



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 10.09.2024 50000361 Date of first issue: 10.09.2024

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : BRIGADE® 100

Other means of identification : Talstar® 100 EC Insecticide

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : FMC LATINOAMÉRICA S.A.

Address : AV. RODRIGO DE CHÁVEZ Y JUAN TANCA MARENGO

CIUDAD COLÓN. TORRE EMPRESARIAL 2 PISO 3

OFICINA 308. GUAYAQUIL - ECUADOR

(593 04) 3901953

E-mail address : SDS-Info@fmc.com

Emergency telephone : 1 703 / 741-5970 (CHEMTREC - International)

Medical Emergency Number : Desde Ecuador: 1800 593005 (Quito, La Sierra, Centro y

Norte)

Desde Bogotá: 288 60 12; Línea Nacional: 01 8000 916012

Desde Venezuela: 0800 1005012

Desde Perú: SAMU: 106; CISPROQUIM®: 080-050-847;

FMC LATINOAMERICA S.A. SUCURSAL: 421-4811;

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Insecticide

Restrictions on use : Use as recommended by the label.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Flammable liquids : Category 3

Acute toxicity (Oral) : Category 4

Acute toxicity (Inhalation) : Category 4

Acute toxicity (Dermal) : Category 4

Skin corrosion/irritation : Category 3

Serious eye damage/eye irri- :

tation

: Category 1





Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 10.09.2024 50000361 Date of first issue: 10.09.2024

Skin sensitization : Category 1

Carcinogenicity : Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity - :

single exposure

Category 1

Specific target organ toxicity - :

single exposure

Category 3 (Respiratory system, Central nervous system)

Specific target organ toxicity - :

repeated exposure

Category 1

Aspiration hazard : Category 1

Short-term (acute) aquatic

hazard

Category 1

Long-term (chronic) aquatic

hazard

Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms











Signal Word : DANGER

Hazard Statements : H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.

H302 + H312 + H332 Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin

or if inhaled.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H316 Causes mild skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H370 Causes damage to organs.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements : Prevention:

P203 Obtain, read and follow all safety instructions before use. P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames

and other ignition sources. No smoking. P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting/

equipment.





Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 10.09.2024 50000361 Date of first issue: 10.09.2024

P242 Use non-sparking tools.

P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.

P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors.

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P271 Use only outdoors or with adequate ventilation.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection/ hearing protection.

Response:

P301 + P316 IF SWALLOWED: Get emergency medical help immediately.

P303 + P361 + P353 + P317 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Get medical help.

P304 + P340 + P317 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical help.

P305 + P354 + P338 + P317 IF IN EYES: Immediately rinse with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical help.

P308 + P316 IF exposed or concerned: Get emergency medical help immediately.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P333 + P317 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical help.

P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.

P391 Collect spillage.

Storage:

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Hazard Statements required by Andean Technical Manual for the Registration and Control of Chemical Pesticides for Agricultural Use (Resolution no. 2075):

Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components





Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 10.09.2024 50000361 Date of first issue: 10.09.2024

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified	64742-95-6	>= 70 - < 90
Bifenthrin	82657-04-3	>= 10 - < 20
calcium bis(dodecylbenzenesulphonate), branched	70528-83-5	>= 1 - < 2,5

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : Move out of dangerous area.

Consult a physician.

Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attend-

ance.

Symptoms of poisoning may appear several hours later.

Do not leave the victim unattended.

If inhaled : Consult a physician after significant exposure.

If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical

advice.

In case of skin contact : Wash off with soap and water.

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

In case of eye contact : Small amounts splashed into eyes can cause irreversible tis-

sue damage and blindness.

In the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty

of water and seek medical advice.

Continue rinsing eyes during transport to hospital.

Remove contact lenses. Protect unharmed eye.

Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Rinse mouth with water. Keep respiratory tract clear. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages. If symptoms persist, call a physician. Take victim immediately to hospital.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Causes mild skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Causes serious eye damage.
May cause respiratory irritation.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Suspected of causing cancer.

Causes damage to organs.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.





Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 10.09.2024 50000361 Date of first issue: 10.09.2024

Swallowing or inhaling may result in sudden shortness of

breath, coughing, nausea and or abdominal pain.

