according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



# F4044-2 (Pethoxamid 480 EC) - EL

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

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### **SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION**

**Product identifier** 

Product name F4044-2 (Pethoxamid 480 EC) – EL

Other means of identification

Product code 50002898

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use

Can be used as herbicide only.

**Restrictions on use**Use as recommended by the label.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

<u>Manufacturer</u> FMC Corporation

2929 WALNUT ST

PHILADELPHIA PA 19104

USA

(215) 299-6000 SDS-Info@fmc.com

**Emergency telephone** 

For leak, fire, spill or accident emergencies, call:

1 800 / 424-9300 (CHEMTREC - U.S.A.) 1 703 / 741-5970 (CHEMTREC - International) 1 703 / 527-3887 (CHEMTREC - Alternate)

Medical emergency:

U.S.A. & Canada: +1 800 / 331-3148

All other countries: +1 651 / 632-6793 (Collect)

### **SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

# GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Flammable liquids : Category 4

Acute toxicity (Oral) : Category 4

Acute toxicity (Inhalation) : Category 4

Skin irritation : Category 2

Eye irritation : Category 2A

Skin sensitization : Category 1

Reproductive toxicity : Category 2

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Aspiration hazard : Category 1

**GHS** label elements

Hazard pictograms





Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements : H227 Combustible liquid.

H302 + H332 Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Precautionary Statements : Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210 Keep away from heat/ sparks/ open flames/ hot surfaces.

No smoking.

P261 Avoid breathing mist or vapors.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P272 Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of

the workplace.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/

face protection.

Response:

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON

CENTER/ doctor.

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water and soap. P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/

doctor if you feel unwell.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy

to do. Continue rinsing.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/

attention.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/

attention.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ atten-

tion.

P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

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P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alco-

hol-resistant foam to extinguish.

Storage:

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste dis-

posal plant.

Other hazards

Very toxic to aquatic life.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### **SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

### Components

| Chemical name                      | CAS-No.     | Concentration (% w/w) |
|------------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------|
| pethoxamide (ISO)                  | 106700-29-2 | 46.9                  |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy | 64742-94-5  | >= 30 - < 50          |
| arom.; Kerosine — unspecified      |             |                       |
| ethyl lactate                      | 97-64-3     | >= 5 - < 10           |
| benzoic acid                       | 65-85-0     | >= 5 - < 10           |
| calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate   | 26264-06-2  | >= 1 - < 5            |

Actual concentration is withheld as a trade secret

### **SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

General advice : Move out of dangerous area.

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Symptoms of poisoning may appear several hours later.

Do not leave the victim unattended.

If inhaled : Move to fresh air.

If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical

advice.

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of skin contact : If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

If on skin, rinse well with water. If on clothes, remove clothes.

In case of eye contact : Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water.

Remove contact lenses. Protect unharmed eye.

Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed : Keep respiratory tract clear.

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Do NOT induce vomiting.

Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If symptoms persist, call a physician. Take victim immediately to hospital.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

Exposure to skin may result in mild symptoms include itching, hives or rash, and skin redness. More severe symptoms include sneezing, itchy watery eyes, and difficulty breathing.

Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation.

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection Protection of first-aiders

and use the recommended protective clothing

Avoid inhalation, ingestion and contact with skin and eyes. If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific

personal protective equipment.

Notes to physician Treat symptomatically.

### **SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

Suitable extinguishing media : Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

High volume water jet

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

Hazardous combustion prod: :

ucts

Hydrogen cyanide Hydrogen chloride

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Carbon oxides

Fire may produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases.

Sulfur oxides

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

Use a water spray to cool fully closed containers.

Further information Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

For safety reasons in case of fire, cans should be stored sepa-

rately in closed containments.

Use a water spray to cool fully closed containers.

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Special protective equipment :

for fire-fighters

Firefighters should wear protective clothing and self-contained

breathing apparatus.

### **SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Use personal protective equipment.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Never return spills in original containers for re-use.

Mark the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to

unauthorized personnel.

Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective

equipment may intervene.

For disposal considerations see section 13.

Environmental precautions : Prevent product from entering drains.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local

/ national regulations (see section 13).

