

acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

Nu Finish - Soft Paste 9-16-19

Version number: GHS 5.0 Revision: 2020-10-21 Replaces version of: 2020-06-09 (GHS 4)

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name Nu Finish - Soft Paste 9-16-19

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses General use

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Energizer Manufacturing, Inc. 25225 Detroit Rd. Westlake OH 44145 United States

Telephone: 800-383-7323; 314-985-2000 (USA / CANADA)

Website: http://data.energizer.com

Energizer Trading Ltd.

Sword House, Totteridge Road, High Wycombe, HP13 6DG, UK

Telephone: +44(0)8000353376

e-mail: ConsumerServiceEU@energizer.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information service 1-314-985-1511 Int'l: 1-800-526-4727

This number is only available during the following

office hours: Mon-Fri 09:00 AM - 05:00 PM

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Section	Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and category	Hazard state- ment
A.7	reproductive toxicity	2	Repr. 2	H361f
A.9	specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	1	STOT RE 1	H372
A.10	aspiration hazard	1	Asp. Tox. 1	H304

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Delayed or immediate effects can be expected after short or long-term exposure. The mixture contains a substance that was identified as a PBT (persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic). The mixture contains a substance that was identified as vPvB (very persistent and very bioaccumulative).

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2.2 Label elements

Labelling acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

- Signal word danger

- Pictograms

GHS08



- Hazard statements

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H361f Suspected of damaging fertility.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

- Precautionary statements

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P301+P310 If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. P308+P313 If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P314 Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regula-

tions.

2.2.1.7 - Hazardous ingredients for labelling

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane, Light aromatic hydrocarbons, Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy, cumene

2.3 Other hazards

Special danger of slipping by leaking/spilling product.

Hazards not otherwise classified

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects (GHS category 1: aquatic toxicity - acute and/or chronic).

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Containing a PBT-/vPvB-substance in a concentration of \geq 0,1%.

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Not relevant (mixture)

3.2 Mixtures

Description of the mixture

Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms
Kaolin, calcined	CAS No 92704-41-1	10-<25	Acute Tox. 4 / H332	<u>(1)</u>
Light aromatic hydrocar- bons	CAS No 8052-41-3	5-<10	Acute Tox. 3 / H331 Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 STOT RE 1 / H372 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304 Flam. Liq. 3 / H226	
Octamethylcyclotetrasilox- ane	CAS No 556-67-2	5-<10	Repr. 2 / H361f	*
Naphtha (petroleum), hy- drodesulfurized heavy	CAS No 64742-82-1	1-<5	STOT RE 1 / H372 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304 Flam. Liq. 1 / H224	(3)

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1 Description of first- aid measures

General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Keep affected person warm, still and covered. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. Provide fresh air.

Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting.

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4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms and effects are not known to date.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray, BC-powder, Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Coordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapors/dust/aerosols/gases.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it. If substance has entered a water course or sewer, inform the responsible authority.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Collect spillage: sawdust, kieselgur (diatomite), sand, universal binder

Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

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Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Recommendations

- Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation Use local and general ventilation. Use only in well-ventilated areas.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Control of the effects

Protect against external exposure, such as

Frost

- Packaging compatibilities

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See section 16 for a general overview.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Coun try	Name of agent	CAS No	Iden- tifier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/ m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil- ing-C [ppm]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³]	Nota tion	Sourc e
US	stoddard solvent	8052-41- 3	PEL (CA)	100	525						Cal/ OSHA PEL
US	stoddard solvent	8052-41- 3	REL		350 (10 h)				1,800 (15 min)		NIOSH REL

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Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Coun try	Name of agent	CAS No	Iden- tifier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/ m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil- ing-C [ppm]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³]	Nota tion	Sourc e
US	stoddard solvent	8052-41- 3	TLV®	100							AC- GIH® 2019
US	stoddard solvent	8052-41- 3	PEL	500	2,900						29 CFR 1910.1 000

