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United States Patent	12387961
Kind Code	B2
Date of Patent	August 12, 2025
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### Article transport vehicle

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#### Abstract

An article transport vehicle of this disclosure includes a fall restricting device. A vehicle body of the article transport vehicle includes a first cover section, a second cover section, and a cover connecting section. The fall restricting device includes a pair of fall restricting members and a driving mechanism. The pair of fall restricting members each include a supported section, a pair of vertical extension sections, and a lower connecting section. The driving mechanism drives the pair of fall restricting members to move between a restricting position and a release position. At the restricting position, the pair of vertical extension sections overlap a stored article in a second direction view, and furthermore the lower connecting section overlaps the stored article in a vertical view. At the release position, the lower connecting section does not overlap the stored article in the vertical view.

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<b>Appl. No.:</b>	<b>18/219160</b>
<b>Filed:</b>	<b>July 07, 2023</b>

#### Prior Publication Data

<b>Document Identifier</b>	<b>Publication Date</b>
US 20240014058 A1	Jan. 11, 2024

#### Foreign Application Priority Data

JP	2022-110744	Jul. 08, 2022
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## Publication Classification

**Int. Cl.:** H01L21/677 (20060101); B66C11/04 (20060101); B66C19/00 (20060101)

**U.S. Cl.:**

**CPC** H01L21/67712 (20130101); B66C11/04 (20130101); B66C19/00 (20130101); H01L21/67706 (20130101); H01L21/67724 (20130101); H01L21/67733 (20130101);

## Field of Classification Search

**CPC:** B66C (11/00); B66C (11/04); B66C (11/06); B66C (11/12); B66C (13/04); B66C (13/06); B66C (15/00); B66C (15/02); B66C (19/00); B65G (1/0457); B65G (35/00); B65G (2201/0297); H01L (21/677); H01L (21/67724); H01L (21/67733); H01L (21/6773)

**USPC:** 212/328

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## Background/Summary

## CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATION

(1) This application claims priority to Japanese Patent Application No. 2022-110744 filed Jul. 8, 2022, the disclosure of which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety.

## BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

### 1. Field of the Invention

(2) The present invention relates to an article transport vehicle for transporting an article.

### 2. Description of the Related Art

(3) As one example, JP 2015-131702A (Patent Document 1) discloses an article transport vehicle that includes a pair of fall restriction members. The reference numerals shown in parentheses in the following description of the related art are those used in Patent Document 1.

(4) The article transport vehicle (overhead transport vehicle 1) of Patent Document 1 includes a traveling section (travel moving section 12) that travels on a traveling rail (2), a holding section (support mechanism 19) that suspends and holds an article (transport article 6), an elevating section (elevating operation mechanism 20) that supports and can raise and lower the holding section, a cover section (21) that covers the top and sides of an article positioned at a transport position, and a pair of fall restricting members (a pair of fall prevention bodies 27) provided at positions spaced apart from each other in the traveling direction of the traveling section. The pair of fall restricting members are arranged below the article at the transport position, and are configured to move toward and away from each other along the horizontal plane. While the article transport vehicle is traveling, the pair of fall restricting members are arranged at positions overlapping the article at the transport position when viewed in the up-down direction. Therefore, even if the article held by the holding section is released unintentionally, the article can be supported by the pair of fall restricting members, and it is possible to avoid a situation in which the article falls below the pair of fall restricting members.

(5) In the article transport vehicle of Patent Document 1, the pair of fall restricting members are provided in a cantilevered state on a support section (support portion 21a) of the cover section (21). For this reason, if the article held by the holding section is released unintentionally, a bending moment acts on the pair of fall restricting members and the support section of the cover section (21) that supports the fall restricting members. Therefore, if a heavy article is to be transported, it is necessary to secure sufficient strength for the fall restricting members and the support section in order to be able to support the bending moment generated by supporting the article. Accordingly, there is a problem that the size of the fall restricting members and the support section increases, thus leading to an increase in the size of the article transport vehicle and a rise in cost.

## SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

(6) In view of the above, there is desire to realize an article transport vehicle provided with a fall restricting device having a structure that enables easily ensuring strength regardless of the weight of the article.

(7) An article transport vehicle according to an aspect of the present disclosure is an article transport vehicle configured to transport an article, the article transport vehicle including: a traveling section including a wheel; a vehicle body connected to the traveling section and forming a storage space in which the article is storable; a holding section configured to hold the article in a suspended state; an elevating section configured to raise and lower the holding section relative to the vehicle body to raise and lower the article held by the holding section between a storage position inside the storage space and a lowered position below the storage space; and a fall restricting device configured to restrict falling of a stored article, the stored article being the article at the storage position, wherein with a first direction being a specific direction in a horizontal plane, a second direction being a direction orthogonal to the first direction in a vertical view, a first side in the first direction being one side in the first direction, and a second side in the first direction being another side in the first direction, the vehicle body includes: a first cover section covering the

storage space on the first side in the first direction; a second cover section covering the storage space on the second side in the first direction; and a cover connecting section connecting the first cover section and the second cover section above the storage space, the fall restricting device includes: a pair of fall restricting members; and a driving mechanism configured to drive the pair of fall restricting members, the pair of fall restricting members each include: a supported section supported by the cover connecting section; a pair of vertical extension sections extending downward from the supported section on opposite sides of the stored article in the second direction; and a lower connecting section connecting the pair of vertical extension sections below the stored article, the driving mechanism is configured to drive the pair of fall restricting members to move between at least one restricting position and a release position, while the pairs of vertical extension sections of the pair of fall restricting members are at the at least one restricting position, the pairs of vertical extension sections overlap the stored article in a second direction view along the second direction, and furthermore the lower connecting sections of the pair of fall restricting members overlap the stored article in the vertical view, and while the pairs of vertical extension sections of the pair of fall restricting members are at the release position, the lower connecting sections of the pair of fall restricting members are outward of the stored article in the first direction in such a manner as not to overlap the stored article in the vertical view.

(8) According to this configuration, the supported sections of the pair of fall restricting members are supported by the cover connecting section that is above the storage space in the vehicle body. Also, the lower connecting sections below the stored article are suspended by the pairs of vertical extension sections that extend downward from the supported sections. For this reason, while the pair of fall restricting members are at the restricting position, even if the article held by the holding section is released unintentionally, the article can be supported by the lower connecting sections of the pair of fall restricting members. Therefore, it is possible to avoid the case where the article falls from the pair of fall restricting members.

