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(54) **CONTENT COLLECTION INDICATORS  
WITHIN A GROUP MESSAGING SYSTEM**

(52) **U.S. Cl.**  
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(57) **ABSTRACT**

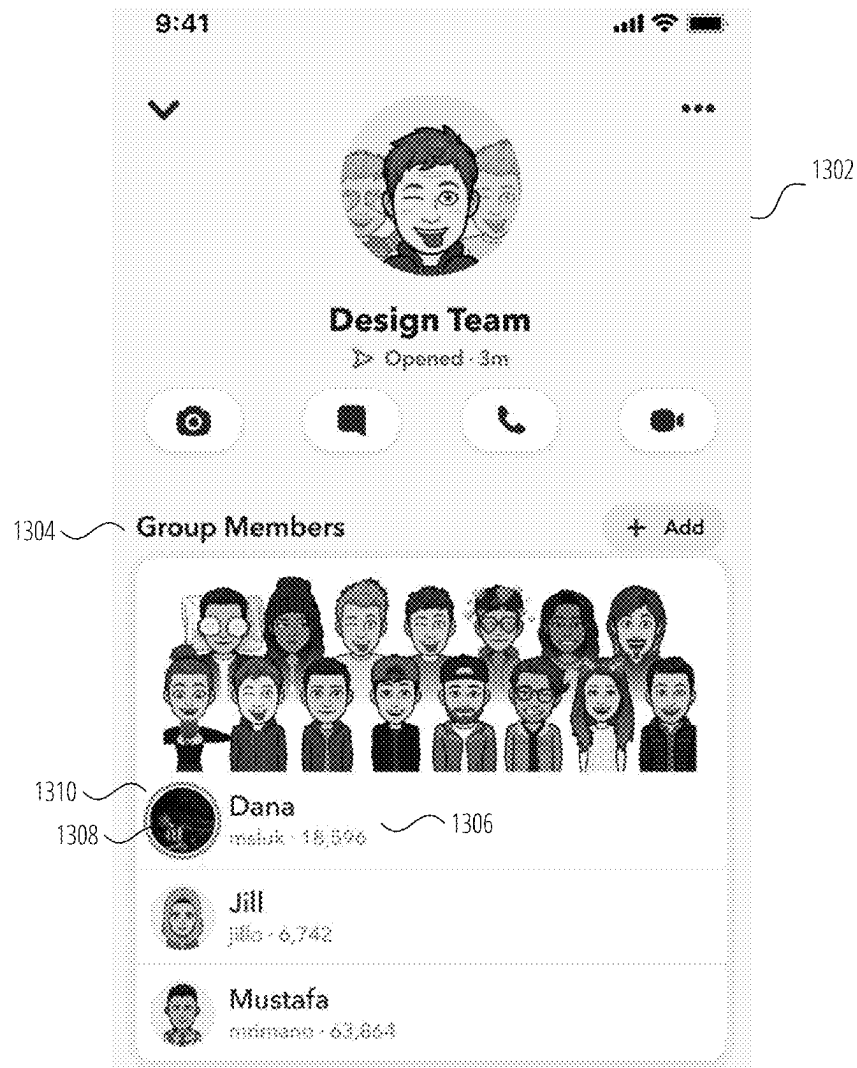
In one aspect, a method, includes identifying members of a group in a messaging application, detecting an active sharing of content collection from a member of the group, and generating a visual indicator corresponding to the group in a user interface of the messaging application. The method may also include further includes receiving user input from the member of the group to share the content collection with one or more members of the group, and in response to receiving the user input, enabling an ephemeral display of the content collection only from devices associated with the one or more members of the group, where detecting the active sharing of content collection from the member of the group is based on receiving the user input from the member of the group.

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GROUP PROFILE USER INTERFACE

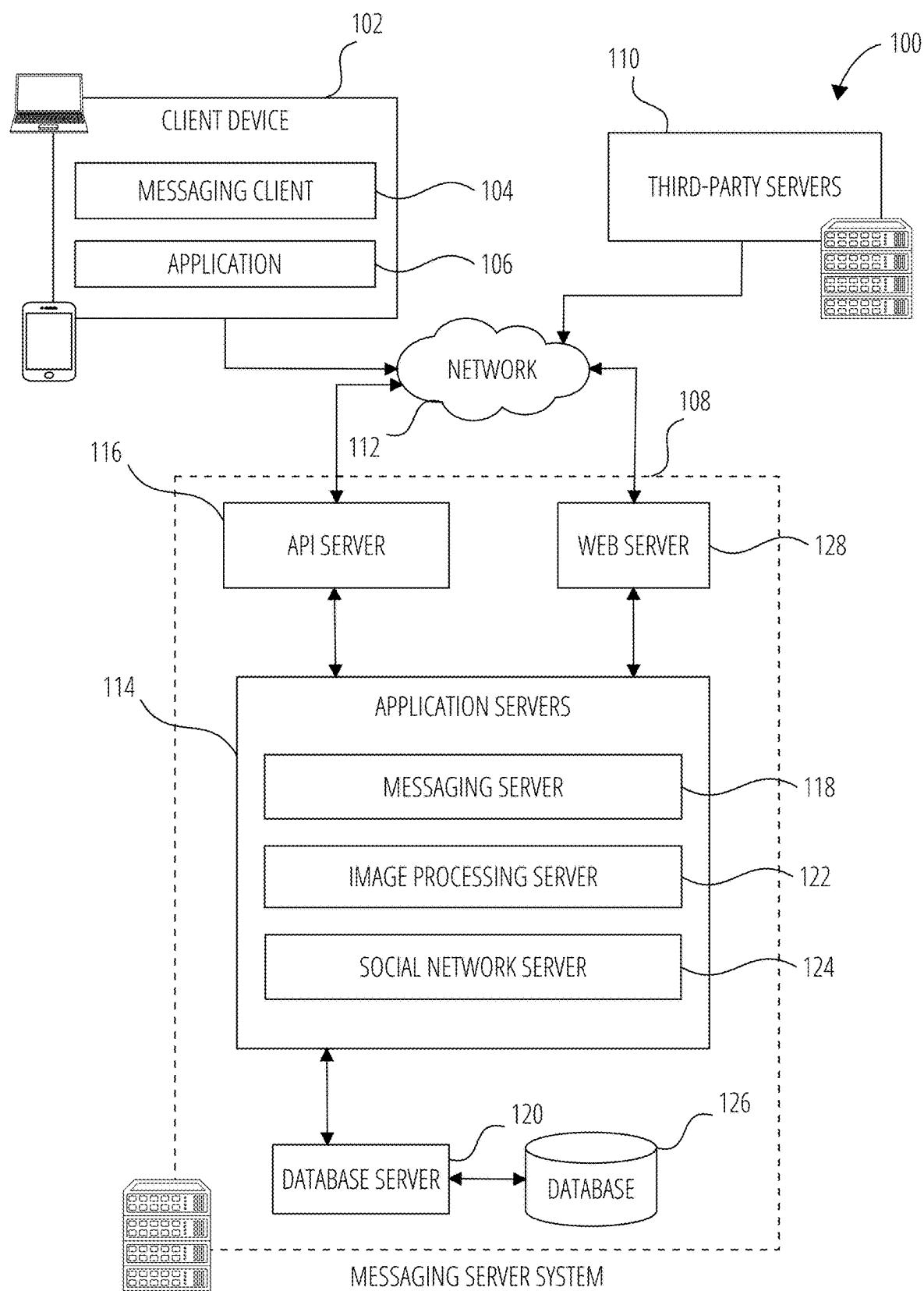


FIG. 1

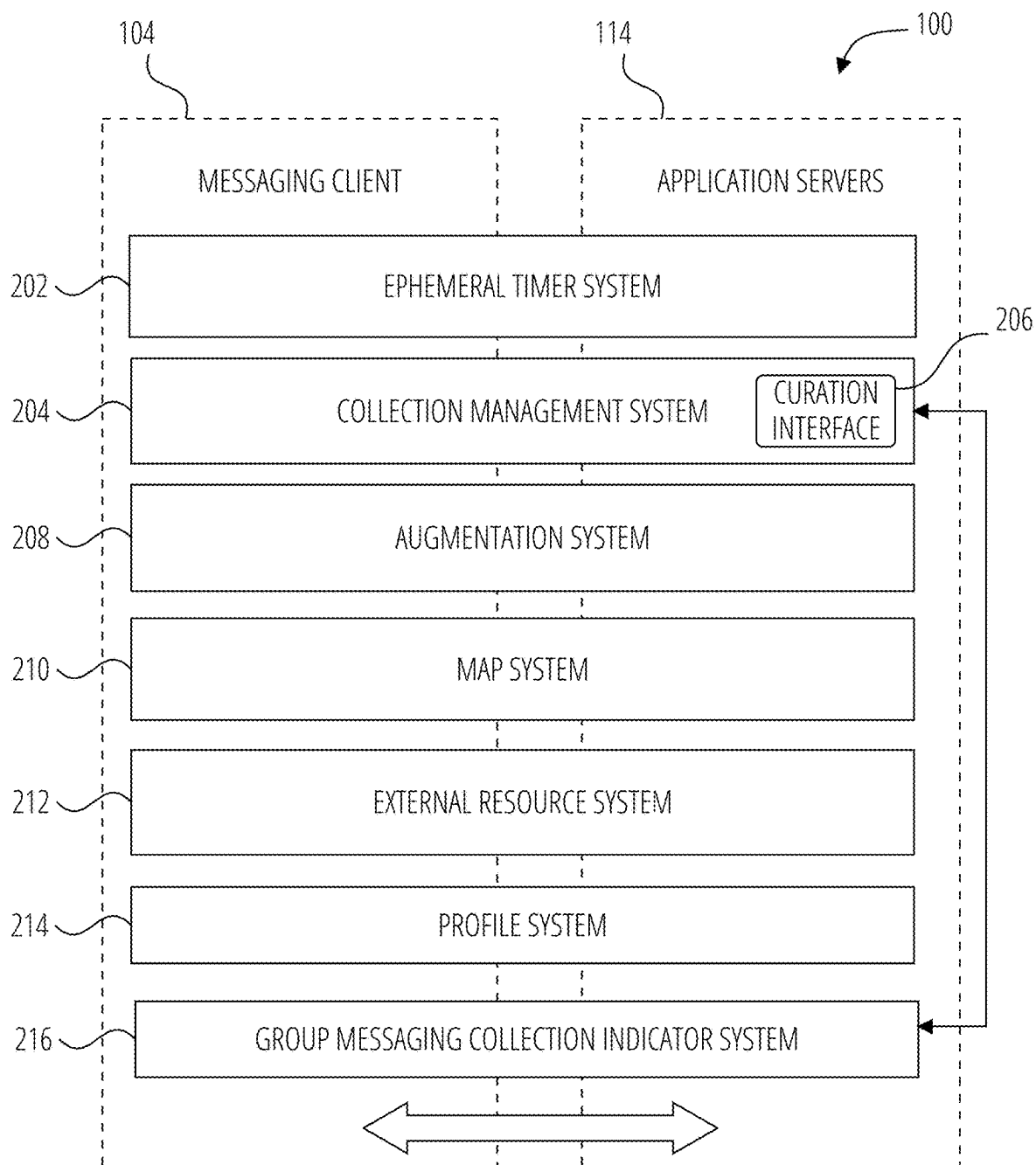
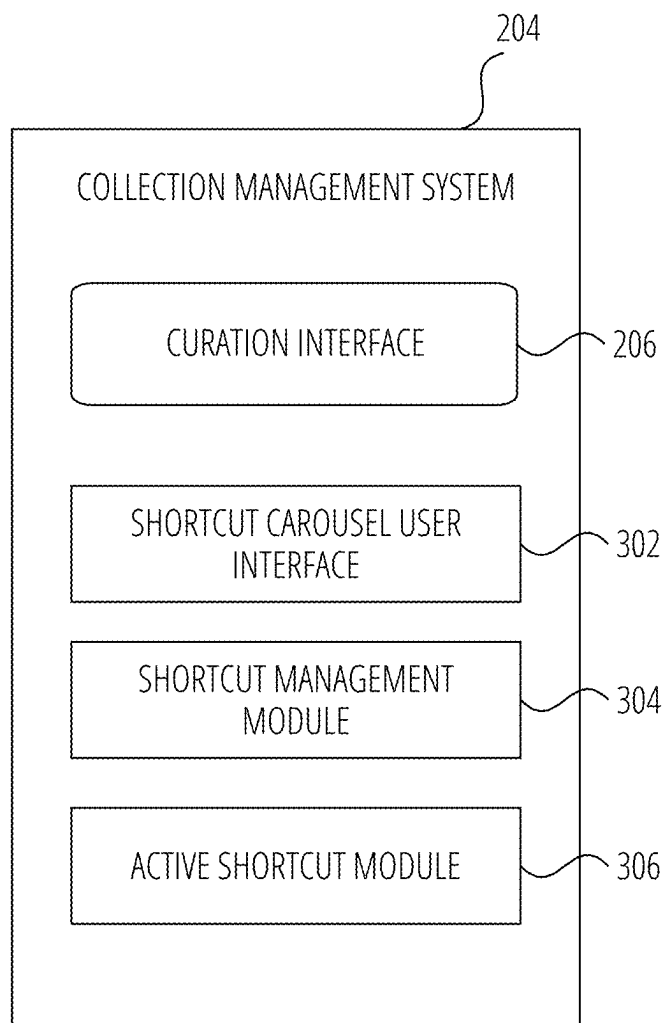


