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Watering can

Abstract

The watering can **2** includes: a water storage **30** with a bottomed tubular shape including a bottom wall **31** and a side wall **32**; and a spout **10** communicating with the water storage and allowing water to flow out of the water storage. The flow channel **15** of the spout has a plurality of recessed grooves **15***g* extending in parallel in a direction of water flow. A handle **50** is orthogonal to a front-rear direction in which the spout extends, the handle being bridged between right and left ends of the side wall. Spindles **50**s provided at both ends of the handle are inserted into spindle holes (not illustrated) provided at right and left ends of the side wall, and the handle is rotatably attached to the side wall. A grip **60** is disposed at a rear end of the side wall.

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Background/Summary

TECHNICAL FIELD

- (1) The present invention relates to a watering can. More specifically, the present invention relates to a watering can that facilitates adjustment of a sprinkling amount with a simple configuration. BACKGROUND ART
- (2) Conventionally, a watering can is used for watering plants in home gardening or the like, and is usually a portable container having a spout on a front surface of the container which is a water storage unit.
- (3) The spout of the watering can is usually fitted with a rose head like a cap with many small holes. The rose head weakens a water stream and converts it to a shower, and can thereby prevent plants and soil from being damaged.
- (4) However, the watering from the rose head tends to diffuse the water stream and sprinkle in a wide area, and thus a place where sprinkling should be avoided, such as a leaf or a flower of a plant, tends to be sprinkled.
- (5) By contrast, when the rose head is removed to form a single pipe-shaped water pouring port, local water injection is possible, but there is a risk of producing the defect that the water is strongly and locally discharged to the soil near the base of the plant, and the soil is dug up. Furthermore, there is also a risk of losing the removed rose head.
- (6) Here, a sprinkling structure of a watering can capable of adjusting a sprinkling amount has been proposed (refer to, for example, Patent Literature 1). The sprinkling structure of Patent Literature 1 can be used if a large number of pipes having a small diameter are bound to each other and are coupled to an existing jug. Since the pipes are converged at appropriate intervals, the discharged water streams are not merged, and it is possible to accurately discharge water and arbitrarily select a sprinkling area of the water.

CITATIONS LIST

Patent Literature

(7) Patent Literature 1: JP 2007-143442 A

SUMMARY OF INVENTION

Technical Problems

- (8) However, in the sprinkling structure described in Patent Literature 1, it is necessary to bind a large number of pipes having a small diameter with an elastic tube, and further connect an elastic hose of the elastic tube to be coupled to a water supply pipe of the jug, the configuration of the sprinkling structure being complicated.
- (9) An object of the present invention is to provide a watering can that facilitates adjustment of a sprinkling amount with a simple configuration.

SOLUTIONS TO PROBLEMS

- (10) The present invention to solve the above problems is as follows.
- (11) 1. A watering can including: a water storage with a bottomed tubular shape including a bottom wall and a side wall; and a spout communicating with the water storage and allowing water to flow out of the water storage, wherein a flow channel of the spout has a plurality of recessed grooves extending in parallel in a direction of water flow, and in side view, the flow channel is inclined upward from a base end to a distal end of the spout and formed to be curved and convex upward and outward.
- (12) 2. The watering can according to item 1, further including a handle and/or a grip, wherein the handle is bridged between a pair of the side walls opposite each other, and the grip is provided on the side wall.
- (13) 3. The watering can according to item 1 or 2, wherein the recessed grooves are formed such that the distal end of the spout is slightly narrowed.
- (14) 4. The watering can according to item 1 or 2, wherein inner surfaces of bottoms of the recessed grooves are formed such that the distal end of the spout slightly bulges out.

- (15) 5. The watering can according to item 1 or 2, further including a recessed portion circumferentially provided near an outer peripheral end on an outer surface of the bottom wall.
- (16) 6. The watering can according to item 1 or 2, further including a rib for reinforcement provided at an upper end of the spout and/or an upper end of the side wall.

