

Thyborønvej 78 DK-7673 Harboøre

Denmark +45 9690 9690 www.fmc.com

CVR No. DK 12 76 00 43

Material group	71P/7113-01B	Page 1 of 18
Product name	CHLORPYRIFOS 480 g/I EC RED	
		October 2017
Safety data sheet according to EU Reg. 1907/2006 as amended		Supersedes May 2015

# SAFETY DATA SHEET CHLORPYRIFOS 480 g/I EC RED

Revision: Sections containing a revision or new information are marked with a .

## ♣ SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

> 1% naphthalene

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against ......

Can be used as insecticide only.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

CHEMINOVA A/S, a subsidiary of FMC Corporation

Thyborønvej 78 DK-7673 Harboøre

Denmark

SDS.Ronland@fmc.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

*Medical emergencies:* 

Austria: +43 1 406 43 43 Belgium: +32 70 245 245 Bulgaria: +359 2 9154 409

Cyprus: 1401

Czech Republic: +420 224 919 293

+420 224 915 402

Denmark: +45 82 12 12 12 France: +33 (0) 1 45 42 59 59 Finland: +358 9 471 977 Greece: 30 210 77 93 777 Hungary: +36 80 20 11 99

Ireland (Republic): +352 1 809 2166

Italy: +39 02 6610 1029 Lithuania: +370 523 62052 +370 687 53378

Luxembourg: +352 8002 5500

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Portugal: 808 250 143 (in Portugal only)

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## **♣** SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Acute oral toxicity: Category 3 (H301) Acute inhalation toxicity: Category 4 (H332)

Eye irritation: Category 2 (H319) Carcinogenicity: Category 2 (H351) Aspiration toxicity: Category 1 (H304)

Hazards to the aquatic environment, acute: Category 1 (H400)

chronic: Category 1 (H410)

WHO classification ..... Class II, moderately hazardous

Health hazards ..... The product is toxic by ingestion and harmful by inhalation. It has

irritating properties.

The active ingredient **chlorpyrifos** is a dangerous poison

(cholinesterase inhibitor). It rapidly enters the body on contact with all

skin surfaces and eyes.

Repeated exposures to cholinesterase inhibitors such as chlorpyrifos may, without warning, cause increased susceptibility to doses of any

cholinesterase inhibitor.

The product contains max. 5% of naphthalene, which is a suspected

carcinogen.

The product is very toxic to aquatic organisms. Environmental hazards .....

#### 2.2. Label elements

According to EU Reg. 1272/2008 as amended

Product identifier ..... Chlorpyrifos 480 g/l EC Red

Contains: chlorpyrifos and hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, > 1%

naphthalene

Hazard pictograms (GHS06, GHS08,

GHS09)







Signal word Dang
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Hazard statements

H301 ..... Toxic if swallowed.

H304 ..... May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Causes serious eye irritation. H319 .....

Harmful if inhaled. H332 .....

Suspected of causing cancer. H351 .....

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H410 .....



2.3.

## Cheminova A/S

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Supplementary hazard statements	
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness and cracking.
EUH401	To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions of use.
Precautionary statements	
P261	Avoid breathing vapours.
P264	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P280	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
P501	Dispose of contents/container as hazardous waste.
Other hazards	None of the ingredients in the product meets the criteria for being PBT or vPvB.

# **♣** SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1.	Substances	The product is a mixture, not a substance
3.2.	Mixtures	See section 16 for full text of hazard statements.
	<u>Chlorpyrifos</u>	Content: 44% w/w
	CAS name	Phosphorothioic acid, O,O-diethyl O-(3,5,6-trichloro-2-pyridinyl)
		ester
	CAS no.	2921-88-2
	IUPAC name	O,O-Diethyl O-3,5,6-trichloro-2-pyridyl phosphorothioate
	ISO name/EU name	Chlorpyrifos
	EC no. (EINECS no.)	220-864-4
	EU index no	015-084-00-4
	Classification of the ingredient	Acute oral toxicity: Category 3 (H301)
	-	Hazards to the aquatic environment, acute: Category 1 (H400)
		chronic: Category 1 (H410)
	Structural formula	CI 

