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## GARMENT WITH MULTIPLE REGIONS

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### Abstract

A liner includes a fabric body that covers at least a hip area and an abdomen area of a wearer or the hip area and buttocks area of a wearer. The fabric body having at least a first region and a second region each having a different modulus than another of the several regions. The first region is an abdominal region or a buttocks region. The second region is selected from the following group of regions, namely a first abdominal border region, a second abdominal border region, a buttocks region if the buttocks region is not the first region, a bottom buttocks surrounding region, a top buttocks surrounding region, a side buttocks surrounding region, a side hip region, a waist whittler region, a waist transition region, a super waist whittler region, an abdominal region if the abdominal region is not the first region and any combination thereof.

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## **Background/Summary**

CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS [0001] This application is a continuation of prior application Ser. No. 18/501,077, filed Nov. 3, 2023, that is a divisional of prior application Ser. No. 16/794,674, filed Feb. 19, 2020 that claims the benefit of U.S. Provisional Application No. 62/807,428, filed Feb. 19, 2019. The contents of U.S. application Ser. No. 18/501,077, filed Nov. 3, 2023, U.S. application Ser. No. 16/794,674, filed Feb. 19, 2020 and U.S. Provisional Application No. 62/807,428, filed Feb. 19, 2019, are hereby incorporated by reference herein in their entirety.

### **BACKGROUND OF THE DISCLOSURE**

#### **1. Field of the Disclosure**

[0002] The present disclosure relates generally to a garment that is a liner or a liner connected to a shell that reshapes and supports a body of a wearer. More particularly, the present disclosure relates to a liner that has regions for reshaping different areas of a body of a wearer.

#### **2. Description of Related Art**

[0003] There currently exist numerous garments that can be on the inside or the outside of a garment that offer various degrees of shaping and support to flatter a figure of a wearer. Often such garments have support panels that feature an elastic component that stretches over a desired body part to offer a redistribution and/or reshaping of the shape of the wearer or support. Typically, these garments fail to support a sufficient number of areas to result in body shaping to redistribute the wearer's body shape in a manner that is desirable to the wearer. Moreover, typically these garments merely provide a material having one or two variations of elasticity that fail to account for different areas of the body requiring different levels of support, comfort and control.

[0004] Accordingly, it has been determined by the present disclosure, there is a need for a liner having regions each having different attributes for different areas of the body, such as a different elasticity or placement of elasticity, than another of the regions of the liner.

### **SUMMARY OF THE DISCLOSURE**

[0005] The present disclosure provides a fabric body having a plurality of regions, preferably three or more, in which each region has a different modulus than any other region so that the combination of regions and different modulus result in multiple benefits including re-sculpting, streamlining, reshaping and smoothing a wearer's body. As defined herein, re-sculpt means more desirable torso curves.

[0006] The present disclosure also provides a liner that includes a fabric body having a plurality of regions with at least separate regions that cover at least a hip area and an abdomen area of a wearer or at least the hip area and a buttocks area of a wearer.

[0007] The present disclosure further provides, in one embodiment, a fabric body having a plurality of regions including at least a first region and a second region. The first region and the second region each have a different modulus than another of the plurality of regions. The first region is an abdominal region or a buttocks region. The second region is one of: the abdominal region if the abdominal region is not the first region, a first abdominal border region, a second abdominal border region, a buttocks region if the buttocks region is not the first region, a bottom buttocks surrounding region, a top buttocks surrounding region, a side buttocks surrounding region, a side hip region, a waist whittler region, a waist transition region, or a super waist whittler region.

[0008] The above-described and other advantages and features of the present disclosure will be appreciated and understood by those skilled in the art from the following detailed description, drawings, and appended claims.

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## Description

### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0009] FIG. 1 is a front view of a lining flat pattern for which encompasses both a back and front of a liner and a crotch piece according to a first embodiment of the present disclosure.

[0010] FIG. 2 is a front view of the liner of FIG. 1 in an assembled configuration connected to an outer shell forming a high waist brief, the high waist brief being inside-out on a wearer's body to show the interior thereof.

[0011] FIG. 3 is a rear view of the high waist brief of FIG. 2, the high waist brief being inside-out on the wearer's body to show the interior thereof.

[0012] FIG. 4 is a front perspective view of the high waist brief of FIG. 2, the high waist brief being on the wearer's body to show the exterior thereof.

[0013] FIG. 5 is a front perspective view of the high waist brief of FIG. 2, the high waist brief being on the wearer's body to show the exterior thereof and being connected to a skirt.

[0014] FIG. 6 is a front view of a second embodiment of the liner of FIG. 1 omitting a waist transition region, with the second embodiment of the liner shown in an assembled configuration connected to an outer shell forming a brief, and the brief is inside-out on a wearer's body to show the interior thereof.

[0015] FIG. 7 is a rear perspective view of the brief of FIG. 6, the brief being inside-out on the wearer's body to show the interior thereof.

[0016] FIG. 8 is a front perspective view of the brief of FIG. 6, the brief being on the wearer's body to show the exterior thereof.

[0017] FIG. 9 is a front view of the liner of FIG. 1 in an assembled configuration connected to an outer shell forming a swimsuit, the swimsuit being inside-out on a wearer's body to show the interior thereof.

[0018] FIG. 10 is a rear view of the swimsuit of FIG. 9, the swimsuit being inside-out on the wearer's body to show the interior thereof.

[0019] FIG. 11 is a side view of the swimsuit of FIG. 9, the swimsuit being inside-out on the wearer's body to show the interior thereof.

[0020] FIG. 12A is a front view of a third embodiment of the liner of FIG. 1 omitting a bottom portion, with the third embodiment liner shown in an assembled configuration connected to an outer shell forming a tankini, and the tankini being inside-out on the wearer's body to show the interior thereof.

[0021] FIG. 12B is a schematic drawing of the third embodiment of the liner superimposed over the first embodiment of the liner.

[0022] FIG. 13 is a side view of the tankini of FIG. 12A, the tankini being inside-out on the wearer's body to show the interior thereof.

[0023] FIG. 14 is a rear view of the tankini of FIG. 12A, the tankini being inside-out on the wearer's body to show the interior thereof.

[0024] FIG. 15 is a front view of the tankini of FIG. 12A, the tankini being on a wearer's body to show the exterior thereof.

[0025] FIG. 16 is a side view of the third embodiment of the liner of FIG. 12A that is modified to have side seams, with the modified third embodiment of the liner shown in an assembled configuration connected to an outer shell forming a tankini, and the tankini having the modified third embodiment of the liner that is inside-out on the wearer's body to show the interior thereof.

[0026] FIG. **17** is Table 1 that shows elongation in the length direction, width direction, 45 degree direction and/or 15 degree direction, as on the body and modulus at 30 percent elongation with a load of 15 pounds in the length direction, the width direction, 45 degree direction and/or 15 degree direction, as if on the body, of the regions of the liner of the present disclosure noting that the testing was done on flat fabric.

[0027] FIG. **18A** is a continuation of Table 1.

[0028] FIGS. **18B-1**, **18B-2** and **18B-3** are a continuation of Table 1.

[0029] FIGS. **18C-1**, **18C-2** and **18C-3** are continuation of Table 1.

[0030] FIG. **19** is a schematic drawing of an outer shell that has been folded and placed down on the first embodiment of the liner that has been folded so that four ply of fabric are on top of one another.

[0031] FIG. **20** is a schematic drawing of the outer shell that has been turned inside out placing the first embodiment of the liner inside of the outer shell after the four ply of fabric of FIG. **19** are sewn together.

[0032] FIG. **21** is a schematic drawing of the second embodiment of the liner that is reversible that has ¼ inch to 1½ inch binding at a waist portion and ¼ inch to 1 inch binding at the legs.

[0033] FIG. **22** is a schematic drawing of the second embodiment of the liner that is reversible that has ¼ inch to 1 inch binding at the legs and a clean finish waist with rubber.

[0034] FIG. **23** is a schematic drawing of the second embodiment of the liner that is reversible that has ¼ inch to 1½ inch binding at a waist portion and clean finish leg openings with rubber.

[0035] FIG. **24** is a front view of a fourth embodiment of the liner of FIG. **1** omitting the waist transition region, a waist whittler region, a super waist whittler region, and portions of a buttocks portion, an abdominal region, a first abdominal border region and a second abdominal border region, a top buttocks surrounding region, a side buttocks surrounding region, a first side hip region and a second side hip region, with the fourth embodiment of the liner shown in an assembled configuration connected to an outer shell forming a low waist brief, and the brief is inside-out on a wearer's body to show the interior thereof.

[0036] FIG. **25** is a side view of the brief of FIG. **24**, the brief being inside-out on the wearer's body to show the interior thereof.

[0037] FIG. **26** is a rear view of the brief of FIG. **24**, the brief being inside-out on the wearer's body to show the interior thereof.

[0038] FIG. **27** is a front view of the brief of FIG. **24**, the brief being on the wearer's body to show the exterior thereof.

[0039] FIG. **28** is a rear view of the brief of FIG. **24**, the brief being on the wearer's body to show the exterior thereof.

[0040] FIG. **29** is a front view of a fifth embodiment of the liner of FIG. **1** omitting a portion of the waist transition region, with the fifth embodiment of the liner shown in an assembled configuration connected to an outer shell forming an intermediate waist brief, and the brief is inside-out on a wearer's body to show the interior thereof.

[0041] FIG. **30** is a side view of the brief of FIG. **29**, the brief being inside-out on the wearer's body to show the interior thereof.

[0042] FIG. **31** is a rear view of the brief of FIG. **29**, the brief being inside-out on the wearer's body to show the interior thereof.

[0043] FIG. **32** is a front view of the brief of FIG. **29**, the brief being on the wearer's body to show the exterior thereof.

[0044] FIG. **33** is a rear view of the brief of FIG. **29**, the brief being on the wearer's body to show the exterior thereof.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE DISCLOSURE

[0045] Referring to the drawings and, in particular to FIG. **1**, an exemplary embodiment of a liner of the present disclosure is generally referred to by reference numeral **100**. Liner **100** can be

incorporated into a garment, for example, panty, jeans, pants, a skirt, a top, a one piece swimsuit, a tankini, a swimsuit bottom, a lingerie body suit, and/or all body suits, a shapewear bottom, leggings, jeggings, legwear, hosiery, dress, and any combination thereof. Alternatively, liner **100** alone can form a garment, for example, an underwear brief or other lingerie. Liner **100** has a body of fabric or fabric body **110** that reshapes and supports a body of a wearer and a crotch piece **135**. [0046] Fabric body **110** has regions with an elastic component that stretches over a desired body part to offer multiple slimming, reshaping or support areas. The regions of liner **100** include one or more of: a super waist whittler region **8**, an abdominal region **10**, a first abdominal border region **24**, a second abdominal border region **26**, a buttocks region **13**, a bottom buttock surrounding region **12**, a top buttock surrounding region **15**, a side buttock surrounding region **17**, a first side hip region **27**, a second side hip region **29**, a waist whittler region **18**, and a waist transition region **22**. Significantly, each region has a different elasticity or modulus of elasticity than one or more of the other regions.

[0047] Liner **100** of FIG. **1** is shown having eleven regions. However, more or less than eleven regions can be incorporated into liner **100**. A region is defined as an area set off as having a distinct modulus and/or elongation as compared to one or more surrounding or adjoining regions, areas or parts. A region is separated from one or more contiguous regions by means that separate the modulus of that region from the contiguous regions. In some examples discussed below, a seam is used to do so. In some other examples, a border is used to do so. In some other examples, the attachment or fabric connection of the two regions is the line of separation and that line of separation may not be discernible visually.

[0048] As shown in FIG. **1**, the eleven regions are: (1) abdominal region **10**, (2) first abdominal border region **24** and second abdominal border region **26**, (3) buttocks region **13**, (4) bottom buttocks surrounding region **12**, (5) side buttocks surrounding region **17**, (6) top buttocks surrounding region **15**, (7) first side hip region **27** and second side hip region **29**, (8) waist whittler region **18**, (9) waist transition region **22**, (10) super waist whittler region **8**, and (11) crotch piece **135**. Fabric body **110** is free of seams between seven of the regions due to a center back seam **132** going through four regions when liner **100** is assembled, namely: buttocks region **13**, top buttocks surrounding region **15**, waist transition region **22**, and super waist whittler region **8**. There are two crotch seams and center back seam **132** when liner **100** is assembled.

[0049] The shape of (1) abdominal region **10**, (2) first abdominal border region **24** and second abdominal border region **26**, (3) buttocks region **13**, (4) bottom buttocks surrounding region **12**, (5) side buttocks surrounding region **17**, (6) top buttocks surrounding region **15**, (7) first side hip region **27** and second side hip region **29**, (8) waist whittler region **18**, (9) waist transition region **22**, (10) super waist whittler region **8**, and (11) crotch piece **135** adjusts to different wearers' shapes and/or sizes and reshapes the wearer's body.

