# **CARNIVAL®**



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 13.02.2024 50001104 Date of first issue: 13.02.2024

# SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY OR UNDERTAKING

Chemical product identifica-

tion

: CARNIVAL®

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use : A fertilizer with micronutrients for use in agriculture and horticul-

ture

Restrictions on use : Use as recommended by the label.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name of supplier : FMC AGRO LIMITED

Supplier's address : RECTORS LANE

PENTRE, FLINTSHIRE, CH5 2DH

UNITED KINGDOM

TELEPHONE: + 44 1244 537370 TELEFAX: +44(0)1244 532097

E-mail address : SDS-Info@fmc.com

Emergency and toxicological

information number in Chile

Chile: Spills: CITUC: +56 2 2247 3600 (24 hours) Fire: 132 (24

nours

+56-22-5814934 (CHEMTREC - Chile)

1 703 / 741-5970 (CHEMTREC - International)

Medical Emergency Number : Chile: CITUC: +56 2 2635 3800 (24 hours)

#### **SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### Classification of the substance or mixture

Acute toxicity (Oral) : Category 4

Serious eye damage/eye irri-

tation

Category 1

Long-term (chronic) aquatic

hazard

Category 3

Label elements

Hazard pictograms :





Signal Word : Danger

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Hazard Statements : H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements : Prevention:

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P273 Avoid release to the environment. P280 Wear eye protection/ face protection.

Response:

P301 + P312 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON

CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.

P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON

CENTER/ doctor.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste

disposal plant.

Other hazards

None known.

#### **SECTION 3. COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

#### Components

Systematic chemical name	Common Name	CAS-No.	Concentration or range (% w/w)	Classification
nitric acid, ammonium calcium salt	nitric acid, ammo- nium calcium salt	15245-12-2	>= 50 - < 70	Acute toxicity (Oral), Category 4 Serious eye damage, Category 1
magnesium nitrate	magnesium nitrate	10377-60-3	>= 5 - < 10	Oxidizing solids, Category 3 Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2
boric acid	boric acid	10043-35-3	>= 0,1 - < 1	Reproductive toxicity, Category 1B
zinc oxide	zinc oxide	1314-13-2	>= 0,025 - < 0,1	Reproductive toxicity, Category 2 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated

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exposure (Oral) (Central nervous system, Reproductive organs), Category 2
Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard, Category 1
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 1

#### **SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

General advice : Move out of dangerous area.

Consult a physician.

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Do not leave the victim unattended.

Inhalation : If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical

advice.

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Skin contact : Wash off with soap and water.

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Eye contact : Small amounts splashed into eyes can cause irreversible tis-

sue damage and blindness.

In the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty

of water and seek medical advice.

Continue rinsing eyes during transport to hospital.

Remove contact lenses. Protect unharmed eye.

Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

Ingestion : Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.

Keep respiratory tract clear. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If symptoms persist, call a physician. Take victim immediately to hospital.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

Harmful if swallowed.

Causes serious eye damage.

delayed

Protection of first-aiders : Avoid inhalation, ingestion and contact with skin and eyes.

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically.

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**SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES** 

Suitable extinguishing media : Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not spread spilled material with high-pressure water

streams.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

Metal oxides
Boron oxides

Carbon oxides

Related specific hazards : Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

50.

Use a water spray to cool fully closed containers.

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment.

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

Recomendations for fire-

fighters

Firefighters should wear protective clothing and self-contained

breathing apparatus.

#### **SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Personal precautions, protec: :

tive equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

Use personal protective equipment. If it can be safely done, stop the leak.

Do not touch or walk through the spilled material.

Environmental precautions : Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Try to prevent the material from entering drains or water

courses.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

Methods and material for

containment and cleaning up

Never return spills in original containers for re-use.

Collect as much of the spill as possible with a suitable absor-

bent material.

Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

#### **SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Handling

Precautions for safe handling : Do not breathe vapors/dust.

Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

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Avoid contact with skin and eyes. For personal protection see section 8.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.

