## **FENTROL**



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#### SECTION 1: Identification of the hazardous chemical and of the supplier

**Product identifier** 

Product name : FENTROL

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Can be used as insecticide only.

Restrictions on use Use as recommended by the label.

Manufacturer or supplier's details

**Principal Supplier FMC** Corporation

2929 WALNUT ST

PHILADELPHIA PA 19104

USA

(215) 299-6000 SDS-Info@fmc.com

FMC Chemicals (Malaysia) Sdn Bhd Local registrant

Level 16, 1 Sentral, Jalan Stesen Sentral 5, Kuala Lumpur Sen-

50470, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia Phone No: +60320929423 Fax No: +603-2092 9201

Emergency telephone For leak, fire, spill or accident emergencies, call:

CHEMTREC (Asia-Pacific Regional Number): +65 3163 8374

Medical emergency:

All other countries: +1 651 / 632-6793 (Collect) 1 703 / 741-5970 (CHEMTREC - International)

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

# Classification of the hazardous chemical

Skin sensitization : Category 1

Specific target organ toxicity - :

repeated exposure

Category 2 (Nervous system)

Hazardous to the aquatic

environment - acute hazard

Hazardous to the aquatic

environment - chronic hazard

Category 1

Category 1

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Label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal Word : Warning

Hazard Statements : H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H373 May cause damage to organs (Nervous system) through

prolonged or repeated exposure.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements : Prevention:

P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors. P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves.

Response:

P314 Get medical advice/ attention if you feel unwell.

P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical ad-

vice/ attention.

P391 Collect spillage.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

SECTION 3: Composition and information of the ingredients of the hazardous chemical

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

### Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
GAMMA-CYHALOTHRIN	76703-62-3	>= 1 -< 2.5
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.;	64742-94-5	>= 1 -< 2.5
Kerosine — unspecified		

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

General advice : Move out of dangerous area.

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Do not leave the victim unattended.

If inhaled : If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical

advice.

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of skin contact : If on skin, rinse well with water.

In case of eye contact : Flush eyes with water as a precaution.

Remove contact lenses. Protect unharmed eye.

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Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed Keep respiratory tract clear.

Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If symptoms persist, call a physician. Take victim immediately to hospital.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Treat symptomatically. Notes to physician

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

**Extinguishing media** 

Suitable extinguishing media : Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

High volume water jet

Physicochemical hazards arising from the chemical

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

Hazardous combustion prod: :

ucts

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases

and vapors.

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Carbon oxides

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment :

for fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if nec-

essary.

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

Hazchem Code •3Z

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

tive equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Personal precautions, protec- : Use personal protective equipment.

Prevent product from entering drains. **Environmental precautions** 

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

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If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel,

acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### Handling

### Precautions for safe handling

Advice on protection against :

fire and explosion

Normal measures for preventive fire protection.

Advice on safe handling : Do not breathe vapors/dust.

Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. For personal protection see section 8.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.

Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national

regulations.

Persons susceptible to skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being

used.

### Storage

## Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage : Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated

place.

Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and

kept upright to prevent leakage.

Electrical installations / working materials must comply with

the technological safety standards.

Further information on stor-

age stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls and personal protection**

#### **Control parameters**

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified	64742-94-5	TWA	200 mg/m3 (total hydrocarbon vapor)	ACGIH

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

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Eye/face protection : Eye wash bottle with pure water

Tightly fitting safety goggles

Skin protection : Impervious clothing

Choose body protection according to the amount and concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place.

Hand protection

Material : Wear chemical resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate,

butyl rubber or nitrile rubber.

Remarks : The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed

with the producers of the protective gloves.

Respiratory protection : In case of mist, spray or aerosol exposure wear suitable per-

sonal respiratory protection and protective suit.

Hygiene measures : Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

Physical state : liquid

Form : liquid

Color : off-white

Odor : aromatic

pH : 6.57

Concentration: 10 g/l

Melting point/freezing point : < 0 °C

: Decomposition: Decomposes below the boiling point.

Flash point : > 100 °C

Method: closed cup

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable

Self-ignition : > 400 °C

Relative density : No data available

Density : 1,008 g/l (20 °C)

Explosive properties : Not explosive

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Oxidizing properties Non-oxidizing

**SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity** 

Reactivity No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Chemical stability No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Conditions to avoid Protect from frost, heat and sunlight.

