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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : ShellSol A100 High Cumene

Product code : Q7291, Q7391

Registration number EU : 01-2119455851-35-0000 Synonyms : Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

EC-No. : 918-668-5

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Sub- : Industrial Solvent.

stance/Mixture Please refer to section 16 and/or the annexes for the regis-

tered uses under REACH.

Uses advised against : This product must not be used in applications other than the

above without first seeking the advice of the supplier., Re-

stricted to professional users.

This product must not be used in applications other than those listed in Section 1 without first seeking the advice of the sup-

plier.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier : Shell Chemicals Europe B.V.

PO Box 2334 3000 CH Rotterdam

Netherlands

Telephone : +31 (0)10 441 5137 / +31 (0)10 441 5191 Telefax : +31 (0)20 716 8316/ +31 (0)20 713 9230

Contact for Safety Data : sccmsds@shell.com

Sheet

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Toxicological Information Center Address: Na Bojišti 1, 120 00 Prague 2, Czech Republic

Telephone: +420 224 919 293 / +420 224 915 4

+44 (0) 1235 239 670 (This telephone number is available 24 hours per day, 7 days per

week)

Other information : SHELLSOL is a trademark owned by Shell Trademark Man-

agement B.V. and Shell Brands Inc. and used by affiliates of

Shell plc.

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Flammable liquids, Category 3 H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.

Aspiration hazard, Category 1 H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters air-

ways.

Carcinogenicity, Category 1B H350: May cause cancer.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3, Respiratory Tract

H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3, Narcotic effects

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Cat-

egory 2

H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms :









Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : PHYSICAL HAZARDS:

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

HEALTH HAZARDS:

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H350 May cause cancer.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Supplemental Hazard

Statements

EUH066 cracking.

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or

Precautionary statements : Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open

flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.

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Response:

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

Storage:

No precautionary phrases.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

2.3 Other hazards

Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

May form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

This material is a static accumulator.

Even with proper grounding and bonding, this material can still accumulate an electrostatic charge.

If sufficient charge is allowed to accumulate, electrostatic discharge and ignition of flammable airvapour mixtures can occur.

Possibility of organ or organ system damage from prolonged exposure; see Section 11 for details. Target organ(s):

Auditory system

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Components

| Chemical name | CAS-No. | Concentration (% w/w) |
|---------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|
| | EC-No. | |
| Hydrocarbons, C9, aromat- | Not Assigned | <= 100 |
| ics | 918-668-5 | |

Further information

Contains:

| Contains. | | | |
|-----------|-----------------------|--|-----------------------|
| Chemical | Identification number | Classification | Concentration (% w/w) |
| name | | | |
| Cumene | 98-82-8, 202-704-5 | Flam. Liq.3; H226 Asp. Tox.1; H304 STOT SE3; H335 Carc.1B; H350 | >= 0 - <= 2 |

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| | | Aquatic Chronic2; H411 | |
|---------|--------------------|--|--------------|
| Benzene | 71-43-2, 200-753-7 | Flam. Liq.2; H225 Asp. Tox.1; H304 Skin Irrit.2; H315 Eye Irrit.2; H319 Muta.1B; H340 Carc.1A; H350 STOT RE1; H372 Aquatic Chronic3; H412 | >= 0 - < 0,1 |

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal

conditions.

Protection of first-aiders : When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the

appropriate personal protective equipment according to the

incident, injury and surroundings.

If inhaled : Remove to fresh air. If rapid recovery does not occur,

transport to nearest medical facility for additional treatment.

In case of skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing. Immediately flush skin with

large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes, and follow by washing with soap and water if available. If redness, swelling, pain and/or blisters occur, transport to the nearest medical

facility for additional treatment.

In case of eye contact : Flush eye with copious quantities of water.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

rinsing.

If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.

If swallowed : Call emergency number for your location / facility.

If swallowed, do not induce vomiting: transport to nearest medical facility for additional treatment. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration. If any of the following delayed signs and symptoms appear within the next 6 hours, transport to the nearest medical facility: fever greater than 101° F (38.3°C), shortness of breath, chest congestion or continued coughing or wheezing.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms : Respiratory irritation signs and symptoms may include a tem-

porary burning sensation of the nose and throat, coughing,

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and/or difficulty breathing.

Breathing of high vapour concentrations may cause central nervous system (CNS) depression resulting in dizziness, lightheadedness, headache, nausea and loss of coordination. Continued inhalation may result in unconsciousness and death.

Skin irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning sensation, redness, or swelling.

No specific hazards under normal use conditions. Eye irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning sensation, redness, swelling, and/or blurred vision.

If material enters lungs, signs and symptoms may include coughing, choking, wheezing, difficulty in breathing, chest congestion, shortness of breath, and/or fever. If any of the following delayed signs and symptoms appear within the next 6 hours, transport to the nearest medical facility: fever greater than 101° F (38.3°C), shortness of breath, chest congestion or continued coughing or wheezing.

Defatting dermatitis signs and symptoms may include a burning sensation and/or a dried/cracked appearance.

Auditory system effects may include temporary hearing loss and/or ringing in the ears.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Call a doctor or poison control center for guidance.

Potential for chemical pneumonitis.

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon diox-

ide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water in a jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

Clear fire area of all non-emergency personnel. Hazardous combustion products may include:

A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and

gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide.

Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.

Flammable vapours may be present even at temperatures

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below the flash point.

The vapour is heavier than air, spreads along the ground and

distant ignition is possible.

Will float and can be reignited on surface water.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment :

for firefighters

Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to

relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Standard procedure for chemical fires.

Further information : Keep adjacent containers cool by spraying with water.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions

Observe all relevant local and international regulations. Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the

environment occurs or is likely to occur.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

6.1.1 For non emergency personnel: Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Isolate hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary or unpro-

tected personnel.

Do not breathe fumes, vapour. Do not operate electrical equipment. 6.1.2 For emergency responders:

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Isolate hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary or unpro-

tected personnel.

Do not breathe fumes, vapour. Do not operate electrical equipment.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions

Shut off leaks, if possible without personal risks. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. Attempt to disperse the vapour or to direct its flow to a safe location for example by using fog sprays. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Ensure electrical continuity by bond-

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> ing and grounding (earthing) all equipment. Monitor area with combustible gas indicator.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up For small liquid spills (< 1 drum), transfer by mechanical

means to a labeled, sealable container for product recovery or safe disposal. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove

contaminated soil and dispose of safely.

For large liquid spills (> 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank for recovery or safe disposal. Do not flush away residues with water. Retain as contaminated waste. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely

Ventilate contaminated area thoroughly.

If contamination of site occurs remediation may require spe-

cialist advice.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet., For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Technical measures Avoid breathing of or direct contact with material. Only use in

well ventilated areas. Wash thoroughly after handling. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see

Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.

Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this

Ensure that all local regulations regarding handling and stor-

age facilities are followed.

Advice on safe handling Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Extinguish any naked flames. Do not smoke. Remove ignition

sources. Avoid sparks.

Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of

vapours, mists or aerosols.

Bulk storage tanks should be diked (bunded).

When using do not eat or drink.

The vapour is heavier than air, spreads along the ground and

distant ignition is possible.

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Product Transfer : Even with proper grounding and bonding, this material can still

accumulate an electrostatic charge. If sufficient charge is allowed to accumulate, electrostatic discharge and ignition of flammable air-vapour mixtures can occur. Be aware of handling operations that may give rise to additional hazards that result from the accumulation of static charges. These include but are not limited to pumping (especially turbulent flow), mixing, filtering, splash filling, cleaning and filling of tanks and containers, sampling, switch loading, gauging, vacuum truck operations, and mechanical movements. These activities may lead to static discharge e.g. spark formation. Restrict line velocity during pumping in order to avoid generation of electrostatic discharge (≤ 1 m/s until fill pipe submerged to twice its diameter, then ≤ 7 m/s). Avoid splash filling. Do NOT use compressed air for filling, discharging, or handling operations.

Refer to guidance under Handling section.

Hygiene measures : Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking and using the

toilet. Launder contaminated clothing before re-use. Do not ingest. If swallowed, then seek immediate medical assistance.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

Refer to section 15 for any additional specific legislation cov-

ering the packaging and storage of this product.

Further information on storage stability

Storage Temperature:

Ambient.

Bulk storage tanks should be diked (bunded).

Locate tanks away from heat and other sources of ignition. Cleaning, inspection and maintenance of storage tanks is a specialist operation, which requires the implementation of

strict procedures and precautions.

Must be stored in a diked (bunded) well- ventilated area, away from sunlight, ignition sources and other sources of heat. Keep away from aerosols, flammables, oxidizing agents, corrosives and from other flammable products which are not

harmful or toxic to man or to the environment.

Electrostatic charges will be generated during pumping. Electrostatic discharge may cause fire. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment to reduce the risk.

The vapours in the head space of the storage vessel may lie in the flammable/explosive range and hence may be flamma-

hle

Packaging material : Suitable material: For containers, or container linings use mild

steel, stainless steel., For container paints, use epoxy paint,

zinc silicate paint.

Unsuitable material: Avoid prolonged contact with natural,

butyl or nitrile rubbers.

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Container Advice : Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or

near containers.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : Please refer to section 16 and/or the annexes for the regis-

tered uses under REACH.

See additional references that provide safe handling practices for liquids that are determined to be static accumulators:

American Petroleum Institute 2003 (Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning and Stray Currents) or National Fire Protection Agency 77 (Recommended Practices

on Static Electricity).

IEC/TS 60079-32-1: Electrostatic hazards, guidance

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

| Components | CAS-No. | Value type (Form of exposure) | Control parameters | Basis |
|------------|------------------------------|---|---|------------------|
| Cumene | 98-82-8 | TWA | 10 ppm 50 mg/m3 | CZ OEL |
| | Further inform the skin | | gnificantly to the overall expo | osure through |
| Cumene | | STEL | 50 ppm 250 mg/m3 | CZ OEL |
| | Further inform the skin | nation: Contributes s | gnificantly to the overall expo | osure through |
| Cumene | | TWA | 10 ppm 50 mg/m3 | 2019/1831/E U |
| | | | n assigned to the occupation of significant uptake through | |
| Cumene | | STEL | 50 ppm 250 mg/m3 | 2019/1831/E U |
| | | Further information: A skin notation assigned to the occupational exposure limit value indicates the possibility of significant uptake through the skin., In- | | |
| Benzene | 71-43-2 | TWA | 0,5 ppm 1,65 mg/m3 | CZ OEL |
| | tem) respective H350i), germ | vely skin, carcinogen cell mutagen of cate | ucous membranes (eyes, res category 1A and 1B (with ph gory 1A and 1B (with phrase exposure through the skin | rase H350, |
| Benzene | | STÉL | 3,08 ppm 10 mg/m3 | CZ OEL |
| | Further inform | nation: irritating to mu | ucous membranes (eyes, res | piratory sys- |

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| | tem) respectively skin, carcinogen category 1A and 1B (with phrase H350, H350i), germ cell mutagen of category 1A and 1B (with phrase H340), Contributes significantly to the overall exposure through the skin | | | |
|---------|---|------|-----------------------|---|
| Benzene | | TWA | 0,25 ppm 0,8 mg/m3 | Shell Internal Standard (SIS) for 8-12 hour TWA. |
| Benzene | | STEL | 2,5 ppm 8 mg/m3 | Shell Internal Standard (SIS) for 15 min (STEL) |

Biological occupational exposure limits

| Substance name | CAS-No. | Control parameters | Sampling time | Basis |
|----------------|---------|---|---------------|--------|
| Benzene | 71-43-2 | S- phenylmercapturic acid: 0.05 mg/g creatinine (Urine) | End of shift | CZ BEI |
| | | S- phenylmercapturic acid: 0.024 mi- cromoles per milli- mole creatinine (Urine) | End of shift | CZ BEI |
| | | t,t-muconic acid: 1.5 mg/g creatinine (Urine) | End of shift | CZ BEI |
| | | t,t-muconic acid: 1.2 micromoles per millimole creatinine (Urine) | End of shift | CZ BEI |

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

| Substance name | End Use | Exposure routes | Potential health effects | Value |
|----------------|-----------|-----------------|----------------------------|--------------------|
| ShellSol A100 | Workers | Dermal | Long-term systemic effects | 25 mg/kg bw/day |
| ShellSol A100 | Workers | Inhalation | Long-term systemic effects | 150 mg/m3 |
| ShellSol A100 | Consumers | Inhalation | Long-term systemic effects | 32 mg/m3 |
| ShellSol A100 | Consumers | Dermal | Long-term systemic effects | 11 mg/kg |
| ShellSol A100 | Consumers | Oral | Long-term systemic effects | 11 mg/kg |

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

| Substance name | | Environmental Compartment | Value |
|----------------|------------|---|-----------------------|
| Remarks: | tion. Conv | e is a hydrocarbon with a complex, unknown rentional methods of deriving PNECs are not ble to identify a single representative PNEC f | appropriate and it is |

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8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures

Read in conjunction with the Exposure Scenario for your specific use contained in the Annex. The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include:

Use sealed systems as far as possible.

Adequate explosion-proof ventilation to control airborne concentrations below the exposure quidelines/limits.

Local exhaust ventilation is recommended.

Firewater monitors and deluge systems are recommended.

Eye washes and showers for emergency use.

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

General Information:

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.

Personal protective equipment

Read in conjunction with the Exposure Scenario for your specific use contained in the Annex. The provided information is made in consideration of the PPE directive (Council Directive 89/686/EEC) and the CEN European Committee for Standardisation (CEN) standards.

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Eye protection : If material is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes,

protective eyewear is recommended. Approved to EU Standard EN166.

Hand protection

Remarks : Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of

gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. Longer term protection: butyl-

rubber Nitrile rubber gloves.

Incidental contact/Splash protection: Nitrile rubber gloves. For continuous contact we recommend gloves with breakthrough time of more than 240 minutes with preference for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. For

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> short-term/splash protection we recommend the same but recognize that suitable gloves offering this level of protection may not be available and in this case a lower breakthrough time maybe acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not a good predictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Glove thickness should be typically greater than 0.35 mm depending on the glove make and model. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended.

Skin and body protection

Skin protection is not required under normal conditions of

For prolonged or repeated exposures use impervious clothing over parts of the body subject to exposure.

If repeated and/or prolonged skin exposure to the substance is likely, then wear suitable gloves tested to relevant Standard, and provide employee skin care programmes.

Protective clothing approved to EU Standard EN14605.

Wear antistatic and flame-retardant clothing, if a local risk assessment deems it so.

Respiratory protection

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are unsuitable (e.g. airborne concentrations are high, risk of oxygen deficiency, confined space) use appropriate positive pressure breathing apparatus.

Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter.

If air-filtering respirators are suitable for conditions of use: Select a filter suitable for organic gases and vapours [Type A boiling point > 65°C (149°F)] meeting EN14387.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid.

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Colour colourless

Odour aromatic

Odour Threshold Data not available

Melting point/freezing point Data not available

Boiling point/boiling range 150 - 185 °C

Flammability

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable

Flammability (liquids) Flammable liquid and vapour.

Lower explosion limit and upper explosion limit / flammability limit

Upper explosion limit /

upper flammability limit

: 7 %(V)

Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit : 0,6 %(V)

Flash point : 38 - 50 °C

Method: IP 170

Auto-ignition temperature 507 °C

Decomposition temperature

Decomposition tempera-

Data not available

pΗ Data not available

Viscosity

ture

Viscosity, dynamic Data not available

Viscosity, kinematic Typical 0,9 mm2/s (25 °C)

Method: ASTM D445

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility insoluble

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 3,7 - 4,5

Vapour pressure 210 - 1.300 Pa (20 °C)

Relative density 0,87 - 0,88 (20 °C)

Method: ASTM D4052

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Density : Typical 876 kg/m3 (15 °C)

Method: ASTM D4052

Relative vapour density : 4,3

Particle characteristics

Particle size : Data not available

9.2 Other information

Explosive properties : Not applicable

Oxidizing properties : Data not available

Flammability (liquids) : Flammable liquid and vapour.

Evaporation rate : < 1

Method: ASTM D 3539, nBuAc=1

Conductivity: < 100 pS/m

The conductivity of this material makes it a static accumulator., A liquid is typically considered nonconductive if its con-

ductivity is below 100 pS/m and is considered semi-

conductive if its conductivity is below 10,000 pS/m., Whether a liquid is nonconductive or semi-conductive, the precautions are the same., A number of factors, for example liquid temperature, presence of contaminants, and anti-static additives

can greatly influence the conductivity of a liquid

Surface tension : Data not available

Molecular weight : Data not available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.

10.2 Chemical stability

No hazardous reaction is expected when handled and stored according to provisions Stable under normal conditions of use.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Reacts with strong oxidising agents.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

In certain circumstances product can ignite due to static elec-

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tricity.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Strong oxidising agents.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form during normal storage.

Thermal decomposition is highly dependent on conditions. A complex mixture of airborne solids, liquids and gases including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, sulphur oxides and unidentified organic compounds will be evolved when this material undergoes combustion or thermal or oxidative degradation.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Information on likely routes of : Expo

exposure

Exposure may occur via inhalation, ingestion, skin absorption,

skin or eye contact, and accidental ingestion.

Acute toxicity

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Acute oral toxicity : LD 50 (Rat, male and female): > 2000 - <= 5000

Method: Acceptable non-standard method. Remarks: May be harmful if swallowed.

