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BC Para-xylene

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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : BC Para-xylene

Product code : Q9272

Registration number EU : 01-2119484661-33-0004, 01-2119484661-33-0005, 01-

2119484661-33-0007

: 1,4-dimethylbenzene, p-Xylene Synonyms

CAS-No. : 106-42-3

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Sub-: Raw material for use in the chemical industry.

stance/Mixture Please refer to section 16 and/or the annexes for the regis-

tered uses under REACH.

: This product must not be used in applications other than the Uses advised against

above without first seeking the advice of the supplier.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier : Shell Chemicals Europe B.V.

> PO Box 2334 3000 CH Rotterdam

Netherlands

: +31 (0)10 441 5137 / +31 (0)10 441 5191 Telephone : +31 (0)20 716 8316 / +31 (0)20 713 9230 Telefax

Contact for Safety Data : sccmsds@shell.com

Sheet

1.4 Emergency telephone number

+44 (0) 1235 239 670

Nationaal Vergiftigingen Informatie Centrum (NVIC): Tel. nr. +31(0)88 755 8000 (24 uur per dag en 7 dagen per week).

(Uitsluitend bestemd om artsen te informeren bij accidentele vergiftigingen).

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Flammable liquids, Category 3 H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters air-Aspiration hazard, Category 1

ways.

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Acute toxicity, Category 4, Dermal H312: Harmful in contact with skin.

Skin irritation, Category 2 H315: Causes skin irritation.

Eye irritation, Category 2 H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

Acute toxicity, Category 4, Inhalation H332: Harmful if inhaled.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3, respiratory tract irri-

tation

H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Cat-

egory 3

H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting ef-

fects.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms :







Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : PHYSICAL HAZARDS:

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

HEALTH HAZARDS:

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements : Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open

flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protec-

tion/ face protection.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

Response:

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or show-

ار. م

P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extin-

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guish.

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON

CENTER/ doctor.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/

attention.

Storage:

No precautionary phrases.

Disposal:

No precautionary phrases.

2.3 Other hazards

Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

May form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

This material is a static accumulator.

Even with proper grounding and bonding, this material can still accumulate an electrostatic charge.

If sufficient charge is allowed to accumulate, electrostatic discharge and ignition of flammable airvapour mixtures can occur.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
p-xylene	106-42-3 203-396-5	>= 99,7

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal

conditions.

Protection of first-aiders : When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the

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appropriate personal protective equipment according to the

incident, injury and surroundings.

If inhaled : Call emergency number for your location / facility.

Remove to fresh air. Do not attempt to rescue the victim unless proper respiratory protection is worn. If the victim has difficulty breathing or tightness of the chest, is dizzy, vomiting, or unresponsive, give 100% oxygen with rescue breathing or Cardio-Pulmonary Resuscitation as required and transport to

the nearest medical facility.

In case of skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing. Immediately flush skin with

large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes, and follow by washing with soap and water if available. If needed, transport

to the nearest medical facility for additional treatment.

In case of eye contact : Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

rinsing.

Transport to the nearest medical facility for additional treat-

ment.

If swallowed : Call emergency number for your location / facility.

If swallowed, do not induce vomiting: transport to nearest medical facility for additional treatment. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration. If any of the following delayed signs and symptoms appear within the next 6 hours, transport to the nearest medical facility: fever greater than 101° F (38.3°C), shortness of breath, chest congestion or continued coughing or wheezing.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms

Respiratory irritation signs and symptoms may include a temporary burning sensation of the nose and throat, coughing, and/or difficulty breathing.

Skin irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning sen-

sation, redness, swelling, and/or blisters.

Eye irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning sen-

sation, redness, swelling, and/or blurred vision.

Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea. If any of the following delayed signs and symptoms appear within the next 6 hours, transport to the nearest medical facility: fever greater than 101° F (38.3°C), shortness of breath, chest congestion or continued coughing or wheezing. If material enters lungs, signs and symptoms may include coughing, choking, wheezing, difficulty in breathing, chest

congestion, shortness of breath, and/or fever.

Auditory system effects may include temporary hearing loss

and/or ringing in the ears.

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4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : IMMEDIATE TREATMENT IS EXTREMELY IMPORTANT!

Call a doctor or poison control center for guidance.

Potential for chemical pneumonitis.

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon diox-

ide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water in a jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

Clear fire area of all non-emergency personnel. Hazardous combustion products may include:

A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and

gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide.

Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.

Flammable vapours may be present even at temperatures

below the flash point.

The vapour is heavier than air, spreads along the ground and

distant ignition is possible.

Will float and can be reignited on surface water.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment:

for firefighters

Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to

relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Standard procedure for chemical fires.

Further information : Keep adjacent containers cool by spraying with water.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Observe all relevant local and international regulations.

Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the

environment occurs or is likely to occur.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

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cannot be contained.

6.1.1 For non emergency personnel: Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Isolate hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary or unpro-

tected personnel.

Do not breathe fumes, vapour. Do not operate electrical equipment. 6.1.2 For emergency responders:

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Isolate hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary or unpro-

tected personnel.

Do not breathe fumes, vapour. Do not operate electrical equipment.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions

Shut off leaks, if possible without personal risks. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. Attempt to disperse the vapour or to direct its flow to a safe location for example by using fog sprays. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment.

Monitor area with combustible gas indicator.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

For small liquid spills (< 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means to a labeled, sealable container for product recovery or safe disposal. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely.

For large liquid spills (> 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank for recovery or safe disposal. Do not flush away residues with water. Retain as contaminated waste. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely

Ventilate contaminated area thoroughly.

If contamination of site occurs remediation may require spe-

cialist advice.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet., For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

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Technical measures : Avoid breathing of or direct contact with material. Only use in

well ventilated areas. Wash thoroughly after handling. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see

Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.

Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this

material.

Ensure that all local regulations regarding handling and stor-

age facilities are followed.