[0050] Fabric body **110** has a top edge **103**, a first side edge portion **112**, a second side edge portion **114**, a first bottom side edge portion **122**, a second bottom side edge portion **124**, a middle edge portion **126**, a first leg hole portion **123** between first bottom side edge portion **122** and middle edge portion **126**, and a second leg hole portion **125** between second bottom side edge portion **124** and middle edge portion **126**.

[0051] The first side edge portion **112** and second side edge portion **114**, all shown in FIG. **1**, form a single vertical center back seam **132** shown in FIG. **3**. Referring again to the embodiment of FIG. **1**, first side edge portion **112**, second side edge portion **114**, first bottom side edge portion **122**, second bottom side edge portion **124**, and middle edge portion **126**, all attach to crotch piece **135**.

[0052] In FIG. **1**, the shape of the lining flat pattern of liner **100** has a shape to fit over at least a waist area, a hip area, a crotch area, a buttocks area and an abdomen portion or area of a wearer when assembled. The lining flat pattern of liner **100** has a flat, straight shape at top edge **103** of waist transition region **22**. The lining flat pattern of liner **100** has a straight shape that tapers outward from a first side **127** of top edge **103** along a distance of waist transition region **22**, super

waist whittler region **8** and top buttocks surrounding region **15**. At a location above buttocks region **13**, the lining flat pattern of liner **100** has a convex curved shape along a distance of a portion of top buttocks surrounding region **15** and also along buttocks region **13** up to first bottom side edge portion **122**. The lining flat pattern of liner **100** has a straight shape that tapers inward along first bottom side edge portion **122**. The lining flat pattern of liner **100** has a convex curved shape extending from first bottom side edge portion **122** inward toward axis A and upward toward waist transition region **22** along a distance of bottom buttocks surrounding region **12** and side buttocks surrounding region **17**. At a location where bottom buttocks surrounding region **12** meets first side hip region **27**, the lining flat pattern of liner **100** has a concave curved shape that extends outward toward and up to middle edge portion **126**. Middle edge portion **126** has a flat, straight shape.

[0053] The lining flat pattern of liner **100** has a shape that is a mirror image when folded along a vertical axis A so that the lining flat pattern of liner **100** has a straight shape that tapers outward from a second side **129** of top edge **103** along a distance of waist transition region **22**, super waist whittler region **8** and top buttocks surrounding region **15**. At a location above buttocks region **13**, the lining flat pattern of liner **100** has a convex curved shape along a distance of a portion of top buttocks surrounding region **15** and also along buttocks region **13** up to second bottom side edge portion **124**. The lining flat pattern of liner **100** has a straight shape that tapers inward along second bottom side edge portion **124**. The lining flat pattern of liner **100** has a convex curved shape extending from second bottom side edge portion **124** inward toward axis A and upward toward waist transition region **22** along a distance of bottom buttocks surrounding region **12** and side buttocks surrounding region **17**. At a location where side buttocks surrounding region **17** meets second side hip region **29**, the lining flat pattern of liner **100** has a concave curved shape that extends outward toward and up to middle edge portion **126**.

[0054] Abdominal region **10** is an area of fabric body **110** with an elastic component that stretches over an abdominal area and a crotch area of the wearer's body to offer shaping and support. First abdominal border region **24** and second abdominal border region **26** form two inwardly curved borders **150**, **151** of abdominal region **10**. First abdominal border region **24** and second abdominal border region **26** each has a mesh with a cross pattern, however, other pattern designs could be used.

[0055] Waist transition region **22** forms a straight border **152** of abdominal region **10**. Abdominal region **10**, first abdominal border region **24** and second abdominal border region **26** increase the ability to flatter, re-sculpt, streamline, reshape and smooth a wearer's body because these regions minimize protruding abdomen area bulges, and re-sculpts for more desirable torso curves.

Abdominal region **10** stretches over the abdominal area and the crotch area so that any bulge above the top of the pubic area is flattened and/or minimized.

[0056] First side hip region **27** and second side hip region **29** each is an area of fabric body **110** with an elastic component that stretches over a side hip area offering reshaping and support. First side hip region **27** has a border shown in broken lines **25**, **31**, **39**, **131**, **133**, **137** in FIG. **1** and second side hip region **29** has a border that is a mirror image when fabric body is folded along axis A. First side hip region **27** is on a side of first abdominal border region **24** opposite abdominal region **10**. Second side hip region **29** is on a side of second abdominal border region **26** opposite abdominal region **10**. First side hip region **27** and second side hip region **29** reshape the hip area to minimize or flatten this area. First side hip region **27** and second side hip region **29** are free of seams and creates the ability to re-sculpt and reshape the wearer's body while eliminating any side seams thickness, bulges and visibility.

[0057] Side buttocks surrounding region **17**, bottom buttocks surrounding region **12** and top buttocks surrounding region **15** are an area of fabric body **110** with an elastic component that stretches over a portion of a buttocks area on a top of the buttocks, on a side of the buttocks and underneath the buttocks of the wearer's body to offer reshaping, support and butt lift. Buttocks region **13** has a first buttocks section **14** and a second buttocks section **16**. As shown in broken lines

21, 23, 35, 25 side buttocks surrounding region 17 and, as shown in broken lines 33, 35, 34, bottom buttocks surrounding region 12, respectively, form a convex curved border 34 with first buttocks section 14. Also, side buttocks surrounding region 17 and bottom buttocks surrounding region 12 form a convex curved border 35 of second buttocks section 16 that is a mirror image of the borders with first buttocks section 14. As shown in broken lines 37, 39, 41, top buttocks surrounding region 15 forms an inwardly sloping border 36 of first buttocks section 14 and second buttocks section 16 has an inwardly sloping border 36 that is a mirror image of inwardly sloping border 36 of first buttocks section 14. Inwardly sloping border 36 slope down to center vertical axis A.

[0058] As shown by a broken line 37, top buttocks surrounding region 15 borders super waist whittler region 8 and waist whittler region 18 up to broken line 39. Top buttocks surrounding region 15 has borders that are a mirror image of broken line 37 and broken line 39 along second buttocks section 16. As discussed above, top buttocks surrounding region 15 also forms an inwardly sloping border 36 of first buttocks section 14 and second buttocks section 16 has an inwardly sloping border 36 that is a mirror image of inwardly sloping border 36 of first buttocks section 14. Side buttocks surrounding region 17 is bordered by first buttocks section 14 at broken line 21, first side hip region 27 at broken line 31 and broken line 25, and first leg hole portion 123 at broken line 33 up until bottom buttocks surrounding region 12 at broken line 35 and side buttocks surrounding region 17 has borders that are a mirror image at second buttocks section 16, second leg hole portion 125 and second side hip region 29. Bottom buttocks surrounding region 12 is bordered at first buttocks section 14 at broken line 23 and at first leg hole portion 123 at broken line 33 up until side buttocks surrounding region 17 at broken line 35 and bottom buttocks surrounding region 12 has borders that are a mirror image at second buttocks section 16 and second leg hole portion 125 up until side buttocks surrounding region 17.

[0059] Side buttocks surrounding region 17, bottom buttocks surrounding region 12, top buttocks surrounding region 15, super waist whittler region 8, first side hip region 27 and second side hip region 29 visually appear to be the same material. However, top buttocks surrounding region 15 and bottom buttocks surrounding region 12 stretch in different directions than side buttocks surrounding region 17, super waist whittler region 8, first side hip region 27 and second side hip region 29. Top buttocks surrounding region 15 and bottom buttocks surrounding region 12 have portions that stretch in a primarily 45 degree direction relative to axis A.

[0060] Side buttocks surrounding region 17, super waist whittler region 8, first side hip region 27 and second side hip region 29 have portions that stretch in a primary direction that is parallel with axis A. Top buttocks surrounding region 15 and bottom buttocks surrounding region 12 stretch in different directions than side buttocks surrounding region 17, super waist whittler region 8, first side hip region 27 and second side hip region 29 and thus result in top buttocks surrounding region 15 and bottom buttocks surrounding region 12 having a different modulus than side buttocks surrounding region 17, super waist whittler region 8, first side hip region 27 and second side hip region 29. Bottom buttocks surrounding region 12 and top buttocks surrounding region 15 are both measured on 45 degree angle, which is relevant for the “butt lift”.

[0061] Buttocks region 13 is an area of fabric body 110 with an elastic component that stretches over a buttocks area of the wearer's body to offer reshaping and support. Buttocks region 13 has an elasticity that is higher than side buttocks surrounding region 17, bottom buttocks surrounding region 12, and top buttocks surrounding region 15. Buttocks region 13 has an elongation, extension, or elasticity that is higher than side buttocks surrounding region 17, bottom buttocks surrounding region 12, and top buttocks surrounding region 15 and, thus, allows for the natural curve of the wearer's buttocks to extend into buttocks region 13 and creates a lifting effect, “butt lift”, of the wearer's buttocks while the area of the wearer's body surrounding the wearer's buttocks is compressed at a higher modulus than buttocks region 13. Buttocks region 13 can be mesh of an open net construction that allows mesh area to stretch and contour the buttocks as well as allows passage of air and water (pool, sea, lake). FIG. 1 shows one type of mesh construction; however,

other mesh constructions can be used.

[0062] Waist whittler region **18** has a first waist section **116** and a second waist section **118**. Waist whittler region **18** is on sides of first abdominal border region **24** and second abdominal border region **26** opposite abdominal region **10**. First abdominal border region **24** forms a curved border **160** of first waist section **116**. Second abdominal border region **26** forms a curved border **180** of second waist section **118**. Waist transition region **22** forms straight borders **162**, **182** of both first waist section **116** and second waist section **118**. Top buttocks surrounding region **15** forms concave curved borders **166**, **186** on another side of each of first waist section **116** and second waist section **118**. First side hip region **27** and second side hip region **29** forms concave curved borders **167**, **187** of each of first waist section **116** and second waist section **118**. Super waist whittler **8** forms straight borders **169**, **189** of each of first waist section **116** and second waist section **118**. Waist whittler region **18** is an area of fabric body **110** with an elastic component that stretches over an area above the high hips around the waistline of the wearer's body to offer reshaping, control and support. Along with abdominal region **10**, first abdominal border region **24** and second abdominal border region **26**, waist whittler region **18** increases the ability to flatter, re-sculpt, streamline, reshape and smooth a wearer's body because these regions minimize, reshape and re-sculpt for more desirable torso and waist curves. Waist region **18** has an opaque diamond pattern and is preferable in this region but could have another pattern design engineered to perform the same way in terms of elongation and control as stated in FIG. 17.

[0063] Waist transition region **22** is above waist whittler region **18**, first abdominal border region **24**, second abdominal border region **26**, super waist whittler region **8** and abdominal region **10**. Waist transition region **22** is included in a liner for one-piece swimsuits and high waisted garments or forms a high waisted garment, for example, high waisted underwear brief. Waist transition region **22**, along with abdominal region **10**, first abdominal border region **24**, second abdominal border region **26** and waist whittler region **18**, increases the ability to flatter, re-sculpt, streamline, reshape and smooth a wearer's body because it minimizes, reshapes and re-sculpts for more desirable torso curves. If liner **100** is connected to a bra top or bust support, waist transition region **22** provides a transition to the bra top or bust support. Accordingly, waist transition zone **22** extends to the underbust of the wearer to eliminate or minimize a bulge referred to as a "muffin top", and smooths a silhouette along that extant in, for example, a one-piece swimsuit and or garment incorporating liner **100** having a high waist. Waist transition region **22** minimizes visibility of different stretch power constructions of the eleven regions, while smoothing curves of a wearer's body and providing overall comfort. Waist transition region **22** has a diamond with dot and swirl pattern, but could have another pattern design engineered to perform the same way.

[0064] Fabric body **110** of liner **100** has a material comprising, for example, nylon or polyester and spandex, or other spandex and synthetic fiber combinations. For example, the material of fabric body **110** is greater than 20% spandex and less than 80% nylon. Preferably, fabric body **110** has a material that is more than 30% spandex, and less than 70% nylon. The material of fabric body **110** is warp knit or circular knit. Fabric body **110** is a material that can be breathable, supple and soft. The material can include an anti-microbial finish or yarn and can have chlorine resist yarns or properties.

[0065] The knit patterns formed in the material of abdominal region **10**, first abdominal border region **24**, second abdominal border region **26**, buttocks region **13**, bottom buttocks surrounding region **12**, top buttocks surrounding region **15**, side buttocks surrounding region **17**, first side hip region **27**, second side hip region **29**, waist whittler region **18**, super waist whittler region **8**, and waist transition region **22** can differ due to aesthetic desire or performance needs. The patterning of each region is determined by both performance (elongation and modulus) requirements for reshaping in specific body areas and that individual patterning is also determined by differentiating aesthetics. Creating regions that have borders that can be curvilinear are included in the designing of alternative patterns with consideration for designs that have a desirable feeling, and distinctive



and differentiating patterning.

[0066] Fabric body **110** has vertical axis A extending in a vertical direction from waist transition region **22** toward abdomen region **10**, and a horizontal axis B extending in a horizontal direction perpendicular to vertical axis A. Each of abdominal region **10**, first abdominal border region **24**, second abdominal border region **26**, buttocks region **13**, bottom buttocks surrounding region **12**, top buttocks surrounding region **15**, side buttocks surrounding region **17**, waist whittler region **18**, super waist whittler region **8**, first side hip region **27**, second side hip region **29** and waist transition region **22**, has an elasticity along vertical axis A and an elasticity along horizontal axis B.

