

Material group	CP10101	Page 1 of 13
Product name	FLAZASULFURON 25% WG	August 2017
Safety data sheet according to EU Reg. 1907/2006 as amended		Supersedes November 2015

SAFETY DATA SHEET

FLAZASULFURON 25% WG

Revision: Sections containing a revision or new information are marked with a ♣.

♣ SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

- 1.1. **Product identifier** **FLAZASULFURON 25% WG**
- 1.2. **Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against** Can be used as herbicide only.
- 1.3. **Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet** **CHEMINOVA A/S**, a subsidiary of FMC Corporation
 Thyborønvej 78
 DK-7673 Harboøre
 Denmark
SDS.Ronland@fmc.com
- 1.4. **Emergency telephone number**
Company (+45) 97 83 53 53 (24 h; for emergencies only)
- Medical emergencies:
- | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Austria: +43 1 406 43 43 | Netherlands: +31 30 274 88 88 |
| Belgium: +32 70 245 245 | Norway: +47 22 591300 |
| Bulgaria: +359 2 9154 409 | Poland: +48 22 619 66 54 |
| Cyprus: 1401 | +48 22 619 08 97 |
| Czech Republic: +420 224 919 293 | Portugal: 808 250 143 (in Portugal only) |
| +420 224 915 402 | +351 21 330 3284 |
| Denmark: +45 82 12 12 12 | Romania: +40 21318 3606 |
| France: +33 (0) 1 45 42 59 59 | Slovakia: +421 2 54 77 4 166 |
| Finland: +358 9 471 977 | Slovenia: +386 41 650 500 |
| Greece: 30 210 77 93 777 | Spain: +34 91 562 04 20 |
| Hungary: +36 80 20 11 99 | Sweden: +46 08-331231 |
| Ireland (Republic): +352 1 809 2166 | 112 |
| Italy: +39 02 6610 1029 | Switzerland: 145 |
| Lithuania: +370 523 62052 | United Kingdom: 0870 600 6266 (in the UK only) |
| +370 687 53378 | U.S.A. & Canada: +1 800 / 331-3148 (ProPharma) |
| Luxembourg: +352 8002 5500 | All other countries: +1 651 / 632-6793 (ProPharma - Collect) |

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

- 2.1. **Classification of the substance or mixture**
- Eye irritation: Kat 2 (H319)
 Hazards to the aquatic environment, acute: Category 1 (H400)
 chronic: Category 1 (H410)

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WHO classification Class U (unlikely to present acute hazard in normal use).

Health hazards Primarily irritation.

Environmental hazards The product is expected to be toxic to most plants.

2.2. Label elements

According to EU Reg. 1272/2008 as amended

Product identifier Flazasulfuron 25% WG

Hazard pictograms (GHS07, GHS09)



Signal word Warning

Hazard statements

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Supplementary hazard statement

EUH401 To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions of use.

Precautionary statements

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear eye protection.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P501 Dispose of contents/container as hazardous waste.

2.3. Other hazards Excessive dust formation may pose a dust explosion hazard.

None of the ingredients in the product meets the criteria for being PBT or vPvB.

♣ SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances The product is a mixture, not a substance.

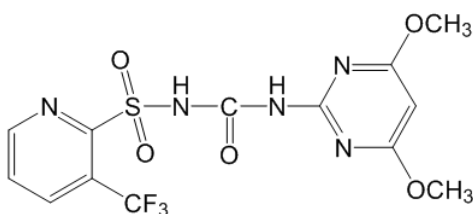
3.2. Mixtures See section 16 for full text of hazard statements.

Active ingredient

Flazasulfuron Content: 25% by weight

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CAS name	2-Pyridinesulfonamide, N-[[[(4,6-dimethoxy-2-pyrimidinyl)amino]-carbonyl]-3-(trifluoromethyl)-
CAS no.	104040-78-0
IUPAC name	N-((4,6-Dimethoxypyrimidin-2-yl)carbamoyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-pyridine-2-sulfonamide
ISO name/EU name	Flazasulfuron
EC no. (EINECS no.)	None
EU index no.	016-085-00-2
Structural formula	



<u>Reportable ingredients</u>	Content (% w/w)	CAS no.	EC no. (EINECS no.)	Classification
Kaolin	33	1332-58-7	310-194-1	None
Sodium alkyl naphthalenesulphonate-formaldehyde condensate	8	577773-56-9	None	Eye Irrit. 2 (H319)
Aromatic hydrocarbons, C10-13, reaction products with branched nonene, sulfonated, sodium salts Reg. no. 01-2119980591-31	max. 4	1258274-08-6	None	Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) Eye Dam. 1 (H318)

