SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758

FOLYX BOR

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 15.09.2023
1.1	18.06.2024	50001945	Date of first issue: 08.06.2020

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name FOLYX BOR

Other means of identification

Product code 50001945

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Substance/Mixture	:	A fertilizer with micronutrients for use in agriculture and horticulture
Recommended restrictions on use	:	Use as recommended by the label. For professional users only.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Address

FMC Agro Limited
Rectors Lane, Pentre
Flintshire
CH5 2DH
United Kingdom

Telephone: + 44 1244 537370
E-mail address: SDS-Info@fmc.com .

1.4 Emergency telephone number

For leak, fire, spill or accident emergencies, call:
England and Wales: 44-870-8200418 (CHEMTREC)

Medical emergency:
England and Wales: 111
Scotland: 84 54 24 2424

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008) as amended by GB-CLP Regulation, UK SI 2019/720, and UK SI 2020/1567)

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 3	H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008) as amended by GB-CLP Regulation, UK SI 2019/720, and UK SI 2020/1567)

Signal word : None

Hazard statements : H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements :

Prevention:

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Additional Labelling

EUH208 Contains 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one. May produce an allergic reaction.

2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No. Registration number	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
manganese carbonate	598-62-9 209-942-9	Aquatic Chronic 2; H411	>= 10 - < 20
sulfur	7704-34-9 231-722-6 016-094-00-1 01-2119487295-27-0055	Skin Irrit. 2; H315	>= 1 - < 10
ethanediol	107-21-1 203-473-3 603-027-00-1	Acute Tox. 4; H302 STOT RE 2; H373 (Kidney)	>= 1 - < 10
sodium acrylate	7446-81-3 231-209-7	Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410	>= 0.25 - < 1

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	2634-33-5 220-120-9 613-088-00-6	Acute Tox. 4; H302 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Dam. 1; H318 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411 _____ M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 10 _____ specific concentration limit Skin Sens. 1A; H317 >= 0.036 %	>= 0.0025 - < 0.025
Substances with a workplace exposure limit :			
Limestone	1317-65-3 215-279-6		>= 1 - < 10

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : Move out of dangerous area.
Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
Do not leave the victim unattended.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing
Avoid inhalation, ingestion and contact with skin and eyes.
If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

If inhaled : Move to fresh air.
If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
If symptoms persist, call a physician.
If experiencing any discomfort, immediately remove from exposure. Get medical attention if discomfort does not disappear.

In case of skin contact : Take off all contaminated clothing immediately.
Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.
Get medical attention immediately if irritation develops and persists.

In case of eye contact	:	Flush eyes with water as a precaution. Remove contact lenses. Protect unharmed eye. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.
If swallowed	:	Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Keep respiratory tract clear. Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

None known.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam. Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	High volume water jet Do not spread spilled material with high-pressure water streams.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-fighting	:	Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.
Hazardous combustion products	:	Fire may produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases. Ammonia Carbon oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Firefighters should wear protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.
Further information	:	Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Use personal protective equipment.
Ensure adequate ventilation.
If it can be safely done, stop the leak.
Do not touch or walk through the spilled material.
Use personal protective equipment.
Never return spills in original containers for re-use.
Mark the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to unauthorized personnel.
Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective equipment may intervene.
For disposal considerations see section 13.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Prevent product from entering drains.
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).
Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : Do not breathe vapours/dust.
Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
For personal protection see section 8.
Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.
Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national regulations.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion : Normal measures for preventive fire protection.

Hygiene measures : When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke.
Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers : Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully re-sealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Electrical installations / working materials must comply with the technological safety standards.

Further information on storage stability : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : Fertilizers

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
manganese carbonate	598-62-9	TWA (Inhalable)	0.2 mg/m3 (Manganese)	GB EH40
		TWA (Respirable fraction)	0.05 mg/m3 (Manganese)	GB EH40
		TWA (inhalable fraction)	0.2 mg/m3 (Manganese)	2017/164/EU
	Further information: Indicative			
		TWA (Respirable fraction)	0.05 mg/m3 (Manganese)	2017/164/EU
	Further information: Indicative			
Limestone	1317-65-3	TWA (inhalable dust)	10 mg/m3	GB EH40
		TWA (Respirable dust)	4 mg/m3	GB EH40
ethanediol	107-21-1	TWA (particles)	10 mg/m3	GB EH40
	Further information: Can be absorbed through the skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity.			
		TWA (Vapour)	20 ppm 52 mg/m3	GB EH40
	Further information: Can be absorbed through the skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity.			
		STEL (Vapour)	40 ppm 104 mg/m3	GB EH40
	Further information: Can be absorbed through the skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity.			
		TWA	20 ppm	2000/39/EC