To avoid spills during handling keep bottle on a metal tray. Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national

regulations.

Operational and technical

measures

Normal measures for preventive fire protection.

Contact prevention : Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Do not inhale aerosol.

When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage : Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated

place.

Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and

kept upright to prevent leakage. Observe label precautions.

Electrical installations / working materials must comply with

the technological safety standards.

Incompatible substances and :

mixtures

Do not store near acids.

Further information on stor-

age stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : Fertilizers

# **SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### **Control parameters**

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible maximum concentration	Basis
boric acid	10043-35-3	TWA (Inhal- able particu- late matter)	2 mg/m3 (Borate)	ACGIH
		STEL (Inhal- able particu- late matter)	6 mg/m3 (Borate)	ACGIH
zinc oxide	1314-13-2	LPP (Fumes)	4,4 mg/m3	CL OEL

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LPT (Fumes) TWA (Respirable particulate matter)	10 mg/m3 2 mg/m3	CL OEL ACGIH
STEL (Respirable particulate matter)	10 mg/m3	ACGIH

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection : Eye wash bottle with pure water

Tightly fitting safety goggles

Face-shield

Skin protection : Impervious clothing

Choose body protection according to the amount and concen-

tration of the dangerous substance at the work place.

Hand protection

Material : Protective gloves

Remarks : The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed

with the producers of the protective gloves.

Respiratory protection : In the case of dust or aerosol formation use respirator with an

approved filter.

Protective measures : Plan first aid action before beginning work with this product.

#### **SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : liquid

Color : yellow

Odor : characteristic

Odor Threshold : No data available

pH : 2,0 - 3,0

Concentration: 100 %

Melting point/range : No data available

Boiling point/boiling range : No data available

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Flash point : No data available

Evaporation rate : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Vapor pressure : No data available

Vapor density : No data available

Relative density : 1,41 - 1,51

Density : No data available

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : soluble

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

No data available

Autoignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : No data available

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Explosive properties : No data available

Oxidizing properties : Non-oxidizing

Other information

Bulk density : No data available

Molecular weight : Not applicable

Particle size : Not applicable

Self-ignition : No data available

#### **SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

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Chemical stability : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid extreme temperatures.

Avoid formation of aerosol.

Incompatible materials : Avoid strong acids, bases, and oxidizers.

Hazardous decomposition

products

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

#### **SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### **Acute toxicity**

Harmful if swallowed.

**Product:** 

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 773,87 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Acute toxicity estimate: 933,53 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 10 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5.000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

#### **Components:**

nitric acid, ammonium calcium salt:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): 300 - 2.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 423

Assessment: The component/mixture is moderately toxic after

single ingestion.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD0 (Rat, male and female): > 2.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Remarks: no mortality

magnesium nitrate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): > 2.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 423

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

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boric acid:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male): > 2.600 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Remarks: no mortality

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC0 (Rat, male and female): > 2,03 mg/l

Exposure time: 5 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Remarks: no mortality

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit, male and female): > 2.000 mg/kg

Remarks: no mortality

zinc oxide:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 2.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 423

LD50 (Mouse, male and female): > 2.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Target Organs: Liver, Heart, spleen, Stomach, Pancreas

Symptoms: Damage Remarks: mortality

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC0 (Rat, male and female): > 1,79 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: EPA OPP 81 - 3 Remarks: no mortality

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 Dermal (Rat, male and female): > 2.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Product:** 

Assessment : Not classified as irritant

Result : Mild skin irritant

Remarks : May cause skin irritation and/or dermatitis.

Remarks : Extremely corrosive and destructive to tissue.

#### **Components:**

#### nitric acid, ammonium calcium salt:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Remarks : Based on data from a similar product.

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magnesium nitrate:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

boric acid:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

zinc oxide:

Species : reconstructed human epidermis (RhE)

Method : OECD Test Guideline 431

Result : No skin irritation

Serious eye damage or eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

**Product:** 

Result : Risk of serious damage to eyes.
Remarks : May cause irreversible eye damage.

