# **ROLL UP EC**



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### 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : ROLL UP EC

Other means of identification : Fipronil 2.92% w/w EC

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : FMC India Private Ltd

Address : TCG Financial Centre, 2nd Floor C-53,

Bandra Kurla Complex,

Bandra (E), Mumbai, Bandra Suburban

Maharashtra-400 098

India

E-mail address : SDS-Info@fmc.com

Emergency telephone : 022 6704 5504/5404

000-800-100-7141 (CHEMTREC)

Medical Emergency Number : 022 6704 5504/5404

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Can be used as insecticide only.

Restrictions on use : Use as recommended by the label.

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

## Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemicals Rules 1989

#### Classification

Flammable liquid

**GHS Classification** 

Flammable liquids : Category 4

Acute toxicity (Oral) : Category 5

Acute toxicity (Inhalation) : Category 5

Acute toxicity (Dermal) : Category 5

Skin corrosion/irritation : Category 2

Carcinogenicity : Category 2

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Specific target organ toxicity - :

repeated exposure

Category 1

Aspiration hazard : Category 1

Short-term (acute) aquatic

hazard

Category 1

Long-term (chronic) aquatic

hazard

Category 1

#### **GHS** label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements : H227 Combustible liquid.

H303 + H313 + H333 May be harmful if swallowed, in contact

with skin or if inhaled.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## Precautionary Statements

#### Prevention:

P203 Obtain, read and follow all safety instructions before use. P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames

and other ignition sources. No smoking. P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors. P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protec-

tion/ face protection/ hearing protection.

#### Response:

P301 + P316 IF SWALLOWED: Get emergency medical help immediately.

P302 + P352 + P317 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

Get medical help.

P304 + P317 IF INHALED: Get medical help.

P318 IF exposed or concerned, get medical advice.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P332 + P317 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical help.

P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before

euse.

P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or

alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.

P391 Collect spillage.

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Storage:

P403 Store in a well-ventilated place.

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste

disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

## 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

## Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
fipronil (ISO)	120068-37-3	2.92
Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light; Kerosine — unspecified	64742-47-8	> 25
tributyl phosphate	126-73-8	> 1 - < 25
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), alpha-(nonylphenyl)-omega-hydroxy-, branched	68412-54-4	> 0.1 - < 2.5
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-(nonylphenyl)-ω-hydroxy-, branched, phosphates	68412-53-3	> 2.5 - < 25
calcium bis(tetrapropylenebenzenesulphonate)	11117-11-6	> 0.1 - < 2.5

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : Move out of dangerous area.

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Symptoms of poisoning may appear several hours later.

Do not leave the victim unattended.

If inhaled : If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical

advice.

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of skin contact : If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

If on skin, rinse well with water. If on clothes, remove clothes.

In case of eye contact : Flush eyes with water as a precaution.

Remove contact lenses. Protect unharmed eye.

Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed : Keep respiratory tract clear.

Do NOT induce vomiting.

Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

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If symptoms persist, call a physician. Take victim immediately to hospital.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

May be harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Causes skin irritation.

Suspected of causing cancer.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

High volume water jet

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Carbon oxides
Sulfur oxides
Hydrogen fluoride
Hydrogen chloride

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

For safety reasons in case of fire, cans should be stored sepa-

rately in closed containments.

Use a water spray to cool fully closed containers.

Special protective equipment:

for fire-fighters

Firefighters should wear protective clothing and self-contained

breathing apparatus.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Use personal protective equipment.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Environmental precautions : Prevent product from entering drains.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Neutralize with chalk, alkali solution or ammonia.

Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, ver-

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miculite) and place in container for disposal according to local

/ national regulations (see section 13).

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on protection against

fire and explosion

Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of

ignition.

Advice on safe handling : Avoid formation of aerosol.

Do not breathe vapors/dust.

Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. For personal protection see section 8.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.

Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national

regulations.

Conditions for safe storage :

No smoking. Keep in a well-ventilated place.

Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and

kept upright to prevent leakage. Observe label precautions.

Electrical installations / working materials must comply with

the technological safety standards.

Materials to avoid : Do not store near acids.

Further information on stor-

age stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

# Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light; Kerosine — un- specified	64742-47-8	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	IN OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	IN OEL
		TWA	200 mg/m3 (total hydrocarbon vapor)	ACGIH
tributyl phosphate	126-73-8	TWA	0.2 ppm 2.5 mg/m3	IN OEL
		TWA (Inhalable fraction and vapor)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH

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## **Biological occupational exposure limits**

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Biological specimen	Sam- pling time	Permissible concentration	Basis
tributyl phosphate	126-73-8	Acetylcho- linesterase activity	In red blood cells	End of shift	70 % of an individual's baseline	ACGIH BEI
		Butyrylcho- linesterase activity	In serum or plasma	End of shift	60 % of an individual's baseline	ACGIH BEI

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : In case of mist, spray or aerosol exposure wear suitable per-

sonal respiratory protection and protective suit.

