According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Ortho-xylene

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09.03.2023

2.0 02.01.2025 800001007215 Print Date 09.01.2025

#### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : Ortho-xylene

Product code : Q9163, Q9167, Q9304

Registration number EU : 01-2119485822-30-0007, 01-2119485822-30-0009, 01-

2119485822-30-0010

Synonyms : 1,2-dimethylbenzene, ortho-Xylene, o-Xylene

CAS-No. : 95-47-6

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Sub: : Raw material for use in the chemical industry.

stance/Mixture Please refer to section 16 and/or the annexes for the regis-

tered uses under REACH.

Uses advised against : This product must not be used in applications other than the

above without first seeking the advice of the supplier.

This product must not be used in applications other than those listed in Section 1 without first seeking the advice of the sup-

plier.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier : Shell Chemicals Europe B.V.

PO Box 2334 3000 CH Rotterdam

Netherlands

Telephone : +31 (0)10 441 5137 / +31 (0)10 441 5191 Telefax : +31 (0)20 716 8316/ +31 (0)20 713 9230

Contact for Safety Data : sccmsds@shell.com

Sheet

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

+44 (0) 1235 239 670 (This telephone number is available 24 hours per day, 7 days per

(In non-emergency situations, the number of the Poison Information Centre is 08-33 12 31)

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

## 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Flammable liquids, Category 3 H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.

Aspiration hazard, Category 1 H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters air-

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Ortho-xylene

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09.03.2023

2.0 02.01.2025 800001007215 Print Date 09.01.2025

ways.

Acute toxicity, Category 4, Dermal H312: Harmful in contact with skin.

Skin irritation, Category 2 H315: Causes skin irritation.

Eye irritation, Category 2 H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

Acute toxicity, Category 4, Inhalation H332: Harmful if inhaled.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3, Respiratory Tract

H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Cat-

egory 3

H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting ef-

fects.

#### 2.2 Label elements

#### Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms :







Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : PHYSICAL HAZARDS:

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

**HEALTH HAZARDS:** 

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

**ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:** 

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements : Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat/ sparks/ open flames/ hot surfac-

es. No smoking.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protec-

tion/ face protection.

P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

Response:

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Ortho-xylene

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09.03.2023

2.0 02.01.2025 800001007215 Print Date 09.01.2025

CENTER/ doctor/ .?.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and

keep comfortable for breathing.

Storage:

No precautionary phrases.

Disposal:

No precautionary phrases.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Vapours are heavier than air. Vapours may travel across the ground and reach remote ignition sources causing a flashback fire danger.

This material is a static accumulator.

Even with proper grounding and bonding, this material can still accumulate an electrostatic charge.

If sufficient charge is allowed to accumulate, electrostatic discharge and ignition of flammable airvapour mixtures can occur.

#### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1 Substances

#### Components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
O-xylene	95-47-6	>= 95
	202-422-2	

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

## 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal

conditions.

Protection of first-aiders : When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the

appropriate personal protective equipment according to the

incident, injury and surroundings.

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Ortho-xylene

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09.03.2023

2.0 02.01.2025 800001007215 Print Date 09.01.2025

If inhaled : Call emergency number for your location / facility.

Remove to fresh air. Do not attempt to rescue the victim unless proper respiratory protection is worn. If the victim has difficulty breathing or tightness of the chest, is dizzy, vomiting, or unresponsive, give 100% oxygen with rescue breathing or Cardio-Pulmonary Resuscitation as required and transport to

the nearest medical facility.

In case of skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing. Immediately flush skin with

large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes, and follow by washing with soap and water if available. If redness, swelling, pain and/or blisters occur, transport to the nearest medical

facility for additional treatment.

In case of eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of water for at least

15 minutes while holding eyelids open. Transport to the near-

est medical facility for additional treatment.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

rinsing.

Transport to the nearest medical facility for additional treat-

ment.

If swallowed : If swallowed, do not induce vomiting: transport to nearest

medical facility for additional treatment. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration. If any of the following delayed signs and symptoms appear within the next 6 hours, transport to the nearest medical facility: fever greater than 101° F (38.3°C), shortness of breath, chest congestion or continued coughing or wheezing.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms : Respiratory irritation signs and symptoms may include a temporary burning sensation of the nose and throat, coughing,

and/or difficulty breathing.

Skin irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning sen-

sation, redness, swelling, and/or blisters.

Eye irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning sen-

sation, redness, swelling, and/or blurred vision.

Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea. If material enters lungs, signs and symptoms may include coughing, choking, wheezing, difficulty in breathing, chest

congestion, shortness of breath, and/or fever.

If any of the following delayed signs and symptoms appear within the next 6 hours, transport to the nearest medical facility: fever greater than 101° F (38.3°C), shortness of breath, chest congestion or continued coughing or wheezing.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Potential for chemical pneumonitis.

IMMEDIATE TREATMENT IS EXTREMELY IMPORTANT!

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Ortho-xylene

Version Revision Date: 2.0 02.01.2025

SDS Number: 800001007215

Date of last issue: 09.03.2023

Print Date 09.01.2025

Call a doctor or poison control center for guidance.

Treat symptomatically.

Potential for cardiac sensitisation, particularly in abuse situations. Hypoxia or negative inotropes may enhance these ef-

fects. Consider: oxygen therapy. Consider: oxygen therapy.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media :

Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon diox-

ide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water in a jet.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

Clear fire area of all non-emergency personnel. Hazardous combustion products may include:

A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and

gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide.

Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.

Flammable vapours may be present even at temperatures

below the flash point.

The vapour is heavier than air, spreads along the ground and

distant ignition is possible.

Will float and can be reignited on surface water.

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment :

for firefighters

Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to

relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Standard procedure for chemical fires.

Further information : Keep adjacent containers cool by spraying with water.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions

Observe all relevant local and international regulations.

Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the

environment occurs or is likely to occur.

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Ortho-xylene

Date of last issue: 09.03.2023 Version Revision Date: SDS Number: 2.0 800001007215 Print Date 09.01.2025

02.01.2025

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

6.1.1 For non emergency personnel: Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Isolate hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary or unpro-

tected personnel.

Do not breathe fumes, vapour. Do not operate electrical equipment. 6.1.2 For emergency responders:

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Isolate hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary or unpro-

tected personnel.

Do not breathe fumes, vapour. Do not operate electrical equipment.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions

Shut off leaks, if possible without personal risks. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. Attempt to disperse the vapour or to direct its flow to a safe location for example by using fog sprays. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment. Monitor area with combustible gas indicator.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

For small liquid spills (< 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means to a labeled, sealable container for product recovery or safe disposal. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely.

For large liquid spills (> 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank for recovery or safe disposal. Do not flush away residues with water. Retain as contaminated waste. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely

Ventilate contaminated area thoroughly.

