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Managing credentials of multiple users on an electronic device

Abstract

Systems, methods, and computer-readable media for managing credentials of multiple users on an electronic device are provided.

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Background/Summary

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATION(S) (1) This application is a continuation of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 16/792,809, filed Feb. 17, 2020, set to issue as U.S. Pat. No. 11,277,394 on Mar. 15, 2022, which is a continuation of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 15/704,849, filed Sep. 14, 2017, now U.S. Pat. No. 10,567,408, issued Feb. 18, 2020, which claims the benefit of prior filed U.S. Provisional Patent Application No. 62/399,166, filed Sep. 23, 2016, the contents of all of which are incorporated by reference herein in their entirety for all purposes.

TECHNICAL FIELD

(1) This disclosure relates to managing credentials on an electronic device, including managing credentials of multiple users on an electronic device.

BACKGROUND

(2) Portable electronic devices (e.g., cellular telephones and laptop computers) may be provided with secure elements for enabling secure transaction communications with another entity (e.g., a merchant). Often times, these communications are associated with commercial transactions or other secure data transactions that require the electronic device to generate, access, and/or share a native payment credential, such as a credit card credential, on the secure element with the other entity. However, storage of different native payment credentials for different users on a single electronic device has often been inefficient.

SUMMARY

(3) This document describes systems, methods, and computer-readable media for managing credentials of multiple users on an electronic device.

(4) As an example, a method is provided for managing a plurality of credentials on an electronic device using an administration entity subsystem including a device protection server and a credential protection server, wherein the electronic device may be associated with a device identifier and may be used by a first user associated with a first user identifier and by a second user associated with a second user identifier, where the method may include, when the first user authenticates the provisioning of a first credential of the plurality of credentials on the electronic device, using the credential protection server to store, at the credential protection server, a first suspension token against the device identifier and against the first user identifier and against a first

credential identifier of the first credential and provision the first credential and the first suspension token on the electronic device, when the second user authenticates the provisioning of a second credential of the plurality of credentials on the electronic device, using the credential protection server to store, at the credential protection server, a second suspension token against the device identifier and against the second user identifier and against a second credential identifier of the second credential and provision the second credential and the second suspension token on the electronic device, when the second user enables a protection service of the electronic device on the electronic device, using the device protection server to store, at the device protection server, the first suspension token and the second suspension token against the device identifier and against the second user identifier, when a protection mode is activated for the protection service of the electronic device enabled by the second user, using the device protection server to authenticate the second user using the second user identifier, identify each one of the first suspension token and the second suspension token as stored at the device protection server against the device identifier of the electronic device and against the second user identifier, and share each one of the identified first suspension token and the identified second suspension token with the credential protection server, when each one of the identified first suspension token and the identified second suspension token is shared by the device protection server with the credential protection server, using the credential protection server to suspend each credential of the plurality of credentials that is stored at the credential protection server against the identified first suspension token and suspend each credential of the plurality of credentials that is stored at the credential protection server against the identified second suspension token, and, when the second user authenticates the second user on the electronic device using the second user identifier while the second credential is suspended, using the credential protection server to authenticate the second user using the second user identifier from the electronic device and unsuspend each credential of the plurality of credentials that has a credential identifier stored at the credential protection server against the second user identifier.

(5) As another example, a method is provided for protecting an electronic device using a device protection server, wherein the electronic device may include a device identifier, wherein the electronic device may also include a first suspension token and an associated first credential for a first user associated with a first user identifier, and wherein the electronic device may also include a second suspension token and an associated second credential for a second user associated with a second user identifier. The method may include receiving, with the device protection server from the electronic device, device suspension data including the first suspension token, the second suspension token, the device identifier, and the second user identifier. The method may also include storing the received device suspension data at the device protection server, and after the storing, receiving with the device protection server, a device protection enablement request including the device identifier and the second user identifier. The method may also include identifying, with the device protection server, each one of the first suspension token and the second suspension token as being stored at the device protection server in the stored device suspension data with both the device identifier and the second user identifier of the received device protection enablement request. The method may also include communicating, from the device protection server to a remote subsystem, credential suspension data that is operative to instruct the remote subsystem to suspend every credential associated with the identified first suspension token and to suspend every credential associated with the identified second suspension token.

(6) As yet another example, a device protection server is provided for protecting an electronic device, wherein the electronic device may include a device identifier, wherein the electronic device may also include a first suspension token and an associated first credential for a first user associated with a first user identifier, and wherein the electronic device may also include a second suspension token and an associated second credential for a second user associated with a second user identifier. The device protection server may include a memory component including a plurality of data entries. The device protection server may also include a communications component

operative to receive device suspension data from the electronic device that includes the first suspension token, the second suspension token, and the second user identifier. The device protection server may also include a processor operative to store in a data entry of the plurality of data entries each one of the first suspension token of the device suspension data and the second suspension token of the device suspension data against the second user identifier of the device suspension data only when no data entry of the plurality of data entries is storing at least one of the first suspension token of the device suspension data and the second suspension token of the device suspension data against the first user identifier.

(7) This Summary is provided only to summarize some example embodiments, so as to provide a basic understanding of some aspects of the subject matter described in this document. Accordingly, it will be appreciated that the features described in this Summary are only examples and should not be construed to narrow the scope or spirit of the subject matter described herein in any way. Unless otherwise stated, features described in the context of one example may be combined or used with features described in the context of one or more other examples. Other features, aspects, and advantages of the subject matter described herein will become apparent from the following Detailed Description, Figures, and Claims.

Description

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

- (1) The discussion below makes reference to the following drawings, in which like reference characters refer to like parts throughout, and in which:
- (2) FIG. 1 is a schematic view of an illustrative system for managing credentials on an electronic device;
- (3) FIG. 2 is a more detailed schematic view of the electronic device of the system of FIG. 1;
- (4) FIG. 2A is another more detailed schematic view of the electronic device of FIGS. 1-2;
- (5) FIG. 3 is a front view of the electronic device of FIGS. 1-2A;
- (6) FIGS. 4, 4A, and 4B are more detailed schematic views of an administration entity subsystem of the system of FIG. 1; and
- (7) FIGS. 5-7 are flowcharts of illustrative processes for managing credentials on an electronic device.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

(8) One or more first user credentials (e.g., a payment credential or any other suitable transaction credential) may be provisioned on a secure element of a host electronic device for use by an authenticated first user of the device, while one or more second user credentials may also be provisioned on the device for use by an authenticated second user of the device. An administration entity subsystem may be operated by an administration entity for providing a layer of security and/or for providing a more convenient user experience to the use of such user credentials. A credential protection subsystem of such an administration entity subsystem may be operative to manage the provisioning of such user credentials on the electronic device (e.g., from a credential issuer subsystem), while a device protection subsystem of such an administration entity subsystem may be operative to provide one or more device protection services for protecting the electronic device if it were to be reported lost or stolen. However, when such an electronic device may include sensitive data from two or more different users, such as a provisioned first user credential and a provisioned second user credential, such a device protection subsystem may be configured to suspend the functionality of all user credentials provisioned on the device when the device is to be protected when lost, so as to protect all such sensitive data. Such protection may include the device protection subsystem instructing the credential protection subsystem to suspend or otherwise prevent the use of each user credential on the device from being used in any transaction (e.g., with

a credential issuer subsystem and/or service provider subsystem), whereby the credential protection subsystem may be operative to prevent the secure communication of any credential data from the device and/or to instruct a credential issuer subsystem to reject any transactions using credentials provisioned on the device being protected. However, in such embodiments, in order to limit the potential for privacy and/or security breaches, the administration entity subsystem may be operative to prevent the device protection subsystem from storing information at the device protection subsystem that may specifically link two or more particular users to the particular electronic device. Instead, a system of the disclosure may use user-anonymous suspension tokens, each of which may be associated with a particular user of the electronic device at the credential protection subsystem but may not be associated with a particular user at the device protection subsystem, such that the device protection subsystem may not have access to data that may be used to identify two or more particular users to a single electronic device.

Description of FIG. 1

(9) FIG. 1 is a schematic view of an illustrative system 1 that may allow for the management of credentials of multiple users on an electronic device. For example, as shown in FIG. 1, system 1 may include a multiple end-user host electronic device 100 (e.g., a laptop computer (see, e.g., FIG. 1) or a smart phone (see, e.g., FIG. 3)) with at least one first user credential of a first user U1 provisioned thereon and with at least one second user credential of a second user U2 provisioned thereon (e.g., on a secure element of host electronic device 100). System 1 may also include an administration (or commercial or trusted) entity subsystem 400, a service provider (or merchant or processing) subsystem 200, and a credential issuer subsystem 300. System 1 may also include an acquiring (or payment processor) subsystem (not shown) that may utilize credential data generated by a credential provisioned on host device 100 for completing a transaction with issuer subsystem 300 on behalf of SP subsystem 200. Communication of any suitable data between any two of host electronic device 100, service provider (“SP”) subsystem 200, administration entity (“AE”) subsystem 400, and credential issuer (or financial institution) subsystem 300 may be enabled via any suitable communications set-up 9, which may include any suitable wired communications path, any suitable wireless communications path, or any suitable combination of two or more wired and/or wireless communications paths using any suitable communications protocol(s) and/or any suitable network(s) and/or cloud architecture(s). Each communications paths between any two devices or subsystems of system 1 using communications set-up 9 may be at least partially managed by one or more trusted service managers (“TSMs”). Any suitable circuitry, device, system, or combination of these (e.g., a wireless communications infrastructure that may include one or more communications towers, telecommunications servers, or the like) that may be operative to create a communications network may be used to provide one or more of such communications paths, which may be capable of providing communications using any suitable wired or wireless communications protocol. For example, one or more of such communications paths may support Wi-Fi (e.g., an 802.11 protocol), ZigBee (e.g., an 802.15.4 protocol), WiDi™, Ethernet, Bluetooth™, BLE, high frequency systems (e.g., 900 MHz, 2.4 GHz, and 5.6 GHz communication systems), infrared, TCP/IP, SCTP, DHCP, HTTP, BitTorrent™, FTP, RTP, RTSP, RTCP, RAOP, RDTP, UDP, SSH, WDS-bridging, any communications protocol that may be used by wireless and cellular telephones and personal e-mail devices (e.g., GSM, GSM plus EDGE, CDMA, OFDMA, HSPA, multi-band, etc.), any communications protocol that may be used by a low power Wireless Personal Area Network (“6LoWPAN”) module, any other communications protocol, or any combination thereof.

(10) A transaction credential (e.g., a payment credential or any other suitable transaction credential) may be provisioned on host electronic device 100 (e.g., on a secure element or other storage component of host electronic device 100) from any suitable credential issuer subsystem 300 (e.g., an issuing bank subsystem or financial institution subsystem), either directly from the credential issuer subsystem or via AE subsystem 400, which may be operative to securely communicate

credential data onto host device **100** and manage such credential data. For example, credential issuer subsystem **300** may include a first issuing subsystem **391** that may be operated by at least one first credential issuing institution (e.g., a first issuing bank, such as Wells Fargo of San Francisco, California) with or without a first payment network institution (e.g., a first payment network, such as MasterCard of Purchase, New York) for provisioning at least one first user transaction credential on host device **100** (e.g., directly or via AE subsystem **400** (e.g., via a credential protection subsystem **491** of AE subsystem **400**)) for first user U1. Credential issuer subsystem **300** may include a second issuing subsystem **392** that may be operated by at least one second credential issuing institution (e.g., a second issuing bank, such as Citibank of Sioux Falls, South Dakota) with or without a second payment network institution (e.g., a second payment network, such as Visa of Foster City, California) for provisioning at least one second user transaction credential on host device **100** (e.g., directly or via AE subsystem **400** (e.g., via credential protection subsystem **491** of AE subsystem **400**)) for second user U2. It is to be understood, however, that first issuing subsystem **391** may be operative to provision one or more first user transaction credentials on device **100** for first user U1 as well as one or more second user transaction credentials on device **100** for second user U2, where no issuing subsystem may only be used to provision transaction credentials for a particular user. Once provisioned on host device **100**, a transaction credential may then be used by host device **100** for securely funding or otherwise conducting a transaction (e.g., a commercial or financial transaction or any other suitable credential transaction) with SP subsystem **200** (e.g., any suitable subsystem that may be operative to provide access to any suitable good or service as part of a transaction). For example, while interfacing with service provider (“SP”) subsystem **200** (e.g., via an online resource (e.g., an online app or web browser) or via a contactless proximity-based communication medium) for accessing (e.g., purchasing) a service provider product or service, host device **100** may identify a particular transaction credential to be used for funding or otherwise furthering a transaction to access the service provider product.

(11) AE subsystem **400** may include credential protection subsystem **491** that may be operative to provide an additional layer of security and/or efficiency to the provisioning of credentials on device **100** and/or to the sharing of credential data from host device **100** to SP subsystem **200** for furthering a transaction. For example, credential protection subsystem **491** may be operative to validate the trustworthiness of one or more issuing subsystems of credential issuer subsystem **300** on behalf of device **100** prior to enabling credential provisioning from an issuing subsystem onto device **100**, and/or credential protection subsystem **491** may be operative to encrypt, encode, or otherwise secure the communication of transaction credential information from an issuing subsystem to device **100** for ensuring secure credential provisioning on device **100**. Additionally or alternatively, credential protection subsystem **491** may be operative to validate the trustworthiness of SP subsystem **200** on behalf of device **100** prior to enabling transaction credential data to be shared from device **100** to SP subsystem **200**, and/or credential protection subsystem **491** may be operative to encrypt, encode, or otherwise secure the communication of transaction credential data from device **100** to SP subsystem **200** for ensuring secure transaction credential data sharing for furthering a transaction between device **100** and SP subsystem **200**.

