

Material group	45S/4581	Page 1 of 13
Product name	GLYPHOSATE 68 SG	May 2017
Safety data sheet according to EU Reg. 1907/2006 as amended		Supersedes April 2016

SAFETY DATA SHEET

GLYPHOSATE 68 SG

Revision: Sections containing a revision or new information are marked with a ♣.

♣ SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

- 1.1. **Product identifier** **GLYPHOSATE 68 SG**
- 1.2. **Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against** Can be used as herbicide only.
- 1.3. **Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet** **CHEMINOVA A/S**, a subsidiary of FMC Corporation
 Thyborønvej 78
 DK-7673 Harbøre
 Denmark
SDS.Ronland@fmc.com
- 1.4. **Emergency telephone number**
Company (+45) 97 83 53 53 (24 h; for emergencies only)
- Medical emergencies:
- | | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Austria: +43 1 406 43 43 | Netherlands: +31 30 274 88 88 |
| Belgium: +32 70 245 245 | Norway: +47 22 591300 |
| Bulgaria: +359 2 9154 409 | Poland: +48 22 619 66 54 |
| Cyprus: 1401 | +48 22 619 08 97 |
| Czech Republic: +420 224 919 293 | Portugal: 808 250 143 (in Portugal only) |
| +420 224 915 402 | +351 21 330 3284 |
| Denmark: +45 82 12 12 12 | Romania: +40 21318 3606 |
| France: +33 (0) 1 45 42 59 59 | Slovakia: +421 2 54 77 4 166 |
| Finland: +358 9 471 977 | Slovenia: +386 41 650 500 |
| Hungary: +36 80 20 11 99 | Spain: +34 91 562 04 20 |
| Greece: 30 210 77 93 777 | Sweden: +46 08-331231 |
| Ireland (Republic): +352 1 809 2166 | 112 |
| Italy: +39 02 6610 1029 | Switzerland: 145 |
| Lithuania: +370 523 62052 | United Kingdom: 0870 600 6266 (in the UK only) |
| +370 687 53378 | U.S.A. & Canada: +1 800 / 331-3148 (PROSAR) |
| Luxembourg: +352 8002 5500 | All other countries: +1 651 / 632-6793 (PROSAR - Collect) |

♣ SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

- 2.1. **Classification of the substance or mixture** None
- WHO classification Class U (Unlikely to present acute hazard in normal use)

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Health hazards The product can cause mild irritation.

Environmental hazards The product is a herbicide and is therefore expected to be harmful to all green plants.

2.2. Label elements

According to EU Reg. 1272/2008 as amended

Product identifier Glyphosate 68 SG

Hazard pictograms None

Signal word None

Hazard statements None

Precautionary statements None

Supplementary hazard statements

EUH210 Safety data sheet available on request.

EUH401 To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions of use.

2.3. Other hazards None of the ingredients in the product meets the criteria for being PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances The product is a mixture, not a substance.

3.2. Mixtures See section 16 for full text of hazard statements.

Active ingredient **Glyphosate, in the form of its monoammonium salt**

The product contains 75% w/w of the pure active ingredient glyphosate-ammonium, equivalent to 68% of the free acid glyphosate.

Glyphosate

Content: 68% by weight

CAS name

Glycine, N-(phosphonomethyl)-

CAS no.

1071-83-6

IUPAC name(s)

N-(Phosphonomethyl)glycine

ISO name/EU name

Glyphosate

EC no. (EINECS no.)

213-997-4

EU index no.

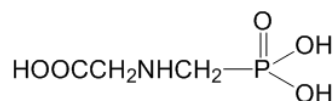
607-315-00-8

Classification of the ingredient

Eye damage: Category 1 (H318)

Hazards to the aquatic environment, chronic: Category 2 (H411)

Structural formula



Glyphosate-ammonium

Content: 75% by weight

CAS name

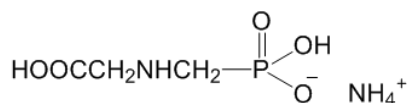
Glycine, N-(phosphonomethyl)-, monoammonium salt

CAS no.

