US Patent & Trademark Office Patent Public Search | Text View

United States Patent

Kind Code

B1

Date of Patent

Inventor(s)

12385643

August 12, 2025

Weilert; Jeffrey R. et al.

Fire pit barrier

Abstract

A fire pit barrier may help reduce the likelihood of contact with a side of a fire pit. The fire pit barrier may include a frame couplable to the fire pit. The frame may include a top support, a bottom support, and at least one connector extending between the top support and the bottom support. The frame may also include a shield coupled to the frame. The fire pit barrier may be configured to cover an outer surface of the fire pit and inhibit heat transfer from the fire pit to an exterior side of the shield.

Inventors: Weilert; Jeffrey R. (Southlake, TX), Maghsadi; Alexander K. (Fort Worth, TX)

Applicant: SOLO BRANDS, LLC (Grapevine, TX)

Family ID: 1000007981330

Assignee: Solo Brands, LLC (Grapevine, TX)

Appl. No.: 18/759191

Filed: June 28, 2024

Publication Classification

Int. Cl.: F24B1/198 (20060101); **F24B1/195** (20060101); **F24B13/00** (20060101)

U.S. Cl.:

CPC **F24B1/198** (20130101); **F24B1/195** (20130101); **F24B13/002** (20130101);

Field of Classification Search

CPC: F24B (1/198); F24B (13/002); F24B (1/195)

References Cited

TIC	$\mathbf{D}\Lambda^{r}$	PEN	\mathbf{r} \mathbf{n}		IMEN	TC
U.O	. PA		1 17	LJC.		

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS						
Patent No.	Issued Date	Patentee Name	U.S. Cl.	CPC		
500239	12/1892	Loeble	N/A	N/A		
685194	12/1900	Young	N/A	N/A		
904188	12/1907	Engle	N/A	N/A		
1298762	12/1918	Milligan	N/A	N/A		
1694175	12/1927	Hauser	N/A	N/A		
D100012	12/1935	Ford	N/A	N/A		
2614553	12/1951	Cox	N/A	N/A		
2676583	12/1953	Blumson	N/A	N/A		
2722883	12/1954	Rignell	N/A	N/A		
2738225	12/1955	Meek	N/A	N/A		
D196018	12/1962	Palmer	N/A	N/A		
3756218	12/1972	Simpson	N/A	N/A		
D229013	12/1972	Storandt	N/A	N/A		
D229277	12/1972	Chan	N/A	N/A		
3790081	12/1973	Thornton	N/A	N/A		
3937138	12/1975	Tidwell	N/A	N/A		
3951082	12/1975	Leggett	N/A	N/A		
4037580	12/1976	Angelo	N/A	N/A		
D258259	12/1980	Lindholm	N/A	N/A		
D258712	12/1980	Jacobson	N/A	N/A		
D273264	12/1983	Elliston	N/A	N/A		
4454828	12/1983	Zempel	N/A	N/A		
4735135	12/1987	Walker	N/A	N/A		
4903683	12/1989	Larsen	N/A	N/A		
5024208	12/1990	Hottenroth	N/A	N/A		
5094223	12/1991	Gonzalez	126/41R	F24B 15/005		
5117558	12/1991	Hull	N/A	N/A		
D355809	12/1994	Kothrade	N/A	N/A		
D358204	12/1994	Ferrier	N/A	N/A		
5490452	12/1995	Schlosser	N/A	N/A		
D379900	12/1996	Gillam	N/A	N/A		
5638808	12/1996	Home	N/A	N/A		
5651356	12/1996	Kaines	N/A	N/A		
5797386	12/1997	Orr	N/A	N/A		
5809988	12/1997	Wagner	N/A	N/A		
6024081	12/1999	Libertini, Jr.	N/A	N/A		
D422452	12/1999	Persson	N/A	N/A		
D435191	12/1999	Cooper	N/A	N/A		
6196121	12/2000	Crowl	N/A	N/A		
6196215	12/2000	Chandaria	N/A	N/A		
D442422	12/2000	Dabney	N/A	N/A		
D444991	12/2000	Measom	N/A	N/A		
6314955	12/2000	Boetcker	N/A	N/A		
6393717	12/2001	Santos	N/A	N/A		
6488023	12/2001	Pecoskie	N/A	N/A		

