In accordance with Occupational Safety and Health Act's Standard of Classification and Labelling of Chemical Substances and MSDS

NEODENE 1416 Alpha Olefin

MSDS number 7220

Version 2.7 Revision Date 2023.11.01 Print Date 2023.11.08

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : NEODENE 1416 Alpha Olefin

Product code : V1161, V1321

Synonyms : Alpha C14-C16 olefin blend

CAS-No. : 1120-36-1

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Use as an intermediate in industrial chemicals manufacture.

Restrictions on use : This product must not be used in applications other than the

above without first seeking the advice of the supplier.

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Supplier

SHELL EASTERN CHEMICALS (S)

A REGISTERED BUSINESS OF SHELL EASTERN

TRADING (PTE) LTD (UEN:198902087C)

9 North Buona Vista Drive, #07-01

The Metropolis Tower 1 Singapore 138588

Singapore

Telephone

Telefax

Contact for Safety Data

Sheet

Emergency telephone

number

Other information : NEODENE is a trademark owned by Shell Trademark

Management B.V. and Shell Brands Inc. and used by affiliates

of Shell plc.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Aspiration hazard : Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word : Danger

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Hazard statements : PHYSICAL HAZARDS:

Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria.

HEALTH HAZARDS:

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:

Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria.

Precautionary statements

Prevention:

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON

CENTER/ doctor.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents and container to appropriate waste

site or reclaimer in accordance with local and national

regulations.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

This material is a static accumulator. Even with proper grounding and bonding, this material can still accumulate an electrostatic charge. If sufficient charge is allowed to accumulate, electrostatic discharge and ignition of flammable air-vapour mixtures can occur. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

NFPA Rating (Health, Fire, : 1, 1, 0

Reactivity)

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	Common Name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
1-Tetradecene	tetradec-1- ene	1120-36-1	>= 60 - <= 70
1-Hexadecene	hexadec-1- ene	629-73-2	>= 30 - <= 40

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4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

General advice : Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal

conditions.

In case of eye contact : Flush eye with copious quantities of water.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.

In case of skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing. Immediately flush skin with

> large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes, and follow by washing with soap and water if available. If redness, swelling, pain and/or blisters occur, transport to the nearest medical

facility for additional treatment.

If inhaled No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use.

If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.

If swallowed : Call emergency number for your location / facility.

If swallowed, do not induce vomiting: transport to nearest medical facility for additional treatment. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration. If any of the following delayed signs and symptoms appear within the next 6 hours, transport to the nearest medical facility: fever greater than 101° F (38.3°C), shortness of breath, chest congestion or continued coughing or wheezing.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

: Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal conditions of use.

Possible respiratory irritation signs and symptoms may include

a temporary burning sensation of the nose and throat,

coughing, and/or difficulty breathing.

Skin irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning

sensation, redness, or swelling.

No specific hazards under normal use conditions.

Eye irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning

sensation, redness, swelling, and/or blurred vision.

If any of the following delayed signs and symptoms appear within the next 6 hours, transport to the nearest medical facility: fever greater than 101° F (38.3°C), shortness of breath, chest congestion or continued coughing or wheezing.

The onset of respiratory symptoms may be delayed for several hours after exposure.

If material enters lungs, signs and symptoms may include coughing, choking, wheezing, difficulty in breathing, chest

congestion, shortness of breath, and/or fever.

Defatting dermatitis signs and symptoms may include a burning sensation and/or a dried/cracked appearance.

Protection of first-aiders : When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the

appropriate personal protective equipment according to the

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incident, injury and surroundings.

Notes to physician : Call a doctor or poison control center for guidance.

Potential for chemical pneumonitis.

Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable and unsuitable extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon

dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water in a jet.

Specific hazards during

firefighting

: Clear fire area of all non-emergency personnel.

Hazardous combustion products may include:

A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and

gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide.

Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.

Flammable vapours may be present even at temperatures

below the flash point.

The vapour is heavier than air, spreads along the ground and

distant ignition is possible.

Will float and can be reignited on surface water.

Specific extinguishing

methods

: Standard procedure for chemical fires.

