

(12) **Patent Application Publication**
Anderson

(43) **Pub. Date:** **Aug. 7, 2025**

Publication Classification

(51) Int. Cl.

H01Q 1/32 (2006.01)

H01R 13/52 (2006.01)

U.S. Cl.

(52) U.S. Cl.

CPC ***H01Q 1/42*** (2013.01); ***H01Q 1/3283***
(2013.01); ***H01Q 21/28*** (2013.01); ***H01R***
13/5208 (2013.01); ***H04B 7/0413*** (2013.01)

(21) Appl. No.: 19/043,488

(22) Filed: **Feb. 2, 2025**

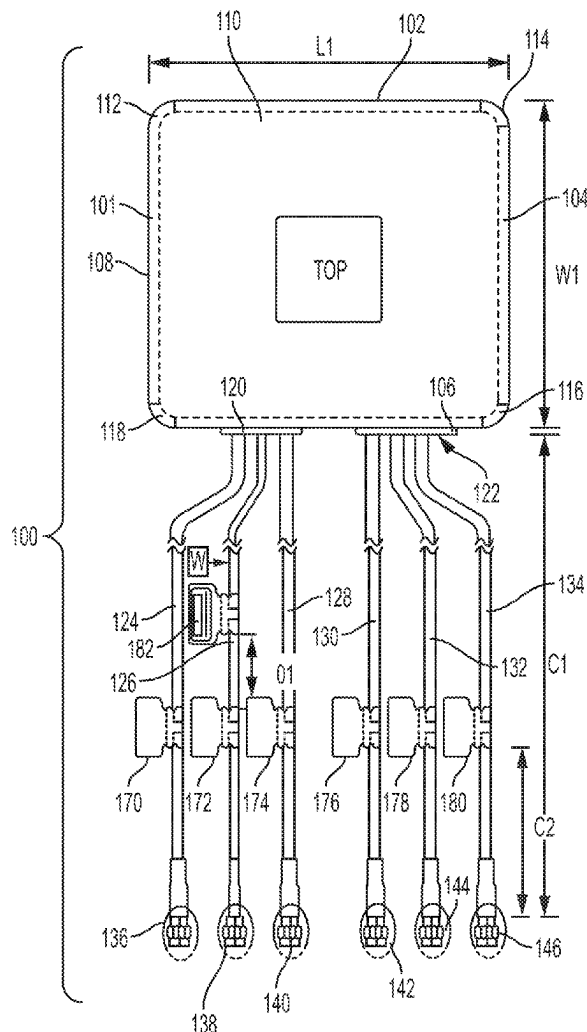
Related U.S. Application Data

(63) Continuation of application No. 18/387,168, filed on Nov. 6, 2023, now Pat. No. 12,218,416, which is a continuation of application No. 17/098,626, filed on Nov. 16, 2020, now Pat. No. 11,811,135, which is a continuation of application No. 15/689,349, filed on Aug. 29, 2017, now Pat. No. 10,840,589.

(60) Provisional application No. 62/383,110, filed on Sep. 2, 2016.

(57) **ABSTRACT**

Described are multi-band panel antennas which are configurable to have heavy-duty construction and which are fully IP67 waterproof. Suitable applications for the disclosed antennas include internet of things (IoT) gateway and IoT routers, HD video streaming, transportation, and remote monitoring applications. Additionally, the antennas can deliver MIMO coverage technology for worldwide 4G LTE bands at 698 to 960 MHz/1710 to 2170 MHz/2490 to 2690 MHz/3300 to 3600 MHz, Satellite Band, dual-band 2.4/5.8 GHz WiFi, and GNSS (GPS-GLONASS-BeiDou).