[0067] Referring to FIGS. **17-18C-3**, tests were performed on the flat panel of liner **100** of FIG. **1** resulting in the data of Table 1 in FIGS. **17-18C**. The flat panel of liner **100** of FIG. **1** for sizes 8, 10 and 12 was measured and the flat panel of liner **100** of FIG. **1** for sizes 14, 16 and 18 was measured, and the results were averaged for rows 3-12 and 15 of Table 1. Row 13 of Table 1 includes measurements of flat panel of liner **100** of FIG. **1** for sizes 8, 10 and 12 for abdominal region **10** and row 14 of Table 1 includes measurements of flat panel of liner **100** of FIG. **1** for sizes 14, 16 and 18 for abdominal region **10**. The column “Region” identifies the ten of the eleven regions that resulted in the measurements in the corresponding row of Table 1. The phrase “W on the body” in Table 1 has the width direction around the body of a wearer of the material of the region. Column C in Table 1 has measurements of an elongation in the width direction around the body of a wearer of the material of the region of the flat panel of liner **100**. Elongation is defined as the ratio of the extension of a test specimen to its initial length, expressed as a percentage. Columns E, F, H, I, K, L, N, O, Q and R provide ranges of the measurements given in column C as set forth in Table 1. The phrase “L on the body” in Table 1 indicates the length direction on the body of the wearer of the material of the region. Column S in Table 1 includes measurements of an elongation in the length direction on the body of a wearer of the material of the region of the flat panel of liner **100**. Columns U, V, X, Y, AA, AB, AD, AE, AG and AH provide ranges of the measurements given in column S in Table 1. Column AI includes measurements of a modulus @30% in the width direction around the body of the regions of the flat panel of liner **100**. Modulus is defined as the pounds of Force (lbf) measured at a given amount of elongation. Columns AK, AL, AN, AO, AQ, AR, AT, AU, AW and AX provide ranges of the measurements given in Column AI in Table 1. Column AY in Table 1 includes measurements of a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body the regions of the flat panel of liner **100**. Columns BA, BB, BD, BE, BG, BH, BJ, BK, BM and BN provide ranges of the measurements given in Column AY in Table 1. Column BO in Table 1 includes measurements of elongation at 45° on the body of the flat panel of liner **100**. Columns BQ, BR, BT, BU, BW, BX, BZ, CA, CC, and CD provide ranges of the measurements given in column BO in Table 1. Column CE in Table 1 includes measurements of modulus @30% at 45° on the body of the flat panel of liner **100**. Columns CG, CH, CJ, CK, CM, CN, CP, CQ, CS and CT provide ranges of the measurements given in Column CE. Column CU in Table 1 includes measurements of elongation at 15° on the body of the flat panel of liner **100**. Columns CW, CX, CZ, DA, DC, DD, DF, DG, DI and DJ provide ranges of the measurements given in Column CU. Column DK in Table 1 includes measurements of modulus @30% at 15° on the body of the flat panel of liner **100**. Columns DM, DN, DP, DQ, DS, DT, DB, DW, DY and DZ provide ranges of the measurements given in Column DK. The letter “x” in Table 1 indicates a measurement was not taken. For all regions except bottom buttocks surrounding region **12** and top buttocks surrounding region **15**, the letter “x” in Table 1 indicates a measurement was not taken because a measurement could not be taken according to the standard test method due to the small size of the specimen.

[0068] Data of elongation and modulus provided in Table 1 are the results of testing on a Zwick/Roell Model KAP-Z machine that is a CRE (Constant Rate of Extension) machine. The method used was ASTM D4964. Specimens in this method may be tested in either a loop or strip. The specimens tested were tested as a strip rather than loop. Specimens from ten of the eleven regions were tested. The Zwick/Roell Model KAP-Z machine generates a graph having a first axis

showing pounds of force, and a second axis that shows a percentage of elongation. At specific points on the elongation curve, the modulus numbers are recorded. Table 1 includes a measurement at 30% elongation that is a measurement point employed in the test method in accordance with ASTM D4964. Table 1 also includes modulus numbers having a number of pounds of force needed to obtain 30% elongation. The specimens tested of the flat panel of liner **100** were 69% nylon 31% Lycra spandex.

[0069] In at least one embodiment, the material of abdominal region **10** for sizes 8, 10 and 12 has an elongation in the width direction around the body of 115 percent, and a modulus @30% in the width direction around the body of **1.14**, and an elongation in the length direction on the body of 136 percent and a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body of 0.81.

[0070] In at least one embodiment, the material of abdominal region **10** for sizes 14, 16 and 18 has an elongation in the width direction around the body of 117 percent, and a modulus @30% in the width direction around the body of 0.98, and an elongation in the length direction on the body of 130 percent and a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body of 0.90.

[0071] In at least one embodiment, the material of abdominal region **10** that averages the measurements for sizes 8, 10 and 12 and sizes 14, 16 and 18 has a modulus @30% in the width direction around the body of 1.06, and a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body of 0.855.

[0072] In at least one embodiment, the material of first side hip region **27** and second side hip region **29** has an elongation in the width direction around the body of 139 percent, and a modulus @30% in the width direction around the body of 0.86, and an elongation in the length direction on the body of 116 percent and a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body of 1.60.

[0073] In at least one embodiment, the material of super waist whittler **8** has an elongation in the width direction around the body of 128 percent, and a modulus @30% in the width direction around the body of 1.11, and an elongation in the length direction on the body of 150 percent and a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body of 0.67.

[0074] In at least one embodiment, the material of side buttocks surrounding region **17** has an elongation in the length direction on the body of 119 percent and a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body of 1.41.

[0075] In at least one embodiment, the material of bottom buttocks surrounding region **12** has an elongation in the 45 degree direction on the body of 105.5 percent and a modulus @30% in the 45 degree direction on the body of 1.69.

[0076] In at least one embodiment, the material of top buttocks surrounding region **15** has an elongation in the 45 degree direction on the body of 167 percent and a modulus @30% in the 45 degree direction on the body of 0.38.

[0077] In at least one embodiment, the material of top buttocks surrounding region **15** has an elongation in the 15 degree direction on the body of 150 percent and a modulus @30% in the 15 degree direction on the body of 0.72.

[0078] In at least one embodiment, the material of buttocks region **13** has an elongation in the width direction around the body of 177 percent, and a modulus @30% in the width direction around the body of 0.53, and an elongation in the length direction on the body of 175 percent and a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body of 0.41. Buttocks region **13** has an elasticity that is greater than the other regions, namely, abdominal region **10**, first abdominal border region **24** and second abdominal border region **26**, bottom buttocks surrounding region **12**, top buttocks surrounding region **15**, side buttocks surrounding region **17**, first side hip region **27** and second side hip region **29**, super waist whittler region **8**, waist whittler region **18** and waist transition region **22**.

[0079] In at least one embodiment, the material of waist whittler region **18** has an elongation in the width direction around the body of 160 percent and a modulus @30% in the width direction around the body of 0.57.

[0080] In at least one embodiment, the material of waist transition region **22** has an elongation in

the width direction around the body of 133 percent and a modulus @30% in the width direction around the body of 0.72.

[0081] In at least one embodiment, the material of first abdominal border region **24** and second abdominal border region **26** has an elongation in the length direction on the body of 149 percent and a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body of 0.57.

[0082] Accordingly, top buttocks surrounding region **15** and bottom buttocks surrounding region **12** reshape the body above and below buttocks region **13** to minimize or flatten this area, whereas buttocks region **13** having an elongation and elasticity that is more than top buttocks surrounding region **15** and bottom buttocks surrounding region **12** allows for the natural curve of the wearer's buttocks to extend into buttocks region **13** and creates a lifting effect of the wearer's buttocks while the area of the wearer's body surrounding the wearer's buttocks is compressed at more modulus than buttocks region **13**.

[0083] Referring to FIG. 2, liner **100** is in an assembled configuration connected to an outer shell **200** forming a high waist brief **202** shown on a wearer's body. High waist brief **202** is shown in FIG. 2 as inside-out relative to FIG. 4 to show as interior liner **100**. Liner **100** has fabric body **110** that covers at least a side hip area **30**, a crotch area **40**, a buttocks area **50** (FIG. 3) and an abdomen portion or area **60** of a wearer **5000**. Liner **100** is connected to outer shell **200**. Liner **100** is connected to outer shell **200** at top edge **103** of liner **100**. Top edge **103** connects to outer shell **200** by a seam. The seam can be a clean finish seam joining liner **100** to outer shell **200** at a waist. The seam can be a clean finish seam joining liner **100** to outer shell **200** at a waist with a clean finish seam with rubber in the clean finish seam. The rubber can be ¼ inch to 2 inches, and, ⅝ inches in one embodiment, for sizes 6-18 of high waist brief **202**. The seam faces down towards crotch piece **135** and is a double needle top stitch forming a (one eighth inch gauge) seam. Outer shell **200** is a material, for example, tricot construction having 80 percent nylon and 20 percent spandex that hides liner **100** so that liner **100** is not visible when worn on the wearer as shown in FIG. 4. Outer shell **200** can also be other warp knit constructions, circular knit or woven construction.

[0084] As shown in FIG. 2, high waist brief **202** has a front horizontal seam **134**, and, as shown in FIG. 3, a rear horizontal seam **136**. Front horizontal seam **134** and rear horizontal seam **136** can each be sewn with a flatlock stitch. Front horizontal seam **134** and rear horizontal seam **136** connect first bottom side edge portion **122**, second bottom side edge portion **124**, and middle edge portion **126**, all shown in FIG. 1, to crotch piece **135** forming leg holes **141**, **143**, as shown in FIGS. 2 and 3. Leg holes **141**, **143** connect to outer shell **200** by seams with rubber. Front horizontal seam **134** connects middle edge portion **126**, shown in FIG. 1, to a first side of crotch piece **135**. Rear horizontal seam **136** connects first bottom side edge portion **122** and second bottom side edge portion **124**, both shown in FIG. 1, to a second side crotch piece **135** that is opposite the first side. The two halves of liner **100** are sewn together at single vertical center back seam **132** and front horizontal seam **134** and rear horizontal seam **136** connect first bottom side edge portion **122**, second bottom side edge portion **124**, and middle edge portion **126**, all shown in FIG. 1, to crotch piece **135** to close the crotch area and vertical center back seam **132**. There is also clean finish sewing in the back of liner **100** and outer shell **200** that catches single vertical center back seam **132**, front horizontal seam **134** and rear horizontal seam **136** and so it engages and maintains the butt lift.

[0085] The clean finish sewing of liner **100** and outer shell **200** is described referring to FIG. 19. Outer shell **200** is connected to liner **100** by first attaching crotch piece **135** (FIG. 1) to middle edge portion **126** forming front horizontal seam **134** (FIG. 1) as a flat lock seam. Liner **100** and outer shell **200** are connected so that inside and outside of a garment have a clean finished seam. To form the clean finished seam, a fold line is formed at the location of axis A shown in FIG. 1 in liner **100** so that first side edge portion **112** overlaps second side edge portion **114**, both shown in FIG. 1, with right sides together and placed down on a sewing machine. The right side refers to a side of material that will be exposed when the material is a part of a finished garment. Outer shell **200** is

similarly sized and shaped as liner **100**. Outer shell **200** is similarly folded as liner **100** so that a first side edge portion **212** overlaps a second side edge portion **214** right sides together. Outer shell **200** that has been folded is placed down on liner **100** that has been folded so that four ply of fabric are on top of one another. The four plies of fabric are sewn forming a center back seam **2002** with a four thread mock safety stitch from top edge **103** to first bottom side edge portion **122** and a second bottom side edge portion **124** of liner **100** and from an outer top edge **204** to outer bottom side edges **206**, **208** of outer shell. Center back seam **2002** also forms single vertical center back seam **132** of liner **100**.

[0086] Referring to FIG. **20**, outer shell **200** is turned inside out placing liner **100** inside of outer shell **200**. Center back seam **2002** is opened at first bottom side edge portion **122**, second bottom side edge portion **124** and outer bottom side edges **206**, **208**. Crotch piece **135** is connected to first bottom side edge portion **122**, second bottom side edge portion **124** and outer bottom side edges **206**, **208** along a rear horizontal seam **136**. Rear horizontal seam **136** is a clean finish crotch seam. This clean finished center back seam with all 4 plies of fabric sewn together helps to further engage the butt lift feature. A “clean finish” seam creates a seam where one does not see any stitching on inside or outside of 2 seams that are sewn together.

