according to the Globally Harmonized System



### **FOLIAR EXTRA**

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## 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : FOLIAR EXTRA

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : FMC Corporation

Address : 2929 Walnut Street

Philadelphia PA 19104

USA

Telephone : 1 215 / 299-6000 (Corporate of

E-mail address : SDS-Info@fmc.com

Emergency telephone number : 1 703 / 741-5970 (CHEMTREC - International)

1 703 / 527-3887 (CHEMTREC - Alternate)

Medical Emergency Number : All other countries: +1 651 / 632-6793 (Collect)

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Crop nutrition

Restrictions on use : Use as recommended by the label.

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**GHS Classification** 

Serious eye damage/eye irri-

tation

Category 2A

Long-term (chronic) aquatic

hazard

Category 3

**GHS** label elements

Hazard pictograms

**!**>

Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements : Prevention:

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P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protec-

tion/ face protection.

#### Response:

P305 + P354 + P338 IF IN EYES: Immediately rinse with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337 + P317 If eye irritation persists: Get medical help.

#### Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

#### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

### Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (%	
		w/w)	
potassium dihydrogenorthophosphate	7778-77-0	>= 1 - < 10	
magnesium nitrate	10377-60-3	>= 1 - < 10	
phosphoric acid	7664-38-2	>= 2.5 - < 3	
Citric acid, monohydrate	5949-29-1	>= 1 - < 10	
trisodium nitrilotriacetate	5064-31-3	>= 1 - < 2.5	

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : Move out of dangerous area.

Consult a physician.

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Do not leave the victim unattended.

If inhaled : Move to fresh air.

If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical

advice.

If experiencing any discomfort, immediately remove from exposure. Light cases: Keep person under surveillance. Get medical attention immediately if symptoms develop. Serious cases: Get medical attention immediately or call for an ambu-

lance.

In case of skin contact : If on clothes, remove clothes.

If on skin, rinse well with water.

Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15

minutes.

Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

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In case of eye contact : In the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty

of water and seek medical advice.

Continue rinsing eyes during transport to hospital.

Remove contact lenses. Protect unharmed eye.

Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed : Keep respiratory tract clear.

Do NOT induce vomiting.

Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

Causes serious eye irritation.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection

and use the recommended protective clothing

Avoid inhalation, ingestion and contact with skin and eyes. If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific

personal protective equipment.

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically.

#### 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam.

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not spread spilled material with high-pressure water

streams.

High volume water jet

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

Ammonia

Fire may produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases.

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

For safety reasons in case of fire, cans should be stored sepa-

rately in closed containments.

Use a water spray to cool fully closed containers.

Special protective equipment : Firefighters should wear protective clothing and self-contained

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for firefighters breathing apparatus.

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Use personal protective equipment.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

If it can be safely done, stop the leak.

Do not touch or walk through the spilled material. Never return spills in original containers for re-use.

Mark the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to

unauthorized personnel.

Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective

equipment may intervene.

For disposal considerations see section 13.

Environmental precautions : Prevent product from entering drains.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Neutralize with chalk, alkali solution or ammonia.

Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local

/ national regulations (see section 13).

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on protection against :

fire and explosion

Keep away from combustible material.

Advice on safe handling : Do not breathe vapours/dust.

Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. For personal protection see section 8.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.

To avoid spills during handling keep bottle on a metal tray. Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national

regulations.

Conditions for safe storage : Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated

place.

Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and

kept upright to prevent leakage. Observe label precautions.

Electrical installations / working materials must comply with

the technological safety standards.

Materials to avoid : Do not store near acids.

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Further information on stor-

age stability

: No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

## Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
phosphoric acid	7664-38-2	TWA	1 mg/m3	ACGIH
		STEL	3 mg/m3	ACGIH
manganese dinitrate	10377-66-9	TWA (Inhal- able particu- late matter)	0.1 mg/m3 (Manganese)	ACGIH
		TWA (Respirable particulate matter)	0.02 mg/m3 (Manganese)	ACGIH

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : No personal respiratory protective equipment normally re-

quired.

Hand protection

Material : Wear chemical resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate,

butyl rubber or nitrile rubber.

Remarks : The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed

with the producers of the protective gloves.

Eye protection : Eye wash bottle with pure water

Tightly fitting safety goggles

Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing

problems.

Skin and body protection : Impervious clothing

Choose body protection according to the amount and concen-

tration of the dangerous substance at the work place.

Protective measures : Plan first aid action before beginning work with this product.

Always have on hand a first-aid kit, together with proper in-

structions.

Ensure that eye flushing systems and safety showers are

located close to the working place. Wear suitable protective equipment.