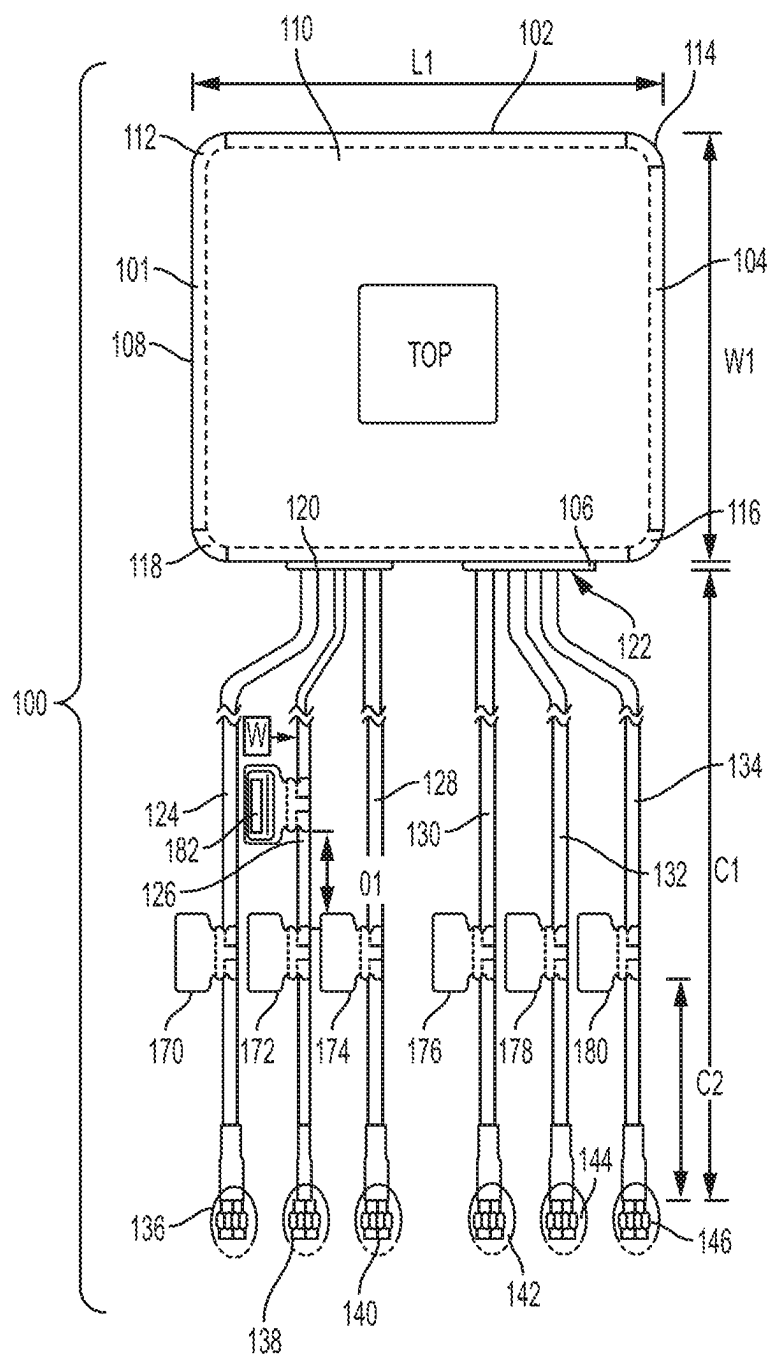


FIG. 1A

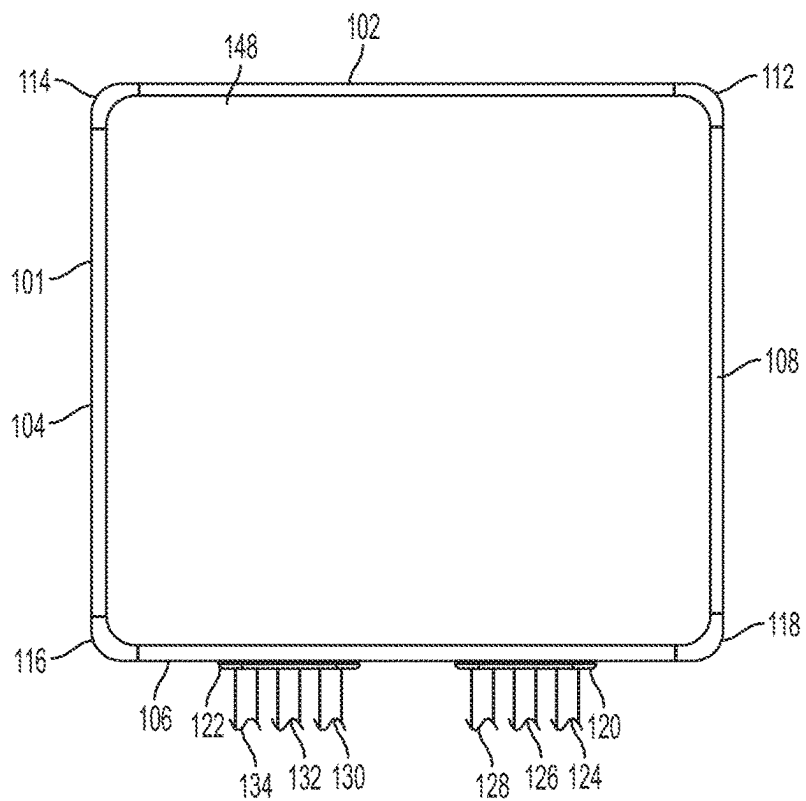


FIG. 1B

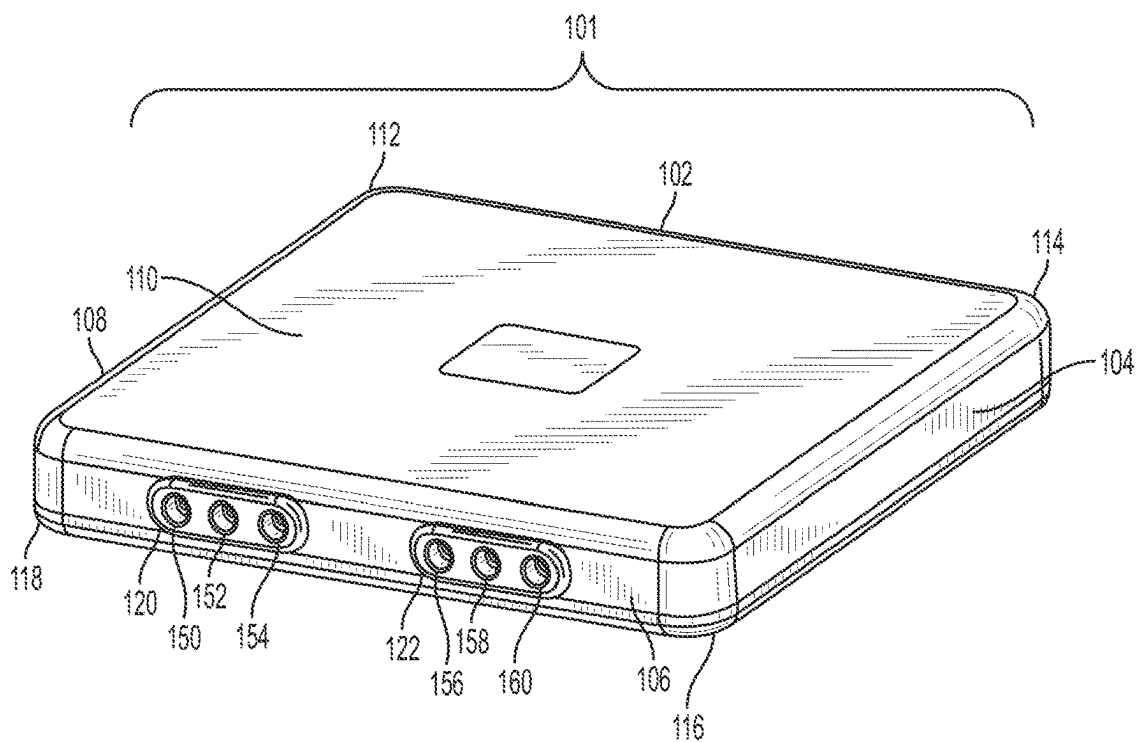


FIG. 1C

Beidou-GPS-GLONASS				
CENTER FREQUENCY	Beidou: 1561.098±2.046 MHz GPS: 1575.42±1.023 MHz GLONASS: 1602±5 MHz			
PASSIVE ANTENNA EFFICIENCY (WITHOUT CABLE LOSS)	Beidou: 63% GPS: 48% GLONASS: 57%			
PASSIVE ANTENNA AVERAGE GAIN(WITHOUT CABLE LOSS)	Beidou: -1.97dBi GPS: -3.13dBi GLONASS: -2.39dBi			
PASSIVE ANTENNA PEAK GAIN(WITHOUT CABLE LOSS)	Beidou: 3dBi GPS: 1.98dBi GLONASS: 3.01dBi			
VSWR	3:1 mAX			
IMPEDANCE	50Ω			
AXIAL RATIO	Beidou: <9.7 GPS: <14.02 GLONASS: <5.9			
POLARIZATION	RHCP			
CABLE	1 METER RG174 STANDARD, FULLY CUSTOMIZABLE			
CONNECTOR	SMA(M), STANDARD, FULLY CUSTOMIZABLE			
LNA AND FILTER ELECTRICAL PROPERTIES				
CENTER FREQUENCY	Beidou: 1561.098±2.046 MHz GPS: 1575.42±1.023 MHz GLONASS: 1602±5 MHz			
OUTPUT IMPEDANCE	50 Ohm			
VSWR	< 2:1			
RETURN LOSS	10 dB MIN.			
GAIN, CURRENT DRAW, AND NOISE FIGURE@GPS	VOLTAGE	LNA GAIN(TYP)	CURRENT DRAW(mA) TYP	NOISE FIGURE(TYP)
	TYP 3.0V	30 dB	9.0 mA	1.13 dB
	TYP 5.5V	33 dB	9.9 mA	1.14 dB
TOTAL SPECIFICATION(THROUGH ANTENNA, SAW FILTER, AND LNA)				
FREQUENCY	1561.098±2.046 MHz	1575.42±1.023 MHz	1602±5 MHz	
GAIN@3V	1561MHz: 28±3dBi	1575.42MHz: 28±3dBi	1602MHz: 28±3dBi	
OUTPUT IMPEDANCE	50Ω			

FIG. 2

2G/3G/4G LTE ANTENNA									
FREQUENCY (MHz)	LTE700	GSM850	GSM900	DCS	PCS	UMTS1	LTE2600	LTE3500	
	698~803	824~894	880~960	1710~1880	1850~1990	1920~2170	2490~2690	3300~3600	
EFFICIENCY (%)									
MIMO_1	30cm	80.59	64.37	61.48	67.87	72.91	76.16	47.65	55.23
	1M	76.15	61.48	58.71	61.90	66.50	70.02	43.45	49.00
