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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : Heptane Product code : Q1352, Q9231 CAS-No. : 64742-49-0

Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics Synonyms

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the : Industrial Solvent.

Substance/Mixture

Uses advised against : This product must not be used in applications other than the

above without first seeking the advice of the supplier.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier : SHELL MARKETS (MIDDLE EAST) LIMITED

> **CHEMICALS** PO Box 307 JEBEL ALI. DUBAI Unit.Arab Emir.

Telephone : +971 4 405 4400 Telefax : +971 4 329 3311

Contact for Safety Data

Sheet

1.4 Emergency telephone number

+ (65) 6542 9595 (Alert-SGS)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS Classification

Flammable liquids : Category 2 Aspiration hazard : Category 1 Skin irritation : Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity -: Category 3 (Narcotic effects)

single exposure

Short-term (acute) aquatic : Category 2

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hazard

Long-term (chronic) aquatic

hazard

: Category 2

2.2 Label elements

GHS-Labelling

Hazard pictograms









Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : PHYSICAL HAZARDS:

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

HEALTH HAZARDS:

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: H401 Toxic to aquatic life.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements : **Prevention**:

P210 Keep away from heat/ sparks/ open flames/ hot surfaces.

No smoking.

P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting

equipment.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge. P261 Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye

protection/ face protection.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

Response:

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off

immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/

shower.

P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use appropriate media to

extinguish.

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON

CENTER/ doctor.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water and soap.

P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/

attention.

P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before

reuse.

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and

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keep comfortable for breathing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell.

P391 Collect spillage.

Storage:

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container

tightly closed. P235 Keep cool. P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents and container to appropriate waste

site or reclaimer in accordance with local and national

regulations.

2.3 Other hazards

May form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

This material is a static accumulator.

Even with proper grounding and bonding, this material can still accumulate an electrostatic charge. If sufficient charge is allowed to accumulate, electrostatic discharge and ignition of flammable airvapour mixtures can occur.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	< 95

Further information

Contains:

Chemical name	Identification number	Concentration (% w/w)
Heptane	142-82-5	>= 25- <=40

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal

conditions.

Protection of first-aiders : When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the

appropriate personal protective equipment according to the

incident, injury and surroundings.

If inhaled : Remove to fresh air. If rapid recovery does not occur,

transport to nearest medical facility for additional treatment.

In case of skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing. Immediately flush skin with

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	large amounts of water for at least 15 mi washing with soap and water if available pain and/or blisters occur, transport to th facility for additional treatment.	. If redness, swelling,
In case of eye contact	 Flush eye with copious quantities of water Remove contact lenses, if present and erinsing. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain media 	asy to do. Continue
If swallowed	: Call emergency number for your location If swallowed, do not induce vomiting: train medical facility for additional treatment. I spontaneously, keep head below hips to If any of the following delayed signs and within the next 6 hours, transport to their facility: fever greater than 101° F (38.3°C breath, chest congestion or continued con	nsport to nearest if vomiting occurs prevent aspiration. symptoms appear nearest medical C), shortness of

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms

: Breathing of high vapour concentrations may cause central nervous system (CNS) depression resulting in dizziness, lightheadedness, headache, nausea and loss of coordination. Continued inhalation may result in unconsciousness and death.

Skin irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning sensation, redness, swelling, and/or blisters.

No specific hazards under normal use conditions. Eye irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning sensation, redness, swelling, and/or blurred vision.

If material enters lungs, signs and symptoms may include coughing, choking, wheezing, difficulty in breathing, chest

congestion, shortness of breath, and/or fever.

If any of the following delayed signs and symptoms appear within the next 6 hours, transport to the nearest medical facility: fever greater than 101° F (38.3°C), shortness of breath, chest congestion or continued coughing or wheezing.

Defatting dermatitis signs and symptoms may include a burning sensation and/or a dried/cracked appearance.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Call a doctor or poison control center for guidance.

Potential for chemical pneumonitis.

Treat symptomatically.

