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Adjustable tray stacker/destacker assembly

Abstract

Assemblies, systems, and methods for stacking, destacking, or stacking and destacking a plurality of trays that includes a conveyor having a first rail and a second rail; a lift subassembly configured to stack or destack a plurality of trays having predetermined dimensions, the lift subassembly comprising a first set of arms slidably coupled to a lift plate; a second set of arms slidably coupled to the lift plate; and a bracket configured to slidably couple the lift subassembly to the first rail and the second rail, wherein the first rail, the second rail, or the first and second rails are adjustable along the bracket of the lift subassembly to correspond to the predetermined dimensions of the plurality of trays, and wherein each of the first and second sets of arms are independently adjustable to correspond to the predetermined dimensions of the plurality of trays.

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Background/Summary

REFERENCED APPLICATIONS (1) The present patent application claims the benefit of U.S. Provisional Patent Application Ser. No. 63/464,088 filed on May 4, 2023 and entitled "Adjustable Tray Stacker/Destacker", the disclosure of which is hereby incorporated by reference herein in its entirety and made part of the present U.S. utility patent application for all purposes.

TECHNICAL FIELD

(1) The present disclosure relates generally to manufacturing and production systems and processes for stacking/destacking trays and other containers, and more specifically to adjustable apparatuses, systems, and methods for stacking and/or destacking trays and containers of different sizes and dimensions.

BACKGROUND OF DISCLOSURE

- (2) Using machines to stack and destack trays and other containers are well known in the art. Such stackable containers may be compartmentalized to segregate individual components in known positions or configured to contain loose parts or fluids. Focused industries have developed standardized parts trays used across multiple processes, including, for example, Society for Laboratory Automation and Screening (SLAS) standard microplates for pharmaceutical and biological fluid handling, Joint Electron Device Engineering Council (JEDEC) standard trays for small electronics assembly, and stackable optical trays used for eyeglass lens processing. Other industries use trays which are of a common construction but custom-sized for each application. These are often variously described as trays, pallets, boats, carriers, frames, etc. Assembly parts themselves may be shaped such that they are stackable for ease in handling. Prior art stacking/destacking systems and devices offer limited flexibility, as they typically employ built-to-size components and/or are generally configured for use with specific, standardized trays. Examples of prior art tray stackers are illustrated in U.S. Pat. Nos. 7,637,712; 6,846,153; 6,241,458; 4,865,515; 4,247,238; 3,718,267; and 3,658,194, which are all fully incorporated by reference herein.
- (3) While conventional stacker/destacker systems are effective, the use of built-to-size components and specific, standardized trays increases expense and lowers productivity in the tray stacking/destacking process. For example, if non-standard trays or multiple trays of different sizes and dimensions are to be used, it can be cumbersome and expensive to reconfigure the stacking/destacking systems to accommodate the same.
- (4) Accordingly, there remains an ongoing need for an adjustable stacker/destacker assembly that can accommodate different types, sizes, and dimensions of containers and trays. SUMMARY OF DISCLOSURE
- (5) The present disclosure is directed to manufacturing and production systems and processes for stacking/destacking trays and other containers, and more specifically to adjustable apparatuses, systems, and methods for stacking and/or destacking trays and containers of different sizes and dimensions. In particular, the present disclosure is directed to assemblies, systems, and methods for stacking, destacking, or stacking and destacking a plurality of trays that includes a conveyor having a first rail and a second rail; a lift subassembly that is configured to stack or destack a plurality of trays that have predetermined dimensions; and wherein the lift subassembly includes a first set of arms that are slidably coupled to a lift plate; a second set of arms that ae slidably coupled to the lift plate; and a bracket that is configured to slidably couple the lift subassembly to the first rail and the second rail; and wherein the first and/or second rails are adjustable along the bracket of the lift subassembly so as to correspond to the predetermined dimensions of the plurality of trays; and wherein one or both of the first and second sets of arms are independently adjustable to correspond to the predetermined dimensions of the plurality of trays.
- (6) In one non-limiting aspect of the present disclosure, there is provided an assembly that includes a conveyor that has a first rail and a second rail; a lift subassembly that is configured to stack or destack a plurality of trays that have predetermined dimensions; and wherein the lift subassembly includes a first set of arms that are slidably coupled to a lift plate; a second set of arms slidably that are coupled to the lift plate; and a bracket that is configured to slidably couple the lift subassembly to the first rail and the second rail; and wherein both the first and second rails are adjustable along the bracket of the lift subassembly so as to correspond to the predetermined dimensions of the plurality of trays; and wherein each of the first and second sets of arms is independently adjustable to correspond to the predetermined dimensions of the plurality of trays.
- (7) In another and/or alternative non-limiting aspect of the present disclosure, there is provided an assembly that optionally further includes a second lift subassembly that is configured to stack or destack the plurality of trays; and wherein the second lift subassembly includes a first set of arms that are slidably coupled to a lift plate; a second set of arms that are slidably coupled to the lift plate; and a bracket that is configured to slidably couple the second lift subassembly to the first rail

- and/or the second rail. In one non-limiting embodiment, the first and/or the second rail can optionally be adjustable along the bracket of the second lift subassembly so as to correspond to the predetermined dimensions of the plurality of trays; and wherein each of the first and second sets of arms of the second lift subassembly may be independently adjustable to correspond to the predetermined dimensions of the plurality of trays.
- (8) In another and/or alternative non-limiting aspect of the present disclosure, there is provided an assembly that optionally further includes a first catch-arm subassembly and a second catch-arm subassembly; and wherein the first catch-arm subassembly is slidably coupled to the first rail; and wherein the first catch-arm subassembly includes a catch and a guide member; and wherein a second catch-arm subassembly slidably is coupled to the second rail; and wherein the second catch-arm subassembly includes a catch and a guide member; and wherein the first catch-arm subassembly is adjustable along a length of the first rail; and wherein the second catch-arm subassembly is adjustable along a length of the second rail. In one non-limiting embodiment, the guide member of the first catch-arm subassembly includes a first portion and a second portion that is configured at a predetermined angle to receive a first edge of the plurality of trays; and the guide member of the second catch-arm subassembly includes a first portion and a second portion that is configured at a second predetermined angle to receive a second edge of the plurality of trays. In another and/or alternative embodiment, the first and second catch-arm subassemblies can optionally be configured to correspond to the lift subassembly.
- (9) In another and/or alternative non-limiting aspect of the present disclosure, there is provided an assembly that optionally further includes a third catch-arm subassembly and a fourth catch-arm subassembly; and wherein the third catch-arm subassembly is slidably coupled to the first rail; and wherein the third catch-arm subassembly includes a catch and a guide member, and wherein a fourth catch-arm subassembly is slidably coupled to the second rail; and wherein the fourth catch-arm subassembly includes a catch and a guide member; and wherein the third and fourth catch-arm subassemblies are configured to correspond to the second lift subassembly.
- (10) In another and/or alternative non-limiting aspect of the present disclosure, there is provided an assembly that optionally further includes a stop-and-crowd subassembly; and wherein the stop-and-crowd subassembly includes a bracket slidably that is coupled to the first and second rails; wherein the bracket includes at least one stop device that is configured to stop each of the plurality of trays at a predetermined location on the conveyor; and wherein the crowder is configured to secure each of the plurality of trays at the predetermined location; and wherein a sensor is communicatively coupled to the at least one stop and/or the crowder. In another and/or alternative embodiment, the first and second set of arms of the lift subassembly can include a slot that receives a pin to adjust the first and second set of arms on the lift plate. In another and/or alternative embodiment, the first set of arms of the lift subassembly can extend in different or opposite directions.
- (11) In another and/or alternative non-limiting aspect of the present disclosure, there is provided a tray stacking and destacking assembly that includes a conveyor that has a first rail and a second rail; a first lift subassembly that is configured to destack a plurality of trays having predetermined dimensions; and wherein the first lift subassembly includes a first set of arms that are slidably coupled to a first lift plate; a second set of arms that are slidably coupled to the first lift plate; and a bracket that is configured to slidably couple the first lift subassembly to the first rail and the second rail; and a second lift subassembly that is configured to stack the plurality of trays; and wherein the second set of arms that is slidably coupled to the second lift plate; and a bracket that is configured to slidably couple the second lift subassembly to the first rail and the second rail; and wherein the first and/or second rails are adjustable along the bracket of the first lift subassembly and the bracket of the second lift subassembly to correspond to the predetermined dimensions of the plurality of trays; and wherein each of the first and second arms of the first lift subassembly and the first and second arms of the second lift subassembly are independently adjustable to correspond to the

