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## (54) PREFABRICATED MODULE FOR OBTAINING A WALL FOR CLADDING BUILDINGS

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(52) **U.S. Cl.** CPC ...... *E04B 2/967* (2013.01)

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# (57) ABSTRACT

The present invention relates to a prefabricated or preassembled module for obtaining an external wall for cladding buildings or for obtaining a curtain wall, including:

- at least one sandwich panel,
- at least one edge profile,
- at least one gasket.

# 21 Claims, 11 Drawing Sheets

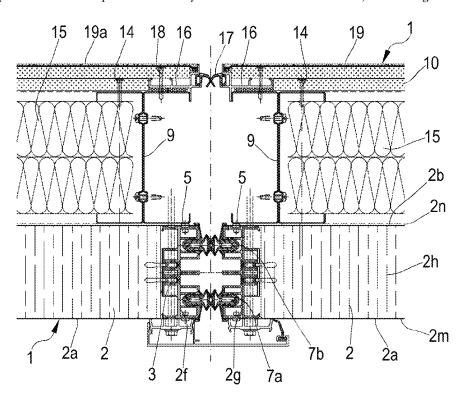
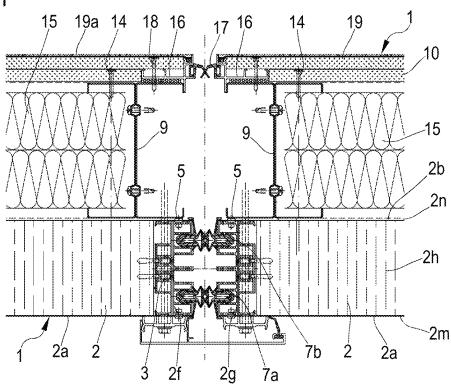


FIG.1



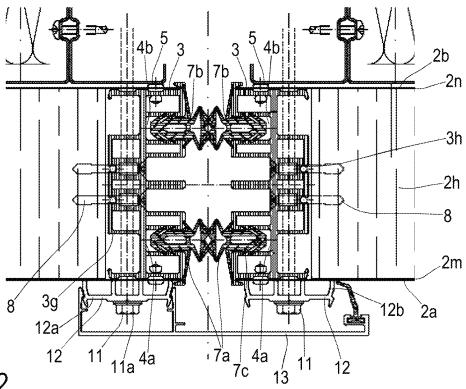
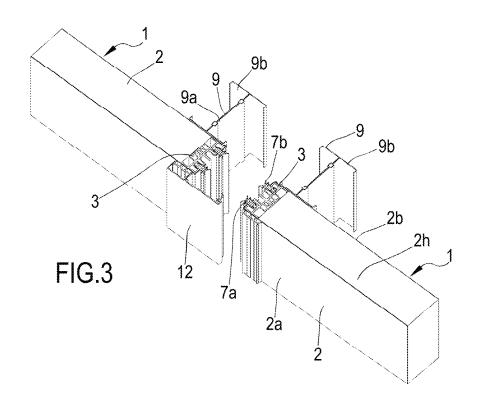
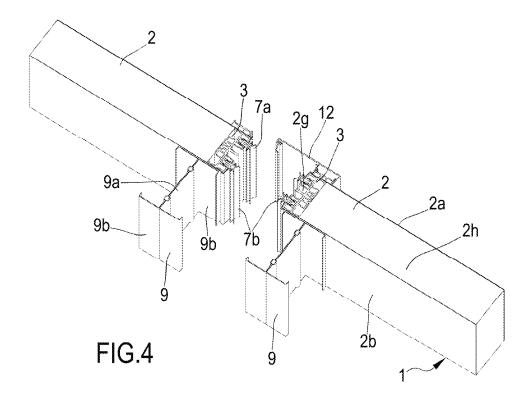


FIG.2





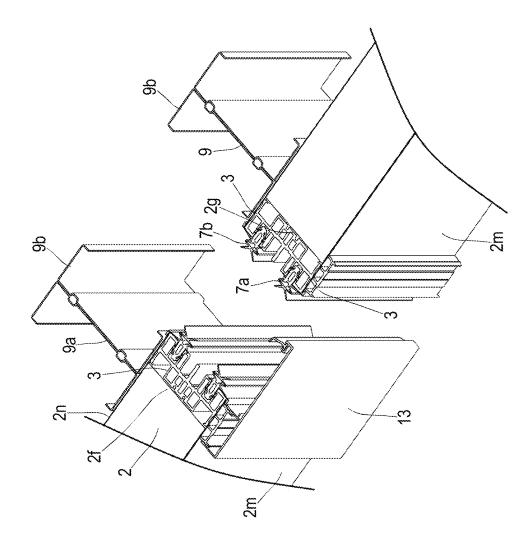
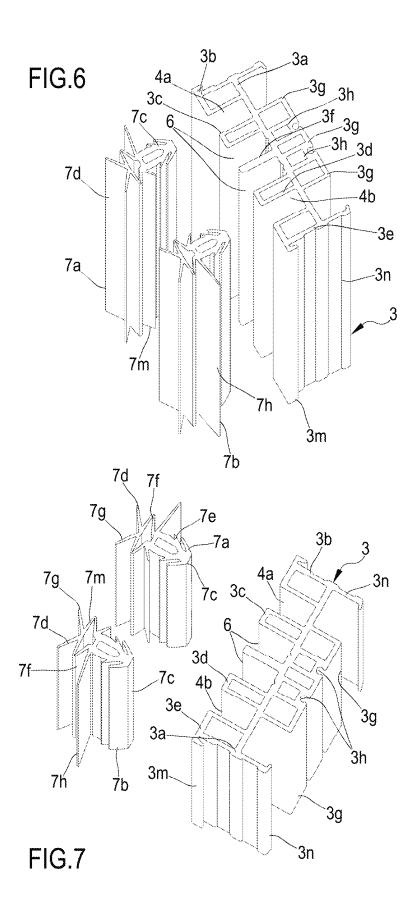
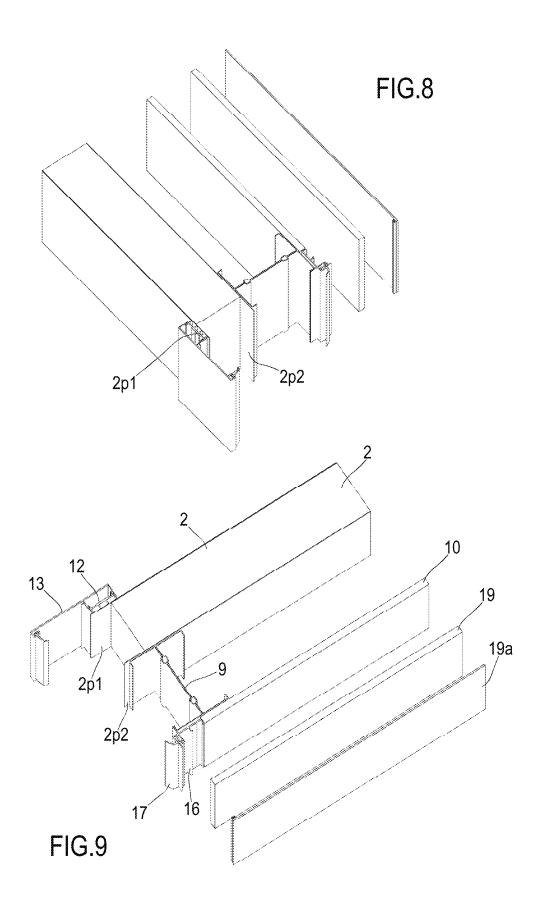
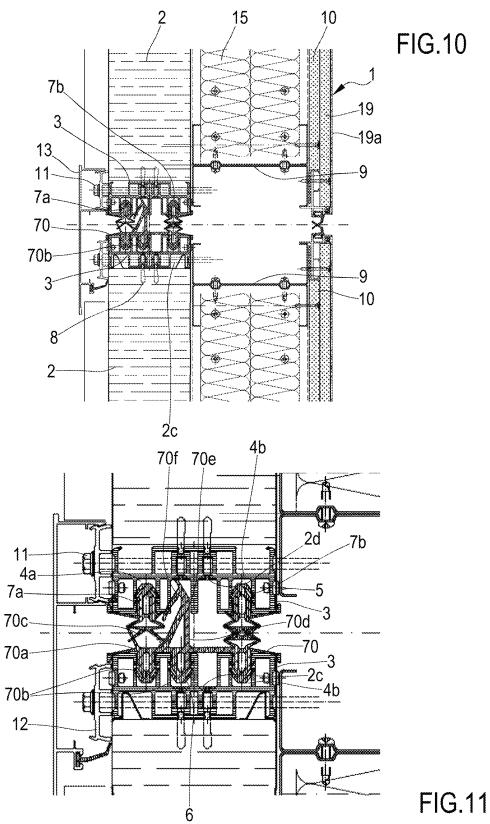
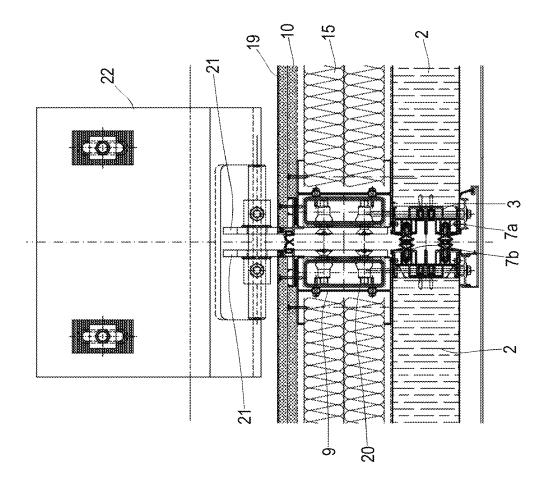