Advice on safe handling : Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Extinguish any naked flames. Do not smoke. Remove ignition

sources. Avoid sparks.

Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of

vapours, mists or aerosols.

Bulk storage tanks should be diked (bunded).

When using do not eat or drink.

The vapour is heavier than air, spreads along the ground and

distant ignition is possible.

Product Transfer : Even with proper grounding and bonding, this material can still

accumulate an electrostatic charge. If sufficient charge is allowed to accumulate, electrostatic discharge and ignition of flammable air-vapour mixtures can occur. Be aware of handling operations that may give rise to additional hazards that result from the accumulation of static charges. These include but are not limited to pumping (especially turbulent flow), mixing, filtering, splash filling, cleaning and filling of tanks and containers, sampling, switch loading, gauging, vacuum truck operations, and mechanical movements. These activities may lead to static discharge e.g. spark formation. Restrict line velocity during pumping in order to avoid generation of electrostatic discharge (≤ 1 m/s until fill pipe submerged to twice its diameter, then ≤ 7 m/s). Avoid splash filling. Do NOT use compressed air for filling, discharging, or handling operations.

Refer to guidance under Handling section.

Hygiene measures : Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking and using the

toilet. Launder contaminated clothing before re-use. Do not ingest. If swallowed, then seek immediate medical assistance.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

Refer to section 15 for any additional specific legislation cov-

ering the packaging and storage of this product.

Further information on stor-

age stability

Storage Temperature:

Ambient.

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Bulk storage tanks should be diked (bunded).

Locate tanks away from heat and other sources of ignition. Cleaning, inspection and maintenance of storage tanks is a specialist operation, which requires the implementation of strict procedures and precautions.

Must be stored in a diked (bunded) well- ventilated area, away from sunlight, ignition sources and other sources of heat. Keep away from aerosols, flammables, oxidizing agents, corrosives and from other flammable products which are not harmful or toxic to man or to the environment.

Electrostatic charges will be generated during pumping. Electrostatic discharge may cause fire. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment to reduce the risk.

The vapours in the head space of the storage vessel may lie in the flammable/explosive range and hence may be flamma-

ble.

Packaging material Suitable material: For containers, or container linings use mild

steel, stainless steel., For container paints, use epoxy paint,

zinc silicate paint.

Unsuitable material: Avoid prolonged contact with natural,

butyl or nitrile rubbers.

Container Advice : Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or

near containers.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) Please refer to section 16 and/or the annexes for the regis-

tered uses under REACH.

See additional references that provide safe handling practices for liquids that are determined to be static accumulators: American Petroleum Institute 2003 (Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning and Stray Currents) or National Fire Protection Agency 77 (Recommended Practices

on Static Electricity).

IEC/TS 60079-32-1: Electrostatic hazards, guidance

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
p-xylene	106-42-3	TLV-8hr	47,5 ppm 210 mg/m3	NL WG
	Further inform	nation: Skin notation		
p-xylene		TLV-15 min	100 ppm 442 mg/m3	NL WG

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Further information: Skin notation

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health ef-	Value
			fects	
p-xylene	Workers	Inhalation	Acute systemic ef-	442 mg/m3
			fects	_
p-xylene	Workers	Dermal	Long-term systemic	3182 mg/kg
			effects	bw/day
p-xylene	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic	221 mg/m3
			effects	

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	Environmental Compartment	Value
p-xylene	Fresh water	0,25 mg/l
p-xylene	Sediment	14,33 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
p-xylene	Soil	2,41 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
p-xylene	Sewage treatment plant	5 mg/l

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures

Read in conjunction with the Exposure Scenario for your specific use contained in the Annex. The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential expo-

sure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include:

Use sealed systems as far as possible.

Adequate explosion-proof ventilation to control airborne concentrations below the exposure guidelines/limits.

Local exhaust ventilation is recommended.

Firewater monitors and deluge systems are recommended.

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

Eye washes and showers for emergency use.

General Information:

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.

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Personal protective equipment

Read in conjunction with the Exposure Scenario for your specific use contained in the Annex. The provided information is made in consideration of the PPE directive (Council Directive 89/686/EEC) and the CEN European Committee for Standardisation (CEN) standards.

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Eye protection : Wear goggles for use against liquids and gas.

Wear full face shield if splashes are likely to occur.

Approved to EU Standard EN166.

Hand protection

Remarks : Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of

gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. Longer term protection: Viton. Incidental contact/Splash protection: Nitrile rubber. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers.

Contaminated gloves should be replaced.

For continuous contact we recommend gloves with breakthrough time of more than 240 minutes with preference for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. For short-term/splash protection we recommend the same but recognize that suitable gloves offering this level of protection may not be available and in this case a lower breakthrough time maybe acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not a good predictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Glove thickness should be typically greater than 0.35 mm

depending on the glove make and model.

Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended.

Skin and body protection : Wear chemical resistant gloves/gauntlets and boots. Where

risk of splashing, also wear an apron.

Wear antistatic and flame-retardant clothing.

Respiratory protection : If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentra-

tions to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are unsuitable (e.g. airborne

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concentrations are high, risk of oxygen deficiency, confined space) use appropriate positive pressure breathing appa-

ratus.

Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appro-

priate combination of mask and filter.

If air-filtering respirators are suitable for conditions of use: Select a filter suitable for organic gases and vapours [Type A

boiling point > 65°C (149°F)] meeting EN14387.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid.