predetermined dimensions of the plurality of trays.

- (12) In another and/or alternative non-limiting aspect of the present disclosure, there is provided a tray stacking and destacking assembly that includes a first catch-arm subassembly that is slidably coupled to the first rail; and wherein the first catch-arm subassembly includes a catch and a guide member; and a second catch-arm subassembly that is slidably coupled to the second rail; and wherein the second catch-arm subassembly includes a catch and a guide member; and wherein the first catch-arm subassembly is adjustable along a length of the first rail; and wherein the second catch-arm subassembly is adjustable along a length of the second rail. In one non-limiting embodiments, the guide member of the first catch-arm subassembly includes a first portion and a second portion that is configured at a predetermined angle to receive a first edge of the plurality of trays; and wherein the guide member of the second catch-arm subassembly includes a first portion and a second portion that is configured at a second predetermined angle to receive a second edge of the plurality of trays. In another and/or alternative non-limiting embodiment, the first and second catch-arm subassemblies are configured to correspond to the first lift subassembly. In another and/or alternative non-limiting embodiment, the tray stacking and destacking assembly includes a third and a fourth catch-arm subassembly; and wherein the third catch-arm assembly is slidably that is coupled to the first rail; and wherein the third catch-arm subassembly includes a catch and a guide member; and wherein the fourth catch-arm subassembly is slidably coupled to the second rail; and wherein the fourth catch-arm subassembly includes a catch and a guide member; and wherein the third and fourth catch-arm subassemblies are configured to correspond to the second lift subassembly. In another and/or alternative non-limiting embodiment, the tray stacking and destacking assembly includes a bracket, a crowder and a sensor; and wherein the bracket is slidably that is coupled to the first and second rails; and wherein the bracket includes at least one stop device that is configured to stop each of the plurality of trays at a predetermined location on the conveyor; and wherein the crowder is configured to secure each of the plurality of trays at the predetermined location; and wherein the sensor is communicatively coupled to the at least one stop and the crowder. In another and/or alternative non-limiting embodiment, the first and second set of arms of the first lift subassembly include a slot that receives a pin to adjust the first and second set of arms on the first lift plate. In another and/or alternative non-limiting embodiment, each of the first and second set of arms of the second lift subassembly include a slot that receives a pin to adjust the first and second set of arms on the second lift plate. In another and/or alternative nonlimiting embodiment, the first set of arms of the first lift subassembly extend in different and/or opposite directions; and the first set of arms of the second lift subassembly extend in different and/or opposite directions.
- (13) In another and/or alternative non-limiting aspect of the present disclosure, there is provided a tray stacking and destacking assembly that optionally includes a lift plate that is configured to be readily adapted to receive a plurality of trays having predetermined dimensions for stacking or destacking; and wherein the lift plate includes a first set of arms that are slidably coupled to a top surface of the lift plate; and wherein a second set of arms is slidably coupled to the top surface of the lift plate; wherein each of the first and second sets of arms are independently adjustable to correspond to the predetermined dimensions of the plurality of trays; and further includes an adjustable width conveyor that has a first rail and a second rail; and wherein the lift plate is disposed between the first and second rails; and wherein a catch-arm subassembly is configured to aid in the stacking or destacking of the plurality of trays on the lift plate; and wherein the catch-arm subassembly is slidably coupled to and adjustable along the first rail or the second rail. (14) One non-limiting object of the present disclosure is the provision of an adjustable
- stacker/destacker assembly that can accommodate different types, sizes, and dimensions of containers and trays.
- (15) Another and/or alternative non-limiting object of the present disclosure is the provision of an adjustable stacker/destacker assembly that includes a conveyor that has a first rail and a second rail;

a lift subassembly that is configured to stack or destack a plurality of trays having predetermined dimensions; and wherein the lift subassembly includes a first set of arms that are slidably coupled to a lift plate; a second set of arms that are slidably coupled to the lift plate; and a bracket that is configured to slidably couple the lift subassembly to the first rail and the second rail; and wherein the first and/or second rails are adjustable along the bracket of the lift subassembly to correspond to the predetermined dimensions of the plurality of trays; and wherein each of the first and second sets of arms are independently adjustable to correspond to the predetermined dimensions of the plurality of trays.

- (16) Another and/or alternative non-limiting object of the present disclosure is the provision of an adjustable stacker/destacker assembly that further includes a second lift subassembly that is configured to stack or destack the plurality of trays; and wherein the second lift subassembly includes a first set of arms that are slidably coupled to a lift plate; a second set of arms that are slidably coupled to the lift plate; and a bracket that is configured to slidably couple the second lift subassembly to the first rail and the second rail.
- (17) Another and/or alternative non-limiting object of the present disclosure is the provision of an adjustable stacker/destacker assembly wherein the first and/or second rails are adjustable along the bracket of the second lift subassembly to correspond to the predetermined dimensions of the plurality of trays; and wherein first and/or second sets of arms of the second lift subassembly are independently adjustable to correspond to the predetermined dimensions of the plurality of trays. (18) Another and/or alternative non-limiting object of the present disclosure is the provision of an adjustable stacker/destacker assembly that further includes a first catch-arm subassembly slidably that is coupled to the first rail; and wherein the first catch-arm subassembly includes a catch and a guide member; and wherein a second catch-arm subassembly is slidably coupled to the second rail; and wherein the second catch-arm subassembly includes a catch and a guide member; and wherein the first catch-arm subassembly is adjustable along a length of the first rail; and wherein the second catch-arm subassembly is adjustable along a length of the second rail.
- (19) Another and/or alternative non-limiting object of the present disclosure is the provision of an adjustable stacker/destacker assembly wherein the guide member of the first catch-arm subassembly includes a first portion and a second portion that is configured at a predetermined angle to receive a first edge of the plurality of trays; and wherein the guide member of the second catch-arm subassembly includes a first portion and a second portion that is configured at a second predetermined angle to receive a second edge of the plurality of trays.
- (20) Another and/or alternative non-limiting object of the present disclosure is the provision of an adjustable stacker/destacker assembly wherein the first and second catch-arm subassemblies are configured to correspond to the lift subassembly.
- (21) Another and/or alternative non-limiting object of the present disclosure is the provision of an adjustable stacker/destacker assembly further including a third and fourth catch-arm; and wherein the third catch-arm subassembly is slidably coupled to the first rail; and wherein the third catch-arm subassembly includes a catch and a guide member; and wherein the four catch-arm subassembly includes a catch and a guide member; and wherein the third and fourth catch-arm subassemblies are configured to correspond to the second lift subassembly.
- (22) Another and/or alternative non-limiting object of the present disclosure is the provision of an adjustable stacker/destacker assembly further comprising a stop-and-crowd subassembly; and wherein the stop-and-crowd subassembly includes a bracket, a crowder and a sensor; and wherein the bracket is slidably coupled to the first and second rails; and wherein the bracket includes at least one stop device that is configured to stop each of the plurality of trays at a predetermined location on the conveyor; and wherein the crowder is configured to secure each of the plurality of trays at the predetermined location; and wherein the sensor is communicatively coupled to the at least one stop and/or the crowder.