[0087] Referring to FIG. **3**, high waist brief **202** is shown as inside-out relative to FIG. **4** to shown as interior liner **100** in FIG. **3**. High waist brief **202** having fabric body **110** of liner **100** and outer shell **200** has only a single vertical seam, namely, single vertical center back seam **132**. Single vertical center back seam **132** passes through bottom buttocks surrounding region **12**, buttocks region **13**, top buttocks surrounding region **15**, super waist whittler region **8**, and waist transition region **22**. Single vertical center back seam **132** connects first side edge portion **112** and second side edge portion **114**, shown in FIG. **1**, of fabric body **110**. Single vertical center back seam **132** connects first buttocks section **14** and second buttocks section **16** together while also connecting first buttocks section **14** and second buttocks section **16** to first and second edge portions **212**, **214** of outer shell **200** as shown in FIG. **19**. Single vertical center back seam **132** becomes clean finished by sewing all 4 together as described herein. Single vertical center back seam **132** follows the natural separation in a wearer's buttocks forming a desirable reshaping and engages and maintains pull/push up of the butt lift feature and benefit. Single vertical center back seam **132** also accentuates the natural separation in the buttocks of the wearer.

[0088] As shown in FIG. **2**, abdominal region **10** is the area of fabric body **110** with the elastic component that stretches over abdomen area **60** and crotch area **40** of the wearer's body **5000** to offer reshaping and support. Abdominal region **10**, first abdominal border region **24** and second abdominal border region **26** increase an ability to flatter by re-sculpting, streamlining, reshaping and smoothing a wearer's body because they minimize shape and re-sculpt for more desirable torso curves. Abdominal region **10** stretches over the abdomen area **60** and the crotch area **40** so that a bulge above the pubic area on a woman's body is flattened or minimized. First abdominal border region **24** and second abdominal border region **26** separates abdominal region **10** from first side hip region **27** and second side hip region **29** for additional comfort while the wearer **5000** is wearing liner **100**, as well as when the wearer **5000** takes liner **100** on and off.

[0089] Referring again to FIG. **2**, first side hip region **27** and second side hip region **29** are areas of fabric body **110** with an elastic component that stretches over hip areas **30** offering reshaping and support. First side hip region **27** and second side hip region **29** shape hip areas **30** to minimize or flatten this area. First side hip region **27** and second side hip region **29** are free of seams as a preferable embodiment and increases the ability to re-sculpt and reshape the wearer's body and eliminates the side seam thickness, bulge and visibility.

[0090] Referring to FIG. **3**, bottom buttocks surrounding region **12**, top buttocks surrounding region **15**, side buttocks surrounding region **17** are an area of fabric body **110** with an elastic component that stretches over a portion of buttocks area **50** on top, side and underneath the buttocks of the wearer's body to offer reshaping, support and butt lift. Buttocks region **13** is an area

of fabric body **110** with an elastic component that stretches over buttocks area **50** of the wearer's body to offer reshaping and support. Buttocks region **13** has an elasticity that is more than bottom buttocks surrounding region **12**, top buttocks surrounding region **15**, side buttocks surrounding region **17**. Buttocks region **13** has an elongation, extension, or elasticity that is more than bottom buttocks surrounding region **12**, top buttocks surrounding region **15**, side buttocks surrounding region **17** and thus allows for the natural curve of buttocks area **50** to extend into buttocks region **13** and creates a lifting effect, "butt lift", of buttocks area **50** while the area of the wearer's body surrounding buttocks area **50** is compressed at more modulus than buttocks region **13** by bottom buttocks surrounding region **12**, top buttocks surrounding region **15**, side buttocks surrounding region **17**. This action allows buttocks tissue to spill into stretchier fabric in buttocks region **13** and help with creating a visual rounder/shapelier/re-sculpting of the top of the buttocks when the side plus bottom of the buttocks are being lifted by bottom buttocks surrounding region **12** and side buttocks surrounding region **17** that is being activated. Top buttocks surrounding region **15** is responsible for activating a pushing down of the top of the buttocks tissue that will spill down into the buttocks region **13**.

[0091] As shown in FIG. 2, waist whittler region **18** is an area of fabric body **110** with an elastic component that stretches over an area above hip area **30** around the waistline of the wearer's body **5000** to offer reshaping, control and support. Along with abdominal region **10**, first abdominal border region **24** and second abdominal border region **26**, waist whittler region **18** increases the ability to flatter re-sculpting, streamlining, reshaping and smoothing a wearer's body because they minimize, reshape and re-sculpt for more desirable torso curves.

[0092] Referring to FIG. 3, super waist whittler **8** is located in center back between first waist region **116** and second waist region **118** of waist whittler region **18**. Super waist whittler **8** gives more power for waist whittling.

[0093] Waist transition region **22**, along with abdominal region **10**, first abdominal border region **24**, second abdominal border region **26** and waist whittler region **18**, increase the ability to flatter a wearer's body because they re-sculpt, streamline, reshape and smooth for more desirable torso curves. Accordingly, waist transition region **22** extends to an underbust **66**, shown in FIG. 2, of the wearer eliminating or minimizing a bulge referred to as a "muffin top" and smooths out a silhouette all the way up in to a high waist. Waist transition region **22** connects and unifies the multiple power constructions of the remaining regions below axis B in FIG. 1, while smoothing curves of a wearer's body and providing overall comfort.

[0094] Referring to FIG. 1, an entire leg hole opening of each of first leg hole portion **123** and second leg hole portion **125** on each side of liner **100**, which includes the entire crotch piece **135**, has metered elastic. Liner **100** creates a fold at first leg hole portion **123** surrounding a first segment of elastic. Liner **100** creates a fold at second leg hole portion **125** surrounding a second segment of elastic. Similarly, as shown in FIG. 3, outer shell **200** creates a first fold **242** around the fold formed by liner **100** at first leg hole portion **123** and the first segment of elastic and a second fold **244** around the fold formed by liner **100** at second leg hole portion **125** and the second segment of elastic. Stitching is through both layers of first fold **242**, both layers of the fold formed by liner **100** at first leg hole portion **123** and the first segment of elastic. Stitching is through both layers of second fold **244**, both layers of the fold formed by liner **100** at second leg hole portion **125** and the second segment of elastic.

[0095] Referring back to FIG. 1, the metering of the first segment of elastic and the second segment of elastic is not the same percentage around the entirety of first leg hole portion **123** and second leg hole portion **125**, respectively. As shown by a line **170** that is a dash double dot line, beginning from imaginary side seam **171**, going towards a direction of a front of liner **100**, all the way through to crotch piece **135** and ending at rear horizontal seam **136** (FIG. 3), the first segment of elastic is metered approximately between 95 percent to 97 percent, which means there is a 3 percent to 5 percent decrease of a distance along line **170** of a flat original measurement on this

segment of first leg hole portion **123** when the first segment of elastic is metered to be connected to liner **100** and the first segment of elastic is in a contracted condition. The first segment of elastic is not stretched in the contracted condition. As shown by a line **172** that is a dash single dot line, starting at the area from rear horizontal seam **136** (FIG. 3) and going up a back of a leg of wearer W, in a direction of imaginary side seam **171**, the same elastic is metered at approximately 70%, which means a 30% decrease of a distance along line **172** of the original flat measurement on this segment of first leg hole portion **123** when the first segment of elastic is metered to be connected to liner **100** and the first segment of elastic is in a contracted condition. Second leg hole portion **125** has the same metering as first leg hole portion **123**. Metering the elastic at the higher ratio, namely, approximately 70%, is important since this is one of the multiple mechanisms for uplifting the butt of wearer W in liner **100** as well with outer shell **200**.

[0096] The butt lift occurs because of the strong diagonal modulus of bottom buttocks surrounding region **12** and top buttocks surrounding region **15**, that in turn are due to the pulling lift of the first segment of elastic and the second segment of elastic that are both metered along line **172**. For example, the first segment of elastic and the second segment of elastic each go all the way up to one of the imaginary side seams **171**, respectively, in combination with the pattern shape that the back leg line is cut into the fabric of first leg hole portion **123** and a second leg hole portion **125**. This combination lifts and raises the butt in the diagonal direction along the backside leg line.

[0097] At the area where the highest part of the leg line is located at the imaginary side seam **171**, there is a bottom edge of first side hip region **27** and second side hip region **29**. It is believed that first side hip region **27** and second side hip region **29** are not reacting in a diagonal direction because first side hip region **27** and second side hip region **29** now are in a length and width stretch direction due in part to the effect of liner **100** extending entirely around body W of wearer at first side hip region **27** and second side hip region **29** forming “360 degrees around the body coverage”.

[0098] In contrast, liner **100** does not extend entirely around body **5000** of wearer at bottom buttocks surrounding region **12**. Also, liner **100** does not work in a “360 degrees around body coverage” because liner **100** is “interrupted” at bottom buttocks surrounding region **12** by the uncovered thigh at first leg hole portion **123** and second leg hole portion **125** making coverage by liner **100** less than 360 degrees. In comparison, liner **100** forms “360 degrees around the body coverage” by side buttocks surrounding region **17**, buttocks region **13**, first abdominal border region **24**, second abdominal border region **26**, abdominal region **10**, first side hip region **27** and second side hip region **29**, with all connected to extend entirely around body W of wearer.

[0099] Top buttocks surrounding region **15** works on body W of wearer due to vertical center back seam **132** that is curved thereby turning fabric of top buttocks surrounding region **15** into a severe mitered area when on the body, visually shown in FIG. 3. Top buttocks surrounding region **15** has a pull, that is a strong diagonal modulus. Further, the pull works against the skin of the body by pushing down over the buttocks region **13**, which has more stretch and lower modulus, to allow the softer butt tissue of body W of wearer to be compacted with a combination push/pull motion from bottom buttocks surrounding region **12** and top buttocks surrounding region **15** working together to mold, shape and lift the buttocks. As shown in Table 2 below for high waist brief **202**, buttocks region **13** has the lowest modulus @30% in the length direction on the body and width direction around the body of those regions that were measured as discussed herein and shown in FIGS. **17-18C**.

[0100] Referring to Table 2 for high waist brief **202**, the values for “% higher than Buttocks region **13** for L ON BODY—modulus @30%” were calculated by calculating the difference between the values given in the column “L ON BODY—modulus @30%” for buttocks region **13** and another of the regions and dividing by the value given in the column “L ON BODY—modulus @30%” for buttocks region **13**. The values for “% higher than Buttocks region **13** for W ON BODY—modulus @30%” were calculated by calculating the difference between the values given in the column “W ON BODY—modulus @30%” for buttocks region **13** and another of the regions and dividing by

the value given in the column “W ON BODY—modulus @30%” for buttocks region **13**.  
 [0101] In particular, side buttocks surrounding region **17** has a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body that is equal to or greater than 244% more than buttocks region **13**. First side hip region **27** and second side hip region **29** have a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body that is equal to or greater than 290% more than buttocks region **13** and a modulus @30% in the width direction around the body that is equal to or greater than 62% more than buttocks region **13**. Waist whittler region **18** has a modulus @30% in the width direction around the body that is equal to or greater than 7.5% more than buttocks region **13**. Waist transition region **22** has a modulus @30% in the width direction around the body that is equal to or greater than 36% more than buttocks region **13**. Super waist whittler region **8** has a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body that is equal to or greater than 63% more than buttocks region **13** and the width direction around the body that is equal to or greater than 109% more than buttocks region **13**. Abdominal region **10** has a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body that is equal to or greater than 108% more than buttocks region **13** and the width direction around the body that is equal to or greater than 100% more than buttocks region **13**. First abdominal border region **24** and second abdominal border region **26** have a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body that is equal to or greater than 39% more than buttocks region **13**.

[0102] In addition, as shown in Table 2 below, abdominal region **10** and super waist whittler region **8** have the highest modulus in the width direction around the body to offer shaping and support. Moreover, abdominal region **10** has a modulus in the length direction on the body that is higher than some of the other regions to offer further shaping and support. The values for “% lower (–) or % higher (+) than Abdominal region **10** for L ON BODY—modulus @30%” were calculated by calculating the difference between the values given in the column “L ON BODY—modulus @30%” of abdominal region **10** and another of the regions and dividing by the value given in the column “L ON BODY—modulus @30%” for abdominal region **10**. The values for “% lower (–) or % higher (+) than Abdominal region **10** for W ON BODY—modulus @30%” were calculated by calculating the difference between the values given in the column “W ON BODY—modulus @30%” of abdominal region **10** and another of the regions and dividing by the value given in the column “W ON BODY—modulus @30%” for abdominal region **10**.

[0103] In particular, side buttocks surrounding region **17** has a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body that is greater than 65% more than abdominal region **10**. First side hip region **27** and second side hip region **29** have a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body that is equal to or greater than 87% more than abdominal region **10** and a modulus @30% in the width direction around the body that is equal to or greater than 19% lower than abdominal region **10**. Waist whittler region **18** has a modulus @30% in the width direction around the body that is equal to or greater than 46% lower than abdominal region **10**. Waist transition region **22** has a modulus @30% in the width direction around the body that is equal to or greater than 32% lower than abdominal region **10**. Super waist whittler region **8** has a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body that is equal to or greater than 21% less than abdominal region **10** and the width direction around the body that is equal to or greater than 4.7% more than abdominal region **10**. Buttocks region **13** has a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body that is equal to or greater than 52% less than abdominal region **10** and the width direction around the body that is equal to or greater than 100% less than abdominal region **10**. First abdominal border region **24** and second abdominal border region **26** have a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body that is equal to or greater than 33% less than abdominal region **10**.

