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# Creating and distributing interactive addressable virtual content

#### **Abstract**

Systems and methods create and distribute addressable virtual content with interactivity. The virtual content may depict a live event and may be customized for each individual user based on dynamic characteristics (e.g., habits, preferences, etc.) of the user that are captured during user interaction with the virtual content. The virtual content is generated with low latency between the actual event and the live content that allows the user to interactively participate in actions related to the live event. The virtual content may represent a studio with multiple display screens that each show different live content (of the same or different live events), and may also include graphic displays that include related data such as statistics corresponding to the live event, athletes at the event, and so on. The content of the display screens and graphics may be automatically selected based on the dynamic characteristics of the user.

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# **Background/Summary**

RELATED APPLICATIONS (1) This application is a continuation of U.S. application Ser. No. 17/090,664, titled "Creating and Distributing Interactive Addressable Virtual Content," filed Nov. 5, 2020, which is a continuation-in-part of U.S. application Ser. No. 17/033,496, titled "Systems and Associated Methods for Creating a Viewing Experience", filed Sep. 25, 2020, which is a continuation of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 15/994,840, filed May 31, 2018, which claims priority to U.S. Patent Application Ser. No. 62/513,198, filed May 31, 2017. Each of the above referenced applications are incorporated herein by reference in their entirety.

### **BACKGROUND**

- (1) Media companies, education entities, gambling proprietors and government organizations have historically broadcast live content in a variety of contexts, including news, entertainment, sports, education, documentaries, dramas, weather, and so forth. The nature of live broadcasts continually changes with newly developed technology, including wireless broadcast, video broadcast, and internet streaming. As the internet has become more accessible, media companies have transitioned to streaming live and on demand content to consumers over the internet. In some situations, one or more media companies may broadcast the same event using different broadcast mechanisms, such as cable television, internet streaming, and as content (e.g., a concert) within a videogame.

  (2) Gaming and associated betting has increased in popularity and competitiveness. Livestreams of
- video game events (e.g., Fortnite concerts) and video game competitions (e.g., the International, an annual esports world championship tournament for the video game Dota 2, which is hosted and produced by the game's developer, Valve) have increased in popularity, with millions of people participating in the largest of these events. These events attract commentary, betting, and, analysis, including one or more of news commentary, sports analysis commentary, betting lines on the competition, interviews with competitors, interviews with coaches, interviews with experts, and so on.

#### **SUMMARY**

- (3) Media transmission, including television, cable, satellite, and internet, occurs with a delay of at least 2 seconds, and at times more than 40 seconds, resulting in a delay between when the event occurs and when the consumer watches the event. Causes of this delay include processing of media, data transmission, data compression and expansion, data formatting, other processing of data, and combinations thereof. Delayed broadcasting results in many challenges, including spoilers for live events communicated over other, faster transmitting, media (e.g., text messaging), remote live commentary and discussion, an inability to perform betting activities due to limiting of in-event transactions at real-time, and so forth.
- (4) Furthermore, live media streams, such as news, sports, and other broadcasts, are often recorded in professional physical studios invested with millions of dollars of infrastructure and/or in studios with LED panels that create scene visuals, including equipment, props, backgrounds, and furniture. This makes professional broadcasts expensive to set up and produce. Moreover, where many employees may work from home, or where members of an organization are located at different

geographic locations, such infrastructure becomes inflexible and prohibitively expensive.

- (5) In addition, conventional virtual streaming platforms are inflexible and complicated to operate, because a producer may encode live media into a first input pipeline, graphics into a second pipeline, and a commentator into a third pipeline. The producer then manually compiles the pipelines into a single broadcast. However, changing any of the streams, or adding a new one, is often impossible or involves substantial production time, thus reducing the flexibility of more expensive platform.
- (6) Although content creators have large amounts of data and metadata pertaining to the elements of a production, the location, the actors, the participants, the materials, the commentary, the background, the clothing, the articles, and everything that is composited in the content, current systems and methods limit sending and sharing of this information to/with the viewing public due to differences in how content is presented (e.g., in theaters, on TV's, on smartphones and other devices). This inability to deliver metadata limits user interactivity and reduces the ability of content creators to monetize their product.
- (7) Most video streaming and video production culminates in single images flashing at a frame rate of 24, 29, 30, 50, or 60+ frames per second to present moving images to a user. However, generation of such content requires transmission of the entire scene (image) each time, thereby redrawing elements that do not need to be re-drawn, and is therefore inefficient.
- (8) Further, to make revenue for the creators, most streaming sites mandate pre-rolling of videos (e.g., advertisements, paid content, etc.), which takes consumers away from the content they want to see until they are released from the pre-rolled video after a timed duration or when it ends. Embodiments herein provide an alternative approach where content creators customize content delivery by associating content that plays alongside the desired content, creating a symbiotic relationship between consumer and consumed content.
- (9) In the prior art, advertising is also transmitted/embedded within the content and forces any customization of the advertising to require an overlay or a pixel replacement process (e.g., like replacing the green screen behind the batters made popular by SportVision/SportsMedia Technology), where advertising is inserted into a content stream, or requires multiple streams where multiple advertising paths or content paths are used. This replacement approach impedes advertisers reaching audiences with custom content, since individual streams with individual placements are required, and customizing replacement are required down the line. A one to many approach with placements from server nodes is not possible in the prior art.
- (10) As a result of the increased prevalence of online streaming content, there is a need for a user-friendly production platform that is easily modified with input from different formats, including video, livestream, and so on. Furthermore, there is a need for low-latency livestream broadcasting. Furthermore, there is a need for a system where content may be distributed as a single feed that may be split into multiple feeds without requiring additional bandwidth. There is also a need for systems and methods where advertising, messaging, and commerce (bets/transactions) occur inside the content experience such that the consumer is not required to leave their desired experience to make a transaction and/or to view custom content.
- (11) The embodiments herein describe systems and methods for creating and distributing low-latency interactive addressable virtual content, where the virtual content depicts a live event that is customized to address each individual user based on interaction with that user. The virtual content is dynamically generated from a live event and customizable to meet a user's needs and habits. Further, the embodiments disclosed herein allow the user to interact with the virtual content by facilitating communication channel to a third party associated with the virtual content. The embodiments disclosed herein also make the virtual content addressable whereby at least one third party may target specific users with preferred content.

### **Description**

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE FIGURES

- (1) FIG. **1** shows one example system for generating live content of a virtual environment for display on client devices, in embodiments.
- (2) FIG. **2** shows one example 2D first perspective view of the virtual environment of FIG. **1**, in embodiments.
- (3) FIG. **3** shows one example screenshot from the live content of FIG. **1**, where actions of the user select a different viewing perspective of the virtual environment, in embodiments.
- (4) FIG. **4** shows one example production graphical user interface (GUI) that allows the production controller to define broadcast parameters that control the virtual environment and the live broadcast generated by the system of FIG. **1**, in embodiments.
- (5) FIG. **5** is a functional block diagram illustrating example workflow implemented by the system of FIG. **1**, in embodiments.
- (6) FIG. **6** is a flowchart illustrating one example method for displaying a virtual environment on a client device, in embodiments.
- (7) FIG. **7** shows one example system for generating live content of a virtual environment including nodes for content placements and with low latency for display on client devices, in embodiments.
- (8) FIG. **8** is a block diagram showing the server of FIG. **7** in further example detail.
- (9) FIG. **9** is a block diagram showing the client device of FIG. **7** in further example detail.
- (10) FIG. **10** is a schematic diagram illustrating the metadata of FIG. **7** in further example detail and illustrating use of the metadata in media streams to generate the live content to facilitate advertising, betting, and consumer behavior, in embodiments.
- (11) FIG. **11**A is a flowchart illustrating one example method for creating and distributing interactive addressable virtual content, in embodiments.
- (12) FIG. **11**B is a flowchart illustrating one example method for displaying interactive addressable virtual content on a client device, in embodiments.
- (13) FIG. **12** shows one example screenshot of the live content of FIG. **7** at a first time (time A), in embodiments.
- (14) FIG. **13** shows one example screenshot of the live content of FIG. **7** at a second time (time B), later than the first time of FIG. **12**, in embodiments.
- (15) FIG. **14** shows one example screenshot, generated by the system of FIG. **7**, showing the virtual environment representing a virtual stadium with virtual fan interaction via remote streams, in embodiments.
- (16) FIG. **15** shows four example live content screenshots simultaneously generated by the system of FIG. **7** for a single live event, illustrating customization for three different users, in embodiments.
- (17) FIG. **16** is a schematic illustrating one example generic virtual environment with surrounding display screens generated from the 3D model of the server of FIG. **7**, in embodiments.
- (18) FIG. **17** is a schematic illustrating example node workflow performed by the interactive input engine and the content fill engine of the content player of FIG. **7**, in embodiments.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE EMBODIMENTS

(19) The embodiments disclosed herein include systems and methods for generation and streaming of live content (e.g., digital content, digital feed, feed, etc.), where the generation includes high production flexibility with low latency between capture of a live event and output of the live content. For example, embodiments disclosed herein achieve a latency of less than one second. The embodiments disclosed herein further represent a novel approach towards content generation, distribution, and customization. One main feed is created, and from that main feed, a plurality of

customized feeds is derived. These customized feeds appear as if multiple feeds are being generated, but with a significantly reduced bandwidth as compared to the bandwidth required for multiple feeds. This customized content approach unlocks user (viewer) interactivity by allowing for transactions (betting, purchases, etc.) in real-time within the customized live content. The following examples use a virtual newsroom for a live online gaming event to illustrate the principals of operation of the systems and methods; however, the embodiments herein may apply to broadcasting any live event, including artistic performances, sports, online gaming, and so on. (20) FIG. **1** shows one example system **100** for generating live content **140** of a virtual environment for display on client devices **130**. Live content **140** contains, at least in part, real-time video content that is rendered within the virtual environment. System 100 includes a server 120 that runs a processing application 126 (for video, computer generated images and volumetric experiences) that receives media streams **106**, including image data, and metadata for generating environments, using a network device interface (NDI) protocol for example or a real time messaging protocol (RTMP), from at least one content capturing/streaming device **102**, broadcast parameters **112** from a production controller device 110, and generates a live broadcast 122 that produces live content 140 on at least one client device 130. In certain embodiments, server 120 is implemented as a cloud-based service. Media streams **106** may be generated as one or more of a live video stream, an internet source (e.g., Twitch, YouTube), a video stream from a standard camera source, a video retrieved from local memory, video data retrieved from AR/VR camera sources, and so on. (21) Processing application **126** may generate a customized live broadcast **122** for each connected client device **130** without needing additional streams. As shown in FIG. **1**, live broadcast **122(1)** is output to client device **130(1)**, which may represent a mobile device, live broadcast **122(2)** is output to client device **130(2)**, which may represent a television and/or an LED screen, live broadcast **122**(**3**) is output to client device **130**(**3**), which may represent a gaming console, a volumetric display, and/or multiple screens of a visual environment, live broadcast 122(4) is output to client device **130(4)**, which may represent a virtual reality player, and live broadcast **122(5)** is output to client device **130**(5), which may represent an augmented reality player. Processing application 126 generates and updates a 3D model 124 defining a virtual environment 125 in realtime and renders 3D model 124 to generate live broadcast 122 with low-latency and to facilitate live experiences in multiple formats, providing users (e.g., user 134) with a more in-depth experience, independent of their platform. In certain embodiments, processing application 126 may receive utilize sensor data from client device **130** to facilitate control of the virtual experience, and live content **140** may be considered a live data experience.