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon

dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water in a jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during

firefighting

: Clear fire area of all non-emergency personnel. Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds. Flammable vapours may be present even at temperatures below the flash point. The vapour is heavier than air, spreads along the ground and distant ignition is possible. Will float and can be reignited on surface water.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

: Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to

relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

Specific extinguishing

methods

Further information

: Standard procedure for chemical fires.

: Keep adjacent containers cool by spraying with water.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Observe all relevant local and international regulations.

Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the

environment occurs or is likely to occur.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Isolate hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary or

unprotected personnel.

Do not breathe fumes, vapour. Do not operate electrical equipment.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Shut off leaks, if possible without personal risks. Remove all

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		possible sources of ignition in the sur appropriate containment to avoid envious contamination. Prevent from spreadir ditches or rivers by using sand, earth barriers. Attempt to disperse the vapor a safe location for example by using precautionary measures against static electrical continuity by bonding and gequipment. Monitor area with combustible gas in	vironmental ng or entering drains, n, or other appropriate our or to direct its flow to fog sprays. Take ic discharge. Ensure irounding (earthing) all

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

: For small liquid spills (< 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means to a labeled, sealable container for product recovery or safe disposal. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely.

For large liquid spills (> 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank for recovery or safe disposal. Do not flush away residues with water. Retain as contaminated waste. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely Ventilate contaminated area thoroughly.

If contamination of site occurs remediation may require

specialist advice.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet., For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

General Precautions

: Avoid breathing of or direct contact with material. Only use in well ventilated areas. Wash thoroughly after handling. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.

Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine

appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.

Ensure that all local regulations regarding handling and storage facilities are followed.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

: Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Extinguish any naked flames. Do not smoke. Remove ignition

sources. Avoid sparks.

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	Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of vapours, mists or aerosols. Bulk storage tanks should be diked (bunded). When using do not eat or drink.	
	The vapour is heavier than air, spreads along distant ignition is possible.	the ground and
Product Transfer	: Even with proper grounding and bonding, this accumulate an electrostatic charge. If sufficie allowed to accumulate, electrostatic discharge flammable air-vapour mixtures can occur. Be handling operations that may give rise to addithat result from the accumulation of static chainclude but are not limited to pumping (especiflow), mixing, filtering, splash filling, cleaning atanks and containers, sampling, switch loadin vacuum truck operations, and mechanical moactivities may lead to static discharge e.g. sparestrict line velocity during pumping in order generation of electrostatic discharge (≤ 1 m/s submerged to twice its diameter, then ≤ 7 m/s filling. Do NOT use compressed air for filling, handling operations.	nt charge is and ignition of aware of tional hazards rges. These ally turbulent and filling of g, gauging, vements. These ark formation. to avoid until fill pipe is). Avoid splash
	Refer to guidance under Handling section.	
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, includ	ing any incompatibilities	
Requirements for storage areas and containers	: Refer to section 15 for any additional specific covering the packaging and storage of this pro-	
Other data	: Storage Temperature: Ambient.	

Bulk storage tanks should be diked (bunded). Locate tanks away from heat and other sources of ignition. Cleaning, inspection and maintenance of storage tanks is a specialist operation, which requires the implementation of strict procedures and precautions. Must be stored in a diked (bunded) well- ventilated area, away from sunlight, ignition sources and other sources of heat. Keep away from aerosols, flammables, oxidizing agents, corrosives and from other flammable products which are not harmful or toxic to man or to the environment. Electrostatic charges will be generated during pumping. Electrostatic discharge may cause fire. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment to reduce the risk. The vapours in the

head space of the storage vessel may lie in the

flammable/explosive range and hence may be flammable.

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Packaging material	 Suitable material: For containers, or container mild steel, stainless steel. For container pai paint, zinc silicate paint. Unsuitable material: Avoid prolonged conbutyl or nitrile rubbers. 	nts, use epoxy
Container Advice	: Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform siminear containers.	ilar operations on or
7.3 Specific end use(s)		
Specific use(s)	: Not applicable	
	See additional references that provide safe for liquids that are determined to be static at American Petroleum Institute 2003 (Protect Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning and National Fire Protection Agency 77 (Recommon Static Electricity). IEC/TS 60079-32-1: Electrostatic hazards,	accumulators: tion Against d Stray Currents) or nmended Practices

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Dearomatised Heptane fraction		TWA	1.300 mg/m3	EU HSPA

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

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Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA) , Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité. (INRS). France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures Use sealed systems as far as possible.

