SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

CAPTURE® 2 EC INSECTICIDE/MITICIDE

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: -
1.8	12/12/2023	50000429	Date of first issue: 05/05/2020

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier
Product name CAPTURE® 2 EC INSECTICIDE/MITICIDE

Other means of identification
Product code 50000429

Chemical nature Mixture

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use Can be used as insecticide/miticide

Restrictions on use Use as recommended by the label.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
Manufacturer
FMC Corporation
2929 WALNUT ST
PHILADELPHIA PA 19104
USA
(215) 299-6000
SDS-Info@fmc.com

Emergency telephone
For leak, fire, spill or accident emergencies, call:
1 800 / 424-9300 (CHEMTREC - U.S.A.)
1 703 / 741-5970 (CHEMTREC - International)
1 703 / 527-3887 (CHEMTREC - Alternate)

Medical emergency:
U.S.A. & Canada: +1 800 / 331-3148
All other countries: +1 651 / 632-6793 (Collect)

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Flammable liquids	:	Category 3
Acute toxicity (Oral)	:	Category 3
Acute toxicity (Inhalation)	:	Category 4
Skin sensitization	:	Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	:	Category 1

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	:	Category 3 (Respiratory system, Central nervous system)
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	:	Category 1
Aspiration hazard	:	Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :

Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements :

H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.
H301 Toxic if swallowed.
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H332 Harmful if inhaled.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
H370 Causes damage to organs.
H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary Statements :

Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210 Keep away from heat/ sparks/ open flames/ hot surfaces. No smoking.
P233 Keep container tightly closed.
P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting/ equipment.
P242 Use only non-sparking tools.
P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P272 Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:

P301 + P310 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor. Rinse mouth.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.
P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell.
P307 + P311 IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.
P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.
P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.

Storage:

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards

Very toxic to aquatic life.
Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical nature : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Bifenthrin	82657-04-3	25.1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified	64742-95-6	>= 50 - < 70
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-56-9	>= 5 - < 10

Actual concentration is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : Move out of dangerous area.
Consult a physician.
Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
Symptoms of poisoning may appear several hours later.
Do not leave the victim unattended.

If inhaled : Move to fresh air.

		If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician after significant exposure. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
In case of skin contact	:	If on clothes, remove clothes. Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
In case of eye contact	:	Hold eyelids apart and flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention. Flush eyes with water as a precaution. Remove contact lenses. Protect unharmed eye. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.
If swallowed	:	Keep respiratory tract clear. Do NOT induce vomiting. Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If symptoms persist, call a physician. Take victim immediately to hospital.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	:	Toxic if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Causes damage to organs. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Protection of first-aiders	:	First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.
Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	High volume water jet
Specific hazards during fire fighting	:	Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.
Hazardous combustion prod-	:	Carbon oxides

ucts		Hazardous combustion products Fire may produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases. Fluorinated compounds Chlorinated compounds Hydrogen chloride Hydrogen fluoride
Further information	:	Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. For safety reasons in case of fire, cans should be stored separately in closed containments. Use a water spray to cool fully closed containers.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Firefighters should wear protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	Use personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Beware of vapors accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapors can accumulate in low areas. Never return spills in original containers for re-use. Mark the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to unauthorized personnel. Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective equipment may intervene. For disposal considerations see section 13.
Environmental precautions	:	Prevent product from entering drains. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13).

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on protection against fire and explosion	:	Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapors). Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.
Advice on safe handling	:	Avoid formation of aerosol.

Do not breathe vapors/dust.
Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.
Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
For personal protection see section 8.
Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.
Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms.
Open drum carefully as content may be under pressure.
Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national regulations.
Persons susceptible to skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Conditions for safe storage : Prevent unauthorized access.
No smoking.
Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.
Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.
Observe label precautions.
Electrical installations / working materials must comply with the technological safety standards.

Further information on storage stability : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified	64742-95-6	TWA	400 ppm 1,600 mg/m3	OSHA P0
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-56-9	TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : No personal respiratory protective equipment normally required.

Hand protection
Material : Wear chemical resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber or nitrile rubber.

Remarks : The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed with the producers of the protective gloves.

