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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : Isohexane Sustainable

Product code : Q1216

Registration number EU : 01-2119484651-34-0001

Synonyms : Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes < 5% n-hexane (Iso-Hexane)

EC-No. : 931-254-9

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Sub- : Industrial Solvent.

stance/Mixture Please refer to section 16 and/or the annexes for the regis-

tered uses under REACH.

Uses advised against : This product must not be used in applications other than the

above without first seeking the advice of the supplier.

This product must not be used in applications other than those listed in Section 1 without first seeking the advice of the sup-

plier.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier : Shell Chemicals Europe B.V.

PO Box 2334 3000 CH Rotterdam

Netherlands

Telephone : +31 (0)10 441 5137 / +31 (0)10 441 5191 Telefax : +31 (0)20 716 8316/ +31 (0)20 713 9230

Contact for Safety Data : sccmsds@shell.com

Sheet

1.4 Emergency telephone number

+44 (0) 1235 239 670 (This telephone number is available 24 hours per day, 7 days per week)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Flammable liquids, Category 2 H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Aspiration hazard, Category 1 H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters air-

ways.

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Skin irritation, Category 2 H315: Causes skin irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3, Narcotic effects

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Cat-

egory 2

H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms









Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : PHYSICAL HAZARDS:

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

HEALTH HAZARDS:

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements : Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open

flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protec-

tion/ face protection.

Response:

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and

keep comfortable for breathing.

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON

CENTER/ doctor.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

Storage:

No precautionary phrases.

Disposal:

No precautionary phrases.

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2.3 Other hazards

Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

May form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

This material is a static accumulator.

Even with proper grounding and bonding, this material can still accumulate an electrostatic charge.

If sufficient charge is allowed to accumulate, electrostatic discharge and ignition of flammable airvapour mixtures can occur.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Hydrocarbons, C6, isoal-	Not Assigned	<= 100
kanes, <5% n-hexane	931-254-9	

Further information

Contains:

Chemical	Identification number	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
name			
n-Hexane	110-54-3, 203-777- 6	Flam. Liq.2; H225 Skin Irrit.2; H315 Asp. Tox.1; H304 STOT RE2; H373 STOT SE3; H336 Repr.2; H361f Aquatic Chronic2; H411	> 0 - < 5

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal

conditions.

Protection of first-aiders : When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the

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appropriate personal protective equipment according to the

incident, injury and surroundings.

If inhaled : Remove to fresh air. If rapid recovery does not occur,

transport to nearest medical facility for additional treatment.

In case of skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing. Immediately flush skin with

large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes, and follow by washing with soap and water if available. If redness, swelling, pain and/or blisters occur, transport to the nearest medical

facility for additional treatment.

In case of eye contact : Flush eye with copious quantities of water.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

rinsing.

If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.

If swallowed : Call emergency number for your location / facility.

If swallowed, do not induce vomiting: transport to nearest medical facility for additional treatment. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration. If any of the following delayed signs and symptoms appear within the next 6 hours, transport to the nearest medical facility: fever greater than 101° F (38.3°C), shortness of breath, chest congestion or continued coughing or wheezing.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms

Breathing of high vapour concentrations may cause central nervous system (CNS) depression resulting in dizziness, lightheadedness, headache, nausea and loss of coordination. Continued inhalation may result in unconsciousness and death.

Skin irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning sen-

sation, redness, swelling, and/or blisters.

Eye irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning sen-

sation, redness, swelling, and/or blurred vision.

If material enters lungs, signs and symptoms may include coughing, choking, wheezing, difficulty in breathing, chest

congestion, shortness of breath, and/or fever.

If any of the following delayed signs and symptoms appear within the next 6 hours, transport to the nearest medical facility: fever greater than 101° F (38.3°C), shortness of breath, chest congestion or continued coughing or wheezing.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Call a doctor or poison control center for guidance.

Potential for chemical pneumonitis.

Treat symptomatically.

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon diox-

ide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water in a jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

Clear fire area of all non-emergency personnel. Hazardous combustion products may include:

A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and

gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide.

Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.

Flammable vapours may be present even at temperatures

below the flash point.

The vapour is heavier than air, spreads along the ground and

distant ignition is possible.

Will float and can be reignited on surface water.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment :

for firefighters

Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to

relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Standard procedure for chemical fires.

Further information : Keep adjacent containers cool by spraying with water.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions

Observe all relevant local and international regulations.

Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the

environment occurs or is likely to occur.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

6.1.1 For non emergency personnel: Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Isolate hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary or unpro-

tected personnel.

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Do not breathe fumes, vapour. Do not operate electrical equipment. 6.1.2 For emergency responders:

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Isolate hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary or unpro-

tected personnel.

Do not breathe fumes, vapour. Do not operate electrical equipment.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions

Shut off leaks, if possible without personal risks. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. Attempt to disperse the vapour or to direct its flow to a safe location for example by using fog sprays. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment. Monitor area with combustible gas indicator.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

For small liquid spills (< 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means to a labeled, sealable container for product recovery or safe disposal. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely.

For large liquid spills (> 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank for recovery or safe disposal. Do not flush away residues with water. Retain as contaminated waste. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely

Ventilate contaminated area thoroughly.

If contamination of site occurs remediation may require spe-

cialist advice.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet., For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Technical measures : Avoid breathing of or direct contact with material. Only use in

well ventilated areas. Wash thoroughly after handling. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see

Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.

Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk as-

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sessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.

Ensure that all local regulations regarding handling and storage facilities are followed.

Advice on safe handling

Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Extinguish any naked flames. Do not smoke. Remove ignition

sources. Avoid sparks.

Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of

vapours, mists or aerosols.

Bulk storage tanks should be diked (bunded).

When using do not eat or drink.

The vapour is heavier than air, spreads along the ground and distant ignition is possible.

Product Transfer

Even with proper grounding and bonding, this material can still accumulate an electrostatic charge. If sufficient charge is allowed to accumulate, electrostatic discharge and ignition of flammable air-vapour mixtures can occur. Be aware of handling operations that may give rise to additional hazards that result from the accumulation of static charges. These include but are not limited to pumping (especially turbulent flow), mixing, filtering, splash filling, cleaning and filling of tanks and containers, sampling, switch loading, gauging, vacuum truck operations, and mechanical movements. These activities may lead to static discharge e.g. spark formation. Restrict line velocity during pumping in order to avoid generation of electrostatic discharge (≤ 1 m/s until fill pipe submerged to twice its diameter, then ≤ 7 m/s). Avoid splash filling. Do NOT use compressed air for filling, discharging, or handling operations.

Refer to guidance under Handling section.

Hygiene measures

Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking and using the toilet. Launder contaminated clothing before re-use. Do not ingest. If swallowed, then seek immediate medical assistance.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

Refer to section 15 for any additional specific legislation covering the packaging and storage of this product.

Further information on storage stability

Storage Temperature:

Ambient.

Bulk storage tanks should be diked (bunded).

Locate tanks away from heat and other sources of ignition. Cleaning, inspection and maintenance of storage tanks is a specialist operation, which requires the implementation of

strict procedures and precautions.

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> Must be stored in a diked (bunded) well- ventilated area, away from sunlight, ignition sources and other sources of heat. Keep away from aerosols, flammables, oxidizing agents, corrosives and from other flammable products which are not harmful or toxic to man or to the environment.

Electrostatic charges will be generated during pumping. Electrostatic discharge may cause fire. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment to reduce the risk.

The vapours in the head space of the storage vessel may lie in the flammable/explosive range and hence may be flamma-

The storage of this product may be subject to the Control of Pollution (Oil Storage) (England) Regulations. Further guidance may be obtained from the local environmental agency

Suitable material: For containers, or container linings use mild

steel, stainless steel., For container paints, use epoxy paint, zinc silicate paint.

Unsuitable material: Avoid prolonged contact with natural,

butyl or nitrile rubbers.

Container Advice : Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or

near containers.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Packaging material

Specific use(s) Please refer to section 16 and/or the annexes for the regis-

tered uses under REACH.

See additional references that provide safe handling practices for liquids that are determined to be static accumulators: American Petroleum Institute 2003 (Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning and Stray Currents) or National Fire Protection Agency 77 (Recommended Practices

on Static Electricity).

IEC/TS 60079-32-1: Electrostatic hazards, guidance

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Isohexanes	Not As- signed	TWA	900 mg/m3	EU HSPA

Biological occupational exposure limits

Substance name	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Sampling time	Basis
n-Hexane	110-54-3	2,5-Hexanedione:	End of shift	ACGIH BEI

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		0.5 mg (Urine	_	

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

	` '	•	` '	
Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value
Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane	Workers	Dermal	Long-term systemic effects	13964 mg/kg
Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	5306 mg/m3
Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane	Consumers	Dermal	Long-term systemic effects	1377 mg/kg
Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	1131 mg/m3
Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane	Consumers	Oral	Long-term systemic effects	1301 mg/kg

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name		Environmental Compartment	Value
Hydrocarbons, C6, isoa	lkanes,		
<5% n-hexane			
Remarks:		e is a hydrocarbon with a complex, unknown or	
	tion. Conventional methods of deriving PNECs are not appropriate and it is		
	not possib	le to identify a single representative PNEC for	such substances.

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures

Read in conjunction with the Exposure Scenario for your specific use contained in the Annex. Use sealed systems as far as possible.

Adequate explosion-proof ventilation to control airborne concentrations below the exposure guidelines/limits.

Local exhaust ventilation is recommended.

Eye washes and showers for emergency use.

Firewater monitors and deluge systems are recommended.

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include:

General Information:

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

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Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or for subsequent recycle.

Personal protective equipment

Read in conjunction with the Exposure Scenario for your specific use contained in the Annex. The provided information is made in consideration of the PPE directive (Council Directive 89/686/EEC) and the CEN European Committee for Standardisation (CEN) standards.

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Eye protection : Wear goggles for use against liquids and gas.

Approved to EU Standard EN166.

If a local risk assessment deems it so then chemical splash goggles may not be required and safety glasses may provide

adequate eye protection.

Hand protection

Remarks : Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of

gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. Longer term protection: Viton. Incidental contact/Splash protection: Nitrile rubber. PVC. For continuous contact we recommend gloves with breakthrough time of more than 240 minutes with preference for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. For shortterm/splash protection we recommend the same but recognize that suitable gloves offering this level of protection may not be available and in this case a lower breakthrough time maybe acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not a good predictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Glove thickness should be typically greater than 0.35 mm depending on the glove make and model. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moistur-

izer is recommended.

Skin and body protection : Chemical resistant gloves/gauntlets, boots, and apron.

Protective clothing approved to EU Standard EN14605.

Respiratory protection : If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentra-

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tions to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are unsuitable (e.g. airborne concentrations are high, risk of oxygen deficiency, confined space) use appropriate positive pressure breathing apparatus

Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appro-

priate combination of mask and filter.

If air-filtering respirators are suitable for conditions of use: Select a filter suitable for organic gases and vapours [Type AX boiling point < 65°C (149°F)] meeting EN14387.

Thermal hazards : Not applicable

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : liquid

Colour : colourless

Odour : Paraffinic

Odour Threshold : Data not available

pour point : Typical -150 °C

Melting point/freezing point Data not available

Boiling point/boiling range : Typical 57 - 63 °C

Flammability

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable

Lower explosion limit and upper explosion limit / flammability limit

Upper explosion limit /

upper flammability limit

: 7.4 %(V)

Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit

1 %(V)

Flash point : Typical -33 °C

Method: IP 170

Auto-ignition temperature : 405 °C

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Decomposition temperature

Decomposition tempera-

ture

Data not available

pH : Not applicable

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : Data not available

Viscosity, kinematic : Typical 0.44 mm2/s (25 °C)

Method: ASTM D445

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : negligible

Solubility in other solvents : Data not available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 4

Vapour pressure : 11 kPa (0 °C)

25 kPa (20 °C)

74 kPa (50 °C)

Relative density : Data not available

Density : Typical 665 kg/m3 (15 °C)

Method: ASTM D4052

Relative vapour density : Data not available

Particle characteristics

Particle size : Data not available

9.2 Other information

Explosive properties : Not classified

Oxidizing properties : Not applicable

Evaporation rate : 9.4

Method: ASTM D 3539, nBuAc=1

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Method: DIN 53170, di-ethyl ether=1

Conductivity : 0.1 pS/m at 20 °C

Method: ASTM D-4308 Low conductivity: < 100 pS/m

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> The conductivity of this material makes it a static accumulator., A liquid is typically considered nonconductive if its conductivity is below 100 pS/m and is considered semiconductive if its conductivity is below 10,000 pS/m., Whether a liquid is nonconductive or semi-conductive, the precautions are the same., A number of factors, for example liquid temperature, presence of contaminants, and anti-static additives can greatly influence the conductivity of a liquid

Surface tension Typical 17.2 mN/m

Molecular weight 86 g/mol

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.

10.2 Chemical stability

No hazardous reaction is expected when handled and stored according to provisions Stable under normal conditions of use.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions Reacts with strong oxidising agents.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

In certain circumstances product can ignite due to static elec-

tricity.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Strong oxidising agents.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form during normal storage. Thermal decomposition is highly dependent on conditions. A complex mixture of airborne solids, liquids and gases including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, sulphur oxides and unidentified organic compounds will be evolved when this material undergoes combustion or thermal or oxidative degradation.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

exposure

Information on likely routes of : Exposure may occur via inhalation, ingestion, skin absorption, skin or eye contact, and accidental ingestion.

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Acute toxicity

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane:

Acute oral toxicity LD 50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Remarks: Low toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC 50 (Rat): > 20 mg/l

Remarks: Low toxicity by inhalation.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD 50 (Rabbit): 2,000 mg/kg

Remarks: Low toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane:

Remarks : Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane:

Remarks Not irritating to eye.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane:

Remarks

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane:

Genotoxicity in vivo : Remarks: Not mutagenic.

Germ cell mutagenicity- As-

This product does not meet the criteria for classification in

sessment categories 1A/1B.

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Carcinogenicity

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane:

Remarks : Tumours produced in animals are not considered relevant to

humans.

Not a carcinogen.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

This product does not meet the criteria for classification in

categories 1A/1B.

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
Hydrocarbons, C6, isoal-kanes, <5% n-hexane	No carcinogenicity classification.
n-Hexane	No carcinogenicity classification.

Reproductive toxicity

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane:

Effects on fertility

Remarks: Not a developmental toxicant., Does not impair

fertility.

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

This product does not meet the criteria for classification in

categories 1A/1B.

STOT - single exposure

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane:

Remarks : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT - repeated exposure

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane:

Remarks : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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Aspiration toxicity

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane:

Aspiration into the lungs when swallowed or vomited may cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.

11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:

Assessment The substance/mixture does not contain components consid-

> ered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at

levels of 0.1% or higher.

Further information

Product:

Remarks Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representa-

tive of the product as a whole, rather than for individual com-

ponent(s).

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane:

Remarks Exposure to very high concentrations of similar materials has

been associated with irregular heart rhythms and cardiac ar-

Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory Remarks

frameworks may exist.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: Data not available

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : Remarks: $LL/EL/IL50 > 1 \le 10 \text{ mg/l}$

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : Remarks: Toxic

LC/EC/IC50 > 10 - <= 100 mg/l

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Toxicity to microorganisms

Remarks: Data not available

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

Remarks: Data not available

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

Remarks: Data not available

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane:

Biodegradability : Remarks: Readily biodegradable.

Oxidises rapidly by photo-chemical reactions in air.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Has the potential to bioaccumulate.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane:

Mobility : Remarks: Floats on water., If it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil

particles and will not be mobile.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane:

Assessment : The substance does not fulfill all screening criteria for persis-

tence, bioaccumulation and toxicity and hence is not consid-

ered to be PBT or vPvB..

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to

have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

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12.7 Other adverse effects

Product:

Additional ecological infor-

mation

: Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane:

Additional ecological infor-

mation

: Does not have ozone depletion potential.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Recover or recycle if possible.

It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.

Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses.

Do not dispose of tank water bottoms by allowing them to drain into the ground. This will result in soil and groundwater contamination.

Waste arising from a spillage or tank cleaning should be disposed of in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand.

Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.

Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or na-

tional requirements and must be complied with.

MARPOL - see International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL 73/78) which provides technical aspects at controlling pollutions from ships.

Contaminated packaging :

Drain container thoroughly.

After draining, vent in a safe place away from sparks and fire. Residues may cause an explosion hazard. Do not puncture,

cut or weld uncleaned drums.

Send to drum recoverer or metal reclaimer.

Comply with any local recovery or waste disposal regulations.