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC 50 (Rat, male and female): > 2 -<= 10 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline

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Remarks: LC50 greater than near-saturated vapour concen-

tration.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD 50 (Rabbit, male and female): > 2.000 mg/kg

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline

402

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

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Remarks : Moderately irritating to skin (but insufficient to classify).

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Species : Rabbit

Method : Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 405

Remarks : Slightly irritating.

Insufficient to classify.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Remarks : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 471

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline

473

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline

476

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Genotoxicity in vivo : Species: Rat

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline

475

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity- As-

sessment

This product does not meet the criteria for classification in

categories 1A/1B.

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Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks : Contains Cumene, CAS# 98-82-8.

An increased tumour incidence has been observed in experimental animals; the significance of this finding to man is un-

known.

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Remarks : Tumours produced in animals are not considered relevant to

humans.

Not a carcinogen.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

This product does not meet the criteria for classification in

categories 1A/1B.

| Material | GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics | No carcinogenicity classification. |
| Cumene | Carcinogenicity Category 1B |
| Benzene | Carcinogenicity Category 1A |

| Material | Other Carcinogenicity Classification | |
|----------|---|--|
| Cumene | IARC: Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans | |
| Benzene | IARC: Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans | |

Reproductive toxicity

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Effects on fertility : Species: Rat

Sex: male and female Application Route: Inhalation

Method: Other guideline method.

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

This product does not meet the criteria for classification in

categories 1A/1B.

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STOT - single exposure

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Exposure routes : Inhalation

Target Organs : Lungs, Central nervous system Remarks : May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT - repeated exposure

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Remarks : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Auditory system: prolonged and repeated exposures to high

concentrations have resulted in hearing loss in rats.

Kidney: caused kidney effects in male rats which are not con-

sidered relevant to humans

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Species : Rat, male and female

Application Route : Oral

Method : Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 408

Target Organs : No specific target organs noted

Species : Rat, male and female

Application Route : Inhalation Test atmosphere : vapour

Method : Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 452

Target Organs : No specific target organs noted

Aspiration toxicity

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Aspiration into the lungs when swallowed or vomited may cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.

11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components consid-

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ered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at

levels of 0.1% or higher.

Further information

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Remarks : Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory

frameworks may exist.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 9,2 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Remarks: Toxic

LC/EC/IC50 >1 - <=10 mg/l

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 3,2 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Remarks: Toxic

LC/EC/IC50 > 1 - <=10 mg/l

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : ErL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (algae)): 2,9 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Toxic

LC/EC/IC50 >1 - <=10 mg/l

Toxicity to microorganisms : NOEC (Activated sludge): > 99 mg/l

Exposure time: 0,16 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209 Remarks: Practically non toxic:

 $LC/EC/IC50 > 100 \ mg/l$

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

Remarks: Data not available

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

: Remarks: Data not available

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12.2 Persistence and degradability

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Biodegradability : Biodegradation: 78 %

Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F Remarks: Readily biodegradable.

Oxidises rapidly by photo-chemical reactions in air.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Contains components with the potential to bioaccumulate.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Mobility : Remarks: Floats on water., If it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil

particles and will not be mobile.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Assessment : The substance does not fulfill all screening criteria for persis-

tence, bioaccumulation and toxicity and hence is not consid-

ered to be PBT or vPvB..

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to

have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Additional ecological infor-

: Does not have ozone depletion potential.

mation

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : Recover or recycle if possible.

It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal meth-

ods in compliance with applicable regulations.

Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses.

Do not dispose of tank water bottoms by allowing them to drain into the ground. This will result in soil and groundwater contamination.

Waste arising from a spillage or tank cleaning should be disposed of in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand.

Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional,

national, and local laws and regulations.

Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or na-

tional requirements and must be complied with.

MARPOL - see International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL 73/78) which provides tech-

nical aspects at controlling pollutions from ships.

Contaminated packaging : Drain container thoroughly.

After draining, vent in a safe place away from sparks and fire. Residues may cause an explosion hazard. Do not puncture,

cut or weld uncleaned drums.

Send to drum recoverer or metal reclaimer.

Comply with any local recovery or waste disposal regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number or ID number

ADN : 1268
ADR : 1268
RID : 1268
IMDG : 1268
IATA : 1268

14.2 UN proper shipping name

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ADN : PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S.

(NAPHTHA)

ADR : PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S.

RID : PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S.

IMDG : PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S.

(NAPHTHA)

IATA : Petroleum distillates, n.o.s.

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADN : 3
ADR : 3
RID : 3
IMDG : 3
IATA : 3

14.4 Packing group

ADN

Packing group : III
Classification Code : F1
Labels : 3 (N2, F)

ADR

Packing group : III
Classification Code : F1
Hazard Identification Number : 30
Labels : 3

RID

Packing group : III
Classification Code : F1
Hazard Identification Number : 30
Labels : 3

IMDG

Packing group : III Labels : 3

IATA

Packing group : III Labels : 3

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADN

Environmentally hazardous : yes

ADR

Environmentally hazardous : yes

RID

Environmentally hazardous : yes

IMDG

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Marine pollutant : yes

14.6 Special precautions for user

Remarks : Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage,

for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or

needs to comply with in connection with transport.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

Additional Information: This product may be transported under nitrogen blanketing.

Nitrogen is an odourless and invisible gas. Exposure to nitrogen may cause asphyxiation or death. Personnel must observe strict safety precautions when involved with a confined

space entry.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles (Annex XVII) : Conditions of restriction for the following entries should be considered: Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (Number on list 29, 28) Cumene (Number on list 28) Benzene (Number on list 72, 5, 29,

28)

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation (Article 59).

This product does not contain substances of very high concern (Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH), Article 57).

REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV)

: Product is not subject to Authorisation under REACH.

Other regulations:

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

Act No. 350/2011 Coll., on chemical substances and mixtures including related regulations and decrees as amended.

Act No. 201/2012 Coll., on protection of the air, including related regulations and decrees as amended.

Act No. 304/2017 Coll., on road traffic and transport, including related regulations and decrees as amended (ADR).

Act No. 319/2016 Coll., on railways and rail transport, including relating regulations and decrees as amended (RID).

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Act No. 541/2020 Coll., on waste, including related regulations and decrees as amended. Act No. 542/2020 Coll., on products with terminated lifetime period including relating regulations and decrees as amended.

Act No. 544/2020 Coll., on waters, including relating regulations and decrees as amended. Act No. 365/2011 Coll., Labor Code, including relating regulations and decrees as amended. Act No. 258/2000 Coll. Public Health Protection, including relating regulations and decrees as amended.

Government Regulation No. 361/2007 Coll., laying down conditions for the protection of health at work.

Product is subject to Prevention of Major Accident (No. 224/2015 Coll.) based on Seveso III directive (2012/18/EU).

The national inventory is based on the CAS number 64742-95-6.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

DSL : Listed

IECSC : Listed

TSCA : Listed

KECI : Listed

PICCS : Listed

TCSI : Listed

NZIoC : Listed

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of other abbreviations

2019/1831/EU : Europe. Commission Directive 2019/1831/EU establishing a

fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

CZ BEI : Czech Republic. Biological Exposure Indices

CZ OEL : Czech Republic. Chemical agents at work - Appendix 2: Oc-

cupational exposure limits

2019/1831/EU / TWA : Limit Value - eight hours 2019/1831/EU / STEL : Short term exposure limit CZ OEL / TWA : Time weighted average

CZ OEL / STEL : Maximum permissible concentration

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Test-

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ing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA -European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI -Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information

Training advice : Provide adequate information, instruction and training for op-

erators.

Other information : For Industry guidance and tools on REACH please visit the

CEFIC website at http://cefic.org/Industry-support.

The substance does not fulfill all screening criteria for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity and hence is not consid-

ered to be PBT or vPvB.

A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment

from the previous version.

This product is classified as H304 (May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways). The risk relates to potential for aspiration. The risk arising from aspiration hazard is solely related to the physico-chemical properties of the substance. The risk can therefore be controlled by implementing risk management measures tailored to this specific hazard and included within Section 8 of the SDS. An exposure scenario is not presented.

This product is classified as R66 / EUH066 (Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking). The risk relates to

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the potential for repeated or prolonged dermal contact. The risk arising from contact is solely related to the physicochemical properties of the substance. The risk can therefore be controlled by implementing risk management measures tailored to this specific hazard and included within Section 8 of

the SDS. An exposure scenario is not presented.

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data

Sheet

The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU

IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).

Identified Uses according to the Use Descriptor System

Uses - Worker

Title : Manufacture of substance

- Industrial

Uses - Worker

Title : Distribution of substance

- Industrial

Uses - Worker

Title : Formulation & (re)packing of substances and mixtures

- Industrial

Uses - Worker

Title : Use in coatings

- Industrial

Uses - Worker

Title : Use in coatings

- Professional

Uses - Worker

Title : Use in Cleaning Agents

- Industrial

Uses - Worker

Title : Use in Cleaning Agents

- Professional

Uses - Worker

Title : Use in Oil and Gas field drilling and production operations

- Industrial

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Uses - Worker

Title : Lubricants

- Industrial

Uses - Worker

Title : Lubricants

- Professional

Low Environmental Release

Uses - Worker

Title : Lubricants

- Professional

High Environmental Release

Uses - Worker

Title : Metal working fluids / rolling oils

- Industrial

Uses - Worker

Title : Metal working fluids / rolling oils

- Professional

Uses - Worker

Title : Use as binders and release agents

- Industrial

Uses - Worker

Title : Use as binders and release agents

- Professional

Uses - Worker

Title : Use in agrochemicals

- Professional

Uses - Worker

Title : Use as a fuel

- Industrial

Uses - Worker

Title : Use as a fuel

- Professional

Uses - Worker

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Title : Functional Fluids

- Professional

Uses - Worker

Title : Functional Fluids

- Industrial

Uses - Worker

Title : Use in road and construction products

- Professional

Uses - Worker

Title : Use in laboratories

- Industrial

Uses - Worker

Title : Use in laboratories

- Professional

Uses - Worker

Title : Water treatment chemicals

- Industrial

Uses - Worker

Title : Water treatment chemicals

- Professional

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

CZ / EN

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

| 30000000750 | |
|------------------|---|
| SECTION 1 | EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE |
| Title | Manufacture of substance- Industrial |
| Use Descriptor | Sector of Use: SU3, SU8, SU9 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC15 Environmental Release Categories: ERC1, ERC4, ESVOC SpERC 1.1.v1 |
| Scope of process | Manufacture of the substance or use as a process chemical or extraction agent. Includes recycling/ recovery, material transfers, storage, maintenance and loading (including marine vessel/barge, road/rail car and bulk container), sampling and associated laboratory activities. |

| SECTION 2 | OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES | |
|--|--|--|
| Section 2.1 | Control of Worker Exposure | |
| Product Characteristics | | |
| Physical form of product | Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP | |
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article | Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently)., | |
| Frequency and Duration of Use | | |
| Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently). | | |
| Other Operational Conditions affecting Exposure | | |
| Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented. | | |

| Contributing Scenarios | Risk Management Measures |
|--|---|
| General exposures (closed systems)PROC1PROC2PROC | No other specific measures identified. |
| General exposures (open systems)PROC4 | No other specific measures identified. |
| Process samplingPROC8b | No other specific measures identified. |
| Laboratory activitiesPROC15 | No other specific measures identified. |
| Bulk transfers(open systems)PROC8b | No other specific measures identified. |
| Bulk transfers(closed systems)PROC8b | No other specific measures identified. |
| Equipment cleaning and maintenancePROC8a | No other specific measures identified. |
| Storage.PROC1PROC2 | Store substance within a closed system. |
| Section 2.2 | Control of Environmental Exposure |

Section 2.2 Control of Environmental Exposure

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| Substance is complex UVCB. | |
|--|------------------|
| Predominantly hydrophobic. | |
| Readily biodegradable. | |
| Amounts Used | |
| Fraction of EU tonnage used in region: | 0,1 |
| Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year): | 2,4E+04 |
| Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally: | 1 |
| Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year): | 2,4E+04 |
| Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day): | 7,9E+04 |
| Frequency and Duration of Use | , , , - |
| Continuous release. | |
| Emission Days (days/year): | 300 |
| Environmental factors not influenced by risk management | |
| Local freshwater dilution factor: | 10 |
| Local marine water dilution factor: | 100 |
| Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure | 100 |
| Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM): | 1,0E-02 |
| Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to | 3,0E-04 |
| RMM): | , |
| Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM): | 1,0E-04 |
| Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to pre | event release |
| Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process re- | |
| lease estimates used. | |
| Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discha | arges, air emis- |
| sions and releases to soil | |
| Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater sediment. | |
| Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite | |
| wastewater. | |
| If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary wastewater treatment required. | |
| Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%) | 90 |
| Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide | 15,9 |
| the required removal efficiency of >= (%) | , |
| If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary | 0 |
| wastewater treatment required. | |
| Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site | |
| Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. | |
| Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. | |
| Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment pl | ant |
| Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage | 93,6 |
| treatment (%) | , - |
| Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite | 93,6 |
| (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%) | 1 - |
| Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following | 1,0E+06 |
| total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d) | , = : = : |
| Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d) | 1,0E+04 |
| Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for | |
| During manufacturing no waste of the substance is generated. | |
| Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste | |

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During manufacturing no waste of the substance is generated.

SECTION 3 EXPOSURE ESTIMATION

Section 3.1 - Health

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4 GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org).

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

| 30000000753 | |
|------------------|--|
| SECTION 1 | EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE |
| Title | Distribution of substance- Industrial |
| Use Descriptor | Sector of Use: SU3, SU8, SU9 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC15 Environmental Release Categories: ERC1, ERC2, ERC3, ERC4, ERC5, ERC6a, ERC6b, ERC6c, ERC6d, ERC7, ESVOC SpERC 1.1b.v1 |
| Scope of process | Loading (including marine vessel/barge, rail/road car and IBC loading) and repacking (including drums and small packs) of substance, including its sampling, storage, unloading distribution and associated laboratory activities. |

| SECTION 2 | OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES | |
|--|--|--|
| Section 2.1 | Control of Worker Exposure | |
| Product Characteristics | | |
| Physical form of product | Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP | |
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article | Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently)., | |
| Frequency and Duration of Use | | |
| Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently). | | |
| Other Operational Conditions affecting Exposure | | |
| Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented. | | |

| Contributing Scenarios | Risk Management Measures |
|--|---|
| General exposures (closed systems)PROC1PROC2PROC | No other specific measures identified. |
| General exposures (open systems)PROC4 | No other specific measures identified. |
| Process samplingPROC3 | No other specific measures identified. |
| Laboratory activitiesPROC15 | No other specific measures identified. |
| Bulk transfers(closed systems)PROC8b | No other specific measures identified. |
| Bulk transfers(open systems)PROC8b | No other specific measures identified. |
| Drum and small package fillingPROC9 | No other specific measures identified. |
| Equipment cleaning and maintenancePROC8a | No other specific measures identified. |
| Storage.PROC1PROC2 | Store substance within a closed system. |

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| Section 2.2 | Control of Environmental Exposure | |
|--|--|------------------|
| Substance is complex UVCB. | Control of Environmental Exposure | |
| Predominantly hydrophobic. | | |
| Readily biodegradable. | | |
| Amounts Used | | |
| | n ragion. | 0.1 |
| Fraction of EU tonnage used i | | 0,1 850 |
| Regional use tonnage (tonnes | | |
| Fraction of Regional tonnage | | 2,0E-03 |
| Annual site tonnage (tonnes/y | | 1,7 |
| Maximum daily site tonnage (| | 85 |
| Frequency and Duration of | Use | <u> </u> |
| Continuous release. | | |
| Emission Days (days/year): | | 20 |
| | nfluenced by risk management | T |
| Local freshwater dilution factor | | 10 |
| Local marine water dilution fa | | 100 |
| | ns affecting Environmental Exposure | _ |
| | ocess (initial release prior to RMM): | 1,0E-03 |
| Release fraction to wastewate | er from process (initial release prior to | 1,0E-05 |
| RMM): | | |
| | rocess (initial release prior to RMM): | 1,0E-05 |
| Technical conditions and m | easures at process level (source) to pr | event release |
| Common practices vary acros | s sites thus conservative process re- | |
| lease estimates used. | | |
| sions and releases to soil | and measures to reduce or limit disch | arges, air emis- |
| Risk from environmental expo | sure is driven by freshwater. | |
| Prevent discharge of undissol wastewater. | ved substance to or recover from onsite | |
| No wastewater treatment requ | | |
| Treat air emission to provide a | a typical removal efficiency of (%) | 90 |
| Treat onsite wastewater (prior the required removal efficienc | to receiving water discharge) to provide y of >= (%) | 0 |
| If discharging to domestic sew wastewater treatment required | vage treatment plant, no secondary | 0 |
| | prevent/limit release from site | |
| Do not apply industrial sludge | | |
| Sludge should be incinerated, | | |
| | elated to municipal sewage treatment p | |
| treatment (%) | from wastewater via domestic sewage | 93,6 |
| Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%) | | 93,6 |
| | age (MSafe) based on release following | 2,1E+05 |
| Assumed domestic sewage tr | | 2,0E+03 |
| Conditions and Measures re | elated to external treatment of waste fo | |
| | eal of waste should comply with applicable | |

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Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

SECTION 3 EXPOSURE ESTIMATION

Section 3.1 - Health

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Section 3.2 -Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

| SECTION 4 | GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE |
|-----------|---------------------------------------|
| | EXPOSURE SCENARIO |

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 -Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org).

