PHYTOGREEN RAPESEED MIX

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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name PHYTOGREEN RAPESEED MIX

Other means of identification

Product code 50001207

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Sub-stance/Mixture : A fertilizer with micronutrients for use in agriculture

Recommended restrictions on use : Use as recommended by the label.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Address

FMC Agro Limited
Rectors Lane, Pentre
Flintshire
CH5 2DH
United Kingdom

Telephone: + 44 1244 537370
E-mail address: SDS-Info@fmc.com .

1.4 Emergency telephone number

For leak, fire, spill or accident emergencies, call:
England and Wales: 44-870-8200418 (CHEMTREC)

Medical emergency:
England and Wales: 111
Scotland: 84 54 24 2424

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008) as amended by GB-CLP Regulation, UK SI 2019/720, and UK SI 2020/1567)

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008) as amended by GB-CLP Regulation, UK SI 2019/720, and UK SI 2020/1567)

No hazard pictogram, no signal word, no hazard statement(s), no precautionary statement(s) required.

Additional Labelling

EUH210 Safety data sheet available on request.

EUH208 Contains 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one. May produce an allergic reaction.

2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No. Registration number	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
sulfur	7704-34-9 231-722-6 016-094-00-1 01-2119487295-27-0055	Skin Irrit. 2; H315	>= 1 - < 10
ethanediol	107-21-1 203-473-3 603-027-00-1	Acute Tox. 4; H302 STOT RE 2; H373 (Kidney)	>= 1 - < 10
sodium acrylate	7446-81-3 231-209-7	Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411	>= 0.25 - < 1
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	2634-33-5 220-120-9 613-088-00-6	Acute Tox. 4; H302 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Dam. 1; H318 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Aquatic Acute 1; H400	>= 0.0025 - < 0.025

		Aquatic Chronic 2; H411 ——————— M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 10 ——————— specific concentration limit Skin Sens. 1A; H317 >= 0.036 %	
Substances with a workplace exposure limit :			
manganese carbonate	598-62-9 209-942-9		>= 10 - < 20
Limestone	1317-65-3 215-279-6		>= 1 - < 10
molybdic acid, disodium salt, dihydrate	10102-40-6		>= 1 - < 10

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : Move out of dangerous area.
Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
Do not leave the victim unattended.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing
Avoid inhalation, ingestion and contact with skin and eyes.
If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

If inhaled : Move to fresh air.
If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of skin contact : Take off all contaminated clothing immediately.
Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.
Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

In case of eye contact : Flush eyes with water as a precaution.
Remove contact lenses.
Protect unharmed eye.

Keep eye wide open while rinsing.
If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed : Do not induce vomiting without medical advice.
Keep respiratory tract clear.
Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If symptoms persist, call a physician.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Risks : None known.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-fighting : Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Hazardous combustion products : Fire may produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases.
Carbon oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters : Firefighters should wear protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.

Further information : Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.
Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Use personal protective equipment.
Never return spills in original containers for re-use.
Mark the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to

unauthorized personnel.
Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective equipment may intervene.
For disposal considerations see section 13.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Prevent product from entering drains.
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).
Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : Do not breathe vapours/dust.
Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
For personal protection see section 8.
Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.
Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national regulations.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion : Normal measures for preventive fire protection.

Hygiene measures : When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke.
Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers : Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Electrical installations / working materials must comply with the technological safety standards.

Recommended storage temperature : > 5 °C

Further information on stor- : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

age stability — Protect from frost.
Do not freeze.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : Fertilizers