FIG. 2



**FIG. 3**

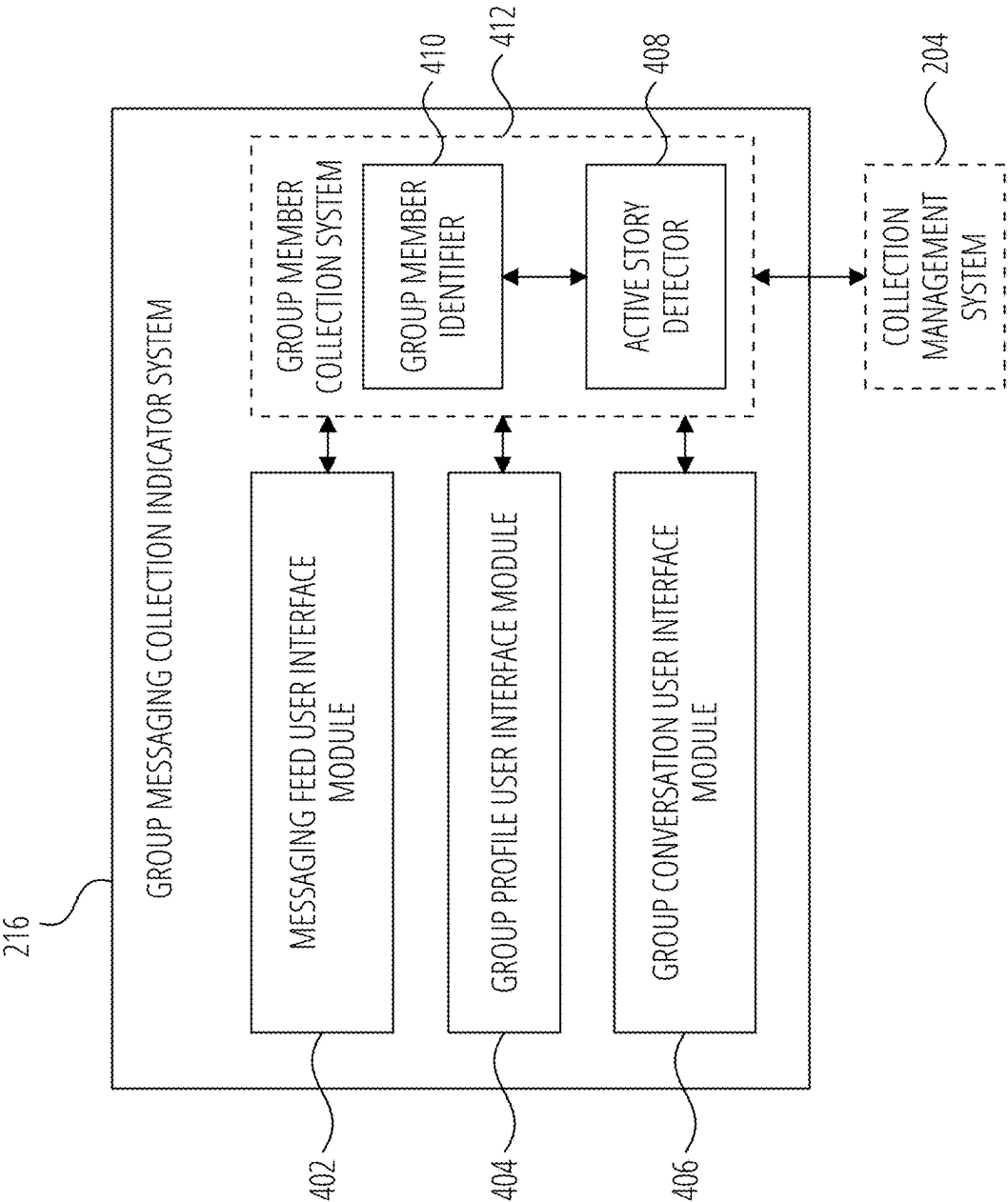


FIG. 4

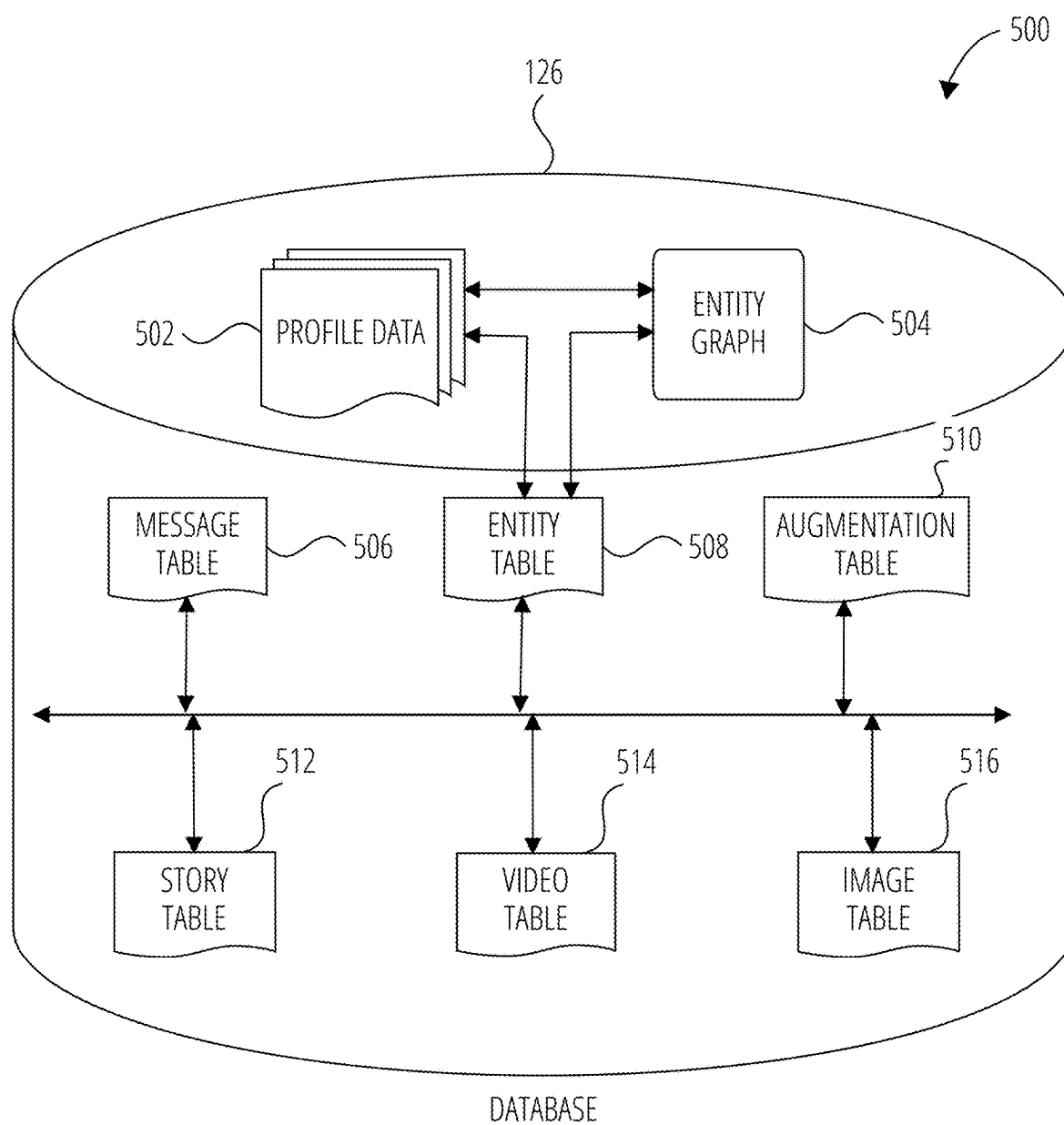


FIG. 5

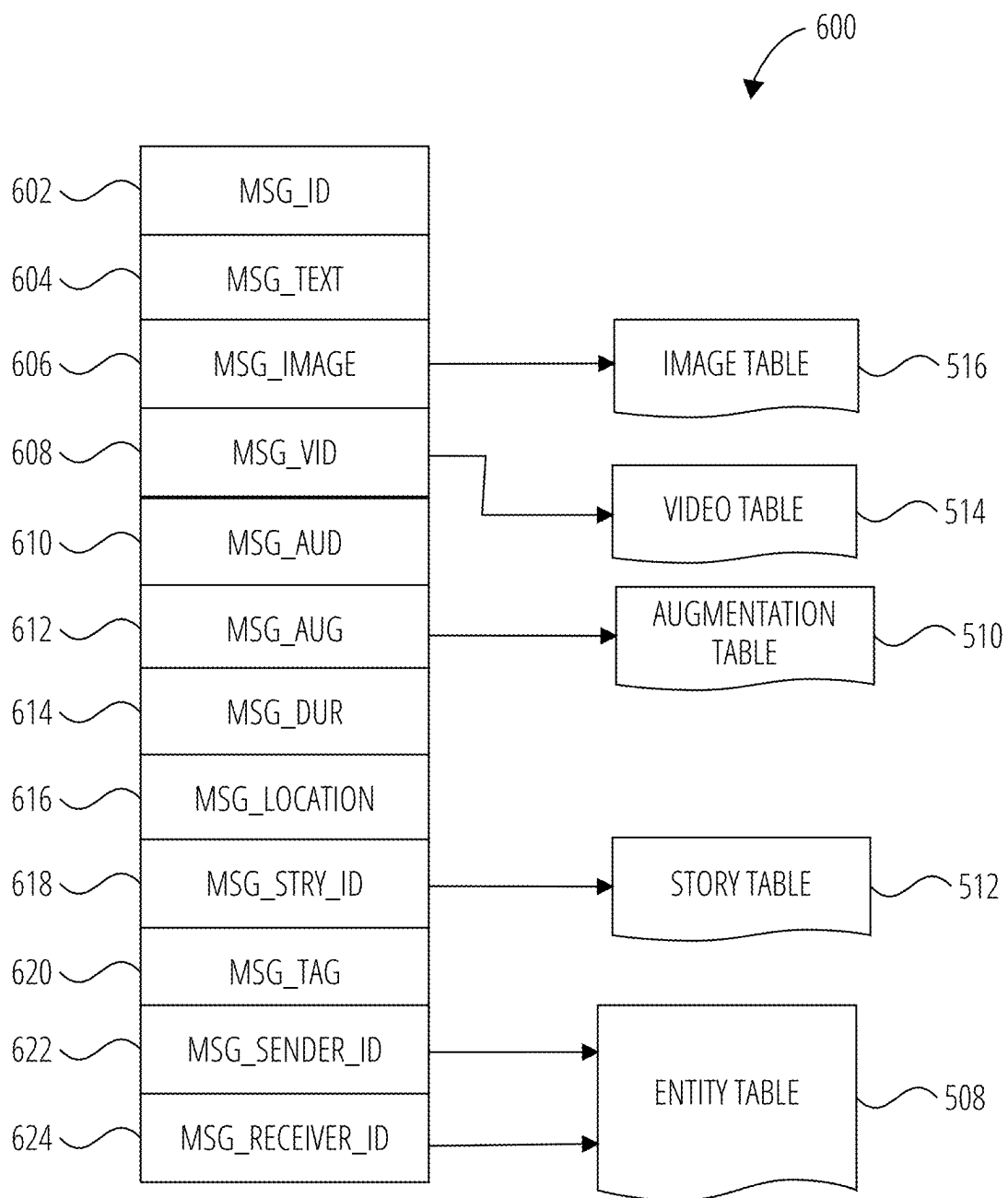


FIG. 6

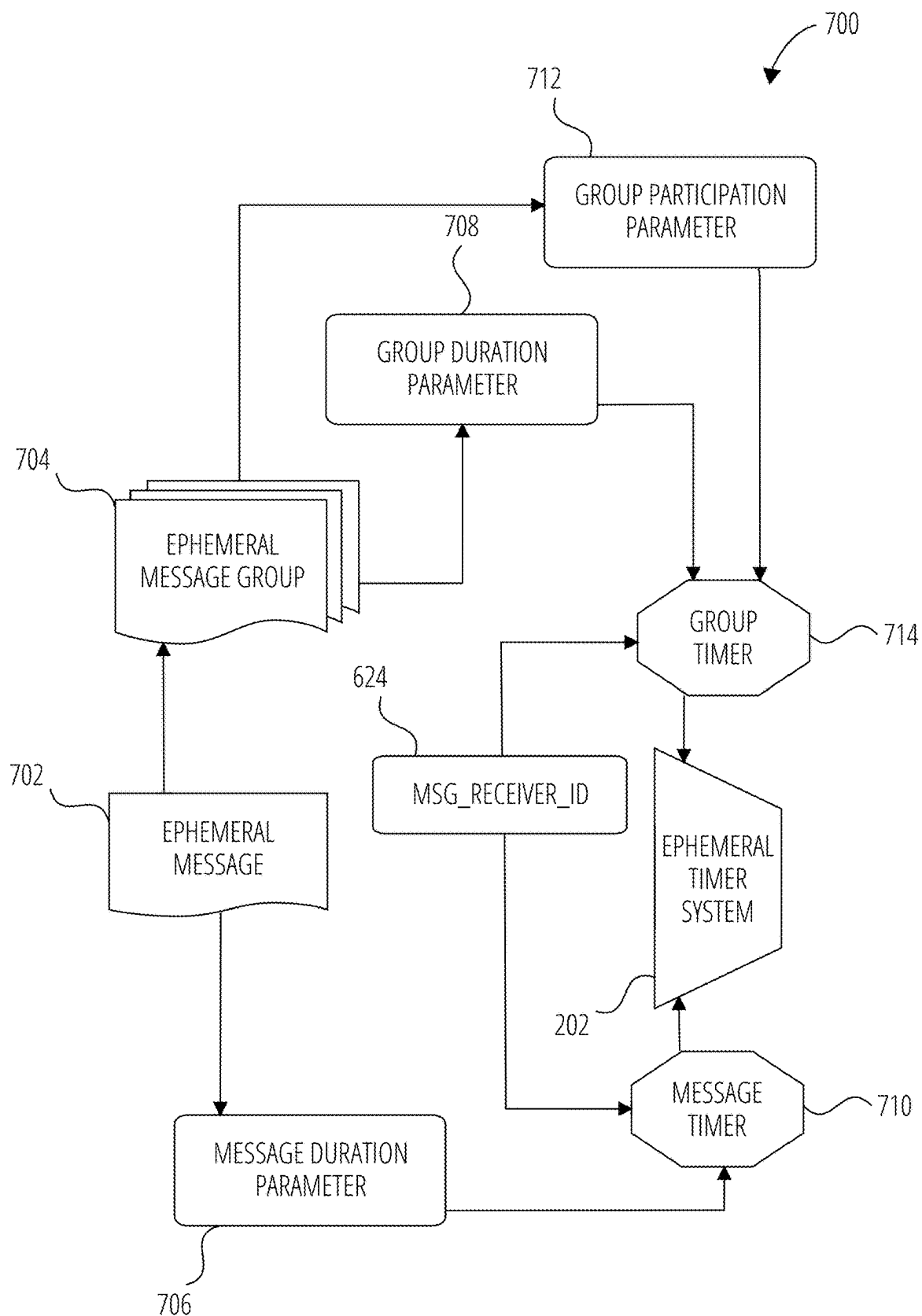
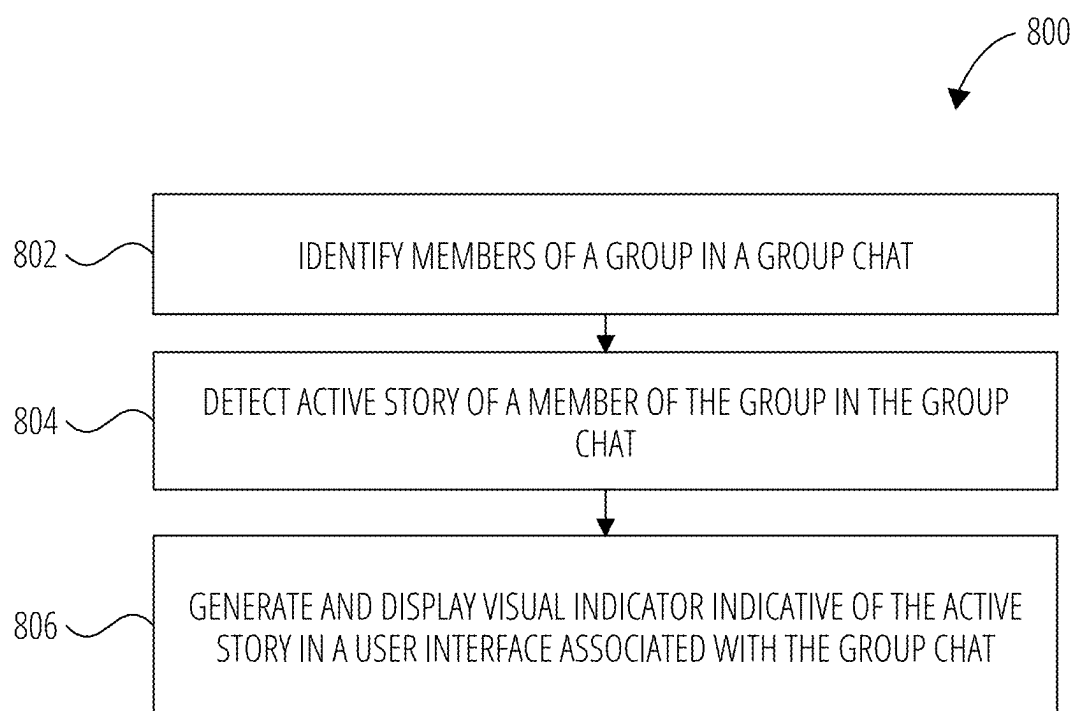
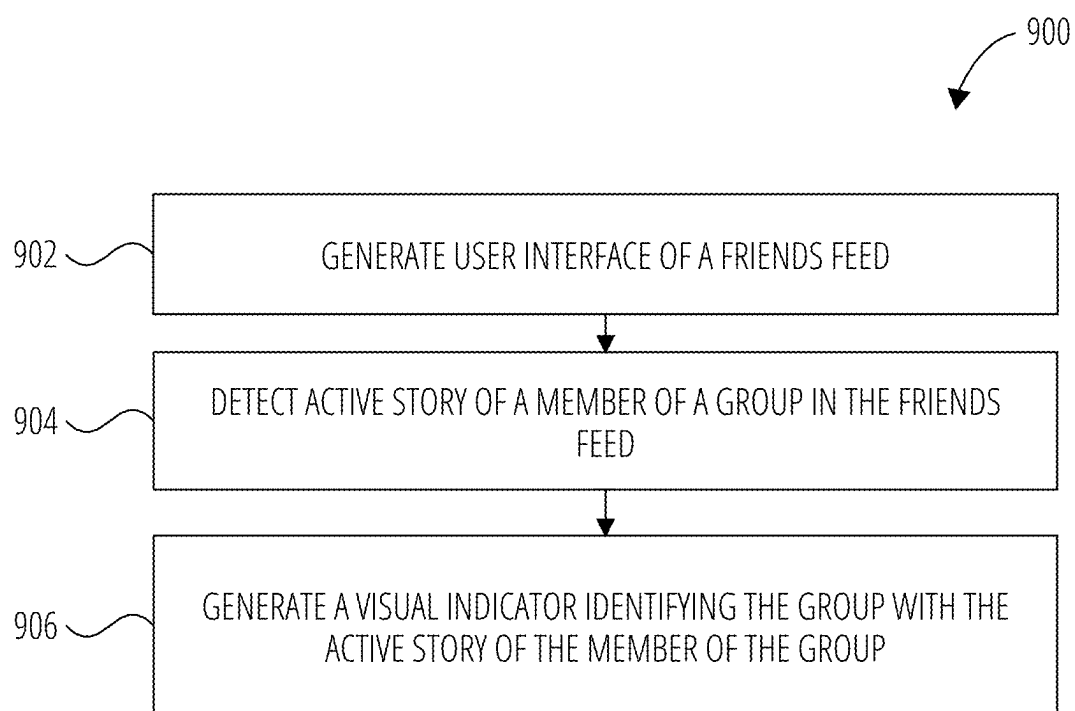