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

| 30000000754 | |
|------------------|--|
| SECTION 1 | EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE |
| Title | Formulation & (re)packing of substances and mixtures- Industrial |
| Use Descriptor | Sector of Use: SU3, SU10 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC14, PROC15 Environmental Release Categories: ERC2, ESVOC SpERC 2.2.v1 |
| Scope of process | Formulation, packing and re-packing of the substance and its mixtures in batch or continuous operations, including storage, materials transfers, mixing, tabletting, compression, pelletisation, extrusion, large and small scale packing, sampling, maintenance and associated laboratory activities. |

| SECTION 2 | OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES | |
|--|--|--|
| Section 2.1 | Control of Worker Exposure | |
| Product Characteristics | | |
| Physical form of product | Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP | |
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article | Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently)., | |
| Frequency and Duration of | Use | |
| Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently). | | |
| Other Operational Condition | ns affecting Exposure | |
| Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). | | |
| | | |

Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently) Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

Contributing Scenarios Risk Management Measures General exposures (closed No other specific measures identified. systems)PROC1PROC2PROC3 General exposures (open sys-No other specific measures identified. tems)PROC4 No other specific measures identified. Batch processes at elevated temperaturesOperation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature). Use in contained batch processesPROC3 Process samplingPROC3 No other specific measures identified. Laboratory activitiesPROC15 No other specific measures identified. Bulk transfersPROC8b No other specific measures identified.

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| Mixing operations (open systems)PROC5 | No other specific measures identified | d. |
|---|---|------------------|
| ManualTransfer from/pouring | No other specific measures identified | d. |
| from containersPROC8a | | |
| Drum/batch transfersPROC8b No other specific measures identified | | d. |
| Production or preparation or articles by tabletting, compression, extrusion or pelletisationPROC14 | No other specific measures identified | d. |
| Drum and small package fill-ingPROC9 | Drum and small package fill- No other specific measures identified | |
| Equipment cleaning and maintenancePROC8a | No other specific measures identified | d. |
| Storage.PROC1PROC2 | Store substance within a closed syst | em. |
| Section 2.2 | Control of Environmental Exposure | |
| Substance is complex UVCB. | • | |
| Predominantly hydrophobic. | | |
| Readily biodegradable. | | |
| Amounts Used | | |
| Fraction of EU tonnage used in | region: | 0,1 |
| Regional use tonnage (tonnes/) | | 730 |
| Fraction of Regional tonnage us | | 1 |
| Annual site tonnage (tonnes/ye | | 730 |
| Maximum daily site tonnage (kg | | 7,3E+03 |
| Frequency and Duration of Us | | 7,52103 |
| Continuous release. | 30 | |
| | | 100 |
| Emission Days (days/year): Environmental factors not influenced by risk management | | 100 |
| Local freshwater dilution factor: | idenced by risk management | 10 |
| Local marine water dilution factor: | | 100 |
| | affecting Environmental Exposure | 100 |
| | | 1,0E-02 |
| | Release fraction to air from process (after typical onsite RMMs consistent with EU Solvent Emissions Directive requirements): | |
| | from process (initial release prior to | 2,0E-04 |
| RMM): | | |
| Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM): | | 1,0E-04 |
| Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release | | |
| Common practices vary across lease estimates used. | sites thus conservative process re- | |
| | nd measures to reduce or limit disch | arges, air emis- |
| sions and releases to soil | | 3 - 1, 1 |
| | ure is driven by freshwater sediment. | |
| Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite | | |
| wastewater. | | |
| No wastewater treatment required. | | |
| Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%) | | 0 |
| Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of >= (%) | | 0 |
| If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary | | 0 |
| ir disoridinging to domestic sewa | go a odunioni piani, no occondary | <u> </u> |

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| wastewater treatment required. | |
|---|-----------------------|
| Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site | |
| Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. | |
| Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. | |
| Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment pl | ant |
| Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment (%) | 93,6 |
| Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%) | 93,6 |
| Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d) | 3,1E+05 |
| Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d) | 2,0E+03 |
| Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for | disposal |
| External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable regulations. | local and/or regional |
| Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste | |
| External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable regulations. | local and/or regional |

| | SECTION 3 | EXPOSURE ESTIMATION |
|----------------------|--|---------------------|
| Section 3.1 - Health | | |
| | The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise | |

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

| SECTION 4 | GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| | EXPOSURE SCENARIO |
| Section 4.1 - Health | |
| Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management | |

Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet

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(http://cefic.org).

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

| 30000000755 | |
|------------------|--|
| SECTION 1 | EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE |
| Title | Use in coatings- Industrial |
| Use Descriptor | Sector of Use: SU3 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC7, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC10, PROC13, PROC14, PROC15 Environmental Release Categories: ERC4, ESVOC SpERC 4.3a.v1 |
| Scope of process | Covers the use in coatings (paints, inks, adhesives, etc) including exposures during use (including materials receipt, storage, preparation and transfer from bulk and semi-bulk, application by spray, roller, spreader, dip, flow, fluidised bed on production lines and film formation) and equipment cleaning, maintenance and associated laboratory activities. |

| SECTION 2 | OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RIS MEASURES | K MANAGEMENT |
|---|--|------------------------|
| Section 2.1 | Control of Worker Exposure | |
| Product Characteristics | | |
| Physical form of product | Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP | |
| Concentration of the Sub- | Covers use of substance/product up to 10 | 00% (unless stated |
| stance in Mixture/Article | differently)., | , |
| Frequency and Duration of | Use | |
| | 8 hours (unless stated differently). | |
| Other Operational Conditio | ns affecting Exposure | |
| | an 20°C above ambient temperature (unless | s stated differently). |
| Assumes a good basic stand | ard of occupational hygiene is implemented | d. |
| Contributing Scenarios | Risk Management Measures | |
| General exposures (closed systems)PROC1 | No other specific measures identified. | |
| General exposures (closed systems) with sample collectionUse in contained systemsPROC2 | No other specific measures identified. | |
| Film formation - force dry- ing, stoving and other tech- nologies.(closed sys- tems)Operation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature).PROC2 | No other specific measures identified. | |
| Mixing operations (closed | No other specific measures identified. | |

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| sures (closed sys- | | |
|--|---|-----------------------|
| tems)PROC3 | | |
| Film formation - air dry- ingPROC4 | No other specific measures identified. | |
| Preparation of material for applicationMixing operations (open systems)PROC5 | No other specific measures identified. | |
| Spraying (automat- ic/robotic)PROC7 | Carry out in a vented booth provided with | n laminar airflow. |
| ManualSprayingPROC7 | Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 v better. | with Type A filter or |
| Material transfersNon- dedicated facilityPROC8a | No other specific measures identified. | |
| Material transfersDedicated facilityPROC8b | No other specific measures identified. | |
| Roller, spreader, flow applicationPROC10 | No other specific measures identified. | |
| Dipping, immersion and pouringPROC13 | No other specific measures identified. | |
| Laboratory activitiesPROC15 | No other specific measures identified. | |
| Material trans- fersDrum/batch transfer- sTransfer from/pouring from containersPROC9 | No other specific measures identified. | |
| Production or preparation or articles by tabletting, compression, extrusion or pelletisationPROC14 | No other specific measures identified. | |
| Equipment cleaning and maintenancePROC8a | No other specific measures identified. | |
| Storage.PROC1 | Store substance within a closed system. | |
| Section 2.2 | Control of Environmental Exposure | |
| Substance is complex UVCB | | |
| Predominantly hydrophobic. | | |
| Readily biodegradable. | | |
| Amounts Used | | • |
| Fraction of EU tonnage used | in region: | 0,1 |
| Regional use tonnage (tonne | | 7,6E+03 |
| Fraction of Regional tonnage | • | 1 |
| Annual site tonnage (tonnes/ | | 7,6E+03 |
| Maximum daily site tonnage (| | 2,5E+04 |
| Frequency and Duration of | | |
| Continuous release. | | |
| Emission Days (days/year): | | 300 |
| Environmental factors not influenced by risk management | | • |
| Local freshwater dilution factor | | 10 |
| Local marine water dilution fa | ctor: | 100 |
| | | |

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| Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure | |
|---|-----------------------|
| Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM): | 9,8E-01 |
| Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to | 7,0E-04 |
| RMM): | 7,02 04 |
| Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM): | 0 |
| Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to pro- | event release |
| Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process re- | |
| lease estimates used. | |
| Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharge | arges, air emis- |
| sions and releases to soil | 3 - 1, |
| Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater sediment. | |
| Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite | |
| wastewater. | |
| If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary | |
| wastewater treatment required. | |
| Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%) | 90 |
| Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide | 77,7 |
| the required removal efficiency of >= (%) | |
| If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary | 0 |
| wastewater treatment required. | |
| Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site | |
| Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. | |
| Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. | |
| | |
| Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p | |
| Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage | 93,6 |
| treatment (%) | |
| Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite | 93,6 |
| (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%) | 0.05.04 |
| Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following | 8,8E+04 |
| total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d) | 0.05.00 |
| Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d) | 2,0E+03 |
| Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for | |
| External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable | local and/or regional |
| regulations. | |
| Conditions and magazine related to external reservant of weets | |
| Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable | local and/or racional |
| regulations. | iocai and/or regional |
| regulations. | |

| SECTION 3 | EXPOSURE ESTIMATION | |
|--|----------------------|--|
| Section 3.1 - Health | Section 3.1 - Health | |
| The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise | | |
| indicated. | | |

Section 3.2 -Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

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| SECTION 4 | GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE |
|-----------|---------------------------------------|
| | EXPOSURE SCENARIO |

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org).

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

| 3000000756 | |
|------------------|--|
| SECTION 1 | EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE |
| Title | Use in coatings- Professional |
| Use Descriptor | Sector of Use: SU22 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC10, PROC11, PROC13, PROC15, PROC19 Environmental Release Categories: ERC8a, ERC8d, ESVOC SpERC 8.3b.v1 |
| Scope of process | Covers the use in coatings (paints, inks, adhesives, etc) including exposures during use (including materials receipt, storage, preparation and transfer from bulk and semi-bulk, application by spray, roller, brush, spreader by hand or similar methods, and film formation), and equipment cleaning, maintenance and associated laboratory activities. |

| SECTION 2 | OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT | |
|--|--|--|
| | MEASURES | |
| Section 2.1 | Control of Worker Exposure | |
| Product Characteristics | | |
| Physical form of product | Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP | |
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article | Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently)., | |
| Frequency and Duration of Use | | |
| Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently). | | |
| Other Operational Conditions affecting Exposure | | |
| Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). | | |

Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

| Contributing Scenarios | Risk Management Measures |
|---|---|
| General exposures (closed sy tems)PROC1 | No other specific measures identified. |
| Filling/ preparation of equipme from drums or containers.Use contained systemsPROC2 | · |
| General exposures (closed sy tems)Use in contained systemsPROC2 | rs- No other specific measures identified. |
| Preparation of material for apprecationUse in contained batch processesPROC3 | oli- No other specific measures identified. |
| Film formation - air dry- ingOutdoorPROC4 | No other specific measures identified. |
| Film formation - air dryingln-doorPROC4 | No other specific measures identified. |

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| Preparation of material for appli- | No other specific measures identifie | <u></u> |
|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------|
| cationIndoorPROC5 | The strict opening modernes identified | · |
| Preparation of material for appli- | No other specific measures identifie | ed. |
| cationOutdoorPROC5 | • | |
| Material transfersDrum/batch | No other specific measures identifie | ed. |
| transfersNon-dedicated facili- | | |
| tyPROC8a | | |
| Material transfersDrum/batch | No other specific measures identifie | ed. |
| transfersDedicated facili- | | |
| tyPROC8b | | |
| Roller, spreader, flow application- | No other specific measures identified | ed. |
| IndoorPROC10 | | |
| Roller, spreader, flow applica- | No other specific measures identifie | ed. |
| tionOutdoorPROC10 | Communities a prostant breath and the | otad analagura |
| ManualSprayingIndoorPROC11 | Carry out in a vented booth or extra | ictea enclosure. |
| | , or: Wear a full face respirator conformi | ng to FN136 with Type |
| | A/P2 filter or better. | ing to Enviso with Type |
| | FVI Z III.GI OI DGLIGI. | |
| ManualSprayingOutdoorPROC11 | Ensure operation is undertaken out | doors. |
| | Avoid carrying out activities involving | |
| | 4 hours | 9 - 1 |
| | Limit the substance content in the n | nixture to 50 %. |
| | , or: | |
| | Wear a full face respirator conformi | ng to EN136 with Type |
| | A/P2 filter or better. | |
| | | |
| Dipping, immersion and | No other specific measures identified | ed. |
| pouringIndoorPROC13 | N d G | |
| Dipping, immersion and | No other specific measures identified | ed. |
| pouringOutdoorPROC13 | No other epositio massures identific | |
| Laboratory activitiesPROC15 | No other specific measures identifie | t u. |
| Hand application - fingerpaints, | No other specific measures identifie | 2d |
| pastels, adhesivesIn- | Two other specific measures identified | īu. |
| doorPROC19 | | |
| Hand application - fingerpaints, | No other specific measures identifie | ed. |
| pastels, adhesivesOut- | The same of the same in the same is a same in the same is a same in the same in the same is a same in the same in the same is a same in the same in the same is a same in the same in the same is a same in the sa | · • · · |
| doorPROC19 | | |
| Storage.PROC1 | Store substance within a closed sys | stem. |
| | <u> </u> | |
| Section 2.2 Cor | trol of Environmental Exposure | |
| Substance is complex UVCB. | | |
| Predominantly hydrophobic. | | |
| Readily biodegradable. | | |
| Amounts Used | | |
| Fraction of EU tonnage used in reg | gion: | 0,1 |

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| Frequency and Duration of Use Continuous release. | |
|---|----------------------|
| Emission Days (days/year): | 365 |
| Environmental factors not influenced by risk management | 1 000 |
| Local freshwater dilution factor: | 10 |
| Local marine water dilution factor: | 100 |
| Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure | 100 |
| Release fraction to air from wide dispersive use (regional only): | 9,8E-01 |
| Release fraction to wastewater from wide dispersive use: | 1,0E-02 |
| Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only): | 1,0E-02 |
| Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to pr | * |
| Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process re- | - CVCIII ICICASC |
| lease estimates used. | |
| Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit disch | arnes air emis- |
| sions and releases to soil | arges, air cims |
| Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater. | |
| Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite | |
| wastewater. | |
| No wastewater treatment required. | |
| Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%) | 0 |
| Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide | 0 |
| the required removal efficiency of >= (%) | |
| If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary | 0 |
| wastewater treatment required. | |
| Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site | <u> </u> |
| Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. | |
| Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. | |
| - · · g · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |
| Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p | lant |
| Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage | 93,6 |
| treatment (%) | |
| Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite | 93,6 |
| (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%) | |
| Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following | 4,7E+03 |
| total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d) | |
| Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d) | 2,0E+03 |
| Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste fo | r disposal |
| External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable regulations. | local and/or regiona |
| Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste | In a land |
| External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable regulations. | iocal and/or regiona |

| SECTION 3 | EXPOSURE ESTIMATION |
|---|---------------------|
| Section 3.1 - Health | |
| The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated. | |

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Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

| SECTION 4 | GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE |
|-----------|---------------------------------------|
| | EXPOSURE SCENARIO |

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org).

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

| 3000000757 | |
|------------------|---|
| SECTION 1 | EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE |
| Title | Use in Cleaning Agents- Industrial |
| Use Descriptor | Sector of Use: SU3 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC7, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC10, PROC13 Environmental Release Categories: ERC4, ESVOC SpERC 4.4a.v1 |
| Scope of process | Covers the use as a component of cleaning products including transfer from storage, pouring/unloading from drums or containers. Exposures during mixing/diluting in the preparatory phase and cleaning activities (including spraying, brushing, dipping, wiping, automated and by hand), related equipment cleaning and maintenance. |

| SECTION 2 | OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES | |
|--|--|--|
| Section 2.1 | Control of Worker Exposure | |
| Product Characteristics | | |
| Physical form of product | Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP | |
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article | Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently)., | |
| Frequency and Duration of Use | | |
| Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently). | | |
| Other Operational Conditions affecting Exposure | | |
| Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). | | |
| | | |

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

| Contributing Scenarios | Risk Management Measures |
|---|---|
| Bulk transfersNon-dedicated facilityPROC8a | No other specific measures identified. |
| Automated process with (semi closed systems.Use in contain systemsPROC2 | |
| Automated process with (semi closed systems.Drum/batch trafersUse in contained batch processesPROC3 | nns- |
| Application of cleaning product closed systemsPROC2 | s in No other specific measures identified. |
| Filling/ preparation of equipme from drums or containers.PROC8b | nt No other specific measures identified. |
| Use in contained batch proces esPROC4 | s- No other specific measures identified. |

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| Degreasing small objects in | No other specific measures identifi | ed. |
|--|---|------------------|
| cleaning stationPROC13 | N | |
| Cleaning with low-pressure washersPROC10 | No other specific measures identifi | |
| Cleaning with high pressure washersPROC7 | Provide a good standard of genera 3 to 5 air changes per hour). Limit the substance content in the | · |
| ManualSurfacesCleaningPROC10 | No other specific measures identifi | ed. |
| Storage.PROC1 | Store substance within a closed sy | rstem. |
| Section 2.2 Cont | rol of Environmental Exposure | |
| Substance is complex UVCB. | • | |
| Predominantly hydrophobic. | | |
| Readily biodegradable. | | |
| Amounts Used | | |
| Fraction of EU tonnage used in regi | on. | 0,1 |
| Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year | | 320 |
| Fraction of Regional tonnage used | | 3,2E-01 |
| Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year): | oodily. | 100 |
| Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day | <i>\</i> /· | 5,0E+03 |
| Frequency and Duration of Use | ()- | 0,02100 |
| Continuous release. | | |
| Emission Days (days/year): | | 20 |
| Environmental factors not influer | aced by risk management | 20 |
| Local freshwater dilution factor: | ioca by flox management | 10 |
| Local marine water dilution factor: | | 100 |
| Other Operational Conditions affe | ecting Environmental Exposure | 100 |
| Release fraction to air from process | | 1,0 |
| Release fraction to wastewater from RMM): | | 3,0E-06 |
| Release fraction to soil from proces | s (initial release prior to RMM): | 0 |
| | es at process level (source) to pro | I = |
| Common practices vary across site | | event release |
| lease estimates used. | s thus conservative process re | |
| | measures to reduce or limit disch | arges, air emis- |
| Risk from environmental exposure i | s driven by freshwater. | |
| Prevent discharge of undissolved si | | |
| wastewater. | | |
| No wastewater treatment required. | | |
| Treat air emission to provide a typic | al removal efficiency of (%) | 70 |
| Treat onsite wastewater (prior to re- | | 0 |
| the required removal efficiency of > | | |
| If discharging to domestic sewage t | | 0 |
| wastewater treatment required. | <u> </u> | |
| Organisational measures to prev | | |
| Do not apply industrial sludge to na Sludge should be incinerated, conta | tural soils. | |
| | | |

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| Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant | |
|--|---------|
| Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage | 93,6 |
| treatment (%) | |
| Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite | 93,6 |
| (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%) | |
| Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following | 8,3E+06 |
| total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d) | |
| Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d) | 2,0E+03 |
| | |

Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

| | SECTION 3 | EXPOSURE ESTIMATION |
|----------------------|--|---------------------|
| Section 3.1 - Health | | |
| | The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise | |

indicated.

