

Material Safety Data Sheet

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Material Name : **CARADOL SP50-04**
Uses : Use for the manufacture of polyurethane products.
Product Code : U318A

Supplier : SHELL EASTERN CHEMICALS (S)
A REGISTERED BUSINESS OF SHELL EASTERN
TRADING (PTE) LTD (UEN:198902087C)
The Metropolis Tower 1
9 North Buona Vista Drive , #07-01
Singapore 138588
Singapore

Telephone : +65 6384 8737
Fax : +65 6384 8454

Emergency Telephone Number : + (65) 6542 9595 (Alert-SGS)

Other Information : CARADOL is a trademark owned by Shell Trademark Management B.V. and Shell Brands Inc. and used by affiliates of Royal Dutch Shell plc.

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixture Description : Suspension of a solid polymeric material in a polyether polyol.
Synonyms : Polyol

Hazardous Components

Chemical Name	CAS	EINECS	Symbol(s)	R-phrases(s)	Conc.
Polyoxyalkylene Triol	9082-00-2		None	None	90.00 %
Polyurethane	66991-59-1				10.00 %

Additional Information : Refer to chapter 16 for full text of EC R-phrases.

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Health Hazards : No specific hazards.
Safety Hazards : Not classified as flammable but will burn.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. If rapid recovery does not occur, transport to nearest medical facility for additional treatment.
Skin Contact : Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available.

Material Safety Data Sheet

Eye Contact	: Flush eye with copious quantities of water. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water and obtain medical attention.
Advice to Physician	: Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Clear fire area of all non-emergency personnel.

Specific Hazards	: Will only burn if enveloped in a pre-existing fire. Hazardous combustion products may include: Carbon dioxide. Carbon monoxide. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds. Toxic products.
Extinguishing Media	: Large fires should only be fought by properly trained fire fighters. Alcohol-resistant foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable Extinguishing Media	: Do not use water in a jet.
Protective Equipment for Firefighters	: Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.
Additional Advice	: All storage areas should be provided with adequate fire fighting facilities. Keep adjacent containers cool by spraying with water.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Observe all relevant local and international regulations. Avoid contact with spilled or released material. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Material Safety Data Sheet. See Chapter 13 for information on disposal.

Protective measures	: Avoid contact with spilled or released material. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Material Safety Data Sheet. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. Avoid contact with the skin. Prevent from spreading or entering into drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Ventilate contaminated area thoroughly.
Clean Up Methods	: For large liquid spills (> 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank for recovery or safe disposal. Do not flush away residues with water. Retain as contaminated waste. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely. For small liquid spills (< 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means to a labelled, sealable container for product recovery or safe disposal. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely.
Additional Advice	: Proper disposal should be evaluated based on regulatory status of this material (refer to Section 13), potential contamination from subsequent use and spillage, and regulations governing disposal in the local area.

Material Safety Data Sheet

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

- General Precautions** : Avoid breathing vapours or contact with material. Only use in well ventilated areas. Wash thoroughly after handling. On guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Material Safety Data Sheet. For comprehensive advice on handling, product transfer, storage and tank cleaning refer to the product supplier.
- Handling** : In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precautions should be taken to avoid breathing of material. Use local exhaust extraction over processing area. Avoid unintentional contact with isocyanates to prevent uncontrolled polymerisation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Air-dry contaminated clothing in a well-ventilated area before laundering. Do not empty into drains. Handling Temperature: Ambient. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used.
- Storage** : Prevent all contact with water and with moist atmosphere. Tanks must be clean, dry and rust-free. Prevent ingress of water. Must be stored in a diked (bunded) well-ventilated area, away from sunlight, ignition sources and other sources of heat. Nitrogen blanket recommended for large tanks (capacity 100 m³ or higher). Drums should be stacked to a maximum of 3 high. Maximum storage time: 12 months. Storage Temperature: Ambient. Storage should be handled at temperatures such that viscosities are less than 500 cSt; typically at 25-50 °C. Tanks should be fitted with heating coils in areas where the ambient temperatures are below the recommended product handling temperatures. Heating coil skin temperatures should not exceed 100 °C.
- Product Transfer** : Lines should be purged with nitrogen before and after product transfer. Keep containers closed when not in use.
- Unsuitable Materials** : Copper. Copper alloys.
- Additional Information** : Ensure that all local regulations regarding handling and storage facilities are followed. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

If the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) value is provided on this document, it is provided for information only.

Occupational Exposure Limits

None established.

