# **GAMIT 53.1**



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#### SECTION 1: Identification of the hazardous chemical and of the supplier

**Product identifier** 

Product name : GAMIT 53.1

Other means of identification : Clomazone + Propanil 200/400 g/L EC

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Can be used as herbicide only.

Restrictions on use : Use as recommended by the label.

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Principal Supplier : FMC Corporation

2929 WALNUT ST

PHILADELPHIA PA 19104

**USA** 

(215) 299-6000 SDS-Info@fmc.com

Local registrant : FMC Chemicals (Malaysia) Sdn Bhd

Level 16, 1 Sentral, Jalan Stesen Sentral 5, Kuala Lumpur Sen-

tral

50470, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia Phone No: +60320929423 Fax No: +603-2092 9201

Emergency telephone : For leak, fire, spill or accident emergencies, call:

CHEMTREC (Asia-Pacific Regional Number): +65 3163 8374

Medical emergency:

All other countries: +1 651 / 632-6793 (Collect) 1 703 / 741-5970 (CHEMTREC - International)

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

## Classification of the hazardous chemical

Flammable liquids : Category 3

Acute toxicity (Oral) : Category 4

Acute toxicity (Inhalation) : Category 4

Carcinogenicity : Category 2

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Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute hazard

Category 1

Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard

Category 1

#### Label elements

Hazard pictograms









Signal Word : Warning

Hazard Statements : H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.

H302 + H332 Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### **Precautionary Statements**

#### Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

and understood.

P210 Keep away from heat/ sparks/ open flames/ hot surfaces.

No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting/

equipment.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P261 Avoid breathing mist or vapors.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face protection.

P281 Use personal protective equipment as required.

### Response:

P301 + P312 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/ Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.

P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell. P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/

P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or

alcohol-resistant foam for extinction.

P391 Collect spillage.

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Storage:

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste

disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

# SECTION 3: Composition and information of the ingredients of the hazardous chemical

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

#### Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
propanil (ISO)	709-98-8	35.4
Clomazone	81777-89-1	17.7
cyclohexanone	108-94-1	>= 10 -< 30
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low	64742-95-6	>= 10 -< 20
boiling point naphtha -unspecified		
dodecylbenzenesulphonic acid, compound with	26545-53-9	>= 10 -< 30
2,2'-iminodiethanol (1:1)		
Ethoxylated oleyl amine, dodecylbenzene-	66467-20-7	>= 2.5 -< 3
sulhponic salt		
ethylene glycol monobutyl ether	111-76-2	>= 1 -< 3

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

General advice : Move out of dangerous area.

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Do not leave the victim unattended.

If inhaled : If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical

advice.

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of skin contact : If on skin, rinse well with water.

If on clothes, remove clothes.

In case of eye contact : Flush eyes with water as a precaution.

Remove contact lenses. Protect unharmed eye.

Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed : Keep respiratory tract clear.

Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If symptoms persist, call a physician. Take victim immediately to hospital.

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Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled. Suspected of causing cancer.

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

**Extinguishing media** 

Suitable extinguishing media : Alcohol-resistant foam

Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical Water spray

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

High volume water jet

Physicochemical hazards arising from the chemical

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

Hazardous combustion prod: :

ucts

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases

and vapors.

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Carbon oxides
Chlorine compounds

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment :

for fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if nec-

essary.

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

For safety reasons in case of fire, cans should be stored sepa-

rately in closed containments.

Use a water spray to cool fully closed containers.

Hazchem Code : •3Y

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Remove all sources of ignition.

Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

Beware of vapors accumulating to form explosive concentra-

tions. Vapors can accumulate in low areas.

Environmental precautions : Prevent product from entering drains.

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Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local

/ national regulations (see section 13).

#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### Handling

#### Precautions for safe handling

Advice on protection against

fire and explosion

Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge

(which might cause ignition of organic vapors).

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of

ignition.

Advice on safe handling : Avoid formation of aerosol.

Do not breathe vapors/dust.

Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. For personal protection see section 8.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms.

Open drum carefully as content may be under pressure.

Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national

regulations.

#### **Storage**

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage : No smoking.

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated

place.

Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and

kept upright to prevent leakage. Observe label precautions.

Electrical installations / working materials must comply with

the technological safety standards.