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation	If experiencing any discomfort, immediately remove from exposure. Light cases: Keep person under surveillance. Get medical attention immediately if symptoms develop. Serious cases: Get medical attention immediately or call for an ambulance.
Skin contact	Immediately remove contaminated clothing and footwear. Flush skin with water. Wash with water and soap. See physician if any symptom develops.
Eye contact	Immediately rinse eyes with much water or eyewash solution, occasionally opening eyelids, until no evidence of chemical remains. Remove contact lenses after a few minutes and rinse again. Get medical attention if irritation persists.
Ingestion	Inducing vomiting is not recommended. Rinse mouth and drink water or milk. If vomiting does occur, rinse mouth and drink fluids again. Consult a physician immediately.

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- 4.2. **Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed** Generally, sulphonylurea herbicides cause lethargy, confusion, dizziness, seizures and coma on ingestion of large quantities.
- 4.3. **Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed** Immediate medical attention is required in case of ingestion.
 It may be helpful to show this safety data sheet to physician.
- Notes to physician A specific antidote against this substance is not known. Gastric lavage and/or administration of activated charcoal can be considered. After decontamination, treatment is supportive and symptomatic. Possible mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

- 5.1. **Extinguishing media** Dry chemical or carbon dioxide for small fires, water spray or foam for large fires. Avoid heavy hose streams.
- 5.2. **Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture** The essential breakdown products are volatile, toxic, irritant and inflammable compounds such as nitrogen oxides, sulphur dioxide, hydrogen fluoride, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and various fluorinated organic compounds.
- 5.3. **Advice for firefighters** Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Approach fire from upwind to avoid hazardous vapours and toxic decomposition products. Fight fire from protected location or maximum possible distance. Dike area to prevent water runoff. Firemen should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

- 6.1. **Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures** It is recommended to have a predetermined plan for the handling of spills. Empty, closable vessels for the collection of spills should be available.
 In case of large spill (involving 10 tonnes of the product or more):
 1. use personal protection equipment; see section 8
 2. call emergency telephone no.; see section 1
 3. alert authorities.
 Observe all safety precautions when cleaning up spills. Use personal protection equipment. Depending on the magnitude of the spill this may mean wearing respirator, face mask or eye protection, chemical resistant clothing, gloves and boots.
 Stop the source of the spill immediately if safe to do so. Avoid and reduce dust formation as much as possible, if appropriate by moistening. Remove sources of ignition.
- 6.2. **Environmental precautions** Contain the spill to prevent any further contamination of surface, soil or water. Wash waters must be prevented from entering surface water

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drains. Uncontrolled discharge into water courses must be alerted to the appropriate regulatory body.

6.3. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

It is recommended to consider possibilities to prevent damaging effects of spills, such as bunding or capping. See GHS (Annex 4, Section 6).

If appropriate, surface water drains should be covered. Minor spills on the floor or other impervious surface should immediately be swept up or preferably vacuumed up using equipment with high efficiency final filter. Transfer to suitable containers. Clean area with strong industrial detergent and much water. Absorb wash liquid onto inert absorbent such as universal binder, Fuller's earth, bentonite or other absorbent clay and transfer contaminated absorbent to suitable containers. The used containers should be properly closed and labelled.

Large spills which soak into the ground should be dug up and transferred to suitable containers.

Spills in water should be contained as much as possible by isolation of the contaminated water. The contaminated water must be collected and removed for treatment or disposal.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See subsection 7.1. for fire prevention.
 See subsection 8.2. for personal protection.
 See section 13 for disposal.

♣ SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Like most organic powders, the product can form explosive mixtures with air. Avoid dust formation and take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use explosion protected equipment. Keep away from sources of ignition and protect from exposure to fire and heat.

In an industrial environment it is recommended to avoid all personal contact with the product, if possible by using closed systems with remote system control. The material should be handled by mechanical means as much as possible. Adequate ventilation or local exhaust ventilation is required. The exhaust gases should be filtered or treated otherwise. For personal protection in this situation, see section 8.

For its use as a pesticide, first look for precautions and personal protection measures on the officially approved label on the packaging or for other official guidance or policy in force. If these are lacking, see section 8.

Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before removing gloves, wash them with water and soap. After work, take off all work clothes and footwear. Take a shower, using water and soap. Wear only clean clothes when leaving job.

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Wash protective clothing and protective equipment with water and soap after each use.

Do not discharge to the environment. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash waters. Collect all waste material and remains from cleaning equipment, etc., and dispose of as hazardous waste. See section 13 for disposal.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

The product is stable under normal conditions of warehouse storage.

