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## 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : ELTRA® 48 CE

Other means of identification : Carbosulfan 480 g/L EC Insecticide

MARSHAL® 4 EC

## Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : FMC LATINOAMÉRICA S.A.

Address : AV. RODRIGO DE CHÁVEZ Y JUAN TANCA

MARENGO. CIUDAD COLÓN. TORRE EMPRESARIAL 2 PISO 3 OFICINA 308.

**GUAYAQUIL - ECUADOR** 

E-mail address : SDS-Info@fmc.com

Emergency telephone : 1 703 / 741-5970 (CHEMTREC - International)

Medical Emergency Number : Desde Ecuador: 1800 593005 (Quito, La Sierra, Centro y

Norte).

Desde Bogotá: 288 60 12; Línea Nacional: 01 8000 916012

Desde Venezuela: 0800 1005012

Desde Perú: SAMU: 106; CISPROQUIM®: 080-050-847;

FMC LATINOAMERICA S.A. SUCURSAL: 421-4811;

## Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Can be used as insecticide only.

Insecticide

Restrictions on use : Use as recommended by the label.

# 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

## **GHS Classification**

Flammable liquids : Category 3

Acute toxicity (Oral) : Category 3

Acute toxicity (Inhalation) : Category 3

Acute toxicity (Dermal) : Category 4

Skin corrosion/irritation : Category 3

Serious eye damage/eye irri- : Category 2A





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tation

Skin sensitization : Sub-category 1B

Carcinogenicity : Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity - :

single exposure

Category 1

Specific target organ toxicity - :

single exposure

Category 3 (Respiratory system, Central nervous system)

Specific target organ toxicity - :

repeated exposure

Category 1

Aspiration hazard : Category 1

Short-term (acute) aquatic

hazard

Category 1

Long-term (chronic) aquatic

hazard

Category 1

## **GHS** label elements

Hazard pictograms









Signal Word : DANGER

Hazard Statements : H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.

H301 + H331 Toxic if swallowed or if inhaled. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H316 Causes mild skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H370 Causes damage to organs.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements : Prevention:

P203 Obtain, read and follow all safety instructions before use. P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames

and other ignition sources. No smoking. P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.





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P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting/ equipment.

P242 Use non-sparking tools.

P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.

P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors.

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P271 Use only outdoors or with adequate ventilation.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection/ hearing protection.

#### Response:

P301 + P316 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Get emergency medical help immediately. Rinse mouth.

P303 + P361 + P353 + P317 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Get medical help.

P304 + P340 + P316 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get emergency medical help immediately.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308 + P316 IF exposed or concerned: Get emergency medical help immediately.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P333 + P317 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical help.

P337 + P317 If eye irritation persists: Get medical help.

P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.

P391 Collect spillage.

## Storage:

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

#### Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

Hazard Statements required by Andean Technical Manual for the Registration and Control of Chemical Pesticides for Agricultural Use (Resolution no. 2075):

Harmful in contact with skin.

#### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS





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Substance / Mixture Mixture

# Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (%	
		w/w)	
carbosulfan (ISO)	55285-14-8	>= 30 - < 50	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low	64742-95-6	>= 30 - < 50	
boiling point naphtha -unspecified			

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice Move out of dangerous area.

Consult a physician.

Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attend-

Symptoms of poisoning may appear several hours later.

Do not leave the victim unattended.

If inhaled Consult a physician after significant exposure.

If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical

advice.

In case of skin contact If on clothes, remove clothes,

> Wash off with soap and water. If symptoms persist, call a physician. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water. In case of eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Protect unharmed eye.

Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.

> Keep respiratory tract clear. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If symptoms persist, call a physician. Take victim immediately to hospital.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

Toxic if swallowed or if inhaled.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Harmful in contact with skin. Causes mild skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Suspected of causing cancer. Causes damage to organs.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.





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Contains a cholinesterase inhibitor. Symptoms may include nausea, diarrhea, vomiting, decreased appetite, indigestion, muscle cramps, fatigue, insomnia, dizziness, headache, and

lack of energy.

