

SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

BC NEODOL 25P1-2.5

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Date: 05/09/2024
1.2	05/02/2024	800010060484	Date of last issue: 11/23/2023

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : BC NEODOL 25P1-2.5

Product code : V2748

Synonyms : Alcohols, C12-15, ethoxylated

CAS-No. : 68131-39-5

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : **Shell Chemical LP**
PO Box 576
HOUSTON TX 77001
USA

SDS Request : 1-800-240-6737

Customer Service : 1-855-697-4355

Emergency telephone number

Chemtrec Domestic (24 hr) : 1-800-424-9300

Chemtrec International (24 hr) : 1-703-527-3887

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Use in detergent manufacture.

Restrictions on use : This product must not be used in applications other than the above without first seeking the advice of the supplier.

Other information : NEODOL is a registered trademark of SHELL.

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Eye irritation : Category 2B

Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard : Category 1

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard : Category 2

GHS label elements

SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

BC NEODOL 25P1-2.5

Version
1.2

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Print Date: 05/09/2024
Date of last issue: 11/23/2023

Hazard pictograms

:



Signal word

: Warning

Hazard statements

: PHYSICAL HAZARDS:
Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria.
HEALTH HAZARDS:
H320 Causes eye irritation.
ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

: **Prevention:**
P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
Response:
P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
P391 Collect spillage.
Storage:
No precautionary phrases.
Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents and container to appropriate waste site or reclaimer in accordance with local and national regulations.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

The classification of this material is based on OSHA HCS 2012 criteria.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Substance

Hazardous components

Chemical name	Synonyms	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
C12-15 Alcohol Ethoxylate	Alcohols, C12-15, ethoxylated	68131-39-5	<= 100
Ethylene Oxide	ethylene oxide (Vapour and gas)	75-21-8	<= 0.0006

SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

BC NEODOL 25P1-2.5

Version
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SDS Number:
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Date of last issue: 11/23/2023

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

General advice	: Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions.
If inhaled	: No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
In case of skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
In case of eye contact	: Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Transport to the nearest medical facility for additional treatment.
If swallowed	: In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	: Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal conditions of use. Possible respiratory irritation signs and symptoms may include a temporary burning sensation of the nose and throat, coughing, and/or difficulty breathing. No specific hazards under normal use conditions. Skin irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning sensation, redness, or swelling. Eye irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning sensation, redness, swelling, and/or blurred vision. No specific hazards under normal use conditions. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.
Protection of first-aiders	: When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.
Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	: Treat symptomatically. IMMEDIATE TREATMENT IS EXTREMELY IMPORTANT! Call a doctor or poison control center for guidance.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	: Alcohol-resistant foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water in a jet.
Specific hazards during fire-	: Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion

SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

BC NEODOL 25P1-2.5

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Date: 05/09/2024
1.2	05/02/2024	800010060484	Date of last issue: 11/23/2023

fighting	occurs. Will float and can be reignited on surface water. The vapour is heavier than air, spreads along the ground and distant ignition is possible.
Specific extinguishing methods	: Standard procedure for chemical fires.
Further information	: Clear fire area of all non-emergency personnel. Keep adjacent containers cool by spraying with water.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	: Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	: Observe all relevant local and international regulations. Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the environment occurs or is likely to occur. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. Avoid contact with spilled or released material. Immediately remove all contaminated clothing. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet. For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of this Safety Data Sheet. Stay upwind and keep out of low areas. Be ready for fire or possible exposure.
Environmental precautions	: Prevent from spreading or entering into drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Ventilate contaminated area thoroughly.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	: For large liquid spills (> 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank for recovery or safe disposal. Do not flush away residues with water. Retain as contaminated waste. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely. For small liquid spills (< 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means to a labeled, sealable container for product recovery or safe disposal. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

BC NEODOL 25P1-2.5

Version
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Revision Date:
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SDS Number:
800010060484

Print Date: 05/09/2024
Date of last issue: 11/23/2023

Additional advice : For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.
For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

U.S. regulations may require reporting releases of this material to the environment which exceed the reportable quantity (refer to Section 15) to the National Response Center at (800) 424-8802.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures : Avoid breathing of or direct contact with material. Only use in well ventilated areas. Wash thoroughly after handling. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.
Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
Ensure that all local regulations regarding handling and storage facilities are followed.

