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United States Patent Application Publication Kind Code Publication Date Inventor(s) 20250258747 A1 August 14, 2025 Osipov; Aleksandr

# **Limiting Sharing of Visual Data**

#### Abstract

A computer receives, at a low-level engine or using software that communicates with the low-level engine, a request for computing data associated with a capturing process. The low-level engine comprises at least one of a kernel, a driver, or a desktop window manager. The computer generates the computing data for provision to the capturing process responsive to the request. Generating the computing data comprises determining to include visual data associated with a window in the computing data based on at least one of an identifier of the window or an identifier of the capturing process. The computer displays a visual indicator to indicate that the visual data associated with the window is being transmitted to the capturing process. The computer provides the computing data to the capturing process.

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Appl. No.: 19/038934

Filed: January 28, 2025

### **Related U.S. Application Data**

us-provisional-application US 63553387 20240214

### **Publication Classification**

**Int. Cl.: G06F11/30** (20060101); **G06F11/32** (20060101)

U.S. Cl.:

## **Background/Summary**

PRIORITY CLAIM [0001] This application claims priority to U.S. Provisional Patent Application No. 63/553,387, titled "LIMITING SHARING OF VISUAL DATA," filed on Feb. 14, 2024, the entire disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference.

#### TECHNICAL FIELD

[0002] Embodiments pertain to computer architecture. Some embodiments relate to artificial intelligence. Some embodiments relate to limiting sharing of visual data.

#### BACKGROUND

[0003] Visual output of a computer may be accessed, for example, by processes, such as a display output process, an employee monitoring software process or by a screen sharing processes (e.g., in video conferencing software). Techniques for limiting the visual data that is accessed by one or more of these processes may be desirable.

# **Description**

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0004] FIG. **1** is a block diagram of a computing machine, in accordance with some embodiments.

[0005] FIG. **2** is a block diagram of a first system for sharing visual data, in accordance with some embodiments.

[0006] FIG. **3** is a block diagram of a second system for sharing visual data, in accordance with some embodiments.

[0007] FIG. **4** is a block diagram of a third system for sharing visual data, in accordance with some embodiments.

[0008] FIG. **5** is a block diagram of a system for limiting sharing of visual data using desktop duplication.

[0009] FIG. **6** is a block diagram of a system for limiting sharing of visual data using a graphical device interface.

[0010] FIG. **7** is a block diagram of a system for limiting sharing of visual data using a graphical device interface and desktop duplication.

[0011] FIG. **8** illustrates examples of a computing machine sharing visual data with capturing processes, in accordance with some embodiments.

[0012] FIG. **9** is a flowchart of a method for limiting sharing of visual data, in accordance with some embodiments.

[0013] FIG. **10** is a block diagram of a computing machine with a work zone, in accordance with some embodiments.

[0014] FIG. **11** is a flowchart of a method for operating a capturing process, in accordance with some embodiments.

[0015] FIG. **12** illustrates an example system in which a mixed used computing machine may be used, in accordance with some embodiments.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0016] The following description and the drawings sufficiently illustrate specific embodiments to enable those skilled in the art to practice them. Other embodiments may incorporate structural, logical, electrical, process, and other changes. Portions and features of some embodiments may be included in, or substituted for, those of other embodiments. Embodiments set forth in the claims

encompass all available equivalents of those claims.

[0017] A computing machine generates visual output. For example, the visual output may include one or more windows displayed on a display unit, such as a screen. All or a portion of the visual output may be captured by a capturing process, such as a process for displaying the visual output on the display unit, a monitoring software (e.g., employee monitoring software) process or by a screen sharing processes (e.g., in video conferencing software). Techniques for limiting the visual data that is accessed by one or more of these processes may be desirable. Some implementations disclosed herein are directed to limiting the sharing of visual data with the capturing process that captures computing data generated by the computing machine.

[0018] According to some implementations, a low-level engine of the computing machine accesses visual data associated with a window. The low-level engine may be a low-level engine of an operating system. For example, the low-level engine may include at lease one of a kernel, a driver, or a desktop window manager (DWM). The low-level engine receives a request for computing data associated with a capturing process. The low-level engine generates computing data for provision to the capturing process responsive to the request. Generating the computing data may include determining whether to include the visual data in the computing data based on an identifier of the window and an identifier of the capturing process. The low-level engine provides the computing data to the capturing process.

[0019] In some cases, the low-level engine determines to include the visual data (associated with the window) in the computing data (for provision to the capturing process) based on stored indication that information of the window is approved for transmission to the capturing process. The stored indication may be associated with an application of the window or content within the window. The stored indication may be stored within a security policy of the computing machine. [0020] Alternatively, the low-level engine may determine not to include the visual data in the computing data based on a lack of a stored indication that the information of the window is approved for transmission to the capturing process. If the visual data is not included in the computing data, the computing data may include, in place of the visual data, a preset visual signal. The preset visual signal may be an overlay, a blur, an obscuring, or a part of a preset image (e.g., a company logo).

[0021] As used herein, the term "window" may include, among other things, a region (e.g., a rectangular region) of a display unit that displays content associated with a running application or process. The term "window" may include, among other things, a software object representing the visible portion of an application. A window may have properties such as a position, a size, a visibility, and content. Windows may be programmed to create other windows, manage other windows, and/or interact with other windows. A graphical user interface (GUI) or other visual output may incorporate overlapping windows or windows that fully or partially occlude other windows. A window may include at least one of a virtual desktop or a visual output of an application. As used herein, a window may be implemented in any operating system and is not limited to Microsoft Windows® operating systems.

[0022] As used herein, the term "kernel" may include, among other things, an engine of an operating system that acts as a bridge between the physical hardware and the software applications running on the physical hardware. A kernel may perform process management, which include creating and scheduling processes, handling memory allocation, and dividing memory resources between software programs running in parallel. A kernel may communicate with deice drivers of devices such as a printer, a disk, or a network card. A kernel may manage how data of a file system is stored, accessed, and modified on storage devices. A kernel may handle inter-process communication. A kernel may provide security services, such as access control to protect the computing machine from unauthorized access.

[0023] As used herein the term "driver" may include, among other things, an engine of an operating system that provides for communication between the operating system and a specific hardware

device (e.g., a display device, a printer, a keyboard, a mouse, or a network card). The driver may act as a bridge connecting software of the computing machine to the physical realm of the specific hardware device. Software running on the computing machine (e.g., word processing software) generates instructions for the operating system (e.g., to display certain data or to print certain data). The operating system transmits these instructions to various drivers (e.g., the display driver or the printer driver) and the various drivers cause the hardware devices to perform the associated tasks. Furthermore, hardware may be used to generate instructions. For example, a user may move or click the mouse or may type using the keyboard. The moving or clicking of the mouse or the typing using the keyboard are detected by the associated drivers (e.g., the mouse driver or the keyboard driver) and the associated drivers provide data based on the operation of the hardware to the operating system and the software running thereon. As a result, the software (e.g., the word processing software) is able to respond to the moving or clicking of the mouse or the typing using the keyboard.

[0024] As used herein the phrase "desktop window manager" may include, among other things, an engine of the operating system responsible for managing the display of windows and visual effects associated with windows. The desktop window manager may orchestrate how windows appear and interact with one another on the display device. The desktop window manager may perform the function of window positioning. The desktop window manager may track the size and location of every open window, ensuring that they overlap and stack according to the functionality of the operating system or the user actions. The desktop window manager may create an off-screen buffer for each window and blend the buffers together (e.g., using a technique known as composting) into a single final image for display at the display device. Examples of desktop window managers include Windows Desktop Window Manager® developed by Microsoft Corporation for Windows Vista® and some other versions of the Windows® operating system, GNOME Mutter, which is the default window manager of the GNOME desktop environment in Linux, or KWin, which is the default window manager for the KDE Plasma desktop environment in Linux. In some cases, the desktop window manager is configured to draw at least one of a graphical user interface of a desktop, a wallpaper, an icon, the window, or a login screen.

[0025] Some aspects of the disclosed technology include the use of monitoring technology, such as employee monitoring software. It should be noted that the monitoring technology is used with the affirmative consent and knowledge of the user. The user may be notified, for example, by persistent on-screen notifications or periodic (e.g., daily, weekly, or monthly) notifications by email or other messaging services that the monitoring technology is being used to monitor their activity on a device provided to them by a third party (e.g., on an employer-provided computing machine). [0026] Aspects of the present technology may be implemented as part of a computer system. The computer system may be one physical machine, or may be distributed among multiple physical machines, such as by role or function, or by process thread in the case of a cloud computing distributed model. In various embodiments, aspects of the technology may be configured to run in virtual machines that in turn are executed on one or more physical machines. It will be understood by persons of skill in the art that features of the technology may be realized by a variety of different suitable machine implementations.

[0027] The system includes various engines, each of which is constructed, programmed, configured, or otherwise adapted, to carry out a function or set of functions. The term engine as used herein means a tangible device, component, or arrangement of components implemented using hardware, such as by an application specific integrated circuit (ASIC) or field-programmable gate array (FPGA), for example, or as a combination of hardware and software, such as by a processor-based computing platform and a set of program instructions that transform the computing platform into a special-purpose device to implement the particular functionality. An engine may also be implemented as a combination of the two, with certain functions facilitated by hardware alone, and other functions facilitated by a combination of hardware and software.

[0028] In an example, the software may reside in executable or non-executable form on a tangible machine-readable storage medium. Software residing in non-executable form may be compiled, translated, or otherwise converted to an executable form prior to, or during, runtime. In an example, the software, when executed by the underlying hardware of the engine, causes the hardware to perform the specified operations. Accordingly, an engine is physically constructed, or specifically configured (e.g., hardwired), or temporarily configured (e.g., programmed) to operate in a specified manner or to perform part or all of any operations described herein in connection with that engine. [0029] Considering examples in which engines are temporarily configured, each of the engines may be instantiated at different moments in time. For example, where the engines comprise a general-purpose hardware processor core configured using software, the general-purpose hardware processor core may be configured as respective different engines at different times. Software may accordingly configure a hardware processor core, for example, to constitute a particular engine at one instance of time and to constitute a different engine at a different instance of time. [0030] In certain implementations, at least a portion, and in some cases, all, of an engine may be executed on the processor(s) of one or more computers that execute an operating system, system programs, and application programs, while also implementing the engine using multitasking, multithreading, distributed (e.g., cluster, peer-peer, cloud, etc.) processing where appropriate, or other such techniques. Accordingly, each engine may be realized in a variety of suitable configurations, and should generally not be limited to any particular implementation exemplified herein, unless such limitations are expressly called out.

