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### REFRIGERATOR

#### Abstract

A refrigerator includes a cabinet having a storage space and a door to open and close the storage space. The door includes a panel assembly including a front panel, a door frame connected to the panel assembly, a door liner connected to the panel assembly and the door frame and to define an insulating space, in which an insulator is disposed, together with the panel assembly and the door frame, and a sensor module installed on the door frame to sense a knock input applied to the front panel. The door frame includes a front wall that is in contact with the front panel and a rear wall spaced apart from the front wall and configured to define an accommodation space, in which the sensor module is accommodated, together with the front wall.

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# **Background/Summary**

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS [0001] This application is a continuation of U.S. application Ser. No. 18/628,277, filed on Apr. 5, 2024, which is a continuation of U.S. application Ser. No. 17/368,025, filed on Jul. 6, 2021, now U.S. Pat. No. 11,988,442, which claims priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 to Korean Patent Application No. 10-2020-0082767, filed in Korea on Jul. 6, 2020, whose entire disclosures are hereby incorporated by reference.

## **BACKGROUND**

[0002] This specification relates to a refrigerator.

[0003] In general, refrigerators are home appliances for storing foods at low temperature in an inner storage space covered by a refrigerator door. Here, the inside of the storage space is cooled using cool air that is generated by being heat-exchanged with a refrigerant circulated in a refrigeration cycle to store the foods in an optimal state.

[0004] The refrigerator may be independently placed in a kitchen or living room or may be accommodated in a space defined by a furniture cabinet or a wall of the kitchen.

[0005] The refrigerator tends to increase in size more and more, and multi-functions are provided to the refrigerator as dietary life changes and pursues high quality, and accordingly, refrigerators of various structures in consideration of user convenience are, brought to the market.

[0006] A refrigerator is disclosed in Korean Patent Publication No. 10-2017-0082095 (published on Jul. 13, 2017), which is a prior document.

[0007] The refrigerator includes a cabinet defining a storage space, a main door which opens and closes the storage space and in which an opening communicating with the storage space is defined, a sub door mounted rotatably on the main door and opening to open and close the opening, a panel assembly provided on the sub door so that the inside of the opening is selectively visible, a knock sensing device disposed on a rear surface of the panel assembly to sense user's knock manipulation of the panel assembly, and a door lighting unit provided above the panel assembly and turned on and off by the knock sensing device to illuminate an inner space of the opening so that the panel assembly is selectively transparent.

[0008] The sub door includes an outer plate made of a metal plate to define an outer appearance of the sub door and having a panel mounting hole, in which the panel assembly is mounted, a door liner spaced apart from the outer plate to define a circumference of a rear surface of the sub door and defining a space, in which an insulator is filled, outside the panel assembly, an upper cap decor coupled to upper ends of the outer plate and the door liner to define a top surface of the sub door; and a lower cap decor coupled to lower ends of the outer plate and the door liner to define a bottom surface of the sub door.

[0009] The panel assembly includes a front panel disposed in the panel mounting hole, a plurality of insulating panels spaced apart from the front panel and made of transparent tempered glass, and a spacing rod provided between the front panel, the insulating panel, the plurality of insulating

panels so that the front panel, the insulating panel, and the plurality of insulating panels are spaced apart from each other and sealed therebetween.

[0010] The panel mounting hole is substantially defined to face an opening of the main door, and the knock sensing device is in contact with the rear surface of the front panel disposed in the panel mounting hole. The knock sensing device includes a microphone module that is in contact with the rear surface of the front panel to receive a sound wave generated by vibration during a knock transmitted through the front panel.

[0011] In the case of the prior art document, the knock sensing device is in contact with the rear surface of the front panel to sense the sound wave due to characteristics of the knock sensing device. Thus, even though the panel assembly defines an insulating space, and the insulator surrounds a portion of the panel assembly, cold air is directly transferred to the insulating panel. Therefore, the knock sensing device is subjected to an influence (influences of a low temperature and high humidity) of the cold air in the storage space to cause a sensing error of the knock sensing device, thereby deteriorating sensing accuracy.

#### **SUMMARY**

[0012] Embodiments provide a refrigerator that is capable of sensing a knock signal even when a sensor module is spaced apart from a front panel.

[0013] Optionally or additionally, embodiments also provide a refrigerator that prevents a sensing module for sensing a knock from being deteriorated in sensing accuracy.

[0014] Optionally or additionally, embodiments also provide a refrigerator, in which a sensor module is easily assessable when service of the sensor module is required and is capable of being easily replaced.

[0015] In one embodiment, a refrigerator includes: a cabinet having a storage space; and a door configured to open and close the storage space.

[0016] The door may include: a panel assembly including a front panel; a door frame connected to the panel assembly; a door liner connected to the panel assembly and the door frame and configured to define an insulating space, in which an insulator is disposed, together with the panel assembly and the door frame; and a sensor module installed on the door frame to sense a knock input applied to the front panel.

[0017] The door frame may include an accommodation space that is partitioned from the insulating space and defined outside the insulating space, and the sensor module may be installed on the door frame in the accommodation space.

[0018] The door frame may include a front wall that is in contact with the front panel and a rear wall spaced apart from the front wall and configured to define an accommodation space, in which the sensor module is accommodated, together with the front wall.

[0019] The front wall may include one surface facing the front panel and the other surface disposed at an opposite side of the one surface to face the rear wall, and a mounting portion, on which the sensor module is mounted, may be provided on the other surface of the front wall, and in the state in which the sensor module is mounted on the mounting portion, the sensor module may be spaced apart from the front panel by the front wall.

[0020] The front wall may include a protrusion rib protruding toward the front panel, and the protrusion rib may be in contact with a rear surface of the front panel.

[0021] A plurality of protrusion ribs may be disposed to be spaced apart from each other in a vertical direction.

[0022] The sensor module may include a sensor element and a sensor PCB on which the sensor element is installed and which is mounted on the mounting portion.

[0023] The front wall may include a through-hole that is defined to face the sensor PCB in a state in which the sensor PCB is mounted on the mounting portion.

[0024] A circumferential wall in which a hollow is defined therein may be disposed at a portion of the front wall, in which the through-hole is defined, and the circumferential wall may be in contact

with the front panel.

[0025] The sensor element may be disposed to face the through-hole.

[0026] The sensor element may include an acceleration sensor configured to sense vibration generated by a knock applied to the front panel.

