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United States Patent Application Publication Kind Code Publication Date Inventor(s) 20250256744 A1 August 14, 2025 Austrheim; Trond

# DELIVERY SYSTEM WITH AN ACCESS POINT AND A METHOD OF ACCESSING AN ACCESS POINT OF THE DELIVERY SYSTEM

#### Abstract

An automated storage and retrieval system includes a storage grid for storage of storage containers and a delivery system for transport of said storage containers between a delivery port of the storage grid and an access point of the delivery system. The access point is adapted for handling of items held in the storage containers by a robotic operator or human operator. The delivery system includes a delivery rail system including at least a first set of parallel rails arranged in a horizontal plane (P1) and extending in a first direction (X), and at least a second set of parallel rails arranged in the horizontal plane (P1) and extending in a second direction (Y) which is orthogonal to the first direction (X), the first and second sets of rails together defining a delivery grid of delivery grid cells, the access point, and a remotely operated delivery vehicle comprising a motorized vehicle body and a container carrier provided above the motorized vehicle body for carrying a storage container of the storage containers. The delivery vehicle is moveable on the delivery grid of the delivery rail system. The delivery grid provides one or more delivery grid cells for the remotely operated delivery vehicle at the access point as well as a plurality of delivery grid cells adjacent the one or more delivery grid cells of the access point, such that there is more than one path to and/or from the access point for the remotely operated delivery vehicle via the plurality of delivery grid cells. The remotely operated delivery vehicle is arranged to transport the storage container from the delivery port of the storage grid across the delivery grid to the access point and return the storage container to the delivery port for storage within the storage grid. The access point is provided in a container accessing station, said station being arranged for separating the robotic or human operator from the delivery rail system and the remotely operated delivery vehicle. The container accessing station comprises a cabinet comprising walls and a top cover supported thereon, wherein the items held in the storage container carried by a remotely operated delivery vehicle at the access point is reachable through an opening in the top cover.

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Family ID: 1000008557776

Appl. No.: 19/189491

Filed: April 25, 2025

## **Foreign Application Priority Data**

NO	20180813	Jun. 12, 2018
NO	20181005	Jul. 19, 2018
NO	20181581	Dec. 10, 2018

# **Related U.S. Application Data**

parent US continuation 18514691 20231120 parent-grant-document US 12296864 child US 19189491

parent US continuation 15734855 20201203 parent-grant-document US 11873014 WO continuation PCT/EP2019/065189 20190611 child US 18514691

#### **Publication Classification**

Int. Cl.: B61B13/00 (20060101); B60W50/00 (20060101); B65G1/04 (20060101); B65G1/06 (20060101); B65G1/137 (20060101); B65G43/00 (20060101); B65G47/06 (20060101); B65G47/52 (20060101); B65G57/03 (20060101); B65G63/00 (20060101); B65G63/06 (20060101); B65G65/23 (20060101); B65G67/24 (20060101); B66F9/06 (20060101); B66F9/19 (20060101); G05D1/221 (20240101); G05D1/224 (20240101); G05D1/43 (20240101); G05D1/611 (20240101); G05D1/639 (20240101); G05D1/646 (20240101); G05D1/69 (20240101); G05D1/692 (20240101)

#### U.S. Cl.:

CPC **B61B13/00** (20130101); **B65G1/0414** (20130101); **B65G1/0457** (20130101); **B65G1/0464** (20130101); **B65G1/0471** (20130101); **B65G1/0478** (20130101); **B65G1/0485** (20130101); **B65G1/0492** (20130101); **B65G1/065** (20130101); **B65G1/1375** (20130101); **B65G47/06** (20130101); **B65G47/52** (20130101); **B65G57/03** (20130101); **B65G63/06** (20130101); **B65G65/23** (20130101); **B65G67/24** (20130101); **B66F9/19** (20130101); **G05D1/221** (20240101); **G05D1/69** (20240101); **G05D1/692** (20240101); B60W50/0098 (20130101); B60W2710/06 (20130101); B65G43/00 (20130101); B65G3/004 (20130101); B65G2201/0235 (20130101); B65G2201/0258 (20130101); B65G2203/0283 (20130101); B65G2203/042 (20130101); G05D1/2244 (20240101); G05D1/43 (20240101); G05D1/611 (20240101); G05D1/639 (20240101); G05D1/646 (20240101)

# **Background/Summary**

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS [0001] This application claims benefit under 35 U.S.C. § 120 as a continuation of application Ser. No. 18/514,691, filed Nov. 20, 2023, which is a continuation of application Ser. No. 15/734,855, filed Dec. 3, 2020, which is a § 371 National Stage entry of international application PCT/EP2019/065189, filed Jun. 11, 2019, which claims the benefit of Norwegian application No. 20181581, filed Dec. 10, 2018, Norwegian application No. 20181005, filed Jul. 19, 2018, and Norwegian application No. 20180813, filed Jun.

12, 2018, the entire contents of which are hereby incorporated by reference for all purposes as if fully set forth herein.

#### TECHNICAL FIELD

[0002] The present invention relates to an automated storage and retrieval system comprising a storage grid for storage of storage containers and a delivery system for delivery of said storage containers between the storage grid and an access point of the delivery system, and a method of operating a delivery vehicle into an out of the access point.

[0003] The invention is also directed to an access point of a delivery system, wherein the access point is arranged such that there is more than one path to and/or from the access point for a remotely operated delivery vehicle carrying a storage container.

#### BACKGROUND AND PRIOR ART

[0004] FIGS. **1**A and **1**C disclose a typical prior art automated storage and retrieval system **1** with a framework structure **100**. FIGS. **1**B and **1**D disclose a prior art container handling vehicle **101** operating the system **1** disclosed in FIGS. **1**A and **1**C, respectively.

[0005] The framework structure **100** comprises a plurality of upright members **102** and optionally a plurality of horizontal members **103** supporting the upright members **102**. The members **102**, **103** may typically be made of metal, e.g. extruded aluminum profiles.

[0006] The framework structure **100** defines a storage grid **104** comprising storage columns **105** arranged in rows, in which storage columns **105** storage containers **106**, also known as bins, are stacked one on top of another to form stacks **107**.

[0007] Each storage container **106** may typically hold a plurality of product items (not shown), and the product items within a storage container **106** may be identical or may be of different product types depending on the application.

[0008] The storage grid **104** guards against horizontal movement of the storage containers **106** in the stacks **107**, and guides vertical movement of the storage containers **106**, but does normally not otherwise support the storage containers **106** when stacked.

[0009] The automated storage and retrieval system 1 comprises a rail system 108 arranged in a grid pattern across the top of the storage 104, on which rail system 108 a plurality of container handling vehicles 200,300 (as exemplified in FIGS. 1B and 1D) are operated to raise storage containers 106 from, and lower storage containers 106 into, the storage columns 105, and also to transport the storage containers 106 above the storage columns 105. The horizontal extent of one of the grid cells 122 constituting the grid pattern is in FIGS. 1A and 1C marked by thick lines.

[0010] Each grid cell **122** has a width which is typically within the interval of 30 to 150 cm, and a length which is typically within the interval of 50 to 200 cm. Each grid opening **115** has a width and a length which is typically 2 to 10 cm less than the width and the length of the grid cell **122** due to the horizontal extent of the rails **110,111**.

