

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

## B Ethanol

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Date: 12/03/2024
1.1	11/26/2024	800010031777	Date of last issue: 07/20/2023

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### SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : B Ethanol

Product code : S8120, S8220

CAS-No. : 64-17-5

#### Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : **Shell Chemical LP**  
PO Box 576  
HOUSTON TX 77001  
USA

SDS Request : 1-800-240-6737

Customer Service : 1-855-697-4355

#### Emergency telephone number

Chemtrec Domestic (24 hr) : 1-800-424-9300

Chemtrec International (24 hr) : 1-703-527-3887

#### Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : For use as a component in gasoline., Fuel for use in suitably designed motor vehicles.

Restrictions on use : This product must not be used in applications other than those listed in Section 1 without first seeking the advice of the supplier., This product is not to be used as a solvent or cleaning agent; for lighting or brightening fires; as a skin cleanser.

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### SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Flammable liquids : Category 2

Eye irritation : Category 2

#### GHS label elements

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

## B Ethanol

Version  
1.1

Revision Date:  
11/26/2024

SDS Number:  
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Print Date: 12/03/2024  
Date of last issue: 07/20/2023

Hazard pictograms

:



Signal word

:

Danger

Hazard statements

:

PHYSICAL HAZARDS:  
H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.  
HEALTH HAZARDS:  
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.  
ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:  
Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria.

Precautionary statements

:

### Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  
P233 Keep container tightly closed.  
P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.  
P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting equipment.  
P242 Use non-sparking tools.  
P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.  
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.  
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

### Response:

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.  
P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.  
P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

### Storage:

P235 Keep cool.  
P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

### Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

### Other hazards which do not result in classification

Slightly irritating to the skin.  
Slightly irritating to respiratory system.  
Ingestion may cause drowsiness and dizziness.  
Possibility of organ or organ system damage from prolonged exposure; see Section 11 for details.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR  
1910.1200

## B Ethanol

Version  
1.1

Revision Date:  
11/26/2024

SDS Number:  
800010031777

Print Date: 12/03/2024  
Date of last issue: 07/20/2023

Target organ(s):

Liver

The classification of this material is based on OSHA HCS 2012 criteria.

### SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Substance

Chemical nature : May contain a denaturant.

#### Hazardous components

Chemical name	Synonyms	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Ethanol	ethanol	64-17-5	100

### SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

If inhaled : Remove to fresh air. If rapid recovery does not occur, transport to nearest medical facility for additional treatment.

In case of skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available.

In case of eye contact : Flush eyes with water while holding eyelids open. Rest eyes for 30 minutes. If redness, burning, blurred vision, or swelling persist transport to the nearest medical facility for additional treatment.

If swallowed : If swallowed, do not induce vomiting: transport to nearest medical facility for additional treatment. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : Eye irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning sensation, redness, swelling, and/or blurred vision.  
Skin irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning sensation, redness, or swelling.  
If material enters lungs, signs and symptoms may include coughing, choking, wheezing, difficulty in breathing, chest congestion, shortness of breath, and/or fever.  
Breathing of high vapour concentrations may cause central nervous system (CNS) depression resulting in dizziness, light-headedness, headache, nausea and loss of coordination.  
Continued inhalation may result in unconsciousness and death.  
Liver damage may be indicated by loss of appetite, jaundice (yellowish skin and eye colour), fatigue, bleeding or easy bruising and sometimes pain and swelling in the upper right abdomen.

Protection of first-aiders : When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

## B Ethanol

Version  
1.1

Revision Date:  
11/26/2024

SDS Number:  
800010031777

Print Date: 12/03/2024  
Date of last issue: 07/20/2023

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed : Treat symptomatically.

Persons on disulfiram (Antabuse®) therapy should be aware that the ethyl alcohol in this product is hazardous to them just as is alcohol from any source. Disulfiram reactions (vomiting, headache and even collapse) may follow ingestion of small amounts of alcohol and have also been described from skin contact.

### SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Alcohol-resistant foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water in a jet.

Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam.

Specific hazards during fire-fighting : Hazardous combustion products may include:  
A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke).  
Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs.  
Ethanol burns with a smokeless blue flame that is not always visible in normal light.

Specific extinguishing methods : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Further information : If possible remove containers from the danger zone.  
If the fire cannot be extinguished the only course of action is to evacuate immediately.  
Contain residual material at affected sites to prevent material from entering drains (sewers), ditches, and waterways.

Special protective equipment for firefighters : Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

### SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency measures : Do not breathe fumes, vapour.  
Do not operate electrical equipment.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

## B Ethanol

Version  
1.1

Revision Date:  
11/26/2024

SDS Number:  
800010031777

Print Date: 12/03/2024  
Date of last issue: 07/20/2023

### agency procedures

Shut off leaks, if possible without personal risks. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area and evacuate all personnel. Attempt to disperse the gas or to direct its flow to a safe location for example by using fog sprays. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment. Monitor area with combustible gas meter. Vapour can travel for considerable distances both above and below the ground surface. Underground services (drains, pipelines, cable ducts) can provide preferential flow paths.

### Environmental precautions

: Take measures to minimise the effects on groundwater. Contain residual material at affected sites to prevent material from entering drains (sewers), ditches, and waterways. Prevent from spreading or entering into drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

: For large liquid spills (> 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank for recovery or safe disposal. Do not flush away residues with water. Retain as contaminated waste. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely. For small liquid spills (< 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means to a labeled, sealable container for product recovery or safe disposal. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.  
Evacuate the area of all non-essential personnel.  
Take precautionary measures against static discharges.  
Ventilate contaminated area thoroughly.  
Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment.

Observe all relevant local and international regulations.

### Additional advice

: For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.  
Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the environment occurs or is likely to occur.  
For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.  
Vapour may form an explosive mixture with air.  
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Observe all relevant local and international regulations.

U.S. regulations may require reporting releases of this material to the environment which exceed the reportable quantity (refer to Section 15) to the National Response Center at (800) 424-8802.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR  
1910.1200

## B Ethanol

Version  
1.1

Revision Date:  
11/26/2024

SDS Number:  
800010031777

Print Date: 12/03/2024  
Date of last issue: 07/20/2023

Under Section 311 of the Clean Water Act (CWA) this material is considered an oil. As such, spills into surface waters must be reported to the National Response Center at (800) 424-8802.

This material is covered by EPA's Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) Petroleum Exclusion. Therefore, releases to the environment may not be reportable under CERCLA.

### SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

- Technical measures : Avoid breathing of or direct contact with material. Only use in well ventilated areas. Wash thoroughly after handling. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.  
Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.  
Air-dry contaminated clothing in a well-ventilated area before laundering.  
Prevent spillages.  
Turn off all battery operated portable electronic devices (examples include: cellular phones, pagers and CD players) before operating gasoline pump.  
Do not use as a cleaning solvent or other non-motor fuel uses.  
Contaminated leather articles including shoes cannot be decontaminated and should be destroyed to prevent reuse.  
Ensure that all local regulations regarding handling and storage facilities are followed.
- Advice on safe handling : Ensure that all local regulations regarding handling and storage facilities are followed.  
When using do not eat or drink.  
Extinguish any naked flames. Do not smoke. Remove ignition sources. Avoid sparks.  
Never siphon by mouth.  
Avoid exposure.  
Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols.  
Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires.
- Avoidance of contact : Strong oxidising agents.  
Strong acids.
- Product Transfer : Wait 2 minutes after tank filling (for tanks such as those on road tanker vehicles) before opening hatches or manholes.  
Wait 30 minutes after tank filling ( for large storage tanks) before opening hatches or manholes. Electrostatic charges may be generated during pumping. Electrostatic discharge may cause fire. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment. Restrict line velocity during pumping in order to avoid generation of electrostatic dis-

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

## B Ethanol

Version  
1.1

Revision Date:  
11/26/2024

SDS Number:  
800010031777

Print Date: 12/03/2024  
Date of last issue: 07/20/2023

charge ( $\leq 1$  m/sec until fill pipe submerged to twice its diameter, then  $\leq 7$  m/sec). Avoid splash filling. Do NOT use compressed air for filling, discharging, or handling operations.