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

### **SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Advice on protection against :

fire and explosion

Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of

ignition.

Advice on safe handling : Avoid formation of aerosol.

Do not breathe vapors/dust.

Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. For personal protection see section 8.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.

Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national

regulations.

Persons susceptible to skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being

used.

Conditions for safe storage : No smoking.

Keep in a well-ventilated place.

Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and

kept upright to prevent leakage. Observe label precautions.

Electrical installations / working materials must comply with

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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the technological safety standards.

Further information on stor-

age stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

### **SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

### Ingredients with workplace control parameters

| Components   | CAS-No.    | Value type<br>(Form of<br>exposure)        | Control parameters / Permissible concentration | Basis |
|--|------------|--|--|-------|
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified | 64742-94-5 | TWA  | 200 mg/m3<br>(total hydrocarbon<br>vapor)      | ACGIH |
| benzoic acid   | 65-85-0    | TWA (Inhal-<br>able fraction<br>and vapor) | 0.5 mg/m3                                      | ACGIH |

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : No personal respiratory protective equipment normally re-

quired.

Hand protection

Material : Wear chemical resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate,

butyl rubber or nitrile rubber.

Remarks : The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed

with the producers of the protective gloves.

Eye protection : Eye wash bottle with pure water

Tightly fitting safety goggles

Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing

problems.

Skin and body protection : Impervious clothing

Choose body protection according to the amount and concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place.

Protective measures : Plan first aid action before beginning work with this product.

Always have on hand a first-aid kit, together with proper in-

structions.

Ensure that eye flushing systems and safety showers are

located close to the working place. Wear suitable protective equipment.

In the context of professional plant protection use as recommended, the end user must refer to the label and the instruc-

tions for use.

Hygiene measures : When using do not eat or drink.

When using do not smoke.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

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**SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES** 

Physical state : liquid

Form : emulsifiable concentrate

Color : yellow, brown

Odor : aromatic

Odor Threshold : No data available

pH : No data available

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Boiling point/boiling range : No data available

Flash point : 154.8 °F / 68.2 °C

Method: Seta closed cup

Based on data from similar materials

Evaporation rate : No data available

Self-ignition : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Vapor pressure : No data available

Relative vapor density : No data available

Relative density :  $1.024 (68 \degree F / 20 \degree C)$ 

Method: OECD Test Guideline 109

Density : No data available

Bulk density : No data available

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : dispersible

Solubility in other solvents : No data available

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Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: No data available

Autoignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : 12.8 mPa.s (68 °F / 20 °C)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 114
Based on data from similar materials

7.4 mPa.s (ca. 104 °F / 40 °C) Method: OECD Test Guideline 114 Based on data from similar materials

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : Non-oxidizing

Molecular weight : Not applicable

### **SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Chemical stability : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

None reasonably foreseeable.

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid extreme temperatures.

Avoid formation of aerosol. Heat, flames and sparks.

Incompatible materials : Avoid strong acids, bases, and oxidizers.

Hazardous decomposition

products

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

### **SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

# **Acute toxicity**

Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

**Product:** 

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): 1,659 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 425

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Symptoms: hypoactivity, Diarrhea, Breathing difficulties

Remarks: Based on data from a similar product.

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 2.06 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Symptoms: Breathing difficulties, hypoactivity

Assessment: The component/mixture is moderately toxic after

short term inhalation.

Remarks: Based on data from a similar product.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Symptoms: Irritation

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Remarks: Based on data from a similar product.

**Components:** 

pethoxamide (ISO):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 425

Assessment: The component/mixture is minimally toxic after

single ingestion.

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.33 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Remarks: no mortality

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 4,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Remarks: no mortality

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 4.688 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

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toxicity

ethyl lactate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 423

Symptoms: Fatality

Assessment: The component/mixture is minimally toxic after

single ingestion.

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.4 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

benzoic acid:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Mouse, male and female): 2,250 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

LD50 (Rat, male and female): 2,565 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC0 (Rat, male and female): 12.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Remarks: no mortality

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg

calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): 1,300 mg/kg

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity : Remarks: Not classified

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 2000 milligram per kilogram

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Product:

Species : Rabbit

Assessment : Irritating to skin.