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Local legislation

Remarks : Hazardous Waste (England and Wales) Regulations 2005.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number or ID number

ADR : 1208 RID : 1208 IMDG : 1208 IATA : 1208

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR : HEXANES
RID : HEXANES
IMDG : HEXANES

IATA : HEXANES

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR : 3
RID : 3
IMDG : 3
IATA : 3

14.4 Packing group

ADR

Packing group : II
Classification Code : F1
Hazard Identification Number : 33
Labels : 3

RID

Packing group : II
Classification Code : F1
Hazard Identification Number : 33
Labels : 3

IMDG

Packing group : II Labels : 3

IATA

Packing group : II Labels : 3

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR

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Environmentally hazardous yes

Environmentally hazardous yes

IMDG

Marine pollutant yes

14.6 Special precautions for user

Remarks Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage,

for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or

needs to comply with in connection with transport.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Pollution category : Y 2 Ship type

Product name Hexane (all isomers)

Additional Information : This product may be transported under nitrogen blanketing.

> Nitrogen is an odourless and invisible gas. Exposure to nitrogen enriched atmospheres displaces available oxygen which may cause asphyxiation or death. Personnel must observe strict safety precautions when involved with a confined space

entry.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC

Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances,

mixtures and articles (Annex XVII)

: Not applicable

REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation

(Annex XIV)

: Product is not subject to Authorisa-

tion under REACH.

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High

Concern for Authorisation (Article 59).

This product does not contain substances of very high concern (Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH),

Article 57).

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

P5c FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS

E2 **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

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Volatile organic compounds : Volatile organic compounds (VOC) content: 100 %

Other regulations:

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

Environmental Protection Act 1990 (as amended). Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974. Consumers Protection Act 1987. Pollution Prevention and Control Act 1999. Environment Act 1995. Factories Act 1961. The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment (Amendment) Regulations 2011. Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009. Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (as amended). Merchant Shipping (Dangerous Goods and Marine Pollutants) Regulations 1997. Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations 1995 (as amended). Personal Protective Equipment Regulations 2002. Personal Protective Equipment at Work Regulations 1992. Hazardous Waste (England and Wales) Regulations 2005(as amended). Control of Major Accident Hazards Regulations 1999 (as amended). Renewable Transport Fuel Obligations Order 2007 (as amended). Energy Act 2011. Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2010 (as amended). Waste (England and Wales) Regulations 2011 (as amended). Planning (Hazardous Substances) Act 1990 and associated regulations. The Environmental Protection (Controls on Ozone-Depleting Substances) Regulations 2011.

Product is subject to the Control of Major Accident Hazards Regulations 2015 (2015 No. 483) based on Seveso III directive (2012/18/EU).

The national inventory is based on the CAS number 64742-49-0.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AIIC : Listed

DSL : Listed

IECSC : Listed

KECI : Listed

NZIoC : Listed

PICCS : Listed

TSCA : Listed

TCSI : Listed

ENCS : Listed

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15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH BEI : ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)

EU HSPA : OEL based on European Hydrocarbon Solvents Producers

(CEFIC-HSPA) methodology.

EU HSPA / TWA : Time-Weighted Average Concentration (TWA) (8 hrs.)

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA -European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI -Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information

Training advice : Provide adequate information, instruction and training for op-

erators.

Other information : For Industry guidance and tools on REACH please visit the

CEFIC website at http://cefic.org/Industry-support.

The substance does not fulfill all screening criteria for persis-

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tence, bioaccumulation and toxicity and hence is not considered to be PBT or vPvB.

A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.

This product is classified as H304 (May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways). The risk relates to potential for aspiration. The risk arising from aspiration hazard is solely related to the physico-chemical properties of the substance. The risk can therefore be controlled by implementing risk management measures tailored to this specific hazard and included within Section 8 of the SDS. An exposure scenario is not presented.

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet

The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).

Classification of the mixture:

Classification procedure:

Flam. Liq. 2	H225	On basis of test data.
Asp. Tox. 1	H304	Expert judgement and weight of evidence determination.
Skin Irrit. 2	H315	Expert judgement and weight of evidence determination.
STOT SE 3	H336	Expert judgement and weight of evidence determination.
Aquatic Chronic 2	H411	Expert judgement and weight of evidence determination.

Identified Uses according to the Use Descriptor System Uses - Worker

Title : Use in laboratories

- Professional

Uses - Worker

Title : Use in laboratories

- Industrial

Uses - Worker

Title : Use as Functional Fluids

- Industrial

Uses - Worker

Title : Use as a fuel

- Professional

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Uses - Worker

Title : Use as a fuel

- Industrial

Uses - Worker

Title : Use as binders and release agents

- Professional

Uses - Worker

Title : Use as binders and release agents

- Industrial

Uses - Worker

Title : Metal working fluids / rolling oils

- Professional

Uses - Worker

Title : Metal working fluids / rolling oils

- Industrial

Uses - Worker

Title : Lubricants

- Professional

High Environmental Release

Uses - Worker

Title : Lubricants

- Professional

Low Environmental Release

Uses - Worker

Title : Lubricants

- Industrial

Uses - Worker

Title : Use in Cleaning Agents

- Professional

Uses - Worker

Title : Use in Cleaning Agents

Industrial

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Uses - Worker

Title : Uses in Coatings

- Professional

Uses - Worker

Title : Uses in Coatings

- Industrial

Uses - Worker

Title : Formulation & (re)packing of substances and mixtures

- Industrial

Uses - Worker

Title : Distribution of substance

- Industrial

Uses - Worker

Title : Manufacture of substance

- Industrial

Uses - Worker

Title : Rubber production and processing

- Industrial

Uses - Worker

Title : Polymer processing

- Industrial

Identified Uses according to the Use Descriptor System

Uses - Consumer

Title : Other Consumer Uses

- Consumer

Uses - Consumer

Title : Use as a fuel

- Consumer

Uses - Consumer

Title : Lubricants

- Consumer

High Environmental Release

Uses - Consumer

Title : Lubricants

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- Consumer

Low Environmental Release

Uses - Consumer

Title : Uses in Coatings

- Consumer

Uses - Consumer

Title : Use in Cleaning Agents

- Consumer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

30000000863	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Use in laboratories- Professional
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU22 Process Categories: PROC10, PROC15 Environmental Release Categories: ERC8a, ESVOC SpERC 8.17.v1
Scope of process	Use of small quantities within laboratory settings, including material transfers and equipment cleaning.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES		
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure		
Product Characteristics	•		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure > 10 kPa at STP		
Concentration of the Sub-	Covers percentage substance in the production	duct up to 100%.,	
stance in Mixture/Article	Unless stated otherwise.,		
Frequency and Duration of			
	8 hours (unless stated differently).		
Other Operational Condition			
	an 20°C above ambient temperature (unles		
Assumes a good basic stand	lard of occupational hygiene is implemente	d.	
Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures		
General measures (skin irritants).	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop.		
Laboratory activi- tiesPROC15	No other specific measures identified.		
CleaningPROC10	No other specific measures identified.		
Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure		
Substance is isomeric mixtur	e.		
Predominantly hydrophobic.			
Readily biodegradable.			
Amounts Used			
Fraction of EU tonnage used in region: 0.1			
Regional use tonnage (tonne	1.5		
Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally: 5.0E-04			
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year): 7.5E-04			

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Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day):	2.05E-03
Frequency and Duration of Use	
Continuous release.	
Emission Days (days/year):	365
Environmental factors not influenced by risk management	
Local freshwater dilution factor:	10
Local marine water dilution factor:	100
Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure	
Release fraction to air from wide dispersive use (regional only):	0.5
Release fraction to wastewater from wide dispersive use:	0.5
Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only):	0
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to process	revent release
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process re-	
lease estimates used.	
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit disch	narges, air emis-
sions and releases to soil	
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater.	
No wastewater treatment required.	
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)	0
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide	0
the required removal efficiency of >= (%)	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary	0
wastewater treatment required.	
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site	
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.	
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.	
Conditions and Massures related to municipal sources treatment	alant
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment	
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment (%)	96.9
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	96.9
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following	9.64
total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.0E+03
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for	
External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable regulations.	e local and/or regional
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	
External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable regulations.	e local and/or regional

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION
Section 3.1 - Health	
The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise	
indicated.	

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Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE
	EXPOSURE SCENARIO

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects.

Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html).

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

Exposure occurre worker		
30000000862		
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE	
Title	Use in laboratories- Industrial	
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU3 Process Categories: PROC10, PROC15 Environmental Release Categories: ERC2, ERC4	
Scope of process	Use of the substance within laboratory settings, including material transfers and equipment cleaning.	

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES	
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure > 10 kPa at STP	
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%., Unless stated otherwise.,	
Frequency and Duration of Use		
Covers daily exposures up t	o 8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Other Operational Conditions affecting Exposure		
Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently) Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.		

	1	
Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures	
General measures (skin irritants).	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Id for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (to hand contact with substance likely. Clear tion/spills as soon as they occur. Wash on nation immediately. Provide basic employent / minimise exposures and to report that may develop.	ested to EN374) if n up contamina- off any skin contami- oyee training to pre-
Laboratory activitiesPROC15	No other specific measures identified.	
CleaningPROC10	No other specific measures identified.	
Section 2.2 Control of Environmental Exposure		
Substance is isomeric mixtur	e.	
Predominantly hydrophobic. Readily biodegradable. Amounts Used Fraction of EU tonnage used in region: Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year): Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally: Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year): Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day): 100		
		0.1
		3.5
		*
		2.0
		100

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- IB (' (I)	
Frequency and Duration of Use	T
Continuous release.	
Emission Days (days/year):	20
Environmental factors not influenced by risk management	
Local freshwater dilution factor:	10
Local marine water dilution factor:	100
Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure	
Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM):	2.5E-02
Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to RMM):	2.0E-02
Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM):	1.0E-04
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to pr	
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process re-	
lease estimates used.	
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit disch sions and releases to soil	arges, air emis-
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater sediment.	
No wastewater treatment required.	
Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater.	
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)	0
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide	27.2
the required removal efficiency of >= (%)	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary	0.0
wastewater treatment required.	
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site	•
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.	
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.	
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	lant
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage	96.9
treatment (%)	- 3.0
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite	96.9
(domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	00.0
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following	2.37E+03
total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	2.07 2 1 00
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.0E+03
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste fo	
External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable	
regulations.	
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	
External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable	local and/or regional
regulations.	3

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION
Section 3.1 - Health	
The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise	
indicated.	

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Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4 GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects.

Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html).

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

Exposure ocertaino - Worker	
30000000865	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Use as Functional Fluids- Industrial
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU3 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9 Environmental Release Categories: ERC7, ESVOC SpERC 7.13a.v1
Scope of process	Use as functional fluids e.g. cable oils, transfer oils, coolants, insulators, refrigerants, hydraulic fluids in industrial equipment including maintenance and related material transfers.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure
Product Characteristics	
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure > 10 kPa at STP
Concentration of the Sub-	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%.,
stance in Mixture/Article	Unless stated otherwise.,
Frequency and Duration of	Use
Covers daily exposures up to	8 hours (unless stated differently).
Other Operational Conditio	ns affecting Exposure
Assumes use at not more that	in 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently).
Assumes a good basic stand	ard of occupational hygiene is implemented.
Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures
General measures (skin irritants).	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop.
Bulk transfers(closed systems)PROC1PROC2	No other specific measures identified.
Drum/batch transfersDedicated facilityPROC8b	No other specific measures identified.
Filling of arti- cles/equipment(closed sys- tems)PROC9	No other specific measures identified.
Filling/ preparation of equipment from drums or containers.Non-dedicated facilityPROC8a	No other specific measures identified.

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General exposures (closed systems)PROC2	No other specific measures identified.	
General exposures (open systems)PROC4	No other specific measures identified.	
General exposures (open systems)Operation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature).PROC4	No other specific measures identified.	
Remanufacture of reject articlesPROC9	No other specific measures identified.	
Equipment maintenance- PROC8a	No other specific measures identified.	
Storage.PROC1PROC2	Store substance within a closed system.	
Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
Substance is isomeric mixture		
Predominantly hydrophobic.		
Readily biodegradable.		
Amounts Used		
Fraction of EU tonnage used	in region:	0.1
Regional use tonnage (tonne		19.4
Fraction of Regional tonnage		0.52
		10
		500
Frequency and Duration of Use		
Continuous release.		
Emission Days (days/year): 20		20
Environmental factors not influenced by risk management		
Local freshwater dilution factor	·	10
Local marine water dilution fa	ictor:	100
	ns affecting Environmental Exposure	•
	rocess (initial release prior to RMM):	1.0E-02
	er from process (initial release prior to	3.0E-05
	process (initial release prior to RMM):	1.0E-03
	neasures at process level (source) to pro	event release
	ss sites thus conservative process re-	
lease estimates used.		
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emis-		
sions and releases to soil		
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater sediment.		
No wastewater treatment required.		
Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater.		
	a typical removal efficiency of (%)	0
	r to receiving water discharge) to provide	0
	wage treatment plant, no secondary	0.0
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

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Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site	
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.	
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.	
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	lant
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment (%)	96.9
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	96.9
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	1.58E+06
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.0E+03
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste fo	r disposal
External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable regulations.	e local and/or regional
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	
External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable regulations.	local and/or regional

	SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION
Section 3.1 - Health		
The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise		

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

	SECTION 4	EXPOSURE SCENARIO
Section 4.1 - Health		
	Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management	

Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects.

Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 -Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone

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or in combination.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html).

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

30000000860	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Use as a fuel- Professional
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU22 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC16 Environmental Release Categories: ERC9a, ERC9b, ESVOC SpERC 9.12b.v1
Scope of process	Covers the use as a fuel (or fuel additive) and includes activities associated with its transfer, use, equipment maintenance and handling of waste.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES		
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure		
Product Characteristics			
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure > 10 kPa at STP		
Concentration of the Sub-	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%.,		
stance in Mixture/Article	Unless stated otherwise.,		
Frequency and Duration of Use			
Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).			
Other Operational Conditions affecting Exposure			
Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently).			
Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.			
Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures		

Contributing Scenarios Risk Management Measures		
General measures (skin irritants).	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop.	
Bulk transfersDedicated facili- tyPROC8b	Handle substance within a closed system. Clear transfer lines prior to de-coupling.	
Drum/batch transfersDedicate facilityPROC8b	No other specific measures identified.	
Refueling.Dedicated facili- tyPROC8b	No other specific measures identified.	
General exposures (closed systems)PROC1PROC2PRO	No other specific measures identified.	
Use as a fuel(closed systems)PROC16	No other specific measures identified.	