Eye protection	:	Eye wash bottle with pure water Tightly fitting safety goggles
Skin and body protection	:	Impervious clothing Choose body protection according to the amount and concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place.
Protective measures	:	Plan first aid action before beginning work with this product. Always have on hand a first-aid kit, together with proper instructions. Ensure that eye flushing systems and safety showers are located close to the working place. Wear suitable protective equipment.
Hygiene measures	:	Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state	:	liquid
Color	:	amber
Odor	:	aromatic
Odor Threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	No data available
Melting point/freezing point	:	No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	No data available
Flash point	:	111 - 115 °F / 44 - 46 °C
Evaporation rate	:	No data available
Flammability (liquids)	:	Sustains combustion
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	No data available
Vapor pressure	:	No data available
Relative vapor density	:	No data available
Relative density	:	0.94 - 0.96 (68 °F / 20 °C)
Density	:	7.8 - 8.0 lb/gal
Bulk density	:	No data available
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	:	emulsifiable
Solubility in other solvents	:	No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	No data available
Autoignition temperature	:	No data available
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
Viscosity		
Viscosity, dynamic	:	No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	:	No data available
Explosive properties	:	No data available
Oxidizing properties	:	No data available

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.
Chemical stability	:	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed. Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Toxic if swallowed.
Harmful if inhaled.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 262 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 1.86 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Components:

Bifenthrin:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): 50.2 - 58.8 mg/kg
Symptoms: Convulsions, Tremors

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, female): 0.6 - 1.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403
Symptoms: Tremors, Convulsions

LC50 (Rat, male): 1.10 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403
Symptoms: Tremors, Fatality

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg
Remarks: no mortality

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): 3,492 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

LD50 (Rat, male): 6,984 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 6.193 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity
Remarks: no mortality

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit, male and female): > 3,160 mg/kg
Assessment: The component/mixture is minimally toxic after single contact with skin.

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 5.53 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Skin corrosion/irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product:

Species : Rabbit
Assessment : Not classified as irritant
Result : No skin irritation

Remarks : May cause skin irritation and/or dermatitis.

Components:

Bifenthrin:

Species : Rabbit
Result : slight or no skin irritation.
GLP : yes

Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
Result : slight or no skin irritation.
GLP : yes

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
Result : Mild skin irritation

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified:

Species : Rabbit
Result : No skin irritation
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product:

Species : Rabbit

Result	:	slight irritation
Assessment	:	Not classified as irritant
Remarks	:	Vapors may cause irritation to the eyes, respiratory system and the skin.

Components:

Bifenthrin:

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	Slight or no eye irritation
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 405
GLP	:	yes

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	No eye irritation

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified:

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	No eye irritation
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 405
Remarks	:	Based on data from similar materials

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitization

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product:

Assessment	:	May cause sensitization by skin contact.
Result	:	May cause sensitization by skin contact.
Remarks	:	Causes sensitization.

Components:

Bifenthrin:

Test Type	:	Maximization Test
Routes of exposure	:	Skin contact
Species	:	Guinea pig
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 406
Result	:	May cause sensitization by skin contact.
GLP	:	yes

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Test Type	:	Maximization Test

Routes of exposure	:	Skin contact
Species	:	Guinea pig
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 406
Result	:	Not a skin sensitizer.

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified:

Test Type	:	Buehler Test
Routes of exposure	:	Skin contact
Species	:	Guinea pig
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 406
Result	:	Not a skin sensitizer.
Remarks	:	Based on data from similar materials

Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

Bifenthrin:

Genotoxicity in vitro	:	Test Type: gene mutation test Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation Result: negative Test Type: reverse mutation assay Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation Method: OECD Test Guideline 471 Result: negative Test Type: Mouse lymphoma assay Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation Result: negative
Genotoxicity in vivo	:	Test Type: Sex-linked Recessive Lethal Test Species: Drosophila melanogaster (vinegar fly) Result: negative Test Type: unscheduled DNA synthesis assay Species: Rat Method: OECD Test Guideline 486 Result: negative

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Genotoxicity in vitro	:	Test Type: in vitro DNA damage and/or repair study Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation Result: negative Test Type: reverse mutation assay Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo	:	Test Type: Bone marrow chromosome aberration. Species: Rat (male and female) Application Route: Inhalation Result: negative