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : irritating

Remarks : Based on data from a similar product.

Remarks : May cause skin irritation and/or dermatitis.

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### **Components:**

pethoxamide (ISO):

Species : Rabbit

Assessment : No skin irritation
Method : OPPTS 870.2500
Result : No skin irritation

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Species : Rabbit

Assessment : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Result : No skin irritation

Remarks : Minimal effects that do not meet the threshold for classifica-

tion.

Based on data from similar materials

ethyl lactate:

Method : OECD Test Guideline 431

Result : Skin irritation

benzoic acid:

Species : Guinea pig

Exposure time : 3 h

Result : Skin irritation

calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : Skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

**Product:** 

Species : Rabbit
Result : Eye irritation
Assessment : Irritating to eyes.

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Remarks : Based on data from a similar product.

**Components:** 

pethoxamide (ISO):

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation
Assessment : No eye irritation

Method : US EPA Test Guideline OPPTS 870.2400

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Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Species : Rabbit

Assessment : No eye irritation

Remarks : Minimal effects that do not meet the threshold for classifica-

tion.

Based on data from similar materials

ethyl lactate:

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye Method : OECD Test Guideline 437

benzoic acid:

Species : Rabbit Result : Corrosive

Method : Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, B.5

calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

### Respiratory or skin sensitization

### Skin sensitization

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

### Respiratory sensitization

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Product:** 

Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Routes of exposure : Dermal

Assessment : May cause sensitization by skin contact.

Method : OECD Test Guideline 429
Result : Causes skin sensitization.

Remarks : Based on data from a similar product.

**Components:** 

pethoxamide (ISO):

Routes of exposure : Dermal Species : Guinea pig

Method : US EPA Test Guideline OPPTS 870.2600
Result : May cause sensitization by skin contact.

Assessment : Harmful if swallowed.

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May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Test Type : Maximization Test

Species : Guinea pig

Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

ethyl lactate:

Test Type : Direct Peptide Reactivity Assay (DPRA)

Method : OECD Test Guideline 442C

Result : Does not cause skin sensitization.

Test Type : Patch test

Result : Does not cause skin sensitization.

benzoic acid:

Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Species : Mouse

Result : Does not cause skin sensitization.

calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:

Test Type : Maximization Test

Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406
Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Components:** 

pethoxamide (ISO):

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Ames test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: Mouse lymphoma assay

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Test system: Human lymphocytes

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Mouse Result: negative

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Test Type: In Vivo Rat Liver DNA Repair Test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Result: negative

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: reverse mutation assay

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Bone marrow chromosome aberration.

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

Result: negative

ethyl lactate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: reverse mutation assay

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: Micronucleus test Method: OECD Test Guideline 487

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 490

Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ

cell mutagen.

benzoic acid:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Micronucleus test

Test system: mouse lymphoma cells

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 487

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro Test system: Chinese hamster fibroblasts

Result: equivocal

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: chromosome aberration assay

Species: Rat (male)
Cell type: Bone marrow
Application Route: Ingestion

Exposure time: 96

Method: OECD Test Guideline 475

Result: negative

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calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: reverse mutation assay

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: chromosome aberration assay

Species: Rat (male and female)

Application Route: Oral Exposure time: 90 d Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ

cell mutagen.

Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Components:** 

pethoxamide (ISO):

Species : Rat
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 2 Years

LOAEL : 17 mg/kg bw/day

Result : negative

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

men

: Animal testing did not show any carcinogenic effects.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Species : Rat, male and female
Application Route : inhalation (vapor)
Exposure time : 12 month(s)
NOAEC : 1.8 mg/l
Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:

Species : Rat, male and female

Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 720 d

NOAEL : 250 mg/kg body weight

Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Carcinogenicity - Assess- : Weight of evidence does not support classification as a car-

ment cinogen

•

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IARC No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

**OSHA**No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.

NTP No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

### Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

### **Components:**

### pethoxamide (ISO):

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation study

Species: Rat

General Toxicity Parent: NOAEL: 14 mg/kg bw/day

Fertility: NOAEL: 112 mg/kg bw/day

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Developmental toxicity study

Species: Rat, female Application Route: Oral

General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 75 mg/kg bw/day Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 75 mg/kg bw/day

Symptoms: Maternal effects.