Remarks : May cause irreversible eye damage.

**Components:** 

nitric acid, ammonium calcium salt:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405
Result : Irreversible effects on the eye

Species : Bovine cornea

Method : OECD Test Guideline 437

Result : No eye irritation

magnesium nitrate:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Result : Eye irritation

boric acid:

Species : Rabbit

Result : slight irritation

zinc oxide:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

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Result : No eye irritation

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

#### Skin sensitization

Not classified due to lack of data.

#### **Respiratory sensitization**

Not classified due to lack of data.

**Product:** 

Remarks : No data available

#### **Components:**

#### nitric acid, ammonium calcium salt:

Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Species : Mouse

Method : OECD Test Guideline 429

Result : Does not cause skin sensitization.

#### magnesium nitrate:

Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Species : Mouse

Method : OECD Test Guideline 429

Result : Does not cause skin sensitization.

#### boric acid:

Test Type : Buehler Test Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : Does not cause skin sensitization.

#### zinc oxide:

Test Type : Maximization Test

Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : Does not cause skin sensitization.

Test Type : Maximization Test

Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : Substance is not considered to be potential skin sensitiser.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified due to lack of data.

#### **Components:**

#### nitric acid, ammonium calcium salt:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: reverse mutation assay

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Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

In vitro tests did not show mutagenic effects

magnesium nitrate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: reverse mutation assay

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

In vitro tests did not show mutagenic effects

boric acid:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: reverse mutation assay

Result: negative

Test Type: sister chromatid exchange assay

Result: negative

Test Type: gene mutation test

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Mouse (male and female)

Application Route: Oral

Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

: Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ

cell mutagen.

zinc oxide:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: reverse mutation assay

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Method: Mutagenicity (Salmonella typhimurium - reverse mu-

tation assay) Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: equivocal

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro Test system: Chinese hamster fibroblasts Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Test system: Human lymphocytes

Result: positive

Test Type: Micronucleus test
Test system: Human epithelioid cells
Method: OECD Test Guideline 487

Result: negative

Test Type: Micronucleus test Test system: Human lymphocytes

Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: In vivo micronucleus test

Species: Mouse (male)

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

# Carcinogenicity

Not classified due to lack of data.

#### Components:

# boric acid:

Species : Mouse, male and female

Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 103 weeks

Dose : 0, 446, 1150mg/kg/bw/day

> 1.150 mg/kg bw/day

Result : negative

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

: Weight of evidence does not support classification as a car-

cinogen

zinc oxide:

Species : Mouse, male and female

Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 1 year

Dose : 4400, 22000 mg/l

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NOAEL : > 22.000 mg/l Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

: Animal testing did not show any carcinogenic effects.

# Reproductive toxicity

Not classified due to lack of data.

#### **Components:**

#### nitric acid, ammonium calcium salt:

Effects on fertility : Species: Rat, male and female

Application Route: Oral

Dose: 0, 250, 750, 1,500mg/kg/day

General Toxicity Parent: NOAEL: >= 1.500 mg/kg bw/day

Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: reproductive and developmental toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Dose: 0, 250, 750, 1,500mg/kg/day Duration of Single Treatment: 53 d

General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: >= 1.500 mg/kg bw/day Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: >= 1.500 mg/kg bw/day

Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification for repro-

ductive toxicity

magnesium nitrate:

Effects on fertility : Species: Rat, male and female

**Application Route: Oral** 

Dose: 0, 250, 750, and 1,500 milligram per kilogram

Duration of Single Treatment: 28 d

General Toxicity Parent: NOAEL: > 1.500 mg/kg body weight

Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development : Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Dose: 0, 250, 750, and 1,500 milligram per kilogram

Duration of Single Treatment: 28 d

General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: > 1.500 mg/kg body

weight

Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: > 1.500 mg/kg body weight

Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

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Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification for repro-

ductive toxicity

boric acid:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Three-generation study

