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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : Raffinate 2 Product code : X2060

Registration number EU : 01-2119474696-22-0003, 01-2119474696-22-0004, 01-

2119474696-22-0005

Synonyms : mixture of n-butylenes and butane

CAS-No. : 95465-89-7

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Substance/Mixture

: Base chemical., Raw material for use in the chemical industry.

The substance/product is registered with strictly controlled

The substance/product is registered with strictly controlled conditions as defined in Article 18(4) of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH Regulation) and must therefore be han-

dled as such.

Uses advised against : This product must not be used in applications other than the

above without first seeking the advice of the supplier.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier : Shell Chemicals Europe B.V.

PO Box 2334 3000 CH Rotterdam

Netherlands

Telephone : +31 (0)10 441 5137 / +31 (0)10 441 5191 Telefax : +31 (0)20 716 8316 / +31 (0)20 713 9230

Contact for Safety Data : sccmsds@shell.com

Sheet

1.4 Emergency telephone number

+44 (0) 1235 239 670 (This telephone number is available 24 hours per day, 7 days per

week)

Numéro ORFILA (INRS): + 33 (0)1 45 42 59 59

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Flammable gases, Category 1A H220: Extremely flammable gas.

Gases under pressure, Liquefied gas H280: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if

heated.

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2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms





Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : PHYSICAL HAZARDS:

H220 Extremely flammable gas.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

HEALTH HAZARDS:

Not classified as a health hazard under CLP criteria.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:

Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS

criteria.

Precautionary statements : Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open

flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Response:

P377 Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be

stopped safely.

P381 Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

Storage:

P410 + P403 Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated

place.

Disposal:

No precautionary phrases.

2.3 Other hazards

The substance does not fulfill all screening criteria for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity and hence is not considered to be PBT or vPvB.

Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

This material is a static accumulator.

Even with proper grounding and bonding, this material can still accumulate an electrostatic

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charge.

If sufficient charge is allowed to accumulate, electrostatic discharge and ignition of flammable airvapour mixtures can occur.

This material is shipped under pressure.

Highly reactive.

May form explosive peroxides.

The vapour is heavier than air, spreads along the ground and distant ignition is possible.

May form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
	EC-No.	
Hydrocarbons, C4, 1,3-	95465-89-7	100
butadiene-and isobutene-	306-004-1	
free; Petroleum gas		

Further information

Contains:

Chemical name	Identification number	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
1,3-butadiene	106-99-0, 203-450- 8	Flam. Gas1A; H220 Press. GasLiquefied gas; H280 Muta.1B; H340 Carc.1A; H350	< 0,1

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal

conditions.

Protection of first-aiders : When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the

appropriate personal protective equipment according to the

incident, injury and surroundings.

If inhaled : Remove to fresh air. Do not attempt to rescue the victim un-

less proper respiratory protection is worn. If the victim has difficulty breathing or tightness of the chest, is dizzy, vomiting, or unresponsive, give 100% oxygen with rescue breathing or Cardio-Pulmonary Resuscitation as required and transport to

the nearest medical facility.

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In case of skin contact : Slowly warm the exposed area by rinsing with warm water.

Transport to the nearest medical facility for additional treat-

ment.

In case of eye contact : Slowly warm the exposed area by rinsing with warm water.

Transport to the nearest medical facility for additional treat-

ment.

If swallowed : In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities

are swallowed, however, get medical advice.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms : Respiratory irritation signs and symptoms may include a tem-

porary burning sensation of the nose and throat, coughing,

and/or difficulty breathing.

Breathing of high vapour concentrations may cause central nervous system (CNS) depression resulting in dizziness, lightheadedness, headache, nausea and loss of coordination. Continued inhalation may result in unconsciousness and

death.

Rapid release of gases which are liquids under pressure may cause frost burns of exposed tissues (skin, eye) due to evapo-

rative cooling.

No specific hazards under normal use conditions.

Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : IMMEDIATE TREATMENT IS EXTREMELY IMPORTANT!

Artificial respiration and/or oxygen may be necessary. Call a doctor or poison control center for guidance.

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Shut off supply. If not possible and no risk to surroundings, let

the fire burn itself out.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

Sustained fire attack on vessels may result in a Boiling Liquid Expanding Vapor Explosion (BLEVE).

The vapour is heavier than air, spreads along the ground and

distant ignition is possible.

Contents are under pressure and can explode when exposed

to heat or flames.

As the vapours become lighter than air, the vapours may reach ignition sources at ground or elevated locations.