[0011] The rail system **108** comprises a first set of parallel rails **110** arranged to guide movement of the container handling vehicles **200,300** in a first direction X across the top of the frame structure **100**, and a second set of parallel rails **111** arranged perpendicular to the first set of rails **110** to guide movement of the container handling vehicles **200,300** in a second direction Y which is perpendicular to the first direction X. In this way, the rail system **108** defines grid columns above which the container handling vehicles **200,300** can move laterally above the storage columns **105**, i.e. in a plane which is parallel to the horizontal X-Y plane.

[0012] Each prior art container handling vehicle **200,300** comprises a vehicle body and a wheel arrangement of eight wheels **201,301** where a first set of four wheels enable the lateral movement of the container handling vehicles **200,300** in the X direction and a second set of the remaining four wheels enable the lateral movement in the Y direction. One or both sets of wheels in the wheel arrangement can be lifted and lowered, so that the first set of wheels and/or the second set of wheels can be engaged with the respective set of rails **110, 111** at any one time.

[0013] Each prior art container handling vehicle **200**,**300** also comprises a lifting device (not shown) for vertical transportation of storage containers **106**, e.g. raising a storage container **106** from, and lowering a storage container **106** into, a storage column **105**. The lifting device comprises one or more gripping/engaging devices (not shown) which are adapted to engage a storage container **106**, and which gripping/engaging devices can be lowered from the vehicle **201**,**301** so that the position of the gripping/engaging devices with respect to the vehicle **201**,**301** can be adjusted in a third direction Z which is orthogonal the first direction X and the second direction Y.

[0014] Conventionally, and also for the purpose of this application, Z=1 identifies the uppermost layer of the grid **104**, i.e. the layer immediately below the rail system **108**, Z=2 the second layer below the rail system **108**, Z=3 the third layer etc. In the exemplary prior art grid **104** disclosed in FIGS. **1**A and **1**C, Z=8 identifies the lowermost, bottom layer of the grid **104**. Consequently, as an example, and using the Cartesian coordinate system X, Y, Z indicated in FIGS. **1**A and **1**D, the storage container identified as **106**′ in FIG. **1**A can be said to occupy grid location or cell X=10, Y=2, Z=3. The container handling vehicles **101** can be said to travel in layer Z=0 and each grid column can be identified by its X and Y coordinates.

[0015] Each container handling vehicle **200** comprises a storage compartment or space (not shown) for receiving and stowing a storage container **106** when transporting the storage container **106** across the rail system **108**. The storage space may comprise a cavity arranged centrally within the vehicle body, e.g. as is described in WO2014/090684A1, the contents of which are incorporated herein by reference.

[0016] Alternatively, the container handling vehicles **300** may have a cantilever construction, as is described in NO317366, the contents of which are also incorporated herein by reference. [0017] The container handling vehicles **200** may have a footprint, i.e. an extent in the X and Y directions, which is generally equal to the lateral extent of a grid cell **122**, i.e. the extent of a grid cell **122** in the X and Y directions, e.g. as is described in WO2015/193278A1, the contents of which are incorporated herein by reference. The term "lateral" used herein may mean "horizontal". [0018] Alternatively, the container handling vehicles **200** may have a footprint which is larger than the lateral extent of (lateral area defined by) a grid column **105**, e.g. as is disclosed in WO2014/090684A1.

[0019] The rail system **108** may be a single rail system, as is shown in FIG. **2**A. Alternatively, the rail system **108** may be a double rail system, as is shown in FIG. **2**B, thus allowing a container handling vehicle **201** having a footprint generally corresponding to the lateral area defined by a grid column **112** to travel along a row of grid columns even if another container handling vehicle **200** is positioned above a grid column neighboring that row. Both the single and double rail system, or a combination comprising a single and double rail arrangement in a single rail system **108**, forms a grid pattern in the horizontal plane P comprising a plurality of rectangular and uniform grid locations or grid cells **122**, where each grid cell **122** comprises a grid opening **115** being delimited by a pair of rails **110***a*,**110***b* of the first rails **110** and a pair of rails **111***a*,**111***b* of the second set of rails **111**. In FIG. **2B** the grid cell **122** is indicated by a dashed box.

[0020] Consequently, rails **110***a* and **110***b* form pairs of rails defining parallel rows of grid cells running in the X direction, and rails **111***a* and **111***b* form pairs of rails defining parallel rows of grid cells running in the Y direction.

[0021] As shown in FIG. **2**C, each grid cell **122** has a width W.sub.c which is typically within the interval of 30 to 150 cm, and a length L.sub.c which is typically within the interval of 50 to 200 cm. Each grid opening **115** has a width W.sub.o and a length L.sub.o which is typically 2 to 10 cm less than the width W.sub.c and the length L.sub.c of the grid cell **122**.

[0022] In the X and Y directions, neighboring grid cells are arranged in contact with each other such that there is no space there-between.

[0023] In a storage grid 104, a majority of the grid columns are storage columns 105, i.e. grid

columns **105** where storage containers **106** are stored in stacks **107**. However, a grid **104** normally has at least one grid column which is used not for storing storage containers **106**, but which comprises a location where the container handling vehicles **200,300** can drop off and/or pick up storage containers **106** so that they can be transported to a second location (not shown) where the storage containers **106** can be accessed from outside of the grid **104** or transferred out of or into the grid **104**. Within the art, such a location is normally referred to as a "port" and the grid column in which the port is located may be referred to as a "delivery column" **119,120**. The drop-off and pick-up ports of the container handling vehicles are referred to as the "upper ports of a delivery column" **119,120**. While the opposite end of the delivery column is referred to as the "lower ports of a delivery column".

[0024] The storage grids **104** in FIGS. **1**A and **1**C comprise two delivery columns **119** and **120**. The first delivery column **119** may for example comprise a dedicated drop-off port where the container handling vehicles **200**,**300** can drop off storage containers **106** to be transported through the delivery column **119** and further to an access or a transfer station, and the second delivery column **120** may comprise a dedicated pick-up port where the container handling vehicles **200**,**300** can pick up storage containers **106** that have been transported through the delivery column **120** from an access or a transfer station. Each of the ports of the first and second delivery column may comprise a port suitable for both pick up and drop of storage containers.

[0025] The second location may typically be a picking or a stocking station where product items are removed from or positioned into the storage containers **106**. In a picking or a stocking station, the storage containers **106** are normally never removed from the automated storage and retrieval system **1** but are returned into the storage grid **104** once accessed. For transfer of storage containers out or into the storage grid **104**, there are also lower ports provided in a delivery column, such lower ports are e.g. for transferring storage containers **106** to another storage facility (e.g. to another storage grid), directly to a transport vehicle (e.g. a train or a lorry), or to a production facility.

[0026] For monitoring and controlling the automated storage and retrieval system 1 (e.g. monitoring and controlling the location of respective storage containers 106 within the storage grid 104; the content of each storage container 106; and the movement of the container handling vehicles 200,300 so that a desired storage container 106 can be delivered to the desired location at the desired time without the container handling vehicles 200,300 colliding with each other), the automated storage and retrieval system 1 comprises a control system (not shown) which typically is computerized and which typically comprises a database for keeping track of the storage containers 106.

[0027] A conveyor system comprising conveyors may be employed to transport the storage containers between the lower port of the delivery column and the access station.

[0028] If the lower port of the delivery column and the access station are located at different levels, the conveyor system may comprise a lift device for transporting the storage containers vertically

between the port and the access station.