	ÇI
	CI
$C_2H_5O$	
C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> O	0
	ĊI

Reportable ingredients	Content (% w/w)	CAS no.	EC no.	Classification
Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, > 1% naphthalene Reg. no. 01-2119464588-24	51		919-284-0	Carc. 2 (H351) STOT SE 3 (H336) Asp. Tox. 1 (H304) Aquatic Chronic 2 (H411)



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Naphthalene	max. 5	91-20-3	EINECS no.: 202-049-5	Carc. 2 (H351) Acute Tox. 4 (H302) Aquatic Acute 1 (H400) Aquatic Chronic 1 (H410)
Calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate	1.5	26264-06-2	EINECS no.: 247-557-8	Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) Eye Dam. 1 (H318) Aquatic Chronic 2 (H411)
2-Ethylhexan-1-ol	1	104-76-7	EINECS no.: 203-234-3	Acute Tox. 4 (H332) Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) STOT SE 3 (H335)

# **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

4.1.	Description of first aid measures	If exposure has occurred, do not wait for symptoms to develop, but immediately start the procedures described below.
	Inhalation	If exposure occurs, immediately remove from it. Light cases: Keep person under surveillance. Get medical attention immediately if symptoms develop. Serious cases: Get medical attention immediately or call for an ambulance.
		If breathing has stopped, immediately start artificial respiration and maintain until a physician takes charge of the exposed person.
	Skin contact	Immediately flush with much water while removing contaminated clothing and footwear. Wash with water and soap. See physician immediately if symptoms develop.
	Eye contact	Immediately rinse eyes with much water or eyewash solution, occasionally opening eyelids, until no evidence of chemical remains. Remove contact lenses after a few minutes and rinse again. See physician immediately.
	Ingestion	Call a doctor or get medical attention immediately. Make the exposed person rinse mouth and then drink 1 or 2 glasses of water or milk. Induce vomiting only if:  1. a significant amount (more than a mouthful) has been ingested  2. patient is fully conscious

2. patient is fully conscious

3. medical aid is not readily available

4. time since ingestion is less than one hour.

Let the patient induce vomiting by touching the back of the throat with a finger. If vomiting occurs, take care that vomit does not enter airways. Let the exposed person rinse mouth and drink fluids again.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed The first symptom to appear may be irritation. Symptoms of cholinesterase inhibition: nausea, headache, vomiting, cramps, weakness, blurred vision, pin-point pupils, tightness in chest, laboured



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breathing, nervousness, sweating, watering of eyes, drooling or frothing of mouth and nose, muscle spasms and coma.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If any sign of cholinesterase inhibition occurs, call a doctor (physician), clinic or hospital immediately. Explain that the victim has been exposed to **chlorpyrifos**, an organophosphorus insecticide. Describe his/her condition and the extent of exposure. Immediately remove the exposed person from the area where the product is present.

It may be helpful to show this safety data sheet to physician.

Notes to physician .....

**Chlorpyrifos** is a cholinesterase inhibitor affecting the central and peripheral nervous systems producing respiratory depression.

The product contains petroleum distillates which may pose an aspiration pneumonia hazard.

Cholinesterase inhibition - treatment

Much information on (acetyl)cholinesterase inhibition by organophosphate insecticides and its treatment can be found on the internet.

Decontamination procedures such as whole body washing, gastric lavage and administration of activated charcoal are often required.

**Antidote**: If symptoms (see 4.2.) are present, administer atropine sulphate, which often is a lifesaving antidote, in large doses, TWO to FOUR mg intravenously or intramuscularly as soon as possible. Repeat at 5 to 10 minute intervals until signs of atropinisation appear and maintain full atropinisation until all organophosphate is metabolised.

Obidoxime chloride (Toxogonin), alternatively pralidoxime chloride (2-PAM), may be administered as an adjunct to, but not a substitute for atropine sulphate. Treatment with oxime should be maintained as long as atropine sulphate is administered.

At first sign of pulmonary oedema the patient should be given supplementary oxygen and treated symptomatically.

Relapse can occur after initial improvement.