Protection of first-aiders : Avoid inhalation, ingestion and contact with skin and eyes.

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically.

#### 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable properties

Flash point : 46 - 48 °C

Method: closed cup

Ignition temperature : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper :

flammability limit

No data available

Suitable extinguishing media : Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not spread spilled material with high-pressure water

streams.

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

Fire may produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases.

Carbon oxides Sulfur oxides

Nitrogen oxides (NOx) Hydrogen cyanide

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Use a water spray to cool fully closed containers.

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment.

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

Special protective equipment :

for fire-fighters

Firefighters should wear protective clothing and self-contained

breathing apparatus.

## **6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Remove all sources of ignition. Ensure adequate ventilation.

Beware of vapors accumulating to form explosive concentra-





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tions. Vapors can accumulate in low areas.

Evacuate personnel to safe areas.
Use personal protective equipment.
If it can be safely done, stop the leak.

Do not touch or walk through the spilled material.

Environmental precautions : Prevent product from entering drains.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Never return spills in original containers for re-use.

Collect as much of the spill as possible with a suitable absor-

bent material.

Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material.

Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge

(which might cause ignition of organic vapors).

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of

ianition.

Advice on safe handling

Avoid formation of aerosol.

Do not breathe vapors/dust.

Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. For personal protection see section 8.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. Open drum carefully as content may be under pressure. Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national

regulations.

Persons susceptible to skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being

used.

Conditions for safe storage

No smoking.

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated

place.

Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and

kept upright to prevent leakage. Observe label precautions.

Electrical installations / working materials must comply with

the technological safety standards.

Further information on stor-

age stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.





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## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

## Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified	64742-95-6	TWA	200 mg/m3 (total hydrocarbon vapor)	ACGIH

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : In the case of dust or aerosol formation use respirator with an

approved filter.

Hand protection

Material : Wear chemical resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate,

butyl rubber or nitrile rubber.

Remarks : The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed

with the producers of the protective gloves.

Eye protection : Eye wash bottle with pure water

Tightly fitting safety goggles

Skin and body protection : Impervious clothing

Choose body protection according to the amount and concen-

tration of the dangerous substance at the work place.

Protective measures : Plan first aid action before beginning work with this product.

Hygiene measures : Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke.

Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the

product.

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the

workplace.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, includ-

ing the inside, before re-use.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state : liquid

Color : brown

Odor : hydrocarbon-like





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Odor Threshold : No data available

pH : No data available

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

No data available

Flash point : 46 - 48 °C

Method: closed cup

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability (liquids) : Flammable

Self-ignition : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Vapor pressure : No data available

Relative vapor density : No data available

Relative density : No data available

Density : 0,992 g/cm3

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : emulsifiable

Solubility in other solvents : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

No data available

Autoignition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : No data available

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : Non-oxidizing

Molecular weight : Not applicable





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Particle size : No data available

#### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Chemical stability : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

Avoid extreme temperatures. Avoid formation of aerosol.

Incompatible materials : Avoid strong acids, bases, and oxidizers.

Hazardous decomposition

products

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

# **Acute toxicity**

Toxic if swallowed or if inhaled. Harmful in contact with skin.

#### **Product:**

Acute oral toxicity : LD50(Rat): 69 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50(Rat): 0,5375 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Remarks: Estimated data

LC50(Rat): 2,15 mg/l Exposure time: 1 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50(Rabbit): > 2.900 mg/kg

Assessment: The component/mixture is moderately toxic after

single contact with skin.

Remarks: Resolution no. 2075

## **Components:**

carbosulfan (ISO):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): 185 mg/kg





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Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, female): 0,15 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): 3.492 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

LD50 (Rat, male): 6.984 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 6,193 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Remarks: no mortality

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit, male and female): > 3.160 mg/kg

Assessment: The component/mixture is minimally toxic after

single contact with skin.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes mild skin irritation.