[0029] The conveyor system may be arranged to transfer storage containers between different grids, e.g. as is described in WO2014/075937A1, the contents of which are incorporated herein by reference.

[0030] Further, WO2016/198467A1, the contents of which are incorporated herein by reference, disclose an example of a prior art access system having conveyor belts (FIGS. 5a and 5b in WO2016/198467A1) and a frame mounted rail (FIGS. 6a and 6b in WO2016/198467A1) for transporting storage containers between delivery columns and work stations where operators can access the storage containers.

[0031] When a storage container **106** stored in the grid **104** disclosed in FIG. **1**A is to be accessed, one of the container handling vehicles **200,300** is instructed to retrieve the target storage container **106** from its position in the grid **104** and to transport it to or through the delivery column **119**. This

operation involves moving the container handling vehicle **200**,**300** to a grid location above the storage column **105** in which the target storage container **106** is positioned, retrieving the storage container **106** from the storage column **105** using the container handling vehicle's lifting device (not shown), and transporting the storage container **106** to the delivery column **119**. If the target storage container **106** is located deep within a stack **107**, i.e. with one or a plurality of other storage containers positioned above the target storage container **106**, the operation also involves temporarily moving the above-positioned storage containers prior to lifting the target storage container **106** from the storage column **105**. This step, which is sometimes referred to as "digging" within the art, may be performed with the same container handling vehicle 200,300 that is subsequently used for transporting the target storage container 106 to the delivery column, or with one or a plurality of other cooperating container handling vehicles **200,300**. Alternatively, or in addition, the automated storage and retrieval system **1** may have container handling vehicles **200,300** specifically dedicated to the task of temporarily removing storage containers **106** from a storage column **105**. Once the target storage container **106** has been removed from the storage column **105**, the temporarily removed storage containers can be repositioned into the original storage column **105**. However, the removed storage containers may alternatively be relocated to other storage columns **105**.

[0032] When a storage container **106** is to be stored in the grid **104**, one of the container handling vehicles **200**,**300** is instructed to pick up the storage container **106** from the delivery column **120** and to transport it to a grid location above the storage column **105** where it is to be stored. After any storage containers positioned at or above the target position within the storage column stack **107** have been removed, the container handling vehicle **200**,**300** positions the storage container **106** at the desired position. The removed storage containers may then be lowered back into the storage column **105** or relocated to other storage columns **105**.

[0033] A problem associated with known automated storage and retrieval systems 1 is that the area surrounding the pick-up and drop-off ports may become congested with container handling vehicles 200,300 instructed to drop off or pick up storage containers 106. This may seriously impede the operation of the automated storage and retrieval system 1. In small systems this situation may possibly be alleviated by adding delivery columns to the grid, as this will allow the container handling vehicles 200,300 to be distributed among a larger number of ports of delivery columns in order to avoid congestion. However, if ports and columns are added, the conveyor system infrastructure must normally be increased. This requires space, which may not necessarily be available. Also, adding conveyor system infrastructure is costly.

[0034] Another problem with prior art automated storage and retrieval systems 1 is that the separate drop-off ports and pick-up ports of the delivery columns 119,120 require the container handling vehicles 200,300 to move to a storage column 105 after drop-off to retrieve a new storage container 106. Likewise, the container handling vehicles 200,300 have to be empty of a storage container 106 when they are sent to a pick-up port 120 to pick up a storage container. This results in an inefficiency and causes increased congestion around the ports, as container handling vehicles 200,300 are moving around on the grid without a storage container 106 as payload. In addition, the delivery columns 119,120 may take up space on the grid 104 which could be used for other purposes such as the movement of container handling vehicles 200,300.

[0035] In view of the above, it is desirable to provide an automated storage and retrieval system, and a method for operating such a system, that solve or at least mitigate one or more of the aforementioned problem related to use of prior art storage and retrieval systems.

[0036] An objective of the invention is to provide an automated storage and retrieval system which is more effective than prior art systems by avoiding or at least reducing congestion of storage containers around the delivery column.

[0037] Another objective is to provide an automated storage and retrieval system that increases the availability of a delivery column for container handling vehicles operating on a rail system.

Another objective is to provide a high efficiency automated storage and retrieval system which are easy to install, and which delivery capacity can easily be increased after completed installation. [0038] Y et another objective is to provide a dedicated area where storage containers and items held in the storage containers, effectively and easily can be handled and that the storage containers can be handled in right order.

#### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0039] The invention is set forth in the independent claims and the dependent claims describe alternatives of the invention.

[0040] In the following the term "remotely operated delivery vehicle" is referred to as the "delivery vehicle" and the term "automated storage and retrieval grid" is referred to as the "storage grid". The term "a storage container" is also known in prior art as "a bin". The term "picking and

stocking station" is also referred to as an "access station" or "accessing station".

[0041] The present invention is related to an automated storage and retrieval system comprising a storage grid for storage of storage containers and a delivery system for transport of said storage containers between a delivery port of the storage grid and an access point of the delivery system, the access point being adapted for handling of items held in the storage containers by a robotic operator or human operator.

[0042] The delivery system comprises: [0043] a delivery rail system comprising at least a first set of parallel rails arranged in a horizontal plane (P1) and extending in a first direction (X), and at least a second set of parallel rails arranged in the horizontal plane (P1) and extending in a second direction (Y) which is orthogonal to the first direction (X), the first and second sets of rails together defining a delivery grid of delivery grid cells, [0044] a remotely operated delivery vehicle comprising a motorized vehicle body and a container carrier provided above the motorized vehicle body for carrying a storage container of the storage containers, and wherein the delivery vehicle is moveable on the delivery grid of the delivery rail system.

[0045] Wherein the delivery grid provides one or more delivery grid cells for the remotely operated delivery vehicle at the access point as well as a plurality of delivery grid cells adjacent the one or more delivery grid cells of the access point, such that there is more than one path to and/or from the access point for the remotely operated delivery vehicle via the plurality of delivery grid cells, and wherein the remotely operated delivery vehicle is arranged to transport the storage container from the delivery port of the storage grid across the delivery grid to the access point and return it to the delivery port for storage within the storage grid.

[0046] The storage grid for storage of storage containers comprises a storage grid rail system arranged in a grid pattern across the top of the storage grid, on which rail system a plurality of container handling vehicles are operated to raise storage containers from, and lower storage containers into, the storage columns, and also to transport the storage containers above the storage columns.

[0047] The storage grid has at least one grid column which is used not for storing storage containers, but which comprises a location where the container handling vehicles can drop off and/or pick up storage containers so that they can be transported to an access station of a delivery system where the storage containers can be accessed.

[0048] The drop-off and pick-up ports of the container handling vehicles are referred to as the "upper ports" of a delivery column. While the opposite end of the delivery column, the port towards the delivery system is referred to as the delivery port. Thus, the delivery port is defined as the port (grid cell) in which the storage container enters or exits the storage grid.

[0049] The delivery rail system extends between a location vertically below the delivery port of the storage grid to the access point adapted for handling of items held in the storage containers by a robotic operator or human operator. A remotely operated delivery vehicle is arranged for transport of storage containers between the delivery port and the access point.

[0050] To get the most storage space for storage containers in the storage and retrieval grid, it may

be advantageous to arrange the delivery rails system such that it extends as little as possible into the storage grid. That means that the storage and retrieval grid may comprise a plurality of storage columns extending from the upper level to the base of the storage grid, thus allowing the greatest possible storage capacity since the entire storage column may be used for storage.

