## **TALSTAR 10 WP**



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1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : TALSTAR 10 WP

Other means of identification : BRIGADE 10 WP

BRIGADE WSB

TALSTAR T&O 10 WP

TALSTAR WP

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Can be used as insecticide only.

Restrictions on use : Use as recommended by the label.

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : FMC Agro Philippines, Inc.

Address : 5th Avenue cor. 26th Street,

Bonifacio Global City, Taguig City NCR 1634

Telephone : +63279443400

National Poison Control Cen-

ter

: U.P. PGH, Padre Faura, Manila (+63) 2 8524 1078 East Avenue, Quezon City (+63) 2 8928 0611 Southern Philippines Medical Center (+63) 82 227 2731

(formerly Davao Medical Center Davao City)

Emergency telephone : For leak, fire, spill or accident emergencies, call:

+(63) 2-395-3308 (CHEMTREC)

Medical emergency:

All other countries: +1 651 / 632-6793 (Collect)

#### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**GHS Classification** 

Acute toxicity (Oral) : Category 4

Acute toxicity (Inhalation) : Category 4

Specific target organ toxicity - :

repeated exposure

Category 1 (Nervous system)

Short-term (acute) aquatic

hazard

Category 1

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Long-term (chronic) aquatic

hazard

Category 1

**GHS** label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements : H302 + H332 Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

H372 Causes damage to organs (Nervous system) through

prolonged or repeated exposure.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements

Prevention:

P260 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapors/ spray.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

Response:

P301 + P312 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON

CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.

P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/

doctor if you feel unwell.

P314 Get medical advice/ attention if you feel unwell.

P391 Collect spillage.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste

disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

#### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

#### Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
kaolin	1332-58-7	>= 30 -< 50
bifenthrin (ISO)	82657-04-3	>= 10 -< 20
Quartz (SiO2)	14808-60-7	>= 1 -< 10
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic	64742-56-9	>= 1 -< 10
titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	>= 1 -< 10
sodium 2-[methyloleoylamino]ethane-1-	137-20-2	>= 1 -< 10

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sulphonate

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : Move out of dangerous area.

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Do not leave the victim unattended.

If inhaled : If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical

advice.

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of eye contact : Flush eyes with water as a precaution.

Remove contact lenses. Protect unharmed eye.

Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed : Keep respiratory tract clear.

Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If symptoms persist, call a physician. Take victim immediately to hospital.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Dry chemical

Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Foam

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

High volume water jet

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases

and vapors.

Halogenated compounds

Carbon oxides

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

Special protective equipment : Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if nec-

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for fire-fighters essary.

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- : Avoid dust formation.

tive equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Environmental precautions Prevent product from entering drains.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

Methods and materials for

containment and cleaning up

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on protection against

fire and explosion

Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust

is formed.

Advice on safe handling Avoid formation of respirable particles.

Do not breathe vapors/dust.

For personal protection see section 8.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.

Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national

regulations.

Conditions for safe storage Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated

place.

Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and

kept upright to prevent leakage.

Electrical installations / working materials must comply with

the technological safety standards.

Further information on stor-

age stability

Keep in a dry place.

#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
kaolin	1332-58-7	TWA (Respirable particulate matter)	2 mg/m3	ACGIH
Quartz (SiO2)	14808-60-7	TWA (Respirable dust)	250 mppcf / %SiO2+5	PH OEL

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	Further information: The percentage of crystalline silica in the formula is the amount determined from airborne samples, except in those instances in which other methods have been shown to be applicable., Millions of particles per cubic foot of air, based on impinger samples counted by light-field techniques.				
		TWA (Respirable dust)	10 mg/m3 / %SiO2+2	PH OEL	
		TWA (Total dust)	30 mg/m3 / %SiO2	PH OEL	
		TWA (Respirable particulate matter)	0.025 mg/m3 (Silica)	ACGIH	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent- dewaxed light paraffinic	64742-56-9	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	PH OEL	
		TWA (Inhal- able particu- late matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH	
titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	TWA	15 mg/m3	PH OEL	
		TWA	10 mg/m3 (Titanium dioxide)	ACGIH	

#### Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust

ventilation is provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines.