[0027] The mounting portion may include: a pair of extension portions extending from the other surface of the front wall; a connection portion configured to connect the pair of extension portions; and a support portion configured to support the sensor PCB between the front wall and the connection portion.

[0028] The support portion may include a seating groove in which the sensor PCB is seated. In the state in which the sensor PCB is seated in the seating groove, the sensor PCB may be in contact with the other surface of the front wall.

[0029] The mounting portion may further include a pressing rib extending from the connection portion toward and the front wall and spaced apart from the front wall.

[0030] The sensor PCB may be inserted into a gap between the front wall and the pressing rib. [0031] The panel assembly may include an insulating panel spaced apart from the front panel, at least a portion of the gap may have a size that gradually decreases toward the insulating panel. When the sensor PCB is inserted into the gap and is seated in the seating groove, the sensor PCB may be in contact with the front wall and the pressing rib.

[0032] A surface of the pressing rib, which faces the front surface, may include an inclined surface that is inclined in a direction away from the front wall as the inclined surface is away from the insulating panel.

[0033] The front panel may include: a first portion that is capable of transmitting light and faces the storage space; and a second portion disposed outside the first portion to restrict the transmission of the light. A first part of the second portion may be disposed to face the storage space, and a second part disposed outside the first part may be disposed so as not to face the storage space. In the state in which the sensor module is mounted on the mounting portion, the sensor module may be disposed to face the second part of the second portion.

[0034] The front wall may be in contact with the second part of the second portion. The door frame may further include a connection wall configured to connect the front wall to the rear wall. One surface of the front wall and one surface of the connection wall may be configured to define the insulating space, and the other surface of the front wall and the other surface of the connection wall may be configured to define the accommodation space.

[0035] A portion of one surface of the front wall may be spaced apart from the second part of the second portion, and a portion of the insulating space may be defined between the front wall and the second part of the second portion.

[0036] The panel assembly may include an insulating panel spaced apart from the front panel, and in the state in which the sensor module is mounted on the mounting portion, a distance between the sensor module and the insulating panel may be greater than that between an outermost portion, which is disposed farthest from the insulating panel, and the insulating panel in the insulating space.

[0037] The door frame may include an opening, and the opening may be covered by the frame cover. The sensor module may be mounted on the mounting portion through the opening. [0038] The frame cover may include a sensor pressing portion configured to press the sensor module in a state of being coupled to the door frame.

[0039] The sensor pressing portion may be configured to press the sensor PCB toward the other surface of the front wall.

[0040] The cabinet may include an inner case configured to define the storage space and an outer case disposed outside the inner case. The front wall may be disposed higher than the outer case. [0041] In another embodiment, a refrigerator includes: a cabinet configured to define a storage space; a door configured to open and close the storage space, wherein the door includes: a panel

assembly including a front panel and an insulating panel spaced apart from the front panel; a door frame connected to the panel assembly; a door liner configured to define an insulating space, in which an insulator is disposed, together with the panel assembly and the door frame; and a sensor module installed on the door frame, wherein the door frame includes a front wall, which is in contact with a rear surface of the front panel, and a mounting portion provided on the front wall, and the sensor module includes a sensor PCB, which is mounted on the mounting portion and has a front surface that is in contact with the front wall, and a sensor element installed on a rear surface of the sensor PCB.

[0042] The details of one or more embodiments are set forth in the accompanying drawings and the description below. Other features will be apparent from the description and drawings, and from the claims.

# **Description**

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

- [0043] FIG. **1** is a perspective view illustrating a refrigerator according to an embodiment.
- [0044] FIG. **2** is a rear perspective view of a first storage area door according to an embodiment.
- [0045] FIG. **3** is an explode perspective view of the first storage space door of FIG. **2**.
- [0046] FIG. 4 is a cutaway cross-sectional view taken along line 4-4 of FIG. 2.
- [0047] FIG. **5** is a view illustrating a state in which a sensor module is separated from an upper frame.
- [0048] FIG. **6** is a front view of the upper frame on which the sensor module is mounted.
- [0049] FIG. **7** is a view of a module mounting portion, on which the sensor module is mounted, on the upper frame.
- [0050] FIG. **8** is a view illustrating a state in which the sensor module is mounted on a mounting portion of the upper frame.
- [0051] FIG. **9** is a cutaway cross-sectional view taken along line **9-9** of FIG. **8**.
- [0052] FIG. **10** is a bottom view of a frame cover.
- [0053] FIG. **11** is a view illustrating a state in which a sensor pressing portion of the frame cover is disposed behind the sensor module.
- [0054] FIG. **12** is a cross-sectional view illustrating a state in which the sensor module is mounted on the upper frame.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE EMBODIMENTS

[0055] Hereinafter, some embodiments of the present disclosure will be described in detail with reference to the accompanying drawings. It should be noted that when components in the drawings are designated by reference numerals, the same components have the same reference numerals as far as possible even though the components are illustrated in different drawings. Further, in description of embodiments of the present disclosure, when it is determined that detailed descriptions of well-known configurations or functions disturb understanding of the embodiments of the present disclosure, the detailed descriptions will be omitted.

[0056] Also, in the description of the embodiments of the present disclosure, the terms such as first, second, A, B, (a) and (b) may be used. Each of the terms is merely used to distinguish the corresponding component from other components, and does not delimit an essence, an order or a sequence of the corresponding component. It should be understood that when one component is "connected", "coupled" or "joined" to another component, the former may be directly connected or jointed to the latter or may be "connected", coupled" or "joined" to the latter with a third component interposed therebetween.

[0057] FIG. **1** is a perspective view illustrating a refrigerator according to an embodiment. [0058] Referring to FIG. **1**, a refrigerator **1** according to this embodiment may include a cabinet **10** 

defining a storage space and a refrigerator door **20** opening and closing the storage space.

[0059] The storage space may include a plurality of storage areas, and the plurality of storage areas may be arranged in a vertical direction or a left and right direction.

[0060] The number of refrigerator doors **20** may vary according to the number of storage areas. For example, when the plurality of storage areas are arranged in the vertical direction, the first storage area doors **21** and **22** may open and close the upper first storage area, and the second storage area doors **23** and **23** may open and close the lower second storage area. The first storage area may be, for example, a refrigerating area, and the second storage area may be a freezing area, and vice versa.