VERY CLOSE SUPERVISION OF THE PATIENT IS INDICATED FOR AT LEAST 48 HOURS, DEPENDING ON THE SEVERITY OF POISONING.

## **SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**



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for large fires. Avoid heavy hose streams.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

The essential breakdown products are volatile, toxic, irritant, malodorous and inflammable compounds such as hydrogen chloride, hydrogen sulphide, ethyl mercaptan, diethyl sulphide, sulphur dioxide, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, nitrogen oxides, phosphorus pentoxide and various chlorinated organic compounds.

5.3. Advice for firefighters .....

Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Approach fire from upwind to avoid hazardous vapours and toxic decomposition products. Fight fire from protected location or maximum possible distance. Dike area to prevent water runoff. Firemen should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing.

## SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

It is recommended to have a predetermined plan for the handling of spills. Empty, closable vessels for the collection of spills should be available.

In case of large spill (involving 10 tonnes of the product or more):

- 1. use personal protection equipment; see section 8
- 2. call emergency telephone no.; see section 1
- 3. alert authorities.

Observe all safety precautions when cleaning up spills. Use personal protection equipment. Depending on the magnitude of the spill this may mean wearing respirator, face mask or eye protection, chemical resistant clothing, gloves and rubber boots.

Stop the source of the spill immediately if safe to do so. Spills should be removed as soon as possible. Keep unprotected persons away from the spill area. Remove sources of ignition. Avoid and reduce vapour and mist formation as much as possible.

6.2. Environmental precautions .......

Contain the spill to prevent any further contamination of surface, soil or water. Wash waters must be prevented from entering surface water drains. Uncontrolled discharge into water courses must be alerted to the appropriate regulatory body.

6.3. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

It is recommended to consider possibilities to prevent damaging effects of spills, such as bunding or capping. See GHS (Annex 4, Section 6).

Use non-sparking tools and equipment. Surface water drains should be covered if appropriate. Minor spills on the floor or other impervious surface should be absorbed onto an absorptive material such as universal binder, hydrated lime, Fuller's earth or other absorbent clays. Collect the contaminated absorbent in suitable containers. Clean area with much water and soda lye. Absorb wash liquid onto



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absorbent and transfer to suitable containers. The used containers should be properly closed and labelled.

Large spills which soak into the ground should be dug up and transferred to suitable containers.

Spills in water should be contained as much as possible by isolation of the contaminated water. The contaminated water must be collected and removed for treatment or disposal.

6.4. Reference to other sections .......

See subsection 8.2. for personal protection.

See section 13 for disposal.

#### **♣ SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling .....

Keep away from sources of ignition and protect from exposure to fire and heat.

In an industrial environment it is important to avoid all personal contact with the product, if possible by using closed systems with remote system control. The material should be handled by mechanical means as much as possible. Adequate ventilation or local exhaust ventilation is required. The exhaust gases should be filtered or treated otherwise. For personal protection in this situation, see section 8.

For its use as a pesticide, first look for precautions and personal protection measures on the officially approved label on the packaging or for other official guidance or policy in force. If these are lacking, see section 8.

Keep all unprotected persons and children away from working area.

Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before removing gloves, wash them with water and soap. After work, take off all work clothes and footwear. Take a shower, using water and soap. Wear only clean clothes when leaving job. Wash protective clothing and protective equipment with water and soap after each use. Clothes that have been heavily drenched must be discarded as hazardous waste. Do not wash and reuse them.

Inhalation of vapours of the product can cause lowered consciousness, which increases the risks of operating machinery and driving.

Do not discharge to the environment. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash waters. Collect all waste material and remains from cleaning equipment, etc., and dispose of as hazardous waste. See section 13 for disposal.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

The product is stable under normal conditions of warehouse storage. Protect against sunshine for prolonged periods.



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Keep in tightly closed, labelled containers. The storage room should be constructed of incombustible material, closed, dry, ventilated and with impermeable floor, without access of unauthorised persons or children. A warning sign reading "POISON" is recommended. The room should only be used for storage of chemicals. Food, drink, feed and seed should not be present. A hand wash station should be available.