- (23) Another and/or alternative non-limiting object of the present disclosure is the provision of an adjustable stacker/destacker assembly wherein each of the first and second set of arms of the lift subassembly includes a slot that receives a pin to adjust the first and second set of arms on the lift plate.
- (24) Another and/or alternative non-limiting object of the present disclosure is the provision of an adjustable stacker/destacker assembly wherein the first set of arms of the lift subassembly extend in different and/or opposite directions.
- (25) These and other objects and advantages will become apparent to those skilled in the art upon reading and following the description taken together with the accompanying drawings.

Description

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

- (1) The accompanying drawings, which are incorporated into and form a part of the specification, schematically illustrate one or more example implementations of the disclosed technology and, together with the general description given above and detailed description given below, serve to explain the principles of the disclosed subject matter, and wherein:
- (2) FIG. **1** is a perspective view of an exemplary stack of trays for use with an adjustable stacker/destacker assembly in accordance with the present disclosure.
- (3) FIG. **2** is a perspective view of a non-limiting embodiment of an adjustable stacker/destacker assembly in a completely assembled configuration in accordance with the present disclosure.
- (4) FIG. **3** is a bottom perspective view of the adjustable stacker/destacker assembly of FIG. **2**.
- (5) FIG. **4** is a top-down view of the adjustable stacker/destacker assembly of FIG. **2**.
- (6) FIG. **5** is a side view of the adjustable stacker/destacker assembly of FIG. **2**.
- (7) FIG. **6** is a front view of the adjustable stacker/destacker assembly of FIG. **2**.
- (8) FIG. **7** is a perspective view of a non-limiting lift subassembly of the adjustable stacker/destacker assembly of FIG. **2**.
- (9) FIG. **8** is a top-down view of the lift subassembly of FIG. **7**.
- (10) FIG. **9** is a front view of the lift subassembly of FIG. **7**.
- (11) FIG. **10** is a side view of the lift subassembly of FIG. **7**.
- (12) FIG. **11** is a perspective view of a non-limiting catch-arm subassembly of the adjustable stacker/destacker assembly of FIG. **2**.
- (13) FIG. 12 is a first side view of the catch-arm subassembly of FIG. 11.
- (14) FIG. **13** is a second side view of the catch-arm subassembly of FIG. **11**.
- (15) FIG. **14** is a perspective view of a non-limiting stop-and-crowd work subassembly of the adjustable stacker/destacker assembly of FIG. **2**.
- (16) FIG. **15** is a top-down view of the stop-and-crowd work subassembly of FIG. **14**.
- (17) FIG. **16** is a perspective view of a modified adjustable stacker/destacker assembly in a completely assembled configuration in accordance with the present disclosure.
- (18) FIG. **17** is a perspective view of another exemplary stack of trays for use with the adjustable stacker/destacker assembly in accordance with the present disclosure.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF NON-LIMITING EMBODIMENTS

- (19) A more complete understanding of the articles/devices, processes and components disclosed herein can be obtained by reference to the accompanying drawings. These figures are merely schematic representations based on convenience and the ease of demonstrating the present disclosure, and are, therefore, not intended to indicate relative size and dimensions of the devices or components thereof and/or to define or limit the scope of the exemplary embodiments.
- (20) Although specific terms are used in the following description for the sake of clarity, these terms are intended to refer only to the particular structure of the embodiments selected for

- illustration in the drawings and are not intended to define or limit the scope of the disclosure. In the drawings and the following description below, it is to be understood that like numeric designations refer to components of like function.
- (21) The singular forms "a," "an," and "the" include plural referents unless the context clearly dictates otherwise.
- (22) As used in the specification and in the claims, the term "comprising" may include the embodiments "consisting of" and "consisting essentially of." The terms "comprise(s)," "include(s)," "having," "has," "can," "contain(s)," and variants thereof, as used herein, are intended to be open-ended transitional phrases, terms, or words that require the presence of the named ingredients/steps and permit the presence of other ingredients/steps. However, such description should be construed as also describing compositions or processes as "consisting of" and "consisting essentially of" the enumerated ingredients/steps, which allows the presence of only the named ingredients/steps, along with any unavoidable impurities that might result therefrom, and excludes other ingredients/steps.
- (23) Numerical values in the specification and claims of this application should be understood to include numerical values which are the same when reduced to the same number of significant figures and numerical values which differ from the stated value by less than the experimental error of conventional measurement technique of the type described in the present application to determine the value.
- (24) All ranges disclosed herein are inclusive of the recited endpoint and independently combinable (for example, the range of "from 2 grams to 10 grams" is inclusive of the endpoints, 2 grams and 10 grams, and all the intermediate values).
- (25) The terms "about" and "approximately" can be used to include any numerical value that can vary without changing the basic function of that value. When used with a range, "about" and "approximately" also disclose the range defined by the absolute values of the two endpoints, e.g., "about 2 to about 4" also discloses the range "from 2 to 4." Generally, the terms "about" and "approximately" may refer to plus or minus 10% of the indicated number.
- (26) Percentages of elements should be assumed to be percent by weight of the stated element, unless expressly stated otherwise.
- (27) Although the operations of exemplary embodiments of the disclosed method may be described in a particular, sequential order for convenient presentation, it should be understood that disclosed embodiments can encompass an order of operations other than the particular, sequential order disclosed. For example, operations described sequentially may in some cases be rearranged or performed concurrently. Further, descriptions and disclosures provided in association with one particular embodiment are not limited to that embodiment, and may be applied to any embodiment disclosed.
- (28) For the sake of simplicity, the attached figures may not show the various ways (readily discernable, based on this disclosure, by one of ordinary skill in the art) in which the disclosed system, method and apparatus can be used in combination with other systems, methods and apparatuses. Additionally, the description sometimes uses terms such as "produce" and "provide" to describe the disclosed method. These terms are abstractions of the actual operations that can be performed. The actual operations that correspond to these terms can vary depending on the particular implementation and are, based on this disclosure, readily discernible by one of ordinary skill in the art.
- (29) One or more implementations of the subject application will now be described with reference to the attached FIGS. **1-17**, wherein like reference numerals are used to refer to like elements throughout.
- (30) Example implementations of the disclosed assemblies, systems, and methods provide a stacker/destacker assembly that can be adjusted to stack, destack, or stack and destack trays and other containers of any shape, size, and dimension, without the need for customized, tray specific