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5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment :

for firefighters

Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to

relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Standard procedure for chemical fires.

Further information : Clear fire area of all non-emergency personnel.

Keep adjacent containers cool by spraying with water.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Observe all relevant local and international regulations.

Risk of explosion. Inform the emergency services if liquid en-

ters surface water drains.

Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the

environment occurs or is likely to occur.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

6.1.1 For non emergency personnel: Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Isolate hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary or unpro-

tected personnel.

Do not breathe fumes, vapour. Do not operate electrical equipment. 6.1.2 For emergency responders:

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Isolate hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary or unpro-

tected personnel.

Do not breathe fumes, vapour. Do not operate electrical equipment.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Shut off leaks, if possible without personal risks. Remove all

possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area and evacuate all personnel. Attempt to disperse the gas or to direct its flow to a safe location for example by using fog sprays. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all

equipment. Monitor area with combustible gas meter.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Allow to evaporate.

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Attempt to disperse the vapour or to direct its flow to a safe location, for example by using fog sprays. Otherwise treat as

for small spillage.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet., For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Technical measures : Avoid breathing of or direct contact with material. Only use in

well ventilated areas. Wash thoroughly after handling. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see

Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.

Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this

material.

Ensure that all local regulations regarding handling and stor-

age facilities are followed.

Advice on safe handling : Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of

vapours, mists or aerosols.

Bulk storage tanks should be diked (bunded).

Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning mate-

rials in order to prevent fires.

Electrostatic charges may be generated during pumping. Elec-

trostatic discharge may cause fire.

Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment. Restrict line velocity during pumping in

order to avoid generation of electrostatic discharge.

The vapour is heavier than air. Beware of accumulation in pits

and confined spaces.

Extinguish any naked flames. Do not smoke. Remove ignition

sources. Avoid sparks.

Product Transfer : Refer to guidance under Handling section.

Hygiene measures : Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking and using the

toilet. Launder contaminated clothing before re-use.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Further information on stor-

age stability

: Keep away from aerosols, flammables, oxidizing agents, corrosives and from products harmful or toxic to man or to the

environment.

Must be stored in a diked (bunded) well- ventilated area, away from sunlight, ignition sources and other sources of heat.

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Vapours from tanks should not be released to atmosphere. Breathing losses during storage should be controlled by a

suitable vapour treatment system.

Packaging material : Suitable material: For containers, or container linings use mild

steel, stainless steel.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : The substance/product is registered with strictly controlled

conditions as defined in Article 18(4) of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH Regulation) and must therefore be handled as such. Refer to the industry guidance prepared by Concawe/Cefic for advice on the demonstration of strictly con-

trolled conditions available from: http://cefic.org.

See additional references that provide safe handling practices for liquids that are determined to be static accumulators: American Petroleum Institute 2003 (Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning and Stray Currents) or National Fire Protection Agency 77 (Recommended Practices

on Static Electricity).

IEC/TS 60079-32-1: Electrostatic hazards, guidance

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

no data available

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name		Environmental Compartment	Value
Hydrocarbons, C4, 1,3	}-		
butadiene-and isobute	ne-free;		
Petroleum gas			
Remarks:	Exposure assessments have not been presented for the environment therefore PNEC values not required.		
	li le le lo le l	r NEC values not required.	

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures

Use sealed systems as far as possible.

Adequate explosion-proof ventilation to control airborne concentrations below the exposure guidelines/limits.

Local exhaust ventilation is recommended.

Firewater monitors and deluge systems are recommended.

Eye washes and showers for emergency use.

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The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include:

General Information:

Consider technical advances and process upgrades (including automation) for the elimination of releases. Minimise exposure using measures such as closed systems, dedicated facilities and suitable general/local exhaust ventilation. Drain down systems and clear transfer lines prior to breaking containment. Clean/flush equipment, where possible, prior to maintenance. Where there is potential for exposure: restrict access to authorised persons; provide specific activity training to operators to minimise exposures; wear suitable gloves and coveralls to prevent skin contamination; wear respiratory protection when there is potential for inhalation; clear up spills immediately and dispose of wastes safely. Ensure safe systems of work or equivalent arrangements are in place to manage risks. Regularly inspect, test and maintain all control measures. Consider the need for risk based health surveillance.

Personal protective equipment

The provided information is made in consideration of the PPE directive (Council Directive 89/686/EEC) and the CEN European Committee for Standardisation (CEN) standards.

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Eye protection : Wear goggles for use against liquids and gas, combined with

face shield with chin guard.

Approved to EU Standard EN166.