7.3. **Specific end use(s)** ......

The product is a registered pesticide which may only be used for the applications it is registered for, in accordance with a label approved by the regulatory authorities.

#### **♣** SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

## 8.1. Control parameters

Chlorpyrifos

Personal exposure limits

	1 Cai	
ACGIH (USA) TLV	2015	TWA 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , inhalable fraction and vapour
		Skin notation; BEI

OSHA (USA) PEL 2015 Not established EU, 2000/39/EC 2009 Not established as amended

Germany, MAK 2014 Not established; BAT HSE (UK) WEL 2011 8-h TWA 0.2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

STEL 0.6 mg/m<sup>3</sup>; 15-minute reference period

Skin notation

Naphthalene ACGIH (USA) TLV 2015 TWA 10 ppm (52 mg/m<sup>3</sup>)

Skin notation; BEI

OSHA (USA) PEL 2015 TWA 10 ppm (50 mg/m<sup>3</sup>)

EU, 2000/39/EC 2009 Not established as amended

Germany, MAK 2014 Skin notation
HSE (UK) WEL 2011 Not established

trimethyl benzene. The ACGIH recommends a TLV-TWA of 25 ppm

(123 g/m<sup>3</sup>) for trimethyl benzene.

However, other personal exposure limits defined by local regulations

may exist and must be observed.

frequent blood tests of their cholinesterase levels. If the cholinesterase level falls below a critical point, no further exposure should be allowed until it has been determined by means of blood tests that the

cholinesterase level has returned to normal.



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Chlorpyrifos

DNEL, systemic ...... 0.01 mg/kg bw/day

PNEC, aquatic environment ......... 14 ng/l

**Aromatic hydrocarbons** 

Naphthalene

8.2. Exposure controls .....

When used in a closed system, personal protection equipment will not be required. The following is meant for other situations, when the use of a closed system is not possible, or when it is necessary to open the system. Consider the need to render equipment or piping systems nonhazardous before opening.

The precautions mentioned below are primarily meant for handling of the undiluted product and for preparing the spray solution, but can be recommended for spraying as well.

In cases of incidental high exposure, maximal personal protection may be necessary, such as respirator, face mask, chemical resistant coveralls.

Respiratory protection

In the event of an accidental discharge of the material which produces a heavy vapour or mist, workers must put on officially approved respiratory protection equipment with a universal filter type including particle filter.



Protective gloves .....

Wear long chemical resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber or nitrile rubber. The breakthrough times of these materials for the product are unknown. Generally, however, the use of protective gloves will give only partial protection against dermal exposure. Small tears in the gloves and cross-contamination can easily occur. It is recommended to shift the gloves frequently and to limit the work done manually.



Eye protection ......

Wear safety glasses. It is recommended to have an eye wash fountain immediately available in the workplace when there is a potential for eye contact.



Other skin protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing to prevent skin contact depending on the extent of exposure. During most normal work situations where exposure to the material cannot be avoided for a limited time span, waterproof pants and apron of chemical resistant



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material or coveralls of polyethylene (PE) will be sufficient. Coveralls of PE must be discarded after use if contaminated. In cases of excessive or prolonged exposure, coveralls of barrier laminate may be required.