Advice on safe handling : Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.
Do not empty into drains.
Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard

Avoidance of contact : Copper.
Copper alloys.
Strong oxidising agents.
Aluminum

Product Transfer : Keep containers closed when not in use. Do not use compressed air for filling discharge or handling.

Conditions for safe storage : Refer to section 15 for any additional specific legislation covering the packaging and storage of this product.

Further information on storage stability : Bulk storage tanks should be diked (bunded).
Vapours from tanks should not be released to atmosphere.
Breathing losses during storage should be controlled by a suitable vapour treatment system.
Nitrogen blanket recommended for large tanks (capacity 100 m3 or higher).
Insulation (lagging) will minimize heat loss in areas of low ambient temperature.
Tanks should be fitted with heating coils in areas where ambient conditions can result in handling temperatures below the freezing point/pour point of the product.

Packaging material : Suitable material: Stainless steel., Epoxy resins, Polyester.
Unsuitable material: Aluminum, Copper., Copper alloys.

Container Advice : Containers, even those that have been emptied, can contain

SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

BC NEODOL 25P1-2.5

Version
1.2

Revision Date:
05/02/2024

SDS Number:
800010060484

Print Date: 05/09/2024
Date of last issue: 11/23/2023

explosive vapours. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near containers.

Specific use(s) : Not applicable

Ensure that all local regulations regarding handling and storage facilities are followed.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Contains no substances with occupational exposure limit values.

Biological occupational exposure limits

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Biological specimen	Sampling time	Permissible concentration	Basis
Ethylene Oxide	75-21-8	N-(2-hydroxyethyl)valine (HEV) hemoglobin adducts		Not critical	5000 pmol HEV/g globin	ACGIH BEI
		S-(2-hydroxyethyl)mercapturic acid (HEMA)	Urine	End of shift	5 µg HEMA/g creatinine	ACGIH BEI

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods <http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/>

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods <http://www.osha.gov/>

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances <http://www.hse.gov.uk/>

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany <http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp>

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Sécurité, (INRS), France <http://www.inrs.fr/accueil>

Engineering measures : Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations below the exposure guidelines/limits.
Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is

SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

BC NEODOL 25P1-2.5

Version
1.2

Revision Date:
05/02/2024

SDS Number:
800010060484

Print Date: 05/09/2024
Date of last issue: 11/23/2023

greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated. Eye washes and showers for emergency use. The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include:

General Information:

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping. Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls. Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product. Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation. Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle. Do not ingest. If swallowed, then seek immediate medical assistance.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are unsuitable (e.g. airborne concentrations are high, risk of oxygen deficiency, confined space) use appropriate positive pressure breathing apparatus. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter. If air-filtering respirators are suitable for conditions of use: Select a filter suitable for the combination of organic gases and vapours and particles [Type A/Type P boiling point >65°C (149°F)].

Respirator selection, use and maintenance should be in accordance with the requirements of the OSHA Respiratory Protection Standard, 29 CFR 1910.134.

Hand protection
Remarks

: Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374,

SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

BC NEODOL 25P1-2.5

Version
1.2

Revision Date:
05/02/2024

SDS Number:
800010060484

Print Date: 05/09/2024
Date of last issue: 11/23/2023

US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. Longer term protection: Nitrile rubber gloves. Incidental contact/Splash protection: PVC or neoprene rubber gloves. For continuous contact we recommend gloves with breakthrough time of more than 240 minutes with preference for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. For short-term/splash protection we recommend the same but recognize that suitable gloves offering this level of protection may not be available and in this case a lower breakthrough time maybe acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not a good predictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Glove thickness should be typically greater than 0.35 mm depending on the glove make and model. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended.

