AFFINITY FORCE HERBICIDE



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SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : AFFINITY FORCE HERBICIDE

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Can be used as herbicide only.

Restrictions on use : Use as recommended by the label.

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : FMC Australasia Pty Ltd

Address : Building B, Level 2, 12 Julius Avenue,

North Ryde NSW 2113

Australia

Telephone : +6161029887900

Telefax : +61610298870911

E-mail address : SDS-Info@fmc.com

Emergency telephone number : For leak, fire, spill or accident emergencies, call:

1800 033 111 (Ixom)

Medical emergency:

1 800 033 111 (Transport and 24 h Medical information)

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Carcinogenicity : Category 2

Aspiration hazard : Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms

Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

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Supplemental Hazard State-

ments

AUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or crack-

ing.

Precautionary statements : Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protec-

tion/ face protection/ hearing protection.

Response:

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON

CENTER/ doctor.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/

attention.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste

disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)	
carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO)	128639-02-1	>= 10 -< 30	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	64742-94-5	>= 10 -< 30	
propane-1,2-diol	57-55-6	< 10	

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : Move out of dangerous area.

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Symptoms of poisoning may appear several hours later.

Do not leave the victim unattended.

If inhaled : If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical

advice.

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of skin contact : Wash off with soap and water.

Call a physician if irritation develops or persists.

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In case of eye contact : Flush eyes with water as a precaution.

Remove contact lenses. Protect unharmed eye.

Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed : Keep respiratory tract clear.

Do NOT induce vomiting.

Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If symptoms persist, call a physician. Take victim immediately to hospital.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Suspected of causing cancer.

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

High volume water jet

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

Carbon oxides

Nitrogen oxides (NOx) Chlorine compounds Fluorine compounds Hydrogen cyanide Hydrogen chloride

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

Special protective equipment:

for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if nec-

essary.

Hazchem Code : •3Z

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Use personal protective equipment.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Environmental precautions : Prevent product from entering drains.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

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If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel,

acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on protection against :

fire and explosion

Normal measures for preventive fire protection.

Advice on safe handling : Do not breathe vapours/dust.

Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. For personal protection see section 8.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.

Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national

regulations.

Hygiene measures : When using do not eat or drink.

When using do not smoke.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Conditions for safe storage : Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated

place.

Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and

kept upright to prevent leakage. Observe label precautions.

Electrical installations / working materials must comply with

the technological safety standards.

Materials to avoid : Do not store near acids.

Further information on stor-

age stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	64742-94-5	TWA	200 mg/m3 (total hydrocarbon vapor)	ACGIH
carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO)	128639-02-1	TWA (Inhal- able particu- late matter)	1 mg/m3	ACGIH
propane-1,2-diol	57-55-6	TWA (partic- ulate)	10 mg/m3	AU OEL

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TWA (Total (vapour and particles))

| TWA (Total (150 ppm 474 mg/m3 particles))

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : In case of mist, spray or aerosol exposure wear suitable per-

sonal respiratory protection and protective suit.

Hand protection

Material : Wear chemical resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate,

butyl rubber or nitrile rubber.

Remarks : The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed

with the producers of the protective gloves.

Eye protection : Eye wash bottle with pure water

Tightly fitting safety goggles

Skin and body protection : Impervious clothing

Choose body protection according to the amount and concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : liquid

Colour : off-white

Odour : solvent-like

pH : 4.29

Melting point/freezing point : Not applicable

Boiling point/boiling range : No data available

Flash point : 104 °C

Self-ignition : No data available

Density : 8.8 lb/gal

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : 1,000 - 3,000 mPa,s

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The product is not oxidizing.

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SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Chemical stability : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Conditions to avoid : Protect from frost, heat and sunlight.

Incompatible materials : Strong oxidizing agents

Strong acids and strong bases

Hazardous decomposition

products

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Carbon oxides
Chlorine compounds
Fluorine compounds

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 4,077 mg/kg

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 6.31 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 4,000 mg/kg

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Components:

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: FIFRA 81.01

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.09 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 4,000 mg/kg

Method: US EPA Test Guideline OPP 81-2

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

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toxicity

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 4.688 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

propane-1,2-diol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): 22,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC0 (Rabbit): 31.7 mg/l

Exposure time: 2 h
Test atmosphere: vapour
Remarks: no mortality

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Product:

Result : slight irritation

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Components:

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Species : Rabbit

Method : US EPA Test Guideline OPP 81-5

Result : No skin irritation

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.:

Species : Rabbit

Assessment : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Result : No skin irritation

Remarks : Minimal effects that do not meet the threshold for classifica-

tion.