# **♣** SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

0.1	Information on physical and		
9.1.	Information on physical and		
	chemical properties	Red liquid	
	AppearanceOdour	Of aromatic hydrocarbons	
	Odour threshold	Not determined	
		1% emulsion in water: 6	
	pH	Below 0°C	
	Melting point/freezing point		
	Initial boiling point and boiling range	Decomposes	.160 22000
	Elash as int	Aromatic hydrocarbons	
	Flash point	68°C (Pensky-Martens clo	sed tester)
	Evaporation rate	(Butyl acetate = 1)	. 0.00
	Fl	Aromatic hydrocarbons	: 0.08
	Flammability (solid/gas)	Not applicable (liquid)	
	Upper/lower flammability or		0 6 7 0 10 ( 0 6 7 0 1 7 )
	explosive limits		$0.6 - 7.0 \text{ vol}\% \ (\approx 0.6 - 7.0 \text{ kPa})$
	Vapour pressure	Chlorpyrifos	$: 2.7 \times 10^{-3} \text{ Pa at } 25^{\circ}\text{C}$
			1.8 x 10 <sup>-2</sup> Pa at 35°C
	***	Aromatic hydrocarbons	: < 1 kPa at 25°C
	Vapour density	(Air = 1)	4
	B.1.2. 1. 2.	Aromatic hydrocarbons	: >1
	Relative density	Not determined	
	0.1.121. (1)	Density: 1.084 g/ml at 20°	
	Solubility(ies)	Chlorpyrifos	: miscible with toluene
			miscible with ethyl acetate
			774 g/l in hexane at 20°C
			290 g/l in methanol at 20°C
	D 66	C1.1 **	0.94 mg/l in water at 25°C
	Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	Chlorpyrifos	$: \log K_{ow} = 4.7$
			: some of the main components have
	A		$K_{ow} = 3.4 - 4.1$ at 25°C by model calculation
	Autoignition temperature	Not determined	1 ( 10.2)
	Decomposition temperature	Not determined (however,	see subsection 10.2.)
	Viscosity	3.6 mPa.s at 25°C	
	T. 1	2.0 - 2.3 mPa.s at 45°C	
	Explosive properties	Not explosive	
	Oxidising properties	Not oxidising	
9.2.	Other information		
<i>&gt;.</i> ⊒.	Miscibility	The product is emulsifiabl	e in water.
	1.11041011111	The product is emaismust	- III

## SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY



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above 160°C, significantly increasing the risk of explosion. Direct local heating of the product such as electric heating or by steam must

be avoided.

The decomposition is to a considerable extent dependent on time as well as temperature due to self-accelerating exothermic and autocatalytic reactions. The reactions involve rearrangements and polymerisation releasing volatile malodorous and inflammable compounds such as diethyl sulphide and ethyl mercaptan.

10.3. **Possibility of hazardous reactions** None known.

10.4. **Conditions to avoid** ...... Heating of the product will evolve harmful and irritant vapours.

10.5. **Incompatible materials** ...... Strong alkalis and strong oxidising compounds. The product can

corrode metals (but does not meet the criteria for classification).

10.6. **Hazardous decomposition products** See subsection 5.2.

## **♣** SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1.	Information on toxicological effec	ets * = Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
	Product Acute toxicity	The product is toxic by ingestion and harmful by inhalation. It is considered as less harmful by skin contact. The acute toxicity as measured on a similar product is:
	Route(s) of entry - ingestion	LD <sub>50</sub> , oral, rat (male): 205 mg/kg (method FIFRA 81-1)
	- skin	$LD_{50}$ , dermal, rat: $> 4000$ mg/kg (method FIFRA 81-2) *
	- inhalation	LC <sub>50</sub> , inhalation, rat: 2.16 mg/l/4 h (method FIFRA 81-3)
	Skin corrosion/irritation	Moderately irritating to skin (measured on a similar product, method FIFRA 81-5). * Can cause dry skin.
	Serious eye damage/irritation	Moderately irritating to eyes (measured on a similar product, method FIFRA 81-4)
	Respiratory or skin sensitisation	Not allergenic in animal tests (measured on a similar product, method FIFRA 81-6). *
	Germ cell mutagenicity	The product contains no ingredients known to be mutagenic. *
	Carcinogenicity	The product contains naphthalene which is suspected of being carcinogenic. *
	Reproductive toxicity	The product contains no ingredients found to have adverse effects on