[0061] In this case, one storage area may be opened and closed by one door or a plurality of doors in a rotating or sliding manner.

[0062] In FIG. **1**, for example, the upper first storage area is opened and closed while the first storage area doors **21** and **22** arranged in the left and right directions rotate by a hinge **26**. The hinge **26** may be at least partially covered by the hinge cover **28**.

[0063] The first storage area doors **21** and **22** may include a left door and a right door.

[0064] FIG. **2** is a rear perspective view of the first storage area door according to an embodiment, FIG. **3** is an explode perspective view of the first storage space door of FIG. **2**, and FIG. **4** is a cutaway cross-sectional view taken along line **4-4** of FIG. **2**. In FIG. **2**, for example, a rear surface of the first storage area door disposed at the right side is illustrated.

[0065] Hereinafter, the right first storage area door will be described with reference to FIGS. **2** to **4**. [0066] The first storage area door **21** may be a single door, and when the first storage room door **21** rotates, the first storage area may be opened.

[0067] The first storage area door **21** includes a door frame **300** defining an outer appearance thereof, a panel assembly **100** coupled to the door frame **300**, and a door liner **200** defining an insulating space **402**, in which the insulator **400** is disposed, together with the door frame **300** and the panel assembly **100**.

[0068] The door frame **300** may be provided or assembled in the shape of a rectangular frame having an opening, and at least one of the panel assembly **100** or the door liner **200** may cover the opening of the door frame **300**.

[0069] The door liner **200** may include a liner opening **201**. The panel assembly **100** may cover the liner opening **201**.

[0070] The panel assembly **100** may include a front panel **110**. The front panel **110** may define an outer appearance of a front surface of the first storage area door **21**.

[0071] The front panel **110** may be made of a glass material or a transparent plastic material. [0072] The front panel **110** may include a first portion **111** and a second portion **112** disposed outside the first portion **111**. The second portion **112** may be disposed to surround the first portion **111**.

[0073] A printed layer may be disposed along a circumference of an edge of a rear surface of the front panel **110**, and the first portion **111** and the second portion **112** may be distinguished from each other by the printed layer. The printed layer may be referred to as a bezel. That is, a portion of the front panel **110** at which the printed layer is provided may be defined as the second portion **112**. [0074] The first portion **111** may be a portion through which light irradiated from a lighting unit **250** is transmitted, and the printed layer may restrict or block the light transmission through the second portion **112**.

[0075] The panel assembly **100** may further include one or more insulating panels **120** and **130** disposed behind the front panel **110**.

[0076] In FIG. **4**, for example, two insulating panels are illustrated to be disposed behind the front panel **110**, but one insulating panel may be disposed behind the front panel **110**.

[0077] The insulating panels **120** and **130** may include the first insulating panel **120** and the second insulating panel **130**.

[0078] The first insulating panel **120** may be disposed behind the front panel **110**, and the second insulating panel **130** may be disposed between the front panel **110** and the first insulating panel **120**.

[0079] A spacer **140** is provided between the front panel **110** and the second insulating panel **130**, and an insulating space is provided between the front panel **110** and the second insulating panel **130**. An insulating gas may be injected into the insulating space, or the insulating space may be in a vacuum state to define a vacuum insulating space.

[0080] A spacer **140** is provided between the second insulating panel **130** and the first insulating panel **120**, and an insulating space is provided between the second insulating panel **130** and the first insulating panel **120**. An insulating gas may be injected into the insulating space, or the insulating space may be in a vacuum state to define a vacuum insulating space.

[0081] Each of the insulating panels **120** and **130** may be made of a glass material or a transparent plastic material.

[0082] The spacer **140** may be disposed to face the second portion **112** so that the spacer **140** is not exposed to the outside.

[0083] A left and right width and a height of the front panel **110** may be greater than a left and right width and a height of the respective insulating panels **120** and **130**.

[0084] Thus, the spacer **140** may be disposed at a position that is spaced a predetermined distance inward from an outer end of the front panel **110**. That is, the spacer **140** may be disposed between a boundary line **113** between the first portion **111** and the second portion **112** and the outer end of the front panel **110**.

[0085] The first storage area door **21** may further include a heater frame **390** attached to the rear surface of the front panel **110** by an adhesion portion. The heater frame **390** may be provided in the form of a rectangular frame, be disposed behind the front panel **110**, and be disposed between the front panel **110** and the second insulating panel **130** outside the spacer **140** to surround the spacer **140**. That is, the spacer **140** may be disposed in a region (or opening) defined by the heater frame **390**.

[0086] A groove **392** accommodating a heater **394** may be defined in a front surface of the heater frame **390**. The heater **394** may provide heat to the front panel **110** to prevent water droplets from being generated on the front panel **110**. The heater frame **390** may be attached to a rear surface of the second portion **112** of the front panel **110** so that the heater frame **390** is not exposed to the outside.

[0087] The door frame **300** may be provided by a single frame or by assembling a plurality of frames.

[0088] The door frame **300** may be fixed to the rear surface of the front panel **110** by an adhesion portion **330**. The adhesion portion **330** may be, for example, an adhesive or a double-sided tape. [0089] The adhesion portion **330** may be disposed on the rear surface of the second portion **112** of the front panel **110** so that the adhesion portion **330** is not exposed to the outside.

[0090] In the state in which the door frame **300** is attached to the front panel **110**, the door frame **300** may cover a circumferential surface (including a top surface, a bottom surface, and both side surfaces) of the front panel **110**.

[0091] The door frame **300** may include an upper frame **310** (or a first frame), a lower frame **340** (or a second frame), and a pair of side frames **350** and **360** connecting the upper frame **310** to the lower frame **340**.

[0092] Each of the side frames **350** and **360** may include a side surface portion **352** that is in contact with side surfaces of the upper frame **310** and the lower frame **340** and a front surface portion **354**, which extends from the side surface portion **352** in a direction crossing the side surface portion **352** and is in contact with a front wall **311** of the upper frame **310** and a front wall **342** of the lower frame **340**.