**Product:** 

Result : slight irritation

**Components:** 

carbosulfan (ISO):

Species : Rabbit
Result : slight irritation

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : Mild skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

**Product:** 

Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

**Components:** 

carbosulfan (ISO):





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Species : Rabbit

Result : slight irritation

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitization

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Product:** 

Result : Probability or evidence of low to moderate skin sensitization

rate in humans

Remarks : Causes sensitization.

Components:

carbosulfan (ISO):

Test Type : Buehler Test Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406
Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Test Type : Maximization Test Routes of exposure : Skin contact Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406
Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

carbosulfan (ISO):

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: reverse mutation assay

Test system: Salmonella typhimurium

Result: negative

Test Type: reverse mutation assay Test system: Escherichia coli

Result: negative

Test Type: gene mutation test





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Test system: Chinese hamster cells

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Test system: Chinese hamster cells

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: chromosome aberration assay

Species: mice Result: negative

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: in vitro DNA damage and/or repair study

Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Result: negative

Test Type: reverse mutation assay

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Bone marrow chromosome aberration.

Species: Rat (male and female) Application Route: Inhalation

Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing cancer.

**Product:** 

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

ment

Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies

**Components:** 

carbosulfan (ISO):

Species : Mouse Exposure time : 2 Years

NOAEL : 2,5 mg/kg bw/day

Result : negative

Species : Rat Exposure time : 2 Years

NOAEL : 1 mg/kg bw/day

Result : negative

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

: Weight of evidence does not support classification as a car-

cinogen

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Carcinogenicity - Assess- : Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies





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ment

# Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## **Components:**

carbosulfan (ISO):

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Three-generation study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

General Toxicity Parent: NOAEL: 1,2 mg/kg bw/day

Fertility: NOAEL: 1,2 mg/kg bw/day

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

**Application Route: Oral** 

General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 2 mg/kg bw/day

Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 2

Result: negative

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rabbit Application Route: Oral

General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 5 mg/kg bw/day

Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 10

Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification for repro-

ductive toxicity

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Three-generation study

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)
Fertility: NOAEC Mating/Fertility: 7,5 mg/l

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development : Species: Mouse

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

General Toxicity Maternal: LOAEC: 500 part per million

Symptoms: Maternal effects.

#### STOT-single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Causes damage to organs.

**Product:** 

Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ





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toxicant, single exposure, category 1.

**Components:** 

carbosulfan (ISO):

Target Organs : Nervous system, Bladder, Gastro-intestinal system, Blood
Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ

toxicant, single exposure, category 1.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation., May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

STOT-repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Product:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ

toxicant, repeated exposure, category 1.

**Components:** 

carbosulfan (ISO):

Target Organs : Nervous system, Bladder, Gastro-intestinal system, Blood
Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ

toxicant, repeated exposure, category 1.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target

organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

**Components:** 

carbosulfan (ISO):

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 2 mg/kg bw/day

Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 90 days

Species : Dog

NOAEL : 1.6 mg/kg bw/day

Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 6 months

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Species : Rat, male and female

NOAEC : 0,8 - 0,9 mg/l Application Route : Inhalation





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Test atmosphere : vapor

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Species : Rat, male
NOAEL : 600 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

## **Aspiration toxicity**

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

## **Product:**

The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

## **Components:**

## carbosulfan (ISO):

The substance does not have properties associated with aspiration hazard potential.

#### Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### **Further information**

**Product:** 

Remarks : Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness,

tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

Concentrations substantially above the TLV value may cause

narcotic effects.

Solvents may degrease the skin.

#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

# **Ecotoxicity**

#### **Components:**

carbosulfan (ISO):

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 0,015 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0,0015 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (microalgae)): > 20

mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

100





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Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

: NOEC: 0,00828 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC: 0,0032 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

10

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

1,035 µg/bee

Species: Apis mellifera (bees)

Remarks: Oral

0,18 µg/bee

Species: Apis mellifera (bees)

Remarks: Contact

LD50: 10 mg/kg

Species: Anas platyrhynchos (Mallard duck)

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Toxicity to fish : NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 4,5 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h
Test Type: semi-static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

LL50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 8,2 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: semi-static test

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 4,5 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (microalgae)): 3,1 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (Tetrahymena pyriformis): 15,41 mg/l

Exposure time: 40 h

Test Type: Growth inhibition

Remarks: The value is given based on a SAR/AAR approach

using OECD Toolbox, DEREK, VEGA QSAR models

(CAESAR models), etc.