(12) Moreover, AE subsystem **400** may include a device protection subsystem **471** that may be operative to provide an additional layer of security to host device **100** (e.g., if device **100** were to be lost or stolen). Device protection subsystem **471** may enable a user of device **100** to register device **100** with a service of device protection subsystem **471** that may be operative to track the location of device **100** and/or remotely control one or more functions of device **100**, such as turn on an alarm and/or erase or suspend or otherwise terminate the usefulness of certain device content, such as suspend the ability for the secure element of device **100** to generate transaction credential data for use in furthering a transaction with a service provider. Such a service may be useful to a device owner when device **100** may be lost or stolen such that the device may be recovered and/or

such that sensitive data on the device may not be accessed.

(13) However, when host device **100** may include sensitive data from two or more different users, such as a provisioned first user transaction credential of first user U1 and a provisioned second user transaction credential of second user U2, device protection subsystem **471** may be configured to suspend all user transaction credentials provisioned on host device **100** when device **100** is lost, so as to protect all such sensitive data. Such protection may include device protection subsystem **471** instructing credential protection subsystem **491** to suspend or otherwise prevent the use of credentials on device **100** from being used in any transaction (e.g., with SP subsystem **200**), whereby credential protection subsystem **491** may be operative to prevent the secure communication of any credential data from device **100** to SP subsystem **200** and/or to instruct credential issuer subsystem **300** to reject any transactions using credentials provisioned on device **100**. However, in such embodiments, in order to limit the potential for privacy and/or security breaches, AE subsystem **400** may be operative to prevent device protection subsystem **471** from storing information at device protection subsystem **471** (e.g., in a table or any other suitable data structure **473** of a server or other suitable component of device protection subsystem **471**) that may specifically link two or more particular users to a particular device (e.g., first user U1 and second user U2 to host device **100**). Instead, system **1** may use user-anonymous suspension tokens, each of which may be associated with a particular user of device **100** at credential protection subsystem **491** (e.g., in a table or any other suitable data structure **493** of a server or other suitable component of credential protection subsystem **491**) but may not be associated with a particular user at device protection subsystem **471**, such that device protection subsystem **471** may not have access to data that may be used to identify two or more particular users to a single electronic device.

Description of FIG. 2, FIG. 2A, and FIG. 3

(14) Referring now to FIG. 2, FIG. 2 shows a more detailed view of electronic device **100** of system **1**. As shown in FIG. 2, for example, device **100** may include a processor **102**, memory **104**, communications component **106**, power supply **108**, input component **110**, output component **112**, antenna **116**, and near field communication component **120**. Device **100** may also include a bus **118** that may provide one or more wired or wireless communication links or paths for transferring data and/or power to, from, or between various other components of device **100**. Device **100** may also be provided with a housing **101** that may at least partially enclose one or more of the components of device **100** for protection from debris and other degrading forces external to device **100**. In some embodiments, one or more components of device **100** may be combined or omitted. Moreover, device **100** may include other components not combined or included in FIG. 2. For example, device **100** may include any other suitable components or several instances of the components shown in FIG. 2. For the sake of simplicity, only one of each of the components is shown in FIG. 2. Electronic device **100** may be any portable, mobile, or hand-held electronic device configured to store one or more transaction credentials for use in furthering a transaction with an SP subsystem. Alternatively, electronic device **100** may not be portable at all, but may instead be generally stationary. Electronic device **100** can include, but is not limited to, a media player, video player, still image player, game player, other media player, music recorder, movie or video camera or recorder, still camera, other media recorder, radio, medical equipment, domestic appliance, transportation vehicle instrument, musical instrument, calculator, cellular telephone (e.g., an iPhone™ available by Apple Inc.), other wireless communication device, personal digital assistant, remote control, pager, computer (e.g., a desktop, laptop, tablet, server, etc.), monitor, television, stereo equipment, set up box, set-top box, wearable device (e.g., an Apple Watch™ by Apple Inc.), boom box, modem, router, printer, and combinations thereof.

(15) Memory **104** may include one or more storage mediums, including for example, a hard-drive, flash memory, permanent memory such as read-only memory (“ROM”), semi-permanent memory such as random access memory (“RAM”), any other suitable type of storage component, or any combination thereof. Memory **104** may include cache memory, which may be one or more different

types of memory used for temporarily storing data for electronic device applications. Memory **104** may store media data (e.g., music and image files), software (e.g., applications for implementing functions on device **100**), firmware, preference information (e.g., media playback preferences), lifestyle information (e.g., food preferences), exercise information (e.g., information obtained by exercise monitoring equipment), transaction information, wireless connection information (e.g., information that may enable device **100** to establish a wireless connection), subscription information (e.g., information that keeps track of podcasts or television shows or other media a user subscribes to), contact information (e.g., telephone numbers and e-mail addresses), calendar information, any other suitable data, or any combination thereof. Communications component **106** may be operative to enable device **100** to communicate with one or more other electronic devices or servers or subsystems (e.g., one or more of subsystems **200**, **300**, and **400**) using any suitable communications protocol(s) (e.g., wired and/or wireless protocol(s) via communications set-up **9**). Power supply **108** may provide power to one or more of the components of device **100**. In some embodiments, power supply **108** can be coupled to a power grid (e.g., when device **100** is not a portable device, such as a desktop computer). In some embodiments, power supply **108** can include one or more batteries for providing power (e.g., when device **100** is a portable device, such as a cellular telephone). As another example, power supply **108** can be configured to generate power from a natural source (e.g., solar power using solar cells). One or more input components **110** may be provided to permit a user or the ambient environment or data sources to interact or interface with device **100** and/or one or more output components **112** may be provided to present information (e.g., graphical, audible, and/or tactile information) to a user of device **100**. It should be noted that one or more input components and one or more output components may sometimes be referred to collectively herein as an input/output (“I/O”) component or I/O interface **114** (e.g., input component **110** and output component **112** as I/O component or I/O interface **114**). For example, input component **110** and output component **112** may sometimes be a single I/O component **114**, such as a touch screen, that may receive input information through a user's touch of a display screen and that may also provide visual information to a user via that same display screen.

(16) Processor **102** of device **100** may include any processing circuitry that may be operative to control the operations and performance of one or more components of device **100**. For example, processor **102** may receive input signals from input component **110** and/or drive output signals through output component **112**. Processor **102** of host device **100** may include any suitable processing circuitry that may be operative to control the operations and performance of one or more components of host device **100**. As shown in FIG. 2, processor **102** may be used to run one or more applications (e.g., an application **103** and/or an application **113**) that may at least partially dictate the way in which data may be received by, generated at, and/or communicated from device **100**. As one example, application **103** may be an operating system application while application **113** may be a third party application or any other suitable online resource (e.g., a protection application associated with device protection subsystem **471** of AE subsystem **400**, an application associated with a merchant of SP subsystem **200**, etc.). Moreover, as shown, processor **102** may have access to a host device identification information **119**, which may be utilized by a user of device **100** and/or AE subsystem **400** and/or issuer subsystem **300** and/or SP subsystem **200** for providing identification of device **100**. As just one example, host device identification information **119** may be a telephone number or e-mail address or any unique identifier that may be associated with device **100** or a component thereof (e.g., a secure element of device **100**).

(17) Near field communication (“NFC”) component **120** may be configured to communicate host transaction credential data and/or any other suitable data as a contactless proximity-based communication (e.g., near field communication) with SP subsystem **200** (e.g., with an SP NFC terminal of SP subsystem **200** that may be located at a brick and mortar store or any physical location at which a user of host device **100** may use a credential to conduct a transaction with a

proximately located SP terminal via a contactless proximity-based communication). NFC component **120** may allow for close range communication at relatively low data rates (e.g., 424 kbps), and may comply with any suitable standards, such as ISO/IEC 7816, ISO/IEC 18092, ECMA-340, ISO/IEC 21481, ECMA-352, ISO 14443, and/or ISO 15693. NFC component **120** may allow for close range communication at relatively high data rates (e.g., 370 Mbps), and may comply with any suitable standards, such as the TransferJet™ protocol. Communication between NFC component **120** and an NFC component of SP subsystem **200** may occur within any suitable close range distance between the NFC component and SP subsystem **200**, such as a range of approximately 2 to 4 centimeters, and may operate at any suitable frequency (e.g., 13.56 MHz). For example, such close range communication of an NFC component may take place via magnetic field induction, which may allow the NFC component to communicate with other NFC devices and/or to retrieve information from tags having radio frequency identification (“RFID”) circuitry. While NFC component **120** may be described with respect to near field communication, it is to be understood that component **120** may be configured to provide any suitable contactless proximity-based mobile payment or any other suitable type of contactless proximity-based communication between device **100** and another entity, such as a terminal of SP subsystem **200**. For example, NFC component **120** may be configured to provide any suitable short-range communication, such as those involving electromagnetic/electrostatic coupling technologies.

(18) NFC component **120** may include any suitable modules for enabling contactless proximity-based communication between device **100** and such an SP terminal. As shown in FIG. 2, for example, NFC component **120** may include an NFC device module **130**, an NFC controller module **140**, and/or an NFC memory module **150**. NFC device module **130** may include an NFC data module **132**, an NFC antenna **134**, and an NFC booster **136**. NFC data module **132** may be configured to contain, route, or otherwise provide any suitable data that may be transmitted by NFC component **120** to an SP terminal as part of a contactless proximity-based or NFC communication. NFC data module **132** may be configured to contain, route, or otherwise receive any suitable data that may be received by NFC component **120** from an SP terminal as part of a contactless proximity-based communication. NFC controller module **140** may include at least one NFC processor module **142**. NFC processor module **142** may operate in conjunction with NFC device module **130** to enable, activate, allow, and/or otherwise control NFC component **120** for communicating an NFC communication between device **100** and an SP terminal. NFC controller module **140** may include at least one NFC processor module **142** that may be used to run one or more applications, such as an NFC low power mode or wallet application **143** that may help dictate the function of NFC component **120**. NFC memory module **150** may operate in conjunction with NFC device module **130** and/or NFC controller module **140** to allow for NFC communications between device **100** and SP subsystem **200**. NFC memory module **150** may be tamper resistant and may provide at least a portion of a secure element **145** of device **100**. For example, secure element **145** may be configured to provide a tamper-resistant platform (e.g., as a single-chip or multiple-chip secure microcontroller) that may be capable of securely hosting applications and their confidential and cryptographic data (e.g., applets **153** and keys **155**) in accordance with rules and security requirements that may be set forth by a set of well-identified trusted authorities (e.g., an authority of a credential issuer subsystem and/or a financial institution subsystem and/or an industry standard, such as GlobalPlatform).

(19) As shown, for example, NFC memory module **150** may include one or more of an issuer security domain (“ISD”) **152**, one or more supplemental security domains (“SSDs”) **154a-154c** (e.g., a service provider security domain (“SPSD”), a trusted service manager security domain (“TSMSSD”), credential SSD, access SSD, etc.), which may be defined and managed by an NFC specification standard (e.g., GlobalPlatform). For example, ISD **152** may be a portion of NFC memory module **150** in which a trusted service manager (“TSM”) or issuing financial institution (e.g., issuer subsystem **300**) may store one or more keys (e.g., ISD key **156k**) and/or other suitable

information for creating or otherwise provisioning one or more credentials (e.g., credentials associated with various credit cards, bank cards, gift cards, access cards, transit passes, digital currency (e.g., bitcoin and associated payment networks), etc.) on device **100** (e.g., via communications component **106**), for credential content management, and/or security domain management. A credential may include credential data (e.g., credential information **161a**) that may be assigned to a user/consumer and that may be stored securely on electronic device **100**, such as a credit card payment number (e.g., a device primary account number (“DPAN”), DPAN expiry date, CVV, etc. (e.g., as a token or otherwise)). NFC memory module **150** may include at least three SSDs **154** (e.g., first credential SSD **154a**, second credential SSD **154b**, and access SSD **154c**). For example, each one of first credential SSD **154a** and second credential SSD **154b** may be associated with a respective specific credential (e.g., a specific credit card credential or a specific public transit card credential provisioned by issuer subsystem **300**) that may provide specific privileges or payment rights to electronic device **100**, while access SSD **154c** may be associated with a commercial or administration entity (e.g., an entity of AE subsystem **400**, which may be a controlling entity for device **100**) that may control access of device **100** to a specific credential of another SSD (e.g., first SSD **154a** or second SSD **154b**), for example, to provide specific privileges or payment rights to electronic device **100**. Each SSD **154** may include and/or be associated with at least one applet **153** (e.g., SSD **154a** with applet **153a** and SSD **154b** with applet **153b**). For example, an applet **153** of an SSD **154** may be an application that may run on a secure element of NFC component **120** (e.g., in a GlobalPlatform environment). A credential applet **153** may include or be associated with credential information **161** (e.g., information **161a** of applet **153a** and/or information **161b** of applet **153b**). Each SSD **154** and/or applet **153** may also include and/or be associated with at least one of its own keys **155** (e.g., applet **153a** with at least one access key **155a** and at least one credential key **155a'**, and applet **153b** with at least one access key **155b** and at least one credential key **155b'**).