Exposure to skin may result in mild symptoms include itching, hives or rash, and skin redness. More severe symptoms include sneezing, itchy watery eyes, and difficulty breathing. Contact with skin may cause tingling, itching, burning, or numbness at the site of contact. Inhalation may irritate the nose, throat, and lungs. Swallowing large quantities may result in throat irritation, nausea, abdominal pain, and vomiting. Exposure may result in neurotoxicity with symptoms including tremors, impaired gait, and excessive salivation. Tremors may

disappear with continued exposure.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection

and use the recommended protective clothing

Avoid inhalation, ingestion and contact with skin and eyes. If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific

personal protective equipment.

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable properties

Flash point : 40 °C

Method: closed cup

Ignition temperature : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper :

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower :

flammability limit

No data available

Suitable extinguishing media : Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not spread spilled material with high-pressure water

streams.

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

Hazardous combustion prod: :

ucts

Fire may produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases.

Carbon oxides

Fluorinated compounds Chlorinated compounds Hydrogen chloride Hydrogen fluoride

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

50.





Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 10.09.2024 50000361 Date of first issue: 10.09.2024

Use a water spray to cool fully closed containers.

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment.

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

Special protective equipment :

for fire-fighters

Firefighters should wear protective clothing and self-contained

breathing apparatus.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec: :

tive equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Use personal protective equipment.

Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

Beware of vapors accumulating to form explosive concentra-

tions. Vapors can accumulate in low areas. If it can be safely done, stop the leak.

Do not touch or walk through the spilled material.

Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Never return spills in original containers for re-use.

Collect as much of the spill as possible with a suitable absor-

bent material.

Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on protection against

fire and explosion

: Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material.

Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge

(which might cause ignition of organic vapors).

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of

ignition.

Advice on safe handling : Avoid formation of aerosol.

Do not breathe vapors/dust.

Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. For personal protection see section 8.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms.
Open drum carefully as content may be under pressure.
To avoid spills during handling keep bottle on a metal tray.

SHEET BRIGADE® 100



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 10.09.2024 50000361 Date of first issue: 10.09.2024

Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national

regulations.

Persons susceptible to skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being

used.

Conditions for safe storage : No smoking.

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated

place.

Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and

kept upright to prevent leakage. Observe label precautions.

Electrical installations / working materials must comply with

the technological safety standards.

Further information on stor-

age stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified	64742-95-6	TWA	200 mg/m3 (total hydrocarbon vapor)	ACGIH

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : In the case of dust or aerosol formation use respirator with an

approved filter.

Hand protection

Material : Wear chemical resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate,

butyl rubber or nitrile rubber.

Remarks : The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed

with the producers of the protective gloves.

Eye protection : Eye wash bottle with pure water

Tightly fitting safety goggles

Face-shield

Skin and body protection : Impervious clothing

Choose body protection according to the amount and concen-

tration of the dangerous substance at the work place.

Protective measures : Plan first aid action before beginning work with this product.

Hygiene measures : Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Provide adequate ventilation.

SHEET BRIGADE® 100



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 10.09.2024 50000361 Date of first issue: 10.09.2024

Do not inhale aerosol.

When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : suspension

Form : suspension

Color : light brown

Odor : aromatic

Odor Threshold : No data available

pH : No data available

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

No data available

Flash point : 40 °C

Method: closed cup

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability (liquids) : Sustains combustion

Self-ignition : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower :

flammability limit

No data available

Vapor pressure : No data available

Relative vapor density : No data available

Relative density : No data available

Density : 0,913 g/cm3

SHEET BRIGADE® 100



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 10.09.2024 50000361 Date of first issue: 10.09.2024

Bulk density : No data available

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : emulsifiable

Solubility in other solvents : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

No data available

Autoignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : No data available

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : Non-oxidizing

Molecular weight : Not applicable

Particle size : No data available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Chemical stability : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid extreme temperatures.

Heat, flames and sparks.

Incompatible materials : Avoid strong acids, bases, and oxidizers.

Hazardous decomposition

products

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.

