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Caliper body and brake caliper with said body

Abstract

A caliper body has a first elongated vehicle-side element, a second elongated wheel-side element, a central caliper bridge connecting the first elongated vehicle-side element to the second elongated wheel-side element and having a first bridge end portion, a central bridge portion extending between the first elongated vehicle-side element and the second elongated wheel-side element, and a second bridge end portion. The first and second bridge end portions respectively connect the central bridge portion to the first elongated vehicle-side element and the second elongated wheel-side element. The central caliper bridge has a pair of bridge ribs forming a trench therebetween and extending seamlessly running along the first bridge end portion, forming a pair of first end rib portions, the central bridge portion, forming a pair of central rib portions, and the second bridge end portion, forming a pair of second end rib portions. The first and second end rib portions respectively form a pair of first and second end elbows.

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Background/Summary

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

(1) This application is a National Phase Application of PCT International Application No. PCT/IB2021/055959, having an International Filing Date of Jul. 2, 2021 which claims priority to Italian Application No. 102020000016357 filed Jul. 7, 2020, each of which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety.

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

- (2) The present invention relates to a caliper body for a disc brake, e.g., for a motor vehicle, and to a disc brake caliper which comprises such a body.
- (3) In accordance with an embodiment, the present invention relates to a fixed caliper body, i.e., with opposite thrust devices which act on opposite brake pads acting on opposite braking surfaces of a disc brake disc.
- (4) Hereafter, the disc brake assembly will be described with reference to the rotation axis of the disc, indicated by reference A-A, which defines an axial direction X-X. Axial direction means any direction X-X directed parallel to the rotation axis A-A of the brake disc. Additionally, radial direction R-R means all directions orthogonal to the rotation axis A-A and incident therewith. Furthermore, circumferential direction C-C means that circumference orthogonal to the axial direction A-A and the radial directions R-R.
- (5) Otherwise, tangential direction T-T means a direction which is duly orthogonal to an axial direction X-X and a radial direction R-R and tangent to a circumferential direction C-C passing through such a point.

BACKGROUND ART

- (6) In a disc brake, the brake caliper is arranged straddling the outer peripheral margin of a brake disc. The brake caliper usually comprises a body having two elongated elements which are arranged so as to face opposite braking surfaces of a disc. Clutch pads are provided arranged between each elongated element of the caliper and the braking surfaces of the brake disc. At least one of the elongated elements of the caliper body has cylinders adapted to accommodate hydraulic pistons capable of applying a thrust action to the pads, abutting them against the braking surfaces of the disc to apply the braking action to the vehicle.
- (7) Brake calipers are usually constrained to a supporting structure which remains stationary to the vehicle, such as a stub axle of a vehicle suspension, for example.
- (8) In a typical arrangement, one of the two elongated elements has two or more attachment portions of the body of the caliper to the supporting structure, for example by providing slots or eyelets, e.g., arranged axially, or holes, e.g., arranged radially, adapted to receive screws for fixing the caliper, which are accommodated with the ends thereof in threaded holes provided on the caliper support.
- (9) In a typical caliper body construction, the elongated elements arranged facing the braking surfaces of the disc are connected together by bridge-like elements arranged straddling the disc. (10) A caliper body of this type is described in EP-A-2022999. FIG. 1 of EP-A-2022999 shows a caliper body of the fixed caliper type. This caliper body is of the monolithic type comprising two

elongated elements, the ends of which are mutually connected by bridges. Stiffening rods extend between the elongated elements and between the two bridges, thus forming a cross-shaped structure.