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Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOELR: 2,6 mg/l Exposure time: 14 d

Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 204

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOELR: 2,6 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea) Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

**Ecotoxicology Assessment** 

Acute aquatic toxicity : Toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Persistence and degradability

**Components:** 

carbosulfan (ISO):

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 28 % Exposure time: 28 d

Stability in water : Remarks: Hydrolyzes readily.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Biodegradability : Concentration: 49,2 mg/l

Result: Inherently biodegradable. Biodegradation: 77,05 %

Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

**Bioaccumulative potential** 

**Product:** 

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: No data available

**Components:** 

carbosulfan (ISO):

Bioaccumulation : Species: Fish

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 990

Remarks: Can accumulate in aquatic organisms.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 5,37

pH: 8

Method: OECD Test Guideline 107





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## Mobility in soil

#### **Components:**

carbosulfan (ISO):

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

: Remarks: Slightly mobile in soils

Stability in soil

#### Other adverse effects

#### **Product:**

Additional ecological infor-

mation

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of

unprofessional handling or disposal.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

## **Disposal methods**

Waste from residues : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water

courses or the soil.

Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemi-

cal or used container.

Send to a licensed waste management company.

Contaminated packaging : It is prohibited to reuse, bury, burn, or sell containers. Rinsa-

ble containers: Triple rinse containers of less than 20 liters and pressure rinse containers of 20 liters or more. Triple rinsing: Add water up to ¼ of the container's capacity, close and shake for 30 seconds. Pour the rinse water into the mixing tank, considering this volume of water within the recommended volume for mixing preparation. Perform this procedure three times. Pressure rinsing: Activate the pressure rinsing device for 30 seconds, considering the volume of water used as part of the recommended volume for mixing preparation. In both procedures, punctured the container on its base without damaging the label. In all cases, take the empty containers to collection points indicated by the local empty containers pro-

gram.

#### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

# International Regulations

#### **UNRTDG**

UN number : UN 2991

Proper shipping name : CARBAMATE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC,

FLAMMABLE (Carbosulfan, Solvent naphtha

(petroleum), light aromatic)





Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

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Class : 6.1
Subsidiary risk : 3
Packing group : III
Labels : 6.1 (3)
Environmentally hazardous : yes

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : UN 2991

Proper shipping name : CARBAMATE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE

(Carbosulfan, Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic)

Class : 6.1
Subsidiary risk : 3
Packing group : III

Labels : Toxic, Flammable Liquids

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Packing instruction (cargo

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen- : 655

ger aircraft)

Environmentally hazardous : yes

**IMDG-Code** 

UN number : UN 2991

Proper shipping name : CARBAMATE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE

(Carbosulfan, Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic)

Class : 6.1
Subsidiary risk : 3
Packing group : III
Labels : 6.1 (3)
EmS Code : F-E, S-D
Marine pollutant : yes

#### Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable for product as supplied.

#### Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

# Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Organic Law on Integral Prevention of Social and Economic Phenomenon of Drugs and of Regulation and Use Control of Listed Substances subject to Monitoring

#### The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

TCSI : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory





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TSCA : Product contains substance(s) not listed on TSCA inventory.

AIIC : Not in compliance with the inventory

DSL : This product contains the following components that are not

on the Canadian DSL nor NDSL.

carbosulfan (ISO)

ENCS : Not in compliance with the inventory

ISHL : Not in compliance with the inventory

KECI: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

PICCS : Not in compliance with the inventory

IECSC : Not in compliance with the inventory

NZIoC : Not in compliance with the inventory

TECI: Not in compliance with the inventory

# **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Revision Date : 10.02.2025

Date format : dd.mm.yyyy

#### Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan): ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect





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Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

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