

Cored

Issue Date: 04.05.2018 Revision Date: 23.10.2018

Version: 2.0

# CHEMICAL PRODUCT SAFETY DATA SHEET

Prepared in accordance with GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519.

### 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: Safety Silv® 38T Flux Cored

**Product Size: ALL** 

Other means of identification

 SDS number:
 200000007757

 Issue Date:
 04.05.2018

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Recommended use and restriction on use

Recommended use: Metal Brazing

Restrictions on use: Not known. Read this SDS before using this product.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor Information

Company Name: The Harris Products Group

Address: 4501 Quality Place

Mason, OH 45040-1971

USA

Telephone: +1 (513) 754-2000

Contact Person: Safety Data Sheet Questions: custservmason@jwharris.com

**Emergency telephone number:** 

USA/Canada/Mexico +1 (888) 609-1762 Americas/Europe +1 (216) 383-8962 Asia Pacific +1 (216) 383-8966 Middle East/Africa +1 (216) 383-8969

3E Company Access Code: 333988

# 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classified according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS).

**Emergency Overview** 

Form: Solid Physical state: Solid

**Hazard Statement(s):** Open flames or hot surfaces from brazing or soldering operations can ignite

combustible and flammable materials.

Hazard Classification Not classified as hazardous according to applicable GHS hazard classification

criteria.

Label Elements

Hazard Symbol: No symbol

Signal Word: No signal word.

Hazard Statement: Not applicable

Precautionary Not applicable

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#### Statements:

Other hazards which do not result in GHS classification:

None.

Substance(s) formed under the conditions of use:

Fumes produced from use of this product may contain the following constituent(s) and/or their complex metallic oxides as well as solid particles or other constituents from the solder, brazing consumable, flux material or base metal, or base metal coating not listed below.

Chemical Identity	CAS-No.
Carbon dioxide	124-38-9
Carbon monoxide	630-08-0
Nitrogen dioxide	10102-44-0
Ozone	10028-15-6

### 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

# Reportable Hazardous Ingredients Mixtures

Chemical Identity	CAS number	Content in percent (%)*
Silver	7440-22-4	30 - 60%
Copper and/or copper alloys and compounds (as Cu)	7440-50-8	30 - 60%
Zinc	7440-66-6	10 - <30%
Potassium fluoroborate	14075-53-7	10 - <30%
Boric acid	10043-35-3	<10%
Potassium tetraborate tetrahydrate	12045-78-2	<10%
Methacrylate polymer	9011-14-7	<10%
Tin	7440-31-5	<10%

<sup>\*</sup> All concentrations are percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

**Composition Comments:** The term "Hazardous Ingredients" should be interpreted as a term defined

in Hazard Communication standards and does not necessarily imply the existence of a welding hazard. The product may contain additional non-hazardous ingredients or may form additional compounds under the condition of use. Refer to Sections 2 and 8 for more information.

### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**Ingestion:** Avoid hand, clothing, food, and drink contact with fluxes, metal fume or

powder which can cause ingestion of particulate during hand to mouth activities such as drinking, eating, smoking, etc. If ingested, do not induce vomiting. Contact a poison control center. Unless the poison control center advises otherwise, wash out mouth thoroughly with water. If symptoms

develop, seek medical attention at once.

**Inhalation:** Move to fresh air if breathing is difficult. If breathing has stopped, perform

artificial respiration and obtain medical assistance at once.

**Skin Contact:** Remove contaminated clothing and wash the skin thoroughly with soap and

water. For reddened or blistered skin, or thermal burns, obtain medical

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assistance at once.

Eye contact: Do not rub eye. Any material that contacts the eye should be washed out

immediately with water. If easy to do, remove contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms

occur after washing.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Symptoms:

Short-term (acute) overexposure to fumes and gases from welding and allied processes may result in discomfort such as metal fume fever, dizziness, nausea, or dryness or irritation of nose, throat, or eyes. May aggravate pre-existing respiratory problems (e.g. asthma, emphysema). Long-term (chronic) overexposure to fumes and gases from welding and allied processes can lead to siderosis (iron deposits in lung), central nervous system effects, bronchitis and other pulmonary effects. Refer to

Section 11 for more information.