D488023 12/2003 Siegel N/A N/A D491409 12/2003 Siegel N/A N/A D495552 12/2003 Siegel N/A N/A D531849 12/2005 Turner N/A N/A D534756 12/2006 Jensen N/A N/A D549300 12/2006 Harrell N/A N/A D67265 12/2009 Gaunaurd, III N/A N/A D612191 12/2009 Taber N/A N/A D612662 12/2009 Lorenz N/A N/A D618038 12/2009 Davies N/A N/A 7810484 12/2009 Schlosser N/A N/A 7810484 12/2010 Wilgus N/A N/A 8087410 12/2011 Gregory N/A N/A D658426 12/2011 Saunders N/A N/A D701721 12/2013 Jan N/A N/A	
D495552 12/2003 Siegel N/A N/A D531849 12/2006 Jensen N/A N/A D534756 12/2006 Jensen N/A N/A D549300 12/2006 Harrell N/A N/A D607265 12/2009 Gaunaurd, III N/A N/A D612191 12/2009 Taber N/A N/A D612662 12/2009 Lorenz N/A N/A D618038 12/2009 Davies N/A N/A 7810484 12/2009 Schlosser N/A N/A D644474 12/2010 Wilgus N/A N/A 8087410 12/2011 Gregory N/A N/A D683999 12/2012 Karlsson N/A N/A D701721 12/2013 Jan N/A N/A 8991382 12/2014 Mau N/A N/A 9844300 12/2015 Bhattacharyya N/A N/A <	
D531849 12/2005 Turner N/A N/A D534756 12/2006 Jensen N/A N/A D549300 12/2006 Harrell N/A N/A D607265 12/2009 Gaunaurd, III N/A N/A D612191 12/2009 Taber N/A N/A D612662 12/2009 Lorenz N/A N/A D618038 12/2009 Davies N/A N/A 7810484 12/2009 Schlosser N/A N/A 7810484 12/2010 Wilgus N/A N/A 8087410 12/2011 Gregory N/A N/A D638426 12/2011 Saunders N/A N/A D683999 12/2012 Karlsson N/A N/A D701721 12/2013 Jan N/A N/A B944300 12/2015 Bhattacharyya N/A N/A 9844300 12/2016 Cedar N/A N/A	
D534756 12/2006 Jensen N/A N/A D549300 12/2006 Harrell N/A N/A D607265 12/2009 Gaunaurd, III N/A N/A D612191 12/2009 Taber N/A N/A D612662 12/2009 Lorenz N/A N/A D618038 12/2009 Davies N/A N/A 7810484 12/2009 Schlosser N/A N/A D644474 12/2010 Wilgus N/A N/A 8087410 12/2011 Gregory N/A N/A D658426 12/2011 Saunders N/A N/A D683999 12/2012 Karlsson N/A N/A D701721 12/2013 Jan N/A N/A 8991382 12/2014 Mau N/A N/A D749960 12/2015 Bhattacharyya N/A N/A 9844300 12/2016 Cedar N/A N/A	
D549300 12/2006 Harrell N/A N/A D607265 12/2009 Gaunaurd, III N/A N/A D612191 12/2009 Taber N/A N/A D612662 12/2009 Lorenz N/A N/A D618038 12/2009 Davies N/A N/A 7810484 12/2009 Schlosser N/A N/A D644474 12/2010 Wilgus N/A N/A 8087410 12/2011 Gregory N/A N/A D658426 12/2011 Saunders N/A N/A D701721 12/2013 Jan N/A N/A B991382 12/2014 Mau N/A N/A D749960 12/2015 Bhattacharyya N/A N/A 9844300 12/2016 Cedar N/A N/A 10125995 12/2017 Kohli N/A N/A 10222092 12/2018 Traeger N/A N/A	
D607265 12/2009 Gaunaurd, III N/A N/A D612191 12/2009 Taber N/A N/A D612662 12/2009 Lorenz N/A N/A D618038 12/2009 Davies N/A N/A 7810484 12/2009 Schlosser N/A N/A D644474 12/2010 Wilgus N/A N/A 8087410 12/2011 Gregory N/A N/A D658426 12/2011 Saunders N/A N/A D701721 12/2012 Karlsson N/A N/A D701721 12/2013 Jan N/A N/A B991382 12/2014 Mau N/A N/A D749960 12/2015 Bhattacharyya N/A N/A 9844300 12/2016 Cedar N/A N/A 10098502 12/2017 Ohler N/A N/A 10222092 12/2018 Traeger N/A N/A	
D612191 12/2009 Taber N/A N/A D612662 12/2009 Lorenz N/A N/A D618038 12/2009 Davies N/A N/A 7810484 12/2009 Schlosser N/A N/A D644474 12/2010 Wilgus N/A N/A 8087410 12/2011 Gregory N/A N/A D658426 12/2011 Saunders N/A N/A D683999 12/2012 Karlsson N/A N/A D701721 12/2013 Jan N/A N/A 8991382 12/2014 Mau N/A N/A D749960 12/2015 Bhattacharyya N/A N/A 9844300 12/2016 Cedar N/A N/A 10098502 12/2017 Ohler N/A N/A 10125995 12/2018 Traeger N/A N/A D858729 12/2018 Scott N/A N/A	
D612662 12/2009 Lorenz N/A N/A D618038 12/2009 Davies N/A N/A 7810484 12/2009 Schlosser N/A N/A D644474 12/2010 Wilgus N/A N/A 8087410 12/2011 Gregory N/A N/A D658426 12/2011 Saunders N/A N/A D683999 12/2012 Karlsson N/A N/A D701721 12/2013 Jan N/A N/A 8991382 12/2014 Mau N/A N/A D749960 12/2015 Bhattacharyya N/A N/A 9844300 12/2016 Cedar N/A N/A 10098502 12/2017 Ohler N/A N/A 10125995 12/2017 Kohli N/A N/A D858729 12/2018 Scott N/A N/A D914858 12/2020 Jan N/A N/A	
7810484 12/2009 Schlosser N/A N/A D644474 12/2010 Wilgus N/A N/A 8087410 12/2011 Gregory N/A N/A D658426 12/2011 Saunders N/A N/A D683999 12/2012 Karlsson N/A N/A D701721 12/2013 Jan N/A N/A 8991382 12/2014 Mau N/A N/A D749960 12/2015 Bhattacharyya N/A N/A 9844300 12/2016 Cedar N/A N/A 10098502 12/2017 Ohler N/A N/A 10125995 12/2017 Kohli N/A N/A 10222092 12/2018 Traeger N/A N/A D858729 12/2018 Scott N/A N/A D914858 12/2020 Jan N/A N/A	
D644474 12/2010 Wilgus N/A N/A 8087410 12/2011 Gregory N/A N/A D658426 12/2011 Saunders N/A N/A D683999 12/2012 Karlsson N/A N/A D701721 12/2013 Jan N/A N/A 8991382 12/2014 Mau N/A N/A D749960 12/2015 Bhattacharyya N/A N/A 9844300 12/2016 Cedar N/A N/A 10098502 12/2017 Ohler N/A N/A 10125995 12/2017 Kohli N/A N/A 10222092 12/2018 Traeger N/A N/A D858729 12/2018 Scott N/A N/A D914858 12/2020 Jan N/A N/A	
8087410 12/2011 Gregory N/A N/A D658426 12/2011 Saunders N/A N/A D683999 12/2012 Karlsson N/A N/A D701721 12/2013 Jan N/A N/A 8991382 12/2014 Mau N/A N/A D749960 12/2015 Bhattacharyya N/A N/A 9844300 12/2016 Cedar N/A N/A 10098502 12/2017 Ohler N/A N/A 10125995 12/2017 Kohli N/A N/A 10222092 12/2018 Traeger N/A N/A D858729 12/2018 Scott N/A N/A D914858 12/2020 Jan N/A N/A	
8087410 12/2011 Gregory N/A N/A D658426 12/2011 Saunders N/A N/A D683999 12/2012 Karlsson N/A N/A D701721 12/2013 Jan N/A N/A 8991382 12/2014 Mau N/A N/A D749960 12/2015 Bhattacharyya N/A N/A 9844300 12/2016 Cedar N/A N/A 10098502 12/2017 Ohler N/A N/A 10125995 12/2017 Kohli N/A N/A 10222092 12/2018 Traeger N/A N/A D858729 12/2018 Scott N/A N/A D914858 12/2020 Jan N/A N/A	
D658426 12/2011 Saunders N/A N/A D683999 12/2012 Karlsson N/A N/A D701721 12/2013 Jan N/A N/A 8991382 12/2014 Mau N/A N/A D749960 12/2015 Bhattacharyya N/A N/A 9844300 12/2016 Cedar N/A N/A 10098502 12/2017 Ohler N/A N/A 10125995 12/2017 Kohli N/A N/A 10222092 12/2018 Traeger N/A N/A D858729 12/2018 Scott N/A N/A D914858 12/2020 Jan N/A N/A	
D701721 12/2013 Jan N/A N/A 8991382 12/2014 Mau N/A N/A D749960 12/2015 Bhattacharyya N/A N/A 9844300 12/2016 Cedar N/A N/A 10098502 12/2017 Ohler N/A N/A 10125995 12/2017 Kohli N/A N/A 10222092 12/2018 Traeger N/A N/A D858729 12/2018 Scott N/A N/A D914858 12/2020 Jan N/A N/A	
8991382 12/2014 Mau N/A N/A D749960 12/2015 Bhattacharyya N/A N/A 9844300 12/2016 Cedar N/A N/A 10098502 12/2017 Ohler N/A N/A 10125995 12/2017 Kohli N/A N/A 10222092 12/2018 Traeger N/A N/A D858729 12/2018 Scott N/A N/A D914858 12/2020 Jan N/A N/A	
D749960 12/2015 Bhattacharyya N/A N/A 9844300 12/2016 Cedar N/A N/A 10098502 12/2017 Ohler N/A N/A 10125995 12/2017 Kohli N/A N/A 10222092 12/2018 Traeger N/A N/A D858729 12/2018 Scott N/A N/A D914858 12/2020 Jan N/A N/A	
9844300 12/2016 Cedar N/A N/A 10098502 12/2017 Ohler N/A N/A 10125995 12/2017 Kohli N/A N/A 10222092 12/2018 Traeger N/A N/A D858729 12/2018 Scott N/A N/A D914858 12/2020 Jan N/A N/A	
9844300 12/2016 Cedar N/A N/A 10098502 12/2017 Ohler N/A N/A 10125995 12/2017 Kohli N/A N/A 10222092 12/2018 Traeger N/A N/A D858729 12/2018 Scott N/A N/A D914858 12/2020 Jan N/A N/A	
10125995 12/2017 Kohli N/A N/A 10222092 12/2018 Traeger N/A N/A D858729 12/2018 Scott N/A N/A D914858 12/2020 Jan N/A N/A	
10222092 12/2018 Traeger N/A N/A D858729 12/2018 Scott N/A N/A D914858 12/2020 Jan N/A N/A	
D858729 12/2018 Scott N/A N/A D914858 12/2020 Jan N/A N/A	
D858729 12/2018 Scott N/A N/A D914858 12/2020 Jan N/A N/A	
D000460 40/0000 I N/A N/A	
D923163 12/2020 Jan N/A N/A	
11092342	
11293642 12/2021 Jan N/A N/A	
11391465 12/2021 Weilert N/A N/A	
11692713 12/2022 Jan N/A N/A	
11703227	
11879641 12/2023 Weilert N/A N/A	
11953207 12/2023 Weilert N/A N/A	
12060998 12/2023 Ressler N/A F24B 15/007	
2006/0219233 12/2005 Sorenson N/A N/A	
2007/0137634 12/2006 Traeger N/A N/A	
2009/0165772 12/2008 Hunt N/A N/A	
2010/0043775 12/2009 Phillips N/A N/A	
2011/0180527 12/2010 Abbott N/A N/A	
2012/0017884 12/2011 Van Den Hoff N/A N/A	
2013/0206131 12/2012 Hood 126/25R F24B 1/192	
2014/0007778 12/2013 Marks N/A N/A	
2014/0026765 12/2013 Fou N/A N/A	
2014/0165993 12/2013 Ahmed N/A N/A	
2014/0238378 12/2013 Scott N/A N/A	
2015/0068512 12/2014 Mehler N/A N/A	
2015/0110939 12/2014 Benson N/A N/A	
2015/0211743 12/2014 Defoort N/A N/A	
2017/0363325 12/2016 Diurlin N/A N/A	
2019/0313851 12/2018 Shemp N/A N/A	
2020/0096199 12/2019 Harrington N/A F24B 5/025	