Colour : colourless

Odour : aromatic

Odour Threshold : Data not available

Melting point/freezing point : 13,2 °C

Boiling point/boiling range : 138 °C

Flammability

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable

Lower explosion limit and upper explosion limit / flammability limit

Upper explosion limit /

upper flammability limit

: 7 %(V)

Lower explosion limit /

Lower flammability limit

1 %(V)

Flash point : > 23 - 29 °C

Method: Abel

Auto-ignition temperature : > 500 °C

Decomposition temperature

Decomposition tempera-

Data not available

ture

pH : Not applicable

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : 0,65 mPa.s (20 °C)

Method: ASTM D445

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Viscosity, kinematic : 0,7 mm2/s (25 °C)

Method: ASTM D445

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : Data not available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 3,15

Vapour pressure : 1,167 kPa (25 °C)

Relative density : Data not available

Density : Typical 865 kg/m3 (15 °C)

Method: ASTM D4052

Relative vapour density : Data not available

Particle characteristics

Particle size : Data not available

9.2 Other information

Explosives : Classification Code: Not classified

Oxidizing properties : Not applicable

Evaporation rate : Data not available

Conductivity: < 100 pS/m, The conductivity of this material

makes it a static accumulator., A liquid is typically considered nonconductive if its conductivity is below 100 pS/m and is considered semi-conductive if its conductivity is below 10,000 pS/m., Whether a liquid is nonconductive or semiconductive, the precautions are the same., A number of factors, for example liquid temperature, presence of contaminants, and antistatic additives can greatly influence the conductivity of a liq-

uid

Surface tension : Data not available

Molecular weight : 106 g/mol

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.

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10.2 Chemical stability

No hazardous reaction is expected when handled and stored according to provisions Stable under normal conditions of use.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Reacts with strong oxidising agents.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

In certain circumstances product can ignite due to static elec-

tricity.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Strong oxidising agents.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form during normal storage.

Thermal decomposition is highly dependent on conditions. A complex mixture of airborne solids, liquids and gases including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, sulphur oxides and unidentified organic compounds will be evolved when this material undergoes combustion or thermal or oxidative degradation.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Information on likely routes of:

exposure

Inhalation is the primary route of exposure although absorption may occur through skin contact or following accidental

ingestion.

Acute toxicity

Components:

p-xylene:

Acute oral toxicity : LD 50 (Rat, male and female): > 2.000 mg/kg

Method: EC Directive 92/69/EEC B.1 Acute Toxicity (Oral)

Test substance: Mixed xylenes

Remarks: May be harmful if swallowed.

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC 50 (Rat, male and female): > 20 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Method: Other guideline method. Test substance: Mixed xylenes Remarks: Harmful if inhaled.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD 50 (Rabbit, male): > 2.000 mg/kg

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Method: Literature data Test substance: C8 aromatics

Remarks: Harmful in contact with skin.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Components:

p-xylene:

Species : Rabbit

Method : Tested according to Annex V of Directive 67/548/EEC.

Remarks : Causes skin irritation.

Prolonged/repeated contact may cause defatting of the skin

which can lead to dermatitis.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Components:

p-xylene:

Species : Rabbit

Method : Literature data
Test substance : C8 aromatics

Remarks : Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Components:

p-xylene:

Species : Mouse

Method : Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 429

Test substance : Mixed xylenes

Remarks : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Components:

p-xylene:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 471

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to Directive 67/548/EEC,

Annex V, B.10

Test substance: Mixed xylenes

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Genotoxicity in vivo : Species: Mouse

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Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline

474

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Species: Mouse

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test guideline

478

Test substance: Mixed xylenes

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity- As-

sessment

This product does not meet the criteria for classification in

categories 1A/1B.

Carcinogenicity

Components:

p-xylene:

Species : Rat, male and female

Application Route : Oral

Method : Test(s) equivalent or similar to Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex

V, B.32

Test substance : Mixed xylenes

Remarks : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

This product does not meet the criteria for classification in

categories 1A/1B.

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
p-xylene	No carcinogenicity classification.

Material	Other Carcinogenicity Classification
p-xylene	IARC: Group 3: Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans

Reproductive toxicity

Components:

p-xylene:

Effects on fertility : Species: Rat

Sex: male and female Application Route: Inhalation

Method: Acceptable non-standard method.

Test substance: Mixed xylenes

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

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are not met.

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

This product does not meet the criteria for classification in

categories 1A/1B.

STOT - single exposure

Components:

p-xylene:

Exposure routes : Inhalation

Target Organs : Respiratory Tract

Remarks : May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT - repeated exposure

Components:

p-xylene:

Remarks : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Central nervous system: repeated exposure affects the nerv-

ous system.

Effects were seen at high doses only.

Auditory system: prolonged and repeated exposures to high concentrations have resulted in hearing loss in rats. Solvent abuse and noise interaction in the work environment may

cause hearing loss.

Based on data from similar materials

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

p-xylene:

Species : Rat, male and female

Application Route : Oral

Method : Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 408

Test substance : Mixed xylenes

Target Organs : No specific target organs noted

Species : Rat, male Application Route : Inhalation Test atmosphere : vapour

Method : Literature data Test substance : Mixed xylenes

Target Organs : No specific target organs noted

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Aspiration toxicity

Components:

p-xylene:

Aspiration into the lungs when swallowed or vomited may cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.

11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components consid-

ered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at

levels of 0.1% or higher.

Further information

Product:

Remarks : Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representa-

tive of the product as a whole, rather than for individual com-

ponent(s).

Components:

p-xylene:

Remarks : Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory

frameworks may exist.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Components:

p-xylene:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 2,6 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Remarks: Toxic

 $LL/EL/IL50 > 1 \le 10 \text{ mg/l}$

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

IC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 3,6 mg/l

Exposure time: 24 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Remarks: Toxic

 $LL/EL/IL50 \ > 1 <= 10 \ mg/l$

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Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 2,2 mg/l

Exposure time: 73 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Toxic

 $LL/EL/IL50 > 1 \le 10 \text{ mg/l}$

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (Activated sludge, domestic waste): > 198 mg/l

Exposure time: 0,5 h

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 209

Remarks: Practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC: > 1,3 mg/l Exposure time: 56 d

Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)

Method: Other guideline method.

Remarks: NOEC/NOEL > 1.0 - <= 10 mg/l

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC: 1,57 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea) Method: OECD Test Guideline 211 Remarks: NOEC/NOEL > 1.0 - <= 10 mg/l

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Components:

p-xylene:

Biodegradability : Biodegradation: 87,8 %

Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F Remarks: Readily biodegradable.