- Further information on storage stability : Drum and small container storage:  
Keep containers closed when not in use.  
Drums should be stacked to a maximum of 3 high.  
Packaged product must be kept tightly closed and stored in a diked (bunded) well-ventilated area, away from, ignition sources and other sources of heat.  
Use properly labeled and closable containers.  
Take suitable precautions when opening sealed containers, as pressure can build up during storage.  
Bulk storage tanks should be diked (bunded).  
Locate tanks away from heat and other sources of ignition.  
Cleaning, inspection and maintenance of storage tanks is a specialist operation, which requires the implementation of strict procedures and precautions.
- Packaging material : Suitable material: For containers, or container linings use mild steel, stainless steel., For container paints, use epoxy paint, zinc silicate paint.  
Unsuitable material: PVC., Natural rubber.
- Container Advice : Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near containers. Containers, even those that have been emptied, can contain explosive vapours.
- Specific use(s) : Not applicable.

## SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Ethanol	64-17-5	STEL	1,000 ppm	ACGIH
Ethanol		TWA	1,000 ppm 1,900 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	OSHA Z-1

### Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

### Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.  
Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.  
Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

## B Ethanol

Version  
1.1

Revision Date:  
11/26/2024

SDS Number:  
800010031777

Print Date: 12/03/2024  
Date of last issue: 07/20/2023

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods <http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/>  
Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods <http://www.osha.gov/>  
Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances <http://www.hse.gov.uk/>  
Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA) , Germany <http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp>  
L'Institut National de Recherche et de Sécurité, (INRS), France <http://www.inrs.fr/accueil>

**Engineering measures** : The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include:  
Use sealed systems as far as possible.  
Firewater monitors and deluge systems are recommended.  
Adequate explosion-proof ventilation to control airborne concentrations below the exposure guidelines/limits.  
Local exhaust ventilation is recommended.  
Eye washes and showers for emergency use.

### General Information:

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned.  
Practice good housekeeping.  
Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.  
Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.  
Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.  
Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.  
Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or for subsequent recycle.  
Do not ingest. If swallowed, then seek immediate medical assistance.

### Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter.



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

## B Ethanol

Version  
1.1

Revision Date:  
11/26/2024

SDS Number:  
800010031777

Print Date: 12/03/2024  
Date of last issue: 07/20/2023

Where air-filtering respirators are unsuitable (e.g. airborne concentrations are high, risk of oxygen deficiency, confined space) use appropriate positive pressure breathing apparatus.

All respiratory protection equipment and use must be in accordance with local regulations.

If air-filtering respirators are suitable for conditions of use:

Select a filter suitable for organic gases and vapours [boiling point >65 °C (149 °F)].

Hand protection  
Remarks

: Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. For continuous contact we recommend gloves with breakthrough time of more than 240 minutes with preference for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. For short-term/splash protection we recommend the same but recognize that suitable gloves offering this level of protection may not be available and in this case a lower breakthrough time maybe acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not a good predictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is dependent on the exact composition of the glove material.

Eye protection

: Chemical splash goggles (chemical monogoggles).

Skin and body protection

: Skin protection is not required under normal conditions of use.  
For prolonged or repeated exposures use impervious clothing over parts of the body subject to exposure.

