OMEGA 45 EW



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1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : OMEGA 45 EW

Other means of identification : PROCHLORAZ 450 G/L EW

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Can be used as fungicide only.

Restrictions on use : Use as recommended by the label.

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : FMC Corporation

Address : 2929 WALNUT ST

PHILADELPHIA PA 19104

USA

Telephone : (215) 299-6000

E-mail address : SDS-Info@fmc.com

Emergency telephone : For leak, fire, spill or accident emergencies, call:

001-803-017-9114 (CHEMTREC)

1 703 / 741-5970 (CHEMTREC - International)

Medical emergency: 0800 140 1447

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Carcinogenicity : Category 2

Short-term (acute) aquatic

hazard

Category 1

Long-term (chronic) aquatic

hazard

Category 1

GHS label elements

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Hazard pictograms :





Signal Word : Warning

Hazard Statements : H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements : Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protec-

tion/ face protection.

Response:

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/

attention.

P391 Collect spillage.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste

disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)	
prochloraz (ISO)	67747-09-5	>= 30 -< 60	
2-sec-butylphenol	89-72-5	>= 10 -< 25	
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic	64742-94-5	>= 2,5 -< 10	
Coconut oil alcohol, ethoxylated	61791-13-7	>= 1 -< 2,5	
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	2634-33-5	>= 0,0025 -< 0,025	

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : Move out of dangerous area.

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Do not leave the victim unattended.

If inhaled : If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical

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advice.

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of skin contact : Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water.

Call a physician if irritation develops or persists.

In case of eye contact : Flush eyes with water as a precaution.

Remove contact lenses. Protect unharmed eye.

Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed : Induce vomiting immediately and call a physician.

Keep respiratory tract clear.

Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If symptoms persist, call a physician. Take victim immediately to hospital.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

Suspected of causing cancer.

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically.

It may be helpful to show this safety data sheet to physician.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Foam

Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

High volume water jet

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

Hazardous combustion prod: :

ucts

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases

and vapors.

Carbon oxides

Nitrogen oxides (NOx) Chlorine compounds

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

Special protective equipment :

for fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if nec-

essary.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

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Personal precautions, protec- :

tive equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Use personal protective equipment.

Environmental precautions : Prevent product from entering drains.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

Methods and materials for

containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel,

acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on protection against

fire and explosion

Normal measures for preventive fire protection.

Advice on safe handling : Do not breathe vapors/dust.

Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. For personal protection see section 8.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.

Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national

regulations.

Conditions for safe storage : Keep

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated

place.

Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and

kept upright to prevent leakage. Observe label precautions.

Electrical installations / working materials must comply with

the technological safety standards.

Further information on stor-

age stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis	
2-sec-butylphenol	89-72-5	NAB	5 ppm 31 mg/m3	ID OEL	
	Further information: Skin				
		TWA	5 ppm	ACGIH	
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic	64742-94-5	TWA	200 mg/m3 (total hydrocarbon vapor)	ACGIH	

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Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : In case of mist, spray or aerosol exposure wear suitable per-

sonal respiratory protection and protective suit.

Hand protection

Material : Wear chemical resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate,

butyl rubber or nitrile rubber.

Remarks : The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed

with the producers of the protective gloves.

Eye protection : Eye wash bottle with pure water

Tightly fitting safety goggles

Skin and body protection : Impervious clothing

Choose body protection according to the amount and concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place.

Hygiene measures : When using do not eat or drink.

When using do not smoke.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state : liquid

Form : liquid

Color : off-white

pH : 7,67

Flash point : > 95 °C

Method: Pensky-Martens closed cup - PMCC

Self-ignition : not determined

Density : 1,135 g/cm3 (20 °C)

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : completely miscible

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : 5 - 35 mPa.s (20 °C)

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : Non-oxidizing

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10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Chemical stability : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

Incompatible materials : Strong acids

Strong bases

Strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition

products

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Carbon oxides

Chlorine compounds

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Not classified due to lack of data.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 2.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 4.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Components:

prochloraz (ISO):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): ca. 1.010 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 425 Symptoms: Breathing difficulties

GLP: yes

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 2,16 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403 Symptoms: Breathing difficulties

GLP: yes

Remarks: no mortality

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 2.000 mg/kg

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Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Symptoms: Irritation

GLP: yes

Assessment: The component/mixture is minimally toxic after

single contact with skin. Remarks: no mortality

2-sec-butylphenol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 300 - 2.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 4,778 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit, male and female): > 2.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Coconut oil alcohol, ethoxylated:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 1.380 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): 490 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 2.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

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Components:

prochloraz (ISO):

Species : Rabbit

Assessment : No skin irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

GLP : yes

2-sec-butylphenol:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : Corrosive after 1 to 4 hours of exposure

Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Coconut oil alcohol, ethoxylated:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Species : Rabbit Exposure time : 72 h

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Remarks : Minimal effects that do not meet the threshold for classifica-

tion.