- components. Although the disclosed assembly and method may be used with more than one type of tray/container, FIG. 1 depicts an exemplary stack of trays 5 formed from trays 10 that are each substantially rectangular. The disclosed assembly can: (i) be adjusted to accommodate the trays 10 having a predetermined size and dimension; and (ii) only destack the stack of trays 5; (iii) only stack the trays 10; or (iv) both stack and destack. As can be appreciated, the number of trays 10 that can be stacked and/or destacked by the stacker/destacker assembly in accordance with the present disclosure is non-limiting. Furthermore, it will be appreciated that the stacker/destacker assembly in accordance with the present disclosure can be used to stack and/or destack trays that have a shape other than a rectangular shape (e.g., square-shape, oval shape, circular shape, polygonal shape, stadium shape, etc.).
- (31) As shown in FIG. 17, the stack of trays 5 can optionally include nesting features that align the trays 10 with one another and/or an arrangement of bosses and pockets or pins and holes that ease in the handling of the trays 10 for loading and unloading. Furthermore, it will appreciated that the trays 10 can be optionally separated, vertically, from one another in the stack 5 by a specific feature (e.g. bottom skirts or upper lips) on each side of the trays 10 and/or extend around the entire perimeter of the trays 10. Pockets or notches that recess from the perimeter of the trays 10 with enough clearance for the stack 5 catches to hold one tray while vertically releasing a bottom tray may also optionally be used.
- (32) Referring now to FIG. **2**, there is illustrated a perspective view of a non-limiting implementation of the adjustable stacker/destacker assembly **20** shown in a completely assembled configuration. FIG. **3** is a bottom perspective view of the adjustable stacker/destacker assembly **20** of FIG. **2**. FIG. **4** is a top-down view of the adjustable stacker/destacker assembly **20** of FIG. **2**. FIG. **5** is a side view of the adjustable stacker/destacker assembly **20** of FIG. **2**. FIG. **6** is a front view of the adjustable stacker/destacker assembly **20** of FIG. **2**.
- (33) With reference to FIGS. **2-6**, exemplary stacker/destacker assembly **20** includes a destacker portion **50***a*, a stacker portion **50***b*, and a conveyor **100**. The destacker portion **50***a* includes a first lift subassembly **200** and catch-arm subassemblies **400***a*, **400***b*; and the stacker portion **50***b* includes a second lift subassembly **300** and catch-arm subassemblies **500***a*, **500***b*. In the present exemplary embodiment, the stacker/destacker assembly **20** further includes a stop-and-crowd work subassembly **600**.
- (34) The conveyor **100** includes a track **110** defined by a first rail **120** and a second rail **130**, wherein the first rail **120** has top and bottom sides **122**, **124** and outer and inner portions **126**, **128**; and the second rail **130** has top and bottom sides **132**, **134** and outer and inner portions **136**, **138**. The first and second rails **120**, **130** are generally positioned parallel to one another along 50-100% (and all values and ranges therebetween) of the longitudinal length of the conveyor **100**. A plurality of rollers **140** are formed on the inner portions **128** and **138** of the first rail **120** and the second rail **130**, respectively, to aid in transporting the trays or containers **10** to a desired location along the longitudinal length of the conveyor **100**. The conveyor **100** further includes a motor **150** that actuates the track **110** in a predetermined direction along the conveyor **100**. The motor can be manually and/or computer controlled so as to turn on, turn off and/or to adjust/control speed. The conveyor can optionally include one or more intermediate width supports **112** that are positioned between and generally connected to the first and second rails **120**, **130** and which used to increase the strength and rigidity of the conveyor. The one or more intermediate width supports **112** can include one or more slots or other adjustable connection arrangements to facilitate in the adjustment of the width of the conveyor.
- (35) In one non-limiting embodiment, the motor **150** actuates the track **110** in a bidirectional manner. In the present non-limiting embodiment, the conveyor **100** is configured as an adjustable-width conveyor, wherein the first and second rails **120**, **130** can be moved closer together or further apart from one another to define a predetermined width of the conveyor **100**, thereby accommodating the trays **10** having a wide variety of width and dimensions and/or allowing for

different orientations of the trays to be positioned and moved on the conveyor **100**. In the present non-limiting embodiment, the track **110** is open-centered to allow for easy processing and application of auxiliary devices; however, it is to be understood that the track **110** could include a solid-center formed from transverse rollers, belts, sheets, or the like.

- (36) The first lift subassembly **200** and the second lift subassembly **300** are each independently and slidably coupled to the bottom sides 124, 134 of the first and second rails 120, 130. The first and second lift subassemblies **200**, **300** are each configured to be positioned between the first and second rails **120**, **130**. In the present non-limiting embodiment, the catch-arm subassemblies **400***a*, **500***a* are each arranged on the outer portion **126** of the first rail **120** and are configured to slidably move along a length, or x-axis, of the first rail **120**. In the present non-limiting embodiment, the catch-arm subassemblies **400***b*, **500***b* are each arranged on the outer portion **136** of the second rail **130** and are configured to slidably move along a length, or x-axis, of the second rail **130**. In the present non-limiting embodiment, the stop-and-crowd work subassembly **600** is slidably coupled to the bottom sides **124**, **134** of the first and second rails **120**, **130**. Each of the first and second lift subassemblies **200**, **300**, the catch-arm subassemblies **400***a*, **400***b*, **500***a*, **500***b*, and the stop-andcrowd work subassembly **600** are slidably coupled to their respective rails **120**, **130** to accommodate trays and containers of various sizes and dimensions without the need for customfabricated, tray-specific components. It will be appreciated, however, that other suitable configurations for the components of the stacker/destacker assembly **20** are possible. (37) Referring now to FIGS. **7-10**, there is illustrated the first lift subassembly **200**. The second lift subassembly **300** can be configured similarly to the first lift subassembly **200**. In such a configuration, both subassemblies 200, 300 include the same components, but are positionable at opposite ends of the stacker/destacker assembly 20 and function to either destack the trays (e.g. first lift subassembly **200**) or stack the trays (e.g. second life subassembly **300**). For clarity, the first subassembly **200** will be discussed with reference to FIGS. **7-10**. FIGS. **2-5** depict the elements of the second lift subassembly **300**, where like reference numerals are used to refer to like elements of the first lift subassembly **200**.
- (38) Referring now to FIG. **7**, a perspective view of the first lift subassembly **200** of the adjustable stacker/destacker assembly **20** is illustrated. FIG. **8** illustrates a top-down view of the first lift subassembly **200**. FIG. **9** illustrated a front view of the first lift subassembly **200**. FIG. **10** illustrated a side view of the first lift subassembly **200**. The first lift subassembly **200** includes a lift plate **205** coupled to a base **210**. The lift plate **205** includes a first set of adjustable arms **230** that extend in opposite directions; and a second set of adjustable arms **235**, wherein each of the adjustable arms **230** include a slot **232** that receives a pin or similar engagement device **240** to slidably couple the first set of adjustable arms **230** to the lift plate **205**. The second set of adjustable arms **235** are movable in different directions than the movement direction of the first set of adjustable arms **230**.
- (39) Each of the adjustable arms **230**, **235** include a slot **232**, **237** that receives the pin or some other engagement device **240** (e.g., pin, rail, adjustable clamping arrangement, electro-magnetic coupling arrangement, bolt arrangement, screws, etc.) to slidably/movably couple the second set of adjustable arms **235** to the lift plate **205**. As can be appreciated, other or additional arrangements can be used to enable adjustable movement of the adjustable arms **230**, **235**. It is to be appreciated that in some non-limiting embodiments the adjustable arms **230**, **235** can be uncoupled from the lift plate **205** to create a simplified lift plate.
- (40) The first set of adjustable arms **230** and the second set of adjustable arms **235** are each independently adjustable, either manually or through electronic automation, to form a universal lift plate **205** that can be readily adapted to receive trays having a wide variety of widths, shapes, and dimensions. The adjustable arms **230**, **235** ensure accurate placement and positioning of the trays **10** on the lift plate **205** without needing separate, custom-sized lift plates for every sized tray. (41) The first lift subassembly **200** further includes a lift cylinder **220** having a piston or other

similar actuated device **222** configured to raise and lower the lift plate **205**. A support plate **215** is coupled to the lift cylinder **220** to support an adjustable width bracket **225**. In the present nonlimiting embodiment, the first lift subassembly **200** further includes a sensor **250** coupled to a bracket **252**, wherein the sensor **250** is configured to detect if a tray **10** is present in the destacker portion **50***a*, to determine the position of the tray **10** in the destacker portion **50***a*, and/or to determine the displacement of the trays on the conveyor **100**. In the present non-limiting embodiment, the sensor **250** is coupled to the bottom side **122** of the first rail **120**; however, this is not required. The sensor **250** may include photoelectric sensors, optical sensors, cameras, microphones, and/or other sensing devices. The sensor **250** can be connected (wired connection and/or wireless connection) to a controller (not shown) such as, but not limited to, a computer, server, smart device app, etc. so as to monitor and/or control the operation of the first lift subassembly **200**.