- Eye protection : Wear goggles for use against liquids and gas.
Wear full face shield if splashes are likely to occur.
- Skin and body protection : Skin protection is not required under normal conditions of use.
For prolonged or repeated exposures use impervious clothing over parts of the body subject to exposure.
If repeated and/or prolonged skin exposure to the substance is likely, then wear suitable gloves tested to relevant Standard, and provide employee skin care programmes.
- Protective measures : Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.
- Thermal hazards : Not applicable
- Hygiene measures : Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking and using the toilet.
Launder contaminated clothing before re-use.

Environmental exposure controls

- General advice : Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing vapour.
Minimise release to the environment. An environmental assessment must be made to ensure compliance with local environmental legislation.
Information on accidental release measures are to be found in section 6.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR
1910.1200

BC NEODOL 25P1-2.5

Version
1.2

Revision Date:
05/02/2024

SDS Number:
800010060484

Print Date: 05/09/2024
Date of last issue: 11/23/2023

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	: Clear or slightly turbid liquid.
Colour	: colourless
Odour	: mild
Odour Threshold	: Data not available
pH	: 6.8 0.5% mass aqueous solution.
pour point	: 6 °C / 43 °F
Melting point/freezing point	: 6 °C / 43 °F
Boiling point/boiling range	: 271.11 - 516.11 °C / 520.00 - 961.00 °F
Flash point	: 157 °C / 315 °F Method: IP 34
Evaporation rate	: Data not available
Flammability	
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not applicable
Lower explosion limit and upper explosion limit / flammability limit	
Upper explosion limit / upper flammability limit	: Data not available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	: Data not available
Vapour pressure	: < 1 Pa (25 °C / 77 °F)
Relative vapour density	: Data not available
Relative density	: Data not available
Density	: 903 kg/m ³ (40 °C / 104 °F) Method: ASTM D4052
Solubility(ies)	
Water solubility	: 0.188 - 13.18 mg/l Slightly soluble. (25 °C / 77 °F) Method: Calculated value(s)
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	: log Pow: 3
Auto-ignition temperature	: 235 °C / 455 °F

SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

BC NEODOL 25P1-2.5

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Date: 05/09/2024
1.2	05/02/2024	800010060484	Date of last issue: 11/23/2023

Decomposition temperature : Data not available

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : 50 mPa.s (20 °C / 68 °F)

Method: ASTM D445

Viscosity, kinematic : 16 mm²/s (40 °C / 104 °F)

Method: ASTM D445

Explosive properties : Not applicable

Oxidizing properties : Data not available

Surface tension : 21.8 - 28.8 mN/m, 20 °C / 68 °F

Conductivity : Electrical conductivity: > 10,000 pS/m

A number of factors, for example liquid temperature, presence of contaminants, and anti-static additives can greatly influence the conductivity of a liquid, This material is not expected to be a static accumulator.

Molecular weight : Data not available

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Stable at normal ambient temperature and pressure.
May oxidise in the presence of air.

Chemical stability : The product is chemically stable.
Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions : None known.

Conditions to avoid : Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

Incompatible materials : Copper.
Copper alloys.
Strong oxidising agents.
Aluminum

Hazardous decomposition products : None expected under normal use conditions.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment : Information given is based on product testing, and/or similar products, and/or components.
Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representa-

SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

BC NEODOL 25P1-2.5

Version
1.2

Revision Date:
05/02/2024

SDS Number:
800010060484

Print Date: 05/09/2024
Date of last issue: 11/23/2023

tive of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).

Information on likely routes of exposure

Exposure may occur via inhalation, ingestion, skin absorption, skin or eye contact, and accidental ingestion.

Acute toxicity

Components:

C12-15 Alcohol Ethoxylate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5000 mg/kg
Remarks: Low toxicity
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute inhalation toxicity : Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2000 mg/kg
Remarks: Low toxicity
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Ethylene Oxide:

Acute oral toxicity : LD 50 (Rat, male): > 50 - <= 300 mg/kg
Method: Literature data
Remarks: Toxic if swallowed.