**Hazards:** The hazards associated with welding and its allied processes such as

soldering and brazing are complex and may include physical and health hazards such as but not limited to electric shock, physical strains, radiation burns (eye flash), thermal burns due to hot metal or spatter and potential health effects of overexposure to fumes, gases or dusts potentially generated during the use of this product. Refer to Section 11 for more

information.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Treatment:** Treat symptomatically.

# 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

**General Fire Hazards:** As shipped, this product is nonflammable. However, welding arc and

sparks as well as open flames and hot surfaces associated with brazing and soldering can ignite combustible and flammable materials. Read and understand American National Standard Z49.1, "Safety in Welding, Cutting and Allied Processes" and National Fire Protection Association NFPA 51B, "Standard for Fire Prevention during Welding, Cutting and Other Hot Work"

before using this product.

Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media:

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from

the chemical:

During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Special fire fighting

procedures:

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other

involved materials.

Special protective equipment

for fire-fighters:

Selection of respiratory protection for fire fighting: follow the general fire precautions indicated in the workplace. Self-contained breathing apparatus

and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, If airborne dust and/or fume is present, use adequate engineering controls

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protective equipment and emergency procedures:

and, if needed, personal protection to prevent overexposure. Refer to

recommendations in Section 8.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Absorb with sand or other inert absorbent. Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Clean up spills immediately, observing precautions in the personal protective equipment in Section 8. Avoid generating dust. Prevent product from entering any drains, sewers or water sources. Refer to

Section 13 for proper disposal.

**Environmental Precautions:** 

Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not contaminate water sources or sewer. Environmental manager must be informed of all major spillages.

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling:

Prevent abrading consumable materials or creating dust. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where fume or dust is formed. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Read and understand the manufacturer's instruction and the precautionary label on the product. See American National Standard Z49.1, "Safety In Welding, Cutting and Allied Processes" published by the American Welding Society, http://pubs.aws.org and OSHA Publication 2206 (29CFR1910), U.S. Government Printing Office, www.gpo.gov.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Store in closed original container in a dry place. Store in accordance with local/regional/national regulations. Store away from incompatible materials.

### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

### **Control Parameters**

**Occupational Exposure Limits: China** 

Chemical Identity	Туре	Exposure Limit Values	Source
Copper and/or copper alloys and compounds (as Cu) -	PC-TWA	1 mg/m3	China. OELs (Occupational Exposure Limits for Hazardous Agents in the Workplace) (GBZ 2.1)
Dust as Cu			(03 2008)
Copper and/or copper alloys and compounds (as Cu) - Fume as Cu	PC-TWA	0.2 mg/m3	China. OELs (Occupational Exposure Limits for Hazardous Agents in the Workplace) (GBZ 2.1) (03 2008)
Potassium fluoroborate - as F	PC-TWA	2 mg/m3	China. OELs (Occupational Exposure Limits for Hazardous Agents in the Workplace) (GBZ 2.1) (03 2008)

Occupational Exposure Limits: US

Chemical Identity	Туре	Exposure Limit Values	Source
Copper and/or copper alloys and compounds (as Cu) - Dust and mist as Cu	TWA	1 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2014)
Copper and/or copper alloys and compounds (as Cu) - Fume as Cu	TWA	0.2 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2014)
	PEL	0.1 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
Copper and/or copper alloys and compounds (as Cu) - Dust and mist as Cu	PEL	1 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
Potassium fluoroborate -	STEL	6 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (02 2014)

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Inhalable fraction.			
	TWA	2 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (02 2014)

**Biological Limit Values: China** 

None of the components have assigned exposure limits.

**Biological Limit Values: ACGIH** 

None of the components have assigned exposure limits.

