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United States Patent

Kind Code

B2

Date of Patent

Inventor(s)

12384180

B2

August 12, 2025

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Openable cover automatic opening mechanism and printing device

Abstract

An openable cover automatic opening mechanism includes a lever rotatable about a rotation fulcrum, a locking section that is positioned at one end of the lever and that maintains the openable cover, which is in a closed state and which receives an opening force, in the closed state by locking with the openable cover, and a power receiving section positioned at the other end of the lever for contacting the horizontally moving carriage to receive power of the carriage. The lever rotates when the carriage comes into contact with and presses the power receiving section, and releases maintenance of the closed state of the openable cover by the locking section.

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Appl. No.: 18/065286

Filed: December 13, 2022

Prior Publication Data

Document IdentifierUS 20230191812 A1

Publication Date
Jun. 22, 2023

Foreign Application Priority Data

JP 2021-204508 Dec. 16, 2021

Publication Classification

Int. Cl.: B41J29/13 (20060101)

U.S. Cl.:

CPC **B41J29/13** (20130101);

Field of Classification Search

CPC: B41J (29/13)

USPC: 400/691-693; 347/108

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Background/Summary

(1) The present application is based on, and claims priority from JP Application Serial Number 2021-204508, filed Dec. 16, 2021, the disclosure of which is hereby incorporated by reference herein in its entirety.

BACKGROUND

- 1. Technical Field
- (2) The present disclosure relates to an openable cover automatic opening mechanism and a printing device including the same.
- 2. Related Art
- (3) An example of this type of openable cover automatic opening mechanism is disclosed in JP-A-2007-161369. JP-A-2007-161369 describes automatic opening of the front cover using a solenoid operated by passage of electric current.
- (4) The arrangement described in JP-A-2007-161369 uses a solenoid, which is costly and prevents

space savings.

SUMMARY

- (5) In order to overcome the above-described problem, an openable cover automatic opening mechanism according to the present disclosure includes a lever rotatable about a rotation fulcrum, a locking section that is positioned at one end of the lever and that maintains an openable cover, which is in a closed state and which receives a force in an opening direction, in the closed state by locking with the openable cover, and a power receiving section that is positioned at another end of the lever and that contacts a carriage moving in a horizontal direction in order to receive power of the carriage, wherein the lever is rotated by the carriage contacting and pressing the power receiving section, and releases maintenance of the closed state of the openable cover by the locking section.
- (6) A printing device according to the present disclosure includes a print head mounted on a carriage, an openable cover that receives a force in an opening direction, and (7) the above described openable cover automatic opening mechanism.

Description

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

- (1) FIG. **1** is an external perspective view of a printing device according to a first embodiment.
- (2) FIG. **2** is an external perspective view of a state in which an openable cover is opened in a first embodiment.
- (3) FIG. **3** is an overall plan view showing main sections inside of the first embodiment.
- (4) FIG. **4** is an enlarged perspective view of main sections of the first embodiment as viewed obliquely from the rear.
- (5) FIG. **5** is an enlarged perspective view of main sections of the first embodiment as viewed obliquely from the front.
- (6) FIG. **6** is an enlarged plan view of main sections of a lever portion of the first embodiment.
- (7) FIG. **7** is a schematic enlarged side sectional view of main sections of a power receiving section of the first embodiment.
- (8) FIG. **8** is an enlarged side sectional view of the openable cover of the first embodiment.
- (9) FIGS. **9**A and **9**B are perspective views of main sections of a sensor portion of the first embodiment.
- (10) FIG. **10** is a schematic view of a structure in which a wall member is retractably provided in front of the lever of the first embodiment.
- (11) FIG. **11** is a graph showing a threshold value of a current value for controlling a movement range of a carriage in the first embodiment.