- (11) The caliper comprises several different components mounted to the body, such as pistons, seals, bleed devices and brake fluid feeding pipes.
- (12) Typically, the caliper body is made of metal, such as aluminum or aluminum alloy or cast iron. The body of the caliper can be obtained by casting, but also by mechanical stock removal machining, as well as forging.
- (13) The caliper body can be made either in one piece or a single piece or to be monolithic, but also in the form of two semi-calipers typically connected to each other along a plane which usually coincides with the median plane of the disc on which the caliper is arranged straddling.
- (14) Desiring to stop or decelerate the vehicle, the driver applies a force to the brake pedal, in the case of a motor vehicle. Such a force on the brake pedal applies, through a brake master cylinder, a brake fluid pressure which, through a pipe, is applied to the brake fluid present in the hydraulic circuit placed inside the caliper body to reach the cylinders where the pressure is applied to the bottom surface of the pistons, thus forcing them to be closed against the pads, which in turn abut against the braking surfaces of the disc.
- (15) The pressure action of the brake fluid is also applied to the bottom wall of the cylinder, thus causing a reaction in the caliper body which deforms it away from the disc surfaces. This deformation of the caliper body leads to an increase in the piston stroke, and thus to an increase in brake pedal stroke.
- (16) The caliper body also deforms as a function of the torque applied by the action of the pistons which, by abutting the pads against the braking surfaces of the disc, apply a deformation moment in directions which form torque arms with respect to the fixing points of the cover body to the support thereof. These torques also deform the caliper body in a tangential and radial direction with respect to the disc, as well as in an axial direction.
- (17) Therefore, the caliper body must have sufficient structural rigidity so as to ensure that this deformation of the caliper body caused by the braking action is maintained within acceptable values, which in addition to avoiding damage to the brake system do not create the feeling of a yielding braking system to the driver, thus resulting in an extra travel of the lever or pedal of the braking system and creating a system feeling that sports car drivers call "spongy". This need urges having highly rigid structures for the bodies of the calipers and thus increasing the size and weight thereof.
- (18) On the other hand, since the caliper body is constrained to the vehicle suspension and arranged straddling the disc, it is one of the unsprung weights intended to be reduced as much as possible in order to increase vehicle performance.
- (19) Obviously, these considerations are taken to the extreme when the vehicle is of the racing type and the user desires a braking system which is highly responsive to commands while being highly lightweight in order not to penalize the racing vehicle performance.
- (20) The need is thus felt for a disc brake caliper body which has improved structural features, the weight of the caliper body being the same, or has equal structural features, the weight being lower than the solutions of the prior art.
- (21) Solutions of caliper bodies especially designed to increase the structural rigidity features are known. For example, the aforementioned patent application EP-A-2022999, patent application EP-A-1534974, U.S. patent U.S. Pat. No. 6,708,802, European patent application EP-A-1911989, Japanese patent application JP-A-09257063 and U.S. patent U.S. Pat. No. 3,183,999, as well as DE102008029582 all suggest solutions of brake caliper bodies equipped with reinforcing elements, e.g., placed about the caliper bodies. In some of these well-known solutions, the caliper body is symmetrical according to planes passing through the disc axis or through the disc middle line. In other solutions, the caliper body has large, distributed windows, which may also be throughwindows, which form elongated reinforcing elements arranged longitudinally to the caliper body. (22) Although these known solutions are satisfactory from many points of view, they still do not allow to obtain structures which maximize the structural rigidity of the caliper body, thus reducing

weight while being capable of minimizing the dimensions as much as possible to facilitate the assembly of the caliper body even inside rims and wheels to which brake discs of large diameter are mounted.

(23) Furthermore, the need is strongly felt to create large openings in the caliper body which allow an exchange of hot air generated close to the braking surfaces due to the friction applied thereto by the brake pads. Obviously, this need is also at odds with that of having a caliper which is rigid and not very deformable upon the braking action.

- Solution
- (24) These and other objects are achieved by a caliper body and a brake caliper as described and claimed herein.
- (25) Some advantageous embodiments are the subject of the dependent claims.
- (26) The analysis of this solution showed that the suggested solution also allows to optimize the deformation of the caliper in use. In particular, by virtue of the suggested solution, it is possible to have a great braking action even with limited maximum brake disc diameters while having a lightweight caliper body and a rigid caliper body with limited deformations or distortions generated by the braking action, as well as greater ease in adjusting the braking action and greater braking action accuracy.
- (27) By virtue of the suggested solutions, it is possible to obtain a lighter caliper with greater rigidity but at the same time large ventilation windows which allow easier cooling of the braking system.

