SAFETY DATA SHEET

AIM® 24 EW Herbicide

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: -
1.0	2022/10/06	50000426	Date of first issue: 2022/10/06

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : AIM® 24 EW Herbicide

Other means of identification : Carfentrazone-ethyl 240 g/L EW

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Can be used as herbicide only.

Restrictions on use : Use as recommended by the label.

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : FMC Agro (Cambodia) Co., Ltd.

Address : Level 6, Phnom Penh Tower,
445 Monivong Boulevard, Khwaeng
Sangkat […], Khan […], Phnom Penh

E-mail address : SDS-Info@fmc.com

Emergency telephone : For leak, fire, spill or accident emergencies, call:
1 703 / 741-5970 (CHEMTREC - International)
001-800-13-203-9987 (CHEMTREC)

Medical emergency:
All other countries: +1 651 / 632-6793 (Collect)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Acute toxicity (Oral) : Category 5

Acute toxicity (Inhalation) : Category 5

Acute toxicity (Dermal) : Category 5

Carcinogenicity : Category 2

Aspiration hazard : Category 1

Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard : Category 1

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard : Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :

Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements : H303 + H313 + H333 May be harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements :

Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P281 Use personal protective equipment as required.

Response:

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.
P304 + P312 IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell.
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.
P391 Collect spillage.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO)	128639-02-1	>= 20 -< 25
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	64742-94-5	>= 20 -< 25

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice	:	Move out of dangerous area. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Symptoms of poisoning may appear several hours later. Do not leave the victim unattended.
If inhaled	:	If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
In case of skin contact	:	Wash off with soap and water. Call a physician if irritation develops or persists.
In case of eye contact	:	Flush eyes with water as a precaution. Remove contact lenses. Protect unharmed eye. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.
If swallowed	:	Keep respiratory tract clear. Do NOT induce vomiting. Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If symptoms persist, call a physician. Take victim immediately to hospital.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	:	May be harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Suspected of causing cancer.
Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	High volume water jet
Specific hazards during fire fighting	:	Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.
Hazardous combustion products	:	Carbon oxides Nitrogen oxides (NOx) Chlorine compounds Fluorine compounds
Specific extinguishing methods	:	Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	Use personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation.
Environmental precautions	:	Prevent product from entering drains. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on protection against fire and explosion	:	Normal measures for preventive fire protection.
Advice on safe handling	:	Do not breathe vapors/dust. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. For personal protection see section 8. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national regulations.
Conditions for safe storage	:	Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Observe label precautions. Electrical installations / working materials must comply with the technological safety standards.
Materials to avoid	:	Do not store near acids.
Further information on storage stability	:	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	64742-94-5	TWA	200 mg/m3 (total hydrocarbon vapor)	ACGIH
carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO)	128639-02-1	TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	1 mg/m3	ACGIH

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : In case of mist, spray or aerosol exposure wear suitable personal respiratory protection and protective suit.

Hand protection
Material : Wear chemical resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber or nitrile rubber.

Remarks : The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed with the producers of the protective gloves.

Eye protection : Eye wash bottle with pure water
Tightly fitting safety goggles

Skin and body protection : Impervious clothing
Choose body protection according to the amount and concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place.

Hygiene measures : When using do not eat or drink.
When using do not smoke.
Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : liquid

Color : off-white

Odor : solvent-like

pH : 4.29

Melting point/freezing point : Not applicable

Boiling point/boiling range : No data available

Flash point : 104 °C

Self-ignition : No data available

Density : 8.8 lb/gal

Viscosity
Viscosity, dynamic : 1,000 - 3,000 mPa.s

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The product is not oxidizing.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Chemical stability : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Possibility of hazardous reactions : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Conditions to avoid : Protect from frost, heat and sunlight.