[0031] In addition, an engine may itself be composed of more than one sub-engines, each of which may be regarded as an engine in its own right. Moreover, in the embodiments described herein, each of the various engines corresponds to a defined functionality; however, it should be understood that in other contemplated embodiments, each functionality may be distributed to more than one engine. Likewise, in other contemplated embodiments, multiple defined functionalities may be implemented by a single engine that performs those multiple functions, possibly alongside other functions, or distributed differently among a set of engines than specifically illustrated in the examples herein.

[0032] As used herein, the term "model" encompasses its plain and ordinary meaning. A model may include, among other things, one or more engines which receive an input and compute an output based on the input. The output may be a classification. For example, an image file may be classified as depicting a cat or not depicting a cat. Alternatively, the image file may be assigned a numeric score indicating a likelihood whether the image file depicts the cat, and image files with a score exceeding a threshold (e.g., 0.9 or 0.95) may be determined to depict the cat. [0033] This document may reference a specific number of things (e.g., "six mobile devices"). Unless explicitly set forth otherwise, the numbers provided are examples only and may be replaced with any positive integer, integer or real number, as would make sense for a given situation. For example, "six mobile devices" may, in alternative embodiments, include any positive integer number of mobile devices. Unless otherwise mentioned, an object referred to in singular form (e.g., "a computer" or "the computer") may include one or multiple objects (e.g., "the computer" may refer to one or multiple computers).

[0034] FIG. 1 illustrates a circuit block diagram of a computing machine 100 in accordance with some embodiments. In some embodiments, components of the computing machine 100 may store or be integrated into other components shown in the circuit block diagram of FIG. 1. For example, portions of the computing machine 100 may reside in the processor 102 and may be referred to as "processing circuitry." Processing circuitry may include processing hardware, for example, one or more central processing units (CPUs), one or more graphics processing units (GPUs), and the like. In alternative embodiments, the computing machine 100 may operate as a standalone device or may be connected (e.g., networked) to other computers. In a networked deployment, the computing machine 100 may operate in the capacity of a server, a client, or both in server-client network

environments. In an example, the computing machine **100** may act as a peer machine in peer-to-peer (P2P) (or other distributed) network environment. In this document, the phrases P2P, device-to-device (D2D) and sidelink may be used interchangeably. The computing machine **100** may be a specialized computer, a personal computer (PC), a tablet PC, a personal digital assistant (PDA), a mobile telephone, a smart phone, a web appliance, a network router, switch or bridge, or any machine capable of executing instructions (sequential or otherwise) that specify actions to be taken by that machine.

[0035] Examples, as described herein, may include, or may operate on, logic or a number of components, modules, or mechanisms. Modules and components are tangible entities (e.g., hardware) capable of performing specified operations and may be configured or arranged in a certain manner. In an example, circuits may be arranged (e.g., internally or with respect to external entities such as other circuits) in a specified manner as a module. In an example, the whole or part of one or more computer systems/apparatus (e.g., a standalone, client or server computer system) or one or more hardware processors may be configured by firmware or software (e.g., instructions, an application portion, or an application) as a module that operates to perform specified operations. In an example, the software may reside on a machine readable medium. In an example, the software, when executed by the underlying hardware of the module, causes the hardware to perform the specified operations.

[0036] Accordingly, the term "module" (and "component") is understood to encompass a tangible entity, be that an entity that is physically constructed, specifically configured (e.g., hardwired), or temporarily (e.g., transitorily) configured (e.g., programmed) to operate in a specified manner or to perform part or all of any operation described herein. Considering examples in which modules are temporarily configured, each of the modules need not be instantiated at any one moment in time. For example, where the modules comprise a general-purpose hardware processor configured using software, the general-purpose hardware processor may be configured as respective different modules at different times. Software may accordingly configure a hardware processor, for example, to constitute a particular module at one instance of time and to constitute a different module at a different instance of time.

[0037] The computing machine **100** may include a hardware processor **102** (e.g., a central processing unit (CPU), a GPU, a hardware processor core, or any combination thereof), a main memory **104** and a static memory **106**, some or all of which may communicate with each other via an interlink (e.g., bus) **108**. Although not shown, the main memory **104** may contain any or all of removable storage and non-removable storage, volatile memory or non-volatile memory. The computing machine **100** may further include a video display unit **110** (or other display unit), an alphanumeric input device **112** (e.g., a keyboard), and a user interface (UI) navigation device **114** (e.g., a mouse). In an example, the display unit **110**, input device **112** and UI navigation device **114** may be a touch screen display. The computing machine **100** may additionally include a storage device (e.g., drive unit) **116**, a signal generation device **118** (e.g., a speaker), a network interface device **120**, and one or more sensors **121**, such as a global positioning system (GPS) sensor, compass, accelerometer, or other sensor. The computing machine **100** may include an output controller **128**, such as a serial (e.g., universal serial bus (USB), parallel, or other wired or wireless (e.g., infrared (IR), near field communication (NFC), etc.) connection to communicate or control one or more peripheral devices (e.g., a printer, card reader, etc.).

[0038] The drive unit **116** (e.g., a storage device) may include a machine readable medium **122** on which is stored one or more sets of data structures or instructions **124** (e.g., software) embodying or utilized by any one or more of the techniques or functions described herein. The instructions **124** may also reside, completely or at least partially, within the main memory **104**, within static memory **106**, or within the hardware processor **102** during execution thereof by the computing machine **100**. In an example, one or any combination of the hardware processor **102**, the main memory **104**, the static memory **106**, or the storage device **116** may constitute machine readable media.

[0039] While the machine readable medium **122** is illustrated as a single medium, the term "machine readable medium" may include a single medium or multiple media (e.g., a centralized or distributed database, and/or associated caches and servers) configured to store the one or more instructions **124**.

[0040] The term "machine readable medium" may include any medium that is capable of storing, encoding, or carrying instructions for execution by the computing machine 100 and that cause the computing machine 100 to perform any one or more of the techniques of the present disclosure, or that is capable of storing, encoding or carrying data structures used by or associated with such instructions. Non-limiting machine readable medium examples may include solid-state memories, and optical and magnetic media. Specific examples of machine readable media may include: non-volatile memory, such as semiconductor memory devices (e.g., Electrically Programmable Read-Only Memory (EPROM), Electrically Erasable Programmable Read-Only Memory (EEPROM)) and flash memory devices; magnetic disks, such as internal hard disks and removable disks; magneto-optical disks; Random Access Memory (RAM); and CD-ROM and DVD-ROM disks. In some examples, machine readable media may include non-transitory machine readable media. In some examples, machine readable media may include machine readable media that is not a transitory propagating signal.

[0041] The instructions **124** may further be transmitted or received over a communications network **126** using a transmission medium via the network interface device **120** utilizing any one of a number of transfer protocols (e.g., frame relay, internet protocol (IP), transmission control protocol (TCP), user datagram protocol (UDP), hypertext transfer protocol (HTTP), etc.). Example communication networks may include a local area network (LAN), a wide area network (WAN), a packet data network (e.g., the Internet), mobile telephone networks (e.g., cellular networks), Plain Old Telephone (POTS) networks, and wireless data networks (e.g., Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE) 802.11 family of standards known as Wi-Fi®, IEEE 802.16 family of standards known as WiMax®), IEEE 802.15.4 family of standards, a Long Term Evolution (LTE) family of standards, a Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS) family of standards, peer-to-peer (P2P) networks, among others. In an example, the network interface device **120** may include one or more physical jacks (e.g., Ethernet, coaxial, or phone jacks) or one or more antennas to connect to the communications network **126**.

[0042] FIG. **2** is a block diagram of a system **200** for sharing visual data, in accordance with some embodiments. The system **200** may be implemented at the computing machine **100**, with data being stored in at least one of the main memory **104**, the static memory **106**, the drive unit **116**, or other storage locations, and operations being performed by the processor **102** and/or other processors. [0043] As shown in FIG. **2**, a window **202** is associated with output of visual data **204** (e.g., for display via the video display **110**). The visual data **204** is provided to a low-level engine **206**. The low-level engine **206** may be associated with an operating system of the computing machine **100** and may be at least one of a kernel, a driver, or a desktop window manager. The low-level engine **206** receives a request for computing data **208** from a capturing process **210**. The capturing process **210** may be a process that captures computing data **208** of the system **200**. For example, the capturing process **210** may be a process that captures screen sharing data for a video conferencing application or a screen recording application. In another example, the capturing process **210** may be a monitoring process associated with employee monitoring software, parental monitoring software, or other monitoring software.

[0044] The visual data **204** may include at least one of a graphical user interface of a desktop, virtual display data, screenshot data, or screen display data. The visual data **204** may be represented, in memory, using various techniques. For example, the visual data **204** may be represented using at least one of virtual desktop data, full screen visual data, partial screen visual data associated with a range of coordinates of a screen, or delta visual data indicating a change of imagery on the screen.

[0045] The computing data **208** that is requested by and/or provided to the capturing process **210** may include any data associated with use of the system **200**. For example, the computing data **208** may include visual output data displayed on the video display **110**. In some cases, the computing data **208** may include at least one of network access data associated with accessing the network **126** via the network interface device **120**, data captured by sensors **121** (e.g., a camera or a microphone), data obtained from the alpha-numeric input device **112** or the UI navigation device **114**, a signal (e.g., an audio signal) generated by the signal generation device **118**, or output associated with the output controller **128**.