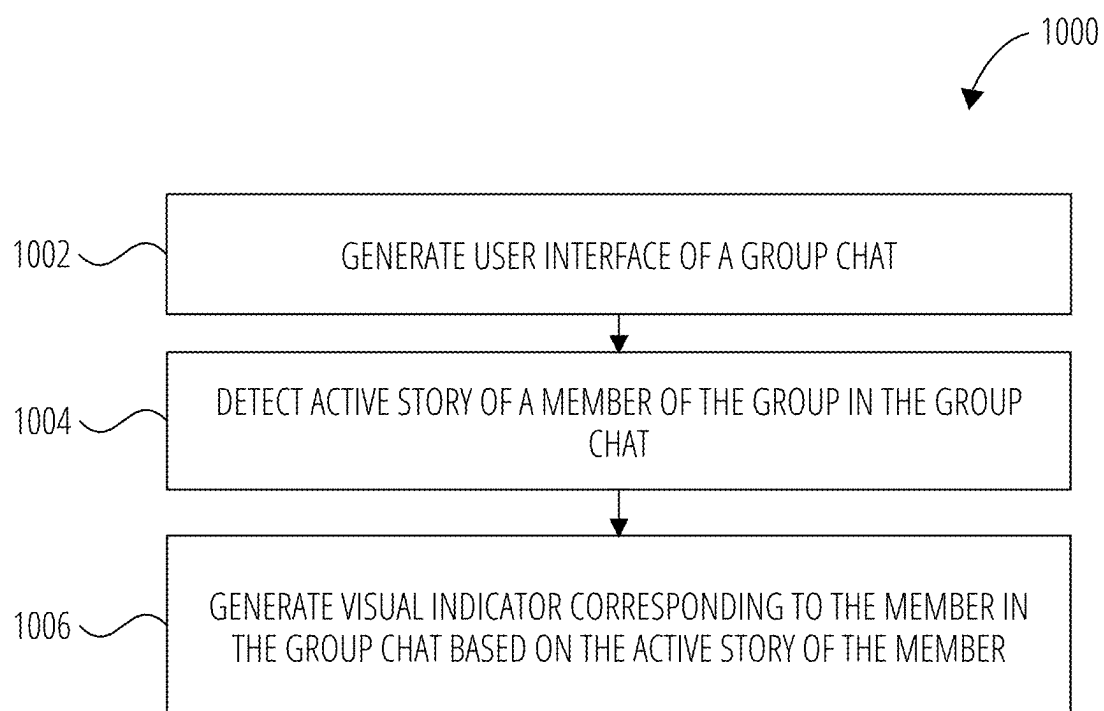
FIG. 7



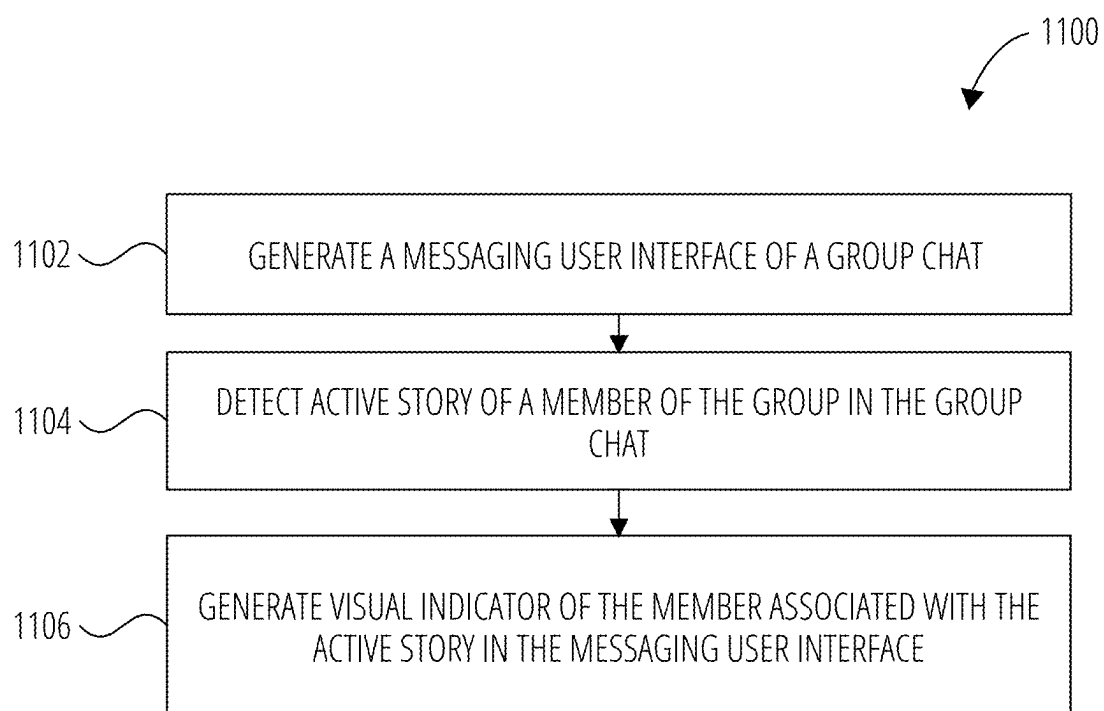
**FIG. 8**



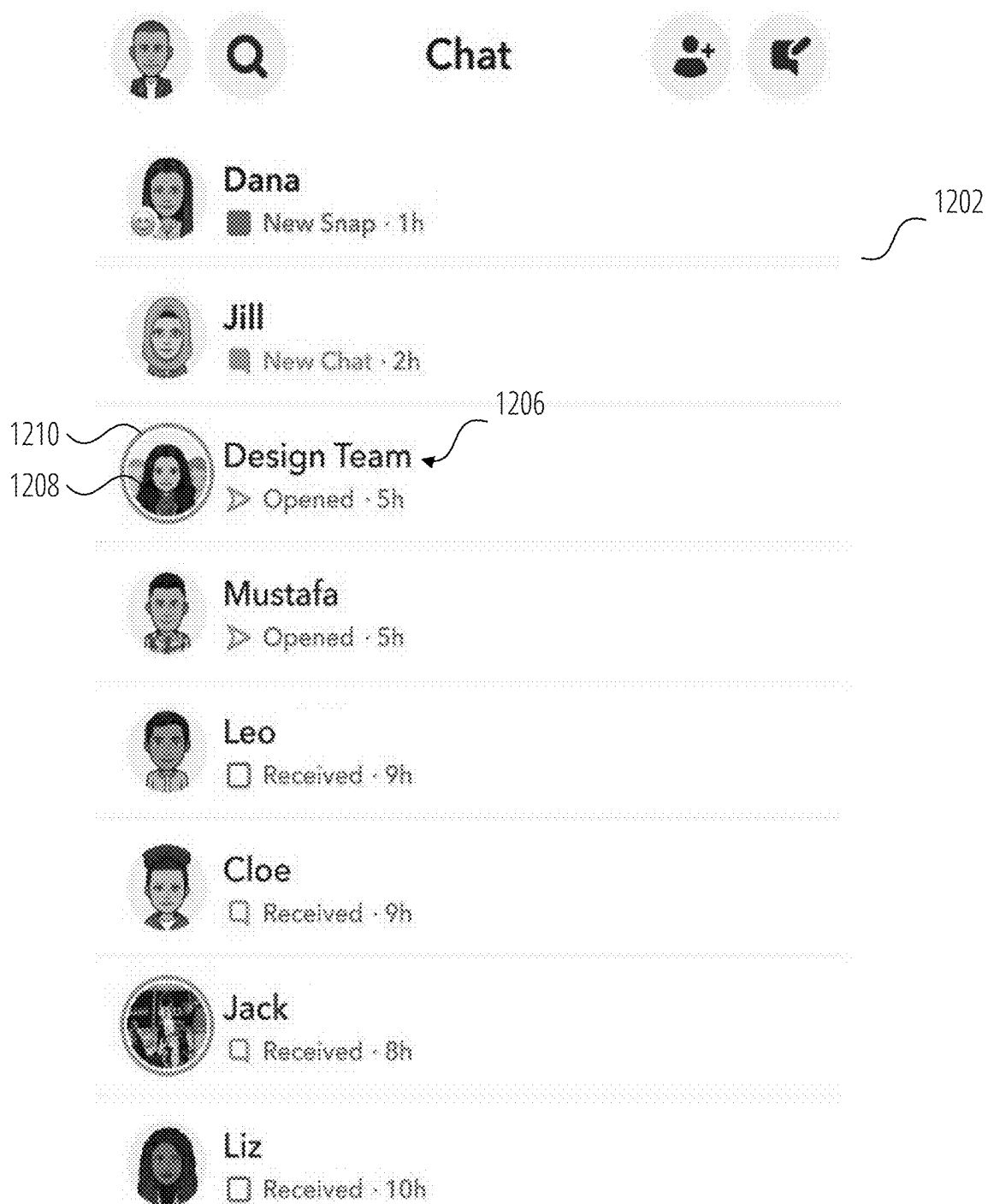
**FIG. 9**



**FIG. 10**

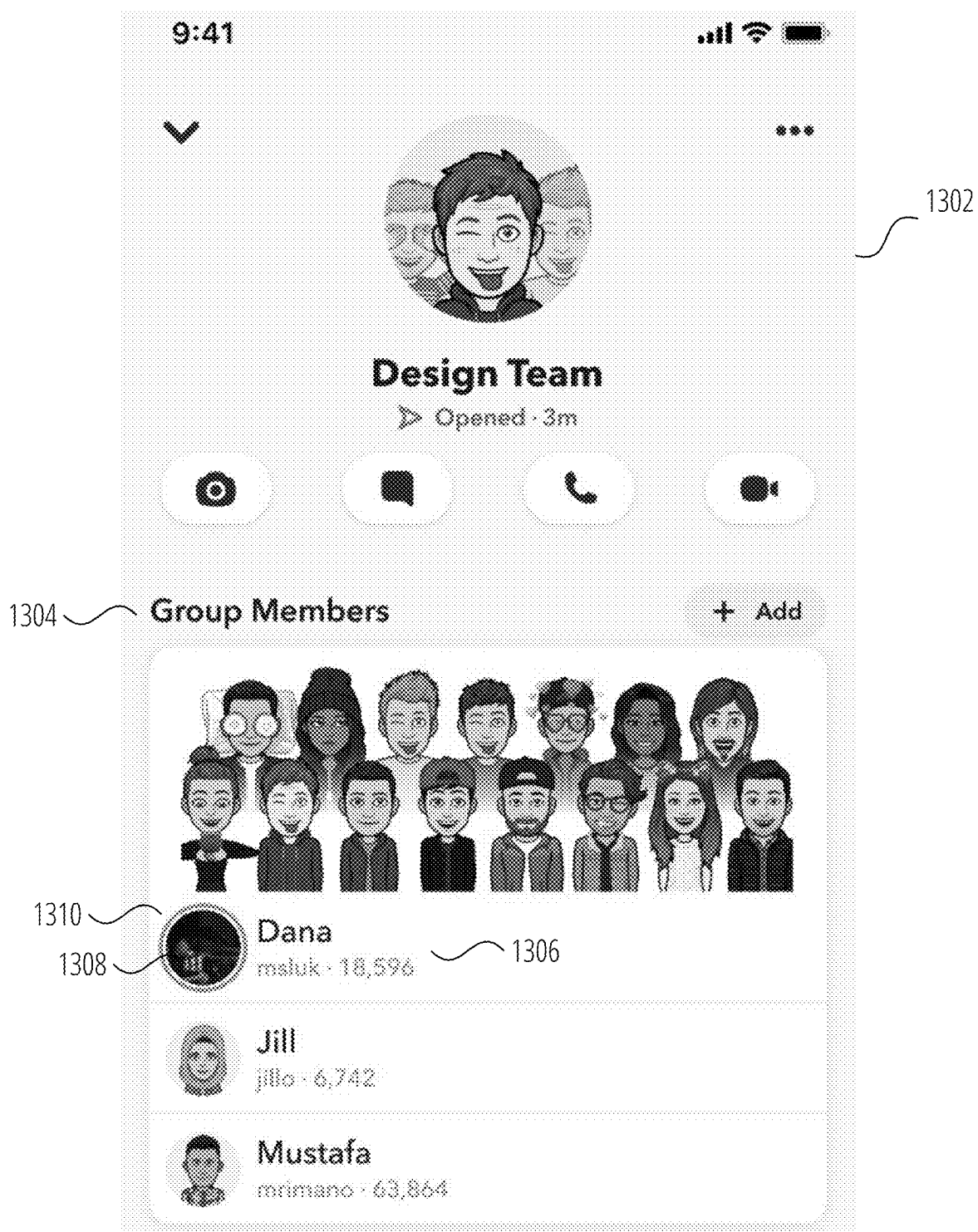


**FIG. 11**



MESSAGING FEED USER INTERFACE

FIG. 12



GROUP PROFILE USER INTERFACE

FIG. 13

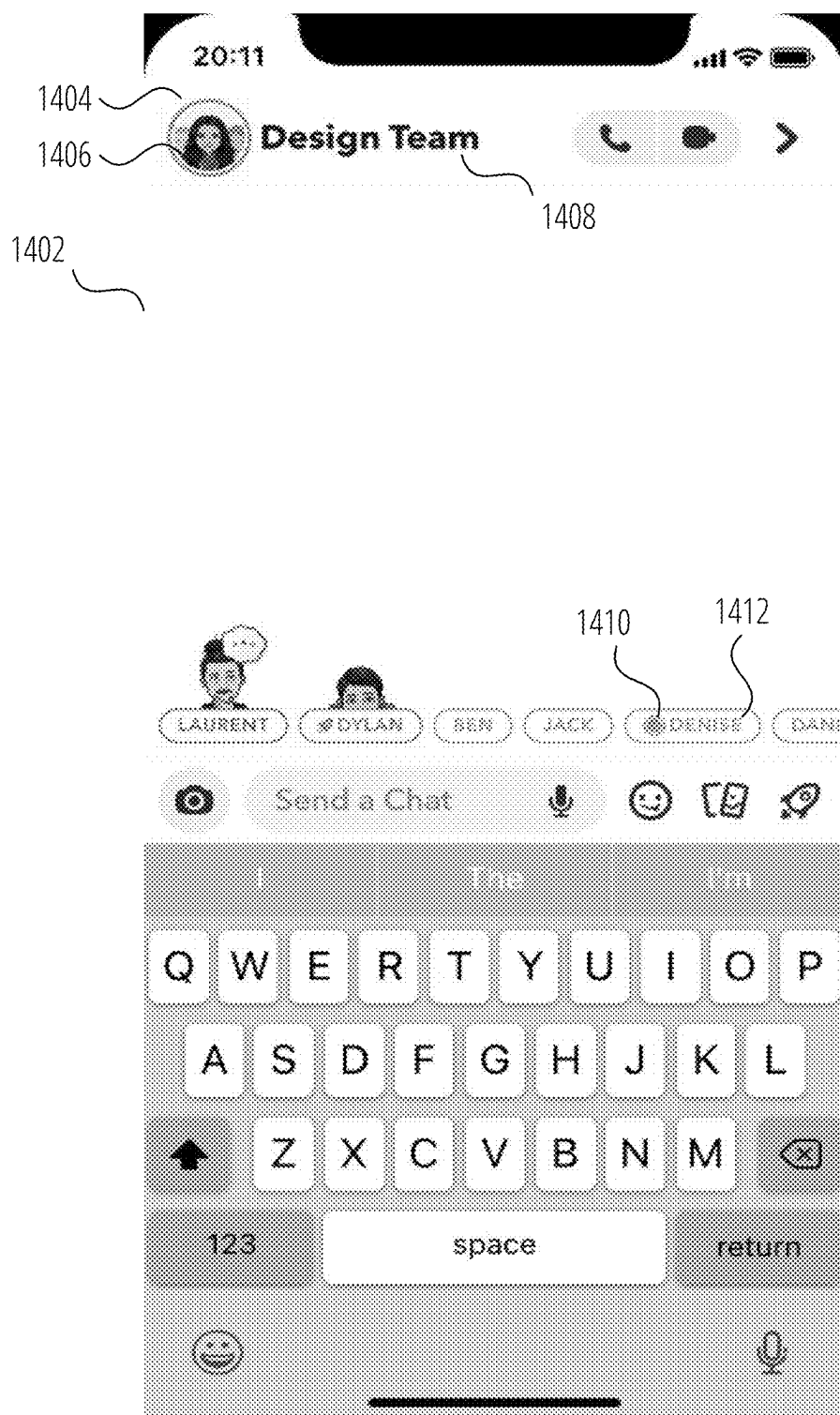


FIG. 14



FIG. 15



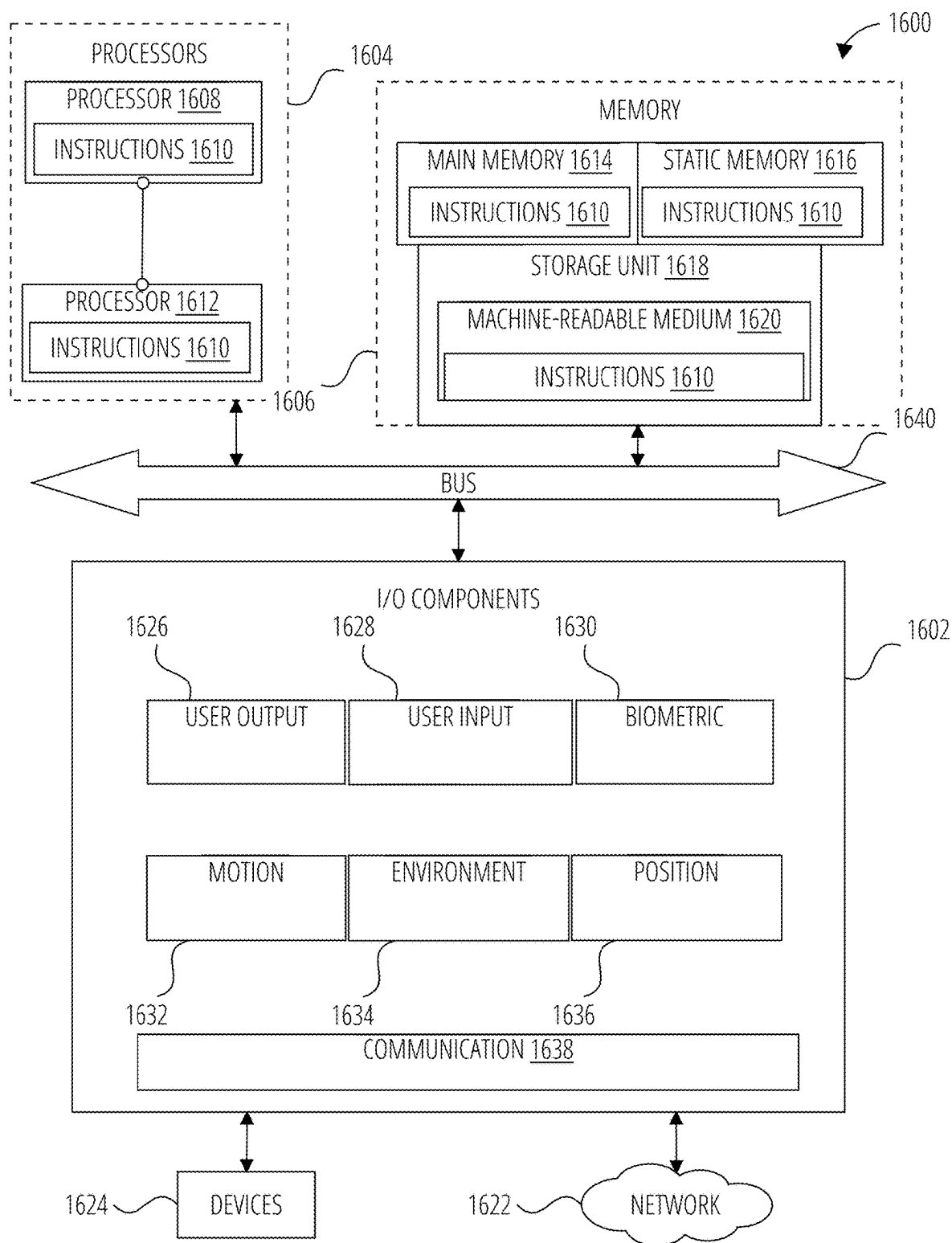


FIG. 16

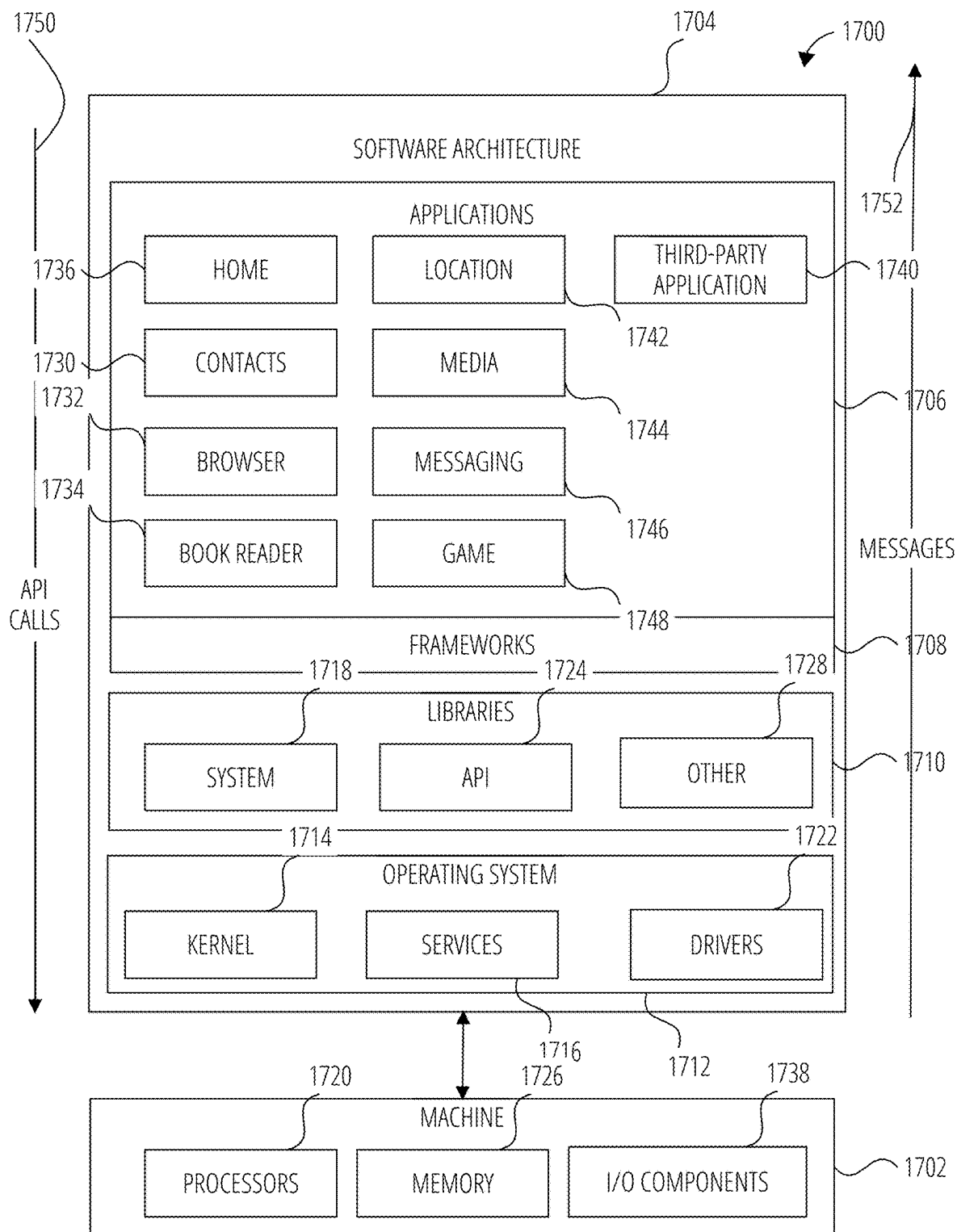


FIG. 17

## CONTENT COLLECTION INDICATORS WITHIN A GROUP MESSAGING SYSTEM

### TECHNICAL FIELD

[0001] The present disclosure relates generally to a messaging system, including displaying content feed indicators within a messaging system.

