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SELF HEALING SCRIPTS FOR SCANNING DEVICE

Abstract

Systems, methods, and non-transitory computer readable media are disclosed for error detection and correction on a mobile device. The error detection and correction is performed using the GUI screens of the mobile device to detect whether the mobile device is in an error state. This is done through segmenting any given GUI screen to determine what the screen indicates, and whether the GUI screen maps to an expected screen. This can be done without the use of operating system level information or error logs. If errors are detected scripts can be run to correct the errors.

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Background/Summary

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS [0001] This application is a continuation of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 18/215,965, filed on Jun. 29, 2023, the contents of which are incorporated by reference.

BACKGROUND

Field

[0002] This field is generally related to scanning devices.

Related Art

[0003] Scanning devices (also referred to herein as mobile scanning devices, mobile devices, or devices), such as ring scanners, mobile phones with scanning capabilities, tablets with scanning capabilities, etc. have graphical user interface (GUI) screens that can indicate the status of the devices. Based on what the GUI screens show, users of devices can determine if the devices are in an error mode. For example, a GUI screen can have an error message displayed indicating that a communication has failed to send its intended message. Typically, when error messages such as these are displayed, users contact a help desk and/or an information technology (IT) professional to help resolve the error. Typically, the help desk/IT professional can attempt to resolve the error by following a protocol and/or access logs of the mobile scanning device to see what the source of the error is in an attempt to resolve/troubleshoot the error.

[0004] The aforementioned process has several problems. First, when hundreds or thousands of devices are deployed, the aforementioned process does not scale in instances where the devices are afflicted with the same error. In these instances, help desks/IT professionals can be inundated with calls, which can cause delays in error resolution. Second, operating system (OS) providers can limit access to error logs required to resolve the errors. The limitations are often the result of security measures taken by the OS providers to limit access to internal workings of the OS to prevent nefarious actors from using the information from error logs for illicit purposes.

[0005] Thus, solutions are needed to allow errors to be resolved on a mass scale, and to bypass any limitations placed on the OS so that device errors can be resolved efficiently and quickly.

BRIEF SUMMARY

[0006] Systems, methods, and non-transitory computer readable media are disclosed for error detection and correction on a mobile device. The system, methods, and non-transitory computer readable media provide a novel way to detect and correct errors in that they only use the GUI screens to detect whether the mobile device is in an error state. This is done through segmenting any given GUI screen to determine what the screen indicates, and whether the GUI screen maps to an expected screen. For example, it may be that for a given time (e.g., prior to 8 AM), the mobile device is expected to be on a “Welcome” screen indicating that the device is ready to use. However, if the segment of the GUI screen indicates an error message, the device can, by itself, determine that it is in an error state and attempt to resolve the error by performing an error correction. In aspects, the error correction can include executing a script (also referred to herein as a self-healing script). In aspects, the script can perform one or more actions to perform the error correction. For example, the one or more actions can include deleting, reinstalling, pausing, or restarting software programs on the mobile device to perform the error correction. In aspects, the script can perform these actions in a specific or pre-defined sequence. The aforementioned are exemplary of the one or more actions. A person of ordinary skill in the art (POSA) reading this disclosure will know what types of scripts can be executed to perform error correction based on the examples given throughout.

[0007] The scripts can be pre-written and in scripting languages such as JavaScript™. The scripts can be written by, for example, an administrator implementing the system and can be stored on the

device itself. In aspects, each error screen or error status can be pre-indexed and can have a script mapped to it such that when the error screen or error status is detected, the script associated with the error screen or error status can be executed to resolve the specific error.

[0008] The system is novel in that it implements a way to resolve the outstanding issues of relieving the burden on help desk/IT professionals to resolve errors, and it also does this in an independent and autonomous way. It can avoid using OS components that may be restricted. Thus, the system, method, and non-transitory computer readable media can be detached from dependencies needed for error detection (e.g., can be independent of the OS to detect errors).

