MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Defoamer V 135

SECTION 1 - IDENTIFICATION ______

IBM 60085 ______

CHAMPION TECHNOLOGIES, LTD. 6040 - 46th Street S.E. Calgary, Alberta T2C 4P9

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS

1-403-279-2835

1-613-996-6666 (CANUTEC)

Trade Name:

Defoamer V 135

Chemical Family: Polyol

Foam Control agent

Product Use: For Printed: 7/19/04

Prepared by: D. Kitcher Rev. 05/08/04

SECTION 2 - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS/IDENTITY

Hazardous Components

CAS No.

Wt.% LD50

NA

NΔ

SECTION 3 - PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Boiling Point, C: ND
Freezing Point

Vapor Point, C: ND

Boiling Point, C: ND Vapor Pressure: ND Freezing Point, C: -28C Vapor Density: ND pH: 10.3 +- 1.0 Specific Gravity (H2O=1): 0.977 Coeff. Water/Oil Dist.: Oil Soluble Evaporation Rate: ND Odour Threshold (ppm): ND (butyl acetate=1) Odour and Appearance: Dark Orange Liquid

SECTION 4 - FIRE & EXPLOSION DATA

Flash Point, C & Method

Flammable Limits: LEL, % ND UEL, % ND Based on: NA

>50C PMCC

Autoignition Temp C: ND

Hazardous Combustion Products: Explosion Data:

Smoke, CO, CO2, & vapors.

ND

Sensitivity to Static Discharge:

Use proper ground cables

This material may burn, but it does not readily ignite.

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

Dry chemical, co2, water spray or regular foam. Move container from fire area if you can do it without risk. Apply cooling water to sides of containers that are exposed to flames until well after the fire is out. Stay away from ends of containers.

Abbreviations: NA=not available, NAP=not applicable, ND=not determined.

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SECTION 5 - PHYSICAL HAZARDS (REACTIVITY DATA)

Chemical Stability:

STABLE

Conditions To Avoid:

Open flame parks or other high heat sources

Incompatible Materials: STRONG OX1. ZERS

Hazardous Decomposition: OXIDES OF CARBON & NITROGEN

SECTION 6 - HEALTH HAZARDS

PRIMARY ROUTES OF ENTRY

Inhalation: X Absorption: X Ingestion: X Injection: NA

HEALTH HAZARDS:

Contact may irritate or burn skin and eyes. Fire may produce irritating gases. Runoff from fire control or dilution water may cause pollution.

EMERGENCY & FIRST AID PROCEDURES:

In case of eye contact, immediately flush eyes with water and continue washingfor at least 15 minutes.

In case of skin contact, wash with soap and water. In case of ingestion, give 2 glasses of water and induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention immediately.

IF CONDITIONS PERSIST, SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION.

Carcinogenicity? ND

SECTION 7 - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS AND SPILL/LEAK PROCEDURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Take up with sand or other noncombustible absorbent material ar place in containers for later disposal.

HANDLING PROCEDURES AND EQUIPMENT: Handle carefully, avoid smoking, drinking, or eating on use. Wear adequate protective clothes. Handle and open container with care. In case of accident or if you feel ill, seek medical advice.