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SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : GAMIT® 500 EC

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : FMC QUÍMICA DO BRASIL LTDA.

Address : AVENIDA DR. JOSÉ BONIFÁCIO

COUTINHO NOGUEIRA 150 - 1º ANDAR - JARDIM MADALENA,

CAMPINAS SP BRASIL TELEFONE: (19) 2042.4500

Emergency telephone : Brazil: 0800 34 35 450 (24 hours)

+55-2139581449 (CHEMTREC)

Medical Emergency Number : 0800 7010 450

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Can be used as herbicide only.

Herbicide

Restrictions on use : Use as recommended by the label.

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725 Standard

Flammable liquids : Category 3

Acute toxicity (Oral) : Category 5

Acute toxicity (Dermal) : Category 5

Specific target organ toxicity - :

single exposure

Category 2 (Central nervous system, Lungs)

Specific target organ toxicity - :

repeated exposure

Category 2 (Liver)

Aspiration hazard : Category 1

Short-term (acute) aquatic

hazard

Category 1

Long-term (chronic) aquatic

hazard

Category 1

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GHS label elements in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725 Standard

Hazard pictograms







Signal Word : DANGER

Hazard Statements : H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.

H303 + H313 May be harmful if swallowed or in contact with

skin.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H371 May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system,

_ungs).

H373 May cause damage to organs (Liver) through prolonged

or repeated exposure.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements

Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting/

equipment.

P242 Use non-sparking tools.

P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.

P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protec-

tion/ face protection/ hearing protection.

Response:

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON

CENTER/ doctor.

P302 + P312 IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if

you feel unwell.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediate-

ly all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.

P308 + P311 IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON

CENTER/ doctor.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or

alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.

P391 Collect spillage.

Storage:

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

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Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)	
clomazone (ISO)	81777-89-1	Acute Tox. (Oral), 4 Acute Tox. (Dermal), 5 Aquatic Acute, 1 Aquatic Chronic, 1	>= 30 -< 50	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified	64742-95-6	Flam. Liq., 3 Acute Tox. (Oral), 5 Acute Tox. (Inhalation), 4 Acute Tox. (Dermal), 5 Skin corrosion/irritation, 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation, 2A Carc., 2 STOT SE, (Respiratory system, Central nervous system), 3 Asp. Tox., 1 Aquatic Acute, 2 Aquatic Chronic, 2	>= 10 -< 20	
calcium dodecylbenzenesul- phonate (alternate CAS 68584-23-6)	26264-06-2	Acute Tox. (Oral), 4 Skin corrosion/irritation, 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation, 1 Aquatic Acute, 2	>= 1 -< 2,5	
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha(nonylphenyl)- .omegahydroxy-	9016-45-9	Acute Tox. (Oral), 4 Skin corrosion/irritation, 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation, 2A Aquatic Acute, 3 Aquatic Chronic, 2	>= 1 -< 2,5	
Benzenesulfonic acid, C10- 16-alkyl derivs., calcium salts (alternate CAS 26264-06-2)	68584-23-6	Acute Tox. (Dermal), 5 Skin corro- sion/irritation, 2 Serious eye dam- age/eye irritation, 1 Aquatic Acute, 2	>= 1 -< 2,5	





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		Aquatic Chronic, 3	
methanol	67-56-1	Flam. Liq., 2 Acute Tox. (Oral), 3 Acute Tox. (Inhala- tion), 3 Acute Tox. (Dermal), 3 STOT SE, (Central nervous system, Eyes), 1	>= 0,1 -< 1

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice Move out of dangerous area.

Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attend-

ance.

Symptoms of poisoning may appear several hours later.

Do not leave the victim unattended.

If inhaled If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical

advice.

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of skin contact Wash off with soap and water.

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

In case of eye contact Flush eyes with water as a precaution.

> Remove contact lenses. Protect unharmed eye.

Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed Keep respiratory tract clear.

Do NOT induce vomiting.

Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If symptoms persist, call a physician. Take victim immediately to hospital.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

May be harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

May cause damage to organs.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Protection of first-aiders Avoid inhalation, ingestion and contact with skin and eyes.

Notes to physician Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

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Suitable extinguishing media : Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not spread spilled material with high-pressure water

streams.

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

Fire may produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases.

Chlorinated compounds
Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Carbon oxides
Hydrogen chloride
Hydrogen cyanide
Sulfur oxides

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Use a water spray to cool fully closed containers.

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment.