Hand protection

Remarks : Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of

gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. When prolonged or frequent repeated contact occurs. Viton. For incidental contact/splash protection - Neoprene rubber. If contact with liquefied product is possible or anticipated, gloves should be thermally insulated to prevent cold burns. For continuous contact we recommend gloves with breakthrough time of more than 240 minutes with preference for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. For short-term/splash protection we recommend the same but recognize that suitable gloves offering this level of protection may not be available and in this case a lower breakthrough time maybe acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not a good predictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Glove thickness should be typically greater than 0.35 mm depending on the glove make and model. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be re-

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> placed. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended.

Chemical and cryogenic gloves/gauntlets, boots, and apron. Skin and body protection

Wear antistatic and flame-retardant clothing.

Protective clothing approved to EU Standard EN14605.

Respiratory protection If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentra-

> tions to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are unsuitable (e.g. airborne concentrations are high, risk of oxygen deficiency, confined space) use appropriate positive pressure breathing appa-

ratus.

Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appro-

priate combination of mask and filter.

If air-filtering respirators are suitable for conditions of use:

Select a filter suitable for organic gases and vapours [Type

AX boiling point < 65°C (149°F)] meeting EN14387.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Liquefied gas

Colour colourless

Odour Hydrocarbon

Odour Threshold Data not available

-185 °C Melting / freezing point

Boiling point/boiling range -6 °C

Flammability

Flammability (solid, gas) Extremely flammable.

Lower explosion limit and upper explosion limit / flammability limit

Upper explosion limit / upper flammability limit 10 %(V)

Lower explosion limit /

: 1,6 %(V)

Lower flammability limit

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Flash point : < -70 °C

Auto-ignition temperature : estimated value(s) > 350 °C

Decomposition temperature

Decomposition tempera-

ture

Data not available

pH : Not applicable

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : Data not available

Viscosity, kinematic : Data not available

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : 220 mg/l slight

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 2,4

Vapour pressure : 73,4 kPa (20 °C)

Relative density : no data available

Density : 590 kg/m3 (20 °C)

Method: ASTM D4052

Relative vapour density : 1,94

Particle characteristics

Particle size : Data not available

9.2 Other information

Explosive properties : Not applicable

Oxidizing properties : Data not available

Evaporation rate : Data not available

Conductivity : Low conductivity: < 100 pS/m, The conductivity of this material

makes it a static accumulator., A liquid is typically considered nonconductive if its conductivity is below 100 pS/m and is considered semi-conductive if its conductivity is below 10,000 pS/m., Whether a liquid is nonconductive or semiconductive, the precautions are the same., A number of factors, for example liquid temperature, presence of contaminants, and antistatic additives can greatly influence the conductivity of a liq-

uid

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Surface tension : Data not available

Molecular weight : Not applicable

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Reacts violently with strong oxidising agents.

10.2 Chemical stability

Reacts with strong oxidising agents.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Stable under normal conditions of use.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames, and sparks.

Exposure to air.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Strong oxidising agents.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition is highly dependent on conditions. A complex mixture of airborne solids, liquids and gases including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, sulphur oxides and unidentified organic compounds will be evolved when this material undergoes combustion or thermal or oxidative degradation.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Information on likely routes of : Inhalation is the primary route of exposure although exposure

exposure may occur through skin or eye contact.

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC 50 (Rat, male): > 2.500 - 20.000 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: gas

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C4, 1,3-butadiene-and isobutene-free; Petroleum gas:

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Acute inhalation toxicity : LC 50 (Rat, male): > 2.500 - 20.000 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: gas

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 471

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline

473

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline

476

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Genotoxicity in vivo : Species: Mouse

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline

474

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity- As-

sessment

This product does not meet the criteria for classification in

categories 1A/1B.

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C4, 1,3-butadiene-and isobutene-free; Petroleum gas:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 471

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline

473

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline

476

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Genotoxicity in vivo : Species: Mouse

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline

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Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity- As-

sessment

This product does not meet the criteria for classification in

categories 1A/1B.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Species : Rat, male and female

Application Route : Inhalation

Method : Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 453
Remarks : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Species : Mouse, male and female

Application Route : Inhalation

Method : Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 453
Remarks : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

This product does not meet the criteria for classification in

categories 1A/1B.

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C4, 1,3-butadiene-and isobutene-free; Petroleum gas:

Species : Rat, male and female

Application Route : Inhalation

Method : Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 453
Remarks : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Species : Mouse, male and female

Application Route : Inhalation

Method : Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 453
Remarks : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

This product does not meet the criteria for classification in

categories 1A/1B.