[0051] In order to maintain greatest possible storage capacity, the part of the delivery rail system extending into the storage grid may be kept as small (little extent) as possible. Thus, the delivery rail system and the delivery vehicle may occupy as little space as possible of the storage and retrieval grid, the space which may be used for storage of storage containers.

[0052] Moreover, at least one, preferably each, of the plurality of delivery vehicle grid cells of the delivery rail system may be arranged directly below a container handling vehicle grid cell of the container handling vehicle rail system. The delivery rail system may extend within the framework structure of the storage grid. The second location would thus be located inside the framework structure of the storage grid.

[0053] The delivery rail system may extend to the outside the framework structure of the storage grid, preferably to the access point. When the access point is located outside the storage grid, they do not take up storage capacity of the grid.

[0054] The delivery rail system may comprise a first rail system located within the framework structure of the storage grid, and a second rail system located outside the framework structure of the storage grid, and wherein the first and second rail system are connected such that the delivery vehicle may operate between said rail systems.

[0055] The access point may be connected to the second rail system.

[0056] The access point may comprise one single grid cell of the delivery grid system, or the access point may comprise two or more delivery grid cells. The delivery vehicle is operated such that when it is located at the access point, it allows the human and/or robotic operator to access the contents of the storage container.

[0057] According to the invention, the delivery vehicle has more than one path to and/or from the access point via the plurality of delivery grid cells. This allows the operator to coordinate the order in which delivery vehicles may enter or exit the access point.

[0058] In embodiments, the delivery vehicle may enter the access point at a first end and exits the access point at a second end, such that storage containers can enter the access point continuously one after another.

[0059] The access point comprises one or more delivery grid cells for the delivery vehicle at the access point. The delivery grid further provides a plurality of delivery grid cells adjacent the one or more delivery grid cells of the access point, such that there is more than one path to and/or from the access point. For example; each grid cell of the access point may comprise four entrances or exits for the delivery vehicle; two in the X-direction and two in the Y-direction. Since the human or robotic operator needs to stand next to the access point at one side in order to have easy access to the stored items, it may be preferable that the access point comprises three entrances or exits, for example; two in the X-direction and one in the Y-direction. Thus, in this embodiment, the delivery vehicle may enter or exit the access point from above in the Y-direction as well as the two ends in the X-direction. This means that the delivery vehicle has at least three paths to and from the access point, thus, allowing one delivery vehicle to pass another delivery vehicle in the order of arrival at the access station.

[0060] The access point may be defined as a predetermined location where the storage container can be accessed and/or handled. The term "handling of storage container" may include stocking or picking items to/from the containers, as well as introducing or removing containers to/from the storage grid. The access point may be any predetermined location which allows storage containers to be accessed from a location outside the storage grid.

[0061] The access point may be located in a container accessing station arranged for separating the human operator from the delivery rail system and the delivery vehicles.

[0062] The delivery grid may extend to or into the container accessing station. The delivery grid providing one or more delivery grid cells for the remotely operated delivery vehicle at the access point as well as a plurality of delivery grid cells adjacent the delivery grid cells of the access point, such that there is more than one path to and/or from the access point for the remotely operated delivery vehicle via the plurality of delivery grid cells. The remotely operated delivery vehicle is arranged to transport a storage container from the delivery port of the storage grid across the delivery grid to the access point of the container accessing station and return it to the delivery port for storage within the storage grid.

[0063] The container accessing station may comprise means for protecting the human operator from components of the delivery system (rails and delivery vehicles) and for allowing easy handling of the storage container and its contents. Said means may be any one of a wall or a cabinet.

[0064] The container accessing station may comprise a wall and the access point may be an area corresponding to one or more delivery grid cells of the delivery grid that are arranged on a delivery grid side of the wall in a position where an item in a storage container carried by a remotely operated delivery vehicle can be reached by the robotic or human operator reaching over the wall. [0065] In aspects, the container accessing station may be a cabinet having side walls and a top plate arranged such that it defines an internal volume of the cabinet. The internal volume comprises an open end such that the delivery rail system extends into said internal volume of the cabinet. More specifically, at least one delivery grid cell of the delivery grid system extends into the internal volume of the cabinet.

[0066] In an embodiment, the container accessing station comprises a cabinet comprising an opening provided above the access point, and wherein the items held in the storage container are accessible at the access point, through said opening. The opening may be provided in the top plate of the cabinet such that the items held in storage containers are accessible from above.

[0067] The delivery vehicle may be operated such that its container carrier and the storage container is in a tilted position while situated at the access point. In the tilted position of the storage container provides increased visibility of the contents of the storage container in addition to easier access to the contents and a better working position for the human operator. The last is directed to reducing strain on back and knees of the human operator.

[0068] In embodiments, the delivery rail system provides a delivery grid comprising three or more adjacent rows of delivery grid cells that extend to or into the container accessing station.

[0069] For example, the container accessing station may comprise a cabinet covering at least three grid cells; one left grid cell, one mid grid cell and one right grid cell. Wherein the access point may be located at the mid grid cell and the delivery vehicles may be operated such that they enter into the cabinet at the left grid cell, move to the middle grid cell, where the delivery vehicles is stopped such that its storage containers may be accessed by at least one of a robotic or human operator, and then move further to the right grid cell before it exits the cabinet.

[0070] The container accessing station may be provided with an activation device such as a switch, push button or a lever, for re-starting the delivery vehicle after the storage container has been accessed at the mid grid cell position. In operation, the at least one of a robotic or human operator may access the content of a storage container while located at the access point. After the storage container has been accessed, the at least one of a robotic or human operator may push the activation device such that the delivery vehicle moves forward, allowing another delivery vehicle to enter the access point.

[0071] In embodiments, the container accessing station may be provided adjoining or detached from a storage grid, where a delivery rail system is arranged between the delivery port of the storage grid and the container accessing station. Storage containers may thus be transported across the delivery rail system between said delivery port and container accessing station.

[0072] The remotely operated delivery vehicle is adapted to be moveable on a delivery rail system.

Furthermore, the delivery rail system may be a single rail system or a double rail system. The delivery rail system defines grid pattern above which the delivery vehicle can move laterally. [0073] In embodiment, the delivery system may benefit from many of the considerations provided for the rail system and the container handling vehicles of the storage grid

[0074] To facilitate production and ensure low costs, it is preferable to use already designed and tested components. It is therefore considered advantageous that each grid cell of the delivery rail system has a size which is equal or similar to the size of the grid cells of the rail system for the container handling vehicles.

[0075] More specifically, each grid cell of the delivery rail system may have a width which is typically within the interval of 30 to 150 cm, and a length which is typically within the interval of 50 to 200 cm. Each grid opening of the delivery rail system may have a width and a length which is typically 2 to 10 cm less than the width and the length of the grid cell.

[0076] The horizontal plane P1 of the delivery rail system is arranged below the horizontal plane P of the rail system of the storage grid.

[0077] The container accessing station may be located on a ground floor level such that the storage containers are accessible to human and/or robotic operators without platforms or the like. Accordingly, the delivery rail system may be arranged on vertical support elements such that the horizontal plane (P1) of the delivery rail system may be located at any preferred vertical level above the ground floor level.