Notation

Ceiling-C STEL

TWA

ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur

short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period

(unless otherwise specified)

time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified

Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	End- point	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
Kaolin, calcined	92704-41-1	DNEL	3 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - system- ic effects
Kaolin, calcined	92704-41-1	DNEL	3 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic effects
Kaolin, calcined	92704-41-1	DNEL	3 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local ef- fects
Kaolin, calcined	92704-41-1	DNEL	3 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local ef- fects
Light aromatic hydro- carbons	8052-41-3	DNEL	44 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - system- ic effects
Light aromatic hydro- carbons	8052-41-3	DNEL	55 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic effects
Light aromatic hydro- carbons	8052-41-3	DNEL	44 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local ef- fects
Light aromatic hydro- carbons	8052-41-3	DNEL	55 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local ef- fects
Light aromatic hydro- carbons	8052-41-3	DNEL	80 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - system- ic effects
Light aromatic hydro- carbons	8052-41-3	DNEL	30 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	acute - systemic effects

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Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	End- point	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
Octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	DNEL	73 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - system- ic effects
Octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	DNEL	73 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic effects
Octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	DNEL	73 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local ef- fects
Octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	DNEL	73 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local ef- fects

Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	End- point	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
Kaolin, calcined	92704-41-1	PNEC	4.1 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
Kaolin, calcined	92704-41-1	PNEC	0.41 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
Kaolin, calcined	92704-41-1	PNEC	1,400 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	sewage treat- ment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
Light aromatic hydro- carbons	8052-41-3	PNEC	0.14 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
Light aromatic hydro- carbons	8052-41-3	PNEC	0.35 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
Light aromatic hydro- carbons	8052-41-3	PNEC	1.14 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	freshwater sedi- ment	short-term (single instance)
Light aromatic hydro- carbons	8052-41-3	PNEC	0.14 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
Octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	PNEC	1.5 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
Octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	PNEC	0.15 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
Octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	PNEC	10 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	sewage treat- ment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
Octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	PNEC	3 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	freshwater sedi- ment	short-term (single instance)
Octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	PNEC	0.3 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)

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Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	End- point	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
Octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	PNEC	0.54 ^{mg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation.

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

Skin protection

- Hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

- Other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	liquid (paste)
Color	various
Odor	characteristic

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Other safety parameters

pH (value)	not determined
Melting point/freezing point	not determined
Initial boiling point and boiling range	≥-20 °C at 101.3 kPa
Flash point	>95 °C
Evaporation rate	not determined
Flammability (solid, gas)	not relevant, (fluid)

Explosive limits

- Lower explosion limit (LEL)	1.4 vol%
- Upper explosion limit (UEL)	7.6 vol%
Vapor pressure	≤240 kPa at 37.8 °C
Density	not determined
Vapor density	this information is not available
Relative density	information on this property is not available
Solubility(ies)	not determined

Partition coefficient

- n-octanol/water (log KOW)	this information is not available
Auto-ignition temperature	
Viscosity	not determined
Explosive properties	none
Oxidizing properties	none

9.2 Other information there is no additional information

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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials".

10.2 Chemical stability

See below "Conditions to avoid".

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

There are no specific conditions known which have to be avoided.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Oxidizers

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	ATE
Kaolin, calcined	92704-41-1	inhalation: dust/mist	2.07 ^{mg} / _l /4h
Light aromatic hydrocarbons	8052-41-3	inhalation: vapor	5.5 ^{mg} / _l /4h

Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant.

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Respiratory or skin sensitization

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitizer.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging fertility.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
Kaolin, calcined	92704-41-1	LC50	>100 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
Kaolin, calcined	92704-41-1	EC50	>100 ^{mg} / _I	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
Kaolin, calcined	92704-41-1	ErC50	2,500 ^{mg} / _l	algae	72 h
Light aromatic hydro- carbons	8052-41-3	LC50	0.18 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
Light aromatic hydro- carbons	8052-41-3	LL50	41.4 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
Light aromatic hydro- carbons	8052-41-3	EL50	2.5 ^{mg} / _l	algae	96 h
Light aromatic hydro- carbons	8052-41-3	EC50	0.58 ^{mg} / _l	algae	96 h
Octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	LC50	>22 ^{µg} / _l	fish	96 h