Additional exposure limits under the conditions of use: China

Chemical Identity	Туре	Exposure Limit Values	Source
Carbon dioxide	PC-STEL	18,000 mg/m3	China. OELs (Occupational Exposure Limits for Hazardous Agents in the Workplace) (GBZ 2.1)
	PC-TWA	9,000 mg/m3	China. OELs (Occupational Exposure Limits for Hazardous Agents in the Workplace) (GBZ 2.1)
Carbon monoxide	MAC	15 mg/m3	China. OELs (Occupational Exposure Limits for Hazardous Agents in the Workplace) (GBZ 2.1)
	PC-STEL	30 mg/m3	China. OELs (Occupational Exposure Limits for Hazardous Agents in the Workplace) (GBZ 2.1)
	PC-TWA	20 mg/m3	China. OELs (Occupational Exposure Limits for Hazardous Agents in the Workplace) (GBZ 2.1)
	MAC	20 mg/m3	China. OELs (Occupational Exposure Limits for Hazardous Agents in the Workplace) (GBZ 2.1)
Nitrogen dioxide	PC-STEL	10 mg/m3	China. OELs (Occupational Exposure Limits for Hazardous Agents in the Workplace) (GBZ 2.1)
	PC-TWA	5 mg/m3	China. OELs (Occupational Exposure Limits for Hazardous Agents in the Workplace) (GBZ 2.1)
Ozone	MAC	0.3 mg/m3	China. OELs (Occupational Exposure Limits for Hazardous Agents in the Workplace) (GBZ 2.1)

Additional exposure limits under the conditions of use: US

Additional exposure			400.00	
Chemical Identity	Type	Exposure L	imit Values	Source
	, ,	·		
Carbon dioxide	TWA	5,000 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (12 2010)
	STEL	30,000 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (12 2010)
	PEL	5,000 ppm	9,000 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air
			_	Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
Carbon monoxide	TWA	25 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (12 2010)
	PEL	50 ppm	55 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air
			•	Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
Nitrogen dioxide	TWA	0.2 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (02 2012)
	Ceiling	5 ppm	9 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air
				Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
Ozone	PEL	0.1 ppm	0.2 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air
				Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	TWA	0.05 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2014)
	TWA	0.20 ppm	•	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2014)
	TWA	0.10 ppm	•	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2014)
	TWA	0.08 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2014)

# Appropriate Engineering Controls

**Ventilation:** Use enough ventilation and local exhaust at the arc, flame or heat source to keep the fumes and gases from the worker's breathing zone and the general area. Train the operator to keep their head out of the fumes. **Keep exposure as low as possible.** 

# Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General information:

**Exposure Guidelines:** To reduce the potential for overexposure, use controls such as adequate ventilation and personal protective equipment (PPE). Overexposure refers to exceeding applicable local limits, the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) Threshold Limit Values (TLVs) or the Occupational Safety and Health

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Administration's (OSHA) Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs). Workplace exposure levels should be established by competent industrial hygiene assessments. Unless exposure levels are confirmed to be below the applicable local limit, TLV or PEL, whichever is lower, respirator use is required. Absent these controls, overexposure to one or more compound constituents, including those in the fume or airborne particles, may occur resulting in potential health hazards. According to the ACGIH, TLVs and Biological Exposure Indices (BEIs) "represent conditions under which ACGIH believes that nearly all workers may be repeatedly exposed without adverse health effects." The ACGIH further states that the TLV-TWA should be used as a guide in the control of health hazards and should not be used to indicate a fine line between safe and dangerous exposures. See Section 10 for information on constituents which have some potential to present health hazards. Welding consumables and materials being joined may contain chromium as an unintended trace element. Materials that contain chromium may produce some amount of hexavalent chromium (CrVI) and other chromium compounds as a byproduct in the fume. In 2018, the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) lowered the Threshold Limit Value (TLV) for hexavalent chromium from 50 micrograms per cubic meter of air (50 µg/m³) to 0.2 µg/m³. At these new limits, CrVI exposures at or above the TLV may be possible in cases where adequate ventilation is not provided. CrVI compounds are on the IARC and NTP lists as posing a lung cancer and sinus cancer risk. Workplace conditions are unique and welding fume exposures levels vary. Workplace exposure assessments must be conducted by a qualified professional, such as an industrial hygienist, to determine if exposures are below applicable limits and to make recommendations when necessary for preventing overexposures.

Eye/face protection:

Wear helmet, face shield or eye protection with filter lens shade number 2 for torch soldering and 3-4 for torch brazing, and follow the recommendations as specified in ANSI Z49.1, Section 4, based on your process details. Shield others by providing appropriate screens and eye protection.