[0009] In aspects, the system, method, and non-transitory computer readable media can perform the aforementioned functionality by defining an area on a graphical user interface (GUI) screen of the mobile device, where the area is defined by a number of pixels within the area. A cyclic redundancy check (CRC) or other error detection function on the area can be performed to obtain a value representing the GUI screen. A determination can be made if the value matches an expected value of an expected GUI screen of the mobile device. If determined that the GUI screen does not match the expected GUI screen, a script can be executed to perform an error correction.

[0010] In aspects, the script can be stored on the mobile device and executed by a mobile device management (MDM) software of the mobile device. In aspects, the script itself can be provided to the mobile device via a device management server running a portion of the MDM software. The MDM software refers to a software used to administer the mobile device. MDM software is typically a deployment of a combination of on-device applications and configurations, policies and certificates, and backend infrastructure, for the purpose of simplifying and enhancing the IT management of end user devices. In aspects, the MDM software can be used to manage the mobile device remotely via a console. The console allows an administrator to control, secure, and enforce policies, and install and uninstall applications on the mobile device. The MDM software can be used to manage groups of mobile devices. In this way, aspects provide remote management of a whole group of mobile devices.

[0011] In aspects, in order to be managed by the MDM software, mobile devices can enroll or have a client side portion of the MDM software installed on them to become a device managed by a device management server, on which a server side portion of the MDM software is installed. The various services provided by device management server may include: (i) ensuring that devices are configured to a consistent standard and supported set of applications, functions, or corporate policies, (ii) updating applications, functions, or policies installed on devices, (iii) ensuring that users use devices in a consistent and supportable manner, (iv) ensuring that devices operate correctly (diagnosing and troubleshooting devices), and (v) monitoring and tracking devices (e.g. location, status, ownership, activity). Device management server may provide the management services to the devices via a push message over a network. A POSA will be familiar with MDM software so further details of the MDM software will not be discussed extensively in this disclosure.

[0012] In aspects, the value representing the GUI screen can be a numerical value. In aspects, this value can be made more user friendly by classifying it and mapping it to a textual description of the GUI screen. For example, a “Welcome” screen can be represented by the numerical value of “2572461359”. The numerical value is obtained as the output of the CRC that is run on the area of the GUI screen. More will be discussed about this process below. For the purposes of discussion, it is assumed that the GUI screen is represented by the numerical value. In aspects, this numerical value can be translated to a textual description of what the GUI screen represents, which in this case is the “Welcome” screen. Thus, instead of referring to the GUI screen by its numerical value in scripts, it can be referred to as “Welcome Screen” or something similar to make it more user friendly when writing scripts to correct errors associated with the screen.

[0013] In aspects, the script can perform one or more actions to perform the error correction. In

aspects, the one or more actions can include at least deleting, reinstalling, pausing, or restarting software programs on the mobile device to perform the error correction.

Description

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0014] The accompanying drawings, which are incorporated herein and form part of the specification, illustrate the present disclosure and, together with the description, further serve to explain the principles of the disclosure and to enable a person skilled in the relevant art to make and use the disclosure.

[0015] FIGS. **1A** and **1B** are diagrams illustrating a ring scanner as a representative mobile device, according to aspects.

[0016] FIG. **2** is an architecture diagram illustrating hardware components of the ring scanner, according to aspects.

[0017] FIGS. **3A**, **3B**, **4A**, and **4B** show how embodiments disclosed segment a GUI screen of a display of the ring scanner to determine if the GUI screen matches an expected GUI screen, according to aspects.

[0018] FIG. **5** shows a method of operating the system, according to aspects.

[0019] The drawing in which an element first appears is typically indicated by the leftmost digit or digits in the corresponding reference number. In the drawings, like reference numbers may indicate identical or functionally similar elements. The drawings are illustrative and may not be to scale.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Device Architecture

[0020] FIGS. **1A** and **1B** are diagrams illustrating a ring scanner **112**, according to aspects. The ring scanner **112** is representative of the type of mobile scanning device that the disclosed embodiments are to be performed on. This, however, is exemplary, and other types of mobile devices such as mobile phones or tablet computers can also be used. The typical use case for the disclosed embodiments will have the processes for error detection and correction run on one or more of these exemplary mobile devices to enable the mobile devices to self-heal or correct errors that are detected using information from the GUI screens of the mobile devices.