[0093] The front surface portion **354** may extend from the side surface portion **352** at a position

- spaced a predetermined distance backward from a front end of the side surface portion **352**.
- [0094] A front surface of the front surface portion **354** may adhere to a rear surface of the front panel **110** by the adhesion portion.
- [0095] A rear surface of the front surface portion **354** may be in contact with front surfaces of the upper frame **310** and the lower frame **340** and be coupled to the upper frame **310** and the lower frame **340** by a coupling member such as, for example, a screw.
- [0096] A slot **362** providing a space in which a hinge **26** is disposed may be provided in any one of the pair of side frames **350** and **360**.
- [0097] The door liner **200** may include an inner body **202** defining the liner opening **201**. The inner body **202** includes a top surface, a bottom surface, and both side surfaces **205**.
- [0098] A coupling protrusion **207** coupled to a basket **50** may be provided on the inner body **202**.
- For example, the coupling protrusion **207** may be provided on each of the both side surfaces **205**.
- The plurality of coupling protrusions **207** disposed on both the side surfaces may be disposed to be spaced apart from each other in the vertical direction. A protrusion groove **52** that receives the coupling protrusion **207** may be defined in each of both side walls of the basket **50**.
- [0099] In a state in which the basket **50** is mounted on the door liner **200**, at least a portion of the basket **50** may be disposed to face the first portion **111** of the front panel **110**. Thus, when the lighting unit **250** operates while the first refrigerating compartment door **21** is closed, the basket **50** and the foods accommodated in the basket **50** may be visible from the outside by light passing through the first portion **111**.
- [0100] An end of the inner body **202** may be in contact with the panel assembly **100**. For example, the end of the inner body **202** may be in contact with the rear surface of the first insulating panel
- **120**. The first insulating panel **120** may cover the liner opening **201** defined by the inner body **202**.
- [0101] Here, the end of the inner body **202** may be in contact with a position spaced a predetermined distance inward from the outer end of the first insulating panel **120**.
- [0102] The door liner **200** may further include an outer body **210** and a connection body **203** connecting the outer body **210** to the inner body **202**.
- [0103] The door liner **200** may include a gasket coupling portion **211** to which the gasket **450** is coupled. The gasket coupling portion **211** may be provided in a recessed shape, and the outer body **210** and the connection body **203** may provide the gasket coupling portion **211**.
- [0104] The lighting unit **250** may be installed on the door liner **200**. For example, the lighting unit **250** may be installed on the inner body **202**.
- [0105] An installation opening **202***b* in which a portion of the lighting unit **250** is disposed may be defined in the inner body **202**.
- [0106] For example, the lighting unit **250** may include a case **251** and a cover **252** that covers the case **251**.
- [0107] The cover **252** may extend lengthily in the left and right direction along the door liner **200** and may be installed on the inner body **202**. A portion of the cover **252** may be in contact with the first insulating panel **120**.
- [0108] The case **251** defines a space for accommodating a light emitting unit PCB (printed circuit board) **254** in which a plurality of light emitting units **256** are installed.
- [0109] The case **251** includes a reflective surface **253** on which a surface facing the light emitting unit PCB **254** is rounded or inclined. The light irradiated from the light emitting unit **256** is reflected by the reflective surface **253** and is directed to the cover **252**.
- [0110] The cover **252** is provided to be transparent or translucent so that the light reflected from the reflective surface **253** and then spread may be transmitted.
- [0111] For example, the light emitting unit **256** irradiates light in a direction away from the first insulating panel **120**, and the irradiated light is reflected from the reflective surface **253** to passes through the cover **252** and then is transmitted toward the door liner **200**.
- [0112] The door liner **200** may further include a liner extension portion **212** that is bent around the

outer body **210** to extend and is in contact with the door frame **300**. The liner extension portion **212** may extend from the outer body **210** in a direction crossing the outer body **210**.

[0113] The liner extension portion **212** may be in contact with a frame extension portion **312***b* provided on the rear wall **312** of the upper frame **310** and the rear wall **344** of the lower frame **340**. [0114] The liner extension portion **212** and the frame extension portion **312***b* may adhere to each other by the adhesion portion. In this case, the adhesion portion may be provided on a portion or the whole of the contact portions between the liner extension portion **212** and the door frame **300**. Alternatively, the liner extension portion **212** and the frame extension portion **312***b* may be in contact with each other without the adhesion portion. In this embodiment, it will be defined and described that the two members are in contact with each other even when the two members are coupled to each other in a state in which the adhesion portion is disposed between the two members.

- [0115] Also, the liner extension portion **212** may be in contact with a rear side of each of the side frames **350** and **360**.
- [0116] As described above, the insulating space **402**, in which the insulator **400** is disposed may be defined by the door frame **300**, the panel assembly **100**, and the door liner **200**.
- [0117] An opening (not shown) for injecting a foaming liquid may be defined in the door frame **300** or the door liner **200**. As the foaming liquid is injected through the opening, and the foaming liquid is cured, the insulator **400** may be disposed in the insulating space **402**.
- [0118] In the process of curing the foaming liquid, the foaming liquid is combined with a structure that is in contact with the foaming liquid. That is, the foaming liquid not only serves for insulation, but also serves as a connection portion that connects two spaced structures to each other.
- [0119] For example, in FIG. **4**, a portion of the insulator **400** may be disposed to surround the insulating panels **120** and **130** in the panel assembly **100**, and in particular may be in contact with the first insulating panel **120**. A portion of the insulator **400** that is in contact with the first insulating panel **120** is in contact with the inner body **202** of the door liner **200**. Thus, the insulator **400** serves to connect the door liner **200** to the panel assembly **100**.
- [0120] Also, the other portion of the insulator **400** is in contact with the frame extension portion **312***b* of the upper frame **310** and the outer body **210** of the door liner **200**. Thus, the insulator **400** connects the door liner **200** to the upper frame **310**.
- [0121] A rib **214** extending upward may be provided on a top surface of the outer body **210**. The rib **214** is disposed to be spaced apart from the liner extension portion **212**.
- [0122] For example, the rib **214** may be disposed to be spaced apart from the liner extension portion **212** in a forward direction toward the front panel **110**. A space, in which the frame extension portion **312***b* is disposed is defined in a gap between the rib **214** and the liner extension portion **212**.
- [0123] Thus, the frame extension portion **312***b* is seated on the outer body **210** between the rib **214** and the liner extension portion **212**.
- [0124] The cabinet **10** may include an inner case **17** defining a storage space **16** and an outer case **18** surrounding the inner case **101** and defining an outer appearance thereof.
- [0125] The inner case **17** has an opened front surface, and the first storage area door **21** covers the opened front surface. A portion of the door liner **200** is disposed inside the storage space **16** when the first storage area door **21** closes the storage space **16**. The front opening of the inner case **17** may be referred to as an inlet **16***a* of the storage space **16**.
- [0126] For example, a portion of the inner body **202** and a portion of the connection body **203** are disposed inside the storage space **16**. On the other hand, the outer body **210** is disposed outside the storage space **16**.
- [0127] When the first storage area door **21** closes the storage space **16**, a portion of each of the insulating panels **120** and **130** faces the storage space **16**.
- [0128] The first portion **111** of the front panel **110** is disposed to face the storage space **16**. A first