Skin Protection
Hand Protection:

Wear protective gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.

Other:

**Protective Clothing:** Wear hand, head, and body protection which help to prevent injury from radiation, open flames, hot surfaces, sparks and electrical shock. See Z49.1. At a minimum, this includes welder's gloves and a protective face shield when welding, and may include arm protectors, aprons, hats, shoulder protection, as well as dark substantial clothing when welding, brazing and soldering. Wear dry gloves free of holes or split seams. Train the operator not to permit electrically live parts or electrodes from contacting the skin . . . or clothing or gloves if they are wet. Insulate yourself from the work piece and ground using dry plywood, rubber mats or other dry insulation.

**Respiratory Protection:** 

Keep your head out of fumes. Use enough ventilation and local exhaust to keep fumes and gases from your breathing zone and the general area. An approved respirator should be used unless exposure assessments are below applicable exposure limits.

Hygiene measures:

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Determine the



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composition and quantity of fumes and gases to which workers are exposed by taking an air sample from inside the welder's helmet if worn or in the worker's breathing zone. Improve ventilation if exposures are not below limits. See ANSI/AWS F1.1, F1.2, F1.3 and F1.5, available from the American Welding Society, www.aws.org.

### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**Appearance:** Flux cored brazing consumable.

Physical state: Solid Form: Solid

Color:

Odor:

No data available.

range:

Flash Point: No data available. **Evaporation rate:** No data available. Flammability (solid, gas): No data available. Upper/lower limit on flammability or explosive limits Flammability limit - upper (%): No data available. Flammability limit - lower (%): No data available. **Explosive limit - upper (%):** No data available. **Explosive limit - lower (%):** No data available. Vapor pressure: No data available. Vapor density: No data available. Density: No data available. Relative density: No data available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility in water:No data available.Solubility (other):No data available.Partition coefficient (n-No data available.

octanol/water):

Auto-ignition temperature:No data available.Decomposition temperature:No data available.Viscosity:No data available.

# 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Reactivity:** The product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and

transport.

Chemical Stability: Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions:

None under normal conditions.

**Conditions to avoid:** Avoid heat or contamination.

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**Incompatible Materials:** 

Strong acids. Strong oxidizing substances. Strong bases.

Hazardous Decomposition Products:

Fumes and gases from welding and its allied processes such as brazing and soldering cannot be classified simply. The composition and quantity of both are dependent upon the metal to which the joining or hot work is applied, the process, procedure - and where applicable - the electrode or consumable used. Other conditions which also influence the composition and quantity of the fumes and gases to which workers may be exposed include: coatings on the metal being welded or worked (such as paint, plating, or galvanizing), the number of operators and the volume of the work area, the quality and amount of ventilation, the position of the operator's head with respect to the fume plume, as well as the presence of contaminants in the atmosphere (such as chlorinated hydrocarbon vapors from cleaning and degreasing activities.)

In cases where an electrode or other applied material is consumed, the fume and gas decomposition products generated are different in percent and form from the ingredients listed in Section 3. Decomposition products of normal operation include those originating from the volatilization, reaction, or oxidation of the materials shown in Section 3, plus those from the base metal and coating, etc., as noted above. Reasonably expected fume constituents produced during arc welding and brazing include the oxides of iron, manganese and other metals present in the welding consumable or base metal. Hexavalent chromium compounds may be in the welding or brazing fume of consumables or base metals which contain chromium. Gaseous and particulate fluoride may be in the fume of consumables or flux materials which contain fluoride. Gaseous reaction products may include carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. Ozone and nitrogen oxides may be formed by the radiation from the arc associated with welding.

### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**General information:** 

The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has determined welding fumes and ultraviolet radiation from welding are carcinogenic to humans (Group 1). According to IARC, welding fumes cause cancer of the lung and positive associations have been observed with cancer of the kidney. Also according to IARC, ultraviolet radiation from welding causes ocular melanoma. IARC identifies gouging, brazing, carbon arc or plasma arc cutting, and soldering as processes closely related to welding. Read and understand the manufacturer's instructions, Safety Data Sheets and the precautionary labels before using this product.

