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AUGMENTED REALITY DEVICE WHICH RECOGNIZES OBJECT USING ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE MODEL OF EXTERNAL DEVICE, AND OPERATION METHOD THEREFOR

Abstract

An augmented reality device is provided. The augmented reality device includes a camera, an inertial measurement unit (IMU) sensor including an accelerometer, a communication interface configured to perform data communication with a mobile device, memory, comprising one or more storage media, storing one or more instructions, and at least one processor communicatively coupled to the memory, wherein the instructions, when executed by the at least one processor individually or collectively, cause the augmented reality device to obtain an image captured by using the camera and sensor data measured by using the accelerometer, control the communication interface to transmit the obtained image and the obtained sensor data to a mobile device, receive, from the mobile device, information about a direction, a type, and an object detection area of an object obtained from the image according to a result of object recognition performed by the mobile device by using a first artificial intelligence model included in the mobile device, adjust a location of the object detection area, based on a value of the sensor data changed at a time point when the result of the object recognition is received from the mobile device, determine a second artificial intelligence model for recognizing the object, based on the direction and the type of the object included in the object detection area of which the location has been adjusted, and recognize the object from the object detection area in the image by using the determined second artificial intelligence model.

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Background/Summary

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATION(S) [0001] This application is a continuation application, claiming priority under 35 U.S.C. § 365(c), of an International application No. PCT/KR2023/014199, filed on Sep. 19, 2023, which is based on and claims the benefit of a Korean patent application number 10-2022-0147382, filed on Nov. 7, 2022, in the Korean Intellectual Property Office, the disclosure of which is incorporated by reference herein in its entirety.

BACKGROUND

1. Field

[0002] The disclosure relates to an augmented reality service for recognizing an object from an image by using an artificial intelligence model included in an external device, and an operation method thereof.

2. Description of Related Art

[0003] Augmented reality is a technology that overlays a virtual object on a physical environment space or a real world object in the real world to display them together, and an augmented reality device (e.g., smart glasses) using an augmented reality technology is used in everyday life, such as for an information search, directions, and camera photographing. In particular, smart glasses are worn as fashion items and are mainly used for outdoor activities.

[0004] Because an augmented reality device does not allow a touch operation due to characteristics of the augmented reality device, a hand interaction that uses, as an input means, a 3-dimensional (3D) pose and a hand gesture of a hand of a user is important as an input interface in order to provide an augmented reality service. An augmented reality device uses vision-based hand tracking technology for recognizing a hand of a user from an image photographed by using a camera mounted on the augmented reality device, without having to use a separate external input device, so as to guarantee freedom of both hands of the user. For an augmented reality device to recognize a hand pose (shape) or hand movement of a user, inference needs to be performed through an artificial intelligence (AI) model by using, as input data, image data corresponding to a specific hand pose (shape) or hand movement.

[0005] In general, because an augmented reality device is designed to have a small form factor for portability, a hardware specification is low, and thus, a processing time required to recognize a hand from an image may be long, and accordingly, it may be difficult to recognize a hand in real time and use the recognized hand as an input means. In addition, an AI model embedded in an

augmented reality device in an on-device manner is a low-performance model, and thus, hand recognition accuracy may be low.

[0006] The above information is presented as background information only to assist with an understanding of the disclosure. No determination has been made, and no assertion is made, as to whether any of the above might be applicable as prior art with regard to the disclosure.

SUMMARY

[0007] Aspects of the disclosure are to address at least the above-mentioned problems and/or disadvantages and to provide at least the advantages described below. Accordingly, an aspect of the disclosure is to provide an augmented reality device for recognizing an object by using an artificial intelligence model of an external device.

[0008] Additional aspects will be set forth in part in the description which follows and, in part, will be apparent from the description, or may be learned by practice of the presented embodiments.

[0009] In accordance with an aspect of the disclosure, an augmented reality device is provided. The augmented reality device includes a camera, an inertial measurement unit (IMU) sensor including an accelerometer, a communication interface configured to perform data communication with a mobile device, memory, comprising one or more storage media, storing one or more instructions, and at least one processor communicatively coupled to the memory, Wherein the instructions, when executed by the at least one processor individually or collectively, cause the augmented reality device to obtain an image captured by using the camera and sensor data measured by using the accelerometer, control the communication interface to transmit the obtained image and the obtained sensor data to the mobile device, receive, from the mobile device, information about a direction, a type, and an object detection area of an object obtained from the image according to a result of object recognition performed by the mobile device by using a first artificial intelligence model included in the mobile device, adjust a location of the object detection area, based on a value of the sensor data changed at a time point when the result of the object recognition is received from the mobile device, determine a second artificial intelligence model for recognizing the object, based on the direction and the type of the object included in the object detection area of which the location has been adjusted, and recognize the object from the object detection area in the image by using the determined second artificial intelligence model.

[0010] In accordance with another aspect of the disclosure, a method performed by an augmented reality device for recognizing an object by using an artificial intelligence model of an external device is provided. The method includes transmitting, to a mobile device, an image captured by using a camera and sensor data measured by using an accelerometer, receiving, from the mobile device, information about a direction, a type, and an object detection area of an object obtained from the image according to a result of object recognition performed by the mobile device by using a first artificial intelligence model included in the mobile device, adjusting a location of the object detection area, based on a value of the sensor data changed at a time point when the result of the object recognition is received from the mobile device, determining a second artificial intelligence model for recognizing the object, based on the direction and the type of the object included in the object detection area of which the location has been adjusted, and recognizing the object from the object detection area in the image by using the determined second artificial intelligence model.

[0011] In accordance with another aspect of the disclosure, a mobile device is provided. The mobile device includes a communication interface configured to perform data communication with an augmented reality device, memory storing an artificial neural network model pre-trained to specify an object detection area where an object is detected from an input image and output classification information about a direction and a type of the object included in the object detection area, and at least one processor. The at least one processor is configured to receive an image and sensor data from the augmented reality device through the communication interface. The at least one processor is configured to input the received image into the artificial neural network model to obtain, from the image, object recognition result data including information about the object

detection area and about the direction and the type of the object. The at least one processor is configured to control the communication interface to transmit the obtained object recognition result data to the augmented reality device.

[0012] In accordance with another aspect of the disclosure, one or more non-transitory computer-readable storage media storing one or more computer programs including computer-executable instructions that, when executed by one or more processors of an augmented reality device individually or collectively, cause the augmented reality device to perform operations are provided. The operations include transmitting, to a mobile device, an image captured by using a camera and sensor data measured by using an accelerometer, receiving, from the mobile device, information about a direction, a type, and an object detection area of an object obtained from the image according to a result of object recognition performed by the mobile device by using a first artificial intelligence model included in the mobile device, adjusting a location of the object detection area, based on a value of the sensor data changed at a time point when the result of the object recognition is received from the mobile device, determining a second artificial intelligence model for recognizing the object, based on the direction and the type of the object included in the object detection area of which the location has been adjusted, and recognizing the object from the object detection area in the image by using the determined second artificial intelligence model.

[0013] Other aspects, advantages, and salient features of the disclosure will become apparent to those skilled in the art from the following detailed description, which, taken in conjunction with the annexed drawings, discloses various embodiments of the disclosure.

Description

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0014] The above and other aspects, features, and advantages of certain embodiments of the disclosure will be more apparent from the following description taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, in which:

[0015] FIG. 1 is a conceptual diagram for describing an operation in which an augmented reality device of the disclosure recognizes an object from an image by using a first artificial intelligence model included in a mobile device and a second artificial intelligence model included in the augmented reality device as an on-device according to an embodiment of the disclosure;

[0016] FIG. 2 is a block diagram of components of an augmented reality device, according to an embodiment of the disclosure;

[0017] FIG. 3 is a block diagram of components of a mobile device, according to an embodiment of the disclosure;

[0018] FIG. 4 is a flowchart illustrating operations of an augmented reality device and a mobile device, according to an embodiment of the disclosure;

[0019] FIG. 5 is a diagram illustrating an operation in which an augmented reality device receives an object recognition result from a mobile device, according to an embodiment of the disclosure;

[0020] FIG. 6 is a flowchart illustrating an operation in which an augmented reality device adjusts a location of an object detection area, according to an embodiment of the disclosure;

[0021] FIG. 7 is a diagram for describing sensor data changed according to location movement of an augmented reality device, according to an embodiment of the disclosure;

[0022] FIG. 8 is a diagram illustrating location adjustment results of object detection areas, according to location movement of an augmented reality device, according to an embodiment of the disclosure;

[0023] FIG. 9 is a diagram for describing an operation in which an augmented reality device changes a size of an object detection area in which a hand is detected, according to location movement of a hand of a user, according to an embodiment of the disclosure;

[0024] FIG. **10** is a diagram illustrating an operation in which an augmented reality device recognizes a type of an object included in an object detection area by using an artificial intelligence model, according to an embodiment of the disclosure;

[0025] FIG. **11** is a diagram for describing an artificial intelligence model trained according to a specific type of an object, according to an embodiment of the disclosure; and

[0026] FIG. **12** is a diagram illustrating an operation in which an augmented reality device displays a recognized object on an image, according to an embodiment of the disclosure.

[0027] The same reference numerals are used to represent the same elements throughout the drawings.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0028] The following description with reference to the accompanying drawings is provided to assist in a comprehensive understanding of various embodiment of disclosure as defined by the claims and their equivalents. It includes various specific details to assist in that understanding but these are to be regarded as merely exemplary. Accordingly, those of ordinary skill in the art will recognize that various changes and modifications of the various embodiments described herein can be made without departing from the scope and spirit of the disclosure. In addition, description of well-known functions and constructions may be omitted for clarity and conciseness.

[0029] The terms and words used in the following description and claims are not limited to the bibliographical meanings, but, are merely used by the inventor to enable a clear and consistent understanding of the disclosure. Accordingly, it should be apparent to those skilled in the art that the following description of various embodiments of the disclosure is provided for illustration purpose only and not for the purpose of limiting the disclosure as defined by the appended claims and their equivalents.

