

Thyborønvej 78 DK-7673 Harboøre Denmark

+45 9690 9690 www.fmc.com

CVR No. DK 12 76 00 43

| Material group | 04T | Page 1 of 14 |
|---|----------------|-------------------------|
| Product name | Danafloat™ 068 | |
| | | Revision: August 2020 |
| Safety data sheet according to EU Reg. 1907/2006 as amended | | Supersedes January 2020 |

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Danafloat™ 068

Revision: Sections containing a revision or new information are marked with a .

♣ SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier Danafloat™ 068

Contains sodium O,O-ditolyl phosphorodithioate, cresols

and sodium hydroxide

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses

advised against Can be used as flotation reagent (flotation collector) only.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety

data sheet

FMC Agricultural Solutions A/S

+48 22 619 08 97

Thyborønvej 78 DK-7673 Harboøre

Denmark

SDS.Ronland@fmc.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Medical emergencies:

Malta: 112 Austria: +43 1 406 43 43

Netherlands: +31 30 274 88 88 Belgium: +32 70 245 245 Norway: +47 22 591300 Bulgaria: +359 2 9154 409 Poland: +48 22 619 66 54 Cyprus: 1401

Czech Republic: +420 224 919 293

Portugal: 800 250 250 (in Portugal only)

+420 224 915 402

Denmark: +45 82 12 12 12 +351 21 330 3284 England and Wales: 111 Romania: +40 21318 3606 Scotland: +8454 24 24 24 Estonia: +372 7943500

Slovakia: +421 2 54 77 4 166 Finland: +358 9 471 977 Slovenia: +386 41 650 500 France: +33 (0) 1 45 42 59 59 South Africa: +27 83 123 3911 (Bateleur Emergency Response Co.) Greece: 30 210 77 93 777

Spain: +34 91 562 04 20 Hungary: +36 80 20 11 99

Sweden: +46 08-331231 Ireland (Republic): +353 1 837 9964 112 Italy: +39 02 6610 1029

112

Latvia: +371 670 42 473

U.S.A. & Canada: +1 800 / 331 3148 Lithuania: +370 523 62052

All other countries: +1 651 / 632 6793 (Collect) +370 687 53378

Turkey: 114

Switzerland: 145

Luxembourg: +352 8002 5500



Thyborønvej 78 DK-7673 Harboøre Denmark +45 9690 9690 www.fmc.com CVR No. DK 12 76 00 43

| Material group | 04T | Page 2 of 14 |
|----------------|----------------|--------------|
| Product name | Danafloat™ 068 | |
| | | August 2020 |

For fire, leak, spill or other accident emergencies:

U.S.A.: +1 800 / 424 9300 (CHEMTREC)

All other countries: +1 703 / 741 5970 (CHEMTREC - Collect)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Acute oral toxicity: Category 4 (H302) Acute inhalation toxicity: Category 3 (H331)

Skin corrosion: Category 1B (H314) Eye damage: Category 1 (H318)

Health hazards

The hazardous properties of the product are expected to be dominated

by those of cresols.

Cresols are poisonous and can cause severe irritation to skin, eyes, airways and digestive tract. They can cause permanent damage, indepth burns and blindness. They enter the body on contact with all skin surfaces, eyes, and by inhalation. They attack the central nervous system, respiratory tract, liver and kidneys. After severe

contamination death can rapidly occur.

Long-term effects include permanent damage to tissues, most often skin, lungs, central nervous system, liver and kidneys. Hypersensitivity develops in certain individuals.

Cresols may have a local anaesthetic effect. Permanent damage to health may already occur before the smell threshold is crossed. Moreover, the amount of pain experienced on exposure is no measure for the actual damage. Long-term effects may be more severe.

Environmental hazards

The product may be hazardous in the aquatic environment.