Information on likely routes of exposure

**Inhalation:** Inhalation is the primary route of exposure. In high concentrations, dust,

vapors, fumes or mists may irritate nose, throat and mucus membranes.

**Skin Contact:** Moderately irritating to skin with prolonged exposure.

Eye contact: HEAT RAYS (INFRARED RADIATION) from flame or hot metal can injure

eyes.

**Ingestion:** Avoid ingestion - wear gloves and other appropriate personal protection -

wash hands thoroughly following use or handling.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

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Inhalation:

Short-term (acute) overexposure to fumes and gases from brazing and soldering may result in discomfort such as metal fume fever, dizziness, nausea, or dryness or irritation of nose, throat, or eyes. May aggravate preexisting respiratory problems (e.g. asthma, emphysema). Long-term (chronic) overexposure to fumes and gases from brazing and soldering can lead to siderosis (iron deposits in lung), central nervous system effects. bronchitis and other pulmonary effects. Products which contain lead or cadmium have additional specific health hazards - refer to Sections 2, 8 and 11 of this SDS. Depending on specific product composition, some products may produce hazardous concentrations of airborne oxides of cadmium, lead, zinc or fluoride compounds. Use adequate ventilation and respiratory protection during use. Avoid breathing fumes. Avoid ingestion wear gloves and other appropriate personal protection - wash hands thoroughly following use or handling. Inhalation of fumes may cause upper respiratory tract irritation and systemic poisoning with early symptoms including headache, coughing, and a metallic taste as well as metal fume fever. Chronic cadmium exposure causes lung and kidney damage. Chronic exposure to lead causes damage to lungs, liver, kidney, nervous system as well as blood and musculoskeletal disorders. Exposures to high levels of cadmium or lead dust or fume may be immediately dangerous to life or health and can cause delayed pneumonitis with fever and chest pain, and pulmonary edema resulting in death.

### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (list all possible routes of exposure)

Oral

Product: Not classified

Specified substance(s):

Copper and/or copper LD 50 (Rat): 481 mg/kg alloys and compounds

(as Cu)

Boric acid LD 50 (Rat): 2,660 mg/kg

Dermal

Product: Not classified

Inhalation

Product: Not classified

Repeated dose toxicity

Product: Not classified

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Product: Not classified

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Product: Not classified

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization

Product: Not classified

Carcinogenicity

**Product:** Arc rays: Skin cancer has been reported.

IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans:

No carcinogenic components identified

**Germ Cell Mutagenicity** 

In vitro

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Product: Not classified

In vivo

Product: Not classified

Reproductive toxicity

**Product:** Not classified

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure** 

Product: Not classified

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure** 

Product: Not classified

**Aspiration Hazard** 

Product: Not classified

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics under the condition of use Additional toxicological Information under the conditions of use:

**Acute toxicity** 

Inhalation

Specified substance(s):

Carbon dioxide LC Lo (Human, 5 min): 90000 ppm

Carbon monoxide LC 50 (Rat, 4 h): 1300 ppm Nitrogen dioxide LC 50 (Rat, 4 h): 88 ppm

Ozone LC Lo (Human, 30 min): 50 ppm

Other effects:

Specified substance(s):

Carbon dioxide Asphyxia

Carbon monoxide Carboxyhemoglobinemia
Nitrogen dioxide Lower respiratory tract irritation

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### **Ecotoxicity**

# Acute hazards to the aquatic environment:

Fish

Product: Not classified

Specified substance(s):

Silver LC 50 (Rainbow trout, donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss), 96 h): 0.013

mg/l

Copper and/or copper

alloys and compounds

LC 50 (Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas), 96 h): 1.6 mg/l

(as Cu)

Zinc LC 50 (Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas), 96 h): 1.277 - 3.649 mg/l

Boric acid LC 50 (Pimephales promelas, 96 h): 79.7 mg/l

Aquatic Invertebrates

Product: Not classified

Specified substance(s):

Silver LC 50 (Water flea (Daphnia pulex), 48 h): 0.014 mg/l Copper and/or copper EC 50 (Water flea (Daphnia magna), 48 h): 0.102 mg/l

alloys and compounds

(as Cu)