Oxidises rapidly by photo-chemical reactions in air.

Remarks: Not Persistent per IMO criteria.

International Oil Pollution Compensation (IOPC) Fund definition: "A non-persistent oil is oil, which, at the time of shipment, consists of hydrocarbon fractions, (a) at least 50% of which, by volume, distills at a temperature of 340°C (645°F) and (b) at least 95% of which, by volume, distills at a temperature of 370°C (700°F) when tested by the ASTM Method D-86/78 or any subsequent revision

thereof."

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

p-xylene:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)

Exposure time: 56 d

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Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 25,9 Method: Other guideline method.

Remarks: Does not bioaccumulate significantly.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Components:

p-xylene:

Mobility : Remarks: Floats on water., If it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil

particles and will not be mobile.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Components:

p-xylene:

Assessment : The substance does not fulfill all screening criteria for persis-

tence, bioaccumulation and toxicity and hence is not consid-

ered to be PBT or vPvB..

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to

have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Product:

Additional ecological infor-

mation

Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : Recover or recycle if possible.

It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal meth-

ods in compliance with applicable regulations.

Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water

courses.

Do not dispose of tank water bottoms by allowing them to drain into the ground. This will result in soil and groundwater

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contamination.

Waste arising from a spillage or tank cleaning should be disposed of in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand.

Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional,

national, and local laws and regulations.

Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements and must be complied with.

MARPOL - see International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL 73/78) which provides tech-

nical aspects at controlling pollutions from ships.

Contaminated packaging Drain container thoroughly.

After draining, vent in a safe place away from sparks and fire.

Residues may cause an explosion hazard. Do not puncture,

cut or weld uncleaned drums.

Send to drum recoverer or metal reclaimer.

Comply with any local recovery or waste disposal regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number or ID number

ADN : 1307 **ADR** 1307 1307 RID **IMDG** 1307 **IATA** : 1307

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADN : XYLENES **ADR XYLENES RID** : XYLENES **IMDG XYLENES**

IATA : XYLENES

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADN : 3 **ADR** 3 **RID** 3 **IMDG** 3

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IATA : 3

14.4 Packing group

ADN

Packing group : III
Classification Code : F1
Hazard Identification Number : 30
Labels : 3 (N2)

CDNI Inland Water Waste : NST 8392 Paraxylene

Agreement

ADR

Packing group : III
Classification Code : F1
Hazard Identification Number : 30
Labels : 3

RID

Packing group : III
Classification Code : F1
Hazard Identification Number : 30
Labels : 3

IMDG

Packing group : III Labels : 3

IATA

Packing group : III Labels : 3

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADN

Environmentally hazardous : yes

ADR

Environmentally hazardous : no

RID

Environmentally hazardous : no

IMDG

Marine pollutant : no

14.6 Special precautions for user

Remarks : Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage,

for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or

needs to comply with in connection with transport.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Pollution category : Y Ship type : 2

Product name : Xylenes

Additional Information: This product may be transported under nitrogen blanketing.

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Nitrogen is an odourless and invisible gas. Exposure to nitrogen enriched atmospheres displaces available oxygen which may cause asphyxiation or death. Personnel must observe strict safety precautions when involved with a confined space entry.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation : Product is not subject to Authorisation under REACH.

P5c

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation (Article 59).

: This product does not contain substances of very high concern (Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH), Article 57).

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS

Other regulations:

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

Product is subject to Major accident risk decision 2015 (BRZO+) based on Seveso III directive (2012/18/EU).

Product meets one or more criteria set for the Dutch list of 'substances of concern' (zeer zorgwekkende stoffen (ZZS)).

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AIIC : Listed

DSL : Listed

IECSC : Listed

ENCS : Listed

KECI : Listed

NZIoC : Listed

PICCS : Listed

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TSCA : Listed

TCSI : Listed

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of other abbreviations

NL WG : Netherlands. Law on Labour conditions - Occupational Expo-

sure Limits

NL WG / TLV-8hr : Time Weighted Average NL WG / TLV-15 min : Short Term Exposure Limit

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA -European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI -Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information

Training advice : Provide adequate information, instruction and training for op-

erators.

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Other information : For Industry guidance and tools on REACH please visit the

CEFIC website at http://cefic.org/Industry-support.

The substance does not fulfill all screening criteria for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity and hence is not consid-

ered to be PBT or vPvB.

A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.

This product is classified as H304 (May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways). The risk relates to potential for aspiration. The risk arising from aspiration hazard is solely related to the physico-chemical properties of the substance. The risk can therefore be controlled by implementing risk management measures tailored to this specific hazard and included within Section 8 of the SDS. An exposure scenario is not presented.

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data

Sheet

The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).

Classification	of the	mixture:
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Classification procedure:

Flam. Liq. 3	H226	On basis of test data.
Asp. Tox. 1	H304	Expert judgement and weight of evidence determination.
Acute Tox. 4	H312	Expert judgement and weight of evidence determination.
Skin Irrit. 2	H315	Expert judgement and weight of evidence determination.
Eye Irrit. 2	H319	Expert judgement and weight of evidence determination.
Acute Tox. 4	H332	Expert judgement and weight of evidence determination.
STOT SE 3	H335	Expert judgement and weight of evidence determination.
Aquatic Chronic 3	H412	Expert judgement and weight of evidence determination.