	2M	71.06	56.46	53.55	55.17	58.52	61.35	37.52	41.47
	3M	65.87	52.33	49.65	49.03	51.74	54.25	32.54	35.03
	5M	56.97	44.54	41.98	38.65	40.59	42.27	24.39	25.12
MIMO_2	30cm	80.00	63.77	59.51	67.36	72.20	76.03	57.82	64.24
	1M	75.66	60.90	56.84	61.43	65.84	69.92	52.74	56.94
	2M	70.61	55.93	51.83	54.75	57.94	61.24	45.51	48.21
	3M	65.44	51.84	48.09	48.66	51.23	54.16	39.45	40.77
	5M	56.55	44.12	40.66	38.36	40.18	42.20	29.58	29.22
AVERAGE GAIN (dBi)									
MIMO_1	30cm	-0.95	-1.92	-2.11	-1.69	-1.37	-1.19	-3.42	-2.64
	1M	-1.19	-2.12	-2.31	-2.09	-1.77	-1.55	-3.82	-3.17
	2M	-1.49	-2.49	-2.71	-2.59	-2.33	-2.13	-4.45	-3.89
	3M	-1.82	-2.82	-3.04	-3.10	-2.86	-2.66	-5.08	-4.62
	5M	-2.45	-3.52	-3.77	-4.13	-3.92	-3.75	-6.33	-6.07
MIMO_2	30cm	-0.99	-1.96	-2.26	-1.72	-1.42	-1.20	-2.47	-1.93
	1M	-1.23	-2.16	-2.46	-2.12	-1.82	-1.56	-2.87	-2.46
	2M	-1.53	-2.53	-2.86	-2.62	-2.37	-2.14	-3.50	-3.18
	3M	-1.86	-2.86	-3.19	-3.13	-2.91	-2.67	-4.13	-3.91
	5M	-2.49	-3.56	-3.92	-4.16	-3.96	-3.76	-5.38	-5.36
PEAK GAIN (dBi)									
MIMO_1	30cm	3.83	3.32	1.83	4.23	4.23	4.70	4.11	3.99
	1M	3.63	3.12	1.63	3.83	3.83	4.30	3.71	3.36
	2M	3.33	2.82	1.23	3.33	3.33	3.80	3.11	2.66
	3M	3.03	2.42	0.85	2.73	2.73	3.20	2.51	1.86
	5M	2.33	1.72	0.15	1.73	1.73	2.10	1.31	0.46
MIMO_2	30cm	4.86	3.06	2.81	4.41	4.67	4.56	3.95	4.15
	1M	4.66	2.86	2.61	4.01	4.27	4.19	3.55	3.55
	2M	4.36	2.56	2.21	3.51	3.77	3.66	2.95	2.85
	3M	4.06	2.16	1.91	2.99	3.17	3.06	2.35	2.15
	5M	3.36	1.46	1.21	1.99	2.17	2.06	1.15	0.65
IMPEDANCE				50Ω					
POLARIZATION				LINEAR					
VSWR				< 3					
CABLE				1 METER KSR200-P STANDARD, FULLY CUSTOMIZABLE					
CONNECTOR				SMA(M) STANDARD, FULLY CUSTOMIZABLE					