### BACKGROUND

[0002] Messaging systems provide for the exchange of message content between users. For example, a messaging system allows users to exchange content (e.g., text, images) with one or more other users.

### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE SEVERAL VIEWS OF THE DRAWINGS

[0003] The drawings, which are not necessarily drawn to scale, like numerals, may describe similar components in different views. To easily identify the discussion of any particular element or act, the most significant digit or digits in a reference number refer to the figure number in which that element is first introduced. Some non-limiting examples are illustrated in the figures of the accompanying drawings in which:

[0004] FIG. 1 is a diagrammatic representation of a networked environment in which the present disclosure may be deployed, in accordance with some examples.

[0005] FIG. 2 is a diagrammatic representation of a messaging system, in accordance with some examples, that has both client-side and server-side functionality.

[0006] FIG. 3 illustrates a collection management system in accordance with one example embodiment.

[0007] FIG. 4 illustrates a group messaging collection indicator system in accordance with one example embodiment.

[0008] FIG. 5 is a diagrammatic representation of a data structure as maintained in a database, in accordance with some examples.

[0009] FIG. 6 is a diagrammatic representation of a message, in accordance with some examples.

[0010] FIG. 7 is a flowchart for an access-limiting process, in accordance with some examples.

[0011] FIG. 8 is a flowchart illustrating a process for generating a visual indicator within a messaging system, in accordance with some examples.

[0012] FIG. 9 is a flowchart illustrating a process for generating an indicator corresponding to active shared content of a group member within a messaging system, in accordance with some examples.

[0013] FIG. 10 is a flowchart illustrating a process for generating an indicator corresponding to active shared content of a group member within a messaging system, in accordance with some examples.

[0014] FIG. 11 is a flowchart illustrating a process for generating an indicator corresponding to active shared content of a group member within a messaging system, in accordance with some examples.

[0015] FIG. 12 is a diagram illustrating an example of a messaging user interface in accordance with one example embodiment.

[0016] FIG. 13 is a diagram illustrating an example of a group profile user interface in accordance with one example embodiment.

[0017] FIG. 14 is a diagram illustrating an example of a group conversation user interface in accordance with one example embodiment.

[0018] FIG. 15 is a diagram illustrating a visual indicator of an active collection in accordance with one example embodiment.

[0019] FIG. 16 is a diagrammatic representation of a machine in the form of a computer system within which a set of instructions may be executed for causing the machine to perform any one or more of the methodologies discussed herein, in accordance with some examples.

[0020] FIG. 17 is a block diagram showing a software architecture within which examples may be implemented.

### DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0021] A messaging system typically allows users to exchange media content items (e.g., messages, images and/or video) with one another in a message thread. As described herein, a messaging system may include content feeds for presenting content collections, where each content collection includes one or more media content items. For example, a messaging application enables a user to share content collection (e.g., multimedia messages) with their friends in a sequential order, which is no longer viewable after a preset time (e.g., 24 hours).

[0022] In one example, a messaging system allows a first user to create content collection including one or more media content items. The messaging system provides for the first user to share the content collection with one or more second user(s) selected by the first user. In this way, each of the first user and second user(s) are associated with the content collection. By virtue of being associated with the content collection, each of the first user and the second user(s) is able to view the content collection, and to add content (e.g., additional media content items) to the content collection. In addition, each of the first user and second user(s) is permitted to share the content collection with one or more selected third user(s).

[0023] In one example, the messaging application identifies members of a group in the messaging application, detects an active sharing of content collection from a member of the group, and generates a visual indicator corresponding to the group in a user interface of the messaging application. The messaging application is particularly useful for group communication, where users can share their experiences with multiple friends at once. The feature also provides an easy way for users to identify which groups have active content collection (e.g., referred to as Stories) and which members of the group are sharing content.

[0024] In one example, the present application describes a visual indicator that adds an indication to group chats when members have an active story. This visual indicator is especially helpful for people who only open the messaging application to respond to groups. An operating method of the messaging system includes identifying members of a group in a messaging application, detecting an active sharing of content collection from a member of the group, and generating a visual indicator corresponding to the group in a user interface of the messaging application. The method may also include further includes receiving user input from the member of the group to share the content collection with one or more members of the group, all members of the group, one or more users of the messaging application, one or more other users of the messaging application, or one or more

other users outside the group, and in response to receiving the user input, enabling an ephemeral display of the content collection only from devices associated with the one or more members of the group, all members of the group, the one or more users of the messaging application, the one or more other users of the messaging application, or the one or more other users outside the group, where detecting the active sharing of content collection from the member of the group is based on receiving the user input from the member of the group. Other technical features may be readily apparent to one skilled in the art from the following figures, descriptions, and claims.

**[0025]** FIG. 1 is a block diagram showing an example messaging system 100 for exchanging data (e.g., messages and associated content) over a network. The messaging system 100 includes multiple instances of a client device 102, each of which hosts a number of applications, including a messaging client 104 and other applications 106. Each messaging client 104 is communicatively coupled to other instances of the messaging client 104 (e.g., hosted on respective other client devices 102), a messaging server system 108 and third-party servers 110 via a network 112 (e.g., the Internet). A messaging client 104 can also communicate with locally-hosted applications 106 using Application Program Interfaces (APIs).

**[0026]** A messaging client 104 is able to communicate and exchange data with other messaging clients 104 and with the messaging server system 108 via the network 112. The data exchanged between messaging clients 104, and between a messaging client 104 and the messaging server system 108, includes functions (e.g., commands to invoke functions) as well as payload data (e.g., text, audio, video or other multimedia data).

**[0027]** The messaging server system 108 provides server-side functionality via the network 112 to a particular messaging client 104. While certain functions of the messaging system 100 are described herein as being performed by either a messaging client 104 or by the messaging server system 108, the location of certain functionality either within the messaging client 104 or the messaging server system 108 may be a design choice. For example, it may be technically preferable to initially deploy certain technology and functionality within the messaging server system 108 but to later migrate this technology and functionality to the messaging client 104 where a client device 102 has sufficient processing capacity.

**[0028]** The messaging server system 108 supports various services and operations that are provided to the messaging client 104. Such operations include transmitting data to, receiving data from, and processing data generated by the messaging client 104. This data may include message content, client device information, geolocation information, media augmentation and overlays, message content persistence conditions, social network information, and live event information, as examples. Data exchanges within the messaging system 100 are invoked and controlled through functions available via user interfaces (UIs) of the messaging client 104.

**[0029]** Turning now specifically to the messaging server system 108, an Application Program Interface (API) server 116 is coupled to, and provides a programmatic interface to, application servers 114. The application servers 114 are communicatively coupled to a database server 120, which facilitates access to a database 126 that stores data associ-

ated with messages processed by the application servers 114. Similarly, a web server 128 is coupled to the application servers 114, and provides web-based interfaces to the application servers 114. To this end, the web server 128 processes incoming network requests over the Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP) and several other related protocols.

**[0030]** The Application Program Interface (API) server 116 receives and transmits message data (e.g., commands and message payloads) between the client device 102 and the application servers 114. Specifically, the Application Program Interface (API) server 116 provides a set of interfaces (e.g., routines and protocols) that can be called or queried by the messaging client 104 in order to invoke functionality of the application servers 114. The Application Program Interface (API) server 116 exposes various functions supported by the application servers 114, including account registration, login functionality, the sending of messages, via the application servers 114, from a particular messaging client 104 to another messaging client 104, the sending of media files (e.g., images or video) from a messaging client 104 to a messaging server 118, and for possible access by another messaging client 104, the settings of a collection of media data (e.g., story), the retrieval of a list of friends of a user of a client device 102, the retrieval of such collections, the retrieval of messages and content, the addition and deletion of entities (e.g., friends) to an entity graph (e.g., a social graph), the location of friends within a social graph, and opening an application event (e.g., relating to the messaging client 104).

**[0031]** The application servers 114 host a number of server applications and subsystems, including for example a messaging server 118, an image processing server 122, and a social network server 124. The messaging server 118 implements a number of message processing technologies and functions, particularly related to the aggregation and other processing of content (e.g., textual and multimedia content) included in messages received from multiple instances of the messaging client 104. As will be described in further detail, the text and media content from multiple sources may be aggregated into collections of content (e.g., called stories or galleries). These collections are then made available to the messaging client 104. Other processor and memory intensive processing of data may also be performed server-side by the messaging server 118, in view of the hardware requirements for such processing.

**[0032]** The application servers 114 also include an image processing server 122 that is dedicated to performing various image processing operations, typically with respect to images or video within the payload of a message sent from or received at the messaging server 118.

**[0033]** The social network server 124 supports various social networking functions and services and makes these functions and services available to the messaging server 118. To this end, the social network server 124 maintains and accesses an entity graph 504 (as shown in FIG. 5) within the database 126. Examples of functions and services supported by the social network server 124 include the identification of other users of the messaging system 100 with which a particular user has relationships or is “following,” and also the identification of other entities and interests of a particular user.

**[0034]** Returning to the messaging client 104, features and functions of an external resource (e.g., an application 106 or applet) are made available to a user via an interface of the

messaging client **104**. In this context, “external” refers to the fact that the application **106** or applet is external to the messaging client **104**. The external resource is often provided by a third party but may also be provided by the creator or provider of the messaging client **104**. The messaging client **104** receives a user selection of an option to launch or access features of such an external resource. The external resource may be the application **106** installed on the client device **102** (e.g., a “native app”), or a small-scale version of the application (e.g., an “applet”) that is hosted on the client device **102** or remote of the client device **102** (e.g., on third-party servers **110**). The small-scale version of the application includes a subset of features and functions of the application (e.g., the full-scale, native version of the application) and is implemented using a markup-language document. In one example, the small-scale version of the application (e.g., an “applet”) is a web-based, markup-language version of the application and is embedded in the messaging client **104**. In addition to using markup-language documents (e.g., a \*.ml file), an applet may incorporate a scripting language (e.g., a \*.js file or a \*.json file) and a style sheet (e.g., a \*.css file).

[0035] In response to receiving a user selection of the option to launch or access features of the external resource, the messaging client **104** determines whether the selected external resource is a web-based external resource or a locally-installed application **106**. In some cases, applications **106** that are locally installed on the client device **102** can be launched independently of and separately from the messaging client **104**, such as by selecting an icon, corresponding to the application **106**, on a home screen of the client device **102**. Small-scale versions of such applications can be launched or accessed via the messaging client **104** and, in some examples, no or limited portions of the small-scale application can be accessed outside of the messaging client **104**. The small-scale application can be launched by the messaging client **104** receiving, from a third-party server **110** for example, a markup-language document associated with the small-scale application and processing such a document.

[0036] In response to determining that the external resource is a locally-installed application **106**, the messaging client **104** instructs the client device **102** to launch the external resource by executing locally-stored code corresponding to the external resource. In response to determining that the external resource is a web-based resource, the messaging client **104** communicates with the third-party servers **110** (for example) to obtain a markup-language document corresponding to the selected external resource. The messaging client **104** then processes the obtained markup-language document to present the web-based external resource within a user interface of the messaging client **104**.

[0037] The messaging client **104** can notify a user of the client device **102**, or other users related to such a user (e.g., “friends”), of activity taking place in one or more external resources. For example, the messaging client **104** can provide participants in a conversation (e.g., a chat session) in the messaging client **104** with notifications relating to the current or recent use of an external resource by one or more members of a group of users. One or more users can be invited to join in an active external resource or to launch a recently-used but currently inactive (in the group of friends) external resource. The external resource can provide par-

ticipants in a conversation, each using respective messaging clients **104**, with the ability to share an item, status, state, or location in an external resource with one or more members of a group of users into a chat session. The shared item may be an interactive chat card with which members of the chat can interact, for example, to launch the corresponding external resource, view specific information within the external resource, or take the member of the chat to a specific location or state within the external resource. Within a given external resource, response messages can be sent to users on the messaging client **104**. The external resource can selectively include different media items in the responses, based on a current context of the external resource.

[0038] The messaging client **104** can present a list of the available external resources (e.g., applications **106** or applets) to a user to launch or access a given external resource. This list can be presented in a context-sensitive menu. For example, the icons representing different ones of the application **106** (or applets) can vary based on how the menu is launched by the user (e.g., from a conversation interface or from a non-conversation interface).

[0039] FIG. 2 is a block diagram illustrating further details regarding the messaging system **100**, according to some examples. Specifically, the messaging system **100** is shown to comprise the messaging client **104** and the application servers **114**. The messaging system **100** embodies a number of subsystems, which are supported on the client-side by the messaging client **104** and on the server-side by the application servers **114**. These subsystems include, for example, an ephemeral timer system **202**, a collection management system **204**, an augmentation system **208**, a map system **210**, an external resource system **212**, a profile system **214**, and a group messaging collection indicator system **216**.

[0040] The ephemeral timer system **202** is responsible for enforcing the temporary or time-limited access to content by the messaging client **104** and the messaging server **118**. The ephemeral timer system **202** incorporates a number of timers that, based on duration and display parameters associated with a message, or collection of messages (e.g., a story), selectively enable access (e.g., for presentation and display) to messages and associated content via the messaging client **104**. Further details regarding the operation of the ephemeral timer system **202** are provided below.

[0041] The collection management system **204** is responsible for managing sets or collections of media (e.g., collections of text, image video, and audio data). A collection of content (e.g., messages, including images, video, text, and audio) may be organized into an “event gallery” or an “event story.” Such a collection may be made available for a specified time period, such as the duration of an event to which the content relates. For example, content relating to a music concert may be made available as a “story” for the duration of that music concert. The collection management system **204** may also be responsible for publishing an icon that provides notification of the existence of a particular collection to the user interface of the messaging client **104**.

[0042] The collection management system **204** furthermore includes a curation interface **206** that allows a collection manager to manage and curate a particular collection of content. For example, the curation interface **206** enables an event organizer to curate a collection of content relating to a specific event (e.g., delete inappropriate content or redundant messages). Additionally, the collection management system **204** employs machine vision (or image recognition

technology) and content rules to automatically curate a content collection. In certain examples, compensation may be paid to a user for the inclusion of user-generated content into a collection. In such cases, the collection management system **204** operates to automatically make payments to such users for the use of their content.

[0043] The augmentation system **208** provides various functions that enable a user to augment (e.g., annotate or otherwise modify or edit) media content associated with a message. For example, the augmentation system **208** provides functions related to the generation and publishing of media overlays for messages processed by the messaging system **100**. The augmentation system **208** operatively supplies a media overlay or augmentation (e.g., an image filter) to the messaging client **104** based on a geolocation of the client device **102**. In another example, the augmentation system **208** operatively supplies a media overlay to the messaging client **104** based on other information, such as social network information of the user of the client device **102**. A media overlay may include audio and visual content and visual effects. Examples of audio and visual content include pictures, texts, logos, animations, and sound effects. An example of a visual effect includes color overlaying. The audio and visual content or the visual effects can be applied to a media content item (e.g., a photo) at the client device **102**. For example, the media overlay may include text or image that can be overlaid on top of a photograph taken by the client device **102**. In another example, the media overlay includes an identification of a location overlay (e.g., Venice beach), a name of a live event, or a name of a merchant overlay (e.g., Beach Coffee House). In another example, the augmentation system **208** uses the geolocation of the client device **102** to identify a media overlay that includes the name of a merchant at the geolocation of the client device **102**. The media overlay may include other indicia associated with the merchant. The media overlays may be stored in the database **126** and accessed through the database server **120**.

[0044] In some examples, the augmentation system **208** provides a user-based publication platform that enables users to select a geolocation on a map and upload content associated with the selected geolocation. The user may also specify circumstances under which a particular media overlay should be offered to other users. The augmentation system **208** generates a media overlay that includes the uploaded content and associates the uploaded content with the selected geolocation.

[0045] In other examples, the augmentation system **208** provides a merchant-based publication platform that enables merchants to select a particular media overlay associated with a geolocation via a bidding process. For example, the augmentation system **208** associates the media overlay of the highest bidding merchant with a corresponding geolocation for a predefined amount of time.

[0046] In other examples, as discussed below with respect to FIG. 5, the augmentation system **208** provides for presenting augmented reality content in association with an image or a video captured by a camera of the client device **102**. The augmentation system **208** may implement or otherwise access augmented reality content items (e.g., corresponding to applying Lenses or augmented reality experiences) for providing real-time special effect(s) and/or sound(s) that may be added to the image or video.

[0047] The map system **210** provides various geographic location functions, and supports the presentation of map-

based media content and messages by the messaging client **104**. For example, the map system **210** enables the display of user icons or avatars (e.g., stored in profile data **502**) on a map to indicate a current or past location of “friends” of a user, as well as media content (e.g., collections of messages including photographs and videos) generated by such friends, within the context of a map. For example, a message posted by a user to the messaging system **100** from a specific geographic location may be displayed within the context of a map at that particular location to “friends” of a specific user on a map interface of the messaging client **104**. A user can furthermore share his or her location and status information (e.g., using an appropriate status avatar) with other users of the messaging system **100** via the messaging client **104**, with this location and status information being similarly displayed within the context of a map interface of the messaging client **104** to selected users.