Hygiene measures : When using do not eat or drink.

When using do not smoke.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

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### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state : liquid

Form : liquid

Colour : brown

Odour : characteristic

Odour Threshold : No data available

pH : 1.50 - 2.50

Concentration: 100 %

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling :

range

No data available

Flash point : No data available

Evaporation rate : No data available

Self-ignition : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Vapour pressure : No data available

Relative vapour density : No data available

Relative density : 1.21 - 1.22

Density : No data available

Bulk density : No data available

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : soluble

Solubility in other solvents : No data available

according to the Globally Harmonized System



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Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: No data available

Auto-ignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : No data available

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Explosive properties : No data available

Oxidizing properties : Non-oxidizing

#### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Chemical stability : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid extreme temperatures

Avoid formation of aerosol.

Incompatible materials : Avoid strong acids, bases, and oxidizers

Hazardous decomposition

products

irritating gases

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### **Acute toxicity**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Product:** 

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

## **Components:**

potassium dihydrogenorthophosphate:

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Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 425

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC0 (Rat, male and female): > 0.83 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Remarks: no mortality

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

magnesium nitrate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 423

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

phosphoric acid:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): 2,600 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 423

Citric acid, monohydrate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Mouse, male and female): 5,400 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 Dermal (Rat, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

trisodium nitrilotriacetate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): 1,470 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC0 (Rat, male): 2.307 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 d
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Remarks: no mortality

Acute dermal toxicity : LD0 (Rabbit, male and female): 2,000 mg/kg

Remarks: no mortality

Skin corrosion/irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Product:** 

Remarks : Not expected to be irritating to skin.

according to the Globally Harmonized System



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Remarks : Extremely corrosive and destructive to tissue.

### **Components:**

### potassium dihydrogenorthophosphate:

Species : Rabbit Exposure time : 4 h

Result : No skin irritation

magnesium nitrate:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

phosphoric acid:

Species : Rabbit Assessment : Corrosive

Result : Corrosive after 3 minutes to 1 hour of exposure

Citric acid, monohydrate:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

trisodium nitrilotriacetate:

Species : Rabbit
Method : Draize Test
Result : No skin irritation

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

**Product:** 

Assessment : Irritating to eyes.

Remarks : May cause irreversible eye damage.

Remarks : May cause irreversible eye damage.

### **Components:**

### potassium dihydrogenorthophosphate:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

### magnesium nitrate:

according to the Globally Harmonized System



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Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Result : Eye irritation

phosphoric acid:

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye Remarks : Based on skin corrosivity

Citric acid, monohydrate:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

trisodium nitrilotriacetate:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Result : No eye irritation

### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

#### Skin sensitisation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Respiratory sensitisation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Product:** 

Remarks : Not expected to cause skin sensitisation

#### **Components:**

### potassium dihydrogenorthophosphate:

Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Exposure routes : Intradermal Species : Mouse

Method : OECD Test Guideline 429

Result : negative

magnesium nitrate:

Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Species : Mouse

Method : OECD Test Guideline 429

Result : Does not cause skin sensitisation.

#### trisodium nitrilotriacetate:

according to the Globally Harmonized System



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Test Type : Buehler Test Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : Does not cause skin sensitisation.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Components:**

### potassium dihydrogenorthophosphate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Micronucleus test

Test system: Human lymphocytes

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 487

Result: negative

Test Type: gene mutation test Test system: mouse lymphoma cells

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 490

Result: negative

magnesium nitrate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: reverse mutation assay

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

In vitro tests did not show mutagenic effects

phosphoric acid:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: reverse mutation assay

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

### Citric acid, monohydrate:

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Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Micronucleus test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 487

Result: positive

Test Type: reverse mutation assay Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: chromosome aberration assay

Species: Rat (male) Application Route: Oral

Method: OECD Test Guideline 475

Result: negative

Test Type: Rodent Dominant Lethal Assay

Species: Rat (male and female)

**Application Route: Oral** 

Method: Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, B.22

Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.

trisodium nitrilotriacetate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: reverse mutation assay

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Mouse (male)
Application Route: Oral

Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Test Type: Cytogenetic assay

Species: Mouse (male) Application Route: Oral

Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ

cell mutagen.

Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

Citric acid, monohydrate:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a car-

cinogen

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trisodium nitrilotriacetate:

Species : Rat, male and female

Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 104 weeks

Dose : 0, 9, 92, 921 mg/kg/d

9 mg/kg bw/day

LOAEL : 92 mg/kg bw/day

Result : positive

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies

Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Components:** 

potassium dihydrogenorthophosphate:

Effects on fertility : Species: Rat, male and female

Application Route: Ingestion

General Toxicity - Parent: NOAEL: 1,000 mg/kg body weight General Toxicity F1: NOAEL: 1,000 mg/kg body weight

Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

magnesium nitrate:

Effects on fertility : Species: Rat, male and female

Application Route: Oral

Dose: 0, 250, 750, and 1,500 milligram per kilogram

Duration of Single Treatment: 28 d

General Toxicity - Parent: NOAEL: > 1,500 mg/kg body weight

Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Species: Rat

**Application Route: Oral** 

Dose: 0, 250, 750, and 1,500 milligram per kilogram

Duration of Single Treatment: 28 d

General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: > 1,500 mg/kg body

weight

Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: > 1,500 mg/kg body weight

Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification for repro-

ductive toxicity

phosphoric acid:

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Effects on fertility : Test Type: reproductive and developmental toxicity study

Species: Rat, male and female Application Route: Ingestion

General Toxicity - Parent: NOAEL: 500 mg/kg body weight General Toxicity F1: NOAEL: 500 mg/kg body weight

Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Mouse

**Application Route: Ingestion** 

General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 370 mg/kg body weight Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 370 mg/kg body weight

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Citric acid, monohydrate:

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: reproductive and developmental toxicity study

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Oral

Dose: 0, 2.41, 11.2, 52.0, 241 mg/k Duration of Single Treatment: 6 - 15 d

Teratogenicity: NOAEL: > 241 mg/kg body weight

Test Type: reproductive and developmental toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Dose: 0, 2.95, 13.7, 63.6, 295 mg/k Duration of Single Treatment: 6 - 15 d

Teratogenicity: NOAEL: > 295 mg/kg body weight

Test Type: reproductive and developmental toxicity study

Species: Rabbit Application Route: Oral

Dose: 0, 4.25, 19.75, 91.70, 425 mg Duration of Single Treatment: 6 - 15 d

Teratogenicity: NOAEL: > 425 mg/kg body weight

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification for repro-

ductive toxicity

trisodium nitrilotriacetate:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation study

Species: Rat, male and female

Application Route: Oral

Dose: 90 and 450 mg/kg bw/day

General Toxicity - Parent: LOAEL: 450 mg/kg body weight

Result: negative

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: reproductive and developmental toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

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Dose: 90 and 450 mg/kg bw/day

General Toxicity Maternal: LOAEL: 450 mg/kg bw/day Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 450 mg/kg bw/day

Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification for repro-

ductive toxicity

#### STOT - single exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Components:**

#### trisodium nitrilotriacetate:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target

organ toxicant, single exposure.

#### STOT - repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Components:**

## magnesium nitrate:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target

organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

#### Citric acid, monohydrate:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target

organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

### Repeated dose toxicity

### **Components:**

## potassium dihydrogenorthophosphate:

Species : Dog, male and female

NOAEL : 322.88 mg/kg Application Route : Ingestion Exposure time : 90

#### magnesium nitrate:

Species : Rat, male and female NOAEL : > 1,500 mg/kg

Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 28d

Dose : 0, 250, 750, 1,500 mg/kg/day Method : OECD Test Guideline 422

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

### phosphoric acid:

according to the Globally Harmonized System



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Species : Rat, male and female

NOAEL : 250 mg/kg Application Route : Oral - gavage Exposure time : 42 - 54 d

Method : OECD Test Guideline 422

Citric acid, monohydrate:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 4,000 mg/kg LOAEL : 8,000 mg/kg

Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 10d

Dose : 2, 4, 8, 16 g/kg bw/day

Species : Mouse
NOAEL : 1,000 mg/kg
LOAEL : 2,000 mg/kg

Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 10d

Dose : 1, 2, 4, 8 g/kg bw/day

trisodium nitrilotriacetate:

Species : Rat, male

NOAEL : 9 mg/kg bw/day

Application Route : Oral - feed

Exposure time : 28 d

Dose : 0, 9 mg/kg ppm

Species : Rat, male and female

LOAEC : 0.342 mg/l
Application Route : Inhalation
Test atmosphere : dust/mist
Exposure time : 28 d

Dose : 0.0102, 0.2131, 0.3422 mg/l

Species : Rabbit

NOAEL : 50 mg/kg bw/day

Application Route : Dermal Exposure time : 28 or 91 d Dose : 0, 50 mg/kg

**Aspiration toxicity** 

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Further information** 

**Product:** 

Remarks : No data available

according to the Globally Harmonized System



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### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## **Ecotoxicity**

#### **Components:**

#### potassium dihydrogenorthophosphate:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h
Test Type: semi-static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: semi-static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h
Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 100