[0021] FIG. **1A** shows a diagram **100** with a user/operator having a hand **104** and forearm **102**. Hand **104** is gripping the ring scanner **112**. Ring scanner **112** has a display **108** and an optical scanner **110**.

[0022] As may be seen in diagram **100**, ring scanner **112** has a loop **116** through which an index finger **118** and a middle finger **120** pass through to grip and hold ring scanner **112**. Loop **116** is configured to be gripped by index finger **118** and middle finger **120**. It presses against the palmar side of index finger **118** and middle finger **120**. Because loop **116** enables an operator to grip ring scanner **112** with just a loop around the operator's fingers, the operator maintains use of his or her hands. For example, the operator can continue to use his or her hands to operate equipment, carry packages, and climb ladders.

[0023] According to an aspect, loop **116** is configured to be gripped by index finger **118** and middle finger **120** such that the palm is in a neutral position when the optical detector is oriented in an upright direction. In this way, a user need not pronate the hand when transitioning from using the hand to grip a package from the package's side to scanning the optical label. The user's forearm **102** need not twist when scanning. Avoiding twisting in this way, the operator can avoid fatigue, discomfort, pain, and even possible injury.

[0024] Display **108** is an output device for presentation of information in visual form. It outputs information that is supplied to it from a computing device (not shown) in ring scanner **112**, converting electrical signals into light. In different aspects, display **108** may be an

electroluminescent (ELD) display, liquid crystal display (LCD), light-emitting diode (LED) backlit LCD, thin-film transistor (TFT) LCD, light-emitting diode (LED) display, OLED display, AMOLED display, plasma (PDP) display, quantum dot (QLED) display, or electronic paper, such as E INK paper available from E Ink Corporation of Cambridge, Massachusetts.

[0025] Optical scanner **110** is an optical scanner that can read printed optical labels such as barcodes or can scan images of objects or take pictures of the objects, decode the data contained in the optical label, and send the data to a computer. It may include a light source, a lens, and a light sensor translating for optical impulses into electrical signals. In different aspects, optical scanner **110** may be a pen-type reader, a laser scanner, a charge-coupled device (CCD) reader, a light emitting diode (LED) scanner, a camera-based reader, a video camera reader, a large field-of-view reader, or an omnidirectional barcode scanner.

[0026] FIG. **1B** shows a diagram **150** illustrating ring scanner **112** from a different perspective. As shown in diagram **100**, ring scanner **112** is in this position to project light **154** to capture a barcode **156** on package **152**.

[0027] As shown in diagram **150**, barcode **156** is oriented in a horizontal direction, read left to right or right to left. Barcode **156** is a linear dimensional (1D), one dimensional barcode with its lines running vertical to ground. In other aspects, barcode **156** may be two-dimensional and use rectangles, dots, hexagons and other patterns. In other aspects, the package **152** itself may be scanned as an image/picture.

[0028] As shown in diagram **150**, when positioned to capture barcode **156** in an upright direction the user's palm of hand **104** hand is oriented substantially vertically. The palm of hand **104** is orthogonal to the ground.

[0029] As shown in diagram **150**, ring scanner **112** includes a body piece **166**, which includes an upper body portion **162** and a lower body **164**. Upper body portion **162** rests on a portion of index finger **118** facing a thumb **106** of hand **104**. Lower body **164** covers a dorsal side of index finger **118** and middle finger **120** of hand **104**. Upper body portion **162** and lower body **164** are affixed to one another and angled to cover at least a portion of the thumb-facing side of index finger **118** and the dorsal side of middle finger **120**. Together with loop **116**, upper body portion **162** and lower body portion **164** encircle index finger **118** and middle finger **120**. More specifically, together with loop **116** (labeled in FIG. **1A**), upper body portion **162** and lower body **164** may encircle a middle phalanx portion index finger **118** and middle finger **120**.