Protective measures

: Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

### Environmental exposure controls

General advice

: Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing vapour.  
Information on accidental release measures are to be found in section 6.  
Take appropriate measures to fulfil the requirements of relevant environmental protection legislation. Avoid contamination of the environment by following advice given in Section 6. If necessary, prevent undissolved material from being discharged to waste water. Waste water should be treated in a municipal or industrial waste water treatment plant before discharge to surface water.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR  
1910.1200

## B Ethanol

Version  
1.1

Revision Date:  
11/26/2024

SDS Number:  
800010031777

Print Date: 12/03/2024  
Date of last issue: 07/20/2023

### SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	: liquid
Colour	: Undyed
Odour	: alcohol-like
Odour Threshold	: Data not available
pH	: ca. 7
Boiling point/boiling range	: 78 °C / 172 °F
Flash point	: 13 °C / 55 °F
Evaporation rate	: Data not available
Flammability	
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not applicable
Lower explosion limit and upper explosion limit / flammability limit	
Upper explosion limit / upper flammability limit	: 23.5 %(V)
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	: 3.1 %(V)
Vapour pressure	: 16 kPa (38.0 °C / 100.4 °F)
	29 kPa (50.0 °C / 122.0 °F)
Relative vapour density	: Data not available
Relative density	: Data not available
Density	: 792 kg/m <sup>3</sup> (15 °C / 59 °F) Method: ASTM D4052
Solubility(ies)	
Water solubility	: completely miscible (20 °C / 68 °F )
Solubility in other solvents	: Data not available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	: log Pow: < 1
Auto-ignition temperature	: Data not available
Decomposition temperature	: Data not available

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

## B Ethanol

Version  
1.1

Revision Date:  
11/26/2024

SDS Number:  
800010031777

Print Date: 12/03/2024  
Date of last issue: 07/20/2023

---

Viscosity		
Viscosity, kinematic	:	1.1 mm <sup>2</sup> /s (40 °C / 104 °F)
		Method: ASTM D445
Explosive properties	:	Classification Code: Not classified.
Oxidizing properties	:	Not applicable
Conductivity	:	Electrical conductivity: > 10,000 pS/m
Particle size	:	Data not available

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### SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	Oxidises on contact with air.
Chemical stability	:	Reacts with strong oxidising agents. Reacts with strong acids. Stable under normal conditions of use.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	No hazardous reaction is expected when handled and stored according to provisions
Conditions to avoid	:	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.  In certain circumstances product can ignite due to static electricity.
Incompatible materials	:	Strong oxidising agents. Strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form during normal storage. Thermal decomposition is highly dependent on conditions. A complex mixture of airborne solids, liquids and gases including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, sulphur oxides and unidentified organic compounds will be evolved when this material undergoes combustion or thermal or oxidative degradation.

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### SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	:	Information given is based on product testing.
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#### Information on likely routes of exposure

Exposure may occur via inhalation, ingestion, skin absorption, skin or eye contact, and accidental ingestion.

#### Acute toxicity

#### Product:

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR  
1910.1200

## B Ethanol

Version 1.1	Revision Date: 11/26/2024	SDS Number: 800010031777	Print Date: 12/03/2024 Date of last issue: 07/20/2023
----------------	------------------------------	-----------------------------	--

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Acute oral toxicity	: LD 50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 401 Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Acute inhalation toxicity	: LC 50 (Rat, male and female): > 20 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: vapour Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 403 Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Components:**

#### **Ethanol:**

Acute oral toxicity	: LD50 Oral (Rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 401 Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Acute inhalation toxicity	: LC 50 (Rat, male and female): > 124.7 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: vapour Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 403 Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Acute dermal toxicity	: Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Skin corrosion/irritation**

#### **Product:**

Species: Rabbit  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404  
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met., Causes mild skin irritation.

Species: Rabbit  
Method: Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.  
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met., Causes mild skin irritation.

### **Components:**

#### **Ethanol:**

Species: Rabbit  
Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 404  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials, Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR  
1910.1200

## B Ethanol

Version  
1.1

Revision Date:  
11/26/2024

SDS Number:  
800010031777

Print Date: 12/03/2024  
Date of last issue: 07/20/2023

---

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

#### Product:

Species: Rabbit  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405  
Remarks: Causes serious eye irritation.