reproduction. \*



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STOT – single expos	ure	To our knowledge, no specific effects other than already mentioned
0 1		have been observed after single exposure. *
STOT – repeated exp	oosure	The following was measured on the active ingredient <b>chlorpyrifos</b> : Target organ: nervous system (cholinesterase inhibition) LOAEL: 1 mg/kg bw/day in a 90-day rat study. At this exposure level, minor cholinesterase inhibition was found which generally does not result in observable effects or discomfort. A level for observable effects (LOEL) has not been determined. *
Aspiration hazard		The product presents an aspiration pneumonia hazard.
Symptoms and effect delayed	s, acute and	Symptoms of cholinesterase inhibition: nausea, headache, vomiting, cramps, weakness, blurred vision, pin-point pupils, tightness in chest, laboured breathing, nervousness, sweating, watering of eyes, drooling or frothing of mouth and nose, muscle spasms and coma.
<u>Chlorpyrifos</u>		
Toxicokinetics, metal distribution	bolism and	Chlorpyrifos is rapidly absorbed and excreted following oral administration. It is widely distributed in the body and extensively metabolised. There is no evidence for accumulation.
Acute toxicity		The substance is toxic by ingestion. Toxicity by inhalation is not known. It is considered as less harmful by skin contact. The acute toxicity is measured as:
Route(s) of entry	- ingestion	LD <sub>50</sub> , oral, rat (male): 276 mg/kg (method FIFRA 81.01)
		LD <sub>50</sub> , oral, rat (female): 350 mg/kg
	- skin	$LD_{50}$ , dermal, rat: > 2000 mg/kg (method FIFRA 81.02) *
	- inhalation	LC <sub>50</sub> , inhalation, rat: not available
Skin corrosion/irritati	ion	Slightly irritating to skin (method FIFRA 81.05). *
Serious eye damage/i	rritation	Slightly irritating to eyes (method FIFRA 81.04). *
Respiratory or skin se	ensitisation	Not sensitising (method FIFRA 81.06). *
Hydrocarbons, C10	0, aromatics, > 1	1% naphthalene
Acute toxicity		The substance is not considered as harmful. * The acute toxicity is measured as:
Route(s) of entry	- ingestion	$LD_{50}$ , oral, rat: > 5000 mg/kg (method similar to OECD 401)
	- skin	$LD_{50}$ , dermal, rat: $> 2000$ mg/kg (method similar to OECD 402)
	- inhalation	$LC_{50}$ , inhalation, rat: > 4.7 mg/l/4 h (vapour; method similar to OECD 403)
Skin corrosion/irritation		Mildly irritating to skin with prolonged exposure (method similar to OECD 404). * Can cause skin dryness.



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Serious eye damage/irritation	May cause mild, short-lasting discomfort to eyes (method similar to OECD 405). $^{\ast}$
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	To our knowledge, no indications of allergenic properties have been recorded. Measured on a similar substance: not a skin sensitizer (method similar to OECD 406). *
Carcinogenicity	For petroleum solvents in general, IARC has considered the evidence for carcinogenicity as inadequate.
	The product contains naphthalene, which is a suspected carcinogen.
Aspiration hazard	Aromatic hydrocarbons present an aspiration hazard.
Naphthalene Acute toxicity	The substance is harmful by ingestion. The acute toxicity is measured as:
Route(s) of entry - ingestion	$LD_{50}, oral, rat:  > 2000$ mg/kg (method OECD 401) *
	$LD_{50}$ , oral, mouse: 710 mg/kg (method similar to OECD 401)
- skin	$LD_{50}$ , dermal, rat: $> 2500$ mg/kg *
- inhalation	$LC_{50}$ , inhalation, rat: > 0.4 mg/l/4 h (vapour; method similar to OECD 403)
Skin corrosion/irritation	Not irritating to skin (method similar to OECD 404). *
Serious eye damage/irritation	Not irritating to eyes (method similar to OECD 405). *
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	Not a skin sensitizer (method OECD 406). *
Carcinogenicity	Naphthalene is a suspected carcinogen (6 studies).
Aspiration hazard	Naphthalene presents an aspiration pneumonia hazard.
Calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate	<u>e</u>
Acute toxicity	The substance is not considered as harmful by skin contact, ingestion and inhalation. * The acute toxicity is measured as:
Route(s) of entry - ingestion	LD <sub>50</sub> , oral, rat: 4000 mg/kg
- skin	LD <sub>50</sub> , dermal, rat: not available
- inhalation	LC <sub>50</sub> , inhalation, rat: not available
Skin corrosion/irritation	Irritating to skin.
Serious eye damage/irritation	Irritating to eyes with the potential to cause permanent eye damage.
2-Ethylhexan-1-ol Acute toxicity	The substance is not considered as harmful. *