Result: negative

Test Type: Developmental toxicity study

Species: Rabbit, female Application Route: Oral

General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 50 mg/kg bw/day Developmental Toxicity: NOEL: 50 mg/kg bw/day

Symptoms: Maternal effects.

Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Animal testing showed no reproductive toxicity.

### ethyl lactate:

Effects on fertility : Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

General Toxicity Parent: NOAEL: 600 mg/kg bw/day General Toxicity F1: NOAEL: < 75 mg/kg body weight

Target Organs: male reproductive organs Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on

animal experiments.

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calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development

Species: Rat, male and female Application Route: Ingestion

General Toxicity Parent: NOAEL: 400 mg/kg body weight

Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: reproductive and developmental toxicity study

Species: Rat

**Application Route: Ingestion** 

General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 300 mg/kg body weight Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 600 mg/kg body weight

Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

: Weight of evidence does not support classification for repro-

ductive toxicity

### STOT-single exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Components:**

pethoxamide (ISO):

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target

organ toxicant, single exposure.

ethyl lactate:

Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation.

### STOT-repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Components:**

pethoxamide (ISO):

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target

organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

### Repeated dose toxicity

### **Components:**

### pethoxamide (ISO):

Species : Rat

LOAEL : 36.2 mg/kg bw/day

Application Route : Oral - feed Exposure time : 90 days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 408

Remarks : Effects are of limited toxicological significance.

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Repeated dose toxicity -

Assessment

Harmful if swallowed.

### Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Species : Rat, male and female NOAEC : 0.9 - 1.8 mg/l
Application Route : inhalation (vapor) Exposure time : 12 months

### calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:

Species : Rat, male and female

NOAEL : 85 mg/kg LOAEL : 145 mg/kg Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 9 Months

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Species : Rat, male
LOAEL : 286 mg/kg
Application Route : Skin contact
Exposure time : 15 Days

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Species : Rat, male and female NOAEL : 100 mg/kg bw/day LOAEL : 200 mg/kg bw/day Application Route : Oral - gavage Exposure time : 28 - 54 days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 422

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

### **Aspiration toxicity**

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

### **Components:**

### pethoxamide (ISO):

No aspiration toxicity classification

### Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

### **Experience with human exposure**

### **Components:**

### Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Skin contact : Symptoms: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or

cracking.

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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### **Neurological effects**

### Components:

### pethoxamide (ISO):

No neurotoxicity observed in animal studies.

### **Further information**

**Product:** 

Remarks : Solvents may degrease the skin.

Remarks : Solvents may degrease the skin.

### Components:

### Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Remarks : Vapour concentrations above recommended exposure levels

are irritating to the eyes and the respiratory tract, may cause headaches and dizziness, are anaesthetic and may have other central nervous system effects. Prolonged and/or repeated skin contact with low viscosity materials may defat the skin resulting in possible irritation and dermatitis. Small amounts of liquid aspirated into the lungs during ingestion or from vomiting may cause chemical pneumonitis or pulmonary edema.

### **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### **Ecotoxicity**

**Product:** 

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 2.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

GLP: yes

Remarks: Based on data from a similar product.

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 23 mg/l

End point: Immobilization Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

GLP: yes

Remarks: Based on data from a similar product.

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EyC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 5.68 µg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

GLP: yes

Remarks: Based on data from a similar product.

NOEC (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 2.39

µg/m3

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

GLP: yes

Remarks: Based on data from a similar product.

NOEC (Lemna gibba (duckweed)): 3.24 µg/l

Exposure time: 7 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 221

Remarks: Based on data from a similar product.

EyC50 (Lemna gibba (duckweed)): 7.32 μg/l

Exposure time: 7 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 221

Remarks: Based on data from a similar product.

**Ecotoxicology Assessment** 

Acute aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life.