- (22) Media streams **106** may conform to the NDI protocol or the RTMP, or may be converted to the NDI protocol or the RTMP, or any other signaling protocol, by processing application **126** within server **120**. Particularly, latency between a live event **104** captured by content capturing/streaming device **102** and output of live content **140** on client device **130** is less than one second and thus a user **134** of client device **130** experiences live event **104** with minimal delay (e.g., essentially in real-time). Live event **104** may have a start time and an end time, and system **100** operates to provide enjoyment, instruction, recovery, or any other experience that is designed for humans or artificial intelligence to visually, audibly, physical or mentally process. Client device **130** may represent one or more of a mobile device, a smartphone, a tablet, a laptop computer, a desktop computer, a smart TV, a TV box (e.g., Apple TV), a smart watch, any other electronic device, and combinations thereof.
- (23) Content capturing/streaming devices **102** send media streams **106** including 2D, 3D and volumetric content to server **120** and may represent one or more of: a video camera, a microphone, a motion capture device, a game capture device, and so on. For example, content capturing/streaming device **102** may capture one or more of: audio, video, screen captures, motion capture information (e.g., from motion sensors on a person, animal, object, etc.), augmented reality ("AR") recording, virtual reality ("VR") recording, and combinations thereof. Multiple content

capturing/streaming devices 102 may be used to capture the same live event 104, each one providing different media streams **106** to processing application **126**. For example, a first content capturing/streaming device 102 may capture a game feed (e.g., digital content of a game being played by a gamer), and a second content capturing/streaming device **102** may be a video camera capturing video of the gamer playing the game. For example, content capturing/streaming device **102** may provide a Twitch® video stream, such as a Twitch stream of a video game during play, as media stream 106. In another example, content capturing/streaming devices 102 may capture a YouTube® channel. In another example, content capturing/streaming devices **102** may record motion captured from one or more motion sensors attached to an actor or performer. As used herein, a 3D model defines points and surfaces in three dimensions, and with relation to other points and surfaces in the 3D model. Thus, the 3D model may be considered to have an inside-out perspective, where items are related within. Volumetric content, on the other hand, may be considered to have an outside-in perspective, since the features of the volumetric content are defined by external references. For example, a 3D model received from an iPhone using SLAM, defines where it is, where it is going, and what it is doing, but only in the context of itself. Such a 3D model requires a volumetric model to relate the relative motion of the 3D model components to the external world (e.g., the universe of things). A volumetric model defines an object from the outside looking at the object and defining where the object is headed, however the volumetric model does not define the future location of the object. A 3D model may be created from a volumetric model; however, a 3D model cannot be created from a volumetric model. When used together, the volumetric model and the 3D model may provide a high degree of accuracy in the realm of spatial computing, such as for AR/VR and MR experiences. Thus, while FIG. 1 shows an example in which a 3D model (e.g., 3D model 124) is generated and rendered for a virtual environment (e.g., virtual environment 125), it will be understood that features and functionality discussed in connection with the 3D model **124** may similarly apply, in many instances, to a volumetric model and/or a combination of a 3D model and volumetric model. (24) FIG. **1** shows example flow of data during generation of live content **140**. Content capturing/streaming devices **102** capture and send media streams **106** to server **120**. In certain embodiments, content capturing/streaming device 102 may represent another server or service, such as a Twitch, whereby processing application **126** retrieves media stream **106** via the Internet (e.g., a website) from that server or service. Processing application **126** may convert media stream **106** (e.g., using a player such as VLC) into use the NDI protocol or RTMP. Processing application **126** may then use each media stream **106** as a source for different content channels (see virtual channels **214** of FIG. **2**) within virtual environment **125** of 3D model **124**. In one example, where at least one media stream **106** includes volumetric data of event **104**, processing application **126** may generate 3D model 124 based on the received volumetric data. In another example, processing application 126 may select 3D model 124 from a plurality of previously defined 3D models of volumetric spaces (described in detail below). Processing application **126** generates live broadcast **122** from 3D model **124** and live broadcast **122** may include video and audio of virtual environment **125**. The broadcast may also be recorded media. Accordingly, content may be displayed in sync, or non-synchronous, to a live event. (25) Client device **130** may send dynamic characteristics **128** (e.g., feedback on viewing,

preferences, and interactive habits of user **134**) to server **120**, via a communication path of live broadcast **122** (which may be two-way digital communication) or via other communication paths (not shown). In certain embodiments, processing application **126** may determine dynamic characteristics **128** based on content selection feedback, content switching, and other inputs received from client device **130**. Processing application **126** may include a customization algorithm **127** that customizes content of live broadcast **122** based upon the dynamic characteristics **128** such that each live broadcast **122** is individually customized for the corresponding client device **130**. (26) Customization algorithm **127** may implement a weighted calculator that automatically selects

media streams 106 for inclusion within 3D model 124 based upon dynamic characteristics 128. For example, where user 134 is affiliated with a particular sports team, customization algorithm, 127 may select media streams **106** that correspond to one or more of the sports team, individual players of the sports team, and statistical information of the sports team or players, such that live broadcast **122(1)** output to client device **130(1)** of user **134**. The weighted calculator selects content desired by user 734 and thereby further encourage user 734 to create transactions based on the desired content. Advantageously, user 134 receives customized content based upon learned habits and preferences of user **134**.

- (27) A production controller **114** (e.g., a person controlling the production, a production manager, a producer) may use production controller device **110** to define broadcast parameters **112** that control operation of processing application **126** to generate a 3D model **124** of a virtual environment **125** that is output as live broadcast **122**. In certain embodiments, processing application **126** renders 3D model **124** to create an example of virtual environment **125** (e.g., see example in FIG. **2**) for output as live broadcast 122. Virtual environment may include virtual screens (e.g., display screens 204, FIG. 2, and volumetric spaces that may include LED panel displays and so on, as shown in the example of FIG. 16), and processing application 126 adds media stream 106 to 3D model 124 such that virtual environment **125** is rendered to include the media stream **106** appears on the virtual screen within live broadcast **122**. In certain embodiments, processing application **126** implements Unreal® engine or other graphics system to render 3D model **124** to generate displays and graphical visuals of virtual environment **125**. Although the following examples show virtual environment **125** as a virtual newsroom, 3D model **124** may define any virtual space where it is advantageous to display multiple video feeds from multiple sources, such as one or more of a virtual newsroom, a virtual classroom, a virtual conference room, a virtual sports studio, a virtual stage, a sports court, a poker table, a studio LED wall or enclose, a virtual dungeon, and other types of environment. 3D model 124 may define a base environment (e.g., largely inanimate objects, including floors, walls, ceilings, furniture, stage, etc.) of the virtual newsroom and/or virtual arena. Broadcast parameters 112 may define how each media stream 106 is used with 3D model 124 to generate live broadcast 122. For example, broadcast parameters 112 may instruct processing application 126 to position media stream 106 in a virtual embedded video screen of 3D model 124 such that live broadcast **122** shows media stream **106** as if being played by the virtual embedded display screen of the virtual newsroom and/or virtual arena in live broadcast 122. Broadcast parameters **112** may also define that media stream **106** includes motion data for controlling an avatar within 3D model 124, such that live broadcast 122 shows the avatar within the virtual newsroom and/or virtual arena (see FIG. 2, described below). Broadcast parameters **112** may also define a virtual camera position (origin) relative to 3D model 124 and/or virtual zoom for the virtual camera such that live broadcast **122** includes 3D model **124** from a desired perspective. Broadcast parameters 112 may also define lighting of 3D model 124, and so on.
- (28) Virtual Graphical User Interface (GUI)
- (29) FIG. 2 shows one example 2D first perspective view 200 of virtual environment 125, as seen in live broadcast 122. 3D model 124 defines virtual environment 125 that may include one or more virtual screens and other virtual objects. In the example of FIG. 2, virtual environment 125 include a first display screen **204**(1), a second display screen **204**(2), a third display screen **204**(3), and a virtual desk **210**. Particularly, first display screen **204(1)**, second display screen **204(2)**, and third display screen **204**(**3**) define surfaces that form a first virtual channel **214**(**1**), a second virtual channel 214(2), and a third virtual channel 214(3), respectively, for display of images and/or video from one or more of media streams 106. For example, first display screen 204(1), second display screen **204**(2), and third display screen **204**(3) may appear, within live broadcast **122**, like displays and monitors of a real television studio, where each one shows as corresponding image and/or video. 3D model **124** may define other components within virtual environment **125**, such as virtual desk **210** and/or other virtual structure to make virtual environment **125** appear more realistic to

user 134. In certain embodiments, 3D model 124 also defines a virtual banner 212 that may be positioned within virtual environment **125**. In an alternative embodiment, virtual banner **212** may be added to live broadcast 122 after rendering of virtual environment 125 from 3D model 124. Although three display screens **204** and three corresponding virtual channels **214** are show, system **100** may use more or fewer screens and channels without departing from the scope hereof. System **100** may also use 3D models as textures to have displays render on top, within, and/or in part. (30) 3D model **124** may also include an avatar **220** that may be controlled from movements captured from an actor 108 (FIG. 1) and included within media streams 106. Actor 108 may represent one or more of a newscaster/guest that is hosting a sports show, a performer of a show, an interviewer, and so on. In certain embodiments, movements of actor **108** are captured by one or more sensors 109 (e.g., accelerometers, gyroscopes, visual tracker, etc.) as at least part of media stream **106** and sent to server **120**. Broadcast parameters **112** may then define media stream **106** as a control for avatar 220, such that avatar 220 is animated from media stream 106 in real-time, and live broadcast 122 shows avatar 220 following movements of actor 108 substantially in real-time. 3D model 124 may include multiple avatars 220, each controlled from different media streams 106 captured from different actors **108**. The multiple avatars **220** may appear to interact directly with one another within live broadcast **122** when the multiple actors **108** may be remotely located from each other. In another example, avatar **220** may be replaced by, and/or generated from, a video feed of an individual positioned in front of a greenscreen, wherein the video feed allows the image of the individual to be included within the 3D model **124** and/or the live broadcast **122**. Accordingly, the individual appears within virtual environment 125 when viewed by user 134 on client device **130**. In another example where one or more of first virtual channel **214(1)**, second virtual channel **214**(2), and third virtual channel **214**(3) are live, people in each channel may communicate in real time. For example, where avatar 220 represent a newscaster and third virtual channel 214(3) includes a commentator, the newscaster may ask the commentator questions, and the commentator may answer in real time. In this manner, virtual environment 125 may replace a physical newsroom, and the newscaster and the commentator may be at different locations. (31) Broadcast parameters **112** may also assign one media stream **106** to each of first virtual channel **214**(1), second virtual channel **214**(2), and third virtual channel **214**(3). For example, where three different video feeds are provided to server **120** as media streams **106**, production controller **114** may set broadcast parameters **112** to assign the different media streams **106** to each of first virtual channel **214(1)**, second virtual channel **214(2)**, and third virtual channel **214(3)**. For example, each channel may correspond to one of a plurality of nodes (similar to nodes **1038/1062**) of FIG. **10**) that is filled when customization algorithm **127** assigns one of media streams **106** to each node based on dynamic characteristics 128 of user 134, thereby causing the media stream content to display on the corresponding virtual screen in live content **140**. The use of nodes makes the virtual content addressable, such that it may be targeted to specific user characteristics. Accordingly, within 3D model **124**, processing application **126** renders the video feeds on the corresponding surfaces defined by the first virtual channel **214(1)**, second virtual channel **214(2)**, and third virtual channel **214**(**3**). In one example of operation, first virtual channel **214**(**1**) may be a video stream from the Internet, such as a Twitch stream of a Dota 2 championship game. Continuing with the example of FIG. **2**, the Twitch stream of the Dota 2 championship game is output as first virtual channel **214**(1), and avatar **220** represents an individual or announcer reporting on the championship game. Further, second virtual channel **214**(2) may display, based upon preferences defined within dynamic characteristics **128** of user **134**, a video of a competitor's live feed or a player's face, and third virtual channel 214(3) may display live commentary from another commentator. Advantageously, the virtual environment 125 presents a live newsroom, with a host (avatar 220) and content related to the championship game, and that is customized based upon preferences and habits of user **134** defined within dynamic characteristics **128**. (32) In certain embodiments, processing application **126** renders at least one 2D image from the 3D

model to form live broadcast 122 that may be distributed to client device 130 for display as live content 140 to user 134. In other embodiments, rendering occurs at client device 130. However, the use of broadcast parameters 112 allows production controller 114 to control, through production controller device 110, live broadcast 122 and live content 140. More particularly, broadcast parameters 112 may further define one or more of a visual layout of 3D model 124 that defines virtual environment 125, and a virtual camera origin that defines the view to be displayed of virtual environment 125. Client device 130 may include a content player 132 for receiving and displaying live broadcast 122 on client device 130. For example, content player 132 may play, in real time, video and audio received within live broadcast 122.