(9) Also, while the article is supported by the lower connecting sections in this way, the load of the article acts as a vertical tensile load on the fall restricting members that extend in the up-down direction from the supported sections to the lower connecting sections. In other words, it is possible to avoid the case where a large bending moment acts on the fall restricting members and the support sections that support the fall restricting members. Therefore, even if the article is heavy, it is easy to secure the strength necessary to support the article without significantly increasing the rigidity of the fall restricting members and the support sections. Also, with this configuration, it is possible to reduce the size and the weight of the fall restricting members and the support sections.

(10) Also, according to the above configuration, while the pair of fall restricting members are at the restricting position, the vertical extension sections overlap the stored article in the second direction view. Therefore, it is possible to prevent the article from entirely or partially falling off in the second direction.

(11) In this way, according to the above configuration, it is possible to realize an article transport vehicle provided with a fall restricting device having a structure that facilitates ensuring strength regardless of the weight of the article.

(12) Further features and advantages of the article transport vehicle will become apparent from the following description of exemplary and non-limiting embodiments, which are described with reference to the drawings.

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## Description

### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

(1) FIG. 1 is a side view of an article transport facility.

(2) FIG. 2 is a side view of an article transport vehicle.

- (3) FIG. 3 is a plan view schematically showing a driving mechanism of a fall restricting device.
- (4) FIG. 4 is a schematic side view (cross-sectional view taken along IV-IV in FIG. 3) of a driving mechanism of the fall restricting device.
- (5) FIG. 5 is a schematic front view (cross-sectional view taken along V-V in FIG. 4) of the driving mechanism of the fall restricting device.
- (6) FIG. 6 is a bottom view schematically showing a body and lower connecting sections of a pair of fall restricting members.
- (7) FIG. 7 is a control block diagram.
- (8) FIG. 8 is a side view of an article transport vehicle according to another embodiment.
- (9) FIG. 9 is a side view of an article transport vehicle according to another embodiment.
- (10) FIG. 10 is a side view of an article transport vehicle according to another embodiment.
- (11) FIG. 11 is a plan view schematically showing a driving mechanism of a fall restricting device according to another embodiment.

#### DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

(12) An embodiment in which an article transport vehicle **1** is applied in an article transport facility **100** will be described below with reference to the drawings. In the present embodiment, as shown in FIG. 1, the article transport facility **100** includes the article transport vehicle **1**, which travels along a travel route **3**, and a processing device **10** that processes a stored item stored in an article **W**.

(13) As shown in FIGS. 1 and 2, the article transport vehicle **1** transports an article **W**. In the present embodiment, the article transport vehicle **1** transports the article **W** by moving along the travel route **3**. In this example, the travel route **3** is arranged along the ceiling, and rails **R** are provided along the travel route **3**. In other words, the article transport vehicle **1** transports the article **W** by traveling along the travel route **3** while being guided by the rails **R**. Specifically, as shown in FIGS. 1 and 2, the rails **R** are fixed to the ceiling in a suspended state. In this example, two rails **R** are provided along the travel route **3**. Thus, in this example, the article transport vehicle **1** is an overhead transport vehicle that travels while being guided by the pair of rails **R** suspended from the ceiling. Note that the article transport vehicle **1** is not limited to being an overhead transport vehicle.

(14) In this example, the article transport facility **100** is provided with a plurality of processing devices **10** (only one of them is shown in the example in FIG. 1). The article transport vehicle **1** transports the article **W** between processing devices **10**. Each of the processing devices **10** has a port **10a**. The article **W** to be processed by the processing device **10** is carried in and out through the port **10a**. The article transport vehicle **1** stops at a position corresponding to the port **10a** on the travel route **3**, and transfers the article **W** to or from the port **10a**. In this example, a container for storing a semiconductor substrate (FOUP: Front Opening Unified Pod) is the article **W** that is transported. Also, the semiconductor substrate stored in the article **W** is processed in the processing device **10**. Note that beside an FOUP, the article **W** may also be a reticle storage container (so-called reticle pod) that stores a reticle, for example.

(15) The configuration of the article transport vehicle **1** will be described in detail below with reference to FIGS. 1 to 7. In the following description, a first direction **X** is a specific direction in the horizontal plane, a second direction **Y** is the direction perpendicular to the first direction **X** in a vertical view, a first side **X1** is one side in the first direction **X**, and a second side **X2** is the other side in the first direction **X**. In this example, the second direction **Y** is the horizontal direction perpendicular to the first direction **X**.

(16) As shown in FIGS. 1 and 2, the article transport vehicle **1** includes a traveling section **4** that is provided with wheels **4a**, a vehicle body **5** that is coupled to the traveling section **4** and forms a storage space **S** for storing an article **W**, a holding section **6** that holds an article **W** in a suspended state, an elevating section **7** that raises and lowers the holding section **6** relative to the vehicle body **5** so as to raise and lower the article **W** held by the holding section **6** between a storage position **T1**

in the storage space S and a lowered position T2 below the storage space S, and a fall restricting device 2 that restricts the falling of a stored article Ws, which is an article W at the storage position T1. In the present embodiment, the article transport vehicle 1 further includes a slide section 8 for sliding the article W held by the holding section 6 in the horizontal direction, and a control device H.

(17) As shown in FIGS. 1 and 2, the traveling section 4 includes the wheels 4a that roll on the rails R, and a traveling motor M1 that drives the wheels 4a. In the illustrated example, the traveling section 4 includes a plurality of wheels 4a. The traveling motor M1 drives at least one of the wheels 4a to provide driving force for moving the article transport vehicle 1 while being guided by the pair of rails R. Note that in the present embodiment, the first direction X is a direction along the traveling direction of the traveling section 4, as shown in FIGS. 1 and 2. In other words, the direction along the travel route 3 is the first direction X, and the article transport vehicle 1 travels along the first direction X.

(18) The holding section 6 includes a pair of gripping claws 6a and a holding motor M2 (see FIG. 7) for moving the pair of gripping claws 6a toward and away from each other. The holding section 6 moves the pair of gripping claws 6a toward or away from each other by driving the holding motor M2, thereby switching between a gripping state in which the pair of gripping claws 6a grip the article W and a release state in which the gripped article W is released. In this example, as shown in FIG. 2, the article W includes an article body section Wb and a holding target section Wa provided above the article body section Wb. The holding section 6 holds the article W in a suspended state by holding the holding target section Wa of the article W, or more specifically, by gripping the holding target section Wa with the pair of gripping claws 6a.