Description

FIGURES

- (1) Further features and advantages of the invention will become apparent from the description provided below of preferred embodiments thereof, given by way of non-limiting examples, with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which:
- (2) FIG. 1 shows a wheel-side axonometric view of a caliper body according to the invention;
- (3) FIG. 2 shows a vehicle-side axonometric view of the caliper body in FIG. 1;
- (4) FIG. **3** shows a front wheel-side axonometric view of the caliper body in FIG. **1**;
- (5) FIG. **4** shows a rear or vehicle-side view of the caliper body in FIG. **1**;
- (6) FIG. **5** and FIG. **6** are side views of the caliper in FIG. **1**;
- (7) FIG. **7** shows a top or radially outer view of the caliper body in FIG. **1**;
- (8) FIG. **8** shows a wheel-side axonometric view of a brake caliper according to a further embodiment;
- (9) FIG. **9** shows a vehicle-side axonometric view of the caliper body in FIG. **8**;
- (10) FIGS. **10** to **14** show the orthogonal views (front, back, right, left, top) of the caliper body in FIG. **8**;
- (11) FIG. **15** shows a caliper according to an embodiment comprising a caliper body according to FIG. **8**.

DESCRIPTION OF SOME PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

(12) In accordance with a general embodiment, a caliper body **1** for brake caliper **2** of disc brake **3** is adapted to be arranged straddling the outer peripheral margin of a disc brake **4**. Said disc brake **4** is adapted to rotate about a rotation axis A-A defining an axial direction X-X, a radial direction R-R, substantially orthogonal to said axial direction X-X, and a circumferential direction C-C, orthogonal to both said axial direction X-X and said radial direction R-R, a tangential direction T-T passing through an intersection point between said radial R-R, circumferential C-C, and axial X-X directions defining a tangent to said circumferential direction C-C, arranged orthogonally to both said axial direction X-X and said radial direction R-R.

- (13) Said caliper body **1** comprises a first elongated vehicle-side element **5** adapted to face a first braking surface **6** of the brake disc **4**.
- (14) Said caliper body **1** comprises a second elongated wheel-side element **7** adapted to face a second braking surface **8** of the brake disc **4** opposite to said first braking surface **6**.
- (15) Said caliper body **1** comprises at least one central caliper bridge **10**, **11** which connects said first elongated vehicle-side element **5** to said second elongated wheel-side element **7**. Said at least one caliper bridge **10**, **11** is arranged straddling said brake disc **4**.
- (16) Said at least one central caliper bridge **10**, **11** comprises a first bridge end portion **14**, a central bridge portion **13**, and a second bridge end portion **15**.
- (17) Said central caliper bridge **13** extends between said elongated vehicle-side element **5** and said elongated wheel-side element **7**.
- (18) Said central bridge portion **13** mainly extends in the axial direction X-X.
- (19) Said first bridge end portion **14** connects said central bridge portion **13** to said elongated vehicle-side element **5**.
- (20) Said second bridge end portion **15** connects said central bridge portion **13** to said elongated wheel-side element **7**.
- (21) Advantageously, said at least one central caliper bridge **10**, **11** comprises at least one pair of bridge ribs **16**, **17** which extend mutually side-by-side forming a trench **18** therebetween.
- (22) Said pair of bridge ribs **16**, **17** extends seamlessly running along said first bridge end portion **14**, forming a pair of first end rib portions **19**, said central bridge portion **13**, forming a pair of central rib portions **20**, said second bridge end portion **15**, forming a pair of second end rib portions **21**.
- (23) Said pair of first end ribs **19** extend away from each other passing from said central bridge portion **13** to said elongated vehicle-side element **5**.
- (24) Said pair of first end ribs **19**, passing from said central bridge portion **13** to said elongated vehicle-side element **5**, extend inclined away from said axial direction X-X and approaching and connecting to said elongated vehicle-side element **5**, forming a pair of first end elbows **22** where they connect to said central bridge portion **13**.
- (25) Said pair of second end ribs **21** extend away from each other passing from said central bridge portion **13** to said elongated wheel-side element **7**.
- (26) Said pair of second end ribs **21**, passing from said central bridge portion **13** to said elongated vehicle-side element **7**, extend inclined away from said axial direction X-X and approaching and connecting to said elongated wheel-side element **7**, forming a pair of second end elbows **23** where they connect to said central bridge portion **13**.
- (27) In accordance with an embodiment, said at least one pair of bridge ribs **16**, **17** which extend mutually side-by-side form a trench **18** which extends seamlessly therebetween.
- (28) In accordance with an embodiment, said pair of central ribs **20** are central ribs which mainly extend in the axial direction X-X remaining parallel to each other.
- (29) In accordance with an embodiment, said at least one central caliper bridge **10**, **11** is a central caliper bridge made in one piece.
- (30) In accordance with an embodiment, said at least one central caliper bridge **10**, **11** further comprises at least one reinforcing element **24**, **25**, **26** connecting said bridge ribs **16**, **17** of said at least one pair of bridge ribs **16**, **17**.
- (31) In accordance with an embodiment, said at least one reinforcing element **24**, **25**, **26** is a central reinforcing element **24**, a first elbow reinforcing element **25**, and a second elbow reinforcing element **26**.
- (32) In accordance with an embodiment, said bridge ribs **16**, **17** and said reinforcing elements **24**, **25**, **26** delimit bridge through-windows **27**, **28**, **29**, **30**.
- (33) In accordance with an embodiment, said at least one reinforcing element **24**, **25**, **26** locally forms a bottom wall of said trench **18**.

