# SAFETY DATA SHEET



TruFuel 50 Fuel

## **Section 1. Identification**

GHS product identifier : TruFuel 50 Fuel
Product code : 301027210001
Other means of : Not available.

identification

Product type : Liquid.

## Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses		
Industrial applications: Fuel. Petrochemical industry: Fuel.		
Uses advised against	Reason	
None known.		

Supplier's details : Calumet Branded Products, LLC

2780 Waterfront Pkwy E. Drive Suite 200

Indianapolis, IN 46214

USA

Technical Services:317-328-5660

**Emergency telephone** 

number

: 24 hr. CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 / International 1-703-527-3887

## Section 2. Hazards identification

#### **OSHA/HCS** status

Classification of the substance or mixture

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract

irritation) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (hearing organs,

kidneys, liver) - Category 2

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity:

18.8%

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity:

100%

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation

toxicity: 66.7%

#### **GHS** label elements

Date of issue/Date of revision : 05/12/2020 Version : 3.01 1/17

## Section 2. Hazards identification

## **Hazard pictograms**









## Signal word

: Danger

#### **Hazard statements**

: Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

Causes serious eye irritation.

Causes skin irritation.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Suspected of causing cancer.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

May cause respiratory irritation.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs,

kidneys, liver)

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## **Precautionary statements**

### **Prevention**

: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

#### Response

: Collect spillage. Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

#### **Storage**

: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

**Disposal** 

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

# Supplemental label elements

: Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Hazards not otherwise classified

: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture
Other means of
identification

: Mixture: Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Maphtha (petroleum), full-range alkylate, butane-contg.	≥50 - ≤75	68527-27-5
toluene	≥25 - ≤30	108-88-3
isopentane	≤10	78-78-4
pentane	≤10	109-66-0
ethylbenzene	≤2.6	100-41-4
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	<1	64742-49-0
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	≤0.1	95-63-6

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 05/12/2020 Version : 3.01 2/17

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

## **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact** 

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Skin contact** 

: Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

Inhalation

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

## Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

## Potential acute health effects

Eye contact

: Causes serious eye irritation.

dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

**Skin contact**: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.

**Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and

enters airways.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Date of issue/Date of revision : 05/12/2020 Version : 3.01 3/17

## Section 4. First aid measures

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

## Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

: No specific treatment.

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to

give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

## See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

## **Extinguishing media**

**Specific treatments** 

Suitable extinguishing

media

**Unsuitable extinguishing** 

media

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

## Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 05/12/2020 Version : 3.01 4/17

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

#### **Environmental precautions**

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

#### **Small spill**

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

## Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

## Precautions for safe handling

#### **Protective measures**

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

## **Advice on general** occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

## Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 05/12/2020 Version : 3.01

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

## **Control parameters**

**Occupational exposure limits** 

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Maphtha (petroleum), full-range alkylate, butane-contg.	ACGIH TLV (United States).
roluene	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.  ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).  TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.  OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013).  TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.  CEIL: 300 ppm
	AMP: 500 ppm 10 minutes.  OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).  TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.  TWA: 375 mg/m³ 8 hours.  STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.  STEL: 560 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).  TWA: 375 mg/m³ 10 hours.  TWA: 375 mg/m³ 10 hours.  STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.  STEL: 560 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
isopentane	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
pentane	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).  TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.  OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).  TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.  TWA: 2950 mg/m³ 8 hours.  OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).  TWA: 600 ppm 8 hours.  TWA: 1800 mg/m³ 8 hours.  STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes.  STEL: 2250 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).  TWA: 120 ppm 10 hours.  TWA: 350 mg/m³ 10 hours.  CEIL: 610 ppm 15 minutes.  CEIL: 1800 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
ethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).  TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.  OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).  TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.  TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours.  OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).  TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.  TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours.  STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.  STEL: 545 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).  TWA: 435 mg/m³ 10 hours.  TWA: 435 mg/m³ 10 hours.  STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	STEL: 545 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  OSHA PEL (United States).  TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.  TWA: 1800 mg/m³ 8 hours.  ACGIH TLV (United States).  TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.  ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).