[0046] The low-level engine 206 generates the computing data 208 for provision to the capturing process 210 responsive to the request. In generating the computing data 208, the low-level engine 206 determines whether to include the visual data 204 of the window 202 in the computing data 208 based on an identifier of the window 202 and an identifier of the capturing process 210. The identifier of the window 202 may be based on at least one of a parent of the window 202, a process associated with the window 202, or an application associated with the window 202. The identifier of the window 202, an identifier of an application generating the window 202, or an identifier of a process associated with the window 202. The identifier of the process associated with the window 202 may be at least one of a process name, a location of the process, or a digital signature. The identifier of the capturing process 210 may include at least one of a digital signature, a process name, process identifier, or location where the capturing process is stored. The low-level engine 206 provides the computing data 208 to the capturing process 210. In some cases, the low-level engine 206 composes the computing data 208.

[0047] FIG. **3** is a block diagram of a system **300** for sharing visual data, in accordance with some embodiments. The system **300** may correspond to the system **200**.

[0048] As shown, the system **300** includes a window **302**, which may correspond to the window **202**. The system **300** includes a low-level engine **304**, which may correspond to the low-level engine **206**. The system **300** includes two capturing processes **306.1-2**, each of which may correspond to the capturing process **210**. The two capturing processes **306.1-2** are separate capturing processes. For example, the capturing process **306.1** may be associated with a monitoring application and the capturing process **306.2** may be associated with a video calling application. As shown, the capturing process **306.1** has a capture control engine **308.1** and the capturing process **306.2** has a capture control engine **308.2**. The capture control engine **308.1** intercepts data communications from the low-level engine **304** to the capturing process **306.1** and modifies the visual data (e.g., the visual data **204**) being communicated prior to its use by the capturing process **306.1**. For example, the capture control engine **308.1** may enforce a security policy to ensure that certain data (e.g., as determined based on an identifier of the window 302) is not used by the capturing process **306.1**. For example, if the system **300** segregates business data and personal data, the capture control engine **308.1** may ensure that business data is shared with the capturing process **306.1**, while personal data is not shared with the capturing process **306.1**. If the window **302** includes business data, its content is shared, while if the window 302 includes personal data, its content is not shared.

[0049] As a result of the separation of the capture control engines **308.1** and **308.2**, as illustrated in FIG. **3**, different visual data may be captured by the capturing process **306.1** and the capturing process **306.2**. For example, the capturing process **306.1** may be associated with a monitoring application for an employee of a business and the capturing process **306.2** may be associated with screen sharing in a video calling application for personal use. Thus, the capturing process **306.1** (e.g., the monitoring application) may be granted access to the visual data in the window **302** if it is associated with business use (e.g., a word processing document that include business content) while the capturing process **306.1** may be denied access to the visual data in the window **302** if it is associated with personal use (e.g., a personal photograph). In contrast, the capturing process **306.2** 

(e.g., the video calling application) may be denied access to the visual data in the window **302** if it is associated with business use (e.g., the word processing document that include business content) while the capturing process **306.2** may be granted access to the visual data in the window **302** if it is associated with personal use (e.g., the personal photograph). As a result, the user of the system **300** is able to maintain privacy from the monitoring application in their personal computing data while sharing their business computing data. In addition, the user is able to share their personal computing data with the video calling application, while the business computing data is not inadvertently shared (e.g., if the user leaves one or more of their business windows open during a personal video call that includes screen sharing).

[0050] FIG. **4** is a block diagram of a system **400** for sharing visual data, in accordance with some embodiments. The system **400** may correspond to the system **200**.

[0051] As shown, the system **400** includes a window **402**, which may correspond to the window **202**. The system **400** includes a low-level engine **404**, which may correspond to the low-level engine **206**. The system **400** includes two capturing processes **406.1-2**, each of which may correspond to the capturing process **210**. The two capturing processes **406.1-2** are separate capturing processes (similar to the two capturing processes **306.1-2** of FIG. **3**). For example, the capturing process **406.1** may be associated with a monitoring application and the capturing process **406.2** may be associated with a video calling application. As shown, a capture control engine **408** is coupled with the low-level engine **404**. The capture control engine **408** controls data transmission from the low-level engine **404** to the capturing processes **406.1-2**. As a result, the capture control engine **408** performs functions similar to those of the capture control engines **308.1-2** of FIG. **3**. However, in FIG. **4**, the same capture control engine **408** performs the control of the data transmission for both capturing processes **406.1** and **406.2**. While two capturing processes **406.1-2** are illustrated, it should be noted that there may be other numbers of capturing processes the visual data capture of which is controlled by the capture control engine **408**.

[0052] The capture control engine **408** controls data communications from the low-level engine **404** to the capturing processes **406.1-2** and modifies the visual data (e.g., the visual data **204**) being communicated prior to its transmission to the capturing processes **406.1-2**. It should be noted that the capture control engine **408** may allow for different rules to be applied for data transmission to the capturing process **406.1** and to the capturing process **406.2**. For example, the capture control engine **408** may enforce a security policy to ensure that certain data (e.g., as determined based on an identifier of the window **402**) is not used by the capturing process **406.1**, and certain other data is not used by the capturing process **406.2**. In one example use case, the capturing process **406.1** is associated with business monitoring software and the capturing process **406.2** is associated with personal video conferencing software. The capture control engine **408** ensures that business data (e.g., windows displaying business files) are transmitted to the capturing process **406.1** but not to the capturing process 406.2 The capture control process further ensures that personal data (e.g., windows displaying personal files) are transmitted to the capturing process 406.2 but not to the capturing process **406.1**. As a result, a business is able to monitor use of business files but not use of personal files. Conversely, the personal video calling software is able to share, via screen sharing, windows with personal files but not windows with business files, with remote participants in the video conference.

[0053] It should be noted that the capture control engine **408** of FIG. **4** performs functionality similar to the capture control engines **308.1-2** of FIG. **3**. However, the capture control engine **408** is connected to the low-level engine and might not be directly connected to the capturing processes **406.1-2**. Furthermore, FIG. **3** has a separate capture control engine **308.1** and **308.2** for each capturing process **306.1** and **306.2**, respectively. In contrast, in FIG. **4**, the capture control engine **408** is shared by multiple capturing processes **406.1-2**.

[0054] FIG. **5** is a block diagram of a system **500** for limiting sharing of visual data using desktop duplication. The system **500** may correspond to the system **200**. As shown, the system **500** includes

a video calling applications **502.1** and a screen recording application **502.2**. Each of the video calling applications **502.1** and the screen recording application **502.2** may correspond to the capturing process **210**.

[0055] As illustrated, the video calling application **502.1** registers for capture with Duplicate Output **504**. The screen recording application **502.2** registers for capture with Duplicate Output **504**. Duplicate Output **504** prompts Get Process ID **506** to obtain process IDs. Get Process ID **506** provides output to Hooked Has Protected Content **508**. Whether a window that is displayed on the display device (e.g., the window **202**) has protected content may be determined based on the process identifier (PID) and/or window identifier of the capturing process (e.g., the video calling application **502.1** or the screen recording application **502.2**) and/or based on the PID and/or window identifier of the running process (that generates the visual data in the window). The output of Duplicate Output **504** is the location from which the PID of the capturing process (e.g., the video calling application **502.1** or the screen recording application **502.2**) is obtained. The output of Hooked Has Protected Content **508** is used by Draw Visual Tree **510** to draw a visual tree for output to the video calling application **502.1** or the screen recording application **502.2**. At Acquire Next Frame **512**, the next frame is generated based on the output of Draw Visual Tree **510** and the output of Duplicate Output **504**. The frame acquired by Acquire Next Frame **512** is provided to the video calling application **502.1** or the screen recording application **502.2**.

[0056] It should be noted that the low-level engine **206** may include at least one of Duplicate Output **504**, Get Process ID **506**, Hooked Has Protected Content **508**, Draw Visual Tree **510**, or Acquire Next Frame **512**. Duplicate Output **504**, Get Process ID **506**, Hooked Has Protected Content **508**, Draw Visual Tree **510**, or Acquire Next Frame **512** may be implemented using software, hardware, or a combination of software and hardware.

[0057] FIG. **6** is a block diagram of a system **600** for limiting sharing of visual data using a graphical device interface. The system **600** may correspond to the system **200**. As shown, the system **600** includes a monitoring application **602**. The monitoring application **602** may correspond to the capturing process **210**.

[0058] As shown, the monitoring application **602** communicates with a Graphical Device Interface (GDI) Bit Block Transfer (Bitblt) **604**. The GDI is an application programming interface (API) for drawing lines, shapes, text, and other visual outputs to the display device, the printer, or other processes (e.g., the monitoring application **602**) that obtain visual output. The Bitblt is a function within the GDI API that allows copying of a rectangular box (or other shape) of data from one location (the source) to another location (the destination). This allows the moving or copying of visual data.

[0059] The GDI Bitblt **604** communicates with the Kernel win32k.sys **606**. The Kernel win32k.sys **606** transmits, to the GDI Bitblt **604**, at least one of a source memory address of pixels, a destination memory address of pixels, rectangular dimensions of the data blocks of the pixels, color formats of the pixels, and Bitblt operation flags instructing the GDI Bitblt **604** how to handle color blending or transparency.

[0060] The Kernel win32k.sys **606** receives a sync message **608** (or multiple sync messages) from the desktop window manager (Dwm.exe) **610**. The sync message **608** include updates to content or positioning of windows (e.g., movement or animation of windows) and instruct the Kernel win32k.sys on how to synchronize the software-related visual changes with the underlying graphics hardware. The Kernel win32k.sys **606** receives the sync message **608** and extracts vital information like which windows need updating, their new positions, and any effects to apply. The Kernel win32k.sys **606** then utilizes its understanding of the hardware and graphics pipeline to efficiently translate these instructions into commands for the graphics card and display (for output to the GDI Bitblt **604**).

[0061] The Dwm.exe **610** performs rendering **612**. The rendering **612** is based on a process ID for each process generating window content and whether that process associated with protected

content. The Dwm.exe **610** obtains the process ID using Get Process ID **614** and determines whether the process ID is associated with protected content using Has Protected Content **616**. [0062] It should be noted that the low-level engine **206** may include at least one of the GDI Bitblt **604**, the Kernel win32k.sys **606**, the sync message **610**, the Dwm.exe **610**, the rendering **612**, the Get Process ID **614**, or the Has Protected Content **616**. The GDI Bitblt **604**, the Kernel win32k.sys **606**, the sync message **610**, the Dwm.exe **610**, the rendering **612**, the Get Process ID **614**, or the Has Protected Content **616** may be implemented using software, hardware, or a combination of software and hardware.