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

Special protective equipment :

for fire-fighters

Firefighters should wear protective clothing and self-contained

breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Use personal protective equipment.

Ensure adequate ventilation.
Remove all sources of ignition.
Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

Beware of vapors accumulating to form explosive concentra-

tions. Vapors can accumulate in low areas.

Environmental precautions : Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Prevent product from entering drains.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

Methods and materials for

containment and cleaning up

Never return spills in original containers for re-use.

Collect as much of the spill as possible with a suitable absor-

bent material.

Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on protection against : Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material.





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fire and explosion Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge

(which might cause ignition of organic vapors).

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of

ignition.

Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge

(which might cause ignition of organic vapors).

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of

ignition.

Advice on safe handling : Avoid formation of aerosol.

Do not breathe vapors/dust.

For personal protection see section 8.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. Open drum carefully as content may be under pressure. Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national

regulations.

Hygiene measures : Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Do not inhale aerosol.

When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Conditions for safe storage : No smoking.

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated

place.

Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and

kept upright to prevent leakage. Observe label precautions.

Electrical installations / working materials must comply with

the technological safety standards.

Further information on stor-

age stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified	64742-95-6	TWA	200 mg/m3 (total hydrocarbon vapor)	ACGIH
methanol	67-56-1	LT	156 ppm 200 mg/m3	BR OEL
		Further information: Absorption through the skin, Degree of harmfulness: maximum		





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TWA ACGIH 200 ppm STEL 250 ppm **ACGIH**

Biological occupational exposure limits

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Biological specimen	Sam- pling time	Permissible concentration	Basis
methanol	67-56-1	Methanol	Urine	End of workday	15 mg/l	BR BEI
		Methanol	Urine	End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)	15 mg/l	ACGIH BEI

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection In the case of dust or aerosol formation use respirator with an

approved filter.

Hand protection

Protective gloves Material

Remarks The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed

with the producers of the protective gloves.

Eye wash bottle with pure water Eye protection

Tightly fitting safety goggles

Skin and body protection Impervious clothing

Choose body protection according to the amount and con-

centration of the dangerous substance at the work place.

Protective measures Plan first aid action before beginning work with this product.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state liquid

Form viscous liquid

Color yellow, translucent

Odor aromatic

Odor Threshold No data available

рΗ ca. 6,5 (20 °C)

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Melting point/ range : No data available

Boiling point/boiling range : No data available

Flash point : 40 °C

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability (liquids) : Sustains combustion

Self-ignition : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Vapor pressure : No data available

Relative vapor density : No data available

Relative density : 1,025 (25 °C)

Density : 1,019 g/cm3

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : Miscible

Solubility in other solvents : Solvent: Toluene

Description: completely miscible

Solvent: Methanol

Description: completely miscible

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

No data available

Autoignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : 9,95 mPa.s (20 °C)

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : Non-oxidizing

Molecular weight : Not applicable

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SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Chemical stability : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid extreme temperatures.

Avoid formation of aerosol. Heat, flames and sparks.

Incompatible materials : Avoid strong acids, bases, and oxidizers.

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

May be harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 2.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 423

Assessment: The component/mixture is minimally toxic after

single ingestion.

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,62 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Remarks: no mortality

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 4.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Components:

clomazone (ISO):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): 768 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 425

LD50 (Rat, female): 300 - 2.000 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 423

Target Organs: Liver

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Assessment: The component/mixture is moderately toxic after

single ingestion.

LD50 (Rat, female): 1.564 mg/kg

Symptoms: ataxia

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 12,1 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Symptoms: apathy

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Remarks: no mortality

LC50 (Rat): > 7,4 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit, male and female): > 2.000 mg/kg

Method: US EPA Test Guideline OPP 81-2

Assessment: The component/mixture is minimally toxic after

single contact with skin. Remarks: no mortality

LD50 (Rabbit, male and female): > 4.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Remarks: no mortality

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): 3.492 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

LD50 (Rat, male): 6.984 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 6,193 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Remarks: no mortality

Assessment: The component/mixture is moderately toxic after

short term inhalation.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit, male and female): > 3.160 mg/kg

Assessment: The component/mixture is minimally toxic after

single contact with skin.

calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:

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Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): 1.300 mg/kg

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity : Remarks: Not classified

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 2000 milligram per kilogram

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha.-(nonylphenyl)-.omega.-hydroxy-:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Mouse, male and female): 4.290 mg/kg

Method: Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, B.1 bis

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Assessment: The component/mixture is moderately toxic after

single ingestion.

