorptive material such as universal binder, hydrated lime, Fuller's earth or other absorbent clays. Collect the contaminated absorbent in suitable containers. Clean area with much water and industrial detergent. Absorb wash liquid onto absorbent and transfer to suitable containers. The used containers should be properly closed and labelled.

Large spills which soak into the ground should be dug up and transferred to suitable containers.

Spills in water should be contained as much as possible by isolation of the contaminated water. The contaminated water must be collected and removed for treatment or disposal.

6.4. Reference to other sections .......

See subsection 8.2. for personal protection. See section 13 for disposal.

#### **♣** SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling .....

In an industrial environment it is important to avoid all personal contact with the product, if possible by using closed systems with remote system control. The material should be handled by mechanical means as much as possible. Adequate ventilation or local exhaust ventilation is required. The exhaust gases should be

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filtered or treated otherwise. For personal protection in this situation, see section 8.

For its use as a pesticide, first look for precautions and personal protection measures on the officially approved label on the packaging or for other official guidance or policy in force. If these are lacking, see section 8.

Keep all unprotected persons and children away from working area.

Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before removing gloves, wash them with water and soap. After work, take off all work clothes and footwear. Take a shower, using water and soap. Wear only clean clothes when leaving job. Wash protective clothing and protective equipment with water and soap after each use.

Persons working with this material for a longer period should be careful to minimise exposure. See section 11. Pregnant women must avoid all work with the product, because it may damage the unborn child.

Do not discharge to the environment. Collect all waste material and remains from cleaning equipment, etc., and dispose of as hazardous waste. See section 13 for disposal.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage at temperatures not exceeding 35°C is recommended.

Keep in closed, labelled containers in the dark. Protect against strong heat from sunshine or other source.

The storage room should be constructed of incombustible material, closed, dry, ventilated and with impermeable floor, without access of unauthorised persons or children. A warning sign reading "POISON" is recommended. The room should only be used for storage of chemicals. Food, drink, feed and seed should not be present. A hand wash station should be available.

#### 7.3. **Specific end use(s)** ......

The product is a registered pesticide which may only be used for the applications it is registered for in accordance with a label approved by the regulatory authorities.

#### **♣** SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Personal exposure limits .....

To our knowledge not established for abamectin. An internal value of  $0.02~\rm mg$  abamectin/m $^3$  is recommended by the manufacturer.

Year

Mineral oil ACGIH (USA) TLV mist

2015 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, inhalable fraction

However, other personal exposure limits defined by local regulations may exist and must be observed.

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Abamectin

DNEL ..... 0.0025 mg/kg bw/day

PNEC, aquatic environment ...... 0.35 ng/l

8.2. Exposure controls ..... When used in a closed system, personal protection equipment will

not be required. The following is meant for other situations, when the use of a closed system is not possible, or when it is necessary to open the system. Consider the need to render equipment or piping

systems non-hazardous before opening.

The following precautions are primarily meant for handling of the undiluted product and for preparing the spray solution, but can be

recommended for spraying as well.



Respiratory protection

In the event of an accidental discharge of the material which produces a vapour or mist, workers must put on officially approved respiratory protection equipment with a universal filter type

including particle filter.



Protective gloves .....

Wear long chemical resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber or nitrile rubber. The breakthrough times of these materials for the product are unknown. Generally, however, the use of protective gloves will give only partial protection against dermal exposure. Small tears in the gloves and cross-contamination can easily occur. It is recommended to limit the work to be done manually and to change the gloves frequently. Be careful not to touch anything with contaminated gloves. Used gloves should be thrown out and not be reused.



Eye protection .......

Wear safety glasses or face shield. It is recommended to have an eye wash fountain immediately available in the workplace when

there is a potential for eye contact.



Other skin protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing to prevent skin contact depending on the extent of exposure. During most normal work situations where exposure to the material cannot be avoided for a limited time span, waterproof pants and apron of chemical resistant material or coveralls of polyethylene (PE) will be sufficient. Coveralls of PE must be discarded after use if contaminated. In cases of excessive or prolonged exposure, coveralls of barrier laminate may be required.

#### **♣** SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

#### 9.1. Information on physical and chemical properties

Appearance ..... White liquid, opaque Odour ..... Slight, aromatic Not determined Odour threshold ..... Undiluted: 6.5 at 25°C pH .....

1% aqueous dilution: 6.4 at 25°C

Melting point/freezing point ....... Initial boiling point and boiling range

Not determined Not determined

Abamectin: decomposes

Flash point .....