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Test Type: Respiration inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

magnesium nitrate:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

LC50 (Poecilia reticulata (guppy)): 1,378 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

according to the Globally Harmonized System



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Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

LC50 (Cyprinus carpio (Carp)): 95 - 102 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: semi-static test

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 39 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (diatoms): > 1,700 mg/l

Exposure time: 10 d Test Type: static test

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC: 58 mg/l

Exposure time: 30 d

Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

Test Type: flow-through test

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOEC: 157 mg/l Exposure time: 32 d

Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

Test Type: flow-through test

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

phosphoric acid:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 3 - 3.25 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 ( Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

according to the Globally Harmonized System



### **FOLIAR EXTRA**

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Citric acid, monohydrate:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): 440 mg/l

Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

LC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1,535 mg/l

Exposure time: 24 h Test Type: static test

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

NOEC (Scenedesmus quadricauda (Green algae)): 425 mg/l

Exposure time: 8 d Test Type: static test

Toxicity to microorganisms : NOEC (Pseudomonas putida): > 10,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 16 h

Test Type: Cell multiplication inhibition test

NOEC (Protozoa): 325 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

NOEC: > 4 mg/kg

Exposure time: 14 d Species: Birds

LD50: > 4 mg/kg Exposure time: 14 d Species: Birds

trisodium nitrilotriacetate:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 114 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test Type: flow-through test

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Gammarus fasciatus (freshwater shrimp)): 98 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test Type: flow-through test

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 91.5

mg/i

Exposure time: 72 h Method: EU Method C3

NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 1.43 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h Method: EU Method C3

Toxicity to microorganisms : (Protozoa): > 400 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Test Type: Growth inhibition

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox- : NOEC: 54 mg/l

according to the Globally Harmonized System



### **FOLIAR EXTRA**

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icity) Exposure time: 229 d

Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

Test Type: flow-through test

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC: 9.3 mg/l Exposure time: 147 d

Species: Gammarus fasciatus (freshwater shrimp)

Test Type: flow-through test

Persistence and degradability

**Components:** 

phosphoric acid:

Biodegradability : Remarks: The methods for determining biodegradability are

not applicable to inorganic substances.

Citric acid, monohydrate:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Result: Readily biodegradable. Method: OECD Test Guideline 301E

Result: Inherently biodegradable. Method: OECD Test Guideline 302B

trisodium nitrilotriacetate:

Biodegradability : Inoculum: activated sludge

Result: Readily biodegradable. Biodegradation: 100 %

Exposure time: 14 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301E

**Bioaccumulative potential** 

**Components:** 

Citric acid, monohydrate:

Bioaccumulation : Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 3.2

Method: QSAR

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: -1.55

trisodium nitrilotriacetate:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: -13.2 (25 °C)

Method: QSAR

according to the Globally Harmonized System



### **FOLIAR EXTRA**

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Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

**Product:** 

Additional ecological infor-

mation

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of

unprofessional handling or disposal.

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Components:** 

phosphoric acid:

Additional ecological infor-

mation

Harmful effects on aquatic organisms also due to pH shift.

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Disposal methods** 

Waste from residues : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water

courses or the soil.

Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemi-

cal or used container.

Send to a licensed waste management company.

Contaminated packaging : Empty remaining contents.

Do not re-use empty containers.

Do not burn, or use a cutting torch on, the empty drum.

Packaging that is not properly emptied must be disposed of as

the unused product.

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste han-

dling site for recycling or disposal.

### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### International Regulations

**UNRTDG** 

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

**IMDG-Code** 

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable for product as supplied.

according to the Globally Harmonized System



### **FOLIAR EXTRA**

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### Special precautions for user

Not applicable

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

TCSI : Not in compliance with the inventory

TSCA : Product contains substance(s) not listed on TSCA inventory.

AIIC : Not in compliance with the inventory

DSL : This product contains chemical substance(s) exempt from

CEPA DSL Inventory requirements. It is regulated as a pesticide subject to Pest Control Products Act (PCPA) requirements. Read the PCPA label, authorized under the Pest Control Products Act, prior to using or handling this pest control

product.

ENCS : Not in compliance with the inventory

ISHL : Not in compliance with the inventory

KECI : Not in compliance with the inventory

PICCS : Not in compliance with the inventory

IECSC : Not in compliance with the inventory

NZIoC : Not in compliance with the inventory

TECI: Not in compliance with the inventory

## **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Revision Date : 16.04.2025

Date format : dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average ACGIH / STEL : Short-term exposure limit

according to the Globally Harmonized System



### **FOLIAR EXTRA**

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AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

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