If contamination of site occurs remediation may require spe-

cialist advice.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet., For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Ortho-xylene

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09.03.2023

2.0 02.01.2025 800001007215 Print Date 09.01.2025

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Technical measures : Avoid breathing of or direct contact with material. Only use in

well ventilated areas. Wash thoroughly after handling. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see

Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.

Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this

material.

Ensure that all local regulations regarding handling and stor-

age facilities are followed.

Advice on safe handling : Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Extinguish any naked flames. Do not smoke. Remove ignition

sources. Avoid sparks.

Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of

vapours, mists or aerosols.

Bulk storage tanks should be diked (bunded).

When using do not eat or drink.

The vapour is heavier than air, spreads along the ground and

distant ignition is possible.

Product Transfer : Even with proper grounding and bonding, this material can still

accumulate an electrostatic charge. If sufficient charge is allowed to accumulate, electrostatic discharge and ignition of flammable air-vapour mixtures can occur. Be aware of handling operations that may give rise to additional hazards that result from the accumulation of static charges. These include but are not limited to pumping (especially turbulent flow), mixing, filtering, splash filling, cleaning and filling of tanks and containers, sampling, switch loading, gauging, vacuum truck operations, and mechanical movements. These activities may lead to static discharge e.g. spark formation. Restrict line velocity during pumping in order to avoid generation of electrostatic discharge ( $\leq 1$  m/s until fill pipe submerged to twice its diameter, then  $\leq 7$  m/s). Avoid splash filling. Do NOT use compressed air for filling, discharging, or handling operations.

Refer to guidance under Handling section.

Hygiene measures : Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking and using the

toilet. Launder contaminated clothing before re-use. Do not ingest. If swallowed, then seek immediate medical assistance.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

: Refer to section 15 for any additional specific legislation cov-

ering the packaging and storage of this product.

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Ortho-xylene

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09.03.2023

2.0 02.01.2025 800001007215 Print Date 09.01.2025

Further information on stor-

age stability

Storage Temperature:

Ambient.

Bulk storage tanks should be diked (bunded).

Locate tanks away from heat and other sources of ignition. Cleaning, inspection and maintenance of storage tanks is a specialist operation, which requires the implementation of strict procedures and procedures.

strict procedures and precautions.

Must be stored in a diked (bunded) well- ventilated area, away from sunlight, ignition sources and other sources of heat. Keep away from aerosols, flammables, oxidizing agents, corrosives and from other flammable products which are not

harmful or toxic to man or to the environment.

Electrostatic charges will be generated during pumping. Electrostatic discharge may cause fire. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment to reduce the risk.

The vapours in the head space of the storage vessel may lie in the flammable/explosive range and hence may be flamma-

ble.

Packaging material : Suitable material: For containers, or container linings use mild

steel, stainless steel., For container paints, use epoxy paint,

zinc silicate paint.

Unsuitable material: Avoid prolonged contact with natural,

butyl or nitrile rubbers.

Container Advice : Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or

near containers.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : Please refer to section 16 and/or the annexes for the regis-

tered uses under REACH.

See additional references that provide safe handling practices for liquids that are determined to be static accumulators: American Petroleum Institute 2003 (Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning and Stray Currents) or National Fire Protection Agency 77 (Recommended Practices

on Static Electricity).

IEC/TS 60079-32-1: Electrostatic hazards, guidance

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **Occupational Exposure Limits**

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
O-xylene	95-47-6	KGV	100 ppm	AFS 2023:14

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## **Ortho-xylene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09.03.2023

2.0 02.01.2025 800001007215 Print Date 09.01.2025

			442 mg/m3	
	Further information: Substance can be easily absorbed through the skin.			
O-xylene		NGV	50 ppm	AFS 2023:14
			221 mg/m3	
	Further inform	nation: Substance ca	n be easily absorbed through	n the skin.
O-xylene		NGV	50 ppm	AFS 2023:14
			221 mg/m3	
	Further information: Substance can be easily absorbed through the skin.			
O-xylene		KGV	100 ppm	AFS 2023:14
			442 mg/m3	
	Further information: Substance can be easily absorbed through the skin.			

#### **Biological occupational exposure limits**

No biological limit allocated.

#### Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value
O-xylene	Workers	Inhalation	Acute systemic effects	442 mg/m3
O-xylene	Workers	Dermal	Long-term systemic effects	3182 mg/kg bw/day
O-xylene	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	221 mg/m3

#### Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	Environmental Compartment	Value
O-xylene	Water	0,25 mg/l
O-xylene	Fresh water sediment	14,33 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
O-xylene	Soil	2,41 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
O-xylene	Sewage treatment plant	5 mg/l

### 8.2 Exposure controls

## **Engineering measures**

Read in conjunction with the Exposure Scenario for your specific use contained in the Annex.

The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include:

Use sealed systems as far as possible.

Adequate explosion-proof ventilation to control airborne concentrations below the exposure guidelines/limits.

Local exhaust ventilation is recommended.

Firewater monitors and deluge systems are recommended.

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

Eye washes and showers for emergency use.

General Information:

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Ortho-xylene

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09.03.2023

2.0 02.01.2025 800001007215 Print Date 09.01.2025

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.

#### Personal protective equipment

Read in conjunction with the Exposure Scenario for your specific use contained in the Annex. The provided information is made in consideration of the PPE directive (Council Directive 89/686/EEC) and the CEN European Committee for Standardisation (CEN) standards.

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Eye protection : Wear goggles for use against liquids and gas.

Wear full face shield if splashes are likely to occur.

Approved to EU Standard EN166.

Hand protection

Remarks : Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of

gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. Longer term protection: Viton. Incidental contact/Splash protection: Nitrile rubber. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers.

Contaminated gloves should be replaced.

For continuous contact we recommend gloves with breakthrough time of more than 240 minutes with preference for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. For short-term/splash protection we recommend the same but recognize that suitable gloves offering this level of protection may not be available and in this case a lower breakthrough time maybe acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not a good predictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Glove thickness should be typically greater than 0.35 mm

depending on the glove make and model.

Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended.

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Ortho-xylene

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09.03.2023

2.0 02.01.2025 800001007215 Print Date 09.01.2025

Skin and body protection : Wear chemical resistant gloves/gauntlets and boots. Where

risk of splashing, also wear an apron.

Wear antistatic and flame-retardant clothing.

Respiratory protection : If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentra-

tions to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are unsuitable (e.g. airborne concentrations are high, risk of oxygen deficiency, confined space) use appropriate positive pressure breathing appa-

ratus.

Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appro-

priate combination of mask and filter.

If air-filtering respirators are suitable for conditions of use: Select a filter suitable for organic gases and vapours [Type A

boiling point > 65°C (149°F)] meeting EN14387.

#### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid.

Colour : colourless

Odour : aromatic

Odour Threshold : Data not available

Melting point/freezing point : -24 °C

Boiling point/boiling range : Typical 145 °C

Flammability

Flammability (solid, gas) : Data not available

Lower explosion limit and upper explosion limit / flammability limit

Upper explosion limit / upper flammability limit

7,6 %(V)

Lower explosion limit /

Lower flammability limit

1 %(V)

Flash point : 27 - 32 °C

Method: Abel

Auto-ignition temperature : 463 °C

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Ortho-xylene

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 09.03.2023

 2.0
 02.01.2025
 800001007215
 Print Date 09.01.2025

Decomposition temperature

Decomposition tempera: no data available

ture

pH : Not applicable

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : 0,9 mPa.s (20 °C)

Method: ASTM D445

Viscosity, kinematic : 0,87 mm2/s (25 °C)

Method: ASTM D445

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : ca. 0,2 g/l (20 °C)

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 3,12

Vapour pressure : 0,882 kPa (25 °C)

Relative density : Data not available

Density : 883 - 885 kg/m3 (15 °C)

Method: ASTM D4052

Relative vapour density : 3,7

Particle characteristics

Particle size : Data not available

9.2 Other information

Explosive properties : Not applicable

Oxidizing properties : Data not available

Evaporation rate : 9,2

Conductivity: < 100 pS/m, The conductivity of this material

makes it a static accumulator., A liquid is typically considered nonconductive if its conductivity is below 100 pS/m and is considered semi-conductive if its conductivity is below 10,000 pS/m., Whether a liquid is nonconductive or semiconductive, the precautions are the same., A number of factors, for example liquid temperature, presence of contaminants, and antistatic additives can greatly influence the conductivity of a liq-

uid

Surface tension : Data not available

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Ortho-xylene

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09.03.2023

2.0 02.01.2025 800001007215 Print Date 09.01.2025

Molecular weight : 106,16 g/mol

#### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

No hazardous reaction is expected when handled and stored according to provisions Stable under normal conditions of use.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Reacts with strong oxidising agents.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

In certain circumstances product can ignite due to static elec-

tricity.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Strong oxidising agents.

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form during normal storage.

Thermal decomposition is highly dependent on conditions. A complex mixture of airborne solids, liquids and gases including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, sulphur oxides and unidentified organic compounds will be evolved when this material undergoes combustion or thermal or oxidative degradation.

#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Information on likely routes of : Inhalation is the

exposure

Inhalation is the primary route of exposure although absorption may occur through skin contact or following accidental

ingestion.

### **Acute toxicity**

#### **Components:**

#### O-xylene:

Acute oral toxicity : LD 50 (Rat, male and female): > 2.000 mg/kg

Method: EC Directive 92/69/EEC B.1 Acute Toxicity (Oral)

Test substance: Mixed xylenes

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## **Ortho-xylene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09.03.2023

2.0 02.01.2025 800001007215 Print Date 09.01.2025

are not met.

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC 50 (Rat, male): > 20 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to Directive 67/548/EEC,

Annex V, B.2.

Test substance: Mixed xylenes Remarks: Harmful if inhaled.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD 50 (Rabbit, male): > 2.000 mg/kg

Method: Literature data

Test substance: C8 aromatics

Remarks: Harmful in contact with skin.

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

#### **Components:**

#### O-xylene:

Species : Rabbit

Method : Tested according to Annex V of Directive 67/548/EEC.

Test substance : p-Xylene

Remarks : Causes skin irritation.

Prolonged/repeated contact may cause defatting of the skin

which can lead to dermatitis.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

#### **Components:**

### O-xylene:

Species : Rabbit

Method : Literature data Test substance : C8 aromatics

Remarks : Causes serious eye irritation.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

### **Components:**

#### O-xylene:

Species : Mouse

Method : Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 429

Test substance : Mixed xylenes

Remarks : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

#### **Components:**

#### O-xylene:

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Ortho-xylene

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09.03.2023

2.0 02.01.2025 800001007215 Print Date 09.01.2025

Genotoxicity in vitro : Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 471

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to Directive 67/548/EEC,

Annex V, B.10

Test substance: Mixed xylenes

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Genotoxicity in vivo : Species: Mouse

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline

474

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Species: Mouse

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test guideline

478

Test substance: Mixed xylenes

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity- As-

sessment

This product does not meet the criteria for classification in

categories 1A/1B.

#### Carcinogenicity

#### **Components:**

O-xylene:

Species : Rat, male and female

Application Route : Oral

Method : Test(s) equivalent or similar to Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex

V, B.32

Test substance : Mixed xylenes

Remarks : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

This product does not meet the criteria for classification in

categories 1A/1B.

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
O-xylene	No carcinogenicity classification.

Material	Other Carcinogenicity Classification
O-xylene	IARC: Group 3: Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Ortho-xylene

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09.03.2023

2.0 02.01.2025 800001007215 Print Date 09.01.2025

#### Reproductive toxicity

#### **Components:**

#### O-xylene:

Effects on fertility : Species: Rat

Sex: male and female Application Route: Inhalation

Method: Acceptable non-standard method.

Test substance: Mixed xylenes

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

This product does not meet the criteria for classification in

categories 1A/1B.

#### STOT - single exposure

#### Components:

#### O-xylene:

Exposure routes : Inhalation

Target Organs : Respiratory Tract

Remarks : May cause respiratory irritation.

Inhalation of vapours or mists may cause irritation to the res-

piratory system.

#### STOT - repeated exposure

#### **Components:**

#### O-xylene:

Remarks : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Central nervous system: repeated exposure affects the nerv-

ous system.

Effects were seen at high doses only.

#### Repeated dose toxicity

### **Components:**

#### O-xylene:

Species : Rat, male and female

Application Route : Oral

Method : Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 408

Test substance : Mixed xylenes

Target Organs : No specific target organs noted

Species : Rat, male
Application Route : Inhalation
Test atmosphere : vapour

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Ortho-xylene

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09.03.2023

2.0 02.01.2025 800001007215 Print Date 09.01.2025

Method : Literature data Test substance : Mixed xylenes

Target Organs : No specific target organs noted

#### **Aspiration toxicity**

#### **Components:**

#### O-xylene:

Aspiration into the lungs when swallowed or vomited may cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

#### **Endocrine disrupting properties**

#### **Product:**

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components consid-

ered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at

levels of 0.1% or higher.

#### **Further information**

**Product:** 

Remarks : Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representa-

tive of the product as a whole, rather than for individual com-

ponent(s).

#### **Components:**

O-xylene:

Remarks : Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory

frameworks may exist.

#### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

#### Components:

O-xylene:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 7,6 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Remarks: Toxic

 $LL/EL/IL50 \ > 1 <= 10 \ mg/l$ 

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 3,82 mg/l

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Ortho-xylene

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09.03.2023

2.0 02.01.2025 800001007215 Print Date 09.01.2025

aquatic invertebrates Exposure time: 48 h

Method: Literature data.

Remarks: Toxic

 $LL/EL/IL50 > 1 \le 10 \text{ mg/l}$ 

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (algae)): 4,7 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Toxic

 $LL/EL/IL50 > 1 \le 10 \text{ mg/l}$ 

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (Activated sludge): > 175 mg/l

Exposure time: 0,5 h

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 209

Remarks: Practically non toxic:

LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC: > 1,3 mg/l

Exposure time: 56 d

Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)

Method: Literature data.

Remarks: NOEC/NOEL > 1.0 - <= 10 mg/l

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC: 1,57 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Method: Information given is based on data obtained from

similar substances.

Remarks: NOEC/NOEL > 1.0 - <= 10 mg/l

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

#### **Components:**

O-xylene:

Biodegradability : Biodegradation: 69,67 %

Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F Remarks: Readily biodegradable.

Remarks: Not Persistent per IMO criteria.

International Oil Pollution Compensation (IOPC) Fund definition: "A non-persistent oil is oil, which, at the time of shipment, consists of hydrocarbon fractions, (a) at least 50% of which, by volume, distills at a temperature of 340°C (645°F) and (b) at least 95% of which, by volume, distils at a temperature of 370°C (700°F) when tested by the ASTM Method D-86/78 or any subsequent revision

thereof."

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

no data available

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## **Ortho-xylene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09.03.2023

2.0 02.01.2025 800001007215 Print Date 09.01.2025

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

no data available

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

#### Components:

O-xylene:

Assessment : The substance does not fulfill all screening criteria for persis-

tence, bioaccumulation and toxicity and hence is not consid-

ered to be PBT or vPvB..

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

#### **Product:**

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to

have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

#### **Product:**

Additional ecological infor-

mation

Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).

#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : Recover or recycle if possible.

It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal meth-

ods in compliance with applicable regulations.

Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water

courses.

Do not dispose of tank water bottoms by allowing them to drain into the ground. This will result in soil and groundwater

contamination.

Waste arising from a spillage or tank cleaning should be disposed of in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand.

Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional,

national, and local laws and regulations.

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Ortho-xylene

Version 2.0

Revision Date: 02.01.2025

SDS Number: 800001007215

Date of last issue: 09.03.2023

Print Date 09.01.2025

Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements and must be complied with.

MARPOL - see International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL 73/78) which provides technical aspects at controlling pollutions from ships.

Disposal, transport, storage and handling should be in accordance with SE regulation Avfallsförordning (2011:927).

Contaminated packaging

Drain container thoroughly.

After draining, vent in a safe place away from sparks and fire. Residues may cause an explosion hazard. Do not puncture, cut or weld uncleaned drums.

Send to drum recoverer or metal reclaimer.

Comply with any local recovery or waste disposal regulations.

Packing: Emptying: Place the package upside down, and tilt slightly, circa 10 degrees, to enable drainage in such a way that the lowest part of the package is at the exit orifice. On some packing an extra hole must be made. Drainage should be carried out at room temperature (at least 15 °C). Wait until the package is drip dry. Do not close package after draining. Please note the risks connected with emptying package and containers with flammable liquids. Emptied package should be ventilated in a safe place away from sparks and fire. Residues may be an explosion risk. Do not puncture, cut or weld in noncleaned package, containers or drums.

Packing: Emptying: Place the package upside down, and tilt slightly, circa 10 degrees, to enable drainage in such a way that the lowest part of the package is at the exit orifice. On some packing an extra hole must be made. Drainage should be carried out at room temperature (at least 15 °C). Wait until the package is drip dry. Do not close package after draining. Please note the risks connected with emptying package and containers with flammable liquids. Emptied package should be ventilated in a safe place away from sparks and fire. Residues may be an explosion risk. Do not puncture, cut or weld in noncleaned package, containers or drums.

Local legislation

Remarks

: 15 01 02: Plastic packaging 15 01 04 metallic packaging.

Packages containing any remaining product and which have not been emptied until drip dry, must be handled as dangerous waste and must be well sealed before disposal.

Suggestion for waste code:

15 01 10: Packaging containing residues of or contaminated by dangerous substances

Suggestion for emptied package:

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## **Ortho-xylene**

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 09.03.2023

 2.0
 02.01.2025
 800001007215
 Print Date 09.01.2025

15 01 02: Plastic packaging 15 01 04 metallic packaging.

Packages containing any remaining product and which have not been emptied until drip dry, must be handled as dangerous

waste and must be well sealed before disposal.

Suggestion for waste code:

15 01 10: Packaging containing residues of or contaminated

by dangerous substances

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1 UN number or ID number

ADR : 1307
RID : 1307
IMDG : 1307
IATA : 1307

#### 14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR : XYLENES
RID : XYLENES
IMDG : XYLENES

IATA : XYLENES

#### 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR : 3
RID : 3
IMDG : 3
IATA : 3

#### 14.4 Packing group

#### ADR

Packing group : III
Classification Code : F1
Hazard Identification Number : 30
Labels : 3

#### **RID**

Packing group : III
Classification Code : F1
Hazard Identification Number : 30
Labels : 3

#### **IMDG**

Packing group : III Labels : 3

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Ortho-xylene

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09.03.2023

2.0 02.01.2025 800001007215 Print Date 09.01.2025

**IATA** 

Packing group : III Labels : 3

14.5 Environmental hazards

**ADR** 

Environmentally hazardous : no

rid

Environmentally hazardous : no

**IMDG** 

Marine pollutant : no

14.6 Special precautions for user

Remarks : Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage,

for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or

needs to comply with in connection with transport.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Pollution category : Y Ship type : 2

Product name : Xylenes

**Additional Information**: This product may be transported under nitrogen blanketing.

Nitrogen is an odourless and invisible gas. Exposure to nitrogen enriched atmospheres displaces available oxygen which may cause asphyxiation or death. Personnel must observe strict safety precautions when involved with a confined space

entry.

**SECTION 15: Regulatory information** 

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation

(Annex XIV)

: Product is not subject to Authorisation under REACH.

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High

Concern for Authorisation (Article 59).

This product does not contain substances of very high concern (Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH), Article 57).