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Equipment cleaning and maintenancePROC8a	No other specific measures identified	d.
Storage.PROC1	Store substance within a closed syst	em.
Section 2.2	ontrol of Environmental Exposure	
Substance is isomeric mixture.		
Predominantly hydrophobic.		
Readily biodegradable.		
Amounts Used		
Fraction of EU tonnage used in	region:	0.1
Regional use tonnage (tonnes/y	ear):	0.1
Fraction of Regional tonnage us	ed locally:	5.0E-04
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/yea		5.0E-05
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg		1.37E-04
Frequency and Duration of Us	e	
Continuous release.		
Emission Days (days/year):		365
Environmental factors not infl	uenced by risk management	
Local freshwater dilution factor:		10
Local marine water dilution factor		100
	affecting Environmental Exposure	
Release fraction to air from wide		1.0E-02
Release fraction to wastewater t		1.0E-05
Release fraction to soil from wid	1.0E-05	
Technical conditions and mea	sures at process level (source) to pr	event release
	sites thus conservative process re-	
Common practices vary across lease estimates used. Technical onsite conditions a	sites thus conservative process re-	arges, air emis-
Common practices vary across lease estimates used. Technical onsite conditions a sions and releases to soil	nd measures to reduce or limit disch	arges, air emis-
Common practices vary across lease estimates used. Technical onsite conditions a sions and releases to soil Risk from environmental exposu	nd measures to reduce or limit discharge is driven by freshwater.	arges, air emis-
Common practices vary across lease estimates used. Technical onsite conditions a sions and releases to soil Risk from environmental exposure No wastewater treatment require	nd measures to reduce or limit discharge is driven by freshwater.	
Common practices vary across lease estimates used. Technical onsite conditions a sions and releases to soil Risk from environmental exposure No wastewater treatment required Treat air emission to provide a treatment required to the state of the state	nd measures to reduce or limit discharge is driven by freshwater. ed. ypical removal efficiency of (%)	0
Common practices vary across lease estimates used. Technical onsite conditions a sions and releases to soil Risk from environmental exposu. No wastewater treatment required treat air emission to provide a total treat onsite wastewater (prior total).	nd measures to reduce or limit discharge is driven by freshwater. ed. ypical removal efficiency of (%) receiving water discharge) to provide	
Common practices vary across lease estimates used. Technical onsite conditions a sions and releases to soil Risk from environmental exposu. No wastewater treatment required treatment required removal efficiency of the removal efficie	nd measures to reduce or limit dischange is driven by freshwater. ed. ypical removal efficiency of (%) o receiving water discharge) to provide of >= (%)	0
Common practices vary across lease estimates used. Technical onsite conditions a sions and releases to soil Risk from environmental exposu. No wastewater treatment required treatment required removal efficiency of the removal efficie	nd measures to reduce or limit discharge is driven by freshwater. ed. ypical removal efficiency of (%) receiving water discharge) to provide	0 0
Common practices vary across lease estimates used. Technical onsite conditions a sions and releases to soil Risk from environmental exposu. No wastewater treatment require Treat air emission to provide a treatment require described to the required removal efficiency of the required removal efficiency of discharging to domestic seway wastewater treatment required.	nd measures to reduce or limit discharge is driven by freshwater. ed. ypical removal efficiency of (%) o receiving water discharge) to provide of >= (%) ge treatment plant, no secondary	0 0
Common practices vary across lease estimates used. Technical onsite conditions a sions and releases to soil Risk from environmental exposu. No wastewater treatment require Treat air emission to provide a to the required removal efficiency of the discharging to domestic sewage.	nd measures to reduce or limit discharge is driven by freshwater. ed. ypical removal efficiency of (%) o receiving water discharge) to provide of >= (%) ge treatment plant, no secondary revent/limit release from site	0 0
Common practices vary across lease estimates used. Technical onsite conditions a sions and releases to soil Risk from environmental exposu. No wastewater treatment required. Treat air emission to provide a to the required removal efficiency of the required removal efficiency of discharging to domestic seway wastewater treatment required. Organisational measures to p	nd measures to reduce or limit discharge is driven by freshwater. ed. ypical removal efficiency of (%) receiving water discharge) to provide of >= (%) ge treatment plant, no secondary revent/limit release from site natural soils.	0 0
Common practices vary across lease estimates used. Technical onsite conditions at sions and releases to soil Risk from environmental exposu. No wastewater treatment required. Treat air emission to provide a treatment required removal efficiency of the required removal efficiency of discharging to domestic seway wastewater treatment required. Organisational measures to public provides to provide a treatment required. Organisational measures to public provides to provide a treatment required. Organisational measures to public provides to provide a treatment required. Conditions and Measures relatives to provide a treatment required.	nd measures to reduce or limit discharge is driven by freshwater. ed. ypical removal efficiency of (%) o receiving water discharge) to provide of >= (%) ge treatment plant, no secondary revent/limit release from site natural soils. ontained or reclaimed. ted to municipal sewage treatment p	0 0
Common practices vary across lease estimates used. Technical onsite conditions at sions and releases to soil Risk from environmental exposu. No wastewater treatment required. Treat air emission to provide a treatment required removal efficiency of the required removal efficiency of discharging to domestic seway wastewater treatment required. Organisational measures to public point of the provided at the required removal efficiency of the removal effic	nd measures to reduce or limit discharge is driven by freshwater. ed. ypical removal efficiency of (%) o receiving water discharge) to provide of >= (%) ge treatment plant, no secondary revent/limit release from site natural soils. ontained or reclaimed.	0 0
Common practices vary across lease estimates used. Technical onsite conditions assions and releases to soil Risk from environmental exposu. No wastewater treatment required. Treat air emission to provide a treatment required removal efficiency of the required removal efficiency of discharging to domestic seway wastewater treatment required. Organisational measures to provide a treatment required. Sludge should be incinerated, conditions and Measures relates the stimated substance removal from treatment (%) Total efficiency of removal from	nd measures to reduce or limit dischange is driven by freshwater. ed. ypical removal efficiency of (%) or receiving water discharge) to provide of >= (%) ge treatment plant, no secondary revent/limit release from site natural soils. ontained or reclaimed. ted to municipal sewage treatment prom wastewater via domestic sewage wastewater after onsite and offsite	0 0 0
Common practices vary across lease estimates used. Technical onsite conditions a sions and releases to soil Risk from environmental exposu. No wastewater treatment required. Treat air emission to provide a treatment required removal efficiency of discharging to domestic seway wastewater treatment required. Organisational measures to p Do not apply industrial sludge to Sludge should be incinerated, conditions and Measures relates the substance removal from treatment (%) Total efficiency of removal from (domestic treatment plant) RMM Maximum allowable site tonnage.	nd measures to reduce or limit dischange is driven by freshwater. ed. ypical removal efficiency of (%) oreceiving water discharge) to provide of >= (%) ge treatment plant, no secondary revent/limit release from site natural soils. ontained or reclaimed. ted to municipal sewage treatment promise wastewater via domestic sewage wastewater after onsite and offsite is (%) e (MSafe) based on release following	0 0 0
Common practices vary across lease estimates used. Technical onsite conditions at sions and releases to soil Risk from environmental exposu. No wastewater treatment required. Treat air emission to provide a treatment required removal efficiency of the required removal efficiency of discharging to domestic seway wastewater treatment required. Organisational measures to position to provide a treatment required of the required removal efficiency of discharging to domestic seway wastewater treatment required. Organisational measures to position of the provided provided in the provided pro	nd measures to reduce or limit dischange is driven by freshwater. ed. ypical removal efficiency of (%) receiving water discharge) to provide of >= (%) ge treatment plant, no secondary revent/limit release from site natural soils. ontained or reclaimed. ted to municipal sewage treatment prom wastewater via domestic sewage wastewater after onsite and offsite is (%) e (MSafe) based on release following oval (kg/d)	0 0 0 0 lant 96.9 96.9
Common practices vary across lease estimates used. Technical onsite conditions at sions and releases to soil Risk from environmental exposu. No wastewater treatment required. Treat air emission to provide a treatment required removal efficiency of the required removal efficiency of discharging to domestic seway wastewater treatment required. Organisational measures to ponot apply industrial sludge to Sludge should be incinerated, conditions and Measures relates timated substance removal from treatment (%) Total efficiency of removal from (domestic treatment plant) RMM Maximum allowable site tonnage total wastewater treatment removal domestic sewage treatment sewage treatment domestic sewage treatment several entire treatment removal domestic sewage treatment removal entire treatment entire treatmen	nd measures to reduce or limit dischange is driven by freshwater. ed. ypical removal efficiency of (%) receiving water discharge) to provide of >= (%) ge treatment plant, no secondary revent/limit release from site natural soils. ontained or reclaimed. ted to municipal sewage treatment prom wastewater via domestic sewage wastewater after onsite and offsite is (%) e (MSafe) based on release following oval (kg/d)	0 0 0 0 1ant 96.9 96.9 96.9 0.705

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Waste combustion emissions considered in regional exposure assessment.

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

This substance is consumed during use and no waste of substance is generated.

SECTION 3 EXPOSURE ESTIMATION

Section 3.1 - Health

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4 GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects.

Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

30000000859	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Use as a fuel- Industrial
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU3 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC16 Environmental Release Categories: ERC7, ESVOC SpERC 7.12a.v1
Scope of process	Covers the use as a fuel (or fuel additive) and includes activities associated with its transfer, use, equipment maintenance and handling of waste.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES	
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure > 10 kPa at STP	
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%., Unless stated otherwise.,	
Frequency and Duration of Use		
Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).		
Other Operational Conditions affecting Exposure		
Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.		

Contributing Scenarios	Risk	Management Measures	
General measures (skin irritants).		Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential are as for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374 hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contannation immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop.	·) if mi- - -
Bulk transfersPROC8bDedicated facility		Handle substance within a closed system.	
Drum/batch transfer- sPROC8bDedicated facility		No other specific measures identified.	
General exposures (closed sy tems)Use in contained batch processesPROC1PROC2PRO		No other specific measures identified.	
Use as a fuel(closed systems)PROC16		No other specific measures identified.	
Equipment cleaning and maintenancePROC8a		No other specific measures identified.	

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Storage.PROC1PROC2 Store	substance within a closed sys	stem.
Section 2.2 Control of	Environmental Exposure	
Substance is isomeric mixture.		
Predominantly hydrophobic.		
Readily biodegradable.		
Amounts Used		
Fraction of EU tonnage used in region:		0.1
Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year):		0.1
Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally:		1
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year):		0.1
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day):		5.0
Frequency and Duration of Use		0.0
Continuous release.		
Emission Days (days/year):		20
Environmental factors not influenced b	v rick management	20
Local freshwater dilution factor:	y risk ilialiayelllelli	10
Local marine water dilution factor:		100
	Environmental Evenanus	100
Other Operational Conditions affecting		F 0F 00
Release fraction to air from process (initial		5.0E-02
Release fraction to wastewater from proce	ess (initial release prior to	1.0E-05
RMM):	Landa and a charles DAMA	
Release fraction to soil from process (initia		0
Technical conditions and measures at p		event release
Common practices vary across sites thus	conservative process re-	
lease estimates used.	nan da madana an Porte II	
Technical onsite conditions and measu sions and releases to soil	res to reduce or limit discha	arges, air emis-
Risk from environmental exposure is drive	n by freshwater.	
No wastewater treatment required.		
Prevent discharge of undissolved substance	ce to or recover from onsite	
wastewater.		
Treat air emission to provide a typical rem	oval efficiency of (%)	95
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving		0
the required removal efficiency of >= (%)	3 / 1	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatme	ent plant, no secondary	0
wastewater treatment required.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Organisational measures to prevent/lim	it release from site	
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural so		
Sludge should be incinerated, contained o	r reclaimed.	
Conditions and Measures related to mu	nicipal sewage treatment p	lant
Estimated substance removal from wastev		96.9
Estimated substance removal from wastev	3 -	
		i
treatment (%)	er after onsite and offsite	96.9
treatment (%) Total efficiency of removal from wastewate	er after onsite and offsite	96.9
treatment (%) Total efficiency of removal from wastewate (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)		
treatment (%) Total efficiency of removal from wastewate (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%) Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe)		96.9 2.56E+04
treatment (%) Total efficiency of removal from wastewate (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	based on release following	

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Combustion emissions limited by required exhaust emission controls.

Waste combustion emissions considered in regional exposure assessment.

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

This substance is consumed during use and no waste of substance is generated.

SECTION 3 EXPOSURE ESTIMATION

Section 3.1 - Health

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE
	EXPOSURE SCENARIO

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects.

Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

	Exposure operation worker		
30000000858			
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE		
Title	Use as binders and release agents- Professional		
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU22 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC6, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC10, PROC11, PROC14 Environmental Release Categories: ERC8a, ERC8d, ESVOC SpERC 8.10b.v1		
Scope of process	Covers the use as binders and release agents including material transfers, mixing, application by spraying, brushing, and handling of waste.		

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES		
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure		
Product Characteristics			
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure > 10 kPa at STP		
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%., Unless stated otherwise.,		
Frequency and Duration of	Use		
Covers daily exposures up to	o 8 hours (unless stated differently).		
Other Operational Condition	ons affecting Exposure		
	an 20°C above ambient temperature (unlesdard of occupational hygiene is implemented	• ,	

Contributing Scenarios Risk Management Measures General measures (skin irri-Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas tants). for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop. Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying. Bulk transfersUse in contained No other specific measures identified. systemsPROC1PROC2PROC3 Drum/batch transfersPROC8b No other specific measures identified. Mixing operations (closed sys-No other specific measures identified. tems)PROC3 Mixing operations (open sys-No other specific measures identified.

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t>\DDCC4			
tems)PROC4			
Mold formingPROC14	No other specific measures identified		
Casting operations(open sys-	No other specific measures identified		
tems)Operation is carried out			
elevated temperature (> 20°C			
above ambient tempera-			
ture).PROC6			
SprayingMachinePROC11	No other specific measures identified		
SprayingManualPROC11	No other specific measures identified		
ManualRolling, Brush-	No other specific measures identified		
ingPROC11			
Storage.PROC1PROC2	Store substance within a closed syste	em.	
Drum/batch transfersNon-			
dedicated facilityPROC8a	Control of Environmental Environ	1	
Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure		
Substance is isomeric mixture	9.		
Predominantly hydrophobic.			
Readily biodegradable.			
Amounts Used		1	
Fraction of EU tonnage used		0.1	
Regional use tonnage (tonne		0.5	
Fraction of Regional tonnage		5.0E-04	
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/y		2.5E-04	
Maximum daily site tonnage (6.85E-04	
Frequency and Duration of	Use		
Continuous release.			
Emission Days (days/year):		365	
Environmental factors not i	nfluenced by risk management		
Local freshwater dilution factor	or:	10	
Local marine water dilution fa		100	
	ns affecting Environmental Exposure		
	ide dispersive use (regional only):	0.95	
Release fraction to wastewate		2.5E-02	
	vide dispersive use (regional only):	2.5E-02	
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release			
	ss sites thus conservative process re-		
lease estimates used.			
	and measures to reduce or limit disch	arges, air emis-	
sions and releases to soil			
Risk from environmental expo	•		
No wastewater treatment req			
	a typical removal efficiency of (%)	0	
Treat onsite wastewater (prio	0		
the required removal efficiency of >= (%)			
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary wastewater treatment required.		0	
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site			
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Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.	
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.	
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	olant
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage	96.9
treatment (%)	
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite	96.9
(domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following	3.52
total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.0E+03
Conditions and Massacras related to external treatment of wests for	u diamand

Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION
Section 3.1 - Health	
The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise	
indicated.	

Section 3.2 -Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE
	EXPOSURE SCENARIO
A 41 44 11 141	

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects.

Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

Exposure occitatio - Worker	
30000000857	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Use as binders and release agents- Industrial
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU3 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC6, PROC7, PROC8b, PROC10, PROC13, PROC14 Environmental Release Categories: ERC4, ESVOC SpERC 4.10a.v1
Scope of process	Covers the use as binders and release agents including material transfers, mixing, application (including spraying and brushing), mould forming and casting, and handling of waste.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES	
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure > 10 kPa at STP	
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%., Unless stated otherwise.,	
Frequency and Duration of Use		
Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).		
Other Operational Conditions affecting Exposure		
Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.		

Contributing Scenarios R	isk Management Measures	
General measures (skin irritants).	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop. Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.	d
Bulk transfersUse in contained systemsPROC1PROC2PROC3	No other specific measures identified.	
Drum/batch transfersPROC8b	No other specific measures identified.	
Mixing operations (closed systems)PROC3	No other specific measures identified.	
Mixing operations (open sys-	No other specific measures identified.	

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tems)PROC4		
Mold formingPROC14	No other specific measures identified	
_	·	
Casting operations(open sys-	No other specific measures identified	
tems)Operation is carried out a	t	
elevated temperature (> 20°C		
above ambient tempera-		
ture).PROC6		
SprayingMachinePROC7	No other specific measures identified	•
ManualRolling, Brush-	No other specific measures identified	
ingPROC10		
SprayingManualPROC7	No other specific measures identified	
Storage.PROC1PROC2	Store substance within a closed syste	em.
Dipping, immersion and pour-	No other specific measures identified	
ingPROC13		
Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
Substance is isomeric mixture.		
Predominantly hydrophobic.		
Readily biodegradable.		
Amounts Used		
Fraction of EU tonnage used in	region:	0.1
Regional use tonnage (tonnes/		7.49
Fraction of Regional tonnage u		1
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/ye	ar):	7.49
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg	g/day):	375
Frequency and Duration of U	se	
Continuous release.		
Emission Days (days/year):		20
	luenced by risk management	
Local freshwater dilution factor:		10
Local marine water dilution fact		100
	s affecting Environmental Exposure	
	cess (initial release prior to RMM):	1.0
Release fraction to wastewater RMM):	from process (initial release prior to	3.0E-06
,	ocess (initial release prior to RMM):	0
	asures at process level (source) to pr	event release
	sites thus conservative process re-	
lease estimates used.		
Technical onsite conditions a	and measures to reduce or limit disch	arges, air emis-
sions and releases to soil		
Risk from environmental expos	ure is driven by freshwater.	
No wastewater treatment requi		
Prevent discharge of undissolve	ed substance to or recover from onsite	
wastewater.		
	typical removal efficiency of (%)	80
	o receiving water discharge) to provide	0
the required removal efficiency	0† >= (%)	

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If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary	0	
wastewater treatment required.		
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site		
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.		
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.		
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	lant	
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage	96.9	
treatment (%)		
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite	96.9	
(domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)		
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following	1.74E+06	
total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)		
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.0E+03	
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste fo	r disposal	
External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable	local and/or regional	
regulations.		
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste		
External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable	local and/or regional	
regulations.		