SHEET BRIGADE® 100



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 10.09.2024 50000361 Date of first issue: 10.09.2024

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50(Rat): 520 mg/kg

Assessment: The component/mixture is moderately toxic after

single ingestion.

Assessment: The component/mixture is moderately toxic after

single ingestion.

Remarks: Resolution no. 2075

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50(Rat): > 5,2 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: The component/mixture is minimally toxic after

short term inhalation.

Assessment: The component/mixture is moderately toxic after

short term inhalation.

Remarks: Resolution no. 2075

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50(Rabbit): > 2.000 mg/kg

Assessment: The component/mixture is minimally toxic after

single contact with skin.

Assessment: The component/mixture is moderately toxic after

single contact with skin.

Remarks: Resolution no. 2075

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): 3.492 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

LD50 (Rat, male): 6.984 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 6,193 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Remarks: no mortality

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit, male and female): > 3.160 mg/kg

Assessment: The component/mixture is minimally toxic after

single contact with skin.

Bifenthrin:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): 50,2 - 58,8 mg/kg

Symptoms: Convulsions, Tremors

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, female): 0,6 - 1,2 mg/l

SHEET BRIGADE® 100



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 10.09.2024 50000361 Date of first issue: 10.09.2024

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403 Symptoms: Tremors, Convulsions

LC50 (Rat, male): 1,10 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403 Symptoms: Tremors, Fatality

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 2.000 mg/kg

Remarks: no mortality

calcium bis(dodecylbenzenesulphonate), branched:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 3.333 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 1.470 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes mild skin irritation.

Product:

Species : Rabbit

Assessment : Causes mild skin irritation.

Result : Mild skin irritant

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : Mild skin irritation

Bifenthrin:

Species : Rabbit

Result : slight or no skin irritation.

GLP : yes

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
Result : slight or no skin irritation.

GLP : yes

calcium bis(dodecylbenzenesulphonate), branched:

Result : Skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.





Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 10.09.2024 50000361 Date of first issue: 10.09.2024

Product:

Species : Rabbit

Assessment : Risk of serious damage to eyes.
Result : Irreversible effects on the eye

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Bifenthrin:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405
Result : Slight or no eye irritation

GLP : yes

calcium bis(dodecylbenzenesulphonate), branched:

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitization

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product:

Species : Guinea pig

Assessment : May cause sensitization by skin contact.

Result : Causes sensitization.

Remarks : Causes sensitization.

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Test Type : Maximization Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406 Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

Bifenthrin:

Test Type : Maximization Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : May cause sensitization by skin contact.

SHEET BRIGADE® 100



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 10.09.2024 50000361 Date of first issue: 10.09.2024

GLP : yes

Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: in vitro DNA damage and/or repair study

Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Result: negative

Test Type: reverse mutation assay

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Bone marrow chromosome aberration.

Species: Rat (male and female) Application Route: Inhalation

Result: negative

Bifenthrin:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: gene mutation test

Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Result: negative

Test Type: reverse mutation assay

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: Mouse lymphoma assay

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Sex-linked Recessive Lethal Test

Species: Drosophila melanogaster (vinegar fly)

Result: negative

Test Type: unscheduled DNA synthesis assay

Species: Rat

Method: OECD Test Guideline 486

Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing cancer.

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Carcinogenicity - Assess- : Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies





Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 10.09.2024 50000361 Date of first issue: 10.09.2024

ment

Bifenthrin:

Species : Rat, female
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 2 Years

NOAEL : 3 mg/kg bw/day

Result : negative

Species : Mouse, male

Application Route : Oral

Exposure time : 18 month(s)

NOAEL : 7,6 mg/kg bw/day

Result : positive

Symptoms : malignant tumors

Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Three-generation study

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)
Fertility: NOAEC Mating/Fertility: 7,5 mg/l

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development : Species: Mouse

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

General Toxicity Maternal: LOAEC: 500 part per million

Symptoms: Maternal effects.

Bifenthrin:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

General Toxicity Parent: NOAEL: 3 mg/kg bw/day General Toxicity F1: NOAEL: 5 mg/kg bw/day

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rabbit Application Route: Oral

General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 2,7 mg/kg bw/day

Teratogenicity: NOAEL: 2,7 mg/kg bw/day

Symptoms: Maternal effects. Result: No teratogenic effects.

