# **MARSHAL® 25EC INSECTICIDE**



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#### 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : MARSHAL® 25EC INSECTICIDE

Other means of identification : CARBOSULFAN 25 WT% EC

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : FMC India Private Ltd

Address : TCG Financial Centre, 2 Floor,

C-53, , Bandra Kurla Complex,

Bandra (East), Mumbai, Bandra Suburban

Maharashtra-400098

India

E-mail address : SDS-Info@fmc.com

Emergency telephone : 022 6704 5504/5404

000-800-100-7141 (CHEMTREC)

Medical Emergency Number : 022 6704 5504/5404

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Can be used as insecticide only.

Restrictions on use : Use as recommended by the label.

# 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemicals Rules 1989

#### Classification

Highly Toxic, Highly flammable liquids

**GHS Classification** 

Flammable liquids : Category 3

Acute toxicity (Oral) : Category 3

Acute toxicity (Inhalation) : Category 2

Acute toxicity (Dermal) : Category 4

Skin corrosion/irritation : Category 3

Serious eye damage/eye irri-

tation

Category 2B

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Skin sensitization Category 1

Carcinogenicity Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity - :

single exposure

Category 1 (Nervous system)

Specific target organ toxicity - :

single exposure

Category 3 (Respiratory system, Central nervous system)

Specific target organ toxicity - :

repeated exposure

Category 1 (Nervous system)

Aspiration hazard Category 1

Short-term (acute) aquatic

hazard

Category 1

Long-term (chronic) aquatic

hazard

Category 1

#### **GHS** label elements

Hazard pictograms









Danger Signal Word

H226 Flammable liquid and vapor. **Hazard Statements** 

H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H316 Causes mild skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H320 Causes eye irritation.

H330 Fatal if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H370 Causes damage to organs (Nervous system).

H372 Causes damage to organs (Nervous system) through

prolonged or repeated exposure.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary Statements** Prevention:

> P203 Obtain, read and follow all safety instructions before use. P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames

and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting/

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equipment.

P242 Use non-sparking tools.

P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.

P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection/ hearing protection.

P284 Wear respiratory protection.

#### Response:

P301 + P316 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Get emergency medical help immediately. Rinse mouth.

P303 + P361 + P353 + P317 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Get medical help.

P304 + P340 + P316 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get emergency medical help immediately.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308 + P316 IF exposed or concerned: Get emergency medical help immediately.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P333 + P317 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical help.

P337 + P317 If eye irritation persists: Get medical help.

P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.

P391 Collect spillage.

### Storage:

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

#### Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

### Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

# 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

## Components

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Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
carbosulfan (ISO)	55285-14-8	>= 20 - < 25
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	64742-95-6	>= 50 - < 70
calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate	26264-06-2	>= 3 - < 10
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	64742-94-5	>= 1 - < 2.5
carbofuran	1563-66-2	>= 0.25 - < 1

### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : Move out of dangerous area.

Consult a physician.

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Symptoms of poisoning may appear several hours later.

Do not leave the victim unattended.

If inhaled : Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical

advice.

In case of skin contact : Take victim immediately to hospital.

If on skin, rinse well with water.
If on clothes, remove clothes.

In case of eye contact : Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water.

Remove contact lenses. Protect unharmed eye.

Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed : Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.

Keep respiratory tract clear. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If symptoms persist, call a physician. Take victim immediately to hospital.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

and enects, both acute at

delayed

Toxic if swallowed.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Harmful in contact with skin. Causes mild skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Causes eye irritation. Fatal if inhaled.

May cause respiratory irritation.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Suspected of causing cancer.
Causes damage to organs.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically.

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5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Alcohol-resistant foam

Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

High volume water jet

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

Hazardous combustion products

Carbon oxides Sulfur oxides

Nitrogen oxides (NOx) Hydrogen cyanide

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

For safety reasons in case of fire, cans should be stored sepa-

rately in closed containments.

Use a water spray to cool fully closed containers.

Special protective equipment:

for fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if nec-

essary.

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Use personal protective equipment.

Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

Beware of vapors accumulating to form explosive concentra-

tions. Vapors can accumulate in low areas.

Environmental precautions : Prevent product from entering drains.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local

/ national regulations (see section 13).

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on protection against

fire and explosion

Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge

(which might cause ignition of organic vapors).

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Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of

ignition.

Advice on safe handling : Avoid formation of aerosol.

Do not breathe vapors/dust.

Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. For personal protection see section 8.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. Open drum carefully as content may be under pressure. Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national

regulations.

Persons susceptible to skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being

used.

Conditions for safe storage : Prevent unauthorized access.

No smoking.

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated

place.

Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and

kept upright to prevent leakage.

Observe label precautions.

Electrical installations / working materials must comply with

the technological safety standards.

Further information on stor-

age stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	64742-95-6	TWA	300 ppm 900 mg/m3	IN OEL
		STEL	500 ppm 1,500 mg/m3	IN OEL
		TWA	200 mg/m3 (total hydrocarbon vapor)	ACGIH
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	64742-94-5	TWA	200 mg/m3 (total hydrocarbon vapor)	ACGIH
carbofuran	1563-66-2	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	IN OEL
		TWA (Inhalable fraction and vapor)	0.1 mg/m3	ACGIH

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### **Biological occupational exposure limits**

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Biological specimen	Sam- pling time	Permissible concentration	Basis
carbofuran	1563-66-2	Acetylcho- linesterase activity	In red blood cells	End of shift	70 % of an individual's baseline	ACGIH BEI
		Butyrylcho- linesterase activity	In serum or plasma	End of shift	60 % of an individual's baseline	ACGIH BEI

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : In case of mist, spray or aerosol exposure wear suitable per-

sonal respiratory protection and protective suit.

Hand protection

Material : Wear chemical resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate,

butyl rubber or nitrile rubber.

Remarks : The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed

with the producers of the protective gloves.

Eye protection : Eye wash bottle with pure water

Tightly fitting safety goggles

Skin and body protection : Impervious clothing

Choose body protection according to the amount and concen-

tration of the dangerous substance at the work place.

Hygiene measures : Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke.

Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the

product.

### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : liquid

Color : dark amber

Odor : hydrocarbon-like

pH : 7.26 (23.1 °C)

(1% solution in water)

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Boiling point/boiling range : No data available

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Flash point : 42.5 °C

Flammability (liquids) : Sustains combustion

Self-ignition : No data available

Density : 7.74 lb/gal (24.2 °C)

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : emulsifiable

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Not applicable

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

#### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Chemical stability : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

Incompatible materials : Strong acids and strong bases

Strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition

products

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Carbon oxides Sulfur oxides

### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### **Acute toxicity**

Toxic if swallowed.

Harmful in contact with skin.

Fatal if inhaled.

**Product:** 

Acute oral toxicity : LD50(Rabbit, male and female): 60.2 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50(Rat, female): 0.265 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50(Rabbit): 1,520 mg/kg

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**Components:** 

carbosulfan (ISO):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): 185 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, female): 0.15 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): 3,492 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

LD50 (Rat, male): 6,984 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 6.193 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: vapor

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Remarks: no mortality

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit, male and female): > 3,160 mg/kg

Assessment: The component/mixture is minimally toxic after

single contact with skin.

calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): 1,300 mg/kg

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity : Remarks: Not classified

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 2000 milligram per kilogram

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 4.688 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

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Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

carbofuran:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 5.3 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 0.10 mg/l

Exposure time: 1 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

LC50 (Rat): 0.025 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes mild skin irritation.

**Product:** 

Species : Rabbit

Result : Moderate skin irritation

Remarks : May cause skin irritation and/or dermatitis.

**Components:** 

carbosulfan (ISO):

Species : Rabbit

Result : slight irritation

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : Mild skin irritation

calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : Skin irritation

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.:

Species : Rabbit

Assessment : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Result : No skin irritation

Remarks : Minimal effects that do not meet the threshold for classifica-

tion.