[0063] FIG. **7** is a block diagram of a system **700** for limiting sharing of visual data using a graphical device interface and desktop duplication. The system **700** may correspond to the system **200**. As shown, the system **700** includes a video calling applications **702.1**, a screen recording application **702.2**, and two monitoring applications **704.1-2**. Each of the video calling application **702.1**, the screen recording application **702.2**, and/or the two monitoring applications **704.1-2** may correspond to the capturing process **210**.

[0064] As shown, the video calling application **702.1** and/or the screen recording application **702.2** receive visual data (e.g., screen sharing data) from Dxgkrnl.sys **706.1**, which is a Windows® kernel graphics driver. The output from Dxgkrnl.sys **706.1** is transmitted or displayed via the video calling application **702.1** and/or the screen recording application **702.2**.

[0065] Dxgkrnl.sys **706.1** receives rendered image data from a swap buffer **708.1** and rendered image data from a CDDARenderTarget Present n **714.2**. Dxgkrnl.sys **706.1** outputs rendered image data to the video calling application **702.1** for screen sharing and/or to the screen recording application **702.2**. The swap buffer **708.1** receives, as input, rendered image data from CDDARenderTarget Render n **714.1** and outputs rendered image data to Dxgkrnl.sys **706.1** for transmission or display via the video calling application **702.1** and/or the screen recording application **702.2**.

[0066] The CDDARenderTarget Render n **714.1** receives, as input, graphics data in a process frame **712** output by the DWM **710**. The CDDARenderTarget Render n **714.1** Outputs a rendered image to the swap buffer **708.1** and outputs the rendered image to the CDDARenderTarget Present n **714.2**. The CDDARenderTarget Present n **714.2** outputs rendered image data (e.g., in a format for presentation) for processing by Dxgkrnl.sys **706.1**.

[0067] The CDDARenderTarget Render n **714.1** further uses HasProtectedContent **716** to determine whether the process frame **712** includes content that is not to be shared to the video calling applications **702.1** and/or the screen recording application **702.2**, and adjusts the output provided to the swap buffer **708.1** and/or to the CDDARenderTarget Present n **714.2** accordingly. [0068] It should be noted that CDDARenderTargets Render n 714.1 and the CDDARenderTarget Present n **714.2** act as central hubs, receiving graphics data from rendering pipelines and providing outputs to both the swap buffer **708.1** and Dxgkrnl.sys **706.1**. The swap buffer **708.1** may be responsible for presenting the rendered image to at least one of the display device, the video calling application **702.1**, and/or the screen recording application **702.2** using Dxgkrnl.sys **706.1**. The Dxgkrnl.sys **706.1** handles the presentation on the display device and provides additional output paths for screen sharing to the video calling application **702.1** and/or the screen recording application **702.2**. Multiple techniques for the Dxgkrnl.sys **706.1** to interact with the video calling application **702.1** and/or the screen recording application **702.2** may be used. For example, there may be a dedicated screen capture API and/or a virtual display driver may be involved. [0069] As further illustrated in FIG. 7, the output of CDDARenderTarget Present n **714.2** is provided to CLegacyRenderTarget Render n 714.3. CLegacyRenderTarget Render n 714.3 further accesses HasProtectedContent **716** to determine whether the content of the process frame **712** includes content that is not to be shared with the monitoring application **704.1**. For example, the content that is not to be shared with the monitoring applications **704.1-2** may be personal content (as opposed to business content) or content stored or running outside of a supervised zone of the

computing machine that does not access content of the supervised zone of the computing machine. [0070] The output of CLegacyRenderTarget Render n **714.3** is provided to CLegacyRenderTarget Present n **714.4**. CLegacyRenderTarget Render n **714.3** provides output to a swap buffer **708.2**. CLegacyRenderTarget Present n **714.4** and the swap buffer **708.2** provide output to Dwmredir.dll (desktop window manager redirection dynamic link library) **706.2**. Dwmredir.dll **706.2** provides output to the monitoring application **704.1**.

[0071] CLegacyRenderTarget Render n **714.3** and CLegacyRenderTarget Present n **714.4** may operate differently from CDDARenderTarget Render n **714.1** and CDDARenderTarget Present n **714.2**. For example, the CDDARenderTargets and the CLegacyRenderTargets may be associated with different rendering APIs, different internal components, different rendering stages, or different functionality. Specifically, while the CDDARenderTargets generate visual data for the video calling application **702.1** and/or the screen recording application **702.2**, the CLegacyRenderTargets generate visual data for the monitoring application **704.1**.

[0072] The swap buffer **708.2** functions similarly to the swap buffer **708.1**. However, the swap buffer **708.2** receives input from CLegacyRenderTarget Render n **714.3** instead of CDDARenderTarget Render n **714.1**. The swap buffer **708.2** outputs to Dwmredir.dll **706.2** instead of Dxgkrnl.sys **706.1**.

[0073] Dwmredir.dll **706.2** receives input from the swap buffer **708.2** and CLegacyRenderTarget Present n **714.4**. The swap buffer **708.2** temporarily stores rendered frames from graphics applications before sending them out to the display device or the monitoring application **714.1**. Dwmredir.dll **706.2** can access the content of the swap buffer **708.2**, essentially capturing a snapshot of what is shown on the display device. CLegacyRenderTarget Present n **714.4** is an internal component and/or an API related to rendering methods.

[0074] Dwmredir.dll **706.2** acts as a bridge, potentially providing captured display device content or other relevant information to the monitoring application **704.1**. The monitoring application **704.1** may use these data for various purposes, such as recording activity, tracking productivity, or enforcing security policies.

[0075] As further illustrated in FIG. 7, CLegacyRenderTarget Present n 714.4 outputs to CDDARenderTarget Render/Present n+1 714.5. CDDARenderTarget Render/Present n+1 714.5 outputs to CLegacyRenderTarget Render n+1 714.6. CLegacyRenderTarget Render n+1 714.6 outputs to CLegacyRenderTarget Present n+1 714.7. CLegacyRenderTarget Present n+1 714.7 outputs to the process frame 712. CLegacyRenderTarget Render n+1 714.6 accesses HasProtectedContent 716 to determine whether the content of the process frame 712 includes content that is not to be shared with the monitoring application 704.2.

[0076] CLegacyRenderTarget Render n+1 **714.6** outputs to a swap buffer **708.3**.

CLegacyRenderTarget Present n+1 **714**.7 outputs to Dwmredir.dll **706**.3. The swap buffer **708**.3 outputs to Dwmredir.dll **706**.3. Dwmredir.dll **706**.3 outputs to the monitoring application **704**.2. The functionality of the swap buffer **708**.3 mirrors that of the swap buffer **708**.2. The functionality of Dwmredir.dll **706**.3 mirrors that of Dwmredir.dll **706**.2.

[0077] FIG. **8** illustrates examples of a computing machine **800** sharing visual data with capturing processes, in accordance with some embodiments. As shown the computing machine **800** displays a window **802** associated with a business document and a window **804** associated with a personal document. The computing machine **800** may generate computing data **806.1**, **806.2** or **806.3** for output to capturing processes, such as a process associated with a monitoring application, a screen recording application, or a video calling application.

[0078] In the computing data **806.1**, the block **808.1** includes the content of the window **802** and the block **810.1** includes the content of the window **804**. The computing data **806.1** may correspond to a capturing process that captures all of the visual output displayed by the computing machine **800**. However, in some cases, it may be desirable to avoid capturing personal content (e.g., for business employee monitoring software) or business content (e.g., in screensharing during a

personal video call).

[0079] In the computing data **806.2**, the block **808.2** includes the content of the window **802**. The block **810.2**, positioned in a location corresponding to the window **804**, does not include the content of the window **804**. Instead, the block **810.2** includes a preset visual signal. The preset visual signal may be an overlay, a blur, an obscuring, or a part of a preset image (e.g., a company logo or another image). The computing data **806.2** may be provided, for example, to a business-related capturing process, such as a business screensharing or screen recording application, a business video calling application, or an employee monitoring application.

[0080] In the computing data **806.3**, the block **808.3**, positioned in a location corresponding to the window **802**, does not include the content of the window **802**. Instead, the block **808.3** includes a preset visual signal. The preset visual signal may be an overlay, a blur, an obscuring, or a part of a preset image (e.g., a company logo or another image). the block **810.3** includes the content of the window **804**. The computing data **806.2** may be provided, for example, to a personal, non-business-related capturing process, such as a personal screensharing or screen recording application, a personal video calling application, or a personal monitoring application.

[0081] The computing data **806.1** may be transmitted to a capturing process that captures all onscreen data. The computing data **806.2** may be transmitted to a capturing process that captures business data but not personal data, for example, an employee monitoring process. The computing data **806.3** may be transmitted to a capturing process that captures personal data but not business data, for example, a personal screen recording process.

[0082] The description of FIG. **8** discusses the segregation of business and personal files. However, in some cases, other types of files may be segregated. For example, a user of a computing machine might keep sensitive files and applications (e.g., files and applications related to finances or estate planning) as well as non-sensitive files and applications (e.g., family photographs, family videos, or gaming files and applications). The user might apply a security policy (similar to the business security policy described herein) to the sensitive files and applications in order to prevent them from being inadvertently tampered with or accessed.

[0083] FIG. **9** is a flowchart of a method **900** for limiting sharing of visual data, in accordance with some embodiments. The method **900** may be performed by a computing machine, such as the computing machine **100**, which may incorporate the system **200**.

[0084] At block **902**, a low-level engine (e.g., the low-level engine **206**) of the computing machine (or software that communicates with the low-level engine) accesses visual data (e.g., the visual data **204**) associated with a window (e.g., the window **202**). The low-level engine may include at least one of a kernel, a driver, or a desktop window manager. The visual data may include a graphical output. In some cases, the low-level engine transmits the visual data to a display device for display on the display device. The display device may be at least one of a monitor or a screen. The display device may correspond to one or more displays associated with at least one of a display driver or a display port. In some cases, the low-level engine transmits the visual data to a virtual screen. [0085] At block **904**, the low-level engine (or the software that communicates with the low-level engine) receives a request for computing data (e.g., the computing data **208**) associated with a capturing process. The capturing process may be associated with at least one of activity recording software, video conferencing software, application capturing software, user experience software, customer engagement software, or digital customer experience software.