I	Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
ı	Hydrocarbons, C4, 1,3- butadiene-and isobutene- free; Petroleum gas	No carcinogenicity classification.

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Effects on fertility : Species: Rat

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Sex: male and female Application Route: Inhalation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

This product does not meet the criteria for classification in

categories 1A/1B.

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C4, 1,3-butadiene-and isobutene-free; Petroleum gas:

Effects on fertility : Species: Rat

Sex: male and female Application Route: Inhalation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

This product does not meet the criteria for classification in

categories 1A/1B.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Inhalation of vapours or mists may cause irritation to the res-

piratory system.

High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression resulting in headaches, dizziness and nausea; con-

tinued inhalation may result in unconsciousness.

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C4, 1,3-butadiene-and isobutene-free; Petroleum gas:

Remarks : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Inhalation of vapours or mists may cause irritation to the res-

piratory system.

High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression resulting in headaches, dizziness and nausea; con-

tinued inhalation may result in unconsciousness.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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Components:

Hydrocarbons, C4, 1,3-butadiene-and isobutene-free; Petroleum gas:

Remarks : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Repeated dose toxicity

Product:

Species : Rat, male and female

Application Route : Inhalation Test atmosphere : vapour

Method : Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 453

Target Organs : No specific target organs noted

Species : Mouse, male and female

Application Route : Inhalation Test atmosphere : vapour

Method : Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 453

Target Organs : No specific target organs noted

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C4, 1,3-butadiene-and isobutene-free; Petroleum gas:

Species : Rat, male and female

Application Route : Inhalation Test atmosphere : vapour

Method : Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 453

Target Organs : No specific target organs noted

Species : Mouse, male and female

Application Route : Inhalation Test atmosphere : vapour

Method : Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 453

Target Organs : No specific target organs noted

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C4, 1,3-butadiene-and isobutene-free; Petroleum gas:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:

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Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components consid-

ered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at

levels of 0.1% or higher.

Further information

Product:

Remarks : Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory

frameworks may exist.

Remarks : Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representa-

tive of the product as a whole, rather than for individual com-

ponent(s).

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C4, 1,3-butadiene-and isobutene-free; Petroleum gas:

Remarks : Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory

frameworks may exist.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 : 19 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: Information given is based on data obtained from

similar substances. Remarks: Data not available

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

LC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): 11 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: Information given is based on data obtained from

similar substances. Remarks: Data not available

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EC50:7,7 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: Information given is based on data obtained from

similar substances. Remarks: Data not available

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

Remarks: Data not available

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

Remarks: Data not available

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ic toxicity)

Toxicity to microorganisms :

Remarks: Data not available

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C4, 1,3-butadiene-and isobutene-free; Petroleum gas:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 : 19 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: Information given is based on data obtained from

similar substances. Remarks: Data not available

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

LC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): 11 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: Information given is based on data obtained from

similar substances. Remarks: Data not available

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EC50: 7,7 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: Information given is based on data obtained from

similar substances.

Remarks: Data not available

Toxicity to microorganisms

Remarks: Data not available

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

Remarks: Data not available

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

Remarks: Data not available

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product:

Biodegradability : Biodegradation: 50 %

Exposure time: 3,5 d

Method: Based on quantitative structure-activity relationship

(QSAR) modelling

Remarks: Readily biodegradable.

Oxidises rapidly by photo-chemical reactions in air.

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C4, 1,3-butadiene-and isobutene-free; Petroleum gas:

Biodegradability : Biodegradation: 50 %

Exposure time: 3,5 d

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Method: Based on quantitative structure-activity relationship

(QSAR) modelling

Remarks: Readily biodegradable.

Oxidises rapidly by photo-chemical reactions in air.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Does not bioaccumulate significantly.

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C4, 1,3-butadiene-and isobutene-free; Petroleum gas:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Does not bioaccumulate significantly.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Product:

Mobility : Remarks: Because of their extreme volatility, air is the only

environmental compartment that hydrocarbon gases will be

found.

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C4, 1,3-butadiene-and isobutene-free; Petroleum gas:

Mobility : Remarks: Because of their extreme volatility, air is the only

environmental compartment that hydrocarbon gases will be

found.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product:

Assessment : The substance does not fulfill all screening criteria for persis-

tence, bioaccumulation and toxicity and hence is not consid-

ered to be PBT or vPvB..