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Based on data from similar materials

carbofuran:

Result : No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes eye irritation.

**Product:** 

Species : Rabbit

Result : Mild eye irritation

Remarks : Vapors may cause irritation to the eyes, respiratory system

and the skin.

**Components:** 

carbosulfan (ISO):

Species : Rabbit

Result : slight irritation

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405
Result : Irreversible effects on the eye

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405
Result : Irreversible effects on the eye

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.:

Species : Rabbit

Assessment : No eye irritation

Remarks : Minimal effects that do not meet the threshold for classifica-

tion.

Based on data from similar materials

carbofuran:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

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### Respiratory sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

**Product:** 

Species : Guinea pig

Result : May cause sensitization by skin contact.

Remarks : Causes sensitization.

**Components:** 

carbosulfan (ISO):

Test Type : Buehler Test Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406
Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:

Test Type : Maximization Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406 Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:

Test Type : Maximization Test

Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406
Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.:

Test Type : Maximization Test

Species : Guinea pig

Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

carbofuran:

Test Type : Buehler Test

Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

carbosulfan (ISO):

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: reverse mutation assay

Test system: Salmonella typhimurium

Result: negative

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Test Type: reverse mutation assay Test system: Escherichia coli

Result: negative

Test Type: gene mutation test Test system: Chinese hamster cells

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Test system: Chinese hamster cells

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: chromosome aberration assay

Species: mice Result: negative

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: in vitro DNA damage and/or repair study

Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Result: negative

Test Type: reverse mutation assay

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Bone marrow chromosome aberration.

Species: Rat (male and female) Application Route: Inhalation

Result: negative

calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: reverse mutation assay

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: chromosome aberration assay

Species: Rat (male and female)

Application Route: Oral Exposure time: 90 d Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ

cell mutagen.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: reverse mutation assay

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

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Genotoxicity in vivo Test Type: Bone marrow chromosome aberration.

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

Result: negative

carbofuran:

Genotoxicity in vitro Test Type: Mouse lymphoma assay

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Result: positive

Test Type: chromosome aberration assay Genotoxicity in vivo

> Species: Mouse Result: negative

Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Mouse Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing cancer.

**Product:** 

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

: Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies

**Components:** 

carbosulfan (ISO):

Species : Mouse Exposure time 2 Years

NOAEL 2.5 mg/kg bw/day

Result negative

Species Rat Exposure time 2 Years

NOAEL 1 mg/kg bw/day

Result negative

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a car-

cinogen

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

: Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies

calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:

Rat, male and female **Species** 

Application Route Oral 720 d Exposure time

250 mg/kg body weight **NOAEL** 

Result negative

Remarks Based on data from similar materials

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Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a car-

cinogen

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.:

Species : Rat, male and female
Application Route : inhalation (vapor)
Exposure time : 12 month(s)
NOAEC : 1.8 mg/l
Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

carbofuran:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a car-

cinogen

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

carbosulfan (ISO):

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Three-generation study

Species: Rat

**Application Route: Oral** 

General Toxicity Parent: NOAEL: 1.2 mg/kg bw/day

Fertility: NOAEL: 1.2 mg/kg bw/day

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 2 mg/kg bw/day

Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 2

Result: negative

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rabbit Application Route: Oral

General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 5 mg/kg bw/day

Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 10

Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification for repro-

ductive toxicity

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:

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Effects on fertility : Test Type: Three-generation study

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)
Fertility: NOAEC Mating/Fertility: 7.5 mg/l

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development : Species: Mouse

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

General Toxicity Maternal: LOAEC: 500 part per million

Symptoms: Maternal effects.

calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development

Species: Rat, male and female Application Route: Ingestion

General Toxicity Parent: NOAEL: 400 mg/kg body weight

Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: reproductive and developmental toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 300 mg/kg body weight Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 600 mg/kg body weight

Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification for repro-

ductive toxicity

carbofuran:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification for repro-

ductive toxicity

STOT-single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Causes damage to organs (Nervous system).

Product:

Target Organs : Nervous system

Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ

toxicant, single exposure, category 1.