- (33) Although advantageous for displaying live content from multiple sources, system 100 also allows production controller 114 to configure broadcast parameters 112 for display of non-live content. One or more of first virtual channel 214(1), second virtual channel 214(2), and third virtual channel 214(3) may be controlled to show pre-recorded content. For example, first virtual channel 214(1) may represent a video feed with highlights of a championship game, and second virtual channel 214(2) and/or third virtual channel 214(3) may show analysis of that highlight, views from different perspectives of the same highlights, other commentators, and so on. In certain embodiments, virtual environment 125 may include virtual banner 212, which may be displayed in any format or location and that includes any one or more of news information, advertisements, summaries, updates, or other pertinent information. As shown in FIG. 2, virtual banner 212 may be statically positioned as an overlay onto live broadcast 122. Alternatively, virtual banner 212 may be integrated within virtual environment 125 in a subtle way, such as appearing as a poster in the background of the simulated studio, or as any one or more other decorative features within virtual environment 125.
- (34) In some embodiments, virtual environment 125 may be changed based on the content being displayed and reported on. For example, the virtual environment may have a first design when used to report on an online game (e.g., a Fortnite competition), and a second design when broadcasting a basketball game. Advantageously, since virtual environment **125** is not real, the amount of capital and physical space required to host one or more broadcasts is reduced, and is very flexible. (35) FIG. 3 shows one example screenshot 300 from live content 140 of FIG. 1, where actions of user **134** select a different viewing perspective of virtual environment **125** as compared to the first perspective view of FIG. 2. For example, when user 134 moves his or her gaze to view third virtual channel **214**(3), or otherwise interactively selects third virtual channel **214**(3), the virtual camera position (origin and/or orientation) relative to 3D model **124** and/or virtual zoom changes such that the virtual camera (used to render 3D model **124**) makes third display screen **204**(**3**) orthogonal to the viewing direction. As shown in FIG. 3, the magnification of third virtual channel 214(3) is uniform such that images from third virtual channel 214(3) fill third display screen 204(3) and appear flat to user **134**. On the other hand, the magnification of first virtual channel **214**(1) becomes non-uniform such that images of first virtual channel 214(1) are within first display screen **204(1)** that appears to be turned away from user **134**. Specifically, this makes first display screen **204(1)** appears to user **134** to be displayed at a tilt. When first virtual channel **214(1)** is live streaming, the magnification changes occur in real-time, and the illusion of virtual environment **125** appearing to be a real studio is maintained. Other characteristics (e.g., resolution, brightness, contrast, etc.) of live content **140** may also change to render 3D model **124** to realistically show virtual environment **125** as appearing to be real.
- (36) Real-Time Control
- (37) Control of a conventional live broadcasts is complex, requiring a production team of many people to monitor and adjust numerous parameters. One aspect of the present embodiments includes the realization that production control of a live broadcast should be simplified and managed by minimal personnel. Advantageously, system **100** allows one person (e.g., production controller **114**) to control, using a simple graphical user interface (GUI) of production controller

device **110**, all aspects of live broadcast **122**.

- (38) FIG. 4 shows one example production GUI 400 that allows production controller 114 to define broadcast parameters 112 to control virtual environment 125 and live broadcast 122 for use, by client device **130** for example, to generate one or more of a 2D, a 3D, a virtual reality (VR), augmented reality (AR), and any other metaverse, based upon volumetric content of both live and recorded media streams. GUI **400** includes a first camera tab **402**(1), a second camera tab **402**(2), and a third camera tab **402**(3), that each show a camera icon with an embedded identifying number. GUI **400** also includes a banner tab **404** that enables production controller **114** to load in sponsor messages or advertising for display within virtual banner 212. Each camera tab 402(1)-402(3) represents a customizable set of configurations that define broadcast parameters **112** to control virtual environment **125** and live broadcast **122**. The example of FIG. **4** shows settings for first camera tab **402**(1) that may control properties of virtual environment **125** (e.g., the virtual newsroom) of FIG. 2. Production controller **114** may set/change properties defined by second camera tab **402**(2) to define an alternative configuration of virtual environment **125** (e.g., an alternative newsroom setup). Production controller **114** may activate a "Go Live!" button **406** (shown in the top right corner of GUI **400**) to cause the displayed settings (e.g., of camera tab **402**(1) in this example) to be used to control virtual environment **125** and live broadcast **122**. (39) Each camera tab **402** also includes five selectors **410**, including: a simulated camera movement selector **410(1)**, a Manually Control Ad Banners selector **410(2)**, a Sequential or Random Ad change selector **410**(**3**), a Broadcast LiveCGI NDI Stream Out selector **410**(**4**), and a Virtual Greenscreen Host selector **410**(**5**). Virtual Greenscreen Host selector **410**(**5**) allows production controller 114 to configure a "green screen" element where something is chromakeyed in to a scene using a color separation system.
- (40) On each camera tab **402**, GUI **400** also includes five source selectors **420**(1)-**420**(5), each illustratively shown selecting an NDI source but could also select an RTMP source selector or an alternative live display source, that allows production controller **114** to select media streams **106**, using a respective pull-down controls **422(1)-422(5)**, between available NDI sources, RTMP sources, and other live display sources for each of five possible video channels (e.g., first virtual channel 214(1), second virtual channel 214(2), third virtual channel 214(3), and so on). As noted above and discussed in greater detail below, media streams 106 may use, or may be converted to use, one of the NDI protocol, the RTMP, or other live display sources, to allow fast transmission via a single platform. Each camera tab **402(1)-402(3)** includes five NDI source selectors **420(1)-420(5)**, each corresponding to a virtual channel **214** and allowing production controller **114** to select any media stream **106**. Advantageously, source selectors **420**(1)-**420**(5) allows any media stream **106** to be fed to any virtual channel **214** in virtual environment **125**, thereby providing production controller **114** with the freedom to customize the arrangement and display of the newsroom. For example, production controller **114** may modify any virtual channel at any time by selecting a different media stream 106 within the corresponding source selector 420. In another example, production controller 114 may switch or swap different media streams 106 between two different virtual channels **214**, thereby swapping the locations of the playing video streams within virtual environment **125** (and thus in live content **140**).
- (41) Although not shown in FIG. **4**, GUI **400** may provide additional controls for other aspects of virtual environment **125**. For example, GUI **400** may include additional controls (e.g., on additional tabs) for greenscreen background, virtual environment, avatar formation, banner content, banner location, virtual camera location, virtual camera angle, virtual camera zoom, virtual camera movement, virtual camera tracking, other controls, and combinations thereof. GUI **400** may also include controls for merging video output on multiple screens to create a complete virtual environment as well as a full volumetric space.
- (42) As described above, conventional virtual newsroom applications map sources to channels manually, where each channel uses a separate application or window to connect to the source. Such

manual control is time consuming and labor intensive. In contrast, GUI **400** advantageously allows production controller **114** to quickly define channel and source mapping from a single camera tab **402**. This increases the versatility and utility of system **100**.

- (43) Versatility of system **100** and GUI **400** allows production controller **114** to be located anywhere; production controller **114** is not required to be at a specific location (e.g., in a "studio" or "control-room" environment). In one example, production controller **114** may be located at a studio where the newscaster or performer (e.g., actor **108**) is being recorded for a livestream, where both may even be in the same room. Alternatively, production controller **114** may be in different locations, such as different offices, different cities, different states, or even different countries. In certain embodiments, production controller **114** may be the newscaster (e.g., actor **108**) where they produce their own show. Because system **100**, through use of GUI **400**, is easy to use, the newscaster (e.g., actor **108**) may also act as production controller **114** and make changes while producing content, easily make changes while broadcasting content live.
- (44) Virtual Content Generation
- (45) FIG. **5** is a functional block diagram **500** illustrating one example high level conceptual workflow view of system **100** of FIG. **1**. Event coverage may start when a production team **502** is informed of the event and a production controller **114** is selected. A media content manager **504** represents software and/or functionality that may be implemented, at least in part, within server **120** of FIG. **1** to allow production controller **114** (and/or production team **502**) to select and control use of many different media sources. In certain embodiments, media content manager **504** is implemented, at least in part, within production controller device **110**. However, at least part of the functionality of media content manager **504** is implemented within content player **132** of client device **130**, in certain embodiments. For example, within content player **132**, where one media stream **106** is assigned to a node for output in live broadcast **122**, the selection of media stream **106** may be modified by client device **130**. Particularly, client device **130** is aware of media stream to node assignments and may change them.
- (46) In the example of FIG. **5**, web service **510** may represent a cloud based service, such as Amazon Web Service (AWS) and/or Google Cloud, that is used to transport media streams **106**. Web services **510** may be used in three different places by system **100**. Web service **510** may also be used to carry data within system **100** (e.g., within media content manager **504**); web service **510** may also be used to distribute live broadcast **122** to each client device **130** (e.g., carrying live broadcast **122** from server **120** to content player **132**); and although not explicitly shown, web service **510** may also be used to transport media streams **106** from content capturing/streaming device **102** to server **120**.
- (47) In certain embodiments, control panel **507** is an interface hosted by web service **510** that is used to control and provide input to system **100** (e.g., a composite run by Talent **522(1)**). For example, production controller 114 accesses control panel 507, as a cloud based web service for example, to define a grid outlining how a production (e.g., a show) is to proceed. Media content manager 504 may mange a plurality of media streams 106 (shown as twitch/YouTube media streams **106(1)-106(16)**) that may be selected to generate live broadcast **122** for output to one or more client devices **130**. System **100** may also implement or use other types of media stream **106**, such as an instant messaging (IM) and VoIP digital distribution platform **508**, a social media feed **506** (e.g., an aggregation of media feeds that includes comments and social messages from services such as Tagboard®, and that are converted into video and/or other suitable formats for including as content), local cameras, AR and/or VR video sources (e.g., devices 520), locally stored media files, and so on. For example, IM and VoIP digital distribution platform 508 may receive and convert other media, such as a full screen video of Zoom call, a screen capture of text exchanged over Discord, and a volumetric transmission, into a media stream for input to system **100**. System **100** may use input from other devices **520** and **524**. In this example, device **520**(1) is used to provide input from talent 522(1), device 520(2) is used to provide input from talent 522(2), device 524(1) is