Hand protection

Material : Wear chemical resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate,

butyl rubber or nitrile rubber.

Remarks : The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed

with the producers of the protective gloves.

Eye protection : Eye wash bottle with pure water

Tightly fitting safety goggles

Skin and body protection : Dust impervious protective suit

Choose body protection according to the amount and concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place.

Hygiene measures : Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : powder

Color : tan

Odor : very faint, aromatic

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pH : 8.36 (25 °C)

Flash point : Not applicable

Density : 0.29 - 0.4 g/cm3

Bulk density : 288.4 - 400.5 kg/m3

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : Non-oxidizing

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Chemical stability : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Dust may form explosive mixture in air.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

Incompatible materials : Strong acids

Strong bases

Strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition

products

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### **Acute toxicity**

Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

**Product:** 

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): 375 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): 4.82 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

**Components:** 

kaolin:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

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LD50: > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 420

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Acute inhalation toxicity : LD50: 5.07 mg/l

Method: OECD Test Guideline 436

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

LD50: > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

bifenthrin (ISO):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 53.4 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, female): 0.8 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

LC50 (Rat, male): 1.01 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Quartz (SiO2):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.01 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 436

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 5.53 mg/l

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Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

titanium dioxide:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male): 3.43 - 5.09 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

sodium 2-[methyloleoylamino]ethane-1-sulphonate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

**Product:** 

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

**Components:** 

kaolin:

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

bifenthrin (ISO):

Species : Rabbit

Method : EPA OPP 81-5
Result : No skin irritation

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Quartz (SiO2):

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

titanium dioxide:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

sodium 2-[methyloleoylamino]ethane-1-sulphonate:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

**Product:** 

Species : Rabbit

Result : slight irritation

**Components:** 

kaolin:

Result : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

bifenthrin (ISO):

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation Method : EPA OPP 81-4

Quartz (SiO2):

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

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Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

titanium dioxide:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

sodium 2-[methyloleoylamino]ethane-1-sulphonate:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 7 days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

**Product:** 

Species : Guinea pig

Result : Does not cause skin sensitization.

**Components:** 

kaolin:

Method : OECD Test Guideline 429

Result : Does not cause skin sensitization.

bifenthrin (ISO):

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : May cause sensitization by skin contact.

Quartz (SiO2):

Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Species : Mouse

Method : OECD Test Guideline 429

Result : Does not cause skin sensitization.
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic:

Test Type : Buehler Test Routes of exposure : Skin contact Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406
Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

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titanium dioxide:

Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Species : Mouse

Method : OECD Test Guideline 429
Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

sodium 2-[methyloleoylamino]ethane-1-sulphonate:

Test Type : Maximization Test

Species : Guinea pig

Assessment : Does not cause skin sensitization.

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : negative

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

kaolin:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Ames test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Remarks: No data available

bifenthrin (ISO):

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Bone marrow chromosome aberration

Species: Rat Result: negative

Quartz (SiO2):

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: reverse mutation assay

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Rat

Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: reverse mutation assay

Metabolic activation: Metabolic activation Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: positive

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

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Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Mouse (male and female)

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

titanium dioxide:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Mouse

Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

sodium 2-[methyloleoylamino]ethane-1-sulphonate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Test Type: Ames test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Remarks: No data available

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

**Product:** 

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

This product contains crystalline silica (quartz) in a non-

respirable form. Inhalation of crystalline silica is unlikely to

occur from exposure to this product.