			52 mg/m3	
	Further information: Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin, Indicative			
		STEL	40 ppm 104 mg/m3	2000/39/EC
	Further information: Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin, Indicative			

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL):

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	6.81 mg/m3
	Workers	Dermal	Long-term systemic effects	0.966 mg/kg
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	1.2 mg/m3
	Consumers	Dermal	Long-term systemic effects	0.345 mg/kg

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC):

Substance name	Environmental Compartment	Value
magnesium hydroxide	Fresh water	0.1 mg/l
	Marine water	0.01 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	0.082 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
	Marine sediment	0.0082 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
	Soil	0.0191 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
	Oral	66.67 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Fresh water	0.00403 mg/l
	Marine water	0.000403 mg/l
	Sewage treatment plant	1.03 mg/l

8.2 Exposure controls

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection : Eye wash bottle with pure water
Tightly fitting safety goggles

Hand protection
Material : Wear chemical resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber or nitrile rubber.

Remarks : The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed with the producers of the protective gloves.

Skin and body protection : Impervious clothing
Choose body protection according to the amount and concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place.

Respiratory protection	:	No personal respiratory protective equipment normally required.
Protective measures	:	Plan first aid action before beginning work with this product. Always have on hand a first-aid kit, together with proper instructions. Ensure that eye flushing systems and safety showers are located close to the working place. Wear suitable protective equipment.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	:	liquid
Form	:	liquid
Colour	:	beige
Odour	:	Faint odour
Odour Threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	8.8 - 10.8 Concentration: 100 %
Melting point/freezing point	:	No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	No data available
Flash point	:	No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	No data available
Vapour pressure	:	No data available
Relative vapour density	:	No data available
Relative density	:	1.55 - 1.58
Density	:	No data available
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	:	soluble
Partition coefficient: n-	:	No data available

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity
Viscosity, dynamic : 1,000 - 3,500 mPa.s

Oxidizing properties : Non-oxidizing

9.2 Other information

Particle size : Not applicable

Particle Size Distribution : Not applicable

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

10.2 Chemical stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Avoid extreme temperatures

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Avoid strong acids, bases, and oxidizers

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Toxic fumes

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 10 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Components:

manganese carbonate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD0 (Rat, female): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 420
Remarks: no mortality

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC0 (Rat, male and female): > 5.35 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403
Remarks: no mortality
Based on data from similar materials

sulfur:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 5.43 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

ethanediol:

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC0 (Rat, male and female): > 2.5 mg/l
Exposure time: 6 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Remarks: no mortality

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Mouse, male and female): > 3,500 mg/kg

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): 490 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Limestone:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product:

Remarks : Not expected to be irritating to skin.

Components:

manganese carbonate:

Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
Result : No skin irritation

sulfur:

Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
Result : Skin irritation

ethanediol:

Species : Rabbit
Result : No skin irritation

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Species : Rabbit
Exposure time : 72 h
Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
Result : No skin irritation

Limestone:

Result : No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product:

Remarks : Not expected to be irritating to eyes.

Components:

manganese carbonate:

Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 405
Result : No eye irritation

sulfur:

Species	:	Rabbit
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 405
Result	:	No eye irritation

ethanediol:

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	No eye irritation

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Species	:	Bovine cornea
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 437
Result	:	No eye irritation

Species	:	Rabbit
Method	:	EPA OPP 81-4
Result	:	Irreversible effects on the eye

Limestone:

Result	:	No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory sensitisation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product:

Remarks	:	Not expected to cause skin sensitisation

Components:

manganese carbonate:

Test Type	:	Local lymph node test
Species	:	Mouse
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 429
Result	:	Does not cause skin sensitisation.
Remarks	:	Based on data from similar materials

sulfur:

Test Type	:	Magnussen-Kligman test
Species	:	Guinea pig
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 406
Result	:	Does not cause skin sensitisation.

ethanediol:

Test Type	:	Maximisation Test
Species	:	Guinea pig
Result	:	Does not cause skin sensitisation.

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Test Type	:	Maximisation Test
Species	:	Guinea pig
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 406
Result	:	May cause sensitisation by skin contact.
Species	:	Guinea pig
Method	:	FIFRA 81.06
Result	:	May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

manganese carbonate:

Genotoxicity in vitro	:	Test Type: reverse mutation assay Method: OECD Test Guideline 471 Result: negative Remarks: Based on data from similar materials Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro Method: OECD Test Guideline 473 Result: negative Remarks: Based on data from similar materials Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test Method: OECD Test Guideline 476 Result: negative Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Genotoxicity in vivo	:	Test Type: Micronucleus test Species: Mouse (female) Application Route: Oral Method: OECD Test Guideline 474 Result: negative Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment	:	Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

sulfur:

Genotoxicity in vitro	:	Test Type: reverse mutation assay Method: OECD Test Guideline 471 Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test
Species: Mouse (male and female)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment : Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

ethanediol:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: reverse mutation assay
Method: OPPTS 870.5100
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: dominant lethal test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Result: negative

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: gene mutation test
Test system: mouse lymphoma cells
Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Result: negative

Test Type: Ames test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: unscheduled DNA synthesis assay
Species: Rat (male)
Cell type: Liver cells
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 4 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 486
Result: negative

Test Type: Micronucleus test
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Oral
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment	:	Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

ethanediol:

Species	:	Mouse
Application Route	:	Oral
Exposure time	:	24 month(s)
Result	:	negative

Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

manganese carbonate:

Effects on fertility	:	Test Type: Two-generation study Species: Rat, male and female Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume) Dose: 0, .005, .01, .02 mg/L General Toxicity - Parent: NOEL: 0.02 mg/l Method: OECD Test Guideline 416 Result: negative Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Effects on foetal development	:	Species: Rat Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume) Duration of Single Treatment: 15 d General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 0.025 mg/L Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 0.025 mg/L Embryo-foetal toxicity: NOAEL: 0.025 mg/L Method: OECD Test Guideline 414 Result: negative Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Reproductive toxicity - Assessment	:	Weight of evidence does not support classification for reproductive toxicity

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Effects on fertility	:	Species: Rat, male Application Route: Ingestion General Toxicity - Parent: NOAEL: 18.5 mg/kg body weight General Toxicity F1: NOAEL: 48 mg/kg body weight Fertility: NOAEL: 112 mg/kg bw/day Symptoms: No effects on reproduction parameters Method: OPPTS 870.3800 Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : Weight of evidence does not support classification for reproductive toxicity

STOT - single exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

manganese carbonate:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure.

Limestone:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure.

STOT - repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

sulfur:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

ethanediol:

Exposure routes : Oral
Target Organs : Kidney
Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure, category 2.

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

Limestone:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

manganese carbonate:

Species : Rabbit, male
LOAEC : 0.0039 mg/l
Application Route : Inhalation
Test atmosphere : dust/mist
Exposure time : 4 - 6 weeks

Dose	:	0, .001, .0039 mg/L
Remarks	:	Based on data from similar materials

sulfur:

Species	:	Rat, male and female
NOAEL	:	1,000 mg/kg
Application Route	:	Oral
Exposure time	:	90 d
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 408

Species	:	Rat, male and female
NOAEL	:	400 - 1,000 mg/kg
Application Route	:	Dermal
Exposure time	:	28 d
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 410

ethanediol:

Species	:	Rat
NOAEL	:	150 mg/kg
Application Route	:	Oral
Exposure time	:	12 Months

Species	:	Dog
NOAEL	:	> 2,200 - < 4,400 mg/kg
Application Route	:	Dermal
Exposure time	:	4 Weeks
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 410

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Species	:	Rat, male and female
NOAEL	:	15 mg/kg
Application Route	:	Ingestion
Exposure time	:	28 d
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 407
Symptoms	:	Irritation

Species	:	Rat, male and female
NOAEL	:	69 mg/kg
Application Route	:	Ingestion
Exposure time	:	90 d
Symptoms	:	Irritation, Reduced body weight

Aspiration toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Further information

Product:

Remarks	:	No data available

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Components:

manganese carbonate:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 3.17 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: flow-through test Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 3.6 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 2.2 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.69 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Toxicity to microorganisms	:	NOEC (activated sludge): 1,000 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 209 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials EC50 (activated sludge): > 1,000 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 209 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC: 0.55 mg/l Exposure time: 65 d Species: Salvelinus fontinalis (Brook trout) Test Type: flow-through test Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC: 1.3 mg/l Exposure time: 8 d Species: Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea) Test Type: static test Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

sulfur:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC0 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 0.005 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	NOEC (Daphnia magna Straus): > 0.005 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	NOEC (algae): > 0.005 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC: > 0.0025 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea) Method: OECD Test Guideline 211 Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility
Toxicity to soil dwelling organisms	:	NOEC: > 1,000 mg/kg Exposure time: 14 d Species: Eisenia fetida (earthworms) Method: OECD Test Guideline 207
Plant toxicity	:	NOEC: 25.2 kg/ha Exposure time: 14 d Species: Avena sativa (oats) Method: OECD Test Guideline 208
Toxicity to terrestrial organisms	:	NOEC: > 1400 - < 1900 kg/ha Exposure time: 60 d Species: Typhlodromus pyri LD50: > 2,000 mg/kg Exposure time: 15 d Species: Coturnix japonica (Japanese quail)

ethanediol:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 72,860 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	IC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 10,940 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to microorganisms	:	(activated sludge): > 1,995 mg/l Exposure time: 30 min Method: ISO 8192
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	:	1,500 mg/l Exposure time: 28 d