Article

Other regulations:

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Ortho-xylene

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09.03.2023

2.0 02.01.2025 800001007215 Print Date 09.01.2025

#### The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AIIC : Listed

DSL : Listed

IECSC : Listed

ENCS : Listed

KECI : Listed

NZIoC : Listed

PICCS : Listed

TSCA : Listed

TCSI : Listed

#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Full text of other abbreviations

AFS 2023:14 : Sweden. Occupational Exposure Limit Values, AFS 2023:14

AFS 2023:14 / NGV : Time Weighted Average AFS 2023:14 / KGV : Short Term Exposure Limit

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation: DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada): ECHA -European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Ef-

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Ortho-xylene

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09.03.2023

2.0 02.01.2025 800001007215 Print Date 09.01.2025

fect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### **Further information**

Training advice : Provide adequate information, instruction and training for op-

erators.

Other information : For Industry guidance and tools on REACH please visit the

CEFIC website at http://cefic.org/Industry-support.

The substance does not fulfill all screening criteria for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity and hence is not consid-

ered to be PBT or vPvB.

A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment

from the previous version.

This product is classified as H304 (May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways). The risk relates to potential for aspiration. The risk arising from aspiration hazard is solely related to the physico-chemical properties of the substance. The risk can therefore be controlled by implementing risk management measures tailored to this specific hazard and included within Section 8 of the SDS. An exposure scenario is not presented.

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet

The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).

#### Classification of the mixture:

## Classification procedure:

Flam. Liq. 3	H226	On basis of test data.
Asp. Tox. 1	H304	Expert judgement and weight of evidence determination.
Acute Tox. 4	H312	Expert judgement and weight of evidence determination.
Skin Irrit. 2	H315	Expert judgement and weight of evidence determination.
Eye Irrit. 2	H319	Expert judgement and weight of evidence determination.
Acute Tox. 4	H332	Expert judgement and weight of evi-

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Ortho-xylene

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09.03.2023

2.0 02.01.2025 800001007215 Print Date 09.01.2025

dence determination.

STOT SE 3 H335 Expert judgement and weight of evi-

dence determination.

Aquatic Chronic 3 H412 Expert judgement and weight of evi-

dence determination.

**Identified Uses according to the Use Descriptor System** 

**Uses - Worker** 

Title : Manufacture of substance

- Industrial

**Uses - Worker** 

Title : Use as an intermediate

- Industrial

**Uses - Worker** 

Title : Distribution of substance

- Industrial

Uses - Worker

Title : Formulation & (re)packing of substances and mixtures

- Industrial

**Uses - Worker** 

Title : Uses in Coatings

- Industrial

Uses - Worker

Title : Uses in Coatings

- Professional

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

SE / EN

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# Ortho-xylene

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09.03.2023

2.0 02.01.2025 800001007215 Print Date 09.01.2025

#### **Exposure Scenario - Worker**

30000000228	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Manufacture of substance- Industrial
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU3, SU8, SU9 Process Categories: PROC 1, PROC 2, PROC 3, PROC 4, PROC 8a, PROC 8b, PROC 15 Environmental Release Categories: ERC1, ERC4, ESVOC SpERC 1.1.v1
Scope of process	Manufacture of the substance or use as a process chemical or extraction agent. Includes recycling/ recovery, material transfers, storage, maintenance and loading (including marine vessel/barge, road/rail car and bulk container), sampling and associated laboratory activities.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES	
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure 0.5 - 10 kPa at STP	
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).,	
Frequency and Duration of	Use	
Covers daily exposures up to	8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Other Operational Conditio	• .	
	in 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently).	
	ard of occupational hygiene is implemented.	
Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures	
General measures (skin irritants).	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop.  Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.	
General exposures (closed systems)	No other specific measures identified.	
General exposures (closed systems) with sample collection General measures	No other specific measures identified.	

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# Ortho-xylene

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09.03.2023

2.0 02.01.2025 800001007215 Print Date 09.01.2025

(skin irritants).	1	
,	No other enseific measures identified	
General exposures (closed	No other specific measures identified.	
systems)Use in contained batch processes		
•	No other specific measures identified.	
General exposures (open systems)Batch processwith	No other specific measures identified.	
sample collection		
Process sampling	Provide a good standard of general or or	entrolled ventilation (5
Process sampling	Provide a good standard of general or controlled ventilation (5 to 15 air changes per hour). , or: Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than	
	1 hour.	
Laboratory activities	No other specific measures identified.	
Bulk transfers(open systems)with potential for aerosol generation.	Provide a good standard of general or controlled ventilation (5 to 15 air changes per hour). , or: Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 1 hour.	
Bulk transfers(closed systems)	Provide a good standard of general or controlled ventilation (5 to 15 air changes per hour).	
	, or: Avoid carrying out activities involving ex	oosure for more than
Equipment cleaning and	Drain down system prior to equipment o	nening or mainte-
maintenance	nance.	porming or mainte
Storage.General measures (skin irritants).	Store substance within a closed system. No other specific measures identified.	
0.54'57.00	Out to be for in a second of Ferri	
Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	<u> </u>
Substance is a unique struct	ure.	
Readily biodegradable.		
Amounts Used	(* *	0.440
Fraction of EU tonnage used		0,143
Regional use tonnage (tonne		6,0E+05
Fraction of Regional tonnage		1
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/	• /	6,0E+05
Maximum daily site tonnage		2,0E+06
Frequency and Duration of	Use	T
Continuous release.		
Emission Days (days/year):		300
	influenced by risk management	T
Local freshwater dilution fact		40
Local marine water dilution factor: 100		100
	ons affecting Environmental Exposure	<del></del>
	process (initial release prior to RMM):	5,0E-03
Release fraction to wastewat	ter from process (initial release prior to	3,0E-03

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# Ortho-xylene

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09.03.2023

2.0 02.01.2025 800001007215 Print Date 09.01.2025

RMM):	
Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM):	1,0E-04
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to pro-	event release
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process re-	
lease estimates used.	
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit disch	arges, air emis-
sions and releases to soil	
Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite	
wastewater.	
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by wastewater treatment	
plant microbes.	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary	
wastewater treatment required.	
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)	90
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide	93,6
the required removal efficiency of >= (%)	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary	0
wastewater treatment required.	
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site	
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.	
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.	
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	lant
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment (%)	93,6
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite	93,6
(domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following	6,4E+06
total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	10.000
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for	r disposal
During manufacturing no waste of the substance is generated.	
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	
During manufacturing no waste of the substance is generated.	

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION
Section 3.1 - Health	
The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.	

Section 3.2 -Environment	
Used EUSES model.	

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO
Section 4.1 - Health	

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Ortho-xylene

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09.03.2023

2.0 02.01.2025 800001007215 Print Date 09.01.2025

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects.

Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

#### Section 4.2 -Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org).

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# Ortho-xylene

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09.03.2023

2.0 02.01.2025 800001007215 Print Date 09.01.2025

#### **Exposure Scenario - Worker**

30000000229	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Use as an intermediate- Industrial
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU3, SU8, SU9 Process Categories: PROC 1, PROC 2, PROC 3, PROC 4, PROC 8a, PROC 8b, PROC 15 Environmental Release Categories: ERC6a, ESVOC SpERC 6.1a.v1
Scope of process	Use of substance as an intermediate (not related to Strictly Controlled Conditions). Includes recycling/ recovery, material transfers, storage, sampling, associated laboratory activities, maintenance and loading (including marine vessel/barge, road/rail car and bulk container).

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES	
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure 0.5 - 10 kPa at STP	
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).,	
Frequency and Duration of	Use	
Covers daily exposures up to	8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Other Operational Conditio	• 1	
	in 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently).	
	ard of occupational hygiene is implemented.	
Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures	
General measures (skin irritants).	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop.  Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.	
General exposures (closed systems)	No other specific measures identified.	
General exposures (closed systems) with sample collection General measures	No other specific measures identified.	

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# Ortho-xylene

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09.03.2023

2.0 02.01.2025 800001007215 Print Date 09.01.2025

(skin irritants).			
General exposures (closed	No other specific measures identified.		
systems)Use in contained	Two other specific measures identified.		
batch processes			
General exposures (open	No other specific measures identified.		
systems)Batch processwith	The earler openine measures rachanea.		
sample collection			
Process sampling	Provide a good standard of general or co	entrolled ventilation (5	
, 3	to 15 air changes per hour).	(-	
	, or:		
	Avoid carrying out activities involving exp	osure for more than	
	1 hour.		
Laboratory activities	No other specific measures identified.		
Dulk transfers (anan aya	Dravide a good standard of general or on	entrolled ventilation /F	
Bulk transfers(open systems)with potential for aer-	Provide a good standard of general or co to 15 air changes per hour).	ontrolled ventilation (5	
osol generation.	or:		
osoi generation.	Avoid carrying out activities involving exp	osure for more than	
	1 hour.	boodic for more than	
Bulk transfers(closed sys-	Provide a good standard of general or co	entrolled ventilation (5	
tems)	to 15 air changes per hour).	·	
	, or:		
	Avoid carrying out activities involving exp	osure for more than	
	1 hour.		
Equipment cleaning and	Drain down system prior to equipment or	pening or mainte-	
maintenance	nance.		
Storage.General measures	Store substance within a closed system.		
(skin irritants).	No other specific measures identified.		
Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure		
Substance is a unique structu	ure.		
Readily biodegradable.			
	Amounts Used		
Fraction of EU tonnage used in region:		0,1	
Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year):		3,57E+05 0,01	
Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally:  Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year):		3,57E+03	
		1,19E+04	
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day): 1,19E+04  Frequency and Duration of Use		1,102.07	
Continuous release.			
Emission Days (days/year):		300	
Environmental factors not influenced by risk management			
Local freshwater dilution factor: 10		10	
Local marine water dilution factor: 100			
Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure			
Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM): 5,0E-03			
Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to 3,0E-03		3,0E-03	

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# Ortho-xylene

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09.03.2023

2.0 02.01.2025 800001007215 Print Date 09.01.2025

DMM).	1
RMM):	4.05.04
Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM):	1,0E-04
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to pro	event release
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process re-	
lease estimates used.	
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit dischasions and releases to soil	arges, air emis-
Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite	
wastewater.	
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by soil.	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary	
wastewater treatment required.	
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)	80
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide	93,6
the required removal efficiency of >= (%)	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary	0
wastewater treatment required.	
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site	
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.	
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.	
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	lant
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment (%)	93,6
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	93,6
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following	1,76E+04
total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	.,
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.000
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for	r disposal
This substance is consumed during use and no waste of substance is g	
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	
This substance is consumed during use and no waste of substance is g	enerated.

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION	
Section 3.1 - Health		
The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise		
indicated.		

Section 3.2 -Environment	
Used EUSES model.	

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO
Section 4.1 - Health	
Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management	

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Ortho-xylene

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09.03.2023

2.0 02.01.2025 800001007215 Print Date 09.01.2025

Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects.

Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

#### Section 4.2 -Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org).

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# Ortho-xylene

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09.03.2023

2.0 02.01.2025 800001007215 Print Date 09.01.2025

#### **Exposure Scenario - Worker**

30000000230	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Distribution of substance- Industrial
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU3, SU8, SU9 Process Categories: PROC 1, PROC 2, PROC 3, PROC 4, PROC 8a, PROC 8b, PROC 9, PROC 15 Environmental Release Categories: ERC1, ERC2, ERC3, ERC4, ERC5, ERC6a, ERC6b, ERC 6C, ERC 6D, ERC7, ESVOC SpERC 1.1b.v1
Scope of process	Loading (including marine vessel/barge, rail/road car and IBC loading) and repacking (including drums and small packs) of substance, including its sampling, storage, unloading distribution and associated laboratory activities.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT	
	MEASURES	
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure 0.5 - 10 kPa at STP	
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).,	
Frequency and Duration of	Use	
Covers daily exposures up to	8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Other Operational Conditio		
Assumes use at not more that	in 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently).	
Assumes a good basic standa	ard of occupational hygiene is implemented.	
Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures	
General measures (skin irritants).	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop.  Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.	
General exposures (closed systems)	No other specific measures identified.	
General exposures (closed systems) with sample collection General measures	No other specific measures identified.	

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# Ortho-xylene

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09.03.2023

2.0 02.01.2025 800001007215 Print Date 09.01.2025

(skin irritants).			
General exposures (closed	No other specific measures identified.		
systems)Use in contained	No other specific measures identified.		
batch processes			
General exposures (open	No other specific measures identified.		
systems)Batch processwith	140 other specific measures lacitified.		
sample collection			
Process sampling	No other specific measures identified.		
1 100ess sampling	Two other specific measures identified.		
Laboratory activities	No other specific measures identified.		
Bulk transfers(closed systems)	Ensure material transfers are under cont	ainment or extract	
	ventilation.		
	, or:		
	Operate activity away from sources of su	bstance emission or	
	release.		
Bulk transfers(open sys-	Ensure material transfers are under cont.	ainment or extract	
tems)	ventilation.		
,	, or:		
	Operate activity away from sources of su	bstance emission or	
	release.		
Drum and small package	Fill containers/cans at dedicated filling points supplied with		
filling	local extract ventilation.		
9	Ensure material transfers are under containment or extract		
	ventilation.		
Equipment cleaning and	Drain down and flush system prior to equ	ipment opening or	
maintenance	maintenance.		
Storage.General measures	Store substance within a closed system.		
(skin irritants).	No other specific measures identified.		
· ·	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	T	
Substance is a unique struct	ure.		
Readily biodegradable.			
Amounts Used		T =	
Fraction of EU tonnage used		0,143	
Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year):		6,0E+05	
Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally:		1	
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year):		6,0E+05	
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day):		2,0E+06	
Frequency and Duration of	Use	1	
Continuous release.			
Emission Days (days/year):		300	
	influenced by risk management		
Local freshwater dilution factor:		10	
Local marine water dilution factor:		100	
Other Operational Condition	ns affecting Environmental Exposure		
other operation at contains	ta: Expedition and Expedition		