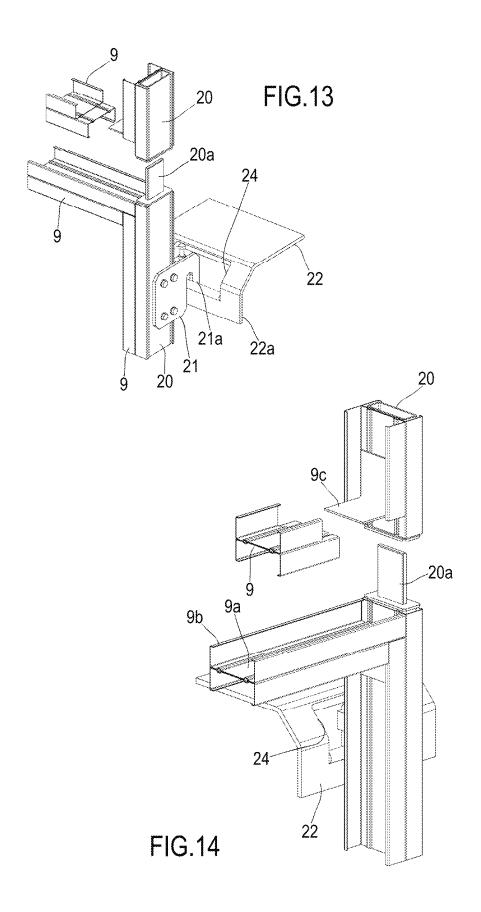
FIG.5

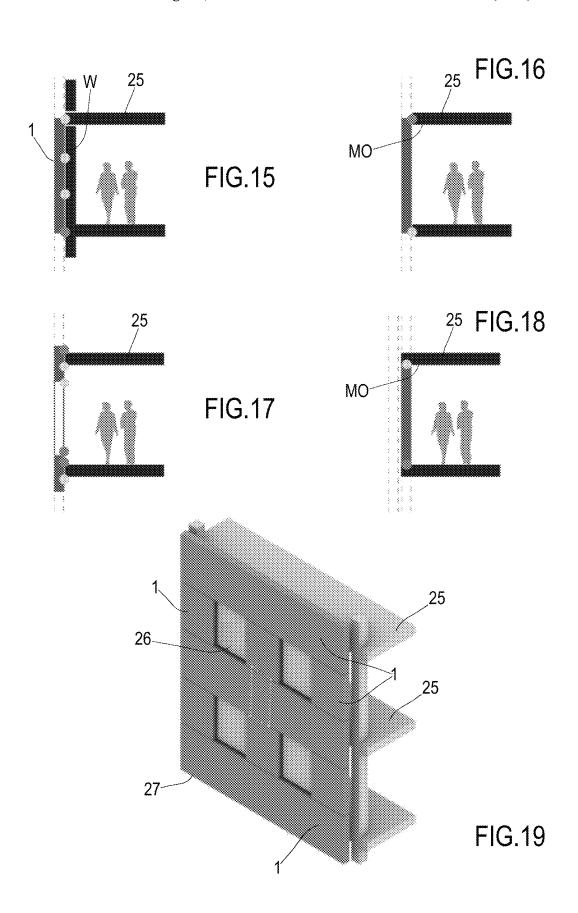


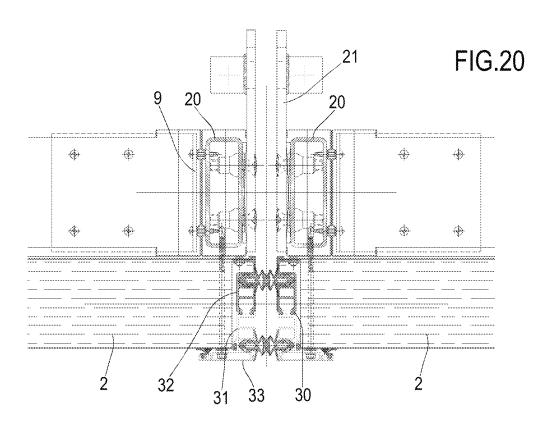


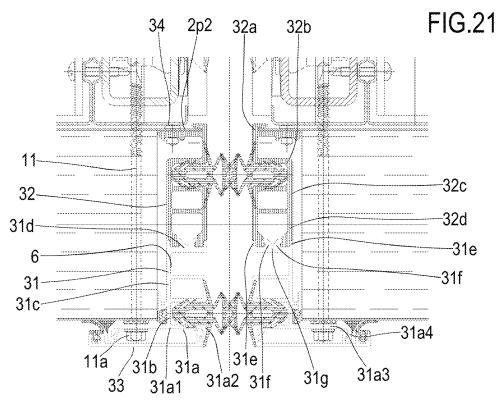












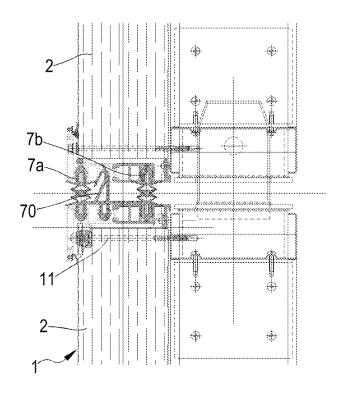


FIG.22

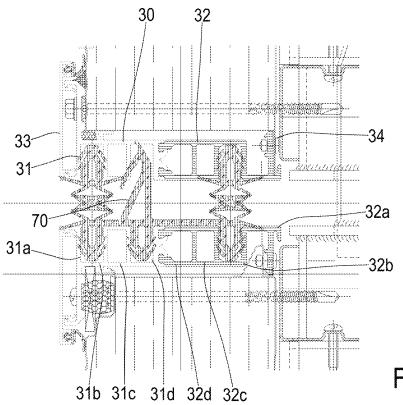


FIG.23

### PREFABRICATED MODULE FOR OBTAINING A WALL FOR CLADDING BUILDINGS

# TECHNICAL FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a prefabricated module for obtaining a wall for cladding buildings as well as such a

More specifically, the present invention relates to a prefabricated module for obtaining a so-called curtain wall.