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat





Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 10.09.2024 50000361 Date of first issue: 10.09.2024

Application Route: Oral

General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 1 mg/kg bw/day

Teratogenicity: NOAEL: 2 mg/kg bw/day

Result: No teratogenic effects.

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

General Toxicity Maternal: LOAEL: 7,2 mg/kg bw/day Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 7,2 mg/kg bw/day Embryo-fetal toxicity.: NOEL: 9,0 mg/kg bw/day

Method: OECD Test Guideline 426

Result: Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility., Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on

animal experiments.

STOT-single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Causes damage to organs.

Product:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ

toxicant, single exposure, category 1.

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation., May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

STOT-repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Product:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ

toxicant, repeated exposure, category 1.

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target

organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

Bifenthrin:

Target Organs : Central nervous system

Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ

toxicant, repeated exposure, category 1.





Version **Revision Date:** SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

10.09.2024 50000361 Date of first issue: 10.09.2024 1.0

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Rat, male and female

NOAEC 0,8 - 0,9 mg/l **Application Route** Inhalation vapor Test atmosphere

Remarks Based on data from similar materials

Species Rat, male NOAEL 600 mg/kg **Application Route** Oral

Remarks Based on data from similar materials

Bifenthrin:

Species Rat, male and female

NOEL 100 ppm Oral - feed **Application Route** Exposure time 90 d

Remarks No toxicologically significant effects were found.

Species Dog, male and female **NOEL** 2,5 mg/kg bw/day **Application Route** Oral - feed Exposure time 13 w

Symptoms Tremors

Aspiration toxicity

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Product:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Bifenthrin:

The substance does not have properties associated with aspiration hazard potential.

Further information

Product:

Remarks Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness,

tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

Concentrations substantially above the TLV value may cause

narcotic effects.

Solvents may degrease the skin.





Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 10.09.2024 50000361 Date of first issue: 10.09.2024

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Toxicity to fish : NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 4,5 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h
Test Type: semi-static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

LL50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 8,2 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: semi-static test

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 4,5 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (microalgae)): 3,1 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (Tetrahymena pyriformis): 15,41 mg/l

Exposure time: 40 h

Test Type: Growth inhibition

Remarks: The value is given based on a SAR/AAR approach

using OECD Toolbox, DEREK, VEGA QSAR models

(CAESAR models), etc.

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOELR: 2,6 mg/l

Exposure time: 14 d

Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 204

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

aquatic inveric toxicity)

NOELR: 2,6 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea) Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aguatic toxicity : Toxic to aguatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.





Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 10.09.2024 50000361 Date of first issue: 10.09.2024

Bifenthrin:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Salmo gairdneri): 0,00015 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test Type: flow-through test

LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 0,00035 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test Type: flow-through test

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0,000256 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h
Test Type: semi-static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

GLP: yes

LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0,000234

mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h
Test Type: semi-static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

GLP: yes

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia): 0,00011 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

LC50 (Daphnia): 0,0016 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (algae): 0,822 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

1.000

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC: 0,00012 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC: 0,0013 µg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

NOEC: 0,00095 µg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

100.000

Toxicity to soil dwelling or-

ganisms

LD50: > 16 mg/kg Exposure time: 14 d

Species: Eisenia fetida (earthworms)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 216





Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 10.09.2024 50000361 Date of first issue: 10.09.2024

Remarks: No significant adverse effect on Nitrogen minerali-

zation.

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

LD50: 1.800 mg/kg

Species: Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)

LD50: > 2.150 mg/kg

Species: Anas platyrhynchos (Mallard duck)

LD50: 0,1 - 0,35 μg/bee Exposure time: 24 h

End point: Acute oral toxicity Species: Apis mellifera (bees) Method: OECD Test Guideline 213

LD50: 0,1 - 0,3 µg/bee Exposure time: 24 h

End point: Acute contact toxicity Species: Apis mellifera (bees) Method: OECD Test Guideline 214

calcium bis(dodecylbenzenesulphonate), branched:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Fish): > 1 - 10 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1 - 10 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (algae): > 1 - 10 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Biodegradability : Concentration: 49,2 mg/l

Result: Inherently biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 77,05 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

Bifenthrin:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Stability in water : Degradation half life (DT50): 2,2 d

Hydrolysis: at 60 °C

Degradation half life (DT50): 15,6 d





Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 10.09.2024 50000361 Date of first issue: 10.09.2024

Hydrolysis: at 40 °C

calcium bis(dodecylbenzenesulphonate), branched:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: No data available

Components:

Bifenthrin:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 1.709

Remarks: Due to the distribution coefficient n-octanol/water,

accumulation in organisms is possible.