(19) The slide section 8 includes a slide body 8a that moves along the second direction Y relative to the traveling section 4, and a slide motor M4 (see FIG. 7) that moves the slide body 8a along the second direction Y. The slide section 8 moves the slide body 8a along the second direction Y by driving the slide motor M4, thereby moving the elevating section 7, the holding section 6, and the article W held by the holding section 6 in the second direction Y. For example, if the port 10a of the processing device 10 is arranged at a position shifted in the second direction Y relative to the travel route 3, by moving the article W held by the holding section 6 along the second direction Y, the article W can be moved to a position overlapping the port 10a when viewed in the vertical direction. As a result, the article W can be appropriately transferred to the port 10a by the elevating section 7.

(20) When the article transport vehicle 1 is to move along the travel route 3, the elevating section 7 raises the article W held by the holding section 6 from the lowered position T2 to the storage position T1. Also, when the article W is to be transferred between the article transport vehicle 1 and the port 10a, the elevating section 7 lowers the article W held by the holding section 6 from the storage position T1 to the lowered position T2. In this example, as shown in FIGS. 1 and 2, the elevating section 7 includes a pulley 7a supported by the slide body 8a, a belt 7b wound around the pulley 7a and having a leading end that is connected to the holding section 6, and an elevating motor M3 (see FIG. 7) that rotates the pulley 7a and drives the belt 7b. The elevating section 7 winds up the belt 7b by rotating the pulley 7a in the normal direction by driving the elevating motor M3, thereby raising the holding section 6 and the article W held by the holding section 6 relative to the vehicle body 5. Also, the elevating section 7 feeds out the belt 7b by rotating the pulley 7a in the reverse direction by driving the elevating motor M3, thereby lowering the holding section 6 and the article W held by the holding section 6 relative to the vehicle body 5. By raising and lowering the article W in this way, the article transport vehicle 1 transfers the article W to and from the port 10a.

(21) As shown in FIGS. 1 and 2, the vehicle body 5 is arranged below the traveling section 4 in the present embodiment. In this example, the vehicle body 5 is suspended by the traveling section 4. Specifically, the traveling section 4 is arranged above the rails R, and the vehicle body 5 is

arranged below the rails R. Also, in the present embodiment, the vehicle body 5 is shaped such that at least one side in the second direction Y relative to the storage space S is open. In this example, the vehicle body 5 has a shape in which both sides in the second direction Y and the lower side relative to the storage space S are open. The specific configuration of the vehicle body 5 will be described below.

(22) As shown in FIGS. 1 to 3 and 6, the vehicle body 5 includes a first cover section 51 that covers the storage space S on the first side X1 of in the first direction, a second cover section 52 that covers the storage space S on the second side X2 in the first direction, and a cover connecting section 53 that connects the first cover section 51 and the second cover section 52 above the storage space S. The storage space S is formed so as to be surrounded by the first cover section 51, the second cover section 52, and the cover connecting section 53. In the present embodiment, the first cover section 51 and the second cover section 52 are arranged so as to face certain faces of the article W held by the holding section 6 and stored in the storage space S (i.e., the stored article Ws), specifically the faces that face the first direction X. The two sides of the storage space S in the second direction Y and the lower side thereof are not covered by such cover sections, and are open. For this reason, the stored article Ws can be slid outward toward both sides in the second direction Y relative to the storage space S by the slide section 8. Similarly, the stored article Ws can be raised and lowered between the storage position T1 and the lowered position T2 by the elevating section 7. Also, in the present embodiment, the cover connecting section 53 is connected to the traveling section 4 as shown in FIGS. 1 and 2. In this example, the article transport vehicle 1 further includes connecting bodies 4d, and the cover connecting section 53 is connected to the traveling section 4 via the connecting bodies 4d (see FIGS. 2 and 3). Also, as shown in FIG. 2, the elevating section 7, the slide section 8, and the holding section 6 are arranged below the cover connecting section 53, and are also supported by the traveling section 4 via the connecting bodies 4d. Therefore, the storage space S for storing the article W is formed below the region where the elevating section 7, the slide section 8, and the holding section 6 are arranged.

(23) The fall restricting device 2 is a device for avoiding the case where the article W falls from the article transport vehicle 1 even if the stored article Ws held by the holding section 6 is released unintentionally while the article transport vehicle 1 is traveling. The specific configuration of the fall restricting device 2 will be described below.

(24) As shown in FIGS. 1 to 5, the fall restricting device 2 includes a pair of fall restricting members 20 and a driving mechanism 30 that drives the pair of fall restricting members 20. In the present embodiment, the pair of fall restricting members 20 are provided on the cover connecting section 53. Also, the pair of fall restricting members 20 are spaced apart from each other in the first direction X. The pair of fall restricting members 20 support the article W if the article Ws held by the holding section 6 is released, thereby preventing the article W from falling below the storage space S.

(25) As shown in FIGS. 2 to 6, the pair of fall restricting members 20 each include a supported section 21 supported by the cover connecting section 53, a pair of vertical extension sections 22 that extend downward from the supported section 21 on opposite sides of the stored article Ws in the second direction Y, and a lower connecting section 24 that connects the pair of vertical extension sections 22 below the stored article Ws. In the present embodiment, the pair of fall restricting members 20 are arranged such that the two sides in the second direction Y and the lower side relative to the storage space S are surrounded by the supported sections 21, the pair of vertical extension sections 22, and the lower connecting section 24. In this example, the supported sections 21, the pair of vertical extension sections 22, and the lower connecting section 24 are arranged outside the storage space S. Note that in this example, the two fall restricting members 20 have the same structure as each other. For this reason, the configuration of one of the two fall restricting members 20 will be described below, and a description will not be given for the other one. Note that the pair of fall restricting members 20 may have different structures.

(26) In the present embodiment, as shown in FIGS. 3 to 5, the supported sections **21** are supported by the cover connecting section **53** via the driving mechanism **30**. Also, the supported sections **21** support the pair of vertical extension sections **22** from above. In this example, the fall restricting member **20** includes a pair of supported sections **21** in correspondence with the pair of vertical extension sections **22**. The pair of supported sections **21** are spaced apart from each other in the second direction Y (more specifically, on opposite sides of the stored article Ws in the second direction Y). Corresponding vertical extension sections **22** are connected to the pair of supported sections **21**. In the example shown in FIGS. 4 and 5, the pair of supported sections **21** are connected to a guide section **32** of the driving mechanism **30**, which will be described later. The portion of the guide section **32** that is connected to the supported section **21** serves as a support section **41**, which will be described later. Details of the configuration of the driving mechanism **30** will be described later.