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

| SECTION 4 | GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO |
|---|---|
| Section 4.1 - Health | |
| Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management | |

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org).

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

| 30000000758 | 3000000758 | |
|------------------|---|--|
| SECTION 1 | EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE | |
| Title | Use in Cleaning Agents- Professional | |
| Use Descriptor | Sector of Use: SU22 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC10, PROC11, PROC13 Environmental Release Categories: ERC8a, ERC8d, ESVOC SpERC 8.4b.v1 | |
| Scope of process | Covers the use as a component of cleaning products including pouring/unloading from drums or containers; and exposures during mixing/diluting in the preparatory phase and cleaning activities (including spraying, brushing, dipping, wiping automated and by hand). | |

| SECTION 2 | OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MA MEASURES | NAGEMENT |
|---|---|-----------------|
| Section 2.1 | Control of Worker Exposure | |
| Product Characteristics | | |
| Physical form of product | Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP | |
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article | Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (udifferently)., | ınless stated |
| Frequency and Duration of Use | | |
| Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently). Other Operational Conditions affecting Exposure Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented. | | |
| | | |
| | | d differently). |

Contributing Scenarios **Risk Management Measures** Filling/ preparation of equipment No other specific measures identified. from drums or containers.Dedicated facilityPROC8b Filling/ preparation of equipment Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more from drums or containers. Nonthan 4 hours dedicated facilityPROC8a Automated process with (semi) No other specific measures identified. closed systems. Use in contained systemsPROC2 Automated process with (semi) No other specific measures identified. closed systems. Drum/batch transfersUse in contained batch processesPROC3 Semi Automated process. (e.g.: No other specific measures identified. Semi automatic application of floor care and maintenance products)PROC4

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| ManualSurfacesCleaningDipping, immersion and pouringPROC13 | No other specific measures identified. |
|--|---|
| ManualSurfacesCleaningPROC13 | No other specific measures identified. |
| Cleaning with low-pressure washers ers Rolling, Brushing no spraying PROC10 | No other specific measures identified. |
| Cleaning with high pressure washersSprayingIndoorPROC11 | Limit the substance content in the product to 1 %. |
| Cleaning with high pressure washersSprayingOutdoorPROC11 | Limit the substance content in the product to 1 %. |
| ManualSurfacesCleaningPROC10 | Limit the substance content in the product to 25 %. |
| Ad hoc manual application via trigger sprays, dipping, etc.Rolling, BrushingPROC10 | Limit the substance content in the product to 25 %. |
| Application of cleaning products in closed systemsPROC4 | No other specific measures identified. |
| Cleaning of medical devic- esPROC4 | No other specific measures identified. |
| Storage.PROC1 | Store substance within a closed system. |

| Section 2.2 | Control of Environmental Exposure | |
|---|--|------------------|
| Substance is complex UVCB. | | |
| Predominantly hydrophobic. | | |
| Readily biodegradable. | | |
| Amounts Used | | |
| Fraction of EU tonnage used | | 0,1 |
| Regional use tonnage (tonnes | | 2,0 |
| Fraction of Regional tonnage | | 5,0E-04 |
| Annual site tonnage (tonnes/y | | 1,0E-03 |
| Maximum daily site tonnage (| | 2,7E-03 |
| Frequency and Duration of | Use | |
| Continuous release. | | |
| Emission Days (days/year): | | 365 |
| | nfluenced by risk management | |
| Local freshwater dilution factor | | 10 |
| Local marine water dilution fa | | 100 |
| | ns affecting Environmental Exposure | |
| | ide dispersive use (regional only): | 2,0E-02 |
| Release fraction to wastewate | | 1,0E-06 |
| | vide dispersive use (regional only): | 0 |
| Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release | | event release |
| | s sites thus conservative process re- | |
| lease estimates used. | | |
| Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emis- | | arges, air emis- |
| sions and releases to soil | | T |
| Risk from environmental expo | • | |
| No wastewater treatment requ | | |
| | a typical removal efficiency of (%) | 0 |
| Treat onsite wastewater (prior | to receiving water discharge) to provide | 0 |

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| the required removal efficiency of >= (%) | |
|--|-----------------------|
| If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary | 0 |
| wastewater treatment required. | |
| Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site | |
| Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. | |
| Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. | |
| | |
| Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p | lant |
| Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage | 93,6 |
| treatment (%) | |
| Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite | 93,6 |
| (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%) | |
| Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following | 7,1 |
| total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d) | |
| Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d) | 2,0E+03 |
| Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for | r disposal |
| External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional | |
| regulations. | |
| | |
| Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste | |
| External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable regulations. | local and/or regional |

| CECTION 2 | EVECUEE FORMATION |
|----------------------|---------------------|
| SECTION 3 | EXPOSURE ESTIMATION |
| Section 3.1 - Health | |

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Section 3.2 -Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

| SECTION 4 | GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO |
|----------------------|---|
| Section 4.1 - Health | |

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone

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or in combination.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

| 30000000783 | 0000000783 | |
|------------------|---|--|
| SECTION 1 | EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE | |
| Title | Use in Oil and Gas field drilling and production operations- Industrial | |
| Use Descriptor | Sector of Use: SU3 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b Environmental Release Categories: ERC4 | |
| Scope of process | Oil field well drilling and production operations (including drilling muds and well cleaning) including material transfers, onsite formulation, well head operations, shaker room activities and related maintenance. | |

| SECTION 2 | OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES | |
|--|--|--|
| Additional Information | No exposure assessment presented for the environment. | |
| Section 2.1 | Control of Worker Exposure | |
| Product Characteristics | | |
| Physical form of product | Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP | |
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article | Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently)., | |
| Frequency and Duration of | f Use | |
| Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently). | | |
| Other Operational Conditi | ons affecting Exposure | |
| Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). | | |
| Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented. | | |
| Contributing Congrise | Diak Managament Masaures | |

| Contributing Scenarios | Risk Management Measures |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Bulk transfersDedicated | No other specific measures identified. |
| facilityPROC8b | |
| Filling/ preparation of | No other specific measures identified. |
| equipment from drums or | |
| containers.Dedicated facili- | |
| tyPROC8b | |
| Drilling mud (re- | No other specific measures identified. |
|)formulationPROC3 | |
| Drill floor operationsPROC4 | No other specific measures identified. |
| | |
| Operation of solids filtering | |
| equipment - vapour expo- | |
| suresPROC4 | |
| Treatment and disposal of | No other specific measures identified. |
| filtered solidsPROC3 | • |
| Process samplingPROC3 | No other specific measures identified. |

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| Section 2.2 No exposure assessment pre | Control of Environmental Exposure |
|--|---|
| | 0 4 1 45 1 4 15 |
| Storage.PROC1PROC2 | Store substance within a closed system. |
| Equipment cleaning and maintenancePROC8a | No other specific measures identified. |
| General exposures (open systems)PROC4 | No other specific measures identified. |
| Pouring from small containersPROC8a | |
| General exposures (closed systems)PROC1 | No other specific measures identified. |

| | SECTION 3 | EXPOSURE ESTIMATION |
|---|-----------|--|
| Section 3.1 - Health The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherw | | |
| | | peen used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise |

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Section 3.2 - Environment

No exposure assessment presented for the environment.

Quantitative exposure and risk assessment not possible due to lack of emissions to aquatic environment.

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

| SECTION 4 | GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO |
|---|---|
| Section 4.1 - Health | |
| Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management | |
| Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. | |
| Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users | |

Section 4.2 -Environment

No exposure assessment presented for the environment.

should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

| 30000000784 | |
|------------------|--|
| SECTION 1 | EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE |
| Title | Lubricants- Industrial |
| Use Descriptor | Sector of Use: SU3 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC7, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC10, PROC13, PROC17, PROC18 Environmental Release Categories: ERC4, ERC7, ESVOC SpERC 4.6a.v1 |
| Scope of process | Covers the use of formulated lubricants in closed and open systems including transfer operations, operation of machinery/engines and similar articles, reworking on reject articles, equipment maintenance and disposal of wastes. |

| SECTION 2 | OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Section 2.1 | Control of Worker Exposure | | |
| Product Characteristics | | | |
| Physical form of product | Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP | | |
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article | Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently)., | | |
| Frequency and Duration of Use | | | |
| Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently). | | | |
| Other Operational Conditions affecting Exposure | | | |
| Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented. | | | |

| Contributing Scenarios | Ris | sk Management Measures | 1 |
|---|-----|--|---|
| General exposures (closed | | No other specific measures identified. | |
| systems)PROC1PROC2PROC | C3 | | |
| General exposures (open systems)PROC4 | • | No other specific measures identified. | |
| Bulk transfersDedicated facili- tyPROC8b | | No other specific measures identified. | |
| Filling/ preparation of equipme | ent | No other specific measures identified. | |
| from drums or containers.Non- | - | | |
| dedicated facilityPROC8a | | | |
| Filling/ preparation of equipme | ent | No other specific measures identified. | |
| from drums or contain- | | | |
| ers.Dedicated facilityPROC8b | | | |
| Initial factory fill of equip- | | No other specific measures identified. | |
| mentPROC9 | | | |
| Operation and lubrication of | | No other specific measures identified. | |
| high energy open equip- | | | |
| mentPROC17PROC18 | | | |

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| ManualRolling, BrushingPROC10 | | No other specific measures identified | d. | |
|---|------------------------------------|--|---|--|
| Treatment by dipping and pouringPROC13 | | No other specific measures identified. | | |
| SprayingPROC7 | | Carry out in a vented booth or extract | Carry out in a vented booth or extracted enclosure. | |
| Maintenance (of larger plant items) and machine set upDe cated facilityPROC8b | di- | No other specific measures identified. | | |
| Maintenance (of larger plant items) and machine set upOperation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature). Dedicated facilityPROC8b | | Drain down and flush system prior to equipment opening or maintenance. | | |
| Maintenance of small itemsNo dedicated facilityPROC8a | on- | No other specific measures identified | d. | |
| Remanufacture of reject articlesPROC9 | | No other specific measures identified | d. | |
| Storage.PROC1PROC2 | | Store substance within a closed syst | em. | |
| Section 2.2 | | ntrol of Environmental Exposure | | |
| Substance is complex UVCB. | | | | |
| Predominantly hydrophobic. | | | | |
| Readily biodegradable. | | | | |
| Amounts Used | | | | |
| | | -1 | 104 | |
| Fraction of EU tonnage used | | | 0,1 | |
| Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year): | | | 700 | |
| Fraction of Regional tonnage | | | 0,14 | |
| | Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year): | | 100 | |
| Maximum daily site tonnage (| | | 5,0E+03 | |
| Frequency and Duration of | Use | | | |
| Continuous release. | | | | |
| Emission Days (days/year): | | | 20 | |
| Environmental factors not i | nflu | enced by risk management | | |
| Local freshwater dilution factor | | | 10 | |
| Local marine water dilution fa | ctor | | 100 | |
| | | ffecting Environmental Exposure | | |
| • | | ss (initial release prior to RMM): | 5,0E-03 | |
| Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to RMM): | | | 3,0E-05 | |
| Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM): 1,0E-03 | | | 1.0E-03 | |
| | | ures at process level (source) to pr | | |
| | | tes thus conservative process re- | | |
| lease estimates used. | | | | |
| Technical onsite conditions | and | d measures to reduce or limit disch | arges, air emis- | |
| sions and releases to soil | | | 1 | |
| Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater sediment. | | | | |
| Prevent discharge of undissol wastewater. | lved | substance to or recover from onsite | | |
| No wastewater treatment requ | uired | d. | | |
| | | | 1 | |

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| Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%) | 70 | | |
|--|-----------------------|--|--|
| Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide | 0 | | |
| the required removal efficiency of >= (%) | | | |
| If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary | 0 | | |
| wastewater treatment required. | | | |
| Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site | | | |
| Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. | | | |
| Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. | | | |
| | | | |
| Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p | lant | | |
| Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage | 93,6 | | |
| treatment (%) | | | |
| Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite | 93,6 | | |
| (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%) | | | |
| Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following | 2,1E+06 | | |
| total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d) | | | |
| Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d) | 2,0E+03 | | |
| Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for | r disposal | | |
| External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable | local and/or regional | | |
| regulations. | | | |
| | | | |
| Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste | | | |
| External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional | | | |
| regulations. | | | |

| SECTION 3 | EXPOSURE ESTIMATION |
|-----------|---------------------|

Section 3.1 - Health

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Section 3.2 -Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

| SECTION 4 | GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE |
|-----------|---------------------------------------|
| | EXPOSURE SCENARIO |

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technolo-

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gies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org).

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

| 30000000785 | |
|------------------|---|
| SECTION 1 | EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE |
| Title | Lubricants- ProfessionalLow Environmental Release |
| Use Descriptor | Sector of Use: SU22 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC10, PROC11, PROC13, PROC17, PROC18, PROC20 Environmental Release Categories: ERC9a, ERC9b, ESVOC SpERC 8.6c.v1 |
| Scope of process | Covers the use of formulated lubricants in closed and open systems including transfer operations, operation of engines and similar articles, reworking on reject articles, equipment maintenance and disposal of waste oil. |

| SECTION 2 | OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Section 2.1 | Control of Worker Exposure | | |
| Product Characteristics | | | |
| Physical form of product | Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP | | |
| Concentration of the Sub- stance in Mixture/Article | Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently)., | | |
| Frequency and Duration of Use | | | |
| Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently). | | | |
| Other Operational Conditions affecting Exposure | | | |
| Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented. | | | |

| Contributing Scenarios R | isk Management Measures |
|---|--|
| General exposures (closed systems)PROC1PROC2PROC3 | No other specific measures identified. |
| Operation of equipment containi engine oils and similar.PROC20 | |
| General exposures (open systems)PROC4 | No other specific measures identified. |
| Bulk transfersPROC8b | No other specific measures identified. |
| Filling/ preparation of equipment from drums or containers.Dedicated facilityPROC8b | No other specific measures identified. |
| Filling/ preparation of equipment from drums or containers.Non-dedicated facilityPROC8a | Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours |
| Operation and lubrication of high energy open equipmentIndoorPROC17PROC18 | Provide extraction ventilation at points where emissions occur. |

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| Operation and lubrication of high energy open equipmentOut-doorPROC17 | | Ensure operation is undertaken of Avoid carrying out activities involved than 4 hours | | |
|--|---------|---|-------------------------|----------|
| Maintenance (of larger plant items) and machine set upPROC8b | | No other specific measures identi | fied. | |
| Maintenance (of larger plant items) and machine set upOperation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature).Dedicated facilityPROC8b | | Drain down system prior to equip nance. | ment opening or maint | e- |
| Maintenance of small itemsOperation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature).Non-dedicated facilityPROC8a | | Drain or remove substance from in or maintenance. | equipment prior to brea | ık- |
| Engine lubricant servicePROC | 9 | No other specific measures identi | fied. | |
| ManualRolling, BrushingPRO | C10 | No other specific measures identi | fied. | |
| SprayingPROC11 | | Provide a good standard of gener (5 to 15 air changes per hour). Avoid carrying out activities involve than 4 hours , or: Wear a respirator conforming to E better. | ring exposure for more | ! |
| Treatment by dipping and pou ingPROC13 | r- | No other specific measures identi | fied. | |
| Storage.PROC1PROC2 | | Store substance within a closed s | system. | |
| Section 2.2 | Conti | rol of Environmental Exposure | | |
| Substance is complex UVCB. | | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | | 1 |
| Predominantly hydrophobic. | | | | 1 |
| Readily biodegradable. | | | | 1 |
| Amounts Used | | | | 1 |
| Fraction of EU tonnage used i | n regio | on: | 0,1 | 1 |
| Regional use tonnage (tonnes | | | 12 | 1 |
| Fraction of Regional tonnage | used lo | ocally: | 5,0E-04 | 1 |
| Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year): | | | 5,8E-03 | 1 |
| Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day | |): | 1,6E-02 | 1 |
| Frequency and Duration of U | | | | 1 |
| Continuous release. | | | | 1 |
| Emission Days (days/year): | | | 365 | |
| Environmental factors not in | | ced by risk management | |] |
| Local freshwater dilution facto | | | 10 |] |
| Local marine water dilution fac | | | 100 |] |
| | | cting Environmental Exposure | |] |
| Release fraction to air from pro | ocess | (initial release prior to RMM): | 1,0E-02 |] |

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| Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to RMM): | 1,0E-02 |
|---|-----------------------|
| Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM): | 1,0E-02 |
| Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to pr | |
| Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process re- | |
| lease estimates used. | |
| Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit disch | arges, air emis- |
| sions and releases to soil | |
| Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater. | |
| No wastewater treatment required. | |
| Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%) | 0 |
| Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of >= (%) | 0 |
| If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary | 0 |
| wastewater treatment required. | |
| Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site | |
| Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. | |
| Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. | |
| Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p | lant |
| Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment (%) | 93,6 |
| Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%) | 93,6 |
| Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d) | 41 |
| Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d) | 2.000 |
| Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste fo | r disposal |
| External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable | local and/or regional |
| regulations. | |
| Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste | |
| External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable regulations. | local and/or regional |

| SECTION 3 | EXPOSURE ESTIMATION | |
|--|---------------------|--|
| Section 3.1 - Health | | |
| The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise | | |
| indicated. | | |

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

| SECTION 4 | GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO | |
|---|---|--|
| Section 4.1 - Health | | |
| Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management | | |

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Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org).