DESCRIPTION OF EMBODIMENTS

- (12) The present disclosure will be described briefly.
- (13) In order to overcome the above-described problem, an openable cover automatic opening mechanism according to a first aspect of the present disclosure includes a lever rotatable about a rotation fulcrum, a locking section that is positioned at one end of the lever and that maintains an openable cover, which is in a closed state and which receives a force in an opening direction, in the closed state by locking with the openable cover, and a power receiving section that is positioned at another end of the lever and that receives power of a carriage by contacting the carriage moving in a horizontal direction, wherein the lever is rotated by the carriage contacting and pressing the power receiving section, and releases maintenance of the closed state of the openable cover by the locking section.
- (14) According to this aspect, the lever is rotated by the carriage contacting and pressing the power receiving section and, by this rotation, releases maintenance of the closed state of the openable

cover by the locking section. By this release, the openable cover receives the force F in the opening direction, so the openable cover is shifted from the closed state to the open state by the action of the force. Therefore, since using the power of the carriage makes it unnecessary to add new power, it is possible to realize cost reduction and space saving of the mechanism for automatically opening the openable cover.

- (15) An openable cover automatic opening mechanism according to a second aspect of the present disclosure is the openable cover automatic opening mechanism of the first aspect, wherein the force in the opening direction is generated by a self weight moment toward an opening side of the openable cover.
- (16) According to this aspect, since the openable cover has a self weight moment toward the opening side, when the locked state by the locking section is released, the openable cover shifts from the closed state to the open state by the self weight. Thus, it is not necessary to provide a mechanism for performing the opening operation of the openable cover, and cost reduction can be realized.
- (17) An openable cover automatic opening mechanism according to a third aspect of the present disclosure is the openable cover automatic opening mechanism of the first aspect or the second aspect, further including a sensor for detecting an opened state and a closed state of the openable cover.
- (18) According to this aspect, there is provided a sensor for detecting the opened state and the closed state of the openable cover. As a result, it is possible to eliminate an unnecessary movement such as operating the automatic opening mechanism in a state where the openable cover is already opened, thereby improving usability.
- (19) An openable cover automatic opening mechanism according to a fourth aspect of the present disclosure is the openable cover automatic opening mechanism of any one of the first aspect to the third aspect, wherein the power receiving section of the lever is a slide section that slides by being pushed by the carriage.
- (20) According to this aspect, the power receiving section of the lever is a slide section that slides by being pushed by the carriage. By this, since the lever receives the power of the carriage in such a manner that the slide section slides, the power of the carriage can be effectively utilized.
- (21) An openable cover automatic opening mechanism according to a fifth aspect of the present disclosure is the openable cover automatic opening mechanism of the fourth aspect, wherein the slide section has a contacting protrusion for contacting the carriage and when the slide section is pushed by the carriage, the contacting protrusion enters a contacting recess of the carriage.
- (22) According to this aspect, when the slide section is pushed by the carriage, the contacting protrusion of the slide section enters a contacting recess of the carriage. By this, the slide section easily moves integrally with the carriage, and it is possible to reduce a concern that the slide section is caught in the carriage.
- (23) A printing device according to a sixth aspect of the disclosure is a printing device including a print head mounted on a carriage and an openable cover that receives a force in an opening direction, the printing device including the openable cover automatic opening mechanism according to any one of the first aspect to the fifth aspect.
- (24) According to this aspect, it is possible to obtain the above-described effects of the first aspect to the fifth aspect as the printing device.
- (25) A printing device according to a seventh aspect of the disclosure is the printing device of the sixth aspect, wherein the carriage reciprocally moves when printing is performed and the automatic opening mechanism is located outside the range of reciprocating movement of the carriage.
- (26) According to this aspect, since the automatic opening mechanism is located outside the range of the reciprocating movement of the carriage, the automatic opening mechanism exists independently of a normal printing operation of the printing device. That is, it is possible to provide the automatic opening mechanism in the printing device without influencing the structure for