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 1,9 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit, male and female): > 4.000 mg/kg

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

methanol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 1.187 mg/kg

Acute toxicity estimate (Humans): 100 mg/kg

Method: Expert judgment

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, female): 82,1 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

LC50 (Rat, male): 92,6 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: vapor

Acute toxicity estimate: 5 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor
Method: Expert judgment





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Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 17.100 mg/kg

Acute toxicity estimate: 300 mg/kg

Method: Expert judgment

Skin corrosion/irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product:

Species : Rabbit

Assessment : Not classified as irritant
Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : slight irritation

Components:

clomazone (ISO):

Species : Rabbit

Assessment : Not classified as irritant
Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
Result : slight or no skin irritation.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : Mild skin irritation

Assessment : Irritating to skin.

calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : Skin irritation

Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha.-(nonylphenyl)-.omega.-hydroxy-:

Species : Rabbit

Method : Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, B.40

Result : Skin irritation

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:

Assessment : Irritating to skin.

methanol:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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Product:

Species : Rabbit Result : slight irritation

Assessment : Not classified as irritant
Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Components:

clomazone (ISO):

Species : Rabbit

Result : Slight or no eye irritation
Assessment : Not classified as irritant
Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

GLP : yes

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Assessment : Irritating to eyes.

calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha.-(nonylphenyl)-.omega.-hydroxy-:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days
Method : Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, B.5
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:

Assessment : Risk of serious damage to eyes.

methanol:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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Respiratory sensitization

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product:

Test Type : Buehler Test Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : Does not cause skin sensitization.

Components:

clomazone (ISO):

Test Type : Buehler Test Species : Guinea pig

Assessment : Not a skin sensitizer.

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

GLP : yes

Species : Guinea pig

Assessment : Not a skin sensitizer.

Method : US EPA Test Guideline OPP 81-6

Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Test Type : Maximization Test Routes of exposure : Skin contact Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406
Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:

Test Type : Maximization Test Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha.-(nonylphenyl)-.omega.-hydroxy-:

Test Type : Maximization Test Routes of exposure : Skin contact Species : Guinea pig

Method : Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, B.6

Result : Does not cause skin sensitization.
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:

Test Type : Buehler Test Species : Guinea pig

Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

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methanol:

Test Type : Maximization Test Species : Guinea pig

Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Ames test

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Mouse Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects., In vitro

tests did not show mutagenic effects

Components:

clomazone (ISO):

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Ames test

Test system: Salmonella typhimurium

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

GLP: yes

Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Cytogenetic assay

Species: Rat

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: in vitro DNA damage and/or repair study

Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Result: negative

Test Type: reverse mutation assay

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Bone marrow chromosome aberration.

Species: Rat (male and female)
Application Route: Inhalation

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Result: negative

calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: reverse mutation assay

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: chromosome aberration assay

Species: Rat (male and female)

Application Route: Oral Exposure time: 90 d Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ

cell mutagen.

Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha.-(nonylphenyl)-.omega.-hydroxy-:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: gene mutation test

Test system: Salmonella typhimurium Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

In vitro tests did not show mutagenic effects

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: reverse mutation assay

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Mouse (male and female)
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Exposure times 72 hrs

Exposure time: 72 hrs

Method: Mutagenicity (micronucleus test)
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

methanol:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Test system: Chinese hamster fibroblasts

Result: negative

Test Type: reverse mutation assay Test system: Salmonella typhimurium Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test





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Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

: Animal testing did not show any carcinogenic effects.

Components:

clomazone (ISO):

Species : Rat, male and female

Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : negative

Species : Mouse

Method : OECD Test Guideline 453

Result : negative

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

: Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies

calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:

Species : Rat, male and female

Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 720 d

NOAEL : 250 mg/kg body weight

Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a car-

ment

cinogen

methanol:

Species : Mouse, male and female

Application Route : inhalation (vapor)
Exposure time : 18 month(s)
NOAEC : 1,3 mg/l
Result : negative

Species : Rat, male and female Application Route : inhalation (vapor)

Exposure time : 2 Years
NOAEC : 1,3 mg/l
Result : negative

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Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification for repro-

ductive toxicity

Components:

clomazone (ISO):

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation study

Species: Rat, male and female

Application Route: Oral

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral Symptoms: Maternal effects.

Result: negative

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rabbit Application Route: Oral Symptoms: Maternal effects.