[0030] It is to be understood that the singular “a,” “an,” and “the” include plural referents unless the context clearly dictates otherwise. Thus, for example, reference to “a component surface” includes reference to one or more of such surfaces.

[0031] Throughout the disclosure, when a part “includes” or “comprises” an element, unless there is a particular description contrary thereto, the part may further include other elements, rather than excluding the other elements. In addition, terms such as “unit (or -er/or)” and “module” described in the specification denote a unit that processes at least one function or operation, which may be implemented in hardware or software, or implemented in a combination of hardware and software.

[0032] The expression “configured to” used in the disclosure may be replaced by, for example, “suitable for”, “having the capacity to”, “designed to”, “adapted to”, “made to”, or “capable of”, according to situations. The expression “configured to” may not necessarily indicate “specifically designed to” in terms of hardware. Instead, in a certain situation, the expression “system configured to” may indicate that the system may be “capable of” together with another device or components. For example, “a processor configured to perform A, B, and C” may indicate a dedicated processor (e.g., an embedded processor) for performing corresponding operations or indicate a generic-purpose processor (e.g., a central processing unit (CPU) or an application processor) performing the corresponding operations by executing one or more software programs stored in memory.

[0033] Also, in the disclosure, it will be understood that when one element is “connected” or “coupled” to another element, the elements may be directly connected or coupled to each other, but may alternatively be connected or coupled to each other with an intervening element therebetween, unless specified otherwise.

[0034] In the disclosure, augmented reality displays a virtual image together in a physical environment space of the real world or displays a real object and a virtual image together.

[0035] In the disclosure, an augmented reality device is a device capable of representing augmented reality, and for example, may include not only augmented reality glasses in the shape of glasses worn on a face of a user but also a head-mounted display apparatus (HMD) or an augmented reality helmet worn on a head of a user.

[0036] In the disclosure, a mobile device is a portable device connected to an augmented reality device through a wireless network, and for example, may include a smartphone. However, the disclosure is not limited thereto, and the mobile device may include any one of a laptop computer, a tablet personal computer (PC), an electronic book terminal, a digital broadcasting terminal, a personal digital assistant (PDA), a portable multimedia player (PMP), a navigation device, an MPEG-1 Audio Layer 3 (MP3) player, and a camcorder.

[0037] In the disclosure, a function related to artificial intelligence is performed through a processor and memory. The processor may be configured as one or more processors. In this case, the one or more processors may be a general-purpose processor such as a central processing unit (CPU), an application processor (AP), or a digital signal processor (DSP), a dedicated graphics processor such as a graphics processing unit (GPU) or a vision processing unit (VPU), or a dedicated artificial intelligence processor such as a neural processing unit (NPU). The one or more processors may control input data to be processed according to predefined operation rules or an artificial intelligence model stored in memory. Alternatively, when the one or more processors are a dedicated artificial intelligence processor, the dedicated artificial intelligence processor may be designed with a hardware structure specialized for processing a specific artificial intelligence model.

[0038] The predefined operation rules or artificial intelligence model may be generated via training. Here, being generated via training means that the predefined operation rules or artificial intelligence model set to perform desired characteristics (or purposes) are generated by training a basic artificial intelligence model with a learning algorithm that utilizes a large number of training data. A training process may be performed by a device for performing artificial intelligence or a separate server and/or system. Examples of the learning algorithm may include supervised learning, unsupervised learning, semi-supervised learning, and reinforcement learning, but are not limited thereto.

[0039] In the disclosure, the artificial intelligence model may include a plurality of neural network layers. Each of the neural network layers includes a plurality of weight values, and performs a neural network arithmetic operation via an arithmetic operation between an arithmetic operation result of a previous layer and the plurality of weight values. The plurality of weight values in each of the neural network layers may be optimized by a result of training an artificial intelligence model. For example, the plurality of weight values may be updated to reduce or minimize a loss value or a cost value obtained by the artificial intelligence model during the training process. An artificial neural network model may include a deep neural network (DNN) and may be, for example, a convolutional neural network (CNN), a DNN, a recurrent neural network (RNN), a restricted Boltzmann machine (RBM), a deep belief network (DBN), a bidirectional recurrent DNN (BRDNN), or deep Q-networks (DQN) but is not limited thereto.

[0040] Hereinafter, an embodiment of the disclosure will be described in detail with reference to the accompanying drawings such that one of ordinary skill in the art may easily implement the embodiment of the disclosure. However, the disclosure may be implemented in various different forms and is not limited to the embodiment described herein.

[0041] It should be appreciated that the blocks in each flowchart and combinations of the flowcharts may be performed by one or more computer programs which include instructions. The entirety of the one or more computer programs may be stored in a single memory device or the one or more computer programs may be divided with different portions stored in different multiple memory devices.

[0042] Any of the functions or operations described herein can be processed by one processor or a combination of processors. The one processor or the combination of processors is circuitry performing processing and includes circuitry like an application processor (AP, e.g. a central processing unit (CPU)), a communication processor (CP, e.g., a modem), a graphics processing unit (GPU), a neural processing unit (NPU) (e.g., an artificial intelligence (AI) chip), a wireless fidelity

(Wi-Fi) chip, a Bluetooth® chip, a global positioning system (GPS) chip, a near field communication (NFC) chip, connectivity chips, a sensor controller, a touch controller, a fingerprint sensor controller, a display driver integrated circuit (IC), an audio CODEC chip, a universal serial bus (USB) controller, a camera controller, an image processing IC, a microprocessor unit (MPU), a system on chip (SoC), an IC, or the like.

[0043] Hereinafter, embodiments of the disclosure will be described in detail with reference to accompanying drawings.

[0044] FIG. 1 is a conceptual diagram for describing an operation in which an augmented reality device **100** of the disclosure recognizes an object **40** from an image **10** by using a first artificial intelligence model **242** included in a mobile device **200** and a second artificial intelligence model **142** included in the augmented reality device **100** as an on-device according to an embodiment of the disclosure.

[0045] The augmented reality device **100** is a device capable of representing augmented reality, and may include, for example, augmented reality glasses having the shape of glasses worn on a face of a user. In FIG. 1, the augmented reality device **100** is illustrated as augmented reality glasses but is not limited thereto. For example, the augmented reality device **100** may be implemented as a head-mounted display apparatus (HMD) or an augmented reality helmet worn on a head part of a user.

[0046] The mobile device **200** may include, for example, a smartphone. In FIG. 1, the mobile device **200** is illustrated as a smartphone but is not limited thereto. The mobile device **200** may include, for example, any one of a laptop computer, a tablet personal computer (PC), an electronic book terminal, a digital broadcasting terminal, a personal digital assistant (PDA), a portable multimedia player (PMP), a navigation device, an MP3 player, and a camcorder.

[0047] Referring to FIG. 1, the augmented reality device **100** may be connected to the mobile device **200** through a wireless network. In an embodiment of the disclosure, the augmented reality device **100** may be connected to the mobile device **200** through a short-range wireless communication network and perform data transmission/reception. For example, the augmented reality device **100** may be connected through the short-range wireless communication network, such as Bluetooth, Bluetooth low energy (BLE), or Wi-Fi direct.

[0048] Referring to FIG. 1, the augmented reality device **100** transmits the image **10** and sensor data **20** to the mobile device **200** (operation {circle around (1)}). In an embodiment of the disclosure, the augmented reality device **100** may include a camera **110** and an inertial measurement unit (IMU) sensor **120** (see FIG. 2). The augmented reality device **100** may obtain the image **10** by photographing a real space including at least one object, by using the camera **110**. The augmented reality device **100** may obtain the sensor data **20** by measuring, by using an accelerometer **122** (see FIG. 2) of the IMU sensor **120**, changes in movements of the augmented reality device **100** in a longitudinal direction (x-axis direction), a lateral direction (y-axis direction), and a height direction (z-axis direction). In the embodiment shown in FIG. 1, the sensor data **20** may include 0.45 as a measurement value in the x-axis direction, 0.3 as a measurement value in the y-axis direction, and 0.0 as a measurement value in the z-axis direction. The augmented reality device **100** may transmit, through the short-range wireless communication network, the image **10** and the sensor data **20** to the mobile device **200**.

[0049] The mobile device **200** provides, to the augmented reality device **100**, object recognition result data **30** of the first artificial intelligence model **242** (operation {circle around (2)}). In an embodiment of the disclosure, the first artificial intelligence model **242** may be an artificial neural network model pre-trained according to a learning algorithm to specify an object detection area in which an object is detected from an input image and output classification information about a direction and a type of the object included in the object detection area. The first artificial intelligence model **242** may be implemented as, for example, a convolutional neural network (CNN). However, the disclosure is not limited thereto, and the first artificial intelligence model **242** may be implemented as at least one of, for example, a recurrent neural network (RNN), a restricted

Boltzmann machine (RBM), a deep belief network (DBN), a bidirectional recurrent deep neural network (BRDNN), and a deep Q-network. The mobile device **200** may apply, as input data, the image **10** received from the augmented reality device **100** to the first artificial intelligence model **242**, and predict the direction and the type of the object in the object detection area by performing inference using the first artificial intelligence model **242**. The mobile device **200** may obtain the object recognition result data **30** from the image **10** through the inference using the first artificial intelligence model **242**. In the embodiment shown in FIG. **1**, the object recognition result data **30** may include information about a detection area (positionOfDisplay) in which a hand of the user is detected in the image **10**, a direction of the hand (e.g., “left”), and a type of the hand (e.g., “D-1”). [0050] The mobile device **200** may transmit, through the short-range wireless communication network, the object recognition result data **30** to the augmented reality device **100**.

[0051] The augmented reality device **100** recognizes the hand from the image **10** through the second artificial intelligence model **142**, based on the object recognition result data **30** (operation {circle around (3)}). The augmented reality device **100** may specify an object detection area in which an object is detected among the entire area of the image **10**, based on the object recognition result data **30** received from the mobile device **200**. When a location of the augmented reality device **100** is changed due to a movement of the user, an image obtained in real time may be different from the image **10** transmitted to the mobile device **200**. In this case, the augmented reality device **100** may adjust a location of the object detection area by using a value of sensor data measured by using the accelerometer **122** (see FIG. **2**).