Further information on stor-

age stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls and personal protection**

#### **Control parameters**

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Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis			
cyclohexanone	108-94-1	TWA	25 ppm 100 mg/m3	MY PEL			
	Further infor	Further information: Skin					
		TWA	20 ppm	ACGIH			
		STEL	50 ppm	ACGIH			
ethylene glycol monobutyl ether	111-76-2	TWA	20 ppm 96.7 mg/m3	MY PEL			
	Further infor	Further information: Skin					
		TWA	20 ppm	ACGIH			

# **Biological occupational exposure limits**

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Biological specimen	Sam- pling time	Permissible concentration	Basis
cyclohexanone	108-94-1	1,2- Cyclohex- anediol	Urine	End of shift at end of work- week	80 mg/l	ACGIH BEI
		Cyclohexa- nol	Urine	End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)	8 mg/l	ACGIH BEI
ethylene glycol mono- butyl ether	111-76-2	Butoxyace- tic acid (BAA)	Urine	End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)	200 mg/g creatinine	ACGIH BEI

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection : Eye wash bottle with pure water

Tightly fitting safety goggles

Skin protection : Impervious clothing

Choose body protection according to the amount and concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place.

Hand protection

Material : Wear chemical resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate,

butyl rubber or nitrile rubber.

Remarks : The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed

with the producers of the protective gloves.

Respiratory protection : In case of mist, spray or aerosol exposure wear suitable per-

sonal respiratory protection and protective suit.

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Hygiene measures : When using do not eat or drink.

When using do not smoke.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

Physical state : liquid

Form : viscous

Color : dark brown

Odor : mild, aromatic

pH : 5.5

Melting point/freezing point : not determined

Boiling point/boiling range : not determined

Flash point : 60 °C

Self-ignition : No data available

Density : 1.13 g/cm3 (20 °C)

Bulk density : 9.41 lb/gal

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : emulsifiable

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : not determined

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The product is not oxidizing.

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

Reactivity : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Chemical stability : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

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Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

Incompatible materials : Strong acids

Strong oxidizing agents

Strong bases

Hazardous decomposition

products

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Information on likely routes of : None known.

exposure

#### **Acute toxicity**

Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

**Product:** 

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): 1,087 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): 3.77 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

# Components:

propanil (ISO):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 2,500 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 1.28 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,500 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

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Clomazone:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): 768 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 425

LD50 (Rat, female): 300 - 2,000 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 423

Target Organs: Liver

Assessment: The component/mixture is moderately toxic after

single ingestion.

LD50 (Rat, female): 1,564 mg/kg

Symptoms: ataxia

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.02 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

LC50 (Rat, female): 4.23 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: EPA OPP 81 - 3 Symptoms: Breathing difficulties

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: US EPA Test Guideline OPP 81-2

Assessment: The component/mixture is minimally toxic after

single contact with skin. Remarks: no mortality

cyclohexanone:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 1,890 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 6.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Assessment: The component/mixture is moderately toxic after

short term inhalation.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): 3,492 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

LD50 (Rat, male): 6,984 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 6.193 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Remarks: no mortality

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Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit, male and female): > 3,160 mg/kg

Assessment: The component/mixture is minimally toxic after

single contact with skin.

dodecylbenzenesulphonic acid, compound with 2,2'-iminodiethanol (1:1):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 775 mg/kg

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Ethoxylated oleyl amine, dodecylbenzenesulhponic salt:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): 1,570 mg/kg

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit, male): 2,504 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

LD50 (Rabbit, female): 2,881 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

ethylene glycol monobutyl ether:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): 1,414 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Guinea pig, male and female): > 2.25 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Method: OECD Test Guideline 433

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Guinea pig, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

**Product:** 

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Remarks : Minimal effects that do not meet the threshold for classifica-

tion.