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified:

Genotoxicity in vitro	:	Test Type: reverse mutation assay Metabolic activation: Metabolic activation Method: OECD Test Guideline 471 Result: positive Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Genotoxicity in vivo	:	Test Type: Micronucleus test Species: Mouse (male and female) Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection Method: OECD Test Guideline 474 Result: negative Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product:

Carcinogenicity - Assessment	:	Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies

Components:

Bifenthrin:

Species	:	Rat, female
Application Route	:	Oral
Exposure time	:	2 Years
NOAEL	:	3 mg/kg bw/day
Result	:	negative

Species	:	Mouse, male
Application Route	:	Oral
Exposure time	:	18 month(s)
NOAEL	:	7.6 mg/kg bw/day
Result	:	positive
Symptoms	:	malignant tumors

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Carcinogenicity - Assessment	:	Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified:

Species	:	Mouse, female
Application Route	:	Dermal
Exposure time	:	78 weeks
Result	:	negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

IARC No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

OSHA No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.

NTP No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

Bifenthrin:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
General Toxicity Parent: NOAEL: 3 mg/kg bw/day
General Toxicity F1: NOAEL: 5 mg/kg bw/day
Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Oral
General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 2.7 mg/kg bw/day
Teratogenicity: NOAEL: 2.7 mg/kg bw/day
Symptoms: Maternal effects.
Result: No teratogenic effects.

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 1 mg/kg bw/day
Teratogenicity: NOAEL: 2 mg/kg bw/day
Result: No teratogenic effects.

Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
General Toxicity Maternal: LOAEL: 7.2 mg/kg bw/day
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 7.2 mg/kg bw/day
Embryo-fetal toxicity.: NOEL: 9.0 mg/kg bw/day
Method: OECD Test Guideline 426
Result: Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility., Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Three-generation study
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

Fertility: NOAEC Mating/Fertility: 7.5 mg/l
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development : Species: Mouse
Application Route: inhalation (vapor)
General Toxicity Maternal: LOAEC: 500 part per million
Symptoms: Maternal effects.

STOT-single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Causes damage to organs.

Product:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure, category 1.

Components:

Bifenthrin:

Target Organs : Central nervous system
Assessment : Causes damage to organs.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation., May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT-repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Product:

Assessment : Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at concentrations of 0.02 mg/l/6h/d or less.

Components:

Bifenthrin:

Target Organs : Central nervous system
Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure, category 1.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Bifenthrin:

Species	:	Rat, male and female
NOEL	:	100 ppm
Application Route	:	Oral - feed
Exposure time	:	90 d
Remarks	:	No toxicologically significant effects were found.

Species	:	Dog, male and female
NOEL	:	2.5 mg/kg bw/day
Application Route	:	Oral - feed
Exposure time	:	13 w
Symptoms	:	Tremors

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Species	:	Rat, male and female
NOAEC	:	0.8 - 0.9 mg/l
Application Route	:	Inhalation
Test atmosphere	:	vapor
Remarks	:	Based on data from similar materials

Species	:	Rat, male
NOAEL	:	600 mg/kg
Application Route	:	Oral
Remarks	:	Based on data from similar materials

Aspiration toxicity

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Components:

Bifenthrin:

The substance does not have properties associated with aspiration hazard potential.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Further information

Product:

Remarks	:	Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Concentrations substantially above the TLV value may cause narcotic effects. Solvents may degrease the skin.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Bifenthrin:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Salmo gairdneri): 0.00015 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: flow-through test LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 0.00035 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: flow-through test LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.000256 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: semi-static test Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 GLP: yes LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.000234 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: semi-static test Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 GLP: yes
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia): 0.00011 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h LC50 (Daphnia): 0.0016 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EC50 (algae): 0.822 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.00012 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0013 µg/l Exposure time: 21 d NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.00095 µg/l Exposure time: 21 d
Toxicity to soil dwelling organisms	:	LD50 (Eisenia fetida (earthworms)): > 16 mg/kg Exposure time: 14 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 216 Remarks: No significant adverse effect on Nitrogen minerali-

zation.