- part **112***a* of the second portion **112** of the front panel **110** may be disposed to face the storage space **16**, and a second part **112***b* disposed outside the first part **112***a* may be disposed so as not to face the storage space **16**. (In FIG. **4**, it may be understood that the first part **112***a* and the second part **112***b* are distinguished from each other the boundary line **113***a*)
- [0129] Also, in the state in which the first storage area door **21** closes the storage space **16**, a portion (a portion adjacent to the insulating panel in the panel assembly) of the insulating space **402** of the first storage area door **21** may be disposed to face the storage space **16**, and other portion may be disposed so as not to face the storage space **16**.
- [0130] The first storage area door **21** may further include a sensor module **60** that senses a knock input applied to the front panel **110**.
- [0131] The sensor module **60** may sense the knock input, and when the sensed knock input is an effective knock input, the lighting unit **250** may operate while the first storage area door **21** is closed.
- [0132] The sensor module **60** may be disposed as far from the inlet **16***a* of the storage space **16** as possible so that an influence of cold air in the storage space **16** is minimized.
- [0133] For example, the sensor module **60** may be installed on the upper frame **310**.
- [0134] The upper frame **310** defines the insulating space **402**, and a portion of the upper frame **310** is disposed radially outside the insulating space **402** when viewed from the first storage area door **21** as a whole.
- [0135] The upper frame **310** includes the front wall **311** and a rear wall **312** disposed to face the front wall **311**.
- [0136] The front wall **311** may include a first portion facing the front panel and a second portion disposed at a side that is opposite to the first portion. The second portion may face the rear wall **312**.
- [0137] A vertical length of the front wall **311** is less than that of the rear wall **312**. A lower end of the front wall **311** is disposed higher than a lower end of the rear wall **312**. A lower side of the front wall **311** and a lower side of the rear wall **312** may be connected to each other by a connection wall **314**.
- [0138] The front wall **311** may include a protrusion rib **311***a* protruding forward. The protrusion rib **311***a* may protrude toward the front panel from the first portion of the front wall **311**. The protrusion rib **311***a* may be attached to the rear surface of the front panel **110** by the adhesion portion **330**. That is, the front wall **311** may be in contact with the rear surface of the front panel **110**.
- [0139] Here, a plurality of protrusion ribs **311***a* may be disposed to be spaced apart from each other in the vertical direction, and each of the protrusion ribs **311***a* may extend lengthily in the horizontal direction.
- [0140] When the plurality of protrusion ribs **311***a* are provided, a contact area with the front panel **110** may increase, and thus, coupling force between the upper frame **310** and the front panel **110** may increase.
- [0141] Referring to FIG. **4**, a portion of the insulating space **402** may be disposed in a space between the rear surface of the front panel **110** and a portion of the front wall **311**, and the other portion of the insulating space **402** may be disposed between the connection wall **314** and the rear surface of the front panel **110**.
- [0142] One surface (the first portion) of the front wall **311** and one surface of the connection wall **314** may define the insulating space **402**, and the other surface (the second part) of the front wall **311** and the other surface of the connection wall **314** may define the accommodation space **310***a*. [0143] When the first storage area door **21** is closed, the front wall **311** may be disposed higher than the outer case **18**. Also, the upper portion **112***c* of the second portion **112** is substantially an upper portion **112***c* of the second part **112***b*.

- [0144] The upper portion **112***c* of the second portion **112** is a portion of the second part **112***b*. The front wall **311** may be in contact with a rear surface of the upper portion **112***c* of the second portion **112**.
- [0145] The sensor module **60** may be installed on the front wall **311** in the upper frame **310**. When the sensor module **60** is installed on the front wall **311**, the sensor module **60** may face the protrusion rib **311***a*. That is, the sensor module **60** may be disposed to face the second part **112***b* of the second portion **112**.
- [0146] FIG. **5** is a view illustrating a state in which the sensor module is separated from the upper frame, and FIG. **6** is a front view of the upper frame on which the sensor module is mounted.
- [0147] FIG. **7** is a view of a module mounting portion, on which the sensor module is mounted, on the upper frame, and FIG. **8** is a view illustrating a state in which the sensor module is mounted on a mounting portion of the upper frame. FIG. **9** is a cutaway cross-sectional view taken along line **9**-**9** of FIG. **8**.
- [0148] Referring to FIGS. **4** to **9**, the upper frame **310** may include an accommodation space **310***a* in which the sensor module **60** is accommodated. The upper frame **310** may include an opening **310***b*. Thus, the sensor module **60** may be accommodated in the accommodation space **310***a* through the opening **310***b*. The accommodation space **310***a* may be partitioned from the insulating space **402** and may be disposed outside the insulating space **402**.
- [0149] The accommodation space **310***a* may be covered by a frame cover **320** coupled to the upper frame **310**. The upper frame **310** may include a coupling boss **313** coupled to the frame cover **320**, and a coupling hole **326**, through which the coupling member **328** passes may be defined in the frame cover **320**.
- [0150] A magnet **327** used to sense the opening and closing of the first storage area door **21** may be provided on the frame cover **320**. The magnet **327** may act with a reed switch (not shown) provided in the cabinet **10**.
- [0151] A protruding wall **312***a* defining a space in which the magnet **327** is disposed may be provided on the rear wall **312** of the upper frame **310**.
- [0152] The sensor module **60** may include a sensor element **620** and a sensor PCB (printed circuit board) **610** on which the sensor element **620** is installed.
- [0153] The sensor element **620** may be, for example, an acceleration sensor. When a knock is applied to the front surface of the front panel **110**, vibration is generated in the front panel **110** by the knock, and the vibration generated in the front panel **110** is transmitted to the acceleration sensor through the front wall **311** of the upper frame **310** and the sensor PCB **610**. Thus, the acceleration sensor may also be understood as a vibration sensor.
- [0154] When an intensity of the vibration generated by knocking two or more times within a predetermined time is equal to or greater than a reference intensity, it is determined as an effective knock input, and in this case, the lighting unit **250** may operate.
- [0155] A mounting portion **316** on which the sensor module **60** is mounted may be provided on the front wall **311**.
- [0156] The sensor PCB **610** may be mounted on the mounting portion **316** in an upright state. The sensor PCB **610** may be mounted on the mounting portion **316** in the vertical direction. In the state in which the sensor PCB **610** is mounted on the mounting portion **316**, the sensor element **620** may be disposed between the sensor PCB **610** and the rear wall **312**.
- [0157] For example, a front surface of the sensor PCB **610** may face the front wall **311**, and the sensor element **620** may be installed on the rear surface of the sensor PCB **610**.
- [0158] In this embodiment, since the sensor element **620** determines whether the knock input is the effective knock input by sensing the vibration, the vibration greater than or equal to a reference level has to be transmitted to the sensor element **620**.
- [0159] In this embodiment, a portion of the second portion **112** of the front panel **110** is in contact with the insulator **400**, and the other portion is not in contact with the insulator **400**. A portion of