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

| 30000000786 | |
|------------------|---|
| SECTION 1 | EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE |
| Title | Lubricants- ProfessionalHigh Environmental Release |
| Use Descriptor | Sector of Use: SU22 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC10, PROC11, PROC13, PROC17, PROC18, PROC20 Environmental Release Categories: ERC8a, ERC8d, ESVOC SpERC 8.6c.v1 |
| Scope of process | Covers the use of formulated lubricants in closed and open systems including transfer operations, operation of engines and similar articles, reworking on reject articles, equipment maintenance and disposal of waste oil. |

| SECTION 2 | OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES | |
|--|--|--|
| Section 2.1 | Control of Worker Exposure | |
| Product Characteristics | | |
| Physical form of product | Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP | |
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article | Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently)., | |
| Frequency and Duration of | f Use | |
| Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently). | | |
| Other Operational Conditions affecting Exposure | | |
| Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented. | | |

Contributing Scenarios **Risk Management Measures** General exposures (closed sys-No other specific measures identified. tems)PROC1PROC2PROC3 Operation of equipment containing No other specific measures identified. engine oils and similar.PROC20 General exposures (open sys-No other specific measures identified. tems)PROC4 Bulk transfersPROC8b No other specific measures identified. Filling/ preparation of equipment No other specific measures identified. from drums or containers.Dedicated facilityPROC8b Filling/ preparation of equipment Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more from drums or containers. Nonthan 4 hours dedicated facilityPROC8a Operation and lubrication of high Provide extraction ventilation at points where emissions energy open equipmentInoccur. doorPROC17PROC18

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| Operation and lubrication of high | Avoid carrying out operation for i | more than 4 hours. | |
|--|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------|
| energy open equipmentOut- | | | |
| doorPROC17 Maintenance (of larger plant items) | No other specific measures iden | tified | |
| and machine set upPROC8b | No other specific measures iden | unea. | |
| Maintenance (of larger plant items) | Drain down system prior to equip | ment opening or mainte | <u></u> |
| and machine set upOperation is | nance. | of thank | C |
| carried out at elevated tempera- | | | |
| ture (> 20°C above ambient tem- | | | |
| perature).Dedicated facili- | | | |
| tyPROC8b | | | |
| Maintenance of small itemsOpera- | Drain or remove substance from | equipment prior to brea | ak- |
| tion is carried out at elevated tem- | in or maintenance. | | |
| perature (> 20°C above ambient | | | |
| temperature).Non-dedicated facili- | | | |
| tyPROC8a | No other execitions accuracides | د:د: ما | |
| Engine lubricant servicePROC9 | No other specific measures iden | unea. | |
| ManualRolling, BrushingPROC10 | No other specific measures iden | tified. | |
| SprayingPROC11 | Provide a good standard of gene | eral or controlled ventilat | tion |
| epidyingi reserr | (5 to 15 air changes per hour). | rai or controlled ventua | |
| | Avoid carrying out activities invol | lving exposure for more | ļ. |
| | than 4 hours | • | |
| | , or: | | |
| | Wear a respirator conforming to | EN140 with Type A filte | r or |
| | better. | | |
| Treatment by dipping and pour- | No other specific measures iden | tified. | |
| ingPROC13 | | | |
| Storage.PROC1PROC2 | Store substance within a closed | system. | |
| | rol of Environmental Exposure | 1 | |
| Substance is complex UVCB. | | | |
| Predominantly hydrophobic. | | | |
| Readily biodegradable. | | | |
| Amounts Used | | T | |
| Fraction of EU tonnage used in region | | 0,1 | - |
| Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year) | | 12 | 4 |
| Fraction of Regional tonnage used le | ocally: | 5,0E-04 | 4 |
| Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year): | | 5,8E-03 | 4 |
| Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day |): | 1,6E-02 | _ |
| Frequency and Duration of Use | | | 4 |
| Continuous release. | | 265 | 4 |
| Emission Days (days/year): | and by viole management | 365 | 4 |
| Environmental factors not influen | ced by risk management | 10 | - |
| Local freshwater dilution factor: | | 10 | - |
| Local marine water dilution factor: 100 Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure | | | 1 |
| Release fraction to air from wide dis | | 1,5E-01 | 1 |
| Release fraction to air from wide dis | | 5,0E-02 | 1 |
| Training in action to all from white dis | porsivo uso (rogional only). | 0,0L 0Z | |

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| Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only): | 5,0E-02 | | |
|---|-----------------------|--|--|
| Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to pr | event release | | |
| Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process re- | | | |
| lease estimates used. | | | |
| Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit disch | arges, air emis- | | |
| sions and releases to soil | | | |
| Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater. | | | |
| No wastewater treatment required. | | | |
| Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%) | 0 | | |
| Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of >= (%) | 0 | | |
| If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary wastewater treatment required. | 0 | | |
| Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site | | | |
| Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. | | | |
| Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. | | | |
| Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p | lant | | |
| Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment (%) | 93,6 | | |
| Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite | 93,6 | | |
| (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%) | 00,0 | | |
| Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following | 40 | | |
| total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d) | 2.000 | | |
| Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d) | 2.000 | | |
| Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste fo | | | |
| External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable | local and/or regional | | |
| regulations. | | | |
| Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste | | | |
| External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable | local and/or regional | | |
| regulations. | - | | |
| | | | |

| SECTION 3 EXPOSURE ESTIMATION | | |
|--|--|--|
| Section 3.1 - Health | | |
| The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise | | |
| indicated. | | |

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

| SECTION 4 | GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO | |
|---|---|--|
| Section 4.1 - Health | | |
| Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management | | |
| Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. | | |
| Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users | | |

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should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org).

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

| 30000000787 | |
|------------------|---|
| SECTION 1 | EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE |
| Title | Metal working fluids / rolling oils- Industrial |
| Use Descriptor | Sector of Use: SU3 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC7, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC10, PROC13, PROC17 Environmental Release Categories: ERC4, ESVOC SpERC 4.7a.v1 |
| Scope of process | Covers the use in formulated MWFs/rolling oils including transfer operations, rolling and annealing activities, cutting/machining activities, automated and manual application of corrosion protections (including brushing, dipping and spraying), equipment maintenance, draining and disposal of waste oils. |

| SECTION 2 | OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Section 2.1 | Control of Worker Exposure | | |
| Product Characteristics | Product Characteristics | | |
| Physical form of product | Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP | | |
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article | Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently)., | | |
| Frequency and Duration of Use | | | |
| Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently). | | | |
| Other Operational Conditions affecting Exposure | | | |
| Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). | | | |

Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

| Contributing Scenarios | Risk N | lanagement Measures | |
|---|--------|--|--|
| General exposures (closed sy tems)PROC1PROC2PROC3 | /S- | No other specific measures identified. | |
| General exposures (open sys tems)PROC4 | - | No other specific measures identified. | |
| Bulk transfersPROC8b | | No other specific measures identified. | |
| Filling/ preparation of equipme from drums or containers.PROC8bPROC5PROC9 | ent | No other specific measures identified. | |
| Process samplingPROC8b | | No other specific measures identified. | |
| Metal machining operationsPROC17 | | No other specific measures identified. | |
| Treatment by dipping and pouringPROC13 | ır- | No other specific measures identified. | |

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| SprayingPROC7 | Minimise exposure by partial enclosure of the operation or equipment and provide extract ventilation at openings. |
|--|---|
| ManualRolling, BrushingPROC10 | No other specific measures identified. |
| Automated metal roll- ing/formingUse in contained sys- temsOperation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient tempera- ture).PROC2 | No other specific measures identified. |
| Semi-automated metal roll- ing/formingOperation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient tempera- ture).PROC17 | Minimise exposure by partial enclosure of the operation or equipment and provide extract ventilation at openings. |
| Equipment cleaning and maintenanceDedicated facilityPROC8b | No other specific measures identified. |
| Equipment cleaning and mainte- nanceNon-dedicated facili- tyPROC8a | No other specific measures identified. |
| Storage.PROC1PROC2 | Store substance within a closed system. |

| Section 2.2 | Control of Environmental Exposure | |
|--|---|-------------------|
| | | |
| Substance is complex UVCI | | |
| Predominantly hydrophobic. | | |
| Readily biodegradable. | | |
| Amounts Used | | |
| Fraction of EU tonnage used in region: | | 0,1 |
| Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year): | | 10 |
| Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally: | | 1 |
| Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year): | | 10 |
| Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day): | | 500 |
| Frequency and Duration o | f Use | |
| Continuous release. | | |
| Emission Days (days/year): | | 20 |
| | influenced by risk management | |
| Local freshwater dilution fac | etor: | 10 |
| Local marine water dilution t | | 100 |
| Other Operational Condition | ons affecting Environmental Exposure | |
| Release fraction to air from | process (initial release prior to RMM): | 2,0E-02 |
| Release fraction to wastewa RMM): | ater from process (initial release prior to | 3,0E-05 |
| Release fraction to soil from | process (initial release prior to RMM): | 0 |
| Technical conditions and | measures at process level (source) to p | revent release |
| Common practices vary acro | oss sites thus conservative process re- | |
| lease estimates used. | | |
| | ns and measures to reduce or limit disc | harges, air emis- |
| sions and releases to soil | | |
| | posure is driven by freshwater. | |
| Prevent discharge of undiss | olved substance to or recover from onsite | |

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| wastewater. | | | |
|--|-----------------------|--|--|
| No wastewater treatment required. | | | |
| Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%) | 70 | | |
| Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide | 0 | | |
| the required removal efficiency of >= (%) | | | |
| If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary | 0 | | |
| wastewater treatment required. | | | |
| Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site | | | |
| Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. | | | |
| Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. | | | |
| | | | |
| Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p | lant | | |
| Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage | 93,6 | | |
| treatment (%) | | | |
| Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite | 93,6 | | |
| (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%) | | | |
| Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following | 8,3E+05 | | |
| total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d) | | | |
| Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d) | 2,0E+03 | | |
| Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste fo | r disposal | | |
| External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable | local and/or regional | | |
| regulations. | | | |
| | | | |
| Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste | | | |
| External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional | | | |
| regulations. | | | |
| | | | |

| SECTION 3 | EXPOSURE ESTIMATION |
|--------------------|---------------------|
| Cootion 0.4 Hoolth | |

Section 3.1 - Health

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

| SECTION 4 | GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE | |
|-----------|---------------------------------------|--|
| | EXPOSURE SCENARIO | |

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 -Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management

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measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org).

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

| 30000000788 | |
|------------------|--|
| SECTION 1 | EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE |
| Title | Metal working fluids / rolling oils- Professional |
| Use Descriptor | Sector of Use: SU22 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC10, PROC11, PROC13, PROC17 Environmental Release Categories: ERC8a, ERC8b, ESVOC SpERC 9.6b.v1 |
| Scope of process | Covers the use in formulated MWFs including transfer operations, open and contained cutting/machining activities, automated and manual application of corrosion protections, draining and working on contaminated/reject articles, and disposal of waste oils. |

| SECTION 2 | OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES | |
|---|--|--------------|
| Section 2.1 | Control of Worker Exposure | |
| Product Characteristics | | |
| Physical form of product | Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP | |
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article | Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently)., | |
| Frequency and Duration of | Use | |
| Covers daily exposures up to | o 8 hours (unless stated differently). | |
| Other Operational Condition | ons affecting Exposure | |
| | an 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated d | ifferently). |

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

Contributing Scenarios **Risk Management Measures** General exposures (closed sys-No other specific measures identified. tems)PROC1PROC2PROC3 Bulk transfersPROC8b No other specific measures identified. Filling/ preparation of equipment from drums No other specific measures identified. or containers.PROC5PROC8aPROC8bPROC9 Process samplingDedicated facilityPROC8b No other specific measures identified. Metal machining operationsPROC17 Provide a good standard of general or controlled ventilation (5 to 15 air changes per hour). ManualRolling, BrushingPROC10 No other specific measures identified. SprayingPROC11 Provide a good standard of general or controlled ventilation (5 to 15 air changes per hour).

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| | | Avoid carrying out activi | ties involving exposure |
|--|-----------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | | more than 4 hours | |
| | | , or: | |
| | | Wear a respirator confo | rming to EN140 with Ty _l |
| | | A/P2 filter or better. | |
| Treatment by dipping and | d pouringPROC13 | No other specific measu | ıres identified. |
| Equipment cleaning and | maintenance- | Drain down system prior | r to equipment opening |
| PROC8aPROC8b | maintenance- | maintenance. | to equipment opening |
| Storage.PROC1PROC2 | | Store substance within a | a closed system |
| | | | a crossed dyeleriii. |
| Section 2.2 | | vironmental Exposure | |
| Substance is complex U | | | |
| Predominantly hydropho | bic. | | |
| Readily biodegradable. | | | |
| Amounts Used | | | |
| Fraction of EU tonnage u | ised in region: | | 0,1 |
| Regional use tonnage (to | onnes/year): | | 5,0 |
| Fraction of Regional tonr | nage used locally: | | 5,0E-04 |
| Annual site tonnage (ton | nes/year): | | 2,5E-03 |
| Maximum daily site tonna | age (kg/day): | | 6,8E-03 |
| Frequency and Duratio | n of Use | | |
| Continuous release. | | | |
| Emission Days (days/yea | ar): | | 365 |
| Environmental factors | | sk management | |
| Local freshwater dilution factor: | | 10 | |
| Local marine water dilution | | | 100 |
| Other Operational Cond | ditions affecting En | vironmental Exposure | |
| Release fraction to air fro | om wide dispersive u | se (regional only): | 5,0E-02 |
| Release fraction to waste | ewater from wide disp | persive use: | 2,5E-02 |
| Release fraction to soil fr | om wide dispersive i | use (regional only): | 0 |
| Technical conditions a | nd measures at pro | cess level (source) to pr | event release |
| Common practices vary | across sites thus con | servative process re- | |
| lease estimates used. | | | |
| Technical onsite conditions and releases to s | | to reduce or limit disch | arges, air emis- |
| Risk from environmental | | v freshwater | |
| No wastewater treatmen | | y modifivator. | |
| | | al efficiency of (%) | 0 |
| Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%) Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide | | 0 | |
| the required removal efficiency of >= (%) | | | |
| If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary | | 0 | |
| wastewater treatment red | | orani, no occonicary | |
| Organisational measure | | elease from site | |
| Do not apply industrial sl | | | |
| Sludge should be inciner | | | |
| Conditions and Measur | es related to munic | cipal sewage treatment p | lant |
| Estimated substance ren | | · · · · · · | 93,6 |
| | | | , - |

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| treatment (%) | |
|---|---------|
| Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite | 93,6 |
| (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%) | |
| Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following | 18 |
| total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d) | |
| Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d) | 2,0E+03 |
| Conditions and Massures related to external treatment of waste for disposal | |

Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

| SECTION 3 | EXPOSURE ESTIMATION |
|--|---------------------|
| Section 3.1 - Health | |
| The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise | |

indicated.