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Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
Octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	EC50	>15 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
Octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	ErC50	>22 ^{µg} / _l	algae	96 h
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	64742-82-1	LL50	8.2 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	64742-82-1	EL50	4.5 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h

Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
Kaolin, calcined	92704-41-1	EC50	2,800 ^{mg} / _l	microorganisms	16 h
Light aromatic hydro- carbons	8052-41-3	EL50	1.19 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	21 d
Light aromatic hydro- carbons	8052-41-3	EC50	0.33 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	21 d
Octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	LC50	10 ^{µg} / _l	fish	14 d
Octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	EC50	>15 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	21 d
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	64742-82-1	EL50	10 ^{mg} / _i	fish	21 d
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	64742-82-1	EC50	15.41 ^{mg} / _l	microorganisms	40 h

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Data are not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

The substance fulfills the very bioaccumulative criterion.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

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12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The mixture contains a substance that was identified as a PBT (persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic). The mixture contains a substance that was identified as vPvB (very persistent and very bioaccumulative).

12.6 Other adverse effects

Endocrine disrupting potential

The mixture contains substance(s) with an endocrine disrupting potential.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

Waste treatment of containers/packages

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to DOT) may be used. Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

Remarks

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1	UN number	3082

Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. 14.2 UN proper shipping name

Technical name (hazardous ingredients) Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane, Light aromatic hy-

drocarbons

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Class 9 (environmentally hazardous)

14.4 Packing group III (substance presenting low danger)

Environmental hazards 14.5 hazardous to the aquatic environment

Environmentally hazardous substance (aquatic Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane, Light aromatic hydrocarbons environment)

Special precautions for user 14.6

There is no additional information.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

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Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Not regulated when carried in single or combination packaging containing a net quantity of 5L or less or 5 kg or less per

the following: DOT: 171.4(2) ADR: SP 375 IMDG: 2.10.2.7

IATA: special provision A197, DOT

Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT)

Index number 3082

Proper shipping name Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.

- Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN3082, Environmentally hazardous substance, li-

quid, n.o.s., (contains: Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane, Light aromatic hydrocarbons), 9, III

- Reportable quantity (RQ) 11,100,000 lbs (5,039,400 kg) (xylene) (naphthalene)

Class 9
Packing group III

Danger label(s) 9, fish and tree



Environmental hazards yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Special provisions (SP)

8, 146, 173, 335, IB3, T4, TP1, TP29

ERG No 171

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)

UN number 3082

Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LI-

QUID, N.O.S.

- Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN3082, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUB-

STANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S., (contains: Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane, Light aromatic hydrocarbons), 9, III

Class

Marine pollutant Yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Packing group III

Danger label(s) 9, fish and tree



Special provisions (SP) 274, 335, 969

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Excepted quantities (EQ) E1
Limited quantities (LQ) 5 L
EmS F-A, S-F
Stowage category A

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR)

UN number 3082

Proper shipping name Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.

- Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN3082, Environmentally hazardous substance, li-

quid, n.o.s., (contains: Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane, Light aromatic hydrocarbons), 9, III

Class

Environmental hazards yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Packing group III

Danger label(s) 9, fish and tree

Special provisions (SP) A97, A158, A197

Excepted quantities (EQ) E1
Limited quantities (LQ) 30 kg

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question National regulations (United States)

Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act (SARA TITLE III)

- The List of Extremely Hazardous Substances and Their Threshold Planning Quantities (EPCRA Section 302, 304)

none of the ingredients are listed

Clean Air Act

none of the ingredients are listed

Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

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- Cleaning Product Right to Know Act Substance List (CA-RTK)

Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Functional- ity	Authoritative Lists
Water		7732-18-5	solvents	
Kaolin, calcined		92704-41-1	polishing agent	
Light aromatic hydrocarbons	Stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	solvents	ATSDR Neurotoxicants CWA 303(d) EC Annex VI CMRs - Cat. 1B
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (D4)	556-67-2	emulsifier	Canada PBiTs CECBP - Priority Chemicals EC PBTs
Naphtha (petroleum), hy- drodesulfurized heavy	Naphtha (petroleum), hy- drodesulfurized heavy	64742-82-1	solvents	Canada PBiTs EC Annex VI CMRs - Cat. 1B
Silicone compound		63148-62-9	water repel- lent	
Dimethyl siloxane		69430-40-6	surfactant	
Sodium Citrate		6132-04-3	chelating agent	
Isopropyl alcohol	Isopropanol	67-63-0	diluent	OEHHA RELS
Methanol	Methanol	67-56-1	impurity	CA TACs NTP OHAT - Repr. or Dev. Toxicants OEHHA RELs Prop 65
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	decamethylcyclopentasiloxane (D5)	541-02-6	emulsifier	Canada PBiTs CECBP - Priority Chemicals EC PBTs

- Toxic or Hazardous Substance List (MA-TURA)

Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	DEP CODE	PBT / HHS / LHS	PBT / HHS Thres hold	De Minimis Concentra- tion Threshold
isopropyl alcohol	Isopropyl alcohol (mfg-strong acid process)	67-63-0				1.0 %

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- Hazardous Substances List (MN-ERTK)

Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	References	Remarks
Light aromatic hydrocarbons	Stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	A, N, O	
Naphtha (petroleum), hy- drodesulfurized heavy	Stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	A, N, O	

Legend

American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH), "Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents and Biological Exposure Indices for 1992-93", available from ACGIH

National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), "Recommendations for Occupational Safety and Health Standards,"

N National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), "Recommendations for Occupational Safety and Health Standards," August 1988, available from NIOSH, Publications Dissemination Office, Division of Standards Development and Technology Transfer

O Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), Safety and Health Standards, Code of Federal Regulations, title 29, part 1910, subpart Z, "Toxic and Hazardous Substances, 1990." General information: Minnesota Department of Labor and Industry, Occupational Safety and Health Division

- Hazardous Substance List (NJ-RTK)

Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Remarks	Classifications
isopropyl alcohol	isopropyl alcohol (2-propanol) (isopropanol)	67-63-0		F3
Light aromatic hydrocarbons	stoddard solvent	8052-41-3		F2
Naphtha (petroleum), hy- drodesulfurized heavy	stoddard solvent	8052-41-3		F2

Legend

F2 Flammable - Second Degree F3 Flammable - Third Degree

- Hazardous Substance List (Chapter 323) (PA-RTK)

Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Classification
isopropyl alcohol	2-PROPANOL	67-63-0	Е
Light aromatic hydrocarbons	STODDARD SOLVENT	8052-41-3	
Naphtha (petroleum), hy- drodesulfurized heavy	STODDARD SOLVENT	8052-41-3	

Legend

E Environmental hazard

- Hazardous Substance List (RI-RTK)

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Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	References
isopropyl alcohol	isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	Т, F
Light aromatic hydrocarbons	Stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	Т
Naphtha (petroleum), hy- drodesulfurized heavy	Stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	Т

Legend

F Flammability (NFPA®)
T Toxicity (ACGIH®)

California Environmental Protection Agency (Cal/EPA): Proposition 65 - Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1987

Proposition 65 List of chemicals

Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Remarks	Type of the toxicity
ethylbenzene	100-41-4		cancer
cumene	98-82-8		cancer
methanol	67-56-1		developmental

Industry or sector specific available guidance(s)

NPCA-HMIS® III

Hazardous Materials Identification System. American Coatings Association.

Category	Rating	Description
Chronic	*	chronic (long-term) health effects may result from repeated overexposure
Health	0	no significant risk to health
Flammability	1	material that must be preheated before ignition can occur
Physical hazard	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will not react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-explosive
Personal protection	-	

NFPA® 704

National Fire Protection Association: Standard System for the Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response (United States).