91.4°C

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Vapour pressure ...... **Abamectin**: < 1 x 10<sup>-5</sup> Pa at 25°C

Density: 0.947 g/ml at 20°C

Solubility (ies) ...... Solubility of **abamectin** at 25°C in:

octanol 74.3 g/l methanol 12.1 g/l hexanes 0.00443 g/l

water  $0.00054 \text{ g/l (at } 20^{\circ}\text{C)}$ 

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water Abamectin:  $log K_{ow} = 5.5$ 

Decomposition temperature ....... Decomposition of **abamectin** starts at 60°C.

9.2. Other information

Miscibility ...... The product can be dispersed in water.

#### **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Oxidising properties .....

Not oxidising

ambient temperatures.

10.3. **Possibility of hazardous reactions** None known.

10.4. **Conditions to avoid** ...... Heating of the product will evolve harmful and irritant vapours.

10.5. **Incompatible materials** ...... None known.

10.6. **Hazardous decomposition products** See subsection 5.2.

#### SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. **Information on toxicological effects** \* = Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Product** 

harmful by inhalation or by skin contact, but it may have hazardous effects by these routes as well. The acute toxicity is estimated from

data measured on a similar product as:

Route(s) of entry - ingestion LD<sub>50</sub>, oral, rat: 400 - 1200 mg/kg (method OECD 420)

- skin LD<sub>50</sub>, dermal, rat:  $\geq$  2000 mg/kg (method OECD 402) \*

- inhalation LC<sub>50</sub>, inhalation, rat: > 5.0 mg/l/4 h (method OECD 403) \*

signs of toxicity are expected at this concentration

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| Serious eye damage/irritation                          |              | Expected to be irritating to eyes.   |
|--|--------------|--|
| Respiratory or skin sensitisation                      |              | Not expected to be sensitising. *  |
| Germ cell mutagenicity                                 |              | The product contains no ingredients known to be mutagenic. *   |
| Carcinogenicity  |              | The product contains no ingredients known to be carcinogenic. *  |
| Reproductive toxici                                    | ty           | Reduced mating results and birth defects were observed in animal tests with abamectin at maternal toxic doses (3 studies).   |
| STOT – single expo                                     | sure         | To our knowledge, no specific effects have been observed after single exposure. *  |
| STOT – repeated exposure                               |              | The following was measured on the active ingredient abamectin: Target organ: primarily nervous system Abamectin has neurotoxic effects at prolonged exposure. In animal studies apathy and general bad condition were noted at dose levels of around 10 mg abamectin/kg bw/day. LOEL, oral: 0.5 mg/kg bw/day in an 18-week dog study (method OECD 409) LOAEC, inhalation: 0.0027 mg/l in a 30-day rat study (6 hrs/day). |
| Aspiration hazard                                      |              | The product does not present an aspiration pneumonia hazard. *   |
| Symptoms and effects, acute and delayed                |              | Exposure causes symptoms of nervous system depression, such as pupil dilation, vomiting, excitation, incoordination, tremors, lethargy, coma. High doses cause death by respiratory failure.   |
| Abamectin Toxicokinetics, metabolism and distribution  |              | Abamectin is rapidly absorbed and excreted with half-live times of one to two days. It is extensively metabolised. Bioaccumulation is not likely. Abamectin and its metabolites are found throughout all organs.   |
| Acute toxicity   |              | The substance is very toxic if swallowed and by inhalation. It is less toxic by skin contact. The acute toxicity is measured as:   |
| Route(s) of entry                                      | - ingestion  | LD <sub>50</sub> , oral, rat: 8.2 mg/kg (method OECD 401)  |
|  | - skin       | $LD_{50}$ , dermal, rat: > 2000 mg/kg (method OECD 402) *  |
|  | - inhalation | $LC_{50}$ , inhalation, rat: $0.031$ - $0.051$ mg/l/4 h (method OECD 403)  |
| Skin corrosion/irrita                                  | tion         | Not irritating to skin (method similar to OECD 404). *   |
| Serious eye damage/irritation                          |              | Not irritating to eyes (method OECD 405). *  |
| Respiratory or skin sensitisation                      |              | Not a skin sensitizer (method OECD 406). *   |
| Octan-1-ol Toxicokinetics, metabolism and distribution |              | Octan-1-ol is rapidly absorbed and extensively metabolised. It is primarily excreted by expiration as carbon dioxide.  |
| Acute toxicity   |              | The substance is not considered as harmful by inhalation, ingestion or skin contact. * The acute toxicity is measured as:  |