Based on data from similar materials

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propane-1,2-diol:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Result : slight irritation

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Components:

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Species : Rabbit

Assessment : No eye irritation Method : EPA OPP 81-4

Remarks : Minimal effects that do not meet the threshold for classifica-

tion.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.:

Species : Rabbit

Assessment : No eye irritation

Remarks : Minimal effects that do not meet the threshold for classifica-

tion.

Based on data from similar materials

propane-1,2-diol:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Result : Does not cause skin sensitisation.
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Components:

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Species : Guinea pig

Method : US EPA Test Guideline OPP 81-6
Result : Does not cause skin sensitisation.

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Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.:

Test Type : Maximisation Test

Species : Guinea pig

Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

propane-1,2-diol:

Test Type : Maximisation Test
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

Chronic toxicity

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

: Contains no ingredient listed as a mutagen

Components:

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: reverse mutation assay

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells Metabolic activation: Metabolic activation

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Mouse (male and female)

Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

No genotoxic potential

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: reverse mutation assay

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Bone marrow chromosome aberration

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapour)

Result: negative

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propane-1,2-diol:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: reverse mutation assay

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: In vivo micronucleus test

Species: Mouse Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing cancer.

Product:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies

Components:

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Species : Rat, male and female

Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 104 weeks

NOAEL : 3 - 9 mg/kg bw/day

Result : negative

Species : Mouse, male and female

Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 80 weeks
NOAEL : > 7,000 ppm
Result : negative

Species : Dog, male and female

Exposure time : 52 weeks

NOAEL : 150 mg/kg bw/day

Result : negative

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Animal testing did not show any carcinogenic effects.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.:

Species : Rat, male and female
Application Route : inhalation (vapour)
Exposure time : 12 month(s)
NOAEC : 1.8 mg/l
Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

propane-1,2-diol:

Species : Rat

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Application Route Oral Exposure time 2 Years Result negative

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

sessment

Reproductive toxicity - As- : Contains no ingredient listed as toxic to reproduction

Components:

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Effects on fertility Test Type: Multi-generation study

> Species: Rat, male and female Application Route: Ingestion Fertility: NOEL: 4,000 ppm

Result: negative

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat, female Application Route: Oral

General Toxicity Maternal: NOEL: 100 mg/kg bw/day Embryo-foetal toxicity: NOEL: 600 mg/kg bw/day

Result: negative

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rabbit, female Application Route: Oral

General Toxicity Maternal: NOEL: 150 mg/kg bw/day Embryo-foetal toxicity: NOEL: > 300 mg/kg bw/day

Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Animal testing showed no reproductive toxicity.

propane-1,2-diol:

Effects on fertility Test Type: reproductive and developmental toxicity study

Species: Mouse **Application Route: Oral** Result: negative

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Oral

Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility.

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

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Components:

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

STOT - repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target

organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Species : Rat, male and female

NOEL : 1000 ppm Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 90 days

Species : Rat, male and female

NOEL : 1000 ppm Application Route : Dermal Exposure time : 21 days

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.:

Species : Rat, male and female

NOAEC : 0.9 - 1.8 mg/l Application Route : inhalation (vapour)

Exposure time : 12 months

propane-1,2-diol:

Species : Rat, male and female

NOAEL : 1,700 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 2 Years

Species : Rat, male and female

NOAEL : 1,000 mg/kg
LOAEL : 160 mg/kg
Application Route : Inhalation
Exposure time : 90 Days

Aspiration toxicity

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

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Components:

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

The substance does not have properties associated with aspiration hazard potential.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.:

Skin contact : Symptoms: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or

cracking.

Neurological effects

Components:

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

No neurotoxicity observed in animal studies

Further information

Product:

Remarks : Solvents may degrease the skin.

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.:

Remarks : Vapour concentrations above recommended exposure levels

are irritating to the eyes and the respiratory tract, may cause headaches and dizziness, are anaesthetic and may have other central nervous system effects. Prolonged and/or repeated skin contact with low viscosity materials may defat the skin resulting in possible irritation and dermatitis. Small amounts of liquid aspirated into the lungs during ingestion or from vomiting may cause chemical pneumonitis or pulmonary edema.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 1.6 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

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Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

LC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 9.8 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Anabaena flos-aquae (cyanobacterium)): 0.012 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