ADVANTAGEOUS EFFECTS OF THE INVENTION

- (17) 1. A watering can according to the present invention includes: a water storage with a bottomed tubular shape including a bottom wall and a side wall; and a spout communicating with the water storage and allowing water to flow out of the water storage, in which a flow channel of the spout has a plurality of recessed grooves extending in parallel in a direction of water flow, so that adjustment of a sprinkling amount is facilitated with a simple configuration.
- (18) 2. Furthermore, when the watering can includes a handle and/or a grip, the handle being bridged between a pair of the side walls opposite each other, and the grip being provided on the side wall, it is possible to support the watering can by gripping the handle and/or the grip, which is convenient to carry and facilitates watering.
- (19) 3. When the recessed grooves are formed such that the distal end of the spout is slightly narrowed, the water streams of the respective recessed grooves are narrowed, without being merged, to be separate narrow water streams, and adjustment of the sprinkling amount is further facilitated.
- (20) 4. When inner surfaces of bottoms of the recessed grooves are formed such that the distal end of the spout slightly bulges out, the water flowing out from the spout strongly climbs over the distal end to be discharged, so that it is possible to prevent the water from dropping from the distal end of the spout.
- (21) 5. When the watering can further includes a recessed portion circumferentially provided near an outer peripheral end on an outer surface of the bottom wall, it is easy to hook a hand on the recessed portion to support the bottom, which is convenient for watering.
- (22) 6. When the watering can further includes a rib for reinforcement provided at an upper end of the spout and/or an upper end of the side wall, the opening of the watering can is reinforced.

Description

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

- (1) FIG. **1** is a schematic perspective view of a watering can according to a first embodiment.
- (2) FIG. **2** is a sectional view taken along line X-X in FIG. **1**.
- (3) FIG. **3** is a schematic front view of the watering can according to the first embodiment.
- (4) FIG. **4**(*a*) is an enlarged view of a flow channel surrounded by a one-dot chain line in FIG. **3**,
- FIG. 4(b) is an enlarged view of a flow channel of another example corresponding to FIG. 4(a),
- FIG. **4**(c) is an enlarged view of a flow channel of still another example corresponding to FIG. **4**(a), and FIG. **4**(a) is an enlarged view of a flow channel of still another example corresponding to FIG. **4**(a).
- (5) FIG. **5** is a schematic plan view of the watering can according to the first embodiment.
- (6) FIG. **6** is an enlarged view of a portion surrounded by a one-dot chain line in FIG. **5**.
- (7) FIG. **7** is a sectional view taken along line Y-Y in FIG. **5** and an enlarged view of the sectional view.
- (8) FIG. **8** is a schematic perspective view of a watering can according to a second embodiment.
- (9) FIG. $\mathbf{9}(a)$ is a sectional view taken along line U-U in FIG. $\mathbf{8}$, and FIG. $\mathbf{9}(b)$ is a sectional view taken along line V-V in FIG. $\mathbf{8}$.
- (10) FIG. **10** is a sectional view taken along line Z-Z in FIG. **8** in which a handle is omitted.
- (11) FIG. **11** is a schematic perspective view of a watering can according to a third embodiment. DESCRIPTION OF EMBODIMENTS

- (12) Hereinafter, the present invention will be described in detail with reference to FIGS. **1** to **11** illustrating the embodiments of the present invention.
- (13) The present invention is not limited to the specific examples illustrated in the drawings, and various modifications can be made based on the purpose and usage.