(27) In the present embodiment, as shown in FIGS. 1, 2, 4 and 5, the pair of vertical extension sections **22** extend along the up-down direction. Also, the pair of vertical extension sections **22** are arranged so as to overlap each other when viewed in the second direction Y. Note that the term “overlap” includes not only the case where regions completely overlap each other, but also the case where regions partially overlap each other. In this example, as described above, the pair of supported sections **21** respectively support the corresponding vertical extension sections **22** from above. Specifically, the upper end of each of the vertical extension sections **22** is connected to the corresponding supported section **21**. The vertical extension sections **22** extend downward from the supported sections **21**. Also, the lower ends of the vertical extension sections **22** are located below the bottom surface of the stored article Ws. In the example in FIGS. 2, 4, and 5, the vertical extension sections **22** are each a plate-like member that extends along the up-down direction. At a restricting position P1, which will be described later, the pair of vertical extension sections **22** face certain faces of the article body section Wb of the stored article Ws, namely the faces that face the second direction Y. Also, the lower ends of the pair of vertical extension sections **22** are located at positions that are below the bottom surface of the stored article Ws and below the lower ends of the first cover section **51** and the second cover section **52** (i.e., below the storage space S). Note that the lower ends of the pair of vertical extension sections **22** may be located in the storage space S as long as they are below the bottom surface of the stored article Ws. In this case, the lower ends of the pair of vertical extension sections **22** are located at positions that are below the bottom surface of the stored article Ws and above the lower ends of the first cover section **51** and the second cover section **52**. Note that in this example, the pair of vertical extension sections **22** have the same structure as each other, but may have different structures. Even in such a case, it is preferable that the lower ends of the pair of vertical extension sections **22** are at the same position as each other in the up-down direction.

(28) Note that in this example, the pair of two vertical extension sections **22** are arranged in an orientation extending along the up-down direction, but may be arranged in an orientation inclined relative to the up-down direction, for example.

(29) In the present embodiment, as shown in FIG. 6, the lower connecting section **24** connects the lower ends of the pair of vertical extension sections **22**. In other words, the lower connecting section **24** is supported from above by the pair of vertical extension sections **22**. In other words, the lower connecting section **24** is supported from above by the pair of supported sections **21** via the pair of vertical extension sections **22**. Also, the lower connecting section **24** is arranged below the bottom surface of the stored article Ws and extends along the second direction Y. In the illustrated example, the lower connecting section **24** is a plate-like member that extends along the horizontal plane. At the restricting position P1, which will be described later, the lower connecting sections **24** of the pair of fall restricting members **20** are arranged so as to face the downward facing surface of the article body section Wb of the stored article Ws. Note that in this example, the lower connecting section **24**, the vertical extension sections **22**, and the supported section **21** are



integrated with each other, but they may be formed separately.

(30) As shown in FIG. 2, the driving mechanism **30** drives the pair of fall restricting members **20** to move them between the restricting position **P1** and a release position **P0**. Here, the restricting position **P1** is a position at which the pair of fall restricting members **20** can prevent an article **W** that was released by the holding section **6** from falling below the storage space **S**. In other words, the restricting position **P1** is the position at which the pair of fall restricting members **20** can support an article **W** released by the holding section **6** from below. Also, the release position **P0** is a position at which the pair of fall restricting members **20** are located when the article transport vehicle **1** transfers the article **W** to or from the port **10a**. At the release position **P0**, the pair of fall restricting member **20** are positioned so as not to interfere with the elevating section **7**, the holding section **6**, and the slide section **8** that perform transfer to or from the port **10a**, and the article **W** held by the holding section **6**. In the present embodiment, when the article transport vehicle **1** is to transfer the article **W** to or from the port **10a**, the driving mechanism **30** moves the pair of fall restricting members **20** from the restricting position **P1** to the release position **P0**. Then, when the article transport vehicle **1** holds the article **W** and is to travel along the travel route **3**, the driving mechanism **30** moves the pair of fall restricting members **20** from the release position **P0** to the restricting position **P1**. In the present embodiment, as shown in FIG. 2, the driving mechanism **30** moves the supported sections **21** of the pair of fall restricting members **20** in the first direction **X**. Accordingly, the pair of fall restricting members **20** are arranged at either the restricting position **P1** or the release position **P0**. In this example, the driving mechanism **30** moves the supported sections **21**, which are spaced apart from each other in the first direction **X**, so as to move toward and away from each other in the first direction **X**. Also, in this example, when the supported sections **21** (here, the pair of supported sections **21**) move in the first direction **X**, the pair of vertical extension sections **22** and the lower connecting sections **24** also move in the first direction **X** together with the supported sections **21**. In other words, the driving mechanism **30** moves the entirety of the fall restricting members **20** in the first direction **X**, and causes the pair of fall restricting members **20** to move toward and away from each other. The restricting position **P1** and the release position **P0** will be described in detail below.

(31) As shown in FIGS. 2 and 6, at the restricting position **P1**, the pairs of vertical extension sections **22** of the pair of fall restricting members **20** overlap the stored article **Ws** in a second direction **Y** view along the second direction **Y**, and the lower connecting sections **24** of the pair of fall restricting members **20** overlap the stored article **Ws** in a vertical view. In the present embodiment, at the restricting position **P1**, the pair of fall restricting members **20** are arranged at positions inward a predetermined distance from the two ends in the first direction **X** of the article body section **Wb** of the stored article **Ws**. In other words, the pairs of vertical extension sections **22** and the lower connecting sections **24** of the pair of fall restricting members **20** are arranged inward a predetermined distance from the two ends in the first direction **X** of the article body section **Wb** of the stored article **Ws**. The predetermined distance is set such that the pair of fall restricting members **20** are arranged at positions (the restricting position **P1**) where they can appropriately support the article **W**. In this example, at the restricting position **P1**, the pair of vertical extension sections **22** partially (in the illustrated example, regions below the centers of the vertical extension sections **22**) overlap the stored article **Ws** in a second direction **Y** view, and the lower connecting sections **24** partially (specifically, regions of the lower connecting sections **24** other than the two end portions in the second direction **Y**) overlap the stored article **Ws** in a vertical view.

(32) Furthermore, in this example, as described above, at the restricting position **P1**, the pair of vertical extension sections **22** are arranged to face certain faces of the article body section **Wb** of the stored article **Ws**, namely the faces that face the second direction **Y** (see FIG. 2). Also, at the restricting position **P1**, the lower connecting sections **24** are arranged so as to face the bottom surface of the article body section **Wb** of the stored article **Ws** (see FIG. 6). Since the restricting position **P1** is set such that the pair of fall restricting members **20** are arranged as described above,

even if the stored article Ws held by the holding section **6** is released unintentionally, the released article W falls onto the lower connecting sections **24** of the pair of fall restricting members **20**, and is appropriately supported by the lower connecting sections **24**. Therefore, it is possible to prevent the article W from falling below the storage space S. Furthermore, even if the released article W moves to one side in the second direction Y due to centrifugal force or the like generated when the article transport vehicle **1** travels along a curved route in the travel route **3**, for example, the article W comes into contact with the vertical extension sections **22** on one side in the second direction Y of the fall restricting members **20**, thus making it possible to avoid a situation in which the article W falls below the storage space S from one side in the second direction Y.