#### STATE OF THE PRIOR ART

The expression "curtain wall" defines the systems for obtaining the light non-load-bearing building envelope consisting mainly of panels (transparent or opaque) connected to a metal frame that transfers the loads to the structural elements of the building.

The curtain wall provides all the performance of a traditional envelope and can be made with a transparent or 20 opaque surface.

The European standard UNI EN 13830 Curtain walls— Product standard (EN 13830, 2015) provides a technical definition of a curtain wall as part of the building envelope made with a structure usually consisting of horizontal and 25 vertical profiles, connected together and anchored to the structure of support of the building and containing fixed and/or opening infills, which provides all the required functions of an internal or external wall or part of them, but does not contribute to the load-bearing capacity or stability of the 30 building structure.

The solutions currently proposed, although they guarantee a good operation, are unlikely to satisfy the requirements of the aforementioned standard.

#### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

One object of the present invention is to provide a new prefabricated or pre-assembled module for obtaining a wall for cladding buildings, in particular a prefabricated or pre- 40 assembled module for obtaining a so-called curtain wall.

Another object of the present invention is to provide a module as indicated above which is capable of satisfying the requirements of the UNI EN 13830 standard.

Another object of the present invention is to provide a 45 prefabricated or pre-assembled module which, once installed, is capable of guaranteeing good structural stability.

Another object of the present invention is to provide a prefabricated or pre-assembled module that can withstand permanent (own weight of the components) and accidental 50 20, loads (wind, earthquake, shocks, etc.) applied to the respective facade and transmit the same to the load-bearing structure of the building.

Another object of the present invention is to provide a prefabricated or preassembled module capable of accom- 55 22. modating the deformations of the load-bearing structure of a building, as well as the deformations and thermal expansions of the constituent elements.

Another object of the present invention is to provide a prefabricated or pre-assembled module that is able to guar- 60 antee water and air tightness, ensure thermal insulation and sound insulation, resist fire and seismic actions as well as allow easy maintenance.

Another object of the present invention is to provide a new curtain wall or facade obtained by assembling modules 65 as indicated above and suitable for achieving the purposes indicated above.

2

In accordance with one aspect of the invention, a prefabricated module is provided according to the present application.

The present application refers to preferred and advantageous embodiments of the invention.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Other features and advantages of the invention will be 10 more evident from the description of an embodiment of a prefabricated module and curtain wall, illustrated as an indication in the accompanying drawings in which:

FIG. 1 shows a detail in horizontal section of two prefabricated modules side by side or put near each other according to the present invention,

FIG. 2 is a view of a detail on an enlarged scale of FIG.

FIGS. 3 and 4 are axonometric views from respective sides which illustrate an exploded view of a front or external part of a prefabricated module according to the present

FIG. 5 is a detail on an enlarged scale of FIG. 3,

FIGS. 6 and 7 are axonometric views from respective sides which illustrate in detail an edge profile and two gaskets of a module according to the present invention,

FIGS. 8 and 9 are axonometric views from respective sides which illustrate an exploded view of the components of a prefabricated module according to the present invention,

FIG. 10 shows a detail in vertical section of two prefabricated modules placed side by side or put near each other according to the present invention,

FIG. 11 is a view of a detail on an enlarged scale of FIG. 10,

FIG. 12 shows a detail in horizontal section of prefabri-35 cated modules of a wall according to the present invention constrained to a slab,

FIGS. 13 and 14 illustrate steps of constraining a module according to the present invention to a floor,

FIGS. 15 to 18 schematically illustrate possible uses of a module according to the present invention or of a respective

FIG. 19 illustrates an axonometry of a wall or curtain wall according to the present invention applied to the slab of a building,

FIG. 20 shows a detail in horizontal section of two prefabricated modules placed side by side or put near each other according to another example according to the present invention,

FIG. 21 is a view of a detail on an enlarged scale of FIG.

FIG. 22 shows a detail in vertical section of two prefabricated modules side by side or put near each other according to another example according to the present invention, and

FIG. 23 is a view of a detail on an enlarged scale of FIG.

In the accompanying drawings, identical parts or components are indicated by the same reference numbers.

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION

With reference to the attached figures, a prefabricated or pre-assembled module 1 is shown for obtaining an external wall for cladding buildings or external dry wall or for obtaining a curtain wall.

More particularly, a prefabricated or pre-assembled module 1 according to the present invention is used to cover or form vertical walls of buildings or even inclined walls,

preferably slightly with respect to the vertical, but not horizontal walls. Naturally, as will be discussed later, in order to cover or build a wall, several prefabricated modules 1 will preferably be installed side by side with the other modules and/or under and/or above other modules 1 or even 5 with respect to other types of modules.

Therefore, it is possible to identify an "internal" and an "external" in the prefabricated module, where the internal is the face or part that is, in use, mounted facing or against the wall to be covered or which will constitute the interior of the 10 module or of the respective external wall, while the external is the face or part that is, in use, mounted facing away from the wall to be clad or that will constitute the external of the wall, and that therefore, once the module 1 or better the modules 1 to the wall or other walls or slabs of a building, 15 define the new face or portion of the external face of the building, where before the installation of the unit the external face was constituted by the wall itself or was not present yet.

This premise must be taken into account in the interpretation of the internal and external terms used in this description

With regard to the expression "prefabricated" or "preassembled", in this description it is meant that the module is assembled or assemblable, clearly entirely or in all its 25 components, before it is mounted or anchored or constrained to the wall or to other walls or slabs of a building and even before being constrained or fixed to other modules to obtain a curtain wall or facade.

Basically, a module according to the present invention can 30 be moved and mountable on site or during installation as a single piece or a single component.

Therefore, all the elements of the module or of each module are assembled or constrained together beforehand, for example in the same production plant and the module or 35 modules is/are then brought to the place of installation or assembly or in any case approached to the wall to be covered or to other walls or slabs of a building, already assembled and thus it/them is/are constrained or fixed to the wall or to other walls or slabs of a building, moving it or moving each 40 one as if it were a single piece or a unique component.

The module 1 first of all comprises at least one sandwich panel 2 defining two main faces 2a, 2b, an upper, in use, edge 2c, a lower, in use, edge 2d as well as two lateral edges 2f, 2g.

Advantageously, at least one sandwich panel 2 comprises a first main supporting or insulating block 2h, if desired made of mineral wool, expanded polyurethane or rigid foam in general or of glass wool, as well as at least one first sheet 2m applied or adhered to at least one external, in use, face 50 of the first main supporting block 2h. If desired, at least one second sheet 2n applied or adhered to the other internal, in use, face of the first block 2h is also provided.

Moreover, the first block 2h could include a single layer or even comprise coupled sub-layers, each made of a respective material.

The configuration of the first block 2h is preferably a parallelepiped, for example a cuboid or rectangular parallelepiped, that is to say a parallelepiped whose faces are all rectangles. Preferably, the faces of the first block 2h are flat, 60 but not necessarily.

The first block 2h can have any suitable thickness, for example a constant thickness, if desired between 50 mm and 200 mm.