First Embodiment

- (14) As illustrated in FIG. **1**, a watering can **1** according to a first embodiment includes a water storage **20** and a spout **10**.
- (15) The water storage **20** is a part that stores water for watering, and is formed in a bottomed tubular shape including a bottom wall **21** and a side wall **22**.
- (16) The water storage is not particularly limited as long as the water storage is formed in a bottomed tubular shape including a bottom wall and a side wall, and the side wall may have a rectangular tubular shape or an elliptical tubular shape in addition to a cylindrical shape. In addition, the boundary between the bottom wall and the side wall does not need to be obvious, and for example, the bottom wall and the side wall may be gently continuous.
- (17) The spout **10** is a part that communicates with water storage **20** and allows water from water storage **20** to flow out. As illustrated in FIGS. **1** and **2**, the spout **10** includes a base end **11** communicating with water storage **20** and a flow channel **15** communicating with the base end **11**. Although the boundary between the base end **11** and the flow channel **15** does not need to be obvious, the flow channel **15** has a wave shape so as to have a plurality of recessed grooves **15***g* extending in parallel in a direction of water flow.
- (18) As illustrated in FIG. 3, the "recessed grooves 15g" mentioned above are grooves having a recessed cross section.
- (19) As illustrated in FIG. 4(a), the flow channel 15 includes: a pair of sides 15s with a plate shape erected at both ends of a bottom 15b with a plate shape; and five protruding tips 15a with a long plate shape in the direction of water flow, and thereby forms six recessed grooves 15g through which water flows. The upper end of each protruding tip 15a has a semicircular cross section. The lower end of each recessed groove 15g has a semicircular cross section, and the entire recessed groove 15g has a U-shaped cross section.
- (20) As illustrated in FIG. 4(b), a flow channel 16 may include: a pair of sides 16s with a plate shape erected at both ends of a bottom 16b with a plate shape; and two protruding tips 16a, and may thereby form three recessed grooves 16a through which water flows.
- (21) That is, the number of the recessed grooves is not particularly limited, and is usually three to five, but may be two to eight or nine or more.
- (22) The shape of the flow channel is not particularly limited as long as the flow channel is formed such that there is a plurality of recessed grooves extending in parallel in the direction of water flow. That is, the length of the flow channel protruding from the water storage is not particularly limited, and the length can be appropriately set based on the usage. Furthermore, the lateral width of the flow channel is not limited, and the length of the lateral width can be set based on the usage.
- (23) Furthermore, the shape of the recessed groove included in the water flow channel is not particularly limited, and for example, as illustrated in FIG. 4(c), a flow channel 17 may include: a pair of sides 17s with a plate shape erected at both ends of a bottom 17b with a plate shape; and five protruding tips 17a having a rectangular cross section, and may thereby form six recessed grooves 17g with a rectangular-wave shape. Furthermore, as illustrated in FIG. 4(d), a flow channel 18 may include: a pair of sides 18s with a plate shape erected at both ends of a bottom 18b with a plate shape; and five protruding tips 18a with a triangular cross section, and may thereby form six recessed grooves 18g with a triangular-wave shape.
- (24) As illustrated in FIGS. **5** and **6**, it is preferable that the recessed grooves **15***g* are formed such that the distal end of the spout **10** is slightly narrowed. That is, a width W**1** of the recessed groove **15***g* at the distal end portion is formed to be narrower than a width W**2** of the recessed groove **15***g* having substantially the same width up to the distal end. In that manner, at the distal end, the water