Zinc EC 50 (Water flea (Daphnia magna), 48 h): 2.8 mg/l

Boric acid LC 50 (Hyalella azteca, 96 h): 64 mg/l

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Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment:

**Fish** 

Product: Not classified

Aquatic Invertebrates

**Product:** Not classified

**Toxicity to Aquatic Plants** 

Product: Not classified

Specified substance(s):

Copper and/or copper alloys and compounds

(as Cu)

Persistence and Degradability

Biodegradation

**Product:** No data available.

Bioaccumulative potential

**Bioconcentration Factor (BCF)** 

**Product:** No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Copper and/or copper

Blue-green algae (Anacystis nidulans), Bioconcentration Factor (BCF):

LC 50 (Green algae (Scenedesmus dimorphus), 3 d): 0.0623 mg/l

alloys and compounds 36.01 (Static)

(as Cu)

Zinc Brown shrimp (Penaeus aztecus), Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): > 400 - <

600 (Static)

Mobility in soil: No data available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**General information:** The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized whenever

possible. When practical, recycle in an environmentally acceptable, regulatory compliant manner. Dispose of non-recyclable products in accordance with all applicable Federal, State, Provincial, and Local

requirements.

**Disposal instructions:** Dispose of this material and its container to hazardous or special waste

collection point.

Contaminated Packaging: Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal

facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product

characteristics at time of disposal.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**CNDG** 

**UN Number:** 

UN Proper Shipping Name: NOT DG REGULATED

No

Transport Hazard Class(es)

Class: NR Label(s): –

EmS No.:

Marine Pollutant:

Packing Group: –

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Special precautions for user: Not regulated.

**IMDG** 

**UN Number:** 

UN Proper Shipping Name: NOT DG REGULATED

Transport Hazard Class(es)

Class: NR Label(s): –

EmS No.:

Packing Group: –
Marine Pollutant: No

**IATA** 

**UN Number:** 

Proper Shipping Name: NOT DG REGULATED

Transport Hazard Class(es):

Class: NR
Label(s): –

Packing Group: –

Marine Pollutant: No
Cargo aircraft only: Allowed.

### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### China. National Catalogue of Hazardous Wastes

Not Regulated

### China. Highly Toxic Chemicals (Dept. of Health Notice)

Not Regulated

China. Very Toxic Chemicals (Public Notice No. 2)

China. Precursor Chemicals (Decree No. 445 of the PRC on Regulation for Administration of Precursor

Chemicals, Appendix: Categories 1-3)

Not Regulated

China: CWC. Controlled Chemicals List (Regulations on the Administration of Controlled Chemicals, Decree

No. 190, Dec. 27, 1995, as amended)

Not Regulated

China. Explosive Precursor Hazardous Chemicals (Ministry of Public Safety, 2011 version)

Zinc Listed.

China. National List of Ozone Depleting Substances (MEP/NDRC/MIIT Joint Notice No. 2010-72)

Zinc Listed.

**China. Catalog of Hazardous Chemicals** 

Zinc Listed.
Boric acid Listed.

**Inventory Status:** 

Australia AICS: On or in compliance with the inventory

Canada DSL Inventory List:

One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing.

One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing.

One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing.

One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing.

China Inv. Existing Chemical Substances: On or in compliance with the inventory

Korea Existing Chemicals Inv. (KECI):
Canada NDSL Inventory:
One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing.
One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing.
One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing.

SDS China SDS number: 200000007757 12/13



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Issue Date: 04.05.2018 Revision Date: 23.10.2018

Version: 2.0

US TSCA Inventory:

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals:

Japan ISHL Listing:

Japan Pharmacopoeia Listing:

Mexico INSQ: Ontario Inventory:

Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory:

One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing. One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing. One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing. One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing. One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing. One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing.

On or in compliance with the inventory

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

**Definitions:** 

**Revision Date:** 23.10.2018

**Further Information:** Additional information is available by request.

**References:** Prepared in accordance with GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519.

Disclaimer: The Lincoln Electric Company urges each end user and recipient of this SDS

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