

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations

Version: 1.0

US GHS SDS

Revision Date: 05/13/2021 Date of Issue: 05/13/2021

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

1.1. Product Identifier

Product Form: Mixture

Product Name: Super Hard Shell Paste Wax

Product Code: T-222R (50187), T-222RC (50188), T-223R (50190), 50810, 53765

1.2. Intended Use of the Product

Use of the Substance/Mixture: Automotive Wax/Polish/Sealant/Glaze - All Other Forms

1.3. Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Manufacturer Turtle Wax, Inc.

2250 W. Pinehurst Blvd., Suite 150

Addison, IL 60101-6103

Phone Number: 1(630)455-3700 Toll-Free Number: 1(800)887-8539

1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number : CHEMTREC

Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300 or +1-703-527-3887 (collect calls

accepted)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the Substance or Mixture

Skin Sens. 1 H317 Repr. 2 H361

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

2.2. Label Elements

GHS-US Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)



GHSDR

Signal Word (GHS-US) : Warning

Hazard Statements (GHS-US) : H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Precautionary Statements (GHS-US): P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P261 - Avoid breathing mist, spray, vapors, dust.

P272 - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye protection.

P302+P352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.

P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P321 - Specific treatment (see section 4 on this SDS).

P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national,

and international regulations.

2.3. Other Hazards

Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions.

2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

05/13/2021 EN (English US) 1/12

Safety Data Sheet
According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations US GHS SDS

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substance

Not applicable

3.2. **Mixture**

Name	Synonyms	Product Identifier	%	GHS US classification
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light	Hydrotreated Light Alkanes / Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light / Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light	(CAS-No.) 64742-47-8	5 - 10	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 2, H401 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
Kaolin	Kaolin Clay / KAOLIN	(CAS-No.) 1332-58-7	3.15 – 3.5	Not classified
Amino modified organopolysiloxane		(CAS-No.) Proprietary	0.1 - 1	Repr. 2, H361
Titanium dioxide	C.I. 77891 / C.I. Pigment White 6 / Titanium oxide (TiO2)	(CAS-No.) 13463-67-7	0.0035 – 0.1015	Not classified
1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)- one	Benzisothiazolinone / 1,2- Benzisothiazolin-3-one / 1,2- Benzisothiazolone	(CAS-No.) 2634-33-5	0.044982 - 0.054978	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 Comb. Dust
Sodium hydroxide	Sodium Hydroxide / Caustic soda / Sodium hydroxide (Na(OH)) / LYE	(CAS-No.) 1310-73-2	0.012495 - 0.017493	Met. Corr. 1, H290 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 3, H402
1,2-Propanediol	Propylene glycol / 1,2-Propylene glycol / 1,2-Dihydroxypropane	(CAS-No.) 57-55-6	< 0.01	Not classified
Carbon black	Carbon Black Dispersion / C.I. 77266 / C.I. Pigment Black 6	(CAS-No.) 1333-86-4	< 0.01	Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist), H332 Carc. 2, H351 Comb. Dust
Cyclohexane	Cyclohexane / Benzene, hexahydro- / Hexahydrobenzene	(CAS-No.) 110-82-7	< 0.01	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410
Ethyl acetate	Ethyl Acetate / Acetic acid, ethyl ester / Ethyl ethanoate	(CAS-No.) 141-78-6	< 0.01	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H336
Acrylic acid	Acrylic Acid / Acroleic acid / Propenoic acid	(CAS-No.) 79-10-7	< 0.01	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal), H311 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:vapour), H331 Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

05/13/2021 EN (English US) 2/12

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations US GHS SDS

Octamethylcyclotetr		(CAS-No.) 556-67-2	< 0.01	Flam. Liq. 3, H226
xane	Cyclotetrasiloxane, 2,2,4,4,6,6,8,8-octamethyl- / D4			Repr. 2, H361
	2,2,4,4,0,0,0,0-octametmyi- / D4			Aquatic Chronic 4, H413

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage of composition have been withheld as a trade secret [29 CFR 1910.1200]

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of First-aid Measures

First-aid Measures General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

First-aid Measures After Inhalation: When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty persists.