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

| | GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO |
|-------------------|---|
| Continu 4.4 Hookk | |

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

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| 30000000790 | |
|------------------|--|
| SECTION 1 | EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE |
| Title | Use as binders and release agents- Industrial |
| Use Descriptor | Sector of Use: SU3 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC6, PROC7, PROC8b, PROC10, PROC13, PROC14 Environmental Release Categories: ERC4, ESVOC SpERC 4.10a.v1 |
| Scope of process | Covers the use as binders and release agents including material transfers, mixing, application by spraying, brushing, and handling of waste. |

| SECTION 2 | OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RIS MEASURES | K MANAGEMENT | |
|--|--|--------------|--|
| Section 2.1 | Control of Worker Exposure | | |
| Product Characteristics | Product Characteristics | | |
| Physical form of product | Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP | | |
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article | Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently)., | | |
| Frequency and Duration of Use | | | |
| Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently). | | | |
| Other Operational Conditions affecting Exposure | | | |
| Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented. | | | |

| Contributing Scenarios | Risk Management Measures |
|--|--|
| Material transfersUse in contained systemsPROC1PROC2PROC3 | No other specific measures identified. |
| Drum/batch transfersPROC8b | No other specific measures identified. |
| Mixing operations (closed systems)PROC3 | No other specific measures identified. |
| Mixing operations (open systems)PROC4 | No other specific measures identified. |
| Mold formingPROC14 | No other specific measures identified. |
| Casting operations(open systems)Operation is carried out a elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature). Aerosol generation due to elevated process temperature-PROC6 | |
| SprayingMachinePROC7 | Minimise exposure by partial enclosure of the operation or |

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| | equipment and provide extract ventila | tion at openings |
|--|---|------------------|
| | | mon at openings. |
| SprayingManualPROC7 | Provide a good standard of general o to 15 air changes per hour). Avoid carrying out activities involving 4 hours | , |
| ManualRolling, Brush- ingPROC10 | No other specific measures identified | |
| Dipping, immersion and pouringPROC13 | No other specific measures identified | |
| Storage.PROC1PROC2 | Store substance within a closed syste | em. |
| Section 2.2 Co | ontrol of Environmental Exposure | |
| Substance is complex UVCB. | | |
| Predominantly hydrophobic. | | |
| Readily biodegradable. | | |
| Amounts Used | | |
| Fraction of EU tonnage used in re | egion: | 0,1 |
| Regional use tonnage (tonnes/ye | ear): | 70 |
| Fraction of Regional tonnage use | | 1 |
| Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year | r): | 70 |
| Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/d | day): | 3,5E+03 |
| Frequency and Duration of Use | 9 | |
| Continuous release. | | |
| Emission Days (days/year): | | 20 |
| Environmental factors not influ | enced by risk management | |
| Local freshwater dilution factor: | | 10 |
| Local marine water dilution factor | r: | 100 |
| | affecting Environmental Exposure | |
| Release fraction to air from proce | ess (initial release prior to RMM): | 1,0 |
| Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to RMM): | | 3,0E-06 |
| Release fraction to soil from proc | cess (initial release prior to RMM): | 0 |
| Technical conditions and meas | Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release | |
| Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used. | | |
| Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil | | |
| Risk from environmental exposur | e is driven by freshwater. | |
| | d substance to or recover from onsite | |
| wastewater. | | |
| No wastewater treatment require | d. | |
| Treat air emission to provide a ty | | 80 |
| | receiving water discharge) to provide | 0 |
| the required removal efficiency of | | |
| If discharging to domestic sewag | | 0 |
| wastewater treatment required. | • | |
| wastewater treatment required. | | |
| Organisational measures to pr | | |
| • | natural soils. | |

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| Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant | | |
|---|---------|--|
| Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage | 93,6 | |
| treatment (%) | | |
| Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite | 93,6 | |
| (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%) | | |
| Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following | 6,5E+06 | |
| total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d) | | |
| Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d) | 2,0E+03 | |
| Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal | | |

External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

| SECTION 3 | | EXPOSURE ESTIMATION |
|-----------|---------------------------|--|
| | Section 3.1 - Health | |
| | The ECETOC TRA tool has b | been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise |

indicated.

Section 3.2 -Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

| SECTION 4 | GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO |
|----------------------|---|
| Section 4.1 - Health | |

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

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| 30000000791 | |
|------------------|--|
| SECTION 1 | EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE |
| Title | Use as binders and release agents- Professional |
| Use Descriptor | Sector of Use: SU22 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC6, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC10, PROC11, PROC14 Environmental Release Categories: ERC8a, ERC8d, ESVOC SpERC 8.10b.v1 |
| Scope of process | Covers the use as binders and release agents including material transfers, mixing, application by spraying, brushing, and handling of waste. |

| SECTION 2 | OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RIS MEASURES | K MANAGEMENT |
|--|---|--------------------|
| Section 2.1 | Control of Worker Exposure | |
| Product Characteristics | | |
| Physical form of product | Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP | • |
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article | Covers use of substance/product up to 10 differently)., | 00% (unless stated |
| Frequency and Duration of | Use | |
| Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently). | | |
| Other Operational Conditions affecting Exposure | | |
| Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented. | | |

| Contributing Scenarios | Risk Management Measures |
|--|--|
| Bulk transfersUse in contained systemsPROC1PROC2PROC | |
| Drum/batch transfer- sPROC8aPROC8b | No other specific measures identified. |
| Mixing operations (closed systems)PROC3 | No other specific measures identified. |
| Mixing operations (open systems)PROC4 | No other specific measures identified. |
| Mold formingPROC14 | No other specific measures identified. |
| Casting operations(open systems)Operation is carried out elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature).PROC6 | |
| SprayingMachinePROC11 | Minimise exposure by partial enclosure of the operation or equipment and provide extract ventilation at openings. , or: Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with Type A filter or |

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| SprayingManualPROC11 Provide a good standard of general or controlled ventilation (5 to 15 air changes per hour). Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours ManualRolling, BrushingPROC10 Storage.PROC1PROC2 Store substance within a closed system. Section 2.2 Control of Environmental Exposure Substance is complex UVCB. Preadminantly hydrophobic. Readily biodegradable. Amounts Used Fraction of Eul tonnage used in region: Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year): Maximum daily site tonnage (tonnes/year): Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day): Frequency and Duration of Use Continuous release. Emission Days (days/year): Local freshwater dilution factor: Local marine water dilution factor: Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only): Release fraction to wastewater from wide dispersive use: Release fraction to wastewater from wide dispersive use: Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use: Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used. Reshort from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater. No wastewater treatment required. Reshort from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater. No wastewater treatment required. Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater. No wastewater treatment required. Pread air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%) If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary wastewater treatment required. Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. Conditions and measures to late to municipal sowers to tenton to late. | | better. | |
|--|---|---|------------------|
| Section 2.2 Control of Environmental Exposure | SprayingManualPROC11 | to 15 air changes per hour). Avoid carrying out activities involving | , |
| Section 2.2 Control of Environmental Exposure Substance is complex UVCB. Predominantly hydrophobic. Readily biodegradable. Amounts Used Fraction of EU tonnage used in region: 0,1 Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year): 30 Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally: 5,0E-04 Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year): 1,5E-02 Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day): 4,1E-02 Frequency and Duration of Use Continuous release. Emission Days (days/year): 365 Environmental factors not influenced by risk management Local freshwater dilution factor: 10 Local marine water dilution factor: 100 Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure Release fraction to air from wide dispersive use (regional only): 9,5E-01 Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use: 2,5E-02 Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only): 2,5E-02 Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used. Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater. No wastewater treatment required. Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%) Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of >= (%) If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary wastewater treatment required. Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. | | No other specific measures identified | |
| Substance is complex UVCB. Predominantly hydrophobic. Readily biodegradable. Amounts Used Fraction of EU tonnage used in region: 0,1 Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year): 30 Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally: 5,0E-04 Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year): 1,5E-02 Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day): 4,1E-02 Frequency and Duration of Use Continuous release. Emission Days (days/year): 365 Environmental factors not influenced by risk management Local freshwater dilution factor: 100 Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure Release fraction to air from wide dispersive use (regional only): 9,5E-01 Release fraction to wastewater from wide dispersive use: 2,5E-02 Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only): 2,5E-02 Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used. Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater. No wastewater treatment exposure is driven by freshwater. No wastewater treatment required. Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%) 0 Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of >= (%) If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary wastewater treatment required. Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. | | Store substance within a closed syste | em. |
| Substance is complex UVCB. Predominantly hydrophobic. Readily biodegradable. Amounts Used Fraction of EU tonnage used in region: 0,1 Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year): 30 Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally: 5,0E-04 Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year): 1,5E-02 Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day): 4,1E-02 Frequency and Duration of Use Continuous release. Emission Days (days/year): 365 Environmental factors not influenced by risk management Local freshwater dilution factor: 100 Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure Release fraction to air from wide dispersive use (regional only): 9,5E-01 Release fraction to wastewater from wide dispersive use: 2,5E-02 Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only): 2,5E-02 Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used. Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater. No wastewater treatment required. Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%) 0 Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of >= (%) If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary wastewater treatment required. Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. | Section 2.2 Co | ontrol of Environmental Exposure | |
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| Fraction of EU tonnage used in region: Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year): Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year): Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally: Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year): I,5E-02 Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day): Frequency and Duration of Use Continuous release. Emission Days (days/year): Benvironmental factors not influenced by risk management Local freshwater dilution factor: Local marine water dilution factor: 100 Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure Release fraction to air from wide dispersive use (regional only): Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use: 2,5E-02 Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only): 2,5E-02 Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used. Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater. No wastewater treatment required. Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%) Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of >= (%) If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary wastewater treatment required. Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. | | | |
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| Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year): Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally: 5,0E-04 Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year): 1,5E-02 Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day): Frequency and Duration of Use Continuous release. Emission Days (days/year): 365 Environmental factors not influenced by risk management Local freshwater dilution factor: 100 Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure Release fraction to air from wide dispersive use (regional only): 9,5E-01 Release fraction to wastewater from wide dispersive use: 2,5E-02 Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only): 2,5E-02 Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used. Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater. No wastewater treatment required. Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of >= (%) If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary wastewater treatment required. Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. | | eaion. | 0.1 |
| Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally: Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year): Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day): Frequency and Duration of Use Continuous release. Emission Days (days/year): Coal freshwater dilution factor: Local freshwater dilution factor: Local marine water dilution factor: Cother Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure Release fraction to air from wide dispersive use (regional only): Release fraction to wastewater from wide dispersive use: 2,5E-02 Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only): 2,5E-02 Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used. Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater. No wastewater treatment required. Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%) Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of >= (%) If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary wastewater treatment required. Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. | | | |
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| Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day): Frequency and Duration of Use Continuous release. Emission Days (days/year): Environmental factors not influenced by risk management Local freshwater dilution factor: Local marine water dilution factor: 100 Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure Release fraction to air from wide dispersive use (regional only): Release fraction to wastewater from wide dispersive use: 2,5E-02 Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only): 2,5E-02 Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used. Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater. No wastewater treatment required. Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%) Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of >= (%) If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary wastewater treatment required. Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. | | | |
| Frequency and Duration of Use Continuous release. Emission Days (days/year): Environmental factors not influenced by risk management Local freshwater dilution factor: Local marine water dilution factor: Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure Release fraction to air from wide dispersive use (regional only): Release fraction to wastewater from wide dispersive use: Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only): 7.5E-02 Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only): 7.5E-02 Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only): 7.5E-02 Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only): 7.5E-02 Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only): 7.5E-02 Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use: 8.7E-02 Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use: 9.5E-02 Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use: 9.5E-02 Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use: 9.5E-02 Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use: 9.5E-02 Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use: 9.5E-02 Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use: 9.5E-02 Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use: 9.5E-02 Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use: 9.5E-02 Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use: 9.5E-01 1.00 | | | |
| Continuous release. Emission Days (days/year): Environmental factors not influenced by risk management Local freshwater dilution factor: Local marine water dilution factor: Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure Release fraction to air from wide dispersive use (regional only): Release fraction to wastewater from wide dispersive use: Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only): Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only): 7 Echnical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used. Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater. No wastewater treatment required. Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%) Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of >= (%) If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary wastewater treatment required. Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. | | | 1,12 02 |
| Environmental factors not influenced by risk management Local freshwater dilution factor: Local marine water dilution factor: 100 Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure Release fraction to air from wide dispersive use (regional only): 9,5E-01 Release fraction to wastewater from wide dispersive use: 2,5E-02 Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only): 7,5E-02 Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used. Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater. No wastewater treatment required. Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%) Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of >= (%) If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary wastewater treatment required. Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. | | · | |
| Environmental factors not influenced by risk management Local freshwater dilution factor: Local marine water dilution factor: Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure Release fraction to air from wide dispersive use (regional only): Release fraction to wastewater from wide dispersive use: Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only): 7.5E-02 Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only): 7.5E-02 Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used. Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater. No wastewater treatment required. Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%) Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of >= (%) If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary wastewater treatment required. Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. | | | 365 |
| Local freshwater dilution factor: Local marine water dilution factor: Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure Release fraction to air from wide dispersive use (regional only): Release fraction to wastewater from wide dispersive use: Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use: Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only): Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only): Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only): Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only): 2,5E-02 Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used. Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater. No wastewater treatment required. Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%) Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of >= (%) If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary wastewater treatment required. Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. | | enced by risk management | 1 000 |
| Local marine water dilution factor: 100 | | ionoca by non-management | 10 |
| Release fraction to air from wide dispersive use (regional only): 9,5E-01 Release fraction to wastewater from wide dispersive use: 2,5E-02 Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only): 2,5E-02 Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only): 2,5E-02 Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used. Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater. No wastewater treatment required. Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%) Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of >= (%) If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary wastewater treatment required. Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. | | ·· | |
| Release fraction to air from wide dispersive use (regional only): Release fraction to wastewater from wide dispersive use: Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only): Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only): 7 | | | 100 |
| Release fraction to wastewater from wide dispersive use: Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only): 7.5E-02 Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used. Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater. No wastewater treatment required. Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%) Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of >= (%) If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary wastewater treatment required. Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. | | | 9.5F-01 |
| Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only): Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used. Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater. No wastewater treatment required. Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%) Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of >= (%) If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary wastewater treatment required. Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. | | | |
| Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used. Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater. No wastewater treatment required. Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%) Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of >= (%) If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary wastewater treatment required. Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. | | | · · · |
| Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used. Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater. No wastewater treatment required. Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%) Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of >= (%) If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary wastewater treatment required. Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. | | | |
| Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater. No wastewater treatment required. Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%) Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of >= (%) If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary wastewater treatment required. Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. | | | |
| Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater. No wastewater treatment required. Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%) Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of >= (%) If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary wastewater treatment required. Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. | | nee and concervative process to | |
| Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater. No wastewater treatment required. Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%) Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of >= (%) If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary wastewater treatment required. Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. | | d measures to reduce or limit disch | arges, air emis- |
| Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater. No wastewater treatment required. Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%) Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of >= (%) If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary wastewater treatment required. Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. | | | 9 - 2 , |
| No wastewater treatment required. Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%) Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of >= (%) If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary wastewater treatment required. Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. | | e is driven by freshwater. | |
| Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%) Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of >= (%) If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary wastewater treatment required. Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. | | | |
| Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of >= (%) If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary wastewater treatment required. Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. | | | 0 |
| the required removal efficiency of >= (%) If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary wastewater treatment required. Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. | | | 0 |
| If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary wastewater treatment required. Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. | | | |
| wastewater treatment required. Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. | If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary | | 0 |
| Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. | wastewater treatment required. | | |
| Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. | Organisational measures to pro | event/limit release from site | |
| | | | |
| Conditions and Massures related to municipal course treatment plant | Sludge should be incinerated, co | ntained or reclaimed. | |
| Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant | | | |
| Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment (%) | treatment (%) | | 93,6 |
| Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite 93,6 | Total efficiency of removal from v | vastewater after onsite and offsite | 93,6 |

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| (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%) | |
|---|---------|
| Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following | 82 |
| total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d) | |
| Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d) | 2,0E+03 |
| On ditions and Massames related to enternal treatment of wests for disposal | |

Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

| SECTION 3 | EXPOSURE ESTIMATION |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Section 3.1 - Health | |
| The ECETOC TRA tool has be indicated. | een used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise |

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

| SECTION 4 | GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO |
|----------------------|---|
| Section 4.1 - Health | |

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

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| 30000000792 | |
|------------------|--|
| SECTION 1 | EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE |
| Title | Use in agrochemicals- Professional |
| Use Descriptor | Sector of Use: SU22 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC11, PROC13 Environmental Release Categories: ERC8a, ERC8d, ESVOC SpERC 8.11a.v1 |
| Scope of process | Use as an agrochemical excipient for application by manual or machine spraying, smokes and fogging; including equipment clean-downs and disposal. |

| SECTION 2 | OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES |
|---|---|
| Section 2.1 | Control of Worker Exposure |
| Product Characteristics | |
| Physical form of product | Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP |
| Concentration of the Sub- | Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated |
| stance in Mixture/Article | differently)., |
| Frequency and Duration of | Use |
| Covers daily exposures up to | 8 hours (unless stated differently). |
| Other Operational Condition | ns affecting Exposure |
| | an 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). |
| Assumes a good basic stand | ard of occupational hygiene is implemented. |
| Contributing Scenarios | Risk Management Measures |
| Transfer from/pouring from containersPROC8b | No other specific measures identified. |
| Mixing in contain- ers.PROC4 | No other specific measures identified. |
| Spraying/ fogging by manual applicationPROC11 | Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with Type A/P2 filter or better. |
| Spraying/ fogging by machine applicationPROC11 | Apply within a vented cab supplied with filtered air under positive pressure and with a protection factor of >20. , or: |
| | Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with Type A/P2 filter or better. |
| Ad hoc manual application via trigger sprays, dipping, etc.PROC13 | No other specific measures identified. |
| Equipment cleaning and maintenancePROC8a | No other specific measures identified. |
| Storage.PROC1PROC2 | Store substance within a closed system. |

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| Section 2.2 | Control of Environmental Exposure | |
|---|---|-----------------------|
| Substance is complex UVCB | | |
| Predominantly hydrophobic. | | |
| Readily biodegradable. | | |
| Amounts Used | | <u> </u> |
| Fraction of EU tonnage used | 0,1 | |
| Regional use tonnage (tonne | | 610 |
| Fraction of Regional tonnage | | 2,0E-03 |
| Annual site tonnage (tonnes/ | • | 1,2 |
| Maximum daily site tonnage (| | 3,4 |
| Frequency and Duration of | <u> </u> | 10,. |
| Continuous release. | | |
| Emission Days (days/year): | | 365 |
| | nfluenced by risk management | 303 |
| Local freshwater dilution factor | | 10 |
| Local marine water dilution fa | | 100 |
| | ns affecting Environmental Exposure | 100 |
| • | ride dispersive use (regional only): | 9.0E-01 |
| Release fraction to wastewate | | 1,0E-02 |
| | wide dispersive use (regional only): | 9.0E-02 |
| | 1 1 1 | - / |
| | neasures at process level (source) to process sites thus conservative process re- | |
| lease estimates used. | | |
| | s and measures to reduce or limit disch | orgas air amis |
| sions and releases to soil | s and measures to reduce or minit discri | arges, air einis- |
| Risk from environmental expo | ocuro ie drivon by coil | |
| No wastewater treatment req | • | |
| | a typical removal efficiency of (%) | 0 |
| | r to receiving water discharge) to provide | 0 |
| the required removal efficiency | | 0 |
| | | 0 |
| If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary | | U |
| Wastewater treatment require | o prevent/limit release from site | |
| Do not apply industrial sludge | | |
| Sludge should be incinerated | | |
| Sidage should be incinerated | , contained of reclaimed. | |
| Conditions and Measures r | elated to municipal sewage treatment p | lant |
| | I from wastewater via domestic sewage | 93,6 |
| treatment (%) | Thom wastewater via domestic sewaye | 33,0 |
| Total efficiency of removal fro | om wastewater after onsite and offsite | 93,6 |
| (domestic treatment plant) RI | | 33,0 |
| | | 4,7E+03 |
| Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d) | | , / L 100 |
| Assumed domestic sewage to | | 2,0E+03 |
| Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal | | |
| | sal of waste should comply with applicable | |
| regulations. | | - |
| - | | |
| Conditions and measures r | elated to external recovery of waste | |
| | ng of waste should comply with applicable | local and/or regional |

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regulations.

