Safety Data Sheet

acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

EUKALIN NA 87000

Version number: GHS 14
Replaces version of: 2024-08-06 (GHS 13)

Date of compilation: 2024-12-17

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name **EUKALIN NA 87000**

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses PC1
Adhesive

Uses advised against none

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

EUKALIN Corp.
739 Roble Road
PA 18109 Allentown
United States

Telephone: 610 266 8910
Telefax: 610 266 8957

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information service +49 (0) 240364500
This number is only available during the following office hours: Mon-Fri 08:00 AM - 04:00 PM, (CET/MEZ)

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)
This mixture does not meet the criteria for classification.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

- Signal word not required
- Pictograms not required

2.3 Other hazards

There is no additional information.

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance at a concentration of ≥ 0.1%.

Endocrine disrupting properties
Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) in a concentration of ≥ 0.1%.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Not relevant (mixture)

3.2 Mixtures

Description of the mixture

Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H -isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	CAS No 55965-84-9	< 1	Acute Tox. 4 / H302 Acute Tox. 3 / H311 Acute Tox. 4 / H332 Skin Corr. 1C / H314 Eye Dam. 1 / H318 Skin Sens. 1A / H317

Remarks

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1 Description of first-aid measures

General notes

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

Following inhalation

Keep affected person warm, still and covered. Provide fresh air. If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions (Where appropriate provide artificial respiration).

Following skin contact

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Never use: Solvents IF ON SKIN: Immerse in cool water/wrap in wet bandages.

Following eye contact

In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Get medical advice/attention. Keep affected person warm, still and covered. Do NOT induce vomiting.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Fire extinguishing powder, Carbon dioxide (CO_2)

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products

If inhaled (hazardous decomposition products): Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Coordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

Special protective equipment for firefighters

In case of fire: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Ventilate affected area. Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapor/spray. Protective measures and code of practice: Section 7/ Section 8.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapors/dust/aerosols/gases.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it. If substance has entered a water course or sewer, inform the responsible authority.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Collect spillage: absorbent material (e.g. sand, diatomaceous earth, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust, etc.)

Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area. Never use: Solvents

6.4 Reference to other sections

Precautions for safe handling: Section 7. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Recommendations

Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Use only in well-ventilated areas.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Take off contaminated clothing. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection (Section 8).

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Control of the effects

Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels: Keep container tightly closed. Never use pressure to empty container . Keep only in the original container in a cool, well-ventilated place. Prohibition of joint storage (with): Oxidizer, Alkalines, Acids. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions.

Protect against external exposure, such as

Protect against: UV-radiation/sunlight, Frost

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Observe technical data sheet. Observe instructions for use.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Country	Name of agent	CAS No	Identifier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m³]	Ceiling-C [ppm]	Ceiling-C [mg/m³]	Notation	Source
US	glycerine	56-81-5	REL							mist, appx-D	NIOSH REL
US	glycerine	56-81-5	PEL		15					mist, dust	29 CFR 1910.1000
US	glycerine	56-81-5	PEL		5					mist, r	29 CFR 1910.1000

Notation

appx-D	see Appendix D - Substances with No Established RELs
Ceiling-C	ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur
dust	as dust
mist	as mists
r	respirable fraction
STEL	short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified)
TWA	time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified

Relevant DNELs of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H -isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	55965-84-9	DNEL	0.02 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local effects
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H -isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	55965-84-9	DNEL	0.04 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local effects

Relevant PNECs of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H -isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	55965-84-9	PNEC	3.39 µg/l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H -isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	55965-84-9	PNEC	3.39 µg/l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-	55965-84-9	PNEC	0.23 mg/l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)

Relevant PNECs of components						
Name of substance	**CAS No**	**Endpoint**	**Threshold level**	**Organism**	**Environmental compartment**	**Exposure time**
isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H -isothiazol-3-one (3:1)						
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H -isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	55965-84-9	PNEC	0.027 $^{mg}/_{kg}$	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H -isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	55965-84-9	PNEC	0.027 $^{mg}/_{kg}$	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H -isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	55965-84-9	PNEC	0.01 $^{mg}/_{kg}$	terrestrial organisms	soil	short-term (single instance)

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation.

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

Skin protection

- Hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

- Type of material

Nitrile

- Material thickness

≥0,1 mm

- Breakthrough times of the glove material

>240 minutes (permeation: level 5)

- Other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Environmental exposure controls

Consideration of other advice: Section 7.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	liquid
Color	various

Particle	not relevant (liquid)

Odor	characteristic

Other safety parameters

pH (value)	4-10
Melting point/freezing point	this information is not available
Initial boiling point and boiling range	this information is not available
Flash point	this information is not available
Evaporation rate	this information is not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	not relevant

Explosive limits not determined

- Lower explosion limit (LEL)	no information available
- Upper explosion limit (UEL)	no information available
Vapor pressure	this information is not available
Density	1.089 $^{kg}/_{l}$
Vapor density	this information is not available
Solubility(ies)	no information available

Partition coefficient

- n-octanol/water (log KOW)	this information is not available
Auto-ignition temperature	no information available

Viscosity

- Kinematic viscosity - 20°C	551 $^{mm^2}/_{s}$
Explosive properties	none
Oxidizing properties	none

9.2 Other information

there is no additional information

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

None

10.2 Chemical stability

See below "Conditions to avoid".