[0052] The augmented reality device **100** may recognize the hand of the user by performing inference of applying, as input data, the object detection area in the image **10** by using the second artificial intelligence model **142**. In an embodiment of the disclosure, the second artificial intelligence model **142** may be an artificial neural network model trained to recognize only an object corresponding to a pre-determined specific type of the object from an input image according to a learning algorithm. For example, the second artificial intelligence model **142** may include a plurality of artificial neural network models trained to recognize hands corresponding to a plurality of types, respectively, according to a direction of a hand (e.g., a left hand or a right hand) and a shape of the hand (e.g., a shape, a form, or a pose of fingers).

[0053] The second artificial intelligence model **142** is a model trained to recognize only a hand of a pre-determined specific type and may have a less capacity than the first artificial intelligence model **242** that is a model limitlessly recognizing an object of all types. Compared with the first artificial intelligence model **242**, the second artificial intelligence model **142** may be a model in which a throughput required to recognize an object is low, a processing speed is slow, and accuracy of object recognition is low. The first artificial intelligence model **242** may be a high-level model with relatively high accuracy compared with the second artificial intelligence model **142**, and the second artificial intelligence model **142** may be a low-level model compared with the first artificial intelligence model **242**.

[0054] The augmented reality device **100** may display, on the image **10**, the hand of the user recognized by using the second artificial intelligence model **142**. In an embodiment of the disclosure, the augmented reality device **100** may display a bounding box in an area of the image **10** including the recognized hand.

[0055] Because the augmented reality device **100** does not allow a touch operation due to characteristics thereof, a hand interaction that uses, as an input means, a pose or a finger shape of a hand of a user is important as an input interface in order to provide an augmented reality service. An augmented reality device uses vision-based hand tracking technology for recognizing a hand of a user from an image photographed by using a camera mounted on the augmented reality device, without having to use a separate external input device, so as to guarantee freedom of both hands of the user. For the augmented reality device to recognize a hand pose or a finger shape of the user, object recognition needs to be performed through an artificial intelligence model by using, as input

data, image data corresponding to a specific hand pose or finger shape.

[0056] In general, because the augmented reality device is designed to have a small form factor for portability, a hardware specification is low, and thus, a processing time required to recognize a hand from an image may be long. Accordingly, in a case that the augmented reality device recognizes a hand by using a low-level artificial intelligence model (the second artificial intelligence model **142** in the embodiment of FIG. **1**) embedded therein in an on-device manner, a processing speed is low and there may be limitations in real-time processing. In addition, because the low-level artificial intelligence model embedded in the augmented reality device **100** in the on-device manner has low accuracy of object recognition, a hand of a user may not be accurately recognized, and thus, user convenience may deteriorate.

[0057] In order to solve the technical problem, the disclosure provides the augmented reality device **100** and an operation method thereof, wherein the augmented reality device **100** recognizes an object by using object recognition result data using a high-level artificial intelligence model (the first artificial intelligence model **242** in the embodiment of FIG. **1**) included in an external device.

[0058] The augmented reality device **100** according to an embodiment of FIG. **1** may receive data related to a result of object recognition performed by the mobile device **200** by using the first artificial intelligence model **242** that is a relatively high-level artificial intelligence model, specify a direction and a type of an object based on the received object recognition result data, and recognize the object (a hand of a user) by using the second artificial intelligence model **142** that is a low-level artificial intelligence model trained to recognize only an object corresponding to a direction and a type of a specific object, thereby reducing a processing time and realizing real-time processing of hand recognition. Also, the augmented reality device **100** according to an embodiment of the disclosure specifies the direction and the type of the object, based on the object recognition result data **30** of the first artificial intelligence model **242** that is a high-level artificial intelligence model, thereby providing technical effects of improving recognition accuracy of a pose or a finger shape of a hand.

[0059] FIG. **2** is a block diagram of components of the augmented reality device **100**, according to an embodiment of the disclosure.

[0060] Referring to FIG. **2**, the augmented reality device **100** may include the camera **110**, the IMU sensor **120**, a processor **130**, memory **140**, a communication interface **150**, and a display **160**. The camera **110**, the IMU sensor **120**, the processor **130**, the memory **140**, the communication interface **150**, and the display **160** may be electrically and/or physically connected to each other. In FIG. **2**, only essential components for describing operations of the augmented reality device **100** are illustrated, and components included in the augmented reality device **100** are not limited to those shown in FIG. **2**. In an embodiment of the disclosure, the augmented reality device **100** may be implemented as a portable device, and in this case, the augmented reality device **100** may further include a battery supplying power to the camera **110**, the IMU sensor **120**, the processor **130**, the communication interface **150**, and the display **160**.

[0061] The camera **110** is configured to obtain an image of a real space by photographing the real space. In an embodiment of the disclosure, the camera **110** may obtain an image including a hand by photographing the hand of a user. The camera **110** may include a lens module, an image sensor, and an image processing module. The camera **110** may obtain a still image or a video of the real space by using the image sensor (e.g., a complementary metal-oxide semiconductor (CMOS) or a charge-coupled device (CCD)). The video may include a plurality of image frames obtained in real time by photographing, by using the camera **110**, an object in the real space including the hand of the user. The image processing module may encode a still image including a single image frame or video data including a plurality of image frames, which is obtained through the image sensor, and transmit the same to the processor **130**.

[0062] The IMU sensor **120** is a sensor configured to measure a moving speed, a direction, an angle, and gravitational acceleration of the augmented reality device **100**. The IMU sensor **120** may

include the accelerometer **122** and a gyroscope **124**. Although not illustrated in FIG. 2, the IMU sensor **120** may further include a magnetometer.

[0063] The accelerometer **122** is a sensor configured to measure acceleration according to a change in movement when dynamic force, such as acceleration force, vibration force, or impact force, is generated in the augmented reality device **100**. In an embodiment of the disclosure, the accelerometer **122** may be configured as a 3-axis accelerometer configured to measure acceleration in a longitudinal direction, a lateral direction, and a height direction.

[0064] The gyroscope **124** is a sensor configured to measure angular velocity that is an amount of change in rotation of the augmented reality device **100**. In an embodiment of the disclosure, the gyroscope **124** may include a 3-axis gyroscope measuring roll angular velocity, pitch angular velocity, and yaw angular velocity.

[0065] In an embodiment of the disclosure, the IMU sensor **120** may obtain sensor data by measuring acceleration in a longitudinal direction, a lateral direction, and a height direction according to a change in movement of the augmented reality device **100**, by using the accelerometer **122**. The IMU sensor **120** may provide the sensor data to the processor **130**.

[0066] The processor **130** may execute one or more instructions of a program stored in the memory **140**. The processor **130** may include a hardware component performing arithmetic operations, logic operations, input/output operations, and image processing. In FIG. 2, the processor **130** is illustrated as one element, but is not limited thereto. In an embodiment of the disclosure, the processor **130** may include a plurality of elements. The processor **130** may include a general-purpose processor, such as a central processing unit (CPU), an application processor (AP), or a digital signal processor (DSP), a graphic-dedicated processor, such as a graphics processing unit (GPU) or a vision processing unit (VPU), or an artificial intelligence-dedicated processor, such as a neural processing unit (NPU). The processor **130** may control input data to be processed according to the artificial intelligence model **142** or pre-defined operating rule stored in the memory **140**.

Alternatively, when the processor **130** is an artificial intelligence-dedicated processor, the artificial intelligence-dedicated processor may be designed in a hardware structure specialized for processing by a specific artificial intelligence model (e.g., the artificial intelligence model **142**).

[0067] The memory **140** may include, for example, at least one type of storage medium among a flash memory type, a hard disk type, a multimedia card micro type, a card type memory (for example, a secure digital (SD) or an extreme digital (XD) memory), random access memory (RAM), static RAM (SRAM), read-only memory (ROM), electrically erasable programmable ROM (EEPROM), programmable ROM (PROM), and an optical disk.

[0068] The memory **140** may store instructions related to operations in which the augmented reality device **100** recognizes an object from an image. In an embodiment of the disclosure, the memory **140** may store at least one of instructions, an algorithm, a data structure, a program code, and an application program, which may be read by the processor **130**. The instructions, algorithm, data structure, and program code, which are stored in the memory **140**, may be implemented in, for example, a programming or scripting language, such as C, C++, Java, or assembler.

[0069] In an embodiment below, the processor **130** may be implemented by executing instructions or program codes stored in the memory **140**.

[0070] The processor **130** may obtain, from the camera **110**, an image of a real space including a hand of a user. In an embodiment of the disclosure, the processor **130** may obtain video data including a plurality of image frames captured in real time by the camera **110**.

[0071] The processor **130** may obtain, from the IMU sensor **120**, sensor data including acceleration measurement values in a longitudinal direction, a lateral direction, and a height direction, according to a change in movement of the augmented reality device **100**.

[0072] The processor **130** may control the communication interface **150** to transmit, to an external device, the image obtained through the camera **110** and the sensor data measured by the IMU sensor **120**. The communication interface **150** is configured to perform data communication with

the external device or a server. The communication interface **150** may perform data communication with the external device or the server by using at least one of data communication methods including, for example, wired local area network (LAN), wireless LAN, Wi-Fi, Bluetooth, ZigBee, Wi-Fi direct (WFD), infrared data association (IrDA), Bluetooth low energy (BLE), near field communication (NFC), wireless broadband Internet (Wibro), world interoperability for microwave access (WiMAX), shared wireless access protocol (SWAP), wireless gigabit alliance (WiGig), and radio frequency (RF) communication. The external device is a device connected to the augmented reality device **100** through a wireless communication network, and may include, for example, a mobile device such as a smartphone or a tablet PC. However, the external device is not limited thereto and may include, for example, any one of a laptop computer, a desktop PC, an electronic book terminal, a digital broadcasting terminal, a PDA, a PMP, a navigation device, an MP3 player, and a camcorder.