Species: Rat, male and female

Application Route: Oral

Dose: 5.9, 17.5, 58.5(mgb)/kg/bw/d

General Toxicity Parent: LOAEL: 58,5 mg/kg bw/day General Toxicity F1: LOAEL: 58,5 mg/kg bw/day General Toxicity F2: LOAEL: 58,5 mg/kg bw/day

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: reproductive and developmental toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Dose: 3.3, 6.3, 9.6, 13.3, 25mgb/kg

General Toxicity Maternal: LOAEL: 13,3 mg/kg bw/day Embryo-fetal toxicity.: NOAEL: >= 12,9 mg/kg bw/day

Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Clear evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertil-

ity, and/or on development, based on animal experiments

zinc oxide:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation study

Species: Rat, male and female

Application Route: Oral

Dose: 7.5, 15, 30mg/kg bw/day

Frequency of Treatment: 7 days/week

General Toxicity Parent: LOAEL: 7,5 mg/kg body weight General Toxicity F1: LOAEL: 30 mg/kg body weight

Method: OECD Test Guideline 416

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: one-generation reproductive toxicity

Species: Rat, male Application Route: Oral Dose: 4,000 milligram per liter Frequency of Treatment: 32 daily

General Toxicity Parent: LOAEL: 4.000 mg/l General Toxicity F1: LOAEL: 4.000 mg/l

Symptoms: Reduced fertility

Target Organs: male reproductive organs

Result: positive

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development : Species: Rat

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Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume) Dose: .0003, 0.002, 0.008 milligram per liter

Duration of Single Treatment: 14 d

General Toxicity Maternal: LOAEC: 0,008 mg/L Developmental Toxicity: NOAEC: 0,008 mg/L

Embryo-fetal toxicity.: NOAEC Mating/Fertility: 0,008 mg/L

Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, and/or on development, based on animal experiments.

#### Specific particular organ toxicity - single exposure

Not classified due to lack of data.

#### **Components:**

#### nitric acid, ammonium calcium salt:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target

organ toxicant, single exposure.

#### Specific particular organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Not classified due to lack of data.

#### **Components:**

#### magnesium nitrate:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target

organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

boric acid:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target

organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

zinc oxide:

Routes of exposure : Oral

Target Organs : Central nervous system, Reproductive organs

Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ

toxicant, repeated exposure, category 2.

#### Repeated dose toxicity

#### **Components:**

# nitric acid, ammonium calcium salt:

Species : Rat, male and female NOAEL : >=1000 mg/kg bw/day

Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 28 d

Dose : 50, 150, 1000 mg/kg bw
Method : OECD Test Guideline 407

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magnesium nitrate:

Species : Rat, male and female NOAEL : > 1.500 mg/kg

Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 28d

Dose : 0, 250, 750, 1,500 mg/kg/day Method : OECD Test Guideline 422

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

boric acid:

Species : Rat, male and female LOAEL : 58.5 mg/kg bw/day

Application Route : Oral - feed Exposure time : 2 years

Dose : 0, 5.9, 17.5, 58.5mg/kg/bw/d

Species : Rat, female NOAEC : 0,47 mg/l

Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Dose : .077, .175, .47 mg/l

zinc oxide:

Species : Rat, male and female

 NOAEL
 : 31,52 mg/kg

 LOAEL
 : 127,52 mg/kg

Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 13 weeks

Dose : 0, 31.52, 127.52 mg/kg
Method : OECD Test Guideline 408

Target Organs : Pancreas Symptoms : Necrosis

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Species : Mouse, male and female

NOEL : 3000 ppm Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 13 weeks

Dose : 0, 300, 3000, 30000 ppm Method : OECD Test Guideline 408

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Species : Rat, male LOAEL : 0,0045 mg/l

Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Exposure time : 3 months

Dose : 0.0003, 0.0015, 0.004mg/l Method : OECD Test Guideline 413

Target Organs : Lungs Remarks : mortality

Species : Rat, male and female

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LOAEL : 75 mg/kg bw/day

Application Route : Dermal Exposure time : 28d

Dose : 0, 75, 180, 360 mg/kg bw/day Method : OECD Test Guideline 410

Inhalation hazard

Not classified due to lack of data.