Species: Rabbit  
Method: Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.  
Remarks: Causes serious eye irritation.

#### Components:

##### **Ethanol:**

Species: Rabbit  
Result: Irritating to eyes.  
Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 405  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

#### Product:

Species: Mouse  
Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 406  
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Species: Mouse  
Method: Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.  
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Components:

##### **Ethanol:**

Species: Mouse  
Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 406  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Germ cell mutagenicity

#### Product:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Method: OECD Test Guideline 471  
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

: Method: Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.  
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test species: Mouse  
Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test guideline 478  
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR  
1910.1200

## B Ethanol

Version  
1.1

Revision Date:  
11/26/2024

SDS Number:  
800010031777

Print Date: 12/03/2024  
Date of last issue: 07/20/2023

are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment : This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.

### Components:

#### **Ethanol:**

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test species: Mouse  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 478  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials, Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment : This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.

### **Carcinogenicity**

#### Product:

Species: Rat, (male and female)  
Application Route: Oral  
Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 453  
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity - Assessment : This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.

### Components:

#### **Ethanol:**

Species: Rat, (male and female)  
Application Route: Oral  
Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 453  
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity - Assessment : This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.

### **IARC**

Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans

Ethanol

64-17-5

### **OSHA**

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.

### **NTP**

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR  
1910.1200

## B Ethanol

Version  
1.1

Revision Date:  
11/26/2024

SDS Number:  
800010031777

Print Date: 12/03/2024  
Date of last issue: 07/20/2023

### Reproductive toxicity

#### Product:

Effects on fertility

: Species: Mouse  
Sex: male and female  
Application Route: Oral

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 416  
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Effects on foetal development

: Species: Rat, female  
Application Route: Inhalation  
Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 414  
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met., Causes foetotoxicity in animals at doses which are maternally toxic., Ethanol, a component of this material, may cause birth defects and/or miscarriages.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment

: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.

#### Components:

##### **Ethanol:**

Effects on fertility

:  
Species: Mouse  
Sex: male and female  
Application Route: Oral

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 416  
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Effects on foetal development

: Species: Rat, female  
Application Route: Inhalation  
Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 414  
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met., Causes foetotoxicity in animals at doses which are maternally toxic., Ethanol, a component of this material, may cause birth defects and/or miscarriages.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment

: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.

### STOT - single exposure

#### Product:

Exposure routes: Inhalation

Target Organs: Central nervous system

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met., May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR  
1910.1200

## B Ethanol

Version  
1.1

Revision Date:  
11/26/2024

SDS Number:  
800010031777

Print Date: 12/03/2024  
Date of last issue: 07/20/2023

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### Components:

#### **Ethanol:**

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **STOT - repeated exposure**

#### Product:

Target Organs: Liver

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met., Liver: can cause liver damage at chronic exposure to high concentrations.

### Components:

#### **Ethanol:**

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Repeated dose toxicity**

#### Product:

Species: Rat, male and female

Application Route: Oral

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 408

Target Organs: No specific target organs noted

### Components:

#### **Ethanol:**

Species: Rat, male and female

Method: OECD Test Guideline 408

Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

### **Aspiration toxicity**

#### Product:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Further information**

#### Product:

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

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## SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment : Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR  
1910.1200

## B Ethanol

Version  
1.1

Revision Date:  
11/26/2024

SDS Number:  
800010031777

Print Date: 12/03/2024  
Date of last issue: 07/20/2023

### Ecotoxicity

#### Product:

Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to algae (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	:	Remarks: NOEC/NOEL > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)	:	Remarks: NOEC/NOEL > 1.0 - <= 10 mg/l
Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l