FIG. 3

2.4GHz/5GHz WIFI ANTENNA			
FREQUENCY (MHz)		2400~2500	4900~5850
EFFICIENCY (%)			
MIMO_1	30cm	69.77	59.81
	1M	63.63	51.43
	2M	55.42	41.67
	3M	48.27	33.81
	5M	36.62	22.18
MIMO_2	30CM	70.19	59.69
	1M	64.01	51.32
	2M	55.75	41.57
	3M	48.56	33.71
	5M	36.84	22.12
AVERAGE GAIN (dBi)			
MIMO_1	30cm	-1.57	-2.27
	1M	-1.97	-2.92
	2M	-2.57	-3.84
	3M	-3.17	-4.75
	5M	-4.37	-6.58
MIMO_2	30cm	-1.54	-2.25
	1M	-1.94	-2.91
	2M	-2.54	-3.82
	3M	-3.14	-4.73
	5M	-4.34	-6.56
PEAK GAIN (dBi)			
MIMO_1	30cm	4.77	4.86
	1M	4.37	4.26
	2M	3.77	3.36
	3M	3.17	2.46
	5M	1.97	0.66
MIMO_2	30cm	4.83	5.09
	1M	4.43	4.39
	2M	3.83	3.49
	3M	3.23	2.59
	5M	2.03	0.79

FIG. 4

SATELLITE L BAND 1621MHz	
CENTER FREQUENCY	1621±5 MHz
VSWR	< 2
AXIAL RATIO	3.6
POLARIZATION	RHCP
AVERAGE GAIN	-1.76dBi
PEAK GAIN	2.17dBi
ANTENNA EFFICIENCY	66.67%
CABLE	1 METER KSR200-P STANDARD, FULLY CUSTOMIZABLE
CONNECTOR	SMA(M) STANDARD, FULLY CUSTOMIZABLE

FIG. 5

MECHANICAL	
ANTENNA DIMENSIONS	146*134*20mm
CASING	ASA
WEIGHT (INCLUDING CABLE)	438 g
INGRESS PROTECTION RATING	IP67
ENVIRONMENTAL	
OPERATION TEMPERATURE	-40°C TO 85°C
STORAGE TEMPERATURE	-40°C TO 90°C
HUMIDITY	NON-CONDENSING 65°C 95% RH

FIG. 6

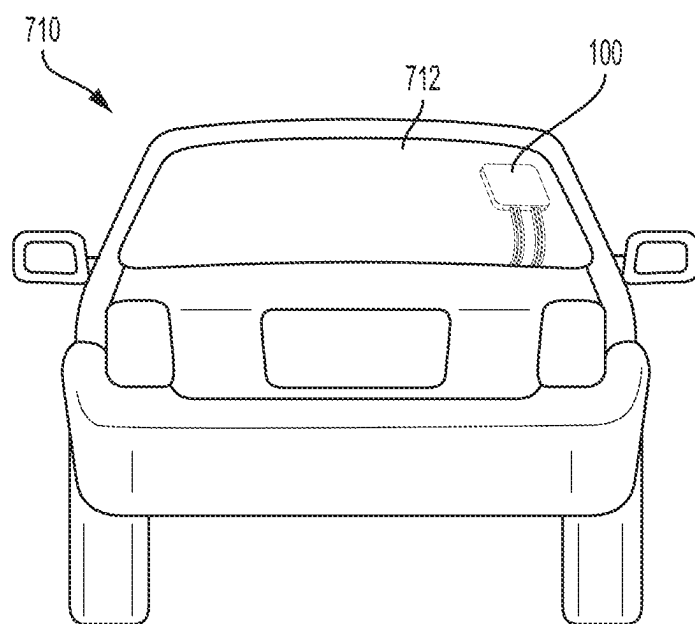


FIG. 7A

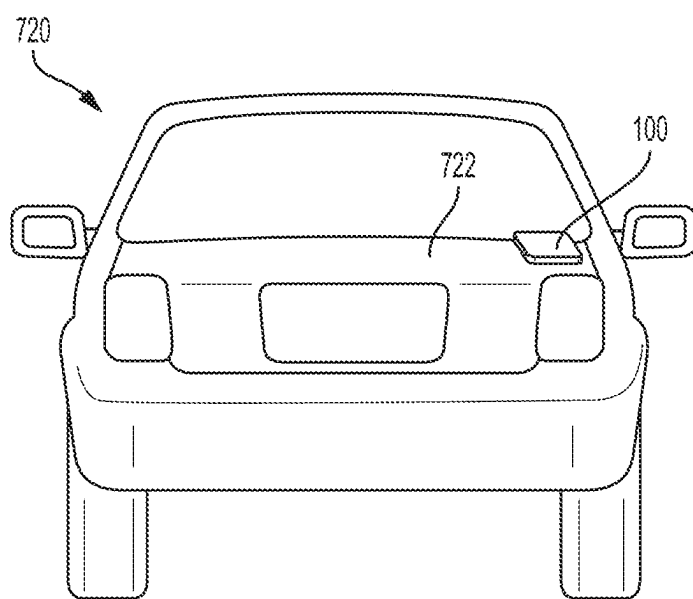


FIG. 7B

MULTI-BAND MIMO PANEL ANTENNAS**CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS**

[0001] This application is a continuation of, and claims the benefit of priority to, U.S. patent application Ser. No. 18/387,168 filed Nov. 6, 2023 of the same title, which is a continuation of, and claims the benefit of priority to, U.S. patent application Ser. No. 17/098,626 filed Nov. 16, 2020 of the same title, which is a continuation of, and claims the benefit of priority to, U.S. patent application Ser. No. 15/689,349 filed Aug. 29, 2017 of the same title, which claims the benefit of priority to U.S. Provisional Application No. 62/383,110, filed Sep. 2, 2016, entitled “Multi-Band MIMO Panel Antenna”, the contents of each of the foregoing being incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

BACKGROUND

[0002] In view of continuous improvements within the field of wireless communication technology, the trend in the tele-communication industry is to move to 4th generation, or 4G communication systems, for increased data rate requirements. The improved data rates achieved by 4G communication systems require multiple antennas on one or both ends of the communication link. This Multiple Input Multiple Output (MIMO) protocol and modulation scheme commonly requires multiple antennas operating in the same frequency band to be integrated into portable as well as stationary communication devices. The multiple antennas situated in the portable electronic devices, such as laptop computers, mobile phones, and personal digital assistants (PDAs) must work in unison to receive and transmit multiple data streams. These MIMO antennas are required to maintain high isolation and low pattern correlation for optimum link quality and to achieve the desired high data rates compared to 2G and 3G communication protocols.