[0030] Upper body portion **162** includes a plurality of buttons **122** that, when selected, causes ring scanner **112** to perform certain actions. Each of the plurality of buttons **122** may be a switch mechanism with a surface that may be depressed, or pushed, by a finger. When the surface is depressed an electrical signal is sent to input information and possibly trigger an action. Each of the plurality of buttons **122** may have a spring to return to their un-pushed state. Other types of buttons may be used as well, such as virtual buttons presented on a touchscreen display.

[0031] As will be described below, the plurality of buttons **122** may cause optical scanner **110** to activate and scan barcode **156** or may input data into a computing device controlling aspects of ring scanner **112**. The plurality of buttons **122** are positioned on ring scanner **112** to be selected by thumb **106**.

[0032] In particular, buttons **122** are positioned to be selected by thumb **106** when hand **104** is gripping a ring scanner **112**, and index finger **118** and middle finger **120** are bent. According to an aspect, buttons **122** are positioned to be selected when index finger **118** and middle finger **120** are bent at a proximal interphalangeal joint **160**. Proximal interphalangeal joint **160** sits between a middle phalanx and proximal phalanx of index finger **118** and middle finger **120**. Bending at proximal interphalangeal joint **160** may be more ergonomic than bending other joints, such as the metacarpophalangeal joint of index finger **118** and middle finger **120**.

[0033] Display **108** may be a touchscreen display. A touchscreen display is an assembly of both an input (touch panel) and output (display) device. The touch panel may be layered on the top of the

output electronic visual display. A user can give input or control a computing device (not shown) in ring scanner **112** through simple or multi-touch gestures by touching the screen with a special stylus or one or more fingers. In different examples, a touch panel may be a resistive touchscreen panel, a surface acoustic wave (SAW) touch panel, a capacitive touchscreen panel, or an infrared touchscreen panel.

[0034] When display **108** is a touchscreen display, display **108** will also be positioned such that at least a portion of display **108** may be selected by thumb **106** when hand **104** is gripping a ring scanner **112**, and index finger **118** and middle finger **120** are bent at the proximal interphalangeal joint **160**. Display **108** is configured to output visually from the computing device.

[0035] FIG. **2** is an architecture diagram **200** illustrating hardware components of the ring scanner **112**, according to aspects. Diagram **200** includes display **108**, optical scanner **110**, buttons **122**, battery **206**, and speaker **252**. In addition to those components, diagram **200** includes a processor **202**, memory **204**, light sensor **208**, wired terminal **216**, vibrator **222**, Bluetooth interface **226** and Wi-Fi interface **224**. Each of these components of FIG. **2** is enclosed within a housing of the ring scanner **112**.

[0036] Bus **228** is a communication system that transfers data between the hardware components of a ring scanner **112**. In addition to transferring data, Bus **228** may also transfer electrical power, such as from a battery **206** to other components. In this way, Bus **228** communicatively and electrically couples the various components.

[0037] It may be appreciated for those skilled in the art that a plurality of signal lines or buses may exist, thus different components may be linked by different signal lines or buses, and that a signal line or bus depicted in the schematic diagram may represent a plurality of such.

[0038] Memory **204** may include random access memory (RAM) and may also include nonvolatile memory, such as read only memory (ROM) and/or flash memory. Memory **204** may be embodied as an independent memory component, and may also be embedded in another component, such as processor **202**, or may be embodied as a combination of independent as well as embedded, and/or a plurality of memory components is present, the invention is not so limited. Memory **204** is adapted to include software modules (a module is a set of instructions).

[0039] Processor **202** is adapted to run instructions stored in memory **204**. Processor **202** may be a micro-controller unit (MCU), a digital signal processor (DSP) and/or an Image/Video Processing unit or the like components that run instructions. An example of an MCU is MSP432P401x, available from Texas Instruments Inc. of Dallas, Texas. An example of a DSP is C5000, available from Texas Instruments Inc. An example of an image/video processor is OMAP3525, available from Texas Instruments Inc. One or more processors may be present. Processor **202** may be an independent component, it may also be embedded in another component, such as in light sensor/camera **208**, or any combination thereof.