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION
Section 3.1 - Health	
The ECETOC TRA tool has be	been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Section 3.2 - Environment

SECTION 4

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

EXPOSURE SCENARIO	
Section 4.1 - Health	
Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management	
Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.	
Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects.	
Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.	
Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users	
should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.	

GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technolo-

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gies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

30000000856	30000000856	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE	
Title	Metal working fluids / rolling oils- Professional	
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU22 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC10, PROC11, PROC13, PROC17, PROC14 Environmental Release Categories: ERC8a, ERC8d, ESVOC SpERC 8.7c.v1	
Scope of process	Covers the use in formulated MWFs including transfer operations, open and contained cutting/machining activities, automated and manual application of corrosion protections, draining and working on contaminated/ reject articles, and disposal of waste oils.	

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure
Product Characteristics	
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure > 10 kPa at STP
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%., Unless stated otherwise.,
Frequency and Duration of Use	
Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Other Operational Conditions affecting Exposure	
Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.	

Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures
General measures (skin irritants).	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop. Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.
General exposures (closed systems)PROC1PROC2PROC	No other specific measures identified.
Bulk transfersPROC8b	No other specific measures identified.

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Filling/ preparation of equipment from drums or containers.Dedicated facilityPROC8bPROC9	No other specific measures identified.
Filling/ preparation of equipment from drums or containers.Non-dedicated facilityPROC8a	No other specific measures identified.
Process samplingPROC8b	No other specific measures identified.
Metal machining operationsPROC17	No other specific measures identified.
ManualRolling, Brush- ingPROC10	No other specific measures identified.
SprayingPROC11	No other specific measures identified.
Treatment by dipping and pour-ingPROC13	No other specific measures identified.
Equipment cleaning and maintenanceNon-dedicated facilityPROC8a	No other specific measures identified.
Equipment cleaning and maintenanceDedicated facilityPROC8b	No other specific measures identified.
Storage.PROC1PROC2	Store substance within a closed system.

Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
Substance is isomeric mixture.		
Predominantly hydrophobic.		
Readily biodegradable.		
Amounts Used		
Fraction of EU tonnage used	in region:	0.1
Regional use tonnage (tonne	s/year):	0.3
Fraction of Regional tonnage	used locally:	5.0E-04
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/	year):	1.5E-04
Maximum daily site tonnage	(kg/day):	4.1E-04
Frequency and Duration of		
Continuous release.		
Emission Days (days/year):		365
Environmental factors not influenced by risk management		
Local freshwater dilution factor	or:	10
Local marine water dilution fa		100
	ns affecting Environmental Exposure	!
	ride dispersive use (regional only):	0.6
Release fraction to wastewat	•	5.0E-02
Release fraction to soil from	wide dispersive use (regional only):	5.0E-02
Technical conditions and n	neasures at process level (source) to	prevent release
Common practices vary acros	ss sites thus conservative process re-	
lease estimates used.		
	s and measures to reduce or limit disc	charges, air emis-
sions and releases to soil		
Risk from environmental expe	osure is driven by freshwater.	

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No wastewater treatment required.		
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)	0	
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide	0	
the required removal efficiency of >= (%)		
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary	0	
wastewater treatment required.		
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site		
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.		
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.		
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p		
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage	96.9	
treatment (%)		
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite	96.9	
(domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)		
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following	2.1	
total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)		
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.0E+03	
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for	•	
External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional		
regulations.		
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste		
External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional		
regulations.		

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION
Continu 0.4 Hankla	

Section 3.1 - Health

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE
	EXPOSURE SCENARIO

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects. Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

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Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

Exposure Scenario - Wo	in rei
30000000855	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Metal working fluids / rolling oils- Industrial
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU3 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC7, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC10, PROC13, PROC17 Environmental Release Categories: ERC4, ESVOC SpERC 4.7a.v1
Scope of process	Covers the use in formulated MWFs/rolling oils including transfer operations, rolling and annealing activities, cutting/machining activities, automated and manual application of corrosion protections (including brushing, dipping and spraying), equipment maintenance, draining and disposal of waste oils.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES	
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure > 10 kPa at STP	
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%., Unless stated otherwise.,	
Frequency and Duration of	f Use	
Covers daily exposures up t	to 8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Other Operational Conditi	ons affecting Exposure	
	nan 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently).	

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures	
General measures (skin irrita	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop. Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.	
General exposures (closed sy tems)PROC1PROC2PROC3	vs- No other specific measures identified.	
General exposures (open sys	- No other specific measures identified.	

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\	T
tems)PROC4	
Bulk transfersPROC8b	No other specific measures identified.
Filling/ preparation of equipment from drums or contain- ers.PROC8bPROC5PROC9	No other specific measures identified.
Process samplingPROC8b	No other specific measures identified.
Metal machining operationsPROC17	No other specific measures identified.
Treatment by dipping and pour-ingPROC13	No other specific measures identified.
SprayingPROC7	No other specific measures identified.
ManualRolling, BrushingPROC10	No other specific measures identified.
Automated metal roll- ing/formingUse in contained sys- temsOperation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient tempera- ture).PROC2	No other specific measures identified.
Semi-automated metal roll- ing/formingOperation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient tempera- ture).PROC17	No other specific measures identified.
Equipment cleaning and mainte- nanceDedicated facilityPROC8b	No other specific measures identified.
Equipment cleaning and mainte- nanceNon-dedicated facili- tyPROC8a	No other specific measures identified.
Storage.PROC1PROC2	Store substance within a closed system.

Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	е
Substance is isomeric mixture.		
Predominantly hydrophobic.		
Readily biodegradable.		
Amounts Used		•
Fraction of EU tonnage used	in region:	0.1
Regional use tonnage (tonne	s/year):	0.3
Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally:		1
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/	/ear):	0.3
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day): 15		15
Frequency and Duration of Use		
Continuous release.		
Emission Days (days/year):		20
Environmental factors not influenced by risk management		
Local freshwater dilution factor	or:	10
Local marine water dilution factor: 100		100
Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure		

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Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM):	2.0E-02	
Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to	3.0E-05	
RMM):		
Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM):	0	
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to pr	event release	
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process re-		
lease estimates used.		
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit disch	arges, air emis-	
sions and releases to soil	T-	
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater.		
No wastewater treatment required.		
Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite		
wastewater.		
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)	70	
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide	0	
the required removal efficiency of >= (%)		
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary	0	
wastewater treatment required.		
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site		
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.		
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.		
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	lant	
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage	96.9	
treatment (%)		
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite	96.9	
(domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)		
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following	7.4E+04	
total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)		
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.0E+03	
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal		
External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable	local and/or regional	
regulations.		
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste		
External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable	local and/or regional	
regulations.		
1		

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION
Section 3.1 - Health	
The ECETOC TRA tool has be indicated.	peen used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

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SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE
	EXPOSURE SCENARIO

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects.

Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

engine oils and similar.PROC20 General exposures (open sys-

Exposure Scenario - Worker			
30000000839			
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE		
Title	Lubricants- ProfessionalHigh Environmental Release		
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU22 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC10, PROC11, PROC13, PROC17, PROC18, PROC20 Environmental Release Categories: ERC8a, ERC8d, ESVOC SpERC 8.6c.v1		
Scope of process	Covers the use of formulated lubricants in closed and open systems including transfer operations, operation of engines and similar articles, reworking on reject articles, equipment maintenance and disposal of waste oil.		

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES	
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure > 10 kPa at STP	
Concentration of the Sub-	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%.,	
stance in Mixture/Article	Unless stated otherwise.,	
Frequency and Duration of Use		
Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).		
Other Operational Condition	ns affecting Exposure	
Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently).		
Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.		
Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures	
General measures (skin irritar	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop. Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.	
General exposures (closed sy tems)PROC1PROC2PROC3		
Operation of equipment conta	aining No other specific measures identified.	

No other specific measures identified.

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tems)PROC4	
Bulk transfersPROC8b	No other specific measures identified.
Filling/ preparation of equipment from drums or containers.Dedicated facilityPROC8b	No other specific measures identified.
Filling/ preparation of equipment from drums or containers.Non-dedicated facilityPROC8a	No other specific measures identified.
Operation and lubrication of high energy open equipmentIndoorPROC17PROC18	No other specific measures identified.
Operation and lubrication of high energy open equipmentOut-doorPROC17	No other specific measures identified.
Maintenance (of larger plant items) and machine set upPROC8b	No other specific measures identified.
Maintenance (of larger plant items) and machine set upOperation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature). Dedicated facilityPROC8b	No other specific measures identified.
Maintenance of small itemsOperation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature).Non-dedicated facilityPROC8a	No other specific measures identified.
Engine lubricant servicePROC9	No other specific measures identified.
ManualRolling, BrushingPROC10	No other specific measures identified.
SprayingPROC11	No other specific measures identified.
Treatment by dipping and pour-ingPROC13	No other specific measures identified.
Storage.PROC1PROC2	Store substance within a closed system.

Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Ex	kposure kposure
Substance is isomeric mixture.		
Predominantly hydrophobic.		
Readily biodegradable.		
Amounts Used		
Fraction of EU tonnage used in region:		0.1
Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year):		0.75
Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally:		5.0E-04
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year):		3.75E-04
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day):		1.0E-03
Frequency and Duration of Use		
Continuous release.		
Emission Days (days/year): 365		365

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Environmental factors not influenced by risk management		
Local freshwater dilution factor:	10	
Local marine water dilution factor:	100	
Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure	1.00	
Release fraction to air from wide dispersive use (regional only):	0.6	
Release fraction to wastewater from wide dispersive use:	5.0E-02	
Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only):	5.0E-02	
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to pr		
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process re-		
lease estimates used.		
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit disch	arges, air emis-	
sions and releases to soil	J ,	
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater.		
No wastewater treatment required.		
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)	0	
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide	0	
the required removal efficiency of >= (%)		
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary	0	
wastewater treatment required.		
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site		
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.		
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.		
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	lant	
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage	96.9	
treatment (%)		
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite	96.9	
(domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)		
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following	5.26	
total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)		
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d) 2.0E+03		
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste fo		
External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable regulations.	local and/or regional	
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste		
External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable	local and/or regional	
regulations.		

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION	
Section 3.1 - Health		
The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise		
indicated.		

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

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SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE
	EXPOSURE SCENARIO

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects.

Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

30000000838		
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE	
Title	Lubricants- ProfessionalLow Environmental Release	
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU22 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC10, PROC11, PROC13, PROC17, PROC18, PROC20 Environmental Release Categories: ERC9a, ERC9b, ESVOC SpERC 9.6b.v1	
Scope of process	Covers the use of formulated lubricants in closed and open systems including transfer operations, operation of engines and similar articles, reworking on reject articles, equipment maintenance and disposal of waste oil.	

SECTION 2		RATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT SURES
Section 2.1	Cont	rol of Worker Exposure
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquio	d, vapour pressure > 10 kPa at STP
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article		ers percentage substance in the product up to 100%., ss stated otherwise.,
Frequency and Duration of		
Covers daily exposures up to	8 hour	rs (unless stated differently).
Other Operational Conditio		
Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.		
Contributing Scenarios	Risk	Management Measures
General measures (skin irritants).		Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop. Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.
General exposures (closed systems)PROC1PROC2PROC3		No other specific measures identified.
Operation of equipment conta engine oils and similar.PROC		No other specific measures identified.
General exposures (open sys	3-	No other specific measures identified.

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tomo\DDOC4	
tems)PROC4	
Bulk transfersPROC8b	No other specific measures identified.
Filling/ preparation of equipment from drums or containers.Dedicated facilityPROC8b	No other specific measures identified.
Filling/ preparation of equipment from drums or containers.Non-dedicated facilityPROC8a	No other specific measures identified.
Operation and lubrication of high energy open equipmentIndoorPROC17PROC18	No other specific measures identified.
Operation and lubrication of high energy open equipmentOut-doorPROC17	No other specific measures identified.
Maintenance (of larger plant items) and machine set upPROC8b	No other specific measures identified.
Maintenance (of larger plant items) and machine set upOperation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature). Dedicated facilityPROC8b	No other specific measures identified.
Maintenance of small itemsOperation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature).Non-dedicated facilityPROC8a	No other specific measures identified.
Engine lubricant servicePROC9	No other specific measures identified.
ManualRolling, BrushingPROC10	No other specific measures identified.
SprayingPROC11	No other specific measures identified.
Treatment by dipping and pour- ingPROC13	No other specific measures identified.
Storage.PROC1PROC2	Store substance within a closed system.

Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposu	ıre
Substance is isomeric mixture		
Predominantly hydrophobic.		
Readily biodegradable.		
Amounts Used		
Fraction of EU tonnage used in region:		0.1
Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year):		0.75
Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally:		5.0E-04
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year):		3.75E-04
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day):	1.0E-03
Frequency and Duration of	Use	
Continuous release.		
Emission Days (days/year):		365

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Environmental factors not influenced by risk management	
Local freshwater dilution factor:	10
Local marine water dilution factor:	100
Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure	1.00
Release fraction to air from wide dispersive use (regional only):	1.0E-02
Release fraction to wastewater from wide dispersive use:	1.0E-02
Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only):	1.0E-02
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to pr	
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process re-	
lease estimates used.	
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit disch	arges, air emis-
sions and releases to soil	J. 1, 11
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater.	
No wastewater treatment required.	
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)	0
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide	0
the required removal efficiency of >= (%)	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary	0
wastewater treatment required.	
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site	
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.	
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.	
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	lant
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage	96.9
treatment (%)	
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite	96.9
(domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following	5.28
total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.0E+03
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste fo	r disposal
External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable regulations.	local and/or regional
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	
External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable	local and/or regional
regulations.	-

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION	
Section 3.1 - Health		
The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise		
indicated.		

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

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SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE
	EXPOSURE SCENARIO

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects.

Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

30000000837	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Lubricants- Industrial
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU3 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC7, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC10, PROC13, PROC17, PROC18 Environmental Release Categories: ERC4, ERC7, ESVOC SpERC 4.6a.v1
Scope of process	Covers the use of formulated lubricants in closed and open systems including transfer operations, operation of machinery/engines and similar articles, reworking on reject articles, equipment maintenance and disposal of wastes.

SECTION 2		ERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RIS ASURES	K MANAGEMENT
Section 2.1	Cor	ntrol of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics			
Physical form of product	Liqu	uid, vapour pressure > 10 kPa at STP	
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article		vers percentage substance in the process stated otherwise.,	luct up to 100%.,
Frequency and Duration o		ood stated offici wide.,	
		urs (unless stated differently).	
Other Operational Condition	ons af	fecting Exposure	
Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.			
Contributing Scenarios	Ris	k Management Measures	
General measures (skin irri-		Avoid direct skin contact with produc	t. Identify potential ar

Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures	
General measures (skin irritants).	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential are for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamnation immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop. Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits a face shields may be required during high dispersion activiti which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.	ni- - nd
General exposures (closed systems)PROC1PROC2PROC	No other specific measures identified.	
General exposures (open systems)PROC4	No other specific measures identified.	
Bulk transfersPROC8b	No other specific measures identified.	

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Filling/ preparation of equipment	No other specific measures identified.
from drums or containers.Non-	
dedicated facilityPROC8a	
Filling/ preparation of equipment	No other specific measures identified.
from drums or contain-	
ers.Dedicated facilityPROC8b	
Initial factory fill of equip-	No other specific measures identified.
mentPROC9	
Operation and lubrication of	No other specific measures identified.
high energy open equip-	
mentPROC17PROC18	
ManualRolling, Brush-	No other specific measures identified.
ingPROC10	
Treatment by dipping and pour-	No other specific measures identified.
ingPROC13	
SprayingPROC7	No other specific measures identified.
Maintenance (of larger plant	No other specific measures identified.
items) and machine set up-	
PROC8b	
Maintenance (of larger plant	No other specific measures identified.
items) and machine set upOp-	
eration is carried out at elevated	
temperature (> 20°C above	
ambient temperature).PROC8b	
Maintenance of small	No other specific measures identified.
itemsPROC8a	
Remanufacture of reject arti-	No other specific measures identified.
clesPROC9	
Storage.PROC1PROC2	Store substance within a closed system.

Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure			
Substance is isomeric mixture.				
Predominantly hydrophobic.				
Readily biodegradable.				
Amounts Used				
Fraction of EU tonnage used	in region:	0.1		
Regional use tonnage (tonnes	s/year):	1		
Fraction of Regional tonnage	used locally:	1		
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year):		1		
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day):		50		
Frequency and Duration of Use				
Continuous release.				
Emission Days (days/year):		20		
Environmental factors not i	nfluenced by risk management			
Local freshwater dilution factor	or:	10		
Local marine water dilution factor:		100		
Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure				
Release fraction to air from pr	rocess (initial release prior to RMM):	1.0E-02		
Release fraction to wastewate	er from process (initial release prior to	3.0E-05		

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RMM):	
Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM):	1.0E-03
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to pro-	event release
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process re-	
lease estimates used.	
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit dischasions and releases to soil	arges, air emis-
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater.	
No wastewater treatment required.	
Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater.	
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)	70
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of >= (%)	0
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary	0
wastewater treatment required.	
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site	
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.	
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.	
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	lant
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment (%)	96.9
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	96.9
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	2.25E+05
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.0E+03
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for	r disposal
External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable regulations.	local and/or regiona
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	
External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable regulations.	local and/or regiona

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION	
Section 3.1 - Health		
The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.		

Section 3.2 -Environment	
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The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE	
	EXPOSURE SCENARIO	

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Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects.

Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

Exposure Scenario - Worke	Exposure Scenario - Worker			
30000000836				
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE			
Title	Use in Cleaning Agents- Professional			
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU22 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC10, PROC11, PROC13 Environmental Release Categories: ERC8a, ERC8d, ESVOC SpERC 8.4b.v1			
Scope of process	Covers the use as a component of cleaning products including pouring/unloading from drums or containers; and exposures during mixing/diluting in the preparatory phase and cleaning activities (including spraying, brushing, dipping, wiping automated and by hand).			

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES		
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure		
Product Characteristics			
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure > 10 kPa at STP		
Concentration of the Sub-	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%.,		
stance in Mixture/Article		ss stated otherwise.,	
Frequency and Duration of	Use		
Covers daily exposures up to	daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).		
Other Operational Conditio			
Assumes use at not more that	n 20°0	C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently).	
Assumes a good basic stand	ard of	occupational hygiene is implemented.	
_			
Contributing Scenarios	Risk	Management Measures	
General measures (skin irritants).		Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop. Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.	
Filling/ preparation of equipment from drums or containers.PROC8b		No other specific measures identified.	
Automated process with (semi) closed systems.Use in contained		No other specific measures identified.	

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systemsPROC2			
Automated process with (semi)	No other specific measures ident	ified.	
closed systems.Drum/batch trans-	'		
fersUse in contained sys-			
temsPROC3			
Semi Automated process. (e.g.:	No other specific measures ident	ified.	
Semi automatic application of floor			
care and maintenance prod-			
ucts)PROC4			
Filling/ preparation of equipment	No other specific measures ident	ified.	
from drums or contain-			
ers.PROC8a			
ManualSurfacesCleaningDipping,	No other specific measures ident	ified.	
immersion and pouringPROC13	·		
Cleaning with low-pressure wash-	No other specific measures identified.		
ersRolling, Brushingno spray-	·		
ingPROC10			
Cleaning with high pressure	No other specific measures ident	ified.	
washersSprayingIndoorPROC11	·		
Cleaning with high pressure	No other specific measures ident	ified.	
washersSprayingOutdoorPROC11	·		
ManualSurfacesCleaningPROC10	No other specific measures ident	ified.	
Č	·		
Ad hoc manual application via	No other specific measures ident	ified.	
trigger sprays, dipping,	·		
etc.Rolling, BrushingPROC10			
Application of cleaning products in	No other specific measures ident	ified.	
closed systemsOutdoorPROC4	·		
Cleaning of medical devic-	No other specific measures identified.		
esPROC4	-		
Storage.Use in closed process, no	Store substance within a closed	system.	
likelihood of exposure			
Section 2.2 Conf	rol of Environmental Exposure		
Substance is isomeric mixture.			
Predominantly hydrophobic.			
Readily biodegradable.			
Amounts Used			
Fraction of EU tonnage used in regi	on:	0.1	
Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year		1.2	
Fraction of Regional tonnage used		5.0E-04	
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year):	6.0E-04		
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day	۷).	1.64E-03	
Frequency and Duration of Use	1/-	1.012 00	
Continuous release.			
Emission Days (days/year):	365		
Environmental factors not influer	aced by risk management	1 303	
Local freshwater dilution factor:	iced by Hak IllaliageIllelit	10	
		10	
Local marine water dilution factor:	100		
Other Operational Conditions afford		0.05.00	
Release fraction to air from wide dis	2.0E-02		
HOLOGOO TROOTION TO WOOTOWOTOR TROO			

1.0E-06

Release fraction to wastewater from wide dispersive use:

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Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only):	0
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to pro-	event release
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process re-	
lease estimates used.	
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit disch	arges, air emis-
sions and releases to soil	_
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater.	
No wastewater treatment required.	
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)	0
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide	0
the required removal efficiency of >= (%)	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary	0
wastewater treatment required.	
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site	
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.	
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.	
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	lant
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage	96.9
treatment (%)	
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite	96.9
(domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following	8.46
total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.0E+03
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for	•
External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable	local and/or regional
regulations.	
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	
External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable	local and/or regional
regulations.	

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION
Section 3.1 - Health	
The ECETOC TRA tool has be indicated.	peen used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise

Section 3.2 -Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO
Section 4.1 - Health	
Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.	

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Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects. Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation. Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 -Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

300000000835	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Use in Cleaning Agents- Industrial
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU3 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC7, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC10, PROC13 Environmental Release Categories: ERC4, ESVOC SpERC 4.4a.v1
Scope of process	Covers the use as a component of cleaning products including transfer from storage, pouring/unloading from drums or containers. Exposures during mixing/diluting in the preparatory phase and cleaning activities (including spraying, brushing, dipping, wiping, automated and by hand), related equipment cleaning and maintenance.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure
Product Characteristics	
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure > 10 kPa at STP
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%., Unless stated otherwise.,
Frequency and Duration of	Use
Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Other Operational Conditions affecting Exposure	
Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.	

Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures
General measures (skin irritan	ts). Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop. Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.
Bulk transfersPROC8a	No other specific measures identified.
Automated process with (semi closed systems.Use in contain	

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- Into an a DDOOO	12	
systemsPROC2	No other consider an account identifi	!a.d
Automated process with (semi)	No other specific measures identif	iea.
closed systems.Drum/batch trans-		
fersUse in contained batch pro-		
cessesPROC3	No other enecific measures identif	ind
Filling/ preparation of equipment	No other specific measures identif	iea.
from drums or contain- ers.PROC8b		
	No other operitie measures identif	: a al
Use in contained batch process- esPROC4	No other specific measures identif	
Degreasing small objects in	No other specific measures identif	ied.
cleaning stationPROC13		
Cleaning with low-pressure wash-	No other specific measures identif	ied.
ersPROC7	·	
Cleaning with high pressure	No other specific measures identif	ied.
washersPROC7	· ·	
ManualSurfacesCleaningPROC10	No other specific measures identif	ied.
9	'	
Storage.PROC1	Store substance within a closed sy	/stem.
C		
Section 2.2 Con	trol of Environmental Exposure	
Substance is isomeric mixture.	•	
Predominantly hydrophobic.		
Readily biodegradable.		
Amounts Used		
Fraction of EU tonnage used in reg	ion:	0.1
Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year		108
Fraction of Regional tonnage used		0.93
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year):	locally.	100
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/da	w.	5.0E+03
Frequency and Duration of Use	у).	3.0E+03
Continuous release.		T
		20
Emission Days (days/year):		20
Environmental factors not influe	nced by risk management	140
Local freshwater dilution factor:		10
Local marine water dilution factor:		100
Other Operational Conditions aff		140
Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM):		1.0
Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to RMM):		3.0E-06
Release fraction to soil from proces	ss (initial release prior to RMM):	0
	res at process level (source) to pr	event release
Common practices vary across site		
lease estimates used.	·	
	measures to reduce or limit disch	arges, air emis-
sions and releases to soil		- ·
Risk from environmental exposure	is driven by freshwater sediment.	
No wastewater treatment required.	•	
Prevent discharge of undissolved s		
wastewater.		
T (170

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Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)

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Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide	0
the required removal efficiency of >= (%)	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary	0.0
wastewater treatment required.	
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site	
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.	
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.	
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	lant
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage	96.9
treatment (%)	
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite	96.9
(domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following	1.58E+07
total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.0E+03
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for	[·] disposal
External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable	local and/or regional
regulations.	
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	
External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable regulations.	local and/or regional

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION
Section 2.1 - Health	

Section 3.1 - Health

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Section 3.2 -Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO
O 41 4 4 11 141	

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects. Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management

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measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

30000000834	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Uses in Coatings- Professional
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU22 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC10, PROC11, PROC13, PROC15, PROC19 Environmental Release Categories: ERC8a, ERC8d, ESVOC SpERC 8.3b.v1
Scope of process	Covers the use in coatings (paints, inks, adhesives, etc) including exposures during use (including materials receipt, storage, preparation and transfer from bulk and semi-bulk, application by spray, roller, brush, spreader by hand or similar methods, and film formation), and equipment cleaning, maintenance and associated laboratory activities.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure
Product Characteristics	•
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure > 10 kPa at STP
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%., Unless stated otherwise.,
Frequency and Duration of	of Use
Covers daily exposures up t	to 8 hours (unless stated differently).
Other Operational Conditi	ons affecting Exposure
Assumes use at not more th	nan 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently)

Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

Contributing Scenarios Ris	k Management Measures
General measures (skin irritants).	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop. Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.
General exposures (closed systems)PROC1	No other specific measures identified.
Filling/ preparation of equipment	No other specific measures identified.

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from drums or containers.Use in		
contained systemsPROC2		
General exposures (closed sys-	No other specific measures identified.	
tems)Use in contained sys-		
temsPROC2		
Preparation of material for appli-	No other specific measures identified.	
cationUse in contained batch		
processesPROC3		
Film formation - air dry-	No other specific measures identified.	
ingOutdoorPROC4	Nicotion (Company)	
Film formation - air dryingln-	No other specific measures identified.	
doorPROC4	Nicode constitution of the	
Preparation of material for appli-	No other specific measures identified.	
cationIndoorPROC5	No other execution recovers identified	
Preparation of material for appli-	No other specific measures identified.	
cationOutdoorPROC5 Material transfersDrum/batch	No other specific measures identified.	
transfersNon-dedicated facili-	No other specific measures identified.	
tyPROC8a		
Material transfersDrum/batch	No other specific measures identified.	
transfersDedicated facili-	140 other specific measures identified.	
tyPROC8b		
Roller, spreader, flow application-	No other specific measures identified.	
IndoorPROC10		
Roller, spreader, flow applica-	No other specific measures identified.	
tionOutdoorPROC10	·	
ManualSprayingIndoorPROC11	No other specific measures identified.	
ManualSprayingOutdoorPROC11	No other specific measures identified.	
Dipping, immersion and	No other specific measures identified.	
pouringIndoorPROC13		
Dipping, immersion and	No other specific measures identified.	
pouringOutdoorPROC13		
Laboratory activitiesPROC15	No other specific measures identified.	
Hand application - fingerpaints,	No other specific measures identified.	
pastels, adhesivesIn-		
doorPROC19	No ather appoints appointed into the state of	
Hand application - fingerpaints,	No other specific measures identified.	
pastels, adhesivesOut- doorPROC19		
Storage.PROC1	Store substance within a closed system.	
Giorage.FIXOOT	Store substance within a closed system.	
Section 2.2 Control of Environmental Exposure		
Substance is isomeric mixture		

Section 2.2 Control of Environmental Exposure			
Substance is isomeric mixture	Substance is isomeric mixture.		
Readily biodegradable.	Readily biodegradable.		
Readily biodegradable.			
Amounts Used			
Fraction of EU tonnage used in region: 0.1		0.1	
Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year):		126	

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	1	
Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally:	5.0E-04	
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year):	6.3E-02	
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day):	0.173	
Frequency and Duration of Use		
Continuous release.		
Emission Days (days/year):	365	
Environmental factors not influenced by risk management		
Local freshwater dilution factor:	10	
Local marine water dilution factor:	100	
Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure	•	
Release fraction to air from wide dispersive use (regional only):	0.98	
Release fraction to wastewater from wide dispersive use:	1.0E-02	
Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only):	1.0E-02	
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to pro		
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process re-		
lease estimates used.		
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit disch	arges, air emis-	
sions and releases to soil		
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater.		
No wastewater treatment required.		
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)	0	
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide	0	
the required removal efficiency of >= (%)		
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary	0	
wastewater treatment required.		
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site		
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.		
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.		
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	lant	
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage	96.9	
treatment (%)		
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite	96.9	
(domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)		
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following	763	
total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)		
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.0E+03	
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal		
External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional		
regulations.		
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste		
External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional		
regulations.		
Togalations.		

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION	
Section 3.1 - Health		
The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise		
indicated		

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Section 3.2 -Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4 GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects.

Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

SECTION 2

30000000833	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Uses in Coatings- Industrial
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU3 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC7, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC10, PROC13, PROC14, PROC15 Environmental Release Categories: ERC4, ESVOC SpERC 4.3a.v1
Scope of process	Covers the use in coatings (paints, inks, adhesives, etc) including exposures during use (including materials receipt, storage, preparation and transfer from bulk and semi-bulk, application by spray, roller, spreader, dip, flow, fluidised bed on production lines and film formation) and equipment cleaning, maintenance and associated laboratory activities.

OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

	MEASURES	
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure > 10 kPa at STP	
Concentration of the Sub-	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%.,	
stance in Mixture/Article	Unless stated otherwise.,	
Frequency and Duration of		
	8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Other Operational Conditio		
	in 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently).	
Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.		
Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures	
General measures (skin irritants).	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop. Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.	
General exposures (closed systems)PROC1	No other specific measures identified.	
General exposures (closed	No other specific measures identified.	

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systems)with sample col-	
lectionUse in contained	
systemsPROC2	
Film formation - force dry-	No other specific measures identified.
ing, stoving and other tech-	·
nologies.(closed sys-	
tems)Operation is carried	
out at elevated temperature	
(> 20°C above ambient	
temperature).PROC2	
	No other enseitic manaures identified
Mixing operations (closed	No other specific measures identified.
systems)Use in contained	
batch processesPROC3	Nicotion of the second of the
Film formation - air dry-	No other specific measures identified.
ingPROC4	
Preparation of material for	No other specific measures identified.
applicationMixing opera-	
tions (open sys-	
tems)PROC5	
Spraying (automat-	No other specific measures identified.
ic/robotic)PROC7	
ManualSprayingPROC7	No other specific measures identified.
. , ,	·
Material transfersNon-	No other specific measures identified.
dedicated facilityPROC8a	'
Material transfersDedicated	No other specific measures identified.
facilityPROC8b	'
Roller, spreader, flow appli-	No other specific measures identified.
cationPROC10	
Dipping, immersion and	No other specific measures identified.
pouringPROC13	The chiral operation measures recommend.
Laboratory activi-	No other specific measures identified.
tiesPROC15	The other specime measures identified.
Material trans-	No other specific measures identified.
fersDrum/batch transfer-	140 other specific measures identified.
sTransfer from/pouring from	
containersPROC9	No other energific maccures identified
Production or preparation	No other specific measures identified.
or articles by tabletting,	
compression, extrusion or	
pelletisationPROC14	
Equipment cleaning and	No other specific measures identified.
maintenanceTransfer of	
substance or preparation	
(charging/ discharging)	
from/ to vessels/ large con-	
tainers at dedicated facili-	
ties	
Storage.Use in closed pro-	Store substance within a closed system.
cess, no likelihood of expo-	·
sureUse in closed, continu-	
ous process with occasion-	
	·

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al controlled exposure		
Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
Substance is isomeric mixture	•	
Predominantly hydrophobic.		
Readily biodegradable.		
Amounts Used		
Fraction of EU tonnage used		0.1
Regional use tonnage (tonne		1.49E+03
Fraction of Regional tonnage		1
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/		1.49E+03
Maximum daily site tonnage (1.49E+04
Frequency and Duration of	Use	
Continuous release.		
Emission Days (days/year):		100
	nfluenced by risk management	
Local freshwater dilution factor		10
Local marine water dilution fa	ctor:	100
Other Operational Conditio	ns affecting Environmental Exposure	
Release fraction to air from p	rocess (initial release prior to RMM):	0.98
Release fraction to wastewate	er from process (initial release prior to	7.0E-04
RMM):		
Release fraction to soil from p	process (initial release prior to RMM):	0
	neasures at process level (source) to pr	event release
	ss sites thus conservative process re-	
lease estimates used.		
Technical onsite conditions sions and releases to soil	s and measures to reduce or limit disch	arges, air emis-
Risk from environmental expo	osure is driven by freshwater sediment.	
No wastewater treatment req	uired.	
Prevent discharge of undisso	lved substance to or recover from onsite	
wastewater.		
Treat air emission to provide	a typical removal efficiency of (%)	90
	r to receiving water discharge) to provide	86.0
the required removal efficience		
	wage treatment plant, no secondary	0
wastewater treatment require		
Organisational measures to	prevent/limit release from site	
Do not apply industrial sludge		
Sludge should be incinerated	, contained or reclaimed.	
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant		
	I from wastewater via domestic sewage	96.9
treatment (%)	· ·	
	m wastewater after onsite and offsite	96.9
(domestic treatment plant) RI		
	age (MSafe) based on release following	6.78E+04
Maximum allowable site tonn		
	moval (kg/d)	
total wastewater treatment re		2.0E+03
total wastewater treatment re Assumed domestic sewage to		

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regulations.