[0003] Currently, 4G wireless applications demand high speed data uplink and downlink. High efficiency and high gain MIMO antennas are necessary to achieve the required signal to noise ratio and throughput required to solve these challenges. Such antennas must also have high isolation among to prevent self-interference.

[0004] Numerous signal bands often require specification and installation of multiple and/or different antennas. What is needed is a single antenna that efficiently covers multiple bands, enabling designers to specify one and only one antenna for all frequencies for Long Term Evolution (LTE), Global Positioning System (GPS)/Global Navigation Satellite System (GLONASS/BeiDou (GNSS)), Satellite Band, and WiFi (IEEE 802.11b wireless networking).

SUMMARY

[0005] Disclosed are multi-band panel antennas. Antennas are configurable to deliver Multiple Input Multiple Output (MIMO) coverage technology for worldwide 4G Long Term Evolution (LTE) bands at 698 to 960 MHz/1710 to 2170 MHz/2490 to 2690 MHz/3300 to 3600 MHz, Satellite Band (1-2 GHz), dual-band 2.4/5.8 GHz WiFi, and GNSS (GPS-GLONASS-BeiDou), eliminating the need for multiple antennas. GPS is an acronym for Global Positioning System. GLONASS is an acronym for Globalnaya Navigazionnaya Sputnikovaya Sistema, or Global Navigation Satellite System. GLONASS is Russia's version of GPS. BeiDou is

shorthand for BeiDou Navigation Satellite System (or BDS) which is the satellite system developed by the Chinese.

[0006] An aspect of the disclosure is directed to multi-band MIMO panel antennas. The multi-band MIMO panel antennas comprise: a housing having a top surface and a bottom surface which encloses multi-band MIMO panel antenna electronics on an interior surface opposite a mounting surface wherein the housing has a plurality of apertures along an exterior surface configurable to engage a plurality of cables separated into two cable entry points. Additionally, one or more pass-through grommets can be provided. The pass through grommets can have an elastomer layer which is breached by the cable during installation. The pass-through grommets are configurable to engage two or more cables. A plurality of apertures on the housing surface are adjacent each other on a side of the housing. The housing is at least one of rectangular and square. In some configurations, there is a first pass-through grommet and a second pass-through grommet. An adhesive layer on an exterior surface to facilitate mounting. Additionally, a plurality of labels can be provided to identify the cable and antenna type. The panel antenna is configurable to provide antenna electronics within the housing that cover 698 to 960 MHz, 1710 to 2170 MHz, 2490 to 2690 MHz, 3300 to 3600 MHz, Satellite Band of 1-2 GHz, and dual-band frequencies of 2.4 GHz and 5.8 GHz. In some configurations, a first aperture engages a first 2/4/5 GHz WiFi coaxial cable, a second aperture engages a GPS-GLONASS-BeiDou coaxial cable, a third aperture engages a first 2G/3G/4G coaxial cable, a fourth aperture engages a second 2G/3G/4G coaxial cable, a fifth aperture engages a satellite band coaxial cable, and a sixth aperture engages a second 2/4/5 GHz WiFi coaxial cable.

[0007] Another aspect of the disclosure is directed to multi-band MIMO panel antennas comprising: a housing having a top surface and a bottom surface which encloses multi-band MIMO panel antenna electronics on an interior surface opposite a mounting surface wherein the housing has a plurality of apertures along an exterior surface configurable to engage a plurality of cables separated into two cable entry points; a plurality of cables selected from a 2G/3G/4G coaxial cable, a GPS-GLONASS-BeiDou coaxial cable, a satellite band coaxial cable, and a 2/4/5 GHz WiFi coaxial cable, wherein each of the plurality of cables passes from an interior of the housing to an exterior of the housing through a corresponding aperture of the plurality of apertures. Additionally one or more pass-through grommets can be provided. The pass-through grommets are configurable to engage two or more cables. The plurality of apertures are adjacent each other on a side of the housing. The housing is at least one of rectangular and square. A first pass-through grommet and a second pass-through grommet can be provided. An adhesive layer can be provided on an exterior surface. Additionally, a plurality of labels for the cables can be provided. The panel antenna is configurable to cover 698 to 960 MHz, 1710 to 2170 MHz, 2490 to 2690 MHz, 3300 to 3600 MHz, Satellite Band of 1-2 GHz, and dual-band frequencies of 2.4 GHz and 5.8 GHz.

[0008] Still another aspect of the disclosure is directed to kits. Suitable kits comprise: a multi-band MIMO panel antenna comprising a housing having a top surface and a bottom surface which encloses multi-band MIMO panel antenna electronics on an interior surface opposite a mounting surface wherein the housing has a plurality of apertures

along an exterior surface configurable to engage a plurality of cables separated into two cable entry points configurable to engage a plurality of cables; and a plurality of cables selected from a 2G/3G/4G coaxial cable, a GPS-GLO-NASS-BeiDou, a satellite band coaxial cable, and a 2/4/5 GHz WiFi coaxial cable.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE

[0009] All publications, patents, and patent applications mentioned in this specification are herein incorporated by reference to the same extent as if each individual publication, patent, or patent application was specifically and individually indicated to be incorporated by reference. See, for example:

- [0010] U.S. Pat. No. 5,936,587 A issued Aug. 10, 1999, to Gudilev et al. for Small antenna for portable radio equipment;
- [0011] U.S. Pat. No. 6,842,148 B2 issued Jan. 11, 2005, to Hendler et al. for Fabrication method and apparatus for antenna structures in wireless communications devices;
- [0012] U.S. Pat. No. 7,408,512 B1 issued Aug. 5, 2008, to Rodenbeck, et al. for Antenna with distributed strip and integrated electronic components;
- [0013] U.S. Pat. No. 7,411,554 B2 issued Aug. 12, 2008, to Jung et al. for MIMO antenna operable in multiband;
- [0014] U.S. Pat. No. 7,714,795 B2 issued May 11, 2010, to Wen et al. for Multi-band antenna apparatus disposed on a three-dimensional substrate, and associated methodology, for a radio device;
- [0015] U.S. Pat. No. 8,952,850 B2 issued Feb. 10, 2015, to Park et al. for Mimo antenna apparatus; and
- [0016] U.S. Pat. No. 9,413,069 B2 issued Aug. 9, 2016, to Chieh et al. for Compact, Multi-port Wi-Fi dual band MIMO antenna System.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

[0017] The novel features of the invention are set forth with particularity in the appended claims. A better understanding of the features and advantages of the present invention will be obtained by reference to the following detailed description that sets forth illustrative embodiments, in which the principles of the invention are utilized, and the accompanying drawings of which:

- [0018] FIG. 1A is a top view of a multi-band panel antenna;
- [0019] FIG. 1B is a bottom view of an antenna;
- [0020] FIG. 1C is a perspective view of a multi-band panel antenna;
- [0021] FIG. 2 is a table of antenna and filter specifications for BeiDou-GPS-GLONASS frequencies;
- [0022] FIG. 3 is a table of antenna specifications for 2G/3G/4G LTE frequencies;
- [0023] FIG. 4 is a table of antenna specifications for 2.4 GHz/5 GHz WiFi frequencies;
- [0024] FIG. 5 is a table of antenna specifications for Satellite Band 1621 MHz;
- [0025] FIG. 6 is a table of mechanical and environmental specifications for an antenna;
- [0026] FIG. 7A is a figure of the panel antenna affixed to an interior window of a vehicle; and

[0027] FIG. 7B is a figure of the panel antenna affixed to an exterior surface of a vehicle.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0028] Described herein are multi-band MIMO panel antennas. The multi-band MIMO panel antennas are configurable to have heavy-duty construction and fully IP67 waterproof, for use in a variety of applications. Suitable applications include internet of things (IoT) gateway and IoT routers, high definition (HD) video streaming, transportation, and remote monitoring applications. The multi-band MIMO panel antennas are designed for simple secure attachment using, for example, 3M® two-sided foam adhesive. Additionally, the multi-band MIMO panel antennas can deliver MIMO coverage technology for worldwide 4G LTE bands at 698 to 960 MHz/1710 to 2170 MHz/2490 to 2690 MHz/3300 to 3600 MHz, Satellite Band, dual-band 2.4/5.8 GHz WiFi, and GNSS (GPS-GLONASS-BeiDou). In addition to L-band, other bands can be used including, for example, K-band, S-band, and C-band. As such the multi-band MIMO panel antenna eliminates the need for device designers to specify multiple antennas.

[0029] FIGS. 1A-C illustrate several different views of an embodiment of a multi-band MIMO panel antenna 100 according to the disclosure. A plurality of antenna elements are positioned on the interior of the enclosure 101 so that the antenna elements are located on the inside of the top surface 110 of the enclosure 101 and away from the interior of the bottom surface 148 of the enclosure 101. By positioning the antenna elements within the enclosure closest to the surface that faces away from the mounting surface, antenna RF performance will be optimized. The device is designed to be mounted on a non-conductive surface (e.g., glass, plastic or composite). However, in some implementations the device is mounted on a conductive surface (e.g., metal). Mounting the device on a conductive surface significantly degrades the antenna RF performance. Constructing the device to create as much space as possible between the antenna elements in the interior of the enclosure and the mounting surface minimizes the performance degradation. An adhesive layer (not shown) can be provided on an exterior surface of the panel antenna 100 so that the panel antenna is mounted so that the electronics inside the antenna are positioned towards the sky. Typically the adhesive layer is positioned on the top surface 110 when the panel antenna is mounted on an interior surface and on the bottom surface 148 when the panel antenna is mounted on an exterior surface.

[0030] FIG. 1A is a front view of the multi-band MIMO panel antenna 100 with enclosure 101, or housing, having a primarily rectangular shape of low profile and uniform thickness. Enclosure 101 has a top surface 110 and, as illustrated, has a first side 102, a second side 104, a third side 106 and a fourth side 108, numbered clockwise when viewed from above. Suitable dimensions of the enclosure 101 are a length L1 of about 140-150 mm, a width W1 of 130-140 mm, and a thickness of about 15-25 mm (e.g., height of second side 104). As illustrated, a first arc 112 forms a corner between fourth side 108 and first side 102; second arc 114 forms a corner between first side 102 and second side 104; third arc 116 forms a corner between second side 104 and third side 106; fourth arc 118 forms a corner between third side 106 and fourth side 108. The resulting perimeter of enclosure 101 is that of a rectangle with rounded corners. Additionally, the top surface 110 can

be curved towards the side surfaces (102-108). As will be appreciated by those skilled in the art, the electronics and orientation of the electronics positioned within the enclosure 101 can vary.

[0031] Along third side 106 are a first cable pass-through grommet 120 and a second cable pass-through grommet 122, numbered sequentially from left to right as viewed from above, each of which provides pass-through for three antenna cables from exterior to the interior of enclosure 101. The two separate coaxial cable entry points of the first cable pass-through grommet 120 and the second cable pass-through grommet 122 balance the pull force of the coaxial cables across a width of the housing where the cable pass-through grommets are positioned. As will be appreciated by those skilled in the art, the cable pass-through grommets are shown positioned along the third side. However, the cable pass-through grommets can be positioned on any surface of the housing without departing from the scope of the disclosure.