TABLE-US-00001 TABLE 2 FIGS. 2 and 3 - HIGH WAIST BRIEF % higher % higher % lower (–) % lower (–) than than or % higher or % higher Buttocks Buttocks (+) than (+) than region 13 region 13 Abdominal Abdominal L ON W ON 45° 15° for L ON for W ON region 10 for region 10 for BODY - BODY - ANGLE - ANGLE - BODY - BODY - L ON BODY - W ON BODY - modulus modulus modulus modulus modulus modulus modulus modulus REGION @ 30% @ 30%





regions present as discussed for liner **100**, namely, buttocks region **13**, super waist whittler region **8**, top buttocks surrounding region **15**, side buttocks surrounding region **17** and bottom buttocks surrounding region **12**. Rear portion **224** also provides partial functionality of regions that are partially present, namely, waist whittler region **18**, first side hip region **27** and second side hip region **29**, and waist transition region **22**. The portion of first side hip region **27** and second side hip region **29** in rear portion **224** stretches over a portion of hip area **30** offering reshaping and support to minimize or flatten this area. The portions of waist whittler regions **18** in rear portion **224** stretch over portions of the wearers body **5000** above hip area **30** around the waistline of the wearer's body **5000** to offer reshaping, control and support. In this embodiment as well, the portions of waist whittler region **18** increase the ability to flatter, re-sculpt, streamline, reshape and smooth a wearer's body because it minimizes, reshapes and re-sculpts for more desirable torso curves. Waist transition region **22** and the portions of waist whittler region **18** increase the ability to flatter, re-sculpt, streamline, reshape and smooth a wearer's body because they minimize reshape and re-sculpt for more desirable torso curves. Accordingly, waist transition region **22** extends up to high waist of the wearer to eliminate or minimize a bulge referred to as a "muffin top" where it covers the wearer's body **5000** and smooths out lumps and bumps all the way up in to a high waist. Waist transition region **22** connects and unifies the multiple power constructions of the remaining regions below axis B in FIG. 1, while smoothing curves of a wearer's body and providing overall comfort.

[0109] As shown in Table 4 below for the rear of high waist brief **202**, buttocks region **13** has the lowest modulus @30% in the length direction on the body and width direction around the body of those regions that were measured. In particular, side buttocks surrounding region **17** has a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body that is equal to or greater than 244% more than buttocks region **13**. First side hip region **27** and second side hip region **29** have a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body that is equal to or greater than 290% more than buttocks region **13** and a modulus @30% in the width direction around the body that is equal to or greater than 62% more than buttocks region **13**. Waist whittler region **18** has a modulus @30% in the width direction around the body that is equal to or greater than 7.5% more than buttocks region **13**. Waist transition region **22** has a modulus @30% in the width direction around the body that is equal to or greater than 36% more than buttocks region **13**. Super waist whittler region **8** has a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body that is equal to or greater than 63% more than buttocks region **13** and the width direction around the body that is equal to or greater than 109% more than buttocks region **13**.

TABLE-US-00003 TABLE 4 FIG. 3 - HIGH WAIST BRIEF REAR % lower % lower than than Buttocks Buttocks region 13 region 13 L ON W ON 45° for L ON for W ON BODY- BODY- ANGLE- BODY - BODY - modulus modulus modulus modulus modulus REGION @ 30% @ 30% @ 30% @ 30% @ 30% Buttocks region 13 0.41 0.53 Bottom Buttocks 1.69 surrounding region 12 Side Buttocks surrounding 1.41 244% region 17 First Side Hip region 27, 1.6 0.86 290% 62% Second Side Hip region 29 Waist Whittler 18 0.57 Top Buttocks surrounding 0.38 7.5% region 15 Waist Transition region 22 0.72 36% Super Waist Whittler 8 0.67 1.11 63% 109%

[0110] Referring to FIGS. 6 and 7, an alternative embodiment of liner **100** referred to as liner **600** is shown in an assembled configuration connected to an outer shell **602** to form a brief **601** shown on a wearer's body. Brief **601** can be considered a basic or mid-waist brief. Brief **601** is shown in FIGS. 6 and 7 as inside-out relative to FIG. 8 to show the interior of liner **600**. Liner **600** is the same as liner **100**, except that liner **600** does not have waist transition region **22** and also covers less of abdomen portion area **60** so that only a middle abdomen and lower abdomen portions are covered. Likewise, outer layer **602** of brief **601** also covers less of abdomen portion area **60**. Liner **600** has a top edge **604** above abdominal region **10**, first abdominal border region **24** and second abdominal border region **26**, waist whittler region **18** and top buttocks surrounding region **15**, and super waist whittler region **8**. Top edge **604** connects to outer shell **602** by a seam.

[0111] In particular, as shown in Table 5a for brief **601** that is a mid-waist brief, side buttocks

surrounding region **17** has a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body that is equal to or greater than 244% more than buttocks region **13**. First side hip region **27** and second side hip region **29** have a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body that is equal to or greater than 290% more than buttocks region **13** and a modulus @30% in the width direction around the body that is equal to or greater than 62% more than buttocks region **13**. Waist whittler region **18** has a modulus @30% in the width direction around the body that is equal to or greater than 7.5% more than buttocks region **13**. Super waist whittler region **8** has a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body that is equal to or greater than 63% more than buttocks region **13** and the width direction around the body that is equal to or greater than 109% more than buttocks region **13**. Abdominal region **10** has a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body that is equal to or greater than 108% more than buttocks region **13** and the width direction around the body that is equal to or greater than 100% more than buttocks region **13**. First abdominal border region **24** and second abdominal border region **26** have a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body that is equal to or greater than 39% more than buttocks region **13**.

[0112] Further, side buttocks surrounding region **17** has a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body that is greater than 65% more than abdominal region **10**. First side hip region **27** and second side hip region **29** have a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body that is equal to or greater than 87% more than abdominal region **10** and a modulus @30% in the width direction around the body that is equal to or greater than 19% lower than abdominal region **10**. Waist whittler region **18** has a modulus @30% in the width direction around the body that is equal to or greater than 46% lower than abdominal region **10**. Super waist whittler region **8** has a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body that is equal to or greater than 21% less than abdominal region **10** and the width direction around the body that is equal to or greater than 4.7% more than abdominal region **10**. Buttocks region **13** has a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body that is equal to or greater than 52% less than abdominal region **10** and the width direction around the body that is equal to or greater than 100% less than abdominal region **10**. First abdominal border region **24** and second abdominal border region **26** have a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body that is equal to or greater than 33% less than abdominal region **10**.

TABLE-US-00004 TABLE 5a FIGS. 6 and 7 - MID-WAIST BRIEF % higher % higher % lower (-) % lower (-) than than or % higher or % higher Buttocks Buttocks (+) than (+) than region 13 region 13 Abdominal Abdominal L ON W ON 45° 15° for L ON for W ON region 10 for region 10 for BODY - BODY - ANGLE - ANGLE - BODY - BODY - L ON BODY - W ON BODY - modulus modulus modulus modulus modulus modulus modulus modulus modulus REGION @ 30% @ 30% @ 30% @ 30% @ 30% @ 30% @ 30% @ 30% Buttocks 0.41 0.53 -52% -100% region 13 Bottom 1.69 Buttocks surrounding region 12 Side 1.41 244% +65% Buttocks surrounding region 17 First Side 1.6 0.86 290% 62% +87% -19% Hip region 27, Second Side Hip region 29 Waist 0.57 7.5% -46% Whittler 18 Top 0.38 0.72 Buttocks surrounding region 15 Super 0.67 1.11 63% 109% -21% +4.7% Waist Whittler 8 Abdominal 0.855 1.06 108% 100% region 10 First 0.57 39% -33% Abdominal border region 24, Second Abdominal border region 26

[0113] As a modification of this embodiment, brief **601** only has a front portion **622** of liner **600**. In this modification of liner **600**, front portion **622** is connected to outer shell **602** by two side seams on opposite sides **626**, **628** of front portion **622**. Further, rear portion **624** of liner **600** shown in FIG. 7 is not included in this modification of liner **600**. As shown in Table 5b below for brief **601** that is the mid-waist brief, abdominal region **10** has a modulus @30% in the width direction around the body that is equal to or greater than 19% higher than first side hip region **27** and second side hip region **29** and equal to or greater than 46% higher than waist whittler region **18**.

TABLE-US-00005 TABLE 5b FIG. 6 - MID-WAIST BRIEF FRONT % lower than Abdominal W ON region 10 for BODY- W ON BODY - modulus modulus REGION @ 30% @ 30% Abdominal region 10 1.06 First Abdominal border region 24, Second Abdominal border region 26 First Side Hip region 27, 0.86 19% Second Side Hip region 29 Waist Whittler region 18 0.57 46%

[0114] In this modification of liner **600**, front portion **622** provides the functionality of the regions, as discussed for liner **100**, namely, abdominal region **10**, first abdominal border region **24** and second abdominal border region **26**. Front portion **622** also provides partial functionality of regions that are partially present, namely, waist whittler region **18**, first side hip region **27** and second side hip region **29**. A portion of first side hip region **27** and second side hip region **29** that are in front portion **622** stretch over portions of hip areas **30** offering reshaping and support to minimize or flatten this area. A portion of waist whittler region **18** in front portion **622** stretches over a portion of the wearers body **5000** above hip area **30** around the waistline of the wearer's body **5000** to offer reshaping, control and support. Along with abdominal region **10**, first abdominal border region **24** and second abdominal border region **26**, the portion of waist whittler region **18** increases the ability to flatter, re-sculpt, streamline, reshape and smooth a wearer's body because they minimize, reshape and re-sculpt for more desirable torso curves.

[0115] In yet another modification or embodiment, brief **601** has only rear portion **624** of liner **600**. In this modification of liner **600**, rear portion **624** is connected to outer shell **602** by two side seams **630**, **632** on opposite sides **626**, **628** (as shown in FIG. **6**) of rear portion **624**. Front portion **622** of liner **600** shown in FIG. **6** is not included in this modification of liner **600**. In this modification, rear portion **624** has the same functionality of its regions as discussed for liner **100**, namely, buttocks region **13**, super waist whittler region **8**, top buttocks surrounding region **15**, side buttocks surrounding region **17** and bottom buttocks surrounding region **12**. However, the other regions are altered in that rear portion **624** provides partial functionality of regions since they are partially present, namely, waist whittler region **18**, first side hip region **27** and second side hip region **29**. Also, only the portion of first side hip region **27** and second side hip region **29** that are in rear portion **624** stretch over portions of hip areas **30** offering reshaping and support to minimize or flatten this area. Further, only a portion of waist whittler region **18** in rear portion **624** stretches over a portion of the wearers body **5000** above hip area **30** around the waistline of the wearer's body **5000** to offer reshaping, control and support. The portion of waist whittler region **18** increases the ability to flatter, re-sculpt, streamline, reshape and smooth a wearer's body because it minimizes, reshapes and re-sculpts for more desirable torso curves. As shown in Table 6 below, buttocks region **13** has the lowest modulus @30% in the length direction on the body and width direction around the body of those regions that were measured. In particular, side buttocks surrounding region **17** has a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body that is equal to or greater than 244% more than buttocks region **13**. First side hip region **27** and second side hip region **29** have a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body that is equal to or greater than 290% more than buttocks region **13** and a modulus @30% in the width direction around the body that is equal to or greater than 62% more than buttocks region **13**. Waist whittler region **18** has a modulus @30% in the width direction around the body that is equal to or greater than 7.5% more than buttocks region **13**.

TABLE-US-00006 TABLE 6 FIG. 7 - MID-WAIST BRIEF REAR % lower % lower than than Buttocks Buttocks region 13 region 13 L ON W ON 45° for L ON for W ON BODY- BODY- ANGLE- BODY - BODY - modulus modulus modulus modulus modulus REGION @ 30% @ 30% @ 30% @ 30% @ 30% Buttocks region 13 0.41 0.53 Side Buttocks surrounding 1.41 244% region 17 Bottom Buttocks 1.69 surrounding region 12 First Side Hip region 27, 1.6 0.86 290% 62% Second Side Hip region 29 Waist Whittler 18 0.57 7.5% Top Buttocks surrounding 0.38 region 15

[0116] Referring to FIG. **8**, outer shell **602** covers interior liner **600** shown in FIGS. **6** and **7** when on the body of wearer **5000**.