(20) A key **155** of an SSD **154** may be a piece of information that can determine a functional output of a cryptographic algorithm or cipher. For example, in encryption, a key may specify a particular transformation of plaintext into ciphertext, or vice versa during decryption. Keys may also be used in other cryptographic algorithms, such as digital signature schemes and message authentication codes. A key of an SSD may provide any suitable shared secret with another entity. Each key and applet may be loaded on the secure element of device **100** by a TSM or an authorized agent or pre-loaded on the secure element when first provided on device **100**. As one example, while credential SSD **154a** may be associated with a particular credit card credential, that particular credential may only be used to communicate a host transaction credential data communication to SP subsystem **200** from a secure element of device **100** (e.g., from NFC component **120**) for a financial transaction when applet **153a** of that credential SSD **154a** has been enabled or otherwise activated or unlocked for such use.

(21) Security features may be provided for enabling use of NFC component **120** that may be particularly useful when transmitting confidential payment information, such as credit card information or bank account information of a credential, from electronic device **100** to SP subsystem **200** (e.g., via AE subsystem **400**) and/or to electronic device **100** from issuer subsystem **300** (e.g., via AE subsystem **400**). Such security features also may include a secure storage area that may have restricted access. For example, user authentication via personal identification number (“PIN”) entry or via user interaction with a biometric sensor may need to be provided to access the secure storage area. As an example, access SSD **154c** may leverage applet **153c** to determine whether such authentication has occurred before allowing other SSDs **154** (e.g., credential SSD **154a** or credential SSD **154b**) to be used for communicating its credential information **161**. In certain embodiments, some or all of the security features may be stored within NFC memory module **150**. Further, security information, such as an authentication key, for communicating commerce credential data with SP subsystem **200** may be stored within NFC memory module **150**.

In certain embodiments, NFC memory module **150** may include a microcontroller embedded within electronic device **100**. As just one example, applet **153c** of access SSD **154c** may be configured to determine intent and local authentication of a user of device **100** (e.g., via one or more input components **110**, such as a biometric input component) and, in response to such a determination, may be configured to enable another particular SSD for conducting a payment transaction (e.g., with a credential of credential SSD **154a**).

(22) As shown in FIG. 2A, for example, secure element **145** of NFC component **120** may include SSD **154a**, which may include or be associated with applet **153a**, credential information **161a**, access key **155a**, and/or credential key **155a'**, and SSD **154b**, which may include or be associated with applet **153b**, credential information **161b**, access key **155b**, and/or credential key **155b'**. In some embodiments, each one of SSDs **154a** and **154b** may be associated with a particular TSM and at least one specific commerce credential (e.g., a specific credit card credential or a specific public transit card credential) that may provide specific privileges or payment rights to electronic device **100** (e.g., SSD **154a** may be associated with a first host transaction credential provisioned for first user U1 from first issuing subsystem **391** of issuer subsystem **300** and SSD **154b** may be associated with a second host transaction credential provisioned for second user U2 from second issuing subsystem **392** of issuer subsystem **300**, as mentioned with respect to FIG. 1). Each SSD **154** may have its own manager key **155** (e.g., a respective one of keys **155ak** and **155bk**) that may need to be activated to enable a function of that SSD **154** for use by NFC device module **130**. Each SSD **154** may include and/or be associated with at least one of its own credential applications or credential applets (e.g., a Java card applet instances) associated with a particular commerce credential (e.g., credential applet **153a** of SSD **154a** may be associated with a first commerce credential and/or credential applet **153b** of SSD **154b** may be associated with a second commerce credential), where a credential applet may have its own access key (e.g., access key **155a** for credential applet **153a** and/or access key **155b** for credential applet **153b**) and/or its own credential key (e.g., credential key **155a'** for credential applet **153a** and/or credential key **155b'** for credential applet **153b**), and where a credential applet may need to be activated to enable its associated commerce credential for use by NFC device module **130** as an NFC communication (e.g., with an SP terminal) and/or as an online-based communication between device **100** and SP subsystem **200** (e.g., via AE subsystem **400**).

(23) A credential key of a credential applet may be generated by issuer subsystem **300** that may be responsible for such a credential and may be accessible by that issuer subsystem **300** for enabling secure transmission of that credential information of that applet between secure element **145** and issuer subsystem **300**. An access key of a credential applet may be generated by AE subsystem **400** and may be accessible by AE subsystem **400** for enabling secure transmission of that credential information of that applet between secure element **145** and AE subsystem **400**. As shown, each applet may include its own unique application identifier ("AID"), such as AID **155aa** of applet **153a** and/or AID **155ba** of applet **153b**. For example, an AID may identify a specific card scheme and product, program, or network (e.g., MasterCard Cirrus, Visa PLUS, Interac, etc.), where an AID may include not only a registered application provider identifier ("RID") that may be used to identify a payment system (e.g., card scheme) or network (e.g., MasterCard, Visa, Interac, etc.) of the credential associated with the AID but also a proprietary application identifier extension ("PIX") that may be used to differentiate between products, programs, or applications offered by a provider or payment system of the credential associated with the AID. Any suitable specification (e.g., a Java Card specification) that may be operative to preside over firmware of secure element **145** may be operative to ensure or otherwise force the uniqueness of each AID on secure element **145** (e.g., each credential instance on secure element **145** may be associated with its own unique AID).

(24) As shown in FIG. 2A, secure element **145** may include ISD **152**, which may include an ISD key **156k** that may also be known to a trusted service manager associated with that security domain

(e.g., AE subsystem **400**, as shown in FIG. 1B). ISD key **156k** may be leveraged by AE subsystem **400** and device **100** similarly to and/or instead of access key **155a** and/or access key **155b** for enabling secure transmissions between AE subsystem **400** and secure element **145**. Moreover, as shown in FIG. 2A, various data may be communicated between processor **102** and secure element **145**. For example, processor **102** of device **100** may be configured to run a device application **103** that may communicate information with an application **113** of processor **102** as well as secure element **145**, an I/O interface component **114a** (e.g., for receiving I/O input data **115i** and/or for transmitting I/O output data **115o**), and/or communications component **106**. Moreover, as shown, processor **102** may have access to device identification information **119**, which may be utilized for enabling secure communication between device **100** and remote entities.

(25) As shown in FIG. 2A, secure element **145** may include a controlling authority security domain (“CASD”) **158**, which may be configured to generate and/or otherwise include CASD access kit **158k** (e.g., CASD keys, certificates, and/or signing modules). For example, CASD **158** may be configured to sign certain data on secure element **145** (e.g., using CASD access kit **158k**) before providing such data to another portion of device **100** (e.g., communications component **106** for sharing with other subsystems of system **1**). Secure element **145** may include a contactless registry services (“CRS”) applet or application **151** that may be configured to provide local functionality to electronic device **100** for modifying a life cycle state (e.g., activated, deactivated, suspended, locked, etc.) of certain security domain elements and sharing certain output information **115o** about certain security domain elements in certain life cycle states with a user of device **100** (e.g., via a user I/O interface **114a**), and may include a CRS list **151t** that may maintain a list of the current life cycle state of each security domain element on secure element **145** and may be configured to share the life cycle state of one or more security domain elements with an application of device **100** (e.g., with any suitable application type, such as a daemon, such as card management daemon (“CMD”) application **113a** that may be running as a background process inside an operating system application **103** and/or a card management application **113b** (e.g., a Passbook™ or Wallet™ application by Apple Inc.) and/or a device protection (“DP”) application **113c** (e.g., an application and/or daemon that may be associated with device protection subsystem **471** of AE subsystem **400**) and/or a first user credential (“U1C”) daemon or application **113d** for use by first user U1 to communicate with secure element **145** and/or a second user credential (“U2C”) daemon or application **113e** for use by second user U2 to communicate with secure element **145**), which in turn may provide certain life cycle state information to a user of device **100** as output information **115o** via I/O interface **114a** and a user interface (“UI”) application (e.g., a UI of card management application **113b**), which may enable a user to change a life cycle state of a security domain element. CRS **151** may include a CRS access key **151k** that may also be known to a trusted service manager associated with CRS **151** (e.g., AE subsystem **400**) and may be leveraged by AE subsystem **400** and device **100** similarly to and/or instead of access key **155a** and/or access key **155b** for enabling secure transmissions between AE subsystem **400** and secure element **145**.

(26) DP application **113c** may be any suitable application type, such as a daemon, that may be running as a background process inside operating system application **103** and/or card management application **113b** and/or that may be provided by CMD application **113a** or that may be an application provided by any suitable entity (e.g., an entity responsible for device protection subsystem **471**), and may be operative to enable any suitable device protection service(s) to be later activated by device protection subsystem **471** for protecting device **100** in one or more ways. For example, DP application **113c** may be a “Find My Device” application (e.g., a “Find My iPhone” or “Find My Mac” application by Apple Inc.) that may be used in conjunction with a service of device protection subsystem **471** (e.g., an iCloud service of Apple Inc.) to track the location of device **100** and/or remotely control one or more functions of device **100**, such as turn on an alarm and/or erase or suspend or otherwise terminate the usefulness of certain device content, such as suspend the ability for the secure element of device **100** to generate transaction credential data for use in

furthering a transaction with a service provider. Such a service may be useful to a device owner when device **100** may be lost or stolen such that the device may be recovered and/or such that sensitive data on the device may not be accessed. Each one of U1C application **113d** and U2C application **113e** may be any suitable application type, such as a daemon, that may be running as a background process inside operating system application **103** and/or card management application **113b** and/or that may be provided by CMD application **113a** or that may be an application provided by any suitable entity (e.g., an entity responsible for credential protection subsystem **491**), and may be operative to enable a particular user of device **100** to provision user transaction credentials on device **100** and/or otherwise manage one or more credentials for that user on device **100**.

(27) As shown in FIG. 3, a specific example of host electronic device **100** may be a handheld electronic device, such as an iPhone™, where housing **101** may allow access to various input components **110a-110i**, various output components **112a-112c**, and various I/O components **114a-114d** through which device **100** and a user and/or an ambient environment may interface with each other. For example, a touch screen I/O component **114a** may include a display output component **112a** and an associated touch input component **110f**, where display output component **112a** may be used to display a visual or graphic user interface (“GUI”) **180**, which may allow a user to interact with electronic device **100**. GUI **180** may include various layers, windows, screens, templates, elements, menus, and/or other components of a currently running application (e.g., application **103** and/or application **113** and/or application **143**) that may be displayed in all or some of the areas of display output component **112a**. For example, as shown in FIG. 3, GUI **180** may be configured to display a first screen **190** with one or more graphical elements or icons **182** of GUI **180**. When a specific icon **182** is selected, device **100** may be configured to open a new application associated with that icon **182** and display a corresponding screen of GUI **180** associated with that application. For example, when the specific icon **182** labeled with a “Merchant App” textual indicator **181** (i.e., specific icon **183**) is selected by a user of device **100**, device **100** may launch or otherwise access a specific third party merchant or SP application and may display screens of a specific user interface that may include one or more tools or features for interacting with device **100** in a specific manner. As another example, when the specific icon **182** labeled with a “Wallet” textual indicator **181** (i.e., specific icon **185**) is selected, device **100** may launch or otherwise access a specific device application (e.g., card management application **113b** of FIG. 2A (e.g., as a “Wallet” or “Passbook” application) for managing various credentials on secure element **145**) and may display screens of a specific user interface that may include one or more tools or features for interacting with device **100** in a specific manner. As another example, when the specific icon **182** labeled with a “Protection” textual indicator **181** (i.e., specific icon **186**) is selected, device **100** may launch or otherwise access a specific device application (e.g., device protection application **113c** of FIG. 2A (e.g., a “Find My Device” application)) for enabling certain device protection services to be activated (e.g., by device protection subsystem **471**) for protecting device **100** (e.g., if lost, stolen, etc.). For each application, screens may be displayed on display output component **112a** and may include various user interface elements. For each application, various other types of non-visual information may be provided to a user via various other output components **112** of device **100**. In some embodiments, device **100** may not include a user interface component operative to provide a GUI but may instead be considered a more automated device. Device **100** may not include a user interface component operative to provide a GUI but may instead provide an audio and/or haptic output component and mechanical or other suitable user input components for selecting and authenticating use of a payment credential for funding a transaction.

(28) SP subsystem **200** may include any suitable service provider (“SP”) server (not shown), which may include any suitable component or subsystem configured to communicate any suitable data via any suitable communications protocol (e.g., Wi-Fi, Bluetooth™, cellular, wired network protocols, etc.) with a communications component of AE subsystem **400** and/or with communications component **106** of device **100**. For example, an SP server may be operative to communicate

potential transaction data with host device **100** within any suitable online-context, such as when a user of device **100** is communicating with the SP server to conduct a transaction via any suitable SP online resource that may be running on device **100**, such as a third party SP application running on device **100** that may be managed by the SP server or an internet application (e.g., Safari™ by Apple Inc.) running on device **100** that may be pointed to a uniform resource locator (“URL”) whose target or web resource may be managed by the SP server. Accordingly, it is noted that communications between an SP server and device **100** may occur wirelessly and/or via wired paths (e.g., over the internet). Such an SP server may be provided by a merchant or any other controlling entity of SP subsystem **200** (e.g., as a webserver to host website data and/or manage third party application data). Additionally or alternatively, SP subsystem **200** may include any suitable SP terminal (e.g., a merchant payment terminal), which may include any suitable component or subsystem configured to communicate any suitable data with a contactless proximity-based communication component of host device **100** (e.g., a contactless proximity-based communication with NFC component **120** of device **100**). SP subsystem **200** may include one or more SP keys associated with SP subsystem **200** and/or any suitable service provider identification (“SP ID”) information that may be utilized by device **100** and/or AE subsystem **400** and/or SP subsystem **200** and/or issuer subsystem **300** for uniquely identifying SP subsystem **200** to facilitate a transaction and/or to enable any suitable secure communication. As just one example, such SP ID information may be a telephone number or e-mail address or IP address or any unique identifier that may be associated with SP subsystem **200**. Although not shown, SP subsystem **200** may also include an SP processor component that may be the same as or similar to a processor component **102** of electronic device **100**, an SP communications component that may be the same as or similar to a communications component **106** of electronic device **100** (e.g., as a portion of an SP server), an SP I/O interface that may be the same as or similar to an I/O interface **114** of electronic device **100**, an SP bus that may be the same as or similar to a bus **118** of electronic device **100**, an SP memory component that may be the same as or similar to a memory component **104** of electronic device **100**, and/or an SP power supply component that may be the same as or similar to a power supply component **108** of electronic device **100**.