[0073] The processor **130** may receive a result of object recognition of an image from the mobile device through the communication interface **150**. In an embodiment of the disclosure, the processor **130** may receive information about an object detection area, a direction of an object, and a type of the object, which are obtained from the image, according to the result of the object recognition performed by the mobile device by using the artificial intelligence model **242** (see FIGS. **1** and **3**) included in the mobile device. The object detection area is an area where an object is predicted to be detected among an entire area of the image, and may be obtained based on a result of inference by the artificial intelligence model **242**. For example, in a case that the object is a hand of a user, the direction of the object may include information about whether the hand is a left hand or a right hand, and the type of the object may include classification information obtained by classifying a pose or finger shape of the hand of the user. The artificial intelligence model **242** included in the mobile device may be an artificial neural network model pre-trained according to a learning algorithm to specify the object detection area in which an object is detected from an input image and output classification information about a direction and a type of the object included in the object detection area. The artificial intelligence model **242** will be described in detail with reference to FIG. **3**.

[0074] The processor **130** may adjust a location of the object detection area, based on a value of the sensor data changed at a time point when the result of the object recognition is received from the mobile device. The processor **130** may obtain the sensor data about the movement of the augmented reality device **100**, which is measured in real time by the accelerometer **122**. The processor **130** may calculate a difference between the sensor data transmitted to the mobile device and the sensor data measured at the time point when the result of the object recognition is received from the mobile device, and change the location of the object detection area based on the calculated difference. In an embodiment of the disclosure, the processor **130** may move the location of the object detection area along an x-axis direction and a y-axis direction by the difference in the sensor data calculated for each of the x-axis direction and the y-axis direction. A specific embodiment in which the processor **130** adjusts the location of the object detection area will be described in detail with reference to FIGS. **6** to **8**.

[0075] In an embodiment of the disclosure, the processor **130** may increase a size of the object detection area by a predetermined ratio when a location of the hand of the user is changed at the time point when the result of the object recognition is received from the mobile device. A specific embodiment in which the processor **130** increases the size of the object detection area will be described in detail with reference to FIG. **9**.

[0076] The processor **130** may determine the artificial intelligence model **142** for recognizing the object, based on the direction and the type of the object included in the object detection area. The artificial intelligence model **142** may be included in the augmented reality device **100** in an on-device manner. In an embodiment of the disclosure, an algorithm or program code related to the artificial intelligence model **142** may be stored in a storage space of the memory **140**. The artificial

intelligence model **142** may be an artificial neural network model trained to recognize only an object corresponding to a pre-determined specific type of an object from an input image, according to a learning algorithm. The artificial intelligence model **142** may be the same as the second artificial intelligence model **142** illustrated in and described with reference to FIG. **1**. For example, the artificial intelligence model **142** may include a plurality of artificial neural network models trained to recognize hands corresponding to a plurality of types, respectively, according to a direction of a hand (e.g., a left hand or a right hand) and a shape of the hand (e.g., a shape, a form, or a pose of fingers). The plurality of artificial neural network models may be implemented as, for example, a convolutional neural network (CNN). However, the disclosure is not limited thereto, and the artificial intelligence model **142** may be implemented as at least one of, for example, a recurrent neural network (RNN), a restricted Boltzmann machine (RBM), a deep belief network (DBN), a bidirectional recurrent deep neural network (BRDNN), and a deep Q-network.

[0077] The artificial intelligence model **142** included in the augmented reality device **100** in an on-device manner is a model trained to recognize only a hand of a pre-determined specific type, and may have less capacity compared to the artificial intelligence model **242** (see FIGS. **1** and **3**) included in the mobile device. Compared with first artificial intelligence model **242** included in the mobile device, the artificial intelligence model **142** may be a model in which a throughput required to recognize an object is low, a processing speed is slow, and accuracy of object recognition is low. The artificial intelligence model **142** may be a low-level model having relatively low accuracy compared with the artificial intelligence model **242** included in the mobile device.

[0078] In FIG. **2**, the artificial intelligence model **142** is included in the memory **140** but the disclosure is not limited thereto. In an embodiment of the disclosure, the artificial intelligence model **142** may be included in the processor **130** or may be integrated with the processor **130**, as an NPU.

[0079] In an embodiment of the disclosure, the processor **130** may select, from among the plurality of artificial neural network models, an artificial neural network model trained to recognize only an object of a type (e.g., a type classified according to a pose or a finger shape of a hand) received according to the result of the object recognition by the mobile device.

[0080] The processor **130** may recognize the object from the object detection area in the image by using the determined artificial intelligence model **142**. In an embodiment of the disclosure, the processor **130** may recognize a hand by inputting the object detection area of the image into the artificial intelligence model **142** trained to recognize a hand of a specific hand pose or a specific finger shape, and performing inference using the artificial intelligence model **142**. In the disclosure, the inference may refer to an operation of predicting a specific type of an object from an image by using the trained artificial intelligence model **142** and outputting the predicted type. The processor **130** may obtain a type of the hand by performing the inference using the artificial intelligence model **142**. A specific embodiment in which the processor **130** recognizes the type of the hand from the object detection area of the image by using the artificial intelligence model **142** will be described in detail with reference to FIGS. **10** and **11**.

[0081] The processor **130** may perform image rendering and display a result of object recognition on the image. The processor **130** may display the image on the display **160** and display a bounding box in an area including the recognized hand among the entire area of the image. A specific embodiment in which the processor **130** displays the bounding box on the display **160** will be described in detail with reference to FIG. **12**.

[0082] The display **160** is configured to display an image captured by the camera **110**. As described above, the display **160** may display the bounding box in the area including the recognized hand in the image, according to control by the processor **130**. The display **160** may include at least one of, for example, a liquid crystal display, a thin-film transistor-liquid crystal display, an organic light-emitting diode, a flexible display, a 3-dimensional (3D) display, or an electrophoretic display. In an embodiment of the disclosure, when the augmented reality device **100** is configured as augmented

reality glasses, the display **160** may further include an optical engine projecting a virtual image (e.g., a bounding box). The optical engine may be configured to generate light of a virtual image and may be configured as a projector including an image panel, a lighting optical system, and a projection optical system. The optical engine may be arranged in, for example, a frame or temples of the augmented reality glasses.

[0083] FIG. **3** is a block diagram of components of the mobile device **200**, according to an embodiment of the disclosure.

[0084] The mobile device **200** is a portable device connected to the augmented reality device **100** through a wireless communication network. The mobile device **200** may include, for example, a smartphone. However, the disclosure is not limited thereto, and the mobile device **200** may include any one of a laptop computer, a tablet personal computer (PC), an electronic book terminal, a digital broadcasting terminal, a personal digital assistant (PDA), a portable multimedia player (PMP), a navigation device, an MP3 player, and a camcorder. In an embodiment of the disclosure, the mobile device **200** may be replaced with a server including the artificial intelligence model **242**.

[0085] Referring to FIG. **3**, the mobile device **200** may include a communication interface **210**, a processor **230**, and memory **240**. The communication interface **210**, the processor **230**, and the memory **240** may be electrically and/or physically connected to each other. In FIG. **3**, only essential components for describing operations of the mobile device **200** are illustrated, and components included in the mobile device **200** are not limited to those shown in FIG. **3**. In an embodiment of the disclosure, the mobile device **200** may further include a display displaying a user interface or an image. For example, the display may be configured as a touch screen including a touch pad for receiving a touch input of a user. In an embodiment of the disclosure, the mobile device **200** may further include a battery supplying power to the communication interface **210** and the processor **230**.

[0086] The communication interface **210** is connected to the augmented reality device **100** through a short-range wireless communication method and is configured to perform data communication with the augmented reality device **100**. In an embodiment of the disclosure, the communication interface **210** may be configured, for example, as at least one hardware module from among Wi-Fi, Wi-Fi direct (WFD) communication unit, a Bluetooth communication unit, a Bluetooth low energy (BLE) communication unit, a near field communication unit (NFC), a ZigBee communication unit, an Ant+ communication unit, and a microwave (μ Wave) communication unit, and may perform data communication with the augmented reality device **100** by using the hardware module. In an embodiment of the disclosure, the communication interface **210** may be connected to the augmented reality device **100** through the short-range wireless communication network, such as Bluetooth, BLE, or WFD, and transmit or receive data.

[0087] The communication interface **210** may receive an image and sensor data from the augmented reality device **100** through the short-range wireless communication network.

[0088] The processor **230** may execute one or more instructions of a program stored in the memory **240**. The processor **230** may include a hardware component performing arithmetic operations, logic operations, input/output operations, and signal processing. The processor **230** may include, for example, a general-purpose processor, such as a central processing unit (CPU), an application processor (AP), or a digital signal processor (DSP), a graphic-dedicated processor, such as a graphics processing unit (GPU) or a vision processing unit (VPU), or an artificial intelligence-dedicated processor, such as a neural processing unit (NPU). The processor **230** may control input data to be processed according to the artificial intelligence model **242** or pre-defined operating rule stored in the memory **240**. Alternatively, in a case that the processor **230** is an artificial intelligence-dedicated processor, the artificial intelligence-dedicated processor may be designed in a hardware structure specialized for processing by a specific artificial intelligence model (e.g., the artificial intelligence model **242**).

[0089] In FIG. **3**, the processor **230** is illustrated as one element, but is not limited thereto. In an

embodiment of the disclosure, the processor **230** may include a plurality of elements.

[0090] The memory **240** may include, for example, at least one type of storage medium among a flash memory type, a hard disk type, a multimedia card micro type, a card type memory (for example, a secure digital (SD) or an extreme digital (XD) memory), random access memory (RAM), static RAM (SRAM), read-only memory (ROM), electrically erasable programmable ROM (EEPROM), programmable ROM (PROM), and an optical disk.