40465-66-5

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IUPAC name —
 ISO name Glyphosate-ammonium
 Other name(s) Glyphosate monoammonium salt
 EC no. (EINECS no.) None
 EU index no. 015-184-00-8
 Classification of the ingredient Hazards to the aquatic environment, chronic: Category 2 (H411)
 Structural formula



<u>Reportable ingredient</u>	Content (% w/w)	CAS no.	EC no. (EINECS no.)	Classification
Tallow alkyl amines, hydrogenated, ethoxylated	1 - 5	61790-82-7	None	Aquatic Chronic 2 (H411)

♣ SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation If experiencing any discomfort, immediately remove from exposure. Light cases: Keep person under surveillance. Get medical attention immediately if symptoms develop. Serious cases: Get medical attention immediately or call for an ambulance.

Skin contact Remove contaminated clothing and footwear. Flush skin with water. Wash with water and soap. See physician if irritation develops.

Eye contact Immediately rinse eyes with much water or eyewash solution, occasionally opening eyelids, until no evidence of chemical remains. Remove contact lenses after a few minutes and rinse again. Get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion Immediately rinse mouth and drink milk or water. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting does occur, rinse mouth and drink fluids again. Call a doctor or get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Primarily irritation. On ingestion, the product may cause irritation of gastrointestinal tract.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Immediate medical attention is required in case of eye contact.

Note to physician

The irritating effects of this product can be treated as usual against effects of acids or acid fumes. Possible mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Dry chemical or carbon dioxide for small fires, water spray or foam for large fires. Avoid heavy hose streams.

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5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

The essential breakdown products are carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, phosphorus pentoxide and nitrogen oxides

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Approach fire from upwind to avoid hazardous vapours and toxic decomposition products. Fight fire from protected location or maximum possible distance. Dike area to prevent water runoff. Firemen should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

It is recommended to have a predetermined plan for the handling of spills. Empty, closable vessels (not metal) for the collection of spills should be available.

In case of large spill (involving 10 tonnes of the product or more):

1. use personal protection equipment; see section 8
2. call emergency telephone no.; see section 1
3. alert authorities.

Observe all safety precautions when cleaning up spills. Use personal protection equipment. Depending on the magnitude of the spill this may mean wearing respirator, face mask or eye protection, chemical resistant clothing, gloves and boots.

Stop the source of the spill immediately if safe to do so. Avoid and reduce dust formation as much as possible, if appropriate by moistening. Remove sources of ignition.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain the spill to prevent any further contamination of surface, soil or water. Wash waters must be prevented from entering surface water drains. Uncontrolled discharge into water courses must be alerted to the appropriate regulatory body.

6.3. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

It is recommended to consider possibilities to prevent damaging effects of spills, such as bunding or capping. See GHS (Annex 4, Section 6).

If appropriate, surface water drains should be covered. Minor spills on the floor or other impervious surface should be swept up or preferably vacuumed up using equipment with high efficiency final filter. Transfer to suitable containers. Clean area with strong industrial detergent and much water. Absorb wash liquid onto a suitable absorbent such as hydrated lime, universal binder, bentonite or other absorbent clays and transfer to suitable containers. The used containers should be properly closed and labelled.

Large spills which soak into the ground should be dug up and transferred to suitable containers.

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Spills in water should be contained as much as possible by isolation of the contaminated water. The contaminated water must be collected and removed for treatment or disposal.

- 6.4. **Reference to other sections** See subsection 8.2. for personal protection.
 See section 13 for disposal.

♣ **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

- 7.1. **Precautions for safe handling** In an industrial environment it is recommended to avoid all personal contact with the product, if possible by using closed systems with remote system control. The material should be handled by mechanical means as much as possible. Adequate ventilation or local exhaust ventilation is required. The exhaust gases should be filtered or treated otherwise. For personal protection in this situation, see section 8.

For its use as a pesticide, first look for precautions and personal protection measures on the officially approved label on the packaging or for other official guidance or policy in force. If these are lacking, see section 8.

Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before removing gloves, wash them with water and soap. After work, take off all work clothes and footwear. Take a shower, using water and soap. Wear only clean clothes when leaving job. Wash protective clothing and protective equipment with water and soap after each use.

The product or its spray solutions should be stored in stainless steel, aluminium, fiberglass, plastic or plastic-lined containers only. See subsection 10.5.

Do not discharge to the environment. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash waters. Collect all waste material and remains from cleaning equipment, etc., and dispose of as hazardous waste. See section 13 for disposal.