Date of issue/Date of revision : 05/12/2020 Version : 3.01 6/17

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 123 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 125 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).

TWA: 25 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 125 mg/m³ 10 hours.

# Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

# **Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

#### Skin protection

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** 

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

## **Appearance**

Physical state : Liquid.

Color : Clear. Red.

Odor : Characteristic. Hydrocarbon.

Odor threshold : Not available.
pH : Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 05/12/2020 Version : 3.01 7/17

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Melting point** : Not available.

: >54.444°C (>130°F) **Boiling point** Flash point : Closed cup: -40°C (-40°F)

**Evaporation rate** : Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available. Lower and upper explosive : Not available.

(flammable) limits

: Not available. Vapor pressure Vapor density : Not available. : 0.732

**Relative density** 

**Solubility** : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

: Not available. Solubility in water Partition coefficient: n-: Not available.

octanol/water

**Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available. **Decomposition temperature** : Not available.

**Viscosity** : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <0.205 cm<sup>2</sup>/s (<20.5 cSt)

Flow time (ISO 2431) : Not available.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. Reactivity

**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

**Possibility of hazardous** 

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld,

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

**Incompatible materials** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidizing materials

**Hazardous decomposition** 

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

## Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Maphtha (petroleum), full- range alkylate, butane-contg.	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat Rat	49 g/m³ 636 mg/kg	4 hours
isopentane pentane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat Rat	280000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 364 g/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours 4 hours
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat Rabbit	4000 ppm >5000 mg/kg	4 hours
Niggisting (restaura)	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	- - 4 h
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>5.2 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rat Rat	>2000 mg/kg >5000 mg/kg	-  -

Date of issue/Date of revision 8/17 : 05/12/2020 Version: 3.01

# Section 11. Toxicological information

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m³	4 hours	•
	LD50 Oral	Dat 1	5 g/kg	-	

## **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
toluene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes	-
				100 mg	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	870 ug	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Pig	-	24 hours 250	-
				UI	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	435 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
				mg	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 milligrams	-

## **Sensitization**

Not available.

## **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

## **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

## **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
toluene	-	3	-
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-

## **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

## **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

## Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Maphtha (petroleum), full-range alkylate, butane-contg. toluene	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3	Not applicable. Not applicable. Not applicable.	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation
isopentane pentane ethylbenzene Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 3	Not applicable. Not applicable. Not applicable. Not applicable. Not applicable. Not applicable.	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Date of issue/Date of revision : 05/12/2020 Version : 3.01 9/17

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	,	Route of exposure	Target organs
	- 5 7		kidneys and liver hearing organs

## **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
Maphtha (petroleum), full-range alkylate, butane-contg.	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
isopentane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
pentane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Not available.

Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

**Skin contact**: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.

**Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and

enters airways.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

# <u>Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure</u> <u>Short term exposure</u>

Date of issue/Date of revision : 05/12/2020 Version : 3.01 10/17

# Section 11. Toxicological information

**Potential immediate** 

effects

: Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** 

: Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

## Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or

repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.

**Carcinogenicity** : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure.

**Mutagenicity**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Teratogenicity**: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

**Developmental effects**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : Suspected of damaging fertility.

## **Numerical measures of toxicity**

## **Acute toxicity estimates**

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
ruFuel 50 Bulk	2254.9	N/A	86691.5	N/A	N/A
toluene	636	N/A	N/A	49	N/A
isopentane	N/A	N/A	N/A	280	N/A
pentane	N/A	N/A	N/A	364	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	N/A	4000	N/A	N/A
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	5000	N/A	N/A	18	N/A

# **Section 12. Ecological information**

### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
loluene	Acute EC50 12500 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 11600 μg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pseudolimnaeus - Adult	48 hours
	Acute EC50 6000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch - Fry	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
isopentane	Acute EC50 2.3 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4600 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 3600 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours

Date of issue/Date of revision : 05/12/2020 Version : 3.01 11/17

TruFuel 50 Fu
---------------

# Section 12. Ecological information

Acute LC50 4200 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Acute EC50 1 to 10 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
Acute EC50 1 to 10 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
Acute LC50 1 to 10 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Acute LC50 4910 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Elasmopus	48 hours
	pectenicrus - Adult	
Acute LC50 7720 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute EC50 1 to 10 mg/l Acute EC50 1 to 10 mg/l Acute LC50 1 to 10 mg/l Acute LC50 4910 µg/l Marine water	Acute EC50 1 to 10 mg/l  Acute EC50 1 to 10 mg/l  Acute LC50 1 to 10 mg/l  Acute LC50 4910 µg/l Marine water  Daphnia  Fish  Crustaceans - Elasmopus pectenicrus - Adult

## Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
ethylbenzene	301F Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test 301B Ready Biodegradability - CO <sub>2</sub> Evolution Test	71.43 % - 28 days 70 to 80 % - 28 days	3	-	-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis	•	Biodegradability
toluene	-		-		Readily Readily

F0.401.0			. todaiij
isopentane	-	-	Readily
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily
Naphtha (petroleum),	-	-	Inherent
hydrotreated light			

## **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Maphtha (petroleum), full- range alkylate, butane-contg.	-	10 to 2500	high
toluene	2.73	90	low
isopentane	3	171	low
pentane	3.45	171	low
ethylbenzene	3.6	-	low
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	2.2 to 5.2	10 to 2500	high
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.63	243	low

#### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

## Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 05/12/2020 Version : 3.01 12/17

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List

Ingredient	CAS#		Reference number
Toluene; Benzene, methyl-	108-88-3	Listed	U220

# **Section 14. Transport information**

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1203	UN1203	UN1203	UN1203
UN proper shipping name	Gasoline RQ (toluene, ethylbenzene)	ØASOLINE. Marine pollutant (Naphtha (petroleum), full-range alkylate, butane-contg., isopentane)	ØASOLINE. Marine pollutant (Naphtha (petroleum), full-range alkylate, butane-contg., isopentane)	Gasoline
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
Packing group	II	II	II	П
Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

#### Additional information

**DOT Classification** 

: Reportable quantity 3643.7 lbs / 1654.2 kg [597 gal / 2259.9 L]. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.

Limited quantity Yes.

<u>Packaging instruction</u> Exceptions: 150. Non-bulk: 202. Bulk: 242. <u>Quantity limitation</u> Passenger aircraft/rail: 5 L. Cargo aircraft: 60 L.

**Special provisions** 144, 177, B1, B33, IB2, T4

**TDG Classification** 

Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark).

The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported by road or rail.

**Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index** 30

Passenger Carrying Vessel Index 100
Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index 5

**Special provisions** 17, 88, 98, 150

**IMDG** 

: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. Emergency schedules F-E, S-E

Special provisions 243

IATA

: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

**Quantity limitation** Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 5 L. Packaging instructions: 353. Cargo Aircraft Only: 60 L. Packaging instructions: 364. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 1 L. Packaging instructions: Y341.

**Special provisions** A100

Date of issue/Date of revision : 05/12/2020 Version : 3.01 13/17

# Section 14. Transport information

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according

: Not available.

to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

# Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

: TSCA 8(a) PAIR: pentane; naphthalene; acetaldehyde

TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: toluene; ethylbenzene; naphthalene

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: toluene; ethylbenzene; naphthalene; xylene

Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: isopentane; pentane

Clean Air Act Section 112

(b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs)**  : Listed

**Clean Air Act Section 602** 

Class I Substances

: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class II Substances

: Not listed

**DEA List I Chemicals** 

: Not listed

(Precursor Chemicals)

**DEA List II Chemicals** 

: Listed

(Essential Chemicals)

## **SARA 302/304**

## **Composition/information on ingredients**

			SARA 302 TPQ		<b>SARA 304 F</b>	RQ.
Name	%	EHS	(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)
furan propylene oxide	<0.1 <0.1	Yes. Yes.	500 10000	64.1 1444.3	100 100	12.8 14.4