[0078] In general, the delivery rail system is located at any level below the top level of the storage grid. Preferably, the delivery rail system is located at a level below the delivery port of the storage grid.

[0079] The delivery ports may be arranged on a mezzanine level of the storage grid, such that the delivery vehicle may operate on the delivery rail provided below the mezzanine level for delivering or receiving storage containers to/from the delivery port. The mezzanine level is actually the raised base or floor of the storage grid providing a "roof" for the area worked by the delivery vehicles. The mezzanine level is thus adapted to the overall height of the storage container when positioned on the delivery vehicle, and the height of the delivery rail system. This means that the upright members of the storage grid framework have to be finished short in order to be suspended on the mezzanine level. The mezzanine may be supported by upright support posts stepped out from the delivery columns for support of the mezzanine. The height of the upright support posts defines the height of the mezzanine level (the rails of the delivery rail system may themselves be suspended above the floor of the warehouse building).

[0080] Further, the extent of the mezzanine in a horizontal plane depends, at least in part, on the total numbers of delivery columns arranged in the storage grid. Thus, the number of delivery columns and the size (extent) of the mezzanine in the X and Y direction may be customized according to the overall size of the storage system and the desired efficiency of the system. Consequently, the adoption of delivery columns means a loss of storage space in the storage grid. However, the benefit is increased delivery efficiency of storage containers in the automated storage and retrieval system, since the congestion of the storage containers at the delivery columns is avoided or at least reduced by means of the delivery system according to the present invention. [0081] The present invention is also related to a delivery system for transport of storage containers between a pick-up/drop-off port of the delivery system and an access point adapted for handling of items held in the storage containers by a robotic operator or human operator.

[0082] The delivery system comprises: [0083] a delivery rail system comprising at least a first set of parallel rails arranged in a horizontal plane (P1) and extending in a first direction (X), and at least a second set of parallel rails arranged in the horizontal plane (P1) and extending in a second direction (Y) which is orthogonal to the first direction (X), the first and second sets of rails together defining a delivery grid of delivery grid cells, [0084] a remotely operated delivery vehicle comprising a motorized vehicle body and a container carrier provided above the motorized vehicle

body for carrying a storage container of the storage containers, and wherein the delivery vehicle is moveable on the delivery grid of the delivery rail system.

[0085] Wherein the delivery grid provides one or more delivery grid cells for the remotely operated delivery vehicle at the access point as well as a plurality of delivery grid cells adjacent the one or more delivery grid cells of the access point, such that there is more than one path to and/or from the access point for the remotely operated delivery vehicle via the plurality of delivery grid cells, and wherein the remotely operated delivery vehicle is arranged to transport the storage container from the pick-up/drop-off port of the delivery system across the delivery grid to the access point and return it to the pick-up/drop-off port of the delivery system.

[0086] The pick-up/drop-off port of the delivery system constitutes a delivery grid cell, situated below a delivery column of a storage grid and arranged such that the delivery vehicle may receive a storage container from the storage grid, through the delivery column and onto the delivery vehicle, when the delivery vehicle is positioned at the pick-up/drop-off port.

[0087] The delivery rail system may comprise at least one transfer zone for temporarily storing storage containers on delivery vehicles, when in transit between the delivery port of the storage grid and the container accessing station. This might be an area that delivery vehicles might queue on route to the access point. The transfer zone may constitute one or more delivery grid cells for the delivery vehicle at the transfer zone. The transfer zone may be located inside or outside the container accessing station.

[0088] The invention is also directed to a method of operating a remotely operated delivery vehicle into and out of an access point of a delivery rail system, the access point being a location on the delivery rail system for a robotic or human operator to access an item held in a storage container that has been delivered to the access point.

[0089] The delivery system comprises: [0090] a delivery rail system comprising at least a first set of parallel rails arranged in a horizontal plane (P1) and extending in a first direction (X), and at least a second set of parallel rails arranged in the horizontal plane (P1) and extending in a second direction (Y) which is orthogonal to the first direction (X), the first and second sets of rails together defining a delivery grid of delivery grid cells, [0091] a remotely operated delivery vehicle comprising a motorized vehicle body and a container carrier provided above the motorized vehicle body and adapted to carry the storage container, and wherein the delivery vehicle is moveable on the delivery grid of the delivery rail system, [0092] wherein the delivery grid provides one or more delivery grid cells for the remotely operated delivery vehicle at the access point as well as a plurality of delivery grid cells adjacent the delivery grid cells of the access point, such that there is more than one path to and/or from the access point for the remotely operated delivery vehicle via the plurality of delivery grid cells.

[0093] The method comprises the step of: [0094] a) operating the delivery vehicle to direct it to one of the plurality of delivery grid cells adjacent the one or more delivery grid cells of the access point, [0095] b) operating the delivery vehicle to enter the delivery grid cell of the one or more grid cells at the access point from one of the plurality of delivery grid cells adjacent the one or more delivery grid cells of the access point, [0096] c) allowing the robotic or human operator access to the item held in the storage container at the access point, [0097] d) operating the delivery vehicle to exit the one or more delivery grid cells of the access point to one of the plurality of delivery grid cells adjacent the one or more delivery grid cells of the access point.

[0098] The access point may be provided in a container accessing station arranged for separating the robotic or human operator from the delivery rail system and the remotely operated delivery vehicle. Thus, the delivery grid extends to or into the container accessing station.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

- [0099] Following drawings are appended to facilitate the understanding of the invention.
- [0100] FIG. 1A-1D, FIG. 2A-2C are perspectives view of a prior art automated storage and retrieval system, where FIG. 1A-1C and FIG. 2A show the complete system and FIG. 1B-1D and FIG. 2B show examples of system operable prior art container handling vehicles, and where FIG. 2C shows typical width and length intervals for each grid cell.
- [0101] FIG. **3**A-**3**C is a side view of a remotely operated delivery vehicle according to an embodiment of the invention.
- [0102] FIG. **4**A-**4**C is a perspective view of a remotely operated delivery vehicle according to an embodiment of the present invention.
- [0103] FIG. **5**A-**5**B is a perspective view of a remotely operated delivery vehicle of FIG. **4**A, from the underside.
- [0104] FIG. **6**A-**6**B is a perspective view of another automated storage and retrieval grid and a delivery system according to an embodiment of this the present invention.
- [0105] FIG. 7A-7B is a perspective view of a set of exemplary container accessing stations.
- [0106] FIG. **8**A-**8**B is a perspective view of another exemplary automated storage and retrieval grid and delivery system comprising a container accessing station.
- [0107] FIG. **9**A-**9**B is a perspective view of another exemplary automated storage and retrieval grid and delivery system comprising a container accessing station.
- [0108] FIG. **10** is a top view of another exemplary automated storage and retrieval grid and a delivery system according to the present invention.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