- (42) Referring now to FIGS. **11-13**, there is illustrated catch-arm subassembly **400***a*; however, it can be appreciated that the catch-arm subassembly illustrated in FIGS. **11-13** can also be representative of catch-arm subassemblies **400***b*, **500***a*, **500***b* since the subassemblies **400***a*, **400***b*, **500***a*, **500***b* include the same components, but are positionable either on different rails **120**, **130** and/or in the destacker portion **50***a* or the stacker portion **50***b* of the assembly **20**. More specifically, the catch-arm subassembly **500***a* is identical to the catch arm subassembly **400***a*, the difference being that the catch-arm subassembly **400***a* is positioned in the destacker portion **50***a* and the catch arm subassembly **500***a* is positioned in the stacker portion **50***b*. Catch arm subassemblies **400***b* and **500***b* are identical to subassemblies **400***a* and **500***b*, respectively, the difference being that subassemblies **400***b* and **500***b* are coupled to the second rail **130**. Like reference numerals refer to like elements. For clarity, the catch-arm subassembly **400***a* will be discussed with reference to FIGS. **11-13**.
- (43) Referring now to FIG. **11**, there is illustrated a perspective view of the catch-arm subassembly **400***a* of the stacker/destacker assembly **20**. FIG. **12** illustrates a first side view of the catch-arm subassembly **400***a*. FIG. **13** illustrates a second side view of the catch-arm subassembly **400***a*. The catch-arm subassembly **400***a*, **500***a* can be adjustably positioned along the longitudinal length of rail **120**. Likewise, catch-arm subassembly **400***b*, **500***b* can be adjustably positioned along the longitudinal length of rail **130**. The type of connection arrangement used to enable one or more of the catch-arm subassemblies to be adjustably positioned along the longitudinal length of rail **120** or rail **130** is non-limiting (e.g., slot arrangement, rail arrangement, groove arrangement, slidable bracket, plurality of slots or holes, pin, bolt, clamp, electromagnet, screw, etc.).
- (44) The catch-arm subassembly **400***a* includes a slidable bracket **410***a*, and an arm support **420***a* having a first guide **450***a*. The slidable bracket **410***a* includes a sensor **430***a*, a catch **440***a* that is mechanically operable (e.g., manually and/or electronically controlled) to extend and retract, and a second guide **460***a*, wherein the second guide **460***a* includes a first portion **462***a* and a second portion **464***a*. The first portion **462***a* and the second portion **464***a* are configured to define a predetermined angle such as to correspond to and receive an edge or corner of the desired tray. As can be appreciated, first portion **462***a* and the second portion **464***a* can optionally be configured to be adjustable to accommodate different angled and/or different shaped trays.
- (45) The first guide **450***a* and the second guide **460***a* are configured to stabilize and guide the stack of trays as each tray is destacked in the destacking portion **50***a*. The sensor **430***a* can be any type of sensing device (e.g., camera, infrared sensor, contact sensor, ultrasonic sensor, ultra-wide band bandwidth sensor, ultrasound sensor, RFID sensor, laser sensor, etc.) configured to detect the presence of a tray in the destacking portion **50***a*, determine the position of a tray in the destacking portion **50***a* and/or to determine the displacement of the trays in the first lift subassembly **200**. In the present non-limiting embodiment, the predetermined angle is 90°; however, it is to be understood that this angle is non-limiting and that that other orientation angles (e.g., 5°-175° and all values and ranges therebetween) could be used depending on the shape and dimensions of the

tray corners. As also can be appreciated, the shape formed by the first portion **462***a* and a second portion **464***a* can optionally be curved, multi-angled, etc. to accommodate different shaped trays. (46) Referring now to FIG. **14**, there is illustrated a perspective view of the exemplary stop-andcrowd work subassembly **600** of the adjustable stacker/destacker assembly **20** in the unassembled configuration. FIG. 15 illustrates a top-down view of stop-and-crowd work subassembly 600. The stop-and-crowd work subassembly **600** includes a stop **610** that is coupled to an adjustable width bracket 612. The adjustable width bracket 612 can include one or more slots and/or other arrangement to enable the stop-and-crowd work subassembly **600** to be adjustably positioned on the adjustable stacker/destacker assembly **20**. A sensor **620** is coupled to a bracket **622**. A crowder **630** is coupled to a bracket **632**. Each of the components of the stop-and-crowd work subassembly **600** cooperate together to allow for secondary processing (i.e., removing, loading, inspecting, analyzing, labeling, and/or shaking tray items manually and/or via robotics and/or other electronic arrangements) before the destacked trays **10** enter the stacker portion **50***b*. The sensor **620** can be any sensing device (e.g., camera, infrared sensor, contact sensor, ultrasonic sensor, ultra-wide band bandwidth sensor, ultrasound sensor, RFID sensor, laser sensor, etc.) that determines if a tray is present in the stop-and-crowd work area. If the sensor 620 determines a tray is present, the stop 610 can be configured to halt the tray at a predetermine location, and the crowder **630** locks the tray in place while any secondary processing is occurring. In some non-limiting embodiments, the crowder **630** removes any tolerance gap in the conveyor width.