Identified Uses according to the Use Descriptor System

Uses - Worker

Title : Manufacture of substance- Industrial

Uses - Worker

Title : Use as an intermediate- Industrial

Uses - Worker

Title : Distribution of substance- Industrial

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Uses - Worker

Title : Formulation & (re)packing of substances and mixtures- Indus-

trial

Uses - Worker

Title : Uses in Coatings- Industrial

Uses - Worker

Title : Uses in Coatings- Professional

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

NL / EN

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

2000000000000	-
30000000469	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Manufacture of substance- Industrial
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU3, SU8, SU9 Process Categories: PROC 1, PROC 2, PROC 3, PROC 4, PROC 8a, PROC 8b, PROC 15 Environmental Release Categories: ERC1, ERC4, ESVOC SpERC 1.1.v1
Scope of process	Manufacture of the substance or use as a process chemical or extraction agent. Includes recycling/ recovery, material transfers, storage, maintenance and loading (including marine vessel/barge, road/rail car and bulk container), sampling and associated laboratory activities.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES	
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure 0.5 - 10 kPa at STP	
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).,	
Frequency and Duration of	Use	
Covers daily exposures up to	8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Other Operational Conditio		
	n 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently).	
Assumes a good basic stand	ard of occupational hygiene is implemented.	
Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures	
General measures (skin irritants).	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop. Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.	
General measures (eye irritants).	Use suitable eye protection. Avoid direct eye contact with product, also via contamination on hands.	
General exposures (closed	No other specific measures identified.	

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systems)			
General exposures (closed	No other specific measures identified.		
systems)with sample col-	No other specific measures identified.		
lectionGeneral measures			
(skin irritants).			
General exposures (closed	No other specific measures identified.		
systems)Use in contained	Two other specific measures identified.		
batch processes			
General exposures (open	No other specific measures identified.		
systems)Batch processwith	The carrier opening in case is a common		
sample collection			
Process sampling	Provide a good standard of general or co	ontrolled ventilation (5	
γ 3	to 15 air changes per hour).	(2	
	, or:		
	Avoid carrying out activities involving exp	oosure for more than	
	1 hour.		
Laboratory activities	No other specific measures identified.		
Bulk transfers(open sys-	Provide a good standard of general or co	entrolled ventilation (5	
tems)with potential for aer-	to 15 air changes per hour).	ontrolled ventilation (5	
osol generation.	, ,		
Osoi generation.	, or: Avoid carrying out activities involving exp	ocure for more than	
	1 hour.	bosare for more than	
	T Hour.		
Bulk transfers(closed sys-	Provide a good standard of general or co	ontrolled ventilation (5	
tems)	to 15 air changes per hour).	,	
·	, or:		
	Avoid carrying out activities involving exp	oosure for more than	
	1 hour.		
Equipment cleaning and	Drain down system prior to equipment of	pening or mainte-	
maintenance	nance.	ooning or mainto	
- Trainteriarios	That is on the same of the sam		
Storage.General measures	No other specific measures identified.		
(skin irritants).	·		
Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	1	
Substance is a unique structu	ure.		
Readily biodegradable.			
Amounts Used			
Fraction of EU tonnage used		0,142	
Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year):		6,0E+05	
Fraction of Regional tonnage		1	
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year):		6,0E+05	
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day):		2,0E+06	
Frequency and Duration of	Use		
Emission Days (days/year):		300	
	influenced by risk management		
Local freshwater dilution factor:		40	
Local marine water dilution factor:		100	
Other Operational Condition	ns affecting Environmental Exposure		

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Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM):	5,0E-03
Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to	3,0E-03
RMM):	
Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM):	1,0E-04
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to pr	event release
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process re-	
lease estimates used.	
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit disch	arges, air emis-
sions and releases to soil	
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by wastewater treatment	
plant microbes.	
Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite	
wastewater.	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary	
wastewater treatment required.	
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)	90
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide	93,6
the required removal efficiency of >= (%)	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary	0
wastewater treatment required.	
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site	
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.	
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.	
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	lant
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage	93,6
treatment (%)	
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite	93,6
(domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following	6,4E+06
total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	10.000
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste fo	
During manufacturing no waste of the substance is generated.	
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	_
During manufacturing no waste of the substance is generated.	
2 string managed ining no waste of the substance to generated.	

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION
Section 3.1 - Health	
The ECETOC TRA tool has indicated.	been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise

Section 3.2 -Environment
Used EUSES model.

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE
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EXPOSURE SCENARIO

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 -Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org).

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

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30000000470	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Use as an intermediate- Industrial
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU3, SU8, SU9 Process Categories: PROC 1, PROC 2, PROC 3, PROC 4, PROC 8a, PROC 8b, PROC 15 Environmental Release Categories: ERC1, ERC4, ESVOC SpERC 6.1a.v1
Scope of process	Use of substance as an intermediate (not related to Strictly Controlled Conditions). Includes recycling/ recovery, material transfers, storage, sampling, associated laboratory activities, maintenance and loading (including marine vessel/barge, road/rail car and bulk container).

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure
Product Characteristics	
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure 0.5 - 10 kPa at STP
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).,
Frequency and Duration of	Use
Covers daily exposures up to	8 hours (unless stated differently).
Other Operational Conditio	
	n 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently).
Assumes a good basic stand	ard of occupational hygiene is implemented.
Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures
General measures (skin irritants).	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop. Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.
General measures (eye irritants).	Use suitable eye protection. Avoid direct eye contact with product, also via contamination on hands.
General exposures (closed	No other specific measures identified.