- [0109] In the following, embodiments of the invention will be discussed in more detail with reference to the appended drawings. It should be understood, however, that the drawings are not intended to limit the invention to the subject-matter depicted in the drawings. Furthermore, even if some of the features are described in relation to the system only, it is apparent that they are valid for the delivery vehicles and related methods as well, and vice versa. Hence, any features described in relation to the delivery vehicle only, and/or related methods, are also valid for the system. [0110] In the following, embodiments of the invention will be discussed in more detail with reference to the appended drawings. It should be understood, however, that the drawings are not intended to limit the invention to the subject-matter depicted in the drawings. Furthermore, even if some of the features are described in relation to the system only, it is apparent that they are valid for the delivery vehicles and related methods as well, and vice versa. Hence, any features described in relation to the delivery vehicle only, and/or related methods, are also valid for the system. [0111] With reference to FIG. **1**A-**1**D the storage grid **104** of each storage structure **1** constitutes a framework **100** of in total 143 grid columns **112**, where the width and length of the framework corresponds to the width and length of 13 and 11 grid columns 112, respectively. The top layer of the framework **100** is a rail system **108** onto which a plurality of container handling vehicles **200,300** are operated.
- [0112] The framework **100** of the storage system **1** is constructed in accordance with the above mentioned prior art framework **100** described above, i.e. a plurality of upright members **102** and a plurality of horizontal members **103** which are supported by the upright members **102**, and further that the horizontal members **103** includes the rail system **108** of parallel rails **110,111** in the X direction and the Y direction, respectively, arranged across the top of storage columns **105**. The horizontal area of a single grid cell **122**, i.e. along the X and Y directions, may be defined by the distance between adjacent rails **110** and **111**, respectively (see also FIGS. **3A-3**C and **4A-4**C). In FIGS. **1A** and **1**C, such a grid cell **122** is marked on the rail system **108** by thick lines. [0113] The rail system **108** allows the container handling vehicles **200,300** to move horizontally between different grid locations, where each grid location is associated with a grid cell **122**.

- [0114] In FIGS. **1**A and **1**C the storage grid **104** is shown with a height of eight cells. It is understood, however, that the storage grid **104** can in principle be of any size. In particular it is understood that storage grid **104** can be considerably wider and/or longer than disclosed in FIGS. **1**A and **1**C. For example, the grid **104** may have a horizontal extent of more than 700×700 grid cells **122**. Also, the grid **104** can be considerably deeper than disclosed in FIGS. **1**A and **1**C. For example, the storage grid **104** may be more than twelve grid cells deep.
- [0115] The storage container vehicles **200,300** may be of any type known in the art, e.g. any one of the automated container handling vehicles disclosed in WO2014/090684 A1, in NO317366 or in WO2015/193278A1.
- [0116] The rail system **108** may be a single rail system, as is shown in FIG. **2**A. Alternatively, the rail system **108** may be a double rail system, as is shown in FIG. **2**B. Details of the single and double rail system are disclosed this specification under the section of background and prior art. [0117] FIG. **3**A-**3**C shows an embodiment of a remotely operated delivery vehicle **30** according to the present invention, hereinafter referred to as a delivery vehicle **30**.
- [0118] The delivery vehicle **30** is configured for transport of a storage container **106** (not shown) between an automated storage and retrieval grid **104** (see FIGS. **7A** and **7B**) configured to store a plurality of stacks **107** of storage containers **106**, hereinafter referred to as a storage grid **104**, and a access point **161** provided in a container accessing station **160** for handling of the storage container **106** by at least one of a robotic operator and human operator.
- [0119] Said delivery vehicle **30** comprises; a vehicle body **31**, a rolling device **32***a*, **32***b* connected to the vehicle body **31**, a rolling device motor for driving the rolling device **32***a*, **32***b* in a horizontal plane (P), and a power source **43** connected to the rolling device motor **33**. The power source **43** should provide sufficient power to the rolling device motor (not shown) to propel the rolling device **32***a*, **32***b* over a set route from the storage grid **104**, for example to an access point **65**.
- [0120] The delivery vehicle **30** may further comprise a container carrier **35** mounted above the vehicle body **31**. The container carrier **35** should be configured to receive the storage container **106** onto or within the container carrier **35** such that the storage container **106** is prevented to slide along the horizontal plane (**P1**).
- [0121] The container carrier **35** may comprise a container supporting device supporting the storage container **106** from below.
- [0122] In FIG. **3**A-**3**B the container carrier **35** is disclosed in the form of a storage container receiving compartment having a bottom/base and side walls. The volume of the compartment is in this exemplary configuration such that it may receive and contain the entire horizontal extent of the storage container and at least a part of the vertical extent of the storage container. FIG. **3**A-**3**C shows examples of container carriers **35** containing an entire storage container **106** and FIG. **4**A-**4**B shows an alternative container carrier **35** containing a part of the storage container **106**. [0123] The particular configuration of the container carrier **35** disclosed in FIG. **3**A-**3**C allows the
- delivery vehicle **30** to transport of a storage container **106** having different heights.

  [0124] Note that the size of the compartment within the container carrier **35** may easily be adapted
- for receiving and supporting a multiple number of storage containers **106** in one operation. [0125] FIGS. **3B** and **3**C shows a particular configuration of the delivery vehicle **30**, where the
- container carrier **35** may be set in a tilted position relative to the vehicle body **31** and the horizontal plane (**P1**). The container carrier **35** may be tilted by means of a dedicated displacement device. The tilting may be around a pivot axis directed in the principal moving direction of the delivery vehicle **30**. If the delivery vehicle **30** is moving on perpendicular rails (see below), these principal
- [0126] The tilting of the displacement device may for example be obtained by a lifting arm **45** coupled to the vehicle body **31** and the container carrier **35**. Further, the lifting arm **45** may be driven by a dedicated tilt motor **42** or the rolling device motor or both.

directions would be in either the X direction or the Y direction.

[0127] The displacement device is in FIGS. 3B and 3C shown with an L-shaped lifting arm 45

connected at one side to the vehicle body **31** and the opposite side connected to a structure fixed to the container carrier **35**. The latter end of the arm **45** may also be connected directly to the container carrier **35**.

[0128] The tilt motor **42** is seen arranged fully inside the vehicle body **31** and is connected to the lifting arm **45**, directly or indirectly, for moving the lifting arm **45** between a lower position in which the container carrier **35** is not tilted relative to the horizontal plane (P) and an upper position in which the container carrier **35** is tilted relative to the horizontal plane (P). Note that the horizontal plane (P) may be defined as the plane set up by the particular configurations of the wheels **32***a*,**32***b* of the rolling device **32**.

[0129] FIG. **3**A-**3**C and FIG. **4**A-**4**C shows perspective views of the delivery vehicle **30**. The rolling device **32** comprises in this exemplary configuration: [0130] a first set of wheels **32***a* arranged at opposite portions of a vertical centre plane through the vehicle body **31** for moving delivery vehicle **30** along a first direction, for example along an X-direction on a delivery rail system; and [0131] a second set of wheels **32***b* arranged at opposite portions of a vertical centre plane through the vehicle body **31** for moving the delivery vehicle **30** along a second direction, for example along a Y-direction on the delivery rail system perpendicular to the first direction X. [0132] FIG. **4**C shows yet another exemplary configuration of the remotely operated delivery vehicle **30**. In this configuration the container carrier **35** comprises a base plate, a conveyor arranged on the base plate and two side walls protruding upwards from the base plate. The rolling device **32** and the vehicle body **31** are equal or similar to the rolling device **32** and the vehicle body **31** described above in connection with FIG. **3**A-**5**B.

[0133] The conveyor may be set up by inter alia a plurality of parallel oriented rolls **36** having a common longitudinal direction perpendicular to the two side walls. In this way the rolls **36** allow one or more storage containers **106** to be shifted into or off the container carrier **35** while being guided by the side walls. The conveyor may be connected to a conveyor motor allowing rotation of one or more of the rolls.