2.2. Label elements

According to EU Reg. 1272/2008 as amended

Product identifier Danafloat™ 068

Contains sodium O,O-ditolyl phosphorodithioate, cresols and sodium hydroxide

Hazard pictograms (GHS06, GHS05)





Signal word Danger

Hazard statements

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H331 Toxic if inhaled.



Thyborønvej 78 DK-7673 Harboøre Denmark +45 9690 9690 www.fmc.com CVR No. DK 12 76 00 43

| Material group | 04T | Page 3 of 14 |
|----------------|----------------|--------------|
| Product name | Danafloat™ 068 | |
| | | August 2020 |

Precautionary statements P261 Avoid breathing vapours. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. P264 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection or face P280 protection. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. P310 P501 Dispose of contents and container as hazardous waste. None of the ingredients in the product meets the criteria for being PBT 2.3. **Other hazards** or vPvB.

♣ SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

| 3.1. Substances The production | uct is a mixture, not a substance |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|

3.2. **Mixtures** See section 16 for full text of hazard statements.

Active ingredient

Cresyl-dtp-NaContent: 48 - 52% by weightCAS namePhosphorodithioic acid, O,O-bis(methylphenyl) ester, sodium saltCAS no.61792-48-1

 IUPAC name
 Sodium O,O-ditolyl phosphorodithioate

 EU name
 Sodium O,O-bis(methylphenyl) dithiophosphate

Classification of the ingredient Acute oral toxicity: Category 4 (H302)

Acute inhalation toxicity: Category 1 (H330)

Skin corrosion: Category 1B (H314)

Reportable ingredients Content CAS no. EC no. Classification

(% w/w) (EINECS no.)

Mix-cresol 4 - 9 1319-77-3 215-293-2 Acute Tox. 3 (H301)

Acute Tox. 3 (H311) Skin Corr. 1B (H314)



Thyborønvej 78 DK-7673 Harboøre Denmark +45 9690 9690 www.fmc.com CVR No. DK 12 76 00 43

| Material group | 04T | Page 4 of 14 |
|----------------|----------------|--------------|
| Product name | Danafloat™ 068 | August 2020 |

Sodium hydroxide Reg. no. 01-2119457892-27 max. 2.5 1310-73-2 215-185-5

Skin Corr. 1A (H314) Specific concentration limits: Eye Irrit. 2(H319): $0.5\% \le C < 2\%$ Skin Corr. 1A (H314): $C \ge 5\%$ Skin Corr. 1B (H314): $2\% \le C < 5\%$ Skin Irrit. 2 (H315): $0.5\% \le C$

< 2%

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

effects, both acute and delayed

| 4.1. | Description of first aid measures | In case of exposure, do not wait for symptoms to develop. Immediately start the recommended procedures below. The speed of decontamination is essential in preventing dermal burns as well as systemic toxicity from cresol. If breathing has stopped, start artificial respiration immediately and maintain until a physician takes care of the victim. |
|------|-----------------------------------|--|
| | Inhalation | If experiencing any discomfort, immediately remove from exposure. Light cases: Keep person under surveillance. Get medical attention immediately if symptoms develop. Serious cases: Get medical attention immediately or call for an ambulance. |
| | Skin contact | Immediately flush with much polyethylene glycol/ethanol mixture or if this is not available with water while removing contaminated clothing and footwear. Do not wipe off. Wash with water and soap. See physician immediately if experiencing pain or if irritation develops. |
| | Eye contact | Immediately rinse eyes with much water or eyewash solution, occasionally opening eyelids. Remove contact lenses after a few minutes and rinse again. See physician immediately. Continue rinsing underway to physician, also after initial pain has subsided. |
| | Ingestion | Let the exposed person rinse mouth and let him/her drink several glasses of water or milk. Let the exposed person take a few spoonfuls of food oil (olive oil or other plant oil, no paraffin oil). Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting does occur, give fluids again. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Make the exposed person sit in half-upright position and keep him/her steady. Get medical attention immediately. |
| 4.2. | Most important symptoms and | Burning pain in nose, mouth, eyes and skin, nausea, headache, |

vomiting, convulsions, tightness in chest, laboured breathing,

unconsciousness, cardiac arrest.