[0117] Referring to FIGS. **1**, **6** and **21-23**, brief **601** can be modified to be a reversible garment. Liner **600** and outer shell **602** are connected so that when outer shell **602** is exterior to the wearer's body, outer shell **602** covers liner **600** and when liner **600** is exterior to the wearer's body, liner **600** covers outer shell **602**. To construct the reversible garment, crotch piece **135** is joined to liner **600**

by front horizontal seam **134** and rear horizontal seam **136**, both shown in FIG. **1**, with flatlock stitching. Vertical center back seam **132** of liner **600** joins together first side edge portion **112** and second side edge portion **114**, both shown in FIG. **1**, two (2) inches down from a waist seam **2102** and 2 inches up from rear horizontal seam **136**, shown in FIG. **1**. A clean finish seam is formed in top edge **604**, shown in FIG. **6**, with rubber in the clean finish seam and with right sides of liner **600** and outer shell **602** together. Legs **2104**, **2106** that include first leg hole portion **123** and second leg hole portion **125**, respectively, of liner **600** and corresponding leg hole portions of outer shell **602** are clean finished with rubber with right sides of liner **600** and outer shell **602** together. A fold line is formed at the location of axis A shown in FIG. **1** in liner **600** so that first side edge portion **112** overlaps second side edge portion **114** with right sides together and placed down on a sewing machine. Outer shell **602** is similarly sized and shaped as liner **600**. Outer shell **602** is similarly folded as liner **600** so that a first side edge portion **112** overlaps a second side edge portion **114** right sides together. Outer shell **602** that has been folded is placed down on liner **600** that has been folded so that four ply of fabric are on top of one another. The four plies of fabric are sewn forming a center back seam that also forms single vertical center back seam **132** of liner **600**, first bottom side edge portion **122** and second bottom side edge portion **124** are joined to rear horizontal seam **136** leaving a 2 inch opening to turn. The reversible garment is turned through the 2 inch opening and a single needle stitch closes the 2 inch opening.

[0118] High waist brief **202** can be constructed as a reversible garment similar to brief **601**.

[0119] Referring to the embodiments in FIGS. **9-11**, liner **100** is connected to a bra portion **900** by a seam. Liner **100** when connected to bra portion **900** can form an undergarment, swim suit, top, dress, or other garment having a bra portion. Liner **100** when connected to bra portion **900** can have a continuous or spliced outer shell layer **700** that covers both liner **100** and bra portion **900**. Liner **100** when connected to bra portion **900** has outer shell layer **700** that covers the entirety of liner **100** and bra portion **900** if inverted from FIG. **9**. Bra portion **900** covers a breast area **80**, a back area **70**, shown in FIG. **10**, side areas **72**, **74**, and shoulder areas **76**, **78** of the body of wearer **5000**. As shown, bra portion **900** has shoulder straps **902**, **904** that supports bra portion **900** on shoulder areas **76**, **78** of the body of wearer **5000**. Bra portion **900** has a breast portion **906** with cups **908**, **910**, or other breast support, that support breasts of the body of wearer **5000**. Bra portion **900** has side portions **912**, **914** also shown in FIG. **11** and back portion **916** that supports bra portion **900** on the body of wearer **5000**. If liner **100** is connected to a bra top or bust support, waist transition region **22** provides a transition to the bra top or bust support. Alternatively, for liner **100** connected to bra portion **900** has continuous or spliced outer shell layer **700** that can have only front portion **222** or rear portion **224** of liner **100**. Liner **100** when connected to bra portion **900** can be any strap silhouette including but not limited to: built ups, halter, bandeau, cross back binding, multiple binding straps, elastic, and the like.

[0120] Referring to FIG. **12A**, an alternative embodiment of liner **100** is referred to as liner **1200**. Liner **1200** is the same as liner **100**, except liner **1200** forms a bottom edge **1201**, and does not have a portion of liner **100** from leg holes **141**, **143** to crotch piece **135**, as shown in FIGS. **2** and **3**. The portion of liner **100** that is included in liner **1200** is shown by line **1209** in FIG. **12B**. Bottom edge **1201** can have a band **1203** or be a hem or attach to a bottom of a shell. Band **1203** can be elastic and can have a layer of silicone or similar adhesive type material or application that will face the body to help maintain the position of bottom edge **1201** on the body.

[0121] Liner **1200** is connected to a bra portion **1202**. Liner **1200** with connected bra portion **1202** can form an undergarment, swimsuit tankini top, tank top tunic or other top, or a dress. Liner **1200** with connected bra portion **1202** can have a continuous or spliced outer shell layer **1204** that covers both liner **1200** and bra portion **1202**. Liner **1200** with connected bra portion **1202** of FIGS. **12-14** has outer shell **1204** that covers the entirety of liner **1200** and bra portion **1202** as shown in FIG. **15**. Liner **1200** is connected to bra portion **1202** at waist transition region **22** by a seam **1207** shown in FIGS. **13** and **14**. As shown in FIG. **12A**, bottom edge **1201** can be attached to outer shell **1204**,

e.g., by a seam. Alternatively, bottom edge **1201** can be free and not connected to outer shell **1204**. [0122] Referring again to FIG. **12A**, bra portion **1202** covers a breast area **80**, a back area **70** (shown in FIG. **14**), side areas **72**, **74**, and shoulder areas **76**, **78** of the body of wearer **5000**. Bra portion **1202** has shoulder straps **1206**, **1208** that supports bra portion **1202** on shoulder areas **76**, **78** of the body of wearer **5000**. Bra portion **1202** has a breast portion **1210** with cups **1212**, **1214**, or other breast support, that support breasts of the body of wearer **5000**. Bra portion **1202** has side portions **1216**, **1218** and back portion **1220** (shown in FIG. **14**) that supports bra portion **1202** on the body of wearer **5000**. Bra portion **1202** has a band **1205** that extends from breast portion **1210** to overlap a portion of waist transition region **22**. Band **1205** is connected to breast portion **1210** by a seam. Band **1205** terminates or finishes on opposite sides or at imaginary side seams at back portion **1220**. Liner **1200** is connected to bra portion **1202** at waist transition region **22** by seam **1207**, shown in FIGS. **13** and **14**, that is covered by band **1205** in front of the garment. Vertical center back seam **132** of liner **1200** can be made continuous with a back seam **1221**, and can be active merrow stitching for instance, shown in FIG. **14**, in back portion **1220** of bra portion **1202**. As alternative sewing detail band **1205** can also be continuous around bottom breast portion **1210** and bottom back portion **1220** at seam **1207** attaching liner **1200** at waist transition region **22**. [0123] Liner **1200** provides the same functionality of the region present, namely, waist whittler **18**, super waist whittler **8** and waist transition region **22**, as described above for that region in the discussion of liner **100**.

[0124] In comparison to liner **100**, liner **1200** also provides full functionality of all regions fully present and provides slightly lessened functionality of other portions of regions partially present. Functioning regions that are present, namely abdominal region **10**, waist transition region **22**, first abdominal boarder region **24** and second abdominal boarder region **26**, first side hip region **27** and second side hip region **29**, and top buttocks surrounding region **15**. There is slightly lessened functionality of other regions partially present, such as buttocks region **13** (FIGS. **13** & **14**) and side buttocks surrounding region **17**, now function to extend first side hip region **27** and second side hip region **29**. Further, the portion of abdominal region **10** that is included in liner **1200** stretches over a portion of abdomen area **60** of the wearer's body **5000** to offer shaping and support. That portion of abdominal region **10**, and the portions of first abdominal border region **24** and second abdominal border region **26** included in liner **1200**, increase the flattering of a wearer's body because they minimize, re-sculpt, streamline, reshape and smooth for more desirable torso curves. The portions of first abdominal border region **24** and second abdominal border region **26** separates the portion of abdominal region **10** from portions of first side hip region **27** and second side hip region **29** included in liner **1200** for comfort while the wearer **5000** is wearing liner **1200** as well as when the wearer **5000** takes liner **1200** on and off. The portions of first side hip region **27** and second side hip region **29** included in liner **1200** stretch over hip area **30** offering reshaping and support. The portions of first side hip region **27** and second side hip region **29** shape hip area **30** to minimize or flatten this area. The portions of first side hip region **27** and second side hip region **29** can be free of seams and create the ability to sculpt and shape the wearer's body and eliminates the side seam thickness, bulge and visibility. The complete portion of waist whittler region **18** included in liner **1200** stretches over an area above hip area **30** around the waistline of the wearer's body **5000** to offer reshaping, control and support. Along with the portion of abdominal region **10**, the portions of first abdominal border region **24** and second abdominal border region **26**, the portion of waist whittler region **18** flatters because they minimize, re-sculpt, streamline, reshape and smooth the natural and for more desirable torso curves.

[0125] Although the butt lift cannot be activated on the body due to the absence of bottom buttocks surrounding region **12**, a portion of side buttocks surrounding region **17** and buttocks region **13** in liner **1200**, the portion of buttocks region **13** in liner **1200** provides ventilation and aeration to the body of the wearer **5000** for cooling comfort and reducing sweat. Top buttocks surrounding region **15** helps to extend and enhance both the "action" of waist whittler region **18** and super waist

whittler region **8**. In addition, the portion of side buttocks surrounding region **17** in liner **1200** smooths and reshapes the portions of the body of the wearer **5000** that are covered by portion of side buttocks surrounding region **17**, for example, in combination with first side hip region **27** and second side hip region **29**, the side hips or body protrusions of the wearer are reshaped and smoothed to reduce an appearance of bumps referred to as “love handles”. As shown in Table 7 below for liner **1200** that can be a tankini, abdominal region **10** and super waist whittler region **8** have the highest modulus in the width direction around the body to offer shaping and support. Moreover, abdominal region **10** has a modulus in the length direction on the body that is higher than some of the other regions to offer further shaping and support.

[0126] In particular in this embodiment, side buttocks surrounding region **17** has a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body that is equal to or greater than 244% more than buttocks region **13**. First side hip region **27** and second side hip region **29** have a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body that is equal to or greater than 290% more than buttocks region **13** and a modulus @30% in the width direction around the body that is equal to or greater than 62% more than buttocks region **13**. Waist whittler region **18** has a modulus @30% in the width direction around the body that is equal to or greater than 7.5% more than buttocks region **13**. Waist transition region **22** has a modulus @30% in the width direction around the body that is equal to or greater than 36% more than buttocks region **13**. Super waist whittler region **8** has a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body that is equal to or greater than 63% more than buttocks region **13** and the width direction around the body that is equal to or greater than 109% more than buttocks region **13**. Abdominal region **10** has a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body that is equal to or greater than 108% more than buttocks region **13** and the width direction around the body that is equal to or greater than 100% more than buttocks region **13**. First abdominal border region **24** and second abdominal border region **26** have a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body that is equal to or greater than 39% more than buttocks region **13**.

[0127] In addition, side buttocks surrounding region **17** has a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body that is greater than 65% more than abdominal region **10**. First side hip region **27** and second side hip region **29** have a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body that is equal to or greater than 87% more than abdominal region **10** and a modulus @30% in the width direction around the body that is equal to or greater than 19% lower than abdominal region **10**. Waist whittler region **18** has a modulus @30% in the width direction around the body that is equal to or greater than 46% lower than abdominal region **10**. Waist transition region **22** has a modulus @30% in the width direction around the body that is equal to or greater than 32% lower than abdominal region **10**. Super waist whittler region **8** has a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body that is equal to or greater than 21% less than abdominal region **10** and the width direction around the body that is equal to or greater than 4.7% more than abdominal region **10**. Buttocks region **13** has a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body that is equal to or greater than 52% less than abdominal region **10** and the width direction around the body that is equal to or greater than 100% less than abdominal region **10**. First abdominal border region **24** and second abdominal border region **26** have a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body that is equal to or greater than 33% less than abdominal region **10**.

TABLE-US-00007 TABLE 7 FIG. 12A - TANKINI % lower % lower % lower (-) % lower (-) than than or % higher or % higher Buttocks Buttocks (+) than (+) than region 13 region 13 Abdominal Abdominal L ON W ON 45° for L ON for W ON region 10 for region 10 for BODY- BODY- ANGLE- BODY - BODY - L ON BODY - W ON BODY - modulus modulus modulus modulus modulus modulus modulus REGION @ 30% @ 30% @ 30% @ 30% @ 30% @ 30% @ 30% @ 30% Abdominal region 10 0.85 1.06 108% 100% First Abdominal border 0.57 39% -33% region 24, Second Abdominal border region 26 First Side Hip region 27, 1.6 0.86 290% 62% +87% -19% Second Side Hip region 29 Waist Transition region 22 0.72 36% -32% Waist Whittler 18 0.57 7.5% -46% Super Waist Whittler 8 0.67 1.11 63% 109% -21% +4.7% Top Buttocks

surrounding 0.38 region 15 Buttocks region 13 0.41 0.53 -52% -100% Side buttocks surrounding 1.41 244% +65% region 17

[0128] Referring to FIG. 16, alternatively, liner 1200 could form a front portion 1222 that is separate from a rear portion 1224. Front portion 1222 and rear portion 1224 can be connected to each other by two side seams 1226 each on sides 1228, 1230 as shown in FIG. 12A.

[0129] Another alternative, modification or embodiment to liner 1200 has a swim top that is only front portion 1222 of liner 1200. In this modification of liner 1200, front portion 1222 is connected to outer shell 1204 by two side seams 1226 on opposite sides 1228, 1230, shown in FIG. 12A, of front portion 1222. A rear portion 1224 of liner 1200 shown in FIG. 16 is not included in this modification of liner 1200, but a different rear portion of another lining fabric could or could not be optional.