The sheet or sheets 2n, 2m can have any suitable thick- 65 ness, for example a constant thickness, if desired between 0.3 and 1.2 mm or between 0.4 and 1 mm.

4

Preferably, the first 2m and the second 2n sheet can protrude for a protruding section 2p1, 2p2, for a reason which will be discussed later, laterally with respect to the first block 2h, for example of an entity between 20 and 50 mm.

In this regard, considering the cuboid or rectangular parallelepiped configuration of the first block 2h, the first 2m and the second 2n sheet can protrude with respect to some or all sides of the first block 2h, thus with respect to the upper, lower and/or to one or both sides of the first block 2h.

With regard to this aspect, if this arrangement is envisaged, the two sheets 2m and 2n protrude with respect to the same or the same sides of the first block 2h, preferably of the same size and preferably for the entire extension of the respective side of the first block 2h.

In this regard, an edge zone of the panel 2 which is hollow remains defined between the sheets 2m and 2n and this can be provided at the upper, in use, edge 2c and/or the lower, in use, edge 2d and/or of one or both of the two lateral edges 2f  $2\sigma$ 

If the first block 2h is made of expanded polyurethane or other expandable component, then the bond between the first block 2h and the sheet (s) 2m, 2n could be obtained by adhesion following the expansion of the polyurethane or expandable component close to the sheet(s) 2m, 2n before the final hardening or solidification of the polyurethane or expandable component.

If the first block 2h is made of a non-expandable component, such as for example wool, if desired mineral or glass wool, this is preferably constrained to the sheet 2n, 2m, if desired by means of glue.

The sheet 2m could be a smooth sheet or with more or less wide ribs.

Then at least one edge profile, if desired two and preferably at least four edge profiles 3 is/are provided, each mounted on a respective edge 2c-2g of the panel. If four profiles 3 are provided, they effectively define a perimeter frame of a sandwich panel 2, whereby each vertical profile 3, in use, is preferably in contact at respective ends with the horizontal, in use, sections.

The profile or each profile 3 defines at least one main seat 4a, 4b extending for the entire extension or length of the edge profile 3, i.e. the extension, in use, from the top to the bottom of the module 1.

Advantageously, one or more of the profiles 3 is grafted or inserted, preferably to size, between the protruding sections 2p1, 2p2 of the sheets 2m-2n, if this arrangement is envisaged.

Preferably, the prefabricated module 1 includes screws, bolts and/or rivets 5 for fixing one or more of the edge profiles 3 to the sandwich panel 2. Such screws, bolts and/or rivets 5 could be fitted in the protruding portions 2p1, 2p2, if provided, of the sheets 2m, 2n and in the profiles 3.

With reference now to the configuration of the profiles 3 according to the non-limiting embodiment illustrated in the figures, one or more of the same can have a base plate or diaphragm 3a, for example but not necessarily flat, and one or more projecting components if desired, tubular, designed to define the main seats 4a, 4b as well as any other auxiliary seats 6.

One or more of the main seats 4a, 4b and the auxiliary seat(s) 6 are preferably open only on the same side of the respective profile 3, i.e. they are open only in the direction away from the respective edge of the relevant panel on which this profile 3 is mounted and they are blind or closed

on the opposite side. In substance, at least one or preferably all the main seats 4a, 4b and the auxiliary seat or seats 6 are preferably not through.

More specifically, the base plate 3a is designed to be installed in use parallel to a respective edge 2c-2g of the 5 panel 2 or of the first block 2h, while the projecting components extend from the base plate 3 away from and/or into approach to the respective first block 2h of the panel.

Preferably, if the sheets 2m, 2n have at least one protruding section 2p1, 2p2 for housing a profile 3, then any base 10 plate 3a would have an extension in the outer-inner direction substantially corresponding to the or a respective protruding section 2p1, 2p2.

With reference to this aspect, on the side of the base plate 3 distal, in use, from the first block 2h, or facing away from 15 it, at least two projecting components are provided, if desired tubular ones defining a main seat 4a, 4b between them.

In this regard, at least three projecting components are provided defining between them (two by two) two main 20 seats 4a, 4b.

More particularly, according to the non-limiting embodiment illustrated in the figures, from the outside to the inside, it is provided a front or external projecting component 3b, for example tubular, a first intermediate projecting component 3c, for example tubular, delimiting a first main seat 4a with the front or external projecting component 3b, if desired a second intermediate projecting component 3d, for example tubular, at a distance from the first intermediate projecting component 3c so as to define with it at least one auxiliary seat 6, and a rear or internal projecting component 3c or, if provided, with the second intermediate projecting component 3c or, if provided, with the second intermediate projecting component 3d.

Preferably, the extension in the external-internal direction of the front or external projecting component 3b and of the rear or internal projecting component 3e is different, for example more or less, for example in a ratio between 3/2 and 3, of the extension in the external-internal direction of the 40 intermediate projecting component (s) 3c, 3d.

If desired, a central projecting component 3f is also provided between the two intermediate projecting components 3c, 3d for separating the auxiliary seat 6 into two smaller auxiliary seats 6.

Some and preferably all of the components 3b, 3c, 3d, 3e, 3f extend for the entire length of the respective edge of the respective panel 2, so that the main seats 4a, 4b and any auxiliary seats 6 extend for the entire length or extension or perimeter of the respective profile 3.

Advantageously, the projecting components 3b-3f have the same height or the same distance between the respective free end and the base plate 3a.

Projecting components, for example tubular, can also be provided starting from the side of the base plate 3a proximal, 55 in use, to the first block 2h or facing it.

Thus, for example, two or three projecting components greater than 3g or of greater height (distance from the base plate 3) alternating with one or two smaller projecting components 3h or of lesser height can be provided.

If desired, the minor projecting component (s) 3h are aligned with a respective auxiliary seat 6.

Some and preferably all components 3g, 3h extend for the entire length of the respective edge 2c, 2g of the respective panel 2.

At the external and/or internal end or side of the profile 3, connection/finishing fins 3m can be provided, for example

6

U-shaped, for fastening to a respective part of a panel 2, for example to a free end of a respective sheet 2m, 2n or of respective protruding section 2p1, 2p2 thereof.

If desired, these connecting/finishing fins 3m extend from the edges of a front or external projecting component 3b (if provided) or of a rear or internal projecting component 3e (if provided) distal from the respective main block 2h.

The profile 3 can then have wing components 3n each extending from the sides of the base plate 3a approaching the main block 2h of the respective panel 2. These wing components 3n define the external or internal end of a profile 3, if desired together with a section of the external or internal wall of a respective projecting component 3b, 3e.

If desired, the height or width of a profile 3, i.e. the distance of the free end of the block components 3b-3f rising from one side of the base plate 3a and the free end of the block components 3g, 3h rising on the other side of the base plate 3a, is substantially equal to or slightly less than the extension of respective protruding sections 2p1, 2p2 of the sheets 2m-2n, so that the profile 3 can, in use, be entirely housed in the space defined by the protruding sections 2p1, 2p2 of an external sheet 2m and of an internal sheet 2n at a respective edge section.

A profile 3 can be made of any suitable material, such as for example PVC, aluminum or polyamide or a material obtained through a pultrusion process.

One, some or each profile 3 is preferably made in a single piece or alternatively in two or more pieces connected, for example mechanically, if desired by means of interlocking.

The module is then provided with at least one gasket, or two or three or at least two, three or four gaskets 7a, 7b, it or each mounted within a respective seat 4a, 4b of a respective edge profile 3 and extending therefrom for the engagement of an adjacent module 1. Preferably, gaskets 7a, 7b are provided which are mounted at least in the lower, in use, edge 2d as well as in the two lateral edges 2f, 2g.