- streams of the respective recessed grooves are narrowed, without being merged, to be separate narrow water streams, and adjustment of the sprinkling amount is made easier.
- (25) As illustrated in FIG. 7, it is preferable that inner surfaces $\mathbf{15}bs$ of bottoms $\mathbf{15}b$ of the recessed grooves $\mathbf{15}g$ are formed such that the distal end of the spout $\mathbf{10}$ slightly bulges out.
- (26) That is, the distal end of the inner surface **15***b*s of each bottom **15***b* slightly bulges out to form a bulge **15***p*. In that manner, the water flowing out from the spout **10** strongly climbs over the bulge **15***p* to be discharged, so that it is possible to prevent the water from dripping from the distal end of the spout **10**.
- (27) Compared with a conventional watering can with a rose head, the watering can **1** has less water resistance for allowing water to flow out from the recessed grooves **15***g*. That is, in the case of the watering can with a rose head having a large number of holes, the resistance of a perforated surface with holes to water is large, and the total amount of water is likely to decrease.
- (28) By contrast, in the watering can **1**, it is possible to increase the total amount of water in a short time since there is no resistance surface against the direction of the water stream. Furthermore, since the plurality of recessed grooves **15***g* are provided, the amount of water to be flowed out can be divided to small quantities by the respective recessed grooves **15***g*. This enables efficient plant-friendly watering in a short time.
- (29) Furthermore, in the watering can **1**, the water stream is not dispersed in a wide range as in the case of a rose head, so that, for example, the sprinkling area can be limited to a narrow area in the case of watering a plant in a flowerpot, and it is easy to prevent water from spilling from the flowerpot. This enables the watering can **1** to be used in a room or facility.
- (30) In addition, since the water storage **20** and the spout **10** of the watering can **1** are opened at upper portions, watering can be done while checking a water flow, so that adjustment of the sprinkling amount is facilitated.
- (31) However, the water storage **20** or the spout **10** may further include a lid that covers the upper portion of the opening.
- (32) As shown in FIG. **1**, the bottomed tubular shape has a forward side **71** and a backward side **72**. The bottom wall **21** includes a first circumferential base end **21***a* and a second circumferential base end **21***b*.
- (33) The material of the watering can **1** is not particularly limited, and may be made of resin, metal, wood, or other materials. Among them, the resin is preferable. The watering can **1** made of resin can be integrally molded. Examples of the resin include polyethylene, polypropylene, polystyrene, polyethylene terephthalate (PET), and polyvinyl chloride. The materials of the spout and the water storage may be different.

Second Embodiment

- (34) As illustrated in FIG. **8**, a watering can **2** according to a second embodiment includes a water storage **30**, the spout **10** communicating with the water storage **30**, a handle **50**, and a grip **60**. As for the spout **10**, except for ribs **10***r* and **30***r* described later, the spout **10** according to the first embodiment directly communicates with the water storage **30**. The configuration and operational effect of the spout **10** are as described in the first embodiment.
- (35) The water storage **30** is formed in a bottomed tubular shape including a bottom wall **31** and a side wall **32**.
- (36) The handle **50** is orthogonal to a front-rear direction in which the spout **10** extends, the handle **50** being bridged between right and left ends of the side wall **32**. Spindles **50**s provided at both ends of the handle **50** are inserted into spindle holes (not illustrated) provided at right and left ends of the side wall **32**, and the handle **50** is rotatably attached to the side wall **32**.
- (37) A hole **50***h* bored in the handle **50** is convenient because water can be poured into the water storage **30** by inserting and fixing a water hose.
- (38) The handle **50** may be formed such that the handle **50** firmly fix to the right and left ends of the side wall **32** so as not to be rotatable.