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
manganese carbonate	598-62-9	TWA (Inhalable)	0.2 mg/m3 (Manganese)	GB EH40
		TWA (Respirable fraction)	0.05 mg/m3 (Manganese)	GB EH40
		TWA (inhalable fraction)	0.2 mg/m3 (Manganese)	2017/164/EU
	Further information: Indicative			
		TWA (Respirable fraction)	0.05 mg/m3 (Manganese)	2017/164/EU
	Further information: Indicative			
Limestone	1317-65-3	TWA (inhalable dust)	10 mg/m3	GB EH40
		TWA (Respirable dust)	4 mg/m3	GB EH40
ethanediol	107-21-1	TWA (particles)	10 mg/m3	GB EH40
	Further information: Can be absorbed through the skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity.			
		TWA (Vapour)	20 ppm 52 mg/m3	GB EH40
	Further information: Can be absorbed through the skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity.			
		STEL (Vapour)	40 ppm 104 mg/m3	GB EH40
	Further information: Can be absorbed through the skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity.			
		TWA	20 ppm 52 mg/m3	2000/39/EC
	Further information: Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin, Indicative			
		STEL	40 ppm 104 mg/m3	2000/39/EC
	Further information: Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin, Indicative			

molybdic acid, disodium salt, di-hydrate	10102-40-6	TWA	10 mg/m3 (Molybdenum)	GB EH40
		STEL	20 mg/m3 (Molybdenum)	GB EH40
		TWA	5 mg/m3 (Molybdenum)	GB EH40
		STEL	10 mg/m3 (Molybdenum)	GB EH40

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	6.81 mg/m3
	Workers	Dermal	Long-term systemic effects	0.966 mg/kg
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	1.2 mg/m3
	Consumers	Dermal	Long-term systemic effects	0.345 mg/kg

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

Substance name	Environmental Compartment	Value
manganese carbonate	Fresh water	0.0084 mg/l
	Intermittent use/release	0.011 mg/l
	Marine water	840 ng/l
	Sewage treatment plant	100 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	8.18 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
	Marine sediment	0.810 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
	Soil	8.15 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
ethanediol	Fresh water	10 mg/l
	Marine water	1 mg/l
	Sewage treatment plant	199.5 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	37 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
	Marine sediment	3.7 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
	Soil	1.53 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Fresh water	0.00403 mg/l
	Marine water	0.000403 mg/l
	Sewage treatment plant	1.03 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	0.0499 mg/l
	Marine sediment	0.00499 mg/l

8.2 Exposure controls

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection	:	Eye wash bottle with pure water Tightly fitting safety goggles
Hand protection		
Material	:	Wear chemical resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber or nitrile rubber.
Remarks	:	The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed with the producers of the protective gloves.
Skin and body protection	:	Impervious clothing Choose body protection according to the amount and concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place.
Respiratory protection	:	No personal respiratory protective equipment normally required.
Protective measures	:	Plan first aid action before beginning work with this product. Always have on hand a first-aid kit, together with proper instructions. Ensure that eye flushing systems and safety showers are located close to the working place. Wear suitable protective equipment.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	:	liquid
Colour	:	beige
Odour	:	Barely perceptible
Odour Threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	7.50 - 10.50 Concentration: 100 %
Melting point/freezing point	:	No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	No data available
Flash point	:	No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	No data available
Vapour pressure	:	No data available
Relative vapour density	:	No data available
Relative density	:	1.49 - 1.53
Density	:	No data available
Bulk density	:	No data available
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	:	dispersible

Solubility in other solvents	:	No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	:	No data available
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
Viscosity		
Viscosity, dynamic	:	1,500 - 3,000 mPa,s
Viscosity, kinematic	:	No data available
Explosive properties	:	No data available
Oxidizing properties	:	Non-oxidizing

9.2 Other information

Particle size	:	13.0 - 23.0 µm
Particle Size Distribution	:	No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

10.2 Chemical stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Avoid extreme temperatures
Protect from frost, heat and sunlight.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Avoid strong acids, bases, and oxidizers

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Toxic fumes

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 10 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Components:

sulfur:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 5.43 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

ethanediol:

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC0 (Rat, male and female): > 2.5 mg/l
Exposure time: 6 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Remarks: no mortality

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Mouse, male and female): > 3,500 mg/kg

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): 490 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

manganese carbonate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD0 (Rat, female): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 420
Remarks: no mortality

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC0 (Rat, male and female): > 5.35 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403
Remarks: no mortality
Based on data from similar materials

Limestone:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product:

Remarks : No data is available on the product itself.