First-aid Measures After Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Immediately drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid Measures After Eye Contact: Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

First-aid Measures After Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.

4.2. Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

Symptoms/Injuries: Skin sensitization. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Prolonged exposure may cause irritation. Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: May cause an allergic skin reaction. Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: May cause slight irritation to eyes. Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Ingestion may cause adverse effects. Chronic Symptoms: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Water spray, fog, carbon dioxide (CO₂), alcohol-resistant foam, or dry chemical.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

5.2. Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Not considered flammable but may burn at high temperatures.

Explosion Hazard: Product is not explosive.

Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

5.3. Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Firefighting Instructions: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Do not breathe fumes from fires or vapours from decomposition.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. **Hazardous Combustion Products:** Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Nitrogen oxides. Hydrocarbons. Oxides of silicone. Metal oxides. Acrylates. Irritating fumes.

Other Information: Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe dust.

6.1.1. For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures: Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit. Ventilate area.

6.2. Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Avoid release to the environment.

05/13/2021 EN (English US) 3/12

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations US GHS SDS

6.3. Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Contain solid spills with appropriate barriers and prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. **Methods for Cleaning Up:** Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Recover the product by vacuuming, shoveling or sweeping. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Avoid generation of dust during clean-up of spills. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

6.4. Reference to Other Sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause dermatitis and defatting.

Precautions for Safe Handling: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Avoid creating or spreading dust. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe dust, mist, spray, fume. **Hygiene Measures:** Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Comply with applicable regulations.

Storage Conditions: Keep container closed when not in use. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials. Store locked up/in a secure area.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. Halogenated compounds. Isocyanates.

7.3. Specific End Use(s)

Automotive Wax/Polish/Sealant/Glaze - All Other Forms

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), AIHA (WEEL), NIOSH (REL), or OSHA (PEL).

Cyclohexane	(110-82-7)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	100 ppm	
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA)	1050 mg/m³	
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL TWA [ppm]	300 ppm	
USA IDLH	IDLH [ppm]	1300 ppm (10% LEL)	
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	1050 mg/m³	
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	300 ppm	
Ethyl acetate	(141-78-6)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	400 ppm	
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA)	1400 mg/m³	
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL TWA [ppm]	400 ppm	
USA IDLH	IDLH [ppm]	2000 ppm (10% LEL)	
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	1400 mg/m³	
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	400 ppm	
Acrylic acid (79-10-7)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	2 ppm	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen, Skin - potential significant	
		contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route	
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA)	6 mg/m ³	
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL TWA [ppm]	2 ppm	
1,2-Propaneo	1,2-Propanediol (57-55-6)		
USA AIHA	WEEL TWA	10 mg/m³	
Carbon black	Carbon black (1333-86-4)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA	3 mg/m³ (inhalable particulate matter)	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans	
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA)	3.5 mg/m³	
		0.1 mg/m³ (Carbon black in presence of Polycyclic aromatic	
		hydrocarbons)	

05/13/2021 EN (English US) 4/12

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations US GHS SDS

USA IDLH	IDLH	1750 mg/m³	
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	3.5 mg/m ³	
Kaolin (1332-	Kaolin (1332-58-7)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA	2 mg/m³ (particulate matter containing no asbestos and <1%	
		crystalline silica, respirable particulate matter)	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen	
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA)	10 mg/m³ (total dust)	
		5 mg/m³ (respirable dust)	
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	15 mg/m³ (total dust)	
		5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)	
Titanium dio	xide (13463-67-7)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA	10 mg/m ³	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen	
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA)	2.4 mg/m³ (CIB 63-fine)	
		0.3 mg/m³ (CIB 63-ultrafine, including engineered nanoscale)	
USA IDLH	IDLH	5000 mg/m ³	
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	15 mg/m³ (total dust)	
Octamethylc	Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (556-67-2)		
USA AIHA	WEEL TWA [ppm]	10 ppm	
Sodium hydroxide (1310-73-2)			
USA ACGIH	ACGIH OEL Ceiling	2 mg/m³	
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (Ceiling)	2 mg/m ³	
USA IDLH	IDLH	10 mg/m ³	
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	2 mg/m³	

8.2. Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls

: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

Personal Protective Equipment

: Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.