Store in closed, labelled containers. The storage room should be constructed of incombustible material, closed, dry, ventilated and with impermeable floor, without access of unauthorised persons or children. The room should only be used for storage of chemicals. Food, drink, feed and seed should not be present. A hand wash station should be available.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

The product is a registered pesticide which may only be used for the applications it is registered for, in accordance with a label approved by the regulatory authorities.

♣ SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Personal exposure limits

To our knowledge not established for the active substance in this product. An exposure limit of 10 mg/m³ (8-hr TWA) is recommended for other sulphonylureas. However, personal exposure limits defined by local regulations may exist and must be observed.

Kaolin		Year	
	ACGIH (USA) TLV	2015	2 mg/m ³ , respirable fraction of the aerosol
	OSHA (USA) PEL	2015	15 mg/m ³ , total dust
			5 mg/m ³ , respirable fraction
	EU, 2000/39/EC as amended	2009	Not established
	Germany, MAK	2014	Not established
	HSE (UK) WEL	2011	2 mg/m ³ , respirable dust

Flazasulfuron

DNEL, dermal	0.02 mg/kg bw/day
PNEC, aquatic environment	2 ng/l

8.2. Exposure controls

When used in a closed system, personal protection equipment will not be required. The following is meant for other situations, when the use of a closed system is not possible, or when it is necessary to open the system. Consider the need to render equipment or piping systems non-hazardous before opening.

The precautions mentioned below are primarily meant for handling of the undiluted product and for preparing the spray solution, but can be recommended for spraying as well.

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In cases of incidental high exposure, maximal personal protection may be necessary, such as respirator, face mask, chemical resistant coveralls.



Respiratory protection

The product does not automatically present an airborne exposure concern when handled carefully, but in the event of an accidental discharge of the material which produces a heavy vapour or dust, workers must put on officially approved respiratory protection equipment with a universal filter type including particle filter.



Protective gloves

Wear chemical resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber or nitrile rubber. The breakthrough times of these materials for the product are unknown, but it is expected that they will give adequate protection.



Eye protection

Wear safety glasses. It is recommended to have an eye wash fountain immediately available in the workplace when there is a potential for eye contact.



Other skin protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing to prevent skin contact depending on the extent of exposure. During most normal work situations where exposure to the material cannot be avoided for a limited time span, waterproof pants and apron of chemical resistant material or coveralls of polyethylene (PE) will be sufficient. Coveralls of PE must be discarded after use if contaminated. In cases of excessive or prolonged exposure, coveralls of barrier laminate may be required.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Light yellow solid (granules)
Odour	Odourless
Odour threshold	Not applicable
pH	1% dispersion in water: 5.23
Melting point/freezing point	Flazasulfuron : 180°C
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Decomposes
Flash point	Not determined
Evaporation rate	Not determined
Flammability (solid/gas)	Not highly flammable
Upper/ lower flammability or explosive limits	Not determined
Vapour pressure	Flazasulfuron : 1.1 x 10 ⁻¹⁰ Pa at 20°C 3.3 x 10 ⁻¹⁰ Pa at 25°C
Vapour density	Not determined
Relative density	Not determined
	Pour density: 0.66 g/cm ³
	Tap density: 0.69 g/cm ³
Solubility(ies)	Solubility of flazasulfuron in:

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	n-hexane	0.0005 g/l
	acetone	22.7 g/l
	water	0.027 g/l at pH 5
		2.100 g/l at pH 7
		not stable at pH 9
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	Flazasulfuron	: log K_{ow} = 1.30 at pH 5 log K_{ow} = < -0.06 at pH 7.0
Autoignition temperature	Not autoflammable	
Decomposition temperature	Flazasulfuron	: starting from 181°C
Viscosity	Not determined	
Explosive properties.....	Not explosive	
Oxidising properties	Not oxidising	

9.2. Other information

Miscibility The product is dispersible in water.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity	To our knowledge, the product has no special reactivities.
10.2. Chemical stability	The product is stable during normal handling and storage at ambient temperatures.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions	None known.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	Heating of the product will produce harmful and irritant vapours.
10.5. Incompatible materials	Strong acids and alkalis.
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products	See subsection 5.2.