2020/0309369	12/2019	Jan	N/A	N/A
2021/0018180	12/2020	Jan	N/A	N/A
2021/0048188	12/2020	Harrington	N/A	F24B 5/026
2021/0199301	12/2020	Poggi	N/A	N/A
2021/0274970	12/2020	Stoltzfus	N/A	N/A
2021/0282592	12/2020	Jan	N/A	N/A
2022/0252274	12/2021	Zemel	N/A	F24B 1/192
2022/0341596	12/2021	Muir	N/A	F24B 13/002
2023/0304667	12/2022	Jan	N/A	N/A
2024/0011639	12/2023	Weilert	N/A	F24B 1/195

FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

Patent No.	Application Date	Country	CPC
2035756	12/1988	CN	N/A
201715561	12/2010	CN	N/A
103528100	12/2013	CN	N/A
204388128	12/2014	CN	N/A
H10323289	12/1997	JP	N/A
2000342462	12/1999	JP	N/A
2003190011	12/2002	JP	N/A
200295935	12/2001	KR	N/A
100898493	12/2008	KR	N/A
20200122766	12/2019	KR	N/A
2017078762	12/2016	WO	N/A

OTHER PUBLICATIONS

International Search Authority, International Search Report and Written Opinion, ISA/KR, PCT/US2019/063180, dated Mar. 26, 2020, 10 pages. cited by applicant
International Search Authority, International Search Report and Written Opinion,
PCT/US2021/020687, dated Aug. 5, 2021, 11 pages. cited by applicant
Korean Intellectual Property Office, International Search Report and Written Opinion,
PCT/US2022/011365, dated May 3, 2022, 12 pages. cited by applicant
Screen captures from YouTube video clip entitled "Solo Stove Bonfire: Best Gear of 2017," 4
pages, uploaded on May 14, 2017 by user "Canadian Prepper". Retrieved from Internet:
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Vo_J_flWq5g. cited by applicant
Camping stove, https://www.kickstarter.com/projects/340672218/solo-stove-campfire-backpack-camp-survive/description, 21 pages (2014). cited by applicant
Solo Stove, webpage capture: https://www.solostove.com/solo-stove-bonfire, 2017, 8 pages. cited by applicant

Primary Examiner: Basichas; Alfred

Attorney, Agent or Firm: Haynes and Boone, LLP

Background/Summary

RELATED APPLICATIONS

(1) This application is related to U.S. Design patent application No. 29/949,816, filed Jun. 28, 2024, entitled FIRE PIT BARRIER, the entire disclosure of which is hereby incorporated by

reference herein.

FIELD

(2) The present disclosure relates to fire pits, and more particularly to fire pit barrier systems and methods.

BACKGROUND

- (3) Fire pits are commonly used in yards, campsites, meeting places, and other locations to provide warmth and ambiance due to their sights, sounds, and smells. While providing the above benefits, fire pits present certain challenges. For example, surfaces of fire pits can become uncomfortably hot to a person, object, or animal which may come into contact with or enter into the close proximity of the fire pit. Portable fire pits can be placed anywhere, and are sometimes placed in areas of high traffic, where persons, objects, and animals move about. Because portable fire pits are not necessarily built into surrounding structure, exterior surfaces of the fire pit are exposed, increasing the risk of contact with hot surfaces. Even if the fire pit is not contacted, the radiant heat from the fire pit can cause damage. An essential component of fire is oxygen. Without oxygen, fires cannot be maintained. As such, fire pits must allow for air intake. Barriers or obstructions placed on the ground surrounding the fire pit inhibit air intake.
- (4) Therefore, there is a need for fire pit barrier systems and methods that may reduce the chance of direct contact with fire pit surfaces without inhibiting functionality.

SUMMARY

- (5) The examples of the invention are summarized by the claims that follow the description.
- (6) Consistent with some examples, a fire pit barrier may comprise a frame couplable to a fire pit, the frame comprising: a top support, a bottom support spaced apart from the top support, and at least one connector extending between the top support and the bottom support, and a shield coupled to the frame, the shield being configured to cover an outer surface of the fire pit and reduce the likelihood of contact with the outer side of the fire pit.
- (7) In some examples, the fire pit barrier may further comprise at least one bracket extending radially inwardly from the frame, the at least one bracket being configured to hang the fire pit barrier from an edge of the fire pit. The fire pit barrier may further comprise at least one spacer extending inwardly to maintain space between the fire pit and the shield. A width of the at least one spacer may be less than a width of the at least one bracket such that the at least one spacer is not in contact with the fire pit when the fire pit barrier hangs from the fire pit in equilibrium.
- (8) In some examples, the fire pit barrier may be configured to allow air to flow past a bottom portion of the shield for intake into a lower portion of the fire pit. The shield may have an interior side and an exterior side spaced from the interior side in a manner forming a insulative gap. The at least one connector may define a plurality of holes that helps dissipate heat from the frame to an environment. The fire pit barrier may further comprise a grille positioned atop the frame, the grille may define a plurality of holes to dissipate heat from the frame to an environment, and the grille may be configured to protect the at least a portion of the shield from radiant heat, infrared heat, direct heat, or any combination thereof.
- (9) In some examples, the top support may include a plurality of top support members extending laterally between top portions of the at least one connector, and the bottom support may include a plurality of bottom support members extending laterally between bottom portions of the at least one connector. The shield may include a plurality of sections, each of the plurality of sections may be coupled to one of the top support members and one of the bottom support members, and the shield may be flexible and heat resistant.
- (10) Consistent with some examples, a fire pit system may comprise a fire pit having an upper portion, a lower portion, and an external surface forming a fire pit perimeter, and a fire pit barrier sized to extend about a permitter of the fire pit, the fire pit barrier comprising: a frame comprising a bracket extending from the fire pit barrier and couplable to the upper portion of the fire pit in manner causing the fire pit barrier to hang from the fire pit, and a shield supported by the frame and

disposed to be spaced apart from the external surface, the fire pit barrier configured to allow air to flow past a bottom portion of the shield for intake into the lower portion of the fire pit.

- (11) In some examples, the fire pit barrier may be further configured to cover an outer surface of the fire pit and inhibit heat transfer from the fire pit to an exterior side of the shield. The fire pit barrier may further comprise at least one bracket including a hook configured to hang the fire pit barrier from an edge of the upper portion of the fire pit. The shield may be spaced from the fire pit to maximize heat transfer from the fire pit to an environment and to minimize heat transfer from the fire pit to the shield.
- (12) In some examples, the shield may have an interior side spaced from an exterior side to minimize heat transfer from the interior side to the exterior side. The frame may define a plurality of holes to maximize heat transfer from the frame to an environment.
- (13) Consistent with some examples, a method may comprise: assembling a fire pit barrier by attaching a shield to a frame, the frame comprising: a top support, a bottom support, and connectors extending between the top support and the bottom support, and hanging the fire pit barrier from an edge of a fire pit using at least one bracket extending between the frame and the fire pit, the fire pit barrier configured to inhibit heat transfer from the fire pit to an exterior side of the shield.
- (14) In some examples, the method may further comprise intaking air into the fire pit to maintain a fire, the air flowing beneath the shield. The method may further comprise removing the fire pit barrier from the fire pit after the fire extinguishes. The at least one bracket may be positioned near the top support and extends inwardly from the frame, and at least one spacer may be positioned near the bottom support and extends inwardly from the frame.
- (15) Consistent with some examples, a fire pit barrier may comprise a frame having at least one connector extending configured to engage a fire pit in manner that suspends the frame from the fire pit, and a shield coupled to the frame, the shield configured to be spaced apart from and cover an outer surface of the fire pit in a manner inhibiting contact with the outer surface of the fire pit.