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Route(s) of entry - ingestion  $LD_{50}$ , oral, rat: > 3200 mg/kg

- skin LD<sub>50</sub>, dermal, guinea pig: > 1000 mg/kg

- inhalation LC<sub>50</sub>, inhalation, rat: not available

Skin corrosion/irritation ...... Mildly irritating to skin. \*

Serious eye damage/irritation ....... Mildly to moderately irritating to eyes. \*

Respiratory or skin sensitisation ... To our knowledge, allergenic effects have not been reported. \*

Ethoxylated propoxylated silicone

acute toxicity is measured as:

Route(s) of entry - ingestion LD<sub>50</sub>, oral, rat: 3200 mg/kg \*

- skin LD<sub>50</sub>, dermal, rabbit: 1500 mg/kg

LD<sub>50</sub>, dermal, rat: > 2000 mg/kg

- inhalation LC<sub>50</sub>, inhalation, rat: 1.08 mg/l/4 h (method OECD 403)

Skin corrosion/irritation ...... Slightly irritating to skin. \*

Serious eye damage/irritation ....... Severely irritating to eyes.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation ... Not a skin sensitizer. \*

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle

Acute toxicity ...... The substance is not considered as harmful by single exposure. \*

However, harmful effects may occur by inhalation. The acute

toxicity is measured as:

Route(s) of entry - ingestion LD<sub>50</sub>, oral, rat: > 5000 mg/kg (method OECD 401)

- skin LD<sub>50</sub>, dermal, rabbit:  $\geq 2000 \text{ mg/kg}$ 

(measured on a similar product, method OECD 402)

- inhalation LC<sub>50</sub>, inhalation, rat: 4.6 mg/l/4 h

(measured on a similar product, method OECD 403)

Skin corrosion/irritation ...... Irritating to skin (measured on a similar product, method OECD

404).

Serious eye damage/irritation ....... Mildly to moderately irritating to eyes (measured on a similar

product, method OECD 405). \*

Respiratory or skin sensitisation ... Not sensitising to skin (measured on a similar product, method

OECD 406). \*

Tristyryl phenol-polyethylene glycol-phosphoric acid

or skin contact. \* The acute toxicity is measured as:

Route(s) of entry - ingestion  $LD_{50}$ , oral, rat: > 2000 mg/kg (method OECD 401)

- skin LD<sub>50</sub>, dermal, rat: not determined

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- inhalation LC<sub>50</sub>, inhalation, rat: not determined

Serious eye damage/irritation ....... Irritating to eyes (method OECD 405).

Respiratory or skin sensitisation ... Not determined.

#### Alcohols, C16-18 and C18-unsatd., ethoxylated

Skin corrosion/irritation ...... Irritating to skin.

#### SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

stages of amphibians and insects. It is very toxic to fish and harmful to aquatic plants. It is not considered as harmful to birds and soil

macro- and microorganisms.

The ecotoxicity as estimated from data on a similar product:

12.2. **Persistence and degradability** .... **Abamectin** is not readily biodegradable. However, it undergoes

degradation in the environment and in waste water treatment plants. Primary degradation half-lives vary with circumstances from 14 to

20 days in different soil types. Abamectin is degraded

photochemically in soil and water as well.

The product contains minor amounts of not readily biodegradable ingredients which may not be degradable in waste water treatment

plants.

12.3. **Bioaccumulative potential** ........ See section 9 for octanol-water partition coefficients.

**Abamectin** is not expected to bioaccumulate. The Bioconcentration Factor (BCF) was measured to be 54 in zebrafish (*Danio rerio*;

whole fish).

12.4. **Mobility in soil** ...... **Abamectin** is mobile in soil.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

12.6. Other adverse effects ................................. Other relevant hazardous effects in the environment are not known.

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#### **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

13.1. **Waste treatment methods** .......... Remaining quantities of the material and empty but unclean packaging should be regarded as hazardous waste.

Disposal of waste and packagings must always be in accordance with all applicable local regulations.

> possibilities for reuse or reprocessing should first be considered. If this is not feasible, the material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing.

Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

Disposal of packaging ...... It is recommended to consider possible ways of disposal in the following order:

1. Reuse or recycling should first be considered. If offered for recycling, containers must be emptied and triply rinsed (or equivalent). Do not discharge rinsing water to sewer systems.

2. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.

3. Delivery of the packaging to a licensed service for disposal of hazardous waste.

4. Disposal in a landfill or burning in open air should only occur as a last resort. For disposal in a landfill containers should be emptied completely, rinsed and punctured to make them unusable for other purposes. If burned, stay out of smoke.

#### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

### ADR/RID/IMDG/IATA/ICAO classification

14.2. UN proper shipping name ........ Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (abamectin)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) ....... 9

14.4. Packing group ...... III

14.5. Environmental hazards ...... Marine pollutant

14.6. **Special precautions for user** ...... Do not discharge to the environment.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC code ......

....... The product should not be transported in bulk by ship.

#### **♣** SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso category in Annex I to Dir. 2012/18/EU: dangerous for the environment.

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The employer shall assess any risks to the safety or health and any possible effect on the pregnancies or breastfeeding of workers and decide what measures should be taken (Dir. 92/85/EEC).

The Young Worker Directive (94/33/EC) prohibits people under the age of 18 to work with this product.

All ingredients are covered by EU chemical legislation.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment ......

A chemical safety assessment is not required to be included for this product.

Method for classification ......

| Relevant changes in the safety data sheet | Minor cor   | rections only.  |
|---|---|---|
| List of abbreviations                     | ACGIH   | American Conference of Governmental Industrial<br>Hygienists  |
|   | CAS   | Chemical Abstracts Service  |
|   | Dir.  | Directive   |
|   | DNEL  | Derived No Effect Level   |
|   | EC  | European Community  |
|   | $EC_{50}$   | 50% Effect Concentration  |
|   | EINECS  | European INventory of Existing Commercial Chemical  |
|   |   | Substances  |
|   | $\mathbf{E}\mathbf{W}$  | Emulsion, oil in Water  |
|   | GHS   | Globally Harmonized classification and labelling<br>System of chemicals, Fifth revised edition 2013 |
|   | IBC   | International Bulk Chemical code  |
|   | <b>IUPAC</b>  | International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry   |
|   | $LC_{50}$   | 50% Lethal Concentration  |
|   | $LD_{50}$   | 50% Lethal Dose   |
|   | LOAEC   | Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Concentration  |
|   | LOEL  | Lowest Observed Effect Level  |
|   | MARPOL  | Set of rules from the International Maritime  |
|   |   | Organisation (IMO) for prevention of sea pollution  |
|   | NLP   | No Longer Polymer   |
|   | N.o.s.  | Not otherwise specified   |
|   | OECD  | Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development   |
|   | PBT   | Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic  |
|   | PNEC  | Predicted No Effect Concentration   |
|   | Reg.  | Regulation  |
|   | STOT  | Specific Target Organ Toxicity  |
|   | TLV   | Threshold Limit Value   |
|   | vPvB  | very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative   |
|   | WHO   | World Health Organisation   |
| References                                | Data measured on a similar product are unpublished company data.  Data on ingredients are available from published literature and can |   |

Acute oral toxicity: read-across Eye irritation: calculation rules

Toxic to reproduction: calculation rules

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|                        |  | arget organ toxicity - repeated exposure: calculation rules o the aquatic environment, acute: read-across chronic: calculation rules |
|------------------------|--|--|
| Used hazard statements | H300   | Fatal if swallowed.  |
|                        | H302   | Harmful if swallowed.  |
|                        | H304   | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.  |
|                        | H312   | Harmful in contact with skin.  |
|                        | H315   | Causes skin irritation.  |
|                        | H319   | Causes serious eye irritation.   |
|                        | H330   | Fatal if inhaled.  |
|                        | H332   | Harmful if inhaled.  |
|                        | H361d  | Suspected of damaging the unborn child.  |
|                        | H372   | Causes damage to nervous system through prolonged or repeated exposure.  |
|                        | H373   | May cause damage to nervous system through prolonged or repeated exposure.   |
|                        | H400   | Very toxic to aquatic life.  |
|                        | H410   | Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.  |
|                        | H411   | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.   |
|                        | EUH401   | To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions of use.   |
| Advice on training     | This material should only be used by persons who are made aware of its hazardous properties and have been instructed in the required safety precautions. |  |

The information provided in this safety data sheet is believed to be accurate and reliable, but uses of the product vary and situations unforeseen by Cheminova A/S may exist. The user has to check the validity of the information under local circumstances.

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