Components:

prochloraz (ISO):

Species : Rabbit

Result : Slight or no eye irritation
Assessment : Not classified as irritant
Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

GLP : yes

2-sec-butylphenol:

Species : Chicken eye

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Result : Irreversible effects on the eye Method : OECD Test Guideline 438

Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Coconut oil alcohol, ethoxylated:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Species : Bovine cornea Result : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 437

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye

Method : EPA OPP 81-4

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory sensitization

Not classified due to lack of data.

Product:

Test Type : Buehler Test Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406
Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

Components:

prochloraz (ISO):

Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Species : mice

Assessment : Not a skin sensitizer.

Method : OECD Test Guideline 429

Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic:

Test Type : Maximization Test Species : Guinea pig

Species . Guiriea pig

Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

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1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Test Type : Maximization Test

Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : May cause sensitization by skin contact.

Species : Guinea pig Method : FIFRA 81.06

Result : May cause sensitization by skin contact.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified due to lack of data.

Components:

prochloraz (ISO):

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: reverse mutation assay

Test system: Salmonella typhimurium

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative GLP: yes

Test system: mouse lymphoma cells

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: mice (male and female)

Application Route: Oral

Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

GLP: yes

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ

cell mutagen.

2-sec-butylphenol:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: reverse mutation assay

Method: Mutagenicity (Salmonella typhimurium - reverse mu-

tation assay) Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

: In vitro tests did not show mutagenic effects

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Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: reverse mutation assay

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: gene mutation test

Test system: mouse lymphoma cells

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Test Type: Ames test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: unscheduled DNA synthesis assay

Species: Rat (male)
Cell type: Liver cells
Application Route: Ingestion

Exposure time: 4 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 486

Result: negative

Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Mouse Application Route: Oral

Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ

cell mutagen.

Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing cancer.

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Components:

prochloraz (ISO):

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a car-

cinogen

Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

: Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified due to lack of data.

Components:

prochloraz (ISO):

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

No toxicity to reproduction

2-sec-butylphenol:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Developmental Toxicity Screening Test

Species: Rat, male and female

Application Route: Oral

Dose: 0, 12, 60, 300 mg/kg bw/day

General Toxicity Parent: NOAEL: 300 mg/kg bw/day General Toxicity F1: NOAEL: 300 mg/kg bw/day

Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification for repro-

ductive toxicity

Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Three-generation study

Species: Rat, male and female Application Route: Inhalation

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Pre-natal

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Symptoms: Maternal effects. Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: negative

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Effects on fertility : Species: Rat, male

Application Route: Ingestion

General Toxicity Parent: NOAEL: 18,5 mg/kg body weight General Toxicity F1: NOAEL: 48 mg/kg body weight

Fertility: NOAEL: 112 mg/kg bw/day

Symptoms: No effects on reproduction parameters.

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Method: OPPTS 870.3800

Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification for repro-

ductive toxicity

STOT-single exposure

Not classified due to lack of data.

Components:

2-sec-butylphenol:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target

organ toxicant, single exposure.

STOT-repeated exposure

Not classified due to lack of data.

Components:

Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target

organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target

organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

prochloraz (ISO):

Species : Rat, male and female LOAEL : 6 mg/kg bw/day

Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 90 d

Dose : 6, 25, 100 mg/kg bw/day Symptoms : increased liver weight

Species : Mouse, male and female LOAEL : 25 mg/kg bw/day

Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 90 d

Dose : 6, 25, 100, 400 mg/kg bw/day

Symptoms : increased liver weight

Species : Dog, male and female

NOAEL : 2,5 mg/kg LOAEL : 7 mg/kg bw/day

Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 90 d

Dose : 1, 2.5, 7, 20 mg/kg bw/day





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Symptoms : increased liver weight

2-sec-butylphenol:

Species : Rat, male

NOEL : 12 mg/kg

LOAEL : 60 mg/kg

Application Route : Oral - gavage

Exposure time : 42 d

Dose : 0, 12, 60, 300 mg/kg/day Method : OECD Test Guideline 422

Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 300 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral - gavage
Exposure time : 13 weeks
Remarks : mortality

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Species : Rat, male and female

NOAEL : 15 mg/kg Application Route : Ingestion Exposure time : 28 d

Method : OECD Test Guideline 407

Symptoms : Irritation

Species : Rat, male and female

NOAEL : 69 mg/kg Application Route : Ingestion Exposure time : 90 d

Symptoms : Irritation, Reduced body weight

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified due to lack of data.

Components:

prochloraz (ISO):

The substance does not have properties associated with aspiration hazard potential.

Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Further information

Product:

Remarks : No data available

Components:

prochloraz (ISO):

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Remarks : Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomit-

ing and diarrhea.