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# Ortho-xylene

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09.03.2023

2.0 02.01.2025 800001007215 Print Date 09.01.2025

Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to RMM):	1,0E-05	
Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM):	1,0E-05	
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to pro	event release	
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.		
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharge	arges, air emis-	
sions and releases to soil	<b>g</b>	
Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater.		
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by soil.		
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary wastewater treatment required.		
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)	90	
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of >= (%)	93,6	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary	0	
wastewater treatment required.		
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site		
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.		
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.		
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	lant	
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment (%)	93,6	
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	93,6	
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	5,25E+06	
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.000	
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for	r disposal	
External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable regulations.		
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste		
External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.		

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION	
Section 3.1 - Health		
The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.		

Section 3.2 -Environment	
Used EUSES model.	

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE
-----------	---------------------------------------

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Ortho-xylene

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09.03.2023

2.0 02.01.2025 800001007215 Print Date 09.01.2025

### **EXPOSURE SCENARIO**

### Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects.

Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

#### Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# Ortho-xylene

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09.03.2023

2.0 02.01.2025 800001007215 Print Date 09.01.2025

### **Exposure Scenario - Worker**

30000000231	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Formulation & (re)packing of substances and mixtures- Industrial
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU3, SU10 Process Categories: PROC 1, PROC 2, PROC 3, PROC 4, PROC 5, PROC 8a, PROC 8b, PROC 9, PROC 14, PROC 15 Environmental Release Categories: ERC2, ESVOC SpERC 2.2.v1
Scope of process	Formulation, packing and re-packing of the substance and its mixtures in batch or continuous operations, including storage, materials transfers, mixing, tabletting, compression, pelletisation, extrusion, large and small scale packing, sampling, maintenance and associated laboratory activities.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES	
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure 0.5 - 10 kPa at STP	
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).,	
Frequency and Duration o	f Use	
Covers daily exposures up t	o 8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Other Operational Conditi	ons affecting Exposure	
A		

Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures
General measures (skin irritants).	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop.  Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.
General exposures (closed systems)	No other specific measures identified.
General exposures (closed systems) with sample col-	No other specific measures identified.

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# Ortho-xylene

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09.03.2023

lectionGeneral measures		
(skin irritants).		
General exposures (closed systems)Use in contained batch processes	No other specific measures identified.	
General exposures (open systems)Batch processwith sample collectionwith potential for aerosol generation.	No other specific measures identified.	
Batch processes at elevated temperatures	Provide a good standard of general or co to 15 air changes per hour).	ontrolled ventilation (5
Process sampling	No other specific measures identified.	
Laboratory activities	No other specific measures identified.	
Bulk transfers	Provide a good standard of general vent 3 to 5 air changes per hour).	ilation (not less than
Mixing operations (open systems) with potential for aerosol generation.	Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).	
ManualTransfer from/pouring from containers	Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).	
Drum/batch transfers	Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).	
Production or preparation or articles by tabletting, compression, extrusion or pelletisation	Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).	
Drum and small package filling	Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).	
Equipment cleaning and maintenance	Drain down and flush system prior to equipment opening or maintenance.	
Storage.General measures (skin irritants).	Store substance within a closed system.  No other specific measures identified.	
Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
Substance is a unique structure.		
Readily biodegradable.		
Amounts Used		
Fraction of EU tonnage used in region:		0,1
Regional use tonnage (tonne		7,0E+03
Fraction of Regional tonnage		1
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/		7,0E+03
Maximum daily site tonnage	(kg/aay):	2,3E+04

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# Ortho-xylene

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09.03.2023

Frequency and Duration of Use	
Continuous release.	
Emission Days (days/year):	300
Environmental factors not influenced by risk management	<u> </u>
Local freshwater dilution factor:	10
Local marine water dilution factor:	100
Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure	
Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM):	2,5E-02
Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to RMM):	2,0E-03
Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM):	1,0E-04
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to pr	event release
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process re- lease estimates used.	
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit disch	arges, air emis-
sions and releases to soil	
Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater.	
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by soil.	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary	
wastewater treatment required.	
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)	0
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide	93,6
the required removal efficiency of >= (%)	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary	0
wastewater treatment required.	
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site	
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.	
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.	
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	plant
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment (%)	93,6
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	93,6
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	2,16E+04
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.000
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste fo	- L
External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable regulations.	e local and/or regiona
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	
External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable regulations.	local and/or regiona

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION
Section 3.1 - Health	
The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise	

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Ortho-xylene

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09.03.2023

2.0 02.01.2025 800001007215 Print Date 09.01.2025

indicated.

Section 3.2 - Environment

Used EUSES model.

SECTION 4 GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects.

Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

#### Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# Ortho-xylene

systems)

General exposures (closed

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09.03.2023

2.0 02.01.2025 800001007215 Print Date 09.01.2025

### **Exposure Scenario - Worker**

30000000232	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Uses in Coatings- Industrial
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU3 Process Categories: PROC 1, PROC 2, PROC 3, PROC 4, PROC 5, PROC 7, PROC 8a, PROC 8b, PROC 10, PROC 13, PROC 15 Environmental Release Categories: ERC4, ESVOC SpERC 4.3a.v1
Scope of process	Covers the use in coatings (paints, inks, adhesives, etc) including exposures during use (including materials receipt, storage, preparation and transfer from bulk and semi-bulk, application by spray, roller, spreader, dip, flow, fluidised bed on production lines and film formation) and equipment cleaning, maintenance and associated laboratory activities.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT	
	MEASURES	
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure 0.5 - 10 kPa at STP	
Concentration of the Sub-	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated	
stance in Mixture/Article	differently).,	
Frequency and Duration of	Use	
Covers daily exposures up to	8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Other Operational Condition	ns affecting Exposure	
Assumes use at not more that	an 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently).	
Assumes a good basic stand	ard of occupational hygiene is implemented.	
_		
Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures	
General measures (skin irritants).	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop.  Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.	
General exposures (closed	No other specific measures identified.	

No other specific measures identified.