the front panel **110**, which is in contact with the insulator **400**, is in a state of being coupled to the insulator **400**, the front panel **110** is provided in one body together with the insulator **400**. Thus, when the knocking is applied to the front panel **110**, the insulator absorbs the vibration at the portion that is in contact with the insulator **400** of the front panel **110**, and thus, the intensity of the vibration is not large.

[0160] On the other hand, the portion of the front panel **110** that is not in contact with the insulator **400** has relatively greater vibration when compared to the vibration at the portion that is in contact with the insulator **400**. That is, the portion of the front panel **110** that is not in contact with the insulator **400** serves as a free end at which the vibration occurs due to the vibration.

[0161] In this embodiment, since a portion of the second portion **112** in the front panel **110** serves as the free end, the intensity of the vibration of the portion of the second portion **112** is large. Thus, when the sensor module **60** is disposed on an area corresponding to a portion of the second portion **112**, an intensity of the vibration in the sensor element **620** (actually, an acceleration change value according to the vibration is output in the sensor element) is greater than the reference intensity may be sensed.

[0162] A through-hole **311***b* may be provided in the front wall **311**. The through-hole **311***b* may be defined to face the sensor PCB **610**.

[0163] The through-hole **311***b* may be disposed to face the sensor element **620** of the sensor PCB **610**. The through-hole **311***b* may be provided, for example, in a circular shape, but is not limited thereto. A diameter of the through-hole **311***b* may be greater than that of the sensor element **620**. The diameter of the through-hole **311***b* may be less than each of the left and right length and the vertical length of the sensor PCB **610**.

[0164] A circumferential wall **311***c* may be provided around the through-hole **311***b* on the front wall **311***b*. The circumferential wall **311***c* may be provided, for example, in a cylindrical shape having a hollow therein and may be in direct or indirect contact with the rear surface of the front panel **110**.

[0165] Air may be disposed in a space defined by the through-hole **311***b* and the circumferential wall **311***c*. The air serves as a medium for transmitting the vibration of the front panel **110** to the sensor PCB **610**.

[0166] In this embodiment, the vibration generated by the knock applied to the front panel **110** is not only transmitted to the sensor PCB **610** by the front wall **311** that is in contact with the front panel **110**, but also transmitted to the sensor PCB **610** by the air. The amount of vibration transmitted to the sensor element **620** may be maximized.

[0167] For example, the sensor element **620** may sense vibration of a first axis and/or a second axis by the vibration transmitted to the sensor PCB **610** by the front wall **311** and also sense vibration of a third axis by the vibration transmitted to the sensor PCB **610** by the air in addition to the first axis and the second axis.

[0168] Thus, according to this embodiment, the sensor module **60** may effectively sense the vibration generated by the knock applied to the front panel **110** while reducing the influence of the cold air in the storage space **16**.

[0169] In the state in which the sensor PCB **610** is mounted on the mounting portion **316**, a lower end of the sensor PCB **610** is disposed higher than the uppermost end of the insulating space **402**. That is, in the state in which the sensor module **60** is mounted on the mounting portion **316**, a distance between the sensor module **60** and each of the insulating panels **120** and **130** may be greater than that between the outermost portion, which is disposed farthest away from each of the insulating panels **120** and **130**, and each of the insulating panels **120** and **130** in the insulating space **402**.

[0170] In the state in which the sensor PCB **610** is mounted on the mounting portion **316**, the lowermost end of the sensor element **620** is disposed higher than the uppermost end of the insulating space **402**.