Incompatible materials Strong acids

Strong oxidizing agents

Strong bases

Hazardous decomposition

products

Nitrogen oxides (NOx) Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Halogenated compounds

**SECTION 11: Toxicological information** 

Information on likely routes of : None known.

exposure

### **Acute toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Product:** 

LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Acute oral toxicity

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

LC50 (Rat): > 2.79 mg/lAcute inhalation toxicity

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Acute dermal toxicity

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Components:

**GAMMA-CYHALOTHRIN:** 

Acute oral toxicity LD50 (Rat, female): ca. 55 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Symptoms: Tremors

GLP: yes





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LD50 (Rat, male): > 50 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Symptoms: Tremors

GLP: yes

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, female): 0.0282 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Symptoms: Tremors

GLP: yes

LC50 (Rat, male): 0.0402 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Symptoms: Tremors

GLP: yes

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): 1,650 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Symptoms: Tremors

GLP: yes

LD50 (Rat, male): > 1,500 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Symptoms: Tremors

GLP: yes

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 4.688 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

**Product:** 

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : slight irritation

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials





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Remarks : May cause skin irritation and/or dermatitis.

**Components:** 

**GAMMA-CYHALOTHRIN:** 

Species : Rabbit

Assessment : Irritating to skin.

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : irritating GLP : yes

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Species : Rabbit

Assessment : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Result : No skin irritation

Remarks : Minimal effects that do not meet the threshold for classifica-

tion.

Based on data from similar materials

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

**Product:** 

Result : slight irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Remarks : Vapors may cause irritation to the eyes, respiratory system

and the skin.

**Components:** 

**GAMMA-CYHALOTHRIN:** 

Species : Rabbit
Result : Eye irritation
Assessment : Irritating to eyes.

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Species : Rabbit

Assessment : No eye irritation

Remarks : Minimal effects that do not meet the threshold for classifica-

tion.

Based on data from similar materials

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

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**Product:** 

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : May cause sensitization by skin contact.
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Remarks : Causes sensitization.

**Components:** 

**GAMMA-CYHALOTHRIN:** 

Routes of exposure : Skin contact Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : May cause sensitization by skin contact.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Test Type : Maximization Test

Species : Guinea pig

Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

**Product:** 

Germ cell mutagenicity -

: In vitro tests did not show mutagenic effects

Assessment

Components:

**GAMMA-CYHALOTHRIN:** 

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Ames test

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Result: negative

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Mouse Result: negative GLP: yes

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: reverse mutation assay

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Bone marrow chromosome aberration.

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

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Result: negative

### Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

**Product:** 

Carcinogenicity - Assess- : Weight of evidence does not support classification as a car-

ment cinogen

### **Components:**

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Species : Rat, male and female
Application Route : inhalation (vapor)
Exposure time : 12 month(s)
NOAEC : 1.8 mg/l
Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

### Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

sessment

Reproductive toxicity - As-

Weight of evidence does not support classification for repro-

ductive toxicity

#### **Components:**

#### **GAMMA-CYHALOTHRIN:**

Effects on fetal development : Species: Rat

Dose: 1, 2.5, 5, 10 or 15 mg/kg bw/day

Embryo-fetal toxicity.: NOEL: 2.5 mg/kg bw/day

# STOT-single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

**Product:** 

Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

## STOT-repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (Nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### **Components:**

#### **GAMMA-CYHALOTHRIN:**

Target Organs : Nervous system

Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ

toxicant, repeated exposure, category 1.

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#### Repeated dose toxicity

#### Components:

### **GAMMA-CYHALOTHRIN:**

Species : Rat, male and female

NOAEL : 50 ppm
Application Route : Oral - feed
Exposure time : 13 weeks

Species : Rat, male and female NOAEL : 4.19 - 4.49 mg/kg LOAEL : 8.81 - 10.24 mg/kg

Application Route : Oral - feed Exposure time : 13 weeks

Method : OECD Test Guideline 407

Target Organs : Nervous system Symptoms : decrease in appetite

#### Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Species : Rat, male and female

NOAEC : 0.9 - 1.8 mg/l Application Route : inhalation (vapor)

Exposure time : 12 months

#### **Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

### **Product:**

No aspiration toxicity classification

#### **Components:**

#### **GAMMA-CYHALOTHRIN:**

The substance does not have properties associated with aspiration hazard potential.

## Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

### **Experience with human exposure**

#### **Components:**

## Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Skin contact : Symptoms: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or

cracking.

### **Further information**

#### **Product:**

Remarks : No data available

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#### Components:

### Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Remarks : Vapour concentrations above recommended exposure levels

are irritating to the eyes and the respiratory tract, may cause headaches and dizziness, are anaesthetic and may have other central nervous system effects. Prolonged and/or repeated skin contact with low viscosity materials may defat the skin resulting in possible irritation and dermatitis. Small amounts of liquid aspirated into the lungs during ingestion or from vomiting may cause chemical pneumonitis or pulmonary edema.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### **Ecotoxicity**

Product:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 245 µg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

LC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 67.7 µg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to soil dwelling or-

ganisms

LC50 (Eisenia fetida (earthworms)): > 10,000 mg/kg

Exposure time: 14 d

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

LD50 (Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Information given is based on data obtained from

similar product.

LD50 (Apis mellifera (bees)): 2.11 µg/bee

Exposure time: 48 h

End point: Acute contact toxicity

Remarks: Information given is based on data obtained from

similar product.