 (16) In some examples, the fire pit barrier may further comprise at least one bracket extending
- (16) In some examples, the fire pit barrier may further comprise at least one bracket extending radially inwardly from the frame, the at least one bracket being configured to hang the fire pit barrier from an edge of the fire pit. The fire pit barrier may further comprise at least one spacer extending inwardly from the frame or shield to maintain space between the fire pit and the shield.
- (17) In some examples, the frame may comprise a top support and a bottom support, the top support and the bottom support may be spaced apart, and the shield may be a fabric extending between the top support and the bottom support to cover the outer surface of the fire pit. The fabric may be a sleeve extending about both the top support and the bottom support.

Description

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

- (1) The accompanying drawings illustrate examples of systems, devices, and methods disclosed herein and together with the description, serve to explain the principles of the present disclosure.
- (2) FIG. **1** is a perspective view of a fire pit system, according to examples of the present disclosure.
- (3) FIG. **2** is a perspective view of a fire pit system showing a fire pit and a fire pit barrier, according to examples of the present disclosure.
- (4) FIG. **3** is a perspective view of a fire pit barrier, according to examples of the present disclosure.
- (5) FIG. **4** is a perspective view of a frame of a fire pit barrier according to examples of the present disclosure.
- (6) FIG. **5** is a perspective section view of a fire pit barrier, according to examples of the present disclosure.

- (7) FIG. **6** is a perspective section view of a portion of a fire pit barrier, according to examples of the present disclosure.
- (8) FIG. 7 is perspective section view of a portion of a fire pit barrier, according to examples of the present disclosure.
- (9) FIG. **8** is a side section view of a fire pit system, according to examples of the present disclosure.
- (10) FIG. **9** is a top section view of a fire pit system, according to examples of the present disclosure.
- (11) FIG. **10** is an illustrative method for comfortable use of a fire pit system without inhibiting functionality, according to examples of the present disclosure.
- (12) These Figures may be better understood by reference to the following Detailed Description. DETAILED DESCRIPTION
- (13) For the purpose of promoting an understanding of the principles of the present disclosure, reference will now be made to the examples illustrated in the drawings and specific language will be used to describe them. It will nevertheless be understood that no limitation of the scope of the disclosure is intended. Any alterations and further modifications to the described devices, instruments, methods, and any further application of the principles of the present disclosure are fully contemplated as would normally occur to one skilled in the art to which the disclosure relates. In addition, this disclosure describes some elements or features in detail with respect to one or more implementations or Figures, when those same elements or features appear in subsequent Figures, without such a high level of detail. It is fully contemplated that the features, components, and/or steps described with respect to one or more implementations or Figures may be combined with the features, components, and/or steps described with respect to other examples or Figures of the present disclosure. For simplicity, in some instances the same or similar reference numbers are used throughout the drawings to refer to the same or like parts.
- (14) The present disclosure contemplates a heat barrier for a fire pit and associated methods. The heat barrier may be disposed about outer surfaces of the fire pit and may reduce the likelihood of direct contact with the outer surfaces of the fire pit. The examples herein may provide advantages including, but not limited to: reducing the likelihood of contact between people, objects and animals and the fire pit, minimizing heat transfer from a fire pit to an exterior side of a fire pit barrier, minimizing heat transfer from an interior side of a fire pit barrier to an exterior side of the fire pit barrier, maintaining space between a fire pit barrier and a fire pit, maximizing heat transfer from a fire pit barrier to an environment, and providing a fire pit barrier that allows for air to be taken into a fire pit. All of these advantages as well as further advantages discussed herein enhance the comfort of fire pits without inhibiting functionality, among other things.
- (15) FIG. 1 shows a fire pit system 100 including a fire pit 102 and a fire pit barrier 104. In some examples, the fire pit 102 is a propane fire pit, a wood burning fire pit, a natural gas fire pit, or a gel fuel fire pit, among other types of fire pits. The fire pit 102 can be a portable fire pit as shown or can be a stationary fire pit. In some examples, the fire pit 102 is a smokeless fire pit in which two burns occur. A first burn of the fuel may occur towards a lower portion 800 (shown in FIG. 8) of the fire pit 102 and a second burn may occur towards an upper portion 802 (shown in FIG. 8), the second burn reducing the ashes, smoke, or residue produced by the first burn. In some examples, the fire pit 102 intakes air in the lower portion 800 through holes defined in the fire pit 102. The air may be sucked in from the surrounding environment. Accordingly, one advantage of the disclosure herein is to provide the fire pit 102 with a heat-resistant barrier that does not inhibit air intake. This aspect will be discussed further with respect to FIG. 8.
- (16) FIG. **1** shows the fire pit barrier **104** disposed about the fire pit **102** in a user configuration. FIG. **2** shows the fire pit barrier **104** ready to be introduced over or otherwise coupled to the fire pit **102**. When the fire pit barrier **104** is positioned over the fire pit **102** the fire pit barrier **104** can be slid over the fire pit **102** or otherwise placed around the fire pit in a manner that covers the sides of

the fire pit to place the first pit system in the use configuration. The fire pit barrier **104** may be assembled prior to being introduced over the fire pit **102**.

- (17) These Figures show the fire pit barrier **104** coupled to and suspended or hanging from an edge **106** or other surface or feature of the fire pit **102** by a plurality of brackets **108**. Although shown with four evenly spaced brackets **108**, some examples have more than four or fewer than four individual brackets **108**. Some examples have only one bracket **108** usable to hang the fire pit barrier **104** from the fire pit **102**. Hanging the fire pit barrier **104** from the fire pit **102** is not the only way in which the fire pit barrier **104** can be coupled to the fire pit **102**. The fire pit barrier **104** can be coupled in any other way. For example, the fire pit barrier **104** may be fastened, adhered, latched, or pressure fit to the fire pit **102**. This is a non-limiting list and all other conventional methods for attaching two items together are contemplated.
- (18) In some examples, the fire pit barrier **104** may surround the fire pit **102** on all permitter sides, to reduce the likelihood of contact with the fire pit **102**, including the covered side of the fire pit. In some examples, the fire pit system **100** is configured to minimize heat transfer from the fire pit to an exterior side of the fire pit barrier **104**. As shown, the fire pit barrier **104** may be coupled to the fire pit **102** in a manner such that the fire pit barrier **104** is spaced from the fire pit **102**. The space, illustrated by arrows **110** between the fire pit **102** and the fire pit barrier **104** acts as insulation or an insulative air gap, helping regulate (e.g., reduce the likelihood of) the fire pit barrier **104** from getting overly hot. The space or gap between the fire pit wall and the fire pit barrier **104** permits heat which radiates from the fire pit **102** to escape downwards or upwards to the environment, rather than being transferred to the fire pit barrier **104**. These and other aspects of the disclosure enhance the comfort, usability, and functionality of the fire pit.
- (19) FIG. 3 shows the fire pit barrier 104, alone. In some examples, the fire pit barrier 104 may include a frame 300 and a shield 302. The frame 300 may provide structural support for the shield 302, maintaining the relationship between the fire pit 102 and the fire pit barrier 104, when coupled. Further details about the frame 300 will be discussed below with respect to FIG. 4. (20) The shield 302 is carried by the frame 300 and protects the fire pit 102 and reduces the chance of people, objects, and animals from coming into contact with a hot surface of the fire pit 102. The shield 302 also helps reduce the chance of other items from getting too close to the fire pit 102. In some examples, as shown, the shield 302 may include a plurality of sections 302a, 302b, 302c, 302d may be coupled to a section of the frame 300. For example, the plurality of sections 302a, 302b, 302c, 302d may be coupled to a section of the frame 300. For example, the plurality of sections 302a, 302b, 302c, 302d of the shield 302 may couple with the sections 400a, 400b, 400c, 400d of a top support 400 of the frame 300 and/or couple with sections 402a, 402b, 402c, and 402d of a bottom support 402 of the frame 300. (shown in FIG. 4). The shield 302 may have any number of sections. Each section of the shield 302 may be in the shape of a sleeve having two openings through which the top support 400 and the bottom support 402 can extend through.
- (21) The shield **302** may be made of any material, including heat-resistant materials. In some examples, the shield **302** is flexible or semi-flexible, which decreases the weight and size of the fire pit barrier **104**. When the shield **302** is a flexible material the fire pit barrier **104** can be shipped in smaller packages, decreasing costs of production and shipping. If the shield **302** is a flexible material, the frame **300** may hold the shield **302** taught or tight. When the frame **300** causes the shield **302** to remain taught, the shield **302** may be more resistant to external forces. In some examples, the shield **302** may be a fabric, cloth, or any other thin material.
- (22) The brackets **108** of the fire pit barrier **104** may be part of or separable from the frame **300**. The brackets **108** may include a hook, clasp, interface surface, or other mechanism that attaches the fire pit barrier **104** to the fire pit **102**. The hook is configured to hang the fire pit barrier **104** from the edge **106** of the fire pit **102**. The brackets **108** will be discussed further below with respect to FIG. **6**. In this implementation, the brackets **108** are disposed to extend from an upper portion of the barrier radially inwardly toward the fire pit. They may be secured to the top support **400**, a