**SARA 304 RQ** : 450531627.3 lbs / 204541358.8 kg [73817090.8 gal / 279428085.8 L]

**SARA 311/312** 

Classification : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2

> SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract

irritation) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (hearing organs,

kidneys, liver) - Category 2

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

**HNOC** - Defatting irritant

**Composition/information on ingredients** 

Date of issue/Date of revision : 05/12/2020 Version: 3.01 14/17

# Section 15. Regulatory information

Name	%	Classification
Maphtha (petroleum), full-range	≥50 - ≤75	
alkylate, butane-contg.	250 - 275	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
alkylate, butarie-cortig.		TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
toluene	≥25 - ≤30	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
loiderie	220 - 300	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
		EXPOSURE) (kidneys, liver) - Category 2
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		HNOC - Static-accumulating flammable liquid
isopentane	≤10	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 1
'		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		HNOC - Defatting irritant
		HNOC - Static-accumulating flammable liquid
pentane	≤10	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
		SIMPLE ASPHYXIANTS
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		HNOC - Defatting irritant
		HNOC - Static-accumulating flammable liquid
ethylbenzene	≤2.6	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
		EXPOSURE) (hearing organs) - Category 2
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 HNOC - Static-accumulating flammable liquid
Naphtha (petroleum),	<1	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
hydrotreated light		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B
		TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2
		TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Industry) - Category 2
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	≤0.1	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
, , ,		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
		ASPIRATION HÁZARD - Category 1

**SARA 313** 

 Date of issue/Date of revision
 : 05/12/2020
 Version
 : 3.01
 15/17

# Section 15. Regulatory information

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	ethylbenzene	100-41-4	≥25 - ≤30 ≤2.6 <0.0025
Supplier notification		108-88-3 100-41-4	≥25 - ≤30 ≤2.6

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

#### State regulations

**Massachusetts** : The following components are listed: TOLUENE; METHYLBENZENE; ETHYL

BENZENE; ETHYLBENZENE; ISOPENTANE; PENTANE

**New York** : The following components are listed: Toluene; Ethylbenzene

: The following components are listed: TOLUENE; BENZENE, METHYL-; ETHYL **New Jersey** 

BENZENE; BENZENE, ETHYL-; ISOPENTANE; BUTANE, 2-METHYL-; PENTANE

**Pennsylvania** The following components are listed: BENZENE, METHYL-; BENZENE, ETHYL-;

BUTANE, 2-METHYL-; PENTANE

## California Prop. 65

MARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Ethylbenzene, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Toluene, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Information provided is based on industrial use and may not be relevant to consumer applications.

Ingredient name	Concentration (%)	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Toluene	15.683 - 27.445	-	Yes.
Ethylbenzene	0.078486 - 2.3525	Yes.	-
Naphthalene	<0.0016485	Yes.	-
Cumene	0.00022196 - 0.0010876	-	-

## **International lists**

**National inventory** 

**Australia** : At least one component is not listed. Canada : All components are listed or exempted. China : At least one component is not listed. **Europe** : All components are listed or exempted.

**Japan** Japan inventory (ENCS): At least one component is not listed.

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

**New Zealand** : At least one component is not listed.

**Philippines** : Not determined. Republic of Korea Not determined.

**Taiwan** : All components are listed or exempted.

**Thailand** : Not determined. **Turkey** Not determined.

**United States** : All components are listed or exempted.

**Viet Nam** : Not determined.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 05/12/2020 Version : 3.01 16/17

## Section 16. Other information

## Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 2, H225	On basis of test data
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2A, H319	Calculation method
Carc. 2, H351	Calculation method
Repr. 2, H361 (Fertility)	Calculation method
Repr. 2, H361 (Unborn child)	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H335	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs, kidneys, liver)	Calculation method
Asp. Tox. 1, H304	Calculation method
Aquatic Acute 3, H402	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method

#### **History**

Date of issue/Date of

revision Version

: 3.01

: 05/12/2020

Key to abbreviations

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

## **Notice to reader**

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 05/12/2020 Version : 3.01 17/17