Thyborønvej 78 DK-7673 Harboøre Denmark +45 9690 9690 www.fmc.com CVR No. DK 12 76 00 43

| Material group | 04T | Page 5 of 14 |
|----------------|----------------|--------------|
| Product name | Danafloat™ 068 | |
| | | August 2020 |

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Call a physician, poison centre or hospital immediately. Describe the type and extent of exposure and the victim's condition.

A mixture of polyethylene glycol and ethanol (2:1) has proven most suitable for removal of cresols from skin. It should be kept available for rapid use at the workplace.

It may be helpful to show this safety data sheet to physician.

Note to physician In case lungs are affected watch for pulmonary oedema.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

The essential breakdown products are volatile, toxic, malodorous, irritant and inflammable compounds such as alkyl mercaptans, hydrogen sulphide, dialkyl sulphide, sulphur dioxide, phosphorous pentoxide, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Approach fire from upwind to avoid hazardous vapours and toxic decomposition products. Fight fire from protected location or maximum possible distance. Dike area to prevent water runoff. Firemen should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

It is recommended to have a predetermined plan for the handling of spills. Empty, closable vessels for the collection of spills should be available.

In case of large spill (involving 1 tonne of the product or more):

- 1. use personal protection equipment; see section 8
- 2. call emergency telephone no.; see section 1
- 3. alert authorities.

Observe all safety precautions when cleaning up spills. Use personal protection equipment. Depending on the magnitude of the spill this may mean wearing respirator, face mask or eye protection, chemical resistant clothing, gloves and rubber boots.

Stop the source of the spill immediately if safe to do so. Keep unprotected persons away from the spill area. Remove sources of ignition. Avoid and reduce mist formation as much as possible. Personal exposure by splashing must be avoided.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain the spill to prevent any further contamination of surface, soil or water. Wash waters must be prevented from entering surface water



Thyborønvej 78 DK-7673 Harboøre Denmark +45 9690 9690 www.fmc.com CVR No. DK 12 76 00 43

| Material group | 04T | Page 6 of 14 |
|----------------|----------------|--------------|
| Product name | Danafloat™ 068 | |
| | | August 2020 |

drains. Uncontrolled discharge into water courses must be alerted to the appropriate regulatory body.

6.3. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

It is recommended to consider possibilities to prevent damaging effects of spills, such as bunding or capping. See GHS (Annex 4, Section 6).

Surface water drains should be covered if appropriate. Minor spills on the floor or other impervious surface should be absorbed onto an absorptive material such as universal binder, bentonite, Fuller's earth or other absorbent clays. Collect the contaminated absorbent in suitable containers. Clean area with much water and industrial detergent. Absorb wash liquid onto absorbent and transfer to suitable containers. The used containers should be properly closed and labelled.

Large spills which soak into the ground should be dug up and transferred to suitable containers.

Spills in water should be contained as much as possible by isolation of the contaminated water. The contaminated water must be collected and removed for treatment or disposal.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See subsection 8.2. for personal protection. See section 13 for disposal.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

In an industrial environment, it is recommended to avoid all personal contact with the product, if possible by using closed systems with remote system control. The material should be handled by mechanical means as much as possible. Adequate ventilation or local exhaust ventilation is required. The exhaust gases should be filtered or treated otherwise.

Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before removing gloves, wash them with water and soap. After work, take off all work clothes and footwear. Take a shower, using water and soap. Wear only clean clothes when leaving job. Wash protective clothing and protective equipment with water and soap after each use.

Do not discharge to the environment. Collect all waste material and remains from cleaning equipment, etc., and dispose of as hazardous waste. See section 13 for disposal.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

The product is stable under normal conditions of warehouse storage. To avoid freezing, store wherever possible above 0° C.