[0091] The memory **240** may store at least one of instructions, an algorithm, a data structure, a program code, and an application program, which may be read by the processor **230**. In an embodiment of the disclosure, an algorithm or program code related to the artificial intelligence model **242** may be stored in the memory **240**. In an embodiment of the disclosure, the artificial intelligence model **242** may be an artificial neural network model pre-trained according to a learning algorithm to specify an object detection area in which an object is detected from an input image and output classification information about a direction and a type of the object included in the object detection area. The artificial intelligence model **242** may be the same as the first artificial intelligence model **242** illustrated in and described with reference to FIG. **1**. In an embodiment of the disclosure, the artificial intelligence model **242** may be implemented as a convolutional neural network (CNN). For example, the artificial intelligence model **242** may be TensorFlow (TF) lite. However, the disclosure is not limited thereto, and the artificial intelligence model **242** may be implemented as at least one of, for example, a recurrent neural network (RNN), a restricted Boltzmann machine (RBM), a deep belief network (DBN), a bidirectional recurrent deep neural network (BRDNN), and a deep Q-network.

[0092] The artificial intelligence model **242** may be a model in which throughput required to recognize an object is high and accuracy of object recognition is high compared with the artificial intelligence model **142** (see FIGS. **1** and **2**) embedded in the augmented reality device **100** as an on-device. The artificial intelligence model **242** may be a relatively high-level model compared with the artificial intelligence model **142** included in the augmented reality device **100** as an on-device. Capacity of an algorithm or program code of the artificial intelligence model **242** may be greater than capacity of the artificial intelligence model **142** included in the augmented reality device **100**. A high-capacity and high-level model may indicate that there are many parameters during a process of recognizing an object from an input image.

[0093] In FIG. **3**, the artificial intelligence model **242** is included in the memory **240** but the disclosure is not limited thereto. In an embodiment of the disclosure, the artificial intelligence model **242** may be included in the processor **230** or may be integrated with the processor **230**, as an NPU.

[0094] The processor **230** may input an image received from the augmented reality device **100** into the artificial intelligence model **242** and recognize an object from the image by using the artificial intelligence model **242**. In an embodiment of the disclosure, the processor **230** may perform inference through the artificial intelligence model **242** to obtain, from the image, information about an object detection area in which an object is detected, a direction of the object, and a type of the object. For example, the processor **230** may specify the object detection area in which a hand is detected from the image, and obtain information about a direction of the hand among a left hand and a right hand, and a type of the hand, such as a pose or a finger shape of the hand.

[0095] The processor **230** may transmit object recognition result data obtained by using the artificial intelligence model **242** to the augmented reality device **100** through the communication interface **210**. In an embodiment of the disclosure, the processor **230** may transmit an object detection area obtained based on a result of object recognition, and information about a direction of an object and a type of the object to the augmented reality device **100** through the communication interface **210**.

[0096] FIG. **4** is a flowchart illustrating operations of the augmented reality device **100** and the mobile device **200**, according to an embodiment of the disclosure.

[0097] Referring to FIG. 4, the augmented reality device **100** may include the second artificial intelligence model **142** and the mobile device **200** may include the first artificial intelligence model **242**. The second artificial intelligence model **142** of FIG. 4 may be the same as the artificial intelligence model **142** of FIG. 2, and the first artificial intelligence model **242** of FIG. 4 may be the same as the artificial intelligence model **242** of FIG. 3. Redundant descriptions about the first artificial intelligence model **242** and the second artificial intelligence model **142** will be omitted.

[0098] In operation **S410**, the augmented reality device **100** may obtain an image by using a camera and measure sensor data by using an accelerometer. In an embodiment of the disclosure, the augmented reality device **100** may obtain the image by photographing an object in a real space including a hand of a user by using the camera. In an embodiment of the disclosure, the sensor data may be obtained by measuring acceleration values of the augmented reality device **100** in an x-axis direction, a y-axis direction, and a z-axis direction by using the accelerometer **122** (see FIG. 2) of the IMU sensor **120** (see FIG. 2).

[0099] In operation **S420**, the augmented reality device **100** may transmit the image and the sensor data to the mobile device **200**. In an embodiment of the disclosure, the augmented reality device **100** may transmit the image and the sensor data to the mobile device **200** connected through a wireless communication network. The augmented reality device **100** may transmit the image and the sensor data to the mobile device **200** by using a short-range wireless communication network, for example, Bluetooth, BLE, or WFD.

[0100] In operation **S430**, the mobile device **200** may obtain information about a direction and a type of an object and an object detection area, according to a result of object recognition using the first artificial intelligence model **242**. In an embodiment of the disclosure, the mobile device **200** may input the image received from the augmented reality device **100** in operation **S420** into the first artificial intelligence model **242** and recognize the object from the image by using the first artificial intelligence model **242**. In an embodiment of the disclosure, the mobile device **200** may perform inference through the first artificial intelligence model **242** to obtain, from the image, the information about the object detection area in which the object is detected, and the direction and the type of the object. For example, the mobile device **200** may specify the object detection area in which a hand is detected from the image, and obtain information about a direction of the hand among a left hand and a right hand, and a type of the hand, such as a pose or a finger shape of the hand.

[0101] In operation **S440**, the mobile device **200** provides, to the augmented reality device **100**, the information about the direction and type of the object and the object detection area. In an embodiment of the disclosure, the mobile device **200** may transmit the information about the direction and type of the object and the object detection area, which are obtained based on the result of object recognition using the first artificial intelligence model **242**, to the augmented reality device **100** through the short-range wireless communication network.

[0102] In operation **S450**, the augmented reality device **100** adjusts a location of the object detection area, based on the sensor data changed at a time point when the result of object recognition is received. The augmented reality device **100** may obtain the sensor data about movement of the augmented reality device **100** in real time by using the accelerometer **122**. In an embodiment of the disclosure, the augmented reality device **100** may calculate a difference between the sensor data transmitted to the mobile device **200** and the sensor data measured at the time point when the result of object recognition is received from the mobile device **200**, and change the location of the object detection area based on the calculated difference. In an embodiment of the disclosure, the augmented reality device **100** may move the location of the object detection area along an x-axis direction and a y-axis direction by the difference in the sensor data calculated for each of the x-axis direction and the y-axis direction.

[0103] In operation **S460**, the augmented reality device **100** determines the second artificial intelligence model **142** for recognizing an object, based on the direction and type of the object

included in the object detection area. In an embodiment of the disclosure, the second artificial intelligence model **142** may include a plurality of artificial neural network models trained to recognize hands corresponding to a plurality of types, respectively, according to a direction of a hand (e.g., a left hand or a right hand) and a shape of the hand (e.g., a shape, a form, or a pose of fingers). The plurality of artificial neural network models may be implemented as, for example, a convolutional neural network (CNN). However, the disclosure is not limited thereto, and the plurality of artificial neural network models may be implemented as at least one of, for example, a recurrent neural network (RNN), a restricted Boltzmann machine (RBM), a deep belief network (DBN), a bidirectional recurrent deep neural network (BRDNN), and a deep Q-network. In an embodiment of the disclosure, the augmented reality device **100** may select, from among the plurality of artificial neural network models, an artificial neural network model trained according to a type (e.g., a type classified according to a pose or a finger shape of a hand) of an object, received according to the result of the object recognition by the mobile device **200**.

[0104] In operation **S470**, the augmented reality device **100** recognizes an object by using the determined second artificial intelligence model **142**. In an embodiment of the disclosure, the augmented reality device **100** may recognize a hand by inputting the object detection area of the image into the second artificial intelligence model **142** trained to recognize a hand of a specific hand pose or a specific finger shape, and performing inference using the second artificial intelligence model **142**. The augmented reality device **100** may obtain a type of the hand based on a result of object recognition using the second artificial intelligence model **142**.

[0105] FIG. **5** is a diagram illustrating an operation in which the augmented reality device **100** receives an object recognition result from the mobile device **200**, according to an embodiment of the disclosure.

[0106] Referring to FIG. **5**, the augmented reality device **100** may be connected to the mobile device **200** through a wireless communication network and perform data communication.

[0107] In operation **S510**, the augmented reality device **100** may transmit, to the mobile device **200**, an image **500** captured through the camera **110** and sensor data **510** measured through the accelerometer **122** (see FIG. **2**). The sensor data **510** may include acceleration measurement values in an x-axis direction, a y-axis direction, and a z-axis direction according to movement of the augmented reality device **100**, measured by the accelerometer **122**. In the embodiment shown in FIG. **5**, the sensor data **510** may include 0.45 as a measurement value in the x-axis direction, 0.3 as a measurement value in the y-axis direction, and 0.0 as a measurement value in the z-axis direction. In an embodiment of the disclosure, the augmented reality device **100** may transmit image and sensor data to the mobile device **200** through a short-range wireless communication network, such as Bluetooth, BLE, or WFD.

[0108] The mobile device **200** may obtain object recognition result data **530** by inputting the image **500** received from the augmented reality device **100** into the artificial intelligence model **242** and performing inference using the artificial intelligence model **242**. In an embodiment of the disclosure, the artificial intelligence model **242** may be an artificial neural network model pre-trained according to a learning algorithm to specify an object detection area in which an object is detected from an input image and output classification information about a direction and a type of the object included in the object detection area. The artificial intelligence model **242** is the same as the artificial intelligence model **242** illustrated in and described with reference to FIG. **3**, and thus, redundant descriptions are omitted. In the embodiment of FIG. **5**, the mobile device **200** may obtain, from the image **500**, the object recognition result data **530** including information about a direction **532** of a hand of a user, a type **534** of the hand, and an object detection area **536** in which the hand is detected, based on a result of the inference using the artificial intelligence model **242**. For example, the direction **532** of the hand indicates whether the hand is a left hand or a right hand, and the type **534** of the hand indicates a type classified according to a hand pose or a finger shape. Also, the object detection area **536** (positionOfDisplay) may include 2-dimensional coordinate

information about an area in which a hand is detected among an entire area of the image **500**. As illustrated in the embodiment of FIG. 5, when the entire area of the image **500** is divided into 63 areas including numbers from 1 to 63, the object detection area **536** may be an area defined by 2-dimensional location coordinates (x-axis location coordinate, y-axis location coordinate) in the number 20 and 2-dimensional location coordinates (x-axis location coordinate, y-axis location coordinate) in the number 41. In an embodiment of the disclosure, the object detection area **536** may be defined by an area including, as vertices, total 4 pieces of location coordinate information including 2-dimensional location coordinates information in the number 20, 2-dimensional location coordinates information in the number 23, 2-dimensional location coordinates information in the number 38, and 2-dimensional location coordinates information in the number 41.