(29) Issuer subsystem **300** may include at least one issuing subsystem (e.g., issuing bank subsystem), such as first issuing subsystem **391** and second issuing subsystem **392**. Additionally, in some embodiments, issuer subsystem **300** may include at least one network subsystem (e.g., payment network subsystem (e.g., a payment card association or a credit card association)), such as first network subsystem and a second network subsystem. For example, each issuing subsystem may be a financial institution that may assume primary liability for a consumer’s capacity to pay off debts they may incur with a specific credential. One or more specific credential applets of host device **100** may be associated with a specific payment card that may be electronically linked to an account or accounts of a particular user. Various types of payment cards may be suitable, including credit cards, debit cards, charge cards, stored-value cards, fleet cards, gift cards, and the like. The commerce credential of a specific payment card may be provisioned on host device **100** (e.g., as a credential of a credential supplemental security domain (“SSD”) of NFC component **120**, as described below) by an issuing subsystem of issuer subsystem **300** for use in a commerce credential data communication (e.g., a contactless proximity-based communication and/or an online-based communication) with SP subsystem **200** (e.g., directly or via AE subsystem **400**). Each credential may be a specific brand of payment card that may be branded by a network subsystem of issuer subsystem **300**. Each network subsystem of issuer subsystem **300** may be a network of various issuing subsystems of issuer subsystem **300** and/or various acquiring banks that may process the use of payment cards (e.g., commerce credentials) of a specific brand. Also known as a payment processor or acquirer, an acquiring bank subsystem may be a banking partner of the SP associated with SP subsystem **200**, and the acquiring bank subsystem may be configured to work with issuer subsystem **300** to approve and settle credential transactions attempted to be

funded by host device **100** with host transaction credential data (e.g., via SP subsystem **200**). A network subsystem and an issuing subsystem of issuer subsystem **300** may be a single entity or separate entities. For example, American Express may be both a network subsystem and an issuing subsystem, while, in contrast, Visa and MasterCard may be payment subsystems and may work in cooperation with issuing subsystems, such as Citibank, Wells Fargo, Bank of America, and the like.

(30) In order for a financial transaction to occur within system **1** (e.g., a particular type of the many suitable types of transactions that may be carried out by system **1** between host device **100** and SP subsystem **200** according to the concepts disclosed herein), at least one transaction credential must be securely provisioned on a secure element of host device **100**. For example, such a transaction credential may be at least partially provisioned on secure element **145** of host device **100** directly from issuer subsystem **300** or via AE subsystem **400** (e.g., via credential protection subsystem **491**). For example, first user credential data (e.g., data **656** of FIG. **6**) may be provisioned from first issuing subsystem **391** on secure element **145** of device **100** for first user U1 as at least a portion or all of a credential supplemental security domain of NFC component **120** and may include a credential applet with credential information and/or a credential key, such as payment application or credential applet **153a** with credential information **161a** and credential key **155a'**, while second user credential data (e.g., data **664** of FIG. **6**) may be provisioned from second issuing subsystem **392** on secure element **145** of device **100** for second user U2 as at least a portion or all of a credential supplemental security domain of NFC component **120** and may include a credential applet with credential information and/or a credential key, such as payment application or credential applet **153b** with credential information **161b** and credential key **155b'**. Issuer subsystem **300** (e.g., first issuing subsystem **391**) may also have access to credential key **155a'** (e.g., for decrypting data encrypted by device **100** using credential key **155a'**), and issuer subsystem **300** (e.g., second issuing subsystem **392**) may also have access to credential key **155b'** (e.g., for decrypting data encrypted by device **100** using credential key **155b'**). Issuer subsystem **300** may be responsible for management of credential key **155a'** and **155b'**, which may include the generation, exchange, storage, use, and replacement of such keys. Issuer subsystem **300** may store its version of each credential key in one or more appropriate secure elements of issuer subsystem **300**. It is to be understood that each one of credential keys **155a'** and **155b'** of NFC component **120** and of issuer subsystem **300** may be any suitable shared secret (e.g., a password, passphrase, array of randomly chosen bytes, one or more symmetric keys, public-private keys (e.g., asymmetric keys), etc.) available to both the secure element of electronic device **100** and issuer subsystem **300** that may be operative to enable any suitable crypto data (e.g., a cryptogram) or any other suitable data to be independently generated by electronic device **100** and issuer subsystem **300** (e.g., for validating payment data for a financial transaction), such as by using any suitable cryptographic algorithm or cipher whose functional output may be at least partially determined by the shared secret, where such a shared secret may be provisioned on device **100** by issuer subsystem **300**. A shared secret may either be shared beforehand between issuer subsystem **300** and host device **100** (e.g., during provisioning of a credential on device **100** by issuer subsystem **300**), in which case such a shared secret may be referred to as a pre-shared key, or a shared secret may be created prior to use for a particular financial transaction by using a key-agreement protocol (e.g., using public-key cryptography, such as Diffie-Hellman, or using symmetric-key cryptography, such as Kerberos). The shared secret and any suitable cryptographic algorithm or cipher whose functional output may be at least partially determined by the shared secret may be accessible to the secure element of device **100**.

(31) AE subsystem **400** (e.g., credential protection subsystem **491**) may be provided as an intermediary between issuer subsystem **300** and host device **100**, where AE subsystem **400** may be configured to provide a new layer of security and/or to provide a more seamless user experience when a credential is being provisioned on device **100** and/or when such a provisioned credential is being used as part of a host transaction credential data communication between device **100** and SP

subsystem **200**. AE subsystem **400** may be provided by any suitable administration and/or commercial entity that may offer various services to a user of device **100** via user-specific log-in information to a user-specific account with that administration entity (e.g., via user-specific identification and password combinations). As just one example, AE subsystem **400** may be provided by Apple Inc. of Cupertino, CA, which may also be a provider of various administration and/or other services to users of device **100** (e.g., the iTunes™ Store for selling/renting media to be played by device **100**, the Apple App Store™ for selling/renting applications for use on device **100** (e.g., store **420** for securely delivering applications to device **100**), the Apple iCloud™ Service (e.g., a service of device protection subsystem **471**) for storing data from device **100** and/or associating a user with a device and/or providing device protection services (e.g., using DP application **113c** on device **100**), the Apple Online Store for buying various Apple products online, the Apple iMessage™ Service for communicating media messages between devices, the Apple Pay™ Service (e.g., a service of credential protection subsystem **491**) for securing and managing credential provisioning on device **100** and/or securely using host device credential data for furthering a transaction with a service provider, etc.), and which may also be a provider, manufacturer, and/or developer of device **100** itself and/or device **100'** itself (e.g., when device **100** is an iPod™, iPad™, iPhone™, MacBook™, iMac™, Apple Watch™, or the like) and/or of an operating system (e.g., device application **103**) or any other application (e.g., card management application **113b** and/or DP application **113c**) of device **100**. The administration or commercial entity that may provide AE subsystem **400** (e.g., Apple Inc.) may be distinct and independent from any credential issuing and/or financial entity of issuer subsystem **300**. For example, the administration or commercial entity that may provide AE subsystem **400** may be distinct and/or independent from any payment network subsystem or issuing bank subsystem that may furnish and/or manage any credit card or any other transaction credential to be provisioned on end-user host device **100**. The entity that may provide AE subsystem **400** (e.g., Apple Inc.) may be distinct and independent from any merchant of SP subsystem **200** (e.g., any SP entity of SP subsystem **200** that may provide an SP terminal for NFC communications, a third party application for online communications, and/or any other aspect of SP subsystem **200**). Such an administration entity may leverage its potential ability to configure or control various components of device **100** (e.g., software and/or hardware components of device **100**, such as when that entity may at least partially produce or manage device **100**) in order to provide a more seamless user experience for a user of device **100** when he or she wants to provision a credential offered by issuer subsystem **300** on host device **100** and/or when such a provisioned credential is being used as part of a host transaction credential data communication with SP subsystem **200** to fund a transaction and/or when device **100** may have any device protection services enabled (e.g., via DP application **113c**) for facilitating any suitable device protection services by device protection subsystem **471**. For example, in some embodiments, device **100** may be configured to communicate with AE subsystem **400** seamlessly and transparently to a user of device **100** for sharing and/or receiving certain data that may enable a higher level of security (e.g., during an online-based host transaction credential data communication between device **100** and SP subsystem **200** and/or when device **100** has been reported as lost or stolen). Although not shown, AE subsystem **400** may also include or have access to a processor component, a communications component, an I/O interface, a bus, a memory component, and/or a power supply component that may be the same as or similar to such components of device **100**, one, some or all of which may be at least partially provided by one, some, or each one of device protection subsystem **471** and credential protection subsystem **491** of AE subsystem **400**.

(32) In addition to at least one transaction credential being provisioned on host device **100** (e.g., a first user credential as a portion of a first credential SSD **154a** with credential key **155a'** and credential information **161a** and/or a second user credential as a portion of a second credential SSD **154b** with credential key **155b'** and credential information **161b**), at least one access SSD **154c**

with an access key **155c** may also be provisioned on device **100** in order to more securely enable device **100** to conduct a financial or other secure transaction with SP subsystem **200**. For example, access data may be provisioned on device **100** as at least a portion of access SSD **154c** directly from AE subsystem **400** and may include an access applet **153c** with access key **155c**. AE subsystem **400** (e.g., credential protection subsystem **491**) may also have access to access key **155c** (e.g., for decrypting data encrypted by device **100** using access key **155c**). AE subsystem **400** may be responsible for management of access key **155c**, which may include the generation, exchange, storage, use, and replacement of such a key. AE subsystem **400** may store its version of access key **155c** in a secure element of AE subsystem **400**. Access SSD **154c** with access key **155c** may be configured to determine intent and local authentication of a user of device **100** (e.g., via one or more input components **110** of device **100**, such as a biometric input component) and, in response to such a determination, may be configured to enable another particular SSD for conducting a payment transaction (e.g., with a user credential of credential SSD **154a** or SSD **154b**). By storing such an access SSD within secure element **145** of device **100**, its ability to reliably determine user intent for and authentication of a secure data transaction may be increased. Moreover, access key **155c** may be used to provide increased encryption to any transaction credential data that may be communicated outside of the secure element of device **100**. Access data may include an issuer security domain (“ISD”) key **156k** for an ISD **152** of secure element **145**, which may also be maintained by AE subsystem **400**, and may be used in addition to or as an alternative to access key **155c** (or one or more other ones of access keys **155a**, **155b**, **151k**, and **158k**).

Description of FIG. 4

(33) FIG. 4 shows further details with respect to various embodiments of AE subsystem **400** of system **1**. As shown in FIG. 4, AE subsystem **400** may be a secure platform system and may include a server **410**, an online store **420**, secure mobile platform (“SMP”) broker component **440**, an SMP trusted services manager (“TSM”) component **450**, an SMP crypto services component **460**, an identity management system (“IDMS”) component **470**, a fraud system component **480**, and/or a hardware security module (“HSM”) component **490**. In some embodiments, one or more components of AE subsystem **400** may be combined or omitted. Moreover, AE subsystem **400** may include other components not combined or included in FIG. 4. For example, AE subsystem **400** may include any other suitable components or several instances of the components shown in FIG. 4. For the sake of simplicity, only one of each of the components is shown in FIG. 4. One, some, or all components of AE subsystem **400** may be implemented using one or more processor components, which may be the same as or similar to processor component **102** of device **100**, one or more memory components, which may be the same as or similar to memory component **104** of device **100**, and/or one or more communications components, which may be the same as or similar to communications component **106** of device **100**. One, some, or all components of AE subsystem **400** may be managed by, owned by, at least partially controlled by, and/or otherwise provided by a single administration or commercial entity (e.g., Apple Inc.) that may be distinct and independent from issuer subsystem **300**. The components of AE subsystem **400** may interact with each other and collectively with issuer subsystem **300** and/or host electronic device **100** and/or SP subsystem **200** for providing a new layer of security and/or for providing a more seamless user experience. In some embodiments, device protection subsystem **471** and credential protection subsystem **491** may each include its own processing component, memory component, communications component, store **420**, SMP broker component **440**, SMP TSM component **450**, SMP crypto services component **460**, IDMS component **470**, fraud system component **480**, and/or HSM component **490**.