Store in labelled, tightly closed plastic drums or coated steel drums.



8.1.

FMC Agricultural Solutions A/S

Thyborønvej 78 DK-7673 Harboøre Denmark

+45 9690 9690 www.fmc.com

CVR No. DK 12 76 00 43

| Material group | 04T | Page 7 of 14 |
|----------------|----------------|--------------|
| Product name | Danafloat™ 068 | |
| | | August 2020 |

The storage room should be constructed of incombustible material, closed, dry, ventilated and with impermeable floor, without access of unauthorised persons or children. A warning sign reading "POISON" is recommended. The room should only be used for storage of chemicals. Food, drink, feed and seed should not be present. A hand wash station should be available.

7.3. **Specific end use(s)** Can be used as flotation reagent (flotation collector) only.

SECT

| • | specific end us | c(s) | Call be | used as notation reagent (notation conector) only. |
|---|---------------------------------|--|---|---|
| [" | TION 8: EXPOS | URE CONTROLS/PE | RSONA | L PROTECTION |
| Control parameters Personal exposure limits | | | knowledge, no personal exposure limits have been established active ingredient cresyl-dtp-Na. | |
| | Cresol | ACGIH (USA) TLV OSHA (USA) PEL EU, 2000/39/EC as amended Germany, MAK HSE (UK) WEL ACGIH (USA) TLV | Year 2015 2015 2017 2014 2011 | TWA 20 mg/m³ inhalable fraction and vapour Skin notation 8-hr TWA 5 ppm (22 mg/m³); skin notation Not established Biological limit value 200 mg/l in urine; skin notation Not established CEILING 2 mg/m³ |
| | hydroxide | OSHA (USA) PEL EU, 2000/39/EC as amended Germany, MAK HSE (UK) WEL | | 8-hr TWA 2 mg/m³ Not established Cannot be established at present STEL 2 mg/m³, 15 minutes reference period er, other personal exposure limits defined by local regulations ist and must be observed. |
| | DNEL, irritation PNEC, freshwat | on, systemic effects of airways ter | 3.5 mg/ 0.9 mg/ 100 µg/ 3 µg/l | m^3 |
| | | xide erm DNEL, dermal rm DNEL, inhalation | < 2% 1 mg/m | 1 ³ |

Not relevant

8.2. Exposure controls

PNEC, aquatic environment

When used in a closed system, personal protection equipment will not be required. The following is meant for other situations, when the use of a closed system is not possible, or when it is necessary to open the system. Consider the need to render equipment or piping systems nonhazardous before opening.



Thyborønvej 78 DK-7673 Harboøre Denmark +45 9690 9690 www.fmc.com CVR No. DK 12 76 00 43

| Material group | 04T | Page 8 of 14 |
|----------------|----------------|--------------|
| Product name | Danafloat™ 068 | |
| | | August 2020 |

In cases of incidental high exposure, maximal personal protection equipment may be necessary, such as respirator, face mask, chemical resistant coveralls.



Respiratory protection

In the event of an accidental discharge of the material which produces a heavy vapour or mist, workers must put on officially approved respiratory protection equipment with a universal filter type including particle filter.



Protective gloves

Wear chemical resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber or nitrile rubber. The breakthrough time of these materials for this product are unknown. Generally, however, the use of protective gloves will give only partial protection against dermal exposure. Small tears in the gloves and cross-contamination can easily occur. It is recommended to limit the work to be done manually and to change the gloves regularly. Used gloves should be thrown out and not be reused.



Eye protection

Preferably wear a face shield, rather than goggles or safety glasses. It is recommended to have an eye wash fountain immediately available in the workplace when there is a potential for eye contact.



Other skin protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing to prevent skin contact depending on the extent of exposure. During most normal work situations where exposure to the material cannot be avoided for a limited time span, waterproof pants and apron of chemical resistant material or coveralls of polyethylene (PE) will be sufficient. Coveralls of PE must be discarded after use if contaminated. In cases of excessive or prolonged exposure, coveralls of barrier laminate may be required.

* SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Boiling point or initial boiling point

The product is miscible with water



Thyborønvej 78 DK-7673 Harboøre Denmark +45 9690 9690

www.fmc.com

CVR No. DK 12 76 00 43

| Material group | 04T | Page 9 of 14 |
|----------------|----------------|--------------|
| Product name | Danafloat™ 068 | August 2020 |

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water

 (log value)
 Not determined

 Vapour pressure
 Not determined

Density and/or relative density Density: 1.16 - 1.20 g/ml

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

temperatures.

10.3. **Possibility of hazardous reactions** None known.

10.4. **Conditions to avoid** Heating of the product will evolve harmful and irritant vapours.

10.5. **Incompatible materials** Acids

10.6. **Hazardous decomposition products** See subsection 5.2.

♣ SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

| 11.1. | Information on hazard classes as |
|-------|----------------------------------|
| | defined in Regulation (EC) No |
| | 1272/2008 |

* = Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

<u>Product</u>

Acute toxicity The product is expected to be toxic by inhalation and harmful by

ingestion. The acute toxicity is estimated as:

Route(s) of entry - ingestion LD_{50} , oral, rat: 500 - 2000 mg/kg

- skin LD_{50} , dermal, rat: > 2000 mg/kg * - inhalation LC_{50} , inhalation, rat: 0.5 - 1 mg/l/4 h

Skin corrosion/irritation Expected to be seriously irritating to skin.

Serious eye damage/irritation Expected to be severely irritating to eyes with the potential to cause

permanent eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation ... To our knowledge, no indications of allergenic properties have been

recorded. Not expected to have sensitising properties. *

ovary cells, but not in ovaries of Drosophila melanogaster. Results

from other mutagenicity tests were mixed as well.



Thyborønvej 78 DK-7673 Harboøre Denmark +45 9690 9690 www.fmc.com

| CVR No. DK 12 76 00 43 | C۷ | 'R | No. | DK | 12 | 76 | 00 | 43 |
|------------------------|----|----|-----|----|----|----|----|----|
|------------------------|----|----|-----|----|----|----|----|----|

| Material group | 04T | Page 10 of 14 |
|----------------|----------------|---------------|
| Product name | Danafloat™ 068 | |
| | | August 2020 |

Carcinogenicity The product contains no ingredient known to be carcinogenic. * Reproductive toxicity The product contains no ingredient found to have adverse effects on reproduction. * STOT – single exposure Cresols may have narcotic effects. They may cause irritation of airways. * STOT – repeated exposure The effects of chronic exposure are unknown, but must be expected to be severe. The following was measured for cresols: LOEL for inhalation of cresol: 0.05 µg/l in a 90-day test with rats. Effects were observed on central nervous system and lungs. For ingestion, a LOEL of 30000 ppm in food was found in a 91-day dietary test with rats. At this level there were various effects on liver, kidneys, testes, nose, thyroid, bone marrow, oesophagus, forestomach and uterus. Aspiration hazard The product contains no ingredients known to present an aspiration pneumonia hazard. *

Sodium O,O-ditolyl phosphorodithioate

Acute toxicity The substance is expected to be harmful by ingestion. Route(s) of entry - ingestion LD₅₀, oral, rat: 500 - 2000 mg/kg (estimated) - skin LD₅₀, dermal, rat: not available - inhalation LC₅₀, inhalation, rat: not available Skin corrosion/irritation Expected to be seriously irritating to skin.

Serious eye damage/irritation Expected to be severely irritating to eyes with the potential to cause

permanent eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation ... To our knowledge, no indications of allergenic properties have been

reported. *

Mix-cresol

Toxicokinetics, metabolism and

distribution

Cresols are readily absorbed by all routes of exposure. They are extensively metabolised and metabolites are mainly found in the kidneys. It is excreted almost completely within 24 hours in the urine.