Result: negative

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Three-generation study

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)
Fertility: NOAEC Mating/Fertility: 7,5 mg/l

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development : Species: Mouse

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

General Toxicity Maternal: LOAEC: 500 part per million

Symptoms: Maternal effects.

calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development

Species: Rat, male and female Application Route: Ingestion

General Toxicity Parent: NOAEL: 400 mg/kg body weight

Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: reproductive and developmental toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 300 mg/kg body weight Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 600 mg/kg body weight

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Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification for repro-

ductive toxicity

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: one-generation reproductive toxicity

Species: Rat, male and female

Application Route: Oral

Method: OECD Test Guideline 415

Result: No effects on fertility and early embryonic develop-

ment were detected.

methanol:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: one-generation reproductive toxicity

Species: Monkey, female

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)
General Toxicity F1: NOAEC: 2,39 mg/l

Result: negative

Test Type: Two-generation study Species: Rat, male and female Application Route: inhalation (vapor) General Toxicity F1: LOAEC: 1,3 mg/l General Toxicity F2: LOAEC: 1,3 mg/l

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Pre-natal

Species: Mouse

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

Developmental Toxicity: NOAEC: 6,65 mg/L

Result: Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the offspring were detected only at high maternally toxic doses

Test Type: Pre-natal

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

Developmental Toxicity: NOAEC: 1,33 mg/L

Result: Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the offspring were detected only at high maternally toxic doses

STOT-single exposure

May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system, Lungs).

Product:

Target Organs : Central nervous system, Lungs

Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ

toxicant, single exposure, category 2.

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Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

methanol:

Target Organs : Central nervous system, Eyes

Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ

toxicant, single exposure, category 1.

STOT-repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (Liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Product:

Target Organs : Liver

Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ

toxicant, repeated exposure, category 2.

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target

organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

clomazone (ISO):

Species : Rat, male and female

NOEL : 1000 ppm Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 90 days

Symptoms : increased liver weight

Species : Rat LOAEL : 400 mg/kg Exposure time : 90 d

Method : OECD Test Guideline 408

Symptoms : Liver effects

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Species : Rat, male and female

NOAEC : 0,8 - 0,9 mg/l
Application Route : Inhalation
Test atmosphere : vapor

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Species : Rat, male
NOAEL : 600 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral





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Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:

Species : Rat, male and female

NOAEL : 85 mg/kg LOAEL : 145 mg/kg Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 9 Months

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Species : Rat, male
LOAEL : 286 mg/kg
Application Route : Skin contact
Exposure time : 15 Days

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Species : Rat, male and female NOAEL : 100 mg/kg bw/day LOAEL : 200 mg/kg bw/day Application Route : Oral - gavage Exposure time : 28 - 54 Days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 422

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:

Species : Rat, male and female

NOAEL : 500 mg/kg Application Route : Oral

Method : OECD Test Guideline 407

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Species : Rat, male and female

NOAEL : 50 mg/m3 Application Route : Inhalation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 412

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Species : Rat, male and female

NOAEL : > 1.000 mg/kg

Application Route : Dermal

Method : OECD Test Guideline 410

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

methanol:

Species : Monkey
LOAEL : 2.340 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 3 days

 Species
 : Rat

 NOEC
 : 0,13 mg/l

 LOAEL
 : 1,3 mg/l

Application Route : inhalation (vapor)

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Exposure time 12 months

No toxicologically significant effects were found. Remarks

Aspiration toxicity

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Components:

clomazone (ISO):

The substance does not have properties associated with aspiration hazard potential.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

methanol:

Ingestion Target Organs: Eyes

Remarks: Based on Human Evidence

Further information

Product:

Remarks Solvents may degrease the skin.

Components:

clomazone (ISO):

Remarks When fed to animals, clomazone caused decreased activity,

tearing eyes, bleeding from the nose and incoordination.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Poecilia reticulata (guppy)): 0,0346 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia similis (Water flea)): 29,9 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

: EC50 (Chlorella vulgaris (Fresh water algae)): 93,36 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to soil dwelling or-

ganisms

LC50 (Eisenia fetida (earthworms)): 1198.44 mg/kg dry weight

(d.w.)

Exposure time: 14 d

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Method: OECD Test Guideline 216

Remarks: No significant adverse effect on Nitrogen minerali-

zation.

Method: OECD Test Guideline 217

Remarks: No significant adverse effect on Carbon mineraliza-

tion.