- executing the printing operation, and it is possible to easily make models with and without the automatic opening mechanism.
- (27) A printing device according to an eighth aspect of the disclosure is the printing device of the sixth aspect or the seventh aspect, wherein opening the openable cover enables operation of at least one of a discharge tray for receiving print medium or a feed cassette for storing print medium.
- (28) According to this aspect, it is possible to reduce the risk of occurrence of damage, failure, or the like due to unintentional contact with the discharge tray that receives print medium or a feed cassette for storing print medium.
- (29) A printing device according to a ninth aspect of the disclosure is the printing device of any one of the sixth aspect to the eighth aspect, wherein when a closed state of the openable cover is detected, an operation of stopping printing and releasing the closed state of the openable cover is performed.
- (30) According to this aspect, even if the openable cover is closed during the printing operation, the openable cover can be opened after the printing operation is stopped.
- (31) A printing device according to a tenth aspect of the disclosure is the printing device of any of the sixth aspect to the eighth aspect, wherein an operation of releasing maintenance of the closed state of the openable cover is performed after a main switch of the printing device is turned on and before a printing operation is started.
- (32) According to this aspect, since the operation of releasing the maintenance of the closed state of the openable cover is executed at an appropriate timing, it is possible to not have the openable cover open unintentionally.

First Embodiment

- (33) Hereinafter, an openable cover automatic opening mechanism and a printing device including the same according to the first embodiment will be described in detail with reference to FIGS. **1** to **9**B.
- (34) In the following description, three axes orthogonal to each other are referred to as an X axis, a Y axis, and a Z axis, respectively, as shown in the drawings. The Z-axis direction corresponds to a vertical direction, that is, a direction in which gravity acts. The X-axis direction and the Y-axis direction correspond to horizontal directions. In the drawings, directions indicated by arrows of the three axes (X, Y, and Z) are positive directions of the respective directions.
- (35) As shown in FIGS. 1 to 3, the printing device 1 according to the present embodiment is provided with an openable cover automatic opening mechanism 3 (FIG. 3). The printing device 1 includes a print head 65 that performs printing on medium P, and includes a carriage 15 that moves in a direction intersecting the transport direction of medium P. FIG. 2 shows a state in which an openable cover 5 located on the front side (+Y direction) of the printing device 1 is open, and a state in which the discharge tray 7 accommodated inside the apparatus is drawn out. A discharge tray 7 that receives a medium P (hereinafter, also referred to as "print medium P") can be operated by opening the openable cover 5. Further, a feed cassette (not shown) for storing the print medium may be configured to be operated.
- (36) It should be noted that the printing device **1** is a multi-function machine in which an inkjet printer **2** is located on the lower side and a scanner unit **4** is located on the upper side. The openable cover **5** is disposed at a position adjacent to an ink tank **12** of the printing device **1**. The ink tank **12** can be filled with ink.
- (37) As shown in FIGS. **4** to **7**, the openable cover automatic opening mechanism **3** includes a lever **11** rotatable about a rotation fulcrum **9**, a locking section **13** that is positioned at one end of the lever **11** and that maintains the openable cover **5**, which is in a closed state and which receives an opening force F (FIGS. **1** and **8**), in the closed state by locking with the openable cover **5**, and a power receiving section **17** located at the other end of the lever **11** for receiving power of the carriage **15** by contacting the horizontally moving carriage **15** (FIG. **7**).
- (38) The lever **11** is configured to rotate when the carriage **15** comes into contact with and presses