- (34) In accordance with an embodiment, said at least one reinforcing element **24** is a central reinforcing element **24** and connects said pair of central ribs **20**.
- (35) In accordance with an embodiment, said central reinforcing element **24** extends in the tangential T-T or circumferential C-C direction.
- (36) In accordance with an embodiment, central reinforcing element **24** extends inclined with respect to said tangential T-T and axial X-X directions.
- (37) In accordance with an embodiment, said caliper body **1** further comprises at least one circumferential rib **31**, **32**.
- (38) In accordance with an embodiment, said at least one circumferential rib **31**, **32** is a circumferential vehicle-side rib **31** and a circumferential wheel-side rib **32**.
- (39) In accordance with an embodiment, said at least one circumferential rib **31**, **32** connects said pair of first or second end elbows **22**, **23** of said pair of bridge ribs **16**, **17**.
- (40) In accordance with an embodiment, said at least one circumferential rib **31**, **32** extends away from said pair of bridge ribs **16**, **17**.
- (41) In accordance with an embodiment, said caliper body **1** comprises a central opening or brake pad housing pocket **33** adapted to house brake pads **34**, **35**.
- (42) In accordance with an embodiment, said at least one circumferential rib **31**, **32** delimits said central opening **33**.
- (43) In accordance with an embodiment, said at least one circumferential rib **31**, **32** comprises at least one circumferential rib through-window **36**.
- (44) In accordance with an embodiment, said pair of first and second end ribs **19** and **21** connect to the elongated vehicle-side and wheel-side elements **5**, **7** in portions thereof which delimit at least one thrust or cylinder means seat **37**.
- (45) In accordance with an embodiment, at least one radial through-window **38** is provided between said pair of first and second end ribs **19** and **21**.
- (46) In accordance with an embodiment, at least one of said bridge ribs **16**, **17** has at least one lowered rib portion **39** which forms at least one recess which reduces the thickness of the body of said at least one of said bridge ribs **16**, **17**.
- (47) In accordance with an embodiment, the lowered rib portion **39** is a lowered area entirely surrounded by a rib edge **40**.
- (48) In accordance with an embodiment, said caliper body 1 comprises end bridges 9, 12.
- (49) In accordance with an embodiment, at least one of said end bridges **9**, **12** comprises at least one lowered bridge portion **41** forming at least one recess which reduces the thickness of the body of said at least one of said end bridges **9**, **12**.
- (50) In accordance with an embodiment, the lowered bridge portion **41** is a lowered area entirely surrounded by a bridge edge **42**.
- (51) In accordance with an embodiment, said caliper body **1** is a monolithic caliper body.
- (52) In accordance with an embodiment, said caliper body **1** is a caliper body made in one piece.
- (53) In accordance with an embodiment, said first elongated vehicle-side element **5**, said second elongated wheel-side element **7**, and said at least one caliper bridge **9**, **10**, **11**, **12** are made in one piece.
- (54) In accordance with an embodiment, each of said elongated vehicle-side and wheel-side elements **5**, **7** comprises at least one portion which delimits at least one thrust or cylinder means seat **37** to receive at least one thrust device **43** adapted to bias at least one brake pad **34**, **35** against said braking surfaces **6**, **8** to apply a braking action to a vehicle.
- (55) In accordance with an embodiment, at least one portion which delimits at least one thrust or cylinder means seat **37** has a cylindrical shape protruding both above and below said elongated element **5** and/or **7** and cylinder ribs **44**.
- (56) In accordance with an embodiment, said cylinder ribs **44** are arc-shaped ribs.
- (57) In accordance with an embodiment, said cylinder ribs 44 are a plurality of ribs arranged

