

Material group	–	Page 1 of 11
Product name	<b>ASU 70480I</b>	January 2020
Safety data sheet according to EU Reg. 1907/2006 as amended		Supersedes December 2019

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

### ASU 70480I

Revision: Sections containing a revision or new information are marked with a ♣.

#### ♣ SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING



- 1.1. **Product identifier** ..... **ASU 70480I**
- 1.2. **Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against** ..... Can be used as insecticide only.
- 1.3. **Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet** **FMC Agricultural Solutions A/S**  
 Thyborønvej 78  
 DK-7673 Harbøre  
 Denmark  
[SDS.Ronland@fmc.com](mailto:SDS.Ronland@fmc.com)
- 1.4. **Emergency telephone number**  
Medical emergencies:
- |                                     |   |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Austria: +43 1 406 43 43            | Luxembourg: +352 8002 5500                                      |
| Belgium: +32 70 245 245             | Netherlands: +31 30 274 88 88                                   |
| Bulgaria: +359 2 9154 409           | Norway: +47 22 591300   |
| Cyprus: 1401                        | Poland: +48 22 619 66 54  |
| Czech Republic: +420 224 919 293    | +48 22 619 08 97  |
| +420 224 915 402                    | Portugal: 800 250 250 (in Portugal only)                        |
| Denmark: +45 82 12 12 12            | +351 21 330 3284  |
| England and Wales: 111              | Romania: +40 21318 3606   |
| Estonia: +372 7943500               | Scotland: +8454 24 24 24  |
| France: +33 (0) 1 45 42 59 59       | Slovakia: +421 2 54 77 4 166                                    |
| Finland: +358 9 471 977             | Slovenia: +386 41 650 500                                       |
| Greece: 30 210 77 93 777            | South Africa: +27 83 123 3911 (Bateleur Emergency Response Co.) |
| Hungary: +36 80 20 11 99            | Spain: +34 91 562 04 20   |
| Ireland (Republic): +353 1 837 9964 | Sweden: +46 08-331231   |
| Italy: +39 02 6610 1029             | 112   |
| Latvia: +371 670 42 473             | Switzerland: 145  |
| 112                                 | Turkey: 114   |
| Lithuania: +370 523 62052           | U.S.A. & Canada: +1 800 / 331 3148                              |
| +370 687 53378                      | All other countries: +1 651 / 632 6793 (Collect)                |

For fire, leak, spill or other accident emergencies:

U.S.A.: +1 800 / 424 9300 (CHEMTREC)  
 All other countries: +1 703 / 527 3887 (CHEMTREC - Collect)

Material group	–	Page 2 of 11
Product name	<b>ASU 70480I</b>	January 2019

## ♣ SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

- 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture**
- Eye irritation: Category 2 (H319)  
 Hazards to the aquatic environment, chronic: Category 2 (H411)
- WHO classification ..... Class U (unlikely to present acute hazard in normal use)
- Health hazards ..... The product may cause eye irritation.
- Environmental hazards ..... The product may be toxic in the aquatic environment.
- 2.2. Label elements**  
According to EU Reg. 1272/2008 as amended
- Product identifier ..... ASU 70480I
- Hazard pictograms (GHS07, GHS09)
- 

- Signal word ..... Warning
- Hazard statements
- H319 ..... Causes serious eye irritation.  
 H411 ..... Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
- Supplementary hazard statement
- EUH401 ..... To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions of use.
- Precautionary statements
- P264 ..... Wash hands thoroughly after handling.  
 P273 ..... Avoid release to the environment.  
 P280 ..... Wear eye protection.  
 P305+P351+P338 ..... IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
 P337+P313 ..... If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.  
 P501 ..... Dispose of contents and container as hazardous waste.
- 2.3. Other hazards** ..... None of the ingredients in the product meets the criteria for being PBT or vPvB.

## ♣ SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

- 3.1. Substances** ..... The product is a mixture, not a substance.
- 3.2. Mixtures** ..... See section 16 for full text of hazard statements.