**Components:** 

pethoxamide (ISO):

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 2.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 1.7 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 6.6 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 20 - 25 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

GLP: yes

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 17 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

GLP: yes

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 0.00195

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

EbC50 (Lemna minor (duckweed)): 0.0079 mg/l

Exposure time: 14 d

GLP: yes

ErC50 (Lemna minor (duckweed)): 0.018 mg/l

Exposure time: 14 d

GLP: yes

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.004

mg/l

Exposure time: 120 h Test Type: static test

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)):

0.0012 mg/l

Exposure time: 120 h Test Type: static test

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 1.1 mg/l

Exposure time: 28 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 2.8 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (Anabaena flos-aquae (cyanobacterium)): 9.4 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to soil dwelling or-

ganisms

LC50 (Eisenia fetida (earthworms)): 527 mg/kg

Exposure time: 14 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 216

Remarks: No significant adverse effect on Nitrogen minerali-

zation.

Method: OECD Test Guideline 217

Remarks: No significant adverse effect on Carbon mineraliza-

tion.

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

LD50 (Apis mellifera (bees)): 84.4 -120.5

End point: Acute oral toxicity

LD50 (Apis mellifera (bees)): > 200 µg/bee

End point: Acute contact toxicity

LD50 (Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)): ca. 1,500 - 2,100

mg/kg

Method: EPA OPP 71-1

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Toxicity to fish : LL50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 2 - 5 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1.4 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 1 - 3

mg/l

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Exposure time: 24 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.89 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Toxicity to microorganisms : LL50 (Tetrahymena pyriformis): 677.9 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test Type: Growth inhibition

ethyl lactate:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 320 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia): 560 mg/l End point: Immobilization Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

(algae): > 100 mg/l

EC50 (algae): 417.339 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Method: QSAR

NOEC (algae): 1.71 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: QSAR

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

benzoic acid:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 44.6 mg/l

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50: 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-:

icity)

NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 120 mg/l

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

(Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 25 mg/l

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (Anabaena flos-aquae (cyanobacterium)): 1,000 mg/l

calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 10 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 4.6 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 3.5 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 7.9

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 65.4

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1.65 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1.18 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): 500 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Toxicity to soil dwelling or-

ganisms

LC50 (Eisenia fetida (earthworms)): 1,000 mg/kg

Exposure time: 14 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 207

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

LD50 (Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)): 1,356 mg/kg

Exposure time: 14 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 223

### Persistence and degradability

**Product:** 

Biodegradability : Remarks: Not readily biodegradable.

Components:

pethoxamide (ISO):

Biodegradability : Remarks: Not readily biodegradable.

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 58.6 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

ethyl lactate:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

benzoic acid:

Biodegradability : Inoculum: activated sludge

Biodegradation: 89.5 % Exposure time: 35 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 311

calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301E

**Bioaccumulative potential** 

**Product:** 

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: No data available

**Components:** 

pethoxamide (ISO):

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: 2.96 (68 °F / 20 °C)

octanol/water pH: 5

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: The product/substance has a potential to bioaccu-

mulate.

Partition coefficient: n-

: log Pow: 3.72 Method: QSAR

octanol/water

ethyl lactate:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 0.7

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benzoic acid:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 1.88

calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Fish

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 70.79

Method: QSAR

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 4.77 (77 °F / 25 °C)

Mobility in soil

Components:

pethoxamide (ISO):

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

: Remarks: Moderately mobile in soils

Stability in soil :

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Remarks: Expected to partition to sediment and wastewater

solids. Moderately volatile.

Other adverse effects

**Product:** 

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Regulation: 40 CFR Protection of Environment; Part 82 Pro-

tection of Stratospheric Ozone - CAA Section 602 Class I

Substances

Remarks: This product neither contains, nor was manufactured with a Class I or Class II ODS as defined by the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 602 (40 CFR 82, Subpt. A, App.A + B).

Additional ecological infor-

mation

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of

unprofessional handling or disposal.

Toxic to aquatic life.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of

unprofessional handling or disposal.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS** 

**Disposal methods** 

Waste from residues : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water

courses or the soil.

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemi-

cal or used container.

Send to a licensed waste management company.

Contaminated packaging : Empty remaining contents.

Dispose of as unused product. Do not re-use empty containers.

Do not burn, or use a cutting torch on, the empty drum.