**Components:** 

carbosulfan (ISO):

Target Organs : Nervous system, Bladder, Gastro-intestinal system, Blood

Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ

toxicant, single exposure, category 1.

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#### Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:

Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation., May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

### STOT-repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs (Nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Product:** 

Target Organs : Nervous system

Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ

toxicant, repeated exposure, category 1.

**Components:** 

carbosulfan (ISO):

Target Organs : Nervous system, Bladder, Gastro-intestinal system, Blood Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ

toxicant, repeated exposure, category 1.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target

organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

**Components:** 

carbosulfan (ISO):

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 2 mg/kg bw/day

Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 90 days

Species : Dog

NOAEL : 1.6 mg/kg bw/day

Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 6 months

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:

Species : Rat, male and female

NOAEC : 0.8 - 0.9 mg/l Application Route : Inhalation Test atmosphere : vapor

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Species : Rat, male
NOAEL : 600 mg/kg

Application Route : Oral

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

## calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:





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Species : Rat, male and female

NOAEL : 85 mg/kg LOAEL : 145 mg/kg Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 9 Months

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Species : Rat, male and female

NOAEL : 100 mg/kg LOAEL : 200 mg/kg Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 28 Days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 422

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Species : Rat, male
LOAEL : 286 mg/kg
Application Route : Skin contact
Exposure time : 15 Days

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

### Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.:

Species : Rat, male and female

NOAEC : 0.9 - 1.8 mg/l
Application Route : inhalation (vapor)
Exposure time : 12 months

### **Aspiration toxicity**

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### Product:

The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

### **Components:**

# carbosulfan (ISO):

The substance does not have properties associated with aspiration hazard potential.

### Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### carbofuran:

No data available

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#### **Experience with human exposure**

### **Components:**

# Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.:

Skin contact : Symptoms: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or

cracking.

#### **Further information**

**Product:** 

Remarks : Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness,

tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

Concentrations substantially above the TLV value may cause

narcotic effects.

Solvents may degrease the skin.

### **Components:**

## Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.:

Remarks : Vapour concentrations above recommended exposure levels

are irritating to the eyes and the respiratory tract, may cause headaches and dizziness, are anaesthetic and may have other central nervous system effects. Prolonged and/or repeated skin contact with low viscosity materials may defat the skin resulting in possible irritation and dermatitis. Small amounts of liquid aspirated into the lungs during ingestion or from vomiting may cause chemical pneumonitis or pulmonary edema.

### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### **Ecotoxicity**

#### **Components:**

carbosulfan (ISO):

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 0.015 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0015 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (microalgae)): > 20

mg/

Exposure time: 96 h

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

100

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC: 0.00828 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

Toxicity to daphnia and other : NOEC: 0.0032 mg/l

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aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

10

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

1.035 µg/bee

Species: Apis mellifera (bees)

Remarks: Oral

0.18 µg/bee

Species: Apis mellifera (bees)

Remarks: Contact

LD50: 10 mg/kg

Species: Anas platyrhynchos (Mallard duck)

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:

Toxicity to fish : NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 4.5 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: semi-static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

LL50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 8.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h
Test Type: semi-static test

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 4.5 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (microalgae)): 3.1 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (Tetrahymena pyriformis): 15.41 mg/l

Exposure time: 40 h

Test Type: Growth inhibition

Remarks: The value is given based on a SAR/AAR approach

using OECD Toolbox, DEREK, VEGA QSAR models

(CAESAR models), etc.

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOELR: 2.6 mg/l

Exposure time: 14 d

Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 204

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

# **MARSHAL® 25EC INSECTICIDE**



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Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOELR: 2.6 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea) Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 10 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 4.6 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 3.5 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 7.9

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 65.4

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): 500 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

is toxisity)

n-

NOEC: 1.65 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

ic toxicity)

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOEC: 1.18 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to soil dwelling or-

ganisms

LC50: 1,000 mg/kg Exposure time: 14 d

Species: Eisenia fetida (earthworms) Method: OECD Test Guideline 207

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

LD50: 1,356 mg/kg

Exposure time: 14 d

Species: Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)