Based on data from similar materials

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**Components:** 

propanil (ISO):

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Clomazone:

Species : Rabbit

Assessment : Not classified as irritant
Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
Result : slight or no skin irritation.

cyclohexanone:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : Skin irritation

Remarks : Extremely corrosive and destructive to tissue.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : Mild skin irritation

dodecylbenzenesulphonic acid, compound with 2,2'-iminodiethanol (1:1):

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : Skin irritation

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Ethoxylated oleyl amine, dodecylbenzenesulhponic salt:

Species : reconstructed human epidermis (RhE)

Method : OECD Test Guideline 431

Result : Skin irritation

ethylene glycol monobutyl ether:

Species : Rabbit

Method : Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, B.4

Result : Skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

**Product:** 

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Remarks : Minimal effects that do not meet the threshold for classifica-

tion.

Based on data from similar materials

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**Components:** 

propanil (ISO):

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Clomazone:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Slight or no eye irritation
Assessment : Not classified as irritant
Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

GLP : yes

cyclohexanone:

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye

Method : Hen egg chorioallantoic membrane bioassay

Remarks : May cause irreversible eye damage.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

dodecylbenzenesulphonic acid, compound with 2,2'-iminodiethanol (1:1):

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Ethoxylated oleyl amine, dodecylbenzenesulhponic salt:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

ethylene glycol monobutyl ether:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

**Product:** 

Test Type : Magnussen-Kligman test





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Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406
Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

**Components:** 

propanil (ISO):

Species : Guinea pig

Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

Clomazone:

Species : Guinea pig

Assessment : Not a skin sensitizer.

Method : US EPA Test Guideline OPP 81-6

Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Test Type : Maximization Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406
Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

dodecylbenzenesulphonic acid, compound with 2,2'-iminodiethanol (1:1):

Test Type : Buehler Test Species : Guinea pig

Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Ethoxylated oleyl amine, dodecylbenzenesulhponic salt:

Test Type : Maximization Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406
Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

ethylene glycol monobutyl ether:

Test Type : Maximization Test

Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : Does not cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

Clomazone:

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Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Ames test

Test system: Salmonella typhimurium

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

GLP: yes

Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Cytogenetic assay

Species: Rat

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

cyclohexanone:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: in vitro DNA damage and/or repair study

Test system: human diploid fibroblasts Method: OECD Test Guideline 482

Result: negative

Test Type: reverse mutation assay Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: chromosome aberration assay

Species: Rat (male and female)
Application Route: inhalation (vapor)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 475

Result: negative

Test Type: dominant lethal test Species: Rat (male and female) Application Route: inhalation (vapor) Method: OECD Test Guideline 478

Result: negative

Species: Drosophila melanogaster (vinegar fly) (male and

female)

Application Route: Inhalation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 477

Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ

cell mutagen.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: in vitro DNA damage and/or repair study

Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

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Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Result: negative

Test Type: reverse mutation assay

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Bone marrow chromosome aberration.

Species: Rat (male and female) Application Route: Inhalation

Result: negative

dodecylbenzenesulphonic acid, compound with 2,2'-iminodiethanol (1:1):

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Ames test

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Ethoxylated oleyl amine, dodecylbenzenesulhponic salt:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: reverse mutation assay

Method: Mutagenicity (Salmonella typhimurium - reverse mu-

tation assay)
Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: gene mutation test

Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Rodent Dominant Lethal Assay

Species: Mouse (male)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

ethylene glycol monobutyl ether:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: reverse mutation assay

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Test Type: gene mutation test

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: In vivo micronucleus test

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Species: Rat (male)

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ

cell mutagen.

Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing cancer.

**Components:** 

Clomazone:

Species : Rat, male and female

Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 2 Years Result : negative

Species : Mouse

Method : OECD Test Guideline 453

Result : negative

cyclohexanone:

Species : Rat Application Route : Oral

Exposure time : 104 weeks

Dose : (462 and 910 mg/kg/d

LOAEL : 3,300 ppm Result : positive

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a car-

cinogen

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

ment

: Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies

ethylene glycol monobutyl ether:

Species : Mouse, male Application Route : inhalation (vapor)

Exposure time : 2 Years

Dose : 0, 62.5, 125, 250 ppm

NOAEC : 125 ppm LOAEC : 250 ppm Result : negative

Species : Mouse, female Application Route : inhalation (vapor)

Exposure time : 2 Years

Dose : 0, 62.5, 125, 250 ppm

NOAEC : 125 ppm LOAEC : 250 ppm

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Result : negative

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a car-

cinogen

### Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Components:**

Clomazone:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation study

Species: Rat, male and female

Application Route: Oral

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral Symptoms: Maternal effects.

