



Material Safety Data Sheet

Effective Date 15.05.2009 according to EC directive 2001/58/EC

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Material Name : CARADOL SP44-10V

Uses : Use for the manufacture of polyurethane products.

Product Code : U317R

Supplier : Shell Trading (M.E.) Pvt. Ltd.

PO Box 16968 16968 Jebel Ali Unit.Arab Emir.

Telephone : +971 4 331 6500 **Fax** : +971 4 332 1597

Emergency Telephone

Number

: + 971 4 366 2040 (Cupola Teleservices) for Middle East

countries and +65 6542 9595 for Pakistan.

Other Information : CARADOL is a trademark owned by Shell Trademark

Management B.V. and Shell Brands Inc. and used by affiliates

of Royal Dutch Shell plc.

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Preparation description

Synonyms

: Suspension of a solid polymeric material in a polyether polyol.

: Polyol

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Health Hazards : No specific hazards.

Safety Hazards : Not classified as flammable but will burn.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. If rapid recovery does not occur, transport

to nearest medical facility for additional treatment.

Skin Contact : Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water

and follow by washing with soap if available.

Eye Contact : Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of water for at least

15 minutes while holding eyelids open. Transport to the

nearest medical facility for additional treatment.

IngestionAdvice to PhysicianWash out mouth with water and obtain medical attention.Treat symptomatically. Following cases of gross over-

exposure, investigation of liver, kidney and eye function may be advisable. Records of such incidents should be maintained

for future reference.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES





Effective Date 15.05.2009 according to EC directive 2001/58/EC

Material Safety Data Sheet

Clear fire area of all non-emergency personnel.

Specific Hazards Will only burn if enveloped in a pre-existing fire. Hazardous

> combustion products may include: Carbon dioxide. Carbon monoxide. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.

Toxic products.

Extinguishing Media Large fires should only be fought by properly trained fire

fighters. Alcohol-resistant foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used

for small fires only. Do not use water in a jet.

Unsuitable Extinguishing

Media

Protective Equipment for

Firefighters

Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing

apparatus.

Additional Advice All storage areas should be provided with adequate fire fighting

facilities. Keep adjacent containers cool by spraying with water.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Observe all relevant local and international regulations. Avoid contact with spilled or released material. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Material Safety Data Sheet. See Chapter 13 for information on disposal.

Protective measures Avoid contact with spilled or released material. For guidance

on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Material Safety Data Sheet. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. Avoid contact with the skin. Extinguish any naked flames. Do not smoke. Remove ignition sources. Avoid sparks. Prevent from spreading or entering into drains, ditches or rivers

by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Ventilate contaminated area thoroughly.

For large liquid spills (> 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means **Clean Up Methods**

> such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank for recovery or safe disposal. Do not flush away residues with water. Retain as contaminated waste. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely.

Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely.

For small liquid spills (< 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means to a labelled, sealable container for product recovery or safe disposal. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove

contaminated soil and dispose of safely.

Additional Advice Proper disposal should be evaluated based on regulatory

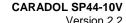
> status of this material (refer to Section 13), potential contamination from subsequent use and spillage, and

regulations governing disposal in the local area.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

General Precautions Avoid breathing vapours or contact with material. Only use in

well ventilated areas. Wash thoroughly after handling. On guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see





Effective Date 15.05.2009

Material Safety Data Sheet

according to EC directive 2001/58/EC

Chapter 8 of this Material Safety Data Sheet. For

comprehensive advice on handling, product transfer, storage

and tank cleaning refer to the product supplier.

Handling : In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices,

precautions should be taken to avoid breathing of material. Use

local exhaust extraction over processing area. Avoid

unintentional contact with isocyanates to prevent uncontrolled polymerisation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Airdry contaminated clothing in a well-ventilated area before laundering. Extinguish any naked flames. Do not smoke. Remove ignition sources. Avoid sparks. Do not empty into drains. Handling Temperature: Ambient. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper

handling equipment should be used.

Storage : Prevent all contact with water and with moist atmosphere.

Tanks must be clean, dry and rust-free. Prevent ingress of water. Must be stored in a diked (bunded) well-ventilated area, away from sunlight, ignition sources and other sources of heat. Nitrogen blanket recommended for large tanks (capacity 100 m3 or higher). Drums should be stacked to a maximum of 3

high.

Maximum storage time: 12 months Storage Temperature: Ambient.

Storage should be handled at temperatures such that viscosities are less than 500 cSt; typically at 25-50 °C. Tanks should be fitted with heating coils in areas where the ambient temperatures are below the recommended product handling temperatures. Heating coil skin temperatures should not

exceed 100 °C.

Product Transfer : Lines should be purged with nitrogen before and after product

transfer. Keep containers closed when not in use.

Unsuitable Materials : Copper. Copper alloys.

Additional Information : Ensure that all local regulations regarding handling and storage facilities are followed. Use the information in this data sheet as

facilities are followed. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and

disposal of this material.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Occupational Exposure Limits

None established.

Additional Information : Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking and using the

toilet. Launder contaminated clothing before re-use.

Exposure Controls : Exhaust emission systems should be designed in accordance

with local conditions; the air should always be moved away from the source of vapour generation and the person working

at this point. Adequate ventilation to control airborne

concentrations.

Personal Protective

Equipment

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet

recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.





Effective Date 15.05.2009

Material Safety Data Sheet

according to EC directive 2001/58/EC

Respiratory Protection : No respiratory protection is ordinarily required under normal

conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precautions should be taken to avoid breathing of

material.