(33) As shown in FIGS. **2** and **6**, at the release position **P0**, the lower connecting sections **24** of the pair of fall restricting members **20** are located outward of the stored article Ws in the first direction X so as not to overlap the stored article Ws in a vertical view. In the present embodiment, at the release position **P0**, the pairs of vertical extension sections **22** of the pair of fall restricting members **20** are located outward of the stored article Ws in the first direction X so as not to overlap the stored article Ws in a second direction Y view. In this example, at the release position **P0**, the pair of fall restricting members **20** are located outward a predetermined distance from the two sides in the first direction X of the article body section Wb of the stored article Ws. For this reason, at the release position **P0**, the pair of vertical extension sections **22** are arranged so as to overlap the storage space S and not overlap the stored article Ws in the second direction Y view. Also, at the release position **P0**, the lower connecting sections **24** of the pair of fall restricting members **20** are arranged so as to overlap the storage space S and not overlap the stored article Ws in a vertical view. For this reason, the article W held by the holding section **6** does not interfere with the lower connecting sections **24** of the pair of fall restricting members **20** when being raised or lowered between the storage position **T1** and the lowered position **T2**, for example. Similarly, the article W held by the holding section **6** does not interfere with the pairs of vertical extension sections **22** of the pair of fall restricting members **20** when sliding in the second direction Y.

(34) As described above, in this example, the pair of fall restricting members **20** move in opposite directions in the first direction X when moving from the restricting position **P1** to the release position **P0**. In other words, the release positions **P0** corresponding to the pair of fall restricting members **20** are set on opposite sides of the stored article Ws in the first direction X. However, the release positions **P0** corresponding to the pair of fall restricting members **20** may be set on one side of the stored article Ws in the first direction X. In this case, the pair of fall restricting members **20** move toward the same side in the first direction X when moving from the restricting position **P1** to the release position **P0**.

(35) As shown in FIGS. **2** to **5**, in the present embodiment, the driving mechanism **30** includes guide sections **32** that guide movement in the first direction X of the supported sections **21** of the pair of fall restricting members **20**, and a driving section **35** for moving the supported sections **21** toward opposite sides in the first direction X in each pair of supported sections **20**. In this example, the guide sections **32** and the driving section **35** are provided on the cover connecting section **53** (the upper face of the cover connecting section **53** in the example in FIG. **3**).

(36) In this example, as shown in FIGS. **2** to **5**, the guide sections **32** include linear motion guide mechanisms **31**. The linear motion guide mechanisms **31** extend along the first direction X, and the supported sections **21** of the pair of fall restricting members **20** are connected to the linear motion guide mechanisms **31**. In this manner, the pair of fall restricting members **20** move in the first direction X while being guided by the linear motion guide mechanisms **31**. In the example in FIG. **3**, a pair of linear motion guide mechanisms **31** are spaced apart from each other in the second direction Y. Each of the two linear motion guide mechanisms **31** includes a guide body **31a** and a plurality of (here, two) moving bodies **31b**. The guide body **31a** is arranged such that the moving bodies **31b** move along the first direction X. The pairs of supported sections **21** of the pair of fall restricting members **20** are fixed to the moving bodies **31b**. In the example in FIGS. **4** and **5**, the

supported sections **21** are supported by the moving bodies **31b** by being fixed to the moving bodies **31b** from above. In other words, the moving bodies **31b** of the linear motion guide mechanisms **31** function as the support sections **41** that support the supported sections **21**. Although the linear motion guide mechanisms **31** are linear guides here, various known linear motion guide mechanisms such as a ball spline and a linear bush can also be used, for example.

(37) Also, in this example, as shown in FIGS. **2** to **4**, the driving section **35** includes a plurality of pulleys **35b** supported by the cover connecting section **53**, drive belts **35a** that are wound around the pulleys **35b** and connected to the linear motion guide mechanisms **31**, and a fall restriction drive motor **M6** that rotates the pulleys **35b** to drive the drive belts **35a**. In the example in FIG. **4**, the drive belts **35a** are each wound around a plurality of (here, two) pulleys **35b** spaced apart from each other in the first direction **X**. One of the two fall restricting members **20** is connected to the horizontal section of the lower portion of the drive belt **35a**, and the other fall restricting member **20** is connected to the horizontal section of the upper portion of the drive belt **35a**. Specifically, the fall restricting members **20** are connected to the drive belt **35a** via belt support sections **23** provided on the upper portion of the vertical extension sections **22**. By rotating the pulleys **35b** in the same direction, the pair of fall restricting members **20** move toward or away from each other. In the example in FIG. **3**, a pair of such drive belts **35a** are provided in correspondence with the pair of linear motion guide mechanisms **31**. The drive belts **35a** and the pulleys **35b** are connected to the one fall restriction drive motor **M6** via a transmission mechanism **35c**. The transmission mechanism **35c** transmits driving force from the fall restriction drive motor **M6** to the pulleys **35b**. The drive belts **35a** rotate together with the rotation of the pulleys **35b**, thereby moving the pair of fall restricting members **20** toward and away from each other.

(38) In the present embodiment, as shown in FIG. **7**, the control device **H** controls the traveling section **4**, the holding section **6**, the elevating section **7**, the slide section **8**, and the fall restricting device **2**. The control device **H** includes a processor such as a microcomputer, and also includes peripheral circuits such as a memory, and functions of the control device **H** are realized by cooperation between such hardware and programs executed on hardware such as the processor. The control device **H** is communicably connected to a host controller (not shown) that performs overall control of the article transport facility **100**. The control device **H** acquires commands from the host controller (not shown) with a command acquisition unit **11**, and controls the traveling section **4**, the holding section **6**, the elevating section **7**, the slide section **8**, and the fall restricting device **2** in accordance with the content of the acquired commands.

(39) In this example, the control device **H** executes transport control for transporting articles **W** between processing devices **10**, and transfer control for transferring articles **W** to and from the ports **10a**.