Materials for Protective Clothing

Hand Protection
Eye and Face Protection
Skin and Body Protection
Respiratory Protection

Other Information

: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics.

: Wear protective gloves.: Chemical safety goggles.

: Wear suitable protective clothing.

: If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn. In case of inadequate ventilation, oxygen deficient atmosphere, or where exposure levels are not known wear approved respiratory protection.

: When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State : Solid

Appearance : Green Opaque Semi-Solid

Odor : Typical Earthy

Odor Threshold : No data available

pH : 8.25 (50:50 in water)
Evaporation Rate : No data available
Melting Point : No data available
Freezing Point : No data available

05/13/2021 EN (English US) 5/12

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations US GHS SDS

Boiling Point : No data available

Flash Point : > 93 °C (199.4 °F) (Closed Cup)

Auto-ignition Temperature: No data availableDecomposition Temperature: No data availableFlammability (solid, gas): No data availableVapor Pressure: No data availableRelative Vapor Density at 20°C: No data availableRelative Density: No data available

Specific Gravity : 1.007

Solubility: No data availablePartition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water: No data availableViscosity: No data availableViscosity, Dynamic: Paste Structure

9.2. Other Information No additional information available

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

- **10.1. Reactivity:** Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.
- 10.2. Chemical Stability: Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).
- 10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.
- 10.4. Conditions to Avoid: Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, and incompatible materials.
- 10.5. Incompatible Materials: Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. Halogenated compounds. Isocyanates.
- **10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products:** Thermal decomposition may produce: Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Nitrogen oxides. Hydrocarbons. Silicone compounds. Formaldehyde. Hydrogen gas. Irritating fumes.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on Toxicological Effects

Acute Toxicity (Oral): Not classified
Acute Toxicity (Dermal): Not classified
Acute Toxicity (Inhalation): Not classified

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Cyclohexane (110-82-7)		
LD50 Oral Rat	12705 mg/kg	
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 9500 ppm/4h	
Ethyl acetate (141-78-6)		
LD50 Oral Rat	5620 mg/kg	
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 18000 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 7348 mg/l/4h (calculated off of 6hr test results)	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	4000 ppm/4h	
Acrylic acid (79-10-7)		
LD50 Oral Rat	1337 mg/kg	
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	640 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	11.1 mg/l (Exposure time: 1 h)	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	3.6 mg/l/4h	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	2.75 mg/l/4h	
1,2-Propanediol (57-55-6)		
LD50 Oral Rat	20 g/kg	
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	20800 mg/kg	
Carbon black (1333-86-4)		
LD50 Oral Rat	> 8000 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 4.6 mg/m³ (Exposure time: 4 h)	
ATE (Dust/Mist)	1.50 mg/l/4h	
Kaolin (1332-58-7)		
LD50 Oral Rat	> 5000 mg/kg	
LD50 Dermal Rat	> 5000 mg/kg	

05/13/2021 EN (English US) 6/12

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations US GHS SDS

LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg	
Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)		
LD50 Oral Rat	> 10000 mg/kg	
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light (64742-4	7-8)	
LD50 Oral Rat	> 5000 mg/kg	
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 5.3 mg/l/4h	
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (556-67-2)		
LD50 Oral Rat	> 4800 mg/kg (No mortality)	
LD50 Dermal Rat	> 2375 mg/kg	
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 2.5 ml/kg (No mortality)	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	36 g/m³ (Exposure time: 4 h)	
1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one (2634-33-5)		
LD50 Oral Rat	1020 mg/kg	
LD50 Dermal Rat	> 2000 mg/kg	
Sodium hydroxide (1310-73-2)		
LD50 Oral Rat	325 mg/kg	