Hand protection

Material : Wear chemical resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate,

butyl rubber or nitrile rubber.

Remarks : The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed

with the producers of the protective gloves.

Eye protection : Eye wash bottle with pure water

Tightly fitting safety goggles

Skin and body protection : Impervious clothing

Choose body protection according to the amount and concen-

tration of the dangerous substance at the work place.

Protective measures : Always have on hand a first-aid kit, together with proper in-

structions.

Wear suitable protective equipment.

Hygiene measures : When using do not eat or drink.

When using do not smoke.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state : liquid

Form : liquid

Color : colorless, to, light yellow

pH : 3.1 - 3.3 (23 °C)

In a 1% aqueous dispersion

Melting point/freezing point : not determined

Boiling point/boiling range : not determined

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Flash point :  $>= 80 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

Self-ignition : not determined

Density : 0.86 g/cm3 (20 °C)

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : dispersible

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Not applicable

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Particle size : Not applicable

### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Chemical stability : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

Incompatible materials : Strong oxidizing agents

Strong acids and strong bases

Hazardous decomposition

products

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## **Acute toxicity**

May be harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.

**Product:** 

Acute oral toxicity : LD50(Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50(Rat): > 5.03 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50(Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

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**Components:** 

fipronil (ISO):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): 97 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): 0.682 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit, male and female): 354 mg/kg

Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light; Kerosine — unspecified:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 15,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 423

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC0 (Rat, male and female): > 5.28 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

no mortality

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

tributyl phosphate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): 1,552 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 4.242 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Assessment: The component/mixture is minimally toxic after

short term inhalation.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit, male and female): > 3,100 mg/kg

Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), alpha-(nonylphenyl)-omega-hydroxy-, branched:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): 1,980 mg/kg

Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),  $\alpha$ -(nonylphenyl)- $\omega$ -hydroxy-, branched, phosphates:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 1,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

calcium bis(tetrapropylenebenzenesulphonate):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

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icity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 1,000 - < 1,600 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

**Product:** 

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irritating to skin.

Remarks : May cause skin irritation in susceptible persons.

**Components:** 

fipronil (ISO):

Species : Rabbit

Result : slight irritation

Distillates (petroleum), hydro-treated light; Kerosine — unspecified:

Assessment : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

tributyl phosphate:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : Irritating to skin.

Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), alpha-(nonylphenyl)-omega-hydroxy-, branched:

Species : Rabbit
Method : Draize Test
Result : Skin irritation

Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),  $\alpha$ -(nonylphenyl)- $\omega$ -hydroxy-, branched, phosphates:

Result : Skin irritation

calcium bis(tetrapropylenebenzenesulphonate):

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irritating to skin.

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

**Product:** 

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Remarks : Vapors may cause irritation to the eyes, respiratory system

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and the skin.

**Components:** 

fipronil (ISO):

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Distillates (petroleum), hydro-treated light; Kerosine — unspecified:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Result : No eye irritation

tributyl phosphate:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Result : slight irritation

Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), alpha-(nonylphenyl)-omega-hydroxy-, branched:

Species : Rabbit Method : Draize Test

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye

Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),  $\alpha$ -(nonylphenyl)- $\omega$ -hydroxy-, branched, phosphates:

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye

calcium bis(tetrapropylenebenzenesulphonate):

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye

Remarks : Based on data from a similar product.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

**Product:** 

Test Type : Buehler Test

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406
Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

**Components:** 

fipronil (ISO):

Species : Guinea pig

Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

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## Distillates (petroleum), hydro-treated light; Kerosine — unspecified:

Test Type : Maximization Test

Routes of exposure : Intradermal Species : Guinea pig

Result : Does not cause skin sensitization.
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

tributyl phosphate:

Test Type : Open epicutaneous test

Species : Guinea pig

Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

## Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), alpha-(nonylphenyl)-omega-hydroxy-, branched:

Test Type : Magnussen-Kligman test

Species : Guinea pig

Result : Does not cause skin sensitization.

### Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-(nonylphenyl)-ω-hydroxy-, branched, phosphates:

Result : Substance is not considered to be potential skin sensitiser.