- parallel to one another.
- (58) In accordance with an embodiment, said caliper body **1** comprises a shield **45** connected to the bottom of said at least one thrust or cylinder means seat **37**.
- (59) In accordance with an embodiment, said shield **45** comprises three shield protrusions **46** projecting in radial direction R-R.
- (60) In accordance with an embodiment, said shield **45** tapers away from said thrust or cylinder means seat **37**.
- (61) In accordance with an embodiment, said caliper body **1** comprises two end bridges **9**, **12** and a central bridge **10** having a pair of bridge ribs **16**, **17**.
- (62) In accordance with an embodiment, said caliper body **1** comprises two end bridges **9**, **12** and two central bridges **10**, **11** each having a pair of bridge ribs **16**, **17**.
- (63) The present invention further relates to a brake caliper **2** comprising a caliper body **1** as described in any one of the preceding embodiments.
- (64) In accordance with an embodiment, said brake caliper **2** comprises a fluid connection line **47** connected to said elongated elements **5**, **7** and arranged between at least one central bridge **10** or **11** and an end bridge **9**, **12**.
- (65) In order to meet contingent needs, those skilled in the art may make many changes and adaptations to the embodiments described above or may replace elements with others which are functionally equivalent, without however departing from the scope of the appended claims. LIST OF REFERENCE SIGNS
- (66) 1 caliper body 2 brake caliper 3 disc brake 4 brake disc 5 elongated vehicle-side element 6 vehicle-side brake disc braking surface 7 elongated wheel-side element 8 wheel-side brake disc braking surface 9 end caliper bridge or end bridge 10 central bridge 11 central bridge 12 end bridge **13** central bridge portion **14** first bridge end portion **15** second bridge end portion **16** bridge rib or rib **17** bridge rib or rib **18** trench placed between the bridge ribs **19** first end rib portion pair or first end rib pair **20** central rib portion part or central rib pair **21** second end rib portion pair or second end rib pair 22 first end elbow pair 23 second end elbow pair 24 central reinforcing element 25 elbow reinforcing element 26 elbow reinforcing element 27 bridge through-window 28 bridge through-window 29 bridge through-window 30 bridge through-window 31 circumferential vehicleside rib **32** circumferential wheel-side rib **33** central opening or brake pad housing pocket **34** brake pad 35 brake pad 36 circumferential rib through-window 37 portion which delimits at least one seat for thrust or cylinder means 38 radial through-window 39 lowered rib portion 40 rib edge 41 lowered bridge portion **42** bridge edge **43** thrust device **44** cylinder ribs **45** shield **46** shield protrusion **47** fluid connection line A-A rotation axis of the brake disc X-X axial direction parallel to rotation axis R-R radial direction orthogonal to rotation axis C-C circumferential direction orthogonal to axial direction and radial directions T-T tangential direction duly orthogonal to a radial direction and an axial direction

Claims

1. A caliper body for a brake caliper of a disc brake adapted to be arranged straddling an outer peripheral margin of a brake disc, adapted to rotate about a rotation axis defining an axial direction, a radial direction substantially orthogonal to said axial direction, and a circumferential direction orthogonal to both said axial direction and said radial direction, a tangential direction passing through an intersection point between said radial, circumferential, and axial directions defining a tangent to said circumferential direction, arranged orthogonal to both said axial direction and said radial direction; said caliper body comprising: a first elongated vehicle-side element adapted to face a first braking surface of the brake disc; a second elongated wheel-side element adapted to face a second braking surface of the brake disc, opposite to said first braking surface; at least one central caliper bridge that connects said first elongated vehicle-side element to said second