(47) Referring again to FIGS. **1-17**, the first lift subassembly **200**, the second lift subassembly **300**, and the stop 610 of the stop-and-crowd work subassembly 600 are each coupled to the conveyor **100** via the adjustable width brackets **225**, **325**, **612**, respectively. As can be appreciated, the first lift subassembly **200**, the second lift subassembly **300**, and/or the stop **610** of the stop-and-crowd work subassembly **600** can be adjustable coupled to the conveyor **100** using other or additional arrangements (e.g., slot arrangement, rail arrangement, groove arrangement, slidable bracket, plurality of slots or holes, pin, bolt, clamp, electromagnet, screw, ratchet arrangement, electromagnetic lock, electronic clamp, pin, adjustable clamping arrangement, electro-magnetic coupling arrangement, bolt arrangement, etc.). Each of the adjustable width brackets 225, 325, 612 are slidably coupled to the bottom sides 124, 134 of the first and second rails 120, 130, transverse to the length of the conveyor **100**. The first and second rails **120**, **130** are moveable along each of the adjustable width brackets **225**, **325**, **612** to adjust the conveyor **100** to a predetermined width that corresponds to that of the trays **10**. Once the predetermined width is obtained, the first and second rails **120**, **130** can be locked or securely fastened at the adjusted, predetermined width to prevent unwanted movement. The catch-arm subassemblies **400***a*, **500***a* are each slidably mounted on the outer portion **126** of the first rail **120**; and the catch-arm subassemblies **400***b*, **500***b* are each slidably mounted on the outer portion **136** of the second rail **130**. In the destacking portion **50***a*, the catch-arm subassemblies **400***a*, **400***b* each slide along the lengths of their respective rails **120**, **130** until the position of both subassemblies **400***a*, **400***b* define the predetermined shape and dimensions of the trays. In the stacker portion **50***b*, the catch-arm subassemblies **500***a*, **500***b* each slide along the lengths of their respective rails **120**, **130** until the position of both subassemblies **500***a*, **500***b* define the predetermined shape and dimensions of the trays. Once the predetermined tray shape and dimensions are obtained, the subassemblies **400***a*, **400***b*, **500***a*, and **500***b* can be locked or securely fastened at the adjusted, predetermined shape and dimensions to prevent unwanted movement. (48) Once the components of the stacker/destacker assembly **20** have been adjusted to their predetermined sizes and dimensions, the stack of trays **5** can be loaded in the destacker portion **50***a* as illustrated in FIG. **16** such that the second guides **460***a*, **460***b* of the subassemblies **400***a*, **400***b* receive and guide opposite corners of the trays **10**, and the stack of trays **5** rest on the catches **440***a*, **440***b*. To destack the trays, (i) the lift plate **205** lifts the stack of trays **5** above the catches **440***a*, **440***b*; (ii) the catches **440***a*, **440***b* are retracted; (iii) the lift plate **205** lowers the stack of trays **5** until the bottom most tray is positioned below the catches **440***a*, **440***b*; (iv) the catches **440***a*, **440***b*

are extended; and (v) the lift plate **205** further lowers the stack of trays **5** so that the second bottom most tray rests on the catches **440***a*, **440***b* and the bottom most tray is sent along the conveyor **100** to the stop-and-work subassembly **600**. The destacking process is repeated until the desired number of trays are destacked.

- (49) After passing through the stop-and-work subassembly **600**, the destacked trays **10** enter the stacking portion **50***b*. To stack the trays, (i) the lift plate **305** receives and lifts the tray **10** from the conveyor **100**, pushing through and over the catches **540***a*, **540***b*; and (ii) the lift plate **305** lowers and places the tray **10** on the catches **540***a*, **540***b*. The stacking process is repeated until the desired number of trays are stacked.
- (50) In one non-limiting method for destacking and stacking a set of trays **10** using the disclosed adjustable stacker/destacker assembly **20** illustrated in FIGS. **1-17**, the following steps are performed: (i) adjusting the conveyor **100**, manually or electronically, to correspond to a predetermined size and dimensions of the stack of trays **5**; (ii) adjusting the first and second set of arms **230**, **235** on the first lift subassembly **200** and the first and second set of arms **330**, **335** on the second lift subassembly **300**, manually or electronically, to correspond to the stack of trays **5**; (iii) adjusting the catch arm subassemblies **400***a*, **400***b*, **500***a*, and **500***b*, manually or electronically, to correspond to the stack of trays **5**; (iv) providing the stack of trays **5** in the destacker portion **50***b*; (v) through the first lift subassembly **200**, destacking each of the trays **10** individually; (vi) through the stop-and-crowd work subassembly **600**, receiving each of the destacked trays **10** for secondary processing; (vii) sending each of the destacked trays **10** to the stacker portion **50***b*; and (viii) through the second lift subassembly **300**, restacking each of the trays **10** individually. It is to be understood that the disclosed method can be used to stack a set of trays, destack a set of trays, or both stack and destack a set of trays.
- (51) It will be appreciated that the adjusting of the conveyor **100** can include manual or electronically controlled securing arrangements that are used to a) lock or otherwise secure the securing arrangements so as to maintain the width of the conveyor during the operation of the adjustable stacker/destacker assembly **20**, and b) unlock or otherwise unsecure the securing arrangements so as to enable the width of the conveyor to be adjusted prior to the operation of the adjustable stacker/destacker assembly 20. The type of securing arrangement is not limited (e.g., bolt, clamp, screw, ratchet arrangement, electromagnetic lock, electronic clamp, etc.). It will be appreciated that the adjusting of the first and second set of arms 230, 235 on the first lift subassembly **200** and/or the first and second set of arms **330**, **335** on the second lift subassembly **300** can include manual or electronically controlled securing arrangements that are used to a) lock or otherwise secure the securing arrangements so as to maintain the relative position of the first and second set of arms 230, 235 on the first lift subassembly 200 and/or the first and second set of arms **330**, **335** on the second lift subassembly **300**, and b) unlock or otherwise unsecure the securing arrangements so as to enable the positioned of the first and second set of arms 230, 235 on the first lift subassembly **200** to be adjusted and/or the first and second set of arms **330**, **335** on the second lift subassembly **300** to be adjusted. The type of securing arrangement is not limited (e.g., bolt, clamp, screw, ratchet arrangement, electromagnetic lock, electronic clamp, etc.). It will be appreciated that the adjusting of the adjusting the catch arm subassemblies **400***a*, **400***b*, **500***a*, and **500***b* can include manual or electronically controlled securing arrangements that are used to a) lock or otherwise secure the securing arrangements so as to maintain the relative position of the catch arm subassemblies **400***a*, **400***b* and/or the catch arm subassemblies **500***a*, **500***b*, and b) unlock or otherwise unsecure the securing arrangements so as to enable the positioned of the catch arm subassemblies **400***a*, **400***b* and/or the catch arm subassemblies **500***a*, **500***b* to be adjusted. (52) It will be appreciated that any of a variety of additional or alternative steps may be included in a method of using adjustable stacker/destacker assembly **20**.
- (53) It will be appreciated that the stop-and-crowd work subassembly **600** can optionally be excluded from the adjustable stacker/destacker assembly **20** based on the level of precision desired.

In non-limiting embodiments where the stop-and-crowd work subassembly **600** is excluded: (i) trays could be removed from the conveyor **100** by picking from roughly the center point of the conveyor **100**; and/or (ii) a robot with vision capability or additional locating capability could "find" the precise location of the trays known to be within a crude, predetermined range. (54) In certain non-limiting embodiments, the assembly **20** and its components can be controlled by one or more of a programmable logic controller (PLC), a human machine interface (HMI), a "smart" conveyor motor with I/O functionality, a robot controller with custom programming, or a dedicated controller application as an add-on to a robot controller. Suitable adjustable-width roller conveyors can be available from Quickdraw® conveyor systems or belt conveyors provided by Automation, Inc. It will be appreciated, however, that any of the components described herein could be used with any of a variety of suitable conveyors, conveyance systems, or guide tracks with mechanical conveyance.