[0040] Wired terminal **216** is adapted to attach to a wired network, including, but not limited to, Ethernet, USB or thunderbolt.

[0041] Diagram **200** includes two wireless interfaces, Wi-Fi interface **224** and Bluetooth interface **426**. Wi-Fi interface **224** may provide a network interface accessible by applications running on processor **202**. Bluetooth interface **226** may be adapted to enable the ring scanner **112** to interact with peripheral devices, such as headsets (not shown).

[0042] Light sensor **208** is a photodetector. It is a sensor of light. A photo detector has a p-n junction that converts light photons into current. The absorbed photons make electron-hole pairs in the depletion region. Photodiodes and phototransistors are a few examples of photo detectors. In a different example, light sensor **208** may be a photoemission or photoelectric effect photodetector, thermal photodetectors, polarization photodetectors, or photochemical photodetectors. Light sensor **208** may be integrated into a camera of the ring scanner **112**.

[0043] In an example operation, light sensor **208** may signal to processor **202** when light is detected. Processor **202**, in turn, may adjust the brightness of display **108**. Automatically adjusting

brightness in this way may have the effect of conserving power in battery **206**.

[0044] Vibrator **222** is a device that causes vibration when receiving a specified signal from processor **202**. Vibrator **222** is a mechanical device to generate vibrations. To generate the vibrations, vibrator **222** may include an electric motor with an unbalanced mass on its driveshaft. Vibrator **222** may be a vibrating structure gyroscope implemented as a microelectromechanical system (MEMS).

[0045] Speaker **252** is coupled to processor **202** and is configured to cause the ring scanner **112** to emit sound as specified by commands from processor **202**. In this way, speaker **252** may provide audio to a user of the ring scanner **112** as specified by an application executed on processor **202**.

[0046] The buttons **122** may send commands to the processor **202**, or other components such as optical scanner **110**. When a user presses one of buttons **122**, a signal may be sent to processor **202**. That signal may cause an interrupt command in the software application executed by processor **202**, causing processor **202** to run specific commands that an application specifies to correspond to that button input. In this way, using buttons **122**, a user can trigger actions as specified by the application executed by processor **202**.

[0047] In response to inputs it receives from buttons **122**, processor **202** can output information to display **108** as specified by a software application executed by processor **202**. In addition, as mentioned above, display **108** may be a touchscreen display. In this way, interactive applications may be implemented within the ring scanner **112**.

[0048] In addition, not shown, other input devices may be included, such as a radiofrequency identification (RFID) reader and a near field communication (NFC) reader. RFID uses electromagnetic fields to automatically identify and track tags attached to objects. An RFID system consists of a tiny radio transponder, a radio receiver and transmitter. When triggered by an electromagnetic interrogation pulse from RFID reader, an RFID tag transmits digital data back to the reader. A NFC reader may allow for collection of payment data from an EMV chip or from a user's mobile device (not shown).

[0049] In examples, these NFC and RFID readers may be used for login purposes. An operator can swipe her badge in vicinity of a ring scanner **112** having these features and the ring scanner **112** can log her in using the information received from the NFC chip or the badge. Then, when the operator is using the ring scanner **112**, any scanned items are tracked with an identification of the operator who logged into the ring scanner **112**.

Error Detection and Correction

[0050] FIGS. **3A**, **3B**, **4A**, and **4B** show how the embodiments disclosed segment a GUI screen of the display **108** of the ring scanner **112** to determine if the GUI screen matches an expected GUI screen, according to aspects. The functions described with respect to FIGS. **3A**, **3B**, **4A**, and **4B** can be executed by a portion of the MDM software installed on the ring scanner **112**. The MDM software can be executed by one or more computing devices of the ring scanner **112** (e.g., processor **202**) to perform the functions. Box **304** shows a sample code that can be executed by the MDM software to perform the functions.

[0051] As indicated previously, the segmentation of the GUI screen allows the ring scanner **112** to self-determine whether it is in an error state, and to determine what type of error state it is in without needing to access error logs of the OS. If the ring scanner **112** determines that it is in an error state, the ring scanner **112** can attempt to auto-correct the error by executing a script customized to resolve the particular error.