- connector **404**, or otherwise secured thereto. The fire pit barrier **104** may also include one or more spacers **303**. The spacers **303** extend inwardly towards the fire pit **102** to maintain space between the fire pit **102** and the shield **302**. The spacers **303** may be part of or separable from the frame **300**. The spacers **303** will be discussed further below with respect to FIG. **7**.
- (23) The fire pit barrier **104** may also include a grille **304**. The grille **304** may be part of or separable from the frame **300**. In some examples, the grille **304** is positioned atop the frame **300**, enclosing the top part of the frame **300**. The grille **304** may function as a cap, covering and enclosing portions of the fire pit barrier **104** including the top support **400**, the connectors **404**, the brackets **108**, and the shield **302**. The grille **304** may be aesthetically pleasing and may provide further strength to the fire pit barrier **104**. In some examples, the grille **304** defines a plurality of holes **306** to maximize heat transfer from the fire pit barrier **104** to the environment. It is advantageous that the grille **304** dissipates heat to the environment so that the grille **304** maintains a reasonable temperature. Furthermore, the holes in the grille **304** make the grille lighter and reduce material costs.
- (24) The grille **304** may also protect the shield **302** from damage caused by radiant heat, infrared heat, and direct heat contact, and minimizes the temperature of the shield **302**. As heat is push upwards and/or outwards from the fire pit **102**, some heat may flow towards the shield **302**. For example, heat may pass over and downwards around the edge **106** of the fire pit **102** and towards the shield **302**. Because the grille **304** is positioned atop the frame **300** and around portions of the shield **302**, the grille **304** re-directs the heat away from all or portions the shield **302**. In some examples, where the fire pit **102** is used in windy conditions, flames may curve around the edge **106** towards the shield **302**. Similar to the prevention of radiant and infrared heat, the grille **304** is configured obstruct contact between the flames and the shield **302** (e.g., the upper edge). The shape and size of the grille **304** allows the grille **304** to cover and protect a plurality of sides (e.g., exterior, interior, top) of the shield **302** simultaneously. In this way, the shield **302** remains structurally sound and does not get overly hot.
- (25) FIG. **4** shows the frame **300** independent of the shield **302**. The frame **300** may be made of metal or any rigid or semi-rigid material. For example, the frame **300** may be made of a heat-resistant plastic or a heat-resistant metal, among other things. The frame **300** may include the top support **400**, the bottom support **402**, and the connectors **404** that may extend between the top support **400** and the bottom support **402**. The connector **404** may connect the top support **400** and the bottom support **402** directly or indirectly. In the implementation shown, the top support **400** and the bottom support **402** are horizontal bars and the connector **404** is a more vertical bar.
- (26) As shown in this example in FIGS. **4** and **5**, the top support **400** and the bottom support **402** form circumferences at upper and lower portions of the fire pit barrier **104**. The top support **400** may be formed of a plurality of top support members **400***a*, **400***b*, **400***c*, **400***d* each extending laterally between top portions of the connectors **404**. The bottom support **402** may be formed of a plurality of bottom support members **402***a*, **402***b*, **402***c*, **402***d* each extending laterally between bottom portions of the connectors **404**. The top support **400** may provide structural rigidity to a top portion of the frame **300** and the bottom support **402** may provide structural rigidity to a bottom portion of the frame **300**.
- (27) In some examples, as shown in FIG. **5**, the top support **400** and the bottom support **402** may be one or more hollow and curved tubes. When coupled, the top support members **400***a*, **400***b*, **400***c*, **400***d* and bottom support members **402***a*, **402***b*, **402***c*, **402***d* form circumferences of the fire pit barrier **104**. In some examples the circumference may be circular, ovular, square, rectangular, triangular, or any other shape. The top support **400** and the bottom support **402** may be coupled or fastened to the connectors **404** and/or the brackets **108** and the spacers **303**.
- (28) FIG. **5** shows a perspective section view of the fire pit barrier **104**. The section view allows for visualization of inner portions of the fire pit barrier **104** not otherwise seen from the outside. For example, the top support **400** and the bottom support **402** are shown disposed within the shield **302**.

- To that end, in this example, the shield is a flexible sleeve that may be slid or otherwise introduced over the top support **400** and the bottom support **402**. The shield **302** may be a stretchable material having elastic properties that enable to stretch to encompass both the top support **400** and the bottom support **402**, while remaining taut for a clean, smooth appearance.
- (29) In some examples, the one or more connectors **404** define a plurality of holes **506** to maximize heat from the fire pit barrier **104** to the environment. The holes **506** may be positioned in portions or all of the connectors **404**. The holes **506** may assist with temperature control of the connectors **404** by allowing the connectors **404** and other portions of the frame **300** to release heat into the environment. Holes similar to the holes **306** and **506** may be positioned in other portions of the fire pit barrier **104** or the fire pit **102** to assist with temperature control of the fire pit system **100**. For example, in some examples, the shield **302** may include holes that help to dissipate heat.
- (30) FIG. **6** shows a section view at a connection point of a top portion of the fire pit barrier **104**. At this example connection point, two of the top support members **400***a*, **400***b*, **400***c*, **400***d* of the top support **400** are fastened to the connector **404** by fasteners **600**. The grille **304** is also fastened to the connector **404** by a fastener **602**. The fasteners may be screws or bolts or other fasteners. The bracket **108** extends inwardly from this connection point.
- (31) In some examples, the bracket **108** includes a hook **606**. The hook **606** may be configured to suspend or otherwise hang the fire pit barrier **104** from the edge **106** of the fire pit **102**. In some examples, the hook **606** may hang from some other protruding feature of the fire pit **102**. For example, the fire pit **102** may have a plurality of features that correspond to the plurality of brackets **108**. Sometimes, multiple hooks **606** may be used at different and opposing connection points of the frame **300**. The hook **606** need not be hung from the upper portion **802** of the fire pit **102** as shown. The hook **606** can connect to the bottom portion **800** of the fire pit **102** such that the bracket **108** holds the fire pit barrier **104** up from underneath. This may be desired to hide the brackets **108** from plain view.
- (32) The hook or other mechanism **606** used for coupling the fire pit barrier **104** to the fire pit **102** may be configured differently than shown. For example, the hook **606** may not include a curved portion. Rather, the curved portion of the hook **606** could be a flat surface which is laid on top of a portion of the fire pit **102**. The mechanism **606** may of any shape or width. The hook **606** may be curved along a longitudinal axis of the hook to correspond to a curved edge or lip of the fire pit barrier **104**. When more than one bracket **108** is used, the mechanism **606** could be any tab or extension extending inwardly that rests against the fire pit **102** to suspend the fire pit barrier **104** and keep it from falling downwards. Together, the mechanisms **606** could suspend the fire pit barrier **104** without including a hook.
- (33) Structurally, the bracket 108 may also include a resting portion 608 and a spacing portion 610. The spacing portion 610 may extend laterally away from the connector 404 and towards the fire pit 102 to space the fire pit barrier 104 from the fire pit 102. The spacing portion 610 may be of any dimension. The larger the dimension of the spacing portion 610, the larger the amount of insulating spacing there will be between the fire pit 102 and the fire pit barrier 104 when the fire pit system 100 is assembled. The resting portion 608 may be oriented substantially vertically or at an angle with respect to the spacing portion, even though it forms a part of the radially extending bracket 108. The resting portion 608 may have an inner surface and at least a portion of the inner surface may be configured to rest against a side of the fire pit 102 when the fire pit barrier 104 is coupled to the fire pit 102. The resting portion 608 may act to reduce the likelihood of the bottom portion of the fire pit barrier 104 from swinging inwardly towards the fire pit 102, thereby maintaining the space between the fire pit 102 and the fire pit barrier 104.
- (34) In some examples, the bracket **108** defines an access hole **612**. The access hole **612** may facilitate assembly of the fire pit barrier **104**. Particularly, one may fasten the grille **304** to the connector **404** by extending a tool through the access hole **612** to tighten the fastener **602**. Accordingly, the access hole is aligned with the fastener **602**. Some bracket implementations are