- (39) The grip **60** is disposed at a rear end of the side wall **32**. The shape of the grip **60** is not particularly limited as long as it can be held by a hand. There is no particular limitation as long as the grip **60** is provided on the side wall **32**, and the grip **60** may be provided on the right and left ends other than the rear end.
- (40) The grip **60** may be integrally molded with the side wall **32**, or may be formed separately and attached to the side wall **32**.
- (41) The ribs **10***r* and **30***r* for reinforcement are provided at the upper end of the spout **10** (the upper ends of the sides **15***s*) and the upper end of the side wall **32**, respectively. In this way, the strength of the spout **10** and the side wall **32** can be increased. As illustrated in FIG. **9**(*a*) and FIG. **9**(*b*), each of the ribs **10***r* and **30***r* is formed to have a cross section protruding outward from the upper end and further bent downward. However, the rib is not limited to this shape, and for example, a long columnar body may be provided at the upper end of the peripheral edge. (42) As illustrated in FIG. **10**, the watering can **2** further includes a recessed portion **31***g* circumferentially provided near an outer peripheral end on an outer surface of the bottom wall **31**.
- The recessed portion **31***g* can be provided separately on the outer surface of the bottom wall **31**, but is preferably recessed on the outer surface of the bottom wall **31** by integral molding. It is possible to hook a hand on the recessed portion **31***g* to support the bottom wall **31**.
- (43) The material of the handle 50, the grip 60, and the ribs 10r and 30r of the watering can 2 is the same as the material of the watering can 1, and is as described above.
- (44) Here, it is preferable that the spout **10**, the water storage **30**, the grip **60**, and the ribs **10***r* and **30***r* be integrally molded by injection molding of a resin material.
- (45) Although the watering can **2** according to the second embodiment includes the handle **50** and the grip **60**, the watering can **2** may include only the handle **50** or only the grip **60**.
- (46) As shown in FIG. **8**, the bottomed tubular shape has a forward side **71** and a backward side **72**. The bottom wall **31** includes a first circumferential base end **31***a* and a second circumferential base end **31***b*.
- (47) The material, other configurations, and functions and effects of the watering can **2** are the same as those of the first embodiment, and are as described above. Third Embodiment
- (48) As illustrated in FIG. **11**, a watering can **3** according to a third embodiment includes a water storage **40**, the spout **10** communicating with the water storage **40**, and a grip **70**. As for the spout **10**, the spout **10** according to the first embodiment directly communicates with the water storage **40**.
- (49) The configuration and operational effect of the spout **10** are as described in the first embodiment.
- (50) The water storage **40** is formed in a bottomed tubular shape including a bottom wall **41** and a side wall **42**. In addition, a lid **43** is provided in an upper portion, and a water pouring port **44** with a cylindrical shape is provided on the lid **43**.
- (51) As shown in FIG. **11**, the bottomed tubular shape has a forward side **71** and a backward side **72**. The bottom wall **41** includes a first circumferential base end **41***a* and a second circumferential base end **41***b*.
- (52) The material, other configurations, and functions and effects of the watering can **3** are the same as those of the first and second embodiments, and are as described above. REFERENCE SIGNS LIST
- (53) **1**, **2**, **3** Watering can **10** Spout **15** Flow channel **15***g* Recessed groove **20**, **30**, **40** Water storage **21**, **31**, **41** Bottom wall **22**, **32**, **42** Side wall **31***g* Recessed portion **10***r*, **30***r* Rib **50** Handle **60**, **70** Grip

Claims

- 1. A watering can comprising: a water storage with a bottomed tubular shape having a forward side and a backward side, the bottomed tubular shape comprising: a bottom wall comprising a first circumferential base end and a second circumferential base end; a side wall extending upward from the first circumferential end; and a spout extending upward from the second circumferential base end and extending from the side wall in a direction of the forward side, the spout communicating with the water storage and allowing water to flow out of the water storage, the spout comprising: a distal end positioned at a forward end in the direction of the forward side, a flow channel formed of a plurality of recessed grooves and protruding tips extending in parallel in a direction of water flow such that the recessed grooves and protruding tips are provided alternatively to allow water to flow out of the water storage from the distal end, wherein in side view, the spout is inclined upward from the second circumferential base end to the distal end of the spout and formed to be curved and convex upward and outward, wherein in plain view, the spout is the same width upward from the second circumferential base end to the distal end of the spout, wherein the recessed grooves are formed throughout the entire length of the flow channel.
- 2. The watering can according to claim 1, further comprising a handle and/or a grip, wherein the handle is bridged between opposed sides of the side wall, and the grip is provided on the side wall.
- 3. The watering can according to claim 1, wherein the recessed grooves extending in the direction of the forward side become narrow near the distal end.
- 4. The watering can according to claim 1, wherein inner surfaces of the recessed grooves extending in the direction of the forward side have formed bulges near the distal end of the spout.
- 5. The watering can according to claim 1, further comprising a recessed portion circumferentially provided near an outer peripheral end on an outer surface of the bottom wall.
- 6. The watering can according to claim 1, further comprising a rib for reinforcement provided at an upper end of the spout and/or an upper end of the side wall.