[0134] FIGS. **5**A and **5**B shows the delivery vehicle **30** from below. As clearly seen in FIG. **5**A the vehicle body **31** of the delivery vehicle **30** comprises an internal component receiving recess or compartment for containing components such as one or more dedicated tilt motors **42**, one or more track shift motors **41**, one or more power storage sources such as a battery **43** and one or more control cards such as CPU and/or Power PCB **44**. The above-mentioned components are thus located within the vehicle body **31**, below the container carrier **35**.

[0135] The storage container receiving compartment of the container carrier **35** has in this particular configuration a rectangular bottom plate or base plate with vertical side walls. The vertical side walls can be of any height as long as they ensure that the storage container **106** is restricted to move along the base plate of the container carrier.

[0136] For example, the size of the compartment **35** may correspond to the size of a storage container **106**, thereby fully containing the storage container **106**.

[0137] In case of a container carrier **35** being configured to support a multiple number of storage containers **106**, the size of the vertical walls may in one example be the height of each storage container **106** and the size of the base plate may be the sum of the cross-sectional area of all storage containers **106** measured relative to their outer lateral extremities.

[0138] FIG. **5**B shows the delivery vehicle **30** as described above with the vehicle body **31** and the rolling device **32** of eight wheels **32***a*,**32***b*. As for the delivery vehicle shown in FIG. **3A-5B**, the first set of four wheels **32***a* enable lateral or horizontal movement of the delivery vehicle **30** in a first direction and the second set of the remaining four wheels **32***b* enable the lateral or horizontal movement in the second direction which may be perpendicular to the first direction.

[0139] If used on a delivery rail system **50** one or both sets of wheels **32***a*,**32***b* of the rolling device **32** should be lifted and lowered so that the first set of wheels **32***a* and/or the second set of wheels **32***b* can be engaged with the respective set of rails provided on the delivery rail system **50** any one

time.

[0140] Perspective views of an automated storage and retrieval system is shown in FIG. **6**A-**9**B. The system comprises a storage grid **104** and a delivery system **140** comprising a delivery rail system **50**, a plurality of delivery vehicles **30** and an access point **65** provided in a container accessing station **60**.

[0141] The storage grid **104** is equal or similar to the prior art storage grid **104** as described above, i.e. a storage grid **104** comprising a rail system **108**; a plurality of stacks **107** of storage containers **106**, a plurality of container handling vehicles **300** for lifting and moving storage containers **106** stacked in the stacks **107** and a delivery column **119,120** configured to receive a storage container **106** from a container handling vehicle **300**.

[0142] The rail system **108** comprises a first set of parallel rails **110** arranged in a horizontal plane (P) and extending in a first direction (X) and a second set of parallel rails **111** arranged in the horizontal plane (P) and extending in a second direction (Y) which is orthogonal to the first direction (X). The first and second sets of rails **110**, **111** form a grid pattern in the horizontal plane (P) comprising a plurality of adjacent grid cells **122**. Each grid cell **122** displays a grid opening defined by a pair of neighboring rails of the first set of rails **110** and a pair of neighboring rails of the second set of rails **111** 

[0143] The plurality of stacks **107** are arranged in storage columns **105** located beneath the rail system **108**, wherein each storage column **105** is located vertically below a grid cell **122**. [0144] Each container handling vehicle **200,300** is configured to move on the rail system **108** above the storage columns **105**.

[0145] The delivery system **140** comprises one or more of the delivery vehicles **30** as described above, i.e. delivery vehicles **30** configured to receive and support storage container **106** for transport between one or more delivery columns **119,120** and one or more container handling stations **160** located outside the storage grid **104**. The container handling station **160** may be located any predetermined position suitable for handling containers.

[0146] The delivery system **140** may further comprise a delivery rail system **50** situated below a delivery port **150** of the one or more delivery columns **119,120**.

[0147] As shown in FIG. **6**A-**6**B, the delivery rail system **50** may be constructed in the same way or a similar way as the rail system **108** for the container handling vehicles **200,300**. The delivery rail **50** extends at least from the delivery port **150** of one or more delivery columns **119,120**, and into the at least one container accessing station **60** and further to the access point **65**, such that each delivery vehicle **30** can move into the at least one container accessing station **60** and towards the access point **65** of the container accessing station **60** where items held in the storage container **106** may be accessed.

[0148] The container accessing station may comprise a cabinet **60** comprising walls and a top cover supported thereon. The items held in the storage containers **106** carried by the delivery vehicle **30** at the access point **65** is reachable trough an opening **63** in the top cover.

[0149] The cabinet **60** is arranged adjoining the storage grid **104**, where the delivery rail system **50** extends from below the delivery ports **150** and to or into an internal volume of the cabinet **60**. [0150] The delivery rail system may be a single rail system or a double rail system, or a combination of the two.

[0151] The delivery rail system **50** may comprise at least a first set of parallel rails arranged in a horizontal plane (**P1**) and extending in a first direction (X), and at least a second set of parallel rails arranged in the horizontal plane (**P1**) and extending in a second direction (Y) which is orthogonal to the first direction (X), the first and second sets of rails together defining a delivery grid **51** of delivery grid cells **52**.

[0152] The delivery rail system **50** may be fully or partly integrated into the storage grid **104**. FIGS. **6**A and **6**B shows the delivery rail system **50** partly integrated into the storage grid, where the part of the delivery rail system **50** located outside the storage grid are covered by the cabinet

- **61.** The cabinet **61** may be provided with six grid cells located in the internal volume the cabinet **61.** The delivery grid **51** provides one or more delivery grid cells **52** for the remotely operated delivery vehicle **30** at the access point **65** as well as a plurality of delivery grid cells **52** adjacent the one or more delivery grid cells **52** of the access point **65**, such that there is more than one path to and/or from the access point **65** for the remotely operated delivery vehicle **30** via the plurality of delivery grid cells **52**.
- [0153] The access point **65** is related to a dedicated location in the container accessing station **60** where product items are removed from, or positioned into, the storage containers **106**.
- [0154] The cabinet may comprise walls and a top cover supported thereon. The items held in the storage containers **106** carried by the delivery vehicle **30** at the access point **65** may be is reachable through an opening **63** in the top cover.
- [0155] The delivery rail system **50** extends between a location vertically below the delivery port **150** to or into the container accessing station **60**, and the remotely operated delivery vehicle **30** is arranged for transport of storage containers between the delivery port **150** and the access point **65** of the container handling station **60**.
- [0156] FIG. **6**B show the delivery system of FIG. **6**A without the storage grid **104**.
- [0157] The container accessing station **60** may be located on a ground floor level as shown in FIGS. **6**A and **6**B, such that the storage containers **106** are accessible to human and/or robotic operators at the access point **65**.
- [0158] The delivery ports **150** may be arranged on a mezzanine level **151** of the storage grid **104**, such that the delivery vehicle may operate on the delivery rail **50** provided below the mezzanine level **151** for delivering or receiving storage containers **106** to/from the delivery port **150**. The mezzanine **155** is thus adapted to the overall height of the storage container **106** when positioned on the delivery vehicle **30**, and the delivery rail system **50**.
- [0159] Further, the extent of the mezzanine **155** in a horizontal plane, depends on the total numbers of delivery columns arranged in the storage grid. Thus, the number of delivery columns **119**, **120** and the extent of the mezzanine **155** in the X and Y direction may be customized according to the size of the storage system and the desired efficiency of the system.
- [0160] The container accessing station **160** may further be defined as any means for protecting the human operator from components of the delivery system (rails and delivery vehicles) and for allowing easy handling of the storage container **106** and its contents. In other words, it provides a barrier between the human operator components of the delivery system.
- [0161] It may be considered advantageous for ensuring an effective operation that the delivery rail system **50** has a horizontal extent that cover a delivery port **150** below at least one of the delivery columns **119,120** and extends to the outside of the storage grid **104**. This inventive configuration shown in FIGS. **7A** and **7B** allows a plurality of delivery vehicles **30** to operate on the delivery rail system **50**, while avoiding congestion of storage containers around the delivery columns **119,120**. [0162] FIG. **7A**, FIG. **7B**, FIG. **8A**, and FIG. **8B** shows three container accessing stations **60**, each comprising a cabinet **60** comprising walls and a top cover supported thereon, wherein the items held in the storage container **106** carried by a remotely operated delivery vehicle **30** at the access point **65** is reachable through the opening **63** in the top cover. The opening **63** in the top cover is located directly over the delivery grid cell **52** defining the access point **65**. The access point **65** may comprise one single grid cell of the delivery grid **50**, or the access point **65** may comprise two or more delivery grid cells **52**. The delivery vehicle **30** is operated such that when it is located at the access point **65**, it allows the human and/or robotic operator to access the contents of the storage container **106**.
- [0163] As shown in FIG. **8**A-**8**B, the delivery vehicle **30** has more than one path to and/or from the access point **65** via the plurality of delivery grid cells **52**. This allows the operator to coordinate the order in which delivery vehicles **30** may enter or exit the access point **65**.
- [0164] The delivery vehicle **30** in FIGS. **8**A and **8**B, may enter the access point **65** at a first end and