- used to provide input from guest 526(1), and device 524(2) is used to provide input from guest 526(2).
- (48) System **100** may also include and/or use at least one streaming module **512** (e.g., Streamlink® opensource software) to stream video to a video player **514** (e.g., VLC, an opensource video player software by VideoLAN organization). Streaming module **512** streams one or more media streams **106**, from various sources via web service **510**, into at least one video player **514** (e.g., VLC), avoiding resource-heavy and unoptimized websites that may result in higher than expected latency. Video players **514** convert, if needed, media streams **106** received via streaming module **512** to use a common, universal video format, such as one of the NDI protocol or the RTMP, or any other convenient protocol that is output as one or more media streams **516(1)-(5)**.
- (49) Processing application **126** may implement 3D model **124** (see FIG. **1**) to generate virtual environment **125** with many of the typical newsroom elements, including desks, artwork, props, plants, screens, monitors, and so forth. Processing application **126** applies selected media streams **106** to virtual channels **214** within the virtual newsroom. For example, processing application **126** may assign three different media streams **106** to three different virtual channels **214** of FIG. **2**. When processing application **126** invokes renderer **518** to generate live broadcast **122** from 3D model **124**, media streams **106** appear in corresponding display screens **204** in live broadcast **122**. For example, renderer **518** generates a sequence of images of 3D model **124** from a perspective of a virtual camera positioned and oriented relative to 3D model **124**. Renderer **518** may also include one or more graphics **528**.
- (50) To facilitate selection of media streams **106** by production controller **114**, processing application **126** may allow a handle **424** (e.g., a name or descriptive text, see FIG. **2**) to be assigned to each media stream **106** received by server **120**. Particularly, handle **424** is meaningful to production controller **114** and may indicate one or more of a source type, a media type, a capture device, and so on. Handles **424** may also be persistent, stored within server **120** for example, such that they may be reused to select the same media stream **106**, or to select the same previously captured media content (e.g., previously recorded videos or images). Subsequent selection (e.g., using one pull-down control **422** of GUI **400** of FIG. **4**) of handle **424** may retrieve new content from a live video feed of a corresponding media stream **106**, or may select the same prerecorded media for replay or display.
- (51) However, system **100** does not prevent prerecorded media from being updated between playing if needed. For example, where a college professor uses system **100** to stream lectures to online students, the professor may wish to update certain media (e.g., lecture slides) from year to year. Accordingly, the professor may update certain slides of the media file, such that the next time that media file is accessed by system **100**, using the same handle **424**, the updated content is present in virtual environment **125** of subsequent lectures. In this manner, system **100** may be used, not only as a mechanism for live media streaming with multiple live sources, but also for live streaming using pre-recorded and/or pre-prepared media content.
- (52) Live broadcast **122** may be of any type of output, such as H.264 video which may be viewed using a conventional video player. Alternatively, live broadcast **122** may be data that is similar to data output by a streaming video game, whereby a compiler (e.g., a game graphical engine) on client device **130** compiles the data into graphics that are displayed to user **134**.
- (53) As discussed above, processing application **126** may implement a gaming engine, similar to the Unreal engine, to generate live broadcast **122** from 3D model **124**. In certain other embodiments, the gaming engine is implemented in content player **132** of client device **130**, whereby content player **132** controls movement and rendering of avatar **220** within at least part of 3D model **124** when received from server **120**. Processing application **126** enhances conventional game engine functionality by including live motion capture, live video capture, live avatar generation, and live rendering of a 3D model to generate a virtual environment, realistically resembling a newsroom or sports studio for example.

- (54) FIG. **6** is a flowchart illustrating one example method **600** for displaying virtual environment **125** on client device **130**. Method **600** may be implemented, at least in part, in processing application **126** of server **120**, FIG. **1**, and, at least in part, in content player **132** of client device **130**.
- (55) In block **602**, method **600** receives a virtual environment definition with at least one display screen and at least one corresponding virtual channel. In one example of block **602**, processing application **126** of server **120** receives broadcast parameters **112** from production controller device **110**, where broadcast parameters **112** define, for 3D model **124**, model elements (e.g., see model elements **810** of FIG. **8**) for one or more structural components (e.g., static components **824**, such as virtual desk **210**, walls, ceiling, floor, lights, etc.), display screens **204**, virtual channels **214**, avatar **220**, virtual banner **212**, and so on, to represent virtual environment **125**. In block **604**, method **600** receives at least one media stream to provide live content. In one example of block **604**, processing application **126** receives at least one media stream **106** with media content from content capturing/streaming device **102**. In block **606**, method **600** assigns the media stream to the virtual channel. In one example of block **606**, based on broadcast parameters **112** received from production controller **114**, processing application **126** assigns media stream **106** to first virtual channel **214(1)** of virtual environment **125**.
- (56) Block **608** is implemented when virtual environment **125** include avatar **220**. In block **608**, method **600** determines a movement source for avatar control. In one example of block **608**, processing application **126** received broadcast parameters **112** from production controller device **110** based on production controller **114** interacting with GUI **400** to define at least one media stream **106** (e.g., configured as an iPhone running a movement capture application such as Rokoko) to provide motion control of avatar **220**. In block **610**, method **600** determines banner text. In one example of block **610**, processing application **126** determines a text feed to provide information for display on virtual banner **212**.
- (57) In block **612**, method **600** generates a 3D model with display screens based on the virtual environment definitions. In one example of block **612**, processing application **126** generates 3D model **124** with display screens **204**, virtual desk **210**, avatar **220**, and virtual banner **212** to form virtual environment **125** as shown in FIG. **2**. In block **614**, method **600** receives dynamic characteristics of the user. In one example of block **614**, processing application **126** receives dynamic characteristics **128** of user **134** at least in part from client device **130**. In block **616**, method **600** determines a virtual camera for rendering a view of the 3D model. In one example of block **616**, production controller **114** uses production controller device **110** to define, using GUI **400**, a virtual camera position (origin and orientation) relative to 3D model **124** and/or a virtual zoom, and production controller device sends the virtual camera position to processing application **126** as broadcast parameters **112**. In another example of block **616**, processing application **126** updates the virtual camera position and/or the virtual zoom based on dynamic characteristics **128** of user **134**, thereby allowing user **134** to control the virtual camera position.
- (58) In block **618**, method **600** generates a live broadcast by rendering the 3D model based on the virtual camera. In one example of block **618**, processing application **126** renders a sequence of images of 3D model **124** based upon the defined virtual camera position and virtual zoom. In block **620**, method **600** transmits a live broadcast to a client device. In one example of block **620**, processing application **126** sends live broadcast **122** including the rendered images of 3D model **124** to client device **130**, wherein content player **132** of client device **130** generates and outputs live content **140** as a view of virtual environment **125**.
- (59) Lower Latency
- (60) FIG. 7 shows one example system **700** for generating live content of a virtual environment with low latency for display on client devices **730**. System **700** is similar to system **100** of FIG. **1**; a content capturing/streaming device **702** is similar to content capturing/streaming device **102**, a live event **704** may be similar to live event **104**, media streams **706** are similar to media streams **106**, an

actor **708** is similar to actor **108**, sensors **709** are similar to sensors **109**, a production controller device **710** is similar to production controller device **110**, broadcast parameters **712** are similar to broadcast parameters **112**, a production controller **714** is similar to production controller **114**, a server **720** is similar to server **120**, 3D model **724** is similar to 3D model **124**, virtual environment **725** is similar to virtual environment **125** and includes similar elements, components and features, client devices **730** are similar to client devices **130**, and live content **740** is similar to live content **140**. 3D model **724** may also be referred to as a server 3D model. In certain embodiments, server **720** is implemented as a cloud-based service

**720** is implemented as a cloud-based service. (61) A producer application **726** of server **720** may include functionality that is similar to processing application **126**, and may generate 3D model **724** as a base environment that includes static structural elements, such as walls, ceilings, floors, furniture, virtual screens, lights, and so on, based on broadcast parameters **712** defined by production controller **714** using production controller device **710**. For example, production controller **714** may interactively define 3D model **724** using a volumetric diagram consisting of data, colors, patterns, and predictive measures. (62) A significant difference between system **100**, of FIG. **1**, and system **700**, of FIG. **7**, is that a content player **732** within client device **730** maintains a 3D model **736** and implements a renderer **914** that generates live content **740** from 3D model **736**. Producer application **726** sends, in realtime, only changes to 3D model **724** (e.g., in live broadcast **722**) to client device **730**, and content player **732** updates 3D model **736** based on these changes. Accordingly, 3D model **736** is generated from 3D model 724. Advantageously, by sending only changes to 3D model 724, bandwidth required for live broadcast 722 is significantly reduced as compared to bandwidth required to send a continuous video stream to client device 730, and latency between capturing of live event 704 and displaying of live event **704** in live content **740** by client devices **730** is further reduced. (63) Production controller **714** (e.g., the producer of the virtual newsroom) may designate an initial number of nodes (initially empty) for virtual environment **725**, where each empty node represents an opportunity for dynamically adding content (e.g., from media streams 706) to virtual environment **725**. In other words, the empty nodes represent placeholders in 3D model **724** where content may be added. Unlike processing application **126** of system **100**, producer application **726** does not add content from media streams 706 to 3D model 724 and does not render 3D model 724. Rather, producer application **726** sends the empty nodes to content player **732** of client device **730**, and content player 732 fills the empty nodes with content from media streams 706 to form full nodes, adds the content from media streams **706** to 3D model **736** based on the full nodes, and then renders 3D model **736** to generate live content **740**. Advantageously, system **700** builds and maintains 3D model **724** in sever **720** without the complexity of adding content from media streams **706** to 3D model **724**, and allows content player **732** to select content from media streams **706** specifically for user **734** and add the selected content to 3D model **736**. Accordingly, 3D model **736** may be customized for user **734**. Content player **732** then renders the 3D model **736** to generate live content **740** as a single coherent content stream, rather than as one or more media streams added as layers on top or below a main stream, as done in the prior art. This single coherent content stream (live content **740**) provides user **734** with a direct tie to the content story and user **734** experiences "deep links" that may be a customized version relative to the main story generated by server **720**. A deep link is, for example, a mechanism analogous to a hyperlink on a web page, that allows user **734** to access additional information related to the content. For example, where the content includes a particular product that user 734 wishes to purchase, the corresponding deep link allows user **734** to make that purchase. In another example, a deep link may allow user **734** to enter a bet related to content including an athlete and/or sports team. The deep links may lead to other links that allow user **734** to retrieve additional information relevant to the content, such as by allowing user **734** to view additional information. For example, a first deep link may provide information about Virginia Tech Football, which in turn includes other deep links to information about the Quarterback position of that team. Generating customized live content **740** 

based on the empty nodes is described below with reference to FIG. **10**. Particularly, the use of nodes makes the virtual content addressable, such that it may be targeted to specific user characteristics.

- (64) Producer application **726** generates live broadcast **722** as a composite data stream with metadata **738** that defines at least part of 3D model **724** such that content player **732** may generate and/or update 3D model 736 to resemble and follow 3D model 724. In one example, based on broadcast parameters **712**, producer application **726** generates 3D model **724** to define the basic structure of virtual environment 725, and a definition of this basic structure is included within metadata **738**. Where parts of virtual environment **725** are dynamic, producer application **726** may update 3D model **724** to reflect any structural changes to virtual environment **725**. Producer application **726** generates metadata **738** with sufficient information to allow content player **732** to generate live content **740**. Content player **732** is implemented as software with machine readable instructions that, when executed by a processor of client device 730, receives metadata 738 in live broadcast **722** from server **720** and generates a 3D model **736** defining the base environment and then updates 3D model **736** in real-time as metadata **738** is received. Content player **732** then renders 3D model **736** to generate live content **740** for output from client device **730**. (65) As shown in FIG. 7, live broadcast **722(1)** is output to client device **730(1)**, which may represent a mobile device, live broadcast **722(2)** is output to client device **730(2)**, which may represent a television, live broadcast **722**(3) is output to client device **730**(3), which may represent a gaming console, personal computer, live broadcast **722(4)** is output to client device **730(4)**, which may represent a virtual reality player, and live broadcast **722**(**5**) is output to client device **730**(**5**), which may represent an augmented reality player. Content player 732 renders 3D model 736 to generate live content **740** in a format suitable for the type of device on which it is running. For example, content player 732 generates live content 740 in a VR format when running on virtual reality device **730(4)** and generates live content **740** in a AR format when running on augmented reality device **730**(5). Accordingly, content player **732** generates live content **740** to provide a more in-depth experience for each client device **730**. In certain embodiments, content player **732** uses sensor data captured by sensors of client device 730 to control rendering of 3D model 736 and generation of live content **740**. For example, augmented reality device **730**(5) may capture live video from a camera of augmented reality device **730**(5) and content player **732** may use the video to generate live content **740** as an augmented reality image. Thus, in some embodiments, live content **740** may be considered a live data experience.
- (66) Metadata **738** may include any type of data that enable client device **730** to generate live content 740, and metadata 738 may include links (e.g., URLs) to media streams 706 (e.g., one or more of motion capture sensor data captured by sensors **709** on actor **708** for use with an avatar in virtual environment 725, video sources, media sources, etc.), data defining a virtual camera 737, authorization and authentication information thereof, advertiser information, theme and/or environment selection for virtual environment 725, and so on. Content player 732 uses metadata 738, received in live broadcast 722, to connect with one or more media streams 706, to update 3D model **736** at client device **730**. The use of metadata **738** and content player **732** within client device **730** significantly reduces the bandwidth used by live broadcast **722**, as compared to bandwidth of high definition video for example, and reduces the workload on server **720**. Thus, reduced workload, lower bandwidth requirement, and rendering by content player 732 on client device 730, further reduces latency between capture of live event 704 to output of live content 740 on a display **906** of client device **730**. Particularly, the base environment of largely inanimate objects is not included repeatedly within metadata **738**, whereas animated portions of 3D model **724** (e.g., avatars and changeable video definitions) are included in metadata **738**. This further reduces the amount of data send from server **720** to client device **730**, thereby supporting reduced latency.
- (67) As an example, for a broadcast event, content player 732 may receive static elements of 3D

model **724**, updating avatar **220** and virtual camera **737** as needed, and then render live content therefrom. This may further improve video quality by freeing up transmission bandwidth for objects that are not static.