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# Ortho-xylene

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09.03.2023

systems)with sample collectionUse in contained		
systems		
Film formation - force dry-	No other specific measures identified.	
ing, stoving and other tech-		
nologies.		
Mixing operations (closed	No other specific measures identified.	
systems)General expo-		
sures (closed systems)		
Film formation - air drying	No specific measures identified.	
Preparation of material for	Provide a good standard of general venti	lation (not less than
applicationMixing opera-	3 to 5 air changes per hour).	`
tions (open systems)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Spraying (automatic/robotic)	Carry out in a vented booth provided with	laminar airflow.
ManualSpraying	Provide a good standard of general venti	lation (not less than
	3 to 5 air changes per hour).	
	Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 v better.	vith Type A filter or
Material transfersNon-	Provide a good standard of general venti	lation (not less than
dedicated facility	3 to 5 air changes per hour).	
Material transfersDedicated	Provide a good standard of general venti	lation (not less than
facility	3 to 5 air changes per hour).	
Roller, spreader, flow appli-	Provide a good standard of general venti	lation (not less than
cation	3 to 5 air changes per hour).	
Dipping, immersion and	Provide a good standard of general venti	lation (not less than
pouring	3 to 5 air changes per hour).	
Laboratory activities	No other specific measures identified.	
Material trans-	Provide a good standard of general venti	lation (not less than
fersDrum/batch transfer-	3 to 5 air changes per hour).	
sTransfer from/pouring from	3.57.5.5,	
containers		
Production or preparation	Provide a good standard of general venti	lation (not less than
or articles by tabletting,	3 to 5 air changes per hour).	
compression, extrusion or		
pelletisation		
Equipment cleaning and	Drain down system prior to equipment op	ening or mainte-
maintenance	nance.	
Storage.General measures	Store substance within a closed system.	
(skin irritants).	No other specific measures identified.	
		l
Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
Section 2.2 Substance is a unique structu		

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# Ortho-xylene

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09.03.2023

Amounts Used	
Fraction of EU tonnage used in region:	0,1
Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year):	7,0E+03
Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally:	0,3
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year):	2,1E+03
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day):	7,0E+03
Frequency and Duration of Use	7,02100
Continuous release.	
Emission Days (days/year):	300
Environmental factors not influenced by risk management	1 000
Local freshwater dilution factor:	10
Local marine water dilution factor:	100
Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure	100
Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM):	9,8E-02
Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to	7,0E-03
RMM):	
Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM):	0
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to pr	event release
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.	
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit disch	arges, air emis-
sions and releases to soil	_
Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite	
wastewater.	
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by soil.	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary wastewater treatment required.	
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)	90
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide	93,6
the required removal efficiency of >= (%)	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary	0
wastewater treatment required.	
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site	
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.	
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.	
Conditions and Macoures related to manifely a constant to the	lant
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment (%)	93,6
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	93,6
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following	2,57E+04
total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	-,
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.000
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste fo	
External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable regulations.	
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	
External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable	local and/or regiona

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Ortho-xylene

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09.03.2023

2.0 02.01.2025 800001007215 Print Date 09.01.2025

regulations.

SECTION 3 EXPOSURE ESTIMATION

### Section 3.1 - Health

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

#### **Section 3.2 - Environment**

Used EUSES model.

SECTION 4 GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO

#### Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects.

Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

### Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# Ortho-xylene

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09.03.2023

2.0 02.01.2025 800001007215 Print Date 09.01.2025

### **Exposure Scenario - Worker**

30000000233	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Uses in Coatings- Professional
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU22 Process Categories: PROC 1, PROC 2, PROC 3, PROC 4, PROC 5, PROC 8a, PROC 8b, PROC 10, PROC 11, PROC 13, PROC 15, PROC 19 Environmental Release Categories: ERC8a, ERC8d, ESVOC SpERC 8.3b.v1
Scope of process	Covers the use in coatings (paints, inks, adhesives, etc) including exposures during use (including materials receipt, storage, preparation and transfer from bulk and semi-bulk, application by spray, roller, brush, spreader by hand or similar methods, and film formation), and equipment cleaning, maintenance and associated laboratory activities.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES	
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
<b>Product Characteristics</b>		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure 0.5 - 10 kPa at STP	
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).	
Frequency and Duration of	f Use	
Covers daily exposures up t	to 8 hours (unless stated differently).	
<b>Other Operational Conditi</b>	ons affecting Exposure	
	nan 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). dard of occupational hygiene is implemented.	
Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures	
General measures (skin	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas	

Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures
General measures (skin irritants).	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop.  Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.
General exposures (closed systems)	No other specific measures identified.
Filling/ preparation of	No other specific measures identified.

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# Ortho-xylene

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09.03.2023

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# Ortho-xylene

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09.03.2023

paints, pastels, adhe- sivesOutdoor	Avoid carrying out operation for more than 4 hours.	
Equipment cleaning and	Drain down system prior to equipment or	pening or mainte-
maintenance	nance.	Johning of Manito
Storage.General measures	Store substance within a closed system.	
(skin irritants).	No other specific measures identified.	
	,	
Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
Substance is a unique structu	ıre.	
Readily biodegradable.		
Amounts Used		
Fraction of EU tonnage used	in region:	0,1
Regional use tonnage (tonne	s/year):	7,0E+03
Fraction of Regional tonnage	used locally:	0,002
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/	year):	14
Maximum daily site tonnage (		38
Frequency and Duration of		•
Continuous release.		
Emission Days (days/year):		365
	nfluenced by risk management	
Local freshwater dilution factor		10
Local marine water dilution fa		100
	ns affecting Environmental Exposure	
	rocess (initial release prior to RMM):	9,8E-01
	er from process (initial release prior to	1,0E-02
RMM):	or from process (miliar release prior to	1,02 02
,	process (initial release prior to RMM):	1,0E-02
	neasures at process level (source) to pr	
	ss sites thus conservative process re-	
lease estimates used.		
	and measures to reduce or limit disch	arges, air emis-
sions and releases to soil		<b>3</b> ,
Prevent discharge of undisso	lved substance to or recover from onsite	
wastewater.		
Risk from environmental expo	osure is driven by soil.	
	wage treatment plant, no secondary	
wastewater treatment require		
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)		0
Treat onsite wastewater (prio	r to receiving water discharge) to provide	93,6
the required removal efficience		
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary		0
wastewater treatment required.		
	prevent/limit release from site	
Prevent environmental discha	arge consistent with regulatory requiremen	ts.
Conditions and Measures r	elated to municipal sewage treatment p	lant
	I from wastewater via domestic sewage	93,6
Edilliated edectaries remova	9	1
treatment (%)		
treatment (%)	om wastewater after onsite and offsite	93,6

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## Ortho-xylene

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09.03.2023

2.0 02.01.2025 800001007215 Print Date 09.01.2025

Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	2,11
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.000

#### Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

#### Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION	
Section 3.1 - Health		
The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.		

### **Section 3.2 - Environment**

Used EUSES model.

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE
	EXPOSURE SCENARIO

### Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects.

Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

### Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.