- 7.2. **Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

The product is stable for at least 5 years under normal conditions of warehouse storage.

Store in closed, labelled containers. The storage room should be constructed of incombustible material, closed, dry, ventilated and with impermeable floor, without access of unauthorised persons or children. A warning sign reading "POISON" is recommended. The room should only be used for storage of chemicals. Food, drink, feed and seed should not be present. A hand wash station should be available.

- 7.3. **Specific end use(s)**

This product is a registered pesticide, which may only be used for the applications it is registered for, in accordance with a label approved by the regulatory authorities.

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♣ SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

- 8.1. **Control parameters** To our knowledge, personal exposure limits have not been established for glyphosate or any other component in this product. However, personal exposure limits defined by local regulations may exist and must be observed.

Glyphosate free acid

DNEL, systemic	0.2 mg/kg bw/day
PNEC, aquatic	0.028 mg/l

- 8.2. **Exposure controls** When used in a closed system, personal protection equipment will not be required. The following is meant for other situations, when the use of a closed system is not possible, or when it is necessary to open the system. Consider the need to render equipment or piping systems non-hazardous before opening.

The precautions mentioned below are primarily meant for handling of the undiluted product and for preparing the spray solution, but can be recommended for spraying as well.

In cases of incidental high exposure, maximal personal protection may be necessary, such as respirator, face mask, chemical resistant coveralls.



Respiratory protection

The product is not likely to present an airborne exposure concern during normal handling, but in the event of an accidental discharge of the material which produces a heavy vapour or dust, workers must put on officially approved respiratory protection equipment with a universal filter type including particle filter.



Protective gloves

Wear heavy duty, natural rubber gloves. The breakthrough times of these gloves for glyphosate are unknown, but it is expected that they will give adequate protection. It is recommended to limit the work to be done manually.



Eye protection

Wear safety glasses, goggles or face shield. It is recommended to have an eye wash fountain immediately available in the workplace when there is a potential for eye contact.



Other skin protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing to prevent skin contact depending on the extent of exposure. During most normal work situations where exposure to the material cannot be avoided for a limited time span, waterproof pants and apron of chemical resistant material or coveralls of polyethylene (PE) will be sufficient. Coveralls of PE must be discarded after use if contaminated. In cases of excessive or prolonged exposure, coveralls of barrier laminate may be required.

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SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on physical and chemical properties

Appearance	White solid, granulated
Odour	Practically odourless to slight amine-like odour
Odour threshold	Not determined
pH	1% solution in water: approx. 4
Melting point/freezing point	Decomposes
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Decomposes
Flash point	Not determined
Evaporation rate	Not determined
Flammability (solid/gas)	Not highly flammable
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Not determined
Vapour pressure	For glyphosate free acid: 1.31×10^{-5} Pa at 25°C
Vapour density	Not determined
Relative density	Not determined
Solubility(ies)	Tap density: 0.73 g/cm ³ Solubility of glyphosate-ammonium at 20°C in methanol : 57.5 mg/l acetone : < 0.1 mg/l water : 424 g/l
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	Glyphosate free acid: log K_{ow} = -3.4 at 20°C
Autoignition temperature	None below 222°C
Decomposition temperature	Decomposition starts at 190°C.
Viscosity	Not determined
Explosive properties.....	Not explosive
Oxidising properties	Not oxidising

9.2. Other information

Miscibility	The product is miscible with water.
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SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity	See below.
10.2. Chemical stability	The product is stable during normal handling and storage at ambient temperatures.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions	None known.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	Heating of the product will produce harmful and irritant vapours.
10.5. Materials to avoid	Do not store this product in galvanised or unlined steel containers. The product may react with such containers to produce hydrogen gas which could flash or explode if ignited. Stainless steel may be used.
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products	See subsection 5.2.

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SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. **Information on toxicological effects** * = Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product

Acute toxicity The product is practically non-toxic. * However, it should always be treated with the usual care of handling chemicals.

No significant adverse health effects are expected if only small amounts (less than a mouthful) are swallowed. Ingestion of similar formulations has been reported to produce gastrointestinal discomfort with nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. Ingestion of large quantities of a similar product has been reported to result in hypotension and lung oedema.