Incompatible materials : Strong oxidizing agents
Strong acids and strong bases

Hazardous decomposition products : Nitrogen oxides (NOx)
Carbon oxides
Chlorine compounds
Fluorine compounds

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

May be harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 4,077 mg/kg
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 6.31 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 4,000 mg/kg
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Components:

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: FIFRA 81.01

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.09 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 4,000 mg/kg
Method: US EPA Test Guideline OPP 81-2
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 4.688 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Result : slight irritation
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Components:

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Species : Rabbit
Method : US EPA Test Guideline OPP 81-5
Result : No skin irritation

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.:

Species : Rabbit
Assessment : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Result : No skin irritation
Remarks : Minimal effects that do not meet the threshold for classification.
Based on data from similar materials

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Result : slight irritation

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Components:

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Species : Rabbit
Assessment : No eye irritation
Method : EPA OPP 81-4
Remarks : Minimal effects that do not meet the threshold for classification.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.:

Species : Rabbit
Assessment : No eye irritation
Remarks : Minimal effects that do not meet the threshold for classification.
Based on data from similar materials

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Result : Does not cause skin sensitization.
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Components:

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Species : Guinea pig
Method : US EPA Test Guideline OPP 81-6
Result : Does not cause skin sensitization.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.:

Test Type : Maximization Test
Species : Guinea pig
Result : Not a skin sensitizer.
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment : Contains no ingredient listed as a mutagen

Components:

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Genotoxicity in vitro	:	Test Type: reverse mutation assay Result: negative Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells Metabolic activation: Metabolic activation Result: negative Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells Result: positive
Genotoxicity in vivo	:	Test Type: Micronucleus test Species: Mouse (male and female) Result: negative
Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment	:	No genotoxic potential.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.:

Genotoxicity in vitro	:	Test Type: reverse mutation assay Method: OECD Test Guideline 471 Result: negative Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Genotoxicity in vivo	:	Test Type: Bone marrow chromosome aberration. Species: Rat Application Route: inhalation (vapor) Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing cancer.

Product:

Carcinogenicity - Assessment	:	Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies

Components:

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Species	:	Rat, male and female
Application Route	:	Oral
Exposure time	:	104 weeks
NOAEL	:	3 - 9 mg/kg bw/day
Result	:	negative
Species	:	Mouse, male and female
Application Route	:	Oral
Exposure time	:	80 weeks
NOAEL	:	> 7,000 ppm

Result	:	negative
Species	:	Dog, male and female
Exposure time	:	52 weeks
NOAEL	:	150 mg/kg bw/day
Result	:	negative
Carcinogenicity - Assessment	:	Animal testing did not show any carcinogenic effects.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.:

Species	:	Rat, male and female
Application Route	:	inhalation (vapor)
Exposure time	:	12 month(s)
NOAEC	:	1.8 mg/l
Result	:	negative
Remarks	:	Based on data from similar materials
Carcinogenicity - Assessment	:	Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment	:	Contains no ingredient listed as toxic to reproduction

Components:

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Effects on fertility	:	Test Type: Multi-generation study Species: Rat, male and female Application Route: Ingestion Fertility: NOEL: 4,000 ppm Result: negative
Effects on fetal development	:	Test Type: Embryo-fetal development Species: Rat, female Application Route: Oral General Toxicity Maternal: NOEL: 100 mg/kg bw/day Embryo-fetal toxicity.: NOEL: 600 mg/kg bw/day Result: negative Test Type: Embryo-fetal development Species: Rabbit, female Application Route: Oral General Toxicity Maternal: NOEL: 150 mg/kg bw/day Embryo-fetal toxicity.: NOEL: > 300 mg/kg bw/day Result: negative
Reproductive toxicity - Assessment	:	Animal testing showed no reproductive toxicity.

STOT-single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

STOT-repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Species : Rat, male and female
NOEL : 1000 ppm
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 90 days

Species : Rat, male and female
NOEL : 1000 ppm
Application Route : Dermal
Exposure time : 21 days

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.:

Species : Rat, male and female
NOAEC : 0.9 - 1.8 mg/l
Application Route : inhalation (vapor)
Exposure time : 12 months

Aspiration toxicity

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Components:

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

The substance does not have properties associated with aspiration hazard potential.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.:

Skin contact : Symptoms: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Neurological effects

Components:

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

No neurotoxicity observed in animal studies.