(34) SMP broker component **440** of AE subsystem **400** may be configured to manage user authentication with an administration or commercial entity user account. SMP broker component **440** may also be configured to manage the lifecycle and provisioning of credentials on device **100**. SMP broker component **440** may be a primary end point that may control the user interface elements (e.g., elements of GUI **180**) on device **100**. An operating system or other application of an

end user device (e.g., application **103**, application(s) **113**, and/or application **143** of host device **100**) may be configured to call specific application programming interfaces (“APIs”) and SMP broker **440** may be configured to process requests of those APIs and respond with data that may derive the user interface of device **100** and/or respond with application protocol data units (“APDUs”) that may communicate with secure element **145** of device **100**. Such APDUs may be received by AE subsystem **400** from issuer subsystem **300** via a TSM of system **1** (e.g., a TSM of a communication path between AE subsystem **400** and issuer subsystem **300**). SMP TSM component **450** of AE subsystem **400** may be configured to provide GlobalPlatform-based services or any other suitable services that may be used to carry out credential provisioning operations on device **100** from issuer subsystem **300**. GlobalPlatform, or any other suitable secure channel protocol, may enable SMP TSM component **450** to properly communicate and/or provision sensitive account data between secure element **145** of device **100** and a TSM for secure data communication between AE subsystem **400** and issuer subsystem **300**.

(35) SMP TSM component **450** may be configured to use HSM component **490** to protect its keys and generate new keys. SMP crypto services component **460** of AE subsystem **400** may be configured to provide key management and cryptography operations that may be provided for user authentication and/or confidential data transmission between various components of system **1**. SMP crypto services component **460** may utilize HSM component **490** for secure key storage and/or opaque cryptographic operations. A payment crypto service of SMP crypto services component **460** may be configured to interact with IDMS component **470** to retrieve information associated with on-file credit cards or other types of commerce credentials associated with user accounts of the administration entity. IDMS component **470** may be configured to enable and/or manage any suitable communication between host device **100** and one or more other devices, such as an identity services (“IDS”) transport (e.g., using an administration-entity specific (or other entity specific) service (e.g., iMessage™ by Apple Inc.)). For example, certain devices may be automatically or manually registered for such a service (e.g., all devices in an eco-system of AE subsystem **400** may be automatically registered for the service). Such a service may provide an end-to-end encrypted mechanism that may require active registration before messages can be sent using the service. IDMS component **470** and/or any other suitable server or portion of AE subsystem **400** may be operative to identify or otherwise lookup the status of any credentials provisioned on any electronic devices associated with a given user account or otherwise, such that AE subsystem **400** may be operative to efficiently and effectively identify one or more payment credentials that may be available to a particular device associated with a particular user account (e.g., multiple host devices of a family account with AE subsystem **400**). Fraud system component **480** of AE subsystem **400** may be configured to run an administration entity fraud check on a transaction credential based on data known to the administration entity about the transaction credential and/or the user (e.g., based on data (e.g., transaction credential information) associated with a user account with the administration entity and/or any other suitable data that may be under the control of the administration entity and/or any other suitable data that may not be under the control of issuer subsystem **300**). Fraud system component **480** may be configured to determine an administration entity fraud score for the credential based on various factors or thresholds. AE subsystem **400** may include store **420**, which may be a provider of various services to users of device **100** (e.g., the iTunes™ Store for selling/renting media to be played by device **100**, the Apple App Store™ for selling/renting applications for use on device **100**, etc.). As just one example, store **420** may be configured to manage and provide an application **113** to device **100**, where application **113** may be any suitable application, such as a banking application, an SP application, an e-mail application, a text messaging application, an internet application, a card management application, a device protection application, or any other suitable communication application. Server **410** may be used to store and/or process any suitable data. For example, a server of device protection subsystem **471** may access and process any suitable data of table or data structure **473**, while a server of credential

protection subsystem **491** may access and process any suitable data of table or data structure **493**. Any suitable communication protocol or combination of communication protocols may be used by a communications set-up **495** of AE subsystem **400** to communicate data amongst the various components of AE subsystem **400** and/or to communicate data between AE subsystem **400** and other components of system **1** (e.g., issuer subsystem **300** and/or host device **100** and/or SP subsystem **200** (e.g., via communications set-up **9**)).

Description of FIG. 5

(36) FIG. 5 is a flowchart of an illustrative process **500** for managing a plurality of credentials on an electronic device using an administration entity subsystem including a device protection server and a credential protection server, wherein the electronic device is associated with a device identifier and is used by a first user associated with a first user identifier and by a second user associated with a second user identifier (e.g., using AE subsystem **400** including device protection subsystem **471** and credential protection subsystem **491**). At operation **502**, when the first user authenticates the provisioning of a first credential of the plurality of credentials on the electronic device, the credential protection server may be used to store, at the credential protection server, a first suspension token against the device identifier and against the first user identifier and against a first credential identifier of the first credential, and to provision the first credential and the first suspension token on the electronic device (e.g., as described with respect to FIG. 6, credential protection subsystem **491** may store a first suspension token ST-1 against a device identifier ED-ID and against a first user identifier U1-ID and against a first credential identifier C1-ID, and may provision first user credential data **658** including first suspension token ST-1 on device **100**). At operation **504**, when the second user authenticates the provisioning of a second credential of the plurality of credentials on the electronic device, the credential protection server may be used to store, at the credential protection server, a second suspension token against the device identifier and against the second user identifier and against a second credential identifier of the second credential, and to provision the second credential and the second suspension token on the electronic device (e.g., as described with respect to FIG. 6, credential protection subsystem **491** may store a second suspension token ST-2 against device identifier ED-ID and against a second user identifier U2-ID and against a second credential identifier C2-ID, and may provision second user credential data **664** including second suspension token ST-2 on device **100**). At operation **506**, when the second user enables a protection service of the electronic device on the electronic device, the device protection server may be used to store, at the device protection server, the first suspension token and the second suspension token against the device identifier and against the second user identifier (e.g., as described with respect to FIG. 6, device protection subsystem **471** may store first suspension token ST-1 and second suspension token ST-2 against device identifier ED-ID and against second user identifier U2-ID). At operation **508**, when a protection mode is activated for the protection service of the electronic device enabled by the second user, the device protection server may be used to authenticate the second user using the second user identifier and to identify each one of the first suspension token and the second suspension token as stored at the device protection server against the device identifier of the electronic device and against the second user identifier and to share each one of the identified first suspension token and the identified second suspension token with the credential protection server (e.g., as described with respect to FIG. 6, device protection subsystem **471** may authenticate second user U2 using second user identifier U2-ID, identify ST-1 and ST-2 as stored against ED-ID and U2-ID, and share ST-1 and ST-2 with credential protection server **491**). At operation **510**, when each one of the identified first suspension token and the identified second suspension token is shared by the device protection server with the credential protection server, the credential protection server may be used to suspend each credential of the plurality of credentials that is stored at the credential protection server against the identified first suspension token and to suspend each credential of the plurality of credentials that is stored at the credential protection server against the identified second suspension token (e.g., as described with respect to FIG. 6,

credential protection subsystem **491** may suspend each credential stored against ST-1 and to suspend each credential stored against ST-2). At operation **512**, when the second user authenticates the second user on the electronic device using the second user identifier while the second credential is suspended, the credential protection server may be used to authenticate the second user using the second user identifier from the electronic device and unsuspend each credential of the plurality of credentials that has a credential identifier stored at the credential protection server against the second user identifier (e.g., as described with respect to FIG. **6**, credential protection subsystem **491** may authenticate second user U2 using second user identifier U2-ID and unsuspend each credential that has a credential identifier stored against U2-ID).

(37) It is understood that the operations shown in process **500** of FIG. **5** are only illustrative and that existing operations may be modified or omitted, additional operations may be added, and the order of certain operations may be altered. Further, in some implementations, two or more operations may occur in parallel or in a different sequence than described.

Description of FIG. **6**

(38) FIG. **6** is a flowchart of an illustrative process **600** for managing credentials of multiple users on an electronic device. Process **600** is shown being implemented by host device **100** and AE subsystem **400**. However, it is to be understood that process **600** may be implemented using any other suitable components or subsystems. Process **600** may provide a seamless user experience for securely and efficiently managing credentials of multiple users on electronic device **100** using device protection subsystem **471** and credential protection subsystem **491** of AE subsystem **400** while limiting the potential for privacy and/or security breaches by preventing device protection subsystem **471** from storing information at device protection subsystem **471** that may specifically link two or more particular users to device **100**. To facilitate the following discussion regarding the operation of system **1** for managing credentials of multiple users on an electronic device according to process **600** of FIG. **6**, reference is made to various components of system **1** of the schematic diagrams of FIGS. **1-4** and to the content of data structures **473** and **493** of FIGS. **4A** and **4B**.

(39) At operation **602**, device **100** (e.g., U1C application **113d**) may send first user credential request data **652** to credential protection subsystem **491** that may be operative to request that one or more first user transaction credentials be provisioned on device **100** for first user U1. For example, operation **602** may be at least partially carried out when first user U1 of device **100** selects a particular first user transaction credential of credential issuer subsystem **300** (e.g., of first issuing subsystem **391**) to be provisioned on device **100** (e.g., by interacting with device **100** in any suitable manner). First user credential request data **652** may include any suitable identification of the first user transaction credential to be provisioned (e.g., at least a portion of a primary account number (“PAN”), PAN expiry date, CVV, etc.), a first user identifier U1-ID that may be any suitable data that may uniquely identify first user U1 to AE subsystem **400** and/or any suitable first user password data U1-PW associated therewith (e.g., user-specific log-in information to a user-specific account with that administration entity (e.g., via user-specific identification and password combinations)), an electronic device identifier ED-ID that may be any suitable data that may uniquely identify electronic device **100** to AE subsystem **400** (e.g., device ID **119**, etc.), and/or the like.

(40) At operation **604**, credential protection subsystem **491**, for example, in conjunction with credential issuer subsystem **300**, may be operative to process first user credential request data **652**, to obtain credential information from credential issuer subsystem **300** to be provisioned on device **100** for first user U1 based on first user credential request data **652** (e.g., based on the identification of the first user transaction credential), to determine (e.g., generate and/or obtain) a first user transaction credential identifier C1-ID that may uniquely identify that first user transaction credential to AE subsystem **400**, to access (e.g., generate and/or obtain) a first suspension token ST-1 that be unique to AE subsystem **400**, and then to store first suspension token ST-1 against first user transaction credential identifier C1-ID and/or electronic device identifier ED-ID and/or first

user identifier U1-ID and/or first user password data U1-PW (e.g., by linking such data with any suitable data link(s)) in any suitable memory component of credential protection subsystem **491**, such as in a first linked data entry **493a** of table **493** of FIGS. **1** and **4B**. Such a unique first suspension token ST-1 may be any suitable data element of any suitable size, such as an 8- or 9-character alphanumeric string that may be randomly or uniquely generated by AE subsystem **400** or otherwise for association with any suitable data indicative of first user U1 and/or each first user transaction credential of device **100**, yet such that first suspension token ST-1 may not be associated with another user of device **100** (e.g., with second user U2).

(41) At operation **606**, first suspension token ST-1 may be communicated to device **100** (e.g., to U1C application **113d**) with credential information from credential issuer subsystem **300** for provisioning on device **100** as first user credential data **656**. For example, at least the credential information of such first user credential data **656** may be at least partially provisioned on secure element **145** of device **100** directly from credential issuer subsystem **300** (not shown in FIG. **6**) or via credential protection subsystem **491** along with first suspension token ST-1. As mentioned, such first user transaction credential information of first user credential data **656** may be provisioned on secure element **145** of device **100** as at least a portion or all of first credential SSD **154a** and may include credential applet **153a** with credential information **161a** and/or credential key **155a'** and/or key **155ak**. First user credential data **656** may also include access key **155a**, which may be initially provided from AE subsystem **400** to issuer subsystem **300** and/or may be added by AE subsystem **400**. In some embodiments, such first user transaction credential information of first user credential data **656** may include the primary account number as at least a portion of credential information of a payment credential being provisioned (e.g., credential information **161a** of applet **153a**), an AID (e.g., AID **155aa** for applet **153a** of the data of the payment credential being provisioned at SSD **154a**), an SSD identifier, and/or an SSD counter. At operation **608**, in response to receiving first user credential data **656** with first suspension token ST-1, device **100** (e.g., U1C application **113d**) may register first suspension token ST-1 with DP application **113c** as at least a portion of first suspension token data **658**. First suspension token ST-1 of first suspension token data **658** may be stored in any suitable register or data structure available to DP application **113c** (e.g., in any suitable portion of memory **104** of device **100** (e.g., using Keychain of Apple Inc.)).

(42) Later, after first user U1 may have interacted with device **100** (e.g., at operation **602**) for provisioning at least one first user transaction credential on device **100**, second user U2 may log-into device **100** as an active user. Then, at operation **610**, device **100** (e.g., U2C application **113e**) may send second user credential request data **660** to credential protection subsystem **491** that may be operative to request that one or more second user transaction credentials be provisioned on device **100** for second user U2. For example, operation **610** may be at least partially carried out when second user U2 of device **100** selects a particular second user transaction credential of credential issuer subsystem **300** (e.g., of first issuing subsystem **391** or of second issuing subsystem **392**) to be provisioned on device **100** (e.g., by interacting with device **100** in any suitable manner). Second user credential request data **660** may include any suitable identification of the second user transaction credential to be provisioned (e.g., at least a portion of a primary account number ("PAN"), PAN expiry date, CVV, etc.), a second user identifier U2-ID that may be any suitable data that may uniquely identify second user U2 to AE subsystem **400** and/or any suitable second user password data U2-PW associated therewith (e.g., user-specific log-in information to a user-specific account with that administration entity (e.g., via user-specific identification and password combinations)), electronic device identifier ED-ID that may be any suitable data that may uniquely identify electronic device **100** to AE subsystem **400** (e.g., device ID **119**, etc.), and/or the like.