[0109] In operation **S520**, the mobile device **200** transmits the object recognition result data **530** to the augmented reality device **100**. The mobile device **200** may transmit, to the augmented reality device **100**, the object recognition result data **530** through a short-range wireless communication network, such as Bluetooth, BLE, or WFD. In an embodiment of the disclosure, the mobile device **200** may transmit, to the augmented reality device **100** together with the object recognition result data **530**, image data **520** indicating an object detection area that is an area in which a hand is detected among the entire area of the image **500**.

[0110] It takes time for the augmented reality device **100** and the mobile device **200** to transmit/receive data (e.g., the image **500**, the sensor data **510**, the image data **520**, or the object recognition result data **530**) through the wireless communication network, and processing time is also required for the mobile device **200** to obtain the object recognition result data **530** from the image **500** by using the artificial intelligence model **242**. When the augmented reality device **100** is moved by the user, an image captured by the augmented reality device **100** in real time by using the camera **110** may be different from the image **500** transmitted to the mobile device **200**. Latency occurs due to the time required for data transmission/reception through a network and the processing time of the artificial intelligence model **242**, and the augmented reality device **100** may be unable to recognize a hand of a user from an image in real time or have low accuracy of recognition due to the latency. A method of preventing such issues will be described in detail with reference to FIGS. 6 to 9.

[0111] FIG. 6 is a flowchart illustrating an operation in which the augmented reality device **100** adjusts a location of an object detection area, according to an embodiment of the disclosure.

[0112] Operations **S610** and **S620** of FIG. 6 are specific operations of operation **S450** of FIG. 4. Operation **S610** of FIG. 6 may be performed after operation **S440** of FIG. 4 is performed. Operation **S460** of FIG. 4 may be performed after operation **S620** of FIG. 6 is performed.

[0113] FIG. 7 is a diagram for describing sensor data changed according to location movement of the augmented reality device **100**, according to an embodiment of the disclosure.

[0114] FIG. 8 is a diagram illustrating location adjustment results of object detection areas, according to location movement of the augmented reality device **100**, according to an embodiment of the disclosure.

[0115] Hereinafter, an operation by which the augmented reality device **100** adjusts a location of an object detection area, based on a changed value of sensor data, will be described with reference to FIGS. 6 to 8.

[0116] In operation **S610**, the augmented reality device **100** calculates the difference between the transmitted sensor data and the sensor data measured at the time point when the result of object recognition is received. The augmented reality device **100** obtains the image frame by photographing the object in real time, and thus, when the augmented reality device **100** is moved by the user after the image is transmitted to the mobile device **200** (see FIG. 7), the transmitted image and the image captured in real time may be different from each other.

[0117] Referring to FIG. 7 together, the augmented reality device **100** may obtain a first image **711** by photographing an object in real space including the hand of the user at a first time point $t_{sub.1}$

and transmit the first image **711** to the mobile device **200**. After the first image **711** is transmitted, the location of the augmented reality device **100** may be moved when the user wearing the augmented reality device **100** looks at a different location or moves to another location. The augmented reality device **100** may obtain a second image **712** by using a camera, at a second time point $t_{sub.2}$ that is a time point after the location of the augmented reality device **100** is moved. [0118] In the embodiment of FIG. 7, the second time point $t_{sub.2}$ may be a time point when the object recognition result data is received from the mobile device **200**. A communication time is required for the augmented reality device **100** to transmit the first image **711** to the mobile device **200** through the wireless communication network, and a processing time is required for the mobile device **200** to obtain the object recognition result data from the first image **711** by using the artificial intelligence model **242** (see FIG. 5), and thus, latency may occur between the first time point $t_{sub.1}$ and the second time point $t_{sub.2}$. In other words, the first image **711** obtained at the first time point $t_{sub.1}$ and the second image **712** obtained at the second time point $t_{sub.2}$ may be different from each other. For example, referring to the embodiment of FIG. 7, the location of the hand of the user may have been moved by Δ in the second image **712** compared with the first image **711**.

[0119] The augmented reality device **100** may measure the acceleration values in the x-axis direction, the y-axis direction, and the z-axis direction according to the movement of the augmented reality device **100** in real time by using the accelerometer **122** (see FIG. 2), and obtain the sensor data including the measured acceleration values. In the embodiment of FIG. 7, first sensor data **721** measured at the first time point $t_{sub.1}$ may include 0.45 as a measurement value in the x-axis direction, 0.3 as a measurement value in the y-axis direction, and 0.0 as a measurement value in the z-axis direction, and second sensor data **722** measured at the second time point $t_{sub.2}$ may include 0.45 as a measurement value in the x-axis direction, 0.27 as a measurement value in the y-axis direction, and 0.0 as a measurement value in the z-axis direction. The processor **130** (see FIG. 2) of the augmented reality device **100** may calculate a difference between the first sensor data **721** and the second sensor data **722** measured respectively at the first time point $t_{sub.1}$ and the second time point $t_{sub.2}$. For example, the calculated difference may be 0.03 in the y-axis direction.

[0120] Referring back to FIG. 6, in operation **S620**, the augmented reality device **100** changes the location of the object detection area, based on the calculated difference. Referring to FIG. 8 together, a first object detection area **812** detected from a first image **810** at the first time point t_1 may be an area defined by 2-dimensional location coordinates (x-axis location coordinate, y-axis location coordinate) in an area number 20 and 2-dimensional location coordinates (x-axis location coordinate, y-axis location coordinate) in an area number 41. The processor **130** of the augmented reality device **100** may move a location of the first object detection area **812** in the first image **810** by the difference of the sensor data. For example, the processor **130** may move the location of the first object detection area **812** by a distance corresponding to 0.03 in the y-axis direction, which is the difference of the sensor data, as in operation **S610** of FIG. 6 and the embodiment of FIG. 7. A location of a second object detection area **822** in a second image **820** at the second time point $t_{sub.2}$ may be moved by a distance corresponding to the difference (e.g., 0.03 in the y-axis direction) of the sensor data, compared with the location of the first object detection area **812**.

[0121] In the embodiment of FIG. 8, according to a result of the movement, the second object detection area **822** may be an area defined by 2-dimensional location coordinates (x-axis location coordinate, y-axis location coordinate) in an area number 22 and 2-dimensional location coordinates (x-axis location coordinate, y-axis location coordinate) in an area number 43.

[0122] The augmented reality device **100** according to the embodiment of FIGS. 6 to 8 adjusts the locations of the object detection areas **812** and **822** by using the values of sensor data measured in real time, thereby preventing latency occurred due to a time required on a network according to transmission of data (e.g., an image, a value of sensor data, or the like) to the mobile device **200**

and due to a processing time required for object recognition by the mobile device **200**, and enabling real-time processing of object recognition (e.g., recognition of a hand of a user).

[0123] FIG. **9** is a diagram for describing an operation in which the augmented reality device **100** changes sizes of object detection areas **912** and **922** in which a hand is detected, according to location movement of a hand of a user, according to an embodiment of the disclosure.

[0124] Referring to FIG. **9**, the processor **130** (see FIG. **2**) of the augmented reality device **100** may recognize movement of a hand in an image obtained in real time. In an embodiment of the disclosure, the processor **130** may recognize the movement of the hand in the image by using a well-known image processing technology. In the embodiment of FIG. **9**, a location of the augmented reality device **100** is not changed between the first time point $t_{sub.1}$ and the second time point $t_{sub.2}$, but a location of the hand may have been changed. Due to the movement of the location of the hand, the location of the hand in a second image **920** obtained at the second time point $t_{sub.2}$ may be more to the right than the location of the hand in a first image **910** obtained at the first time point $t_{sub.1}$.

[0125] In response to the movement of the location of the hand being recognized, the processor **130** may enlarge the size of the object detection area **912**. In an embodiment of the disclosure, the processor **130** may increase the size of the object detection area **912** by a predetermined ratio. The predetermined ratio may be, for example, 1.1 times, 1.2 times, or 1.3 times, but is not limited thereto. In the embodiment of FIG. **9**, the size of the object detection area **922** in the second image **920** may be greater than the size of the object detection area **912** in the first image **910**. For example, the object detection area **912** in the first image **910** may be an area defined by 2-dimensional location coordinates in the number 20 and 2-dimensional location coordinates in the number 41, but the object detection area **922** in the second image **920** may be enlarged to an area defined by 2-dimensional location coordinates in the number 10 and 2-dimensional location coordinates in the number 51.

[0126] The augmented reality device **100** according to an embodiment of FIG. **9** increases the sizes of the object detection areas **912** and **922** when the location of the augmented reality device **100** is not changed but the location of the hand of the user is changed, thereby improving a processing speed and accuracy of object recognition.

[0127] FIG. **10** is a diagram illustrating an operation in which the augmented reality device **100** recognizes a type of an object included in an object detection area **1010** by using the artificial intelligence model **142**, according to an embodiment of the disclosure.

[0128] The augmented reality device **100** may recognize an object from the object detection area **1010** in an image **1000** by using the artificial intelligence model **142**. In an embodiment of the disclosure, the augmented reality device **100** may recognize a hand **1020** of the user by inputting the object detection area **1010** of the image **1000** into the artificial intelligence model **142** and performing inference.

[0129] Referring to FIG. **10**, the augmented reality device **100** may receive object recognition result data from the mobile device **200** and identify the object detection area **1010** in which an object is detected among an entire area of the image **1000**, based on the received object recognition result data. As illustrated in FIG. **10**, when the entire area of the image **1000** is divided into 63 areas from number 1 to number 63, the object detection area **1010** may be an area defined by 2-dimensional location coordinates (x-axis location coordinate, y-axis location coordinate) in the number 22 and 2-dimensional location coordinates (x-axis location coordinate, y-axis location coordinate) in the number 43.