Components:

sulfur:

Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
Result : Skin irritation

ethanediol:

Species : Rabbit
Result : No skin irritation

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Species : Rabbit
Exposure time : 72 h
Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
Result : No skin irritation

manganese carbonate:

Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
Result : No skin irritation

Limestone:

Result : No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product:

Remarks : No data is available on the product itself.

Components:

sulfur:

Species	:	Rabbit
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 405
Result	:	No eye irritation

ethanediol:

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	No eye irritation

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Species	:	Bovine cornea
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 437
Result	:	No eye irritation

Species	:	Rabbit
Method	:	EPA OPP 81-4
Result	:	Irreversible effects on the eye

manganese carbonate:

Species	:	Rabbit
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 405
Result	:	No eye irritation

Limestone:

Result	:	No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory sensitisation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product:

Remarks	:	No data is available on the product itself.

Components:

sulfur:

Test Type	:	Magnussen-Kligman test
Species	:	Guinea pig
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 406
Result	:	Does not cause skin sensitisation.

ethanediol:

Test Type	:	Maximisation Test
Species	:	Guinea pig
Result	:	Does not cause skin sensitisation.

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Test Type	:	Maximisation Test
Species	:	Guinea pig
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 406
Result	:	May cause sensitisation by skin contact.
Species	:	Guinea pig
Method	:	FIFRA 81.06
Result	:	May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

manganese carbonate:

Test Type	:	Local lymph node test
Species	:	Mouse
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 429
Result	:	Does not cause skin sensitisation.
Remarks	:	Based on data from similar materials

Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

sulfur:

Genotoxicity in vitro	:	Test Type: reverse mutation assay Method: OECD Test Guideline 471 Result: negative Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells Method: OECD Test Guideline 473 Result: negative
Genotoxicity in vivo	:	Test Type: Micronucleus test Species: Mouse (male and female) Method: OECD Test Guideline 474 Result: negative
Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment	:	Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

ethanediol:

Genotoxicity in vitro	:	Test Type: reverse mutation assay Method: OPPTS 870.5100 Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo	:	Test Type: dominant lethal test Species: Rat Application Route: Oral Result: negative

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Genotoxicity in vitro	:	Test Type: gene mutation test Test system: mouse lymphoma cells Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation Method: OECD Test Guideline 476 Result: negative Test Type: Ames test Method: OECD Test Guideline 471 Result: negative Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro Method: OECD Test Guideline 473 Result: positive
Genotoxicity in vivo	:	Test Type: unscheduled DNA synthesis assay Species: Rat (male) Cell type: Liver cells Application Route: Ingestion Exposure time: 4 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 486 Result: negative Test Type: Micronucleus test Species: Mouse Application Route: Oral Method: OECD Test Guideline 474 Result: negative
Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment	:	Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

manganese carbonate:

Genotoxicity in vitro	:	Test Type: reverse mutation assay Method: OECD Test Guideline 471 Result: negative Remarks: Based on data from similar materials Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro Method: OECD Test Guideline 473 Result: negative Remarks: Based on data from similar materials Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test
Species: Mouse (female)
Application Route: Oral
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment : Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

ethanediol:

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 24 month(s)
Result : negative

Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Effects on fertility : Species: Rat, male
Application Route: Ingestion
General Toxicity - Parent: NOAEL: 18.5 mg/kg body weight
General Toxicity F1: NOAEL: 48 mg/kg body weight
Fertility: NOAEL: 112 mg/kg bw/day
Symptoms: No effects on reproduction parameters
Method: OPPTS 870.3800
Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : Weight of evidence does not support classification for reproductive toxicity

manganese carbonate:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation study
Species: Rat, male and female
Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Dose: 0, .005, .01, .02 mg/L
General Toxicity - Parent: NOEL: 0.02 mg/l
Method: OECD Test Guideline 416

Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal development : Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Duration of Single Treatment: 15 d
General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 0.025 mg/L
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 0.025 mg/L
Embryo-foetal toxicity: NOAEL: 0.025 mg/L
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : Weight of evidence does not support classification for reproductive toxicity

STOT - single exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

manganese carbonate:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure.