[0086] At block **906**, the low-level engine generates the computing data for provision to the capturing process responsive to the request. Generating the computing data includes, among other things, determining whether to include the visual data in the computing data based on at least one of an identifier of the window or an identifier of the capturing process. Generating the computing data may include composing the computing data.

[0087] In some implementations, if the computing machine determines to include the visual data associated with the window in the computing data for provision to the capturing process, the

computing machine displays, adjacent to the window, a visual indicator. The visual indicator indicates (e.g., to the user of the computing machine) that the visual data associated with the window is being transmitted to the capturing process. In some examples, the visual indicator is a border for the window displayed along the edge of the window (e.g., within n pixels of the edge of the window, where n is a positive integer). The border may be a solid-colored border in a preset color (e.g., blue, green, red, or yellow). Some examples of the visual indicator are described in conjunction with FIG. 12.

[0088] At block **908**, the low-level engine provides the computing data to the capturing process. In some cases, the computing machine determines that no active windows output visual information for provision to the capturing process. The computing machine terminates the capturing process in response to determining that no active windows output the visual information for provision to the capturing process. At a later time, the computing machine may open a new window that outputs the visual information for provision to the capturing process. The computing machine may restart the capturing process in response to opening the new window.

[0089] FIG. 10 is a block diagram of a computing machine 1000 with a work zone 1004 within a native computing environment 1002, in accordance with some embodiments. As shown, the computing machine 1000 includes the native computing environment 1004. A portion of the native computing environment 1002 is the work zone 1004. As shown, the work zone 1004 is associated with a security policy 1016. The security policy applies to computing resources within the work zone 1004, but not to computing resources outside the work zone 1004. The work zone 1004 also includes a work network interface engine 1018. The work network interface engine 1018 processes network access requests associated with the work zone 1004 via a separate tunnel and/or a separate Internet Protocol (IP) address based on the security policy 1016. The work network interface engine 1018 may provide a VPN for computing resources within the work zone 1004 to use in order access the Internet. Computing resources outside the work zone 1004 might not use the VPN of the work network interface engine 1018.

[0090] As shown, the native computing environment **1002**, outside the work zone **1004**, includes applications, such as the illustrated word processor app **1006.1** and spreadsheet app **1008.1**. When these applications are executed from the work zone **1004**, separate instances of the applications, such as the word processor app **1006.2** and the spreadsheet app **1008.2** are created. The activities of the computing machine **1000** (e.g., the user's activities) in the word processor app **1006.2** and the spreadsheet app **1008.2** are supervised by the security policy **1016**. However, the activities of the computing machine in the word processor app **1006.1** and the spreadsheet app **1008.1** are not supervised by the security policy **1016**.

[0091] As shown, the native computing environment 1002 includes personal files/folders 1010.1 and work files/folders 1010.2. The work files/folder 1010.2 reside in the work zone 1004 and are supervised by the security policy 1016. The personal files/folders 1010.1 reside outside the work zone 1004 and are not supervised by the security policy 1016. According to some implementations, the personal files/folders 1010.1 and the work files/folders 1010.2 may correspond to different locations in a filesystem. For example, the personal files/folders 1010.1 may be at C:/personal/\* and the work files/folders 1010.2 may be at C:/work/\*, where \* corresponds to a part of a file address string of the filesystem. The work zone 1004 may include the C:/work/\* location of the filesystem where the work files/folders 1010.2 reside.

[0092] As shown, the native computing environment **1002** includes a registry **1014.1** externally to the work zone **1004**. Within the work zone **1004**, the registry is emulated as emulated registry **1014.2**. Similarly, the native computing environment **1002** includes global objects **1012.1** externally to the work zone **1004**. Within the work zone **1004**, the global objects are emulated as emulated global objects **1012.2**. When executing, applications **1006.2**, **1008.2** within the work zone **1004** use the emulated registry **1014.2** and the emulated global objects **1012.2** instead of the registry **1014.1** and the global objects **1012.1**. As a result, the object and registry values accessed

by the executing applications **1006.2**, **1008.2** within the work zone **1004** are supervised by the security policy **1016**, and separate instances of the applications **1006**, **1008** are used internally and externally to the work zone **1004**.

[0093] In some embodiments, the computing machine **1000** stores, within a single user account, multiple supervised computing resources (e.g., work files/folders **1010.2**) and multiple additional computing resources (e.g., personal files/folder **1010.1**). The supervised computing resources are associated with the security policy **1016**, while the unsupervised computing resources are not associated with the security policy **1016**. The computing machine **1000** executes a first instance of a specified application (e.g., word processor app **1006.1** or spreadsheet app **1008.1**) that lacks read access and lacks write access to any and all of the multiple supervised computing resources. The computing machine **1000** executes, simultaneously with the first instance, a second instance of the specified application (e.g., word processor app **1006.2** or spreadsheet app **1008.2**) that accesses at least a portion of the multiple supervised computing resources. The computing machine **1000** applies rules from the security policy **1016** to the second instance of the specified application while foregoing applying the rules from the security policy **1016** to the first instance of the specified application.

[0094] In some embodiments, the computing machine **1000** stores multiple supervised computing resources (e.g., work files/folders 1010.2) and multiple additional computing resources (e.g., personal files/folders **1010.1**). The multiple supervised computing resources are associated with the security policy **1016**. The multiple supervised computing resources reside within a supervised zone (e.g., work zone **1004**). The supervised zone comprises a portion of data associated with the native computing environment **1002** of the computing machine **1000**. The computing machine **1000** executes a first instance of a specified application (e.g., word processor app 1006.1 or spreadsheet app **1008.1**) externally to the supervised zone. The first instance has read access and has write access to data outside the supervised zone. The first instance lacks read access and lacks write access to data stored within the supervised zone. The computing machine **1000** executes, simultaneously with the first instance, a second instance of the specified application (e.g., word processor app **1006.2** or spreadsheet app **1008.2**) within the supervised zone. The second instance has read access and lacks write access to data outside the supervised zone. The second instance has read access and has write access to data stored within the supervised zone. The second instance runs separately and distinctly from the first instance. For example, the second instance may leverage the emulated registry **1014.2** and the emulated global objects **1012.1** of the work zone **1004**, while the first instance may leverage the registry **1014.1** and the global objects **1012.1** of the native computing environment **1002**.

[0095] As used herein, "work" may include tasks, files, applications, windows, computing resources, or the like that are for a business, an organization, or any other entity type. A business may include an organization (e.g., a non-profit or a charity), a government entity (e.g., the Department of Motor Vehicles or the town tax collector), or a personal entity (e.g., a personal babysitting entity or a personal financial planning entity). The work resources may be any resources that are desirable to be segregated from personal resources by a business, an organization, a government entity, or a personal entity (e.g., a person who wants to segregate his/her babysitting or financial planning-related computing resources or to segregate other types of computing resources).

[0096] FIG. **10** demonstrates a technique for segregating work computing resources from non-work computing resources. In alternative implementations, other secure computing resources (e.g., financial computing resources) may be secured in a "secure zone" similar to the work zone **1004** of FIG. **10**. In some cases, capturing rules (e.g., for provision of the computing data **208** to the capturing process **210**) may distinguish based on whether a window is associated with a file or an application in the secure zone.

[0097] FIG. **11** is a flowchart of a method **1100** for operating a capturing process, in accordance

with some embodiments. The method **1100** may be performed by a computing machine, such as the computing machine **100**, which may incorporate the system **200**.

[0098] At block **1102**, the computing machine determines determining that no active windows (e.g., of one or more open windows, such as the window **202**, open on the computing machine) output visual information for provision to the capturing process (e.g., the capturing process **210**). A computing machine may run one or more active windows that are open on the computing machine and are used to access computing resources (e.g., files or applications) on the computing machine. [0099] At block **1104**, the computing machine terminates the capturing process in response to determining that no active windows output the visual information for provision to the capturing process. The capturing process may be terminated to save at least one of processing, memory, or network interface resources of the computing machine. As a result, the user might experience faster processing or network speeds, due to the use of the computing machine being unencumbered by the capturing process.

[0100] At block **1106**, the computing machine opens a new window that outputs the visual information for provision to the capturing process. For example, the user of the computing machine may operate the GUI to cause the computing machine to open a new window that accesses computing resources within a secure zone (e.g., the work zone **1004**) and the computing machine may output visual information of windows associated with the work zone to the capturing process (e.g., a monitoring process, for example, for devices of employees of a business).

[0101] At block **1108**, the computing machine restarts the capturing process in response to opening the new window. As a result, the capturing process is running when there is at least one active window (e.g., new window) that outputs the visual information for provision to the capturing process. The capturing process is not running when there is no such active window, saving processing, memory, and/or network interface resources for other uses. This may result in improvements to the user experience, as the capturing process does not use processing, memory, and/or network interface resources when it is not generating any output.

[0102] In conjunction with the disclosed technology, various techniques could be used to determine whether visual data associated with a window is to be provided to a capturing process and, thereby, whether the window is to have a visual indicator indicating the provision of the visual data to the capturing process. In some cases, the memory of the computing machine includes a supervised zone (e.g., the work zone 1004) and any window that runs an application or accesses a file from the supervised zone has its visual data provided to the capturing process. In some cases, a user may access an application via different accounts (e.g., a work account associated with a work email address or a personal account associated with a personal email address) and windows associated with some of those accounts (e.g., the work account) might have their visual data provided to the capturing process while windows associated with other accounts (e.g., the personal account) might not have their visual data provided to the capturing process. In some cases, certain computing resources (e.g., files or applications) of the computing machine may be designated as "supervised" while other computing resources are designated as unsupervised, with windows associated with the supervised resources having their visual data provided to the capturing process, and windows not associated with supervised resources not having their visual data provided to the capturing process. [0103] The identification of "supervised" computing resources or of the supervised zone of the computing machine may be done by a user of the computing machine. Alternatively, this identification may be done remotely by an administrator of the computing machine (e.g., an information technology administrator of a business associated with the computing machine). The supervised zone may correspond to one or more regions of memory and/or one or more directories in a file system.