Toxicity to terrestrial organisms	:	LD50 (Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)): 1,800 mg/kg LD50 (Anas platyrhynchos (Mallard duck)): > 2,150 mg/kg LD50 (Apis mellifera (bees)): 0.1 - 0.35 µg/bee Exposure time: 24 h End point: Acute oral toxicity Method: OECD Test Guideline 213 LD50 (Apis mellifera (bees)): 0.1 - 0.3 µg/bee Exposure time: 24 h End point: Acute contact toxicity Method: OECD Test Guideline 214

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Toxicity to fish	:	NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 4.5 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: semi-static test Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials LL50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 8.2 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: semi-static test Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 4.5 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (microalgae)): 3.1 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOELR (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 2.6 mg/l Exposure time: 14 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 204 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOELR (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 2.6 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 211
Toxicity to microorganisms	:	EC50 (Tetrahymena pyriformis): 15.41 mg/l Exposure time: 40 h Test Type: Growth inhibition

Remarks: The value is given based on a SAR/AAR approach using OECD Toolbox, DEREK, VEGA QSAR models (CAESAR models), etc.

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity : Toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified:

Toxicity to fish : LL50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Test Type: static test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 10,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 24 h
Test Type: static test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Test Type: static test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : NOELR (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 14 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 10 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Test Type: semi-static test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Toxicity to microorganisms : NOEL: > 1.93 mg/l
Exposure time: 0.16 h

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Bifenthrin:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Biodegradability : Concentration: 49.2 mg/l
Result: Inherently biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 77.05 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified:

Biodegradability : Result: Inherently biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 31 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Bifenthrin:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 1,709
Remarks: Due to the distribution coefficient n-octanol/water, accumulation in organisms is possible.
See section 9 for octanol-water partition coefficient.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 6

Mobility in soil

Components:

Bifenthrin:

Distribution among environmental compartments : Koc: 236610 ml/g, log Koc: 5.37
Remarks: immobile

Stability in soil :

Other adverse effects

Product:

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Regulation: 40 CFR Protection of Environment; Part 82 Protection of Stratospheric Ozone - CAA Section 602 Class I Substances
Remarks: This product neither contains, nor was manufactured with a Class I or Class II ODS as defined by the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 602 (40 CFR 82, Subpt. A, App.A + B).

Additional ecological information : An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.
Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.
Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container.

Send to a licensed waste management company.

Contaminated packaging : Empty remaining contents.
Dispose of as unused product.
Do not re-use empty containers.
Do not burn, or use a cutting torch on, the empty drum.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number	:	UN 3351
Proper shipping name	:	PYRETHROID PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE (Bifenthrin, Aromatic hydrocarbons, C10)
Class	:	6.1
Subsidiary risk	:	3
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	6.1 (3)
Environmentally hazardous	:	yes

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No.	:	UN 3351
Proper shipping name	:	Pyrethroid pesticide, liquid, toxic, flammable (Bifenthrin, Aromatic hydrocarbons, C10)
Class	:	6.1
Subsidiary risk	:	3
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	Toxic, Flammable Liquids
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft)	:	663
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft)	:	655
Environmentally hazardous	:	yes

IMDG-Code

UN number	:	UN 3351
Proper shipping name	:	PYRETHROID PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE (Bifenthrin, Aromatic hydrocarbons, C10)
Class	:	6.1
Subsidiary risk	:	3
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	6.1 (3)
EmS Code	:	F-E, S-D
Marine pollutant	:	yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

49 CFR Road

UN/ID/NA number	:	UN 3351
Proper shipping name	:	Pyrethroid pesticide, liquid, toxic, flammable (Bifenthrin, Aromatic hydrocarbons, C10)

Class	:	6.1
Subsidiary risk	:	3
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	TOXIC, FLAMMABLE LIQUID
ERG Code	:	131
Marine pollutant	:	yes

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

Components	CAS-No.	Component RQ (lbs)	Calculated product RQ (lbs)
butan-1-ol	71-36-3	100	100 (F003)

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

Listed substances in the product are at low enough levels to not be expected to exceed the RQ

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)
Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)
Respiratory or skin sensitization
Germ cell mutagenicity
Carcinogenicity
Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)
Aspiration hazard

SARA 313 : The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313:

Bifenthrin	82657-04-3	>= 20 - < 30 %

Clean Air Act

This product neither contains, nor was manufactured with a Class I or Class II ODS as defined by the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 602 (40 CFR 82, Subpt. A, App.A + B).
This product does not contain any hazardous air pollutants (HAP), as defined by the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 112 (40 CFR 61).
This product does not contain any chemicals listed under the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 112(r) for Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130, Subpart F).
This product does not contain any chemicals listed under the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 111 SOCMI Intermediate or Final VOC's (40 CFR 60.489).