Adequate explosion-proof ventilation to control airborne concentrations below the exposure quidelines/limits.

Local exhaust ventilation is recommended.

Firewater monitors and deluge systems are recommended.

Eye washes and showers for emergency use.

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include:

General Information:

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.

Personal protective equipment

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Eye protection : If material is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes,

protective eyewear is recommended.

Hand protection

Remarks : Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of

gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. Longer term protection: Nitrile rubber gloves. Incidental contact/Splash protection: PVC or

neoprene rubber gloves.

For continuous contact we recommend gloves with

breakthrough time of more than 240 minutes with preference for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. For short-term/splash protection we recommend the same but

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	recognize that suitable gloves offering this level may not be available and in this case a lower by time maybe acceptable so long as appropriate and replacement regimes are followed. Glove a good predictor of glove resistance to a chemic dependent on the exact composition of the glower thickness should be typically greater that depending on the glove make and model. Suit durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e. and duration of contact, chemical resistance of dexterity. Always seek advice from glove supp Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Persa key element of effective hand care. Gloves no worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hand washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a moisturizer is recommended.	oreakthrough maintenance thickness is not ical as it is ve material. In 0.35 mm ability and g. frequency f glove material, liers. sonal hygiene is nust only be s should be
Skin and body protection :	Wear chemical resistant gloves/gauntlets and risk of splashing, also wear an apron. Wear antistatic and flame-retardant clothing, if assessment deems it so.	
Respiratory protection :	If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to health, select respiratory protection equipment specific conditions of use and meeting relevan Check with respiratory protective equipment so Where air-filtering respirators are unsuitable (econcentrations are high, risk of oxygen deficient space) use appropriate positive pressure breat Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select appropriate combination of mask and filter. If air-filtering respirators are suitable for conditions are suitable for conditi	protect worker suitable for the t legislation. uppliers. e.g. airborne ncy, confined thing apparatus. ect an
Thermal hazards :	Not applicable	
Hygiene measures :	Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking a toilet. Launder contaminated clothing before reingest. If swallowed, then seek immediate med	-use. Do not
Environmental exposure controls		
General advice	Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile must be observed for the discharge of exhaust vapour. Minimise release to the environment. An environment assessment must be made to ensure compliar environmental legislation.	air containing

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	Information on accidental release me section 6.	easures are to be found in

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance : liquid

Colour : colourless
Odour : Paraffinic

Odour Threshold : Data not available pH : Data not available Melting point/freezing point : Data not available Boiling point/boiling range : 90 - 100 °C

Flash point : Typical < -5 °C Method: IP 170

Evaporation rate : Data not available

Flammability

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable

Lower explosion limit and upper explosion limit / flammability limit

Upper explosion limit : upper flammability limit

7 %(V)

Lower explosion limit : Lower flammability limit

1 %(V)

Vapour pressure : 6,000 - 7,700 Pa (20 °C)

Relative vapour density : 3,52

Relative density : 0,7 - 0,71 (20 °C)

Method: ASTM D4052

Density : Typical 713 kg/m3 (15 °C)

Method: ASTM D4052

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : 2,6 mg/l immiscible (25 °C)

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Data not available

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: 246 - 260 °CMethod: ASTM E-659 Auto-ignition temperature

Decomposition temperature : Not applicable

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : Typical 1,0 mPa.s (20 °C)

Method: ASTM D445

Viscosity, kinematic : Typical 0,64 mm2/s (25 °C)

Method: ASTM D445

: Not applicable Explosive properties

Oxidizing properties : Data not available

9.2 Other information

Surface tension : Data not available

Conductivity : Low conductivity: < 100 pS/m

The conductivity of this material makes it a static

accumulator., A liquid is typically considered nonconductive if its conductivity is below 100 pS/m and is considered semiconductive if its conductivity is below 10,000 pS/m., Whether a liquid is nonconductive or semi-conductive, the precautions are the same., A number of factors, for example liquid temperature, presence of contaminants, and anti-static additives can greatly influence the conductivity of a liquid

Molecular weight : Data not available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.