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systems)		
General exposures (closed	No other specific measures identified.	
systems)with sample col-	Two other specific measures identified.	
lectionGeneral measures		
(skin irritants).		
General exposures (closed	No other specific measures identified.	
systems)Use in contained	Two other specific measures identified.	
batch processes		
General exposures (open	No other specific measures identified.	
systems)Batch processwith	The carrier opening in case is a summous	
sample collection		
Process sampling	Provide a good standard of general or co	ontrolled ventilation (5
γ 3	to 15 air changes per hour).	(1
	, or:	
	Avoid carrying out activities involving exp	oosure for more than
	1 hour.	
Laboratory activities	No other specific measures identified.	
Bulk transfero(ones ave	Provide a good standard of coneral areas	entrolled ventilation /F
Bulk transfers(open systems)with potential for aer-	Provide a good standard of general or co	ontrolled ventilation (5
osol generation.	to 15 air changes per hour).	
osoi generation.	, or: Avoid carrying out activities involving exp	ocure for more than
	1 hour.	osure for more than
	Thous.	
Bulk transfers(closed sys-	Provide a good standard of general or co	ontrolled ventilation (5
tems)	to 15 air changes per hour).	,
,	, or:	
	Avoid carrying out activities involving exp	oosure for more than
	1 hour.	
Equipment cleaning and	Drain down system prior to equipment of	oning or mainte-
maintenance	nance.	bening of mainte-
maintenance	nance.	
Storage.General measures	No other specific measures identified.	
(skin irritants).		
Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
Substance is a unique structu	ure.	
Readily biodegradable.		
Amounts Used		
Fraction of EU tonnage used		0,1
Regional use tonnage (tonne		3,57E+05
Fraction of Regional tonnage		0,01
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/		3,57E+03
Maximum daily site tonnage		1,19E+04
Frequency and Duration of	Use	
Emission Days (days/year):		300
	influenced by risk management	
Local freshwater dilution fact		10
Local marine water dilution factor: 100		100
Other Operational Condition	ns affecting Environmental Exposure	

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Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM):	5,0E-03
Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to	3,0E-03
RMM):	
Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only):	1,0E-04
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to pro	event release
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process re-	
lease estimates used.	
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges and releases to soil	arges, air emis-
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by soil.	
Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite	
wastewater.	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary	
wastewater treatment required.	
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)	80
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide	93,6
the required removal efficiency of >= (%)	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary	0
wastewater treatment required.	
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site	
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.	
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.	
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	lant
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment (%)	93,6
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	93,6
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following	1,76E+04
total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	0.000
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d) 2.000	
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for	
This substance is consumed during use and no waste of substance is g	eneratea.
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	
This substance is consumed during use and no waste of substance is g	enerated.

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION
Section 3.1 - Health	
The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.	

Section 3.2 -Environment	
Used EUSES model.	

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE
	EXPOSURE SCENARIO

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Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org).

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

300000000471	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Distribution of substance- Industrial
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU3, SU8, SU9 Process Categories: PROC 1, PROC 2, PROC 3, PROC 4, PROC 8a, PROC 8b, PROC 9, PROC 15 Environmental Release Categories: ERC1, ERC2, ERC3, ERC4, ERC5, ERC6a, ERC6b, ERC 6C,, ERC7, ESVOC SpERC 1.1b.v1
Scope of process	Loading (including marine vessel/barge, rail/road car and IBC loading) and repacking (including drums and small packs) of substance, including its sampling, storage, unloading distribution and associated laboratory activities.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure
Product Characteristics	
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure 0.5 - 10 kPa at STP
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).,
Frequency and Duration of	Use
Covers daily exposures up to	8 hours (unless stated differently).
Other Operational Conditio	
	n 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently).
Assumes a good basic stand	ard of occupational hygiene is implemented.
Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures
General measures (skin irritants).	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop. Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.
General measures (eye irritants).	Use suitable eye protection. Avoid direct eye contact with product, also via contamination on hands.
General exposures (closed	No other specific measures identified.

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systems)			
General exposures (closed	No other specific measures identified.		
systems)with sample col-	The carrier opening in case is a summer.		
lectionGeneral measures			
(skin irritants).			
General exposures (closed	No other specific measures identified.		
systems)Use in contained	·		
batch processes			
General exposures (open	No other specific measures identified.		
systems)Batch processwith			
sample collection			
Process sampling	No other specific measures identified.		
Laboratory activities	No other specific measures identified.		
Bulk transfers(closed sys-	Ensure material transfers are under conta	ainment or extract	
tems)	ventilation.		
,	, or:		
	Operate activity away from sources of su	bstance emission or	
	release.		
Bulk transfers(open sys-	Ensure material transfers are under conta	ainment or extract	
tems)	ventilation.		
,	, or:		
	Operate activity away from sources of su	bstance emission or	
	release.		
Drum and small package	Fill containers/cans at dedicated filling po	oints supplied with	
filling	local extract ventilation.		
	Ensure material transfers are under containment or extract		
	ventilation.		
Equipment cleaning and	Drain down and flush system prior to equ	ipment opening or	
maintenance	maintenance.		
Storage.General measures	Store substance within a closed system.		
(skin irritants).	No other specific measures identified.		
,			
Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure		
Substance is a unique structu	ure.		
Readily biodegradable.			
Amounts Used		1	
Fraction of EU tonnage used in region:		0,142	
Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year):		6,0E+05	
Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally:		1	
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year):		6,0E+05	
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day):		2,0E+06	
Frequency and Duration of Use			
Emission Days (days/year): Environmental factors not influenced by risk management		300	
Environmental factors not influenced by risk management Local freshwater dilution factor:		10	
Local freshwater dilution factor:		1.0	

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Local marine water dilution factor:	100	
	100	
Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure	4.05.04	
Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM):	1,0E-04	
Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to RMM):	1,0E-05	
Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM):	1,0E-05	
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to pro	event release	
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.		
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharge sions and releases to soil	arges, air emis-	
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by soil.		
Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater.		
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary wastewater treatment required.		
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)	90	
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide	93,6	
the required removal efficiency of >= (%)	33,3	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary	0	
wastewater treatment required.		
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site		
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.		
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.		
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	lant	
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage	93.6	
treatment (%)	00,0	
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	93,6	
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following	5,25E+06	
total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)		
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.000	
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for		
External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable regulations.	local and/or regional	
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste		
External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable regulations.	local and/or regional	

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION	
Section 3.1 - Health		
The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.		

Section 3.2 -Environment	
Used EUSES model.	