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

SECTION 3 EXPOSURE ESTIMATION

Section 3.1 - Health

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE
	EXPOSURE SCENARIO

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects.

Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 -Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

30000000832	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Formulation & (re)packing of substances and mixtures- Industrial
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU3, SU10 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC14, PROC15 Environmental Release Categories: ERC2, ESVOC SpERC 2.2.v1
Scope of process	Formulation, packing and re-packing of the substance and its mixtures in batch or continuous operations, including storage, materials transfers, mixing, tabletting, compression, pelletisation, extrusion, large and small scale packing, sampling, maintenance and associated laboratory activities.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES	
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure > 10 kPa at STP	
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%., Unless stated otherwise.,	
Frequency and Duration of Use		
Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).		
Other Operational Conditions affecting Exposure		
Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.		

Risk Management Measures Contributing Scenarios General measures (skin irri-Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if tants). hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop. No other specific measures identified. General exposures (closed systems)PROC1PROC2PROC3 General exposures (open sys-No other specific measures identified. tems)PROC4 Batch processes at elevated No other specific measures identified. temperaturesOperation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temper-

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ature).PROC3	
Process samplingPROC3	No other specific measures identified.
Laboratory activitiesPROC15	No other specific measures identified.
Bulk transfersPROC8b	No other specific measures identified.
Mixing operations (open systems)PROC5	No other specific measures identified.
ManualTransfer from/pouring from containersNon-dedicated facilityPROC8a	No other specific measures identified.
Drum/batch transfersDedicated facilityPROC8b	No other specific measures identified.
Production or preparation or articles by tabletting, compression, extrusion or pelletisationPROC14	No other specific measures identified.
Drum and small package fill-ingPROC9	No other specific measures identified.
Equipment cleaning and maintenancePROC8a	No other specific measures identified.
Storage.PROC1PROC2	Store substance within a closed system.

Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
Substance is isomeric mixture	P.	
Predominantly hydrophobic.		
Readily biodegradable.		
Amounts Used		
Fraction of EU tonnage used	in region:	0.1
Regional use tonnage (tonnes	s/year):	132
Fraction of Regional tonnage	used locally:	1
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/y		132
Maximum daily site tonnage (1.32E+03
Frequency and Duration of	Use	
Continuous release.		
Emission Days (days/year):		100
Environmental factors not influenced by risk management		
Local freshwater dilution factor	r:	10
Local marine water dilution fa		100
Other Operational Condition	ns affecting Environmental Exposure	
	ocess (initial release prior to RMM):	2.5E-02
Release fraction to wastewate RMM):	er from process (initial release prior to	2.0E-04
Release fraction to soil from p	rocess (initial release prior to RMM):	1.0E-04
Technical conditions and m	easures at process level (source) to p	revent release
	s sites thus conservative process re-	
lease estimates used.		
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emis-		
sions and releases to soil		
Risk from environmental expo	sure is driven by freshwater sediment.	

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No wastewater treatment required.	
Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite	
wastewater.	
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)	0
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide	0
the required removal efficiency of >= (%)	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary	0
wastewater treatment required.	
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site	
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.	
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.	
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	lant
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage	96.9
treatment (%)	
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite	96.9
(domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following	2.37E+05
total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.0E+03
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for	r disposal
External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable	local and/or regional
regulations.	
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	
External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable	local and/or regional
regulations.	

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION
Section 3.1 - Health	
The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise	
indicated.	

Section 3.2 -Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO		
Section 4.1 - Health	Section 4.1 - Health		
Measures/Operational Condit Available hazard data do not Risk Management Measures Where other Risk Manageme	expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management ions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects. are based on qualitative risk characterisation. ent Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users managed to at least equivalent levels.		

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Section 4.2 -Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

Exposure Scenario - Worker	
30000000831	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Distribution of substance- Industrial
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU3, SU8, SU9 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC15 Environmental Release Categories: ERC1, ERC2, ERC3, ERC4, ERC5, ERC6a, ERC6b, ERC6c, ERC6d, ERC7, ESVOC SpERC 1.1b.v1
Scope of process	Loading (including marine vessel/barge, rail/road car and IBC loading) and repacking (including drums and small packs) of substance, including its sampling, storage, unloading distribution and associated laboratory activities.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure
Product Characteristics	
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure > 10 kPa at STP
Concentration of the Sub-	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%.,
stance in Mixture/Article Unless stated otherwise.,	
Frequency and Duration of	Use
	8 hours (unless stated differently).
Other Operational Condition	
	n 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently).
Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.	
Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures
General measures (skin irritants).	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to pre-
	vent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop.
General exposures (closed systems)PROC1PROC2PRO	vent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop. No other specific measures identified.
	vent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop. No other specific measures identified.
systems)PROC1PROC2PRO General exposures (open sys	vent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop. No other specific measures identified.
systems)PROC1PROC2PRO General exposures (open sys tems)PROC4	vent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop. No other specific measures identified. No other specific measures identified. No other specific measures identified.

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tomo\DDOC9h		
tems)PROC8b	No other enecific measures identifies	<u> </u>
Bulk transfers(open systems)PROC8b	No other specific measures identified	
Drum and small package fill-ingPROC9	No other specific measures identified	
Equipment cleaning and maintenancePROC8a	No other specific measures identified	d.
Storage.PROC1PROC2	Store substance within a closed syst	em.
Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
Substance is isomeric mixture.		
Predominantly hydrophobic.		
Readily biodegradable.		
Amounts Used		•
Fraction of EU tonnage used in	region:	0.1
Regional use tonnage (tonnes/		383
Fraction of Regional tonnage u		2.0E-03
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/ye		0.766
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg		38.3
Frequency and Duration of U		
Continuous release.		
Emission Days (days/year):		20
	fluenced by risk management	
Local freshwater dilution factor		10
Local marine water dilution factor:		100
	s affecting Environmental Exposure	1.00
	cess (initial release prior to RMM):	1.0E-03
	from process (initial release prior to	1.0E-05
RMM):		
	ocess (initial release prior to RMM):	1.0E-05
	asures at process level (source) to pr	event release
	sites thus conservative process re-	
lease estimates used.		<u> </u>
Technical onsite conditions a sions and releases to soil	and measures to reduce or limit disch	arges, air emis-
	ura ia drivan by fraabyyatar	
Risk from environmental expos		
No wastewater treatment requi		
wastewater.	ed substance to or recover from onsite	
	typical removal efficiency of (%)	90
	to receiving water discharge) to provide	0
the required removal efficiency		U
	age treatment plant, no secondary	0
wastewater treatment required	•	
	prevent/limit release from site	1
Do not apply industrial sludge t		
Sludge should be incinerated, or	contained or reclaimed.	
Conditions and Measures rel	ated to municipal sewage treatment p	lant
	rom wastewater via domestic sewage	

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treatment (%)	
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite	96.9
(domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following	1.9E+05
total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.0E+03
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	

aitions and Measures related to external treatment of Waste for disposal

External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

	SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION
	Section 3.1 - Health	
The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise		

indicated.

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO
	EXPOSURE SCENARIO
O (' A A - 111()	

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects.

Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

30000000830	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Manufacture of substance- Industrial
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU3, SU8, SU9 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC15 Environmental Release Categories: ERC1, ERC4, ESVOC SpERC 1.1.v1
Scope of process	Manufacture of the substance or use as a process chemical or extraction agent. Includes recycling/ recovery, material transfers, storage, maintenance and loading (including marine vessel/barge, road/rail car and bulk container), sampling and associated laboratory activities.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure
Product Characteristics	
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure > 10 kPa at STP
Concentration of the Sub-	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%.,
stance in Mixture/Article	Unless stated otherwise.,
Frequency and Duration of	Use
Covers daily exposures up to	o 8 hours (unless stated differently).
Other Operational Condition	
	an 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). lard of occupational hygiene is implemented.
Tiodames a good basis stans	and or occupational rijgione is implemented.
Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures
General measures (skin irritants).	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop.
General exposures (closed systems)PROC1PROC2PRO	No other specific measures identified. OC3
General exposures (open sy tems)PROC4	
Process samplingPROC8b	No other specific measures identified.
Laboratory activitiesPROC15	No other specific measures identified.
Bulk transfers(open sys-	No other specific measures identified.

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tomo\DDOC9h		
tems)PROC8b	No other execitic reserving identifies	1
Bulk transfers(closed systems)PROC8b	No other specific measures identified.	
Equipment cleaning and	No other specific measures identified	d.
maintenancePROC8a	·	
Storage.PROC1PROC2	Store substance within a closed syst	em.
Section 2.2	control of Environmental Exposure	
Substance is isomeric mixture.		
Predominantly hydrophobic.		
Readily biodegradable.		
Amounts Used		
Fraction of EU tonnage used in	region:	0.1
Regional use tonnage (tonnes/y		1.9E+04
Fraction of Regional tonnage us		1
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/yea		1.9E+04
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg		6.5E+04
Frequency and Duration of Us		
Continuous release.	·	
Emission Days (days/year):		300
Environmental factors not inf	uenced by risk management	
Local freshwater dilution factor:		10
Local marine water dilution factor	or.	100
	affecting Environmental Exposure	100
		5.0E-02
Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM): Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to		3.0E-04
RMM):	0.02 04	
	cess (initial release prior to RMM):	1.0E-04
Technical conditions and mea	sures at process level (source) to pro	event release
Common practices vary across lease estimates used.	sites thus conservative process re-	
	nd measures to reduce or limit disch	arges, air emis-
sions and releases to soil		argoo, arronno
	re is driven by freshwater sediment.	
	d substance to or recover from onsite	
wastewater.		
If discharging to domestic sewa	ge treatment plant, no onsite	
wastewater treatment required.		
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)		90
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide		62.4
the required removal efficiency of >= (%)		
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary		0
wastewater treatment required.		
Organisational measures to p	revent/limit release from site	
Do not apply industrial sludge to	natural soils.	
Sludge should be incinerated, c	ontained or reclaimed.	
Conditions and Measures rela	ted to municipal sewage treatment p	lant
	om wastewater via domestic sewage	96.9
treatment (%)	on wastewater via domestic sewage	50.9

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	T	
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite	96.9	
(domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)		
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following	7.9E+05	
total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)		
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	1.0E+04	
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal		
During manufacturing no waste of the substance is generated.		
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste		
During manufacturing no waste of the substance is generated.		

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION	
Section 3.1 - Health		
The ECETOC TRA tool has be indicated.	een used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise	

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE
	EXPOSURE SCENARIO
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Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects.

Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Estimated workplace exposures are not expected to exceed DNELs when the identified risk management measures are adopted.

Section 4.2 -Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

300000010464	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Rubber production and processing- Industrial
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU3 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC6, PROC7, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC13, PROC14, PROC15, PROC21 Environmental Release Categories: ERC1, ERC4, ERC6d, ESVOC SpERC 4.19.v1
Scope of process	Manufacture of tyres and general rubber articles, including processing of raw (uncured) rubber, handling and mixing of rubber additives, vulcanising, cooling and finishing.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES	
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure > 10 kPa at STP	
Concentration of the Sub-	Covers percentage substance in the prod	luct up to 100%.,
stance in Mixture/Article	Unless stated otherwise.,	
Frequency and Duration of	f Use	
Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).		
Other Operational Condition	ons affecting Exposure	
	an 20°C above ambient temperature (unlesdard of occupational hygiene is implemented	

Contributing Scenarios Risk Management Measures

3	
General measures (skin irritants).	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop. Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.
Material transfers(closed systems)PROC1PROC2	No other specific measures identified.
Material transfer- sPROC8bPROC9	No other specific measures identified.
Bulk weighingPROC1PROC2	2 Handle substance within a closed system.

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Small scale weighingPROC9	No other specific measures identified.
Additive premix- ingPROC3PROC4PROC5	No other specific measures identified.
Calendering (including Banburys)Operation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature).PROC6	No other specific measures identified.
Pressing uncured rubber blank- sPROC14	No other specific measures identified.
Tyre build upPROC7	No other specific measures identified.
VulcanisationOperation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature).PROC6	No other specific measures identified.
VulcanisationOperation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature).ManualPROC6	No other specific measures identified.
Production of articles by dipping and pouringPROC13	No other specific measures identified.
Finishing operationsPROC21	No other specific measures identified.
Laboratory activitiesPROC15	No other specific measures identified.
Equipment maintenance- PROC8a	No other specific measures identified.
Storage.PROC1PROC2	Store substance within a closed system.

Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
Substance is complex UVCB.		
Predominantly hydrophobic.		
Amounts Used		
Fraction of EU tonnage used	in region:	0.1
Regional use tonnage (tonne	s/year):	5.0E+00
Fraction of Regional tonnage	used locally:	1
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/	year):	5.0E+00
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day):	2.5E+02
Frequency and Duration of	Use	
Continuous release.		
Emission Days (days/year):		20
Environmental factors not influenced by risk management		
Local freshwater dilution factor	or:	10
Local marine water dilution factor:		100
Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure		
Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM):		0.01
Release fraction to wastewate RMM):	er from process (initial release prior to	3.0E-04
Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM): 0.0		0.0001

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	-
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to pro-	event release
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process re-	
lease estimates used.	
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharge	arges, air emis-
sions and releases to soil	
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater sediment.	
No wastewater treatment required.	
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)	0
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide	0
the required removal efficiency of >= (%)	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, provide the re-	0.0
quired onsite wastewater removal efficiency of (%)	
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site	
Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite w	astewater.
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.	
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.	
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	lant
Not applicable as there is no release to wastewater.	
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage	96.0
treatment (%)	00.0
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	96.0
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following	4.2E+05
total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2,000
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	
External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable	local and/or regional
regulations.	· ·
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	
External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable	local and/or regional
regulations.	-

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION
Section 3.1 - Health	
The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise	
indicated.	

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO
Section 4.1 - Health	

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Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects.

Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

Section 4.2 -Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

30000010465	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Polymer processing- Industrial
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU3 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC6, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC13, PROC14, PROC21 Environmental Release Categories: ERC4, ESVOC SpERC 4.21a.v1
Scope of process	Processing of formulated polymers including material transfers, additives handling (e.g. pigments, stabilisers, fillers, plasticisers, etc.), moulding, curing and forming activities, material re-works, storage and associated maintenance.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES	
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure > 10 kPa at STP	
Concentration of the Sub-	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%.,	
stance in Mixture/Article	Unless stated otherwise.,	
Frequency and Duration of		
Other Operational Condition	8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Other Operational Condition		
Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.		
Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures	
General measures (skin irritants).	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop.	
Bulk transfers(closed systems)PROC1PROC2	No other specific measures identified.	
Bulk transfer- sPROC8bPROC9	No other specific measures identified.	
Bulk weigh- ingPROC1PROC2	No other specific measures identified.	
Small scale weigh- ingPROC9	No other specific measures identified.	
Additive premix-	No other specific measures identified.	