Keep adjacent containers cool by spraying with water.

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

: Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in

a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to

relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : Observe all relevant local and international regulations. Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the

environment occurs or is likely to occur.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

: Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Isolate hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary or

unprotected personnel.

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> Do not breathe fumes, vapour. Do not operate electrical equipment.

Shut off leaks, if possible without personal risks. Remove all **Environmental precautions**

possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. Attempt to disperse the vapour or to direct its flow to

a safe location for example by using fog sprays. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment.

Monitor area with combustible gas indicator.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up : For small liquid spills (< 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means to a labeled, sealable container for product recovery or safe disposal. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove

contaminated soil and dispose of safely.

For large liquid spills (> 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank for recovery or safe disposal. Do not flush away residues with water. Retain as contaminated waste. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely

Ventilate contaminated area thoroughly.

If contamination of site occurs remediation may require

specialist advice.

Additional advice : For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment

see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.

For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of

this Safety Data Sheet.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

General Precautions : Avoid breathing of or direct contact with material. Only use in

> well ventilated areas. Wash thoroughly after handling. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see

Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.

Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine

appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.

Ensure that all local regulations regarding handling and

storage facilities are followed.

: Extinguish any naked flames. Do not smoke. Remove ignition Advice on safe handling

sources. Avoid sparks.

Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of

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Version 2.7 vapours, mists or aerosols.

Bulk storage tanks should be diked (bunded).

When using do not eat or drink.

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors.

Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing (except for

protective clothing) at all times.

The vapour is heavier than air, spreads along the ground and

distant ignition is possible.

Avoidance of contact : Strong oxidising agents.

Product Transfer : Even with proper grounding and bonding, this material can still

> accumulate an electrostatic charge. If sufficient charge is allowed to accumulate, electrostatic discharge and ignition of flammable air-vapour mixtures can occur. Be aware of handling operations that may give rise to additional hazards that result from the accumulation of static charges. These include but are not limited to pumping (especially turbulent flow), mixing, filtering, splash filling, cleaning and filling of tanks and containers, sampling, switch loading, gauging, vacuum truck operations, and mechanical movements. These activities may lead to static discharge e.g. spark formation. Restrict line velocity during pumping in order to avoid

generation of electrostatic discharge (≤ 1 m/s until fill pipe submerged to twice its diameter, then ≤ 7 m/s). Avoid splash filling. Do NOT use compressed air for filling, discharging, or

handling operations.

Refer to guidance under Handling section.

Safe storage methods (including conditions to be avoided)

: Refer to section 15 for any additional specific legislation Conditions for safe storage

covering the packaging and storage of this product.

Other data : Storage Temperature:

Ambient.

Bulk storage tanks should be diked (bunded).

Locate tanks away from heat and other sources of ignition. Cleaning, inspection and maintenance of storage tanks is a specialist operation, which requires the implementation of

strict procedures and precautions.

Must be stored in a diked (bunded) well- ventilated area, away from sunlight, ignition sources and other sources of heat. Keep away from aerosols, flammables, oxidizing agents, corrosives and from other flammable products which are not

harmful or toxic to man or to the environment.

Electrostatic charges will be generated during pumping. Electrostatic discharge may cause fire. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment

to reduce the risk.

The vapours in the head space of the storage vessel may lie

in the flammable/explosive range and hence may be

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	nammazie.	
Packaging material :	Suitable material: For containers, or container linings use mild steel, stainless steel., For container paints, use epoxy paint, zinc silicate paint. Unsuitable material: Avoid prolonged contact with natural, butyl or nitrile rubbers.	
Container Advice :	Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform near containers.	similar operations on or
Specific use(s) :	Not applicable	
	See additional references that provide safe handling practice for liquids that are determined to be static accumulators: American Petroleum Institute 2003 (Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning and Stray Currents National Fire Protection Agency 77 (Recommended Practice on Static Electricity). IEC/TS 60079-32-1: Electrostatic hazards, guidance	

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Engineering measures : The level of protection and types of controls necessary will

> vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances.