[0032] A first cable 124, second cable 126, and third cable 128, all pass-through the cable pass-through grommet 120 from left to right as viewed from above. Fourth cable 130, fifth cable 132, and sixth cable 134, all pass-through the cable pass-through grommet 122 from left to right as viewed from above. As will be appreciated by those skilled in the art, cables passing through a particular grommet can be changed without departing from the scope of the disclosure. The quantity, type and location of the coaxial cables can vary widely. The order of these cables illustrated are an example of an optimal mechanical orientation for efficient construction for a particular antenna configuration. Other cable orientations can be used without departing from the scope of the disclosure. The use of inline rubber plug gaskets creates a water seal between the coaxial cables and the interior of the enclosure 101 (and thus protects the electronics within the housing from moisture). The use of inline rubber plug gaskets also allows for the use of a single enclosure part number for a wide variety of antenna elements and coaxial cable options. This allows for minimum tooling supporting a wide variety of product configurations. The rubber gasket apertures (or holes) can be sealed at one end with, for example, an elastomer layer or membrane. Other sealing material can be used including, for example, silicone or rubber. Sealing the rubber gasket apertures allows a single rubber gasket part number to be used for a wide variety of options by simply pushing a selected coaxial cable through the elastomer membrane. The elastomer membrane may be pierced by the coaxial cable itself or a tool and may self-seal around the exterior of the coaxial cable.

[0033] The cables (124-134) are selected from the group comprising RG174 and KSR200-P. Each cable (124-134) has a connection end (136-146) selected from the group comprising: connector type RG174, and connector type KSR200-P.

[0034] Each cable (124-134) further includes a label (170-180) which provides identifying information selected from: the type of cable, the type of connector and/or the type of antenna. An additional label 182 can be provided which is empty and/or includes a bar code. Other mechanisms for identifying the cable type and/or antenna can be used without departing from the scope of the disclosure including for example, color coding of the cable and/or connector.

TABLE 1

Exemplar Cables, Connectors and Antennas			
CABLE	CABLE TYPE	CONNECTOR TYPE	ANTENNA
First Cable 124	KSR200-P	KSR200-P SMA(M) ST	2G/3G/4G MMO2
Second Cable 126	RG174	RG174 SMA(M)	GPS-GLONASS-BEIDU
Third Cable 128	KSR200-P	KSR200-P RP-SMA(M) ST	2.4/5 GH MMO2
Fourth Cable 130	KSR200-P	KSR200-P RP-SMA(M) ST	2.4/5 GH MMO1
Fifth Cable 132	KSR200-P	KSR200-P SMA(M) ST	L-Band
Sixth Cable 134	KSR200-P	KSR200-P SMA(M) ST	2G/3G/4G MMO1

[0035] For attachment to external electronics, first cable has a typical length C1 for each of the cables of about 1 meter. The labels are positionable at a distance of about C2 from the connector end of the cables, where C2 is 65-75 mm. For connection to external electronics each cable is provided with a typical end SubMiniature version A (SMA) connector.

[0036] Illustrated in FIG. 1B is a bottom view of enclosure 101. Enclosure 101 has a bottom surface 148 and, as illustrated, has a first side 102, a second side 104, a third side 106 and a fourth side 108, numbered counter-clockwise when viewed from below. As illustrated, first arc 112 resides between first side 102 and fourth side 108; fourth arc 118 resides between fourth side 108 and third side 106; third arc 116 resides between third side 106 and second side 104; second arc 114 resides between second side 104 and first side 102. The resulting perimeter of enclosure 101 is that of a rectangle with rounded corners. Along fourth side 106 are a first cable pass-through grommet 120 and a second cable pass-through grommet 122, numbered sequentially from right to left as viewed from below, each of which provides pass-through for three antenna cables from exterior to the interior of enclosure 101.

[0037] First cable 124, second cable 126, and third cable 128, all pass-through the cable pass-through grommet 120 from right to left as viewed from below. Fourth cable 130, fifth cable 132, and sixth cable 134, all the cable pass-through grommet 122 from right to left as viewed from below.

[0038] Illustrated in FIG. 1C is a perspective view of enclosure 101. Evident in the illustration is top surface 110, first side 102, second side 104, third side 106, fourth side 108, first arc 112, second arc 114, third arc 116, fourth arc 118, first cable pass-through grommet 120, and second cable pass-through grommet 122, as described in FIGS. 1A-B. First cable pass-through grommet 120, has a plurality of apertures to facilitate connection of cables from the internal antennas to external electronics. First aperture 150, second aperture 152, and third aperture 154 numbered from left to right are illustrated. Second cable pass-through grommet 122, has a plurality of apertures to facilitate connection of cables from the internal antennas to external electronics. Fourth aperture 156, fifth aperture 158, and sixth aperture 160 numbered from left to right are illustrated.

[0039] FIG. 2 is a table of antenna and filter specifications for BeiDou-GPS-GLONASS frequencies. It includes speci-

fications for passive antenna, low-noise amplifier and filter electrical properties, and complete specification from antenna through low-noise amplifier and filter. FIG. 3 is a table of antenna specifications for 2G/3G/4G LTE frequencies. It includes efficiency, average gain and peak gain data for each LTE antenna for a variety of cable lengths as well as other data. FIG. 4 is a table of antenna specifications for 2.4 GHz/5 GHz WiFi frequencies. It includes efficiency, average gain and peak gain data for each WiFi antenna for a variety of cable lengths as well as other data. FIG. 5 is a table of antenna specifications for Satellite Band 1621 MHz. It includes axial ratio, polarization, average gain, peak gain and efficiency numbers. FIG. 6 is a table of mechanical and environmental specifications for an antenna according to the disclosure. It includes dimension, weight, operating and storage temperatures. As will be appreciated by those skilled in the art, satellite band can include L-band, K-band, S-band, C-band, and any other band that achieves satellite communication.

