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SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : NEODOL 23-1

Product code : V2596

CAS-No. : 66455-14-9

Synonyms : Alcohols, C12-13, ethoxylated

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Manufacturer/Supplier : Shell CAPSA

Av. Roque Saenz Peña 788

Buenos Aires, 1383

Argentina

Telephone : (+54 11) 4130-2168

Telefax : (+54 11) 4130-2180

Contact for Safety Data Sheet

Emergency telephone number : Locais: (+11 15) 4970-7391 / 4970-7390 / 5062-6601 / 4973-

7368; Internacionais: (+54 911) 4970-7391 / 4970-7390 /

5062/6601 / 4973-7

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Use in detergent and intermediate manufacture

Restrictions on use : This product must not be used in applications other than the

above without first seeking the advice of the supplier.

This product must not be used in applications other than those listed in Section 1 without first seeking the advice of the suppli-

er.

Other information : NEODOL is a trademark owned by Shell Trademark Man-

agement B.V. and Shell Brands Inc. and used by affiliates of

Royal Dutch Shell plc.

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Aspiration hazard : Category 2

Short-term (acute) aquatic

hazard

: Category 1

Long-term (chronic) aquatic

hazard

: Category 2

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GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : PHYSICAL HAZARDS:

Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria.

HEALTH HAZARDS:

H305 May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements : **Prevention:**

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

Response:

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON

CENTER/ doctor.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P391 Collect spillage.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste

disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Substance

Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
Alcohols, C12-13, branched	160901-19-9	Asp. Tox.2; H305	<= 100
& linear, ethoxylated		Aquatic Acute1; H400	
		Aquatic Chronic2; H411	

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

General advice : Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal

conditions.

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If inhaled	:	No treatment necessary under normal If symptoms persist, obtain medical ad	
In case of skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush ter and follow by washing with soap if a lf persistent irritation occurs, obtain me	available.
In case of eye contact	:	Flush eye with copious quantities of ware Remove contact lenses, if present and rinsing. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain me	l easy to do. Continue
If swallowed	:	In general no treatment is necessary users swallowed, however, get medical a	
		If swallowed, do not induce vomiting: t medical facility for additional treatment spontaneously, keep head below hips	t. If vomiting occurs
		If any of the following delayed signs ar within the next 6 hours, transport to the ty: fever greater than 101° F (38.3°C), chest congestion or continued coughing	e nearest medical facili- shortness of breath,
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	:	Not considered to be an inhalation haz ditions of use. Possible respiratory irritation signs and a temporary burning sensation of the ring, and/or difficulty breathing. No specific hazards under normal use Skin irritation signs and symptoms massation, redness, or swelling. No specific hazards under normal use Eye irritation signs and symptoms massation, redness, swelling, and/or blurred No specific hazards under normal use Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting material enters lungs, signs and symptoms may coughing, choking, wheezing, difficulty congestion, shortness of breath, and/of If any of the following delayed signs are within the next 6 hours, transport to the ty: fever greater than 101° F (38.3°C), chest congestion or continued coughing.	d symptoms may include nose and throat, cough-conditions. y include a burning senced vision. conditions. ng and/or diarrhoea. ptoms may include in breathing, chest or fever. nd symptoms appear to nearest medical facilishortness of breath,
Protection of first-aiders	:	When administering first aid, ensure the appropriate personal protective equipment incident, injury and surroundings.	
Notes to physician	:	Call a doctor or poison control center f Treat symptomatically.	or guidance.
		Potential for chemical pneumonitis.	

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SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Alcohol-resistant foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical pow-

der, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires

only.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water in a jet.

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

: Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion

occurs.

Will float and can be reignited on surface water.

The vapour is heavier than air, spreads along the ground and

distant ignition is possible.

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Standard procedure for chemical fires.

Clear fire area of all non-emergency personnel. Keep adjacent containers cool by spraying with water.

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to

relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Observe all relevant local and international regulations. Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the

environment occurs or is likely to occur.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Avoid contact with spilled or released material. Immediately remove all contaminated clothing. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet. For guidance on disposal of spilled material see

Section 13 of this Safety Data Sheet. Stav upwind and keep out of low areas. Be ready for fire or possible exposure.

Environmental precautions

Prevent from spreading or entering into drains, ditches or riv-

ers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.

Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contami-

nation.

Ventilate contaminated area thoroughly.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up For large liquid spills (> 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank for recovery or safe disposal. Do not flush away residues with water. Retain as contaminated waste. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of

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safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely For small liquid spills (< 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means to a labeled, sealable container for product recovery or safe disposal. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove

contaminated soil and dispose of safely.

Additional advice : For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment

see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.

For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of

this Safety Data Sheet.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

General Precautions : Avoid breathing of or direct contact with material. Only use in

well ventilated areas. Wash thoroughly after handling. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see

Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.

Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this

material.

Ensure that all local regulations regarding handling and stor-

age facilities are followed.

Advice on safe handling : Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Do not empty into drains.

Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard

Avoidance of contact : Copper.

Copper alloys.

Strong oxidising agents.

Aluminum

Product Transfer : Keep containers closed when not in use. Do not use com-

pressed air for filling discharge or handling.

Storage

Conditions for safe storage : Refer to section 15 for any additional specific legislation cov-

ering the packaging and storage of this product.

Other data : Bulk storage tanks should be diked (bunded).

Vapours from tanks should not be released to atmosphere. Breathing losses during storage should be controlled by a

suitable vapour treatment system.

Nitrogen blanket recommended for large tanks (capacity 100

m3 or higher).

Insulation (lagging) will minimize heat loss in areas of low

ambient temperature.

Tanks should be fitted with heating coils in areas where ambient conditions can result in handling temperatures below the

freezing point/pour point of the product.

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Packaging material	 Suitable material: Stainless steel. Unsuitable material: Aluminum, C 	
Container Advice	 Containers, even those that have explosive vapours. Do not cut, dri similar operations on or near cont 	ll, grind, weld or perform
Specific use(s)	: Not applicable	
	Ensure that all local regulations reage facilities are followed.	egarding handling and stor-

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Contains no components with occupational exposure limit values.

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA) , Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Engineering measures	Where material is heated, sprayed or greater potential for airborne concentr Eye washes and showers for emerger	Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations. Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated. Eye washes and showers for emergency use.
		The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances.

General Information

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating,

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> drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or mainte-

Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are unsuitable (e.g. airborne concentrations are high, risk of oxygen deficiency, confined space) use appropriate positive pressure breathing apparatus.

Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter.

If air-filtering respirators are suitable for conditions of use: Select a filter suitable for the combination of organic gases and vapours and particles [Type A/Type P boiling point >65°C (149°F)].

Hand protection Remarks

: Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. When prolonged or frequent repeated contact occurs. Nitrile rubber gloves. Incidental contact/Splash protection: PVC or neoprene rubber gloves. For continuous contact we recommend gloves with breakthrough time of more than 240 minutes with preference for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. For short-term/splash protection we recommend the same but recognize that suitable gloves offering this level of protection may not be available and in this case a lower breakthrough time maybe acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not a good predictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Glove thickness should be typically greater than 0.35 mm depending on the glove make and model. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and

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duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moistur-

izer is recommended.

Eye protection : If material is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes,

protective eyewear is recommended.

Skin and body protection : Skin protection is not ordinarily required beyond standard

work clothes.

It is good practice to wear chemical resistant gloves.

Thermal hazards : Not applicable

Protective measures : Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recom-

mended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Environmental exposure controls

General advice : Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances

must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing

vapour.

Minimise release to the environment. An environmental assessment must be made to ensure compliance with local envi-

ronmental legislation.

Information on accidental release measures are to be found in

section 6.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : liquid

Colour : colourless

Odour : mild

Odour Threshold : Data not available

pH : 6.8

Melting / freezing point : 1 °C / 34 °F

Boiling point/boiling range : > 254.4 °C / 490.0 °F

Flash point : 148 °C / 298 °F

Evaporation rate : Data not available

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Flammability

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable

Lower explosion limit and upper explosion limit / flammability limit

Upper explosion limit : Data not available

Lower explosion limit : Data not available

Vapour pressure : < 0.1 hPa (37.8 °C / 100.0 °F)

Relative vapour density : Data not available

Relative density : ca. 0.892 (40.0 °C / 104.0 °F)

Method: ASTM D4052

Density : > 873 kg/m3 (40 °C / 104 °F)Method: ASTM D4052

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : < 5 g/l slightly soluble (20 °C / 68 °F

)

Solubility in other solvents : Data not available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: 3

Auto-ignition temperature : Data not available

Decomposition temperature : Data not available

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : 35 mPa.s (20 °C / 68 °F)

Method: ASTM D445

Viscosity, kinematic : 12 mm2/s (40 °C / 104 °F)

Method: ASTM D445

Explosive properties : Not applicable

Oxidizing properties : Data not available

Surface tension : Data not available

Conductivity: > 10,000 pS/m

A number of factors, for example liquid temperature, presence of contaminants, and anti-static additives can greatly influence the conductivity of a liquid, This material is not expected to be

a static accumulator.

Molecular weight : Data not available

Particle characteristics

Particle size : Data not available

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SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Stable at normal ambient temperature and pressure.

May oxidise in the presence of air.

Chemical stability : The product is chemically stable.

Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

: None known.

Conditions to avoid : Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

Incompatible materials : Copper.

Copper alloys.

Strong oxidising agents.