## calcium bis(tetrapropylenebenzenesulphonate):

Test Type : Maximization Test Routes of exposure : Skin contact Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406
Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

## Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

### **Components:**

## Distillates (petroleum), hydro-treated light; Kerosine — unspecified:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: reverse mutation assay

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Mouse (male and female) Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

tributyl phosphate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: reverse mutation assay

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Result: negative

Test Type: gene mutation test

Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

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Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Bone marrow chromosome aberration.

Species: Rat (male and female)

Application Route: Oral

Result: negative

# Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), alpha-(nonylphenyl)-omega-hydroxy-, branched:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: reverse mutation assay

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: gene mutation test Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

## calcium bis(tetrapropylenebenzenesulphonate):

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: reverse mutation assay

Test system: Salmonella typhimurium

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Mouse Application Route: Oral Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

# Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing cancer.

### Components:

# Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light; Kerosine — unspecified:

Species : Rat, male

Application Route : inhalation (vapor)
Exposure time : 105 weeks
NOAEC : 0.138 mg/l
Result : positive

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

: The observed tumors do not appear to be relevant for men.

## tributyl phosphate:

Species : Rat, male and female

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Application Route : Oral NOAEL : 700 ppm Result : positive

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies

Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), alpha-(nonylphenyl)-omega-hydroxy-, branched:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a car-

cinogen

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light; Kerosine — unspecified:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility

Species: Rat, male and female Application Route: inhalation (vapor) Duration of Single Treatment: 14 Weeks General Toxicity Parent: NOAEC: 2.2 mg/l

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 500 mg/kg body weight

Teratogenicity: NOAEL: 2,000 mg/kg body weight

Remarks: Developmental effects are a consequence of ma-

ternal toxicity.

tributyl phosphate:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation study

Species: Rat, male and female

Application Route: Oral Method: EPA OTS 798.4700

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Pre-natal

Species: Rabbit

General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: > 150 mg/kg bw/day Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: > 150 mg/kg bw/day

Method: EPA OTS 798.4900

Result: negative

Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), alpha-(nonylphenyl)-omega-hydroxy-, branched:

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: reproductive and developmental toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

General Toxicity Maternal: NOEL: 50 mg/kg body weight Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 50 mg/kg body weight

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Symptoms: Fetal abnormalities.

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: reproductive and developmental toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Dermal

Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 500 mg/kg body weight

Symptoms: Fetal abnormalities.

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

### calcium bis(tetrapropylenebenzenesulphonate):

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Three-generation study

Species: Rat, male and female

Application Route: Oral

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral Symptoms: Maternal effects.

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

## STOT-single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

### **Components:**

## Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), alpha-(nonylphenyl)-omega-hydroxy-, branched:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target

organ toxicant, single exposure.

#### STOT-repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

## **Components:**

#### fipronil (ISO):

Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ

toxicant, repeated exposure, category 1.

## Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light; Kerosine — unspecified:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target

organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

### Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), alpha-(nonylphenyl)-omega-hydroxy-, branched:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target

organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

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### Repeated dose toxicity

## **Components:**

# Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light; Kerosine — unspecified:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : >= 200 ppm
Application Route : inhalation (vapor)

Exposure time : 13 weeks

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

tributyl phosphate:

Species : Mouse, male and female

NOEL : 500 ppm Application Route : Oral - feed Exposure time : 90 d

Remarks : Effects are of limited toxicological significance.

### calcium bis(tetrapropylenebenzenesulphonate):

Species:Rat, male and femaleNOAEL:50 mg/kg bw/dayLOAEL:250 mg/kg bw/day

Application Route : Oral - feed Exposure time : 12 weeks

Remarks : Effects are of limited toxicological significance.

Based on data from similar materials

## **Aspiration toxicity**

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

### **Components:**

### Distillates (petroleum), hydro-treated light; Kerosine — unspecified:

The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

### **Further information**

**Product:** 

Remarks : Solvents may degrease the skin.

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### **Ecotoxicity**

Product:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 4.5 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.09 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

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**Components:** 

fipronil (ISO):

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 0.0805 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test Type: flow-through test

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.248 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test Type: flow-through test

LC50 (Cyprinus carpio (Carp)): 0.34 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test Type: flow-through test

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Crustaceans): 0.19 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

LC50 (Mysidopsis bahia (opossum shrimp)): 0.00014 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): >= 0.04

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 0.068

mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox- :

icity)

1,000

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC: >= 0.01 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Test Type: flow-through test

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

10,000

Toxicity to soil dwelling or-

ganisms

LC50: >1000

Exposure time: 14 d

Species: Eisenia fetida (earthworms)

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

LC50: 48 mg/kg

Exposure time: 22 d

Species: Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)