#### Components:

##### **Ethanol:**

Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity)	:	LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 14,200 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 203 Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Acute toxicity)	:	LC50 (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 5,012 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 202 Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to algae (Acute toxicity)	:	EC50 (Chlorella vulgaris (Fresh water algae)): 675 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 201 Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC: 245 mg/l Exposure time: 30 d Method: Based on quantitative structure-activity relationship (QSAR) modelling Remarks: NOEC/NOEL > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to daphnia and other	:	NOEC (Ceriodaphnia dubia (Water flea)): 2 mg/l

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR  
1910.1200

## B Ethanol

Version  
1.1

Revision Date:  
11/26/2024

SDS Number:  
800010031777

Print Date: 12/03/2024  
Date of last issue: 07/20/2023

aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)

Exposure time: 10 d  
Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 211  
Remarks: NOEC/NOEL > 1.0 - <=10 mg/l (based on test data)

Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)

: Toxic threshold (Pseudomonas putida): 6,500 mg/l  
Exposure time: 16 h

### Persistence and degradability

#### Product:

Biodegradability

: Remarks: Oxidises rapidly by photo-chemical reactions in air.  
Readily biodegradable.  
Not Persistent per IMO criteria.  
International Oil Pollution Compensation (IOPC) Fund definition: "A non-persistent oil is oil, which, at the time of shipment, consists of hydrocarbon fractions, (a) at least 50% of which, by volume, distills at a temperature of 340°C (645°F) and (b) at least 95% of which, by volume, distills at a temperature of 370°C (700°F) when tested by the ASTM Method D-86/78 or any subsequent revision thereof."

#### Components:

##### **Ethanol:**

Biodegradability

: Biodegradation: 84 %  
Exposure time: 20 d  
Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 301 B  
Remarks: Readily biodegradable.  
Oxidises rapidly by photo-chemical reactions in air.

### Bioaccumulative potential

#### Product:

Bioaccumulation

: Remarks: Does not bioaccumulate significantly.

#### Components:

##### **Ethanol:**

Bioaccumulation

: Remarks: Does not bioaccumulate significantly.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

: log Pow: < 1

### Mobility in soil

#### Product:

Mobility

: Remarks: Dissolves in water.  
If product enters soil, it will be highly mobile and may contaminate groundwater.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR  
1910.1200

## B Ethanol

Version  
1.1

Revision Date:  
11/26/2024

SDS Number:  
800010031777

Print Date: 12/03/2024  
Date of last issue: 07/20/2023

---

### Components:

#### **Ethanol:**

Mobility : Remarks: Dissolves in water.  
If product enters soil, it will be highly mobile and may contaminate groundwater.

#### **Other adverse effects**

#### Product:

Additional ecological information : Films formed on water may affect oxygen transfer and damage organisms.

### Components:

#### **Ethanol:**

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment : The substance does not fulfill all screening criteria for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity and hence is not considered to be PBT or vPvB.

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## SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### **Disposal methods**

Waste from residues : Recover or recycle if possible.  
It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.  
Waste arising from a spillage or tank cleaning should be disposed of in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand.  
Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses.  
Do not dispose of tank water bottoms by allowing them to drain into the ground. This will result in soil and groundwater contamination.  
MARPOL - see International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL 73/78) which provides technical aspects at controlling pollutions from ships.

Contaminated packaging : Drain container thoroughly.  
After draining, vent in a safe place away from sparks and fire.  
Residues may cause an explosion hazard.  
Do not puncture, cut, or weld uncleaned drums.  
Send to drum recoverer or metal reclaimer.  
Do not pollute the soil, water or environment with the waste container.

### **Local legislation**

Remarks : Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

## B Ethanol

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Date: 12/03/2024
1.1	11/26/2024	800010031777	Date of last issue: 07/20/2023

Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements and must be complied with.

### SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### National Regulations

##### US Department of Transportation Classification (49 CFR Parts 171-180)

UN/ID/NA number	: UN 1170
Proper shipping name	: ETHANOL (ETHYL ALCOHOL)
Class	: 3
Packing group	: II
Labels	: 3
Marine pollutant	: no

#### International Regulations

##### IATA-DGR

UN/ID No.	: UN 1170
Proper shipping name	: ETHANOL (ETHYL ALCOHOL)
Class	: 3
Packing group	: II
Labels	: 3

##### IMDG-Code

UN number	: UN 1170
Proper shipping name	: ETHANOL (ETHYL ALCOHOL)
Class	: 3
Packing group	: II
Labels	: 3
Marine pollutant	: no

#### Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Pollution category	: Z
Ship type	: Not applicable
Product name	: Ethyl Alcohol

#### Special precautions for user

Remarks	: Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.
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Additional Information	: Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code
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### SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act

\*: This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

## B Ethanol

Version  
1.1

Revision Date:  
11/26/2024

SDS Number:  
800010031777

Print Date: 12/03/2024  
Date of last issue: 07/20/2023

---

### SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

### SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

**SARA 311/312 Hazards** : Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)  
Serious eye damage or eye irritation

**SARA 313** : This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

### Clean Water Act

This product does not contain any Hazardous Chemicals listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table 117.3.

### US State Regulations

#### Pennsylvania Right To Know

Ethanol

64-17-5

#### California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Ethanol, which is/are known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to [www.P65Warnings.ca.gov](http://www.P65Warnings.ca.gov).

#### California List of Hazardous Substances

Ethanol

64-17-5

#### Other regulations:

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

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## SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

### Further information

#### Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)  
OSHA Z-1 : USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants  
ACGIH / STEL : Short-term exposure limit  
OSHA Z-1 / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average  
Abbreviations and Acronyms : The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this document can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries) and/or websites.

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR  
1910.1200

## B Ethanol

Version  
1.1

Revision Date:  
11/26/2024

SDS Number:  
800010031777

Print Date: 12/03/2024  
Date of last issue: 07/20/2023

ADR = European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road  
AICS = Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances  
ASTM = American Society for Testing and Materials  
BEL = Biological exposure limits  
BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes  
CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service  
CEFIC = European Chemical Industry Council  
CLP = Classification Packaging and Labelling  
COC = Cleveland Open-Cup  
DIN = Deutsches Institut für Normung  
DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level  
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level  
DSL = Canada Domestic Substance List  
EC = European Commission  
EC50 = Effective Concentration fifty  
ECETOC = European Center on Ecotoxicology and Toxicology Of Chemicals  
ECHA = European Chemicals Agency  
EINECS = The European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances  
EL50 = Effective Loading fifty  
ENCS = Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory  
EWC = European Waste Code  
GHS = Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals  
IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer  
IATA = International Air Transport Association  
IC50 = Inhibitory Concentration fifty  
IL50 = Inhibitory Level fifty  
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods  
INV = Chinese Chemicals Inventory  
IP346 = Institute of Petroleum test method N° 346 for the determination of polycyclic aromatics DMSO-extractables  
KECI = Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory  
LC50 = Lethal Concentration fifty  
LD50 = Lethal Dose fifty per cent.  
LL/EL/IL = Lethal Loading/Effective Loading/Inhibitory loading  
LL50 = Lethal Loading fifty  
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships  
NOEC/NOEL = No Observed Effect Concentration / No Observed Effect Level  
OE\_HPV = Occupational Exposure - High Production Volume  
PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic  
PICCS = Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances  
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration  
REACH = Registration Evaluation And Authorisation Of Chemicals  
RID = Regulations Relating to International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail  
SKIN\_DES = Skin Designation  
STEL = Short term exposure limit

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR  
1910.1200

## B Ethanol

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Date: 12/03/2024
1.1	11/26/2024	800010031777	Date of last issue: 07/20/2023

---

TRA = Targeted Risk Assessment  
TSCA = US Toxic Substances Control Act  
TWA = Time-Weighted Average  
vPvB = very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.

Revision Date : 11/26/2024

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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