Aluminum

Hazardous decomposition

products

: None expected under normal use conditions.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment : Information given is based on product testing, and/or similar

products, and/or components.

Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual com-

ponent(s).

Information on likely routes of :

exposure

Exposure may occur via inhalation, ingestion, skin absorption,

skin or eye contact, and accidental ingestion.

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : LD 50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline

401

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met. Low toxicity

LD50 >5000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC 50 (Rat, male and female): > 1.6 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline

403

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

LC50 greater than near-saturated vapour concentration.

Low toxicity

 $LC50 > 1.0 - \le 5.0 \text{ mg/l}$

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Acute dermal toxicity : LD 50 (Rat, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

May be harmful in contact with skin. LD50 >2000 - <=5000 mg/kg

Components:

Alcohols, C12-13, branched & linear, ethoxylated:

Acute oral toxicity : LD 50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline

401

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met. Low toxicity LD50 >5000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC 50 (Rat, male and female): > 1.6 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline

403

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

LC50 greater than near-saturated vapour concentration.

Low toxicity

 $LC50 > 1.0 - \le 5.0 \text{ mg/l}$

Acute dermal toxicity : LD 50 (Rat, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

May be harmful in contact with skin. LD50 >2000 - <=5000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Species: Rabbit

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 404

Remarks: Slightly irritating. Insufficient to classify.

Components:

Alcohols, C12-13, branched & linear, ethoxylated:

Species: Rabbit

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 404

Remarks: Slightly irritating. Insufficient to classify.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

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Species: Rabbit

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 405

Remarks: Slightly irritating. Insufficient to classify.

Components:

Alcohols, C12-13, branched & linear, ethoxylated:

Species: Rabbit

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 405

Remarks: Slightly irritating. Insufficient to classify.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Species: Guinea pig

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 406 Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Not a sensitiser.

Components:

Alcohols, C12-13, branched & linear, ethoxylated:

Species: Guinea pig

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 406 Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Not a sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline

473

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met. Non mutagenic

Genotoxicity in vivo : Species: Mouse

Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met. Non mutagenic

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in

categories 1A/1B.

Components:

Alcohols, C12-13, branched & linear, ethoxylated:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline

473

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.
Non mutagenic

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Genotoxicity in vivo : Species: Mouse

Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met. Non mutagenic

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in

categories 1A/1B.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Method: Based on weight of evidence.

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Not a carcinogen.

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in

categories 1A/1B.

Components:

Alcohols, C12-13, branched & linear, ethoxylated:

Method: Based on weight of evidence.

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Not a carcinogen.

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in

categories 1A/1B.

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
Alcohols, C12-13, branched & linear, ethoxylated	No carcinogenicity classification.

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Effects on fertility : Species: Rat

Sex: male and female Application Route: Dermal

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 416 Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Does not impair fertility.

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

: Species: Rat, male and female Application Route: Dermal

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline

414

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

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Not a developmental toxicant.

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

Alcohols, C12-13, branched & linear, ethoxylated:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

Alcohols, C12-13, branched & linear, ethoxylated:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Repeated dose toxicity

Product:

Species: Rat, male and female

Application Route: Oral

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 408

Target Organs: No specific target organs noted

Components:

Alcohols, C12-13, branched & linear, ethoxylated:

Species: Rat, male and female

Application Route: Oral

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 408

Target Organs: No specific target organs noted

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

Alcohols, C12-13, branched & linear, ethoxylated:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Further information

Product:

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Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

Components:

Alcohols, C12-13, branched & linear, ethoxylated:

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment : Incomplete ecotoxicological data are available for this product.

The information given below is based partly on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual com-

ponent(s).

Ecotoxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish (Acute toxici-

ty)

: LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 1.19 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: Information given is based on data obtained from

similar substances.

Toxicity to crustacean (Acute

toxicity)

: (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.238 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: Information given is based on data obtained from

similar substances. Remarks: Very toxic. LC/EC/IC50 < 1 mg/l

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants (Acute toxicity)

: EC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 0.179 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: Information given is based on data obtained from

similar substances. Remarks: Very toxic. LC/EC/IC50 < 1 mg/l

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

: NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.328 mg/l

Exposure time: 28 d

Method: Based on quantitative structure-activity relationship

(QSAR) modelling

Remarks: NOEC/NOEL > 0.1 - <=1.0 mg/l

Toxicity to crustacean

(Chronic toxicity)

: NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.012 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: Information given is based on data obtained from

similar substances.

Remarks: NOEC/NOEL > 0.01 - <=0.1 mg/l

Toxicity to microorganisms

(Acute toxicity)

: EC10 (Pseudomonas putida): > 10 g/l

Exposure time: 16.9 h

Method: Information given is based on data obtained from

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similar substances.