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C4, 1,3-butadiene-and isobutene-free; Petroleum gas:

Assessment : The substance does not fulfill all screening criteria for persis-

tence, bioaccumulation and toxicity and hence is not consid-

ered to be PBT or vPvB..

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to

have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or

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Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Product:

Additional ecological information

In view of the high rate of loss from solution, the product is unlikely to pose a significant hazard to aquatic life.

Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C4, 1,3-butadiene-and isobutene-free; Petroleum gas:

Additional ecological information

: In view of the high rate of loss from solution, the product is unlikely to pose a significant hazard to aquatic life.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : Recover or recycle if possible.

It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.

ous in compliance with applicable regulations.

Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water

courses.

Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or

water.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional,

national, and local laws and regulations.

Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or na-

tional requirements and must be complied with.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number or ID number

ADN : 1965
ADR : 1965
RID : 1965
IMDG : 1965
IATA : 1965

14.2 UN proper shipping name

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ADN : HYDROCARBON GAS MIXTURE, LIQUEFIED, N.O.S.

(Mixture A)

ADR : HYDROCARBON GAS MIXTURE, LIQUEFIED, N.O.S.

(Mixture A)

RID : HYDROCARBON GAS MIXTURE, LIQUEFIED, N.O.S.

(Mixture A)

IMDG : HYDROCARBON GAS MIXTURE, LIQUEFIED, N.O.S.

(ISOBUTYLENE)

IATA : HYDROCARBON GAS MIXTURE, LIQUEFIED, N.O.S.

(ISOBUTYLENE)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADN : 2
ADR : 2
RID : 2
IMDG
IATA : 2.1

14.4 Packing group

ADN

Packing group : Not Assigned

Classification Code : 2F Hazard Identification Number : 23 Labels : 2.1

CDNI Inland Water Waste : NST 3303 Hydrocarbon mixtures

Agreement

ADR

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Classification Code : 2F Hazard Identification Number : 23 Labels : 2.1

RID

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Classification Code : 2F Hazard Identification Number : 23 Labels : 2.1

IMDG

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Labels : 2.1

IATA

Packing group : Not Assigned

Labels : 2.1

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADN

Environmentally hazardous : no

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ADR

Environmentally hazardous no

Environmentally hazardous no

IMDG

Marine pollutant no

14.6 Special precautions for user

Remarks Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage,

for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or

needs to comply with in connection with transport.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Ship type : 2G/2PG

Product name : Mixed C4 cargoes

Additional Information : Transport in bulk according to the IGC code

> This product may be transported under nitrogen blanketing. Nitrogen is an odourless and invisible gas. Exposure to nitrogen enriched atmospheres displaces available oxygen which may cause asphyxiation or death. Personnel must observe strict safety precautions when involved with a confined space

entry.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV)

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation (Article 59).

Product is not subject to Authorisation under REACH.

This product does not contain substances of very high concern (Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH),

Article 57).

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

Liquefied flammable gases (including LPG) and natural gas

Occupational Illnesses (R- : Not applicable

461-3, France)

Other regulations:

The following regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive and does not exempt

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the end user of the product to refer to all official documents to determine its obligations.

Labour code: Exposure forbidden to certain works/products to:

- Young people at least 15 years old and under 18 years old: art. D4153-17
- Pregnant or breast-feeding women: art. D4152-10, D4152-11

Social security code - Article L.461-6, Appendix A, no. 601-15. Labour code - Intensified medical supervision: Articles R.4624-18 and R.4624-19, decree 2012-135 of 30.01.2012.

The product is subject to the DDADUE (Provisions for Adaptation of Legislation to European Union Law in the Field of Sustainable Development) from 16 July 2013 of Articles 10 and 11, the transposition of the Seveso III directive (2012/18/EU).

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of other abbreviations

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation: DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada): ECHA -European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI -Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA

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- Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information

Training advice : Provide adequate information, instruction and training for op-

erators.

Other information : The substance/product is registered with strictly controlled

conditions as defined in Article 18(4) of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH Regulation) and must therefore be handled as such. Refer to the industry guidance prepared by Concawe/Cefic for advice on the demonstration of strictly con-

trolled conditions available from: http://cefic.org.

If this substance/product is sold onto third parties, confirmation that the substance/product will be handled in accordance with 'strictly controlled conditions' needs to be obtained from

the third party prior to sale.

For Industry guidance and tools on REACH please visit the

CEFIC website at http://cefic.org/Industry-support.

The substance does not fulfill all screening criteria for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity and hence is not consid-

ered to be PBT or vPvB.

A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment

from the previous version.

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data

Sheet

The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU

IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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