[0048] The external resource system **212** provides an interface for the messaging client **104** to communicate with remote servers (e.g. third-party servers **110**) to launch or access external resources, i.e. applications or applets. Each third-party server **110** hosts, for example, a markup language (e.g., HTML5) based application or small-scale version of an application (e.g., game, utility, payment, or ride-sharing application). The messaging client **104** may launch a web-based resource (e.g., application) by accessing the HTML5 file from the third-party servers **110** associated with the web-based resource. In certain examples, applications hosted by third-party servers **110** are programmed in JavaScript leveraging a Software Development Kit (SDK) provided by the messaging server **118**. The SDK includes Application Programming Interfaces (APIs) with functions that can be called or invoked by the web-based application. In certain examples, the messaging server **118** includes a JavaScript library that provides a given external resource access to certain user data of the messaging client **104**. HTML5 is used as an example technology for programming games, but applications and resources programmed based on other technologies can be used.

[0049] In order to integrate the functions of the SDK into the web-based resource, the SDK is downloaded by a third-party server **110** from the messaging server **118** or is otherwise received by the third-party server **110**. Once downloaded or received, the SDK is included as part of the application code of a web-based external resource. The code of the web-based resource can then call or invoke certain functions of the SDK to integrate features of the messaging client **104** into the web-based resource.

[0050] The SDK stored on the messaging server **118** effectively provides the bridge between an external resource (e.g., applications **106** or applets and the messaging client **104**). This provides the user with a seamless experience of communicating with other users on the messaging client **104**, while also preserving the look and feel of the messaging client **104**. To bridge communications between an external resource and a messaging client **104**, in certain examples, the SDK facilitates communication between third-party servers **110** and the messaging client **104**. In certain examples, a Web ViewJavaScriptBridge running on a client device **102** establishes two one-way communication channels between an external resource and the messaging client **104**. Messages are sent between the external resource and the messaging client **104** via these communication channels asynchronously. Each SDK function invocation is

sent as a message and callback. Each SDK function is implemented by constructing a unique callback identifier and sending a message with that callback identifier.

**[0051]** By using the SDK, not all information from the messaging client **104** is shared with third-party servers **110**. The SDK limits which information is shared based on the needs of the external resource. In certain examples, each third-party server **110** provides an HTML5 file corresponding to the web-based external resource to the messaging server **118**. The messaging server **118** can add a visual representation (such as a box art or other graphic) of the web-based external resource in the messaging client **104**. Once the user selects the visual representation or instructs the messaging client **104** through a GUI of the messaging client **104** to access features of the web-based external resource, the messaging client **104** obtains the HTML5 file and instantiates the resources necessary to access the features of the web-based external resource.

**[0052]** The messaging client **104** presents a graphical user interface (e.g., a landing page or title screen) for an external resource. During, before, or after presenting the landing page or title screen, the messaging client **104** determines whether the launched external resource has been previously authorized to access user data of the messaging client **104**. In response to determining that the launched external resource has been previously authorized to access user data of the messaging client **104**, the messaging client **104** presents another graphical user interface of the external resource that includes functions and features of the external resource. In response to determining that the launched external resource has not been previously authorized to access user data of the messaging client **104**, after a threshold period of time (e.g., 3 seconds) of displaying the landing page or title screen of the external resource, the messaging client **104** slides up (e.g., animates a menu as surfacing from a bottom of the screen to a middle of or other portion of the screen) a menu for authorizing the external resource to access the user data. The menu identifies the type of user data that the external resource will be authorized to use. In response to receiving a user selection of an accept option, the messaging client **104** adds the external resource to a list of authorized external resources and allows the external resource to access user data from the messaging client **104**. In some examples, the external resource is authorized by the messaging client **104** to access the user data in accordance with an OAuth 2 framework.

**[0053]** The messaging client **104** controls the type of user data that is shared with external resources based on the type of external resource being authorized. For example, external resources that include full-scale applications (e.g., an application **106**) are provided with access to a first type of user data (e.g., only two-dimensional avatars of users with or without different avatar characteristics). As another example, external resources that include small-scale versions of applications (e.g., web-based versions of applications) are provided with access to a second type of user data (e.g., payment information, two-dimensional avatars of users, three-dimensional avatars of users, and avatars with various avatar characteristics). Avatar characteristics include different ways to customize a look and feel of an avatar, such as different poses, facial features, clothing, and so forth.

**[0054]** The profile system **214** implements various functions for maintaining profiles with respect to the messaging system **100**. The profile data maintained by the profile

system **214** may be selectively used and presented to other users of the messaging system **100**, based on privacy settings specified by a particular entity.

**[0055]** From the perspective of an individual user, the profile system **214** provides for maintaining and presenting one or more of a self profile (e.g., “my profile”), friendship profiles, group profiles and public profiles. In one or more embodiments, a self profile corresponds to the individual user’s own information in the messaging system such as a user name, telephone number, address, settings (e.g., notification and privacy settings), and/or a user-selected avatar representation (or collection of such avatar representations).

**[0056]** In one or more embodiments, a friendship profile includes information that is common to two users. Such information may include message content, such as but not limited to, images, videos, audio files, attachments, and messages (e.g., text-based messages), with any corresponding annotation data, exchanged within one or more message thread(s) with respect to the two users (e.g., friends). A group profile includes information similar to that of a friend profile, and applies to a group of users (e.g., 2 or more users).

**[0057]** In one or more embodiments, a public profile provides for maintaining and presenting information associated with an entity. For example, an entity associated with a public profile may be a publisher such as a merchant, business, social media influencer and/or advertiser. The entity may create a public profile to showcase their content to other users (e.g., all users) of the messaging system **100**, instead of being limited to friends (e.g., in association with friend profiles). Moreover, the public profile provides for other users to select to subscribe to content provided by the entity (e.g., via a subscription button). For example, such content may be presented, along with other content from others, within a content feed provided by the messaging system **100**.

**[0058]** The group messaging collection indicator system **216** allows users to create and participate in group conversations with other users. To start a group chat, a user can select multiple friends from their contact list or add users who are already participating in a group chat. Once a group is created, users can send text, image, and video messages to the entire group or to specific members of the group. Group messages are displayed in a chat thread format, with each message labeled with the sender’s name and their profile picture. The group messaging collection indicator system **216** generates a notification or visual indicator that indicates that a member of a group has shared content collection (e.g., posted an active Story). In one example, the visual indicator identifies the group where the member has shared their content collection.

**[0059]** In other examples, the group messaging collection indicator system **216** includes several additional functionalities. Users can see who has read a message or is currently typing a response, and they can also react to messages with a variety of emojis. Additionally, users can mute notifications for individual group chats or leave a group chat altogether. The group messaging collection indicator system **216** also includes various safety and privacy measures. Users can report inappropriate content or behavior, block users from sending messages, and opt-out of receiving group chat invitations.

**[0060]** FIG. 3 illustrates the collection management system **204** in accordance with one example embodiment. The

collection management system **204** the curation interface **206**, a shortcut carousel user interface **302**, a shortcut management module **304**, and an active shortcut module **306**.

[0061] The shortcut carousel user interface **302** generates a carousel of icons (e.g., emoji) in a top portion of the curation interface **206**. The icons in the carousel are shortcuts to enable the user of the client device **102** to select a particular group of users to post or send curated content (e.g., private stories) to. In other words, the user does not have to re-select each users or members of a group corresponding to the shortcut icon. In one example, the shortcut carousel user interface **302** includes emoji icons adjacent to a corresponding name of the shortcut.

[0062] The shortcut management module **304** enables the user to select and identify users as members mapped to the shortcut. For example, the user can add or remove individual members mapped to the shortcut. In another example, the user can name or add a description to the shortcut. In another example, the user can add or delete the shortcut from the carousel of icons.

[0063] In one example, the user can send curated content to the users mapped to a selected icon from the shortcut carousel. The users mapped to the selected icon will receive a notification of a message indicating the curated content or the availability of the curated content. In another example, the user can post the curated content to the social network server **124** so that only users mapped to the selected icon can view the curated content.

[0064] The active shortcut module **306** presents a list of active shortcuts and active shared curated content. For example, the list of active shortcuts indicates curated content associated with a shortcut and actively viewable by selected users (mapped to the shortcut). The shortcut may be associated with Private Stories that only users mapped to the shortcut can view. In one example, the curated content associated with the private viewing is viewable within a limited time frame (e.g., 24 hours from posting (to the shortcut) on the social network server **124**). Therefore, the curated content is no longer viewable or accessible to the users (mapped to the shortcut) of the messaging system **100** after the limited time frame has elapsed.

[0065] The active shared curated content includes curated content that is actively viewable by all users (e.g., referred to as public viewing or public) or contacts of the user (e.g., referred to as My Stories) of the messaging system **100**. In one example, the curated content associated with the public viewing is viewable within a limited time frame (e.g., 24 hours from posting to a public profile of the user on the social network server **124**). In another example, the curated content associated with connected users is viewable within a limited time frame (e.g., 24 hours from posting to My Stories on the social network server **124**). It is noted that the user memberships of My Stories is different from the user membership of each shortcut. For example, users mapped to a shortcut may be a subset of users mapped to My Stories. In another example, users mapped to a shortcut may not include users mapped to My Stories.

[0066] FIG. 4 illustrates the group messaging collection indicator system **216** in accordance with one example embodiment. The group messaging collection indicator system **216** includes a messaging feed user interface module **402**, a group profile user interface module **404**, a group

conversation user interface module **406**, a group member collection system **412** that communicates with the collection management system **204**.

[0067] The group member collection system **412** identifies members of a group and detects whether one or more members of the group has shared new content collection (e.g., posted an active Story). The content collection may be referred to as “new” because the user of the client device **102** has not yet viewed the new content collection. In one example, The group member collection system **412** includes a group member identifier **410** and an active story detector **408**.

[0068] The group member identifier **410** identifies members of a group. In one example, the group member identifier **410** communicates with the profile system **214** to retrieve profiles of the members of the group. The members of the group are users of a messaging application hosted on the messaging server **118**. In one example, the members of the group are users of the group messaging collection indicator system **216**.

[0069] The active story detector **408** detects whether one or more members of the group (where group member identifier **410** identified the members) has posted or shared new content collection. In one example, the active story detector **408** detects a request from a member of the group to post/share content collection via the messaging application/the group messaging collection indicator system **216**. In another example, the active story detector **408** detects newly shared content collection from the collection management system **204**. In response to detecting the request or the newly shared content collection from the member, the active story detector **408** communicates with the messaging feed user interface module **402**, the group profile user interface module **404**, and/or the group conversation user interface module **406** to generate a visual indicator of the new content collection for the group in the messaging application.

[0070] The messaging feed user interface module **402** generates a messaging feed user interface that lists contacts/friends of the user of the client device **102**. The messaging feed user interface can also be referred to as “Friends Feed.” In one example, if at least one member of a group has an active Story (that the user of the client device **102** can view), the messaging feed user interface module **402** generates and displays a visual indicator for the group avatar. For example, the visual indicator includes a ring around the group avatar/icon in the messaging feed user interface as illustrated in FIG. 12.

[0071] In other example embodiments, the messaging feed user interface module **402** does not display the visual indicator for “Private Stories” that the user of the client device **102** cannot view. In other words, the newly posted content collection is not viewable by the user of the client device **102**.

[0072] The messaging feed user interface module **402** detects whether the user of the client device **102** has viewed all content collection posted from group members. Once the user of the client device **102** has viewed all content collection posted from group members, the messaging feed user interface module **402** disables/hides the visual indicator in the messaging feed user interface.

[0073] The messaging feed user interface module **402** also detects whether the user of the client device **102** has tapped/selected the visual indicator (e.g., the ring). Tapping the visual indicator (1) opens the group profile or (2) opens the



active Stories of the group in a full screen player. Existing Stories are replayed in the same order as in the group profile or in recency.

**[0074]** The group profile user interface module **404** generates a group profile user interface that lists members of the group. In one example, the group profile user interface (e.g., group members section) displays members who have an active Story at the top of the list. In one example, a visual indicator such as a ring is displayed around the avatar of the member with active Story as illustrated in FIG. **13**. In another example, instead of the avatar, the Story thumbnail is shown for each member with an active story.

**[0075]** The group conversation user interface module **406** generates a group conversation user interface that enables the user of the client device **102** to write a message/send a chat with a group. If any group member has an active Story, the group conversation user interface module **406** generates and displays a blue story ring around the group avatar in the header as illustrated in FIG. **14**. In one example, the group conversation user interface module **406** displays a presence pill carousel and displays a ring or a thumbnail of a member's active story in the presence pill as illustrated in FIG. **14**.

**[0076]** FIG. **5** is a schematic diagram illustrating data structures **500**, which may be stored in the database **126** of the messaging server system **108**, according to certain examples. While the content of the database **126** is shown to comprise a number of tables, it will be appreciated that the data could be stored in other types of data structures (e.g., as an object-oriented database).

**[0077]** The database **126** includes message data stored within a message table **506**. This message data includes, for any particular one message, at least message sender data, message recipient (or receiver) data, and a payload. Further details regarding information that may be included in a message, and included within the message data stored in the message table **506** is described below with reference to FIG. **6**.

**[0078]** An entity table **508** stores entity data, and is linked (e.g., referentially) to an entity graph **504** and profile data **502**. Entities for which records are maintained within the entity table **508** may include individuals, corporate entities, organizations, objects, places, events, and so forth. Regardless of entity type, any entity regarding which the messaging server system **108** stores data may be a recognized entity. Each entity is provided with a unique identifier, as well as an entity type identifier (not shown).

**[0079]** The entity graph **504** stores information regarding relationships and associations between entities. Such relationships may be social, professional (e.g., work at a common corporation or organization) interested-based or activity-based, merely for example.

**[0080]** The profile data **502** (e.g., in conjunction with the profile system **214**) stores multiple types of profile data about a particular entity. The profile data **502** may be selectively used and presented to other users of the messaging system **100**, based on privacy settings specified by a particular entity. Where the entity is an individual, the profile data **502** includes, for example, a user name, telephone number, address, settings (e.g., notification and privacy settings), as well as a user-selected avatar representation (or collection of such avatar representations). A particular user may then selectively include one or more of these avatar representations within the content of messages communi-

cated via the messaging system **100**, and on map interfaces displayed by messaging clients **104** to other users. The collection of avatar representations may include "status avatars," which present a graphical representation of a status or activity that the user may select to communicate at a particular time.

**[0081]** Where the entity is a group, the profile data **502** for the group may similarly include one or more avatar representations associated with the group, in addition to the group name, members, and various settings (e.g., notifications) for the relevant group.

**[0082]** The database **126** also stores augmentation data, such as overlays or filters, in an augmentation table **510**. The augmentation data is associated with and applied to videos (for which data is stored in a video table **514**) and images (for which data is stored in an image table **516**).

**[0083]** Filters, in one example, are overlays that are displayed as overlaid on an image or video during presentation to a recipient user. Filters may be of various types, including user-selected filters from a set of filters presented to a sending user by the messaging client **104** when the sending user is composing a message. Other types of filters include geolocation filters (also known as geo-filters), which may be presented to a sending user based on geographic location. For example, geolocation filters specific to a neighborhood or special location may be presented within a user interface by the messaging client **104**, based on geolocation information determined by a Global Positioning System (GPS) unit of the client device **102**.

**[0084]** Another type of filter is a data filter, which may be selectively presented to a sending user by the messaging client **104**, based on other inputs or information gathered by the client device **102** during the message creation process. Examples of data filters include current temperature at a specific location, a current speed at which a sending user is traveling, battery life for a client device **102**, or the current time.

**[0085]** Other augmentation data that may be stored within the image table **516** includes augmented reality content items (e.g., corresponding to applying Lenses or augmented reality experiences). An augmented reality content item may provide a real-time special effect and/or sound that may be added to an image or a video.

**[0086]** As described above, augmentation data includes augmented reality content items, overlays, image transformations, AR images, and similar terms refer to modifications that may be applied to image data (e.g., videos or images). This includes real-time modifications, which modify an image as it is captured using device sensors (e.g., one or multiple cameras) of a client device **102** and then displayed on a screen of the client device **102** with the modifications. This also includes modifications to stored content, such as video clips in a gallery that may be modified. For example, in a client device **102** with access to multiple augmented reality content items, a user can use a single video clip with multiple augmented reality content items to see how the different augmented reality content items will modify the stored clip. For example, multiple augmented reality content items that apply different pseudorandom movement models can be applied to the same content by selecting different augmented reality content items for the content. Similarly, real-time video capture may be used with an illustrated modification to show how video images currently being captured by sensors of a client device **102** would modify the

captured data. Such data may simply be displayed on the screen and not stored in memory, or the content captured by the device sensors may be recorded and stored in memory with or without the modifications (or both). In some systems, a preview feature can show how different augmented reality content items will look within different windows in a display at the same time. This can, for example, enable multiple windows with different pseudorandom animations to be viewed on a display at the same time.

**[0087]** Data and various systems using augmented reality content items or other such transform systems to modify content using this data can thus involve detection of objects (e.g., faces, hands, bodies, cats, dogs, surfaces, objects, etc.), tracking of such objects as they leave, enter, and move around the field of view in video frames, and the modification or transformation of such objects as they are tracked. In various examples, different methods for achieving such transformations may be used. Some examples may involve generating a three-dimensional mesh model of the object or objects, and using transformations and animated textures of the model within the video to achieve the transformation. In other examples, tracking of points on an object may be used to place an image or texture (which may be two dimensional or three dimensional) at the tracked position. In still further examples, neural network analysis of video frames may be used to place images, models, or textures in content (e.g., images or frames of video). Augmented reality content items thus refer both to the images, models, and textures used to create transformations in content, as well as to additional modeling and analysis information needed to achieve such transformations with object detection, tracking, and placement.

**[0088]** Real-time video processing can be performed with any kind of video data (e.g., video streams, video files, etc.) saved in a memory of a computerized system of any kind. For example, a user can load video files and save them in a memory of a device, or can generate a video stream using sensors of the device. Additionally, any objects can be processed using a computer animation model, such as a human's face and parts of a human body, animals, or non-living things such as chairs, cars, or other objects.

**[0089]** In some examples, when a particular modification is selected along with content to be transformed, elements to be transformed are identified by the computing device, and then detected and tracked if they are present in the frames of the video. The elements of the object are modified according to the request for modification, thus transforming the frames of the video stream. Transformation of frames of a video stream can be performed by different methods for different kinds of transformation. For example, for transformations of frames mostly referring to changing forms of object's elements characteristic points for each element of an object are calculated (e.g., using an Active Shape Model (ASM) or other known methods). Then, a mesh based on the characteristic points is generated for each of the at least one element of the object. This mesh used in the following stage of tracking the elements of the object in the video stream. In the process of tracking, the mentioned mesh for each element is aligned with a position of each element. Then, additional points are generated on the mesh. A first set of first points is generated for each element based on a request for modification, and a set of second points is generated for each element based on the set of first points and the request for modification. Then, the frames of the video stream can be

transformed by modifying the elements of the object on the basis of the sets of first and second points and the mesh. In such method, a background of the modified object can be changed or distorted as well by tracking and modifying the background.