Clean Water Act

The following Hazardous Substances are listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table 116.4A:

propylene oxide	75-56-9	>= 0 - < 0.1 %

The following Hazardous Chemicals are listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table 117.3:

propylene oxide	75-56-9	>= 0 - < 0.1 %

This product does not contain any toxic pollutants listed under the U.S. Clean Water Act Section 307

This product does not contain any priority pollutants related to the U.S. Clean Water Act

US State Regulations

Massachusetts Right To Know

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-56-9
ethylene oxide	75-21-8
propylene oxide	75-56-9

Pennsylvania Right To Know

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified	64742-95-6
Bifenthrin	82657-04-3
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-56-9
butan-1-ol	71-36-3

Maine Chemicals of High Concern

Product does not contain any listed chemicals

Vermont Chemicals of High Concern

Product does not contain any listed chemicals

Washington Chemicals of High Concern

Product does not contain any listed chemicals

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including ethylene oxide, propylene oxide, which is/are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and ethylene oxide, which is/are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

California List of Hazardous Substances

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-56-9

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

TCSI	:	On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
TSCA	:	Product contains substance(s) not listed on TSCA inventory.
AIIC	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
DSL	:	This product contains the following components that are not on the Canadian DSL nor NDSL. 2-METHYLBIPHENYL-3-YLMETHYL (Z)-(1RS,3RS)-3-(2-CHLORO-3,3,3-TRIFLUOROPROP-1-ENYL)-2,2-DIMETHYLCYCLOPROPANECARBOXYLATE

ENCS	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
ISHL	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
KECI	:	On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
PICCS	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
IECSC	:	On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
NZIoC	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
TECI	:	Not in compliance with the inventory

TSCA list

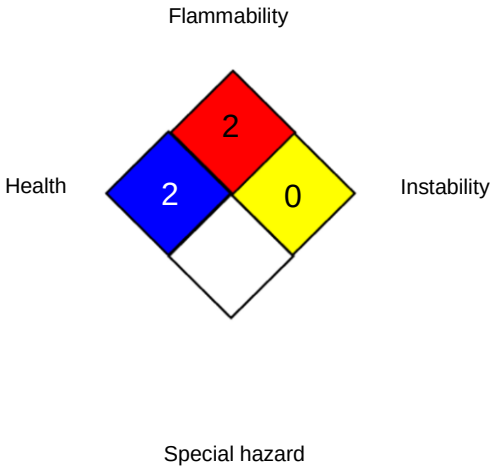
No substances are subject to a Significant New Use Rule.

No substances are subject to TSCA 12(b) export notification requirements.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

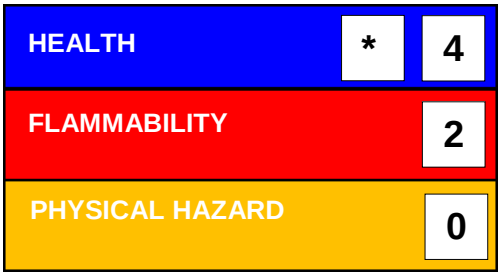
Further information

NFPA 704:



0 No health threat, **1** Slightly Hazardous, **2** Hazardous, **3** Extreme danger, **4** Deadly

HMIS® IV:



HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. The "*" represents a chronic hazard, while the "/" represents the absence of a chronic hazard.

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH	:	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
OSHA P0	:	USA. Table Z-1-A Limits for Air Contaminants (1989 vacated values)
ACGIH / TWA	:	8-hour, time-weighted average
OSHA P0 / TWA	:	8-hour time weighted average

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

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US / EN

Prepared by:

FMC Corporation

End of Material Safety Data Sheet