Limestone:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure.

STOT - repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

sulfur:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

ethanediol:

Exposure routes : Oral
Target Organs : Kidney
Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure, category 2.

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

Limestone:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

sulfur:

Species	:	Rat, male and female
NOAEL	:	1,000 mg/kg
Application Route	:	Oral
Exposure time	:	90 d
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 408

Species	:	Rat, male and female
NOAEL	:	400 - 1,000 mg/kg
Application Route	:	Dermal
Exposure time	:	28 d
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 410

ethanediol:

Species	:	Rat
NOAEL	:	150 mg/kg
Application Route	:	Oral
Exposure time	:	12 Months

Species	:	Dog
NOAEL	:	> 2,200 - < 4,400 mg/kg
Application Route	:	Dermal
Exposure time	:	4 Weeks
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 410

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Species	:	Rat, male and female
NOAEL	:	15 mg/kg
Application Route	:	Ingestion
Exposure time	:	28 d
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 407
Symptoms	:	Irritation

Species	:	Rat, male and female
NOAEL	:	69 mg/kg
Application Route	:	Ingestion
Exposure time	:	90 d
Symptoms	:	Irritation, Reduced body weight

manganese carbonate:

Species : Rabbit, male

LOAEC	:	0.0039 mg/l
Application Route	:	Inhalation
Test atmosphere	:	dust/mist
Exposure time	:	4 - 6 weeks
Dose	:	0, .001, .0039 mg/L
Remarks	:	Based on data from similar materials

Aspiration toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Further information

Product:

Remarks	:	No data available

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Components:

sulfur:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC0 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 0.005 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	NOEC (Daphnia magna Straus): > 0.005 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	NOEC (algae): > 0.005 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC: > 0.0025 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea) Method: OECD Test Guideline 211 Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility
Toxicity to soil dwelling organisms	:	NOEC: > 1,000 mg/kg Exposure time: 14 d Species: Eisenia fetida (earthworms) Method: OECD Test Guideline 207
Plant toxicity	:	NOEC: 25.2 kg/ha Exposure time: 14 d Species: Avena sativa (oats) Method: OECD Test Guideline 208

Toxicity to terrestrial organisms	:	NOEC: > 1400 - < 1900 kg/ha Exposure time: 60 d Species: Typhlodromus pyri LD50: > 2,000 mg/kg Exposure time: 15 d Species: Coturnix japonica (Japanese quail)

ethanediol:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 72,860 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	IC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 10,940 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to microorganisms	:	(activated sludge): > 1,995 mg/l Exposure time: 30 min Method: ISO 8192
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	:	1,500 mg/l Exposure time: 28 d Species: Menidia peninsulae (tidewater silverside)
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)	:	33,911 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

sodium acrylate:

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity	:	Very toxic to aquatic life. Remarks: Based on estimation
Chronic aquatic toxicity	:	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Remarks: Based on estimation

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)): 16.7 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 2.15 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h

		Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 2.9 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.070 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.04 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity)	:	1
Toxicity to microorganisms	:	EC50 (activated sludge): 24 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h Test Type: Respiration inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 209 EC50 (activated sludge): 12.8 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h Test Type: Respiration inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity)	:	1

manganese carbonate:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 3.17 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: flow-through test Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 3.6 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 2.2 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.69 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to microorganisms : NOEC (activated sludge): 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

EC50 (activated sludge): > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC: 0.55 mg/l
Exposure time: 65 d
Species: Salvelinus fontinalis (Brook trout)
Test Type: flow-through test
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC: 1.3 mg/l
Exposure time: 8 d
Species: Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)
Test Type: static test
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Limestone:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 10,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 200 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Components:

sulfur:

Biodegradability : Remarks: The methods for determining the biological degradability are not applicable to inorganic substances.