**[0090]** In some examples, transformations changing some areas of an object using its elements can be performed by calculating characteristic points for each element of an object and generating a mesh based on the calculated characteristic points. Points are generated on the mesh, and then various areas based on the points are generated. The elements of the object are then tracked by aligning the area for each element with a position for each of the at least one element, and properties of the areas can be modified based on the request for modification, thus transforming the frames of the video stream. Depending on the specific request for modification properties of the mentioned areas can be transformed in different ways. Such modifications may involve changing color of areas; removing at least some part of areas from the frames of the video stream; including one or more new objects into areas which are based on a request for modification; and modifying or distorting the elements of an area or object. In various examples, any combination of such modifications or other similar modifications may be used. For certain models to be animated, some characteristic points can be selected as control points to be used in determining the entire state-space of options for the model animation.

**[0091]** In some examples of a computer animation model to transform image data using face detection, the face is detected on an image with use of a specific face detection algorithm (e.g., Viola-Jones). Then, an Active Shape Model (ASM) algorithm is applied to the face region of an image to detect facial feature reference points.

**[0092]** Other methods and algorithms suitable for face detection can be used. For example, in some examples, features are located using a landmark, which represents a distinguishable point present in most of the images under consideration. For facial landmarks, for example, the location of the left eye pupil may be used. If an initial landmark is not identifiable (e.g., if a person has an eyepatch), secondary landmarks may be used. Such landmark identification procedures may be used for any such objects. In some examples, a set of landmarks forms a shape. Shapes can be represented as vectors using the coordinates of the points in the shape. One shape is aligned to another with a similarity transform (allowing translation, scaling, and rotation) that minimizes the average Euclidean distance between shape points. The mean shape is the mean of the aligned training shapes.

**[0093]** In some examples, a search for landmarks from the mean shape aligned to the position and size of the face determined by a global face detector is started. Such a search then repeats the steps of suggesting a tentative shape by adjusting the locations of shape points by template matching of the image texture around each point and then conforming the tentative shape to a global shape model until convergence occurs. In some systems, individual template matches are unreliable, and the shape model pools the results of the weak template matches to form a stronger overall classifier. The entire search is repeated at each level in an image pyramid, from coarse to fine resolution.

**[0094]** A transformation system can capture an image or video stream on a client device (e.g., the client device **102**)

and perform complex image manipulations locally on the client device **102** while maintaining a suitable user experience, computation time, and power consumption. The complex image manipulations may include size and shape changes, emotion transfers (e.g., changing a face from a frown to a smile), state transfers (e.g., aging a subject, reducing apparent age, changing gender), style transfers, graphical element application, and any other suitable image or video manipulation implemented by a convolutional neural network that has been configured to execute efficiently on the client device **102**.

**[0095]** In some examples, a computer animation model to transform image data can be used by a system where a user may capture an image or video stream of the user (e.g., a selfie) using a client device **102** having a neural network operating as part of a messaging client **104** operating on the client device **102**. The transformation system operating within the messaging client **104** determines the presence of a face within the image or video stream and provides modification icons associated with a computer animation model to transform image data, or the computer animation model can be present as associated with an interface described herein. The modification icons include changes that may be the basis for modifying the user's face within the image or video stream as part of the modification operation. Once a modification icon is selected, the transform system initiates a process to convert the image of the user to reflect the selected modification icon (e.g., generate a smiling face on the user). A modified image or video stream may be presented in a graphical user interface displayed on the client device **102** as soon as the image or video stream is captured, and a specified modification is selected. The transformation system may implement a complex convolutional neural network on a portion of the image or video stream to generate and apply the selected modification. That is, the user may capture the image or video stream and be presented with a modified result in real-time or near real-time once a modification icon has been selected. Further, the modification may be persistent while the video stream is being captured, and the selected modification icon remains toggled. Machine taught neural networks may be used to enable such modifications.

**[0096]** The graphical user interface, presenting the modification performed by the transform system, may supply the user with additional interaction options. Such options may be based on the interface used to initiate the content capture and selection of a particular computer animation model (e.g., initiation from a content creator user interface). In various examples, a modification may be persistent after an initial selection of a modification icon. The user may toggle the modification on or off by tapping or otherwise selecting the face being modified by the transformation system and store it for later viewing or browse to other areas of the imaging application. Where multiple faces are modified by the transformation system, the user may toggle the modification on or off globally by tapping or selecting a single face modified and displayed within a graphical user interface. In some examples, individual faces, among a group of multiple faces, may be individually modified, or such modifications may be individually toggled by tapping or selecting the individual face or a series of individual faces displayed within the graphical user interface.

**[0097]** A story table **512** stores data regarding collections of messages and associated image, video, or audio data,

which are compiled into a collection (e.g., a story or a gallery). The creation of a particular collection may be initiated by a particular user (e.g., each user for which a record is maintained in the entity table **508**). A user may create a "personal story" in the form of a collection of content that has been created and sent/broadcast by that user. To this end, the user interface of the messaging client **104** may include an icon that is user-selectable to enable a sending user to add specific content to his or her personal story.

**[0098]** A collection may also constitute a "live story," which is a collection of content from multiple users that is created manually, automatically, or using a combination of manual and automatic techniques. For example, a "live story" may constitute a curated stream of user-submitted content from various locations and events. Users whose client devices have location services enabled and are at a common location event at a particular time may, for example, be presented with an option, via a user interface of the messaging client **104**, to contribute content to a particular live story. The live story may be identified to the user by the messaging client **104**, based on his or her location. The end result is a "live story" told from a community perspective.

**[0099]** A further type of content collection is known as a "location story," which enables a user whose client device **102** is located within a specific geographic location (e.g., on a college or university campus) to contribute to a particular collection. In some examples, a contribution to a location story may require a second degree of authentication to verify that the end user belongs to a specific organization or other entity (e.g., is a student on the university campus).

**[0100]** As mentioned above, the video table **514** stores video data that, in one example, is associated with messages for which records are maintained within the message table **506**. Similarly, the image table **516** stores image data associated with messages for which message data is stored in the entity table **508**. The entity table **508** may associate various augmentations from the augmentation table **510** with various images and videos stored in the image table **516** and the video table **514**.

**[0101]** FIG. 6 is a schematic diagram illustrating a structure of a message **600**, according to some examples, generated by a messaging client **104** for communication to a further messaging client **104** or the messaging server **118**. The content of a particular message **600** is used to populate the message table **506** stored within the database **126**, accessible by the messaging server **118**. Similarly, the content of a message **600** is stored in memory as "in-transit" or "in-flight" data of the client device **102** or the application servers **114**. A message **600** is shown to include the following example components:

**[0102]** message identifier **602**: a unique identifier that identifies the message **600**.

**[0103]** message text payload **604**: text, to be generated by a user via a user interface of the client device **102**, and that is included in the message **600**.

**[0104]** message image payload **606**: image data, captured by a camera component of a client device **102** or retrieved from a memory component of a client device **102**, and that is included in the message **600**. Image data for a sent or received message **600** may be stored in the image table **516**.

**[0105]** message video payload **608**: video data, captured by a camera component or retrieved from a memory

- component of the client device **102**, and that is included in the message **600**. Video data for a sent or received message **600** may be stored in the video table **514**.
- [0106] message audio payload **610**: audio data, captured by a microphone or retrieved from a memory component of the client device **102**, and that is included in the message **600**.
- [0107] message augmentation data **612**: augmentation data (e.g., filters, stickers, or other annotations or enhancements) that represents augmentations to be applied to message image payload **606**, message video payload **608**, or message audio payload **610** of the message **600**. Augmentation data for a sent or received message **600** may be stored in the augmentation table **510**.
- [0108] message duration parameter **614**: parameter value indicating, in seconds, the amount of time for which content of the message (e.g., the message image payload **606**, message video payload **608**, message audio payload **610**) is to be presented or made accessible to a user via the messaging client **104**.
- [0109] message geolocation parameter **616**: geolocation data (e.g., latitudinal and longitudinal coordinates) associated with the content payload of the message. Multiple message geolocation parameter **616** values may be included in the payload, each of these parameter values being associated with respect to content items included in the content (e.g., a specific image into within the message image payload **606**, or a specific video in the message video payload **608**).
- [0110] message story identifier **618**: identifier values identifying one or more content collections (e.g., “stories” identified in the story table **512**) with which a particular content item in the message image payload **606** of the message **600** is associated. For example, multiple images within the message image payload **606** may each be associated with multiple content collections using identifier values.
- [0111] message tag **620**: each message **600** may be tagged with multiple tags, each of which is indicative of the subject matter of content included in the message payload. For example, where a particular image included in the message image payload **606** depicts an animal (e.g., a lion), a tag value may be included within the message tag **620** that is indicative of the relevant animal. Tag values may be generated manually, based on user input, or may be automatically generated using, for example, image recognition.
- [0112] message sender identifier **622**: an identifier (e.g., a messaging system identifier, email address, or device identifier) indicative of a user of the Client device **102** on which the message **600** was generated and from which the message **600** was sent.
- [0113] message receiver identifier **624**: an identifier (e.g., a messaging system identifier, email address, or device identifier) indicative of a user of the client device **102** to which the message **600** is addressed.
- [0114] The contents (e.g., values) of the various components of message **600** may be pointers to locations in tables within which content data values are stored. For example, an image value in the message image payload **606** may be a pointer to (or address of) a location within an image table **516**. Similarly, values within the message video payload **608** may point to data stored within a video table **514**, values

stored within the message augmentations **612** may point to data stored in an augmentation table **510**, values stored within the message story identifier **618** may point to data stored in a story table **512**, and values stored within the message sender identifier **622** and the message receiver identifier **624** may point to user records stored within an entity table **508**.

[0115] FIG. 7 is a schematic diagram illustrating an access-limiting process **700**, in terms of which access to content (e.g., an ephemeral message **702**, and associated multimedia payload of data) or a content collection (e.g., an ephemeral message group **704**) may be time-limited (e.g., made ephemeral).

[0116] An ephemeral message **702** is shown to be associated with a message duration parameter **706**, the value of which determines an amount of time that the ephemeral message **702** will be displayed to a receiving user of the ephemeral message **702** by the messaging client **104**. In one example, an ephemeral message **702** is viewable by a receiving user for up to a maximum of 10 seconds, depending on the amount of time that the sending user specifies using the message duration parameter **706**.

[0117] The message duration parameter **706** and the message receiver identifier **624** are shown to be inputs to a message timer **710**, which is responsible for determining the amount of time that the ephemeral message **702** is shown to a particular receiving user identified by the message receiver identifier **624**. In particular, the ephemeral message **702** will only be shown to the relevant receiving user for a time period determined by the value of the message duration parameter **706**. The message timer **710** is shown to provide output to a more generalized ephemeral timer system **202**, which is responsible for the overall timing of display of content (e.g., an ephemeral message **702**) to a receiving user.

[0118] The ephemeral message **702** is shown in FIG. 7 to be included within an ephemeral message group **704** (e.g., a collection of messages in a personal story, or an event story). The ephemeral message group **704** has an associated group duration parameter **708**, a value of which determines a time duration for which the ephemeral message group **704** is presented and accessible to users of the messaging system **100**. The group duration parameter **708**, for example, may be the duration of a music concert, where the ephemeral message group **704** is a collection of content pertaining to that concert. Alternatively, a user (either the owning user or a curator user) may specify the value for the group duration parameter **708** when performing the setup and creation of the ephemeral message group **704**.

[0119] Additionally, each ephemeral message **702** within the ephemeral message group **704** has an associated group participation parameter **712**, a value of which determines the duration of time for which the ephemeral message **702** will be accessible within the context of the ephemeral message group **704**. Accordingly, a particular ephemeral message group **704** may “expire” and become inaccessible within the context of the ephemeral message group **704**, prior to the ephemeral message group **704** itself expiring in terms of the group duration parameter **708**. The group duration parameter **708**, group participation parameter **712**, and message receiver identifier **624** each provide input to a group timer **714**, which operationally determines, firstly, whether a particular ephemeral message **702** of the ephemeral message group **704** will be displayed to a particular receiving user and, if so, for how long. Note that the ephemeral message

group 704 is also aware of the identity of the particular receiving user as a result of the message receiver identifier 624.

[0120] Accordingly, the group timer 714 operationally controls the overall lifespan of an associated ephemeral message group 704, as well as an individual ephemeral message 702 included in the ephemeral message group 704. In one example, each and every ephemeral message 702 within the ephemeral message group 704 remains viewable and accessible for a time period specified by the group duration parameter 708. In a further example, a certain ephemeral message 702 may expire, within the context of ephemeral message group 704, based on a group participation parameter 712. Note that a message duration parameter 706 may still determine the duration of time for which a particular ephemeral message 702 is displayed to a receiving user, even within the context of the ephemeral message group 704. Accordingly, the message duration parameter 706 determines the duration of time that a particular ephemeral message 702 is displayed to a receiving user, regardless of whether the receiving user is viewing that ephemeral message 702 inside or outside the context of an ephemeral message group 704.

[0121] The ephemeral timer system 202 may furthermore operationally remove a particular ephemeral message 702 from the ephemeral message group 704 based on a determination that it has exceeded an associated group participation parameter 712. For example, when a sending user has established a group participation parameter 712 of 24 hours from posting, the ephemeral timer system 202 will remove the relevant ephemeral message 702 from the ephemeral message group 704 after the specified 24 hours. The ephemeral timer system 202 also operates to remove an ephemeral message group 704 when either the group participation parameter 712 for each and every ephemeral message 702 within the ephemeral message group 704 has expired, or when the ephemeral message group 704 itself has expired in terms of the group duration parameter 708.

[0122] In certain use cases, a creator of a particular ephemeral message group 704 may specify an indefinite group duration parameter 708. In this case, the expiration of the group participation parameter 712 for the last remaining ephemeral message 702 within the ephemeral message group 704 will determine when the ephemeral message group 704 itself expires. In this case, a new ephemeral message 702, added to the ephemeral message group 704, with a new group participation parameter 712, effectively extends the life of an ephemeral message group 704 to equal the value of the group participation parameter 712.

[0123] Responsive to the ephemeral timer system 202 determining that an ephemeral message group 704 has expired (e.g., is no longer accessible), the ephemeral timer system 202 communicates with the messaging system 100 (and, for example, specifically the messaging client 104) to cause an indicium (e.g., an icon) associated with the relevant ephemeral message group 704 to no longer be displayed within a user interface of the messaging client 104. Similarly, when the ephemeral timer system 202 determines that the message duration parameter 706 for a particular ephemeral message 702 has expired, the ephemeral timer system 202 causes the messaging client 104 to no longer display an indicium (e.g., an icon or textual identification) associated with the ephemeral message 702.

[0124] FIG. 8 is a flowchart illustrating a process for generating a visual indicator within a messaging system, in accordance with some examples. For explanatory purposes, the process 800 is primarily described herein with reference to the group messaging collection indicator system 216 of FIG. 2. However, one or more blocks (or operations) of the process 800 may be performed by one or more other components, and/or by other suitable devices. Further for explanatory purposes, the blocks (or operations) of the process 800 are described herein as occurring in serial, or linearly. However, multiple blocks (or operations) of the process 800 may occur in parallel or concurrently. In addition, the blocks (or operations) of the process 800 need not be performed in the order shown and/or one or more blocks (or operations) of the process 800 need not be performed and/or can be replaced by other operations. The process 800 may be terminated when its operations are completed. In addition, the process 800 may correspond to a method, a procedure, an algorithm, etc.

[0125] At block 802, the group member identifier 410 identifies members of a group in a group chat.

[0126] At block 804, the active story detector 408 detects an active Story of a member of a group in the group chat.

[0127] At block 806, the messaging feed user interface module 402/group profile user interface module 404/group conversation user interface module 406 generates a user interface indicative of the active Story in the user interface associated with the group chat.

[0128] FIG. 9 is a flowchart illustrating a process for generating an indicator corresponding to active shared content of a group member within a messaging system, in accordance with some examples. For explanatory purposes, the process 900 is primarily described herein with reference to the group messaging collection indicator system 216 of FIG. 2. However, one or more blocks (or operations) of the process 900 may be performed by one or more other components, and/or by other suitable devices. Further for explanatory purposes, the blocks (or operations) of the process 900 are described herein as occurring in serial, or linearly. However, multiple blocks (or operations) of the process 900 may occur in parallel or concurrently. In addition, the blocks (or operations) of the process 900 need not be performed in the order shown and/or one or more blocks (or operations) of the process 900 need not be performed and/or can be replaced by other operations. The process 900 may be terminated when its operations are completed. In addition, the process 900 may correspond to a method, a procedure, an algorithm, etc.

[0129] At block 902, the messaging feed user interface module 402 generates a user interface of a friends feed.

[0130] At block 904, the active story detector 408 detects an active story of a member of a group in the friends feed.

[0131] At block 906, the messaging feed user interface module 402 generates a visual indicator identifying the group with the active story of the member of the group.

[0132] FIG. 10 is a flowchart illustrating a process for generating an indicator corresponding to active shared content of a group member within a messaging system, in accordance with some examples. For explanatory purposes, the process 1000 is primarily described herein with reference to the group messaging collection indicator system 216 of FIG. 2. However, one or more blocks (or operations) of the process 1000 may be performed by one or more other components, and/or by other suitable devices. Further for

explanatory purposes, the blocks (or operations) of the process 1000 are described herein as occurring in serial, or linearly. However, multiple blocks (or operations) of the process 1000 may occur in parallel or concurrently. In addition, the blocks (or operations) of the process 1000 need not be performed in the order shown and/or one or more blocks (or operations) of the process 1000 need not be performed and/or can be replaced by other operations. The process 1000 may be terminated when its operations are completed. In addition, the process 1000 may correspond to a method, a procedure, an algorithm, etc.

[0133] At block 1002, the group profile user interface module 404 generates a user interface of a group chat.

[0134] At block 1004, the active story detector 408 detects an active story of a member of the group in the group chat.

[0135] At block 1006, the group profile user interface module 404 generates a visual indicator corresponding to the member in the group chat based on the active story of the member.

[0136] FIG. 11 is a flowchart illustrating a process for generating an indicator corresponding to active shared content of a group member within a messaging system, in accordance with some examples. For explanatory purposes, the process 1100 is primarily described herein with reference to the group messaging collection indicator system 216 of FIG. 2. However, one or more blocks (or operations) of the process 1100 may be performed by one or more other components, and/or by other suitable devices. Further for explanatory purposes, the blocks (or operations) of the process 1100 are described herein as occurring in serial, or linearly. However, multiple blocks (or operations) of the process 1100 may occur in parallel or concurrently. In addition, the blocks (or operations) of the process 1100 need not be performed in the order shown and/or one or more blocks (or operations) of the process 1100 need not be performed and/or can be replaced by other operations. The process 1100 may be terminated when its operations are completed. In addition, the process 1100 may correspond to a method, a procedure, an algorithm, etc.

[0137] At block 1102, the group conversation user interface module 406 generates a messaging user interface of a group chat.

[0138] At block 1104, the active story detector 408 detects an active story of a member of the group in the group chat.