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

LD50 (Coturnix japonica (Japanese quail)): > 2.000 mg/kg

LD50 (Apis mellifera (bees)): > 20

Exposure time: 24 h

Components:

clomazone (ISO):

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Menidia beryllina (Silverside)): 6,3 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 45 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 34 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 40,8 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

EC50 (Daphnia): 5,2 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 12,7 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

EC50 (Mysidopsis bahia (opossum shrimp)): 9,8 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

LC50 (Americamysis bahia (mysid shrimp)): 0,57 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test Type: flow-through test

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EbC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 2 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

ErC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 4,1 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

ErC50 (Navicula pelliculosa (Freshwater diatom)): 0,136 mg/l

Exposure time: 120 h

EC50 (Lemna gibba (duckweed)): 13,9 mg/l

Exposure time: 7 d

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NOEC (Navicula pelliculosa (Freshwater diatom)): 0,05 mg/l

End point: Growth rate Exposure time: 120 h

NOEC (algae): 0,05 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h

EC50 (Lemna gibba (duckweed)): 13,9 mg/l

Exposure time: 7 d

EC50 (algae): 0,136 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

1

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 2,3 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Test Type: flow-through test

NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 2,29 mg/l

Exposure time: 57 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 2,2 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

NOEC (Americamysis bahia (mysid shrimp)): 0,032 mg/l

Exposure time: 28 d

Test Type: flow-through test

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1,25 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d Test Type: static test

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

: 1

Toxicity to soil dwelling or-

ganisms

LC50 (Eisenia fetida (earthworms)): 391,2 mg/kg

Exposure time: 14 d

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

LD50 (Anas platyrhynchos (Mallard duck)): > 2.510 mg/kg

LC50 (Anas platyrhynchos (Mallard duck)): > 5620 ppm

Remarks: Dietary

LD50 (Coturnix japonica (Japanese quail)): > 2000

NOEC (Colinius virginianus): 94 mg/kg

End point: Reproduction Test

LC50 (Apis mellifera (bees)): > 85.29

LC50 (Apis mellifera (bees)): > 100





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Remarks: Contact

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Toxicity to fish : NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 4,5 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: semi-static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

LL50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 8,2 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: semi-static test

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 4,5 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (microalgae)): 3,1 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOELR (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 2,6 mg/l

Exposure time: 14 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 204

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOELR (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 2,6 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (Tetrahymena pyriformis): 15,41 mg/l

Exposure time: 40 h

Test Type: Growth inhibition

Remarks: The value is given based on a SAR/AAR approach

using OECD Toolbox, DEREK, VEGA QSAR models

(CAESAR models), etc.

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity : Toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 10 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials





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LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 4,6 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 3,5 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 7,9

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 65,4

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

aquatic invertebrates ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1,65 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1,18 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): 500 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Toxicity to soil dwelling or-

ganisms

LC50 (Eisenia fetida (earthworms)): 1.000 mg/kg

Exposure time: 14 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 207

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

LD50 (Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)): 1.356 mg/kg

Exposure time: 14 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 223

Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha.-(nonylphenyl)-.omega.-hydroxy-:

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

LC50: 1,821 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h

Method: QSAR

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 14 mg/l

End point: Immobilization Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

: EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 20 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, C.3 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

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EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 50 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, C.3 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): 0,035 mg/l

End point: morphology Exposure time: 100 d Test Type: Renewal

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:

Toxicity to fish : LL50 (Marine species): 10.000 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

LL50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 1.000 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1.000 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1.000

mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms : NOEC (activated sludge): 10.000 mg/l

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

GLP: yes

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity : Toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

methanol:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 15.400 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 18.260 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): ca. 22.000

mg/

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 450 mg/l

Exposure time: 28 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other : NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 208 mg/l

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aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

Exposure time: 21 d

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): 19.800 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Persistence and degradability

Components:

clomazone (ISO):

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Remarks: Substance/product is moderately persistent in the

environment.

Primary degradation half-lives vary with circumstances, from a

few weeks to a few months in aerobic soil and water.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Biodegradability : Concentration: 49,2 mg/l

Result: Inherently biodegradable. Biodegradation: 77,05 %

Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301E

Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha.-(nonylphenyl)-.omega.-hydroxy-:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

methanol:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: No data available

Remarks: No data available

Components:

clomazone (ISO):

Bioaccumulation : Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 27 - 40

Remarks: Low potential for bioaccumulation

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Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: 2,365 (20 °C)

octanol/water Method: OECD Test Guideline 107

log Pow: 2,61 - 2,69 (20 - 21 °C)

pH: 4 - 10

Method: Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, A.8

calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Fish

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 70,79

Method: QSAR

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 4,77 (25 °C)

Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha.-(nonylphenyl)-.omega.-hydroxy-:

Partition coefficient: n- : Pow: 3,7 (25 °C)

octanol/water Method: OECD Test Guideline 117

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivs., calcium salts:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: 22,1

methanol:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: -0,77 (20 °C)

Mobility in soil

Components:

clomazone (ISO):

Distribution among environ:

mental compartments

Koc: 300 ml/g, log Koc: 2,47

Remarks: Moderately mobile in soils

Stability in soil :

Other adverse effects

Product:

Additional ecological infor-

mation

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of

unprofessional handling or disposal.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components:

clomazone (ISO):

Additional ecological infor-

mation

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of

unprofessional handling or disposal.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water

courses or the soil.

Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemi-

cal or used container.

Send to a licensed waste management company.

Contaminated packaging : It is prohibited to reuse, bury, burn or sell packaging.

Washable packaging: Triple wash packs of less than 20 liters and pressure wash packs of 20 liters or more. Triple Wash (Manual Wash): Completely empty the contents of the package into the sprayer tank, keeping it in an upright position for 30 seconds; Add clean water to the package up to ¼ of its volume; Cover the package well and shake it for 30 seconds; Pour the wash water into the spray tank; Do this operation three times; Make the plastic or metal packaging unusable by

perforating the bottom.

Pressure wash: Fit the empty package in the appropriate place of the funnel installed on the sprayer; Activate the mechanism to release the water jet; Direct the water jet to all the inside walls of the package, for 30 seconds; Wash water must be transferred to the sprayer tank: Make the plastic or metal packaging unusable by perforating the bottom. In both procedures, puncture the container at its base without damaging the label. Within a period of up to one year from the date of purchase, the user must return the empty packaging, with lid, to the establishment where the product was purchased or to the place indicated on the invoice, issued at the time of purchase. Activate the mechanism to release the water jet. Direct the water jet to all the inside walls of the package, for 30 seconds. Wash water must be transferred to the sprayer tank. Make the plastic or metal packaging unusable by perforating the bottom.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number : UN 1993

Proper shipping name : FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Solvent naphtha

(petroleum), light aromatic, clomazone, methanol)

Class : 3 Packing group : III Labels : 3 Environmentally hazardous : yes

IATA-DGR





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UN/ID No. : UN 1993

Proper shipping name : Flammable liquid, n.o.s. (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light

aromatic, clomazone, methanol)

Class : 3 Packing group : III

Labels : Flammable Liquids

Packing instruction (cargo

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen: 355

ger aircraft)

IMDG-Code

UN number : UN 1993

Proper shipping name : FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Solvent naphtha (petroleum),

light aromatic, clomazone, methanol)

Class : 3
Packing group : III
Labels : 3
EmS Code : F-E, S-E
Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

ANTT

UN number : UN 1993

Proper shipping name : FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Solvent naphtha (petroleum),

light aromatic, clomazone, methanol)

Class : 3
Packing group : III
Labels : 3
Hazard Identification Number : 30

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Law No. 14,785 of December 27, 2023. Decree 4,074 of January 4, 2002 and its regulatory standards. ANTT Resolution No. 5,998/22 of November 3, 2022. This MSDS was prepared in accordance with the criteria of ABNT NBR 14725. The user is recommended to pay attention to local regulations.

National List of Carcinogenic Agents for Humans - : Not applicable

(LINACH)

Brazil. List of chemicals controlled by the Federal Po- : Not applicable

lice





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The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

TCSI : Not in compliance with the inventory

TSCA : Product contains substance(s) not listed on TSCA inventory.

AIIC : Not in compliance with the inventory

DSL : This product contains the following components that are not

on the Canadian DSL nor NDSL.

clomazone (ISO) o-Chlorobenzaldehyde

ENCS : Not in compliance with the inventory

ISHL : Not in compliance with the inventory

KECI : Not in compliance with the inventory

PICCS : Not in compliance with the inventory

IECSC : Not in compliance with the inventory

NZIoC : Not in compliance with the inventory

TECI: Not in compliance with the inventory

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Revision Date : 16.06.2025

Date format : dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ACGIH BEI : ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)

BR BEI : Brazil. NR7. Parameters for Biological Control of Occupational

Exposure to Some Chemical Agents

BR OEL : Brazil. NR 15 - Unhealthy activities and operations

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average ACGIH / STEL : Short-term exposure limit : Up to 48 hours /week

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized Sys-

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tem; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration: ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization: IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China: IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods: IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

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