[0052] In aspects, the segmenting can define an area **302** on the GUI screen. The area **302** can be defined using pixels of the screen. In FIGS. **3A**, **3B**, **4A**, and **4B** the area **302** is defined as the 200 pixel by 100 pixel area shown in the middle of the GUI screen. This is exemplary, and any segmentation of the GUI screen can be used. In aspects, how the area **302** is defined can be based on a known format of the GUI screen. For example, the area **302** can be chosen based on an expected text or graphic that is expected in that area **302**. For example, it can be known that the

area **302** has a particular type of text that is expected to be within area **302**. The text can be used to identify whether the GUI screen is an expected screen. For example, in FIG. **3A**, it can be known that area **302** should have the text “WELCOME YOUR DEVICE IS READY TO USE. PLEASE REMOVE YOUR DEVICE FROM THE CRADLE” within the area **302**. This text can be used to determine whether the GUI screen is showing what it is supposed to show.

[0053] In aspects, once the area **302** is defined, an error detecting function can be run on the area **302** to obtain a value **308** representing the GUI screen. The error detecting function can be for example, a cyclic redundancy check (CRC), a checksum, a check digit code, fingerprinting code, lossy compression functions, randomization functions, error-correcting codes, and ciphers. In FIG. **3A**, the function performing the error detecting function is shown by **306**. The function takes in the pixels defining the area **302** as inputs and performs the error detecting on the area **302**. The function then outputs a value **308** based on the computations performed by the error detection. The value **308** can be a number. The value **308** can represent the GUI screen. In aspects, the value **308** can be made more user friendly by classifying it and mapping it to a textual description of the GUI screen. For example, a “Welcome” screen can be represented by the numerical value of “2572461359”. In aspects, this value **308** can be translated to a textual description of what the GUI screen represents, which in this case is the “Welcome” screen. Thus, instead of referring to the GUI screen by its value **308** in scripts, it can be referred to as “Welcome Screen” or something similar to make it more user friendly when writing scripts to correct errors associated with the screen.

[0054] In aspects, once the value **308** is obtained, it can be matched/compared to a known value **312** for a GUI screen. The matching/comparing is to determine if the value **308** matches the known value **312** such that the GUI screen displayed is displaying what is expected to be displayed. The known value **312** can represent the expected GUI screen. For example, in FIG. **3B**, the known value **312** is shown as “2572461359,” and can represent the “Welcome” screen. If the value **308** matches the known value **312**, a signal and/or message can be generated indicating that no error correction is needed because the GUI screen is showing what it is supposed to show, which is the “Welcome” screen. In aspects, the signal and/or message can be sent to a log file or displayed to an administrator implementing the system. In FIG. **3B**, function call **316** is an example function that can generate the signal and/or message.

[0055] FIGS. **4A** and **4B** show a scenario where the GUI screen does not match the expected screen. Thus, in this case the value **308** does not match the known value **312**, thus indicating that the ring scanner **112** is in an error state. As a result, the “else” portion of the if-else statement shown in FIGS. **3B** and **4B** is invoked, and a script **402** is executed in an attempt to correct the error. For example, the script **402** can attempt to correct the error shown by attempting to recover the “Welcome” screen, that is expected. In aspects, the script **402** can be customized to perform such a recovery. In aspects, in order to recover the “Welcome” screen, script **402** can perform one or more actions. The one or more actions can include at least deleting, reinstalling, pausing, or restarting software programs to recover the “Welcome” screen. In aspects, the script **402** can perform the one or more actions in a specific or pre-defined sequence. The script **402** can be written with various error scenarios in mind such that it can account for the various types of errors that may exist. For example, the script **402** may detect a particular type of error by taking the value **308** in as an input variable and matching it to known error states by comparing the value **308** to values for various error screens. If a match is found, the script **402** can determine what actions to take to resolve the error.