- the power receiving section **17**, and to release maintenance of the closed state of the openable cover **5** by the locking section **13**.
- (39) Each component will be described in detail below.
- (40) Lever of Automatic Opening Mechanism
- (41) In the present embodiment, as shown in FIGS. **4** to **6**, the lever **11** has a shape extending in the Y-axis direction, which is a horizontal direction.
- (42) One end of the lever **11** has a locking section **13** for locking with a lock section **18** (FIGS. **2** to **4** and **6**) of the openable cover **5** while in the closed state. Note that FIG. **6** shows a state in which the locking section **13** of the lever **11** is disengaged from the lock section **18** of the openable cover **5**. The locking section **13** is formed in a convex curved surface shape, with the –X direction as the direction in which it protrudes, and is formed by integral molding with a resin locking section body **20**, which extends in the Y-axis direction. The locking section **13** is provided on a side surface of the +Y direction tip end portion of the locking section body **20**.
- (43) The power receiving section **17** for receiving the power of the moving carriage **15** is provided at the other end of the lever **11**. In the present embodiment, the power receiving section **17** is constituted by a slide section **19** that slides by being pushed by the carriage **15**. The slide section **19** includes two portions **19***a* and **19***b* whose bottom surfaces are guided by two guide grooves **22** and **24**, respectively, (FIG. **5**) in the bottom surface of the frame **30**. The two portions **19***a* and **19***b* of the slide section **19** are integrally connected to each other and integrally move in the X direction, which is the movement direction of the carriage **15**.
- (44) The slide section **19***a* guided by the guide groove **22** is configured as the power receiving section **17**.
- (45) In this embodiment, the slide section **19***b* guided by the guide groove **24** is connected to the locking section body **20** via a power transmission shaft **26** made of metal. One end **6** (FIG. **6**) of the power transmission shaft **26** is integrally connected and fixed to the proximal end **10** of the locking section body **20**, and the other end **8** is inserted into the recess **28** of the slide section **19***b* and is connected in a non-fixed state in contact with the inner surface of the recessed portion **28**.
- (46) When the integrated slide section **19***b* is moved in the –X direction by the slide section **19***a* being pushed by the carriage **15**, the other end **8** of the power transmission shaft **26** moves in a state of being in contact with the inner surface of the recess **28**. By this, the lever **11** can rotate with respect to the rotation fulcrum **9**. That is, the linear motion of the carriage **15** in the horizontal direction is converted into the rotational motion of the lever **11** and transmitted.
- (47) Rotation Structure of the Lever of the Automatic Opening Mechanism
- (48) The lever **11** is rotatably attached in a horizontal plane on a rotation fulcrum shaft **58**, which makes the rotation fulcrum **9**. The rotation fulcrum **9** is constituted by the axial center of the rotation fulcrum shaft **58**. In the present embodiment, the rotation fulcrum shaft **58** is fixed to the lower plate **14** and the upper plate **16**, which are device structural members, oriented extending in the vertical direction.
- (49) The locking section body **20** of the lever **11** is positioned on an upper surface **32** of the upper plate **16**, and a bottom part of the base proximal end **10** is rotatably connected to the rotation fulcrum shaft **58**. A through hole **34** (FIG. **4**) is formed in the upper plate **16** near the locking section **13**, and a protrusion **36** provided on the locking section body **20** is inserted into the through hole **34** in a penetrating state. The through hole **34** is formed to have a size and a shape that allow the locking section body **20** to rotate around the rotation fulcrum **9** at the proximal end **10** side. (50) A helical torsion spring **38** (FIG. **4**) is provided between the lower plate **14** and the upper plate **16**, and one end **40** of the helical torsion spring **38** is locked in the protrusion **36** of the locking section body **20**. By this, the locking section body **20** is configured to receive spring force of the helical torsion spring **38** and rotate in a direction in which the locking section **13** locks to the lock section **18** of the openable cover **5**.
- (51) As shown in FIG. 7, in the present embodiment, the slide section 19a has a contacting