exits the access point **65** at a second end, such that storage containers **106** may enter and exit the access point **65** continuously one after another.

[0165] To increase the visibility, easy access and a better working position for the human operator accessing the storage container **106** at the access point **65**, the delivery vehicle **30** may be operated with the container in a tilted position towards the human operator. FIGS. **8**A and **8**B shows the container of the delivery vehicle **30** in the tilted position at the access point **65**.

[0166] FIG. **9**A shows a perspective view of the automated storage and retrieval system in combination with a secondary delivery system comprising conveyors. The conveyers are arranged for transport of goods between the automated storage and retrieval system and another storage facility, production facility, etc. The goods may be handled at the container accessing station **60** for further transport to the storage grid **104** in storage containers **106**, or they can be collected from the storage containers **106** for transport to other facilities onto the conveyors.

[0167] The container accessing station **60** in FIGS. **9**A and **9**B comprises walls **62** for separating the delivery grid **51** and delivery vehicle **30** from the human operator.

[0168] The access point **65** is an area corresponding to one or more delivery grid cells **52** of the delivery grid **51** that are arranged on a delivery grid **51** side of the wall **62** in a position where the items held in the storage container **106** carried by a remotely operated delivery vehicle **30** can be reached by the robotic or human operator leaning over the wall **62**.

[0169] In FIGS. **9**A and **9**B the access point may comprise a plurality of separate delivery grid cells **52**, thus allowing the human operator to access six different storage containers at the access point. [0170] The delivery vehicles **30** may be operated such that they are tilting the container carrier **35** and the storage container **106** at a preferred location at the access station **65**.

[0171] FIG. **10** shows a top view of the embodiment of FIG. **9**A and in a larger scale. The storage system comprises two storage grids **104** and the delivery rail system **50** of the delivery system **140** is arranged such that it connects the two separated storage grids **104**. In this way, storage containers **106** can be transported between the two separated storage grids **104** and between the two storage grids **104** and the container accessing station **60**.

#### REFERENCE NUMERALS

[0172] **30** Delivery vehicle [0173] **31** Vehicle body [0174] **32** Rolling device [0175] **32***a* First set of wheels [0176] **32***b* Second set of wheels [0177] **35** Container carrier [0178] **36** Rolls of conveyor [0179] **41** Displacement device [0180] **42** Tilt motor [0181] **43** Power source [0182] **44** Controller [0183] **45** Lifting arm [0184] **50** Delivery rail system [0185] **51** Delivery grid [0186] **52** Delivery grid cell [0187] **60** Container accessing station [0188] **61** Cabinet [0189] **62** Wall [0190] **63** Opening top cover of cabinet [0191] **65** Access point [0192] P1 Horizontal plane of delivery rail system [0193] **100** Framework structure [0194] **102** Upright members of framework structure [0195] **103** Horizontal members of framework structure [0196] **104** Storage grid/three-dimensional grid [0197] **105** Storage column [0198] **106** Storage container [0199] **107** Stack [0200] **108** Rail system [0201] **110** First set of parallel rails in first direction (X) [0202] **111** Second set of parallel rails in second direction (Y) [0203] **115** Grid opening [0204] **119** Delivery column [0205] **120** Delivery column [0206] **122** Grid cell [0207] **140** Delivery system [0208] **150** Delivery port [0209] **151** Mezzanine level [0210] **155** Mezzanine [0211] **200** First container handling vehicle [0212] **201** Wheel arrangement [0213] **300** Second container handling vehicle [0214] **301** Wheel arrangement [0215] X First direction [0216] Y Second direction [0217] P Horizontal plane of rail system

### **Claims**

**1**. A delivery system for transporting a storage container between a delivery port of a storage grid of an automated storage and retrieval system and an access point of the delivery system, the access point being adapted for handling items held in the storage container by a robotic operator or human operator; wherein the delivery system comprises: a delivery rail system comprising at least a first

set of parallel rails arranged in a horizontal plane (P1) and extending in a first direction (X) and at least a second set of parallel rails arranged in the horizontal plane (P1) and extending in a second direction (Y) which is orthogonal to the first direction (X), the first set of parallel rails and the second set of parallel rails together defining a delivery grid of delivery grid cells; and the access point; wherein the delivery grid of the delivery rail system is configured to guide a remotely operated delivery vehicle that is movable on the delivery grid; wherein the delivery grid provides one or more delivery grid cells for the remotely operated delivery vehicle at the access point as well as a plurality of delivery grid cells adjacent the one or more delivery grid cells of the access point, such that there is more than one path to and from the access point for the remotely operated delivery vehicle via the plurality of delivery grid cells; wherein the access point is provided in a container accessing station, said container accessing station being arranged for separating the robotic operator or human operator from the delivery rail system and the remotely operated delivery vehicle; and wherein the container accessing station comprises a wall and the access point is an area corresponding to one or more delivery grid cells of the delivery grid that is/are arranged on a delivery grid side of the wall in a position where the items held in the storage container carried by the remotely operated delivery vehicle can be reached by the robotic operator or the human operator reaching over the wall.

- **2**. The delivery system according to claim 1, wherein the delivery grid extends to or into the container accessing station.
- **3.** The delivery system according to claim 1, wherein the delivery rail system provides the delivery grid comprising three or more adjacent rows of the delivery grid cells extending to or into the container accessing station.
- **4.** The delivery system according to claim 1, wherein the delivery rail system comprises at least one transfer zone for temporarily storing storage containers on delivery vehicles, when in transit between the delivery port of the storage grid and the container accessing station.