The toxicity of cresol isomer mixtures varies with composition, since Acute toxicity

> the isomers have different toxicities. Toxicity of isomer mixtures can vary between toxic and harmful. Some of the lowest measured data

are mentioned here, but other data exist.

Route(s) of entry LD₅₀, cresol, oral, rat: 121 - 242 mg/kg - ingestion

> - skin LD₅₀, cresol, dermal, rabbit: 301 - 2050 mg/kg



Thyborønvej 78 DK-7673 Harboøre Denmark +45 9690 9690 www.fmc.com CVR No. DK 12 76 00 43

| Material group | 04T | Page 11 of 14 |
|----------------|----------------|---------------|
| Product name | Danafloat™ 068 | |
| | | August 2020 |

- inhalation LC₅₀, o-cresol, inhalation, rat: 0.029 mg/l Skin corrosion/irritation Severely irritating to skin. Serious eye damage/irritation Severely irritating to eyes with the possibility to cause permanent eye damage. Respiratory or skin sensitisation ... Hypersensitivity develops in certain individuals. * Sodium hydroxide Toxicokinetics, metabolism and Both sodium and hydroxide ions are normal body constituents and distribution regulated between narrow ranges. These ranges will not be exceeded, except locally in unusual situations such as accidents. Acute toxicity No valid studies are available. However, the existing animal and human data on acute toxicity show that sodium hydroxide has a local effect and that systemic effects are not to be expected. * Skin corrosion/irritation Severely irritating to skin. Serious eye damage/irritation Severely irritating to eyes with the possibility to cause permanent eye damage. Respiratory or skin sensitisation ... To our knowledge, no indications of allergenic properties have been recorded. * 11.2. Information on other hazards No more relevant information is available.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity of *o*-cresol:

12.2. **Persistence and degradability** The product is biodegradable at low concentrations, but does not meet

the criteria for being readily biodegradable. It undergoes degradation in the environment and in waste water treatment plants.

In the environment, cresols are degraded (but only at low concentrations), especially by bacteria that are widely distributed in soil and water, particularly *Pseudomonas* species. Degradation by other organisms, including yeasts, fungi, algae, and higher plants, as well as by photolysis, is also known. Accordingly, cresols do not



Thyborønvej 78 DK-7673 Harboøre Denmark +45 9690 9690 www.fmc.com CVR No. DK 12 76 00 43

| Material group 04T | T | Page 12 of 14 |
|--------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Product name Dar | anafloat™ 068 | August 2020 |

| | | August 2020 |
|----------------|--------------------------|--|
| | | persist in the environment at low concentrations. |
| | | Cresols impair the taste of edible fish and drinking water even at very low concentrations. |
| 12.3. Bioaccu | mulative potential | See section 9 for octanol-water partition coefficient. |
| | | Bioaccumulation is not expected. |
| 12.4. Mobility | y in soil | In the environment the product is expected to be moderately mobile. |
| | of PBT and vPvB ent | None of the ingredients meets the criteria for being PBT or vPvB. |
| 12.6. Endocri | ne disrupting properties | None of the ingredients is known to have endocrine disrupting properties. |
| 12.7. Other a | dverse effects | Other relevant hazardous effects in the environment are not known. |
| SECTION 13: | DISPOSAL CONSIDERA | TIONS |
| 13.1. Waste to | reatment methods | Remaining quantities of the material and empty but unclean packaging should be regarded as hazardous waste. |
| | | Disposal of waste and packagings must always be in accordance with all applicable local regulations. |
| Disposal | of product | According to the Waste Framework Directive (2008/98/EC), possibilities for reuse or reprocessing should first be considered. If this is not possible, the material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing. |
| | | Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems. |
| Disposal | of packaging | It is recommended to consider possible ways of disposal in the following order: 1. Reuse or recycling should first be considered. If offered for recycling, containers must be emptied and triply rinsed (or equivalent). Do not discharge rinsing water to sewer systems. 2. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials. 3. Delivery of the packaging to a licensed service for disposal of hazardous waste. 4. Disposal in a landfill or burning in open air should only occur as a |

last resort. For disposal in a landfill, containers should be emptied completely, rinsed and punctured to make them unusable for other

purposes. If burned, stay out of smoke.