- protrusion **21** for contacting the carriage **15**, and the carriage **15** is provided with a contacting recess **23** at a position that comes into contact with the contacting protrusion **21**. When the slide section **19***a* of the lever **11** is pushed by the carriage **15**, the contacting protrusion **21** enters the contacting recess **23**, and the slide section **19***a* is easily moved integrally with the carriage **15**. (52) Further, as shown in FIG. **8**, in the present embodiment, the openable cover **5** is formed to have a self weight moment toward the opening side. Specifically, the position of the center of gravity G of the openable cover **5** is set with respect to the opening and closing movement fulcrum **42** so that the openable cover **5** opens by its own weight.
- (53) That is, since the force F in the opening direction is generated by the self weight of the openable cover **5**, when the closing state of the openable cover **5** is released, the openable cover **5** opens automatically by operation of the self weight.
- (54) The force F in the opening direction is not limited to a structure using the self weight moment. For example, the force F in the opening direction may be applied using the elasticity of a spring. (55) As shown in FIGS. **9**A and **9**B, in the present embodiment, a sensor **25** is provided for detecting an opened state and a closed state of the openable cover **5**. In this case, the sensor **25** is composed of an operation piece **27** provided on the inner surface of the openable cover **5** and a detection piece **29** provided on a device structural member of the printing device **1** in a state of being pressed in the outward direction.
- (56) FIG. **9**A corresponds to a state in which the detection of the sensor **25** is in an OFF state. That is, since the operation piece **27** does not push against the detection piece **29**, the sensor **25** detects that the openable cover **5** is open. A range in which the sensor **25** detects that the openable cover **5** is open is set to an angle at which the discharged print medium will not jam even if the opening of the openable cover **5** stops halfway. Here, the angle is set to 70 degree.
- (57) FIG. **9**B corresponds to a state in which the detection of the sensor **25** is in an ON state. That is, since the operation piece **27** pushes against the detection piece **29**, the sensor **25** detects that the openable cover **5** is closed.
- (58) In the present embodiment, the operation of releasing maintenance of the closed state of the openable cover **5** is controlled to be executed after the main switch of the printing device **1** is turned on and before a printing operation is started. The controller (not shown) is configured to execute the releasing operation as triggered by a main switch of the printing device **1** turning ON. (59) That is, the operation of releasing the maintenance of the closed state of the openable cover **5** is executed at an appropriate timing.
- (60) Alternatively, when the closed state of the openable cover **5** is detected, the printing operation may be stopped, and an operation of releasing the closed state of the openable cover **5** may be performed. Even if the openable cover **5** is closed during the printing operation, the openable cover **5** can be opened after the printing operation is stopped, and the printing operation can be resumed. (61) In addition, in the present embodiment, the carriage **15** reciprocally moves when printing is performed, and the openable cover automatic opening mechanism **3** is positioned outside the range W of the reciprocation of the carriage **15**.
- (62) Specifically, as shown in FIG. **3**, the openable cover automatic opening mechanism **3** is disposed outside the range W of the reciprocating movement of the carriage **15** when the carriage **15** performs printing. That is, the automatic opening mechanism **3** is provided in the printing device **1** so as not to influence the structure for executing the printing operation.
- (63) Movement of Carriage is Regulated by Wall Member
- (64) As shown in FIG. **10**, in the present embodiment, a wall member **44** is provided in front of the power receiving section **17** of the lever **11**, that is, in front of the slide section **19***a*, so as to be able to protrude and retract in the vertical direction. When the carriage **15** is moved to operate the automatic opening mechanism **3** to open the openable cover **5**, the wall member **44** is in a retracted state, that is, lowered downward out of the way.
- (65) On the other hand, when the automatic opening mechanism 3 is not operated, the wall member

- **44** is in the protruding state, that is, in the raised position. For example, in a case where the carriage **15** is moved in order to detect the position of the carriage **15**, the position detection is performed by bringing the carriage **15** into contact with the wall member **44**. In this case, since the carriage **15** touches the wall member **44** but does not touch the power receiving section **17** of the lever **11**, it is possible to reduce the possibility of the automatic opening mechanism **3** being unintentionally operated.
- (66) The wall member **44** can be projected and retracted using a power source such as a motor included in the printing device **1**. Reference numeral **65** denotes a print head.
- (67) Movement Range of Carriage Controlled According to Current Value
- (68) FIG. **11** is a graph showing a threshold value of a current value for controlling the movement range of the carriage **15**. The horizontal axis represents a movement distance D of the carriage **15** from the origin, and the vertical axis represents the current value I flowing to the carriage **15**.
- (69) When the carriage **15** starts to move from the origin and comes into contact with the power receiving section **17** of the lever **11** of the automatic opening mechanism **3**, the carriage **15** moves against the spring force of the helical torsion spring **38**, so that the current value I flowing through the carriage **15** starts to increase. Reference numeral **46** in the drawing indicates a change in the current value I flowing through the carriage **15** at that time.
- (70) Reference numeral **56** denotes a position of the carriage **15** at which the maintenance of the closed state of the openable cover **5** is released, that is, a position at which the locking section **13** of the lever **11** is disengaged from the lock section **18** and the openable cover **5** starts to shift to the open state. Reference numeral **50** denotes a first threshold value, and reference numeral **48** denotes a second threshold value. The first threshold value **50** is set in a region **52** from a position where the carriage **15** comes into contact with the power receiving section **17** of the lever **11** to the position **56** where the openable cover **5** starts to open, and the second threshold value **48** is set in a region **54** after the openable cover **5** starts to open.
- (71) As can be understood from FIG. **11**, the region **52** is a region in which the carriage **15** is in contact with the power receiving section **17** of the lever **11** in a portion closer to the origin before the position **56**, but the rotation amount of the lever **11** is still small, and the openable cover **5** is maintained in the closed state. The first threshold value **50** set in the region **52** can be used to detect the position of the carriage **15** without causing the automatic opening mechanism **3** to operate. In FIG. **10**, detection of the position of the carriage **15** is performed by bringing the carriage **15** into contact with the wall member **44**, but in FIG. **11**, detection is performed by detecting a first threshold value **50**.
- (72) On the other hand, since the openable cover **5** starts to open in the region **54**, the second threshold value **48** set in the region **54** can be used to detect the open state of the openable cover **5**. (73) Operation of Openable Cover Automatic Opening Mechanism
- (74) In a state shown in FIG. **1** where the openable cover **5** is closed, first, the carriage **15** moves in the –X direction, comes into contact with and further pushes the power receiving section **17** on the slide section **19***a* of the lever **11**. The lever **11** receives the power of the movement of the carriage in the –X direction, and rotates around the rotation fulcrum **9**. By this rotation of the lever **11**, the locking section **13** of the lever **11** is disengaged from the lock section **18** of the openable cover **5**. Thereafter, the openable cover **5** opens under by its own weight to reach the state shown in FIG. **2**. In FIG. **2**, the discharge tray **7** is further pulled out.