Experience with human exposure

**Components:** 

zinc oxide:

Inhalation : Symptoms: Fatigue, Sweating, bitter taste, chills, dry mouth,

flu-like symptoms

Ingestion : Symptoms: Gastrointestinal discomfort

**Further information** 

**Product:** 

Remarks : No data available

#### **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Toxicity** 

**Components:** 

nitric acid, ammonium calcium salt:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Cyprinus carpio (Carp)): > 95 - 102 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 100

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): > 1.000 mg/l

Exposure time: 180 min

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

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Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC: 157 mg/l

Exposure time: 30 d

Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

Test Type: flow-through test

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

magnesium nitrate:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

LC50 (Poecilia reticulata (guppy)): 1.378 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

LC50 (Cyprinus carpio (Carp)): 95 - 102 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: semi-static test

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 39 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 ( diatoms): > 1.700 mg/l

Exposure time: 10 d Test Type: static test

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): > 1.000 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC: 58 mg/l Exposure time: 30 d

Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

Test Type: flow-through test

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOEC: 157 mg/l Exposure time: 32 d

Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

Test Type: flow-through test

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

boric acid:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 79,7 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

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LC50 (Limanda limanda): 74 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test Type: flow-through test

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

LC50 (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 102 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 40,2

mg/l

Exposure time: 74,5 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 17,5

mg/l

Exposure time: 74,5 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

LOEC: 3,6 mg/l Exposure time: 10 d Test Type: semi-static test

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): > 175 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

NOEC (activated sludge): 17,5 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC: 6,4 mg/l

Exposure time: 34 d

Species: Danio rerio (zebra fish) Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC: 6,4 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Test Type: semi-static test

Toxicity to soil dwelling or-

ganisms

LC50: > 175 mg/kg Exposure time: 14 d

Species: Eisenia fetida (earthworms) Method: OECD Test Guideline 207

NOEC: >= 175 mg/kg Exposure time: 14 d

Species: Eisenia fetida (earthworms) Method: OECD Test Guideline 207

zinc oxide:

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Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 1,55 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

LC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0,76 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

LC50: 0,37 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

EC50: 0,14 mg/l Exposure time: 24 h Test Type: static test

EC50: 0,072 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

IC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (algae)): 0,044 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (algae)): 0,024 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

IC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): 1,23 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

IC50: 3,28 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Dunaliella tertiolecta (marine algae)): 0,01 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 d Test Type: static test

EC50 ( Dunaliella tertiolecta (marine algae)): 0,65 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 d Test Type: static test

(Chlorella vulgaris (Fresh water algae)): 1,16 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

EC50 (Anabaena flos-aquae (cyanobacterium)): 0,3 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

EC50: 0,69 mg/l Exposure time: 3 d

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Test Type: static test

EC50 (Phaeodactylum tricornutum): 1,12 mg/l

Exposure time: 24 h Test Type: static test

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): > 1.000 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

EC50 (Tetrahymena pyriformis): 7,1 mg/l

Exposure time: 24 h

Test Type: Growth inhibition

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC: 0,440 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 d

Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)

Test Type: flow-through test

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOEC: 0,026 mg/l Exposure time: 30 d

Species: Jordanella floridae (flagfish) Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOEC: 0,530 mg/l Exposure time: 1.095 d

Species: Salvelinus fontinalis (Brook trout)

Test Type: flow-through test

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOEC: 0,056 mg/l Exposure time: 116 d

Species: Salmo trutta (brown trout) Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOEC: 0,025 mg/l Exposure time: 27 d Species: Fish

Test Type: semi-static test

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOEC: 0,078 mg/l Exposure time: 248 d

Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

Test Type: flow-through test

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOEC: 0,050 mg/l

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Version **Revision Date:** SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

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Exposure time: 155 d

Species: Fish

Test Type: flow-through test

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

LOEC: 0,125 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea) Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