[0104] As described above, visual data of windows may be provided to the capturing process. In some implementations, the capturing process may receive other data, such as at least one of onscreen visual data, camera-generated data, audio data from a microphone, web browsing data,

application usage data, file system access data, remote access data, printing data, keyboard usage data, mouse usage data, or touchscreen usage data. The other data received by the capturing process may be persistently indicated on a display of the computing machine (e.g., within a display region having the visual indicator (e.g., surrounded by the border)). For example, the display region may include the text "Camera-generated data and audio data from the microphone are being shared with the employee monitoring software because you are logged into your work account in at least one application." This allows the user of the computing machine to learn or verify what information is being provided to the capturing process, as well as to determine steps to take (e.g., log out of work account in each and every application) to avoid the provision of the information to the capturing process.

[0105] As used herein, computing resource may include, for example, a file, an application, a network interface overlay (e.g., a network tunnel), a window or the like. A computing resource may be stored in a memory of a computing machine.

[0106] FIG. 12 illustrates an example system 1200 in which a mixed used computing machine may be used. As shown, the system 1200 includes a computing machine 1202 and a capturing process 1210. The capturing process 1210 is illustrated as being external to the computing machine 1202. In alternative implementations, the capturing process 1210 executes within the computing machine 1202. As shown, the computing machine 1202 is a laptop computer. However, in alternative implementations, the computing machine 1202 may be any computing machine that includes processing circuitry and memory, for example, a desktop computer, a mobile phone, a tablet computer, a smart watch, a personal digital assistant (PDA), and the like. The computing machine 1202 may include all or a portion of the components of the computing machine 100. As shown, the capturing process 1210 executes in a cloud service. The capturing process 1210 may be associated with one or more of a cloud-based tracking service, one or more servers, an administrator computing device associated with a security policy enforced at the computing machine 1202, and the like.

[0107] The computing machine **1202** may store multiple personal computing resources and multiple business computing resources. For example, the computing machine **1202** may be a bring your own device (BYOD) device that is owned by an employee of a business and includes some business computing resources for use in association with the employee's job. The capturing process **1210** is for monitoring or tracking the use of the business computing resources without otherwise compromising the employee's privacy. Some of the computing resources on the computing machine **1202**, for example, personal computing resource **1208** and business computing resource **1204**, may be displayed via a display device (e.g., screen or monitor) of the computing machine **1202**. Both the business computing resource **1204** and the personal computing resource **1208** may be displayed via a native computing environment of the computing machine **1202**, rather than by accessing a remote virtual machine or physical machine. Alternatively, the business computing resources **1204** and/or the personal computing resources **1208** may be associated with a remote virtual machine or physical machine.

[0108] The personal computing resources and the business computing resources may be segregated in different ways. In some embodiments, personal computing resources and business computing resources reside in specified predefined locations of a file system. For example, certain directories may be associated with business computing resources and certain other directories may be associated with personal computing resources. In some embodiments, the personal computing resources are associated with personal filetypes (e.g., .jpg or .mp3) while the business computing resources are associated with business filetypes (e.g., .doc or .xls). In some embodiments, the personal computing resources are generated by certain applications (e.g., a camera application) while the business computing resources are generated by certain other applications (e.g., a word processor, a spreadsheet program, or a slide presentation program).

[0109] As used herein, the phrase "native computing environment" encompasses its plain and

ordinary meaning. A computing resource (e.g., an application, a file or a window) runs in a native computing environment if it is run directly in an operating system (e.g., of a physical computing machine storing the computing resource, without any external software layers and without requiring access to a virtual machine or virtualization software or, alternatively, directly on a virtual machine).

[0110] In some embodiments, a "supervised zone" (which could also be referred to as a "business zone" or "work zone") may be defined within the native computing environment of a computing machine. The supervised zone may include computing resources residing in a portion of a filesystem of the computing machine or of a cloud storage unit. The supervised zone may also include network interface overlays (e.g., network tunnels) for accessing the network. The supervised zone may include certain applications. In some embodiments, a security policy may be applied to computing resources within the supervised zone but not to computing resources external to the supervised zone.

[0111] The computing machine **1202** may store a security policy that applies to the business computing resources (e.g., the business computing resource **1204**) but not to the personal computing resources (e.g., the personal computing resource **1208**). The security policy may limit screen capture of the business computing resources, sharing of the business computing resources, copying data from the business computing resources, and the like. The security policy may also allow for tracking, by the capturing process **1210**, of use of the business computing resources at the computing machine **1202**. While enforcing the security policy, the capturing process **1210** might not track the user of personal computing resources at the computing device.

[0112] As shown in FIG. 12, the computing machine 1202 displays, on a coupled display unit, the business computing resource 1204 and the personal computing resource 1208. A visual indicator 1206 adjacent to the business computing resource 1204 indicates that the business computing resource 1204 is subject to the security policy and to tracking by the capturing process 1210. The personal computing resource 1208 lacks such a visual indicator because it is not subject to the security policy and to the tracking by the capturing process 1210. As shown, the visual indicator 1206 is a border. However, in other embodiments, the visual indicator 1206 may include one or more of a border, a badge, and the like.

[0113] In some embodiments, the visual indicator **1206** is a border. The border may occupy points outside the business computing resource **1204** that are within a distance of n or fewer pixels from the business computing resource **1204** (where n is a positive integer), unless those pixels are occupied by other computing resources (e.g., windows) that are more dominant than the business computing resource **1204** in a computing resource stack. The other computing resources may be more dominant, for example, if they have been used more recently than the business computing resource **1204**.

[0114] As discussed above, business computing resources are subject to the security policy and the tracking. Personal computing resources are not subject to the security policy and the tracking. However, in alternative embodiments, computing resources different from personal/business may be used. For example, a parent might give a child a computing machine with some resources (e.g., web browser, video player) that the parent wishes to track and/or manage and other resource (e.g., word processor, chess playing application stored in local memory) that the parent does not wish to track and/or manage. Alternatively, an investor might wish to have his/her financial advisor be able to track and/or manage resources (e.g., investment company website, investment company application) that are used for investment management purposes but not other resources (e.g., other websites, applications or files).

[0115] Some embodiments are described as numbered examples (Example 1, 2, 3, etc.). These are provided as examples only and do not limit the technology disclosed herein.

[0116] Example 1 is a method comprising: receiving, at a low-level engine or using software that communicates with the low-level engine, a request for computing data associated with a capturing

process, wherein the low-level engine comprises at least one of a kernel, a driver, or a desktop window manager; generating the computing data for provision to the capturing process responsive to the request, wherein generating the computing data comprises determining to include, visual data associated with a window in the computing data based on at least one of an identifier of the window or an identifier of the capturing process; displaying a visual indicator to indicate that the visual data associated with the window is being transmitted to the capturing process; and providing the computing data to the capturing process.

[0117] In Example 2, the subject matter of Example 1 includes, determining to include the visual data in the computing data based on a stored indication that information of the window is approved for transmission to the capturing process, wherein the stored indication is associated with at least one of an application of the window or content within the window.

[0118] In Example 3, the subject matter of Examples 1-2 includes, determining not to include the visual data in the computing data based on a lack of a stored indication that information of the window is approved for transmission to the capturing process, wherein generating the computing data comprises including, within the computing data, a preset visual signal in place of the visual data, wherein the preset visual signal comprises at least one of an overlay, a blur, or at least a part of a preset image.

[0119] In Example 4, the subject matter of Examples 1-3 includes, wherein the visual data comprise a graphical output, and wherein the capturing process is associated with at least one of activity recording software, video conferencing software, application capturing software, user experience software, customer engagement software, digital customer experience software, or employee productivity software.

[0120] In Example 5, the subject matter of Examples 1-4 includes, wherein the visual data comprise a graphical output, the method further comprising: transmitting, by the low-level engine, the visual data to a display device for display on the display device.

[0121] In Example 6, the subject matter of Examples 1-5 includes, wherein the visual data comprise a graphical output, the method further comprising: transmitting, by the low-level engine, the visual data to a virtual screen.

[0122] In Example 7, the subject matter of Examples 1-6 includes, wherein the computing data is composed at the low-level engine or the software that communicates with the low-level engine. [0123] In Example 8, the subject matter of Examples 1-7 includes, wherein determining whether to include the visual data in the computing data and displaying the visual indicator are based on whether the window executes within a supervised zone of memory of a computing device or whether the window accesses data within the supervised zone, wherein the visual indicator comprises a badge or a border adjacent to the window.

[0124] In Example 9, the subject matter of Examples 1-8 includes, wherein the desktop window manager is configured to draw at least one of a graphical user interface of a desktop, a wallpaper, an icon, the window, or a login screen.

[0125] In Example 10, the subject matter of Examples 1-9 includes, wherein the visual data comprise at least one of a graphical user interface of a desktop, virtual display data, screenshot data, or screen display data.

[0126] In Example 11, the subject matter of Examples 1-10 includes, wherein the visual data comprise at least one of virtual desktop data, full screen visual data, partial screen visual data associated with a range of coordinates of a screen, or delta visual data indicating a change of imagery on the screen.

[0127] In Example 12, the subject matter of Examples 1-11 includes, wherein the identifier of the capturing process comprises at least one of a digital signature, a process name, process identifier, or location where the capturing process is stored.

[0128] In Example 13, the subject matter of Examples 1-12 includes, wherein the window comprises at least one of a virtual desktop or a visual output of an application.

[0129] In Example 14, the subject matter of Examples 1-13 includes, wherein the identifier of the window is based on at least one of a parent of the window or a process associated with the window. [0130] In Example 15, the subject matter of Examples 1-14 includes, wherein the identifier of the window comprises at least one of an identifier of an account being used to access an application associated with the window, an identifier of an application being executed in the window, an identifier of an application generating the window, or an identifier of a process associated with the window.

[0131] In Example 16, the subject matter of Example 15 includes, wherein the identifier of the process associated with the window comprises at least one of an identifier of a supervised application being used to access the process, a process name of a process associated with the window, a location of a process associated with the window, or a digital signature of a process associated with the window.