(40) In transport control, in accordance with a transport command from the host controller, the control device **H** controls the traveling section **4** (traveling motor **M1**) so as to cause the article transport vehicle **1** to travel to the processing device **10** to which an article is to be transferred. At that time, the control device **H** controls the fall restricting device **2** (the fall restriction drive motor **M6**) such that the pair of fall restricting members **20** are maintained at the restricting position **P1**. Then, the control device **H** stops the article transport vehicle **1** at a stop position that corresponds to the port **10a** of the processing device **10** that is the transfer destination. Therefore, even if the article **W** held by the holding section **6** is released unintentionally while the article transport vehicle **1** is traveling, the article **W** is supported by the lower connecting sections **24** of the pair of fall restricting members **20**, thus making it possible to avoid a situation in which the article **W** falls below the storage space **S**, that is to say falls from the article transport vehicle **1**. Also, even if the released article **W** moves to one side in the second direction **Y** due to traveling along a curved route in the travel route **3** or being subjected to an external impact, for example, movement outward in the second direction **Y** from the storage space **S** is restricted by the vertical extension sections **22** of the pair of fall restricting members **20**, thus making it possible to avoid a situation in which the

article W falls toward either side in the second direction Y from the storage space S.

(41) Here, as shown in FIGS. 3, 4, and 5, the pair of fall restricting members **20** are supported from above by the support sections **41** (here, the moving bodies **31b**) so as to extend along the up-down direction. The released article W is supported from below by the lower connecting sections **24**, which are the lower end portions of the pair of fall restricting members **20**. Therefore, compared to a case in which the pair of fall restricting members **20** are supported in a cantilever manner by the first cover section **51** and the second cover section **52**, for example, it is possible to avoid a situation in which a large bending moment acts on the support sections **41** that support the fall restricting members **20**. Therefore, even if the article W to be transported is heavy, the strength required to support the article W can be easily ensured without greatly increasing the rigidity of the fall restricting members **20** and the members that support them. Accordingly, regardless of the weight of the article W, the pair of fall restricting members **20** are likely to appropriately support the article W when released. Also, it is easy to avoid increasing the size of the fall restricting members **20** and the support sections **41** in order to secure the strength necessary to support the article W.

(42) The control device H executes transfer control on the article transport vehicle **1** stopped at the port **10a** where transfer is to be performed. The control device H controls the fall restricting device **2** to move the pair of fall restricting members **20** from the restricting position P1 to the release position P0 when transferring the article W to or from the port **10a**. Accordingly, it is possible to avoid a situation in which the article W held by the holding section **6** interferes with the pair of fall restricting members **20** when the article W is transferred between the article transport vehicle **1** and the port **10a**. The control device H controls the elevating section **7** (elevating motor M3) so as to raise or lower the article W between the storage position T1 and the lowered position T2 while the pair of fall restricting members **20** are at the release position P0. Here, if the port **10a** is located away from the rails R along the travel route **3**, the control device H controls the slide section **8** (slide motor M4) to slide the article W in the second direction Y. In this way, the control device H moves the pair of fall restricting members **20** from the restricting position P1 to the release position P0 in the transfer control, thereby making it possible to transfer the article W to or from the port **10a** without interference with the pair of fall restricting members **20**.

#### Other Embodiments

(43) Next, other embodiments of the article transport vehicle will be described.

(44) (1) In the above-described embodiment, an example is described in which the fall restricting device **2** includes the pair of fall restricting members **20**, but the present invention is not limited to this. For example, the fall restricting device **2** may include three or more fall restricting members **20**.

(45) (2) In the above-described embodiment, an example is described in which, when transporting the article W, the article transport vehicle **1** moves the pair of fall restricting members **20** from the release position P0 to the restricting position P1 such that even if the stored article Ws held by the holding section **6** is released, the article W can be supported by the lower connecting sections **24** of the pair of fall restricting members **20**. However, the present invention is not limited to this configuration, and a configuration is possible in which the article transport vehicle **1** includes a shake preventing mechanism **60** in addition to the pair of fall restricting members **20**. Accordingly, vibration generated during travel of the article transport vehicle **1** is absorbed by the shake preventing mechanism **60**, and it is possible to suppress the transmission of vibration to the stored article Ws. Therefore, it is possible to avoid damage to the content stored in the stored article Ws caused by vibration. One example of this configuration is shown in FIG. 8. In the example in FIG. 8, the first cover section **51** and the second cover section **52** each include a shake preventing body **60a** and a shake preventing body support section **60b** that supports the shake preventing body **60a**, as the shake preventing mechanism **60**. In the illustrated example, the shake preventing body **60a** is a roller that rotates around an axis extending in the up-down direction, and the shake

preventing body support section **60b**, which rotatably supports the roller, is attached to the first cover section **51** and the second cover section **52** while being able to move in the first direction X. When the article transport vehicle **1** travels, the shake preventing body support sections **60b** of the first cover section **51** and the second cover section **52** protrude inward in the first direction X in the storage space S and come into contact with side faces (the faces facing the first direction X) of the article body section Wb of the stored article Ws. It is preferable that the drive source for driving the shake preventing mechanisms **60** and the drive source for the driving mechanism **30** for driving the pair of fall restricting members **20** (the fall restriction drive motor M6 in the above embodiment) are the same drive source used in common. Note that the shake preventing bodies **60a** may include an elastic member. This makes it possible to more effectively absorb vibration transmitted to the stored article Ws.

(46) (3) In the above-described embodiment, an example is described in which the supported sections **21** of the pair of fall restricting members **20** are moved in the first direction X by the driving mechanism **30** such that the pair of vertical extension sections **20** of the pair of fall restricting members **20** move in the first direction X, and, at the release position P0, the pairs of vertical extension sections **22** of the pair of fall restricting members **20** are located outward of the stored article Ws in the first direction X so as not to overlap the stored article Ws in the second direction Y view, but the present invention is not limited to this. For example, the supported sections **21** of the pair of fall restricting members **20** do not need to move in the first direction X. Also, at the release position P0, the vertical extension sections **22** of the pair of fall restricting members **20** may overlap the stored article Ws in the second direction Y view. One example of this configuration is shown in FIG. 10. In FIG. 10, the driving mechanism **30** includes a pair of rotating bodies **36** that rotate about an axis r1 that extends along the second direction Y. The pair of rotating bodies **36** are spaced apart from each other in the first direction X. The pair of rotating bodies **36** support the pair of supported sections **21** of the pair of fall restricting members **20**. In other words, the rotating bodies **36** serve as the support sections **41** that support the supported sections **21**. Due to the driving of the fall restriction drive motor M6, the pair of rotating bodies **36** rotate in opposite directions about the axis r1 via a transmission mechanism **37** (simplified in FIG. 10). Accordingly, the pair of fall restricting members **20** pivot about the axis r1 and move between the release position P0 and the restricting position P1. In the illustrated example, at the release position P0, the pairs of vertical extension sections **22** of the pair of fall restricting members **20** do not overlap the stored article Ws, the holding section **6**, the elevating section **7**, and the slide section **8** in the second direction Y view, but a configuration is possible in which, at the release position P0, the pairs of vertical extension sections **22** of the pair of fall restricting members **20** overlap the stored article Ws in the second direction Y view. For example, such a configuration can be used in the case where the article transport vehicle **1** does not include the slide section **8**.