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Appropriate measures include:

Use sealed systems as far as possible.

Adequate explosion-proof ventilation to control airborne concentrations below the exposure guidelines/limits.

Local exhaust ventilation is recommended.

Firewater monitors and deluge systems are recommended.

Eye washes and showers for emergency use.

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

General Information:

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.

Personal protective equipment

Protective measures

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Respiratory protection : If engineering controls do not maintain airborne

concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are unsuitable (e.g. airborne concentrations are high, risk of oxygen deficiency, confined space) use appropriate positive pressure breathing apparatus.

Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an

appropriate combination of mask and filter.

If air-filtering respirators are suitable for conditions of use: Select a filter suitable for organic gases and vapours [Type A

boiling point >65°C (149°F)].

Eye protection : If material is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes,

protective eyewear is recommended.

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Hand protection Remarks

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: Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. Longer term protection: butylrubber Nitrile rubber gloves.

Incidental contact/Splash protection: Nitrile rubber gloves. For continuous contact we recommend gloves with breakthrough time of more than 240 minutes with preference for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. For shortterm/splash protection we recommend the same but recognize that suitable gloves offering this level of protection may not be available and in this case a lower breakthrough time maybe acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not a good predictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Glove thickness should be typically greater than 0.35 mm depending on the glove make and model. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended.

Skin and body protection

Skin protection is not required under normal conditions of use. For prolonged or repeated exposures use impervious clothing over parts of the body subject to exposure. If repeated and/or prolonged skin exposure to the substance is likely, then wear suitable gloves tested to relevant Standard, and provide employee skin care programmes.

Wear antistatic and flame-retardant clothing, if a local risk assessment deems it so.

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking and using the

Launder contaminated clothing before re-use.

Do not ingest. If swallowed, then seek immediate medical

assistance.

Environmental exposure controls

General advice

: Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing vapour.

Minimise release to the environment. An environmental assessment must be made to ensure compliance with local environmental legislation.

Information on accidental release measures are to be found in

section 6.

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9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : Liquid at room temperature.

Colour : Clear colourless Odour : Mild hydrocarbon Odour Threshold : Data not available Hq : Not applicable Melting / freezing point : -9 °C / 16 °F

Boiling point/boiling range : 238 - 289 °C / 460 - 552 °F

: 110 °C / 230 °F Flash point

Evaporation rate : Data not available Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable

Upper/Lower explosion limit

: Data not available Upper explosion limit Lower explosion limit : Data not available

: 6.9 Pa (38 °C / 100 °F) Vapour pressure

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : < 0.1 mg/l insoluble (25 °C / 77 °F)

Relative vapour density : Data not available : 0.778 (20 °C / 68 °F) Relative density Method: ASTM D4052

Density : ca. 778 kg/m3 (20 °C / 68 °F)

Method: ASTM D4052

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: 7.1 - 8.1

Method: Calculated value(s)

: 239 °C / 462 °F Auto-ignition temperature

: Data not available Decomposition temperature

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : 2.40 mPa.s (20 °C / 68 °F)

Method: ASTM D445

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: 2.1 mm2/s (40 °C / 104 °F) Viscosity, kinematic

Method: ASTM D445

3 mm2/s (20 °C / 68 °F) Method: ASTM D445

Explosive properties : Not classified

Oxidizing properties : Not applicable

Surface tension : Data not available

Conductivity : Low conductivity: < 100 pS/m

The conductivity of this material makes it a static

accumulator., A liquid is typically considered nonconductive if its conductivity is below 100 pS/m and is considered semiconductive if its conductivity is below 10,000 pS/m., Whether a liquid is nonconductive or semiconductive, the precautions are

the same., A number of factors, for example liquid temperature, presence of contaminants, and anti-static additives can greatly influence the conductivity of a liquid

Particle size : Data not available

Molecular weight : Data not available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical stability and possibility of hazardous reactions:

The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph. No hazardous reaction is expected when handled and stored according to provisions, Stable under normal

conditions of use.

Reacts with strong oxidising agents.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

In certain circumstances product can ignite due to static

electricity.

Incompatible materials : Strong oxidising agents.