[0132] In Example 17, the subject matter of Examples 1-16 includes, determining that no active windows output visual information for provision to the capturing process; and terminating the capturing process in response to determining that no active windows output the visual information for provision to the capturing process.

[0133] In Example 18, the subject matter of Example 17 includes, opening a new window that outputs the visual information for provision to the capturing process; and restarting the capturing process in response to opening the new window.

[0134] Example 19 is a computer-readable medium storing instructions operable to cause processing circuitry to perform operations comprising: receiving, at a low-level engine or using software that communicates with the low-level engine, a request for computing data associated with a capturing process, wherein the low-level engine comprises at least one of a kernel, a driver, or a desktop window manager; generating the computing data for provision to the capturing process responsive to the request, wherein generating the computing data comprises determining to include, visual data associated with a window in the computing data based on at least one of an identifier of the window or an identifier of the capturing process; displaying a visual indicator to indicate that the visual data associated with the window is being transmitted to the capturing process; and providing the computing data to the capturing process.

[0135] In Example 20, the subject matter of Example 19 includes, the operations further comprising: determining to include the visual data in the computing data based on a stored indication that information of the window is approved for transmission to the capturing process, wherein the stored indication is associated with at least one of an application of the window or content within the window.

[0136] In Example 21, the subject matter of Examples 19-20 includes, the operations further comprising: determining not to include the visual data in the computing data based on a lack of a stored indication that information of the window is approved for transmission to the capturing process, wherein generating the computing data comprises including, within the computing data, a preset visual signal in place of the visual data, wherein the preset visual signal comprises at least one of an overlay, a blur, or at least a part of a preset image.

[0137] In Example 22, the subject matter of Examples 19-21 includes, wherein the visual data comprise a graphical output, and wherein the capturing process is associated with at least one of activity recording software, video conferencing software, application capturing software, user experience software, customer engagement software, digital customer experience software, or employee productivity software.

[0138] In Example 23, the subject matter of Examples 19-22 includes, wherein the visual data comprise a graphical output, the operations further comprising: transmitting, by the low-level engine, the visual data to a display device for display on the display device.

[0139] In Example 24, the subject matter of Examples 19-23 includes, wherein the visual data comprise a graphical output, the operations further comprising: transmitting, by the low-level

engine, the visual data to a virtual screen.

[0140] In Example 25, the subject matter of Examples 19-24 includes, wherein the computing data is composed at the low-level engine or the software that communicates with the low-level engine. [0141] In Example 26, the subject matter of Examples 19-25 includes, wherein determining whether to include the visual data in the computing data and displaying the visual indicator are based on whether the window executes within a supervised zone of memory of a computing device or whether the window accesses data within the supervised zone, wherein the visual indicator comprises a badge or a border adjacent to the window.

[0142] In Example 27, the subject matter of Examples 19-26 includes, wherein the desktop window manager is configured to draw at least one of a graphical user interface of a desktop, a wallpaper, an icon, the window, or a login screen.

[0143] In Example 28, the subject matter of Examples 19-27 includes, wherein the visual data comprise at least one of a graphical user interface of a desktop, virtual display data, screenshot data, or screen display data.

[0144] In Example 29, the subject matter of Examples 19-28 includes, wherein the visual data comprise at least one of virtual desktop data, full screen visual data, partial screen visual data associated with a range of coordinates of a screen, or delta visual data indicating a change of imagery on the screen.

[0145] In Example 30, the subject matter of Examples 19-29 includes, wherein the identifier of the capturing process comprises at least one of a digital signature, a process name, process identifier, or location where the capturing process is stored.

[0146] In Example 31, the subject matter of Examples 19-30 includes, wherein the window comprises at least one of a virtual desktop or a visual output of an application.

[0147] In Example 32, the subject matter of Examples 19-31 includes, wherein the identifier of the window is based on at least one of a parent of the window or a process associated with the window. [0148] In Example 33, the subject matter of Examples 19-32 includes, wherein the identifier of the window comprises at least one of an identifier of an account being used to access an application associated with the window, an identifier of an application being executed in the window, an identifier of an application generating the window, or an identifier of a process associated with the window.

[0149] In Example 34, the subject matter of Example 33 includes, wherein the identifier of the process associated with the window comprises at least one of an identifier of a supervised application being used to access the process, a process name of a process associated with the window, a location of a process associated with the window, or a digital signature of a process associated with the window.

[0150] In Example 35, the subject matter of Examples 19-34 includes, the operations further comprising: determining that no active windows output visual information for provision to the capturing process; and terminating the capturing process in response to determining that no active windows output the visual information for provision to the capturing process.

[0151] In Example 36, the subject matter of Example 35 includes, the operations further comprising: opening a new window that outputs the visual information for provision to the capturing process; and restarting the capturing process in response to opening the new window. [0152] Example 37 is a system comprising: memory; and processing circuitry configured to execute instructions stored in the memory to perform operations comprising: receiving, at a low-level engine or using software that communicates with the low-level engine, a request for computing data associated with a capturing process, wherein the low-level engine comprises at least one of a kernel, a driver, or a desktop window manager; generating the computing data for provision to the capturing process responsive to the request, wherein generating the computing data comprises determining to include, visual data associated with a window in the computing data based on at least one of an identifier of the window or an identifier of the capturing process;

displaying a visual indicator to indicate that the visual data associated with the window is being transmitted to the capturing process; and providing the computing data to the capturing process. [0153] In Example 38, the subject matter of Example 37 includes, the operations further comprising: determining to include the visual data in the computing data based on a stored indication that information of the window is approved for transmission to the capturing process, wherein the stored indication is associated with at least one of an application of the window or content within the window.

[0154] In Example 39, the subject matter of Examples 37-38 includes, the operations further comprising: determining not to include the visual data in the computing data based on a lack of a stored indication that information of the window is approved for transmission to the capturing process, wherein generating the computing data comprises including, within the computing data, a preset visual signal in place of the visual data, wherein the preset visual signal comprises at least one of an overlay, a blur, or at least a part of a preset image.

[0155] In Example 40, the subject matter of Examples 37-39 includes, wherein the visual data comprise a graphical output, and wherein the capturing process is associated with at least one of activity recording software, video conferencing software, application capturing software, user experience software, customer engagement software, digital customer experience software, or employee productivity software.

[0156] In Example 41, the subject matter of Examples 37-40 includes, wherein the visual data comprise a graphical output, the operations further comprising: transmitting, by the low-level engine, the visual data to a display device for display on the display device.

[0157] In Example 42, the subject matter of Examples 37-41 includes, wherein the visual data comprise a graphical output, the operations further comprising: transmitting, by the low-level engine, the visual data to a virtual screen.

[0158] In Example 43, the subject matter of Examples 37-42 includes, wherein the computing data is composed at the low-level engine or the software that communicates with the low-level engine. [0159] In Example 44, the subject matter of Examples 37-43 includes, wherein determining whether to include the visual data in the computing data and displaying the visual indicator are based on whether the window executes within a supervised zone of memory of a computing device or whether the window accesses data within the supervised zone, wherein the visual indicator comprises a badge or a border adjacent to the window.

[0160] In Example 45, the subject matter of Examples 37-44 includes, wherein the desktop window manager is configured to draw at least one of a graphical user interface of a desktop, a wallpaper, an icon, the window, or a login screen.

[0161] In Example 46, the subject matter of Examples 37-45 includes, wherein the visual data comprise at least one of a graphical user interface of a desktop, virtual display data, screenshot data, or screen display data.

[0162] In Example 47, the subject matter of Examples 37-46 includes, wherein the visual data comprise at least one of virtual desktop data, full screen visual data, partial screen visual data associated with a range of coordinates of a screen, or delta visual data indicating a change of imagery on the screen.

[0163] In Example 48, the subject matter of Examples 37-47 includes, wherein the identifier of the capturing process comprises at least one of a digital signature, a process name, process identifier, or location where the capturing process is stored.

[0164] In Example 49, the subject matter of Examples 37-48 includes, wherein the window comprises at least one of a virtual desktop or a visual output of an application.

[0165] In Example 50, the subject matter of Examples 37-49 includes, wherein the identifier of the window is based on at least one of a parent of the window or a process associated with the window. [0166] In Example 51, the subject matter of Examples 37-50 includes, wherein the identifier of the window comprises at least one of an identifier of an account being used to access an application

associated with the window, an identifier of an application being executed in the window, an identifier of an application generating the window, or an identifier of a process associated with the window.

[0167] In Example 52, the subject matter of Examples 37-51 includes, wherein the identifier of the process associated with the window comprises at least one of an identifier of a supervised application being used to access the process, a process name of a process associated with the window, a location of a process associated with the window, or a digital signature of a process associated with the window.

[0168] In Example 53, the subject matter of Examples 37-52 includes, the operations further comprising: determining that no active windows output visual information for provision to the capturing process; and terminating the capturing process in response to determining that no active windows output the visual information for provision to the capturing process.

[0169] In Example 54, the subject matter of Examples 37-53 includes, the operations further comprising: opening a new window that outputs the visual information for provision to the capturing process; and restarting the capturing process in response to opening the new window. [0170] Example 55 is at least one apparatus comprising: means for receiving, at a low-level engine or using software that communicates with the low-level engine, a request for computing data associated with a capturing process, wherein the low-level engine comprises at least one of a kernel, a driver, or a desktop window manager; means for generating the computing data for provision to the capturing process responsive to the request, wherein generating the computing data comprises determining to include, visual data associated with a window in the computing data based on at least one of an identifier of the window or an identifier of the capturing process; means for displaying a visual indicator to indicate that the visual data associated with the window is being transmitted to the capturing process; and means for providing the computing data to the capturing process.

[0171] Example 56 is a method comprising: receiving, at the low-level engine or using the software that communicates with the low-level engine, a request for computing data associated with a capturing process, wherein the low-level engine comprises at least one of a kernel, a driver, or a desktop window manager; generating the computing data for provision to the capturing process responsive to the request, wherein generating the computing data comprises determining whether to include, the computer-generated information in the computing data based on at least one of an identifier of the capturing process or data associated with the computer-generated information; and providing the computing data to the capturing process.