Description of Effects of the Embodiment

(75) (1) According to the automatic opening mechanism **3** of the present embodiment, the lever **11** rotates when the carriage **15** comes into contact with and presses the power receiving section **17**, and rotation of the lever **11** releases maintenance of the closed state of the openable cover **5** by the locking section **13**. By this release, the openable cover **5** receives the force F in the opening direction, so the openable cover **5** is shifted from the closed state to the open state by the action of the force F. Therefore, since using the power of the carriage **15** makes it unnecessary to add new

- power, it is possible to realize cost reduction and space saving of the mechanism for automatically opening the openable cover **5**.
- (76) (2) According to the present embodiment, since the openable cover **5** has a self weight moment toward the opening side, when the locked state by the locking section **13** is released, the openable cover **5** shifts from the closed state to the open state by the self weight. Thus, it is not necessary to provide a mechanism for performing the opening operation of the openable cover **5**, and cost reduction can be realized.
- (77) (3) Further, according to the present embodiment, a sensor **25** is provided for detecting an opened an opened state and a closed state of the openable cover **5**. As a result, it is possible to eliminate an unnecessary movement such as operating the automatic opening mechanism **3** in a state where the openable cover **5** is already opened, thereby improving usability.
- (78) (4) According to the embodiment, the power receiving section **17** of the lever **11** is the slide section **19** (**19***a*, **19***b*), which slides by being pushed by the carriage **15**. By this, since the lever **11** receives the power of the carriage **15** in such a manner that the slide section **19** slides, the power of the carriage **15** can be effectively utilized.
- (79) (5) According to the embodiment, when the slide section **19***a* is pushed by the carriage **15**, the contacting protrusion **21** of the slide section **19***a* enters the contacting recess **23** of the carriage **15**. By this, the slide section **19***a* easily moves integrally with the carriage **15**, and it is possible to reduce a concern that the slide section **19***a* is caught in the carriage **15**.
- (80) (6) According to the printing device **1** of the embodiment, the printing head **65** mounted on the carriage **15** and the openable cover **5** receiving the force F in the opening direction are provided, and the openable cover automatic opening mechanism **3** having the configuration described above is provided. Accordingly, it is possible to obtain the respective effects of the automatic opening mechanism **3** described above as the printing device **1**.
- (81) (7) According to the embodiment, the carriage **15** reciprocally moves when printing is performed, and the automatic opening mechanism **3** is positioned outside the range W of the reciprocation of the carriage **15**. As described above, the automatic opening mechanism **3** exists independently of the normal printing operation of the printing device **1**. That is, it is possible to provide the automatic opening mechanism **3** in the printing device **1** without influencing the structure for executing the printing operation, and it is possible to easily make models with and without the automatic opening mechanism **3**.
- (82) (8) According to the present embodiment, by opening the openable cover **5**, the discharge tray **7** or the like for receiving the print medium P can be operated. Accordingly, it is possible to reduce the risk of occurrence of damage, failure, or the like due to unintentional contact with the discharge tray **7** or the like that receives the print medium P.
- (83) (9) According to the present embodiment, when the closed state of the openable cover **5** is detected during a printing operation, the printing operation may be stopped, and an operation of releasing the closed state of the openable cover **5** is performed. Thus, even when the openable cover **5** is closed during the printing operation, the openable cover **5** can be opened after the printing operation is stopped, and the printing operation can be resumed.
- (84) (10) According to the present embodiment, the operation of releasing maintenance of the closed state of the openable cover **5** is after the main switch of the printing device **1** is turned on and before a printing operation is started. Accordingly, since the operation of releasing the maintenance of the closed state of the openable cover **5** is executed at an appropriate timing, it is possible to not have the openable cover **5** open unintentionally.