- (55) A computer system in accordance with the present disclosure can be accessed via any suitable technique, such as a web-browser, smart device app, smart phone app, computer, tablet, server, cloud, etc. In some embodiments, the systems and methods described herein can be a web-based application or a stand-alone executable. Additionally, in some embodiments, the systems and methods described herein can integrate with other systems of various types. Any suitable device can be used to access, or execute, one or more portions of the systems for warning a vehicle operator, such as laptop computers, desktop computers, smart phones, tablet computers, and the like.
- (56) Interaction with the detection system and/or the receiving device can be possible and may include, without limitation, keyboard entry, writing from pen, stylus, finger, or the like, with a computer mouse, or other forms of input (voice recognition, etc.). A user, e.g., vehicle operator or passenger, may receive real-time feedback, or at least near real-time feedback, or may synchronize with the detection system and/or the receiving device at a later date.
- (57) Some portions of the detailed description herein are presented in terms of algorithms and symbolic representations of operations on data bits performed by conventional computer components, including a central processing unit (CPU), memory storage devices for the CPU, and connected display devices. These algorithmic descriptions and representations are the means used by those skilled in the data processing arts to most effectively convey the substance of their work to others skilled in the art. An algorithm is generally perceived as a self-consistent sequence of steps leading to a desired result. The steps are those requiring physical manipulations of physical quantities. Usually, though not necessarily, these quantities take the form of electrical or magnetic signals capable of being stored, transferred, combined, compared, and otherwise manipulated. It has proven convenient at times, principally for reasons of common usage, to refer to these signals as bits, values, elements, symbols, characters, terms, numbers, or the like.
- (58) It should be understood, however, that all of these and similar terms are to be associated with the appropriate physical quantities and are merely convenient labels applied to these quantities. Unless specifically stated otherwise, as apparent from the discussion herein, it is appreciated that throughout the description, discussions utilizing terms such as "processing" or "computing" or "calculating" or "determining" or "displaying" or the like, refer to the action and processes of a computer system, or similar electronic computing device, that manipulates and transforms data represented as physical (electronic) quantities within the computer system's registers and memories into other data similarly represented as physical quantities within the computer system memories or registers or other such information storage, transmission or display devices.
- (59) The exemplary embodiment also relates to an apparatus for performing the operations discussed herein. This apparatus may be specially constructed for the required purposes, or it may comprise a general-purpose computer selectively activated or reconfigured by a computer program stored in the computer. Such a computer program may be stored in a computer readable storage medium, such as, but is not limited to, any type of disk including floppy disks, optical disks, CD-

- ROMs, and magnetic-optical disks, read-only memories (ROMs), random access memories (RAMs), EPROMS, EEPROMs, magnetic or optical cards, or any type of media suitable for storing electronic instructions, and each coupled to a computer system bus.
- (60) The algorithms and displays presented herein are not inherently related to any particular computer or other apparatus. Various general-purpose systems may be used with programs in accordance with the teachings herein, or it may prove convenient to construct more specialized apparatus to perform the methods described herein. The structure for a variety of these systems is apparent from the description above. In addition, the exemplary embodiment is not described with reference to any particular programming language. It will be appreciated that a variety of programming languages may be used to implement the teachings of the exemplary embodiment as described herein.
- (61) A machine-readable medium includes any mechanism for storing or transmitting information in a form readable by a machine (e.g., a computer). For instance, a machine-readable medium includes read only memory ("ROM"); random access memory ("RAM"); magnetic disk storage media; optical storage media; flash memory devices; and electrical, optical, acoustical or other form of propagated signals (e.g., carrier waves, infrared signals, digital signals, etc.), just to mention a few examples.
- (62) The methods illustrated throughout the specification, may be implemented in a computer program product that may be executed on a computer. The computer program product may comprise a non-transitory computer-readable recording medium on which a control program is recorded, such as a disk, hard drive, or the like. Common forms of non-transitory computer-readable media include, for example, floppy disks, flexible disks, hard disks, magnetic tape, or any other magnetic storage medium, CD-ROM, DVD, or any other optical medium, a RAM, a PROM, an EPROM, a FLASH-EPROM, or other memory chip or cartridge, or any other tangible medium from which a computer can read and use.
- (63) Alternatively, the method may be implemented in transitory media, such as a transmittable carrier wave in which the control program is embodied as a data signal using transmission media, such as acoustic or light waves, such as those generated during radio wave and infrared data communications, and the like.
- (64) In general, it will be apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art that at least some of the embodiments described herein can be implemented in many different embodiments of software, firmware, and/or hardware. The software and firmware code can be executed by a processor or any other similar computing device. The software code or specialized control hardware that can be used to implement embodiments is not limiting. For example, embodiments described herein can be implemented in computer software using any suitable computer software language type, using, for example, conventional or object-oriented techniques. Such software can be stored on any type of suitable computer-readable medium or media, such as, for example, a magnetic or optical storage medium. The operation and behavior of the embodiments can be described without specific reference to specific software code or specialized hardware components. The absence of such specific references is feasible, because it is clearly understood that artisans of ordinary skill would be able to design software and control hardware to implement the embodiments based on the present description with no more than reasonable effort and without undue experimentation. (65) Moreover, the systems and methods described herein can be executed by programmable equipment, such as computers or computer systems and/or processors. Software that can cause programmable equipment to execute processes can be stored in any storage device, such as, for example, a computer system (nonvolatile) memory, an optical disk, magnetic tape, or magnetic disk. Furthermore, at least some of the processes can be programmed when the computer system is manufactured or stored on various types of computer-readable media.
- (66) It can also be appreciated that certain portions of the systems and methods described herein can be performed using instructions stored on a computer-readable medium or media that direct a

computer system to perform the process steps. A computer-readable medium can include, for example, memory devices such as diskettes, compact discs (CDs), digital versatile discs (DVDs), optical disk drives, or hard disk drives. A computer-readable medium can also include memory storage that is physical, virtual, permanent, temporary, semipermanent, and/or semitemporary. (67) It will thus be seen that the objects set forth above, among those made apparent from the preceding description, are efficiently attained, and since certain changes may be made in the constructions set forth without departing from the spirit and scope of the disclosure, it is intended that all matter contained in the above description and shown in the accompanying drawings shall be interpreted as illustrative and not in a limiting sense. The disclosure has been described with reference to preferred and alternate embodiments. Modifications and alterations will become apparent to those skilled in the art upon reading and understanding the detailed discussion of the disclosure provided herein. This disclosure is intended to include all such modifications and alterations insofar as they come within the scope of the present disclosure. It is also to be understood that the following claims are intended to cover all of the generic and specific features of the disclosure herein described and all statements of the scope of the disclosure, which, as a matter of language, might be said to fall there between. These and other modifications of the preferred embodiments as well as other embodiments of the disclosure will be obvious from the disclosure herein, whereby the foregoing descriptive matter is to be interpreted merely as illustrative of the disclosure and not as a limitation. It is intended to include all such modifications and alterations insofar as they come within the scope of the appended claims.

(68) The description of embodiments and examples has been presented for purposes of illustration and description. It is not intended to be exhaustive or limiting to the forms described. Numerous modifications are possible in light of the teachings herein. Some of those modifications have been discussed, and others will be understood by those skilled in the art. The embodiments were chosen and described in order to illustrate principles of various embodiments as are suited to particular uses contemplated. The scope is, of course, not limited to the examples set forth herein, but can be employed in any number of applications and equivalent devices by those of ordinary skill in the art. (69) To aid the Patent Office and any readers of this application and any resulting patent in interpreting the claims appended hereto, applicants do not intend any of the appended claims or claim elements to invoke 35 U.S.C. 112(f) unless the words "means for" or "step for" are explicitly used in the particular claim.