[0172] Example 57 is at least one machine-readable medium including instructions that, when executed by processing circuitry, cause the processing circuitry to perform operations to implement of any of Examples 1-56.

- [0173] Example 58 is an apparatus comprising means to implement of any of Examples 1-56.
- [0174] Example 59 is a system to implement of any of Examples 1-56.
- [0175] Example 60 is a method to implement of any of Examples 1-56.

[0176] As used herein, unless explicitly stated otherwise, any term specified in the singular may include its plural version. For example, "a computer that stores data and runs software," may include a single computer that stores data and runs software or two computers—a first computer that stores data and a second computer that runs software. Also "a computer that stores data and runs software," may include multiple computers that together stored data and run software. At least one of the multiple computers stores data, and at least one of the multiple computers runs software. [0177] As used herein, the term "computer-readable medium" encompasses one or more computer-readable media. A computer-readable medium may include any storage unit (or multiple storage units) that store data or instructions that are readable by processing circuitry. A computer-readable medium may include, for example, at least one of a data repository, a data storage unit, a computer memory, a hard drive, a disk, or a random access memory. A computer-readable medium may

include a single computer-readable medium or multiple computer-readable media. A computer-readable medium may be a transitory computer-readable medium or a non-transitory computer-readable medium.

[0178] As used herein, the term "memory" includes one or more memories, where each memory may be a computer-readable medium. Memory may encompass memory hardware units (e.g., a hard drive or a disk) that store data or instructions in software form. Alternatively or in addition, the memory may include data or instructions that are hard-wired into processing circuitry. The memory may include a single memory unit or multiple joint or disjoint memory units, with each of the multiple joint or disjoint memory units storing all or a portion of the data described as being stored in the memory.

[0179] As used herein, processing circuitry includes one or more processors. The one or more processors may be arranged in one or more processing units, for example, a central processing unit (CPU), a graphics processing unit (GPU), or a combination of at least one of a CPU or a GPU. [0180] As used herein, the term "engine" may include software, hardware, or a combination of software and hardware. An engine may be implemented using software stored in the memory. Alternatively, an engine may be hard-wired into processing circuitry. In some cases, an engine includes a combination of software stored in the memory and hardware that is hard-wired into the processing circuitry.

[0181] Although an embodiment has been described with reference to specific example embodiments, it will be evident that various modifications and changes may be made to these embodiments without departing from the broader spirit and scope of the present disclosure. Accordingly, the specification and drawings are to be regarded in an illustrative rather than a restrictive sense. The accompanying drawings that form a part hereof show, by way of illustration, and not of limitation, specific embodiments in which the subject matter may be practiced. The embodiments illustrated are described in sufficient detail to enable those skilled in the art to practice the teachings disclosed herein. Other embodiments may be utilized and derived therefrom, such that structural and logical substitutions and changes may be made without departing from the scope of this disclosure. This Detailed Description, therefore, is not to be taken in a limiting sense, and the scope of various embodiments is defined only by the appended claims, along with the full range of equivalents to which such claims are entitled.

[0182] Although specific embodiments have been illustrated and described herein, it should be appreciated that any arrangement calculated to achieve the same purpose may be substituted for the specific embodiments shown. This disclosure is intended to cover any and all adaptations or variations of various embodiments. Combinations of the above embodiments, and other embodiments not specifically described herein, will be apparent to those of skill in the art upon reviewing the above description.

[0183] In this document, the terms "a" or "an" are used, as is common in patent documents, to include one or more than one, independent of any other instances or usages of "at least one" or "one or more." In this document, the term "or" is used to refer to a nonexclusive or, such that "A or B" includes "A but not B," "B but not A," and "A and B," unless otherwise indicated. In this document, the terms "including" and "in which" are used as the plain-English equivalents of the respective terms "comprising" and "wherein." Also, in the following claims, the terms "including" and "comprising" are open-ended, that is, a system, user equipment (UE), article, composition, formulation, or process that includes elements in addition to those listed after such a term in a claim are still deemed to fall within the scope of that claim. Moreover, in the following claims, the terms "first," "second," and "third," etc. are used merely as labels, and are not intended to impose numerical requirements on their objects.

[0184] The Abstract of the Disclosure is provided to comply with 37 C.F.R. § 1.72(b), requiring an abstract that will allow the reader to quickly ascertain the nature of the technical disclosure. It is submitted with the understanding that it will not be used to interpret or limit the scope or meaning

of the claims. In addition, in the foregoing Detailed Description, it can be seen that various features are grouped together in a single embodiment for the purpose of streamlining the disclosure. This method of disclosure is not to be interpreted as reflecting an intention that the claimed embodiments require more features than are expressly recited in each claim. Rather, as the following claims reflect, inventive subject matter lies in less than all features of a single disclosed embodiment. Thus the following claims are hereby incorporated into the Detailed Description, with each claim standing on its own as a separate embodiment.

### **Claims**

- 1. A method comprising: receiving, at a low-level engine or using software that communicates with the low-level engine, a request for computing data associated with a capturing process, wherein the low-level engine comprises at least one of a kernel, a driver, or a desktop window manager; generating the computing data for provision to the capturing process responsive to the request, wherein generating the computing data comprises determining to include visual data associated with a window in the computing data based on at least one of an identifier of the window or an identifier of the capturing process; displaying a visual indicator to indicate that the visual data associated with the window is being transmitted to the capturing process; and providing the computing data to the capturing process.
- 2. A non-transitory computer-readable medium storing instructions operable to cause processing circuitry to perform operations comprising: receiving, at a low-level engine or using software that communicates with the low-level engine, a request for computing data associated with a capturing process, wherein the low-level engine comprises at least one of a kernel, a driver, or a desktop window manager; generating the computing data for provision to the capturing process responsive to the request, wherein generating the computing data comprises determining to include visual data associated with a window in the computing data based on at least one of an identifier of the window or an identifier of the capturing process; displaying a visual indicator to indicate that the visual data associated with the window is being transmitted to the capturing process; and providing the computing data to the capturing process.
- **3.** The non-transitory computer-readable medium of claim 2, the operations further comprising: determining to include the visual data in the computing data based on a stored indication that information of the window is approved for transmission to the capturing process, wherein the stored indication is associated with at least one of an application of the window or content within the window.
- **4.** The non-transitory computer-readable medium of claim 2, the operations further comprising: determining not to include the visual data in the computing data based on a lack of a stored indication that information of the window is approved for transmission to the capturing process, wherein generating the computing data comprises including, within the computing data, a preset visual signal in place of the visual data, wherein the preset visual signal comprises at least one of an overlay, a blur, or at least a part of a preset image.
- **5.** The non-transitory computer-readable medium of claim 2, wherein the visual data comprise a graphical output, and wherein the capturing process is associated with at least one of activity recording software, video conferencing software, application capturing software, user experience software, customer engagement software, digital customer experience software, or employee productivity software.
- **6**. The non-transitory computer-readable medium of claim 2, wherein the visual data comprise a graphical output, the operations further comprising: transmitting, by the low-level engine, the visual data to a display device for display on the display device.
- **7**. The non-transitory computer-readable medium of claim 2, wherein the visual data comprise a graphical output, the operations further comprising: transmitting, by the low-level engine, the

visual data to a virtual screen.

- **8.** The non-transitory computer-readable medium of claim 2, wherein the computing data is composed at the low-level engine or the software that communicates with the low-level engine.
- **9.** The non-transitory computer-readable medium of claim 2, wherein determining whether to include the visual data in the computing data and displaying the visual indicator are based on whether the window executes within a supervised zone of memory of a computing device or whether the window accesses data within the supervised zone, wherein the visual indicator comprises a badge or a border adjacent to the window.
- **10**. The non-transitory computer-readable medium of claim 2, wherein the desktop window manager is configured to draw at least one of a graphical user interface of a desktop, a wallpaper, an icon, the window, or a login screen.
- **11**. The non-transitory computer-readable medium of claim 2, wherein the visual data comprise at least one of a graphical user interface of a desktop, virtual display data, screenshot data, or screen display data.
- **12**. The non-transitory computer-readable medium of claim 2, wherein the visual data comprise at least one of virtual desktop data, full screen visual data, partial screen visual data associated with a range of coordinates of a screen, or delta visual data indicating a change of imagery on the screen.
- **13**. The non-transitory computer-readable medium of claim 2, wherein the identifier of the capturing process comprises at least one of a digital signature, a process name, process identifier, or location where the capturing process is stored.
- **14.** The non-transitory computer-readable medium of claim 2, wherein the window comprises at least one of a virtual desktop or a visual output of an application.
- **15**. The non-transitory computer-readable medium of claim 2, wherein the identifier of the window is based on at least one of a parent of the window or a process associated with the window.
- **16.** The non-transitory computer-readable medium of claim 2, wherein the identifier of the window comprises at least one of an identifier of an account being used to access an application associated with the window, an identifier of an application being executed in the window, an identifier of an application generating the window, or an identifier of a process associated with the window.
- **17**. The non-transitory computer-readable medium of claim 16, wherein the identifier of the process associated with the window comprises at least one of an identifier of a supervised application being used to access the process, a process name of a process associated with the window, a location of a process associated with the window, or a digital signature of a process associated with the window.
- **18.** The non-transitory computer-readable medium of claim 2, the operations further comprising: determining that no active windows output visual information for provision to the capturing process; and terminating the capturing process in response to determining that no active windows output the visual information for provision to the capturing process.
- **19**. The non-transitory computer-readable medium of claim 18, the operations further comprising: opening a new window that outputs the visual information for provision to the capturing process; and restarting the capturing process in response to opening the new window.
- **20.** A system comprising: memory; and processing circuitry configured to execute instructions stored in the memory to perform operations comprising: receiving, at a low-level engine or using software that communicates with the low-level engine, a request for computing data associated with a capturing process, wherein the low-level engine comprises at least one of a kernel, a driver, or a desktop window manager; generating the computing data for provision to the capturing process responsive to the request, wherein generating the computing data comprises determining to include visual data associated with a window in the computing data based on at least one of an identifier of the window or an identifier of the capturing process; displaying a visual indicator to indicate that the visual data associated with the window is being transmitted to the capturing process; and providing the computing data to the capturing process.