NOEC (algae): 0.001 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h

EC50 (Lemna gibba (gibbous duckweed)): 0.0057 mg/l

Exposure time: 14 d

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.11 mg/l

Exposure time: 28 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Crustaceans): 0.22 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Toxicity to soil dwelling or-

ganisms

LC50 (Eisenia fetida (earthworms)): > 820 mg/kg

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

LD50 (Anas platyrhynchos (Mallard duck)): > 5,620 ppm

End point: Acute oral toxicity

Remarks: Dietary

LD50 (Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)): > 5,620 ppm

End point: Acute oral toxicity

Remarks: Dietary

LD50 (Apis mellifera (bees)): > 200 µg/bee

End point: Acute oral toxicity

LD50 (Apis mellifera (bees)): > 200 µg/bee

End point: Acute contact toxicity

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.:

Toxicity to fish : LL50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 2 - 5 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1.4 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 1 - 3

mg/l

Exposure time: 24 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.89 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

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Toxicity to microorganisms LL50 (Tetrahymena pyriformis): 677.9 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test Type: Growth inhibition

propane-1,2-diol:

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 40,613 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

(Mysidopsis bahia (opossum shrimp)): 18,800 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 34,100

mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC: 13,020 mg/l Exposure time: 7 d

Toxicity to microorganisms EC50 (Pseudomonas putida): > 20,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 18 h

Persistence and degradability

Components:

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Biodegradability Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.:

Biodegradability Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 58.6 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

propane-1,2-diol:

Biodegradability Result: Readily biodegradable.

> Biodegradation: 23.6 % Exposure time: 64 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 306

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Bioaccumulation Species: Fish

> Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 176 Remarks: Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

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Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 3.36 (20 °C)

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: The product/substance has a potential to bioaccu-

mulate.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 3.72

Method: QSAR

propane-1,2-diol:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: -1.07

Mobility in soil

Components:

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

: Remarks: Mobile in soils

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Remarks: Expected to partition to sediment and wastewater

solids. Moderately volatile.

Other adverse effects

Product:

Additional ecological infor-

mation

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of

unprofessional handling or disposal.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water

courses or the soil.

Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemi-

cal or used container.

Send to a licensed waste management company.

Contaminated packaging : Empty remaining contents.

Dispose of as unused product. Do not re-use empty containers.

Empty containers can be landfilled, when in accordance with

the local regulations.

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SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number : UN 3082

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(Carfentrazone-ethyl)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : UN 3082

Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.

(Carfentrazone-ethyl)

Class : 9 Packing group : III

Labels : Miscellaneous

Packing instruction (cargo : 964

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen-:

ger aircraft)

ger aircrait)
Environmentally hazardous : yes

IMDG-Code

UN number : UN 3082

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

964

(Carfentrazone-ethyl)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
EmS Code : F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant : yes

Remarks : Environmentally hazardous substances/Marine Pollutants in

single or combination packaging containing a net quantity per single or inner packaging of 5 kg or less for solids, or having a net quantity per single or inner packaging of 5 L or less for liquids may be transported as non-dangerous goods as provided in special provision A197 of the IATA and section

2.10.2.7 of IMDG code.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

National Regulations

ADG

UN number : UN 3082

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(Carfentrazone-ethyl)

Class : 9

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Packing group : III Labels : 9 Hazchem Code : •3Z

Remarks : Environmentally hazardous substances meeting the descrip-

tions of UN 3077 or UN 3082 are not subject to the ADG Code when transported by road or rail in packagings that do not incorporate a receptacle exceeding 500 kg / liters, or IBCs

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and

No poison schedule number allocated

Poisons

APVMA Approval No.: 62003

Prohibition/Licensing Requirements : There is no applicable prohibition,

authorisation and restricted use requirements, including for carcinogens referred to in Schedule 10 of the model WHS Act and Regula-

tions.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

TCSI : Not in compliance with the inventory

TSCA : Product contains substance(s) not listed on TSCA inventory.

AIIC : Not in compliance with the inventory

DSL : This product contains the following components that are not

on the Canadian DSL nor NDSL.

ETHYL (RS)-2-CHLORO-3-{2-CHLORO-5-[4-

(DIFLUOROMETHYL)-4,5-DIHYDRO-3-METHYL-5-OXO-1H-1,2,4-TRIAZOL-1-YL]-4-FLUOROPHENYL}PROPIONATE

high molecular weight polymeric emulsifier

ENCS : Not in compliance with the inventory

ISHL : Not in compliance with the inventory

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KECI: Not in compliance with the inventory

PICCS : Not in compliance with the inventory

IECSC : Not in compliance with the inventory

NZIoC : Not in compliance with the inventory

TECI: Not in compliance with the inventory

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Revision Date : 14.11.2022

Date format : dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

AU OEL : Australia. Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Con-

taminants.

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average

AU OEL / TWA : Exposure standard - time weighted average

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation: DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada): ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recom-

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mendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

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