See section 9 for octanol-water partition coefficient.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 6,6

calcium bis(dodecylbenzenesulphonate), branched:

Bioaccumulation : Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 1

Remarks: Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

Mobility in soil

Components:

Bifenthrin:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

: Koc: 236610 ml/g, log Koc: 5,37

Remarks: immobile

Stability in soil

Other adverse effects

Product:

Additional ecological infor-

mation

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of

unprofessional handling or disposal.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water

courses or the soil.

Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemi-





Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

10.09.2024 50000361 Date of first issue: 10.09.2024 1.0

cal or used container.

Send to a licensed waste management company.

Contaminated packaging It is prohibited to reuse, bury, burn, or sell containers. Rinsa-

ble containers: Triple rinse containers of less than 20 liters and pressure rinse containers of 20 liters or more. Triple rinsing: Add water up to ¼ of the container's capacity, close and shake for 30 seconds. Pour the rinse water into the mixing tank, considering this volume of water within the recommended volume for mixing preparation. Perform this procedure three times. Pressure rinsing: Activate the pressure rinsing device for 30 seconds, considering the volume of water used as part of the recommended volume for mixing preparation. In both procedures, punctured the container on its base without damaging the label. In all cases, take the empty containers to collection points indicated by the local empty containers pro-

gram.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number UN 1993

Proper shipping name FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.

(Solvent naphtha (petroleum), Bifenthrin)

Class 3 Ш Packing group Environmentally hazardous yes

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. UN 1993

Proper shipping name Flammable liquid, n.o.s.

(Solvent naphtha (petroleum), Bifenthrin)

Class 3 Packing group Ш

Labels Flammable Liquids

Packing instruction (cargo

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen-

ger aircraft)

366

355

IMDG-Code

UN 1993 UN number

Proper shipping name FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.

(Solvent naphtha (petroleum), Bifenthrin)

Class 3 Ш Packing group Labels 3





Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 10.09.2024 50000361 Date of first issue: 10.09.2024

EmS Code : F-E, <u>S-E</u> Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mix-

Organic Law on Integral Prevention of Social and Eco- : Not applicable nomic Phenomenon of Drugs and of Regulation and Use Control of Listed Substances subject to Monitoring

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

TCSI : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

TSCA : Product contains substance(s) not listed on TSCA inventory.

AIIC : Not in compliance with the inventory

DSL : This product contains the following components that are not

on the Canadian DSL nor NDSL.

Bifenthrin

ENCS : Not in compliance with the inventory

ISHL : Not in compliance with the inventory

KECI: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

PICCS : Not in compliance with the inventory

IECSC : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

NZIoC : Not in compliance with the inventory

TECI: Not in compliance with the inventory

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Revision Date : 10.09.2024





Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 10.09.2024 50000361 Date of first issue: 10.09.2024

Date format : dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China: IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods: IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods: vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative: WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

Disclaimer

FMC Corporation believes that the information and recommendations contained herein (including data and statements) are accurate as of the date hereof. You can contact FMC Corporation to insure that this document is the most current available from FMC Corporation. No warranty of fitness for any particular purpose, warranty of merchantability or any other warranty, expressed or implied, is made concerning the information provided herein. The information provided herein relates only to the specified product designated and may not be applicable where such product is used in combination with any other materials or in any process. The user is responsible for determining whether the product is fit for a particular purpose and suitable for the user's conditions and methods of use. Since the conditions and methods of use are beyond the control of FMC Corporation, FMC Corporation expressly disclaims any and all liability as to any results obtained or arising from any use of the products or reliance on such information.

EC / EN