(47) (4) In the above-described embodiment, an example is described in which the driving mechanism **30** includes, as the driving section **35**, the plurality of pulleys **35b** supported by the cover connecting section **53**, the drive belts **35a** that are wound around the pulleys **35b** and connected to the linear motion guide mechanisms **31**, and the fall restriction drive motor M6 that rotates the pulleys **35b** to drive the drive belts **35a**, but the present invention is not limited to this. For example, a configuration is possible in which the driving mechanism **30** includes, as the driving section **35**, a ball screw **36a**, nuts **36b** screwed onto the ball screw **36a**, and interlocking shafts **36c** that connect the nuts **36b** to the support sections **41** (here, the moving bodies **31b**) of the pair of linear motion guide mechanisms **31**. One example of this configuration is shown in FIG. 11. In the example in FIG. 11, the ball screw **36a** is connected to the fall restriction drive motor M6 and extends along the first direction X. The ball screw **36a** is driven to rotate about its axis by the fall restriction drive motor M6. In the illustrated example, the ball screw **36a** is provided with male threading portions that spiral in opposite directions on one side and the other side of the central section in the first direction X (traveling direction). Also, the nuts **36b** are respectively screwed to

the portions of the ball screw **36a** whose male threading spirals in different directions. In other words, a pair of the nuts **36b** are spaced apart from each other in the first direction X. A pair of the interlocking shafts **36c** are also spaced apart from each other in the first direction X. The interlocking shafts **36c** connect the nuts **36b** to the moving bodies **31b** of the pair of linear motion guide mechanisms **31** that face each other in the second direction Y. Therefore, when the ball screw **36a** rotates in a first direction, the pair of nuts **36b** move toward each other, and when the ball screw **36a** rotates in a second direction opposite to the first direction, the pair of nuts **36b** move away from each other. As the pair of nuts **36b** move toward and away from each other, the pair of fall restricting members **20** move toward and away from each other. Note that a configuration is also possible in which the driving mechanism **30** includes a rack and pinion mechanism as the driving section **35**, and moves the pair of fall restricting members **20** in the first direction X using the rack and pinion mechanism.

(48) (5) In the above-described embodiment, an example is described in which the driving mechanism **30** is configured to move the pair of fall restricting members **20** between one restricting position **P1** and the release position **P0**. However, the present invention is not limited to this configuration. For example, a plurality of restricting positions **P1** may be set in the first direction X. In this case, the driving mechanism **30** can move the pair of fall restricting members **20** between the plurality of restricting positions **P1** and the release position **P0**. One example of this configuration is shown in FIG. 9. In the example in FIG. 9, a plurality of (here, two) restricting positions **P1** are set according to corresponding sizes of the stored article **Ws**. More specifically, a plurality of restricting positions **P1** are set according to widths in the first direction X of the stored article **Ws**. In the illustrated example, if the stored article **Ws** is large, the control device **H** moves the pair of fall restricting members **20** to a large article restricting position **P11** that is closer to the release position **P0**. If the stored article **Ws** is small, the control device **H** moves the pair of fall restricting members **20** to a small article restricting position **P12** that is set inward of the large article restricting position **P11** in the first direction X. Although two restricting positions **P1** are set in the illustrated example, two or more restricting positions **P1** may be set.

(49) (6) In the above-described embodiment, an example is described in which the vehicle body **5** is arranged below the traveling section **4**. However, the present invention is not limited to this configuration, and the vehicle body **5** may be arranged above the traveling section **4**, for example.

(50) (7) In the above-described embodiment, an example is described in which the first direction X is the direction along the traveling direction of the traveling section **4**. However, the present invention is not limited to this configuration. For example, the first direction X may be a direction orthogonal to the traveling direction of the traveling section **4** in a vertical view. In this case, it is preferable that the second direction Y is a direction along the traveling direction of the traveling section, and the article transport vehicle **1** travels along the second direction Y. As another example, both the first direction X and the second direction Y may be directions that are inclined relative to the traveling direction of the traveling section **4**.

(51) Overview of Embodiments

(52) The following is an overview of the article transport vehicle described above.

(53) An article transport vehicle according to an aspect of the present disclosure is an article transport vehicle configured to transport an article, the article transport vehicle including: a traveling section including a wheel; a vehicle body connected to the traveling section and forming a storage space in which the article is storable; a holding section configured to hold the article in a suspended state; an elevating section configured to raise and lower the holding section relative to the vehicle body to raise and lower the article held by the holding section between a storage position inside the storage space and a lowered position below the storage space; and a fall restricting device configured to restrict falling of a stored article, the stored article being the article at the storage position, wherein with a first direction being a specific direction in a horizontal plane, a second direction being a direction orthogonal to the first direction in a vertical view, a first side in

the first direction being one side in the first direction, and a second side in the first direction being another side in the first direction, the vehicle body includes: a first cover section covering the storage space on the first side in the first direction; a second cover section covering the storage space on the second side in the first direction; and a cover connecting section connecting the first cover section and the second cover section above the storage space, the fall restricting device includes: a pair of fall restricting members; and a driving mechanism configured to drive the pair of fall restricting members, the pair of fall restricting members each include: a supported section supported by the cover connecting section; a pair of vertical extension sections extending downward from the supported section on opposite sides of the stored article in the second direction; and a lower connecting section connecting the pair of vertical extension sections below the stored article, the driving mechanism is configured to drive the pair of fall restricting members to move between at least one restricting position and a release position, while the pairs of vertical extension sections of the pair of fall restricting members are at the at least one restricting position, the pairs of vertical extension sections overlap the stored article in a second direction view along the second direction, and furthermore the lower connecting sections of the pair of fall restricting members overlap the stored article in the vertical view, and while the pairs of vertical extension sections of the pair of fall restricting members are at the release position, the lower connecting sections of the pair of fall restricting members are outward of the stored article in the first direction in such a manner as not to overlap the stored article in the vertical view.