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The acute toxicity is measured as:

Route(s) of entry - ingestion LD<sub>50</sub>, oral, rat: 3290 mg/kg (method OECD 401)

- skin  $LD_{50}$ , dermal, rat: > 3000 mg/kg (method OECD 402)

- inhalation LC<sub>50</sub>, inhalation, rat: 0.89 - 5.3 mg/l/4 h (method OECD 403)

Not harmful at saturated vapour pressure (approx. 0.89 mg/l). Harmful

at 5.3 mg/l, a mixture of vapour and droplets.

Skin corrosion/irritation ...... Mildly irritating to skin.

Serious eye damage/irritation ....... Moderately to severely irritating to eyes.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation ... Not a skin sensitizer. \*

#### **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

is toxic to aquatic plants, but it is considered as less toxic to birds and

not harmful to soil micro- and macroorganisms.

The acute ecotoxicity is measured on a similar product as:

- Fish Rainbow trout (Salmo gairdneri) ................ 96-h LC<sub>50</sub>: 48 μg/l

- Algae Green algae (Selenastrum capricornutum) ...... 72-h IC<sub>50</sub>: 0.14 mg/l

- Birds Bobwhite quail (Colinus virginianus) ...... LD<sub>50</sub>: 83 mg/kg

The following has been measured on the active ingredient **chlorpyrifos**:

- Bees Honey bees (*Apis mellifera*) ...... LD<sub>50</sub>, acute oral: 0.36 μg/bee

LD<sub>50</sub>, topical: 0.070 μg/bee

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability ....

**Chlorpyrifos** is biodegradable, but does not meet the criteria for being readily biodegradable. It undergoes degradation in the environment and in waste water treatment plants. No adverse effects are found at concentrations up to 100 mg/l in waste water treatment plants. Degradation occurs both aerobically and anaerobically, biologically as well as abiologically.

Primary degradation half-lives of **chlorpyrifos** vary with circumstances, but are usually around 4 - 10 weeks in soil and water. pH has a major influence. Degradation will increase at higher pH.

**Aromatic hydrocarbons** are not readily biodegradable. However, they are expected to be degraded in the environment at a moderate rate. When evaporated, they are expected to degrade rapidly in the air.



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The product contains minor amounts of not readily biodegradable components, which may not be degradable in waste water treatment plants. See section 9 for octanol-water partition coefficients. 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential ......... Chlorpyrifos has the potential to bioaccumulate, but is rapidly excreted (with half-life 2 - 3 days). The bioaccumulation factor of chlorpyrifos is measured to be 1375 for whole fish (rainbow trout). Aromatic hydrocarbons have a moderate potential to bioaccumulate if continuous exposure is maintained. Most components can be metabolised by many organisms, bacteria, fungi, etc. Bioaccumulation factors (BCFs) of some of the main components are 246 - 810 (by model calculation). **Chlorpyrifos** is not mobile in the environment, but is strongly 12.4. **Mobility in soil** ..... absorbed to soil **Aromatic hydrocarbons** are not mobile in the environment, but they are highly volatile and will rapidly evaporate to the air if released onto water or on the surface of soil. They float and can migrate to sediment. 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB None of the ingredients meets the criteria for being PBT or vPvB. assessment ..... 12.6. Other adverse effects ..... Other relevant hazardous effects in the environment are not known.

♣ SE	• SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS				
13.1.	Waste treatment methods	Remaining quantities of the material and empty but unclean packaging should be regarded as hazardous waste.			
		Disposal of waste and packagings must always be in accordance with all applicable local regulations.			
	Disposal of product	According to the Waste Framework Directive (2008/98/EC), possibilities for reuse or reprocessing should first be considered. If this is not feasible, the material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing.			
		Chlorpyrifos is rapidly hydrolysed at pH $> 8.0$ .			
		Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.			

Disposal of packaging .....

It is recommended to consider possible ways of disposal in the following order:

1. Reuse or recycling should first be considered. Reuse is prohibited



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except by the authorisation holder. If offered for recycling, containers must be emptied and triply rinsed (or equivalent). Do not discharge rinsing water to sewer systems.