This or these gaskets 7a, 7b have a length substantially equal to the length of a respective edge 2c-2g of the sandwich panel 2, that is to say of the edge 2c-2g on which they are mounted or better on which a respective profile 3 is mounted.

If advantageously at least one of the edge profiles 3 defines at least two auxiliary seats 4a, 4b in correspondence with at least one respective lateral edge 2c-2g, at least two gaskets 7a-7b are preferably provided for one or each profile 3 and in the two seats 4a, 4b on at least one lateral edge 2c-2g of the sandwich panel 2 two gaskets are mounted, one 7a in the innermost, in use, position and the other 7b in the 50 outermost, in use position.

If three or six gaskets 7a, 7b are provided, they actually define one (7a or 7b) or two (7a and 7b) sections of the frame with three sides of respective profiles 3, so that each lower horizontal, in use, gasket 7a is preferably in contact at respective ends with the vertical, in use, gaskets.

With reference to the specific non-limiting configuration of the gasket/s 7a, 7b, it or each of them has a tip 7c designed to be inserted or fitted, for example to size in a respective main seat 4a, 4b and a tail 7d protruding for the engagement with respective sections or gaskets of adjacent modules and designed to abut with respective projecting components 3b-3f extending from the side of the base plate 3a distal from the main block 2h of the respective panel 2.

The tip 7c can be tapered in whole or in part away from the tail 7d and can also have the first dovetail portions 7e, that is, a series of staggered wall sections in the direction of approaching the tip 7c.

The tail 7d can instead comprise second dovetail portions, for example, moving away from the tip 7c with a first enlarged portion 7f, if desired tubular (for example with a triangular section), and then a section, if desired V- or U-shaped 7g with increasing section away from the tip 7c.

Moreover, wings 7h, 7m extending, one towards the outside and the other towards the inside, can be provided, starting from a zone between the rear 7d and the tip 7c away from the main body of the tail 7d.

Advantageously, the wings 7h, 7m are slightly inclined towards the tip 7c or towards a respective edge 2c-2g of a respective panel 2, that is to say that the respective free end is closer to a respective edge 2c-2g of a respective panel 2.

Even more advantageously, the wings 7h, 7m have a different extension in external-internal direction, a greater 7h, in the order between 3/2 and 2 or 3 or 4 or 5 compared to the other 7m. Alternatively, the wings 7h, 7m have the same extension.

In use, the tip 7c of each gasket 7a, 7b is fitted or inserted 20 to size in a respective main seat 4a, 4b, while the wings 7h, 7m, if provided, abut, if desired with slight bending against a respective projecting component 3b-3e.

Thus, for example, the major wing 7h can rest against the front or external projecting component 3b or against the rear or internal projecting component 3e, while the smaller wing 7m can rest against the first 3c or second 3d projecting intermediate component, although it could also be the viceversa

The rear 7*d* of the gasket, on the other hand, protrudes with respect to the profile 3, thus constituting a portion of support and sealing against a gasket of an adjacent module 1 or fitted into a profiled 3 fixed to an adjacent panel 2.

Some and preferably all the components of a gasket 7a, 7b extend for the entire length of the respective edge 2c, 2g of the respective panel 2 or of the respective profile 3, so that the gasket (s) 7a, 7b extend over the entire length or extension of the respective profile 3 or better of the respective main seat 4a. 4b.

The gaskets 7a, 7b are made of any suitable material, such as EPDM or silicone.

One, some or each gasket 7a, 7b is preferably made in one piece.

If desired, additional fastening means can be provided, 45 such as screws 8 fitted starting from any auxiliary seats 6, in projecting components 3g or 3h and therefore in the edge of a panel 2 to obtain a more firm connection of a profile 3 to a respective panel 2 More specifically, the screws 8 could be inserted so as to pass through the base plate 3a until they 50 reach and engage at their head, on the bottom (or end proximal to the panel 2) of a respective minor projecting component 3h. Alternatively, angular components could be used, for example made of nylon, which are inserted into the projecting components 3g.

Moreover, the profile 3 in one of the edges, in particular in the upper edge 2c of the panel 2 of a prefabricated module 1 is left without a gasket, which will then be assembled on site, as will be explained better later.

According to the non-limiting embodiment illustrated in 60 the figures, the module 1 has, in a direction from the outside towards the inside starting from the unit, comprising a sandwich panel 2 and one or more profiles 3 mounted on one, some or all of the edges of the same, at least one main frame 9 fixed to said unit 2, 3 by means of screws, bolts 65 and/or rivets and, if desired, at least one sheet 10, fixed to the main frame 9.

8

If desired, two, three or more main frames 9 are provided for each module, each mounted at a respective edge and/or an intermediate portion of a panel 2.

As regards the fastening of the or of a frame 9 to a panel 2 in more detail, at least one connection screw 11 passing through at least one panel 2 starting from the outside to the inside of the same and through the main frame 9 can be provided, so as to fix the panel 2 to the main frame 9. For each panel 2, for example, two, three or more screws 11 can be provided, mounted at respective edge sections of the panel 2.

With reference to this aspect, the screw or each screw 11 can pass through one or more of the projecting components 3g, 3h extending from the side of the base plate 3a proximal, in use, to the first block 2h or facing it as well as through the sheet(s) 2m, 2n, if desired through respective protruding sections 2p1, 2p2. In this case, the connecting screw 11 may not pass through the first block 2h.

If desired, at least one external auxiliary profile 12 is also provided, mounted between the head 11a of a connecting screw 11 and the external, in use, face of a respective sandwich panel 2 or better of a respective sheet 2m.

This external auxiliary profile 12 can have a main plate 12a with a series of protuberances 12b, if desired as a section of the wall extending therefrom, in use, towards the panel 2, so as to define the thickness of the profile 12 and thus space the head 11a of the connection screw 11 and the external, in use, face, of a respective sandwich panel 2 or better of a respective sheet 2m.

The external auxiliary profile 12, if provided, can be made of any suitable material, for example metal, such as aluminum or other material.

The module 1 or rather a group consisting of respective pairs of side-by-side modules 1 can be provided with a joint cover profile 13, made of any suitable material, for example metal, such as aluminum or other material, which joint cover profile 13 is designed to conceal, in use, the joint between two adjacent panels and thus the respective profiles 3.

More specifically, a joint cover section 13 can be provided so as to be constrained on one side to an external auxiliary section 12 mounted on a first panel 2 of a first module and on the other to an external auxiliary section 12 mounted on a second panel of a second module adjacent to the first.

With specific reference to the main frame 9, it can be made of any suitable material, such as steel.

This component 9 can have an appropriate configuration, for example C-shaped or double C, thus with an intermediate portion 9a, for example flat sheet-like and two end portions 9b, each perpendicular to the intermediate portion 9a and extending from a respective end thereof.

One, two, three or four C-shaped or double C frames can be provided for a module 1. If in particular four frames 9 are provided, they effectively define a perimeter frame, so that each, vertical, in use, frame or section of frame 9 is preferably in contact and constrained at respective ends with the horizontal, in use, frames or sections of frame 9. In this regard, adjacent frame sections 9 can be connected in any suitable way, for example by means of intermediate square or plate components, for example L-shaped 9c.

With regard to the at least one plate 10, if provided, it can include one, two or more plates, if desired made of calcium silicate, plasterboard, fiber cement, fiber gypsum, fiber reinforced cement, OSB, wood or composite materials or other suitable material, designed to finish internally the wall.

If desired, a first end portion 9b of the main frame 9 rests against a portion of a panel 2 or a respective sheet 2n and a second end portion 9b of the main frame 9 rests against a portion of a sheet 10.

Fastening means 14, such as screws, rivets or bolts are 5 then clearly provided between the main frame 9 and the plate 10.