Claims

- 1. A tray stacking assembly comprising: (a) a conveyor having a first rail and a second rail; (b) a lift subassembly that is configured to stack or destack a plurality of trays having predetermined dimensions; said lift subassembly includes: (i) a first set of arms that are slidably coupled to a lift plate; (ii) a second set of arms that are slidably coupled to said lift plate; and (iii) a bracket that is configured to slidably couple said lift subassembly to said first rail and said second rail; and wherein said first and/or second rails are adjustable along said bracket of said lift subassembly to correspond to said predetermined dimensions of said plurality of trays; and wherein each of said first and second sets of arms are independently adjustable to correspond to said predetermined dimensions of said plurality of trays.
- 2. The tray stacking assembly as defined in claim 1, further comprising a second lift subassembly configured to stack and/or destack said plurality of trays; said second lift subassembly includes: (a) a first set of arms that are slidably coupled to a lift plate; (b) a second set of arms that are slidably coupled to said lift plate; and (c) a bracket that is configured to slidably couple said second lift subassembly to said first rail and said second rail.
- 3. The tray stacking assembly as defined in claim 2, wherein said first and/or second rails are adjustable along said bracket of said second lift subassembly to correspond to said predetermined

dimensions of said plurality of trays; each of said first and second sets of arms of said second lift subassembly are independently adjustable to correspond to said predetermined dimensions of said plurality of trays.

- 4. The tray stacking assembly as defined in claim 1, further including: (a) a first catch-arm subassembly that is slidably coupled to said first rail; said first catch-arm subassembly comprising: (i) a first catch; and (ii) a first guide member; and (b) a second catch-arm subassembly that is slidably coupled to said second rail; said second catch-arm subassembly includes: (i) a second catch; and (ii) a second guide member, and wherein said first catch-arm subassembly is adjustable along a length of said first rail; and wherein said second catch-arm subassembly is adjustable along a length of said second rail.
- 5. The tray stacking assembly as defined in claim 4, wherein (a) said first guide member of said first catch-arm subassembly includes a first portion and a second portion that is configured at an angle to receive a first edge of said plurality of trays; and (b) said second guide member of said second catch-arm subassembly includes a first portion and a second portion that is configured at a second angle to receive a second edge of said plurality of trays.
- 6. The tray stacking assembly as defined in claim 4, wherein said first and second catch-arm subassemblies are configured to correspond to said lift subassembly.
- 7. The tray stacking assembly as defined in claim 2, further comprising: (a) a third catch-arm subassembly that is slidably coupled to said first rail; said third catch-arm subassembly includes: (i) a third catch; and (ii) a third guide member, and (b) a fourth catch-arm subassembly that is slidably coupled to said second rail; said four catch-arm subassembly includes: (i) a fourth catch; and (ii) a fourth guide member, and wherein said third and fourth catch-arm subassemblies are configured to correspond to said second lift subassembly.
- 8. The tray stacking assembly as defined in claim 1, further including a stop-and-crowd subassembly; said stop-and-crowd subassembly includes: (a) a bracket that is slidably coupled to said first and second rails; said bracket includes at least one stop device that is configured to stop each of said plurality of trays at a predetermined location on said conveyor; and (b) a crowder that is configured to secure each of said plurality of trays at said predetermined location; and (c) a sensor that is communicatively coupled to said at least one stop device and said crowder.
- 9. The tray stacking assembly as defined in claim 1, wherein each of said first and second set of arms of said lift subassembly include a slot that receives a pin to enable position adjustment of said first and second set of arms on said lift plate.
- 10. The tray stacking assembly as defined in claim 1, wherein said first set of arms of said lift subassembly extend in opposite directions.
- 11. A tray stacking and destacking assembly, comprising: (a) a conveyor having a first rail and a second rail; (b) a first lift subassembly that is configured to destack a plurality of trays having predetermined dimensions; said first lift subassembly includes: (i) a first set of arms that is slidably coupled to a first lift plate; (ii) a second set of arms that is slidably coupled to said first lift plate; and (iii) a bracket that is configured to slidably couple said first lift subassembly to said first rail and said second rail; and (c) a second lift subassembly that is configured to stack said plurality of trays; said second lift subassembly includes: (i) a first set of arms that is slidably coupled to a second lift plate; (ii) a second set of arms that is slidably coupled to said second lift plate; and (iii) a bracket that is configured to slidably couple said second lift subassembly to said first rail and said second rail; and wherein said first and/or second rails are adjustable along said bracket of said first lift subassembly and said bracket of said second lift subassembly to correspond to said predetermined dimensions of said plurality of trays; and wherein each of said first and second arms of said first lift subassembly and said first and second arms of said second lift subassembly are independently adjustable to correspond to said predetermined dimensions of said plurality of trays. 12. The tray stacking and destacking assembly as defined in claim 11, further comprising: (a) a first catch-arm subassembly that is slidably coupled to said first rail; said first catch-arm subassembly

includes: (i) a first catch; and (ii) a first guide member; and (b) a second catch-arm subassembly that is slidably coupled to said second rail; said second catch-arm subassembly includes: (i) a second catch; and (ii) a second guide member; and wherein said first catch-arm subassembly is adjustable along a length of said first rail; and wherein said second catch-arm subassembly is adjustable along a length of said second rail.

- 13. The tray stacking and destacking assembly as defined in claim 12, wherein (a) said guide member of said first catch-arm subassembly includes a first portion and a second portion that is configured at a predetermined angle to receive a first edge of said plurality of trays; and (b) said guide member of said second catch-arm subassembly includes a first portion and a second portion configured at a second predetermined angle to receive a second edge of said plurality of trays.
- 14. The tray stacking and destacking assembly as defined in claim 12, wherein said first and second catch-arm subassemblies are configured to correspond to said first lift subassembly.
- 15. The tray stacking and destacking assembly as defined in claim 11, further comprising: (a) a third catch-arm subassembly that is slidably coupled to said first rail; said third catch-arm subassembly includes: (i) a third catch; and (ii) a third guide member, and (b) a fourth catch-arm subassembly that is slidably coupled to said second rail; said four catch-arm subassembly includes: (i) a fourth catch; and (ii) a fourth guide member; and wherein said third and fourth catch-arm
- (i) a fourth catch; and (ii) a fourth guide member; and wherein said third and fourth catch-arm subassemblies are configured to correspond to said second lift subassembly.
- 16. The tray stacking and destacking assembly as defined in claim 11, further comprising: (a) a bracket slidably that is coupled to said first and second rails; said bracket includes at least one stop device that is configured to stop each of said plurality of trays at a predetermined location on said conveyor; and (b) a crowder that is configured to secure each of said plurality of trays at said predetermined location; and (c) a sensor that is communicatively coupled to said at least one stop device and said crowder.
- 17. The tray stacking and destacking assembly as defined in claim 11, wherein each of said first and second set of arms of said first lift subassembly include a slot that receives a pin to positionably adjust said first and second set of arms on said first lift plate.
- 18. The tray stacking and destacking assembly as defined in claim 11, wherein each of said first and second set of arms of said second lift subassembly include a slot that receives a pin to positionably adjust said first and second set of arms on said second lift plate.
- 19. The tray stacking and destacking assembly as defined in claim 11, wherein (a) said first set of arms of said first lift subassembly extend in opposite directions; and (b) said first set of arms of said second lift subassembly extend in opposite directions.
- 20. A tray stacking assembly comprising: (a) a lift plate that is configured to be readily adapted to receive a plurality of trays having predetermined dimensions for stacking or destacking; said lift plate comprising: (i) a first set of arms that are slidably coupled to a top surface of said lift plate; (ii) a second set of arms that are slidably coupled to said top surface of said lift plate; wherein each of said first and second sets of arms are independently adjustable to correspond to said predetermined dimensions of said plurality of trays; (b) an adjustable width conveyor that has a first rail and a second rail; said lift plate is disposed between said first and second rails; and (c) a catch-arm subassembly that is configured to aid in said stacking or destacking of said plurality of trays on said lift plate; said catch-arm subassembly is slidably coupled to and adjustable along said first rail or said second rail.