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Category	Degree of hazard	Description
Flammability	1	material that must be preheated before ignition can occur
Health	0	material that, under emergency conditions, would offer no hazard beyond that of or- dinary combustible material
Instability	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions
Special hazard		

National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AICS	not all ingredients are listed
CA	DSL	not all ingredients are listed
CN	IECSC	all ingredients are listed
EU	ECSI	not all ingredients are listed
EU	REACH Reg.	not all ingredients are listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	not all ingredients are listed
JP	ISHA-ENCS	not all ingredients are listed
KR	KECI	all ingredients are listed
MX	INSQ	not all ingredients are listed
NZ	NZIoC	all ingredients are listed
PH	PICCS	all ingredients are listed
TR	CICR	not all ingredients are listed
TW	TCSI	all ingredients are listed
US	TSCA	not all ingredients are listed

Legend

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS) AICS CICR CSCL-ENCS DSL

Domestic Substances List (DSL) EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP) **ECSI**

IECSC Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China

INSQ National Inventory of Chemical Substances

ISHA-ENCS

KECI NZIoC

Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ISHA-ENCS)
Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS) PICCS

REACH Reg. REACH registered substances

TCSI Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

TSCA Toxic Substance Control Act

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15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
3.2		Description of the mixture: change in the listing (table)	yes
9.2	Other information	other information: there is no additional information	yes
9.2	Solvent content: 88.74 %		yes
9.2	Solid content: 10.75 %		yes
12.1		Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components of the mix- ture: change in the listing (table)	yes
14.7	Reportable quantity (RQ): 11,100,000 lbs (5,039,400 kg) (methanol) (ethyl- benzene)	Reportable quantity (RQ): 11,100,000 lbs (5,039,400 kg) (xylene) (naph- thalene)	yes
15.1		Cleaning Product Right to Know Act Substance List (CA-RTK): change in the listing (table)	yes
15.1		Toxic or Hazardous Substance List (MA-TURA): change in the listing (table)	yes
15.1		Hazardous Substances List (MN-ERTK): change in the listing (table)	yes
15.1		Hazardous Substance List (NJ-RTK): change in the listing (table)	yes
15.1		Hazardous Substance List (Chapter 323) (PA-RTK): change in the listing (table)	yes
15.1		Hazardous Substance List (RI-RTK): change in the listing (table)	yes
15.1		California Environmental Protection Agency (Cal/ EPA): Proposition 65 - Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1987	yes
15.1		Proposition 65 List of chemicals: change in the listing (table)	yes

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Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
29 CFR 1910.1000	29 CFR 1910.1000, Tables Z-1, Z-2, Z-3 - Occupational Safety and Health Standards: Toxic and Hazardous Substances (permissible exposure limits)
49 CFR US DOT	49 CFR U.S. Department of Transportation
ACGIH®	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
ACGIH® 2019	From ACGIH®, 2019 TLVs® and BEIs® Book. Copyright 2019. Reprinted with permission. Information on the proper use of the TLVs® and BEIs®: http://www.acgih.org/tlv-bei-guidelines/policies-procedures-presentations/tlv-bei-position-statement
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity
Asp. Tox.	Aspiration hazard
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
Cal/OSHA PEL	California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal/OSHA): Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs)
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
DEP CODE	Department of Environmental Protection Code
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
DOT	Department of Transportation (USA)
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
EL50	Effective Loading 50 %: the EL50 corresponds to the loading rate required to produce a response in 50% of the test organisms
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control
ERG No	Emergency Response Guidebook - Number
Flam. Liq.	Flammable liquid
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
HHS	Higher hazard substance
IATA	International Air Transport Association

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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LHS	Lower hazard substance
LL50	Lethal Loading 50 %: the LL50 corresponds to the loading rate causing 50 % lethality
MARPOL	International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (abbr. of "Marine Pollutant")
NFPA®	National Fire Protection Association (United States)
NIOSH REL	National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH): Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
NPCA-HMIS® III	National Paint and Coatings Association: Hazardous Materials Identification System - HMIS® III, Third Edition
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration (United States)
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PEL	Permissible exposure limit
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
ppm	Parts per million
Repr.	Reproductive toxicity
RTECS	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (database of NIOSH with toxicological information)
Skin Corr.	Corrosive to skin
Skin Irrit.	Irritant to skin
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
STOT RE	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
TLV®	Threshold Limit Values
TWA	Time-weighted average
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Key literature references and sources for data

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS), 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

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Classification procedure

Physical and chemical properties: The classification is based on tested mixture. Health hazards, Environmental hazards: The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in chapter 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H224	Extremely flammable liquid and vapor.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H361f	Suspected of damaging fertility.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

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