The module 1 can then also include filling means 15, such as for example wool, between the plate 10 and the sandwich panel, which filling means are alongside or between main 10 frames 9.

Preferably, a wall or facade according to the present invention comprises two, three or a plurality of prefabricated modules 1 as indicated above which are placed side by side or put near each other or placed one above and one below the 15 other.

In this case, a gasket 7a, 7b mounted within a seat 4a, 4b of a profile 3 mounted on a first sandwich panel 2 of a first module is in sealing engagement for its entire length with a gasket 7a, 7b mounted within a seat 4a, 4b of a profile 3 20 mounted on a second sandwich panel 2 of a second module adjacent to the first.

More particularly, according to the non-limiting embodiment shown in the figures, the tail 7d of an external gasket 7a of a first module 1 is in sealing engagement with the tail 25 7d of an external gasket 7a of a second module and the tail 7d of an internal gasket 7b of a first module 1 is in sealing engagement with the tail 7d of an internal gasket 7b of a second module 1.

In this regard, two gaskets 7a, 7b of two adjacent modules 30 in sealing engagement are in contact and, in fact, pushed against each other, for their entire extension, therefore for the entire length of the respective side, bottom, top or side of the respective module. These gaskets absorb movements and maintain sealing performance.

Moreover, as indicated above, the profile 3 mounted on the upper edge 2c of the panels 2 is kept without a gasket before the mounting or assembly of more modules, then inserting a so-called continuous gasket 70 (see FIGS. 10 and 11), which it is different from as described above, for 40 example in profiles 3 mounted on the upper edge 2c of the panels or on another component of the modules, for example in accordance with solutions according to the prior art. Advantageously, a continuous gasket 70 is provided for each horizontal row of modules.

This continuous gasket 70 is defined as a tile roofing sheet and performs the task of preventing any water infiltration through the panel. It is continuous in the sense that it extends for two or more modules, preferably for a series of modules placed side by side horizontally.

In this regard, once the first row or lowest row of modules 1 has been mounted, the gasket 70 is mounted in the possible upper profiles 3 of the modules 1 and then the modules 1 of the second row or upper row are mounted, so that the tails 7d of the external gaskets 7a and/or internal 7b of the second 55 row of modules 1 come into sealing engagement against the continuous gasket 70.

As regards the configuration of the continuous gasket **70**, it can comprise a main plate or diaphragm **70***a* from one side of which extend one, two or more pointed portions **70***b* 60 similar to the tips of the gaskets **7***a*, **7***b*, while on the other side one, two or more tail portions **70***c* extend similar to those of the gaskets **7***a*, **7***b*, to the description of which we refer integrally, and substantially aligned with two of the pointed portions **70***b*, similar to those of the gaskets **7***a*, **7***b*, 65 to the description of which we refer integrally, for example to an external and an internal pointed portion **70***b*.

10

A protuberance 70d is then provided extending from the same side of the tail portions 70c, but of considerably greater extension, of an order from 2 to 6 times of the latter.

The protuberance 70d comprises, according to the embodiment illustrated in the figures, an initial section 70e, for example hollow with one or a pair of walls, for example inclined to each other, and then a free end 70f, for example L-shaped with open concavity moving away from the initial section 70e.

The gasket 70 can be mounted so as to have the respective tips 70b mounted two in two respective main seats 4a, 4b and one in an auxiliary seat 6 of a profile 3 of a lower module 1, while the protuberance 70d has the respective free end 70f mounted within an auxiliary seat 6 of an upper module 1. As regards the tail portions 70c, for example, they can be in sealing engagement one with the tail 7d of an external gasket 7a and the other with the tail 7d of an internal gasket 7b of an upper module.

As regards the interior of a wall or facade obtained by means of modules 1 placed side by side or put near each other, for example as a mosaic, a respective internal profile 16 is mounted, on site or on the building site, in correspondence with the at least one plate 10 of one or each module, preferably, which profile is suitably shaped so as to house one end of an internal gasket 17 which helps to make the facade fireproof.

This internal profile 16 can be fastened to the frame 9 or to a respective terminal portion 9b by means of suitable fastening means, such as screws, bolts or rivets 18.

In this case, advantageously two adjacent modules each comprise a respective internal profile 16 so that these profiles support, each on a respective side, an internal gasket 17

A second plate 19 can also be provided, if desired made of calcium silicate, plasterboard, fiber cement, gypsum fiber, fiber reinforced cement, OSB, wood or composite materials or other suitable material mounted internally to one or each first plate 10 and designed to internally line the first plate 10 and the internal profile 16.

Moreover, this second plate **19** can be internally lined with a suitable covering component **19***a*, made of a suitable material, if desired internally plastered.

With reference then to the constraint of modules 1 assembled to a building, this can be achieved by means of constraint profiles 20, for example tubular ones mounted on the main frame 9.

A bracket 21 is then provided which is mounted, for example by means of screws, bolts and rivets to the constraint profiles 20 and terminating with a connection section 21a, for example with a hook or grapple for attachment to a mounting plate 22 integral, for example by means of screws, bolts or similar components to the slab 25 of a building.

The mounting plate 22 could instead delimit a through opening 24, the hook or grapple connection section 21a being mountable on the mounting plate 22, for example with a free end mounted or hooked into the through opening 24 astride a section, if desired vertical or inclined with respect to the vertical 22a, of the mounting plate 22.

The engagement between bracket 21 and plate 22 allows transverse or horizontal displacements or adaptations, which ensure transverse adaptations of the respective module.

It will also be understood that adjacent or put near each other modules can have respective brackets 21 mounted in the same plate 22, so that pairs of adjacent modules have the

same support component integral, for example by means of screws, bolts or components similar to the slab **25** of a building.

As regards in detail the constraint profiles 20, they could have vertical tubular sections connected by means of screws, 5 bolts, fittings, couplings or similar solutions with the main frame 9, for example with a vertical section thereof. More specifically, for each module 1 one or two constraint profiles 20 can be provided, each connected to a respective frame 9 mounted or constrained to a lateral edge 2*f*, 2*g* of the 10 respective panel 2, for example on a vertical section of the frame 9.

In this regard, the constraint profiles 20 serve to guide the positioning of an upper module with respect to a lower module, this can be done by aligning one or two vertical 15 constraint profiles 20 of an upper module with one or a respective profile constraint 20 of a lower module. The constraint profile 20 of a lower module is connected to a constraint profile 20 of an upper module in any suitable way or means, for example by means of so-called swords components 20a.

Preferably, each module 1 has two constraint profiles 20, each connected to a vertical frame section 9, one on one side and one on another side of the module, on each constraint profile 20 a respective bracket 21 being mounted for the 25 engagement, for example for hooking to a respective mounting plate 22 integral, for example by means of screws, bolts or components similar to the slab 25 of a building.

As can also be derived from FIGS. 15 to 18, it is clear that modules 1 according to the present invention can be 30 mounted to cover or infill an existing wall W (FIG. 15), closing a main opening MO defined by a building with a slab 25 for obtaining an external wall with (FIG. 16 or 18) or without (FIG. 17) window 26.

Moreover, the modules can be assembled within (FIG. 18) 35 an opening defined by other components of a building or protruding from it (FIG. 16).

The subject-matter of the present invention is also a group for covering a wall comprising at least two prefabricated modules side by side or placed one above the other and with 40 respective gaskets in engagement.

The subject-matter of the present invention is also a building 27 comprising a series of modules linked to a component or slab of the building, for example as described above.