(43) At operation **612**, credential protection subsystem **491**, for example, in conjunction with credential issuer subsystem **300**, may be operative to process second user credential request data **660**, to obtain credential information from credential issuer subsystem **300** to be provisioned on device **100** for second user U2 based on second user credential request data **660** (e.g., based on the

identification of the second user transaction credential), to determine (e.g., generate and/or obtain) a second user transaction credential identifier C2-ID that may uniquely identify that second user transaction credential to AE subsystem **400**, to access (e.g., generate and/or obtain) a second suspension token ST-2 that be unique to AE subsystem **400**, and then to store second suspension token ST-2 against second user transaction credential identifier C2-ID and/or electronic device identifier ED-ID and/or second user identifier U2-ID and/or second user password data U2-PW (e.g., by linking such data with any suitable data link(s)) in any suitable memory component of credential protection subsystem **491**, such as in a second linked data entry **493b** of table **493** of FIGS. **1** and **4B**. Such a unique second suspension token ST-2 may be any suitable data element of any suitable size, such as an 8- or 9-character alphanumeric string that may be randomly or uniquely generated by AE subsystem **400** or otherwise for association with any suitable data indicative of second user U2 and/or each second user transaction credential of device **100**, yet such that second suspension token ST-2 may not be associated with another user of device **100** (e.g., with first user U1).

(44) At operation **614**, second suspension token ST-2 may be communicated to device **100** (e.g., to U2C application **113e**) with credential information from credential issuer subsystem **300** for provisioning on device **100** as second user credential data **664**. For example, at least the credential information of such second user credential data **664** may be at least partially provisioned on secure element **145** of device **100** directly from credential issuer subsystem **300** (not shown in FIG. **6**) or via credential protection subsystem **491** along with second suspension token ST-2. As mentioned, such second user transaction credential information of second user credential data **664** may be provisioned on secure element **145** of device **100** as at least a portion or all of second credential SSD **154b** and may include credential applet **153b** with credential information **161b** and/or credential key **155b'** and/or key **155bk**. Second user credential data **664** may also include access key **155b**, which may be initially provided from AE subsystem **400** to issuer subsystem **300** and/or may be added by AE subsystem **400**. In some embodiments, such second user transaction credential information of second user credential data **664** may include the primary account number as at least a portion of credential information of a payment credential being provisioned (e.g., credential information **161b** of applet **153b**), an AID (e.g., AID **155ba** for applet **153b** of the data of the payment credential being provisioned at SSD **154b**), an SSD identifier, and/or an SSD counter. At operation **616**, in response to receiving second user credential data **664** with second suspension token ST-2, device **100** (e.g., U2C application **113e**) may register second suspension token ST-2 with DP application **113c** as at least a portion of second suspension token data **666**. Second suspension token ST-2 of second suspension token data **66** may be stored in any suitable register or data structure available to DP application **113c** (e.g., in any suitable portion of memory **104** of device **100** (e.g., using Keychain of Apple Inc.)).

(45) At any suitable time during process **600** prior to operation **626** at which a user of device **100** may activate one or more device protection services for device **100** at device protection subsystem **471**, any suitable user of device **100** may enable one or more device protection services for device **100** using DP application **113c** on device **100**. For example, as shown in FIG. **6**, second user U2, while logged-in to device **100**, may be operative to interact with device **100** in any suitable manner for enabling one or more device protection services of DP application **113c** at operation **618**. For example, at operation **618**, second user U2 may interact with DP application **113c** to enable a "Find My Device" option facilitated by DP application **113c**, which may then configure DP application **113c** to enable device protection subsystem **471** to remotely instruct DP application **113c** to activate one or more device protection services on device **100**, such as turn on an alarm and/or erase or suspend or otherwise terminate the usefulness of certain device content (e.g., as described with respect to operations **634** and **636**). When a particular user has interacted with device **100** for enabling one or more device protection services of DP application **113c** (e.g., at operation **618**), DP application **113c** may be operative to share device suspension data **670** with device protection

subsystem **471** at operation **620** indicative of any suspension tokens that have been registered on device **100** by DP application **113c**. For example, in some embodiments, device suspension data **670** may include first suspension token ST-1, second suspension token ST-2, electronic device identifier ED-ID, and identification of the second user U2 that has enabled one or more device protection services of DP application **113c**, such as second user identifier U2-ID and/or second user password data U2-PW. Alternatively, if second user U2 enables the device protection service(s) of DP application **113c** prior to a suspension token being provisioned on device **100** and registered at DP application **113c** (e.g., if operation **618** were to occur prior to operations **602-616**), then DP application **113c** may be configured to communicate appropriate device suspension data to device protection subsystem **471** each time a suspension token is registered at DP application **113c** (e.g., device suspension data that may include each suspension token registered at DP application **113c**, device identifier ED-ID, and identification of the user that enabled the device protection services).

(46) Continuing with the example of FIG. **6**, when device suspension data **670** may be shared by DP application **113c** with device protection subsystem **471** at operation **620** with data indicative of first suspension token ST-1, second suspension token ST-2, electronic device identifier ED-ID, and identification of the second user U2 that has enabled one or more device protection services of DP application **113c**, such as second user identifier U2-ID and/or second user password data U2-PW, then device protection subsystem **471** may be operative to process such device suspension data **670** and register at least a portion of that device suspension data at device protection subsystem **471** at operation **622**. For example, at operation **622**, device protection subsystem **471** may be operative to validate any suitable information associated with the user that has enabled one or more device protection services of DP application **113c**, such as by validating or otherwise authenticating second user identifier U2-ID and second user password data U2-PW of device suspension data **670** by comparing such data with user-specific account information already available to AE subsystem **400** and, if user U2 may be authenticated, then device protection subsystem **471** may be operative to store each suspension token of device suspension data **670** (e.g., first suspension token ST-1 and second suspension token ST-2) against electronic device identifier ED-ID and/or second user identifier U2-ID and/or second user password data U2-PW (e.g., by linking such data with any suitable data link(s)) in any suitable memory component of device protection subsystem **471**, such as in a second linked data entry **473b** of table **473** of FIGS. **1** and **4A** (e.g., where a first linked data entry **473a** of table **473** may at least include the user-specific account information already available to AE subsystem **400** for first user U1 (e.g., information that may be used to authenticate first user U1 in case first user U1 was the user that had enabled one or more device protection services of DP application **113c**)). Then, once device suspension data **670** has been processed and stored against identification of the user that has most recently enabled the device protection service(s) of DP application **113c** (e.g., second user U2) at operation **622**, device protection subsystem **471** may be operative to generate and communicate any suitable suspension storage confirmation data **674** to device **100** (e.g., to DP application **113c**) at operation **624** that may confirm to device **100** that each suspension token of device **100** has been properly registered with device protection subsystem **471** against the user that has most recently enabled the device protection service(s) of DP application **113c**.

(47) Therefore, while data entry **473b** of table **473** may include data linking first suspension token ST-1 and second suspension token ST-2 and second user U2 with electronic device **100**, table **473** of device protection subsystem **471** may not include sensitive data linking both first user U1 and second user U2 to electronic device **100**. In some embodiments, any storage of new suspension data for device **100** at device protection subsystem **471** at operation **622** in response to receiving new device suspension data at operation **620** from device **100** may first include clearing any previously stored suspension data at device protection subsystem **471** for device **100**. For example, if after operation **616** but prior to operations **618-624**, first user U1 had enabled the device protection service(s) of DP application **113c** and appropriate device suspension data had been

shared with device protection subsystem **471** for storing each suspension token (e.g., first suspension token ST-1 and second suspension token ST-2) against electronic device identifier ED-ID and/or first user identifier U1-ID and/or first user password data U1-PW (e.g., by linking such data with any suitable data link(s)) in any suitable memory component of device protection subsystem **471**, such as in first linked data entry **473a** of table **473** of FIGS. **1** and **4A** (e.g., in an earlier iteration of operations **618-622** initiated by a first user), then later operations **618-622** may be operative to first clear such a link between first user U1 and device **100** and suspension tokens ST-1 and ST-2 at device protection subsystem **471** (e.g., delete at least ED-ID and ST-1 and ST-2 from data entry **473a** of table **473** prior to storing the linking data of ED-ID and ST-1 and ST-2 with U2-ID and U2-PW in data entry **473b** of table **473**) prior to storage of the new suspension data linking second user U2 and device **100** to suspension tokens ST-1 and ST-2 in order to ensure that table **473** of device protection subsystem **471** may not include sensitive data linking both first user U1 and second user U2 to electronic device **100** and/or to suspension tokens ST-1 and ST-2.

(48) Continuing with the example of FIG. **6**, at any suitable time after device suspension data **670** has been processed and stored against identification of the user that has most recently enabled the device protection service(s) of DP application **113c** (e.g., second user U2) at operation **622** and any appropriate suspension storage confirmation data **674** has been communicated to device **100** at operation **624**, the user that has most recently enabled the device protection service(s) of DP application **113c** (e.g., second user U2) or any other suitable entity may then interface with device protection subsystem **471** in any suitable manner at operation **626** for activating one or more device protection service(s) of DP application **113c**. For example, second user U2 may use its U2-ID and U2-PW account information to log-into a server of device protection subsystem **471** (e.g., from a user device other than electronic device **100**) and may then interface with a service of device protection subsystem **471** in any suitable manner to identify device **100** (e.g., by providing or selecting ED-ID) and activate at least one device protection service for device **100** that has previously been enabled by second user U2 on device **100** (e.g., via DP application **113c** at operation **618**). Such an activated service may be a “Find My Device” service that may be enable device protection subsystem **471** to adjust any suitable modes or functionalities on device **100** that may facilitate securing content of device **100** and/or enabling a user to locate device **100** (e.g., to enter a “lost mode”). For example, between operations **622** and **626**, device **100** may be misplaced, lost, or stolen, such that user U2 may wish to protect device **100** in one or more ways by activating one or more device protection services of device protection subsystem **471** and DP application **113c**, such as activating a service of device protection subsystem **471** that may be operative to track the location of device **100** and/or remotely control one or more functions of device **100**, such as turn on an alarm and/or erase or suspend or otherwise terminate the usefulness of certain device content, such as suspend the ability for the secure element of device **100** to generate transaction credential data for use in furthering a transaction with a service provider.

(49) In response to a device protection service of device protection subsystem **471** and DP application **113c** being activated at operation **626** by device protection subsystem **471** receiving information appropriately identifying user U2 (e.g., U2-ID and/or U2-PW) and device **100** (e.g., ED-ID), device protection subsystem **471** may be operative at operation **628** to identify each suspension token associated with device **100** and then to share suspended device suspension data **678** with credential protection subsystem **491**. For example, device protection subsystem **471** may be operative to identify appropriate suspension tokens ST-1 and ST-2 by identifying each suspension token that may be stored in table **473** (e.g., in second linked data entry **473b** of table **473**) against ED-ID and/or U2-ID and/or U2-PW as provided to device protection subsystem **471** at operation **626**. Then, device protection subsystem **471** may communicate each one of identified suspension tokens ST-1 and ST-2 as at least a portion of suspended device suspension data **678** to credential protection subsystem **491** at operation **628**, where suspended device suspension data **678** may include any other suitable data, such as identification of ED-ID and/or U2-ID and/or U2-PW

and/or any suitable instruction that may be operative to instruct credential protection subsystem **491** to suspend each credential that may be associated with any of the identified suspension tokens, so as to carry out at least a portion of a device protection service activated for device **100** at operation **626**.

(50) Then, at operation **630**, credential protection subsystem **491** may be operative to process received suspended device suspension data **678** for identifying and suspending each credential that may be associated with any of the suspension tokens identified by suspended device suspension data **678**. For example, in response to receiving suspended device suspension data **678** indicative of suspension token ST-1 and suspension token ST-2, credential protection subsystem **491** may be operative to determine that the first user transaction credential uniquely identified by C1-ID may be associated with first suspension token ST-1 (e.g., by identifying C1-ID in first linked data entry **493a** of table **493** as linked to ST-1 of suspended device suspension data **678**) and to take any suitable actions to temporarily suspend the functionality of that first user transaction credential (e.g., by flagging the credential as a credential not to be securely processed in a transaction if received from device **100** and/or by instructing credential issuer subsystem **300** to temporarily suspend the ability of the credential from funding or otherwise furthering any transaction with any service provider). Similarly, in response to receiving suspended device suspension data **678** indicative of suspension token ST-1 and suspension token ST-2, credential protection subsystem **491** may be operative to determine that the second user transaction credential uniquely identified by C2-ID may be associated with second suspension token ST-2 (e.g., by identifying C2-ID in second linked data entry **493b** of table **493** as linked to ST-2 of suspended device suspension data **678**) and to take any suitable actions to temporarily suspend the functionality of that second user transaction credential (e.g., by flagging the credential as a credential not to be securely processed in a transaction if received from device **100** and/or by instructing credential issuer subsystem **300** to temporarily suspend the ability of the credential from funding or otherwise furthering any transaction with any service provider). Additionally, in response to receiving suspended device suspension data **678** indicative of suspension token ST-1 and suspension token ST-2, credential protection subsystem **491** may be operative to determine that a third user transaction credential uniquely identified by C3-ID may be associated with second suspension token ST-2 (e.g., by identifying C3-ID in a third linked data entry **493c** of table **493** as linked to ST-2 of suspended device suspension data **678** (e.g., another credential that may have been provisioned on device **100** for second user U2 at another instance of operation **614**)) and to take any suitable actions to temporarily suspend the functionality of that third user transaction credential (e.g., by flagging the credential as a credential not to be securely processed in a transaction if received from device **100** and/or by instructing credential issuer subsystem **300** to temporarily suspend the ability of the credential from funding or otherwise furthering any transaction with any service provider), such that two or more credentials may be associated with the same suspension token. However, it is to be appreciated that a particular unique suspension token may only be associated with one or more credentials provisioned on a particular device for a particular user.