- [0171] When the sensor PCB **610** is mounted on the mounting portion **316**, the lower end of the sensor element **620** is disposed higher than the lower end of the sensor PCB **610**.
- [0172] In the state in which the sensor PCB **610** is mounted on the mounting portion **316**, the sensor PCB **610** is spaced apart from the connection body **203**.
- [0173] The sensor PCB **610** may be slidably mounted on the mounting portion **316**. For example, the sensor PCB **610** may be slidably mounted on the mounting portion **316** while moving downward from an upper side through the opening **310***b* of the upper frame **310**.
- [0174] The mounting portion **316** may include a pair of extension portions **317***a* and **317***b* extending backward from the rear surface of the front wall **311** and spaced apart from each other in the horizontal direction and a connection portion **317** connecting the pair of extension portions **317***a* and **317***b* to each other.
- [0175] A distance between the pair of extension portions **317***a* and **317***b* may correspond to a left and right width of the sensor PCB **610**. Thus, when the sensor PCB **610** is mounted on the mounting portion **316**, both sides of the sensor PCB **610** may be in contact with the pair of extension portions **317***a* and **317***b*. Thus, the horizontal movement of the sensor PCB **610** may be restricted.
- [0176] Each of the extension portions **317***a* and **317***b* may include a first extension part **317***c* extending from the front wall **311** and a second extension part **317***d* extending form the first extension part **317***c* and having a height greater than that of the first extension part **317***c*.
- [0177] An upper end of the second extension part **317***d* is disposed lower than an upper end of the first extension part **317***c*. The connection portion **317** may connect both ends of the second extension part **317***d*. An upper end of the connection portion **317** may be disposed at a position that is equal to or lower than that of the upper end of the second extension part **317***d*.
- [0178] The mounting portion **316** may further include a support portion **318** that supports a lower side of the sensor PCB **610**.
- [0179] The support portion **318** may connect the front wall **311** to the connection portion **317** and may include a seating groove **318***a* in which the sensor PCB **610** is seated. The seating groove **318***a* may be defined as a top surface of the support portion **318** is recessed downward.
- [0180] A lower end of the sensor PCB **610** may be inserted into the seating groove **318***a*. In the state in which the sensor PCB **610** is seated in the seating groove **318***a*, the sensor PCB **610** may be in contact with the rear surface of the front wall **311**.
- [0181] The mounting portion **316** may further include a pressing rib **319** that presses the sensor PCB **610** toward the front wall **311**.
- [0182] The pressing rib **319** may be provided on the connection portion **317**. The pressing rib **319** extends from the connection portion **317** toward the front wall **311** and is spaced apart from the front wall **311**.
- [0183] Thus, the sensor PCB **610** may be substantially accommodated in a gap **319***c* defined between the front wall **311** and the pressing rib **319**.
- [0184] An inclined surface **319***a* is provided on an upper portion of the pressure rib **319** facing the front wall **311** so that the sensor PCB **610** is easily accommodated in the gap **319***c*. The inclined surface **319***a* is inclined in a direction away from the front wall **311** upward from the lower side. [0185] In this embodiment, for example, a plurality of pressing ribs **319** may be disposed to be spaced apart from each other in the horizontal direction. The plurality of pressing ribs **319** may be spaced apart from the pair of extension portions **317***a* and **317***b*.
- [0186] An upper end of the pressing rib **319** may be disposed at a height that is equal to or lower than that of an upper end of the connection portion **317**. Thus, it is possible to prevent the pressing rib **319** from interfering with the sensor element **620**.
- [0187] In the state in which the sensor PCB **610** is inserted into the gap **319***c* to a predetermined depth, the sensor PCB **610** is seated in the seating groove **318***a* of the support portion **318**. In this state, the pressing rib **319** may press the rear surface of the sensor PCB **610**.

- [0188] For example, a portion or the whole of the gap **319***c* may decrease in size from the upper side to the lower side. That is, a distance between the front wall **311** and the pressing rib **319** may be variable.
- [0189] To reduce the size of the gap **319***c*, at least one of the first surface **319***b* facing the front wall **311** or the front wall **311** on the pressing rib **319** may be inclined with respect to a vertical line. [0190] For example, the first surface **319***b* of the pressing rib **319** may be parallel to the vertical line, and at least a portion of the front wall **311** may be gradually inclined in a direction closer to the first surface **319***b* of the pressing rib **319** as it goes downward.
- [0191] Alternatively, at least a portion of the front wall **311** may be parallel to the vertical line, and at least a portion of the first surface **319***b* of the pressing rib **319** may be gradually inclined in a direction toward the front wall **311** as it goes downward.
- [0192] Alternatively, each of at least a portion of the front wall **311** and at least a portion of the first surface **319***b* of the pressing rib **319** may be inclined toward the lower side.
- [0193] In either case, when the sensor PCB **610** is inserted into the gap **319***c* to the predetermined depth, the lower end of the sensor PCB **610** is seated in the seating groove **318***a*, the front surface of the sensor PCB **610** is in contact with the front wall **311**, and the rear surface of the sensor PCB **610** is in contact with the first surface **319***b* of the pressing rib **319**. Thus, the forward and backward movement and downward movement of the sensor PCB **610** are restricted.
- [0194] According to this embodiment, since the position of the sensor PCB **610** is fixed only by slidably mounting the sensor PCB **610** on the mounting portion **316**, the sensor module **60** may be easily mounted or separated to improve serviceability.
- [0195] Particularly, when the frame cover **320** is separated from the upper frame **310**, the sensor module **60** may be exposed to the outside, and thus, a user may easily access the sensor module **60**. [0196] FIG. **10** is a bottom view of the frame cover, FIG. **11** is a view illustrating a state in which a sensor pressing portion of the frame cover is disposed behind the sensor module, and FIG. **12** is a cross-sectional view illustrating a state in which the sensor module is mounted on the upper frame. [0197] Referring to FIGS. **10** to **12**, a sensor pressing portion **322** for restricting the separation of the sensor module **60** mounted on the mounting portion **316** or the backward movement of the sensor module **60** may be provided on a bottom surface of the frame cover **320**.
- [0198] When the frame cover **320** is coupled to the upper frame **310**, the sensor pressing portion **322** may be in contact with the rear surface of the sensor PCB **610**. When the sensor pressing portion **322** is in contact with the sensor PCB **610**, the state in which the sensor PCB **610** is in contact with the front wall **311** may be maintained.
- [0199] Thus, the sensor pressing portion **322** restricts the backward movement of the sensor PCB **610**. To prevent the sensor pressing portion **322** and the sensor element **620** from interfering with each other, in the state in which the sensor pressing portion **322** is in contact with the sensor PCB **610**, the sensor element **620** may be disposed below the sensor pressing portion **322**.
- [0200] The sensor pressing portion **322** may include a first extension rib **322***a* extending downward from a bottom surface of the frame cover **320** and a plurality of second extension ribs **322***b* extending from the first extension rib **322***a* in the direction crossing the first extension rib **322***a*. [0201] The first extension rib **322***a* is disposed to face the rear surface of the sensor PCB **610**, and the second extension rib **322***b* extends from the first extension rib **322***a* toward the rear surface of the sensor PCB **610**.
- [0202] For example, the plurality of second extension ribs **322***b* are spaced apart in the left and right direction and respectively extend from both ends of the first extension rib **322***a*.
- [0203] The inclined surface **322***c* is provided on a surface of each of the second extension ribs **322***b*, which faces the sensor PCB **610**.
- [0204] The inclined surface **322***c* may be inclined so as to be away from the front wall **311** or the rear surface of the sensor PCB **610** as it moves away from the insulating panels **120** and **130**. [0205] For example, the inclined surface **322***c* is inclined to move away from the rear surface of the

sensor PCB **610** downward from the upper side.