(54) According to this configuration, the supported sections of the pair of fall restricting members are supported by the cover connecting section that is above the storage space in the vehicle body. Also, the lower connecting sections below the stored article are suspended by the pairs of vertical extension sections that extend downward from the supported sections. For this reason, while the pair of fall restricting members are at the restricting position, even if the article held by the holding section is released unintentionally, the article can be supported by the lower connecting sections of the pair of fall restricting members. Therefore, it is possible to avoid the case where the article falls from the pair of fall restricting members.

(55) Also, while the article is supported by the lower connecting sections in this way, the load of the article acts as a vertical tensile load on the fall restricting members that extend in the up-down direction from the supported sections to the lower connecting sections. In other words, it is possible to avoid the case where a large bending moment acts on the fall restricting members and the support sections that support the fall restricting members. Therefore, even if the article is heavy, it is easy to secure the strength necessary to support the article without significantly increasing the rigidity of the fall restricting members and the support sections. Also, with this configuration, it is possible to reduce the size and the weight of the fall restricting members and the support sections.

(56) Also, according to the above configuration, while the pair of fall restricting members are at the restricting position, the vertical extension sections overlap the stored article in the second direction view. Therefore, it is possible to prevent the article from entirely or partially falling off in the second direction.

(57) In this way, according to the above configuration, it is possible to realize an article transport vehicle provided with a fall restricting device having a structure that facilitates ensuring strength regardless of the weight of the article.

(58) Here, it is preferable that the vehicle body is shaped so as to be open on at least one side of the storage space in the second direction, the driving mechanism moves the supported sections of the pair of fall restricting members in the first direction, and while the pairs of vertical extension sections of the pair of fall restricting members are at the release position, the pairs of vertical extension sections of the pair of fall restricting members are outward of the stored article in the first direction in such a manner as not to overlap the stored article in the second direction view.

(59) According to this configuration, while the pair of fall restricting members are at the restricting position, the pairs of vertical extension sections of the pair of fall restricting members can restrict

the article from entirely or partially falling off in the second direction, and while the pair of fall restricting members are at the release position, the article can be moved in the second direction from the storage position. Accordingly, it is possible to retrieve the article in the second direction, or transfer the article by sliding it in the second direction, for example.

(60) It is preferable that the driving mechanism includes: a guide section configured to guide movement in the first direction of the supported sections of the pair of fall restricting members; and a driving section configured to move the supported sections toward opposite sides in the first direction in each pair of supported sections.

(61) According to this configuration, the pair of fall restricting members can be driven toward opposite sides in the first direction to appropriately move between the restricting position and the release position.

(62) Also, since the pair of fall restricting members are on opposite sides of the stored article in the first direction while at the release position, it is easier to secure escapement space for the pair of fall restricting members at the release position compared with the case where the pair of fall restricting members are both arranged on one side of the stored article in the first direction.

(63) It is preferable that the at least one restricting position includes a plurality of restricting positions set in the first direction.

(64) According to this configuration, a plurality of restricting positions can be set according to sizes of the stored article, and therefore even if there are a plurality of sizes of articles and the article held by the holding section is released unintentionally, the article can be properly supported so as not to fall.

(65) It is preferable that the vehicle body is below the traveling section, and the cover connecting section is connected to the traveling section.

(66) According to this configuration, the supported sections of the pair of fall prevention members are supported by the cover connecting section, which is the portion connected to the traveling section in the vehicle body. Accordingly, it is easier to ensure the strength of the support sections of the vehicle body that support the pair of fall restricting members.

(67) It is preferable that the first direction is a direction along a traveling direction of the traveling section.

(68) According to this configuration, even if a load acts on the stored article due to acceleration or deceleration of the traveling section, the first cover section and the second cover section can suppress the case where the article entirely or partially falls off in the traveling direction (first direction).

(69) The article transport vehicle according to the present disclosure need only exhibit at least one of the effects described above.

## Claims

1. An article transport vehicle configured to transport an article, the article transport vehicle comprising: a traveling section comprising a wheel; a vehicle body connected to the traveling section and forming a storage space in which the article is storable; a holding section configured to hold the article in a suspended state; an elevating section configured to raise and lower the holding section relative to the vehicle body to raise and lower the article held by the holding section between a storage position inside the storage space and a lowered position below the storage space; and a fall restricting device configured to restrict falling of a stored article, wherein the stored article is the article at the storage position, wherein a first direction is a specific direction in a horizontal plane, a second direction is a direction orthogonal to the first direction in a vertical view, a first side in the first direction is one side in the first direction, and a second side in the first direction being is another side in the first direction, the vehicle body comprises: a first cover section covering the storage space on the first side in the first direction; a second cover section



covering the storage space on the second side in the first direction; and a cover connecting section connecting the first cover section and the second cover section above the storage space, the fall restricting device comprises: a pair of fall restricting members; and a driving mechanism configured to drive the pair of fall restricting members, the pair of fall restricting members each comprise: a supported section supported by the cover connecting section; a pair of vertical extension sections extending downward from the supported section on opposite sides of the stored article in the second direction; and a lower connecting section connecting the pair of vertical extension sections below the stored article, the driving mechanism is configured to drive the pair of fall restricting members to move between at least one restricting position and a release position, while the pairs of vertical extension sections of the pair of fall restricting members are at the at least one restricting position, the pairs of vertical extension sections overlap the stored article in a second direction view along the second direction, and furthermore the lower connecting sections of the pair of fall restricting members overlap the stored article in the vertical view, and while the pairs of vertical extension sections of the pair of fall restricting members are at the release position, the lower connecting sections of the pair of fall restricting members are outward of the stored article in the first direction so as not to overlap the stored article in the vertical view.

2. The article transport vehicle according to claim 1, wherein: the vehicle body is shaped so as to be open on at least one side of the storage space in the second direction, the driving mechanism moves the supported sections of the pair of fall restricting members in the first direction, and while the pairs of vertical extension sections of the pair of fall restricting members are at the release position, the pairs of vertical extension sections of the pair of fall restricting members are outward of the stored article in the first direction so as not to overlap the stored article in the second direction view.

3. The article transport vehicle according to claim 2, wherein the driving mechanism include comprises: a guide section configured to guide movement in the first direction of the supported sections of the pair of fall restricting members; and a driving section configured to move the supported sections toward opposite sides in the first direction in each pair of supported sections.

4. The article transport vehicle according to claim 1, wherein the at least one restricting position includes a plurality of restricting positions set in the first direction.

5. The article transport vehicle according to claim 1, wherein: the vehicle body is below the traveling section, and the cover connecting section is connected to the traveling section.

6. The article transport vehicle according to claim 1, wherein the first direction is a direction along a traveling direction of the traveling section.

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