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Toxicity to soil dwelling or-

ganisms

NOEC: 750 mg/kg Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Eisenia fetida (earthworms)

Persistence and degradability

No data available

**Bioaccumulative potential** 

**Product:** 

Remarks: No data available Bioaccumulation

Components:

boric acid:

Bioaccumulation Species: Fish

Exposure time: 60 d

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): < 0,1

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: -1,09 (22 °C)

zinc oxide:

Bioaccumulation Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)

Exposure time: 14 d

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 2.060

Mobility in soil No data available

Other adverse effects

**Product:** Additional ecological infor-

mation

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of

unprofessional handling or disposal.

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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#### **SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water

courses or the soil.

Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemi-

cal or used container.

Send to a licensed waste management company.

Contaminated packaging, and contaminated material

It is prohibited to reuse, bury, burn, or sell containers. Rinsable containers: Triple rinse containers of less than 20 liters and pressure rinse containers of 20 liters or more. Triple rinsing: Add water up to ¼ of the container's capacity, close and shake for 30 seconds. Pour the rinse water into the mixing tank, considering this volume of water within the recommended volume for mixing preparation. Perform this procedure three times. Pressure rinsing: Activate the pressure rinsing device for 30 seconds, considering the volume of water used as part of the recommended volume for mixing preparation. In both procedures, punctured the container on its base without damaging the label. In all cases, take the empty containers to collection points indicated by the local empty containers program.

# **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### International Regulations

#### **UNRTDG**

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### **IATA-DGR**

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### **IMDG-Code**

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable for product as supplied.

#### **Domestic regulation**

#### NCh382

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### Special precautions for user

Remarks : Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regu-

lations.

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#### **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

**National Regulations** 

Chile. Decree 190. Carcinogenic Substances, Hazard: Not applicable

ous Waste Management.

Decree 1358 - Establishment of rules governing the control measures of precursors and essential chemi-

cals.

Resolution 408/16 Exempt, Approving List of Health : Not included in list of Article 3, item

Hazardous Substances

Other regulations

NCh 2245:2021 Safety data sheet for chemical products - Content and order of sections

NCh 2190:2019 Land transport of dangerous goods - Hazard identification marks

NCh 382:2021 Dangerous Goods - Classification

Decree 57 of 2019, Regulation on Classification, Labeling, and Notification of Hazardous Chemicals and Mixtures

D.S. 148/03 Sanitary Regulation on hazardous wastes handling

D.S. 298/94 Regulation on transport of hazardous cargo on streets and roads

D.S. 594/99 Regulation on sanitary and environmental basic conditions at work places

# **International Regulations**

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

TCSI : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

TSCA : All substances listed as active on the TSCA inventory

AllC : All components are listed on the inventory, regulatory obliga-

tions/restrictions apply

DSL : This product contains the following components listed on the

Canadian NDSL. All other components are on the Canadian

Not applicable

DSL.

nitric acid, ammonium calcium salt

ENCS : Not in compliance with the inventory

ISHL : Not in compliance with the inventory

KECI : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

PICCS : Not in compliance with the inventory

IECSC : Not in compliance with the inventory

NZIoC : Not in compliance with the inventory

TECI: Not in compliance with the inventory

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The receiver should verify the possible existence of legal regulations applicable to chemical.

#### **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Revision Date : 13.02.2024

Date format : dd.mm.yyyy

#### **Full text of H-Statements**

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

Acute Tox. : Acute toxicity

Aquatic Acute : Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard
Aquatic Chronic : Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard

Eye Dam. : Serious eye damage Ox. Sol. : Oxidizing solids Repr. : Reproductive toxicity

STOT RE : Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

CL OEL : Chile. Regulation on basic sanitary and environmental condi-

tions in the workplace

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average ACGIH / STEL : Short-term exposure limit CL OEL / LPP : Time Weighted Limit Value CL OEL / LPT : Short Term Limit Value

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Trans-

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portation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

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