- 2. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.
- 3. Delivery of the packaging to a licensed service for disposal of hazardous waste.
- 4. Disposal in a landfill or burning in open air should only occur as a last resort. For disposal in a landfill containers should be emptied completely, rinsed and punctured to make them unusable for other purposes. If burned, stay out of smoke.

#### **♣** SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### ADR/RID/IMDG/IATA/ICAO classification

	•	
14.1.	UN number	3018
14.2.	UN proper shipping name	Organophosphorus pesticide, liquid, toxic (chlorpyrifos and alkyl(C3-C5)benzenes)
14.3.	Transport hazard class(es)	6.1
14.4.	Packing group	III
14.5.	Environmental hazards	Marine pollutant
14.6.	Special precautions for user	Avoid any unnecessary contact with the product. Misuse can result in damage to health. Do not discharge to the environment.
14.7.	Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC code	The product is not transported in bulk by ship.

## **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

15.1.	Safety, health and environmental
	regulations/legislation specific for
	the substance or mixture

Seveso category (Dir. 2012/18/EU): dangerous for the environment.

The employer shall assess any risks to the safety or health and any possible effect on the pregnancies or breastfeeding of workers and decide what measures should be taken (Dir. 92/85/EEC).

The Young Worker Directive (94/33/EC) prohibits people under the age of 18 to work with this product.

All ingredients are covered by EU chemical legislation.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment ....... A cl

A chemical safety assessment is not required to be included for this product.



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# **♣ SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

References .....

Relevant changes in the safety data sheet	Minor cor	rections only
List of abbreviations	ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial
		Hygienists
	BAT	Biologische Arbeitsstoff-Toleranzwert
	BEI	Biological Exposure Index
	CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service
	Dir.	Directive
	DNEL	Derived No Effect Level
	EC	Emulsifiable Concentrate, or
		European Community
	$EC_{50}$	50% Effect Concentration
	EINECS	European INventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
	FIFRA	Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act
	GHS	Globally Harmonized classification and labelling System
	***	of chemicals, Fifth revised edition 2013
	HSE	Health & Safety Executive, UK
	IBC	International Bulk Chemical code
	$IC_{50}$	50% Inhibition Concentration
	ISO	International Organisation for Standardisation
	IUPAC	International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry
	$LC_{50}$	50% Lethal Concentration
	$LD_{50}$	50% Lethal Dose
	LOAEL	Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
	LOEL	Lowest Observed Effect Level
	MAK	Maximale Arbeitspaltz-Konzentration
	MARPOL	. Set of rules from the International Maritime Organisatio
		(IMO) for prevention of sea pollution
	OECD	Organisation for Economic Development and Cooperation
	OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration
	PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic
	PEL	Personal Exposure Limit
	PNEC	Predicted No Effect Concentration
	Reg.	Registration, or Regulation
	STEL	Short-Term Exposure Limit
	STOT	Specific Target Organ Toxicity
	TLV	Threshold Limit Value
	TWA	Time Weighed Average
	TWA	Time Weighed Average
	vPvB	very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative
	WEL	Workplace Exposure Limit
	WHO	World Health Organisation

Data measured on a similar product are unpublished company data.



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	Data on ingredients are available from published literature and can found several places.	n be
Method for classification	Acute oral toxicity: read across Acute inhalation toxicity: read across Eye irritation: read across Carcinogenicity: calculation rules Aspiration toxicity: read across Hazards to the aquatic environment, acute: read across chronic: calculation rules	
Used hazard statements	H301 Toxic if swallowed. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H315 Causes skin irritation. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness and cracking EUH401 To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions of use.	ng.
Advice on training	This material should only be used by persons who are made aware its hazardous properties and have been instructed in the required safety precautions.	e of

The information provided in this safety data sheet is believed to be accurate and reliable, but uses of the product vary and situations unforeseen by FMC Corporation may exist. The user has to check the validity of the information under local circumstances.

Prepared by: FMC Corporation / Cheminova A/S / GHB