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC 50 (Rat, male): > 500 - <= 2500 ppm
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: gas
Method: Literature data
Remarks: Toxic if inhaled.
High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression resulting in headaches, dizziness and nausea; continued inhalation may result in unconsciousness and/or death.

Acute dermal toxicity : Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Components:

C12-15 Alcohol Ethoxylate:

Remarks: Not irritating to skin.

Ethylene Oxide:

Species: Rabbit

Method: Acceptable non-standard method.

Remarks: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage., Liquid solutions of ethylene oxide cause serious chemical burns of the skin and eye lesions. The severity of injury will vary depending on the concentration and duration of skin contact., Rapid release of gases which are liquids under pressure may cause frost burns of exposed tissues (skin, eye) due to evaporative cooling.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR
1910.1200

BC NEODOL 25P1-2.5

Version
1.2

Revision Date:
05/02/2024

SDS Number:
800010060484

Print Date: 05/09/2024
Date of last issue: 11/23/2023

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Components:

C12-15 Alcohol Ethoxylate:

Species: Rabbit

Exposure time: 24 h

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 405

Remarks: Expected to be irritating to eyes.

Species: Rabbit

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 405

Remarks: Expected to be irritating to eyes.

Species: Rabbit

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 405

Remarks: Expected to be irritating to eyes.

Ethylene Oxide:

Species: Rabbit

Method: Literature data

Remarks: Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Components:

C12-15 Alcohol Ethoxylate:

Remarks: Not a sensitiser. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Ethylene Oxide:

Species: Guinea pig

Method: Literature data

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Components:

C12-15 Alcohol Ethoxylate:

Genotoxicity in vivo : Remarks: Non mutagenic

Ethylene Oxide:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Remarks: May cause genetic defects.

: Method: Literature data
Remarks: May cause genetic defects.

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test species: Mouse
Application Route: Inhalation
Method: Literature data
Remarks: May cause genetic defects.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR
1910.1200

BC NEODOL 25P1-2.5

Version
1.2

Revision Date:
05/02/2024

SDS Number:
800010060484

Print Date: 05/09/2024
Date of last issue: 11/23/2023

Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment : May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity

Components:

C12-15 Alcohol Ethoxylate:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Ethylene Oxide:

Species: Rat, (male and female)

Application Route: Inhalation

Method: Literature data

Remarks: May cause cancer.

Carcinogenicity - Assessment : May cause cancer.

IARC

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

OSHA

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.

NTP

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

Reproductive toxicity

Components:

C12-15 Alcohol Ethoxylate:

Effects on fertility :

Remarks: Not a developmental toxicant.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Does not impair fertility.

Ethylene Oxide:

Effects on fertility :

Species: Rat

Sex: male and female

Application Route: Inhalation

Method: Literature data

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

May impair fertility based on animal studies.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR
1910.1200

BC NEODOL 25P1-2.5

Version
1.2

Revision Date:
05/02/2024

SDS Number:
800010060484

Print Date: 05/09/2024
Date of last issue: 11/23/2023

Effects on foetal development	: Species: Rat, male and female Application Route: Inhalation Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 414 Remarks: May damage fertility or the unborn child., Causes slight foetotoxicity. Species: Rabbit, female Application Route: Inhalation Method: Literature data Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met., Causes slight foetotoxicity.
Reproductive toxicity - Assessment	: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.

STOT - single exposure

Components:

C12-15 Alcohol Ethoxylate:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Ethylene Oxide:

Exposure routes: Inhalation

Target Organs: Respiratory system

Remarks: May cause respiratory irritation., High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression resulting in headaches, dizziness and nausea.

STOT - repeated exposure

Components:

C12-15 Alcohol Ethoxylate:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Ethylene Oxide:

Exposure routes: Inhalation

Target Organs: Nervous system

Remarks: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Ethylene Oxide:

Species: Rat, male and female

Application Route: Inhalation

Test atmosphere: vapour

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 453

Target Organs: Nervous system

Remarks: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration toxicity

Components:

SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

BC NEODOL 25P1-2.5

Version
1.2

Revision Date:
05/02/2024

SDS Number:
800010060484

Print Date: 05/09/2024
Date of last issue: 11/23/2023

C12-15 Alcohol Ethoxylate:

Not an aspiration hazard.