elongated wheel-side element; said at least one central caliper bridge being arranged straddling said brake disc; said at least one central caliper bridge comprising a first bridge end portion, a central bridge portion, and a second bridge end portion; wherein said central bridge portion extends between said first elongated vehicle-side element and said second elongated wheel-side element; said central bridge portion mainly extends in the axial direction; said first bridge end portion connects said central bridge portion to said first elongated vehicle-side element; said second bridge end portion connects said central bridge portion to said second elongated wheel-side element; wherein said at least one central caliper bridge comprises at least one pair of bridge ribs extending mutually side-by-side forming a trench therebetween; said at least one pair of bridge ribs extends seamlessly running along said first bridge end portion, forming a pair of first end rib portions, said central bridge portion, forming a pair of central rib portions, said second bridge end portion, forming a pair of second end rib portions; said pair of first end rib portions extend away from each other passing from said central bridge portion to said first elongated vehicle-side element; said pair of first end rib portions, passing from said central bridge portion to said first elongated vehicle-side element, extend inclined away from said axial direction and approaching and connecting to said first elongated vehicle-side element, forming a pair of first end elbows where they connect to said central bridge portion; said pair of second end rib portions extend away from each other passing from said central bridge portion to said second elongated wheel-side element; said pair of second end rib portions, passing from said central bridge portion to said second elongated wheel-side element, extend inclined away from said axial direction and approaching and connecting to said second elongated wheel-side element, forming a pair of second end elbows where they connect to said central bridge portion.

- 2. The caliper body of claim 1, wherein said at least one central caliper bridge further comprises at least one reinforcing element connecting the bridge ribs of said at least one pair of bridge ribs.
- 3. The caliper body of claim 2, wherein said at least one reinforcing element is a central reinforcing element and connects said pair of central rib portions.
- 4. The caliper body of claim 3, wherein said central reinforcing element extends in the tangential direction or the circumferential direction; and/or wherein said central reinforcing element extends inclined with respect to said tangential and axial directions.
- 5. The caliper body of claim 2, wherein said at least one reinforcing element is a central reinforcing element, a first elbow reinforcing element, and a second elbow reinforcing element.
- 6. The caliper body of claim 2, wherein said bridge ribs and said at least one reinforcing element delimit bridge through-windows.
- 7. The caliper body of claim 2, wherein said at least one reinforcing element locally forms a bottom wall of said trench.
- 8. The caliper body of claim 1, wherein said caliper body further comprises at least one circumferential rib; or wherein said caliper body further comprises at least one circumferential rib, and wherein said at least one circumferential rib is a circumferential vehicle-side rib and a circumferential wheel-side rib; and/or wherein said caliper body further comprises at least one circumferential rib, and wherein said at least one circumferential rib connects said pair of first end elbows or said pair of second end elbows; and/or wherein said at least one circumferential rib extends away from said at least one pair of bridge ribs.
- 9. The caliper body of claim 8, wherein said caliper body comprises a central opening adapted to house brake pads, and wherein said at least one circumferential rib delimits said central opening. 10. The caliper body of claim 8, wherein said at least one circumferential rib comprises at least one circumferential rib through-window.
- 11. The caliper body of claim 1, wherein said pair of first end rib portions and said pair of second end rib portions connect to the first elongated vehicle-side element and the second elongated wheel-side element in portions thereof that delimit at least one thrust or cylinder means seat; and/or wherein at least one radial through-window is provided between said pair of first end rib portions

and said pair of second end rib portions.