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SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE
	EXPOSURE SCENARIO

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

30000000472	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Formulation & (re)packing of substances and mixtures- Industrial
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU3, SU10 Process Categories: PROC 1, PROC 2, PROC 3, PROC 4, PROC 5, PROC 8a, PROC 8b, PROC 9, PROC 14, PROC 15 Environmental Release Categories: ERC2, ESVOC SpERC 2.2.v1
Scope of process	Formulation, packing and re-packing of the substance and its mixtures in batch or continuous operations, including storage, materials transfers, mixing, tabletting, compression, pelletisation, extrusion, large and small scale packing, sampling, maintenance and associated laboratory activities.

O(1(-)M1	
Control of Worker Exposure	
Liquid, vapour pressure 0.5 - 10 kPa at STP	
Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).,	
Use	
8 hours (unless stated differently).	
ns affecting Exposure	
,	

Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures
General measures (skin irritants).	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop. Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.
General measures (eye irritants).	Use suitable eye protection. Avoid direct eye contact with product, also via contamination on hands.

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0	No other consideration	1
General exposures (closed	No other specific measures identified.	
systems)	No other consideration	
General exposures (closed	No other specific measures identified.	
systems) with sample col-		
lectionGeneral measures		
(skin irritants).	No other energic measures identified	
General exposures (closed	No other specific measures identified.	
systems)Use in contained		
batch processes	No other energic measures identified	
General exposures (open systems)Batch processwith	No other specific measures identified.	
sample collectionwith po-		
tential for aerosol genera-		
tion.		
Batch processes at elevat-	Provide a good standard of general or co	entrolled ventilation (5
ed temperatures	to 15 air changes per hour).	introlled veritilation (3
ed temperatures	to 13 all changes per flour).	
Process sampling	No other specific measures identified.	
Laboratory activities	No other specific measures identified.	
Laboratory dollvillos	The direct openine measures restrained.	
Bulk transfers	Provide a good standard of general venti	lation (not less than
	3 to 5 air changes per hour).	,
	,	
Mixing operations (open	Provide a good standard of general venti	lation (not less than
systems)with potential for	3 to 5 air changes per hour).	
aerosol generation.		
ManualTransfer	Provide a good standard of general venti	lation (not less than
from/pouring from contain-	3 to 5 air changes per hour).	
ers		
Drum/batch transfers	Provide a good standard of general venti	lation (not less than
	3 to 5 air changes per hour).	
Production or preparation	Provide a good standard of general venti	lation (not less than
or articles by tabletting,	3 to 5 air changes per hour).	
compression, extrusion or		
pelletisation	Describe a mand atom does of managed const	Unting for at large them.
Drum and small package	Provide a good standard of general venti	liation (not less than
filling	3 to 5 air changes per hour).	
Equipment cleaning and	Drain down and flush system prior to equ	lipment opening or
maintenance	maintenance.	
Storage.General measures	No other specific measures identified.	
(skin irritants).	•	
Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
Substance is a unique structu	ure.	
Readily biodegradable.		
Amounts Used		
Fraction of EU tonnage used	in region:	0,1
Regional use tonnage (tonne		7,0E+03
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Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally:	1
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year):	7,0E+03
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day):	2,3E+04
Frequency and Duration of Use	
Emission Days (days/year):	300
Environmental factors not influenced by risk management	
Local freshwater dilution factor:	10
Local marine water dilution factor:	100
Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure	
Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM):	2,5E-02
Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to RMM):	2,0E-03
Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM):	1,0E-04
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to pro	event release
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process re-	
lease estimates used.	
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges and releases to soil	arges, air emis-
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by soil.	
Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater.	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary	
wastewater treatment required.	
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)	0
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide	93,6
the required removal efficiency of >= (%)	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary wastewater treatment required.	0
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site	I.
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.	
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.	
,	
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	lant
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment (%)	93,6
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	93,6
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	2,16E+04
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.000
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for	
External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable regulations.	
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	
External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable	local and/or regional
regulations.	

SECTION 3 EXPOSURE ESTIMATION	SECTION 3
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Section 3.1 - Health

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Section 3.2 - Environment

Used EUSES model.

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE
	EXPOSURE SCENARIO

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

30000000473	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Uses in Coatings- Industrial
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU3 Process Categories: PROC 1, PROC 2, PROC 3, PROC 4, PROC 5, PROC 7, PROC 8a, PROC 8b, PROC 10, PROC 13, PROC 15 Environmental Release Categories: ERC4, ESVOC SpERC 4.3a.v1
Scope of process	Covers the use in coatings (paints, inks, adhesives, etc) including exposures during use (including materials receipt, storage, preparation and transfer from bulk and semi-bulk, application by spray, roller, spreader, dip, flow, fluidised bed on production lines and film formation) and equipment cleaning, maintenance and associated laboratory activities.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES	
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure 0.5 - 10 kPa at STP	
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).,	
Frequency and Duration o	f Use	
Covers daily exposures up t	o 8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Other Operational Condition	ons affecting Exposure	
	nan 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). dard of occupational hygiene is implemented.	
Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures	
General measures (skin	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas	

Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures
General measures (skin irritants).	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop. Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.
General measures (eye irritants).	Use suitable eye protection. Avoid direct eye contact with product, also via contamination on hands.

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(skin irritants).	No other specific measures identified.	
Storage.General measures	Store substance within a closed system.	
Equipment cleaning and maintenance	Drain down system prior to equipment opening or maintenance.	
Production or preparation or articles by tabletting, compression, extrusion or pelletisation	Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).	
Drum/batch transfersTrans- fer from/pouring from con- tainers	Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).	
Laboratory activities	No other specific measures identified.	
Dipping, immersion and pouring	Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).	
Roller, spreader, flow application	Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).	
Material transfers	Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).	
ManualSpraying	Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour). Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with Type A filter or better.	
Spraying (automatic/robotic)	Carry out in a vented booth provided with laminar airflow.	
Preparation of material for applicationMixing operations (open systems)	Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).	
Film formation - air drying	No other specific measures identified.	
Mixing operations (closed systems)General exposures (closed systems)	No other specific measures identified.	
Film formation - force dry- ing, stoving and other tech- nologies.	No other specific measures identified.	
General exposures (closed systems) with sample collectionUse in contained systems	No other specific measures identified.	
General exposures (closed systems)	No other specific measures identified.	