Material group	–	Page 3 of 11
Product name	<b>ASU 70480I</b>	January 2019

<u>Reportable ingredients</u>	Content (% w/w)	CAS no.	EC no. (EINECS no.)	Classification
White mineral oil (petroleum)	78	8042-47-5	232-455-8	None
Alcohols, C12-18, ethoxylated	2	68213-23-0		Acute Tox. 4 (H302) Eye Dam. 1 (H318)

#### ♣ SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

##### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation .....	If experiencing any discomfort, immediately remove from exposure. Light cases: Keep person under surveillance. Get medical attention immediately if symptoms develop. Serious cases: Get medical attention immediately or call for an ambulance.
Skin contact .....	Immediately remove contaminated clothing and footwear. Flush skin with water. Wash with water and soap. Get medical attention if irritation develops.
Eye contact .....	Immediately rinse eyes with much water or eyewash solution, occasionally opening eyelids, until no evidence of chemical remains. Remove contact lenses after a few minutes and rinse again. Get medical attention if irritation persists.
Ingestion .....	Let the exposed person rinse mouth and drink a few glasses of water or milk, but not induce vomiting. If vomiting does occur, let him/her rinse mouth and drink fluids again. Get medical attention immediately.

##### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Eye contact: irritation may occur.  
 Ingestion or inhalation: headache, dizziness, nausea and other effects on the central nervous system.

##### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Immediate medical attention is required in case of ingestion.  
 It may be helpful to show this safety data sheet to physician.

Notes to physician .....

A specific antidote for exposure to this material is not known. Gastric lavage and/or the administration of activated charcoal can be considered. After decontamination, treatment should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition.

#### SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| 5.1. Extinguishing media .....                             | Dry chemical or carbon dioxide for small fires, water spray or foam for large fires. Avoid heavy hose streams. |
| 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture | The essential breakdown products are carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.                                       |
| 5.3. Advice for firefighters .....                         | Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Approach fire  |

Material group	–	Page 4 of 11
Product name	<b>ASU 70480I</b>	January 2019

from upwind to avoid hazardous vapours and toxic decomposition products. Fight fire from protected location or maximum possible distance. Dike area to prevent water runoff. Firemen should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing.

## SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

It is recommended to have a predetermined plan for the handling of spills. Empty, closable vessels for the collection of spills should be available.

In case of large spill (involving 10 tonnes of the product or more):

1. use personal protection equipment; see section 8
2. call emergency telephone no.; see section 1
3. alert authorities.

Observe all safety precautions when cleaning up spills. Use personal protection equipment. Depending on the magnitude of the spill this may mean wearing eye protection, chemical resistant clothing, gloves and boots.

Stop the source of the spill immediately if safe to do so. Keep unprotected persons away from the spill area. Avoid and reduce formation of vapour or mist as much as possible.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions .....

Contain the spill to prevent any further contamination of surface, soil or water. Wash waters must be prevented from entering surface water drains. Uncontrolled discharge into water courses must be alerted to the appropriate regulatory body.

### 6.3. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

It is recommended to consider possibilities to prevent damaging effects of spills, such as bunding or capping. See GHS (Annex 4, Section 6).

If appropriate, surface water drains should be covered. Minor spills on the floor or other impervious surface should be absorbed onto an inert absorbent such as universal binder, Fuller's earth, bentonite or other absorbent clay. Transfer to suitable containers. Clean area with strong industrial detergent and much water. Absorb wash liquid onto suitable inert absorbent and transfer to suitable containers. The used containers should be properly closed and labelled.

Large spills which soak into the ground should be dug up and transferred to suitable containers.

Spills in water should be contained as much as possible by isolation of the contaminated water. The contaminated water must be collected and removed for treatment or disposal.

Material group	–	Page 5 of 11
Product name	<b>ASU 70480I</b>	January 2019

- 6.4. **Reference to other sections** ..... See subsection 8.2. for personal protection.  
 See section 13 for disposal.

## ♣ SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

- 7.1. **Precautions for safe handling** .... In an industrial environment, it is recommended to avoid all personal contact with the product, if possible by using closed systems with remote system control. The material should be handled by mechanical means as much as possible. Adequate ventilation or local exhaust ventilation is required. The exhaust gases should be filtered or treated otherwise. For personal protection in this situation, see section 8.
- For its agricultural use, first look for precautions and personal protection measures on the officially approved label on the packaging or for other official guidance or policy in force. If these are lacking, see section 8.
- Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Wash thoroughly after handling. After work, take off all work clothes and footwear. Take a shower, using water and soap. Wear only clean clothes when leaving job. Wash protective clothing and protective equipment with water and soap after each use.
- Do not discharge to the environment. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash waters. Collect all waste material and remains from cleaning equipment, etc., and dispose of as hazardous waste. See section 13 for disposal.
- 7.2. **Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** The product is stable under normal conditions of warehouse storage.
- Store in closed, labelled containers. The storage room should be constructed of incombustible material, closed, dry, ventilated and with impermeable floor, without access of unauthorised persons or children. The room should only be used for storage of chemicals. Food, drink, feed and seed should not be present. A hand wash station should be available.
- 7.3. **Specific end use(s)** ..... The product is a registered pesticide which may only be used for the applications it is registered for, in accordance with a label approved by the regulatory authorities.

## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

- 8.1. **Control parameters**  
 Personal exposure limits
- |                         | ACGIH (USA) TLV | Year |  |
|-------------------------|-----------------|------|--|
| <b>Mineral oil mist</b> |                 | 2015 | 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , inhalable fraction |

Material group	–	Page 6 of 11
Product name	<b>ASU 70480I</b>	January 2019

However, other personal exposure limits defined by local regulations may exist and must be observed.

#### White mineral oil

DNEL, inhalation .....	160 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
DNEL, dermal .....	220 mg/kg bw/day
PNEC, aquatic environment .....	Not available

#### 8.2. Exposure controls .....

When used in a closed system, personal protection equipment will not be required. The following is meant for other situations, when the use of a closed system is not possible, or when it is necessary to open the system. Consider the need to render equipment or piping systems non-hazardous before opening.

The precautions mentioned below are primarily meant for handling of the undiluted product, but can be recommended for handling of diluted product as well.

In cases of incidental high exposure, maximal personal protection may be necessary, such as face mask, chemical resistant coveralls.



Respiratory protection

In the event of an accidental discharge of the material which produces a heavy vapour or mist, workers must put on officially approved respiratory protection equipment with a universal filter type including particle filter.



Protective gloves .....

Wear chemical resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber or nitrile rubber. The breakthrough times of these materials for the product are unknown, but it is expected that they will give adequate protection.



Eye protection .....

Wear safety glasses. It is recommended to have an eye wash fountain immediately available in the workplace when there is a potential for eye contact.



Other skin protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing to prevent skin contact depending on the extent of exposure. During most normal work situations where exposure to the material cannot be avoided for a limited time span, waterproof pants and apron of chemical resistant material or coveralls of polyethylene (PE) will be sufficient. Coveralls of PE must be discarded after use if contaminated. In cases of excessive or prolonged exposure, coveralls of barrier laminate may be required.

### ♣ SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

#### 9.1. Information on physical and chemical properties

Appearance .....	Liquid (emulsion)
Odour .....	Characteristic

Material group	–	Page 7 of 11
Product name	<b>ASU 70480I</b>	January 2019

Odour threshold .....	Not determined
pH .....	Not determined. The product is not acidic or basic.
Melting point .....	Not determined
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not determined
Flash point .....	> 100°C if any
Evaporation rate .....	Not determined
Flammability (solid/gas) .....	Not applicable (liquid)
Upper/ lower flammability or explosive limits .....	Not determined
Vapour pressure .....	Not determined
Vapour density .....	Not determined
Relative density .....	Not determined
	Density: 0.837 g/ml
Solubilities .....	Not determined
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	Not determined
Autoignition temperature .....	235°C
Decomposition temperature .....	Not determined
Viscosity .....	13 657 cP at 20°C (2.5 rpm) 10 144 cP at 40°C (2.5 rpm)
Explosive properties .....	Not explosive
Oxidising properties .....	Not oxidising

## 9.2. Other information

Miscibility .....	The product is dispersible in water.
-------------------	--------------------------------------

## SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity .....	To our knowledge, the product has no special reactivities.
10.2. Chemical stability .....	The product is stable during normal handling and storage at ambient temperatures.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions	None known.
10.4. Conditions to avoid .....	Heating of the product may produce harmful and irritant vapours.
10.5. Incompatible materials .....	None known
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products	See subsection 5.2.