[0139] At block 1106, the group conversation user interface module 406 generates a visual indicator of the member associated with the active story in the messaging user interface.

[0140] FIG. 12 is a diagram illustrating an example of a messaging feed user interface 1202 (e.g., chat user interface) in accordance with one example embodiment. The messaging feed user interface 1202 displays users and groups (e.g., design team 1206). In one example, the design team 1206 displays the avatar 1208 of the member with an active Story. The messaging feed user interface 1202 displays a ring 1210 around the avatar 1208 of the member with the active Story.

[0141] FIG. 13 is a diagram illustrating an example of a group profile user interface 1302 in accordance with one example embodiment. The group profile user interface 1302 identifies the member 1306 with an (unviewed) active Story. The group profile user interface 1302 replaces an avatar of the member 1306 with a thumbnail 1308 of the content

collection/active Story. The group profile user interface 1302 also generates and displays a ring 1310 around the thumbnail 1308.

[0142] FIG. 14 is a diagram illustrating an example of a group conversation user interface 1402 in accordance with one example embodiment. The group conversation user interface 1402 displays the group label 1408 in a header. The group label 1408 includes an avatar 1406 of the group member 1412 (with an active Story) with a ring 1404 around the avatar 1406. The group conversation user interface 1402 also displays a ring 1410 in the presence pill of the group member 1412.

[0143] FIG. 15 is a diagram illustrating a visual indicator of an active collection for a group 1502 in accordance with one example embodiment. The visual indicator includes a ring 1508 around an avatar 1506 of a member of the group 1502. A thumbnail 1510 of the active Story is added to a portion of the avatar 1506.

[0144] FIG. 16 is a diagrammatic representation of the machine 1600 within which instructions 1610 (e.g., software, a program, an application, an applet, an app, or other executable code) for causing the machine 1600 to perform any one or more of the methodologies discussed herein may be executed. For example, the instructions 1610 may cause the machine 1600 to execute any one or more of the methods described herein. The instructions 1610 transform the general, non-programmed machine 1600 into a particular machine 1600 programmed to carry out the described and illustrated functions in the manner described. The machine 1600 may operate as a standalone device or may be coupled (e.g., networked) to other machines. In a networked deployment, the machine 1600 may operate in the capacity of a server machine or a client machine in a server-client network environment, or as a peer machine in a peer-to-peer (or distributed) network environment. The machine 1600 may comprise, but not be limited to, a server computer, a client computer, a personal computer (PC), a tablet computer, a laptop computer, a netbook, a set-top box (STB), a personal digital assistant (PDA), an entertainment media system, a cellular telephone, a smartphone, a mobile device, a wearable device (e.g., a smartwatch), a smart home device (e.g., a smart appliance), other smart devices, a web appliance, a network router, a network switch, a network bridge, or any machine capable of executing the instructions 1610, sequentially or otherwise, that specify actions to be taken by the machine 1600. Further, while only a single machine 1600 is illustrated, the term “machine” shall also be taken to include a collection of machines that individually or jointly execute the instructions 1610 to perform any one or more of the methodologies discussed herein. The machine 1600, for example, may comprise the client device 102 or any one of a number of server devices forming part of the messaging server system 108. In some examples, the machine 1600 may also comprise both client and server systems, with certain operations of a particular method or algorithm being performed on the server-side and with certain operations of the particular method or algorithm being performed on the client-side.

[0145] The machine 1600 may include processors 1604, memory 1606, and input/output I/O components 1602, which may be configured to communicate with each other via a bus 1640. In an example, the processors 1604 (e.g., a Central Processing Unit (CPU), a Reduced Instruction Set Computing (RISC) Processor, a Complex Instruction Set

Computing (CISC) Processor, a Graphics Processing Unit (GPU), a Digital Signal Processor (DSP), an Application Specific Integrated Circuit (ASIC), a Radio-Frequency Integrated Circuit (RFIC), another processor, or any suitable combination thereof) may include, for example, a processor **1608** and a processor **1612** that execute the instructions **1610**. The term “processor” is intended to include multi-core processors that may comprise two or more independent processors (sometimes referred to as “cores”) that may execute instructions contemporaneously. Although FIG. **16** shows multiple processors **1604**, the machine **1600** may include a single processor with a single-core, a single processor with multiple cores (e.g., a multi-core processor), multiple processors with a single core, multiple processors with multiple cores, or any combination thereof.

[**0146**] The memory **1606** includes a main memory **1614**, a static memory **1616**, and a storage unit **1618**, both accessible to the processors **1604** via the bus **1640**. The main memory **1606**, the static memory **1616**, and storage unit **1618** store the instructions **1610** embodying any one or more of the methodologies or functions described herein. The instructions **1610** may also reside, completely or partially, within the main memory **1614**, within the static memory **1616**, within machine-readable medium **1620** within the storage unit **1618**, within at least one of the processors **1604** (e.g., within the Processor’s cache memory), or any suitable combination thereof, during execution thereof by the machine **1600**.

[**0147**] The I/O components **1602** may include a wide variety of components to receive input, provide output, produce output, transmit information, exchange information, capture measurements, and so on. The specific I/O components **1602** that are included in a particular machine will depend on the type of machine. For example, portable machines such as mobile phones may include a touch input device or other such input mechanisms, while a headless server machine will likely not include such a touch input device. It will be appreciated that the I/O components **1602** may include many other components that are not shown in FIG. **16**. In various examples, the I/O components **1602** may include user output components **1626** and user input components **1628**. The user output components **1626** may include visual components (e.g., a display such as a plasma display panel (PDP), a light-emitting diode (LED) display, a liquid crystal display (LCD), a projector, or a cathode ray tube (CRT)), acoustic components (e.g., speakers), haptic components (e.g., a vibratory motor, resistance mechanisms), other signal generators, and so forth. The user input components **1628** may include alphanumeric input components (e.g., a keyboard, a touch screen configured to receive alphanumeric input, a photo-optical keyboard, or other alphanumeric input components), point-based input components (e.g., a mouse, a touchpad, a trackball, a joystick, a motion sensor, or another pointing instrument), tactile input components (e.g., a physical button, a touch screen that provides location and force of touches or touch gestures, or other tactile input components), audio input components (e.g., a microphone), and the like.

[**0148**] In further examples, the I/O components **1602** may include biometric components **1630**, motion components **1632**, environmental components **1634**, or position components **1636**, among a wide array of other components. For example, the biometric components **1630** include components to detect expressions (e.g., hand expressions, facial

expressions, vocal expressions, body gestures, or eye-tracking), measure biosignals (e.g., blood pressure, heart rate, body temperature, perspiration, or brain waves), identify a person (e.g., voice identification, retinal identification, facial identification, fingerprint identification, or electroencephalogram-based identification), and the like. The motion components **1632** include acceleration sensor components (e.g., accelerometer), gravitation sensor components, rotation sensor components (e.g., gyroscope).

[**0149**] The environmental components **1634** include, for example, one or more cameras (with still image/photograph and video capabilities), illumination sensor components (e.g., photometer), temperature sensor components (e.g., one or more thermometers that detect ambient temperature), humidity sensor components, pressure sensor components (e.g., barometer), acoustic sensor components (e.g., one or more microphones that detect background noise), proximity sensor components (e.g., infrared sensors that detect nearby objects), gas sensors (e.g., gas detection sensors to detect concentrations of hazardous gases for safety or to measure pollutants in the atmosphere), or other components that may provide indications, measurements, or signals corresponding to a surrounding physical environment.

[**0150**] With respect to cameras, the client device **102** may have a camera system comprising, for example, front cameras on a front surface of the client device **102** and rear cameras on a rear surface of the client device **102**. The front cameras may, for example, be used to capture still images and video of a user of the client device **102** (e.g., “selfies”), which may then be augmented with augmentation data (e.g., filters) described above. The rear cameras may, for example, be used to capture still images and videos in a more traditional camera mode, with these images similarly being augmented with augmentation data. In addition to front and rear cameras, the client device **102** may also include a 360° camera for capturing 360° photographs and videos.

[**0151**] Further, the camera system of a client device **102** may include dual rear cameras (e.g., a primary camera as well as a depth-sensing camera), or even triple, quad or penta rear camera configurations on the front and rear sides of the client device **102**. These multiple cameras systems may include a wide camera, an ultra-wide camera, a telephoto camera, a macro camera and a depth sensor, for example.

[**0152**] The position components **1636** include location sensor components (e.g., a GPS receiver component), altitude sensor components (e.g., altimeters or barometers that detect air pressure from which altitude may be derived), orientation sensor components (e.g., magnetometers), and the like.

[**0153**] Communication may be implemented using a wide variety of technologies. The I/O components **1602** further include communication components **1638** operable to couple the machine **1600** to a network **1622** or devices **1624** via respective coupling or connections. For example, the communication components **1638** may include a network interface Component or another suitable device to interface with the network **1622**. In further examples, the communication components **1638** may include wired communication components, wireless communication components, cellular communication components, Near Field Communication (NFC) components, Bluetooth® components (e.g., Bluetooth® Low Energy), Wi-Fi® components, and other communication components to provide communication via other

modalities. The devices **1624** may be another machine or any of a wide variety of peripheral devices (e.g., a peripheral device coupled via a USB).

[0154] Moreover, the communication components **1638** may detect identifiers or include components operable to detect identifiers. For example, the communication components **1638** may include Radio Frequency Identification (RFID) tag reader components, NFC smart tag detection components, optical reader components (e.g., an optical sensor to detect one-dimensional bar codes such as Universal Product Code (UPC) bar code, multi-dimensional bar codes such as Quick Response (QR) code, Aztec code, Data Matrix, Dataglyph, MaxiCode, PDF417, Ultra Code, UCC RSS-2D bar code, and other optical codes), or acoustic detection components (e.g., microphones to identify tagged audio signals). In addition, a variety of information may be derived via the communication components **1638**, such as location via Internet Protocol (IP) geolocation, location via Wi-Fi® signal triangulation, location via detecting an NFC beacon signal that may indicate a particular location, and so forth.

[0155] The various memories (e.g., main memory **1614**, static memory **1616**, and memory of the processors **1604**) and storage unit **1618** may store one or more sets of instructions and data structures (e.g., software) embodying or used by any one or more of the methodologies or functions described herein. These instructions (e.g., the instructions **1610**), when executed by processors **1604**, cause various operations to implement the disclosed examples.

[0156] The instructions **1610** may be transmitted or received over the network **1622**, using a transmission medium, via a network interface device (e.g., a network interface component included in the communication components **1638**) and using any one of several well-known transfer protocols (e.g., hypertext transfer protocol (HTTP)). Similarly, the instructions **1610** may be transmitted or received using a transmission medium via a coupling (e.g., a peer-to-peer coupling) to the devices **1624**.

[0157] FIG. 17 is a block diagram **1700** illustrating a software architecture **1704**, which can be installed on any one or more of the devices described herein. The software architecture **1704** is supported by hardware such as a machine **1702** that includes processors **1720**, memory **1726**, and I/O components **1738**. In this example, the software architecture **1704** can be conceptualized as a stack of layers, where each layer provides a particular functionality. The software architecture **1704** includes layers such as an operating system **1712**, libraries **1710**, frameworks **1708**, and applications **1706**. Operationally, the applications **1706** invoke API calls **1750** through the software stack and receive messages **1752** in response to the API calls **1750**.

[0158] The operating system **1712** manages hardware resources and provides common services. The operating system **1712** includes, for example, a kernel **1714**, services **1716**, and drivers **1722**. The kernel **1714** acts as an abstraction layer between the hardware and the other software layers. For example, the kernel **1714** provides memory management, processor management (e.g., scheduling), component management, networking, and security settings, among other functionality. The services **1716** can provide other common services for the other software layers. The drivers **1722** are responsible for controlling or interfacing with the underlying hardware. For instance, the drivers **1722**

can include display drivers, camera drivers, BLUETOOTH® or BLUETOOTH® Low Energy drivers, flash memory drivers, serial communication drivers (e.g., USB drivers), WI-FI® drivers, audio drivers, power management drivers, and so forth.

[0159] The libraries **1710** provide a common low-level infrastructure used by the applications **1706**. The libraries **1710** can include system libraries **1718** (e.g., C standard library) that provide functions such as memory allocation functions, string manipulation functions, mathematic functions, and the like. In addition, the libraries **1710** can include API libraries **1724** such as media libraries (e.g., libraries to support presentation and manipulation of various media formats such as Moving Picture Experts Group-4 (MPEG4), Advanced Video Coding (H.264 or AVC), Moving Picture Experts Group Layer-3 (MP3), Advanced Audio Coding (AAC), Adaptive Multi-Rate (AMR) audio codec, Joint Photographic Experts Group (JPEG or JPG), or Portable Network Graphics (PNG)), graphics libraries (e.g., an OpenGL framework used to render in two dimensions (2D) and three dimensions (3D) in a graphic content on a display), database libraries (e.g., SQLite to provide various relational database functions), web libraries (e.g., WebKit to provide web browsing functionality), and the like. The libraries **1710** can also include a wide variety of other libraries **1728** to provide many other APIs to the applications **1706**.

[0160] The frameworks **1708** provide a common high-level infrastructure that is used by the applications **1706**. For example, the frameworks **1708** provide various graphical user interface (GUI) functions, high-level resource management, and high-level location services. The frameworks **1708** can provide a broad spectrum of other APIs that can be used by the applications **1706**, some of which may be specific to a particular operating system or platform.

[0161] In an example, the applications **1706** may include a home application **1736**, a contacts application **1730**, a browser application **1732**, a book reader application **1734**, a location application **1742**, a media application **1744**, a messaging application **1746**, a game application **1748**, and a broad assortment of other applications such as a third-party application **1740**. The applications **1706** are programs that execute functions defined in the programs. Various programming languages can be employed to create one or more of the applications **1706**, structured in a variety of manners, such as object-oriented programming languages (e.g., Objective-C, Java, or C++) or procedural programming languages (e.g., C or assembly language). In a specific example, the third-party application **1740** (e.g., an application developed using the ANDROID™ or IOS™ software development kit (SDK) by an entity other than the vendor of the particular platform) may be mobile software running on a mobile operating system such as IOS™, ANDROID™, WINDOWS® Phone, or another mobile operating system. In this example, the third-party application **1740** can invoke the API calls **1750** provided by the operating system **1712** to facilitate functionality described herein.

[0162] “Carrier signal” refers to any intangible medium that is capable of storing, encoding, or carrying instructions for execution by the machine, and includes digital or analog communications signals or other intangible media to facilitate communication of such instructions. Instructions may be transmitted or received over a network using a transmission medium via a network interface device.



[0163] “Client device” refers to any machine that interfaces to a communications network to obtain resources from one or more server systems or other client devices. A client device may be, but is not limited to, a mobile phone, desktop computer, laptop, portable digital assistants (PDAs), smartphones, tablets, ultrabooks, netbooks, laptops, multi-processor systems, microprocessor-based or programmable consumer electronics, game consoles, set-top boxes, or any other communication device that a user may use to access a network.

[0164] “Communication network” refers to one or more portions of a network that may be an ad hoc network, an intranet, an extranet, a virtual private network (VPN), a local area network (LAN), a wireless LAN (WLAN), a wide area network (WAN), a wireless WAN (WWAN), a metropolitan area network (MAN), the Internet, a portion of the Internet, a portion of the Public Switched Telephone Network (PSTN), a plain old telephone service (POTS) network, a cellular telephone network, a wireless network, a Wi-Fi® network, another type of network, or a combination of two or more such networks. For example, a network or a portion of a network may include a wireless or cellular network and the coupling may be a Code Division Multiple Access (CDMA) connection, a Global System for Mobile communications (GSM) connection, or other types of cellular or wireless coupling. In this example, the coupling may implement any of a variety of types of data transfer technology, such as Single Carrier Radio Transmission Technology (1×RTT), Evolution-Data Optimized (EVDO) technology, General Packet Radio Service (GPRS) technology, Enhanced Data rates for GSM Evolution (EDGE) technology, third Generation Partnership Project (3GPP) including 3G, fourth generation wireless (4G) networks, Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS), High Speed Packet Access (HSPA), Worldwide Interoperability for Microwave Access (WiMAX), Long Term Evolution (LTE) standard, others defined by various standard-setting organizations, other long-range protocols, or other data transfer technology.

[0165] “Component” refers to a device, physical entity, or logic having boundaries defined by function or subroutine calls, branch points, APIs, or other technologies that provide for the partitioning or modularization of particular processing or control functions. Components may be combined via their interfaces with other components to carry out a machine process. A component may be a packaged functional hardware unit designed for use with other components and a part of a program that usually performs a particular function of related functions. Components may constitute either software components (e.g., code embodied on a machine-readable medium) or hardware components. A “hardware component” is a tangible unit capable of performing certain operations and may be configured or arranged in a certain physical manner. In various examples, one or more computer systems (e.g., a standalone computer system, a client computer system, or a server computer system) or one or more hardware components of a computer system (e.g., a processor or a group of processors) may be configured by software (e.g., an application or application portion) as a hardware component that operates to perform certain operations as described herein. A hardware component may also be implemented mechanically, electronically, or any suitable combination thereof. For example, a hardware component may include dedicated circuitry or logic

that is permanently configured to perform certain operations. A hardware component may be a special-purpose processor, such as a field-programmable gate array (FPGA) or an application specific integrated circuit (ASIC). A hardware component may also include programmable logic or circuitry that is temporarily configured by software to perform certain operations. For example, a hardware component may include software executed by a general-purpose processor or other programmable processor. Once configured by such software, hardware components become specific machines (or specific components of a machine) uniquely tailored to perform the configured functions and are no longer general-purpose processors. It will be appreciated that the decision to implement a hardware component mechanically, in dedicated and permanently configured circuitry, or in temporarily configured circuitry (e.g., configured by software), may be driven by cost and time considerations. Accordingly, the phrase “hardware component” (or “hardware-implemented component”) should be understood to encompass a tangible entity, be that an entity that is physically constructed, permanently configured (e.g., hardwired), or temporarily configured (e.g., programmed) to operate in a certain manner or to perform certain operations described herein. Considering examples in which hardware components are temporarily configured (e.g., programmed), each of the hardware components need not be configured or instantiated at any one instance in time. For example, where a hardware component comprises a general-purpose processor configured by software to become a special-purpose processor, the general-purpose processor may be configured as respectively different special-purpose processors (e.g., comprising different hardware components) at different times. Software accordingly configures a particular processor or processors, for example, to constitute a particular hardware component at one instance of time and to constitute a different hardware component at a different instance of time. Hardware components can provide information to, and receive information from, other hardware components. Accordingly, the described hardware components may be regarded as being communicatively coupled. Where multiple hardware components exist contemporaneously, communications may be achieved through signal transmission (e.g., over appropriate circuits and buses) between or among two or more of the hardware components. In examples in which multiple hardware components are configured or instantiated at different times, communications between such hardware components may be achieved, for example, through the storage and retrieval of information in memory structures to which the multiple hardware components have access. For example, one hardware component may perform an operation and store the output of that operation in a memory device to which it is communicatively coupled. A further hardware component may then, at a later time, access the memory device to retrieve and process the stored output. Hardware components may also initiate communications with input or output devices, and can operate on a resource (e.g., a collection of information). The various operations of example methods described herein may be performed, at least partially, by one or more processors that are temporarily configured (e.g., by software) or permanently configured to perform the relevant operations. Whether temporarily or permanently configured, such processors may constitute processor-implemented components that operate to perform one or more operations or functions described

herein. As used herein, “processor-implemented component” refers to a hardware component implemented using one or more processors. Similarly, the methods described herein may be at least partially processor-implemented, with a particular processor or processors being an example of hardware. For example, at least some of the operations of a method may be performed by one or more processors or processor-implemented components. Moreover, the one or more processors may also operate to support performance of the relevant operations in a “cloud computing” environment or as a “software as a service” (SaaS). For example, at least some of the operations may be performed by a group of computers (as examples of machines including processors), with these operations being accessible via a network (e.g., the Internet) and via one or more appropriate interfaces (e.g., an API). The performance of certain of the operations may be distributed among the processors, not only residing within a single machine, but deployed across a number of machines. In some examples, the processors or processor-implemented components may be located in a single geographic location (e.g., within a home environment, an office environment, or a server farm). In other examples, the processors or processor-implemented components may be distributed across a number of geographic locations.