(51) Then, once suspended device suspension data **678** has been processed by credential protection subsystem **491** for suspending the viability of each user transaction credential associated with any suspension token identified by suspended device suspension data **678** at operation **630**, credential protection subsystem **491** may be operative to generate and communicate any suitable suspended credential confirmation data **682** to device protection subsystem **471** at operation **632** that may confirm to device protection subsystem **471** that the viability of each user transaction credential associated with any suspension token identified by suspended device suspension data **678** has been properly suspended. Moreover, once device protection subsystem **471** has been instructed to activate at least one device protection service for device **100**, device protection subsystem **471** may be operative to communicate any suitable device protection service command data **684** to device **100** (e.g., to DP application **113c**) at operation **634**, and device **100** (e.g., to DP application **113c**)

may be operative to receive and process such device protection service command data **684** at operation **636** for activating one or more appropriate device protection services on device **100**, such as turn on an alarm (e.g., using an output component **112** of device **100**) and/or lock device **100** with a passcode and/or erase or suspend or otherwise terminate the usefulness of certain device content, such as suspend the ability for secure element **145** of device **100** to use any user transaction credential to generate transaction credential data for use in furthering a transaction with a service provider (e.g., using CRS application **151** to adjust the life cycle state of each user transaction credential associated with a suspension token on device **100** (e.g., the credentials of applets **153a** and **153b**) to a suspended life cycle state).

(52) At any suitable moment after operation **636** (e.g., after a lost device has been found), a user of device **100** may properly authenticate itself with device **100** (e.g., with DP application **113c**) in any suitable manner at operation **638** to deactivate any suitable activated device protections services (e.g., as activated at operation **636**). For example, user U1 or user U2 may access DP application **113c** of device **100** (e.g., using appropriate authentication information (e.g., U1-ID and U1-PW or U2-ID and U2-PW)) that may be communicated to device protection subsystem **471** as at least a portion of device deactivation data **689** at operation **639** to instruct device protection subsystem **471** that the previously activated device protections service(s) have been deactivated on device **100**. Afterwards, any user may properly authenticate itself with a user credential application of device **100** to unsuspend one or more credentials associated with that user. For example, as shown in FIG. **6**, at operation **640**, second user U2 may access U2C application **113e** of device **100** (using any appropriate authentication information (e.g., U2-ID and U2-PW) that may then be communicated to credential protection subsystem **491** as at least a portion of second user authentication data **691** at operation **641** to authenticate second user U2 at credential protection subsystem **491** for unsuspending each appropriate credential of device **100** associated with user U2. For example, second user authentication data **691** may include U2-ID and/or U2-PW and ED-ID, which may be processed by credential protection subsystem **491** at operation **642** for identifying and unsuspending each credential that may be associated with second user U2 and device **100** identified by second user authentication data **691**. For example, in response to receiving second user authentication data **691** that may be indicative of U2-ID (and/or U2-PW) and ED-ID, credential protection subsystem **491** may be operative to determine that the second user transaction credential uniquely identified by C2-ID may be associated with U2-ID (and/or U2-PW) and ED-ID (e.g., by identifying C2-ID in second linked data entry **493b** of table **493** as linked to U2-ID (and/or U2-PW) and ED-ID of second user authentication data **691**) and to take any suitable actions to unsuspend the functionality of that second user transaction credential (e.g., by unflagging the credential as a credential not to be securely processed in a transaction if received from device **100** and/or by instructing credential issuer subsystem **300** to unsuspend the ability of the credential from funding or otherwise furthering any transaction with any service provider). Similarly, in response to receiving second user authentication data **691** that may be indicative of U2-ID (and/or U2-PW) and ED-ID, credential protection subsystem **491** may be operative to determine that the third user transaction credential uniquely identified by C3-ID may be associated with U2-ID (and/or U2-PW) and ED-ID (e.g., by identifying C3-ID in third linked data entry **493c** of table **493** as linked to U2-ID (and/or U2-PW) and ED-ID of second user authentication data **691**) and to take any suitable actions to unsuspend the functionality of that third user transaction credential (e.g., by unflagging the credential as a credential not to be securely processed in a transaction if received from device **100** and/or by instructing credential issuer subsystem **300** to unsuspend the ability of the credential from funding or otherwise furthering any transaction with any service provider). Then, once second user authentication data **691** has been processed by credential protection subsystem **491** for unsuspending the viability of each user transaction credential associated with U2-ID (and/or U2-PW) and ED-ID identified by second user authentication data **691** at operation **642**, credential protection subsystem **491** may be operative to generate and communicate any

suitable unsuspended second user credential confirmation data **693** to device **100** (e.g., to U2C application **113e**) at operation **643** that may confirm to device **100** (and a user thereof (e.g., second user U2)) that each second user transaction credential on device **100** for second user U2 has been properly unsuspended. Additionally or alternatively, as shown in FIG. **6**, at operation **644**, first user U1 may access U1C application **113d** of device **100** (using any appropriate authentication information (e.g., U1-ID and U1-PW) that may then be communicated to credential protection subsystem **491** as at least a portion of first user authentication data **695** at operation **645** to authenticate first user U1 at credential protection subsystem **491** for unsuspending each appropriate credential of device **100** associated with user U1. For example, first user authentication data **695** may include U1-ID and/or U1-PW and ED-ID, which may be processed by credential protection subsystem **491** at operation **646** for identifying and unsuspending each credential that may be associated with first user U1 and device **100** identified by first user authentication data **695**. For example, in response to receiving first user authentication data **695** that may be indicative of U1-ID (and/or U1-PW) and ED-ID, credential protection subsystem **491** may be operative to determine that the first user transaction credential uniquely identified by C1-ID may be associated with U1-ID (and/or U1-PW) and ED-ID (e.g., by identifying C1-ID in first linked data entry **493a** of table **493** as linked to U1-ID (and/or U1-PW) and ED-ID of first user authentication data **695**) and to take any suitable actions to unsuspend the functionality of that first user transaction credential (e.g., by unflagging the credential as a credential not to be securely processed in a transaction if received from device **100** and/or by instructing credential issuer subsystem **300** to unsuspend the ability of the credential from funding or otherwise furthering any transaction with any service provider). Then, once first user authentication data **695** has been processed by credential protection subsystem **491** for unsuspending the viability of each user transaction credential associated with U1-ID (and/or U1-PW) and ED-ID identified by first user authentication data **695** at operation **646**, credential protection subsystem **491** may be operative to generate and communicate any suitable unsuspended first user credential confirmation data **697** to device **100** (e.g., to U1C application **113d**) at operation **647** that may confirm to device **100** (and a user thereof (e.g., first user U1)) that each first user transaction credential on device **100** for first user U1 has been properly unsuspended. It is to be understood that operations **644-647** may occur before operations **640-643** or may occur without operations **640-643** ever occurring. In some embodiments, operations **644-647** may occur before operations **638-643** or may occur without operations **638-643** ever occurring.

(53) In some embodiments, only the credentials associated with the user that activates any device protection service(s) may be suspended. For example, a device protection service of device protection subsystem **471** and DP application **113c** may be activated at operation **626** by device protection subsystem **471** receiving information appropriately identifying user U2 (e.g., U2-ID and/or U2-PW) and device **100** (e.g., ED-ID), and also an instruction to only suspend credentials associated with that user when activating the service(s). Alternatively, AE subsystem **400** may be configured to only suspend the credentials of the user activating the services. Therefore, device protection subsystem **471** may be operative at operation **628** to identify each suspension token associated with device **100** and then to share suspended device suspension data **678** with credential protection subsystem **491** that may be indicative of the user that activated the service(s) (e.g., U2-ID and/or U2-PW) such that credential protection subsystem **491** may then only suspend the credentials associated with the suspension token that is also associated with that user (e.g., in table **493**). For example, device protection subsystem **471** may be operative to identify appropriate suspension tokens ST-1 and ST-2 by identifying each suspension token that may be stored in table **473** (e.g., in second linked data entry **473b** of table **473**) against ED-ID and/or U2-ID and/or U2-PW as provided to device protection subsystem **471** at operation **626**. Then, device protection subsystem **471** may communicate each one of identified suspension tokens ST-1 and ST-2 as at least a portion of suspended device suspension data **678** to credential protection subsystem **491** at operation **628**, where suspended device suspension data **678** may include any other suitable data,

such as identification of U2-ID and/or U2-PW and/or any suitable instruction that may be operative to instruct credential protection subsystem **491** to suspend each credential that may be associated with any of the identified suspension tokens but also that identification of user U2, so as to carry out at least a portion of a device protection service activated for device **100** at operation **626**. Such that, then, at operation **630**, credential protection subsystem **491** may be operative to process received suspended device suspension data **678** for identifying and suspending each credential that may be associated with any of the suspension tokens identified by suspended device suspension data **678** that is also associated with user U2. For example, in response to receiving suspended device suspension data **678** indicative of suspension token ST-1 and suspension token ST-2 and U2-ID, credential protection subsystem **491** may be operative to determine that although the first user transaction credential uniquely identified by C1-ID may be associated with first suspension token ST-1 (e.g., by identifying C1-ID in first linked data entry **493a** of table **493** as linked to ST-1 of suspended device suspension data **678**) it is not also associated with user U2's U2-ID and thus may not take any suitable actions to temporarily suspend the functionality of that first user transaction credential (e.g., by flagging the credential as a credential not to be securely processed in a transaction if received from device **100** and/or by instructing credential issuer subsystem **300** to temporarily suspend the ability of the credential from funding or otherwise furthering any transaction with any service provider). However, in response to receiving suspended device suspension data **678** indicative of suspension token ST-1 and suspension token ST-2 and user U2's U2-ID, credential protection subsystem **491** may be operative to determine that the second user transaction credential uniquely identified by C2-ID may be associated with second suspension token ST-2 and user U2's U2-ID (e.g., by identifying C2-ID in second linked data entry **493b** of table **493** as linked to ST-2 and user U2's U2-ID of suspended device suspension data **678**) and to take any suitable actions to temporarily suspend the functionality of that second user transaction credential (e.g., by flagging the credential as a credential not to be securely processed in a transaction if received from device **100** and/or by instructing credential issuer subsystem **300** to temporarily suspend the ability of the credential from funding or otherwise furthering any transaction with any service provider). Additionally, in response to receiving suspended device suspension data **678** indicative of suspension token ST-1 and suspension token ST-2 and user U2's U2-ID, credential protection subsystem **491** may be operative to determine that a third user transaction credential uniquely identified by C3-ID may be associated with second suspension token ST-2 and user U2's U2-ID (e.g., by identifying C3-ID in a third linked data entry **493c** of table **493** as linked to ST-2 and user U2's U2-ID of suspended device suspension data **678** (e.g., another credential that may have been provisioned on device **100** for second user U2 at another instance of operation **614**)) and to take any suitable actions to temporarily suspend the functionality of that third user transaction credential (e.g., by flagging the credential as a credential not to be securely processed in a transaction if received from device **100** and/or by instructing credential issuer subsystem **300** to temporarily suspend the ability of the credential from funding or otherwise furthering any transaction with any service provider), such that two or more credentials may be associated with the same suspension token. Therefore, only the credentials associated with a suspension token of device **100** and with the user that activated the device protection service(s) at operation **626** may be suspended or otherwise manipulated by AE subsystem **400** at operation **630**.

(54) Moreover, any suitable user of system **1** may be provided with administrator ("admin") privileges (e.g., admin log-in credentials to device **100** and/or to device protection subsystem **471** and/or to credential protection subsystem **491**) that may enable that user to have any privileges associated with user U1 and with user U2, such that an admin user may suspend a particular one, some, or each credential of user U1 and/or a particular one, some, or each credential of user U2.

(55) It is understood that the operations shown in process **600** of FIG. **6** are only illustrative and that existing operations may be modified or omitted, additional operations may be added, and the order of certain operations may be altered. Further, in some implementations, two or more

operations may occur in parallel or in a different sequence than described.