LD50 (Apis mellifera (bees)): > 100 μg/bee

Exposure time: 48 d

End point: Acute oral toxicity

Remarks: Information given is based on data obtained from

similar product.

### **Components:**

#### **GAMMA-CYHALOTHRIN:**

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.07 μg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.1 µg/l

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aquatic invertebrates Exposure time: 48 h

Test Type: Static renewal test Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

(Hyalella azteca (Amphipod)): 0.000086 µg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test Type: flow-through test Method: OPPTS 850.1010

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (algae): > 2.85 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

NOEC (Lemna gibba (duckweed)): 0.5 μg/l

Exposure time: 7 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 221

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

10,000

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.016 µg/l

End point: mortality Exposure time: 7 d

Test Type: Early Life-Stage

GLP: yes

LOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.04 µg/l

End point: mortality Exposure time: 7 d

Test Type: Early Life-Stage

GLP: yes

NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.0379 µg/l

End point: Hatching success

Exposure time: 35 d

Test Type: flow-through test

GLP: ves

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0019 μg/l

End point: reproduction Exposure time: 21 d

Test Type: flow-through test Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

10,000

Toxicity to soil dwelling or-

ganisms

LC50 (Eisenia fetida (earthworms)): > 1300 mg/kg dry weight

(d.w.)

Exposure time: 14 d

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

LD50 (Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)): > 2,000 mg/kg

LD50 (Apis mellifera (bees)): 0.005 µg/bee

Exposure time: 24 h

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End point: Acute contact toxicity

LD50 (Apis mellifera (bees)): 4.2 µg/bee

Exposure time: 24 h

End point: Acute oral toxicity

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Toxicity to fish : LL50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 2 - 5 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1.4 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 1 - 3

mg/l

Exposure time: 24 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.89 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Toxicity to microorganisms : LL50 (Tetrahymena pyriformis): 677.9 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test Type: Growth inhibition

#### Persistence and degradability

**Product:** 

Biodegradability : Result: Partially biodegradable.

Remarks: see user defined free text

**Components:** 

**GAMMA-CYHALOTHRIN:** 

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 21 % Exposure time: 28 d

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 58.6 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

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#### Bioaccumulative potential

### Components:

### **GAMMA-CYHALOTHRIN:**

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Can accumulate in aquatic organisms.

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: 4.96 (19 °C)

octanol/water Method: OECD Test Guideline 107

log Pow: 5.65

Method: OECD Test Guideline 117

### Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: The product/substance has a potential to bioaccu-

mulate.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 3.72 Method: QSAR

### Mobility in soil

### **Components:**

#### **GAMMA-CYHALOTHRIN:**

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

: Remarks: immobile

### Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Remarks: Expected to partition to sediment and wastewater

solids. Moderately volatile.

## Other adverse effects

### **Product:**

Additional ecological infor-

mation

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of

unprofessional handling or disposal.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

# Components:

# **GAMMA-CYHALOTHRIN:**

Additional ecological infor-

mation

: An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of

unprofessional handling or disposal.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal information**

### Disposal methods

Waste from residues : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water

courses or the soil.

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Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemi-

cal or used container.

Send to a licensed waste management company.

Contaminated packaging : Empty remaining contents.

Dispose of as unused product. Do not re-use empty containers.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

### International Regulations

**UNRTDG** 

UN number : UN 3082

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(Gamma-cyhalothrin)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9

**IATA-DGR** 

UN/ID No. : UN 3082

Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.

(Gamma-cyhalothrin)

Class : 9 Packing group : III

Labels : Miscellaneous

Packing instruction (cargo : 964

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen- : 964

ger aircraft)

Environmentally hazardous : yes

**IMDG-Code** 

UN number : UN 3082

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(Gamma-cyhalothrin)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
EmS Code : F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant : yes

#### Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Hazchem Code : •3Z

### Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

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### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

## Safety, health, and environmental regulations specific for the hazardous chemical

Occupational Safety and Health (Classification, Labelling and Safety Data Sheet of Hazardous Chemicals) Regulations 2013.

Occupational Safety and Health (Use and Standards of Exposure of Chemicals Hazardous to Health) Regulations 2000.

### The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

TCSI : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

TSCA : Product contains substance(s) not listed on TSCA inventory.

AIIC : Not in compliance with the inventory

DSL : This product contains the following components that are not

on the Canadian DSL nor NDSL.

(S)-α-CYANO-3-PHENOXYBENZYL (1R,3R)-3-[(Z)-2-CHLORO-3,3,3-TRIFLUOROPROP-1-ENYL]-2,2-DIMETHYLCYCLOPROPANECARBOXYLATE

ENCS : Not in compliance with the inventory

ISHL : Not in compliance with the inventory

KECI : Not in compliance with the inventory

PICCS : Not in compliance with the inventory

IECSC : Not in compliance with the inventory

NZIoC : Not in compliance with the inventory

TECI: Not in compliance with the inventory

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Revision Date : 29.01.2024

Date format : dd.mm.yyyy

## Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with

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x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

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