10.2 Chemical stability

No hazardous reaction is expected when handled and stored according to provisions. Stable under normal conditions of use.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Reacts with strong oxidising agents.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

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In certain circumstances product can ignite due to static

electricity.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Strong oxidising agents.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form during normal storage.

Thermal decomposition is highly dependent on conditions. A complex mixture of airborne solids, liquids and gases including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, sulphur oxides and unidentified organic compounds will be evolved when this

material undergoes combustion or thermal or oxidative

degradation.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Basis for assessment : Information given is based on product testing, and/or similar

products, and/or components.

Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for

individual component(s).

exposure

Information on likely routes of : Exposure may occur via inhalation, ingestion, skin absorption,

skin or eye contact, and accidental ingestion.

Acute toxicity

Components:

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Rat: > 5000 mg/kg

Remarks: Low toxicity:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 Rat: > 20 mg/l

Remarks: Low toxicity by inhalation.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 Rat: > 2000 mg/kg

Remarks: Low toxicity:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Components:

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naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light:

Remarks: Causes skin irritation., Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Components:

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light:

Remarks: Not irritating to eye.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Components:

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light:

Remarks: Not a sensitiser., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Components:

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light:

: Remarks: Not mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Components:

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Tumours produced in animals are not considered relevant to humans.

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	No carcinogenicity classification.
Heptane	No carcinogenicity classification.

Material	Other Carcinogenicity Classification
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	IARC: Group 3: Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans

Reproductive toxicity

Components:

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light:

Remarks: Not a developmental toxicant., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met., Does not impair fertility.

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STOT - single exposure

Components:

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light:

Remarks: May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

STOT - repeated exposure

Components:

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light:

Remarks: Kidney: caused kidney effects in male rats which are not considered relevant to humans

Aspiration toxicity

Components:

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light:

Aspiration into the lungs when swallowed or vomited may cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.

Further information

Components:

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light:

Remarks: Exposure to very high concentrations of similar materials has been associated with irregular heart rhythms and cardiac arrest.

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Basis for assessment : Incomplete ecotoxicological

: Incomplete ecotoxicological data are available for this product. The information given below is based partly on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products.

Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for

individual component(s).

Components:

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naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light:

Toxicity to fish (Acute : Remarks: LC/EC/IC50 >10 - <=100 mg/l

toxicity) Harmful

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates (Acute

toxicity)

Toxicity to algae (Acute

toxicity)

: Remarks: LC/EC/IC50 >1 - <=10 mg/l

IOXIC

: Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 >10 <= 100 mg/l

Harmful

Toxicity to bacteria (Acute

toxicity)

Remarks: Data not available

: Remarks: Data not available

Toxicity to fish (Chronic

toxicity)

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)

: Remarks: NOEC/NOEL expected to be > 0.1 - <= 1.0 mg/l

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Components:

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light:

Biodegradability : Remarks: Readily biodegradable., Oxidises rapidly by photo-

chemical reactions in air.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Remarks: Data not available

Components:

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Has the potential to bioaccumulate.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Components:

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light:

Mobility : Remarks: Floats on water., If it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil

particles and will not be mobile.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

no data available

12.6 Other adverse effects

Components:

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light:

Additional ecological

information

: Does not have ozone depletion potential.

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : Recover or recycle if possible.

> It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses

Do not dispose of tank water bottoms by allowing them to drain into the ground. This will result in soil and groundwater contamination.

Waste arising from a spillage or tank cleaning should be disposed of in accordance with prevailing regulations. preferably to a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand.

Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional,

national, and local laws and regulations.

Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements and must be complied with.

MARPOL - see International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL 73/78) which provides technical aspects at controlling pollutions from ships.

Contaminated packaging Drain container thoroughly.