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form

during normal storage.

Thermal decomposition is highly dependent on conditions. A

complex mixture of airborne solids, liquids and gases

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including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, sulphur oxides and unidentified organic compounds will be evolved when this material undergoes combustion or thermal or oxidative

degradation.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment : Information given is based on product testing, and/or similar

products, and/or components.

Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for

individual component(s).

Information on likely routes of

exposure

: Exposure may occur via inhalation, ingestion, skin absorption,

skin or eye contact, and accidental ingestion.

Health hazard information

Acute toxicity

Components:

1-Tetradecene:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 : > 5000 mg/kg

Remarks: Low toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute inhalation toxicity : Remarks: Low toxicity if inhaled.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 : > 5000 mg/kg

Remarks: Low toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

1-Hexadecene:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 : > 5000 mg/kg

Remarks: Low toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute inhalation toxicity : Remarks: Low toxicity if inhaled.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 : > 5000 mg/kg

Remarks: Low toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Components:

1-Tetradecene:

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Remarks: Causes mild skin irritation., Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

1-Hexadecene:

Remarks: Causes mild skin irritation., Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Components:

1-Tetradecene:

Remarks: Not irritating to eye.

1-Hexadecene:

Remarks: Not irritating to eye.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Components:

1-Tetradecene:

Remarks: Not a sensitiser.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

1-Hexadecene:

Remarks: Not a sensitiser.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Components:

1-Tetradecene:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

1-Hexadecene:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification	
1-Tetradecene	No carcinogenicity classification.	
1-Hexadecene	No carcinogenicity classification.	

Germ cell mutagenicity

Components:

1-Tetradecene:

: Remarks: Non mutagenic

1-Hexadecene:

: Remarks: Non mutagenic

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Reproductive toxicity

Components:

1-Tetradecene:

Remarks: Not a developmental toxicant., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met., Does not impair fertility.

1-Hexadecene:

Remarks: Not a developmental toxicant., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met., Does not impair fertility.

STOT - single exposure

Components:

1-Tetradecene:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

1-Hexadecene:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - repeated exposure

Components:

1-Tetradecene:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

1-Hexadecene:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration toxicity

Components:

1-Tetradecene:

Aspiration into the lungs when swallowed or vomited may cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.

1-Hexadecene:

Aspiration into the lungs when swallowed or vomited may cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.

Further information

Components:

1-Tetradecene:

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Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

1-Hexadecene:

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment : Incomplete ecotoxicological data are available for this product.

> The information given below is based partly on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products.

Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is

: Remarks: Not toxic at limit of water solubility:

: Remarks: Not toxic at limit of water solubility:

: Remarks: Not toxic at limit of water solubility:

: Remarks: Not toxic at limit of water solubility:

: Remarks: Not toxic at limit of water solubility:

: Remarks: Not toxic at limit of water solubility:

: Remarks: Not toxic at limit of water solubility:

: Remarks: Not toxic at limit of water solubility:

representative of the product as a whole, rather than for

individual component(s).

: Remarks: Data not available

Ecotoxicity

Components:

1-Tetradecene:

Toxicity to fish (Acute

toxicity)

Toxicity to crustacean (Acute

toxicity)

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants (Acute toxicity)

Toxicity to microorganisms

(Acute toxicity)

Toxicity to fish (Chronic

toxicity)

Toxicity to

crustacean(Chronic toxicity)

1-Hexadecene:

Toxicity to fish (Acute

toxicity)

Toxicity to crustacean (Acute

toxicity)

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity)

Toxicity to microorganisms

(Acute toxicity)

Toxicity to fish (Chronic

toxicity)

Toxicity to

crustacean(Chronic toxicity)

Persistence and degradability

Components:

1-Tetradecene:

Biodegradability : Remarks: Readily biodegradable.

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1-Hexadecene:

Biodegradability : Remarks: Readily biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water
Components:
1-Tetradecene:

: log Pow: 7.1 - 8.1Method: Calculated value(s)

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Has the potential to bioaccumulate.

1-Hexadecene:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Has the potential to bioaccumulate.