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Amounts Used	
Fraction of EU tonnage used in region:	0,1
<u> </u>	7,0E+03
Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year):	0,3
Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally:	
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year):	2,1E+03
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day):	7,0E+04
Frequency and Duration of Use	1 000
Emission Days (days/year):	300
Environmental factors not influenced by risk management	1.0
Local freshwater dilution factor:	10
Local marine water dilution factor:	100
Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure	T
Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM):	9,8E-02
Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to RMM):	7,0E-03
Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM):	0
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to pro	event release
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process re-	
lease estimates used.	
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discha-	arges, air emis-
sions and releases to soil	
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by soil.	
Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite	
wastewater.	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary	
wastewater treatment required.	
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)	90
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of >= (%)	93,6
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary	0
wastewater treatment required.	
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site	
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.	
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.	
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	lant
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage	93,6
treatment (%)	93,0
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite	93,6
	33,0
(domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%) Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following	2.575 + 0.4
total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	2,57E+04
	2.000
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d) Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for	I .
External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable regulations.	local and/or regional
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	
External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable	local and/or regional
regulations.	

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SECTION 3 EXPOSURE ESTIMATION

Section 3.1 - Health

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Section 3.2 - Environment

Used EUSES model.

SECTION 4 GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

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SECTION 2

irritants).

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

30000000474	174	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE	
Title	Uses in Coatings- Professional	
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU22 Process Categories: PROC 1, PROC 2, PROC 3, PROC 4, PROC 5, PROC 8a, PROC 8b, PROC 10, PROC 11, PROC 13, PROC 15, PROC 19 Environmental Release Categories: ERC8a, ERC8d, ESVOC SpERC 8.3b.v1	
Scope of process	Covers the use in coatings (paints, inks, adhesives, etc) including exposures during use (including materials receipt, storage, preparation and transfer from bulk and semi-bulk, application by spray, roller, brush, spreader by hand or similar methods, and film formation), and equipment cleaning, maintenance and associated laboratory activities.	

OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

Avoid direct eye contact with product, also via contamination

OLOTION 2	MEASURES
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure
Product Characteristics	•
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure 0.5 - 10 kPa at STP
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).,
Frequency and Duration of	of Use
	to 8 hours (unless stated differently).
Other Operational Conditions affecting Exposure Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.	
General measures (skin irritants).	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop. Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.
General measures (eye	Use suitable eye protection.
::t	A control alting at a consequent control and altinuation of a local control and a second and the action of

on hands.

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General exposures (closed systems)	No other specific measures identified.
Filling/ preparation of equipment from drums or containers.	No other specific measures identified.
General exposures (closed systems)Use in contained systems	No other specific measures identified.
Preparation of material for application	No other specific measures identified.
Film formation - air dry- ingOutdoor	Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors.
Film formation - air dry- ingIndoor	Provide a good standard of general ventilation. Natural ventilation is from doors, windows etc. Controlled ventilation means air is supplied or removed by a powered fan.
Preparation of material for applicationIndoor	Provide a good standard of general ventilation. Natural ventilation is from doors, windows etc. Controlled ventilation means air is supplied or removed by a powered fan. Avoid carrying out operation for more than 4 hours.
Preparation of material for applicationOutdoor	Avoid carrying out operation for more than 4 hours.
Material trans- fersDrum/batch trans- fersDedicated facility	Ensure material transfers are under containment or extract ventilation.
Material trans- fersDrum/batch trans- fersNon-dedicated facility	Use drum pumps or carefully pour from container.
Roller, spreader, flow applicationIndoor	Provide a good standard of general or controlled ventilation (5 to 15 air changes per hour).
Roller, spreader, flow applicationOutdoor	Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with Type A filter or better.
ManualSprayingIndoor	Carry out in a vented booth or extracted enclosure. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with Type A filter or better.
ManualSprayingOutdoor	Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with Type A filter or better.
Dipping, immersion and pouringIndoor	Provide extraction ventilation at points where emissions occur.
Dipping, immersion and pouringOutdoor	Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with Type A filter or better.

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Laboratory activities	No other specific measures identified.	
Hand application - finger- paints, pastels, adhe- sivesIndoor	aints, pastels, adhe- to 15 air changes per hour).	
Hand application - finger- paints, pastels, adhe- sivesOutdoor	Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors Avoid carrying out operation for more that	
Equipment cleaning and maintenance	Drain down system prior to equipment op nance.	pening or mainte-
Storage.General measures (skin irritants).	Store substance within a closed system.	
Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
Substance is a unique structu		
Readily biodegradable.		
Amounts Used		•
Fraction of EU tonnage used	in region:	0,1
Regional use tonnage (tonne		7,0E+03
Fraction of Regional tonnage		2,0E-03
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/		14
Maximum daily site tonnage		38,3
Frequency and Duration of		, -
Emission Days (days/year):		365
	influenced by risk management	1 000
Local freshwater dilution factor		10
Local marine water dilution fa		100
Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure		
		9,8E-01
	er from process (initial release prior to	1,0E-02
Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM): 1,0E-02		1.0E-02
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release		
	ss sites thus conservative process re-	
Technical onsite conditions sions and releases to soil	s and measures to reduce or limit disch	arges, air emis-
	osure is driven by freshwater.	
	lved substance to or recover from onsite	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary wastewater treatment required.		
	a typical removal efficiency of (%)	0
	r to receiving water discharge) to provide	93,6
	wage treatment plant, no secondary	0
	prevent/limit release from site	
Do not apply industrial sludge		
Sludge should be incinerated	, contained or reclaimed.	

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Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	lant
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment (%)	93,6
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	93,6
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	2,11
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.000

Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

	SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION
Section 3.1 - Health The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless other		
		een used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise

indicated.

Section 3.2 - Environment

Used EUSES model.

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO
Section 4.1 - Health	

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

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