> After draining, vent in a safe place away from sparks and fire. Residues may cause an explosion hazard. Do not puncture,

cut or weld uncleaned drums.

Send to drum recoverer or metal reclaimer.

Comply with any local recovery or waste disposal regulations.

Local legislation

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

ADR 1206 **IMDG** : 1206 IATA : 1206

14.2 Proper shipping name

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ADR : HEPTANES IMDG : HEPTANES IATA : HEPTANES 14.3 Transport hazard class ADR : 3 IMDG : 3 IATA : 3 14.4 Packing group ADR Packing group : II Classification Code : F1 Hazard Identification Number : 33 Labels : 3 IMDG Packing group : II Classification Gode : F1 Hazard Identification Number : 33 Labels : 3 IMDG Packing group : II Labels : 3 IATA Packing group : III Labels : 3 IATA IATA Packing group : III Labels : 3 IATA Packing group : III Labels : 3 IATA IATA Packing group : III Labels : 3 IATA IATA Packing group : III Labels : 3 IATA IATA Packing group : III Labels : 3 IATA IATA Packing group : III Labels : 3 IATA IATA Packing group : III Labels : 3 IATA IATA Packing group : III Labels : 3 IATA IATA Packing group : III Labels : 3 IATA IATA IATA IATA IATA IATA IATA IAT			Heptane
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1.71 IV 1.71.7.7			

Product name : Heptane (all isomers)

Additional Information : This product may be transported under nitrogen blanketing.

Nitrogen is an odourless and invisible gas. Exposure to nitrogen enriched atmospheres displaces available oxygen which may cause asphyxiation or death. Personnel must observe strict safety precautions when involved with a

confined space entry.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC

Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

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Other regulations : The regulatory information is not intended to be

comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AIIC : Listed DSL : Listed **IECSC** : Listed **ENCS** : Listed KECI : Listed **PICCS** : Listed TSCA : Listed : Listed TCSI : Listed **NZIoC**

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and Acronyms : The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this

document can be looked up in reference literature (e.g.

scientific dictionaries) and/or websites.

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial

Hygienists

ADR = European Agreement concerning the International

Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

AICS = Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances ASTM = American Society for Testing and Materials

BEL = Biological exposure limits

BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes

CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service

CEFIC = European Chemical Industry Council CLP = Classification Packaging and Labelling

COC = Cleveland Open-Cup

DIN = Deutsches Institut fur Normung DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

DSL = Canada Domestic Substance List

EC = European Commission

EC50 = Effective Concentration fifty

ECETOC = European Center on Ecotoxicology and

Toxicology Of Chemicals

ECHA = European Chemicals Agency

EINECS = The European Inventory of Existing Commercial

Chemical Substances

EL50 = Effective Loading fifty

ENCS = Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

Inventory

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		EWC = European Waste Code GHS = Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer IATA = International Air Transport Association IC50 = Inhibitory Concentration fifty IL50 = Inhibitory Level fifty IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods INV = Chinese Chemicals Inventory IP346 = Institute of Petroleum test method N° 346 for the determination of polycyclic aromatics DMSO-extractables KECI = Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory LC50 = Lethal Concentration fifty LD50 = Lethal Dose fifty per cent. LL/EL/IL = Lethal Loading/Effective Loading/Inhibitory loading LL50 = Lethal Loading fifty MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships NOEC/NOEL = No Observed Effect Concentration / No Observed Effect Level OE_HPV = Occupational Exposure - High Production Volume PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PICCS = Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration REACH = Registration Evaluation And Authorisation Of Chemicals RID = Regulations Relating to International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail SKIN_DES = Skin Designation STEL = Short term exposure limit TRA = Targeted Risk Assessment TSCA = US Toxic Substances Control Act	
Further information			
Training advice	:	Provide adequate information, instruction and operators.	d training for
Other information	:	A vertical bar () in the left margin indicates a from the previous version.	n amendment
Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet	:	The quoted data are from, but not limited to, sources of information (e.g. toxicological data Health Services, material suppliers' data, CC IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).	a from Shell

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

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