## ♣ SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on toxicological effects	* = Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
--	---

### Product

Acute toxicity .....	The product is not considered harmful by single exposure. * The acute toxicity is estimated as:
Route(s) of entry	
- ingestion	LD <sub>50</sub> , oral, rat: > 2000 mg/kg
- skin	LD <sub>50</sub> , dermal, rat: > 2000 mg/kg

Material group	–	Page 8 of 11
Product name	<b>ASU 70480I</b>	January 2019

- inhalation	LC <sub>50</sub> , inhalation, rat: 5 mg/l/4 h
Skin corrosion/irritation .....	Not irritating to skin. *
Serious eye damage/irritation .....	Eye irritation may occur.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation ...	Not expected to cause allergic reactions. *
Germ cell mutagenicity .....	The product contains no ingredients known to be mutagenic. *
Carcinogenicity .....	The product contains no ingredients known to be carcinogenic. *
Reproductive toxicity .....	The product contains no ingredients found to have adverse effects on reproduction. *
STOT – single exposure .....	To our knowledge, no specific effects have been observed after single exposure. *
STOT – repeated exposure .....	No information is available
Aspiration hazards .....	The product does not present an aspiration pneumonia hazard. *
Symptoms and effects, acute and delayed	Eye contact: irritation may occur. Ingestion or inhalation: headache, dizziness, nausea and other effects on the central nervous system.

#### White mineral oil

Toxicokinetics, metabolism and distribution	White mineral oil has been used for many decades as a human laxative without doing any harm. It is embedded in the gastrointestinal track and quickly excreted.
Acute toxicity .....	The substance is not harmful by inhalation, in contact with skin or if swallowed. * The acute toxicity is measured on a similar substance as:
Route(s) of entry	- ingestion LD <sub>50</sub> , oral, rat: > 5000 mg/kg (method similar to OECD 401)
	- skin LD <sub>50</sub> , dermal, rat: > 2000 mg/kg (method similar to OECD 401)
	- inhalation LC <sub>50</sub> , inhalation, rat: > 5 mg/l/4 h (method similar to OECD 403)
Skin corrosion/irritation .....	Not irritating to skin (method similar to OECD 404). *
Serious eye damage/irritation .....	Not irritating to eyes (method similar to OECD 405). *
Respiratory or skin sensitisation ...	Not a skin sensitizer (method similar to OECD 406). *

### ♣ SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity .....	The product is toxic to aquatic invertebrates. It is considered as less harmful to fish, algae, insects and birds. The measured ecotoxicity is:
----------------------	---



Material group	–	Page 9 of 11
Product name	<b>ASU 70480I</b>	January 2019

- Fish	Rainbow trout ( <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> ) .....	96-h LC <sub>50</sub> : 547 mg/l
- Invertebrates	Daphnids ( <i>Daphnia magna</i> ) .....	48-h EC <sub>50</sub> : 1.71 mg/l
- Algae	Green algae ( <i>Scenedesmus subspicatus</i> ) .....	72-h EC <sub>50</sub> : > 5000 mg/l
- Earthworms	<i>Eisenia foetida</i> .....	14-day LC <sub>50</sub> : > 1000 mg/kg dry soil
- Bees	Honeybee ( <i>Apis mellifera</i> ) .....	48-h LD <sub>50</sub> , acute oral: > 3814 µg/bee 48-h LD <sub>50</sub> , contact: > 1474 µg/bee

- 12.2. **Persistence and degradability** .... **White mineral oil** is not readily biodegradable. The primary half-life for degradation in soil was found to vary between one and several months.
- 12.3. **Bioaccumulative potential** ..... Bioaccumulation is not expected. Practically all biological organisms are able to eliminate **white mineral oil** quickly.
- 12.4. **Mobility in soil** ..... The product is not mobile in soil.
- 12.5. **Results of PBT and vPvB assessment** ..... None of the ingredients meets the criteria for being PBT or vPvB.
- 12.6. **Other adverse effects** ..... Other relevant hazardous effects in the environment are not known.

### SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

- 13.1. **Waste treatment methods** ..... Remaining quantities of the material and empty but unclean packaging should be regarded as hazardous waste.
- Disposal of waste and packagings must always be in accordance with all applicable local regulations.
- Disposal of product ..... According to the Waste Framework Directive (2008/98/EC), possibilities for reuse or reprocessing should first be considered. If this is not possible, the material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing.
- Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.
- Disposal of packaging ..... It is recommended to consider possible ways of disposal in the following order:
1. Reuse or recycling should first be considered. Reuse is prohibited except for the registration holder. If offered for recycling, containers must be emptied and triply rinsed (or equivalent). Do not discharge rinsing water to sewer systems.
  2. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.
  3. Delivery of the packaging to a licensed service for disposal of hazardous waste.

Material group	–	Page 10 of 11
Product name	<b>ASU 70480I</b>	January 2019

4. Disposal in a landfill or burning in open air should only occur as a last resort. For disposal in a landfill, containers should be emptied completely, rinsed and punctured to make them unusable for other purposes. If burned, stay out of smoke.