Thyborønvej 78 DK-7673 Harboøre Denmark +45 9690 9690 www.fmc.com CVR No. DK 12 76 00 43

| Material group | 04T | Page 13 of 14 |
|----------------|----------------|---------------|
| Product name | Danafloat™ 068 | |
| | | August 2020 |

♣ SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ADR/RID/IMDG/IATA/ICAO classification

14.2. **UN proper shipping name** Toxic liquid, corrosive, organic, n.o.s. (cresols, sodium O,O-ditolyl

phosphorodithioate and sodium hydroxide)

14.3. **Transport hazard class(es)** 6.1 (8)

14.4. **Packing group** II

14.6. **Special precautions for user** Avoid any unnecessary contact with the product. Misuse can result in

damage to health. Do not discharge to the environment.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk

according to IMO instruments ..

The product is not transported in bulk by ship.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso category (Dir. 2012/18/EU): toxic

Young people under the age of 18 are not allowed to work with the

product.

All ingredients are covered by EU chemical legislation.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment A chemical safety assessment has not been performed.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Relevant changes in the safety data

sheet Minor corrections only.

List of abbreviations ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial

Hygienists

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service

Dir. Directive

DNEL Derived No Effect Level EC European Community EC₅₀ 50% Effect Concentration

EINECS European INventory of Existing Commercial Chemical

Substances

GHS Globally Harmonized classification and labelling System of

chemicals, Seventh revised edition 2017

HSE Health and Safety Executive, UK IMO International Maritime Organisation



Thyborønvej 78 DK-7673 Harboøre Denmark +45 9690 9690 www.fmc.com CVR No. DK 12 76 00 43

| Material group | 04T | Page 14 of 14 |
|----------------|----------------|---------------|
| Product name | Danafloat™ 068 | August 2020 |

| | IUPAC | International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry |
|---------------------------|--------------|---|
| | LC_{50} | 50% Lethal Concentration |
| | LD_{50} | 50% Lethal Dose |
| | LOEL | Lowest Observed Effect Level |
| | MAK | Maximale Arbeitspaltz-Konzentration |
| | n.o.s. | Not otherwise specified |
| | OECD | Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development. |
| | OSHA | Occupational Safety and Health Administration |
| | PBT | Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic |
| | PEL | Personal Exposure Limit |
| | PNEC | Predicted No Effect Concentration |
| | Reg. | Registration, or |
| | | Regulation |
| | STOT | Specific Target Organ Toxicity |
| | TLV | Threshold Limit Value |
| | TWA | Time Weighted Average |
| | vPvB | very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative |
| | WEL | Workplace Exposure Limit |
| References | | ngredients are available from published literature and can be veral places. |
| Method for classification | Calculati | on method |
| Used horseyd statement | H301 | Toxic if swallowed. |
| Used hazard statement | H302 | Harmful if swallowed. |
| | H311 | Toxic in contact with skin. |
| | 11511 | TOXIC III COILLECT WITH SKIII. |
| | H31/ | Causes severe skin hurns and eye damage |
| | H314 H318 | Causes serious eye damage. |
| | H318 | Causes serious eye damage. |
| | H318 H330 | Causes serious eye damage. Fatal if inhaled. |
| | H318 | Causes serious eye damage. |

The information provided in this safety data sheet is believed to be accurate and reliable, but uses of the product vary and situations unforeseen by FMC Corporation may exist. The user has to check the validity of the information under local circumstances.

Prepared by: FMC Agricultural Solutions A/S / GHB