Ethylene Oxide:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Further information

Components:

C12-15 Alcohol Ethoxylate:

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

Ethylene Oxide:

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment : Incomplete ecotoxicological data are available for this product. The information given below is based partly on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).

Ecotoxicity

Components:

C12-15 Alcohol Ethoxylate:

Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity) : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 1.3 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Remarks: Toxic to fish.

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Acute toxicity) : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.14 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 202
Remarks: Very toxic to aquatic organisms.

Toxicity to algae (Acute toxicity) : EC50 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)): 0.031 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: Harmful to algae.

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity) : 1
10

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : Remarks: Data not available

SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR
1910.1200

BC NEODOL 25P1-2.5

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Date: 05/09/2024
1.2	05/02/2024	800010060484	Date of last issue: 11/23/2023

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.77 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 211
Remarks: Harmful with long lasting effects:

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity) :

1

Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity) : EC50: > 10,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 17 h
Method: DIN 38 412 Part 8
Remarks: Practically non toxic:
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Ethylene Oxide:

Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity) : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 84 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 203
Remarks: Harmful
LL/EL/IL50 >10 <= 100 mg/l

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Acute toxicity) : LC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 137 - 300 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 202
Remarks: Practically non toxic:
LC/EC/IC50 > 100 mg/l

Toxicity to algae (Acute toxicity) : EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (algae)): 240 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.
Remarks: Practically non toxic:
LC/EC/IC50 > 100 mg/l

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : Remarks: Data not available

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : Remarks: Data not available

Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity) : EC50 (Activated sludge, domestic waste): > 713 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
Remarks: Practically non toxic:
LC/EC/IC50 > 100 mg/l

SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR
1910.1200

BC NEODOL 25P1-2.5

Version
1.2

Revision Date:
05/02/2024

SDS Number:
800010060484

Print Date: 05/09/2024
Date of last issue: 11/23/2023

Persistence and degradability

Components:

C12-15 Alcohol Ethoxylate:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 61 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 301 B

Ethylene Oxide:

Biodegradability : Biodegradation: 93 - 98 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.
Remarks: Readily biodegradable.
Rapidly hydrolyses in water and soil.

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

C12-15 Alcohol Ethoxylate:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 237
Method: No information available.
Remarks: Does not bioaccumulate.

Ethylene Oxide:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Does not have the potential to bioaccumulate significantly.

Mobility in soil

Components:

C12-15 Alcohol Ethoxylate:

Mobility : Remarks: Floats on water.
If the product enters soil, one or more constituents will or may be mobile and may contaminate groundwater.

Ethylene Oxide:

Mobility : Remarks: When released to air, transfers to soil or water by wet and dry deposition.

Other adverse effects

Components:

Ethylene Oxide:

SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

BC NEODOL 25P1-2.5

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Date: 05/09/2024
1.2	05/02/2024	800010060484	Date of last issue: 11/23/2023

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment : The substance does not fulfill all screening criteria for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity and hence is not considered to be PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : Recover or recycle if possible.
It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.
Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses.
Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or water.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.
Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements and must be complied with.

Contaminated packaging : Drain container thoroughly.
After draining, vent in a safe place away from sparks and fire.
Residues may cause an explosion hazard.
Do not puncture, cut, or weld uncleaned drums.
Send to drum recoverer or metal reclaimer.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

National Regulations

US Department of Transportation Classification (49 CFR Parts 171-180)

UN/ID/NA number	: UN 3082
Proper shipping name	: Environmentally hazardous substances, liquid, n.o.s. (Alcohol C12-C16 Poly (1-6) Ethoxylate)
Class	: 9
Packing group	: III
Labels	: 9
ERG Code	: 171
Marine pollutant	: yes (Alcohol C12-C16 Poly (1-6) Ethoxylate)

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No.	: UN 3082
Proper shipping name	: Environmentally hazardous substances, liquid, n.o.s. (Alcohol C12-C16 Poly (1-6) Ethoxylate)
Class	: 9
Packing group	: III
Labels	: 9

SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

BC NEODOL 25P1-2.5

Version 1.2 Revision Date: 05/02/2024 SDS Number: 800010060484 Print Date: 05/09/2024
Date of last issue: 11/23/2023

IMDG-Code

UN number : UN 3082
Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.
(Alcohol C12-C16 Poly (1-6) Ethoxylate)
Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
Marine pollutant : yes

Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Pollution category : Y
Ship type : 2
Product name : ALCOHOL (C12-C16) POLY (1-6) ETHOXYLATES

Special precautions for user

Remarks : Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

Additional Information : This product may be transported under nitrogen blanketing. Nitrogen is an odourless and invisible gas. Exposure to nitrogen enriched atmospheres displaces available oxygen which may cause asphyxiation or death. Personnel must observe strict safety precautions when involved with a confined space entry. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

Components	CAS-No.	Component RQ (lbs)	Calculated product RQ (lbs)
Ethylene Oxide	75-21-8	10	*

*: Calculated RQ exceeds reasonably attainable upper limit.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Serious eye damage or eye irritation

SARA 313 : This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

BC NEODOL 25P1-2.5

Version
1.2

Revision Date:
05/02/2024

SDS Number:
800010060484

Print Date: 05/09/2024
Date of last issue: 11/23/2023

Clean Water Act

This product does not contain any Hazardous Chemicals listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table 117.3.

US State Regulations

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Ethylene Oxide, which is/are known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Other regulations:

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AIIC	: Listed
DSL	: Listed
IECSC	: Listed
ENCS	: Listed
KECI	: Listed
NZIoC	: Listed
PICCS	: Listed
TSCA	: Listed
TCSI	: Listed

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

NFPA Rating (Health, Fire, Reactivity) 1, 1, 0

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH BEI : ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
Abbreviations and Acronyms : The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this document can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries) and/or websites.

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR = European Agreement concerning the International

SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR
1910.1200

BC NEODOL 25P1-2.5

Version
1.2

Revision Date:
05/02/2024

SDS Number:
800010060484

Print Date: 05/09/2024
Date of last issue: 11/23/2023

Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
AICS = Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
ASTM = American Society for Testing and Materials
BEL = Biological exposure limits
BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes
CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service
CEFIC = European Chemical Industry Council
CLP = Classification Packaging and Labelling
COC = Cleveland Open-Cup
DIN = Deutsches Institut für Normung
DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
DSL = Canada Domestic Substance List
EC = European Commission
EC50 = Effective Concentration fifty
ECETOC = European Center on Ecotoxicology and Toxicology Of Chemicals
ECHA = European Chemicals Agency
EINECS = The European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
EL50 = Effective Loading fifty
ENCS = Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory
EWC = European Waste Code
GHS = Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IC50 = Inhibitory Concentration fifty
IL50 = Inhibitory Level fifty
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
INV = Chinese Chemicals Inventory
IP346 = Institute of Petroleum test method N° 346 for the determination of polycyclic aromatics DMSO-extractables
KECI = Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
LC50 = Lethal Concentration fifty
LD50 = Lethal Dose fifty per cent.
LL/EL/IL = Lethal Loading/Effective Loading/Inhibitory loading
LL50 = Lethal Loading fifty
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships
NOEC/NOEL = No Observed Effect Concentration / No Observed Effect Level
OE_HPV = Occupational Exposure - High Production Volume
PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PICCS = Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
REACH = Registration Evaluation And Authorisation Of Chemicals
RID = Regulations Relating to International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
SKIN_DES = Skin Designation
STEL = Short term exposure limit
TRA = Targeted Risk Assessment

SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR
1910.1200

BC NEODOL 25P1-2.5

Version
1.2

Revision Date:
05/02/2024

SDS Number:
800010060484

Print Date: 05/09/2024
Date of last issue: 11/23/2023

TSCA = US Toxic Substances Control Act
TWA = Time-Weighted Average
vPvB = very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet : The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).

Revision Date : 05/02/2024

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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