nearly completely horizontal and extend radially inward to rigidly rest on the top of the fire pit. Other bracket implementations comprise a hook that hangs over the inner wall toward the combustion chamber. Other bracket implementations merely rest on a portion of the top of the fire pit. Yet others are also contemplated.

- (35) FIG. **6** also shows the top support member **400***b* of the top support **400**. The top support member **400***b* and **400***c* (hidden by shield **202**) are attached to the connector **404** by fasteners **600**. Even though the fasteners **600** and are shown as connecting the top support members **400***b*, **400***c* to the connector **404**, it is understood that any components described herein could be welded together. opposing end (not shown) of the top support members **400***b*, **400***c* are also connected to different connectors **404**. In some examples, the top support **400** may be hollow. The cross section of the top support members (e.g., 400b) may be rectangular as shown, circular, or any other shape. The hollow nature of the top support **400** reduces the weight of the fire pit barrier **104**, but also furthers the goal of reducing heat transfer. An inner side **614** is spaced from an outer side **616**, as shown by arrows **618**. Because the inner side **614** of the top support **400** is spaced from the outer side **616**, the gas within the top support **400** will transfer heat at a slower rate than if the component was solid. Any component of the fire pit barrier **104**, including the top support **400** and the bottom support **402**, may be filled with a gas or all the gas may be sucked from the internal volume, thereby slowing heat transfer. Known methods for evacuating air from a component are contemplated. The spacing between the inner side **614** and the outer side **616** may also act to form a gap between opposing sides of the shield **302**.
- (36) The shield 302 may have an interior side 620 spaced from an exterior side 622 as shown by arrows 624. The spacing between the two sides of the shield minimizes heat transfer from the interior side 620 to the exterior side 622. Even if the fire pit 102 were to warm the interior side 620, only limited heat would be passed to the exterior side 622 because the air or other gas between the two sides serves as an insulating gap. Furthermore, the shield 302 may be made of any material that does not absorb or conduct heat. In some examples, the shield 302 or sections of the shield 302 may be a single piece of material, such as a sleeve as mentioned previously. In some examples, the shield 302 or sections of the shield 302 may be formed of multiple pieces of material. In some examples, the shield 302 is formed of two pieces of material attached together to form a sleeve so that the interior side 620 is formed of a first material, and the exterior side 622 is formed of a second, different material. In some examples, one of the interior side 620 and the exterior side 622 is formed of a pre-oxidized fiber. Other material make-ups are contemplated. Some implementations contemplate fabrics, such as those discussed herein are flame resistant and will provide good protection against inadvertent contact with the sides of the fire pit.
- (37) In some implementations, such as when the shield **302** is formed of a sleeve, the shield **302** may wrap around the top support member of the top support **400** while also being wrapped around the bottom support member of the bottom support **402**. During assembly of the fire pit barrier **104**, the bottom support member may be inserted into one opening in the shield **302** and passed out another opening, thereby coupling the shield **302** to the frame. Similarly, when the frame **300** includes the bottom support **402**, one of the plurality of bottom support members may be inserted into one opening in the shield **302** and passed out another opening, thereby coupling the shield **302** to the bottom support **402** of the frame **300**. Other shield implementations are only a single layer attached to and extending between the top frame and the bottom frame.
- (38) Although this disclosure only shows the frame having the top support **400** and the bottom support **402**, the frame **300** can include other circumferentially-extending support members as well. For example, a middle support could be positioned between the top support **400** and the bottom support **402**. The middle support may help to maintain the spacing between the interior side **620** and the exterior side **622** of the shield **302** in a middle portion of the fire pit barrier **104**. However, the middle support may not be needed if the shield **302** is held tightly between the top support **400**

- and the bottom support **402**.
- (39) In some examples the shield **302** or sections of the shield **302** are not formed by a single piece of material. For example, the interior side **620** may be separate from the exterior side. The interior side **620** may be coupled to the inner side **614** of the top support **400** while the exterior side **622** is coupled to the outer side **616** of the top support **400**.
- (40) FIG. **7** shows a section view at a connection point of a bottom portion of the fire pit barrier **104**. At this example connection point, at least one bottom support member (e.g., **402***a*) of the bottom support **402** is fastened to the connector **404** by a fastener **700**. Also shown positioned near the bottom support **402** is the spacer **303**, which is extending inwardly from the connector **404** of the frame **300**. In some examples, the spacers **303** extend radially inwardly from the bottom support **402** or the connectors **404** near the bottom support **402**. As is apparent from a review of the Figures herein, the spacers **303** project radially inwardly a distance smaller than the brackets **108** extend radially inwardly. Thus, the spacers **303** may be disposed adjacent to the outer surfaces of the fire pit, while the brackets **108** extend radially inward beyond the outer surface of the first pit to a location directly above a portion of the fire pit.
- (41) The spacer **303** may include a stopping portion **702** and a spacing portion **704**. The spacing portion **704** may extend laterally away from the connector **404** and towards the fire pit **102** to space the fire pit barrier **104** from the fire pit **102**. The spacing portion **704** may be of any dimension. The larger the dimension of the spacing portion **704**, the larger the amount of insulating spacing there will be between the fire pit **102** and the fire pit barrier **104** when the fire pit system **100** is assembled.
- (42) The stopping portion **702** may be oriented substantially vertically with respect to the spacing portion **704**. The stopping portion **702** may have an inner surface and at least a portion of the inner surface may be configured to stop the fire pit barrier **104** from contacting a side of the fire pit **102**. The stopping portion **702** may help block the bottom portion of the fire pit barrier **104** from swinging inwardly towards the fire pit **102**, thereby maintaining the space between the fire pit **102** and the fire pit barrier **104**.
- (43) In some examples, a width W1 of the spacing portion 704 of the spacer 303 may be less than a width W2 (shown in FIG. 6) of the spacing portion 610 of the bracket 108. When the width W1 is less than the width W2, the spacer 303 does not contact the fire pit 102 when the fire pit barrier 104 hangs in equilibrium. The spacer 303 acts as a stopper, only contacting the fire pit 102 when the fire pit barrier 104 is pushed from the outside towards the fire pit 102. Because the spacer 303 is not in contact with the fire pit 102 at all times, heat cannot move directly from a surface of the fire pit 102 to the spacer 303.
- (44) In some examples, the width W1 of the spacing portion **704** of the spacer **303** can be the same as or larger than the width W2 of the spacing portion **610** of the bracket **108**. When the widths W1 and W2 are the same or substantially the same, the spacer **303** may be in constant contact with the fire pit **102**. In these examples, the distance between the fire pit **102** and the fire pit barrier **104** remains constant, as the fire pit barrier **104** is unable to rotate or pivot at the point where the hook **606** is in contact with the edge **106**.
- (45) The stopping portion **702** may also include a stopper **706**. The stopper **706** may be made of a polymeric material to minimize the sound made when the stopping portion **702** makes contact with the fire pit **102**. The stopper **706** may be made of any material. As shown, the stopper **706** may extend through a hole defined by the stopping portion **702**. In other examples, the stopper **706** may be adhered or fixed to the inner side of the stopping portion **702**.
- (46) FIG. **7** also shows a section view of one of the bottom support members (e.g., **402***a*) of the bottom support **402**. The bottom support member **402***b* is welded to the connector **404**. Another of the bottom support members **402***c* (hidden by the shield **302**) is attached to the connector **404** by the fastener **700**. In some examples, portions of the frame **200** may be welded together prior to shipping the product to a customer, while other portions of the frame **200** are assembled after the

product is shipped. This can help to minimize packaging and shipping costs. For example, as shown, one of the bottom support members **402***b* is welded to the connector **404** while another of the bottom support members **402***c* is fastened to the connector **404** by the fastener **700**. Sometimes, bottom support members **402***b*, **402***c* are welded to the connector **404** and sometimes both bottom support members **402***b*, **402***c* are separable from and can be fastened to the connector **404** using other methods.