[0056] In aspects, the script **402** can be interactive. For example, the script **402** can interact with an administrator of the system by prompting the administrator to provide additional input before the script **402** can perform the error correction. For example, the script **402** can prompt the administrator to provide additional information about data or a location of data that is needed before it can perform the error correction. For example, the script **402** can request the administrator provide a location of error logs so that the script **402** can parse the error logs to look for specific

data related to the error displayed. The script **402** can also request a number of days of error logs to look through, or a specific error code to look for, etc.

[0057] In aspects, in the situation where an error is detected, similar to the scenario where no error is detected, a signal and/or message can be generated and sent to a log file or displayed to an administrator implementing the system indicating an error is detected. In FIG. **4B**, function call **404** is an example function that can generate the signal and/or message.

[0058] It has been discovered that the above embodiments provide a novel way to detect and correct errors in that they only use the GUI screens to detect whether the mobile device is in an error state through segmenting any given GUI screen to determine what the screen indicates, and whether the GUI screen maps to an expected screen. The novelty lies in that the embodiments implement a way to resolve the outstanding issues of relieving the burden on help desk/IT professionals to resolve errors, and they do so in an independent and autonomous way. The embodiments avoid using OS components that may be restricted. Thus, the system, method, and non-transitory computer readable media can be detached from dependencies needed for error detection (e.g., can be independent of the OS to detect errors). This is a benefit because error detection and correction can be done as a self-contained process and can be wholly controlled by the administrator of the system via the MDM software of the mobile device.

Methods of Operation

[0059] FIG. **5** shows a method **500** of operating the system, according to aspects. As shown in step **502**, method **500** includes defining, by one or more computing devices of a mobile device (e.g., processor **202** of ring scanner **112**), an area **302** on a graphical user interface (GUI) screen of the mobile device, wherein the area **302** is defined by a number of pixels within the area **302**. At step **504** a cyclic redundancy check can be performed on the area **502** to obtain a value **308** representing the GUI screen. At step **506** it can be determined if the value **308** matches an expected value of an expected GUI screen of the mobile device. If determined that the GUI screen does not match the expected GUI screen a script **402** is executed to perform an error correction, as shown in step **508**. If determined that the GUI screen does match the expected GUI screen a message and/or signal can be generated indicating no error correction is necessary, as shown in step **510**. The operations of method **500** can be performed by ring scanner **112** in accordance with aspects described above.

[0060] The above detailed description and aspects of the disclosed embodiments are not intended to be exhaustive or to limit the disclosed embodiments to the precise form disclosed above. While specific examples are described above for illustrative purposes, various equivalent modifications are possible within the scope of the disclosure, as those skilled in the relevant art will recognize. For example, while processes and methods are presented in a given order, alternative implementations may perform routines having steps, or employ systems having processes or methods, in a different order, and some processes or methods may be deleted, moved, added, subdivided, combined, or modified to provide alternative or sub-combinations. Each of these processes or methods may be implemented in a variety of different ways. Also, while processes or methods are at times shown as being performed in series, these processes or blocks may instead be performed or implemented in parallel, or may be performed at different times.

[0061] The resulting system, method, non-transitory computer readable media is cost-effective, highly versatile, and accurate, and may be implemented by adapting components for ready, efficient, and economical manufacturing, application, and utilization. Another important aspect of an aspect of the present disclosure is that it valuably supports and services the historical trend of reducing costs, simplifying systems, and increasing performance.

[0062] These and other valuable aspects of the aspects of the present disclosure consequently further the state of the technology to at least the next level. While the disclosed aspects have been described as the best mode of implementing the embodiments, it is to be understood that many alternatives, modifications, and variations will be apparent to those skilled in the art in light of the descriptions herein. Accordingly, it is intended to embrace all such alternatives, modifications, and

variations that fall within the scope of the included claims. All matters set forth herein or shown in the accompanying drawings are to be interpreted in an illustrative and non-limiting sense.