- Exposure Controls** : Exhaust emission systems should be designed in accordance with local conditions; the air should always be moved away from

Material Safety Data Sheet

Personal Protective Equipment	the source of vapour generation and the person working at this point. Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.
Respiratory Protection	: Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers. No respiratory protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precautions should be taken to avoid breathing of material.
Hand Protection	: Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739, AS/NZS:2161) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: Incidental contact/Splash protection: PVC. Neoprene rubber. Nitrile rubber. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Thin disposable gloves should be avoided for long term use. When worn, use once and dispose. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended.
Eye Protection	: Chemical splash goggles (chemical monogoggles). Approved to EU Standard EN166, AS/NZS:1337.
Protective Clothing Monitoring Methods	: Chemical and cold resistant gloves/gauntlets, boots, and apron. : Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate. Examples of sources of recommended air monitoring methods are given below or contact supplier. Further national methods may be available. National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods, http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/nmam/nmammenu.html . Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/dts/sltc/methods/toc.html Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances, http://www.hsl.gov.uk/publications/mdhs.aspx . Institut für Arbeitsschutz der Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), http://www.dguv.de/ifa/de/index.jsp L'Institut National de Recherche et de Sécurité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/securite/hygiene_securite_travail.html .

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	: White Viscous liquid.
Odour	: Odourless
Flash point	: > 140 °C / 284 °F
Explosion / Flammability	: Data not available.

Material Safety Data Sheet

limits in air	
Density	: 1,020 kg/m ³ at 25 °C / 77 °F
Water solubility	: Slightly soluble.
Solubility in other solvents	: Data not available.
Dynamic viscosity	: 2,500 mPa.s at 20 °C / 68 °F

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability	: Stable. Hygroscopic. Polymerises exothermically with di-isocyanates at ambient temperatures. The reaction becomes progressively more vigorous and can be violent at higher temperatures if the miscibility of reaction partners is good or is supported by stirring or by the presence of solvents. Reacts with strong oxidising agents.
Conditions to Avoid	: Heat, flames, and sparks.
Materials to Avoid	: Avoid contact with isocyanates, copper and copper alloys, zinc, strong oxidizing agents, and water.
Hazardous Decomposition Products	: Unknown toxic products may be formed.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for Assessment	: Information given is based on product testing, and/or similar products, and/or components.
Acute Oral Toxicity	: Expected to be of low toxicity: LD ₅₀ >2000 mg/kg , Rat
Acute Dermal Toxicity	: Expected to be of low toxicity: LD ₅₀ >2000 mg/kg , Rat
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Expected to be non-irritating to skin.
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Expected to be non-irritating to eyes.
Respiratory Irritation	: Not expected to be a respiratory irritant.
Sensitisation	: Not expected to be a skin sensitiser.
Repeated Dose Toxicity	: Not expected to be a hazard.
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not expected to be mutagenic.
Carcinogenicity	: Not expected to be carcinogenic.
Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity	: Not expected to impair fertility.
	Not expected to be a developmental toxicant.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity	
Fish	: Expected to have low toxicity: LC/EC/IC ₅₀ > 100 mg/l
Aquatic crustacea	: Expected to have low toxicity: LC/EC/IC ₅₀ > 100 mg/l
Algae/aquatic plants	: Expected to have low toxicity: LC/EC/IC ₅₀ > 100 mg/l
Microorganisms	: Expected to have low toxicity: LC/EC/IC ₅₀ > 100 mg/l
Mobility	: If product enters soil, one or more constituents will be mobile and may contaminate groundwater. Sinks in fresh water; may float or sink in seawater.
Persistence/degradability	: Expected to be not readily biodegradable.
Bioaccumulation	: Does not bioaccumulate significantly, MW > 1000.
Other Adverse Effects	: Small particles may have physical effects on aquatic and terrestrial organisms.

Material Safety Data Sheet

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

- Material Disposal** : Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses. Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or water.
- Container Disposal** : Drain container thoroughly. After draining, vent in a safe place away from sparks and fire. Send to drum recoverer or metal reclaimer.
- Local Legislation** : Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements and must be complied with.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**Land (as per ADR classification): Not regulated**

This material is not classified as dangerous under ADR regulations.

IMDG

This material is not classified as dangerous under IMDG regulations.

IATA (Country variations may apply)

This material is either not classified as dangerous under IATA regulations or needs to follow country specific requirements.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

- EC Classification** : Not classified as dangerous under EC criteria.
- Chemical Inventory Status** :
- EINECS** : All components listed or polymer exempt.
- AICS** : All components listed or polymer exempt.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

- Additional Information** : For further information, contact your local Shell company or agent.

Material Safety Data Sheet

R-phrases)

None None

MSDS Version Number : 1.2**MSDS Effective Date** : 22.03.2012**MSDS Revisions** : A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.**Uses and Restrictions** : Advice in this document relates only to product as originally supplied. Other derivative chemicals will have different properties and hazards. Advice should be sought on their safe handling and use.
Use for the manufacture of polyurethane products.**MSDS Distribution** : The information in this document should be made available to all who may handle the product**Disclaimer** : This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.