- (68) Content player 732 updates 3D model 736 based upon metadata 738 and renders a view of 3D model 736 to generate live content 740. In certain embodiments, metadata 738 includes audio data captured by one or more audio sensors (e.g., one of sensors 709 on actor 708). In certain embodiments, content player 732 is based on the Unreal engine, or other similar graphical software, and generates and/or updates 3D model 736 according to metadata 738 received in live broadcast 722, and then generates live content 140 for output on display 906 client device 730 by rendering images of 3D model 736. In one example of operation, based on metadata 738, content player 732 connects with one or more content capturing/streaming devices 702 to directly receive one or more media streams 706, and/or may retrieve other media (e.g., images, stored video, etc.) directly from other sources. Content player 732 further updates 3D model 736 with content received in media streams 706 to form virtual environment 725. Where 3D model 736 includes an avatar (e.g., avatar 220), content player 732 controls avatar motion within 3D model 736 based upon corresponding media streams 706 and/or metadata 738, and then renders live content 140 from 3D model 736.
- (69) The reduced latency described above allows system **700** to provide short period betting. Short period betting is largely unavailable for livestreamed events due to latency between the event capture and output of the live stream on client devices. System **700** may provide sub-second latency between capture of live event **704** and output of live content **740**, and therefore short period betting using system **700** is possible. Short period betting may include betting on the outcome of a portion of a sporting event, such as a football play, a soccer possession, a basketball possession, a golf hole, a golf swing, gaming operations, and so forth. Short period betting may also include betting on the outcome of other short period items, such as a hand in a poker tournament. (70) In the example of FIG. 7, at least one third-party **703** (e.g., a gambling bookkeeper) may interface with server **720** to provide input that may be used to control live content **740**, such as using the input data to control metadata 738 that is output in live broadcast 722. See, for example, gambling data **1048** of FIG. **10**, that may correspond to input data **705** from third-party **703** that includes wagering opportunities corresponding to live event **704**. Producer application **726** may add wagering opportunities received in input data **705** to metadata **738** as gambling data **1048**. Accordingly, the wagering opportunities are passed, in real-time, to client device **730** in metadata **738**. Gambling data **1048** may include links (e.g., URLs) to third party **703**. In another example, where third party **703** represents an advertising entity, producer application **726** may add advertising data received in input data **705** to metadata **738** as third-party data **1044**. Third-party data **1044** may contain links to third party **703** and/or to other sources of advertising content. For example, third-party data 1044 may include links to different soft drink content related to and corresponding classifications. In one example of operation, where live event **704** is an American football game, third-party **703** may provide input data **705** defining gambling opportunities related to the live action, such as a prop-bet on the outcome of a next play. Producer application 726 processes input data **705** and includes the wagering opportunity within metadata **738**, such that it may be output in live broadcast **722**. Within client device **730**, content player **732** processes metadata 738 based on dynamic characteristics 728, and if appropriate for user 734, updates 3D model **736** to include the wagering opportunity in live content **740**. Where user **734** responds (e.g., by tapping the screen) to accept the wagering opportunity, content player **732** immediately enables direct communication between client device **730** and third party **703** (e.g., using a corresponding account number, and/or other identification information of user **734** previously configured with third party **703**), shown as message **750**, directly to third party **703**, such that the corresponding wager is placed. When the play in the live event **704** is finished, third-party **703** may send results of the wager to user **734** using a similar process, whereby 3D model **736** and live content **740** are

updated by content player **732** to show the wagering outcome. Accordingly, transactions between user **734** and third party **703** occur external of server **720**, but are facilitated, in real-time, by server **720**.

- (71) In another example of use, system **700** may improve an education experience where live event **704** is a live lecture. Through low latency, system **700** allows students to ask questions in real time, without the delay common in conventional live lectures. For example, as compared to conventional online learning, where capture, processing and transmission of video data to each online student invariable incurs latency of processing and data transmission, since system **700** reduces the needed bandwidth of transmission (by only sending changes to the 3D model) while maintaining a real-time output of the live lecture, system **700** provides a more responsive environment, particularly where some students are attending the live lecture in person and other are viewing remotely using system **700**. In another example, low-latency livestreaming of system **700** improves sports commentary by allowing commentators to comment on sporting events remotely, and/or by allowing multiple commentators to comment on a live sporting event from different locations. Advantageously, live content **740** includes low-latency livestreaming of 2D, 3D, and/or volumetric content that improves the sports betting experience by allowing user **734** to view and respond to live events faster (e.g., in real-time) without customary delays in transmission of other prior art broadcast systems and without the need to switch to other devices or feeds to make bets.
- (72) Automatic Content Customization
- (73) In certain embodiments, system **700** customizes live content **740** for each user **734**. 3D model **724** represents virtual environment **725** with at least one display screen **204** that has a virtual channel (e.g., virtual channel **214**, FIG. **2**) that is associated with an empty node (see empty nodes **1038** of FIG. **10**). System **700** assigns content to fill the empty nodes based, at least in part, on interaction of user **734** with client device **730** and at least in part from input from one or more third parties. System **700** displays the full nodes within virtual environment **725** as live content **740**, allowing user **734** to interact with the experience using client device **730**. System **700** may update how empty nodes are filled, and thus change the experience provided by live content **740** over time. This customization of live content **740** for each user **734** increases user interaction with system **700**, by providing content that is more suitable and by providing interactive feature such as one or both of betting and advertising. The use of nodes makes virtual content addressable, such that it may target specific user characteristics.
- (74) System **700** may customize live content **740** for live event **704** and also for pre-recorded events. Unlike conventional video feed advertising, content player 732 does not present fixed advertisements or banners. However, one or more nodes (e.g., empty nodes **1038** of FIG. **10**) may be designated for a particular type of content, and content player 732 may select content to fill the node based on metadata 738 and dynamic characteristics 728 of user 734. Producer application 726 may create 3D model 724 (e.g., a volumetric model) to have an initial number of empty nodes (corresponding to display screens 204 within virtual environment 725) and may assign media streams **706** and/or other media sources, to these nodes. However, the number of nodes may increase or decrease based on the content consumed by user **734** and other factors captured in dynamic characteristics 728, such as any one or more of location, sports team affiliation, gambling habits, browsing habits, betting estimates, browsing estimates, and any other predictive analytical pattern process. Content assigned to each node may be live (e.g., an assigned media stream **706**) or pre-produced, such as an advertisement, graphics, charts and graphs, an audio file, a betting prompt, a volumetric view, a multi-dimensional model, a lesson plan, or any other media content. (75) Over time, client device **730** and server **720** collect dynamic characteristics **728** of user **734** that may include one or more of a live user pattern, live biometric data, live audio data, live gambling data, non-active data, and device specific data. (See FIG. **10** for further details.) Content player **732** may customize live content **740** for user **734** based upon collected dynamic characteristics **728**. For example, based upon patterns of user **734** in interacting with content player

- 732 to control live content 740 (e.g., selecting specific content, following a particular athlete, interacting with displayed content, gambling history, etc.) content player 732 automatically customizes live content 740 for user 734. Metadata 738 may also include customizations preferred by content providers, and content player 732 may combine these preferred customizations with dynamic characteristics 728 of user 734 to generate live content 740. Content player 732 may use weighted calculations to automatically assign media streams 706 to virtual channels 214 of virtual environment 725 based upon dynamic characteristics 728 and customizations preferred by content providers.
- (76) Content player **732** may customize live content **740** for user **734** based upon personal configuration settings. For example, content may be customized for accessibility by using custom fonts and sizes in graphic displays, and/or using audio to speak textual content. Accessibility customization is described in further detail with reference to FIG. **10**.
- (77) FIG. **8** is a block diagram showing server **720** of FIG. **7** in further example detail. Server **720** is a computer that includes at least one processor **802** communicatively coupled to memory **804** storing broadcast parameters **712**, producer application **726**, 3D model **724**. Memory **804** is also shown storing live broadcast **722**, generated by producer application **726** for output to one or more client devices **730**.
- (78) Producer application **726** includes machine readable instructions that, when executed by processor **802**, control server **720** to receive broadcast parameters **712** from production controller device **710**, generate and update 3D model **724**, and generate metadata **738** for output in live broadcast **722**. Metadata **738** is a defined data structure (see FIG. **10**) that facilitates generation of live content **740** by content player **732** of client device **730**. For example, metadata **738** allows content player **732** to update 3D model **736** within client device **730**, to control movement of avatar **220** within 3D model **736**, to connect with, and receive media streams **706** directly from, one or more content capturing/streaming devices **702**.
- (79) Broadcast parameters **712** may define one or more model elements **822** of 3D model **724** to define virtual environment **725**, which may include volumetric tracking data **850**. Volumetric tracking data **850** may define how one or more of components, avatar **220**, display screens **204**, etc., of virtual environment **725** may be animated. In one example, broadcast parameters **712** may define one or more static components **824** (e.g., walls, desks, etc.), one or more display screens **204**, and an avatar (e.g., avatar **220**) that define virtual environment **725** as a newsroom. Producer application **726** generates metadata **738** to allow content player **732** of client device **730** to build a local 3D model **736** and generate live content **740** to resemble virtual environment **725**.
- (80) Producer application **726** may include a content customization algorithm **814** that generates and customizes metadata **738** based upon dynamic characteristics **728** of user **734**. For example, content customization algorithm **814** may identify, within metadata **738**, one or more media streams **706** that have more suitable content, and/or identify one or more media steams **706** that have less suitable content, for user **734** based on collected dynamic characteristics **728** of user **734**. Accordingly, server **720** may customize live broadcast **722** for each user **734**.
- (81) FIG. 9 is a block diagram showing client device 730 of FIG. 7 in further example detail. Client device 730 includes at least one processor 902 communicatively coupled with memory 904. Memory 904 includes content player 732, implemented as machine readable instructions that, when executed by processor 902, control client device 730 to provide the functionality described herein. Content player 732 may include an interactive input engine 910 and a content fill engine 912, each representing software modules with one or more algorithms implemented by machine readable instructions executable by processor 902. More particularly, interactive input engine 910 and/or content fill engine 912 may include or use artificial intelligence with machine learning. For example, interactive input engine 910 and/or content fill engine 912 may include one or more AI algorithms that predict needs of user 734 and provide custom content to user 734 by assigning appropriate media streams 706 to empty nodes 1038, such that user 734 is presented with content

that is more relevant and more engaging that non-customized content.

is customized by dynamic characteristics 728 of user 734.