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Do not mix with acids. Do not mix with alkali.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Section 7: Handling and storage.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Do not mix with other chemicals

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products in case of fire: Carbon dioxide (CO2), Carbon monoxide (CO), Nitrogen oxides (NOx).

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

This mixture does not meet the criteria for classification.

Acute toxicity

The classification criteria for these hazard classes are not met.

Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	ATE
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H -isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	55965-84-9	oral	457 $^{mg}/_{kg}$
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H -isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	55965-84-9	dermal	660 $^{mg}/_{kg}$
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H -isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	55965-84-9	inhalation: vapor	11 $^{mg}/_{l}$/4h
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H -isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	55965-84-9	inhalation: dust/mist	2.36 $^{mg}/_{l}$/4h

Skin corrosion/irritation

The classification criteria for this hazard class are not met.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

The classification criteria for this hazard class are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

The classification criteria for these hazard classes are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

The classification criteria for this hazard class are not met.

Carcinogenicity

The classification criteria for this hazard class are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

The classification criteria for this hazard class are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

The classification criteria for this hazard class are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

The classification criteria for this hazard class are not met.

Aspiration hazard

The classification criteria for this hazard class are not met.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H -isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	55965-84-9	LC50	0.19 $^{mg}/_{l}$	fish	96 h
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H -isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	55965-84-9	EC50	0.16 $^{mg}/_{l}$	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H -isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	55965-84-9	ErC50	19.9 $^{µg}/_{l}$	algae	72 h

Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H -isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	55965-84-9	LC50	0.07 $^{mg}/_{l}$	fish	14 d
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H -isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	55965-84-9	EC50	>0.18 $^{mg}/_{l}$	aquatic invertebrates	21 d
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H -isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	55965-84-9	ErC50	45.6 $^{µg}/_{l}$	algae	120 h

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Data are not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance at a concentration of ≥ 0.1%.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties
Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) in a concentration of ≥ 0.1%.

12.7 Other adverse effects
There is no additional information.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains or surface water. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

Waste treatment of containers/packages

Completely emptied packages can be recycled (Recycling). Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself. Disposal: Directive 2008/98/EC on wastes/ hazardous wastes.

Remarks

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1	**UN number**	not subject to transport regulations
14.2	**UN proper shipping name**	not relevant
14.3	**Transport hazard class(es)**	none
14.4	**Packing group**	not assigned
14.5	**Environmental hazards**	non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dangerous goods regulations

14.6 Special precautions for user
There is no additional information.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments
The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT) - Additional information

Not subject to transport regulations.

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Not subject to IMDG.

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Not subject to ICAO-IATA.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

National regulations (United States)

Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act (SARA TITLE III)

- The List of Extremely Hazardous Substances and Their Threshold Planning Quantities (EPCRA Section 302, 304)

none of the ingredients are listed

- Specific Toxic Chemical Listings (EPCRA Section 313)

none of the ingredients are listed

Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA)

- List of Hazardous Substances and Reportable Quantities (CERCLA section 102a) (40 CFR 302.4)

none of the ingredients are listed

Industry or sector specific available guidance(s)

NPCA-HMIS® III

Hazardous Materials Identification System. American Coatings Association.

Category	Rating	Description
Chronic	/	none
Health	0	no significant risk to health
Flammability	0	material that will not burn under typical fire conditions
Physical hazard	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will not react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-explosive
Personal protection	-	

NFPA® 704

National Fire Protection Association: Standard System for the Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response (United States).

Category	Degree of hazard	Description
Flammability	0	material that will not burn under typical fire conditions
Health	0	material that, under emergency conditions, would offer no hazard beyond that of ordinary combustible material
Instability	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions
Special hazard		

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No information available.

SECTION 16: Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
29 CFR 1910.1000	29 CFR 1910.1000, Tables Z-1, Z-2, Z-3 - Occupational Safety and Health Standards: Toxic and Hazardous Substances (permissible exposure limits)
49 CFR US DOT	49 CFR U.S. Department of Transportation
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
ED	Endocrine disruptor
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control
Eye Dam.	Seriously damaging to the eye
Eye Irrit.	Irritant to the eye
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
NIOSH REL	National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH): Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)
NPCA-HMIS® III	National Paint and Coatings Association: Hazardous Materials Identification System - HMIS® III, Third Edition
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration (United States)
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PEL	Permissible exposure limit
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
ppm	Parts per million
RTECS	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (database of NIOSH with toxicological information)
Skin Corr.	Corrosive to skin
Skin Irrit.	Irritant to skin
Skin Sens.	Skin sensitization
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
TWA	Time-weighted average
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Key literature references and sources for data

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS), 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

Classification procedure

Physical and chemical properties: The classification is based on tested mixture.
Health hazards, Environmental hazards: The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.