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## DAUBERT CHEMICAL COMPANY, INC.

## SECTION 1 Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product identification used on label

Product identifier

3119

TECTYL® 506G

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Daubert Chemical Company 4700 S. Central Avenue

Chicago, IL 60638

Emergency telephone number

708-496-7350

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses

Chemtrec: (800) 424-9300 Corrosion Preventive Compound

advised against

### SECTION 2 Hazards identification

Classification of the chemical in accordance with paragraph (d) of §1910.1200;

GHS Hazard Symbols





GHS

Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2

Classification

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2A

Flammable Liquid Category 3

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (STOT) - Single Exposure Category 3

Signal Word

Warning

Hazard

Flammable liquid and vapour.

Statements

Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye irritation.

May cause respiratory irritation.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Use explosion-proof equipment. Use only non-sparking tools.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

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Response

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water/shower.

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable

for breathing.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Specific treatment: None known

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Use dry chemical, water fog, CO2, foam or sand/earth for extinction.

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Store locked up.

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulation for hazardous wastes.

#### **SECTION 3 Composition/information on ingredients**

Chemical Name	CAS#	%
Hydrotreated light distillate (Petroleum)	64742-47-8	30 - 60
Ethylene glycol mono-n-butyl ether	111-76-2	0.5 - 1.5

Note: Specific chemical identities and/or exact percentages have been withheld as a trade secret.

#### **SECTION 4 First aid measures**

Inhalation	If symptoms are experienced remove source of contamination or move victim to fresh air and obtain medical advice.
Eyes	Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 20 minutes retracting eyelids often. Tilt the head to prevent chemical from transferring to the uncontaminated eye. Get immediate medical attention.
Skin Contact	Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting and seek medical attention immediately. Provide medical care provider with this SDS. If vomiting occurs, lean victim forward to reduce risk of aspiration
	into lungs. Induce vomiting as a last measure. Induced vomiting may lead to aspiration of the
•	material into the lungs potentially causing chemical pneumonitis that may be fatal.
Note to Doctor	Treat symptomatically.

### **SECTION 5 Firefighting measures**

#### Extinguishing media

Use alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry chemical, or water spray when fighting fires. Water or foam may cause frothing if liquid is burning but it still may be a useful extinguishing agent if carefully applied to the fire. Do not direct a water stream directly into the hot burning liquid.

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#### Fire and/or Explosion Hazards

Vapors may be ignited by sparks, flames or other sources of ignition if material is above the flash point giving rise to a fire (Class B). Vapors are heavier than air and may travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Empty containers that retain product residue (liquid, solid/sludge, or vapor) can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose container to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition. Any of these actions can potentially cause an explosion that may lead to injury or death.

### Fire Fighting Methods and Protection

Do not enter fire area without proper protection including self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective equipment. Fight fire from a safe distance and a protected location due to the potential of hazardous vapors and decomposition products. Use appropriate methods for the surrounding fire.

## **Hazardous Combustion Products**

Oxides of carbon, Toxic fumes, Toxic gases

#### **SECTION 6 Accidental release measures**

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

No health effects expected from the clean-up of this material, if contact can be avoided. Follow personal protective equipment recommendations found in Section VIII of this SDS

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to appropriate waste containers. Use clean, non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material. Collect and discard in accordance with local, state and national regulations.

## SECTION 7 Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Mildly irritating material. Avoid unnecessary exposure. As with all chemicals, good industrial hygiene practices should be followed when handling this material. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not get in eyes, on skin and clothing. Ground and bond containers when transferring material. "Empty" containers retain product residue (liquid and/or vapor) and can be dangerous. Avoid contact with material, avoid breathing dusts or fumes, use only in a well ventilated area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not use pressure to empty container. Follow all SDS/label precautions even after container is emptied because it may retain product residues

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool dry place. Isolate from incompatible materials. Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame. Store in tightly sealed original container.

Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents, Strong alkalies

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### SECTION 8 Exposure controls/personal protection

<u>Control parameters</u>
<u>Chemical Name</u>
<u>ACGIH TLV</u>
<u>ACGIH STEL</u>
<u>OSHA PEL</u>

Hydrotreated light distillate (Petroleum)

212 ppm (8 hrs)

Ethylene glycol mono-n-butyl ether

20 ppm TWA; 96 mg/m3

TWA

50 ppm TWA; 240 mg/m3 TWA

Engineering Measures Local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls are normally required when

handling or using this product to avoid overexposure. Engineering controls must be designed to meet the OSHA chemical specific standard in 29 CFR 1910. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits Explosion proof exhaust ventilation should

be used.

Respiratory Protection Proper ventilation (at a minimum) will be required when handling this product. Use

respirators (NIOSH approved) only if ventilation cannot be used to eliminate symptoms or reduce the exposure to below acceptable levels. Follow a respiratory protection program that meets 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements whenever work

place conditions warrant the use of a respirator.

Eye Protection Wear chemically resistant safety glasses with side shields when handling this product.

Wear additional eye protection such as chemical splash goggles and/or face shield when the possibility exists for eye contact with splashing or spraying liquid, or airborne

material. Do not wear contact lenses. Have an eye wash station available.

Skin Protection Not normally considered a skin hazard. Where use of product can result in skin contact,

practice good personal hygiene and wear a barrier cream and/or impervious surgical style gloves. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before

eating, drinking, and when leaving work.