[0040] Components of the disclosure can be provided in kit form. For example, a multi-band MIMO panel antenna comprising a housing having a top surface and a bottom surface which encloses multi-band MIMO panel antenna electronics having a plurality of apertures along an exterior surface configurable to engage a plurality of cables, wherein a first aperture is configurable to engage a 2G/3G/4G coaxial cable, a second aperture is configurable to engage a GPS-GLONASS-BeiDou coaxial cable, a third aperture is configurable to engage a satellite band coaxial cable, and two or more apertures are configurable to engage a 2/4/5 GHz WiFi coaxial cable; and a plurality of cables selected from a 2G/3G/4G coaxial cable, a GPS-GLONASS-BeiDou, an L-band coaxial cable, and a 2/4/5 GHz WiFi coaxial cable which are packaged for commercial sale to an end user. Labels can be preinstalled on the cables or provided in the package.

[0041] FIG. 7A is a figure of the panel antenna **100** affixed to an interior window of a vehicle **710**. The window is a non-conductive surface and the panel antenna is mounted so that the antenna elements within the panel antenna are close to the window **712**. FIG. 7B is a figure of the panel antenna **100** affixed to an exterior surface of a vehicle **720** on a conductive surface such as a trunk lid **722**. Where the panel antenna **100** is affixed to an exterior surface, the antenna elements inside the panel antenna are positioned away from the conductive surface.

[0042] While preferred embodiments of the present invention have been shown and described herein, it will be obvious to those skilled in the art that such embodiments are provided by way of example only. Numerous variations, changes, and substitutions will now occur to those skilled in the art without departing from the invention. It should be understood that various alternatives to the embodiments of the invention described herein may be employed in practicing the invention. It is intended that the following claims define the scope of the invention and that methods and structures within the scope of these claims and their equivalents be covered thereby.

1. (canceled)

2. A multi-band MIMO panel antenna comprising:

a housing having a top wall and a bottom wall that opposes the top wall, a first side, a second side, a third side, and a fourth side, the housing enclosing multi-

band MIMO panel antenna elements on an interior surface of the top wall, the bottom wall comprising a mounting surface;

wherein the housing has a plurality of apertures arranged on the third side of the housing, the plurality of apertures engage a plurality of cables that are separated into two cable entry points; and

wherein the first side, the second side, the third side, and the fourth side are disposed between the top wall and the bottom wall of the housing.

3. The multi-band MIMO panel antenna of claim 2, further comprising a pass-through grommet disposed within the third side of the housing.

4. The multi-band MIMO panel antenna of claim 3, wherein the pass-through grommet is configurable to engage two or more cables.

5. The multi-band MIMO panel antenna of claim 4, further comprising the pass-through grommet and a second distinct pass-through grommet.

6. The multi-band MIMO panel antenna of claim 5, wherein the housing comprises at least one of a rectangular shape and a square shape.

7. The multi-band MIMO panel antenna of claim 6, wherein the at least one of the rectangular shape and the square shape comprises rounded corners.

8. The multi-band MIMO panel antenna of claim 7, wherein a curved surface is defined between the top wall of the housing and the first, second, third, and fourth sides.

9. The multi-band MIMO panel antenna of claim 8, wherein a curved surface is defined between the bottom wall of the housing and the first, second, third, and fourth sides.

10. The multi-band MIMO panel antenna of claim 9, wherein the multi-band MIMO panel antenna elements are collectively configured to cover 698 to 960 MHz, 1710 to 2170 MHz, 2490 to 2690 MHz, 3300 to 3600 MHz, Satellite Band of 1-2 GHz, and dual-band frequencies of 2.4 GHz and 5.8 GHz.

11. The multi-band MIMO panel antenna of claim 10, wherein a first aperture engages a first 2/4/5 GHz WiFi coaxial cable, a second aperture engages a GPS-GLONASS-BeiDou coaxial cable, a third aperture engages a first 2G/3G/4G coaxial cable, a fourth aperture engages a second 2G/3G/4G coaxial cable, a fifth aperture engages a satellite band coaxial cable, and a sixth aperture engages a second 2/4/5 GHz WiFi coaxial cable.

12. A multi-band MIMO panel antenna comprising:

a housing having a top wall and a bottom wall that opposes the top wall, a first side, a second side, a third side, and a fourth side, the housing enclosing multi-band MIMO panel antenna elements on an interior surface of the top wall, the bottom wall comprising a mounting surface for the multi-band MIMO panel antenna, wherein the housing has a plurality of apertures arranged on the third side of the housing, the plurality of apertures engage a plurality of cables that are separated into two cable entry points;

a plurality of cables selected from a 2G/3G/4G coaxial cable, a GPS-GLONASS-BeiDou coaxial cable, a satellite band coaxial cable, and a 2/4/5 GHz WiFi coaxial cable;

wherein each of the plurality of cables passes from an interior of the housing to an exterior of the housing through a corresponding aperture of the plurality of apertures; and

wherein the first side, the second side, the third side, and the fourth side are disposed between the top wall and the bottom wall of the housing.

13. The multi-band MIMO panel antenna of claim **12**, further comprising a pass-through grommet.

14. The multi-band MIMO panel antenna of claim **13**, wherein the pass-through grommet is configurable to engage two or more cables.

15. The multi-band MIMO panel antenna of claim **14**, wherein the plurality of apertures are arranged in a single row on the third side of the housing.

16. The multi-band MIMO panel antenna of claim **15**, wherein the housing comprises at least one of a rectangular shape and a square shape.

17. The multi-band MIMO panel antenna of claim **16**, wherein the at least one of the rectangular shape and the square shape comprises rounded corners.

18. The multi-band MIMO panel antenna of claim **17**, wherein a curved surface is defined between the top wall of the housing and the first, second, third, and fourth sides.

19. The multi-band MIMO panel antenna of claim **18**, wherein a curved surface is defined between the bottom wall of the housing and the first, second, third, and fourth sides.

20. The multi-band MIMO panel antenna of claim **12**, further comprising a first pass-through grommet and a second pass-through grommet.

21. The multi-band MIMO panel antenna of claim **20**, wherein the first pass-through grommet and the second pass-through grommet each provide for pass-through of three antenna cables.

* * * * *