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ingPROC3PROC4		
Additive premixingPROC5	Avoid carrying out operation for more that	n 4 houre
Additive premixing 1003		11 4 110uis.
Calendering (including	No other specific measures identified.	
Banburys)Operation is car-	The enter openine measures identified.	
ried out at elevated tem-		
perature (> 20°C above		
ambient tempera-		
ture).PROC6		
Production of articles by	No other specific measures identified.	
dipping and pour-		
ingPROC13		
Extrusion and masterbatch-	No other specific measures identified.	
ingPROC14		
Injection moulding of arti-	No other specific measures identified.	
clesPROC14		
Finishing opera-	No other specific measures identified.	
tionsPROC21	·	
Equipment maintenance-	No other specific measures identified.	
PROC8a	•	
Storage.PROC1PROC2	Store substance within a closed system.	
Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
Substance is a unique structu	ıre.	
Predominantly hydrophobic.		
Amounts Used		
Fraction of EU tonnage used in region: 0.1		0.1
Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year):		1.3E+02
Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally:		1
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year):		1.3E+02
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day):		6.4E+03
Frequency and Duration of Use		
Continuous release.		
Emission Days (days/year):		20
	nfluenced by risk management	
Local freshwater dilution factor: 10		10
Local marine water dilution factor:		100
Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure		
Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM): 7.5E-01		7.5E-01
Release fraction to wastewat	er from process (initial release prior to	0
RMM):		
Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM): 1E-05		
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release		
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process re-		
lease estimates used.		
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil		
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by Agricultural Soil		
	No wastewater treatment required. Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%) 80	
		0.0
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide 0.0		

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the required removal efficiency of >= (%)	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, provide the re-	0.0
quired onsite wastewater removal efficiency of (%)	
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site	
Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite w	vastewater.
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.	
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.	
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	lant
Not applicable as there is no release to wastewater.	
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage	96.0
treatment (%)	
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite	96.0
(domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following	5.1E+07
total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2,000
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste fo	r disposal
External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable	local and/or regional
regulations.	
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	
External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable regulations.	local and/or regional

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION

Section 3.1 - Health

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE
	EXPOSURE SCENARIO

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects.

Risk Management Measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

Section 4.2 - Environment

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Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

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Exposure Scenario - Consumer

30000001140	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Other Consumer Uses - Consumer
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU21 Product Categories: PC28, PC29 Environmental Release Categories: ERC8a, ERC8d, ESVOC SpERC 8.16.v1
Scope of process	Consumer uses e.g. as a carrier in cosmetics/personal care products, perfumes and fragrances. Note: For cosmetic and personal care products, risk assessment only required for the environment under REACH as human health is covered by alternative legislation.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES
Additional Information	No exposure assessment presented for human health.
Section 2.1	Control of Consumer Exposure
Product Characteristics	

Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
Substance is isomeric mixture.		
Predominantly hydrophobic.		
Readily biodegradable.		
Amounts Used		
Fraction of EU tonnage used	in region:	0.1
Regional use tonnage (tonne	s/year):	5.0
Fraction of Regional tonnage		5.0E-04
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/	year):	2.5E-03
Maximum daily site tonnage	(kg/day):	6.8E-03
Frequency and Duration of Use		
Continuous release.		
Emission Days (days/year):		365
Environmental factors not influenced by risk management		
Local freshwater dilution factor: 10		10
Local marine water dilution factor:		100
Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure		
Release fraction to air from wide dispersive use (regional only):		0.95
Release fraction to wastewater from wide dispersive use:		2.5E-02
Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only):		2.5E-02
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant		plant
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment (%)		96.9

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Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	35
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.0E+03

Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION
Section 3.1 - Health	
No exposure assessment presented for human health.	

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO			
Section 4.1 - Health				
No exposure assessment presented for human health.				

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

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Exposure Scenario - Consumer

Expessive occination consumer			
30000001139			
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE		
Title	Use as a fuel - Consumer		
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU21 Product Categories: PC13 Environmental Release Categories: ERC9a, ERC9b, ESVOC SpERC 9.12c.v1		
Scope of process	Covers consumer uses in liquid fuels.		

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES		
Section 2.1	Control of Consumer Exposure		
Product Characteristics	•		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure > 10 Pa at STP		
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Unless stated otherwise.		
	Covers concentration up to (%): 10	00 %	
Amounts Used	· · · · · ·		
Unless stated otherwise.			
covers amount up to (g):		37,500	
covers skin contact area (cm2): 420		420	
Frequency and Duration o	f Use	•	
Unless stated otherwise.			
covers use up to (times/day of use):		1	
Exposure (hours/event):		2	
Other Operational Condition	ons affecting Exposure		
Unless stated otherwise.			
Covers use at ambient temp	peratures.		
Covers use in room size of 2	20m3		
Covers use under typical ho	usehold ventilation.		
Product Categories	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES		
Fuels Liquid: Automotive Refuelling.	Covers concentrations up to 100 %	/6 	
	covers use up to 52 day/year		
	covers use up to 1 times/day of use		
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 210.00 cm2		
	For each use event, covers amount up to 37,500 g		
	Covers outdoor use.		
	Covers use in room size of 100 m3	3	

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	for each use event Covers exposure up to 0.05 hours/event		
Fuels Liquid Scooter Refuelling.	Covers concentrations up to 100 %		
	covers use up to 52 day/year		
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use		
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 210 cm2		
	For each use event, covers amount up to 3,750 g		
	Covers outdoor use.		
	Covers use in room size of 100 m3		
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 0.03 hours/event		
Fuels Liquid, Garden	Covers concentrations up to 100 %		
Equipment - Use.	·		
	covers use up to 26 day/year		
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use		
	For each use event, covers amount up to 750 g		
	Covers outdoor use.		
	Covers use in room size of 100 m3		
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 2.00 hours/event		
Fuels Liquid: Garden Equipment - Refuelling.	Covers concentrations up to 100 %		
	covers use up to 26 day/year		
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use		
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 420.00 cm2		
	For each use event, covers amount up to 750 g		
	Covers use in a one car garage (34 m3) under typical ventilation.		
	Covers use in room size of 34 m3		
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 0.03 hours/event		
Fuels Liquid: Home space heater fuel.	Covers concentrations up to 100 %		
	covers use up to 365 day/year		
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use		
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 210.00 cm2		
	For each use event, covers amount up to 3,000 g		
	Covers use under typical household ventilation.		
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3		
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 0.03 hours/event		
Fuels Liquid: Lamp oil.	Covers concentrations up to 100 %		
1 dels Elquid. Eamp on:	covers use up to 52 day/year		
	Covers use up to 12 day/year Covers use up to 1 times/day of use		
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 210.00 cm2		
	For each use event, covers amount up to 100 g		
	· ' '		
	Covers use under typical household ventilation.		
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3		
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 0.01 hours/event		

Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
Substance is isomeric mixture.		
Predominantly hydrophobic.		
Readily biodegradable.		

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Amounts Used	T
Fraction of EU tonnage used in region:	0.1
Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year):	23
Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally:	5.0E-04
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year):	1.15E-02
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day):	3.15E-02
Frequency and Duration of Use	
Continuous release.	
Emission Days (days/year):	365
Environmental factors not influenced by risk management	
Local freshwater dilution factor:	10
Local marine water dilution factor:	100
Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure	
Release fraction to air from wide dispersive use (regional only):	1.0E-02
Release fraction to wastewater from wide dispersive use:	1.0E-05
Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only):	1.0E-05
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	lant
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment (%)	96.9
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	162
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.0E+03
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste fo	r disposal
Combustion emissions limited by required exhaust emission controls.	
Waste combustion emissions considered in regional exposure assessment.	
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	
This substance is consumed during use and no waste of substance is generated.	

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION	
Section 3.1 - Health		
The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate consumer exposures unless otherwise		
indicated .		

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO	
Section 4.1 - Health		
Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management		
Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.		
Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users		
should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.		

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Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html).

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Exposure Scenario - Consumer

Exposure ocenano - consumer	
30000001138	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Lubricants - Consumer High Environmental Release
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU21 Product Categories: PC1, PC24, PC31 Environmental Release Categories: ERC8a, ERC8d, ESVOC SpERC 8.6e.v1
Scope of process	Covers the consumer use of formulated lubricants in closed and open systems including transfer operations, application, operation of engines and similar articles, equipment maintenance and disposal of waste oil.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS A MEASURES	ND RISK MANAGEMENT
Section 2.1	Control of Consumer Exposure	•
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure > 10 Pa a	at STP
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Unless stated otherwise.	
	Covers concentration up to (%): 1	00 %
Amounts Used		
Unless stated otherwise.		
covers amount up to (g):		6,390
covers skin contact area (cn	12):	468
Frequency and Duration o	,	1
Unless stated otherwise.		
covers use up to (times/day of use):		1
Exposure (hours/event): 6		6
Other Operational Condition	ons affecting Exposure	,
Unless stated otherwise.	•	
Covers use at ambient temp	eratures.	
Covers use in room size of 2	20m3	
Covers use under typical ho	usehold ventilation.	
Product Categories	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES	
Adhesives, sealants Glues, hobby use.	Covers concentrations up to 30 %	%
	covers use up to 365 day/year	
	covers use up to 1 times/day of u	ıse
	covers skin contact area up to (cr	
	For each use event, covers amou	int up to 9 g

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	Covers was in ream size of 20 mg
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
A II	for each use event Covers exposure up to 4.00 hours/event
Adhesives, sealants Glues DIY-use (carpet glue, tile glue, wood parquet glue).	Covers concentrations up to 30 %
	covers use up to 1 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 110.00 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 6,390 g
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 6.00 hours/event
Adhesives, sealants Glue from spray.	Covers concentrations up to 30 %
	covers use up to 6 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 35.73 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 85.05 g
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 4.00 hours/event
Adhesives, sealants Sealants.	Covers concentrations up to 30 %
	covers use up to 365 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 35.73 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 75 g
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 1.00 hours/event
Lubricants, greases, release products Liquids.	Covers concentrations up to 100 %
	covers use up to 4 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 468.00 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 2,200 g
	Covers use in a one car garage (34 m3) under typical ventilation.
	Covers use in room size of 34 m3
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 0.17 hours/event
Lubricants, greases, release products Pastes.	Covers concentrations up to 20 %
	covers use up to 10 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 468.00 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 34 g
Lubricants, greases, release products Sprays.	Covers concentrations up to 50 %
	covers use up to 6 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 428.75 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 73 g
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 0.17 hours/event

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Polishes and wax blends Polishes, wax / cream (floor, furniture, shoes).	Covers concentrations up to 50 %
	covers use up to 29 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 430.00 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 142 g
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 1.23 hours/event
Polishes and wax blends Polishes, spray (furniture, shoes).	Covers concentrations up to 50 %
	covers use up to 8 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 430.00 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 35 g
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 0.33 hours/event

Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
Substance is isomeric mixtu	re.	
Predominantly hydrophobic.		
Readily biodegradable.		
Amounts Used		
Fraction of EU tonnage used	l in region:	0.1
Regional use tonnage (tonne	es/year):	0.25
Fraction of Regional tonnage	e used locally:	5.0E-04
Annual site tonnage (tonnes	/year):	1.25E-04
Maximum daily site tonnage		3.42E-04
Frequency and Duration of		
Continuous release.		
Emission Days (days/year):	365	
	influenced by risk management	
Local freshwater dilution fac	tor:	10
Local marine water dilution factor:		100
Other Operational Condition	ons affecting Environmental Exposure	
	wide dispersive use (regional only):	0.6
Release fraction to wastewa	ter from wide dispersive use:	5.0E-02
Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only):		5.0E-02
Conditions and Measures	related to municipal sewage treatment p	olant
Estimated substance remove treatment (%)	al from wastewater via domestic sewage	96.9
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following		1.76
total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)		
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)		2.0E-03
	related to external treatment of waste fo	r disposal
External treatment and disposal regulations.	osal of waste should comply with applicable	e local and/or region

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External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

SECTION 3 EXPOSURE ESTIMATION

Section 3.1 - Health

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate consumer exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4 GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html).

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Exposure Scenario - Consumer

Exposure ocenano - consumer	
30000001137	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Lubricants - Consumer Low Environmental Release
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU21 Product Categories: PC1, PC24, PC31 Environmental Release Categories: ERC9a, ERC9b, ESVOC SpERC 9.6d.v1
Scope of process	Covers the consumer use of formulated lubricants in closed and open systems including transfer operations, application, operation of engines and similar articles, equipment maintenance and disposal of waste oil.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES	
Section 2.1	Control of Consumer Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure > 10 Pa at STP	
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Unless stated otherwise.	
	Covers concentration up to (%): 100 %	
Amounts Used		
Unless stated otherwise.		
covers amount up to (g):		6,390
covers skin contact area (cm.	2):	468
Frequency and Duration of Use		
Unless stated otherwise.		
covers use up to (times/day of use):		1
Exposure (hours/event):		6
Other Operational Conditio	ns affecting Exposure	
Unless stated otherwise.	· ·	
Covers use at ambient temper	eratures.	
Covers use in room size of 2	Dm3	
Covers use under typical hou	sehold ventilation.	
Product Categories	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES	
Adhesives, sealants Glues, hobby use.	Covers concentrations up to 30 %	
	covers use up to 365 day/year	
	covers use up to 1 times/day of use	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 35	
	For each use event, covers amount up to	o 9 g

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	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 4.00 hours/event
Adhesives, sealants Glues	Covers concentrations up to 30 %
DIY-use (carpet glue, tile	Covers concentrations up to 30 %
glue, wood parquet glue).	
gide, weed parquet gide).	covers use up to 1 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 110.00 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 6,390 g
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 6.00 hours/event
Adhesives, sealants Glue	Covers concentrations up to 30 %
from spray.	Covers concentrations up to 30 70
пош зргау.	covers use up to 6 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 35.73 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 85.05 g
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 4.00 hours/event
Adhesives, sealants Seal-	Covers concentrations up to 30 %
ants.	Covers concentrations up to 30 %
<u></u>	covers use up to 365 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 35.73 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 75 g
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 1.00 hours/event
Lubricants, greases, re-	Covers concentrations up to 100 %
lease products Liquids.	Covere control and to 100 %
	covers use up to 4 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 468.00 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 2,200 g
	Covers use in a one car garage (34 m3) under typical ventila-
	tion.
	Covers use in room size of 34 m3
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 0.17 hours/event
Lubricants, greases, re-	Covers concentrations up to 20 %
lease products Pastes.	'
	covers use up to 10 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 468.00 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 34 g
Lubricants, greases, re-	Covers concentrations up to 50 %
lease products Sprays.	
11 -7-	covers use up to 6 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 428.75 cm2
_	For each use event, covers amount up to 73 g
_	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 0.17 hours/event

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Polishes and wax blends Polishes, wax / cream (floor, furniture, shoes).	Covers concentrations up to 50 %
	covers use up to 29 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 430.00 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 142 g
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 1.23 hours/event
Polishes and wax blends Polishes, spray (furniture, shoes).	Covers concentrations up to 50 %
	covers use up to 8 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 430.00 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 35 g
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 0.33 hours/event

Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
Substance is isomeric mixture	e.	
Predominantly hydrophobic.		
Readily biodegradable.		
Amounts Used		
Fraction of EU tonnage used in region:		0.1
Regional use tonnage (tonne	es/year):	0.25
Fraction of Regional tonnage	e used locally:	5.0E-04
Annual site tonnage (tonnes,		1.25E-04
Maximum daily site tonnage	(kg/day):	3.42E-04
Frequency and Duration of	Use	
Continuous release.		
Emission Days (days/year):		365
Environmental factors not	influenced by risk management	
Local freshwater dilution fact		10
Local marine water dilution factor:		100
	ons affecting Environmental Exposure	
	wide dispersive use (regional only):	1.0E-02
	ter from wide dispersive use:	1.0E-02
	wide dispersive use (regional only):	1.0E-02
Conditions and Measures	related to municipal sewage treatment p	olant
Estimated substance removatreatment (%)	al from wastewater via domestic sewage	96.9
Maximum allowable site tonr	nage (MSafe) based on release following	1.76
total wastewater treatment re		
Assumed domestic sewage		2.0E+03
	related to external treatment of waste fo	
	osal of waste should comply with applicable	e local and/or region-
al regulations.		
	related to external recovery of waste	

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External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

SECTION 3 EXPOSURE ESTIMATION

Section 3.1 - Health

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate consumer exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4 GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html).