Species: Menidia peninsulae (tidewater silverside)

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : 33,911 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

sodium acrylate:

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)): 16.7 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Test Type: static test

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 2.15 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 2.9 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Test Type: static test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.070 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.04 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity) : 1

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): 24 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: Respiration inhibition
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

EC50 (activated sludge): 12.8 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: Respiration inhibition
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic : 1

toxicity)

Limestone:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 10,000 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 200 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Components:

sulfur:

Biodegradability	:	Remarks: The methods for determining the biological degradability are not applicable to inorganic substances.

ethanediol:

Biodegradability	:	Result: Readily biodegradable. Biodegradation: 90 - 100 % Exposure time: 10 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 301A

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Biodegradability	:	Result: rapidly biodegradable Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

ethanediol:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: -1.36

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Bioaccumulation	:	Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish) Exposure time: 56 d Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 6.62 Method: OECD Test Guideline 305 Remarks: Substance is not persistent, bioaccumulative, and toxic (PBT).
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: 0.7 (20 °C) pH: 7

log Pow: 0.99 (20 °C)
pH: 5

12.4 Mobility in soil

Components:

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Distribution among environmental compartments : Koc: 9.33 ml/g, log Koc: 0.97
Method: OECD Test Guideline 121
Remarks: Highly mobile in soils

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product:

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.6 Other adverse effects

Product:

Endocrine disrupting potential : The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Additional ecological information : An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.
Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.
Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.
Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container.
Send to a licensed waste management company.

Contaminated packaging : Empty remaining contents.
Dispose of as unused product.
Do not re-use empty containers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

ADN	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
ADR	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
IATA	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADN	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
ADR	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
IATA	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADN	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
ADR	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
IATA	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.4 Packing group

ADN	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
ADR	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
IATA (Cargo)	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
IATA (Passenger)	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.5 Environmental hazards

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.6 Special precautions for user

Remarks	:	Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Relevant EU provisions transposed through retained EU law

UK REACH List of restrictions (Annex 17)	:	Conditions of restriction for the following entries should be considered: Number on list 3 ethanediol (Number on list 3)
UK REACH Candidate list of substances of very high concern (SVHC) for Authorisation	:	Not applicable
The Persistent Organic Pollutants Regulations (retained Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 as amended for Great Britain)	:	Not applicable
Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer	:	Not applicable
UK REACH List of substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV)	:	Not applicable

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Other regulations:

Take note of The Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999 (requirements relating to new and expectant mothers at work contained in Regulation 16 to 18) and of the Pregnant Workers Directive 92/85/EEC.

Take note of The Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999 (requirements relating to protection of young people at work contained in Regulation 19) and of Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

TCSI	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
TSCA	:	Product contains substance(s) not listed on TSCA inventory.
AIIC	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
DSL	:	This product contains the following components that are not on the Canadian DSL nor NDSL. Boron calcium oxide, hydrate emulsion of silicone

		Ethanol, 2,2',2''-nitrilotris-, compd. with .alpha.-[2,4,6-tris(1-phenylethyl)phenyl]-.omega.-hydroxypoly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl) phosphate Limestone sodium acrylate dolomite Naphthalenesulfonic acid, methyl-, polymer with formaldehyde, sodium salt
ENCS	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
ISHL	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
KECI	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
PICCS	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
IECSC	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
NZIoC	:	On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
TECI	:	Not in compliance with the inventory

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment is not required for this product (mixture).

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements

H302	:	Harmful if swallowed.
H315	:	Causes skin irritation.
H317	:	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	:	Causes serious eye damage.
H373	:	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
H400	:	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	:	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	:	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox.	:	Acute toxicity
Aquatic Acute	:	Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard
Aquatic Chronic	:	Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard
Eye Dam.	:	Serious eye damage
Skin Irrit.	:	Skin irritation
Skin Sens.	:	Skin sensitisation
STOT RE	:	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
2000/39/EC	:	Europe. Commission Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values
2017/164/EU	:	Europe. Commission Directive 2017/164/EU establishing a fourth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values
GB EH40	:	UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits

2000/39/EC / TWA	:	Limit Value - eight hours
2000/39/EC / STEL	:	Short term exposure limit
2017/164/EU / TWA	:	Limit Value - eight hours
GB EH40 / TWA	:	Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period)
GB EH40 / STEL	:	Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period)

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of very high concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information

Other information :

Classification of the mixture:		**Classification procedure:**
Aquatic Chronic 3	H412	Calculation method

Disclaimer

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