Hand Protection: Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of

gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739, AS/NZS:2161) made from the following materials

may provide suitable chemical protection: Incidental contact/Splash protection: PVC. Neoprene rubber. Nitrile rubber. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Thin disposable gloves should be avoided for long

term use. When worn, use once and dispose.

Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a

non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended.

Eye Protection : Chemical splash goggles (chemical monogoggles). Approved

to EU Standard EN166, AS/NZS:1337.

Protective Clothing : Chemical and cold resistant gloves/gauntlets, boots, and

apron.

Monitoring Methods : Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing

zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate. Examples of sources of recommended air monitoring methods are given below or contact supplier.

Further national methods may be available. National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of

Analytical Methods.

http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/nmam/nmammenu.html.

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA:

Sampling and Analytical Methods, http://www.osha-

slc.gov/dts/sltc/methods/toc.html. Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous

Substances, http://www.hsl.gov.uk/search.htm.

Berufsgenossenschaftliches Institut für Arbeitssicherheit (BIA), Germany http://www.hvbg.de/d/bia/index.html. L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/securite/hygiene_securite_travail.html

http://www.inrs.fr/securite/hygiene_securite_travail.html. Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there

Environmental Exposure

Controls

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : White Viscous liquid.

Odour : Odourless

Pour point : $-21.00 \,^{\circ}\text{C} / -5.80 \,^{\circ}\text{F}$ Flash point : $> 200 \,^{\circ}\text{C} / 392 \,^{\circ}\text{F}$

Density : 1,020 kg/m3 at 25 °C / 77 °F

Water solubility : Negligible.

Dynamic viscosity : 800 mPa.s at 25 °C / 77 °F





Material Safety Data Sheet

Effective Date 15.05.2009 according to EC directive 2001/58/EC

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability : Stable. Hygroscopic. Polymerises exothermically with di-

isocyanates at ambient temperatures. The reaction becomes progressively more vigorous and can be violent at higher temperatures if the miscibility of reaction partners is good or is supported by stirring or by the presence of solvents. Reacts

with strong oxidising agents.

Conditions to Avoid : Heat, flames, and sparks.

Materials to Avoid : Avoid contact with isocyanates, copper and copper alloys, zinc,

strong oxidizing agents, and water.

Hazardous : Unknown toxic products may be formed.

Decomposition Products

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for Assessment : Information given is based on product testing, and/or similar

products, and/or components.

Acute Oral Toxicity : Low toxicity: LD50 >2000 mg/kg , Rat

Acute Dermal Toxicity : Expected to be of low toxicity: LD50 >2000 mg/kg , Rat

Skin Irritation : Not irritating to skin.

Eye Irritation : Essentially non-irritating to eyes.

Respiratory Irritation : Data not available.

Sensitisation : Not expected to be a skin sensitiser.

Repeated Dose Toxicity : Data not available.

Mutagenicity : No evidence of mutagenic activity.

Carcinogenicity : Not expected to be carcinogenic.

Reproductive and : Data not available.

Developmental Toxicity

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity

Fish : Expected to have low toxicity: LC/EC/IC50 > 1000 mg/l
Aquatic Invertebrates : Expected to have low toxicity: LC/EC/IC50 > 1000 mg/l
Algae : Expected to have low toxicity: LC/EC/IC50 > 1000 mg/l

Microorganisms

Expected to have low toxicity: LC/EC/IC50 > 100 mg/l

Mobility

If product enters soil, it will be highly mobile and may

contaminate groundwater.

Sinks in fresh water; may float or sink in seawater.

Expected to be not inherently biodegradable.

Persistence/degradability : Expected to be not inherently biodegradable. **Bioaccumulation** : Does not bioaccumulate significantly, MW > 1000.

Other Adverse Effects : Small particles may have physical effects on aquatic and

terrestrial organisms.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Material Disposal : Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the

waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with





Version 2.2

Effective Date 15.05.2009

Material Safety Data Sheet

according to EC directive 2001/58/EC

applicable regulations.

Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses. Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate

soil or water.

Container Disposal : Drain container thoroughly. After draining, vent in a safe place

away from sparks and fire. Send to drum recoverer or metal

reclaimer.

Local Legislation : Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional,

national, and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements and

must be complied with.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land (as per ADR classification): Not regulated

This material is not classified as dangerous under ADR regulations.

IMDG

This material is not classified as dangerous under IMDG regulations.

IATA (Country variations may apply)

This material is not classified as dangerous under IATA regulations.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

EC Classification : Not classified as dangerous under EC criteria.

EINECS : All components listed or

polymer exempt.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional Information : For further information, contact your local Shell company or

agent.

This material safety data sheet refers to the regulatory requirements for the EU and does not contain any country

specific legislation.

The information contained herein is based on our current knowledge of the underlying data and is intended to describe the product for the purpose of health, safety and environmental requirements only. No warranty or guarantee is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of these data or the results to

be obtained from the use of the product.

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Version 2.2

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Material Safety Data Sheet

MSDS Revisions : A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment

from the previous version.

MSDS Regulation : The content and format of this safety data sheet is in

accordance with Commission Directive 2001/58/EC of 27 July 2001, amending for the second time Commission Directive

91/155/EEC.

Uses and Restrictions: Advice in this document relates only to product as originally

supplied. Other derivative chemicals will have different

properties and hazards. Advice should be sought on their safe

handling and use.

Use for the manufacture of polyurethane products.

MSDS Distribution : The information in this document should be made available to

all who may handle the product

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intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property

of the product.