ethanediol:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 90 - 100 %
Exposure time: 10 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301A

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Biodegradability	:	Result: rapidly biodegradable Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

ethanediol:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: -1.36

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Bioaccumulation	:	Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish) Exposure time: 56 d Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 6.62 Method: OECD Test Guideline 305 Remarks: Substance is not persistent, bioaccumulative, and toxic (PBT).
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: 0.7 (20 °C) pH: 7 log Pow: 0.99 (20 °C) pH: 5

12.4 Mobility in soil

Components:

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Distribution among environmental compartments	:	Koc: 9.33 ml/g, log Koc: 0.97 Method: OECD Test Guideline 121 Remarks: Highly mobile in soils

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product:

Assessment	:	This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.6 Other adverse effects

Product:

Endocrine disrupting potential	:	This substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties for environment according to UK REACH Article 57(f).

Additional ecological information	:	An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal. Harmful to aquatic life.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product	:	The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Send to a licensed hazardous waste management company.
Contaminated packaging	:	Empty remaining contents. Dispose of as hazardous material. Do not re-use empty containers. Empty containers should be taken to an approved hazardous waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

ADN	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
ADR	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
IATA	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADN	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
ADR	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
IATA	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADN	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
ADR	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.4 Packing group

ADN	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
ADR	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
IATA (Cargo)	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
IATA (Passenger)	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.5 Environmental hazards

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.6 Special precautions for user

Remarks	:	Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Relevant EU provisions transposed through retained EU law

UK REACH List of restrictions (Annex 17)	:	Conditions of restriction for the following entries should be considered: Number on list 3 ethanediol (Number on list 3)
UK REACH Candidate list of substances of very high concern (SVHC) for Authorisation	:	Not applicable
The Persistent Organic Pollutants Regulations (retained Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 as amended for Great Britain)	:	Not applicable
Regulation (EC) on substances that deplete the ozone layer	:	Not applicable
UK REACH List of substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV)	:	Not applicable
Control of Major Accident Hazards Regulations 2015 (COMAH)		Not applicable

Other regulations:

Take note of The Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999 (requirements relating to new and expectant mothers at work contained in Regulation 16 to 18) and of the Pregnant Workers Directive 92/85/EEC.

Take note of The Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999 (requirements relating to protection of young people at work contained in Regulation 19) and of Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

TCSI	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
TSCA	:	Product contains substance(s) not listed on TSCA inventory.
AIIC	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
DSL	:	Not applicable Boron calcium oxide, hydrate emulsion of silicone Ethanol, 2,2',2''-nitrilotris-, compd. with .alpha.-[2,4,6-tris(1-phenylethyl)phenyl]-.omega.-hydroxypoly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl) phosphate Limestone dolomite sodium acrylate Naphthalenesulfonic acid, methyl-, polymer with formaldehyde, sodium salt
ENCS	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
ISHL	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
KECI	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
PICCS	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
IECSC	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
NZIoC	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
TECI	:	Not in compliance with the inventory

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment is not required for this product (mixture).

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements

H302	:	Harmful if swallowed.
H315	:	Causes skin irritation.
H317	:	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	:	Causes serious eye damage.
H373	:	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
H400	:	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H411	:	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox.	:	Acute toxicity
Aquatic Acute	:	Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard
Aquatic Chronic	:	Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard
Eye Dam.	:	Serious eye damage
Skin Irrit.	:	Skin irritation
Skin Sens.	:	Skin sensitisation
STOT RE	:	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
2000/39/EC	:	Europe. Commission Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values
2017/164/EU	:	Europe. Commission Directive 2017/164/EU establishing a fourth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values
GB EH40	:	UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits
2000/39/EC / TWA	:	Limit Value - eight hours
2000/39/EC / STEL	:	Short term exposure limit
2017/164/EU / TWA	:	Limit Value - eight hours
GB EH40 / TWA	:	Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period)
GB EH40 / STEL	:	Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period)

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Ef-

fect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of very high concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information

Classification of the mixture: **Classification procedure:**

Calculation method

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