Contact may cause slight irritation.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

prochloraz (ISO):

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)): 1,2 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

GLP: yes

LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 2,2 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

GLP: yes

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 1,5 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

GLP: yes

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 4,3 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

EC50 (Crassostrea virginica (atlantic oyster)): 0,69 - 1,3 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test Type: flow-through test

GLP: yes

LC50 (Mysidopsis bahia (opossum shrimp)): 0,86 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

GLP: yes

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 0,032

mg/

Exposure time: 72 h

ErC50 (Lemna gibba (duckweed)): 0,109 mg/l

Exposure time: 7 d

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

10

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0,0485 mg/l

Exposure time: 36 d

NOEC (Salmo gairdneri): 0,18 mg/l

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End point: mortality Exposure time: 28 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0,0222 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

LD50 (Apis mellifera (bees)): 51 µg/bee

End point: Acute contact toxicity

LD50 (Apis mellifera (bees)): 61 µg/bee

End point: Acute oral toxicity

2-sec-butylphenol:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 1 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 3,7 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 10 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0,82

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): > 10 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic:

Toxicity to fish : LL50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 3 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Method: EPA OPP 72-1

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

: EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1,1 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

•

mg/

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 7,9

NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0,22

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

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Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

: NOELR (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0,103 mg/l

Exposure time: 28 d Method: QSAR

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOELR (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0,18 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: QSAR

Coconut oil alcohol, ethoxylated:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 10 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC10 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 0,1 - 1

mg/l

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (Bacteria): > 1.000 mg/l

Method: DIN 38 412 Part 8

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)): 16,7

mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 2,15 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 2,9 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0,070

ma/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0,04

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

10

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): 24 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Test Type: Respiration inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

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EC50 (activated sludge): 12,8 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Test Type: Respiration inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Persistence and degradability

Components:

prochloraz (ISO):

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

2-sec-butylphenol:

Biodegradability : Inoculum: Microbial inoculum

Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 63 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 60,74 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

Coconut oil alcohol, ethoxylated:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 74 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 82 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301E

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Biodegradability : Result: rapidly biodegradable

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

prochloraz (ISO):

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: See section 9 for octanol-water partition coefficient.

The product may be accumulated in organisms.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 4,12 (25 °C)

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2-sec-butylphenol:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: 3 (25 °C)

octanol/water pH: 7

Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: 3,17 - 5,6 octanol/water : Method: QSAR

Coconut oil alcohol, ethoxylated:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: 2,03

octanol/water

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 6,62

Exposure time: 56 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 305

Remarks: This substance is not considered to be persistent,

bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT).

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: 0,7 (20 °C)

octanol/water pH: 7

log Pow: 0,99 (20 °C)

pH: 5

Mobility in soil

Components:

prochloraz (ISO):

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Remarks: immobile

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Koc: 9,33 ml/g, log Koc: 0,97 Method: OECD Test Guideline 121

Remarks: Highly mobile in soils

Other adverse effects

Product:

Additional ecological infor-

mation

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of

unprofessional handling or disposal.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water

courses or the soil.

Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemi-

cal or used container.

Send to a licensed waste management company.

Contaminated packaging Empty remaining contents.

Dispose of as unused product. Do not re-use empty containers.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number UN 3082

Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(prochloraz) 9

Packing group Labels

Class

Ш 9

IATA-DGR

UN 3082 UN/ID No.

Proper shipping name Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.

(prochloraz)

Class 9 Ш

Packing group Labels Miscellaneous

Packing instruction (cargo 964

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen-

ger aircraft)

Environmentally hazardous ves

964

IMDG-Code

UN 3082 UN number

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, Proper shipping name

N.O.S.

(prochloraz)

Class 9 Ш Packing group Labels 9 **EmS Code** F-A, S-F Marine pollutant ves

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

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Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Minister of Industry Regulation No. 23/M-IND/PER/4/2013 concerning the Revision of Minister of Industry Regulation No. 87/M-IND/PER/9/2009 concerning Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals.

Regulation of the Minister of Health No. 472 of 1996 on the Safeguarding of Substances Hazardous to Health

Hazardous substances that must be registered : Not applicable

Government Regulation No. 74 of 2001 on the Management of Hazardous and Toxic Substances

Hazardous substances approved for use : Not applicable

Prohibited substances : Not applicable

Restricted substances : Not applicable

Regulation of the Ministry of Trade No. 7 of 2022 on Distribution and Control of Hazardous Materials

Type of hazardous materials subject to distribution and : Not applicable

control, Annex I

Type of hazardous materials subject to distribution and : Not applicable

control, Annex II

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

TCSI : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

TSCA : Product contains substance(s) not listed on TSCA inventory.

AIIC : Not in compliance with the inventory

DSL : This product contains the following components that are not

on the Canadian DSL nor NDSL.

N-PROPYL-N-[2-(2,4,6-

TRICHLOROPHENOXY)ETHYL]IMIDAZOLE-1-

CARBOXAMIDE

Smectite-group minerals

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ENCS : Not in compliance with the inventory

ISHL : Not in compliance with the inventory

KECI: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

PICCS : Not in compliance with the inventory

IECSC : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

NZIoC : Not in compliance with the inventory

TECI: Not in compliance with the inventory

16. OTHER INFORMATION

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Date format : vvvv/mm/dd

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ID OEL : Indonesia. Occupational Exposure Limits

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average ID OEL / NAB : Long term exposure limit

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate: NOM - Official Mexican Norm: NTP - National Toxicology Program: NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals: OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Sub-

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stances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

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