Result: negative

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rabbit Application Route: Oral Symptoms: Maternal effects.

Result: negative

cyclohexanone:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation study

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

Dose: 1.02, 2.04, 4.1 mg/l

General Toxicity Parent: NOAEC: 4.1 mg/l General Toxicity F1: NOAEC: 2.04 mg/l General Toxicity F2: NOAEC: 2.04 mg/l

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Species: Rabbit

Application Route: Oral Dose: 50, 250, 500 mg/kg b.w.

General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 250 mg/kg body weight

Teratogenicity: NOAEL: 500 mg/kg body weight

Method: OECD Test Guideline 414 Result: No teratogenic effects.

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Three-generation study

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

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Fertility: NOAEC Mating/Fertility: 7.5 mg/l

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development : Species: Mouse

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

General Toxicity Maternal: LOAEC: 500 part per million

Symptoms: Maternal effects.

ethylene glycol monobutyl ether:

Effects on fertility : Species: Mouse, male and female

**Application Route: Oral** 

Dose: 720, 1340, 2050 mg/kg bw/day

General Toxicity Parent: LOAEL: 720 mg/kg bw/day General Toxicity F1: LOAEL: 1,340 mg/kg bw/day General Toxicity F2: LOAEL: 1,340 mg/kg bw/day

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: reproductive and developmental toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Dose: 0, 30, 100, 200 300, mg/kgbw

General Toxicity Maternal: LOAEL: 100 mg/kg bw/day Embryo-fetal toxicity.: LOAEC F1: 300 mg/kg bw/day

Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification for repro-

ductive toxicity

STOT-single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

ethylene glycol monobutyl ether:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target

organ toxicant, single exposure.

STOT-repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

cyclohexanone:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target

organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

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#### Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target Assessment

organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

#### Repeated dose toxicity

#### **Components:**

# Clomazone:

Rat, male and female **Species** 

NOEL 1000 ppm **Application Route** Oral Exposure time 90 days

**Symptoms** increased liver weight

**Species** Rat

LOAEL 400 mg/kg Exposure time 90 d

Method **OECD Test Guideline 408** 

**Symptoms** Liver effects

cyclohexanone:

**Species** Rat, male and female

NOAEL 143 mg/kg

**Application Route** Oral Exposure time 90 d

Dose 40, 143 and 407 mg/kg b.w. Method **OECD Test Guideline 408** 

#### Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

**Species** Rat, male and female

NOAEC  $0.8 - 0.9 \,\text{mg/l}$ **Application Route** Inhalation Test atmosphere vapor

Remarks Based on data from similar materials

**Species** Rat, male NOAEL 600 mg/kg Oral

**Application Route** 

Remarks Based on data from similar materials

### dodecylbenzenesulphonic acid, compound with 2,2'-iminodiethanol (1:1):

Rat, male and female Species

NOAEL 100 mg/kg LOAEL 200 mg/kg Oral - gavage **Application Route** Exposure time 43 days

Method OECD Test Guideline 422

Based on data from similar materials Remarks

#### Ethoxylated oleyl amine, dodecylbenzenesulhponic salt:





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Species : Rat, male and female NOAEL : 300 mg/kg bw/day

Application Route : Oral - feed Exposure time : >75 days

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

#### ethylene glycol monobutyl ether:

Species : Rat, male

NOAEL : < 69 mg/kg bw/day

Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 90 d

Species : Rat, male and female

LOAEL : 31 ppm
Application Route : Inhalation
Test atmosphere : vapor
Exposure time : 2 years

Species : Rabbit, male and female NOAEL : >150 mg/kg bw/day

Exposure time : 90 d

#### **Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Product:**

No aspiration toxicity classification

# **Components:**

#### Clomazone:

The substance does not have properties associated with aspiration hazard potential.

### Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### **Further information**

#### **Product:**

Remarks : Solvents may degrease the skin.

## **Components:**

# Clomazone:

Remarks : When fed to animals, clomazone caused decreased activity,

tearing eyes, bleeding from the nose and incoordination.