#### ♣ SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

##### ADR/RID/IMDG/IATA/ICAO classification

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 14.1. UN number .....  | 3082  |
| 14.2. UN proper shipping name .....  | Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (white mineral oil)   |
| 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) .....   | 9   |
| 14.4. Packing group .....  | III   |
| 14.5. Environmental hazards .....  | Marine pollutant  |
| 14.6. Special precautions for user .....                                       | Avoid any unnecessary contact with the product. Misuse may result in damage to health. Do not discharge to the environment. |
| 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code ..... | The product is not transported in bulk by ship.   |

#### ♣ SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture | Seveso category (Dir. 2012/18/EU): dangerous for the environment<br>All ingredients are covered by EU chemical legislation. |
| 15.2. Chemical safety assessment .....   | A chemical safety assessment is not required to be included for this product.   |

#### ♣ SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

- |   |   |       |   |      |                         |    |                    |                  |                          |     |  |     |                                  |                  |                          |
|---|---|-------|---|------|-------------------------|----|--------------------|------------------|--------------------------|-----|--|-----|----------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|
| Relevant changes in the safety data sheet ..... | Classification of the product has been adapted.   |       |   |      |                         |    |                    |                  |                          |     |  |     |                                  |                  |                          |
| List of abbreviations .....                     | <table border="0"> <tr> <td>ACGIH</td> <td>American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists</td> </tr> <tr> <td>DNEL</td> <td>Derived No Effect Level</td> </tr> <tr> <td>EC</td> <td>European Community</td> </tr> <tr> <td>EC<sub>50</sub></td> <td>50% Effect Concentration</td> </tr> <tr> <td>GHS</td> <td>Globally Harmonized classification and labelling System of chemicals, Fifth revised edition 2013</td> </tr> <tr> <td>IBC</td> <td>International Bulk Chemical code</td> </tr> <tr> <td>LC<sub>50</sub></td> <td>50% Lethal Concentration</td> </tr> </table> | ACGIH | American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists | DNEL | Derived No Effect Level | EC | European Community | EC <sub>50</sub> | 50% Effect Concentration | GHS | Globally Harmonized classification and labelling System of chemicals, Fifth revised edition 2013 | IBC | International Bulk Chemical code | LC <sub>50</sub> | 50% Lethal Concentration |
| ACGIH   | American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists   |       |   |      |                         |    |                    |                  |                          |     |  |     |                                  |                  |                          |
| DNEL  | Derived No Effect Level   |       |   |      |                         |    |                    |                  |                          |     |  |     |                                  |                  |                          |
| EC  | European Community  |       |   |      |                         |    |                    |                  |                          |     |  |     |                                  |                  |                          |
| EC <sub>50</sub>                                | 50% Effect Concentration  |       |   |      |                         |    |                    |                  |                          |     |  |     |                                  |                  |                          |
| GHS   | Globally Harmonized classification and labelling System of chemicals, Fifth revised edition 2013  |       |   |      |                         |    |                    |                  |                          |     |  |     |                                  |                  |                          |
| IBC   | International Bulk Chemical code  |       |   |      |                         |    |                    |                  |                          |     |  |     |                                  |                  |                          |
| LC <sub>50</sub>                                | 50% Lethal Concentration  |       |   |      |                         |    |                    |                  |                          |     |  |     |                                  |                  |                          |

Material group	–	Page 11 of 11
Product name	<b>ASU 70480I</b>	January 2019

LD <sub>50</sub>	50% Lethal Dose
MARPOL	Set of rules from the International Maritime Organisation (IMO) for prevention of sea pollution
n.o.s.	Not otherwise specified
OECD	Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No Effect Concentration
Reg.	Regulation
STOT	Specific Target Organ Toxicity
TLV	Threshold Limit Value
vPvB	very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative
WHO	World Health Organisation

References .....	Data on ingredients are from published literature and can be found several places.
Method for classification .....	Eye irritation: calculation rules Hazards to the aquatic environment: test data
Used hazard statements .....	H302 Harmful if swallowed. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. EUH401 To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions of use.
Advice on training .....	This material should only be used by persons who are made aware of its hazardous properties and have been instructed in the required safety precautions.

The information provided in this safety data sheet is believed to be accurate and reliable, but uses of the product vary and situations unforeseen by FMC Corporation may exist. The user has to check the validity of the information under local circumstances.

Prepared by: FMC Agricultural Solutions A/S / GHB