As it will be possible to ascertain, a method for the assembly or installation of modules according to the present invention provides to assemble or mount the modules in the production site or in the installation site, then to mount or install on a wall or on a slab the modules as indicated above, 50 first making rows of lower modules with modules side by side having respective gaskets 7a, 7b in sealing engagement and then, after having possibly mounted one or more gaskets 7b in upper profiles 3b of the modules b of the lower row or rows, mount upper rows with upper modules having gaskets b in sealing engagement with gaskets b of lower modules until a desired wall is obtained.

For the assembly of the modules it is possible, for example, to hook the brackets 21 with the plates 22.

With reference now to FIGS. **20** to **23**, another embodiment of modules and group in accordance with the present invention similar to the one described above is illustrated, but in which one or more profiles are provided which are not in a single piece, but they consist of two or more parts or elements connected to each other.

More specifically, at least one (preferably all) profile 30 of a respective module comprises two parts 31, 32, one external

**12** 

or the other internal each defining one or more respective main seats 4a and, if desired, one or both also defining one or more auxiliary seats 6.

These parts 31, 32 are connected together with any suitable means, such as for example screws, bolts, rivets, snap engagement and/or fittings or rolling. Thus, for example, an internal 32 or an external 31 part could have an open end, respectively outward or inward for fitting or snap engagement with a suitably shaped closed or even open end of the other between the external 31 or internal part 32.

As regards the realization of the two parts 31, 32, they could be made in the same or in a different and suitable material, such as for example, without any limitation, a metal, such as aluminum, for the external part 31 and polyamide, for the internal part 32.

With specific reference to the non-limiting embodiment illustrated in the figures, the external part 31 comprises, from the outside towards the inside, an external wing section 31a, partly enveloping one end of a respective edge of a panel 2, then a second section 31b defining a main seat 4a, if desired with the interposition of a third block section 31c, for example tubular, and an internal end 31d, if desired closed with connection protrusions 31e, 31f with the internal part 32 of the respective profile.

If desired, the external part 31 also defines an auxiliary seat 6 between the third projecting section 31c and the internal end 31d.

As regards in detail the inner end 31d, it has a main length 31g, for example extending in an direction orthogonal or transverse to the respective edge of a relative panel 2 and then one or two lateral connection protrusions 31e, each extending from an edge of the intermediate length 31g and then one or two central connecting protuberances 31f, if desired, two protrusions 31f extending from a central portion of the intermediate length 31g diverging moving away from the main length 31g.

As regards in detail the section with external wing 31a, it has a protruding portion 31al with respect to a respective edge of a panel and ending with a flanged section 31a2, if desired L-shaped, towards the outside and a portion enclosing 31a3 such edge and also ending with a flanged section 31a4, if desired in an L-shape, towards the outside.

On the other hand, with regard to the internal part 32, it has, from the inside outwards, a connection flap 32a, for example U-shaped, for fastening to a respective part of a panel 2, for example to a free end of a respective sheet 2n or of one or more protruding sections 2p2 thereof, then a second length 32b defining a main seat 4a, a third block length 32c, if desired tubular and an external end 32d, if desired open for engagement, for example snap or fitting or coupling with the internal end 31d of the first part 31 of the respective profile 30.

With specific reference to the non-limiting embodiment illustrated in the figures, the external end 32d comprises a C-shaped configuration open towards the outside or towards the internal end 31d, the lateral sections of the C defining for example one or more steps for the snap, fitting, enclosing or other engagement with the connection protrusions 31e, 31f.

In this regard, for the constraint of the two parts 31, 32 it is possible to insert the central connection protrusion/s 31f within the external end 32d, for example by fitting or snap-in or rolling and then suitably bend the lateral connection protrusion/s 31e close to respective portions of the outer end 32d.

Clearly, an inverse configuration to that described above could be obtained for internal 31d and external 32d ends.

According to the example of FIGS. 20 to 23, one of the sheets 2m, 2n has a protruding section 2p2 for housing or constraint of a respective part 31, 32 of the profile 3.

According to the non-limiting example shown in the figures, the internal sheet 2n has a protruding section 2p2 for engagement, for example for hooking with the connection flap 32a.

Clearly, alternatively both sheets 2m, 2n could have a protruding section for engagement, for example for hooking the respective connection fins of the parts 31, 32 or this could be provided only for the sheet 2m or for no sheet.

Some and preferably all the components of the parts 31, 32 extend for the entire length of the respective edge of the respective panel 2, so that the main seats 4a, 4b and any auxiliary seats 6 extend for the entire length or extension or perimeter of the respective profile 30.

Also in accordance with the embodiment now under consideration, at least one connection screw 11 is provided, passing through at least one panel 2 starting from the outside to the inside of the same and through the main frame 9 so as to fix the panel 2 to the main frame 9. For each panel 2, for example, two, three or more screws 11 can be provided and in any case in a number such as to satisfy the static coupling requirements, which screws are mounted at respective edge sections of the panel 2.

the water, air and wind tightr standard UNI EN 13830 Cu (EN 13830, 2015).

It will be understood how present invention is adaptate covering and dry wrapping.

It is also possible to contain if necessary, thermal breaks.

It also achieves the optimize

With reference to this aspect, the screw or each screw 11a can also pass through the outer wing portion 31a, if desired through the respective enclosing portion 31a3.

If desired, at least one auxiliary external profile **33** is also 30 provided, preferably snap-fitted between the head **11***a* of a connection screw **11** and the external, in use, face of a respective sandwich panel **2** or better of a respective sheet **2***m*.

This profile is configured in a very similar way to the 35 external auxiliary profile 12, then with a main plate with a series of protrusions extending from it, in use, towards the panel 2. These protrusions can be constrained, for example by snap engagement, with the flanged portions 31a2 and 31a4.

The external auxiliary profile 33, if provided, can be made of any suitable material, for example metal, such as aluminum or other material.

The constraint or connection between the parts 31, 32 of the profile 30 and a respective edge of a panel 2 can be 45 ensured by a connecting screw 11 or also by means of screws, rivets or the like components 34.

With reference to the embodiment illustrated in the figures, the internal part 32 of the section 30 is riveted to the protruding part 2p2 of the internal sheet 2n. Clearly, according to other configurations, a connection screw 11 could be provided for fixing both parts 31, 32 or screws or rivets for connecting both parts 31, 32 of the profile 30 to the panel 2.

Alternatively, this connection or constraint can also be guaranteed by a snap or to size or forced fitting.

As for the gaskets 7*a*, 7*b*, they can be as described with reference to the embodiment of FIGS. 1 to 12.

If the gaskets 7a, 7b have wings 7h, 7m, they can have an extension in an external-internal direction different from each other or even the same.

In use, the tip 7c of each gasket 7a, 7b is fitted or inserted to size in a respective main seat 4a, 4b, while the wings 7h, 7m, if provided, abut, if desired with slight bending against a respective projecting component of one or both parts 31, 32

A facade system according to the present invention was made with the aim of providing prefabricated modules for 14

facades, for example opaque, which can, in a subsequent study and design phase, provide for the integration of windows.

As it will be possible to ascertain, the system aims to use a limited number of components, such as one or more profiles 3, for example cold formed, sandwich panels 2, if desired sheets 2, for example in plasterboard and a series of other profiles, for example made of PVC and gaskets for the perimeter sealing of these modules.

The approach followed is to provide a real integrated system, with off-site pre-assembly, which composes the entire element of the external envelope (exterior wall) with a load-bearing structure, for example made of steel, for example cold profiled, internal and external covering of the panel with sheets and panels and insulating material in the cavity, able to guarantee all the performances required in the energy, acoustic and seismic and fire safety fields as well as the water, air and wind tightness according to the European standard UNI EN 13830 Curtain walls—Product standard (EN 13830, 2015).

It will be understood how a system according to the present invention is adaptable and flexible for both dry covering and dry wrapping.