[0130] In this modification of liner 1200, front portion 1222 provides the functionality of regions discussed for the above embodiment of liner 1200, that are present in this modification, namely, abdominal region 10, first abdominal border region 24 and second abdominal border region 26, waist whittler region 18, first side hip region 27 and second side hip region 29, and waist transition region 22. The portions of first side hip region 27 and second side hip region 29 in front portion 1222 stretch over a portion of hip area 30 offering shaping and support to minimize or flatten this area. The portion of waist whittler region 18 in front portion 1222 stretches over a portion of the wearers body 5000 above hip area 30 around the waistline of the wearer's body 5000 to offer reshaping, control and support. Along with the portion of abdominal region 10, the portions of first abdominal border region 24 and second abdominal border region 26, the portion of waist whittler region 18 flatter, a wearer's body because they minimize, re-sculpt, streamline, reshape and smooth for more desirable torso curves. The portion of waist transition region 22 in front portion 1222, along with the portion of abdominal region 10, the portions of first abdominal border region 24 and second abdominal border region 26 and the portion of waist whittler region 18, increase the ability to flatter because they minimize, re-sculpt, streamline, reshape and smooth for more desirable torso curves. Accordingly, these same portions of regions, extending up to an underbust 66 of the wearer eliminates or minimizes a bulge referred to as a "muffin top" where it covers the wearer 5000 and smooths out lumps and bumps all the way up in to a high waist. The portion of waist transition region 22 minimizes visibility of different power constructions of the regions present while smoothing any seams and curves of a wearer's body and providing overall comfort.

[0131] As shown in Table 8 below for liner 1200 that can be a tankini, abdominal region 10 and super waist whittler region 8 have the highest modulus in the width direction around the body to offer shaping and support. In particular, first side hip region 27 and second side hip region 29 have a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body that is equal to or greater than 87% more than abdominal region 10 and a modulus @30% in the width direction around the body that is equal to or greater than 19% lower than abdominal region 10. Waist whittler region 18 has a modulus @30% in the width direction around the body that is equal to or greater than 46% lower than abdominal region 10. Waist transition region 22 has a modulus @30% in the width direction around the body that is equal to or greater than 32% lower than abdominal region 10. First abdominal border region 24 and second abdominal border region 26 have a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body that is equal to or greater than 33% less than abdominal region 10.

TABLE-US-00008 TABLE 8 FIG. 12A - TANKINI FRONT - 180° % lower (-) or % higher (+) than L ON W ON Abdominal Abdominal BODY- BODY- region 10 for L region 10 for W modulus modulus ON BODY - ON BODY - REGION @ 30% @ 30% modulus @ 30% modulus @ 30% Abdominal region 0.85 1.06 10 First Abdominal 0.57 -33% border region 24, Second Abdominal border region 26 First Side Hip 1.6 0.86 +87% -19% region 27, Second Side Hip region 29 Waist Transition 0.72 -32% region 22 Waist Whittler 18 0.57 -46%

[0132] Still another alternative modification, or embodiment that the swim tankini top is using only rear portion 1224 of liner 1200. In this modification of liner 1200, rear portion 1224 is connected to

outer shell **1204** by two side seams **1226** on opposite sides **1228, 1230**. Front portion **1222** of liner **1200** shown in FIG. **16** is not included in this modification of liner **1200**, but a different front portion of another lining fabric could or could not be optional.

[0133] In this modification of liner **1200**, rear portion **1224** provides the functionality of regions that are present, namely, the portion of side buttocks surrounding region **17**, top buttocks surrounding region **15**, buttocks region **13**, waist whittler region **18**, super waist whittler **8**, first side hip region **27** and second side hip region **29**, and waist transition region **22**. The portion of side buttocks surrounding region **17**, top buttocks surrounding region **15** and buttocks region **13** provide the functionality as discussed above for liner **1200**. The portions of first side hip region **27** and second side hip region **29** in rear portion **1224** stretch over a portion of hip area **30** to offer reshaping and support to minimize or flatten this area. The portions of waist whittler region **18** in rear portion **1224** stretch over portions of the wearers body **5000** above hip area **30** around the waistline of the wearer's body **5000** to also offer reshaping, control and support. The portion of waist transition region **22** in rear portion **1224**, along with the portion of waist whittler regions **18**, shapes and sculpts the natural and desired torso curves. Accordingly, the portion of waist transition region **22** in rear portion **1224** extends up to the high waist of the wearer to eliminate or minimize the bulge referred to as a “muffin top” where it covers the wearer's body **5000** and smooths out lumps and bumps to a high waist. The portion of waist transition region **22** minimizes visibility of different power constructions of the regions present while smoothing any seams and curves of a wearer's body and providing overall comfort.

[0134] As shown in Table 9 below for liner **1200** that can be a tankini, buttocks region **13** has the lowest modulus @30% in the length direction on the body and width direction around the body of those regions that were measured. In particular, side buttocks surrounding region **17** has a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body that is equal to or greater than 244% more than buttocks region **13**. First side hip region **27** and second side hip region **29** have a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body that is equal to or greater than 290% more than buttocks region **13** and a modulus @30% in the width direction around the body that is equal to or greater than 62% more than buttocks region **13**. Waist whittler region **18** has a modulus @30% in the width direction around the body that is equal to or greater than 7.5% more than buttocks region **13**. Waist transition region **22** has a modulus @30% in the width direction around the body that is equal to or greater than 36% more than buttocks region **13**. Super waist whittler region **8** has a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body that is equal to or greater than 63% more than buttocks region **13** and the width direction around the body that is equal to or greater than 109% more than buttocks region **13**.

TABLE-US-00009 TABLE 9 FIG. 14 - TANKINI REAR % lower % lower than than Buttocks Buttocks region 13 region 13 L ON W ON 45° for L ON for W ON BODY- BODY- ANGLE- BODY - BODY - modulus modulus modulus modulus modulus REGION @ 30% @ 30% @ 30% @ 30% @ 30% Waist Transition region 0.72 36% 22 Super Waist Whittler 8 0.67 1.11 63% 109% Waist Whittler 18 0.57 7.5% Top Buttocks 0.38 surrounding region 15 Buttocks region 13 0.41 0.53 Side buttocks 1.41 244% surrounding region 17 First Side Hip region 27, 1.6 0.86 290% 62% Second Side Hip region 29

[0135] Referring to FIG. **24**, a fourth embodiment of liner **100** is shown and is generally referred to liner **2400**. Liner **2400** is shown in an assembled configuration connected to an outer shell **2402** forming a low waist brief **2404**, and low waist brief **2404** is inside-out on a wearer's body to show the interior thereof. Low waist brief **2404** can be considered a bikini. Liner **2400** is the same as liner **100** except liner **2400** omits waist transition region **22**, waist whittier region **18**, super waist whittier region **8**, and portions of buttocks region **13**, abdominal region **10**, first abdominal border region **24** and second abdominal border region **26**, top buttocks surrounding region **15**, side buttocks surrounding region **17**, first side hip region **27** and second side hip region **29**.

[0136] Outer shell **2402** is similar to outer shell **200** and outer shell **2402** is connected to liner **2400**



in a similar way that outer shell **200** is connected to liner **100** forming center back seam **2405** (FIG. **28**) that is similar to center back seam **2002**. Outer shell **2402** is connected to a waistband **2406**. Waistband **2406** is made of a single ply of fabric that is folded to form a fold **2408** and two plies of fabric **2410**, **2412** (FIGS. **27-28**) that are connected at seam **2414** and seam **2416** (FIG. **28**). The material of waistband **2406** provides support of the abdomen of wearer's body **5000** to reshape wearer's body **5000**.

[0137] Abdominal region **10**, first abdominal border region **24** and second abdominal border region **26**, buttocks region **13**, bottom buttocks surrounding region **12**, side buttocks surrounding region **17**, top buttocks surrounding region **15**, first side hip region **27** and second side hip region **29** of liner **2400** provide the same functionality as liner **100**; however, the functionality is slightly lessened because they are partially present. Low waist brief **2404** can be worn with a swim top having liner **1200** of FIG. **12A**. Liner **2400** together with liner **1200** provide substantially all of the functionality of liner **100**. As shown in Table 10 below for liner **2400** that can be for a bikini, buttocks region **13** has the lowest modulus @30% in the length direction on the body and width direction around the body of those regions that were measured. In particular, side buttocks surrounding region **17** has a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body that is equal to or greater than 244% more than buttocks region **13**. First side hip region **27** and second side hip region **29** have a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body that is equal to or greater than 290% more than buttocks region **13** and a modulus @30% in the width direction around the body that is equal to or greater than 62% more than buttocks region **13**. Abdominal region **10** has a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body that is equal to or greater than 108% more than buttocks region **13** and the width direction around the body that is equal to or greater than 100% more than buttocks region **13**. First abdominal border region **24** and second abdominal border region **26** have a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body that is equal to or greater than 39% more than buttocks region **13**.

[0138] In addition, side buttocks surrounding region **17** has a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body that is greater than 65% more than abdominal region **10**. First side hip region **27** and second side hip region **29** have a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body that is equal to or greater than 87% more than abdominal region **10** and a modulus @30% in the width direction around the body that is equal to or greater than 19% lower than abdominal region **10**. Buttocks region **13** has a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body that is equal to or greater than 52% less than abdominal region **10** and the width direction around the body that is equal to or greater than 100% less than abdominal region **10**. First abdominal border region **24** and second abdominal border region **26** have a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body that is equal to or greater than 33% less than abdominal region **10**.

TABLE-US-00010 TABLE 10 FIG. 26 - BIKINI BRIEF % lower % lower % lower (–) % lower (–) than than or % higher or % higher Buttocks Buttocks (+) than (+) than region 13 region 13 Abdominal Abdominal L ON W ON 45° for L ON for W ON region 10 for region 10 for BODY- BODY- ANGLE- BODY - BODY - L ON BODY - W ON BODY - modulus modulus modulus modulus modulus modulus modulus modulus modulus REGION @ 30% @ 30% @ 30% @ 30% @ 30% @ 30% @ 30% @ 30% Buttocks region 0.41 0.53 –52% –100% 13 Top Buttocks 0.38 surrounding region 15 Side Buttocks 1.41 244% +65% surrounding region 17 Bottom 1.69 Buttocks surrounding region 12 First Side Hip 1.6 0.86 290% 62% +87% –19% region 27, Second Side Hip region 29 Abdominal 0.855 108% 100% region 10 First abdominal 0.57 39% –33% border region 24, Second Abdominal border region 26

[0139] Alternatively, liner **2400** could form a front portion **2416**, as shown in FIG. **24**, that is separate from a rear portion **2418**, as shown in FIG. **26**. Front portion **2416** and rear portion **2418** can be connected to each other by two side seams each on sides **2422**, **2424** as shown in FIG. **24**.

[0140] Another alternative, modification or embodiment to liner has a low waist brief that is only front portion **2416** of liner **2400**. In this modification of liner **2400**, front portion **2416** is connected

to outer shell **2402** by two side seams on opposite sides **2422**, **2424**. Rear portion **2418** of liner **2400** shown in FIG. **26** is not included in this modification of liner **2400**, but a different rear portion of another lining fabric could or could not be optional.

[0141] In this modification of liner **2400**, front portion **2416** provides the functionality of regions discussed for the above embodiment of liner **2400**, that are present in this modification, namely, abdominal region **10**, first abdominal border region **24** and second abdominal border region **26**. Functionality as described for first side hip region **27** and second side hip region **29** of liner **2400** is present but lessened because less of first side hip region **27** and second side hip region **29** are present. As shown in Table 11 below for liner **2400** that can be for a bikini, abdominal region **10** has a modulus @30% in the width direction around the body that is equal to or greater than 33 percent higher than first abdominal border region **24** and second abdominal border region **26** and equal to or greater than 87 percent lower than first side hip region **27**, second side hip region **29**. TABLE-US-00011 TABLE 11 FIG. 24 - BIKINI BRIEF FRONT - 180° % lower (-) or % higher (+) than Abdominal L ON W ON 45° region 10 for BODY- BODY- ANGLE- L ON BODY - modulus modulus modulus modulus REGION @ 30% @ 30% @ 30% @ 30% Abdominal region 0.855 10 First abdominal 0.57 -33% border region 24, Second Abdominal border region 26 First Side Hip 1.6 +87% region 27, Second Side Hip region 29

[0142] Still another alternative modification, or embodiment that the low waist brief is using only rear portion **2418** of liner **2400**. In this modification of liner **2400**, rear portion **2418** is connected to outer shell **2402** by two side seams on opposite sides **2422**, **2424**. Front portion **2416** of liner **2400** shown in FIG. **24** is not included in this modification of liner **2400**, but a different front portion of another lining fabric could or could not be optional.

[0143] In this modification of liner **2400**, rear portion **2418** provides the functionality of regions that are present, namely, the portion of side buttocks surrounding region **17**, top buttocks surrounding region **15**, bottom buttocks surrounding region **12**, and buttocks region **13**. Functionality as described for first side hip region **27** and second side hip region **29** of liner **2400** is present but lessened because less of first side hip region **27** and second side hip region **29** are present. As shown in Table 12 below for liner **2400** that can be for a bikini, buttocks region **13** has the lowest modulus @30% in the length direction on the body and width direction around the body of those regions that were measured. In particular, side buttocks surrounding region **17** has a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body that is equal to or greater than 244% more than buttocks region **13**. First side hip region **27** and second side hip region **29** have a modulus @30% in the length direction on the body that is equal to or greater than 290% more than buttocks region **13** and a modulus @30% in the width direction around the body that is equal to or greater than 62% more than buttocks region **13**.