Further information

Product:

Remarks : Solvents may degrease the skin.

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.:

Remarks : Vapour concentrations above recommended exposure levels are irritating to the eyes and the respiratory tract, may cause headaches and dizziness, are anaesthetic and may have other central nervous system effects. Prolonged and/or repeated skin contact with low viscosity materials may defat the skin resulting in possible irritation and dermatitis. Small amounts of liquid aspirated into the lungs during ingestion or from vomiting may cause chemical pneumonitis or pulmonary edema.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 1.6 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : LC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 9.8 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EC50 (Anabaena flos-aquae (cyanobacterium)): 0.012 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

NOEC (algae): 0.001 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

EC50 (Lemna gibba (gibbous duckweed)): 0.0057 mg/l

Exposure time: 14 d

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity)	:	10
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.11 mg/l Exposure time: 28 d
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC (Crustaceans): 0.22 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d
M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity)	:	100
Toxicity to soil dwelling organisms	:	LC50 (Eisenia fetida (earthworms)): > 820 mg/kg
Toxicity to terrestrial organisms	:	LD50 (Anas platyrhynchos (Mallard duck)): > 5,620 ppm End point: Acute oral toxicity Remarks: Dietary LD50 (Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)): > 5,620 ppm End point: Acute oral toxicity Remarks: Dietary LD50 (Apis mellifera (bees)): > 200 µg/bee End point: Acute oral toxicity LD50 (Apis mellifera (bees)): > 200 µg/bee End point: Acute contact toxicity

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.:

Toxicity to fish	:	LL50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 2 - 5 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1.4 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 1 - 3 mg/l Exposure time: 24 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)	:	EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.89 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 211
Toxicity to microorganisms	:	LL50 (Tetrahymena pyriformis): 677.9 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: Growth inhibition

Persistence and degradability

Components:

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 58.6 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Bioaccumulation : Species: Fish
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 176
Remarks: Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 3.36 (20 °C)

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: The product/substance has a potential to bioaccumulate.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 3.72
Method: QSAR

Mobility in soil

Components:

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Distribution among environmental compartments : Remarks: Mobile in soils

Koc: 866, log Koc: 2.93

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.:

Distribution among environmental compartments : Remarks: Expected to partition to sediment and wastewater solids. Moderately volatile.

Other adverse effects

Product:

Additional ecological information : An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues	:	The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Send to a licensed waste management company.
Contaminated packaging	:	Empty remaining contents. Dispose of as unused product. Do not re-use empty containers. Empty containers can be landfilled after cleaning, when in compliance with local regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number	:	UN 3082
Proper shipping name	:	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Carfentrazone-ethyl)
Class	:	9
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	9

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No.	:	UN 3082
Proper shipping name	:	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Carfentrazone-ethyl)
Class	:	9
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	Miscellaneous
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft)	:	964
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft)	:	964
Environmentally hazardous	:	yes

IMDG-Code

UN number	:	UN 3082
Proper shipping name	:	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Carfentrazone-ethyl)
Class	:	9
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	9
EmS Code	:	F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant	:	yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Hazardous Substance Act	:	Conditions of restriction for the following entries should be considered: carfentrazone-ethyl (Number on list 102)
Emergency Decree on Controlling the Use of Volatile Substances	:	Not applicable

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

TCSI	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
TSCA	:	Product contains substance(s) not listed on TSCA inventory.
AIIC	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
DSL	:	This product contains the following components that are not on the Canadian DSL nor NDSL. ETHYL (RS)-2-CHLORO-3-{2-CHLORO-5-[4-(DIFLUOROMETHYL)-4,5-DIHYDRO-3-METHYL-5-OXO-1H-1,2,4-TRIAZOL-1-YL]-4-FLUOROPHENYL}PROPIONATE high molecular weight polymeric emulsifier
ENCS	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
ISHL	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
KECI	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
PICCS	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
IECSC	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
NZIoC	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
TECI	:	Not in compliance with the inventory

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Revision Date : 2022/10/06

Date format : yyyy/mm/dd

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

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