The acute toxicity of the product is measured as:

Route(s) of entry	- ingestion	LD ₅₀ , oral, rat: > 5000 mg/kg (method OECD 425)
	- skin	LD ₅₀ , dermal, rat: > 2000 mg/kg (method OECD 402)
	- inhalation	LC ₅₀ , inhalation, rat: not applicable (a respirable aerosol in air could not be obtained)

Skin corrosion/irritation Mildly irritating to skin (method OECD 404). *

Serious eye damage/irritation Mildly irritating to eyes (method OECD 405). *

Respiratory or skin sensitisation ... Not sensitising (method OECD 429). *

Germ cell mutagenicity The product contains no ingredients known to be mutagenic. *

Carcinogenicity The product contains no ingredients known to be carcinogenic. *

Reproductive toxicity The product contains no ingredients known to have adverse effects on reproduction. *

STOT – single exposure To our knowledge, no specific effects have been observed after single exposure. *

STOT – repeated exposure The following has been measured on the active ingredient glyphosate: In long-term studies with glyphosate free acid, the first minor effects (body weight and liver weight changes) were noted in rats at exposure levels of 60 - 100 mg glyphosate/kg bw/day. No signs of toxicity were found at any level, including the highest exposure level of 4800 mg glyphosate/kg bw/day. *

Aspiration hazard The product does not present an aspiration hazard. *

Symptoms and effects, acute and delayed Mild irritation.

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Glyphosate-ammonium

Acute toxicity The substance is practically non-toxic. *

The acute toxicity of the substance is measured as:

Route(s) of entry	- ingestion	LD ₅₀ , oral, rat: > 2000 mg/kg (method OECD 401)
	- skin	LD ₅₀ , dermal, rat: > 4000 mg/kg (method OECD 402)
	- inhalation	LC ₅₀ , inhalation, rat: not applicable (a respirable aerosol in air could not be obtained)

Skin corrosion/irritation Not irritating to skin (method OECD 404). *

Serious eye damage/irritation Not irritating to eyes (method OECD 405). *

Respiratory or skin sensitisation ... Not sensitising (method OECD 406). *

Glyphosate

Toxicokinetics, metabolism and distribution After oral intake, glyphosate is rapidly absorbed but only to a limited extent (approx. 30%). Metabolism is very limited and excretion is rapid and nearly complete. Distribution is generally low with residues occurring in all tissues. There is no evidence of accumulation.

Acute toxicity The substance is practically non-toxic. * The acute toxicity of the substance is measured as:

Route(s) of entry	- ingestion	LD ₅₀ , oral, rat: > 5000 mg/kg (method OECD 401)
	- skin	LD ₅₀ , dermal, rat: > 2000 mg/kg (method OECD 402)
	- inhalation	LC ₅₀ , inhalation, rat: > 5 mg/l/4 h (method OECD 403) (no signs of toxicity at this concentration)

Skin corrosion/irritation Not irritating to skin (method FIFRA 81.05). *

Serious eye damage/irritation Irritating to eyes (method FIFRA 81.04).

Respiratory or skin sensitisation ... Not sensitising (method OECD 406). No allergic effects on humans have been reported. *

Carcinogenicity No indications of carcinogenic effects were found in 8 studies on glyphosate and no study on glyphosate itself has shown possible carcinogenic effects.

Tallow alkyl amines, hydrogenated, ethoxylated

Acute toxicity The substance is not considered as harmful. * The acute toxicity is measured as

Route(s) of entry	- ingestion	LD ₅₀ , oral: > 5000 mg/kg
	- skin	LD ₅₀ , dermal: not available
	- inhalation	LC ₅₀ , inhalation: not available



Skin corrosion/irritation Not irritating to skin. *

Serious eye damage/irritation Not irritating to eyes. *

12.1. **Toxicity** The product is a herbicide and therefore expected to be toxic to all green plants. The product is not considered as harmful to fish, aquatic invertebrates, birds, insects and soil micro- and macro-organisms.