Other Embodiments

(85) The openable cover automatic opening mechanism **3** and the printing device **1** according to the present disclosure are based on the configuration of the above-described embodiment, but it is of course possible to change or omit a partial configuration without departing from the gist of the present disclosure.

- (86) In the above-described embodiment, the lever **11** is configured by integrally assembling the separate bodies of the locking section body **20** made of resin and the power transmission shaft **26** made of metal, but the locking section body **20** and the power transmission shaft **26** may be formed by integral molding of resin, for example. Further, the slide section **19** may be integrally formed with the lever **11**.
- (87) In the above-described embodiment, the power receiving section **17** is configured as the slide section **19**, but the carriage **15** may be directly brought into contact with the other end **8** of the power transmission shaft **26**. In this case, it is desirable that a structure of a portion which comes into contact with the carriage **15** and receives power is stably brought into contact with the carriage **15**.

Claims

- 1. An openable cover automatic opening mechanism comprising: a lever rotatable about a rotation fulcrum having an axial center, the lever extending in a horizontal direction from a first end to a second end; a locking section that is positioned at the first end of the lever and that maintains an openable cover, which is in a closed state and which receives a force in an opening direction, in the closed state by locking with the openable cover; and a power receiving section that is positioned at the second end of the lever and that receives power of a carriage by contacting the carriage moving in a horizontal direction, a power transmission shaft of the lever being received within a recess of the power receiving section, wherein the lever is rotated about the axial center by the carriage contacting and pressing the power receiving section, and releases maintenance of the closed state of the openable cover by the locking section, the locking section and the power receiving section each being rotated about the axial center of the rotation fulcrum as the lever is rotated about the axial center.
- 2. The openable cover automatic opening mechanism according to claim 1, wherein the force in the opening direction is generated by a self weight moment toward an opening side of the openable cover.
- 3. The openable cover automatic opening mechanism according to claim 1, further comprising: a sensor for detecting an opened state and the closed state of the openable cover.
- 4. The openable cover automatic opening mechanism according to claim 1, wherein the power receiving section of the lever is a slide section that slides by being pushed by the carriage.
- 5. The openable cover automatic opening mechanism according to claim 4, wherein the slide section has a contacting protrusion for contacting the carriage and when the slide section is pushed by the carriage, the contacting protrusion enters a contacting recess of the carriage.
- 6. A printing device comprising: a print head mounted on a carriage; an openable cover that receives a force in an opening direction; and the openable cover automatic opening mechanism according to claim 1.
- 7. The printing device according to claim 6, wherein the carriage reciprocally moves when printing is performed and the automatic opening mechanism is located outside a range of reciprocating movement of the carriage.
- 8. The printing device according to claim 6, wherein opening the openable cover enables operation of at least one of a discharge tray for receiving print medium or a feed cassette for storing print medium.
- 9. The printing device according to claim 6, wherein when the closed state of the openable cover is detected, an operation of stopping printing and releasing the closed state of the openable cover is performed.
- 10. The printing device according to claim 6, wherein an operation of releasing maintenance of the