Claims

- 1.** A computer implemented method for error detection and correction comprising: for a plurality of mobile devices: receiving, by each mobile device of the plurality of mobile devices and from device management server, a script to manage each mobile device, wherein the script: defines an area on a graphical user interface (GUI) screen of each mobile device of the plurality of mobile devices, wherein the area is defined by a number of pixels within the area; performs an error detecting function on the area to obtain a value representing the GUI screen; determines whether the value matches an expected value generated by applying the error detecting function to an expected GUI screen of each mobile device; and when the value is determined not to match the expected value, deletes, reinstalls, pauses, or restarts software programs on each mobile device to perform an error correction; and executing, by each mobile device, the script.
- 2.** The method of claim 1, further comprising: when the value is determined to match the expected value, generating a signal indicating no error correction is necessary.
- 3.** The method of claim 1, wherein the error detecting function comprises: a cyclic redundancy check (CRC), a checksum, a check digit code, fingerprinting code, lossy compression functions, randomization functions, error-correcting codes, or ciphers.
- 4.** The method of claim 1, wherein the script is interactive.
- 5.** The method of claim 4, wherein the script is configured to: prompt an administrator for an input; and the input is used to perform the error correction.
- 6.** The method of claim 1, wherein the plurality of mobile devices comprise: ring scanners, mobile phones, or tablet computers.
- 7.** The method of claim 1, further comprising classifying the value by mapping the value to a textual description of the GUI screen.
- 8.** A non-transitory computer readable medium storing instructions for error detection and correction, that when executed by each mobile device of a plurality of mobile devices, cause each mobile device to perform operations comprising: receiving a script to manage each mobile device, wherein the script: defines an area on a graphical user interface (GUI) screen of each mobile device of the plurality of mobile devices, wherein the area is defined by a number of pixels within the area; performs an error detecting function on the area to obtain a value representing the GUI screen; determines whether the value matches an expected value generated by applying the error detecting function to an expected GUI screen of each mobile device; and when the value is determined not to match the expected value, deletes, reinstalls, pauses, or restarts software programs on each mobile device to perform an error correction; and executing, by each mobile device, the script.
- 9.** The non-transitory computer readable medium of claim 8, wherein the operations further comprise: when the value is determined to match the expected value, generating a signal indicating no error correction is necessary.
- 10.** The non-transitory computer readable medium of claim 8, wherein the error detecting function comprises: a cyclic redundancy check (CRC), a checksum, a check digit code, fingerprinting code, lossy compression functions, randomization functions, error-correcting codes, or ciphers.
- 11.** The non-transitory computer readable medium of claim 8, wherein the script is interactive.
- 12.** The non-transitory computer readable medium of claim 11, wherein the script is configured to: prompt an administrator for an input; and the input is used to perform the error correction.
- 13.** The non-transitory computer readable medium of claim 8, wherein the plurality of mobile devices comprise: ring scanners, mobile phones, or tablet computers.
- 14.** The non-transitory computer readable medium of claim 8, further comprising classifying the

value by mapping the value to a textual description of the GUI screen.

15. A mobile device comprising: a memory storing instructions; and one or more processors, coupled to the memory, configured to process the stored instructions to: receive a script to manage the mobile device, wherein the script: defines an area on a graphical user interface (GUI) screen of the mobile device of the plurality of mobile devices, wherein the area is defined by a number of pixels within the area; performs an error detecting function on the area to obtain a value representing the GUI screen; determines whether the value matches an expected value generated by applying the error detecting function to an expected GUI screen of the mobile device; and when the value is determined not to match the expected value, deletes, reinstalls, pauses, or restarts software programs on the mobile device to perform an error correction; and executes the script.

16. The mobile device of claim 15, wherein the error detecting function comprises: a cyclic redundancy check (CRC), a checksum, a check digit code, fingerprinting code, lossy compression functions, randomization functions, error-correcting codes, or ciphers.

17. The mobile device of claim 15, wherein the script is interactive.

18. The mobile device of claim 17, wherein the script is configured to: prompt an administrator for an input; and the input is used to perform the error correction.

19. The mobile device of claim 15, wherein the mobile device is: a ring scanner, a mobile phone, or a tablet computer.

20. The mobile device of claim 15, further comprising classifying the value by mapping the value to a textual description of the GUI screen.