Section 3.1 - Health

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4 GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

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| 30000000793 | |
|------------------|---|
| SECTION 1 | EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE |
| Title | Use as a fuel- Industrial |
| Use Descriptor | Sector of Use: SU3 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC16 Environmental Release Categories: ERC7, ESVOC SpERC 7.12a.v1 |
| Scope of process | Covers the use as a fuel (or fuel additive) and includes activities associated with its transfer, use, equipment maintenance and handling of waste. |

| SECTION 2 | OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES |
|--|--|
| Section 2.1 | Control of Worker Exposure |
| Product Characteristics | |
| Physical form of product | Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP |
| Concentration of the Sub- | Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated |
| stance in Mixture/Article | differently)., |
| Frequency and Duration of | |
| Covers daily exposures up to | 8 hours (unless stated differently). |
| Other Operational Condition | |
| Assumes use at not more that | an 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). |
| Assumes a good basic stand | lard of occupational hygiene is implemented. |
| Contributing Scenarios | Risk Management Measures |
| Bulk transfersDedicated facilityPROC8b | No other specific measures identified. |
| Drum/batch transfersDedicated facilityPROC8b | No other specific measures identified. |
| General exposures (closed systems)PROC1PROC2 | No other specific measures identified. |
| Use as a fuel(closed systems)PROC16PROC3 | No other specific measures identified. |
| Equipment cleaning and maintenancePROC8a | No other specific measures identified. |
| Storage.PROC1PROC2 | Store substance within a closed system. |
| Section 2.2 | Control of Environmental Exposure |
| Substance is complex UVCB | 3. |
| Predominantly hydrophobic. | |
| Readily biodegradable. | |
| Amounts Used | · |
| Fraction of EU tonnage used in region: 0,1 | |
| Regional use tonnage (tonne | |

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| Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally: | 1 |
|---|------------------|
| Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year): | 15 |
| Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day): | 750 |
| Frequency and Duration of Use | |
| Continuous release. | |
| Emission Days (days/year): | 20 |
| Environmental factors not influenced by risk management | |
| Local freshwater dilution factor: | 10 |
| Local marine water dilution factor: | 100 |
| Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure | |
| Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM): | 5,0E-03 |
| Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to RMM): | 1,0E-05 |
| Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM): | 0 |
| Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to pr | event release |
| Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process re- | |
| lease estimates used. | |
| Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit disch | arges, air emis- |
| sions and releases to soil | |
| Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater. | |
| No wastewater treatment required. | |
| Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%) | 95 |
| Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide | 0 |
| the required removal efficiency of >= (%) | |
| If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary | 0 |
| wastewater treatment required. | |
| Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site | |
| Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. | |
| Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p | lant |
| Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment (%) | 93,6 |
| Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%) | 93,6 |
| Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d) | 1,5E+06 |
| Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d) | 2,0E+03 |
| Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for | |
| Combustion emissions limited by required exhaust emission controls. | • |
| Waste combustion emissions considered in regional exposure assessm | ent. |
| Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste | |
| This substance is consumed during use and no waste of substance is g | enerated. |

| SECTION 3 | EXPOSURE ESTIMATION |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| Section 3.1 - Health | |
| The ECETOC TRA tool has I indicated. | been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise |

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Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

| SECTION 4 | GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE |
|-----------|---------------------------------------|
| | EXPOSURE SCENARIO |

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

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| 30000000794 | |
|------------------|--|
| SECTION 1 | EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE |
| Title | Use as a fuel- Professional |
| Use Descriptor | Sector of Use: SU22 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC16 Environmental Release Categories: ERC9a, ERC9b, ESVOC SpERC 9.12b.v1 |
| Scope of process | Covers the use as a fuel (or fuel additive) and includes activities associated with its transfer, use, equipment maintenance and handling of waste. |

| SECTION 2 | OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RIS MEASURES | K MANAGEMENT | |
|--|--|--------------|--|
| Section 2.1 | Control of Worker Exposure | | |
| Product Characteristics | | | |
| Physical form of product | Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STF | | |
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article | Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently)., | | |
| Frequency and Duration of Use | | | |
| Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently). | | | |
| Other Operational Conditions affecting Exposure | | | |
| Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented. | | | |

| Contributing Scenarios | sk Management Measures | |
|---|-----------------------------------|--------|
| Bulk transfersDedicated facilityPROC8b | No other specific measures identi | fied. |
| Drum/batch transfersDedicate facilityPROC8b | No other specific measures identi | fied. |
| Refueling.Dedicated facilityPROC8b | No other specific measures identi | fied. |
| General exposures (closed systems)PROC1PROC2PRO | No other specific measures identi | fied. |
| Use as a fuel(closed systems)PROC16 | No other specific measures identi | fied. |
| Equipment cleaning and maintenancePROC8a | No other specific measures identi | fied. |
| Storage.PROC1 | Store substance within a closed s | ystem. |

| Section 2.2 | Control of Environmental Exposure | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Substance is complex UVCB. | | |
| Predominantly hydrophobic. | | |
| Readily biodegradable. | | |
| Amounts Used | | |

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| le e reus | | | | |
|---|------------------|--|--|--|
| Fraction of EU tonnage used in region: | 0,1 | | | |
| Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year): | 15 | | | |
| Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally: | 5,0E-04 | | | |
| Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year): | 7,5E-03 | | | |
| Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day): | 2,1E-02 | | | |
| Frequency and Duration of Use | | | | |
| Continuous release. | | | | |
| Emission Days (days/year): | 365 | | | |
| Environmental factors not influenced by risk management | | | | |
| Local freshwater dilution factor: | 10 | | | |
| Local marine water dilution factor: | 100 | | | |
| Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure | | | | |
| Release fraction to air from wide dispersive use (regional only): | 1,0E-04 | | | |
| Release fraction to wastewater from wide dispersive use: | 1,0E-05 | | | |
| Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only): | 1,0E-05 | | | |
| Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to pro | event release | | | |
| Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process re- | | | | |
| lease estimates used. | | | | |
| Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discha- | arges, air emis- | | | |
| sions and releases to soil | | | | |
| Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater. | | | | |
| No wastewater treatment required. | | | | |
| Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%) | 0 | | | |
| Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide | 0 | | | |
| the required removal efficiency of >= (%) | | | | |
| If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary | 0 | | | |
| wastewater treatment required. | | | | |
| Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site | | | | |
| Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. | | | | |
| Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. | | | | |
| | | | | |
| Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p | | | | |
| Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage | 93,6 | | | |
| treatment (%) | | | | |
| Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite | 93,6 | | | |
| (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%) | | | | |
| Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following | 53 | | | |
| total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d) | 0.05.00 | | | |
| Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d) | 2,0E+03 | | | |
| Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for | r disposal | | | |
| Combustion emissions limited by required exhaust emission controls. | | | | |
| Waste combustion emissions considered in regional exposure assessm | ent. | | | |
| | | | | |
| Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste | | | | |
| This substance is consumed during use and no waste of substance is g | enerated. | | | |
| This substance is consumed during use and no waste of substance is g | chcialeu. | | | |

| SECTION 3 | EXPOSURE ESTIMATION |
|--|---------------------|
| Section 3.1 - Health | |
| The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise | |
| indicated | |

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Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4 GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 -Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

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| 30000000796 | |
|------------------|---|
| SECTION 1 | EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE |
| Title | Functional Fluids- Professional |
| Use Descriptor | Sector of Use: SU22 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC8a, PROC9, PROC20 Environmental Release Categories: ERC9a, ERC9b, ESVOC SpERC 9.13b.v1 |
| Scope of process | Use as functional fluids e.g. cable oils, transfer oils, coolants, insulators, refrigerants, hydraulic fluids in professional equipment including maintenance and related material transfers. |

| SECTION 2 | OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEM MEASURES | ENT |
|--|--|-----|
| Section 2.1 | Control of Worker Exposure | |
| Product Characteristics | | |
| Physical form of product | Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP | |
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article | Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently)., | |
| Frequency and Duration of | Use | |
| Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently). | | |
| Other Operational Conditions affecting Exposure | | |
| Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented. | | |

| Contributing Scenarios | Ris | k Management Measures | |
|---|-----|--|--|
| Drum/batch transfersNon- | | Use drum pumps. | |
| dedicated facilityPROC8a | | | |
| Transfer from/pouring from cor tainersPROC9 | n- | No other specific measures identified. | |
| Filling/ preparation of equipme | nt | No other specific measures identified. | |
| from drums or contain- | | | |
| ers.PROC9 | | | |
| General exposures (closed | | No other specific measures identified. | |
| systems)PROC1PROC2PROC | | | |
| Operation of equipment contai | n- | No other specific measures identified. | |
| ing engine oils and simi- | | | |
| lar.PROC20 | | | |
| Operation of equipment contai | n- | No other specific measures identified. | |
| ing engine oils and simi- | | | |
| lar.Operation is carried out at | | | |
| elevated temperature (> 20°C | | | |
| above ambient tempera- | | | |
| ture).PROC20 | | Night and the control of the control | |
| Remanufacture of reject arti- | | No other specific measures identified. | |

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| clesPROC9 | | |
|---|---|-----------------------|
| Equipment maintenance- PROC8a | Drain down system prior to equipme nance. | nt opening or mainte- |
| Storage.PROC1PROC2 | Store substance within a closed syst | tem. |
| Section 2.2 Co | ntrol of Environmental Exposure | |
| Substance is complex UVCB. | | |
| Predominantly hydrophobic. | | |
| Readily biodegradable. | | |
| Amounts Used | | |
| Fraction of EU tonnage used in re | egion: | 0,1 |
| Regional use tonnage (tonnes/ye | | 15 |
| Fraction of Regional tonnage use | | 5,0E-04 |
| Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year | | 7,5E-03 |
| Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/c |). 21/): | 2,1E-02 |
| Frequency and Duration of Use | lay). | 2,16-02 |
| Continuous release. | | |
| | | 005 |
| Emission Days (days/year): | and all has all become many and | 365 |
| Environmental factors not influ | enced by risk management | 1.0 |
| Local freshwater dilution factor: | | 10 |
| Local marine water dilution factor | | 100 |
| • | ffecting Environmental Exposure | |
| Release fraction to air from wide | | 5,0E-02 |
| Release fraction to wastewater from wide dispersive use: | | 2,5E-02 |
| Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only): | | 2,5E-02 |
| | ures at process level (source) to pr | event release |
| Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process re- lease estimates used. | | |
| Technical onsite conditions and | d measures to reduce or limit disch | arges, air emis- |
| sions and releases to soil | | |
| Risk from environmental exposure | e is driven by freshwater. | |
| No wastewater treatment required | d. | |
| Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%) | | 0 |
| Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide | | 0 |
| the required removal efficiency of | >= (%) | |
| If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary | | 0 |
| wastewater treatment required. | | |
| Organisational measures to pre | event/limit release from site | |
| Do not apply industrial sludge to r | natural soils. | |
| Sludge should be incinerated, cor | ntained or reclaimed. | |
| Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant | | |
| Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage | | 93,6 |
| treatment (%) | | |
| Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite | | 93,6 |
| (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%) | | |
| Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following | | 52 |
| total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d) | | |
| Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d) | | 2,0E+03 |
| Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste fo | | r disposal |

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External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

SECTION 3 EXPOSURE ESTIMATION Section 3.1 - Health The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

| SECTION 4 | GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO |
|----------------------|---|
| | EXI COURT COLINAINO |
| Section 4.1 - Health | |

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

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| Exposure occitatio - Worker | |
|-----------------------------|---|
| 30000000795 | |
| SECTION 1 | EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE |
| Title | Functional Fluids- Industrial |
| Use Descriptor | Sector of Use: SU3 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9 Environmental Release Categories: ERC7, ESVOC SpERC 7.13a.v1 |
| Scope of process | Use as functional fluids e.g. cable oils, transfer oils, coolants, insulators, refrigerants, hydraulic fluids in industrial equipment including maintenance and related material transfers. |

| SECTION 2 | OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT |
|---|--|
| SECTION 2 | MEASURES |
| Section 2.1 | Control of Worker Exposure |
| Product Characteristics | |
| Physical form of product | Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP |
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article | Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently)., |
| Frequency and Duration of | Use |
| Covers daily exposures up to | 8 hours (unless stated differently). |
| Other Operational Conditio | ns affecting Exposure |
| Assumes use at not more that | n 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). |
| Assumes a good basic standa | ard of occupational hygiene is implemented. |
| | |
| Contributing Scenarios | Risk Management Measures |
| Bulk transfers(closed systems)PROC1PROC2 | No other specific measures identified. |
| Drum/batch transfersDedicated facilityPROC8b | No other specific measures identified. |
| Filling of arti- | No other specific measures identified. |
| cles/equipment(closed systems)PROC9 | |
| Filling/ preparation of | No other specific measures identified. |
| equipment from drums or | |
| containers.Non-dedicated | |
| facilityPROC8a | No other constitutes as a second identified |
| General exposures (closed systems)PROC2 | No other specific measures identified. |
| General exposures (open systems)PROC4 | No other specific measures identified. |
| Remanufacture of reject articlesPROC9 | No other specific measures identified. |
| Equipment maintenance- PROC8a | No other specific measures identified. |

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| Storage.PROC1PROC2 | Store substance within a closed system. | |
|---|--|------------------|
| Section 2.2 | Control of Environmental Exposure | |
| Substance is complex UVCB | | |
| Predominantly hydrophobic. | | |
| Readily biodegradable. | | |
| Amounts Used | | 1 |
| Fraction of EU tonnage used | in region: | 0,1 |
| Regional use tonnage (tonne | | 15 |
| Fraction of Regional tonnage | | 0,67 |
| Annual site tonnage (tonnes/ | | 10 |
| Maximum daily site tonnage | | 500 |
| Frequency and Duration of | | 300 |
| Continuous release. | USE | |
| | | 20 |
| Emission Days (days/year): | Confirmation of the second second | 20 |
| | influenced by risk management | 140 |
| Local freshwater dilution factor | - | 10 |
| Local marine water dilution fa | | 100 |
| | ns affecting Environmental Exposure | T = |
| | rocess (initial release prior to RMM): | 5,0E-03 |
| RMM): | er from process (initial release prior to | 3,0E-05 |
| | process (initial release prior to RMM): | 1,0E-03 |
| | neasures at process level (source) to pr | event release |
| Common practices vary acros | ss sites thus conservative process re- | |
| lease estimates used. | | |
| Technical onsite conditions sions and releases to soil | s and measures to reduce or limit disch | arges, air emis- |
| Risk from environmental expe | osure is driven by freshwater. | |
| | lved substance to or recover from onsite | |
| wastewater. | | |
| No wastewater treatment req | uired. | |
| | a typical removal efficiency of (%) | 0 |
| | r to receiving water discharge) to provide | 0 |
| the required removal efficiency | | |
| | wage treatment plant, no secondary | 0 |
| wastewater treatment require | | |
| | prevent/limit release from site | |
| Do not apply industrial sludge | | |
| Sludge should be incinerated | | |
| Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant | | |
| | I from wastewater via domestic sewage | 93,6 |
| treatment (%) | | |
| | om wastewater after onsite and offsite | 93,6 |
| (domestic treatment plant) RI | | |
| Maximum allowable site tonn | age (MSafe) based on release following | 8,3E+05 |
| | moval (kg/d) | |
| total wastewater treatment re | movar (kg/a) | |
| Assumed domestic sewage to | \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ | 2,0E+03 |

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regulations.