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Not classified

pH: 8.25 (50:50 in water)

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Not classified

pH: 8.25 (50:50 in water)

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified

Carcinogenicity: Not classified

Acrylic acid (79-10-7)		
IARC group	3	
Carbon black (1333-86-4)		
IARC group	2B	
OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen List	In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list.	
Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)		
IARC group	2B	
OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen List In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list.		

Reproductive Toxicity: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Not classified Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Prolonged exposure may cause irritation. Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: May cause an allergic skin reaction. Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: May cause slight irritation to eyes. Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Ingestion may cause adverse effects. Chronic Symptoms: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - General : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Cyclohexane (110-82-7)	
LC50 Fish 1	3.96 – 5.18 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-
	through])
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	0.9 mg/l
LC50 Fish 2	23.03 – 42.07 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static])
NOEC Chronic Algae	0.94 mg/l
Ethyl acetate (141-78-6)	
LC50 Fish 1	220 – 250 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])

05/13/2021 EN (English US) 7/12

Safety Data Sheet
According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations US GHS SDS

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EC50 - Crustacea [1]	560 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])
LC50 Fish 2	484 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [flow-through])
Acrylic acid (79-10-7)	
LC50 Fish 1	222 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Brachydanio rerio [semi-static])
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	95 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
ErC50 (Algae)	0.13 mg/l
NOEC Chronic Algae	0.016 mg/l
1,2-Propanediol (57-55-6)	<u>. </u>
LC50 Fish 1	51600 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [static])
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	10000 mg/l (Exposure time: 24 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
LC50 Fish 2	41 – 47 ml/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [static])
EC50 - Crustacea [2]	1000 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])
Carbon black (1333-86-4)	Gr (1 1 1 0 1 27
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	5600 mg/l (Exposure time: 24 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light (6	
LC50 Fish 1	45 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])
LC50 Fish 2	2.2 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static])
	2.2 mg/1 (Exposure time. 30 m - Species, Lepoinis macrocinius (static))
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (556-67-2)	> 500 mg/l/Evnesura times OC h. Species Prechydenia revia)
LC50 Fish 1	> 500 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Brachydanio rerio)
LC50 Fish 2	> 1000 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus)
1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one (2634-33-5)	0.00 //
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	0.99 mg/l
Sodium hydroxide (1310-73-2)	
LC50 Fish 1	45.4 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [static])
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	40 mg/l
12.2. Persistence and Degradability	
Super Hard Shell Paste Wax	
Persistence and Degradability	May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.
12.3. Bioaccumulative Potential	
Super Hard Shell Paste Wax	
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not established.
Cyclohexane (110-82-7)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log	3.44
Pow)	
Ethyl acetate (141-78-6)	
BCF Fish 1	30
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log	0.6
Pow)	
Acrylic acid (79-10-7)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log	0.38 – 0.46 (at 25 °C)
Pow)	
1,2-Propanediol (57-55-6)	
BCF Fish 1	<1
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log	-0.92
Pow)	
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light (6	64742-47-8)
BCF Fish 1	61 – 159
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (556-67-2)	•
BCF Fish 1	12400
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log	5.1
Pow)	
1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one (2634-33-5)	

05/13/2021 8/12 EN (English US)

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations US GHS SDS

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log	1.3 (at 25 °C)
Pow)	

- **12.4. Mobility in Soil** No additional information available
- 12.5. Other Adverse Effects

Other Information : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste Treatment Methods

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.

Additional Information: Container may remain hazardous when empty. Continue to observe all precautions.