**[0166]** “Computer-readable storage medium” refers to both machine-storage media and transmission media. Thus, the terms include both storage devices/media and carrier waves/modulated data signals. The terms “machine-readable medium,” “computer-readable medium” and “device-readable medium” mean the same thing and may be used interchangeably in this disclosure.

**[0167]** “Ephemeral message” refers to a message that is accessible for a time-limited duration. An ephemeral message may be a text, an image, a video and the like. The access time for the ephemeral message may be set by the message sender. Alternatively, the access time may be a default setting or a setting specified by the recipient. Regardless of the setting technique, the message is transitory.

**[0168]** “Machine storage medium” refers to a single or multiple storage devices and media (e.g., a centralized or distributed database, and associated caches and servers) that store executable instructions, routines and data. The term shall accordingly be taken to include, but not be limited to, solid-state memories, and optical and magnetic media, including memory internal or external to processors. Specific examples of machine-storage media, computer-storage media and device-storage media include non-volatile memory, including by way of example semiconductor memory devices, e.g., erasable programmable read-only memory (EPROM), electrically erasable programmable read-only memory (EEPROM), FPGA, and flash memory devices; magnetic disks such as internal hard disks and removable disks; magneto-optical disks; and CD-ROM and DVD-ROM disks. The terms “machine-storage medium,” “device-storage medium,” “computer-storage medium” mean the same thing and may be used interchangeably in this disclosure. The terms “machine-storage media,” “computer-storage media,” and “device-storage media” specifically exclude carrier waves, modulated data signals, and other such media, at least some of which are covered under the term “signal medium.”

**[0169]** “Non-transitory computer-readable storage medium” refers to a tangible medium that is capable of storing, encoding, or carrying the instructions for execution by a machine.

**[0170]** “Signal medium” refers to any intangible medium that is capable of storing, encoding, or carrying the instructions for execution by a machine and includes digital or analog communications signals or other intangible media to facilitate communication of software or data. The term “signal medium” shall be taken to include any form of a modulated data signal, carrier wave, and so forth. The term “modulated data signal” means a signal that has one or more of its characteristics set or changed in such a manner as to encode information in the signal. The terms “transmission medium” and “signal medium” mean the same thing and may be used interchangeably in this disclosure.

**[0171]** Although an embodiment has been described with reference to specific example embodiments, it will be evident that various modifications and changes may be made to these embodiments without departing from the broader scope of the present disclosure. Accordingly, the specification and drawings are to be regarded in an illustrative rather than a restrictive sense. The accompanying drawings that form a part hereof, show by way of illustration, and not of limitation, specific embodiments in which the subject matter may be practiced. The embodiments illustrated are described in sufficient detail to enable those skilled in the art to practice the teachings disclosed herein. Other embodiments may be utilized and derived therefrom, such that structural and logical substitutions and changes may be made without departing from the scope of this disclosure. This Detailed Description, therefore, is not to be taken in a limiting sense, and the scope of various embodiments is defined only by the appended claims, along with the full range of equivalents to which such claims are entitled.

**[0172]** Such embodiments of the inventive subject matter may be referred to herein, individually and/or collectively, by the term “invention” merely for convenience and without intending to voluntarily limit the scope of this application to any single invention or inventive concept if more than one is in fact disclosed. Thus, although specific embodiments have been illustrated and described herein, it should be appreciated that any arrangement calculated to achieve the same purpose may be substituted for the specific embodiments shown. This disclosure is intended to cover any and all adaptations or variations of various embodiments. Combinations of the above embodiments, and other embodiments not specifically described herein, will be apparent to those of skill in the art upon reviewing the above description.

**[0173]** The Abstract of the Disclosure is provided to allow the reader to quickly ascertain the nature of the technical disclosure. It is submitted with the understanding that it will not be used to interpret or limit the scope or meaning of the claims. In addition, in the foregoing Detailed Description, it can be seen that various features are grouped together in a single embodiment for the purpose of streamlining the disclosure. This method of disclosure is not to be interpreted as reflecting an intention that the claimed embodiments require more features than are expressly recited in each claim. Rather, as the following claims reflect, inventive subject matter lies in less than all features of a single disclosed embodiment. Thus, the following claims are

hereby incorporated into the Detailed Description, with each claim standing on its own as a separate embodiment.

#### EXAMPLES

**[0174]** Example 1 is a method, comprising: identifying members of a group in a messaging application; detecting an active sharing of content collection from a member of the group; and generating a visual indicator corresponding to the group in a user interface of the messaging application.

**[0175]** In Example 2, the subject matter of Example 1 includes, receiving user input from the member of the group to share the content collection with one or more members of the group, all members of the group, one or more users of the messaging application, one or more other users of the messaging application, or one or more other users outside the group; and in response to receiving the user input, enabling an ephemeral display of the content collection only from devices associated with the one or more members of the group, all members of the group, the one or more users of the messaging application, the one or more other users of the messaging application, or the one or more other users outside the group, wherein detecting the active sharing of content collection from the member of the group is based on receiving the user input from the member of the group.

**[0176]** In Example 3, the subject matter of Example 2 includes, wherein enabling the ephemeral display of the content collection comprises: posting the content collection to a network platform of the messaging application, the content collection being only viewable by the devices associated with the one or more members of the group, all members of the group, the one or more users of the messaging application, the one or more other users of the messaging application, or the one or more other users outside the group.

**[0177]** In Example 4, the subject matter of Examples 1-3 includes, detecting a user selection of the visual indicator in the user interface of the messaging application from an other member of the group; and in response to receiving the user selection of the visual indicator, enabling an ephemeral display of the content collection only from devices associated with the other member of the group.

**[0178]** In Example 5, the subject matter of Examples 1-4 includes, wherein the content collection comprises at least one media content item.

**[0179]** In Example 6, the subject matter of Examples 1-5 includes, displaying a messaging user interface of the messaging application, the messaging user interface comprising a list of users and the group; detecting a user selection of the visual indicator in the messaging user interface of the messaging application; and in response to detecting the user selection of the visual indicator in the messaging user interface of the messaging application, opening a group profile user interface of the messaging application or enabling an ephemeral display of the content collection, wherein the group profile user interface comprises a list of members of the group, wherein the visual indicator corresponds to the group in the messaging user interface.

**[0180]** In Example 7, the subject matter of Examples 1-6 includes, displaying a group profile user interface of the messaging application, the group profile user interface comprising a list of members of the group; detecting a user selection of the visual indicator in the group profile user interface of the messaging application; and in response to detecting the user selection of the visual indicator in the group profile user interface of the messaging application, enabling an ephemeral display of the content collection, wherein the visual indicator corresponds to the member of the group in the group profile user interface of the messaging application.

**[0181]** In Example 8, the subject matter of Example 7 includes, wherein the visual indicator comprises a ring surrounding a thumbnail of the content collection of the member.

**[0182]** In Example 9, the subject matter of Examples 7-8 includes, replacing a default profile icon of the member in the group profile user interface with a thumbnail of the content collection of the member.

**[0183]** In Example 10, the subject matter of Examples 1-9 includes, displaying a group conversation user interface of the messaging application, the group conversation user interface comprising presence pills of members of the group; detecting a user selection of the visual indicator in the group conversation user interface of the messaging application; and in response to detecting the user selection of the visual indicator in the group conversation user interface of the messaging application, enabling an ephemeral display of the content collection, wherein the visual indicator comprises a ring surrounding a thumbnail of the content collection of the member in a presence pill of the member in the group conversation user interface of the messaging application.

**[0184]** Example 11 is a system comprising: a processor; and a memory storing instructions that, when executed by the processor, configure the processor to perform operations comprising: identifying members of a group in a messaging application; detecting an active sharing of content collection from a member of the group; and generating a visual indicator corresponding to the group in a user interface of the messaging application.

**[0185]** In Example 12, the subject matter of Example 11 includes, wherein the operations further comprise: receiving user input from the member of the group to share the content collection with one or more members of the group, all members of the group, one or more users of the messaging application, one or more other users of the messaging application, or one or more other users outside the group; and in response to receiving the user input, enabling an ephemeral display of the content collection only from devices associated with the one or more members of the group, all members of the group, the one or more users of the messaging application, the one or more other users of the messaging application, or the one or more other users outside the group, wherein detecting the active sharing of content collection from the member of the group is based on receiving the user input from the member of the group.

**[0186]** In Example 13, the subject matter of Example 12 includes, wherein enabling the ephemeral display of the

content collection comprises: posting the content collection to a network platform of the messaging application, the content collection being only viewable by the devices associated with the one or more members of the group, all members of the group, the one or more users of the messaging application, the one or more other users of the messaging application, or the one or more other users outside the group.

[0187] In Example 14, the subject matter of Examples 11-13 includes, wherein the operations further comprise: detecting a user selection of the visual indicator in the user interface of the messaging application from an other member of the group; and in response to receiving the user selection of the visual indicator, enabling an ephemeral display of the content collection only from devices associated with the other member of the group.

[0188] In Example 15, the subject matter of Examples 11-14 includes, wherein the content collection comprises at least one media content item.

[0189] In Example 16, the subject matter of Examples 11-15 includes, wherein the operations further comprise: displaying a messaging user interface of the messaging application, the messaging user interface comprising a list of users and the group; detecting a user selection of the visual indicator in the messaging user interface of the messaging application; and in response to detecting the user selection of the visual indicator in the messaging user interface of the messaging application, opening a group profile user interface of the messaging application or enabling an ephemeral display of the content collection, wherein the group profile user interface comprises a list of members of the group, wherein the visual indicator corresponds to the group in the messaging user interface.

[0190] In Example 17, the subject matter of Examples 11-16 includes, wherein the operations further comprise: displaying a group profile user interface of the messaging application, the group profile user interface comprising a list of members of the group; detecting a user selection of the visual indicator in the group profile user interface of the messaging application; and in response to detecting the user selection of the visual indicator in the group profile user interface of the messaging application, enabling an ephemeral display of the content collection, wherein the visual indicator corresponds to the member of the group in the group profile user interface of the messaging application.

[0191] In Example 18, the subject matter of Example 17 includes, wherein the visual indicator comprises a ring surrounding a thumbnail of the content collection of the member.

[0192] In Example 19, the subject matter of Examples 11-18 includes, wherein the operations further comprise: displaying a group conversation user interface of the messaging application, the group conversation user interface comprising presence pills of members of the group; detecting a user selection of the visual indicator in the group conversation user interface of the messaging application; and in response to detecting the user selection of the visual indicator in the group conversation user interface of the messaging application, enabling an ephemeral display of the content collec-

tion, wherein the visual indicator comprises a ring surrounding a thumbnail of the content collection of the member in a presence pill of the member in the group conversation user interface of the messaging application.

[0193] Example 20 is a non-transitory computer-readable storage medium, the computer-readable storage medium including instructions that when executed by a computer, cause the computer to perform operations comprising: identifying members of a group in a messaging application; detecting an active sharing of content collection from a member of the group; and generating a visual indicator corresponding to the group in a user interface of the messaging application.

[0194] Example 21 is at least one machine-readable medium including instructions that, when executed by processing circuitry, cause the processing circuitry to perform operations to implement any of Examples 1-20.

[0195] Example 22 is an apparatus comprising means to implement any of Examples 1-20.

[0196] Example 23 is a system to implement any of Examples 1-20.

[0197] Example 24 is a method to implement any of Examples 1-20.

What is claimed is:

1. A method, comprising:

identifying members of a group in a messaging application;

detecting an active sharing of content collection from a member of the group; and

generating a visual indicator corresponding to the group in a user interface of the messaging application.

2. The method of claim 1, further comprising:

receiving user input from the member of the group to share the content collection with one or more members of the group, all members of the group, one or more users of the messaging application, one or more other users of the messaging application, or one or more other users outside the group; and

in response to receiving the user input, enabling an ephemeral display of the content collection only from devices associated with the one or more members of the group, all members of the group, the one or more users of the messaging application, the one or more other users of the messaging application, or the one or more other users outside the group,

wherein detecting the active sharing of content collection from the member of the group is based on receiving the user input from the member of the group.

3. The method of claim 2, wherein enabling the ephemeral display of the content collection comprises:

posting the content collection to a network platform of the messaging application, the content collection being only viewable by the devices associated with the one or more members of the group, all members of the group, the one or more users of the messaging application, the one or more other users of the messaging application, or the one or more other users outside the group.

4. The method of claim 1, further comprising:

detecting a user selection of the visual indicator in the user interface of the messaging application from another member of the group; and

in response to receiving the user selection of the visual indicator, enabling an ephemeral display of the content collection only from devices associated with the other member of the group.

5. The method of claim 1, wherein the content collection comprises at least one media content item.

6. The method of claim 1, further comprising:

displaying a messaging user interface of the messaging application, the messaging user interface comprising a list of users and the group;

detecting a user selection of the visual indicator in the messaging user interface of the messaging application; and

in response to detecting the user selection of the visual indicator in the messaging user interface of the messaging application, opening a group profile user interface of the messaging application or enabling an ephemeral display of the content collection,

wherein the group profile user interface comprises a list of members of the group,

wherein the visual indicator corresponds to the group in the messaging user interface.

7. The method of claim 1, further comprising:

displaying a group profile user interface of the messaging application, the group profile user interface comprising a list of members of the group;

detecting a user selection of the visual indicator in the group profile user interface of the messaging application; and

in response to detecting the user selection of the visual indicator in the group profile user interface of the messaging application, enabling an ephemeral display of the content collection,

wherein the visual indicator corresponds to the member of the group in the group profile user interface of the messaging application.

8. The method of claim 7, wherein the visual indicator comprises a ring surrounding a thumbnail of the content collection of the member.

9. The method of claim 7, further comprising:

replacing a default profile icon of the member in the group profile user interface with a thumbnail of the content collection of the member.

10. The method of claim 1, further comprising:

displaying a group conversation user interface of the messaging application, the group conversation user interface comprising presence pills of members of the group;

detecting a user selection of the visual indicator in the group conversation user interface of the messaging application; and

in response to detecting the user selection of the visual indicator in the group conversation user interface of the messaging application, enabling an ephemeral display of the content collection,

wherein the visual indicator comprises a ring surrounding a thumbnail of the content collection of the member in a presence pill of the member in the group conversation user interface of the messaging application.

11. A system comprising:

a processor; and

a memory storing instructions that, when executed by the processor, configure the processor to perform operations comprising:

identifying members of a group in a messaging application;

detecting an active sharing of content collection from a member of the group; and

generating a visual indicator corresponding to the group in a user interface of the messaging application.

12. The system of claim 11, wherein the operations further comprise:

receiving user input from the member of the group to share the content collection with one or more members of the group, all members of the group, one or more users of the messaging application, one or more other users of the messaging application, or one or more other users outside the group; and

in response to receiving the user input, enabling an ephemeral display of the content collection only from devices associated with the one or more members of the group, all members of the group, the one or more users of the messaging application, the one or more other users of the messaging application, or the one or more other users outside the group,

wherein detecting the active sharing of content collection from the member of the group is based on receiving the user input from the member of the group.

13. The system of claim 12, wherein enabling the ephemeral display of the content collection comprises:

posting the content collection to a network platform of the messaging application, the content collection being only viewable by the devices associated with the one or more members of the group, all members of the group, the one or more users of the messaging application, the one or more other users of the messaging application, or the one or more other users outside the group.

14. The system of claim 11, wherein the operations further comprise:

detecting a user selection of the visual indicator in the user interface of the messaging application from another member of the group; and

in response to receiving the user selection of the visual indicator, enabling an ephemeral display of the content collection only from devices associated with the other member of the group.

15. The system of claim 11, wherein the content collection comprises at least one media content item.

16. The system of claim 11, wherein the operations further comprise:

displaying a messaging user interface of the messaging application, the messaging user interface comprising a list of users and the group;

detecting a user selection of the visual indicator in the messaging user interface of the messaging application; and

in response to detecting the user selection of the visual indicator in the messaging user interface of the messaging application, opening a group profile user interface of the messaging application or enabling an ephemeral display of the content collection,

wherein the group profile user interface comprises a list of members of the group,

wherein the visual indicator corresponds to the group in the messaging user interface.

17. The system of claim 11, wherein the operations further comprise:

displaying a group profile user interface of the messaging application, the group profile user interface comprising a list of members of the group;

detecting a user selection of the visual indicator in the group profile user interface of the messaging application; and

in response to detecting the user selection of the visual indicator in the group profile user interface of the messaging application, enabling an ephemeral display of the content collection,

wherein the visual indicator corresponds to the member of the group in the group profile user interface of the messaging application.

**18.** The system of claim 17, wherein the visual indicator comprises a ring surrounding a thumbnail of the content collection of the member.

**19.** The system of claim 11, wherein the operations further comprise:

displaying a group conversation user interface of the messaging application, the group conversation user interface comprising presence pills of members of the group;

detecting a user selection of the visual indicator in the group conversation user interface of the messaging application; and

in response to detecting the user selection of the visual indicator in the group conversation user interface of the messaging application, enabling an ephemeral display of the content collection,

wherein the visual indicator comprises a ring surrounding a thumbnail of the content collection of the member in a presence pill of the member in the group conversation user interface of the messaging application.

**20.** A non-transitory computer-readable storage medium, the computer-readable storage medium including instructions that when executed by a computer, cause the computer to perform operations comprising:

identifying members of a group in a messaging application;

detecting an active sharing of content collection from a member of the group; and

generating a visual indicator corresponding to the group in a user interface of the messaging application.

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