LC50: > 5,000 mg/kg Exposure time: 22 d

Species: Anas platyrhynchos (Mallard duck)

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Distillates (petroleum), hydro-treated light; Kerosine — unspecified:

Toxicity to fish : LL50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h
Test Type: semi-static test

Remarks: water accommodated fractions (WAF)

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

LL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 10,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

Remarks: water accommodated fractions (WAF)

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): >

1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): >

1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to microorganisms : EL50 (Tetrahymena pyriformis): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Method: QSAR

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOELR: 0.173 mg/l Exposure time: 28 d

Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)

Method: QSAR

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility. water accommodated fractions (WAF)

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOELR: 1.22 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Method: QSAR

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility. water accommodated fractions (WAF)

tributyl phosphate:

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Gammarus sp.): 4.6 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

NOEC: 1.3 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

aqualic invertebrates (Cinc

ic toxicity) Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), alpha-(nonylphenyl)-omega-hydroxy-, branched:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 7.9 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

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Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-(nonylphenyl)-ω-hydroxy-, branched, phosphates:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Fish): > 1 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

Toxicity to microorganisms

plants

EC50 ( algae): > 1 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h

: Remarks: No data available

calcium bis(tetrapropylenebenzenesulphonate):

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 31.6 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 62 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

NOEC (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)):

0.5 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

EC50 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)): 29

ma/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC: 0.23 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 d

Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)

Test Type: flow-through test

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC: 1.18 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Test Type: flow-through test

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Persistence and degradability

**Components:** 

fipronil (ISO):

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 47 % Exposure time: 28 d

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Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light; Kerosine — unspecified:

Biodegradability : Concentration: 50 mg/l

Result: Readily biodegradable. Biodegradation: 89.9 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301

tributyl phosphate:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), alpha-(nonylphenyl)-omega-hydroxy-, branched:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),  $\alpha$ -(nonylphenyl)- $\omega$ -hydroxy-, branched, phosphates:

Biodegradability : Result: Inherently biodegradable.

calcium bis(tetrapropylenebenzenesulphonate):

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 2.9 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301E

**Bioaccumulative potential** 

**Components:** 

fipronil (ISO):

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 4

Distillates (petroleum), hydro-treated light; Kerosine — unspecified:

Bioaccumulation : Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 144.3

Method: QSAR

tributyl phosphate:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Oryzias latipes (Orange-red killifish)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 21 - 35

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: 4

Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), alpha-(nonylphenyl)-omega-hydroxy-, branched:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

Based on data from similar materials

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: 5.39 (20 °C)

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octanol/water

Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),  $\alpha$ -(nonylphenyl)- $\omega$ -hydroxy-, branched, phosphates:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Remarks: No data available

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

**Product:** 

Additional ecological infor-

mation

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of

unprofessional handling or disposal.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Disposal methods** 

Waste from residues : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water

courses or the soil.

Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemi-

cal or used container.

Send to a licensed waste management company.

Contaminated packaging : Empty remaining contents.

Dispose of as unused product. Do not re-use empty containers.

Do not burn, or use a cutting torch on, the empty drum.

### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

## International Regulations

**UNRTDG** 

UN number : UN 3082

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S. (Fipronil)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9

**IATA-DGR** 

UN/ID No. : UN 3082

Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.

(Fipronil)

Class : 9 Packing group : III

Labels : Miscellaneous

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964

Packing instruction (cargo :

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen: 964

ger aircraft)

Environmentally hazardous : yes

**IMDG-Code** 

UN number : UN 3082

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(Fipronil)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
EmS Code : F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant : yes

## Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable for product as supplied.

#### Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

## The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

TCSI : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

TSCA : Product contains substance(s) not listed on TSCA inventory.

AIIC : Not in compliance with the inventory

DSL : This product contains the following components that are not

on the Canadian DSL nor NDSL.

fipronil (ISO)

ENCS : Not in compliance with the inventory

ISHL : Not in compliance with the inventory

KECI: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

PICCS : Not in compliance with the inventory

IECSC : Not in compliance with the inventory

NZIoC : Not in compliance with the inventory

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TECI: Not in compliance with the inventory

#### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

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### Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ACGIH BEI : ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)

IN OEL : India. Permissible levels of certain chemical substances in

work environment.

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average

IN OEL / TWA : Time-Weighted Average Concentration (TWA) (8 hrs.)

IN OEL / STEL : Short-term exposure Limit STEL (15 min)

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan): ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association: IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States): UN - United Nations: UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

#### **Disclaimer**

FMC Corporation believes that the information and recommendations contained herein (including data and statements) are accurate as of the date hereof. You can contact FMC Corporation to

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