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Method: OECD Test Guideline 223

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.:

Toxicity to fish LL50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 2 - 5 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1.4 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 1 - 3

mg/l

Exposure time: 24 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

LL50 (Tetrahymena pyriformis): 677.9 mg/l Toxicity to microorganisms

Exposure time: 72 h

Test Type: Growth inhibition

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

EL50: 0.89 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea) Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

carbofuran:

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 0.18 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0094 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 19

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

100

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC: 0.022 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

NOEC: 0.008 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

ic toxicity)

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

10

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#### Persistence and degradability

**Components:** 

carbosulfan (ISO):

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 28 % Exposure time: 28 d

Stability in water : Remarks: Hydrolyzes readily.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:

Biodegradability : Concentration: 49.2 mg/l

Result: Inherently biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 77.05 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301E

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 58.6 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

carbofuran:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Stability in water : Remarks: Does not readily hydrolyze

**Bioaccumulative potential** 

Components:

carbosulfan (ISO):

Bioaccumulation : Species: Fish

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 990

Remarks: Can accumulate in aquatic organisms.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 7.42

calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Fish

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 70.79

Method: QSAR

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Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 4.77 (25 °C)

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: The product/substance has a potential to bioaccu-

mulate.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 3.72 Method: QSAR

carbofuran:

Bioaccumulation : Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 11

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Remarks: No data available

Mobility in soil

**Components:** 

carbosulfan (ISO):

Distribution among environmental compartments

Remarks: Slightly mobile in soils

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Remarks: Expected to partition to sediment and wastewater

solids. Moderately volatile.

carbofuran:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Koc: 17 - 28 ml/g, log Koc: < 1.44 Remarks: Highly mobile in soils

Other adverse effects

**Product:** 

Additional ecological infor-

mation

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of

unprofessional handling or disposal.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water

courses or the soil.

Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemi-

cal or used container.

Send to a licensed waste management company.

Contaminated packaging : Empty remaining contents.





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Dispose of as unused product. Do not re-use empty containers.

Do not burn, or use a cutting torch on, the empty drum.

#### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### International Regulations

**UNRTDG** 

UN number : UN 2991

Proper shipping name : CARBAMATE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE

(Carbosulfan)

Class : 6.1
Subsidiary risk : 3
Packing group : II
Labels : 6.1 (3)

**IATA-DGR** 

UN/ID No. : UN 2991

Proper shipping name : Carbamate pesticide, liquid, toxic, flammable

(Carbosulfan)

Class : 6.1 Subsidiary risk : 3 Packing group : II

Labels : Toxic, Flammable Liquids

Packing instruction (cargo : 662

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen: 654

ger aircraft)

Environmentally hazardous : yes

**IMDG-Code** 

UN number : UN 2991

Proper shipping name : CARBAMATE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE

(Carbosulfan)

Class : 6.1
Subsidiary risk : 3
Packing group : II
Labels : 6.1 (3)
EmS Code : F-E, S-D
Marine pollutant : yes

### Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable for product as supplied.

# Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

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#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Rotterdam Convention (Prior Informed Consent) : carbofuran

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

TCSI : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

TSCA : All substances listed as active on the TSCA inventory

AIIC : Not in compliance with the inventory

DSL : This product contains the following components listed on the

Canadian NDSL. All other components are on the Canadian

DSL.

2,3-DIHYDRO-2,2-DIMETHYLBENZOFURAN-7-YL (DIBUTYLAMINTHIO)METHYLCARBAMATE

ENCS : Not in compliance with the inventory

ISHL : Not in compliance with the inventory

KECI: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

PICCS : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

IECSC : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

NZIoC : Not in compliance with the inventory

TECI: Not in compliance with the inventory

#### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Revision Date : 21.12.2022

Date format : dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ACGIH BEI : ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)

IN OEL : India. Permissible levels of certain chemical substances in

work environment.

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average

IN OEL / TWA : Time-Weighted Average Concentration (TWA) (8 hrs.)

IN OEL / STEL : Short-term exposure Limit STEL (15 min)

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AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

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