- 12. The caliper body of claim 1, wherein each of said first elongated vehicle-side element and second elongated wheel-side element comprises at least one portion that delimits at least one thrust or cylinder means seat to receive at least one thrust device adapted to bias at least one brake pad against said first and second braking surfaces to apply a braking action to a vehicle.
- 13. The caliper body of claim 12, wherein the at least one portion that delimits the at least one thrust or cylinder means seat has a cylindrical shape protruding both above and below said first elongated vehicle-side element and/or second elongated wheel-side element and cylinder ribs protrude from said cylindrical shape; and/or wherein the at least one portion that delimits the at least one thrust or cylinder means seat has a cylindrical shape protruding both above and below said first elongated vehicle-side element and/or second elongated wheel-side element and cylinder ribs protrude from said cylindrical shape, and wherein said cylinder ribs are arc-shaped ribs; and/or wherein the at least one portion that delimits the at least one thrust or cylinder means seat has a cylindrical shape protruding both above and below said first elongated vehicle-side element and/or second elongated wheel-side element and cylinder ribs protrude from said cylindrical shape; and said cylinder ribs are a plurality of ribs arranged parallel to one another.
- 14. The caliper body of claim 12, wherein said caliper body comprises a shield connected to a bottom of said at least one thrust or cylinder means seat, and wherein said shield comprises three shield protrusions projecting in the radial direction; and/or wherein said caliper body comprises a shield connected to the bottom of said at least one thrust or cylinder means seat, and wherein said shield tapers away from said thrust or cylinder means seat.
- 15. The caliper body of claim 1, wherein said at least one pair of bridge ribs extending mutually side-by-side form a trench that extends seamlessly therebetween.
- 16. The caliper body of claim 1, wherein said pair of central rib portions are central ribs that mainly extend in the axial direction remaining parallel to each other.
- 17. The caliper body of claim 1, wherein said at least one central caliper bridge is a central caliper bridge made in one piece.
- 18. The caliper body of claim 1, wherein at least one of said bridge ribs comprises at least one lowered rib portion forming at least one recess that reduces thickness of the at least one of said bridge ribs; and/or wherein at least one of said bridge ribs comprises at least one lowered rib portion, and wherein said at least one lowered rib portion is a lowered area entirely surrounded by a rib edge.
- 19. The caliper body of claim 1, wherein said caliper body comprises end bridges, and wherein at least one of said end bridges comprises at least one lowered bridge portion forming at least one recess that reduces thickness of the at least one of said end bridges; and/or wherein said caliper body comprises end bridges, wherein at least one of said end bridges comprises at least one lowered bridge portion, and wherein said lowered bridge portion is a lowered area entirely surrounded by a bridge edge.
- 20. The caliper body of claim 1, wherein said caliper body is a monolithic caliper body; or wherein said caliper body is a caliper body made in one piece; or wherein said first elongated vehicle-side element, said second elongated wheel-side element, and at least one central caliper bridge or end bridge are made in one piece.
- 21. The caliper body of claim 1, wherein said caliper body comprises two end bridges and a central caliper bridge having a pair of bridge ribs.
- 22. The caliper body of claim 1, wherein said caliper body comprises two end bridges and two central caliper bridges each having a pair of bridge ribs.
- 23. A brake caliper comprising a caliper body for a brake caliper of a disc brake adapted to be arranged straddling an outer peripheral margin of a brake disc, adapted to rotate about a rotation axis defining an axial direction, a radial direction substantially orthogonal to said axial direction, and a circumferential direction orthogonal to both said axial direction and said radial direction, a

tangential direction passing through an intersection point between said radial, circumferential, and axial directions defining a tangent to said circumferential direction, arranged orthogonal to both said axial direction and said radial direction; said caliper body comprising: a first elongated vehicle-side element adapted to face a first braking surface of the brake disc; a second elongated wheel-side element adapted to face a second braking surface of the brake disc, opposite to said first braking surface; at least one central caliper bridge that connects said first elongated vehicle-side element to said second elongated wheel-side element; said at least one central caliper bridge being arranged straddling said brake disc; said at least one central caliper bridge comprising a first bridge end portion, a central bridge portion, and a second bridge end portion; wherein said central bridge portion extends between said first elongated vehicle-side element and said second elongated wheelside element; said central bridge portion mainly extends in the axial direction; said first bridge end portion connects said central bridge portion to said first elongated vehicle-side element; said second bridge end portion connects said central bridge portion to said second elongated wheel-side element; wherein said at least one central caliper bridge comprises at least one pair of bridge ribs extending mutually side by side forming a trench therebetween; said at least one pair of bridge ribs extends seamlessly running along said first bridge end portion, forming a pair of first end rib portions, said central bridge portion, forming a pair of central rib portions, said second bridge end portion, forming a pair of second end rib portions; said pair of first end rib portions extend away from each other passing from said central bridge portion to said first elongated vehicle-side element; said pair of first end rib portions, passing from said central bridge portion to said first elongated vehicle-side element, extend inclined away from said axial direction and approaching and connecting to said first elongated vehicle-side element, forming a pair of first end elbows where they connect to said central bridge portion; said pair of second end rib portions extend away from each other passing from said central bridge portion to said second elongated wheel-side element; said pair of second end rib portions, passing from said central bridge portion to said second elongated wheel-side element, extend inclined away from said axial direction and approaching and connecting to said second elongated wheel-side element, forming a pair of second end elbows where they connect to said central bridge portion.

24. The brake caliper of claim 23, wherein said brake caliper comprises a fluid connection line connected to the first elongated vehicle-side element and the second elongated wheel-side element and arranged between the at least one central caliper bridge and an end bridge.