[0206] Thus, when the sensor pressing portion **322** is inserted into the upper frame **310** in the process of coupling the frame cover **320** to the upper frame **310**, the sensor pressing portion **322** may be prevented from interfering with the sensor PCB **610** by the inclined surface **322***c*. [0207] According to this embodiment, a knock signal may be sensed even when the sensor module is spaced apart from the front panel.

[0208] According to this embodiment, since the sensor module for sensing the knock is disposed radially outside the insulating space, the sensor module may be prevented from being deteriorated in sensing accuracy.

[0209] According to this embodiment, since the vibration applied to the front panel is not only transmitted to the sensor module through the front wall that is in contact with the front panel, but also transmitted to the sensor module by the air, the sensing accuracy of the sensor module may be improved.

[0210] According to this embodiment, when a service of the sensor module is required, the sensor module may be easily accessible and be easily replaced.

[0211] Although embodiments have been described with reference to a number of illustrative embodiments thereof, it should be understood that numerous other modifications and embodiments can be devised by those skilled in the art that will fall within the spirit and scope of the principles of this disclosure. More particularly, various variations and modifications are possible in the component parts and/or arrangements of the subject combination arrangement within the scope of the disclosure, the drawings and the appended claims. In addition to variations and modifications in the component parts and/or arrangements, alternative uses will also be apparent to those skilled in the art.

## **Claims**

- **1**. A refrigerator comprising: a cabinet defining a storage space; and a door configured to open and close at least a portion of the storage space, wherein the cabinet comprises: an inner case that defines the storage space, and an outer case that surrounds the inner case and defines an outer appearance of the cabinet, wherein the door comprises: a panel assembly comprising: a front panel that defines a front surface of the door and is made of transparent tempered glass, an upper end of the front panel being disposed above than the outer case, an insulation panel spaced apart from the front panel and made of glass material, and a spacer that is coupled between the front panel and the insulation panel and defines a first space, a door frame having (i) an upper frame that defines an upper surface of the door and is connected to the panel assembly, (ii) a lower frame that defines a lower surface of the door and is connected to the panel assembly, and (iii) a side frame that defines a side surface of the door and is connected to the panel assembly, a door liner that is coupled to the insulation panel and defines a liner opening, and an insulation material provided in a second space that is defined by the panel assembly, the upper frame, the lower frame, the side frame, and the door liner, wherein the upper frame comprises: a front wall disposed above the outer case and supported on the front panel, a rear wall supported on the door liner, wherein a vertical length of the rear wall is greater than a vertical length of the front wall, and a lower end of the rear wall is disposed below a lower end of the front wall, and a magnet disposed within a third space that is defined in the upper frame, and wherein a reed switch disposed at the cabinet and configured to detect opening and closing of the door based on sensing the magnet.
- **2.** The refrigerator of claim 1, wherein the third space is defined at least partially by a protruding wall that is disposed at the rear wall of the upper frame and that protrudes rearward from the rear wall.
- **3.** The refrigerator of claim 1, wherein the upper frame further comprises a connection wall that connects a lower side of the front wall to a lower side of the rear wall.

- **4.** The refrigerator of claim 1, wherein the front wall comprises protruding ribs that protrude forward from the front wall and contact a rear surface of the front panel.
- **5**. The refrigerator of claim 1, wherein the door liner comprises: a gasket coupling portion recessed toward the second space and coupled to a gasket; and a rib that protrudes from the gasket coupling portion and contacts the rear wall of the upper frame.
- **6.** The refrigerator of claim 1, wherein the rear wall comprises a frame extension portion that is provided at a lower portion of the rear wall and contacts the door liner.
- 7. The refrigerator of claim 1, wherein the upper frame further comprises a frame cover that defines the upper surface of the door and covers the third space and, and wherein the magnet is provided below the frame cover.
- **8**. The refrigerator of claim 3, wherein the third space is separated from the second space by the connection wall, the front wall, and the rear wall.
- **9.** The refrigerator of claim 1, wherein the upper frame defines an opening configured to receive a foaming liquid that is injected into the second space.
- **10**. The refrigerator of claim 1, further comprising: a hinge disposed at an upper surface of the cabinet and configured to rotate the door with respect to the cabinet; and a hinge cover disposed at the upper surface of the cabinet and configured to cover the hinge, wherein the hinge cover is positioned behind the front panel and the rear wall of the upper frame.
- **11**. The refrigerator of claim 1, wherein the cabinet defines an additional storage space at a lower portion of the cabinet, wherein the storage space is positioned at an upper portion of the cabinet, and wherein the storage space is configured to be visible through the panel assembly based on a lighting unit operating while the door is closed.
- **12**. The refrigerator of claim 11, wherein the front panel comprises: a first portion configured to transmit light from the lighting unit; and a second portion that surrounds the first portion and has a printed layer.
- **13.** The refrigerator of claim 1, wherein the insulation panel comprises: a first insulation panel spaced apart from the front panel; and a second insulation panel spaced apart from the first insulation panel, and wherein the spacer comprises (i) a first spacer disposed between the front panel and the first insulation panel and (ii) a second spacer disposed between the first insulation panel and the second insulation panel.
- **14.** The refrigerator of claim 12, further comprising, a heater frame attached to a rear surface of the second portion of the front panel via an adhesion portion; and a heater provided at a front surface of the heater frame and configured to provide heat to the front panel to thereby restrict formation of water droplets at the front panel.
- **15**. The refrigerator of claim 1, wherein the side frame includes a first side frame and a second side frame, and wherein the upper frame includes side parts to which the first side frame and the second side frame are respectively coupled.
- **16**. The refrigerator of claim 1, wherein the door liner comprises a coupling protrusion configured to mount a basket, the coupling protrusion being disposed at a circumference of the door liner that defines the liner opening.
- **17**. The refrigerator of claim 12, wherein the front wall of the upper frame is in contact with a rear surface of an upper portion of the second portion, and wherein the upper portion of the second portion of the front panel is disposed vertically higher than the outer case.
- **18.** The refrigerator of claim 1, wherein the door further includes a sensor that is provided in the door frame and configured to detect user input, the sensor being spaced apart from the front panel.
- **19**. The refrigerator of claim 18, wherein the sensor is mounted on a printed circuit board (PCB), the sensor and the PCB being provided in the door behind the front panel.
- **20**. The refrigerator of claim 19, wherein the refrigerator further comprises a lighting unit that is configured to be operated based on the sensor detecting user input.