Mobility in soil

Components: 1-Tetradecene :

Mobility : Remarks: Floats on water., Adsorbs to soil and has low

mobility

1-Hexadecene:

Mobility : Remarks: Floats on water., Adsorbs to soil and has low

mobility

Other adverse effects

no data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : Recover or recycle if possible.

It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.

Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment.

Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water

Do not dispose of tank water bottoms by allowing them to drain into the ground. This will result in soil and groundwater

contamination.

Waste arising from a spillage or tank cleaning should be disposed of in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be

established beforehand.

Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.

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Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional,

national, and local laws and regulations.

Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or

national requirements and must be complied with.

MARPOL - see International Convention for the Prevention of

Pollution from Ships (MARPOL 73/78) which provides technical aspects at controlling pollutions from ships.

Contaminated packaging : Drain container thoroughly.

After draining, vent in a safe place away from sparks and fire. Residues may cause an explosion hazard. Do not puncture,

cut or weld uncleaned drums.

Send to drum recoverer or metal reclaimer.

Comply with any local recovery or waste disposal regulations.

Disposal considerations

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

National Regulations

Refer to section 15 for specific national regulation.

International Regulations

ADR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Pollution category : Y Ship type : 2

Product name : Olefins, (C13+, all isomers)

Special precautions for user

Remarks : Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage,

for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or

needs to comply with in connection with transport.

Additional Information: This product may be transported under nitrogen blanketing.

Nitrogen is an odourless and invisible gas. Exposure to nitrogen enriched atmospheres displaces available oxygen which may cause asphyxiation or death. Personnel must observe strict safety precautions when involved with a

confined space entry.

In accordance with Occupational Safety and Health Act's Standard of Classification and Labelling of Chemical Substances and MSDS

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15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

National regulatory information

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

	1
INDUSTRY SAFETY & HEALTH ACT:	Hazardous substances prohibited from
	manufacturing, etc., Not applicable
	Hazardous substances subject to authorization,
	Not applicable
	Hazardous substances subject to control, Not
	applicable
	Substances established for exposure limits, Not
	applicable
	иррноиме
	Hozordous foster subject to keep below
	Hazardous factor subject to keep below
	permissible limit, Not applicable
	Hazardous Factors Subject to Working
	Environment Monitoring, Not applicable
	Hazardous Factors Subject to Special Medical
	Examination, Not applicable
CHEMICALS CONTROL ACT:	Toxic chemical substances, Not applicable
	Authorization chemical substances, Not
	applicable
	, sppoa
	Restricted chemical substances, Not applicable
	Restricted chemical substances, Not applicable
	Prohibited chemical substances, Not applicable
	Accident precaution chemical substance, Not
	applicable
DANGEROUS GOODS SAFE CONTROL	Category/Classification of dangerous material:,
ACT:	Category 4 Dangerous Goods (Flammable
	Liquids), Grade 3 petroleum chemicals
	•
WASTES MANAGEMENT ACT:	Treat with Article 4/5/24/25 of Disposal
THE TOTAL OF THE PARTY OF THE P	Considerations Section.
	Considerations Costion.

In accordance with Occupational Safety and Health Act's Standard of Classification and Labelling of Chemical Substances and MSDS

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Other requirements in domestic and other countries

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AIIC : Listed

DSL : Listed

TSCA Listed

PICCS : Listed

ENCS : Listed

IECSC : Listed

KECI : Listed

TCSI : Listed

NZIoC : Listed

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations

Aspiration hazard Asp. Tox.

Abbreviations and Acronyms

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO -International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO -International Organisation for Standardization: KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory: LC50 -Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC -New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and

In accordance with Occupational Safety and Health Act's Standard of Classification and Labelling of Chemical Substances and MSDS

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Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals: SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG -Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

Further information

Training advice : Provide adequate information, instruction and training for

operators.

Sources of key data used to

compile the Safety Data

Sheet

: The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU

IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).

: 2010.06.28 Issuing date

Revision number and date

Number of Revision : 2.7

: 2023.11.01 Revision Date

Other information : A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment

from the previous version.

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