- (47) Opposing ends (not shown) of the bottom support members **402***b*, **402***c* are connected to different connectors **404**. In some examples, the bottom support **402** may be hollow. The cross section of the bottom support member **402***b* may be rectangular as shown, circular, or any other shape. The hollow nature of the bottom support **402** reduces the weight of the fire pit barrier **104**, but also furthers the goal of reducing heat transfer. An inner side **708** of the bottom support member **402***b* is spaced from an outer side **710**, as shown by arrows **712**. Because the inner side **708** is spaced from the outer side **710**, the gas within the bottom support **402** will transfer heat at a slower rate than if the component was solid. The spacing between the inner side **708** and the outer side **710** may also act to form the gap between opposing sides of the shield **302**.
- (48) Like the top portion of the shield, the bottom portion of the shield **302** may have the interior side **620** spaced from the exterior side **622** as shown by the arrows **624**. As with the top portion of the shield, the spacing between the two sides of the shield at the bottom portion minimizes heat transfer from the interior side **620** to the exterior side **622**. Even if the fire pit **102** were to warm the interior side **620**, that heat is not passed to the exterior side **622** because the of the air or other gas between the two sides.
- (49) FIG. **8** shows a section view of the fire pit system **100**. The fire pit **102** includes a hollow wall **812** defining an upwardly open combustion cavity **814** therein. The hollow wall **812** includes an outer sidewall **816**, an inner sidewall **818**, a top surface **820** connecting or otherwise extending over the outer sidewall **816** and the inner sidewall **818**. In this implementation, the top surface **820** includes a lip **822** projecting upward. Here, the hook **606** of the bracket **108** attaches to the top surface **820** of the hollow wall by attaching to the lip **822**. However, the bracket **108** may attach to the top surface or otherwise be hung or suspended in any of a variety of manners.
- (50) The section view in FIG. **8** shows the spacing between the fire pit **102** and the fire pit barrier **104**. For the reasons and structure of the fire pit barrier **104** described above, the fire pit barrier **104** is not in contact with the fire pit **102**, which may reduce the likelihood of external objects coming into contact with a perimeter portion of the fire pit **102**. Importantly, the space, shown by arrows **804** between the fire pit **102** and the fire pit barrier **104** minimizes heat transfer from the fire pit **102** to the fire pit barrier **104**. The air and gas which is present in the space acts as a form of insulation, helping control the temperature of the fire pit barrier **104**. As the fire pit **102** emits heat, the heat is able to escape through the space between the fire pit **102** and the fire pit barrier **104** into the environment, as shown by heat flow path **806**.
- (51) In some examples, the fire pit 102 defines a plurality of holes 808 in the lower portion 800. The plurality of holes 808 facilitate air intake, supplying oxygen to the fire, as shown by an airflow path 810. An advantage provided by the fire pit system 100 described herein is that the fire pit barrier 104 does not inhibit the functionality of the holes 808. In this way, the fire pit barrier 104 does not stop air from traveling along the airflow path 810 beneath the shield 302 for intake into the lower portion 800 of the fire pit 102. To accomplish this, the height of the fire pit barrier 104 may be smaller than the height of the fire pit 102. Thus, as can be seen, a lower edge 824 of the barrier is at an elevation above the intake holes 808. Furthermore, because the brackets 108 allow the fire pit barrier to be coupled to or hung from the edge 106, the fire pit barrier 104 may not come into contact with the surface upon which the fire pit 102 is positioned.
- (52) FIG. **9** is a top section view of the fire pit system **100**. The section view is taken from the viewpoint indicated by arrows **900** (shown in FIG. **8**). This view clearly shows the spacing between the fire pit **102** and the fire pit barrier **104** when the fire pit barrier **104** is coupled to and hanging

from the fire pit **102**. The spacing is indicated by the arrows **804**.

- (53) This view also shows the spacing between the spacers **303** and the sides of the fire pit **102**. This spacing may be present when the width W1 (see FIG. 7) of the spacing portion **704** is less than the width W2 (see FIG. 6) of the spacing portion **610**. This gap or space **902** may be of varying dimensions, depending on the fire pit system **100**.
- (54) FIG. **10** shows an example of a method **1000** for enhancing the comfort of a fire pit, without inhibiting functionality. While FIG. **10** shows illustrative operations according to one example, other examples may omit, add to, reorder, and/or modify any of the operations shown in FIG. **10**. Furthermore, other methods may incorporate other principles and aspects described throughout this disclosure.
- (55) A process **1002**, in some examples, includes assembling the fire pit barrier **104**. Assembling the fire pit barrier may include fastening components of the frame **300** together. Furthermore, assembling may include attaching the shield **302** to the frame **300**. The connectors **404** may extend between the top support **400** and the bottom support **402**. During assembly of the fire pit barrier **104**, the bottom support members may be inserted into openings in the sections of the shield **302**, thereby coupling the shield **302** to the frame. Similarly, when the frame **300** includes the bottom support **402**, the bottom support members may be inserted into openings in the section so the shield **302**, thereby coupling the shield **302** to the bottom support **402** of the frame **300**.
- (56) A process **1004**, in some examples, includes hanging the fire pit barrier **104** from the edge **106** or another lip, surface, or feature of the fire pit **102**. The process **1004** does not require that the fire pit barrier **104** be hung from the fire pit **102**. Rather, the fire pit barrier can be attached, rather than hung, by other methods including fastening, coupling, adhering, etc. In some examples, the fire pit barrier **104** is hung from the fire pit **102** using the one or more brackets **108** coupled to the frame **300**. The bracket **108** may have a hook. By attaching the fire pit barrier **104** to the fire pit **102**, the fire pit barrier **104** is spaced from the fire pit **102** to reduce the likelihood people, objects, or animals from contacting the fire pit **102**. In some examples, the fire pit barrier **104** is configured to minimize heat transfer from the fire pit **102** to the exterior side **622** of the shield.
- (57) A process **1006**, in some examples, includes intaking air into the fire pit **102** to maintain a fire within the fire pit **102**. The air which is taken into the fire pit **102** may flow beneath the shield **302** and into the plurality of holes **808** defined in the bottom portion of the fire pit **102**. An advantage of the fire pit barriers **104** described herein is that they can minimize the dangers that fire pits present while allowing the fire pit **102** to function efficiently. In this way, the fire pit **102** is still able to intake air and operate at high temperatures for the purpose of reducing smoke, among other purposes, while the fire pit barrier **104** still reduces the likelihood of contact with the hot surfaces. (58) A process **1008**, in some examples, includes removing the fire pit barrier **104** from the fire pit **102** after the fire in the fire pit **102** extinguishes. An advantage of the design of the fire pit systems **100** described herein is that no tools or separable components may be required to install the fire pit barrier **104** on the fire pit **102**. For example, one can hang the fire pit barrier **104** from the fire pit **102** simply by aligning the hook **606** of the bracket **108** with the edge **106**. Removing the fire pit barrier **104** may be just as simple, and also may not require any tools or separable components. It is also contemplated that a handheld tool may be used to hang and remove the fire pit barrier **104** from the fire pit **102**. Using a handheld tool may further increase the comfort of the fire pit system **100** and may allow one to remove the fire pit barrier **104** even while the fire pit **102** is still hot. (59) A process **1010**, in some examples, includes disassembling the fire pit barrier. The process for disassembly may be a reversal of the steps described herein with respect to assembling the fire pit barrier **104**. Disassembly may allow for convenient storage or washing of the fire pit barrier **104**. (60) As shown, the fire pit 102 may be cylindrical and the fire pit barrier 104 may be correspondingly cylindrical. However, the disclosure herein is also applicable to fire pits of other

shapes. For example, the fire pit **102** may be square or rectangular, among other shapes. Furthermore, the fire pit barrier **104** need not correspond to the shape of the fire pit **102**. For

example, a cylindrical fire pit could be protected by a square shaped fire pit barrier. Furthermore, although the fire pit **102** is a portable fire pit, the examples described herein apply to any other type of fire pit as well.