[0130] The augmented reality device **100** may input an image corresponding to the object detection area **1010** into the artificial intelligence model **142**. The processor **130** (see FIG. **2**) of the augmented reality device **100** may perform the inference using the artificial intelligence model **142** to output a type of the object from the input object detection area **1010**. The artificial intelligence model **142** may be included in the augmented reality device **100** in an on-device manner. The

artificial intelligence model **142** may be an artificial neural network model trained to recognize only an object corresponding to a pre-determined specific type of an object from an input image, according to a learning algorithm. For example, the artificial intelligence model **142** may be implemented as a convolutional neural network (CNN). However, the disclosure is not limited thereto, and the artificial intelligence model **142** may be implemented as at least one of, for example, a recurrent neural network (RNN), a restricted Boltzmann machine (RBM), a deep belief network (DBN), a bidirectional recurrent deep neural network (BRDNN), and a deep Q-network. [0131] FIG. **11** is a diagram for describing the artificial intelligence model **142** trained according to a specific type of an object, according to an embodiment of the disclosure. Referring to FIGS. **10** and **11** together, the artificial intelligence model **142** may include a plurality of artificial neural network models **142-1** to **142-n** trained to respectively recognize hands corresponding to a plurality of types, according to a direction of a hand (e.g., a left hand or a right hand) and a shape of the hand (e.g., a pose of the hand, a shape of fingers, or a form of the fingers). For example, the first artificial neural network model **142-1** (A-1) may be a model trained to recognize only a type of a hand with a finger shape indicating the alphabet “V” with a right hand. For example, the second artificial neural network model **142-2** (D-1) may be a model trained to recognize only a type of a hand corresponding to a left hand and posing to hold something with fingers, and the n-th artificial neural network model **142-n** (F-3) may be a model trained to recognize only a type of a hand in a shape of a fist clenched with a right hand.

[0132] The processor **130** of the augmented reality device **100** may select, from among the plurality of artificial neural network models **142-1** to **142-n**, an artificial neural network model trained by using a type corresponding to a type of an object included in object recognition result data received from the mobile device **200**. For example, when the type of object included in the object recognition result data by the mobile device **200** is D-1, the processor **130** may select the second artificial neural network model **142-2** trained to recognize the hand corresponding to the type of D-1 from among the plurality of artificial neural network models **142-1** to **142-n**.

[0133] Referring back to FIG. **10**, the processor **130** may perform inference using the selected second artificial neural network model **142-2** to recognize, from the input object detection area **1010**, the hand **1020** of the type D-1 posing to hold something with a left hand.

[0134] The augmented reality device **100** according to the embodiments of FIGS. **10** and **11** specifies the object detection area **1010** in which an object is detected according to the object recognition result data received from the mobile device **200**, obtains information about a type of the object, and recognizes the hand **1020** by using an artificial neural network model (the second artificial neural network model **142-2** in the embodiments of FIGS. **10** and **11**) capable of recognizing only a hand of a type corresponding to the type of the object, thereby reducing a processing time despite of a low hardware specification to guarantee real-time usability, and improving accuracy of object recognition despite that the low-level artificial intelligence model **142** is used.

[0135] FIG. **12** is a diagram illustrating an operation in which the augmented reality device **100** displays a recognized object on an image **1200**, according to an embodiment of the disclosure.

[0136] Referring to FIG. **12**, the augmented reality device **100** may perform image rendering to display a result of recognizing an object on the image **1200**. The processor **130** (see FIG. **2**) of the augmented reality device **100** may display the image **1200** through the display **160** (see FIG. **2**) and display a bounding box **1210** in an area including the recognized object, e.g., a hand, among an entire area of the image **1200**.

[0137] The disclosure provides an augmented reality device for recognizing an object by using an artificial intelligence model included in an external device. The augmented reality device **100** according to an embodiment of the disclosure may include the camera **110**, the IMU sensor **120** including the accelerometer **122**, the communication interface **150** configured to perform data communication with the mobile device **200**, the memory **140** storing one or more instructions, and

the at least one processor **130** configured to execute the one or more instructions. The at least one processor **130** may be configured to obtain an image captured by using the camera **110** and sensor data measured by using the accelerometer **122**. The at least one processor **130** may be configured to control the communication interface to transmit the obtained image and the obtained sensor data to the mobile device **200**. The at least one processor **130** may be configured to receive, from the mobile device **200**, information about a direction, a type, and an object detection area of an object obtained from the image according to a result of object recognition performed by the mobile device **200** by using the first artificial intelligence model **242** included in the mobile device **200**. The at least one processor **130** may be configured to adjust a location of the object detection area, based on a value of the sensor data changed at a time point when the result of the object recognition is received from the mobile device **200**. The at least one processor **130** may be configured to determine the second artificial intelligence model **142** for recognizing the object, based on the direction and the type of the object included in the object detection area of which the location has been adjusted. The at least one processor **130** may be configured to recognize the object from the object detection area in the image by using the determined second artificial intelligence model **142**. [0138] In an embodiment of the disclosure, the first artificial intelligence model **242** may be an artificial neural network model pre-trained to specify an object detection area in which an object is detected from an input image and output classification information about a direction and a type of the object included in the object detection area.

[0139] In an embodiment of the disclosure, the second artificial intelligence model **142** may be an artificial neural network model trained to recognize only an object corresponding to a pre-determined type from an input image.

[0140] In an embodiment of the disclosure, the second artificial intelligence model **142** may include a plurality of artificial neural network models trained to recognize objects respectively corresponding to a plurality of types.

[0141] In an embodiment of the disclosure, the plurality of artificial neural network models are included in a storage space of the memory **140** in an on-device manner.

[0142] In an embodiment of the disclosure, the at least one processor **130** may be further configured to select, from among the plurality of artificial neural network models, an artificial neural network model trained to recognize only an object corresponding to the type of the object, received according to the result of the object recognition performed by the mobile device **200**.

[0143] In an embodiment of the disclosure, the plurality of artificial neural network models are artificial intelligence models pre-trained to recognize, from the object detection area, a specific direction of a left or right hand and a hand having a specific shape indicating a shape of fingers.

[0144] In an embodiment of the disclosure, the at least one processor **130** may be further configured to calculate a difference between the sensor data transmitted to the mobile device **200** and the sensor data measured at the time point when the result of the object recognition is received from the mobile device **200**, and change the location of the object detection area, based on the calculated difference.

[0145] In an embodiment of the disclosure, the at least one processor **130** may be further configured to increase a size of the object detection area by a predetermined ratio when a location of a hand of a user moves at the time point when the result of the object recognition is received from the mobile device **200**.

[0146] In an embodiment of the disclosure, the augmented reality device **100** may further include a display displaying an image. In an embodiment of the disclosure, the at least one processor **130** may be further configured to perform image rendering to display a result of recognizing an object on the image displayed through the display.

[0147] The disclosure provides a method, performed by an augmented reality device **100**, of recognizing an object by using an artificial intelligence model of an external device. The method may include transmitting, to the mobile device **200**, an image captured by using the camera **110** and

sensor data measured by using the accelerometer **122** (operation **S420**). The method may include receiving, from the mobile device **200**, information about a direction, a type, and an object detection area of an object obtained from the image according to a result of object recognition performed by the mobile device **200** by using the first artificial intelligence model **242** included in the mobile device **200** (operation **S440**). The method may include adjusting a location of the object detection area, based on a value of the sensor data changed at a time point when the result of the object recognition is received from the mobile device **200** (operation **S450**). The method may include determining the second artificial intelligence model **142** for recognizing the object, based on the direction and the type of the object included in the object detection area of which the location has been adjusted (operation **S460**). The method may include recognizing the object from the object detection area in the image by using the determined second artificial intelligence model **142** (operation **S470**).

[0148] In an embodiment of the disclosure, the first artificial intelligence model **242** may be an artificial neural network model pre-trained to specify an object detection area in which an object is detected from an input image and output classification information about a direction and a type of the object included in the object detection area.

[0149] In an embodiment of the disclosure, the second artificial intelligence model **142** may be an artificial neural network model trained to recognize only an object corresponding to a pre-determined type from an input image.

[0150] In an embodiment of the disclosure, the second artificial intelligence model **142** may include a plurality of artificial neural network models trained to recognize objects respectively corresponding to a plurality of types. In an embodiment of the disclosure, the plurality of artificial neural network models may be included in the augmented reality device **100** in an on-device manner.

[0151] In an embodiment of the disclosure, the determining of the second artificial intelligence model **142** for recognizing the object may include selecting, from among the plurality of artificial neural network models, an artificial neural network model trained to recognize only an object corresponding to the type of the object, received according to the result of the object recognition performed by the mobile device **200**.

[0152] In an embodiment of the disclosure, the plurality of artificial neural network models are artificial intelligence models pre-trained to recognize, from the object detection area, a specific direction of a left or right hand and a hand having a specific shape indicating a shape of fingers.

[0153] In an embodiment of the disclosure, the adjusting of the location of the object detection area may include calculating a difference between the sensor data transmitted to the mobile device **200** and the sensor data measured at the time point when the result of the object recognition is received from the mobile device **200** (operation **S610**), and changing the location of the object detection area, based on the calculated difference (operation **S620**).

[0154] In an embodiment of the disclosure, the adjusting of the location of the object detection area may include increasing a size of the object detection area by a predetermined ratio when a location of a hand of a user moves at the time point when the result of the object recognition is received from the mobile device **200**.

[0155] In an embodiment of the disclosure, the method may further include performing image rendering to display, on the image, a result of recognizing the object.

[0156] The disclosure provides the mobile device **200**. The mobile device **200** according to an embodiment of the disclosure may include the communication interface **210** configured to perform data communication with the augmented reality device **100**, the memory **240** storing an artificial neural network model pre-trained to specify an object detection area where an object is detected from an input image and output classification information about a direction and a type of the object included in the object detection area, and the at least one processor **230**. The at least one processor **230** may be configured to receive an image and sensor data from the augmented reality device **100**

through the communication interface **210**. The at least one processor **230** may be configured to input the received image into the artificial neural network model **242** to obtain, from the image, object recognition result data including information about the object detection area and about the direction and the type of the object. The at least one processor **230** may be configured to control the communication interface **210** to transmit the obtained object recognition result data to the augmented reality device **100**.