♣ SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. **Information on toxicological effects** * = Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product

Acute toxicity	The product is not harmful by inhalation, in contact with skin or if swallowed. * However, it should always be treated with the usual care of handling chemicals. The acute toxicity is measured as:
Route(s) of entry	
- ingestion	LD ₅₀ , oral, rat: > 2000 mg/kg (method OECD 425)
- skin	LD ₅₀ , dermal, rat: > 2000 mg/kg (method OECD 402)
- inhalation	LC ₅₀ , inhalation, rat: > 5.29 mg/l/4 h (method OECD 403)
Skin corrosion/irritation	Not irritating to skin (method OECD 404). *
Serious eye damage/irritation	Moderately irritating to eyes (method OECD 405).
Respiratory or skin sensitisation ...	Not a skin sensitizer (method OECD 429). *

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Germ cell mutagenicity	The product contains no ingredients known to be mutagenic. *
Carcinogenicity	The product contains no ingredients known to be carcinogenic. *
Reproductive toxicity	The product contains no ingredients known to have adverse effects on reproduction. *
STOT – single exposure	To our knowledge, no specific effects have been observed after single exposure. *
STOT – repeated exposure	The following has been measured on the active ingredient flazasulfuron: Target organ: liver NOAEL/NOEL: 2 mg/kg bw/day in a 90-day dog study. At higher exposure centrolobulillar hepatocyte hypertrophy was observed.
Aspiration hazard	The product contains no ingredients known to present an aspiration pneumonia hazard. *
Symptoms and effects, acute and delayed	To our knowledge, adverse effects in humans have not been reported. The product is not expected to cause severe adverse effects to health, but adverse health effects cannot be excluded in case of massive exposure. Generally, sulphonylurea herbicides cause lethargy, confusion, dizziness, seizures and coma on ingestion.

Flazasulfuron

Acute toxicity	The substance is not harmful by inhalation, in contact with skin or if swallowed. * The acute toxicity is measured as:
Route(s) of entry	- ingestion LD ₅₀ , oral, rat: > 5000 mg/kg
	- skin LD ₅₀ , dermal, rat: > 2000 mg/kg
	- inhalation LC ₅₀ , inhalation, rat: > 5.99 mg/l/4 h
Skin corrosion/irritation	The substance is not irritating to skin. *
Serious eye damage/irritation	The substance is not irritating to eyes. *
Respiratory or skin sensitisation ...	The substance was found not to be a skin sensitizer. *

Sodium alkyl naphthalenesulphonate-formaldehyde condensate

Acute toxicity	The substance is not considered harmful by single exposure. *
Route(s) of entry	- ingestion LD ₅₀ , oral, rat: > 5000 mg/kg
	- skin LD ₅₀ , dermal, rat: not available
	- inhalation LC ₅₀ , inhalation, rat: not available
Skin corrosion/irritation	May be mildly irritating to skin. *
Serious eye damage/irritation	Irritating to eyes.

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STOT – single exposure Inhalation of dust can cause irritation of airways. It is not clear if the criteria for classification are met.

Aromatic hydrocarbons, C10-13, reaction products with branched nonene, sulfonated, sodium salts

Acute toxicity The substance is not considered as harmful by single exposure. *

Route(s) of entry - ingestion LD₅₀, oral, rat: 2000 - 5000 mg/kg (method OECD 401)
 - skin LD₅₀, dermal, rat: > 2000 mg/kg (method similar to OECD 402)

Skin corrosion/irritation Irritating to skin (method OECD 404).

Serious eye damage/irritation Severely irritating to eyes (method OECD 437).

Respiratory or skin sensitisation ... Not sensitising to skin (method OECD 406). *

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. **Toxicity** The product is very toxic to algae and aquatic plants. It is not considered as harmful to fish, aquatic invertebrates, birds, insects and soil macroorganisms. It had adverse effects on soil microorganisms.

The ecotoxicity measured on the product is:

- Fish	Rainbow trout (<i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>)	96-h LC ₅₀ : > 100 mg/l
- Invertebrates	Daphnids (<i>Daphnia magna</i> Straus).....	48-h LC ₅₀ : > 125 mg/l
- Algae	Green algae (<i>Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</i> Hindæk)	72-h EC ₅₀ : 0.163 mg/l
- Plants	Duckweed (<i>Lemna gibba</i>)	7-day EC ₅₀ : 2.57 µg/l
- Earthworms	<i>Eisenia foetida foetida</i>	14-day LD ₅₀ : > 1000 mg/kg soil
- Bees	Honey bees (<i>Apis mellifera</i>)	48-h LD ₅₀ , oral: > 356 µg/bee 48-h LD ₅₀ , contact: > 397 µg/bee

12.2. **Persistence and degradability** **Flazasulfuron** is not persistent in the environment. Primary degradation half-lives vary very much with circumstances, from a few days to several months in aerobic water and soil. Its metabolites are considered as persistent.