**Components:** 

kaolin:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a car-

cinogen

bifenthrin (ISO):

Species : Rat
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 2 Years

NOAEL : 3 mg/kg bw/day

Result : negative

Species : Mouse Application Route : Oral

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Exposure time 18 month(s) NOAEL 7.6 mg/kg bw/day

Result positive

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a car-

cinogen

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic:

Mouse, female **Species** 

**Application Route** Dermal Exposure time 78 weeks Result negative

Remarks Based on data from similar materials

titanium dioxide:

**Species** Mouse, male and female

**Application Route** Oral Exposure time 103 weeks Result negative

**Species** Rat, male and female

Application Route Inhalation Exposure time 2 Years Result negative

sodium 2-[methyloleoylamino]ethane-1-sulphonate:

Remarks : This information is not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

kaolin:

Effects on fertility Remarks: No data available

Effects on fetal development : Remarks: No data available

bifenthrin (ISO):

Effects on fertility Test Type: Two-generation study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

General Toxicity Parent: NOAEL: 3 mg/kg bw/day General Toxicity F1: NOAEL: 3 mg/kg bw/day

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rabbit Application Route: Oral

General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 2.7 mg/kg bw/day

Symptoms: Maternal effects. Result: No teratogenic effects.

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Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification for repro-

ductive toxicity

titanium dioxide:

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: negative

sodium 2-[methyloleoylamino]ethane-1-sulphonate:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility

Species: Rat, male and female

General Toxicity Parent: NOAEL: 1,000 mg/kg body weight

Method: OECD Test Guideline 421

Remarks: No data available

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Pre-natal

Species: Rat

**Application Route: Oral** 

General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 1,000 mg/kg body weight Embryo-fetal toxicity.: NOAEL: 1,000 mg/kg body weight

Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

No evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility,

or on development, based on animal experiments.

STOT-single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

kaolin:

Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

bifenthrin (ISO):

Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

STOT-repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs (Nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Product:** 

Target Organs : Nervous system

Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ

toxicant, repeated exposure, category 1.

Components:

kaolin:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target

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organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

bifenthrin (ISO):

Target Organs : Nervous system

Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ

toxicant, repeated exposure, category 1.

Quartz (SiO2):

Routes of exposure : Inhalation Target Organs : Lungs

Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ

toxicant, repeated exposure, category 1.

Repeated dose toxicity

**Components:** 

kaolin:

Remarks : No data available

bifenthrin (ISO):

Species : Rat

LOAEL : 7 - 9 mg/kg

Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 90 d

Quartz (SiO2):

Species : Rat

: 0.0025 mg/l

Application Route : Inhalation Exposure time : 90 day

Method : OECD Test Guideline 413

Target Organs : Lungs

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

titanium dioxide:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 1,000 mg/kg Application Route : Ingestion

Method : OECD Test Guideline 408

Species : Mouse, female

0.0108 mg/l

Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Exposure time : 13 weeks

sodium 2-[methyloleoylamino]ethane-1-sulphonate:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 1,000 mg/kg

Application Route : Oral

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Exposure time 28 d

Method **OECD Test Guideline 407** 

**Aspiration toxicity** 

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

bifenthrin (ISO):

The substance does not have properties associated with aspiration hazard potential.

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

**Further information** 

**Product:** 

Remarks No data available

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicity** 

**Components:** 

kaolin:

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l Toxicity to fish

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)): >

100 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

Remarks: No data available

Remarks: No data available Toxicity to microorganisms

bifenthrin (ISO):

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.15

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.11

Exposure time: 48 h

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Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (algae): 0.822 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

10,000

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.00012 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Crustaceans): 0.0013

Exposure time: 21 d

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

100,000

Toxicity to soil dwelling or-

ganisms

(Eisenia fetida (earthworms)): > 18.9 mg/kg

Exposure time: 14 d

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

LD50 (Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)): 1,800 mg/kg

LD50 (Apis mellifera (bees)): 0.015 µg/bee

Remarks: Contact

LD50 (Apis mellifera (bees)): 0.1 µg/bee

Remarks: Oral

Quartz (SiO2):

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Cyprinus carpio (Carp)): > 10,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic:

Toxicity to fish : LL50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 10,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 24 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 100

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOELR (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 14 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other : (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 10 mg/l