[0157] A program executed by the augmented reality device **100** described in the disclosure may be implemented by a hardware component, a software component, and/or a combination of a hardware component and a software component. The program may be performed by any system capable of performing computer-readable instructions.

[0158] Software may include a computer program, a code, an instruction, or a combination thereof, and may configure the processing device to operate as desired or instruct the processing device independently or collectively.

[0159] The software may be implemented as a computer program that includes instructions stored on computer-readable storage media. Examples of computer-readable recording medium include magnetic storage media (for example, read-only memory (ROM), random-access memory (RAM), floppy disc, and hard disc) and optical reading media (for example, compact disc read-only memory (CD-ROM) and digital versatile disc (DVD)). The computer-readable recording medium may be distributed over a computer system connected through a network, and computer-readable codes may be stored and executed in a distributed manner. The medium is readable by a computer, stored in memory, and may be executed in a processor.

[0160] The computer-readable storage medium may be provided in the form of a non-transitory storage medium. The term “non-transitory” only means that a storage medium does not include a signal and is tangible, and does not distinguish whether data is stored in the storage medium semi-permanently or temporarily. For example, the “non-transitory storage medium” may include a buffer where data is temporarily stored.

[0161] Furthermore, a program according to the embodiments of the specification may be provided by being included in a computer program product. The computer program products are products that can be traded between sellers and buyers.

[0162] The computer program product may include a software program or a computer-readable storage medium storing a software program. For example, the computer program product may include a product in the form of a software program (e.g., a downloadable application) that is distributed electronically by a manufacturer of the augmented reality device **100** or through an electronic market (e.g., Samsung Galaxy Store). For electronic distribution, at least a part of the software program may be stored in a storage medium or may be temporarily generated. In this case, the storage medium may be a server of the manufacturer of an augmented reality device **100**, a server of the electronic market, or a storage medium of a relay server temporarily storing the software program.

[0163] The computer program product may include a storage medium of the server or a storage medium of the augmented reality device **100** in a system including the augmented reality device **100** and/or the server. Alternatively, when there is a third device (e.g., wearable device) communicably connected to the augmented reality device **100**, the computer program product may include a storage medium of the third device. Alternatively, the computer program product may include the software program transmitted from the augmented reality device **100** to the third device, or transmitted from the third device to the augmented reality device.

[0164] In this case, one of the augmented reality device **100** and the third device may perform a method according to embodiments by executing the computer program product. Alternatively, one or more of the augmented reality device **100** and the third device may perform the method according to embodiments in a distributed fashion by executing the computer program product.

[0165] For example, the augmented reality device **100** may execute a computer program product

stored in the memory **140** (see FIG. 2) to control another electronic device (e.g., a mobile device) in communicably connected to the augmented reality device **100** to perform a method according to embodiments.

[0166] In another example, the third device may execute the computer program product to control an electronic device communicatively connected to the third device to perform a method according to embodiments.

[0167] In a case that the third device executes the computer program product, the third device may download the computer program product from the augmented reality device **100** and execute the downloaded computer program product. Alternatively, the third device may execute the computer program product provided in a preloaded state to perform a method according to embodiments.

[0168] It will be appreciated that various embodiments of the disclosure according to the claims and description in the specification can be realized in the form of hardware, software or a combination of hardware and software.

[0169] Any such software may be stored in non-transitory computer readable storage media. The non-transitory computer readable storage media store one or more computer programs (software modules), the one or more computer programs include computer-executable instructions that, when executed by one or more processors of an electronic device individually or collectively, cause the electronic device to perform a method of the disclosure.

[0170] Any such software may be stored in the form of volatile or non-volatile storage such as, for example, a storage device like read only memory (ROM), whether erasable or rewritable or not, or in the form of memory such as, for example, random access memory (RAM), memory chips, device or integrated circuits or on an optically or magnetically readable medium such as, for example, a compact disk (CD), digital versatile disc (DVD), magnetic disk or magnetic tape or the like. It will be appreciated that the storage devices and storage media are various embodiments of non-transitory machine-readable storage that are suitable for storing a computer program or computer programs comprising instructions that, when executed, implement various embodiments of the disclosure. Accordingly, various embodiments provide a program comprising code for implementing apparatus or a method as claimed in any one of the claims of this specification and a non-transitory machine-readable storage storing such a program.

[0171] While the disclosure has been shown and described with reference to various embodiments thereof, it will be understood by skilled in the art that various changes in form and details may be made therein without departing from the spirit and scope of the disclosure as defined by the appended claims and their equivalents.

Claims

1. An augmented reality device comprising: a camera; an inertial measurement unit (IMU) sensor including an accelerometer; a communication interface configured to perform data communication with a mobile device; memory, comprising one or more storage media, storing one or more instructions; and at least one processor communicatively coupled to the memory, wherein the instructions, when executed by the at least one processor individually or collectively, cause the augmented reality device to: obtain an image captured by using the camera and sensor data measured by using the accelerometer, control the communication interface to transmit the obtained image and the obtained sensor data to the mobile device, receive, from the mobile device, information about a direction, a type, and an object detection area of an object obtained from the image according to a result of object recognition performed by the mobile device by using a first artificial intelligence model included in the mobile device, adjust a location of the object detection area, based on a value of the sensor data changed at a time point when the result of the object recognition is received from the mobile device, determine a second artificial intelligence model for recognizing the object, based on the direction and the type of the object included in the object

detection area of which the location has been adjusted, and recognize the object from the object detection area in the image by using the determined second artificial intelligence model.

2. The augmented reality device of claim 1, wherein the second artificial intelligence model is an artificial neural network model trained to recognize only an object corresponding to a pre-determined type from an input image.

3. The augmented reality device of claim 2, wherein the second artificial intelligence model comprises a plurality of artificial neural network models trained to recognize objects respectively corresponding to a plurality of types.

4. The augmented reality device of claim 3, wherein the plurality of artificial neural network models are included in a storage space of the memory in an on-device manner.

5. The augmented reality device of claim 3, wherein the instructions, when executed by the at least one processor individually or collectively, further cause the augmented reality device to: select, from among the plurality of artificial neural network models, an artificial neural network model trained to recognize only an object corresponding to the type of the object, received according to the result of the object recognition performed by the mobile device.

6. The augmented reality device of claim 3, wherein the plurality of artificial neural network models are artificial intelligence models pre-trained to recognize, from the object detection area, a specific direction of a left or right hand and a hand having a specific shape indicating a shape of fingers.

7. The augmented reality device of claim 1, wherein the instructions, when executed by the at least one processor individually or collectively, further cause the augmented reality device to: calculate a difference between the sensor data transmitted to the mobile device and the sensor data measured at the time point when the result of the object recognition is received from the mobile device, and change the location of the object detection area, based on the calculated difference.

8. The augmented reality device of claim 1, wherein the instructions, when executed by the at least one processor individually or collectively, further cause the augmented reality device to: increase a size of the object detection area by a predetermined ratio when a location of a hand of a user moves at the time point when the result of the object recognition is received from the mobile device.

9. A method, performed by an augmented reality device, of recognizing an object by using an artificial intelligence model of an external device, the method comprising: transmitting, to a mobile device, an image captured by using a camera and sensor data measured by using an accelerometer; receiving, from the mobile device, information about a direction, a type, and an object detection area of an object obtained from the image according to a result of object recognition performed by the mobile device by using a first artificial intelligence model included in the mobile device; adjusting a location of the object detection area, based on a value of the sensor data changed at a time point when the result of the object recognition is received from the mobile device; determining a second artificial intelligence model for recognizing the object, based on the direction and the type of the object included in the object detection area of which the location has been adjusted; and recognizing the object from the object detection area in the image by using the determined second artificial intelligence model.

10. The method of claim 9, wherein the second artificial intelligence model is an artificial neural network model trained to recognize only an object corresponding to a pre-determined type from an input image.

11. The method of claim 10, wherein the second artificial intelligence model comprises a plurality of artificial neural network models trained to recognize objects respectively corresponding to a plurality of types, and wherein the plurality of artificial neural network models are included in the augmented reality device in an on-device manner.

12. The method of claim 11, wherein the determining of the second artificial intelligence model for recognizing the object comprises: selecting, from among the plurality of artificial neural network models, an artificial neural network model trained to recognize only an object corresponding to the

type of the object, received according to the result of the object recognition performed by the mobile device.

13. The method of claim 11, wherein the plurality of artificial neural network models are artificial intelligence models pre-trained to recognize, from the object detection area, a specific direction of a left or right hand and a hand having a specific shape indicating a shape of fingers.

14. The method of claim 9, wherein the adjusting of the location of the object detection area comprises: calculating a difference between the sensor data transmitted to the mobile device and the sensor data measured at the time point when the result of the object recognition is received from the mobile device; and changing the location of the object detection area, based on the calculated difference.

15. The method of claim 9, wherein the adjusting of the location of the object detection area comprises: increasing a size of the object detection area by a predetermined ratio when a location of a hand of a user moves at the time point when the result of the object recognition is received from the mobile device.

16. One or more non-transitory computer-readable storage media storing one or more computer programs including computer-executable instructions that, when executed by one or more processors of an augmented reality device individually or collectively, cause the augmented reality device to perform operations, the operations comprising: transmitting, to a mobile device, an image captured by using a camera and sensor data measured by using an accelerometer; receiving, from the mobile device, information about a direction, a type, and an object detection area of an object obtained from the image according to a result of object recognition performed by the mobile device by using a first artificial intelligence model included in the mobile device; adjusting a location of the object detection area, based on a value of the sensor data changed at a time point when the result of the object recognition is received from the mobile device; determining a second artificial intelligence model for recognizing the object, based on the direction and the type of the object included in the object detection area of which the location has been adjusted; and recognizing the object from the object detection area in the image by using the determined second artificial intelligence model.

17. The one or more non-transitory computer-readable storage media of claim 16, the operations further comprising: selecting, from among a plurality of artificial neural network models, an artificial neural network model trained to recognize only an object corresponding to the type of the object, received according to the result of the object recognition performed by the mobile device.