(82) Although shown as part of content player **732**, interactive input engine **910** and content fill engine **912** may be independent modules that cooperate within client device **730**. In certain embodiments, at least parts of interactive input engine **910** and content fill engine **912** Interactive input engine 910 captures dynamic characteristics 728 of user 734 interacting with, and not interacting with, client device 730. Dynamic characteristics 728 may include one or more of a live user pattern, live biometric data, live audio data, live gambling data, non-active data, and device specific data (each described in further details with reference to FIG. 10). Interactive input engine 910 makes dynamic characteristics 728 available to content fill engine 912, and may send dynamic characteristics **728** to server **720**. In one example of operation, content fill engine **912** may determine, based upon one or more of user patterns **1042**, third-party data **1044**, data-driven data **1046**, and creator data **1056** that certain content provided by one or more media streams **706** include soft drinks. Interactive input engine 910 detects movements, responses, and other inputs of user **734** as dynamic characteristics **728** that are input to content fill engine **912**. (83) Content player **732** generates and/or updates at least part of 3D model **736**, based on metadata 738 received in live broadcast 722, to include model elements 810 and avatar 220 as defined by producer application **726** of server **720**. Content fill engine **912** further updates 3D model **736** based, at least in part, upon dynamic characteristics 728. Content player 732 may then generate live content **740** by rendering a view of 3D model **736** based at least in part upon virtual camera **737** 

defined within metadata 738 and updated by content fill engine 912. Accordingly, live content 740

- (84) Metadata Details
- (85) FIG. **10** is a schematic diagram illustrating metadata **738** of FIG. **7** in further example detail and illustrating how metadata 738 in live broadcast 722 generates customized live content 740 that includes one or more of advertising, betting, and so on, that may drive behavior of user **734**. A left portion of FIG. **10** represents server **720** and a right portion of FIG. **10** represent client device **730**. Interactive input engine **910** of client device **730** captures dynamic characteristics **728** of user **734** as user **734** interacts with client device **730** while watching live content **740**. For example, interactive input engine 910 may capture dynamic characteristics 728 to include one or more of current location, sports team affiliations, gambling habits, browsing habits, betting estimates, browsing estimates, and/or any other data or patterns that may allow predictive analysis. In the example of FIG. 10, dynamic characteristics 728 include live user pattern 1002, live biometric data **1004**, live audio data **1006**, live gambling data **1008**, non-active data **1010**, and device specific data **1012**. Live user pattern **1002** may represent trends of user **734**. For example, based upon activity of user **734** captured by interactive input engine **910**, live user pattern **1002** may indicate that user **734** likes to bet on players in the NBA and has a proclivity towards betting on LeBron James. Accordingly, live content **740** may be subsequently customized by content fill engine **912**, to notify user **734** of a betting opportunity when LeBron James has his next game. Where user **734** provides consent for their data to be tracked by system **700**, user **734** may also be presented, via live content **740**, with their recent betting history, their results, and results of other fans, of other regions, and other such related information to help them wager. Live biometric data **1004** may represent, for user **734**, one or more of heart rate, respiratory rate, temperature, and so on. Live audio data **1006** may represent captured utterances of user **734**, such as gasps or sighs. Live gambling data **1008** may represent wagers made, betting amounts, wins and losses, and so on. Non-active data **1010** may represent the amount of time where user **734** is not actively interacting with client device **730**. Device specific data 1012 may represent interactive input specific to the device type of client device **730**. For example, where user **734** has permitted their personal location data to be used, one or more of third-party **703**, server **720**, and AI within interactive input engine **910**, may determine that user **734** enjoys eating hamburgers with a preference for a certain brand, and define device specific data 1012 to include hamburgers and the specific brand preference of user based on

location data captured by a mobile phone of user 734. Accordingly, content fill engine 912 may select content related to the particular brand and type of food when a food related advertisement is to be include in live content **740**. Advantageously, user **734** sees advertisements that are of interest, and therefore the advertiser is more successful. This is beneficial to user **734**, the content creator, and the advertiser. Collectively, live user pattern **1002**, live biometric data **1004**, live audio data 1006, live gambling data 1008, non-active data 1010, and device specific data 1012 may be analyzed to determine habits of user 734 that may be used to enhance content in live content 740 and thereby enhance the experience for user **734**. Interactive input engine **910** inputs at least part of dynamic characteristics **728** to content fill engine **912**. In certain embodiments, interactive input engine **910** also sends at least part of dynamic characteristics **728** to server **720**. (86) Producer application **726** of server **720** generates metadata **738** to include a plurality of empty nodes 1038 (illustratively shown as empty nodes 1038(1)-(N)). The number of empty nodes 1038 may increase or decrease based on content consumed by user 734 and may further depend on a variety of factors including one or more of location, zip code, team affiliation, gambling practice, browsing practice, betting estimate, browsing estimate, or any other predictive analytical pattern process. Each empty node 1038(1)-(N) is a placeholder corresponding to 3D model 724 where content may be added to virtual environment **725**. Each empty node **1038** may be assigned to one feature of 3D model **724**. In one example, empty node **1038**(1) may be assigned to first virtual channel 214(1) (FIG. 2) of virtual environment 725, empty node 1038(2) may be assigned to second virtual channel **214**(2), and empty node **1038**(3) may be assigned to third virtual channel 214(3). However, within metadata 738, content is not assigned to empty nodes 1038. (87) Content fill engine **912** includes one or more algorithms that process information from multiple inputs, including metadata 738 from server 720 and dynamic characteristics 728 from interactive input engine **910**. As shown in FIG. **10**, content fill engine **912** processes one or both of (a) metadata **738** including user patterns **1042**, third-party data **1044**, data-driven data **1046**, gambling data **1048**, inventory asset **1050**, and creator data **1056** (and other information as needed —indicated as open **1052** and **1054**) and (b) dynamic characteristics **728** including live user pattern 1002, live biometric data 1004, live audio data 1006, live gambling data 1008, non-active data 1010, and device specific data 1012, to generate assigned content 1060 that includes full nodes **1062**(1)-(N) that correspond to empty nodes **1038**(1)-(N) of metadata **738**, but that have content assigned by algorithms of content fill engine 912. Interactive input engine 910 and/or content fill engine 912 may use AI algorithms to convert empty nodes 1038 into full nodes 1062 by selecting one of media streams **706** for one or more empty nodes **1038** to determine full nodes **1062** with selected content based on dynamic characteristics 728. For example, interactive input engine 910 and content fill engine **912** cooperate to select which game to include in live content **740**, which player to focus on in live content **740**, which commercial to insert into live content **740**, which announcer audio to include in live content **740**, and so on. (88) Live user patterns 1002 represent decisions made by user 734 and captured by interactive input engine **910** and may also include results of predictive analytics that take into account habits and desires of user **734**. For example, live user patterns **1002** may represent decisions the user makes while interactive with client device **730**, and include selected options, how long user **734** watched live content **740**, when user **734** adjusts audio output levels, and when user **734** makes

input engine **910** and may also include results of predictive analytics that take into account habits and desires of user **734**. For example, live user patterns **1002** may represent decisions the user makes while interactive with client device **730**, and include selected options, how long user **734** watched live content **740**, when user **734** adjusts audio output levels, and when user **734** makes bets. Creator data **1056** may be received within metadata **738** from server **720** and/or within metadata of a corresponding media stream **706** and is provided by creators of media streams **706** (e.g., creators of content that are associated with one of content capturing/streaming devices **702**) and designates affiliated content and/or one or more of supporting material, suggestive next content to experience, audio to reference, gambling bets to make, fantasy sports predictions, opinion polls, election results, and so on. In one example of operation, to simplify placing bets on a particular horse, user **734** may interactively remove content relating to other horses such that only content on the particular horse is provided in live content **740**. This is facilitated through virtual environment

- **725** (e.g., a volumetric broadcasts), where user **734** interactively removes other horses from live content **740** such that content fill engine **912** provides only betting material relating to the particular horse that user **734** is interested in based on creator data **1056**. In certain embodiments, creator data **1056** is retrieved directly from content capturing/streaming devices **702**, for example as metadata within media streams **706** or directly from an associated server of content capturing/streaming device **702**.
- (89) User patterns **1042** may be received within metadata **738** from server **720** and defines patterns previously determined from behavior of user 734. For example, user patterns 1042 may include product preferences, content preferences, sporting team associations, viewing habits, and so on. (90) Third-party data **1044** may be received within metadata **738** from server **720** and is provided by one or more of advertisers, marketers, educators, or anyone using system **700** to drive a message to user **734**. Third-party data **1044** may define one or more of a web URL, an asset tracker, a consumer marketing tracker, and a custom asset manager. For example, third-party data **1044** includes information captured external to system **700**, such as from third-party servers and applications. For example, third-party data **1044** may include workout data from a workout server or application (e.g., another application running on client device **730** or otherwise associated with user 734), whereby content fill engine 912 selects and/or generates content based upon results of the workout, such as by presenting, within live content **740**, positive messages regarding effort made during the workout, and/or frequency of the workout, and so on. In one example of operation, production controller **714** may designated one empty node **1038** for advertising soft drinks. To fill this empty node **1038**, content fill engine **912** processes at least user patterns **1042** and third-party data 1044 of metadata 738, and at least live user patterns 1002 of dynamic characteristics 728 to select one of media streams **706** and/or other linked content to generate a corresponding full node **1062** that is customized for user **734**. For example, where empty node **1038** is assigned to a soft drink advertisement, and one or more of user patterns **1042** and/or live user patterns **1002** indicates a soft drink preference of user **734**, content fill engine **912** selects content for full node **1062** to match the soft drink preference.
- (91) Data-driven data **1046** may be received within metadata **738** from server **720** and may include data from live event **704**, collected by at least one content capturing/streaming devices **702** for example, and may include data specifically related to live event **704** that may be presented to user **734** within live content **740**. For example, data-driven data **1046** may include statistics on one or more players at live event **704** and/or statistics about fantasy teams of user **734**. In another example, data-driven data **1046** includes tracking data from a baseball game that defines the pitch and the angle. Accordingly, based on data-driven data **1046**, content fill engine **912** selects and/or generates content asking user **734** whether they would like to bet on the style of pitches. (92) Gambling data **1048** may be received within metadata **738** from server **720** and may include data on one or more of current wagers, previous wagers, and predictive wagers. For example, gambling data 1048 may define preferences of the corresponding gambling institution (e.g., thirdparty **703**), and content fill engine **912** may include and/or use the preferences in live content **740** for user **734** to evaluate. Using an American football game as an example, where the offensive line is moving forward in a first-quarter of the game and the gambling institution wants to incentivize more wagers, gambling data **1048** may cause content fill engine **912** to present a second-quarter prop bet (e.g., a wager on performance of a specific player, or a wager that a certain situation will occur) within live content **740**. Accordingly, system **700** drives engagement of user **734**, particularly when they have accepted the prop bet, to watch the second-quarter of the game, focusing on the specific player. Accordingly, gambling data **1048** causes content fill engine **912** to customize live content **740** based upon activity of user **734**.
- (93) Inventory assets **1050** may be received within metadata **738** from server **720** or may be determined by interactive input engine **910** and included in dynamic characteristics **728**. Inventory assets **1050** may include data on a wallet, credit card information, and payment structures of user