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#### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

**Ecotoxicity** 

Components:

propanil (ISO):

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Fish): 8 - 11 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

LC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 4.8 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Scenedesmus capricornutum (fresh water algae)): 0.11

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

: 1

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

: 1

Toxicity to soil dwelling or-

ganisms

LC50 (Eisenia fetida (earthworms)): 734 milligram per kilo-

gram

Exposure time: 14 d

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

(Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)): 196 mg/kg

(Anas platyrhynchos (Mallard duck)): 375 mg/kg

(Birds): 2,861 - 5,627 ppm

(Apis mellifera (bees)): 240 µg/bee

Clomazone:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Menidia beryllina (Silverside)): 6.3 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 45 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 34 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 40.8 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

EC50 (Daphnia): 5.2 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 12.7 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

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Test Type: static test

EC50 (Mysidopsis bahia (opossum shrimp)): 9.8 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

LC50 (Americamysis bahia (mysid shrimp)): 0.57 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test Type: flow-through test

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

EbC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 2 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

ErC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 4.1 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

ErC50 (Navicula pelliculosa (Freshwater diatom)): 0.136 mg/l

Exposure time: 120 h

EC50 (Lemna gibba (duckweed)): 13.9 mg/l

Exposure time: 7 d

NOEC (Navicula pelliculosa (Freshwater diatom)): 0.05 mg/l

End point: Growth rate Exposure time: 120 h

NOEC (algae): 0.05 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h

EC50 (Lemna gibba (duckweed)): 13.9 mg/l

Exposure time: 7 d

EC50 (algae): 0.136 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 2.3 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Test Type: flow-through test

NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 2.29 mg/l

Exposure time: 57 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 2.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

NOEC (Americamysis bahia (mysid shrimp)): 0.032 mg/l

Exposure time: 28 d

Test Type: flow-through test

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1.25 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d Test Type: static test

Toxicity to soil dwelling or-

ganisms

LC50 (Eisenia fetida (earthworms)): 156 mg/kg

Exposure time: 14 d

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Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

LD50 (Anas platyrhynchos (Mallard duck)): > 2,510 mg/kg

LC50 (Anas platyrhynchos (Mallard duck)): > 5620 ppm

Remarks: Dietary

LD50 (Coturnix japonica (Japanese quail)): > 2000

NOEC (Colinius virginianus): 94 mg/kg

**End point: Reproduction Test** 

LC50 (Apis mellifera (bees)): > 85.29

LC50 (Apis mellifera (bees)): > 100

Remarks: Contact

cyclohexanone:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 527 - 732

mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test Type: flow-through test

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 30 min

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Toxicity to fish : NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 4.5 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h
Test Type: semi-static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

LL50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 8.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: semi-static test

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

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Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

: EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 4.5 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (microalgae)): 3.1 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOELR (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 2.6 mg/l

Exposure time: 14 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 204

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOELR (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 2.6 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (Tetrahymena pyriformis): 15.41 mg/l

Exposure time: 40 h

Test Type: Growth inhibition

Remarks: The value is given based on a SAR/AAR approach

using OECD Toolbox, DEREK, VEGA QSAR models

(CAESAR models), etc.

**Ecotoxicology Assessment** 

Acute aquatic toxicity : Toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

dodecylbenzenesulphonic acid, compound with 2,2'-iminodiethanol (1:1):

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 190 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Ethoxylated oleyl amine, dodecylbenzenesulhponic salt:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 1.67 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 2.9 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 16.8 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

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Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 5.7 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.23 mg/l

Exposure time: 196 d

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC: 2.9 mg/l Exposure time: 32 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to soil dwelling or-

ganisms

LC50 (Eisenia fetida (earthworms)): > 1,000 mg/kg

Exposure time: 14 d

NOEC (Eisenia fetida (earthworms)): 250 mg/kg

Exposure time: 14 d

ethylene glycol monobutyl ether:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 1,474 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1,550 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 623

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 62.5

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 204

NOEC (Oryzias latipes (Orange-red killifish)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 14 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 204

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Toxicity to microorganisms : (Pseudomonas putida): 700 mg/l

Exposure time: 16 h

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(Protozoa): 73 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h

(Protozoa): 463 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h

Test Type: Cell multiplication inhibition test

#### Persistence and degradability

#### **Components:**

Clomazone:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Remarks: Substance/product is moderately persistent in the

environment.