- Fish	Rainbow trout (<i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>)	96 h-LC ₅₀ : > 100 mg/l
- Invertebrates	Daphnids (<i>Daphnia magna</i>)	48 h-EC ₅₀ : > 100 mg/l
- Algae	Green algae (<i>Desmodesmus subspicatus</i>)	72-h EC ₅₀ : 91.6 mg/l
- Plants	Duckweed (<i>Lemna gibba</i>)	7-day EC ₅₀ : 28 mg/l 7-day NOEC: 12.5 mg/l
- Earthworms	<i>Eisenia fetida</i>	14-day LD ₅₀ : > 1000 mg/kg dry soil
- Bees	Honeybee (<i>Apis mellifera</i>)	48-h LD ₅₀ , oral: > 100 µg/bee 48-h LD ₅₀ , contact: > 100 µg/bee

Primary degradation half-lives in the environment vary much with circumstances, but are usually around 3 - 30 days in aerobic soil and water.

The product contains minor amounts of not readily biodegradable ingredients, which may not be degradable in a waste water treatment plant.

Glyphosate is not expected to bioaccumulate. In several studies on bioaccumulation of glyphosate, both in marine and freshwater systems, only low bioaccumulation factors were found.

12.4. Mobility in soil	In the environment glyphosate is not mobile, but is rapidly deactivated by adsorption to clay particles. Glyphosate binds strongly to soil.
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12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	The substance does not meet the criteria for being PBT or vPvB.
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12.6. **Other adverse effects** Other relevant hazardous effects in the environment are not known.

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SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

- 13.1. **Waste treatment methods** Remaining quantities of the material and empty but unclean packaging should be regarded as hazardous waste.
- Disposal of waste and packagings must always be in accordance with all applicable local regulations.
- Disposal of product According to the Waste Framework Directive (2008/98/EC), possibilities for reuse or reprocessing should first be considered. If this is not feasible, the material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing.
- Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.
- Disposal of packaging It is recommended to consider possible ways of disposal in the following order:
1. Reuse or recycling should first be considered. If offered for recycling, containers must be emptied and triply rinsed (or equivalent). Do not discharge rinsing water to sewer systems.
 2. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.
 3. Delivery of the packaging to a licensed service for disposal of hazardous waste.
 4. Disposal in a landfill or burning in open air should only occur as a last resort. For disposal in a landfill containers should be emptied completely, rinsed and punctured to make them unusable for other purposes. If burned, stay out of smoke.

♣ SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ADR/RID/IMDG/IATA/ICAO classification

- 14.1. **UN number** Not classified as hazardous material for transport
- 14.2. **UN proper shipping name** Not applicable
- 14.3. **Transport hazard class(es)** Not applicable
- 14.4. **Packing group** Not applicable
- 14.5. **Environmental hazards** The product may be harmful in the environment.
- 14.6. **Special precautions for user** Avoid any unnecessary contact with the product. Do not discharge to the environment.

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14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC code

The product is not transported in bulk by ship.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

To our knowledge, no specific regulations apply.

All ingredients are covered by EU chemical legislation.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment is not required to be included for this product.

♣ SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Relevant changes in the safety data sheet

Minor corrections only.

List of abbreviations

CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service
Dir.	Directive
DNEL	Derived No Effect Level
EC	European Community
EC ₅₀	50% Effect Concentration
EINECS	European INventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
FIFRA	Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act
GHS	Globally Harmonized classification and labelling System of chemicals, Fifth revised edition 2013
IBC	International Bulk Chemical code
ISO	International Organisation for Standardization
IUPAC	International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry
LC ₅₀	50% Lethal Concentration
LD ₅₀	50% Lethal Dose
MARPOL	Set of rules from the International Maritime Organisation (IMO) for prevention of sea pollution
NOEC	No Observed Effect Concentration
OECD	Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No Effect Concentration
Reg.	Regulation
SG	Water Soluble Granules
STOT	Specific Target Organ Toxicity
vPvB	very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative
WHO	World Health Organisation

References

Data measured on the formulation and acute toxicity data measured on the active ingredient are unpublished company data. Data on other ingredients are available from published literature and can be found several places.

Method for classification

Test data



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www.fmc.com
CVR No. DK 12 76 00 43

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Used hazard statements H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH210 Safety data sheet available on request.
EUH401 To avoid risks to human health and the environment,
comply with the instructions of use.

Advice on training This material should only be used by persons who are made aware of
its hazardous properties and have been instructed in the required
safety precautions.

The information provided in this safety data sheet is believed to be accurate and reliable, but uses of the
product vary and situations unforeseen by FMC Corporation may exist. The user has to check the validity of
the information under local circumstances.

Prepared by: FMC Corporation / Cheminova A/S / GHB