- **734**. Content fill engine **912** may process inventory assets **1050** to determine spending habits of user **734** and thereby present content within live content **740** based on these spending habits. For example, where inventory assents **1050** indicates that user **734** has reached a personal limit in the amount of money wagered in any one day, content fill engine **912** may determine not to present user **734** with as many wagering options in live content **740**. In another example, based on previously gathered live user patterns **1002** of user **734**, content fill engine **912** may determine that user **734** is currently spending a lot, and therefore content fill engine **912** may include options within live content **740** to spend more or to spend less.
- (94) Content fill engine **912** uses one or more algorithms to process one or more of dynamic characteristics **728**, third-party data **1044**, data-driven data **1046**, gambling data **1048**, inventory asset **1050**, and creator data **1056** to automatically select media streams **706**, and other defined content (e.g., images, table, graphics, etc.) to generate full nodes **1062** of assigned content **1060**. For example, where empty node **1038(2)** is assigned to first virtual channel **214(1)**, content assigned to corresponding full node **1062(2)** appears on display screen **204(1)** in live content **740**. Content fill engine **912** generates full nodes **1062** based upon a weighted calculation of creator data 1056 and dynamic characteristics 728. For each empty node 1038, content fill engine 912 uses a weighted calculation to determine which of the plurality of media streams **706** (and/or other media content) is to be assigned to that node to generate the corresponding full node **1062**. For example, content fill engine 912 may perform a calculation similar to: media selection probability=weight\* (creator data 1056 match to dynamic characteristics 728). Then, based on the determined media selection probability, content fill engine **912** uses the corresponding media stream **706** to generate full node **1062**, such that content of the selected media stream **706** plays in the corresponding virtual channel 214. For example, where dynamic characteristics 728 indicate that user 734 bets on LeBron James more than on other athletes, content fill engine **912** assigns more media streams **706** that have content with LeBron James to generate full nodes **1062**, and thus live content **740** is customized for user **734**. In another example, when user **734** bets frequently on Russell Westbrook, content fill engine **912** automatically customizes live content **740** to include more wagering content, particularly wagering content related to Russell Westbrook, whereas when user 734 bets infrequently, but watches content including Russell Westbrook, content fill engine 912 automatically customizes live content **740** to include less wagering content and more media streams **706** that include content related to Russell Westbrook.
- (95) In one example of operation, interactive input engine **910** continuously collects dynamic characteristics **728** as user **734** interacts with client device **730**, and provides dynamic characteristics **728** as input to content fill engine **912**. Content player **732** receives, from server 720, live broadcast 722 containing metadata 738 with empty nodes 1038. Content player 732 generates and updates 3D model 736 based upon metadata 738 to create a base environment of virtual environment **725** as virtual newsroom including floors, walls, ceilings, and furniture. Content fill engine **912** processes metadata **738** and dynamic characteristics **728** with one or more of user patterns **1042**, third-party data **1044**, data-driven data **1046**, gambling data **1048**, inventory asset **1050**, and creator data **1056** to automatically select media streams **706**, and other defined content (e.g., images, table, graphics, etc.) to generate full nodes **1062** of assigned content **1060**. Content player **732** then updates 3D model **736** based on assigned content **1060** and renders live content **740** from 3D model **736** based upon virtual camera **737**. For example, where virtual environment **725** includes an LED wall display such that live content **740** shows a certain view of the live event **704** from a particular vantage point and angle, user **734** may select an alternative view point and angle to improve their view of a particular portion of the event. For example, where the event is a crime drama, user **734** may adjust the virtual camera to look closer at a note left for the detective.
- (96) Accessibility Customization
- (97) Advantageously, content fill engine **912** may also customize live content **740** to improve

accessibility by user **734**. For example, content fill engine **912** may select custom fonts and sizes used in text based graphic screens generated by content player 732. For example, where user 734 is visually impaired, content fill engine 912 may control content player 732 to generate screens showing wagers in a large font with a high contrast between the font and a background. In another example, where user **734** is visually impaired, content fill engine **912** may control content player **732** to generate audio that include a voice describing a prop bet. In another example, where user 734 is dyslexic, content fill engine 912 may control content player 732 to generate screens showing player profiles using a font specifically selected to aid dyslexic readers. (98) FIG. **11**A is a flowchart illustrating one example method **1100** for creating and distributing addressable virtual content with interactivity. Method **1100** is implemented, at least in part, by producer application **726** of server **720**, for example. FIG. **11**B is a flowchart illustrating one example method **1150** for creation and distribution of addressable virtual content with interactivity. Method **1150** is implemented, at least in part, in content player **732** of client device **730**, for example. FIGS. **11**A and **11**B are best viewed together with the following description. (99) In block **1102**, method **1100** receives a virtual environment definition with at least one display screen and at least one corresponding virtual channel. In one example of block 1102, producer application 726 of server 720 receives broadcast parameters 712 from production controller device 710, where broadcast parameters 712 include model elements (e.g., see model elements 810 of FIG. 8) that define one or more structural components (e.g., static components 824, such as virtual desk **210**, walls, ceiling, floor, lights, etc.), display screens **204** and corresponding virtual channels 214, avatar 220, virtual banner 212, and so on, of within 3D model 724 to represent virtual

- environment **725**. In block **1104**, method **1100** generates a 3D model with display screens based on the virtual environment definitions. In one example of block **1104**, producer application **726** generates 3D model 724 with display screens 204, virtual desk 210, avatar 220, and virtual banner
- **212** to form virtual environment **725** (e.g., similar to virtual environment **125** shown in FIG. **2**). (100) In block **1106**, method **1100** determines available sources of media content. In one example of block **1106**, media content manager **504** identifies Twitch/YouTube media streams **106(4)**, **106(8)**, **106(12)**, and **106(16)** of FIG. **5** as available for use in a plurality of media streams **706**
- based upon receives a live broadcast from a server. In block 1108, method 1100 determines changes in 3D model since last sent to client device. In one example of block **1108**, producer application **726** determines that the connection to client device **730** is new and determines that all of 3D model **724** is changed. In another example of block **1108**, producer application **726** determines that 3D model **736** of client device **730** is up to date and that there are no changes to 3D model **724** that are not already known by client device **730**. In another example of block **1108**, producer application 726 determines that a position of avatar 220 within 3D model 736 has changed since the last update of 3D model **736** in client device **730**.
- (101) In block **1110**, method **1100** generates metadata to include changes in the 3D model and available sources of media content. In one example of block **1110**, producer application **726** generates metadata 738 defining the identified changes in 3D model 724. Producer application 726 may also generate metadata 738 to include an address (e.g., URLs) of available media streams 706, and/or addresses of other available media content. Producer application **726** may also generate metadata **738** to include one or more of user patterns **1042**, third-party data **1044**, data-driven data **1046**, gambling data **1048**, inventory asset **1050**, and creator data **1056** to enable content fill engine **912** of client device **730** to fill empty nodes **1038**. In block **1112**, method **1100** sends the metadata as a live broadcast to the client device. In one example of block **1112**, producer application **726** includes metadata 738 in live broadcast 722 and sends live broadcast 722 to client device 730. (102) In block **1152**, method **1150** receives the live broadcast from the server. In one example of block **1152**, content player **732** receives live broadcast **722** from server **720**. In block **1154**, method **1150** updates the local 3D model based upon changes defined in metadata of the live broadcast. In one example of block **1154**, content player **732** updates 3D model **736** based upon changes defined

in metadata **738**. In block **1156**, method **1150** assigns media content to at least one empty node based at least in part on the metadata and at least in part upon the dynamic characteristics. In one example of block **1156**, content fill engine **912** evaluates one or more of dynamic characteristics 728, third-party data 1044, data-driven data 1046, gambling data 1048, inventory asset 1050, and creator data **1056** to generate full nodes **1062** by assigning media streams **706** to empty nodes **1038**. In block **1158**, method **1150** updates the display screens of the 3D model based upon the assigned media streams. In one example of block 1158, content player 732 updates, via the corresponding virtual channel 214, display screens 204 using media streams 706 assigned to the corresponding full nodes **1062**. In block **1160**, method **1150** updates a virtual camera based upon at least one of the metadata and the dynamic characteristics. In one example of block **1160**, virtual camera 737 is updates based upon metadata 738 and dynamic characteristics 728. In block 1162, method **1150** renders a view of the 3D model based upon the virtual camera to generate live content. In one example of block **1162**, content player **732** renders at least part of 3D model **736**, based upon the virtual camera 737, to generate one or more images that form live content 740. (103) Blocks **1152** through **1162** repeat such that 3D model **736** is updated in real-time based upon live event **704** (and movements of actor **708**), and live content **740** is generated in real-time (i.e., with minimal latency), and such that live content **740** appears substantially instantaneous with live event **704** to user **734**.

- (104) Playout Action
- (105) The 3D model in **736** may be used as a virtual element inside of another virtual model. This could be a new display or another feed. In certain embodiments, 3D models may become nested or embedded, such that a first 3D model **736** generated for a first event is embedded into a second 3D model **736** generated for a second event. As way of illustrating a need for displaying paid content, a website example if provided, where a user is required to view first content before being allowed to view second content. The user accesses the website to see desired content, but is forced to view a pre-roll video containing forced content (e.g., advertisement or other paid message) before the desired content is displayed by the website. A third-party may pay the website each time the "pre-roll" video and forced content is displayed to a user, and therefore it is in the interest of the web site owner to play the forced content to the user.
- (106) FIG. 12 shows an example screenshot 1200 of live content 740 at a first time (time A) and FIG. 13 shows an example screenshot 1300 of live content 740 at a second time (time B), later than the first time. FIGS. 12 and 13 are best viewed together with the following description. Unlike the website example described above, forced content and the desired content are displayed simultaneously, but audio of the forced content is played until it finishes. However, while the forced content is playing on a first display screen of virtual environment 725, a second display screen showing the desired content grows larger until it takes over whole virtual environment. In this example, content fill engine 912 mandates that the forced content be played, overriding directives of interactive input engine 910 that identifies preferred content. Particularly, content fill engine 912 controls behavior of virtual environment 725 within 3D model 736 to cause display of the forced content and the gradual transition to display of the desired content.
- (107) Screenshot **1200** shows a first element of content **1202** that is displayed smaller than a second element of content **1204**. First element of content **1202** represents content that is desired or requested by user **734** and second element of content **1204** represents content that a paying third-party (e.g., a specific content provider, an advertiser, a bookmaker, etc.) wants user **734** to see. Initially, as shown in FIG. **12**, second element of content **1204** is displayed larger, and is therefore more noticeable than, first element of content **1202**.
- (108) Over the period between time A and time B, a sliding approach causes second element of content **1204** to reduce in size and first element of content **1202** to increase in size in a simultaneous smooth transition. Over a subsequent period, first element of content **1202** may take over the entire live content **740**. In certain embodiments, content player **732** receives input from

sensors of client device **730** that may indicate whether user **734** is attentive of not to live content **740**, and client device **730** may adjust the period between time A and time B accordingly. Particularly, the transition between screenshot **1200** and screenshot **1300** may only occur when user **734** is attentive to live content **740**. Accordingly, based upon the node sensing array the content presented to the consumer can scale proportionally over time to show them multiple views of the content.