Primary degradation half-lives vary with circumstances, from a

few weeks to a few months in aerobic soil and water.

cyclohexanone:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Biodegradability : Concentration: 49.2 mg/l

Result: Inherently biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 77.05 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

dodecylbenzenesulphonic acid, compound with 2,2'-iminodiethanol (1:1):

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Ethoxylated oleyl amine, dodecylbenzenesulhponic salt:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 85 % Exposure time: 29 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

ethylene glycol monobutyl ether:

Biodegradability : Inoculum: activated sludge

Result: Readily biodegradable. Biodegradation: 90.4 %

Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

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#### Bioaccumulative potential

**Components:** 

Clomazone:

Bioaccumulation Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 27 - 40

Remarks: Low potential for bioaccumulation

log Pow: 2.61 - 2.69 (20 - 21 °C)

Partition coefficient: n-

pH: 4 - 10

octanol/water

Method: Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, A.8

cyclohexanone:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 0.86 (25 °C)

dodecylbenzenesulphonic acid, compound with 2,2'-iminodiethanol (1:1):

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 4.28

Ethoxylated oleyl amine, dodecylbenzenesulhponic salt:

Bioaccumulation Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 2 - 1,000

Method: OECD Test Guideline 305E

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 1.51

ethylene glycol monobutyl ether:

Partition coefficient: nlog Pow: 0.81 (25 °C)

octanol/water pH: 7

Mobility in soil

**Components:** 

Clomazone:

Distribution among environ-

Koc: 300 ml/g, log Koc: 2.47

mental compartments Remarks: Moderately mobile in soils

Other adverse effects

**Product:** 

Additional ecological infor-

mation

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of

unprofessional handling or disposal.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**SECTION 13: Disposal information** 

Disposal methods

Waste from residues The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water

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courses or the soil.

Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemi-

cal or used container.

Send to a licensed waste management company.

Contaminated packaging : Empty remaining contents.

Dispose of as unused product. Do not re-use empty containers.

Do not burn, or use a cutting torch on, the empty drum.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### International Regulations

**UNRTDG** 

UN number : UN 1993

Proper shipping name : FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.

(Cyclohexanone, Clomazone, Propanil)

Class : 3 Packing group : III Labels : 3

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : UN 1993

Proper shipping name : Flammable liquid, n.o.s.

(Cyclohexanone, Clomazone, Propanil)

Class : 3 Packing group : III

Labels : Flammable Liquids

Packing instruction (cargo

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen: 355

ger aircraft)

**IMDG-Code** 

UN number : UN 1993

Proper shipping name : FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.

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(Cyclohexanone, Clomazone, Propanil)

Class : 3
Packing group : III
Labels : 3
EmS Code : F-E, S-E
Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Hazchem Code : •3Y

## Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

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#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### Safety, health, and environmental regulations specific for the hazardous chemical

Occupational Safety and Health (Classification, Labelling and Safety Data Sheet of Hazardous Chemicals) Regulations 2013.

Occupational Safety and Health (Use and Standards of Exposure of Chemicals Hazardous to Health) Regulations 2000.

#### The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

TCSI : Not in compliance with the inventory

TSCA : Product contains substance(s) not listed on TSCA inventory.

AIIC : Not in compliance with the inventory

DSL : This product contains the following components that are not

on the Canadian DSL nor NDSL.

2,(2-chlorobenzyl)-4,4-dimethyl-1,2-oxazoldin-3-on Ethoxylated oleyl amine, dodecylbenzenesulhponic salt

propanil (ISO)

ENCS : Not in compliance with the inventory

ISHL : Not in compliance with the inventory

KECI : Not in compliance with the inventory

PICCS : Not in compliance with the inventory

IECSC : Not in compliance with the inventory

NZIoC : Not in compliance with the inventory

TECI: Not in compliance with the inventory

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Revision Date : 29.01.2024

Date format : dd.mm.yyyy

## Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ACGIH BEI : ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)

MY PEL : Malaysia. Occupational Safety and Health (Use and Stand-

ards of Exposure of Chemicals Hazardous to Health) Regula-

tions 2000.

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average ACGIH / STEL : Short-term exposure limit

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MY PEL / TWA : Eight-hour time-weighted average airborne concentration

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China: IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods: IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

#### **Disclaimer**

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