TABLE-US-00012 TABLE 12 FIG. 26 - BIKINI BRIEF REAR % lower % lower than than Buttocks Buttocks region 13 region 13 L ON W ON 45° for L ON for W ON BODY- BODY- ANGLE- BODY - BODY - modulus modulus modulus modulus modulus modulus REGION @ 30% @ 30% @ 30% @ 30% @ 30% Buttocks region 13 0.41 0.53 Top Buttocks surrounding 0.38 region 15 Side Buttocks surrounding 1.41 244% region 17 Bottom Buttocks 1.69 surrounding region 12 First Side Hip region 27, 1.6 0.86 290% 62% Second Side Hip region 29

[0144] Referring to FIG. **29**, a fifth embodiment of liner **100** is shown and is generally referred to liner **2900**. Liner **2900** is shown in an assembled configuration connected to an outer shell **2902** forming an intermediate waist brief **2904**, and intermediate waist brief **2904** is inside-out on a wearer's body to show the interior thereof. Liner **2900** is the same as liner **100** except liner **2900** omits a portion of waist transition region **22**. Table 2 herein also includes data applicable to liner **2900**.

[0145] Outer shell **2902** is similar to outer shell **200** and outer shell **2902** is connected to liner **2900** in a similar way that outer shell **200** is connected to liner **100** forming center back seam **2905** (FIG. **33**) that is similar to center back seam **2002**. Liner **2900** connected to outer shell **2902** can also be

connected to an elastic band that surrounds the top of liner at waist transition region 22. Liner 2900 connected to outer shell 2902 and the elastic band can also have a strip of material attached to top of liner 2900 with the elastic band to allow grading and fit function.

[0146] Abdominal region 10, first abdominal border region 24 and second abdominal border region 26, buttocks region 13, bottom buttocks surrounding region 12, side buttocks surrounding region 17, top buttocks surrounding region 15, first side hip region 27 and second side hip region 29, waist whittler region 18, waist transition region 22, super waist whittler region 8, and the crotch region of liner 2900 have the same functionality as liner 100. Waist transition region 22 of liner 2900 provides the same functionality as liner 100; however, the functionality is slightly lessened because waist transition region 22 is partially present.

[0147] Alternatively, liner 2900 could form a front portion 2916, as shown in FIG. 29, that is separate from a rear portion 2918, as shown in FIG. 31. Front portion 2916 and rear portion 2918 can be connected to each other by two side seams each on sides 2922, 2924 as shown in FIG. 29.

[0148] Another alternative, modification or embodiment to liner has an intermediate waist brief that is only front portion 2916 of liner 2900. In this modification of liner 2900, front portion 2916 is connected to outer shell 2902 by two side seams on opposite sides 2922, 2924. Rear portion 2918 of liner 2900 shown in FIG. 31 is not included in this modification of liner 2900, but a different rear portion of another lining fabric could or could not be optional. Table 3 herein also includes data applicable to liner 2900.

[0149] In this modification of liner 2900, front portion 2916 provides the functionality of regions discussed for the above embodiment of liner 2900, that are present in this modification, namely, abdominal region 10, first abdominal border region 24 and second abdominal border region 26. Functionality as described for waist whittler region 18, waist transition region 22, first side hip region 27 and second side hip region 29 of liner 2900 is present but lessened because less of waist whittler region 18, waist transition region 22, first side hip region 27 and second side hip region 29 are present.

[0150] Still another alternative modification, or embodiment that the intermediate waist brief 2904 is using only rear portion 2918 of liner 2900. In this modification of liner 2900, rear portion 2918 is connected to outer shell 2902 by two side seams on opposite sides 2922, 2924. Front portion 2916 of liner 2900 shown in FIG. 29 is not included in this modification of liner 2900, but a different front portion of another lining fabric could or could not be optional. Table 4 herein also includes data applicable to liner 2900.

[0151] In this modification of liner 2900, rear portion 2918 provides the functionality of regions that are present, namely, side buttocks surrounding region 17, top buttocks surrounding region 15, bottom buttocks surrounding region 12, buttocks region 13, and super waist whittler region 8. Functionality as described for first side hip region 27 and second side hip region 29, waist whittler region 18, and waist transition region 22 is present but lessened because less of first side hip region 27 and second side hip region 29, waist whittler region 18, and waist transition region 22 are present.

[0152] Waist transition region 22 can vary in width around intermediate waist brief 2904. Waist transition region 22 has a front width 2920, as shown in FIG. 29, in front portion 2916, and rear width 2922, as shown in FIG. 31, in rear portion 2918. Front width 2920 can be  $\frac{1}{4}$  inch to  $1\frac{1}{2}$  inches, in one embodiment, for size 6. Front width 2920 can be  $\frac{1}{4}$  inch to  $1\frac{3}{4}$  inches, in one embodiment, for size 8. Front width 2920 can be  $\frac{1}{2}$  inch to 2 inches, in one embodiment, for size 10. Front width 2920 can be  $\frac{3}{4}$  inch to  $2\frac{3}{8}$  inches, in one embodiment, for size 12. Front width 2920 can be  $\frac{1}{4}$  inch to  $1\frac{3}{4}$  inches, in one embodiment, for size 14. Front width 2920 can be  $\frac{1}{2}$  inch to 2 inches, in one embodiment, for size 16. Front width 2920 can be  $\frac{3}{4}$  inch to  $2\frac{3}{8}$  inches, in one embodiment, for size 18. Rear width 2922 can be  $\frac{1}{2}$  inch to 2 inches, in one embodiment, for size 6. Rear width 2922 can be  $\frac{3}{4}$  inch to  $2\frac{1}{4}$  inches, in one embodiment, for size 8. Rear width 2922 can be  $\frac{7}{8}$  inch to  $2\frac{3}{4}$  inches, in one embodiment, for size 10. Rear width 2922 can be 1 inch to

3 inches, in one embodiment, for size 12. Rear width **2922** can be  $\frac{3}{4}$  inch to  $2\frac{1}{2}$  inches, in one embodiment, for size 14. Rear width **2922** can be  $\frac{7}{8}$  inch to  $2\frac{3}{4}$  inches, in one embodiment, for size 16. Rear width **2922** can be 1 inch to 3 inches, in one embodiment, for size 18.

[0153] Liner **100, 600, 1200, 2400, 2900** allow one fabric design patterning for multiple sizes. However, there may be multiple fabric design patterning versions for different size ranges, of the same style garment.

[0154] It should also be noted that the terms “first”, “second”, “third”, “upper”, “lower”, “side”, “bottom”, “top” and the like can be used herein to modify various elements. These modifiers do not imply a spatial, sequential, or hierarchical order to the modified elements unless specifically stated.

[0155] The numerical values provided herein can have a range that is 15% plus/minus the value provided.

[0156] While the present disclosure has been described with reference to one or more exemplary embodiments, it will be understood by those skilled in the art that various changes can be made and equivalents may be substituted for elements thereof without departing from the scope of the present disclosure. In addition, many modifications can be made to adapt a particular situation or material to the teachings of the present disclosure without departing from the scope thereof. Therefore, it is intended that the present disclosure not be limited to the particular embodiment(s) disclosed as the best mode contemplated, but that the disclosure will include all embodiments falling within the scope of the appended claims.

## Claims

1. A garment comprising: a fabric body that covers at least a hip area and an abdomen area of a wearer, the fabric body having a plurality of regions, the plurality of regions including at least a first region and a second region, the first region and the second region each having a different modulus than another of the plurality of regions, the first region being an abdominal region in which it can attain a modulus of between 0.49 to 1.71 at 30 percent elongation with a 15 pound load in a width direction on a wearer, and the second region being selected from the group consisting of a first abdominal border region, a second abdominal border region, a buttocks region, a bottom buttocks surrounding region, a top buttocks surrounding region, a side buttocks surrounding region, a side hip region, a waist whittler region, a waist transition region, a super waist whittler region, and any combination thereof.
2. The garment of claim 1, wherein the garment forms or is part of an article selected from the group consisting of a panty, jeans, leggings, jeggings, legwear, hosiery, dress, pants, a skirt, a swimsuit bottom, a lingerie body suit and/or all body suits, a shapewear bottom, and any combination thereof.
3. The garment of claim 1, wherein the second region is the buttocks region.
4. The garment of claim 3, further comprising a third region that is the bottom buttocks surrounding region, the top buttocks surrounding region, and the side buttocks surrounding region.
5. The garment of claim 4, further comprising a fourth region that is the side hip region.
6. The garment of claim 5, further comprising a fifth region that is the waist whittler region.
7. The garment of claim 6, further comprising a sixth region that comprises the first abdominal border region and the second abdominal border region.
8. The garment of claim 7, further comprising a seventh region that is the waist transition region.
9. The garment of claim 8, wherein the abdominal region is between the first abdominal border region and the second abdominal border region, wherein the bottom buttocks surrounding region, the top buttocks surrounding region, and the side buttocks surrounding region surrounds the buttocks region, wherein the side hip region has a first side hip region on a side of the first abdominal border region opposite the abdominal region and a second side hip region on a side of the second abdominal border region opposite the abdominal region, wherein the waist whittler

region has a first waist whittler region above the first side hip region and above the buttocks region and a second waist whittler region above the second side hip region and above the buttocks region, and wherein the waist transition region is above the waist whittler region, the super waist whittler region, the first abdominal border region, the second abdominal border region and the abdominal region.

**10.** The garment of claim 9, wherein the buttocks region can attain a modulus of between 0.265 to 0.795 at 30 percent elongation with a 15 pound load in the width direction on the body.

**11.** The garment of claim 9, wherein the side hip region can attain a modulus of between 0.43 to 1.29 at 30 percent elongation with a 15 pound load in the width direction on the body.

**12.** The garment of claim 9, wherein the side buttocks surrounding region can attain a modulus of between 0.705 to 2.115 at 30 percent elongation with a 15 pound load in the length direction on the body.

**13.** The garment of claim 9, wherein the waist whittler region can attain a modulus of between 0.285 to 0.855 at 30 percent elongation with a 15 pound load in the width direction on the body.

**14.** The garment of claim 9, wherein the first abdominal border region and the second abdominal border region each can attain a modulus of between 0.285 to 0.855 at 30 percent elongation with a 15 pound load in a length direction on the body.

**15.** The garment of claim 9, wherein the waist transition region can attain a modulus of between 0.36 to 1.08 at 30 percent elongation with a 15 pound load in the width direction on the body.

**16.** The garment of claim 1, wherein the second region is the side hips region and further comprising the waist whittler region, the first abdominal border region and the second abdominal border region, wherein the first abdominal border region and the second abdominal border region border opposite sides of the first region, wherein the side hips region has a first side hip region on a side of the first abdominal border region opposite the first region and a second side hip region on a side of the second abdominal border region opposite the first region, and wherein the waist whittler region has a first waist region above the first side hip region and a second waist region above the second side hip region.

**17.** The garment of claim 1, wherein the body of fabric is free of side seams.

**18.** The garment of claim 1, wherein the body of fabric has side seams.

**19.** The garment of claim 1, wherein the abdominal region covers an abdominal region and a crotch portion on the body.

**20.** The garment of claim 1, wherein the garment forms or is part of a front portion of an article.

**21.** A garment comprising: a fabric body that covers at least a hip area and a buttocks area, the fabric body has a plurality of regions, the plurality of regions having at least a first region and a second region, the first region and the second region each having a different modulus than another of the plurality of regions, the first region being a buttocks region that can attain a modulus of between 0.265 to 0.795 at 30 percent elongation with a 15 pound load in a width direction on the body, and the second region being selected from the group consisting of a first abdominal border region, a second abdominal border region, an abdominal region, a bottom buttocks surrounding region, a top buttocks surrounding region, a side buttocks surrounding region, a side hip region, a waist whittler region, a waist transition region, a super waist whittler region, and any combination thereof.

**22.** The garment of claim 21, wherein the garment forms or is part of an article selected from the group consisting of a panty, jeans, leggings, jeggings, legwear, hosiery, dress, pants, a skirt, a swimsuit bottom, a lingerie body suit and/or all body suits, a shapewear bottom, or any combination thereof.

**23.** The garment of claim 21 wherein the garment forms or is part of a rear portion of a article.

**24.** A garment comprising: a fabric body that covers at least a hip area and a buttocks area, the fabric body has a plurality of regions, the plurality of regions having at least a first region and a second region, the first region and the second region each having a different modulus than another

of the plurality of regions, the first region being a side hip region that can attain a modulus of between 0.43 to 1.29 at 30 percent elongation with a 15 pound load in a width direction on the body, and the second region being selected from the group consisting of a first abdominal border region, a second abdominal border region, an abdominal region, a bottom buttocks surrounding region, a top buttocks surrounding region, a side buttocks surrounding region, a side hip region, a waist whittler region, a waist transition region, a super waist whittler region, and any combination thereof.

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