- (109) Content fill engine **912** may control scaling of elements within 3D model **736** to present a sliding content appearance to user **734**. Content fill engine **912** may determine the scaling and time period for the sliding playout based upon one or more inputs including third-party data **1044**, creator data **1056**, and/or dynamic characteristics **728**. The playout action embeds content **1204** into the experience of live content **740**. Advantageously, content fill engine **912** allows system **700** to display forced content (e.g., advertisements and/or paid messages) within the virtual environment, gradually and smoothly transitions between the forced content and the desired content within the same virtual environment, until the desired content dominate the virtual environment in a final stage.
- (110) FIG. **14** shows one example screenshot **1400**, generated by system **700** of FIG. **7**, showing virtual environment 125 representing a virtual stadium 1402 with interaction by virtual fans 1404 via remote streams. In this example, a group of users corresponding to virtual fans **1404**, form a "watch party" for a live event. System **700** generates 3D models **724**/**736** for the live event as virtual stadium 1402 with a plurality of empty nodes (e.g., empty nodes 1038) that each correspond to one display screen **204** at each spectator position in the virtual stadium **1402**. Within each client device **730** of the group of users, content fill engine **912** connects to each other client device **730** to receive media stream **706**, where each client device **730** also operates, at least in part, similar to content capturing/streaming device **702** to capture and stream video of the user to server **720**. Content fill engine **912** fills the empty nodes **1038** in the 3D model **736** with the media streams **706**, and generates virtual stadium **1402** populated with live images of the group of users forming a crowd participating at the live event. In the example of FIG. 14, 3D model 736 may also animate display screens **204** within 3D model **736**, in response to activity at the live event. In the example of FIG. **14**, display screens **204** are animated in reaction to an athlete **1406** leaping into the virtual crowd. Further, since each user is both watching the live event and appearing in the live event (as a spectator), their reaction to events in the live event is also reflects to other is the group of users. To facilitate configuration of such groups of users, interactive input engine **910**, running of the client device **730**, may notify the user of the live event and when the user elects to do so, creates an experience where the entire group of users watch and participate in the live event, and see special effects, for example like the "Lambeau Leap" shown in FIG. 14.
- (111) FIG. **15** shows four example live content screenshots **1500**, **1520**, **1540**, and **1560** simultaneously generated by system **700** of FIG. **7** for a single live event **704**, illustrating customization for three different users **734**. Screenshot **1500** is captured from live content **740** that is not customized by content fill engine **912**, and may be output when a new user first connects with system **700** and has not defined sporting affiliations or preferences. Screenshot **1500** may show general (non-team specific) statistics that may be of interest to sporting fans.
- (112) Screenshot **1520** is generated in live content **740** and is specifically customized by content fill engine **912** for "Jacob," (user **734**). As compared to screenshot **1500**, Jacob's preferences and affiliations with the Jacksonville Jaguars, and particularly with running back Leonard Fournette, causes content fill engine **912** to select and include a wager based on Leonard Fournette on one or more virtual screens (e.g., display screen **204**, FIG. **2**) of virtual environment **725**.
- (113) Screenshot **1540** is generated in live content **740** and is specifically customized by content fill engine **912** for "Mike," (another user **734**). As compared to screenshot **1500**, Mike's preferences and affiliations with the Philadelphia 76ers causes content fill engine **912** to select and include a wager based on the Philadelphia 76ers on one or more virtual screens (e.g., display screen **204**,

- FIG. 2) of virtual environment **725**.
- (114) Screenshot **1560** is generated in live content **740** and is specifically customized by content fill engine **912** for "Veronica," (another user **734**). As compared to screenshot **1500**, Veronica's preferences and affiliations with the Washington Capitals causes content fill engine **912** to select and include a wager based on the Washington Capitals on one or more virtual screens (e.g., display screen **204**, FIG. **2**) of virtual environment **725**.
- (115) Content fill engine **912** generates customized content that more successfully engages the corresponding user **734** as compared to engagement with content shown in screenshot **1500** that is not customized.
- (116) Encouraging User Interaction
- (117) In overview, system **700** of FIG. **7** implements three main concepts. Live events are captured by content capturing/streaming devices **702**, and under control of production controller **114**, are output in live broadcasts **722** to multiple client devices **730**. Unlike conventional media broadcasts where video frames are transmitted and then displayed without modification to a viewer, system **700** transmits metadata and changes to a server generated 3D model. The client device may then customize the content and generate the video (or other formats) for output to the user. On each client device **730**, content player **732**, based on live broadcast **722**, customizes live content **740** to encourage user behavior. The encouraged user behavior may include one or more of betting, watching more content, and directing the user **734** to make an action.
- (118) In one example of operation, one or more content capturing/streaming devices **702** capture at least one media stream **706** of live event **704** that includes content of a popular athlete, such as LeBron James. For example, production controller **714** may use production controller device **710** to generate a headshot of the popular athlete as a graphic to be included in virtual environment **725**. Producer application **726** may detect the popular athlete (e.g., using facial recognition, text analysis of a caption, and so on) and associate the name of the popular athlete with the graphical display within metadata 738 for output with live broadcast 722. Interactive input engine 910 captures dynamic characteristics **728** of user **734** that may indicate an interest in the popular athlete. In one example, content fill engine **912** may then use metadata **738** and dynamic characteristics **728** to customize live content **740** by adding a content window within live content **740** to encourage user **734** to place a bet on the popular athlete. In another example, where dynamic characteristics **728** indicate that user **734** has an interest in certain beverages endorsed by the popular athlete, content fill engine **912** may then use metadata **738** and dynamic characteristics **728** to customize live content **740** by adding a content window within live content **740** to encourage user **734** to purchase the beverage. Advantageously, content fill engine **912** fills empty nodes with customized content related to, and that may influence behavior of, user **734**.
- (119) FIG. 16 is a schematic illustrating one example virtual environment 725 generated as a volumetric space formed by a plurality of display screens 204 defined by 3D model 724. FIG. 16 also shows avatar 220 to provide perspective to virtual environment 725. Particularly, virtual environment 725 defines a volumetric space that resembles a real studio and that provides a uniform look to live content 740, even after customization by content fill engine 912 for different users 734 on different client devices 730. In the example of FIG. 16, five display screens 204 form the ceiling, back wall, left wall, right wall, and floor of a studio. However, each content fill engine 912, running in different client devices 730, may generate different content for each display screen 204 based upon the provided metadata 738 and the determines dynamic characteristics 728 of the corresponding user 734. In one example, at least one display screen 204 is filled with a graphic image showing a particular logo (e.g., a logo of a sponsor of live event 704).
- (120) FIG. **17** is a schematic illustrating example node workflow performed by interactive input engine **910** and content fill engine **912** of content player **732** of FIG. **7**. FIG. **17** provides a high-level overview of the operation of system **700** to generate customized content for each user **734**. The customized content engine fills in multi-dimensional content to be presented to a person or

persons during the LIVE or recorded or re-experience of an event. An event consists of a start time and an end time where experience is processed in a manner as to provide enjoyment, instruction, recovery or any other experience that is designed for humans or artificial intelligence to visually, audibly, physical or mentally process. The custom content fill engine differs from ad replacement or content replacement as there is nothing in the default position for the content to be replaced. Instead, when content is created nodes are designated for content from the engine to be presented simultaneously with the viewer(s) experiencing the content. The nodes can increase or decrease based on the content consumed by the viewer or viewers depending on a variety of factors (Location, zip code, team affiliation, gambling practice, browsing practice, betting estimate, browsing estimate, or any other predictive analytical pattern process). The nodes take input from the Content Fill Engine from a variety of sources.

- (121) This content can be live or pre-produced and be anything from an advertisement, a bar chart from a stock presentation, an audio file, a graphic to prompt a wager, a volumetric view, a multidimensional model, a lesson plan, and or anything else where a message is viewed, listened, touched or presented. The core of the process is in these special fill nodes is a result of the input process. This is where the team creating the content or processing the content designates an initial number of nodes where content will be filled in. Content is designated with a volumetric diagram consisting of data, colors, patterns, and predictive measures. The nodes are not static, they can go up or down depending on the content consumption pattern of the viewer. This is controlled by an interactive input engine that links from the viewer via the player into the Content Fill Engine. (122) When the content is experienced the base number of nodes is processed with an algorithm that takes into effect the viewer(s) that are experiencing the content and presents to them material to fill in their experience. This happens in the content stream as opposed to a layer on top or below, it is within the presentation. Being in the presentation in a volumetric display and volumetric association provides a direct tie to the content story. Content flows in one way from the production and a separate way via the content fill engine, together they form the experience the viewer sees. Then the Interactive Input Engine feeds back into the Content Fill Engine to keep the content produced as interesting to the experiencer as possible.
- (123) The Content Fill Engine presents content from multiple inputs. User Patterns—it takes into effect users' patterns and desires through behaviors and through predictive analytics. Content Creators—it takes into effect decisions from the content creators who will designate affiliated content such as supporting material, suggestive next content to experience, audio to reference, gambling bets to make, fantasy sports predictions, opinion polls, election results, and any and all content related elements. Third-Party—it takes into effect elements from advertisers, marketers, educators, or anyone that leverages into the system to drive a message to the user. This can be done via a web URL, or an asset tracking or Consumer Marketing Tracker or Custom Asset Manager. Data-Driven—it takes into effect data from an event that is collected in the content process and provides that data is presented in the player to the viewer(s). This can be statistics around players on a person's fantasy teams. Gambling Wagers—it takes into effect data from current wagers and previous wagers and predictive wagers. Inventory assets—It takes into effect things like wallet and credit card info and payment structures.
- (124) Interactive Input Engine captures input about each user (content viewer). Live User patterns—it takes into effect the current patterns of the experiencer(s). What does a user watch and where are they spending their time? Biometric data—it takes into effect any biological input possible from the viewer(s). This can include and is not limited to optical feedback, audio tracking, image tracking, haptic feedback. Audio data—it takes into effect input from the audio of the content engine that will tell the Content Fill Engine the background audio that is listening to. Live Gambling data—it takes into effect where the bets are being made and for what values. Non-Active data—it takes into effect where the user is looking at items but not selecting them. This is when someone is on a page on a web browser and clicks to investigate a bet but does not place it. Device-

specific data—This could be system tracking for example iPhone vs Android. This is also where they are clicking, this is also if they are watching in landscape or portrait mode and any element from hardware, software tracking possible.

(125) All of the main inputs in the Content Fill Engine are brought in on a weighted scale. The scale varies based on the level of content consumed. The scale's objective is to have the viewer(s) consume content that is desired and to create transactions within the content relative to the content presented by the content engine and in relationship to the content from the content producers. In this way the inputs that create the experience move in concordance with the desired goal of increasing the consumption transaction rate to create repeatable patterns in content experiences that will evolve as the viewer(s) evolve. The two engines paired with the content create the experience that forms the player and keeps the loop continuing for the individual's experiencing the content. (126) Changes may be made in the above methods and systems without departing from the scope hereof. It should thus be noted that the matter contained in the above description or shown in the accompanying drawings should be interpreted as illustrative and not in a limiting sense. The following claims are intended to cover all generic and specific features described herein, as well as all statements of the scope of the present method and system, which, as a matter of language, might be said to fall therebetween.

### **Claims**

- 1. A method for creation and distribution of addressable virtual content with interactivity and low latency, comprising: receiving, within a client device from a server, a live broadcast including (a) metadata defining only changes to a server 3D model defining a virtual environment, (b) a first empty node associated with a first virtual channel of the virtual environment, (c) a second empty node associated with a second virtual channel of the virtual environment, and (d) at least one address of media content; updating a local 3D model in real-time based on the metadata to represent the virtual environment; determining, at the client device, dynamic characteristics of a user of the client device, the dynamic characteristics including one or more of feedback on viewing by the user of the client device, preferences of the user, and interactive habits of the user; and selecting, for the first empty node, one of the at least one address of media content based on the dynamic characteristics; receiving, at the client device, the media content using the selected one of the at least one address of media content; adding the media content to the first virtual channel of the local 3D model in real-time; selecting, for the second empty node, custom content based on the dynamic characteristics; adding the custom content to the second virtual channel in real-time; and outputting a view of the local 3D model from the client device.
- 2. The method of claim 1, further comprising rendering the view of the 3D model in real-time.
- 3. The method of claim 1, further comprising: receiving real-time actor movements; updating movement of an avatar within the 3D model based on the real-time actor movements; and wherein the metadata includes changes to the avatar.
- 4. The method of claim 1, wherein the at least one address of media content is defined within broadcast parameters.
- 5. The method of claim 1, wherein the first virtual channel is associated with a display screen within the virtual environment.
- 6. The method of claim 1, further comprising: decoding, from the live broadcast, the second empty node associated with a second virtual channel of the virtual environment.
- 7. The method of claim 1, the custom content being pre-produced media content selected from the group comprising an advertisement, a graphic, a chart, a graph, an audio file, a betting prompt, a volumetric view, a multi-dimensional model, and a lesson plan.
- 8. The method of claim 1, wherein the custom content is added to a display screen of the virtual environment within the local 3D model.

- 9. The method of claim 1, further comprising: receiving an input from the user in response to the custom content; and sending the input to a third party associated with the custom content.
- 10. The method of claim 1, the outputting comprising rendering the view of the local 3D model in real-time.
- 11. The method of claim 10, wherein the view is selected by a user of the client device by positioning a virtual camera relative to the local 3D model.