Remarks: Practically non toxic: LC/EC/IC50 > 100 mg/l

Components:

Alcohols, C12-13, branched & linear, ethoxylated:

Toxicity to fish (Acute toxici-

ty)

: LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.96 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 203

Remarks: Very toxic. LC/EC/IC50 < 1 mg/l

Toxicity to crustacean (Acute

toxicity)

: (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.46 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 202

Remarks: Very toxic. LC/EC/IC50 < 1 mg/l

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants (Acute toxicity)

: EC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 0.069 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Very toxic. LC/EC/IC50 < 1 mg/l

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

: 1

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

: NOEC (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 0.16 mg/l

Exposure time: 10 d

Method: Information given is based on data obtained from

similar substances.

Remarks: NOEC/NOEL > 0.1 - <=1.0 mg/l

Toxicity to crusta-

cean(Chronic toxicity)

: NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0123 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211 Remarks: Toxic with long lasting effects: NOEC/NOEL > 0.01 - <=0.1 mg/l

: EC10 (Pseudomonas putida): > 10 g/l Toxicity to bacteria

Exposure time: 16.9 h

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 209

Remarks: Practically non toxic:

LC/EC/IC50 > 100 mg/l

Persistence and degradability

Product:

: Biodegradation: 85 % Biodegradability

Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

Components:

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Alcohols, C12-13, branched & linear, ethoxylated:

Biodegradability : Biodegradation: 95 %

Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F Remarks: Readily biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Biodegradation potential is based on data obtained

from constituents or similar substances.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: 3

Components:

Alcohols, C12-13, branched & linear, ethoxylated:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 12.7

Exposure time: 24 d Test substance: C12EO8

Method: Information given is based on data obtained from

similar substances.

Remarks: Bioaccumulation is unlikely to occur due to metabo-

lism and excretion.

Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 232.5

Exposure time: 24 d Test substance: C13EO4

Method: Information given is based on data obtained from

similar substances.

Remarks: Bioaccumulation is unlikely to occur due to metabo-

lism and excretion.

Mobility in soil

Product:

Mobility : Remarks: If the product enters soil, one or more constituents

will or may be mobile and may contaminate groundwater.

Floats on water.

Components:

Alcohols, C12-13, branched & linear, ethoxylated:

Mobility : Remarks: If the product enters soil, one or more constituents

will or may be mobile and may contaminate groundwater.

Floats on water.

Other adverse effects

Product:

Results of PBT and vPvB : The substance does not fulfill all screening criteria for persis-

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assessment tence, bioaccumulation and toxicity and hence is not consid-

ered to be PBT or vPvB.

Components:

Alcohols, C12-13, branched & linear, ethoxylated:

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

: The substance does not fulfill all screening criteria for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity and hence is not consid-

ered to be PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : Recover or recycle if possible.

It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal meth-

ods in compliance with applicable regulations.

Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water

courses.

Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or

water.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional,

national, and local laws and regulations.

Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or na-

tional requirements and must be complied with.

Contaminated packaging : Drain container thoroughly.

After draining, vent in a safe place away from sparks and fire.

Residues may cause an explosion hazard. Do not puncture, cut, or weld uncleaned drums. Send to drum recoverer or metal reclaimer.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ANTT

UN number : 3082

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S., ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES,

LIQUID, N.O.S.

(Alcohol C12-C16 Poly (1-6) Ethoxylate)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
Hazard Identification Number : 90
Environmentally hazardous : yes

International Regulations

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IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : UN 3082

Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substances, liquid, n.o.s.

(Alcohol C12-C16 Poly (1-6) Ethoxylate)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9

IMDG-Code

UN number : UN 3082

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(Alcohol C12-C16 Poly (1-6) Ethoxylate)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
Marine pollutant : yes

Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Pollution category : Y Ship type : 2

Product name : ALCOHOL (C12-C16) POLY (1-6) ETHOXYLATES

Special precautions for user

Remarks : Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage,

for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or

needs to comply with in connection with transport.

Additional Information: This product may be transported under nitrogen blanketing.

Nitrogen is an odourless and invisible gas. Exposure to nitrogen enriched atmospheres displaces available oxygen which may cause asphyxiation or death. Personnel must observe strict safety precautions when involved with a confined space

entry.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC

Code

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mix-

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AIIC : Listed

DSL : Listed

IECSC : Listed

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NLP	: Listed	
KECI	: Listed	
NZIoC	: Listed	
PICCS	: Listed	
TSCA	: Listed	
ENCS	: Listed	
TCSI	: Listed	

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements

H305 May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of other abbreviations

Aquatic Acute Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard Aquatic Chronic Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard

Asp. Tox. Aspiration hazard

Abbreviations and Acronyms : The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this docu-

ment can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific

dictionaries) and/or websites.

Further information

Training advice : Provide adequate information, instruction and training for op-

erators.

Other information : A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment

from the previous version.

Sources of key data used to

compile the Safety Data

Sheet

The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU

IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.