Gloves Impervious rubber

### SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties (Typical, not specification)

Physical State Viscous Liquid

Color Amber

Odor Slight Hydrocarbon Solvent

Odor Threshold No data available

H No data available

Melting Point, °C No data available Boiling Point, °C No data available

Flash Point >= 100 °F( 38 °C)

Evaporation Rate <1 (n-Butyl Acetate=1)
Flammability (Solid, Gas)
No data available

Lower Flammable/Explosive Limit, No data available

% in air

Upper Flammable/Explosive Limit, No data available

% in air

Vapor Pressure 2 mmHg

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Vapor Density

>1 (Air=1)

Specific Gravity @ 25°C

0.89

Solubility in Water

Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient

Negligible, 0-1% No data available

Autoignition Temperature

No data available

**Decomposition Temperature** 

No data available

Viscosity

25000 cP

Volatiles, % by weight

46

VOC, lb/gal VOC, grams/liter 3.4

VOC minus exempt solvents & water,

407.8

lb/gal

SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions. Hazardous polymerization

will not occur.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous

reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid Incompatible materials Contamination. Elevated temperatures. Strong oxidizing agents, Strong alkalies

Hazardous decomposition products

Decomposition and hazardous decomposition products are

unlikely.

### **SECTION 11 Toxicological information**

Likely Routes of Entry

Target Organs Potentially Affected by Exposure

Inhalation, Skin contact, Eye contact

Central Nervous System, Respiratory Tract, Skin, Eyes,

Kidneys, Liver, Nervous System, Lungs

**Chemical Interactions That Change Toxicity** 

**Medical Conditions Aggravated** 

No chemical interaction known to affect toxicity.

Skin contact may aggravate existing skin disease, Respiratory disease including asthma and bronchitis, Lung disease

Immediate (Acute) Health Effects by Route of Exposure

Inhalation Irritation

Can cause moderate respiratory irritation, dizziness, weakness, fatigue, nausea and

headache. Other possible symptoms include; wheezing and coughing due to pulmonary

edema (fluid build-up in lungs).

Inhalation Toxicity

Non-Toxic. Not known to cause systemic damage.

Skin Contact Skin Absorption Can cause minor skin irritation, defatting, and dermatitis. No absorption hazard expected in normal industrial use.

Eye Contact

Can cause moderate irritation, tearing and reddening, but not likely to permanently injure

Ingestion Irritation

Irritating to mouth, throat, and stomach. Can cause abdominal discomfort, nausea,

vomiting and diarrhea. Aspiration of material into the lungs can cause chemical

pneumonitis which can be fatal.

**Ingestion Toxicity** 

Harmful if swallowed.

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Long-Term (Chronic) Health Effects

Carcinogenicity

Not listed by ACGIH, IARC, NIOSH, NTP OR OSHA.

Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity No data available to indicate product or any components present at

greater than 0.1% may cause birth defects.

Inhalation

Upon prolonged and/or repeated exposure, can cause severe respiratory irritation,

dizziness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache and possible unconsciousness.

Skin Contact

Upon prolonged or repeated contact, can cause minor skin irritation, defatting, and

dermatitis.

Skin Absorption

Upon prolonged or repeated exposure, no hazard in normal industrial use.

**Component Toxicology Data** 

**Chemical Name** 

**CAS Number** 

LD50/LC50

Hydrotreated light distillate

64742-47-8

Dermal LD50 Rabbit > 5000 mg/kg Oral LD50 Rat > 5000 mg/kg

(Petroleum)

Ethylene glycol mono-n-butyl ether

111-76-2

Inhalation LC50 (4h) Rat > 20 mg/L Dermal LD50 Rat > 2000 mg/kg

Dermal LD50 Guinea pig > 2000 ml/kg Oral LD50 Rat = 1300

Oral LD50 Guinea pig = 1400 mg/kg inhalation LC50 (4h) Rat >

inhalation LC50 (1h) Guinea pig > 3.4 mg/L

**SECTION 12 Ecological information** 

Overview

No ecological information available

Mobility

No data

Persistence

No data

Bioaccumulation

No data

Degradability

No data

**Ecotoxicity Data** 

Chemical Name

CAS Number

Aquatic EC50

Aquatic ERC50

Aquatic LC50

Ethylene glycol mono-n-butyl

111-76-2

Crustacea

Water flea > 1550

Algae

Fish

ether

EC50 (48 hr)

EC50 (72 hr) Algae = 1840 mg/L

LC50 (96 hr) Rainbow trout =

mg/L

1474 mg/L

**SECTION 13 Disposal considerations** 

Waste Description for Spent Product

Spent or discarded material may be a hazardous waste.

Disposal Methods

Dispose of by incineration following Federal, State, Local, or Provincial

regulations.

Waste Disposal Code(s)

D001

**SECTION 14 Transport information** 

Full shipping name for

UN1268, PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S., (Naphtha Solvent), 3, PG III,

Export, Air, Sea (any quantity unless flash pt. >150°F) or vessels of 119 GL or more

Domestic Ground in vessels <

Not Regulated

119 gal.

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**SECTION 15 Regulatory information** 

**TSCA Status** 

All components in this product are on the TSCA Inventory or exempt.

Canadian DSL

All chemical substances in this material are included on or exempted from listing on the

status:

Canadian DSL.

Chemical Name

CAS#

Regulation

Percent

Glycol ethers (N230)

111-76-2

**SARA 313** 

0.5 - 1.5

## **SECTION 16 Other information**

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Disclaimer

Although the information contained herein is believed to be reliable, it is furnished without warranty

of any kind. This information is not intended to be all-inclusive as to the manner and conditions of

use, handling, and storage.

Version

Revised

Comments

Approved: J. Kump / M. Duncan