The product contains minor amounts of not readily biodegradable components, which may not be degradable in waste water treatment plants.

12.3. **Bioaccumulative potential** See section 9 for n-octanol/water partition coefficients.

Due to relatively high solubility in water, **flazasulfuron** does not bioaccumulate.

12.4. **Mobility in soil** Under normal conditions **flazasulfuron** is of high to intermediate mobility in soil. There is a potential for leaching to groundwater.

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12.5. **Results of PBT and vPvB assessment** None of the ingredients meets the criteria for being PBT or vPvB.

12.6. **Other adverse effects** Other relevant hazardous effects in the environment are not known.

♣ SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. **Waste treatment methods** Remaining quantities of the material and empty but unclean packaging should be regarded as hazardous waste.

Disposal of waste and packagings must always be in accordance with all applicable local regulations.

Disposal of product According to the Waste Framework Directive (2008/98/EC), possibilities for reuse or reprocessing should first be considered. If this is not feasible, the material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing.

Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

Disposal of packaging It is recommended to consider possible ways of disposal in the following order:
 1. Reuse or recycling should first be considered. Reuse is prohibited except by the authorisation holder. If offered for recycling, containers must be emptied and triply rinsed (or equivalent). Do not discharge rinsing water to sewer systems.
 2. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.
 3. Delivery of the packaging to a licensed service for disposal of hazardous waste.
 4. Disposal in a landfill or burning in open air should only occur as a last resort. For disposal in a landfill containers should be emptied completely, rinsed and punctured to make them unusable for other purposes. If burned, stay out of smoke.

♣ SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ADR/RID/IMDG/IATA/ICAO classification

14.1. **UN number** 3077
 14.2. **UN proper shipping name** Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s.(flazasulfuron)
 14.3. **Transport hazard class(es)** 9
 14.4. **Packing group** III
 14.5. **Environmental hazards** Marine pollutant

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14.6. **Special precautions for user** Avoid any unnecessary contact with the product. Misuse can result in damage to health. Do not discharge to the environment.

14.7. **Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC code** The product is not transported in bulk by ship.

♣ SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

- 15.1. **Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture** Seveso category (Dir. 2012/18/EU): dangerous for the environment
 All ingredients are covered by EU chemical legislation.
- 15.2. **Chemical safety assessment** A chemical safety assessment is not required to be included for this product.

♣ SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Relevant changes in the safety data sheet	Minor corrections only.
List of abbreviations	<p>ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists</p> <p>CAS Chemical Abstracts Service</p> <p>Dir. Directive</p> <p>DNEL Derived No Effect Level</p> <p>EC European Community</p> <p>EC₅₀ 50% Effect Concentration</p> <p>EINECS European INventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances</p> <p>GHS Globally Harmonized classification and labelling System of chemicals, Fifth revised edition 2013</p> <p>HSE Health and Safety Executive</p> <p>IBC International Bulk Chemical code</p> <p>ISO International Organisation for Standardization</p> <p>IUPAC International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry</p> <p>LC₅₀ 50% Lethal Concentration</p> <p>LD₅₀ 50% Lethal Dose</p> <p>MAK Maximale Arbeitsplatz-Konzentration</p> <p>MARPOL Set of rules from the International Maritime Organisation (IMO) for prevention of sea pollution</p> <p>NOAEL No Observed Adverse Effect Level</p> <p>NOEL No Observed Effect Level</p> <p>n.o.s. Not otherwise specified</p> <p>OECD Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development</p> <p>OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration</p> <p>PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic</p> <p>PEL Permissible Exposure Limit</p> <p>PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration</p> <p>Reg. Registration, or</p>

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	Regulation
STOT	Specific Target Organ Toxicity
TLV	Threshold Limit Value
TWA	Time Weighted Average
vPvB	very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative
WEL	Workplace Exposure Limit
WG	Water dispersible Granules
WHO	World Health Organisation

References Data measured on the product are unpublished company data. Data on ingredients are available from published literature and can be found several places.

Method for classification Test data

Used hazard statements
 H315 Causes skin irritation.
 H318 Causes serious eye damage.
 H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
 H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
 H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
 EUH401 To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions of use.

Advice on training This material should only be used by persons who are made aware of its hazardous properties and have been instructed in the required safety precautions.

The information provided in this safety data sheet is believed to be accurate and reliable, but uses of the product vary and situations unforeseen by FMC Corporation may exist. The user has to check the validity of the information under local circumstances.

Prepared by: FMC Corporation / Cheminova A/S / GHB