It is also possible to contain thermal bridges and integrate, if necessary, thermal breaks.

It also achieves the optimization of off-site prefabrication and reduction of on-site assembly operations.

An invention according to the present invention then allows the optimization of the disassembly of the system for recycling at the end of its life as well as the optimization of the adoption of low environmental impact materials to complete the stratigraphic package.

Thanks to the present invention, it is then possible to optimize the customization of the covering in terms of material and finishes as well as plant integration and dimensional adaptability, taking into account the facilitation of handling and installation operations on site, as well as transportability.

Changes and variants of the invention are possible within 40 the scope defined by the claims.

The invention claimed is:

- 1. A prefabricated or pre-assembled module for obtaining an external wall for cladding buildings or for obtaining a curtain wall, including:
  - at least one sandwich panel defining two main faces, an upper, in use, edge, a lower, in use, edge and two lateral edges.
  - at least four edge profiles, each mounted on a respective edge of said at least one sandwich panel, each of said at least four edge profiles delimiting at least one main seat extending for the entire extension of each of said at least four edge profiles.
  - at least three gaskets, each mounted within said at least one main seat of a respective edge profile and extending therefrom for the engagement of an adjacent module, at least one gasket having a length substantially equal to the length of a respective edge of said at least one sandwich panel on which a respective profile is mounted,
  - and further comprising, in a direction from an outside towards an inside starting from a unit including said at least one sandwich panel and said at least four edge profiles mounted on a respective edge of said at least one sandwich panel, at least one main frame fixed to said unit by means of screws, bolts and/or rivets,
  - wherein the at least one main frame comprises four frame sections defining a perimeter frame having vertical

frame sections and horizontal frame sections, wherein each, vertical frame section is in contact and constrained at respective ends with each horizontal frame section

- 2. The prefabricated or pre-assembled module according 5 to claim 1, wherein said at least one sandwich panel comprises a first main supporting or insulating block as well as at least one first sheet applied or adhered to at least one external, in use, face of the first block and at least one second sheet applied or adhered to the other internal, in use, face of 10 the first block.
- 3. The prefabricated or pre-assembled module according to claim 2, wherein at least one among said first and said second sheet protrudes for a protruding section laterally with respect to the first block and wherein said at least one edge 15 profile is mounted or fitted or inserted at said protruding section or between the protruding sections of said sheets.
- **4.** The prefabricated or pre-assembled module according to claim **1**, comprising screws, bolts and/or rivets for fixing said at least one edge profile to said sandwich panel.
- 5. The prefabricated or pre-assembled module according to claim 1, wherein said at least one edge profile comprises a base plate and one or more projecting components designed to define said at least one main seat, and wherein said base plate is designed to be installed in use parallel to 25 a respective edge of the sandwich panel, while the projecting components extend from the base plate moving away and/or approaching a respective first block of the sandwich panel.
- **6**. The prefabricated or pre-assembled module according to claim **5**, wherein said at least one edge profile comprises 30 at least three projecting components defining between them two main seats.
- 7. The prefabricated or pre-assembled module according to claim 6, wherein said at least one edge profile, from an outside towards an inside, comprises a front or external 35 projecting component, at least one intermediate projecting component delimiting a first main seat with the front or external projecting component, and a rear or internal projecting component delimiting a second main seat with said at least one intermediate projecting component.
- 8. The prefabricated or pre-assembled module according to claim 7, wherein a first intermediate projecting component is provided which delimits a first main seat with the front or external projecting component, and a second intermediate projecting component at a distance from the first 45 intermediate projecting component so as to define with it at least one auxiliary seat and a second main seat with said rear or internal projecting component.
- **9**. The prefabricated or pre-assembled module according to claim **5**, wherein said at least one edge profile comprises 50 projecting components starting from a side of the base plate proximal, in use, to the first block or facing it.
- 10. The prefabricated or pre-assembled module according to claim 1, wherein said at least one edge profile, at a respective external and/or internal end or side comprises 55 connection/finishing fins for constraint to a respective part of the sandwich panel.
- 11. The prefabricated or pre-assembled module according to claim 1, wherein said at least one gasket comprises a tip designed to be inserted or fitted in a respective main seat and 60 a tail protruding for engagement with respective sections or gaskets of adjacent modules.
- 12. The prefabricated or pre-assembled module according to claim 5, wherein said at least one gasket comprises a tip designed to be inserted or fitted in a respective main seat and 65 a tail protruding for engagement with respective sections or gaskets of adjacent modules, and wherein said tail is

16

designed to abut with respective projecting components extending from the side of the base plate distal from the first block of the respective panel.

- 13. The prefabricated or pre-assembled module according to claim 11, wherein said tip is tapered away from the tail and has first dovetail portions.
- 14. The prefabricated or pre-assembled module according to claim 11, wherein said tail comprises second dovetail portions with a first enlarged portion and then a V or U section with section increasing moving away from the tip.
- 15. The prefabricated or pre-assembled module according to claim 11, wherein said at least one gasket comprises wings extending, one towards an outside and the other towards an inside, starting from a zone between a rear and the tip moving away from a main body of the tail, and wherein said wings rest against a respective component of said at least one edge profile.
- 16. The prefabricated or pre-assembled module according to claim 1, comprising at least one connection screw passing
  through at least one sandwich panel starting from the outside to the inside of the same and through the main frame so as to fix said at least one sandwich panel to the main frame.
  - 17. The prefabricated or pre-assembled module according to claim 1, wherein said at least one edge profile is made by two or more parts connected to each other.
  - 18. The prefabricated or pre-assembled module according to claim 17, wherein said parts have an open end, respectively outward or inward for fitting or snap engagement with a closed end or also with an open end on the other part.
  - 19. The prefabricated or pre-assembled module according to claim 1, wherein said module is assembled or can be assembled before being mounted or anchored or constrained to a wall or to other walls or slabs of a building and also before being constrained or fixed to others modules for obtaining a curtain wall or facade, so that it can be moved and mounted on site as a single piece or a single component.
  - 20. A group for obtaining or covering a wall comprising at least two prefabricated modules placed side by side or placed one above the other and with respective gaskets in sealing engagement,

each module comprising:

- at least one sandwich panel defining two main faces, an upper, in use, edge, a lower, in use, edge and two lateral edges,
- at least one edge profile mounted on a respective edge of said at least one sandwich panel, said at least one edge profile delimiting at least one main seat extending for the entire extension of said at least one edge profile,
- at least one gasket, mounted within said at least one main seat of a respective edge prof ile and extending therefrom for the engagement of an adjacent module, said at least one gasket having a length substantially equal to the length of a respective edge of said at least one sandwich panel, i.e. of the edge on which a respective edge profile is mounted,
- wherein said at least one edge profile mounted in the upper edge of the panels is kept without the gasket before mounting or assembling more modules, while in the same a continuous gasket is inserted, said continuous gasket extending for two or more modules placed side by side horizontally, and
- wherein said continuous gasket comprises a main plate on one side of which at least one tip portion extends, while on the other side at least one tail portion extends and a protuberance is then provided extending from the same side as the tail portion, but with extension greater than the latter, said at least one tip portion being mounted in

at least one main and/or auxiliary seat of an edge prof ile of at least one lower module, said protuberance having the respective free end mounted within an auxiliary seat of an upper module, while said at least one tail portion is in sealing engagement with the tail of 5 at least one gasket of an upper module.

21. The group according to claim 20, wherein said at least

21. The group according to claim 20, wherein said at least one gasket mounted within a seat of a profile mounted on a first sandwich panel of a first module is in sealing engagement for its entire length with a gasket mounted within a seat 10 of a profile mounted on a second sandwich panel of a second module adjacent to the first.

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