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aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

Exposure time: 21 d
Test Type: semi-static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Toxicity to microorganisms : NOEL: > 1.93 mg/l

Exposure time: 0.16 h

titanium dioxide:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Carassius auratus (goldfish)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Lemna minor (duckweed)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 7 d

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: >= 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Test Type: Respiration inhibition

sodium 2-[methyloleoylamino]ethane-1-sulphonate:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 1.32 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 5.76 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 117 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 2 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): > 1,000 mg/l

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Persistence and degradability

Components:

kaolin:

Biodegradability : Remarks: The methods for determining biodegradability are

not applicable to inorganic substances.

bifenthrin (ISO):

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

## **TALSTAR 10 WP**



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Quartz (SiO2):

Biodegradability : Result: Not biodegradable.

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic:

Biodegradability : Result: Inherently biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 31 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

titanium dioxide:

Biodegradability : Remarks: The methods for determining the biological degra-

dability are not applicable to inorganic substances.

sodium 2-[methyloleoylamino]ethane-1-sulphonate:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 80 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

**Bioaccumulative potential** 

Components:

kaolin:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Remarks: Not applicable

bifenthrin (ISO):

Bioaccumulation : Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 1,414

Remarks: Due to the distribution coefficient n-octanol/water,

accumulation in organisms is possible.

See section 9 for octanol-water partition coefficient.

Quartz (SiO2):

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Does not bioaccumulate.

sodium 2-[methyloleoylamino]ethane-1-sulphonate:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Fish

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 2.9 Remarks: Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: 1.36

octanol/water Method: OECD Test Guideline 117

Remarks: Not applicable

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#### Mobility in soil

#### Components:

kaolin:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Remarks: Low mobility in soil.

bifenthrin (ISO):

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Remarks: immobile

Stability in soil : Dissipation time: 86 d

sodium 2-[methyloleoylamino]ethane-1-sulphonate:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

: Koc: 53.4

#### Other adverse effects

**Product:** 

Additional ecological infor-

mation

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of

unprofessional handling or disposal.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Disposal methods** 

Waste from residues : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water

courses or the soil.

Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemi-

cal or used container.

Send to a licensed waste management company.

Contaminated packaging : Empty remaining contents.

Dispose of as unused product. Do not re-use empty containers.

#### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

# International Regulations

**UNRTDG** 

UN number : UN 3077

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,

N.O.S.

(Bifenthrin)

Class : 9

Subsidiary risk : ENVIRONM.

Packing group : III

## **TALSTAR 10 WP**



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Labels : 9 (ENVIRONM.)

**IATA-DGR** 

UN/ID No. : UN 3077

Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s.

(Bifenthrin)

956

Class : 9 Packing group : III

Labels : Miscellaneous

Packing instruction (cargo

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen: 956

ger aircraft)

Environmentally hazardous : yes

**IMDG-Code** 

UN number : UN 3077

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,

N.O.S.

(Bifenthrin)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
EmS Code : F-A

EmS Code : F-A, S-F Marine pollutant : yes

#### Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

## Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

# Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Priority Chemical List (PCL) : Not applicable

Chemical Control Order (CCO) : Not applicable

## The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

TCSI : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

TSCA : Product contains substance(s) not listed on TSCA inventory.

AIIC : Not in compliance with the inventory

DSL : This product contains the following components that are not

on the Canadian DSL nor NDSL.

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bifenthrin (ISO) N-methyltaurine

ENCS : Not in compliance with the inventory

ISHL : Not in compliance with the inventory

KECI : Not in compliance with the inventory

PICCS : Not in compliance with the inventory

IECSC : Not in compliance with the inventory

NZIoC : Not in compliance with the inventory

#### **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Date format : yyyy/mm/dd

#### Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

PH OEL : Philippines. Threshold Limit Values For Airborne Contami-

nants

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average

PH OEL / TWA : Threshold limit for airborne contaminants

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified: Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Tem-

## **TALSTAR 10 WP**



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perature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

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