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Exposure Scenario - Consumer

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SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Uses in Coatings - Consumer
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU21 Product Categories: PC1, PC4, PC8 (excipient only), PC9a, PC9b, PC9c, PC15, PC18, PC23, PC24, PC31, PC34 Environmental Release Categories: ERC8a, ERC8d, ESVOC SpERC 8.3c.v1
Scope of process	Covers the use in coatings (paints, inks, adhesives, etc) including exposures during use (including product transfer and preparation, application by brush, spray by hand or similar methods) and equipment cleaning.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES		
Section 2.1	Control of Consumer Exposure		
Product Characteristics	·		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure > 10 Pa at STP		
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Unless stated otherwise.		
	Covers concentration up to (%): 100	%	
Amounts Used			
Unless stated otherwise.			
covers amount up to (g):		13,800	
covers skin contact area (cm	n2): 857.5		
Frequency and Duration of	Use		
Unless otherwise stated.			
covers use up to (times/day of use):		1	
Exposure (hours/event):		6	
Other Operational Condition	ns affecting Exposure		
Unless stated otherwise.			
Covers use at ambient temper	eratures.		
Covers use in room size of 2	0m3		
Covers use under typical hou	usehold ventilation.		
Product Categories	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES		
Adhesives, sealants Glues, hobby use.	Covers concentrations up to 30 %		
,	covers use up to 365 day/year		
	covers use up to 1 times/day of use		
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2):	35.73 cm2	

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	T =
	For each use event, covers amount up to 9 g
	Covers use under typical household ventilation.
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 4 hours/event
Adhesives, sealants Glues	Covers concentrations up to 30 %
DIY-use (carpet glue, tile	
glue, wood parquet glue).	
	covers use up to 1 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 110.00 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 6,390 g
	Covers use under typical household ventilation.
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 6.00 hours/event
Adhaaiyaa aaalanta Clua	
Adhesives, sealants Glue from spray.	Covers concentrations up to 30 %
	covers use up to 6 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 35.73 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 85.05 g
	Covers use under typical household ventilation.
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 4.00 hours/event
Adhesives, sealants Seal-	Covers concentrations up to 30 %
ants.	·
	covers use up to 365 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 35.73 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 75 g
	Covers use under typical household ventilation.
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 1.00 hours/event
Anti-Freeze and de-icing products Washing car window.	Covers concentrations up to 1 %
4011.	covers use up to 365 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	For each use event, covers amount up to 0.5 g
	Covers use in a one car garage (34 m3) under typical ventila-
	tion.
	Covers use in room size of 34 m3
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 0.02 hours/event
Anti-Freeze and de-icing products Pouring into radiator.	Covers concentrations up to 10 %
	covers use up to 365 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 428.00 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 2,000 g
	Covers use in a one car garage (34 m3) under typical ventila-
	tion.

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	Covers use in room size of 34 m3
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 0.17 hours/event
Anti-Freeze and de-icing	Covers concentrations up to 50 %
products Lock de-icer.	· ·
•	covers use up to 365 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 214.40 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 4 g
	Covers use in a one car garage (34 m3) under typical ventila
	tion.
	Covers use in room size of 34 m3
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 0.25 hours/event
Biocidal products (e.g. Dis- infectants, pest control) (excipient only). Laundry and dish washing products.	Covers concentrations up to 5 %
	covers use up to 365 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 857.50 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 15 g
	Covers use under typical household ventilation.
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 0.50 hours/event
infectants, pest control) (excipient only). Cleaners, liquids (all purpose cleaners, sanitary products, floor cleaners, glass cleaners, carpet cleaners, metal cleaners).	
	covers use up to 128 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 857.50 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 27 g
	Covers use under typical household ventilation.
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 0.33 hours/event
Biocidal products (e.g. Dis- infectants, pest control) (excipient only). Cleaners, trigger sprays (all purpose cleaners,sanitary products, glass cleaners).	Covers concentrations up to 15 %
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	covers use up to 128 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 428.00 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 35 g
	Covers use under typical household ventilation.
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3

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	1.
Coatings and paints, thin- ners, paint removers Wa-	Covers concentrations up to 1.5 %
terborne latex wall paint.	
terberrie latex wan paint.	covers use up to 4 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 428.75 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 2,760 g
	Covers use under typical household ventilation.
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 2.20 hours/event
Coatings and paints, thin-	Covers concentrations up to 27.5 %
ners, paint removers Sol-	'
vent rich, high solid, water	
borne paint.	
	covers use up to 6 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 428.75 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 744 g
	Covers use under typical household ventilation.
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 2.20 hours/event
Coatings and paints, thin-	Covers concentrations up to 50 %
ners, paint removers Aero-	
sol spray can.	
	covers use up to 2 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	For each use event, covers amount up to 215 g
	Covers use in a one car garage (34 m3) under typical ventila-
	tion.
	Covers use in room size of 34 m3
Coatings and points this	for each use event Covers exposure up to 0.33 hours/event
Coatings and paints, thin-	Covers concentrations up to 50 %
ners, paint removers Removers (paint-, glue-, wall	
paper-, sealant-remover).	
paper-, sealant-remover).	covers use up to 3 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 857.50 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 491 g
	Covers use under typical household ventilation.
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 2.00 hours/event
Fillers, Putties Fillers and	Covers concentrations up to 2 %
putty.	20.000
	covers use up to 12 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 35.73 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 85 g
	Covers use under typical household ventilation.
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 4.00 hours/event

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Fillers, Putties Plasters and floor equalizers.	Covers concentrations up to 2 %
	covers use up to 12 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 857.50 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 13,800 g
	Covers use under typical household ventilation.
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 2.00 hours/event
Fillers, Putties Modelling clay.	Covers concentrations up to 1 %
	covers use up to 365 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 254.40 cm2
	For each use event, assumes swallowed amount of 1 g
Finger paints	Covers concentrations up to 50 %
<u> </u>	covers use up to 365 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 254.40 cm2
	For each use event, assumes swallowed amount of 1.35 g
Non-metal-surface treat-	Covers concentrations up to 1.5 %
ment products Waterborne latex wall paint.	Covere consentations up to The 70
•	covers use up to 4 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 428.75 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 2,760 g
	Covers use under typical household ventilation.
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 2.20 hours/event
Non-metal-surface treat- ment products Solvent rich, high solid, water borne paint.	Covers concentrations up to 27.5 %
- Francisco	covers use up to 6 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 428.75 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 744 g
	Covers use under typical household ventilation.
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 2.20 hours/event
Non-metal-surface treat-	Covers concentrations up to 50 %
ment products Aerosol	Covers concentrations up to 60 %
spray can.	covers use up to 2 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	For each use event, covers amount up to 215 g
	Covers use in a one car garage (34 m3) under typical ventila-
	tion.
	Covers use in room size of 34 m3
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 0.33 hours/event

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Non-metal-surface treat-	Covers concentrations up to 50 %
ment products Removers	
(paint-, glue-, wall paper-,	
sealant-remover).	
	covers use up to 3 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 857.50 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 491 g
	Covers use under typical household ventilation.
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 2.00 hours/event
Ink and toners	Covers concentrations up to 10 %
	covers use up to 365 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 71.40 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 40 g
	Covers use under typical household ventilation.
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 2.20 hours/event
Leather tanning, dye, finish-	Covers concentrations up to 50 %
ing, impregnation and care	'
products Polishes, wax /	
cream (floor, furniture,	
shoes).	
,	covers use up to 29 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 430.00 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 56 g
	Covers use under typical household ventilation.
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 1.23 hours/event
Leather tanning, dye, finish-	Covers concentrations up to 50 %
ing, impregnation and care	Covers concentrations up to 30 %
products Polishes, spray	
(furniture, shoes).	
(rarmare, snoes).	covers use up to 8 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 430.00 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 56 g
	Covers use under typical household ventilation.
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
Lubricanta massas	for each use event Covers exposure up to 0.33 hours/event
Lubricants, greases, release products Liquids.	Covers concentrations up to 100 %
	covers use up to 4 day/year
	covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 468.00 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 2,200 g
	Covers use in a one car garage (34 m3) under typical ventila-
	tion.
	Covers use in room size of 34 m3
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	for each use event Covers expecure up to 0.17 hours/event
Lubricants, greases, re-	for each use event Covers exposure up to 0.17 hours/event Covers concentrations up to 20 %
lease products Pastes.	Covers concentrations up to 20 %
	covers use up to 10 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 468.00 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 34 g
Lubricants, greases, re-	Covers concentrations up to 50 %
lease products Sprays.	, i
	covers use up to 6 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 428.75 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 73 g
	Covers use under typical household ventilation.
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 0.17 hours/event
Polishes and wax blends	Covers concentrations up to 50 %
Polishes, wax / cream (floor, furniture, shoes).	
(covers use up to 29 day/year
	covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 430.00 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 142 g
	Covers use under typical household ventilation.
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
Dallahaa aad wax blaada	for each use event Covers exposure up to 1.23 hours/event
Polishes and wax blends Polishes, spray (furniture, shoes).	Covers concentrations up to 50 %
	covers use up to 8 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 430.00 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 35 g
	Covers use under typical household ventilation.
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 0.33 hours/event
Textile dyes, finishing and	Covers concentrations up to 10 %
impregnating products; including bleaches and other processing aids	Govers concentrations up to 10 //
other processing alus	covers use up to 365 day/year
	covers use up to 365 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 857.50 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 115 g
	Covers use under typical household ventilation.
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 1.00 hours/event

Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
Substance is isomeric mixture.		
Predominantly hydrophobic.		

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Readily biodegradable.	
Amounts Used	
Fraction of EU tonnage used in region:	0.1
Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year):	32
Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally:	5.0E-04
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year):	1.58E-02
	4.32E-02
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day):	4.32E-02
Frequency and Duration of Use Continuous release.	T
	205
Emission Days (days/year):	365
Environmental factors not influenced by risk management	10
Local freshwater dilution factor:	10
Local marine water dilution factor:	100
Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure	
Release fraction to air from wide dispersive use (regional only):	0.985
Release fraction to wastewater from wide dispersive use:	1.0E-02
Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only):	5.0E-03
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	lant
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage	96.9
treatment (%)	
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following	213
total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.0E+03
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste fo	r disposal
External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable al regulations.	

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION		
Section 3.1 - Health			

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate consumer exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO
Section 4.1 - Health	

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

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Section 4.2 -Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html).

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Exposure Scenario - Consumer

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SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Use in Cleaning Agents - Consumer
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU21 Product Categories: PC3, PC4, PC8 (excipient only), PC9a, PC24, PC35, PC38 Environmental Release Categories: ERC8a, ERC8d, ESVOC SpERC 8.4c.v1
Scope of process	Covers general exposures to consumers arising from the use of household products sold as washing and cleaning products, aerosols, coatings, de-icers, lubricants and air care products.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES	
Section 2.1	Control of Consumer Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure > 10 Pa at S	TP
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Unless stated otherwise.	
	Covers concentration up to (%): 100	%
Amounts Used		
Unless stated otherwise.		
covers amount up to (g):		13,800
covers skin contact area (cm	2):	857.5
Frequency and Duration of	Use	
Unless stated otherwise.		
covers use up to (times/day of use):		4
Exposure (hours/event):		8
Other Operational Condition	ons affecting Exposure	
Unless stated otherwise.		
Covers use at ambient temperature		
Covers use in room size of 2		
Covers use under typical hou	usehold ventilation.	
Product Categories	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES	
Air care products Air care, instant action (aerosol sprays).	Covers concentrations up to 50 %	
	covers use up to 365 day/year	
	covers use up to 4 times/day of use	
	For each use event, covers amount u	
	Covers use under typical household	ventilation.

Covers use in room size of 20 m3

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	for each use event Covers exposure up to 0.25 hours/event
Air care products Air care,	for each use event Covers exposure up to 0.25 hours/event Covers concentrations up to 50 %
instant action (aerosol sprays). pesticides (excipient only).	Covers concentrations up to 50 %
Cit Grily).	covers use up to 365 day/year
	Covers use up to 4 times/day of use
	For each use event, covers amount up to 5 g
	Covers use under typical household ventilation.
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 0.25 hours/event
Air care products Air care, continuous action (solid and liquid).	Covers concentrations up to 10 %
•	covers use up to 365 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 35.70 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 0.48 g
	Covers use under typical household ventilation.
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 8.00 hours/event
Air care products Air care, continuous action (solid and liquid). pesticides (excipient only).	Covers concentrations up to 50 %
	covers use up to 365 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 35.70 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 0.48 g
	Covers use under typical household ventilation.
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
Anti-Freeze and de-icing products Washing car window.	for each use event Covers exposure up to 8.00 hours/event Covers concentrations up to 1 %
	covers use up to 365 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	For each use event, covers amount up to 0.5 g
	Covers use in a one car garage (34 m3) under typical ventilation.
	Covers use in room size of 34 m3
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 0.02 hours/event
Anti-Freeze and de-icing products Pouring into radiator.	Covers concentrations up to 10 %
	covers use up to 365 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 428.00 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 2,000 g
	Covers use in a one car garage (34 m3) under typical ventilation.

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	Covers use in room size of 34 m3
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 0.17 hours/event
Anti-Freeze and de-icing products Lock de-icer.	Covers concentrations up to 50 %
	covers use up to 365 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 214.40 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 4 g
	Covers use in a one car garage (34 m3) under typical ventilation.
	Covers use in room size of 34 m3
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 0.25 hours/event
Biocidal products (e.g. Dis- infectants, pest control) (excipient only). Laundry and dish washing products.	Covers concentrations up to 5 %
	covers use up to 365 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 857.50 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 15 g
	Covers use under typical household ventilation.
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 0.50 hours/event
Biocidal products (e.g. Dis- infectants, pest control) (excipient only). Cleaners, liquids (all purpose clean- ers, sanitary products, floor cleaners, glass cleaners, carpet cleaners, metal cleaners).	Covers concentrations up to 5 %
	covers use up to 128 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 857.50 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 27 g
	Covers use under typical household ventilation.
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 0.33 hours/event
Biocidal products (e.g. Dis- infectants, pest control) (excipient only). Cleaners, trigger sprays (all purpose cleaners,sanitary products, glass cleaners).	Covers concentrations up to 15 %
,	covers use up to 128 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 428.00 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 35 g
	Covers use under typical household ventilation.
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 0.17 hours/event
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Coatings and paints thin-	Covers concentrations up to 50 %
Coatings and paints, thin- ners, paint removers Re-	Covers concentrations up to 50 %
movers (paint-, glue-, wall	
paper-, sealant-remover).	
paper-, sealant-remover).	covers use up to 3 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 857.50 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 491 g
	Covers use under typical household ventilation.
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 2.00 hours/event
Lubricants, greases, re-	Covers concentrations up to 100 %
lease products Liquids.	
	covers use up to 4 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 468.00 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 2,200 g
	Covers use in a one car garage (34 m3) under typical ventila-
	tion.
	Covers use in room size of 34 m3
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 0.17 hours/event
Lubricants, greases, release products Pastes.	Covers concentrations up to 20 %
lease products Pastes.	covers use up to 10 day/year
	covers use up to 10 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 468.00 cm2
Lubricanta massas no	For each use event, covers amount up to 34 g
Lubricants, greases, release products Sprays.	Covers concentrations up to 50 %
	covers use up to 6 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 428.75 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 73 g
	Covers use under typical household ventilation.
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 0.17 hours/event
Washing and cleaning	Covers concentrations up to 5 %
products (including solvent	
based products) Laundry	
and dish washing products.	
	covers use up to 365 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 857.50 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 15 g
	Covers use under typical household ventilation.
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 0.50 hours/event
Washing and alconing	
Washing and cleaning products (including solvent	Covers concentrations up to 5 %
based products) Cleaners,	
liquids (all purpose clean-	

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ers, sanitary products, floor cleaners, glass cleaners, carpet cleaners, metal cleaners).	
	covers use up to 128 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 857.50 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 27 g
	Covers use under typical household ventilation.
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 0.33 hours/event
Washing and cleaning	Covers concentrations up to 15 %
products (including solvent	'
based products) Cleaners,	
trigger sprays (all purpose	
cleaners, sanitary products,	
glass cleaners).	
	covers use up to 128 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 428.00 cm2
	For each use event, assumes swallowed amount of 35 g
	Covers use under typical household ventilation.
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 0.17 hours/event
Welding and soldering	Covers concentrations up to 20 %
products (with flux coatings	
or flux cores.), flux products	
	covers use up to 365 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	For each use event, covers amount up to 12 g
	Covers use under typical household ventilation.
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	for each use event Covers exposure up to 1.00 hours/event

Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
Substance is isomeric mixture.		
Predominantly hydrophobic.		
Readily biodegradable.		
Amounts Used		
Fraction of EU tonnage used	in region:	0.1
Regional use tonnage (tonnes	s/year):	67.9
Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally:		5.0E-04
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year):		3.4E-02
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day): 9.3E-02		9.3E-02
Frequency and Duration of Use		
Continuous release.		
Emission Days (days/year):		365
Environmental factors not influenced by risk management		
Local freshwater dilution factor: 10		10
Local marine water dilution factor: 100		100
Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure		

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Release fraction to air from wide dispersive use (regional only):	0.95	
Release fraction to wastewater from wide dispersive use:	2.5E-02	
Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only):	2.5E-02	
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant		
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage	96.9	
treatment (%)		
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite	96.9	
(domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)		
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following	392	
total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)		
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.0E+03	

Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION		,
Section 3.1 - Health			

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate consumer exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO
Section 4.1 - Health	

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html).

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