### **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

### **International Regulations**

**UNRTDG** 

UN number : UN 3082

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(Pethoxamide)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
Environmentally hazardous : yes

**IATA-DGR** 

UN/ID No. : UN 3082

Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.

(Pethoxamide)

Class : 9 Packing group : III

Labels : Miscellaneous

Packing instruction (cargo

aircraft)

964

Packing instruction (passen-

ger aircraft)

964

Environmentally hazardous : yes

**IMDG-Code** 

UN number : UN 3082

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(Pethoxamide)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
EmS Code : F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant : yes

### Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

### **Domestic regulation**

49 CFR Road

UN/ID/NA number : UN 3082

Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Class : 9
Packing group : III

Labels : CLASS 9 ERG Code : 171 Marine pollutant : yes()

### Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

### **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

### **CERCLA Reportable Quantity**

Listed substances in the product are at low enough levels to not be expected to exceed the RQ

### SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

### SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards : No SARA Hazards

SARA 313 : This material does not contain any chemical components with

known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

### Clean Air Act

This product neither contains, nor was manufactured with a Class I or Class II ODS as defined by the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 602 (40 CFR 82, Subpt. A, App.A + B).

This product does not contain any hazardous air pollutants (HAP), as defined by the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 112 (40 CFR 61).

This product does not contain any chemicals listed under the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 112(r) for Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130, Subpart F).

The following chemical(s) are listed under the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 111 SOCMI Intermediate or Final VOC's (40 CFR 60.489):

benzoic acid 65-85-0 >= 5 - < 10 %

### **Clean Water Act**

The following Hazardous Substances are listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table 116.4A:

benzoic acid 65-85-0 >= 5 - < 10 % calcium dodecylben- 26264-06-2 >= 1 - < 5 %

zenesulphonate

The following Hazardous Chemicals are listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table 117.3:

benzoic acid 65-85-0 >= 5 - < 10 % calcium dodecylben- 26264-06-2 >= 1 - < 5 %

zenesulphonate

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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This product does not contain any toxic pollutants listed under the U.S. Clean Water Act Section

This product does not contain any priority pollutants related to the U.S. Clean Water Act

### **US State Regulations**

### **Massachusetts Right To Know**

ethyl lactate 97-64-3 benzoic acid 65-85-0 calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate 26264-06-2

### Pennsylvania Right To Know

pethoxamide (ISO) 106700-29-2 Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — un- 64742-94-5

specified

ethyl lactate 97-64-3 benzoic acid 65-85-0 Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),  $\alpha$ -[tris(1-phenylethyl)phenyl]- $\omega$ - 99734-09-5

nydroxy-

calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate 26264-06-2

### **Maine Chemicals of High Concern**

Product does not contain any listed chemicals

### **Vermont Chemicals of High Concern**

Product does not contain any listed chemicals

### **Washington Chemicals of High Concern**

Product does not contain any listed chemicals

### **California List of Hazardous Substances**

benzoic acid 65-85-0 calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate 26264-06-2

### The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

TCSI : Not in compliance with the inventory

TSCA : Product contains substance(s) not listed on TSCA inventory.

AIIC : Not in compliance with the inventory

DSL : This product contains the following components that are not

on the Canadian DSL nor NDSL.

2-CHLORO-N-(2-ETHOXYETHYL)-N-(2-METHYL-1-

PHENYLPROP-1-ENYL)ACETAMIDE

ENCS : Not in compliance with the inventory

ISHL : Not in compliance with the inventory

KECI : Not in compliance with the inventory

PICCS : Not in compliance with the inventory

IECSC : Not in compliance with the inventory

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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NZIoC : Not in compliance with the inventory

TECI: Not in compliance with the inventory

### **TSCA list**

No substances are subject to a Significant New Use Rule.

No substances are subject to TSCA 12(b) export notification requirements.

### **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

### Further information

### NFPA 704:

# Flammability Health 2 0 Instability

Special hazard

**0** No health threat, **1** Slightly Hazardous, **2** Hazardous, **3** Extreme danger, **4** Deadly

### HMIS® IV:



HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. The "\*" represents a chronic hazard, while the "/" represents the absence of a chronic hazard.

### Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dan-

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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gerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI -Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ -Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

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End of Material Safety Data Sheet