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

| SECTION 3 | EXPOSURE ESTIMATION |
|-----------|----------------------------|
| 3201013 | LAI OSONE ESTIMATION |

Section 3.1 - Health

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

| SECTION 4 | GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE |
|-----------|---------------------------------------|
| | EXPOSURE SCENARIO |

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

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| Exposure occitatio - Worker | |
|-----------------------------|---|
| 30000000802 | |
| SECTION 1 | EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE |
| Title | Use in road and construction products- Professional |
| Use Descriptor | Sector of Use: SU22 Process Categories: PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC10, PROC11, PROC13 Environmental Release Categories: ERC8d, ERC8f, ESVOC SpERC 8.15.v1 |
| Scope of process | Application of surface coatings and binders in road and construction activities, including paving uses, manual mastic and in the application of roofing and water-proofing membranes. |

| SECTION 2 | OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES |
|------------------------------|--|
| Section 2.1 | Control of Worker Exposure |
| Product Characteristics | |
| Physical form of product | Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP |
| Concentration of the Sub- | Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated |
| stance in Mixture/Article | differently)., |
| Frequency and Duration of | Use |
| Covers daily exposures up to | 8 hours (unless stated differently). |
| Other Operational Conditio | ns affecting Exposure |
| | an 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). |
| | ard of occupational hygiene is implemented. |
| | , |
| Contributing Scenarios | Risk Management Measures |
| Drum/batch transfersNon- | No other specific measures identified. |
| dedicated facilityPROC8a | · |
| Drum/batch transfersDedi- | No other specific measures identified. |
| cated facilityPROC8b | · |
| Drum/batch transfersDedi- | Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors. |
| cated facilityOperation is | Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than |
| carried out at elevated tem- | 4 hours |
| perature (> 20°C above | |
| ambient tempera- | |
| ture).PROC8b | |
| ManualRolling, Brush- | Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors. |
| ingPROC10 | |
| Spraying/ fogging by ma- | Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors. |
| chine applicationOperation | Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with Type A filter or |
| is carried out at elevated | better. |
| temperature (> 20°C above | Limit the substance content in the mixture to 50 %. |
| ambient tempera- | |
| ture).PROC11 | |
| Spraying/ fogging by ma- | Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors. |

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| chine applicationPROC11 | Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 v better. | vith Type A filter or |
|---|---|-----------------------|
| Dipping, immersion and pouringPROC13 | No other specific measures identified. | |
| Drum and small package fillingPROC9 | No other specific measures identified. | |
| Equipment cleaning and maintenancePROC8a | Drain down system prior to equipment opening or maintenance. | |
| Section 2.2 | Control of Environmental Exposure | |
| Substance is complex UVCB. | | |
| Predominantly hydrophobic. | | |
| Readily biodegradable. | | |
| Amounts Used | | <u> </u> |
| Fraction of EU tonnage used | in region: | 0,1 |
| Regional use tonnage (tonne | | 22 |
| Fraction of Regional tonnage | | 5,0E-04 |
| Annual site tonnage (tonnes/y | | 1,1E-02 |
| Maximum daily site tonnage (| | 3,0E-02 |
| Frequency and Duration of | | , |
| Continuous release. | | |
| Emission Days (days/year): | | 365 |
| | nfluenced by risk management | |
| Local freshwater dilution factor | | 10 |
| Local marine water dilution fa | | 100 |
| | ns affecting Environmental Exposure | • |
| | | 9,5E-01 |
| Release fraction to wastewater from wide dispersive use: | | 1,0E-02 |
| | vide dispersive use (regional only): | 4,0E-02 |
| | easures at process level (source) to pro- | event release |
| | ss sites thus conservative process re- | |
| lease estimates used. | | |
| Technical onsite conditions | and measures to reduce or limit discha | arges, air emis- |
| sions and releases to soil | | |
| Risk from environmental expo | • | |
| No wastewater treatment required. | | |
| Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%) | | 0 |
| Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide 0 | | 0 |
| the required removal efficiency of >= (%) | | |
| If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary 0 | | 0 |
| wastewater treatment required. | | |
| | prevent/limit release from site | |
| Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. | | |
| Sludge should be incinerated | , contained or reciaimed. | |
| Conditions and Measures re | elated to municinal sewage treatment n | lant |
| | Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage 93,6 | |
| treatment (%) | | 30,0 |
| Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite 93,6 | | 93,6 |
| (domestic treatment plant) RM | MMs (%) | |

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| Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following | 77 |
|---|---------|
| total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d) | |
| Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d) | 2,0E+03 |

Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

| SECTION 3 | EXPOSURE ESTIMATION | |
|---|---------------------|--|
| Section 3.1 - Health | | |
| The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated. | | |

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

| | SECTION 4 | GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO |
|--|-----------|---|
| Section 4.1 - Health Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Manager | | |
| | | expected to exceed the DN(M)FL when the Risk Management |

Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

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| Exposure occination Worker | | |
|----------------------------|---|--|
| 30000000806 | | |
| SECTION 1 | EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE | |
| Title | Use in laboratories- Industrial | |
| Use Descriptor | Sector of Use: SU3 Process Categories: PROC10, PROC15 Environmental Release Categories: ERC2, ERC4 | |
| Scope of process | Use of the substance within laboratory settings, including material transfers and equipment cleaning. | |

| SECTION 2 | OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AN MEASURES | ND RISK MANAGEMENT |
|--|--|--------------------|
| Section 2.1 | Control of Worker Exposure | |
| Product Characteristics | | |
| Physical form of product | Liquid, vapour pressure 0.5 - 10 kl | Pa at STP |
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article | Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently)., | |
| Frequency and Duration of | | |
| | 8 hours (unless stated differently). | |
| Other Operational Condition | | • |
| Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented. | | |
| Contributing Scenarios | Risk Management Measures | |
| Laboratory activitiesPROC15 | No other specific measures identif | ied. |
| CleaningPROC10 | No other specific measures identif | ied. |
| Section 2.2 | Control of Environmental Expos | sure |
| Substance is complex UVCE | J. | |
| Predominantly hydrophobic. | | |
| Readily biodegradable. | | |
| Amounts Used | | |
| Fraction of EU tonnage used | in region: | 0,1 |
| Regional use tonnage (tonne | es/year): | 2,5 |
| Fraction of Regional tonnage | used locally: | 0,8 |
| | | 2,0 |
| Maximum daily site tonnage | | 100 |
| Frequency and Duration of | Use | |
| Continuous release. | | |
| Emission Days (days/year): 20 | | 20 |
| | influenced by risk management | · |
| Local freshwater dilution fact | | 10 |
| Local marine water dilution fa | actor: | 100 |
| Other Operational Condition | ons affecting Environmental Expo | - IIIO |

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| Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM): | 2,5E-02 | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to RMM): | 2,0E-02 | | |
| Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM): | 1,0E-04 | | |
| Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to pro | event release | | |
| Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process re- lease estimates used. | | | |
| Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharge | arges, air emis- | | |
| sions and releases to soil | , | | |
| Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater sediment. | | | |
| No wastewater treatment required. | | | |
| Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%) | 0 | | |
| Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of >= (%) | 0 | | |
| If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary wastewater treatment required. | 0 | | |
| Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site | | | |
| Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. | | | |
| Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. | | | |
| Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p | lant | | |
| Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment (%) | 93,6 | | |
| Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%) | 93,6 | | |
| Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d) | 3,1E+03 | | |
| Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d) | 2,0E+03 | | |
| Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for | Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal | | |
| External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations. | | | |
| Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste | | | |
| External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations. | | | |

| SECTION 3 | EXPOSURE ESTIMATION |
|--|---------------------|
| Section 3.1 - Health | |
| The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise | |
| indicated. | |

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

| SECTION 4 | GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO |
|----------------------|---|
| Section 4.1 - Health | |

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Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 -Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

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| 30000000810 | | |
|------------------|---|--|
| SECTION 1 | EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE | |
| Title | Use in laboratories- Professional | |
| Use Descriptor | Sector of Use: SU22 Process Categories: PROC10, PROC15 Environmental Release Categories: ERC8a, ESVOC SpERC 8.17.v1 | |
| Scope of process | Use of small quantities within laboratory settings, including material transfers and equipment cleaning. | |

| SECTION 2 | OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RI | SK MANAGEMENT |
|---|--|-------------------------|
| Section 2.1 | Control of Worker Exposure | |
| Product Characteristics | | |
| Physical form of product | Liquid, vapour pressure 0.5 - 10 kPa at | STP |
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article | Covers use of substance/product up to differently)., | 100% (unless stated |
| Frequency and Duration o | f Use | |
| Covers daily exposures up to | o 8 hours (unless stated differently). | |
| Other Operational Condition | | <u> </u> |
| Assumes use at not more th | an 20°C above ambient temperature (unle | ss stated differently). |
| Assumes a good basic stand | dard of occupational hygiene is implement | ed. |
| Contributing Scenarios | Risk Management Measures | |
| Laboratory activitiesPROC15 | No other specific measures identified. | |
| CleaningPROC10 | No other specific measures identified. | |
| Section 2.2 | Control of Environmental Exposure | |
| Substance is complex UVCE | 3. | |
| Predominantly hydrophobic. | | |
| Readily biodegradable. | | |
| Amounts Used | | |
| Fraction of EU tonnage used | d in region: | 0,1 |
| Regional use tonnage (tonna | es/year): | 2,0 |
| Fraction of Regional tonnage | e used locally: | 5,0E-04 |
| Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year): 1,0E-03 | | 1,0E-03 |
| Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day): 2,7E-03 | | 2,7E-03 |
| Frequency and Duration of Use | | |
| Continuous release. | | |
| Emission Days (days/year): 365 | | 365 |
| Environmental factors not influenced by risk management | | |
| Local freshwater dilution fac | | 10 |
| Local marine water dilution f | Local marine water dilution factor: 100 | |

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| Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure | | |
|--|------------------|--|
| Release fraction to air from wide dispersive use (regional only): | 5,0E-01 | |
| Release fraction to wastewater from wide dispersive use: | 5,0E-01 | |
| Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only): | 0 | |
| Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to pro | event release | |
| Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process re- | | |
| lease estimates used. | | |
| Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit disch | arges, air emis- | |
| sions and releases to soil | | |
| Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater. | | |
| No wastewater treatment required. | | |
| Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%) | 0 | |
| Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide | 0 | |
| the required removal efficiency of >= (%) | | |
| If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary | 0 | |
| wastewater treatment required. | | |
| Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site | | |
| Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. | | |
| Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. | | |
| | | |
| Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p | | |
| Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage | 93,6 | |
| treatment (%) | | |
| Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite | 93,6 | |
| (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%) | | |
| Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following | 6,8 | |
| total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d) | | |
| Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d) | 2,0E+03 | |
| Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for | • | |
| External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional | | |
| regulations. | | |
| | | |
| Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste | 1 1 1/ 1 | |
| External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional | | |
| regulations. | | |
| | | |

| SECTION 3 | EXPOSURE ESTIMATION |
|--|---------------------|
| Section 3.1 - Health | |
| The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise | |
| indicated. | |

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

| SECTION 4 | GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO |
|----------------------|---|
| Section 4.1 - Health | |

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Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 -Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

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| 30000000815 | | |
|------------------|--|--|
| SECTION 1 | EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE | |
| Title | Water treatment chemicals- Industrial | |
| Use Descriptor | Sector of Use: SU3 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC13 Environmental Release Categories: ERC3, ERC4, ESVOC SpERC 3.22a.v1 | |
| Scope of process | Covers the use of the substance for the treatment of water at industrial facilities in open and closed systems. | |

| SECTION 2 | OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RIS MEASURES | K MANAGEMENT |
|---|---|--------------|
| Section 2.1 | Control of Worker Exposure | |
| Product Characteristics | | |
| Physical form of product | Liquid, vapour pressure 0.5 - 10 kPa at S | TP |
| Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article | Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently)., | |
| Frequency and Duration of | Use | |
| | 8 hours (unless stated differently). | |
| Other Operational Conditio | | |
| | in 20°C above ambient temperature (unless ard of occupational hygiene is implemented | |
| Contributing Scenarios | Risk Management Measures | |
| Bulk transfersUse in contained systemsPROC2 | No other specific measures identified. | |
| Drum/batch transfersDedicated facilityPROC8b | No other specific measures identified. | |
| General exposures (closed systems)Use in contained batch processesPROC3 | No other specific measures identified. | |
| General exposures (open systems)PROC4 | No other specific measures identified. | |
| Pouring from small containersPROC13 | No other specific measures identified. | |
| Equipment maintenance- PROC8a | Drain down and flush system prior to equipment opening or maintenance. | |
| Storage.PROC1 | Store substance within a closed system. | |
| Section 2.2 | Control of Environmental Exposure | |
| Substance is complex UVCB. | | |
| Predominantly hydrophobic. | | |
| Readily biodegradable. | | |

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| Amounts Used | |
|---|----------------------|
| Fraction of EU tonnage used in region: | 0,1 |
| Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year): | 55 |
| Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally: | 0,54 |
| Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year): | 30 |
| Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day): | 100 |
| Frequency and Duration of Use | 100 |
| Continuous release. | |
| Emission Days (days/year): | 300 |
| Environmental factors not influenced by risk management | 300 |
| Local freshwater dilution factor: | 10 |
| Local marine water dilution factor: | 100 |
| Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure | 100 |
| Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM): | 5,0E-02 |
| Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to | 9,5E-01 |
| RMM): | |
| Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM): | 0 |
| Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to pro | event release |
| Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process re- | |
| lease estimates used. | |
| Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discha- | arges, air emis- |
| sions and releases to soil | 1 |
| Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater sediment. | |
| Onsite waste water treatment required. | |
| Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%) | 0 |
| Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide | 95,8 |
| the required removal efficiency of >= (%) | |
| If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary | 34,9 |
| wastewater treatment required. | |
| Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site | |
| Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. | |
| Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. | |
| Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p | lant |
| Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage | 93,6 |
| treatment (%) | 33,0 |
| Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite | 95,8 |
| (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%) | 33,0 |
| Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following | 100 |
| total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d) | 100 |
| Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d) | 2,0E+03 |
| Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for | |
| External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable | |
| regulations. | local and/or regions |
| Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste | |
| External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable | local and/or regions |
| regulations. | |
| | |

| SECTION 3 | EXPOSURE ESTIMATION |
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Section 3.1 - Health

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

| SECTION 4 | GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE |
|-----------|---------------------------------------|
| | EXPOSURE SCENARIO |

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

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| 30000000820 | |
|------------------|---|
| SECTION 1 | EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE |
| Title | Water treatment chemicals- Professional |
| Use Descriptor | Sector of Use: SU22 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC13 Environmental Release Categories: ERC8f, ESVOC SpERC 8.22b.v1 |
| Scope of process | Covers the use of the substance for the treatment of water at industrial facilities in closed or contained systems including incidental exposures during material transfers and equipment cleaning. |

| SECTION 2 | OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES | |
|--|---|------------------------|
| Section 2.1 | Control of Worker Exposure | |
| Product Characteristics | | |
| Physical form of product | Liquid, vapour pressure 0.5 - 10 kPa at S | STP |
| Concentration of the Sub- | Covers use of substance/product up to 10 | 00% (unless stated |
| stance in Mixture/Article | differently)., | , |
| Frequency and Duration of | | |
| | 8 hours (unless stated differently). | |
| Other Operational Condition | | |
| | an 20°C above ambient temperature (unles | s stated differently). |
| Assumes a good basic stand | ard of occupational hygiene is implemented | d. |
| Contributing Scenarios | Risk Management Measures | |
| Drum/batch transfersDedicated facilityPROC8b | No other specific measures identified. | |
| General exposures (closed systems)PROC3 | No other specific measures identified. | |
| General exposures (open systems)PROC4 | No other specific measures identified. | |
| Pouring from small containersPROC13 | No other specific measures identified. | |
| Equipment maintenance- PROC8a | No other specific measures identified. | |
| Storage.PROC1PROC2 | Store substance within a closed system. | |
| Section 2.2 | Control of Environmental Exposure | |
| Substance is complex UVCB | | |
| Predominantly hydrophobic. | | |
| Readily biodegradable. | | |
| Amounts Used | | • |
| Fraction of EU tonnage used | in region: | 0,1 |

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| Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year): | 25 |
|---|----------------------|
| Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally: | 6,0E-02 |
| Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year): | 1,5 |
| Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day): | 4,0 |
| Frequency and Duration of Use | 4,0 |
| | |
| Continuous release. | 005 |
| Emission Days (days/year): | 365 |
| Environmental factors not influenced by risk management | T |
| Local freshwater dilution factor: | 10 |
| Local marine water dilution factor: | 100 |
| Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure | |
| Release fraction to air from wide dispersive use (regional only): | 1,0E-02 |
| Release fraction to wastewater from wide dispersive use: | 9,9E-01 |
| Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only): | 0 |
| Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to pr | event release |
| Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process re- | |
| lease estimates used. | |
| Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit disch | arges, air emis- |
| sions and releases to soil | |
| Risk from environmental exposure is driven by soil. | |
| If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary | |
| wastewater treatment required. | |
| Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%) | 0 |
| Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide | 0,7 |
| the required removal efficiency of >= (%) | |
| If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary | 0 |
| wastewater treatment required. | |
| Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site | |
| Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. | |
| Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. | |
| , | |
| Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p | lant |
| Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage | 93,6 |
| treatment (%) | , |
| Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite | 93,6 |
| (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%) | , |
| Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following | 48 |
| total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d) | |
| Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d) | 2,0E+03 |
| Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste fo | |
| External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable regulations. | |
| 3 | |
| Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste | |
| External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable | local and/or regions |
| regulations. | iocai and/or regiona |

| SECTION 3 | EXPOSURE ESTIMATION |
|--|---------------------|
| Section 3.1 - Health | |
| The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise | |

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indicated.

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

| SECTION 4 | GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE |
|-----------|---------------------------------------|
| | EXPOSURE SCENARIO |

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 -Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.