Ecology - Waste Materials: Avoid release to the environment. This material is hazardous to the aquatic environment. Keep out of sewers and waterways.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The shipping description(s) stated herein were prepared in accordance with certain assumptions at the time the SDS was authored, and can vary based on a number of variables that may or may not have been known at the time the SDS was issued.

- **14.1.** In Accordance with DOT Not regulated for transport
- 14.2. In Accordance with IMDG Not regulated for transport
- 14.3. In Accordance with IATA Not regulated for transport

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. US Federal Regulations

All components in this mixture are listed on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory, have been exempted, are not listed, not disclosed due to CBI requirements or disclosure rules according to the relevant regulation.

Super Hard Shell Paste Wax		
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Health hazard - Reproductive toxicity	
	Health hazard - Respiratory or skin sensitization	
Cyclohexane (110-82-7)		
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA	Section 313	
CERCLA RQ	1000 lb	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1%	
Ethyl acetate (141-78-6)		
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb	
Acrylic acid (79-10-7)		
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313		
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1%	
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (556-67-2)		
EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag	T - T - indicates a substance that is the subject of a final TSCA section 4	
	test rule.	
Sodium hydroxide (1310-73-2)		
CERCLA RQ	1000 lb	

15.2. US State Regulations

Cyclohexane (110-82-7)

- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List
- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List

Ethyl acetate (141-78-6)

- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List
- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List

Acrylic acid (79-10-7)

05/13/2021 EN (English US) 9/12

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations IIS GHS SDS

- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List
- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List

1,2-Propanediol (57-55-6)

- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Carbon black (1333-86-4)

- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List
- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List

Kaolin (1332-58-7)

- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List
- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List

Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)

- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List
- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List

Sodium hydroxide (1310-73-2)

- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List
- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Date of Preparation or Latest Revision: 05/13/2021Formula Identification Number: 40803

Other Information : This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS

requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR

1910.1200

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage of composition have been withheld as a trade secret [29 CFR

1910.1200].

GHS Full Text Phrases:

Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 3
Acute toxicity (inhalation:vapor) Category 3
Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) Category 4
Acute toxicity (oral) Category 4
Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 1
Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 2
Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 3
Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 1
Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 2
Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 3
Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 4
Aspiration hazard Category 1
Carcinogenicity Category 2
Combustible Dust
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Flammable liquids Category 2
Flammable liquids Category 3

05/13/2021 EN (English US) 10/12

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations US GHS SDS

Mat Com 1	Composition to mostele Cotonomia 1
Met. Corr. 1	Corrosive to metals Category 1
Repr. 2	Reproductive toxicity Category 2
Skin Corr. 1A	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1A
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensitization, Category 1
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure, Category 3, Narcosis
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure, Category 3,
	Respiratory tract irritation
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor
H290	May be corrosive to metals
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H311	Toxic in contact with skin
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H315	Causes skin irritation
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H331	Toxic if inhaled
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H351	Suspected of causing cancer
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life
H401	Toxic to aquatic life
H402	Harmful to aquatic life
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life

NFPA Health Hazard

: 2 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury.

NFPA Fire Hazard

: 1 - Materials that must be preheated before ignition can occur.

NFPA Reactivity Hazard

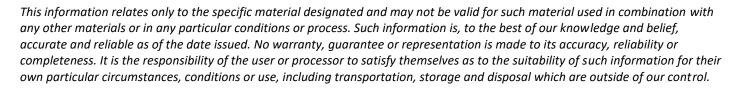
: 0 - Material that in themselves are normally stable,

even under fire conditions.

HMIS III Rating

Health : 2 Moderate Hazard **Flammability** : 1 Slight Hazard **Physical** : 0 Minimal Hazard

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SDS US (GHS HazCom)

05/13/2021 11/12 EN (English US)

Safety Data Sheet
According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations US GHS SDS

05/13/2021 12/12 EN (English US)