- (61) The methods and operations described above can be applied to the fire pit systems 100 as described herein. All of the features of the fire pit systems 100 may be applicable to the method 1000 and may enhance or add additional process to the method 1000. If the processes applied to the fire pit system 100, one can expect to benefit from many advantages including, but not limited to: reducing the likelihood of contact between people, objects and animals and the fire pit 102, minimizing heat transfer from the fire pit 102 to the exterior side 622 of the fire pit barrier 104, minimizing heat transfer from the interior side 620 of the fire pit barrier 104 to the exterior side 622 of the fire pit barrier 104, maintaining space between the fire pit barrier 104 and the fire pit 102, maximizing heat transfer from the fire pit barrier 104 to the environment, and providing the fire pit barrier 104 that allows for air to be taken into the fire pit 102. All of these advantages as well as further advantages discussed herein enhance the comfort of fire pits without inhibiting functionality, among other things.
- (62) The methods described herein are illustrated as a set of operations or processes. Not all of the illustrated processes may be performed in all examples of the methods. Additionally, one or more processes that are not expressly illustrated or described may be included before, after, in between, or as part of the example processes. In some examples, one or more of the processes may be performed by a controller and/or may be implemented, at least in part, in the form of executable code stored on non-transitory, tangible, computer or machine-readable media that when run by one or more processors may cause the one or more processors to perform one, some, or all of the processes described in relation to the methods herein. Elements illustrated in block diagrams herein may be implemented with hardware, software, firmware, or any combination thereof. One block element being illustrated separate from another block element does not necessarily require that the functions performed by each separate element requires distinct hardware or software but rather they are illustrated separately for the sake of description.
- (63) In some instances, well-known methods, procedures, and components have not been described in detail so as not to unnecessarily obscure aspects of the examples. While certain exemplary examples of the present disclosure have been described and shown in the accompanying drawings, it is to be understood that such examples are merely illustrative of and not restrictive on the broad disclosure herein, and that the examples of the present disclosure should not be limited to the specific constructions and arrangements shown and described, since various other modifications may occur to those ordinarily skilled in the art.

Claims

- 1. A fire pit barrier comprising: a frame removably couplable to a fire pit, the frame comprising: a top support; a bottom support spaced apart from the top support; and at least one connector extending between the top support and the bottom support; and a shield coupled to the frame, the shield being configured to cover an outer surface of the fire pit.
- 2. The fire pit barrier of claim 1, further comprising at least one bracket extending radially inwardly from the frame, the at least one bracket being configured to hang the fire pit barrier from an edge of the fire pit.
- 3. The fire pit barrier of claim 2, further comprising at least one spacer extending inwardly to maintain space between the fire pit and the shield.
- 4. The fire pit barrier of claim 3, wherein a width of the at least one spacer is less than a width of the at least one bracket such that the at least one spacer is not in contact with the fire pit when the fire pit barrier hangs from the fire pit in equilibrium.
- 5. The fire pit barrier of claim 1, wherein the fire pit barrier is configured to allow air to flow past a

bottom portion of the shield for intake into a lower portion of the fire pit.

- 6. The fire pit barrier of claim 1, wherein the shield has an interior side and an exterior side spaced from the interior side in a manner forming an insulative gap.
- 7. The fire pit barrier of claim 1, wherein a plurality of holes extending through the at least one connector dissipate heat from the frame to an environment radially outward of the shield.
- 8. The fire pit barrier of claim 1, further comprising a grille positioned atop the frame, wherein the grille defines a plurality of holes to dissipate heat from the frame to an environment radially outward of the shield, and wherein the grille is configured to protect the at least a portion of the shield from radiant heat, infrared heat, direct heat, or any combination thereof.
- 9. A fire pit barrier comprising: a frame couplable to a fire pit, the frame comprising: a top support; a bottom support spaced apart from the top support; and at least one connector extending between the top support and the bottom support; and a shield coupled to the frame, the shield being configured to cover an outer surface of the fire pit and reduce the likelihood of contact with the outer surface of the fire pit, wherein the top support includes a plurality of top support members extending laterally between top portions of the at least one connector, and wherein the bottom support includes a plurality of bottom support members extending laterally between bottom portions of the at least one connector.
- 10. The fire pit barrier of claim 9, wherein the shield includes a plurality of sections, each of the plurality of sections coupled to one of the top support members and one of the bottom support members, and wherein the shield is flexible and heat resistant.
- 11. A fire pit system comprising: a fire pit having an upper portion, a lower portion, and an external surface forming a fire pit perimeter; and a fire pit barrier sized to extend about the fire pit perimeter, the fire pit barrier comprising: a frame comprising a bracket extending from the fire pit barrier and removably couplable to the upper portion of the fire pit in a manner causing the fire pit barrier to removably hang from the fire pit; and a shield supported by the frame and disposed to be spaced apart from the external surface.
- 12. The fire pit system of claim 11, wherein the fire pit barrier is further configured to cover an outer surface of the fire pit and allow air to flow past a bottom portion of the shield for intake into the lower portion of the fire pit.
- 13. The fire pit system of claim 11, wherein the fire pit barrier further comprises at least one bracket including a hook configured to hang the fire pit barrier from an edge of the upper portion of the fire pit.
- 14. The fire pit system of claim 11, wherein the shield is spaced from the fire pit to maximize heat transfer from the fire pit to an environment vertically above the fire pit barrier and to minimize heat transfer from the fire pit to the shield.
- 15. The fire pit system of claim 11, wherein the shield has an interior side spaced from an exterior side to minimize heat transfer from the interior side to the exterior side.
- 16. The fire pit system of claim 11, wherein a plurality of holes extending through the frame dissipate heat from the frame to an environment radially outward of the shield.
- 17. The fire pit system of claim 11, wherein the fire pit barrier is configured to rest on the fire pit for unconstrained removal from the fire pit.
- 18. A method comprising: assembling a fire pit barrier by attaching a shield to a frame, the frame comprising: a top support; a bottom support; and connectors extending between the top support and the bottom support; hanging the fire pit barrier from an edge of a fire pit using at least one bracket extending between the frame and the fire pit, the fire pit barrier configured to inhibit heat transfer from the fire pit to an environment radially outward of the shield; and removing the fire pit barrier from the fire pit after a fire extinguishes.
- 19. The method of claim 18, further comprising intaking air into the fire pit to maintain the fire, the air flowing beneath the shield.
- 20. The method of claim 18, wherein the at least one bracket is positioned near the top support and

extends inwardly from the frame, and wherein at least one spacer is positioned near the bottom support and extends inwardly from the frame.

- 21. A fire pit barrier comprising: a frame having at least one connector configured to engage a fire pit in manner that removably suspends the frame from the fire pit; and a shield coupled to the frame, wherein the shield is made of a non-metallic material, and wherein an interior side of the shield is spaced apart from an outer surface of the fire pit.
- 22. The fire pit barrier of claim 21, further comprising at least one bracket extending radially inwardly from the frame, the at least one bracket being configured to hang the fire pit barrier from an edge of the fire pit.
- 23. The fire pit barrier of claim 22, further comprising at least one spacer extending inwardly from the frame or shield to maintain space between the fire pit and the shield.
- 24. The fire pit barrier of claim 21, wherein the frame comprises a top support and a bottom support, the top support and the bottom support being spaced apart, wherein the shield is a fabric extending between the top support and the bottom support to cover the outer surface of the fire pit. 25. The fire pit barrier of claim 24, wherein the fabric is a sleeve extending about both the top support and the bottom support.