Description of FIG. 7

(56) FIG. 7 is a flowchart of an illustrative process **700** for protecting an electronic device using a device protection server, wherein the electronic device includes a device identifier, a first suspension token and an associated first credential for a first user associated with a first user identifier, and a second suspension token and an associated second credential for a second user associated with a second user identifier. At operation **702** of process **700**, device suspension data may be received with the device protection server from the electronic device, where the device suspension data may include the first suspension token, the second suspension token, the device identifier, and the second user identifier (e.g., device suspension data **670**). At operation **704** of process **700**, the device suspension data received at operation **702** may be stored at the device protection server (e.g., similar to operation **622**). At operation **706** of process **700**, after operation **704**, the device protection server may receive a device protection enablement request that may include the device identifier and the second user identifier (e.g., similar to operation **626**). At operation **708** of process **700**, the device protection server may identify each one of the first suspension token and the second suspension token as being stored at the device protection server in the stored device suspension data with both the device identifier and the second user identifier of the received device protection enablement request. At operation **710** of process **700**, the device protection server may communicate to a remote subsystem credential suspension data that is operative to instruct the remote subsystem to suspend every credential associated with the identified first suspension token and to suspend every credential associated with the identified second suspension token (e.g., device suspension data **678**).

(57) It is understood that the operations shown in process **700** of FIG. 7 are only illustrative and that existing operations may be modified or omitted, additional operations may be added, and the order of certain operations may be altered.

Further Description of FIGS. 1-7

(58) One, some, or all of the processes described with respect to FIGS. 1-7 may each be implemented by software, but may also be implemented in hardware, firmware, or any combination of software, hardware, and firmware. Instructions for performing these processes may also be embodied as machine- or computer-readable code recorded on a machine- or computer-readable medium. In some embodiments, the computer-readable medium may be a non-transitory computer-readable medium. Examples of such a non-transitory computer-readable medium include but are not limited to a read-only memory, a random-access memory, a flash memory, a CD-ROM, a DVD, a magnetic tape, a removable memory card, and a data storage device (e.g., memory **104** and/or memory module **150** of FIG. 2). In other embodiments, the computer-readable medium may be a transitory computer-readable medium. In such embodiments, the transitory computer-readable medium can be distributed over network-coupled computer systems so that the computer-readable code is stored and executed in a distributed fashion. For example, such a transitory computer-readable medium may be communicated from one electronic device to another electronic device using any suitable communications protocol (e.g., the computer-readable medium may be communicated to electronic device **100** via communications component **106** (e.g., as at least a portion of an application **103** and/or as at least a portion of an application **113** and/or as at least a portion of an application **143**)). Such a transitory computer-readable medium may embody computer-readable code, instructions, data structures, program modules, or other data in a modulated data signal, such as a carrier wave or other transport mechanism, and may include any information delivery media. A modulated data signal may be a signal that has one or more of its characteristics set or changed in such a manner as to encode information in the signal.

(59) It is to be understood that any, each, or at least one module or component or subsystem of system **1** may be provided as a software construct, firmware construct, one or more hardware components, or a combination thereof. For example, any, each, or at least one module or

component or subsystem of system **1** may be described in the general context of computer-executable instructions, such as program modules, that may be executed by one or more computers or other devices. Generally, a program module may include one or more routines, programs, objects, components, and/or data structures that may perform one or more particular tasks or that may implement one or more particular abstract data types. It is also to be understood that the number, configuration, functionality, and interconnection of the modules and components and subsystems of system **1** are only illustrative, and that the number, configuration, functionality, and interconnection of existing modules, components, and/or subsystems may be modified or omitted, additional modules, components, and/or subsystems may be added, and the interconnection of certain modules, components, and/or subsystems may be altered.

(60) At least a portion of one or more of the modules or components or subsystems of system **1** may be stored in or otherwise accessible to an entity of system **1** in any suitable manner (e.g., in memory **104** of device **100** (e.g., as at least a portion of an application **103** and/or as at least a portion of an application **113** and/or as at least a portion of an application **143**)). For example, any or each module of NFC component **120** may be implemented using any suitable technologies (e.g., as one or more integrated circuit devices), and different modules may or may not be identical in structure, capabilities, and operation. Any or all of the modules or other components of system **1** may be mounted on an expansion card, mounted directly on a system motherboard, or integrated into a system chipset component (e.g., into a “north bridge” chip).

(61) Any or each module or component of system **1** (e.g., any or each module of NFC component **120**) may be a dedicated system implemented using one or more expansion cards adapted for various bus standards. For example, all of the modules may be mounted on different interconnected expansion cards or all of the modules may be mounted on one expansion card. With respect to NFC component **120**, by way of example only, the modules of NFC component **120** may interface with a motherboard or processor **102** of device **100** through an expansion slot (e.g., a peripheral component interconnect (“PCI”) slot or a PCI express slot). Alternatively, NFC component **120** need not be removable but may include one or more dedicated modules that may include memory (e.g., RAM) dedicated to the utilization of the module. In other embodiments, NFC component **120** may be integrated into device **100**. For example, a module of NFC component **120** may utilize a portion of device memory **104** of device **100**. Any or each module or component of system **1** (e.g., any or each module of NFC component **120**) may include its own processing circuitry and/or memory. Alternatively, any or each module or component of system **1** (e.g., any or each module of NFC component **120**) may share processing circuitry and/or memory with any other module of NFC component **120** and/or processor **102** and/or memory **104** of device **100**.

(62) The present disclosure recognizes that the use of such personal information data, in the present technology, such as current location of a user device **100**, can be used to the benefit of users. For example, the personal information data can be used to provide better security and risk assessment for a financial transaction being conducted. Accordingly, use of such personal information data enables calculated security of a financial transaction. Further, other uses for personal information data that benefit the user are also contemplated by the present disclosure.

(63) The present disclosure further contemplates that the entities responsible for the collection, analysis, disclosure, transfer, storage, or other use of such personal information data will comply with well-established privacy policies and/or privacy practices. In particular, such entities should implement and consistently use privacy policies and practices that are generally recognized as meeting or exceeding industry or governmental requirements for maintaining personal information data private and secure. For example, personal information from users should be collected for legitimate and reasonable uses of the entity and not shared or sold outside of those legitimate uses. Further, such collection should occur only after receiving the informed consent of the users. Additionally, such entities would take any needed steps or conduct certain operations for safeguarding and securing access to such personal information data and ensuring that others with

access to the personal information data adhere to their privacy policies and procedures. Further, such entities can subject themselves to evaluation by third parties to certify their adherence to widely accepted privacy policies and practices.

(64) Despite the foregoing, the present disclosure also contemplates embodiments in which users selectively block the use of, or access to, personal information data. That is, the present disclosure contemplates that hardware and/or software elements can be provided to prevent or block access to such personal information data. For example, in the case of financial transaction services, the present technology can be configured to allow users to select to “opt in” or “opt out” of participation in the collection of personal information data during registration for such services. In another example, users can select not to provide location information for financial transaction services. In yet another example, users can select to not provide precise location information, but permit the transfer of location zone information.

(65) Therefore, although the present disclosure broadly covers use of personal information data to implement one or more various disclosed embodiments, the present disclosure also contemplates that the various embodiments can also be implemented without the need for accessing such personal information data. That is, the various embodiments of the present technology are not rendered inoperable due to the lack of all or a portion of such personal information data. For example, financial transaction services can be provided by inferring preferences or situations based on non-personal information data or a bare minimum amount of personal information, such as the financial transaction being conducted by the device associated with a user, other non-personal information available to the financial transaction services, or publicly available information.

Further Applications of Described Concepts

(66) While there have been described systems, methods, and computer-readable media for managing credentials of multiple users on an electronic device, it is to be understood that many changes may be made therein without departing from the spirit and scope of the subject matter described herein in any way. Insubstantial changes from the claimed subject matter as viewed by a person with ordinary skill in the art, now known or later devised, are expressly contemplated as being equivalently within the scope of the claims. Therefore, obvious substitutions now or later known to one with ordinary skill in the art are defined to be within the scope of the defined elements.

(67) Therefore, those skilled in the art will appreciate that the invention can be practiced by other than the described embodiments, which are presented for purposes of illustration rather than of limitation.

Claims

1. A method performed by a credential protection server, the method comprising: receiving a first provisioning request from a first user via an electronic device, wherein the first provisioning request comprises: a device identifier (ID) of the electronic device, an ID of the first user, and a first credential associated with the first user; generating a first suspension token based on the device ID, the first user ID, and the first credential; receiving a second provisioning request from a second user via the electronic device, wherein the second provisioning request comprises: the device ID, an ID of the second user, and a second credential associated with the second user; generating a second suspension token based on the device ID, the second user ID, and the second credential; receiving an authentication request for an electronic transaction by the electronic device, wherein the electronic transaction corresponds to one of the first credential and second credential; and performing authentication of the electronic transaction based on at least one of the first suspension token and the second suspension token including identifying which of the first credential or second credential to suspend based at least in part on which user of the first user or the second user activated a protection mode, wherein the first credential is associated with a first

electronic account for performing electronic transactions and the second credential is associated with a second electronic account for performing electronic transactions.

2. The method of claim 1, further comprising: communicating, to a device protection server, the first suspension token and the second suspension token, the communication facilitating storage of the first suspension token and the second suspension token in association with the device ID at the device protection server.

3. The method of claim 2, further comprising: receiving, in response to the authentication request, the first suspension token and second suspension token; analyzing, the authentication request based on the first suspension token and the second suspension token; and determining whether to authenticate the electronic transaction based on the analysis of the authentication request, wherein the performed authentication is executed based on the determination of authentication.

4. The method of claim 3, further comprising: suspending the first credential and the second credential based on the determination to authenticate; and preventing execution of the electronic transaction based on the suspension.

5. The method of claim 4, further comprising: authenticating at least one of the first user and the second user; and unsuspending the first credential and the second credential.

6. The method of claim 5, wherein the unsuspending first credential and unsuspending second credential are enabled for executing electronic transaction.

7. The method of claim 1, wherein the electronic device has an associated digital wallet executing thereon, wherein the digital wallet comprises information related to the first credential and the second credential.

8. The method of claim 7, wherein: the credential protection server controls authentication of the electronic transactions executed in relation to the first electronic account or the second electronic account associated with the digital wallet.

9. The method of claim 1, further comprising: storing the first suspension token; and storing the second suspension token.

10. A non-transitory computer readable storage medium configured to store instructions that, when executed by a processor included in a credential protection server, cause the credential protection server to carry out steps that include: receiving a first provisioning request from a first user via an electronic device, wherein the first provisioning request comprises: a device identifier (ID) of the electronic device, an ID of the first user, and a first credential associated with the first user; generating a first suspension token based on the device ID, the first user ID, and the first credential; receiving a second provisioning request from a second user via the electronic device, wherein the second provisioning request comprises: the device ID, an ID of the second user, and a second credential associated with the second user; generating a second suspension token based on the device ID, the second user ID, and the second credential; receiving an authentication request for an electronic transaction by the electronic device, wherein the electronic transaction corresponds to one of the first credential and second credential; and performing authentication of the electronic transaction based on at least one of the first suspension token and the second suspension token including identifying which of the first credential or second credential to suspend based at least in part on which user of the first user or the second user activated a protection mode, wherein the first credential is associated with a first electronic account for performing electronic transactions and the second credential is associated with a second electronic account for performing electronic transactions.

11. The non-transitory computer readable storage medium of claim 10, wherein the steps further include: communicating, to a device protection server, the first suspension token and the second suspension token, the communication facilitating storage of the first suspension token and the second suspension token in association with the device ID at the device protection server.

12. The non-transitory computer readable storage medium of claim 11, wherein the steps further include: receiving, in response to the authentication request, the first suspension token and second

suspension token; analyzing, the authentication request based on the first suspension token and the second suspension token; and determining whether to authenticate the electronic transaction based on the analysis of the authentication request, wherein the performed authentication is executed based on the determination of authentication.

13. The non-transitory computer readable storage medium of claim 12, wherein the steps further include: suspending the first credential and the second credential based on the determination to authenticate; and preventing execution of the electronic transaction based on the suspension.

14. The non-transitory computer readable storage medium of claim 13, wherein the steps further include: authenticating at least one of the first user and the second user; and unsuspending the first credential and the second credential.

15. A credential protection server comprising a hardware processor configured to cause the credential protection server to carry out steps that include: receiving a first provisioning request from a first user via an electronic device, wherein the first provisioning request comprises: a device identifier (ID) of the electronic device, an ID of the first user, and a first credential associated with the first user; generating a first suspension token based on the device ID, the first user ID, and the first credential; receiving a second provisioning request from a second user via the electronic device, wherein the second provisioning request comprises: the device ID, an ID of the second user, and a second credential associated with the second user; generating a second suspension token based on the device ID, the second user ID, and the second credential; receiving an authentication request for an electronic transaction by the electronic device, wherein the electronic transaction corresponds to one of the first credential and second credential; and performing authentication of the electronic transaction based on at least one of the first suspension token and the second suspension token including identifying which of the first credential or second credential to suspend based at least in part on which user of the first user or the second user activated a protection mode, wherein the first credential is associated with a first electronic account for performing electronic transactions and the second credential is associated with a second electronic account for performing electronic transactions.

16. The credential protection server of claim 15, wherein the steps further include: communicating, to a device protection server, the first suspension token and the second suspension token, the communication facilitating storage of the first suspension token and the second suspension token in association with the device ID at the device protection server.

17. The credential protection server of claim 16, wherein the steps further include: receiving, in response to the authentication request, the first suspension token and second suspension token; analyzing, the authentication request based on the first suspension token and the second suspension token; and determining whether to authenticate the electronic transaction based on the analysis of the authentication request, wherein the performed authentication is executed based on the determination of authentication.

18. The credential protection server of claim 17, wherein the steps further include: suspending the first credential and the second credential based on the determination to authenticate; and preventing execution of the electronic transaction based on the suspension.
