# **NEODOL 911**

Version 4.3 Revision Date 2024.10.21 Print Date 2024.10.28

#### 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Chemical product name NEODOL 911

Product code X3085

Synonyms : Alcohols, C9-11 CAS-No. 66455-17-2

ENCS/ISHL number : 2-217 (CAS: 66455-17-2, 68603-15-6)

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Supplier's company name,

address and phone number SHELL EASTERN CHEMICALS (S)

A REGISTERED BUSINESS OF SHELL EASTERN

TRADING (PTE) LTD (UEN:198902087C)

9 North Buona Vista Drive, #07-01

The Metropolis Tower 1 Singapore 138588

Singapore : +65 6384 8269

Telephone Telefax : +65 6384 8454

Contact for Safety Data

Sheet

Emergency telephone : +65 6542 9595 (Alert SGS)

number

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use Recommended use : Use in detergent manufacture.

This product must not be used in applications other than the Restrictions on use

above without first seeking the advice of the supplier.

: NEODOL is a trademark owned by Shell Trademark Other information

Management B.V. and Shell Brands Inc. and used by affiliates

of Royal Dutch Shell plc.

#### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification of chemical product

Eve irritation : Category 2A Short-term (acute) aquatic Category 2

hazard

Long-term (chronic) aquatic

hazard

: Category 3

#### **GHS** label elements

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Hazard pictograms

Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : PHYSICAL HAZARDS:

Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria.

HEALTH HAZARDS:
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:
H401 Toxic to aquatic life.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention:

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling. P273 Avoid release to the environment.

Response:

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and

easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/

attention.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/

attention.

Storage:

No precautionary phrases.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste

disposal plant.

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Slightly irritating to respiratory system. Harmful: May cause lung damage if swallowed.

# 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Substance

# 3.1 Substances

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#### Components

Substance name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
Alcohols, C9-11	66455-17-2	Eye Irrit.2A; H319 Aquatic Acute2; H401 Aquatic Chronic3; H412	<= 100

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

# 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

General advice : Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal

conditions.

If inhaled : No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use.

If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.

In case of skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing. Immediately flush skin with

large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes, and follow by washing with soap and water if available. If redness, swelling, pain and/or blisters occur, transport to the nearest medical

facility for additional treatment.

In case of eye contact : Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

rinsing.

Transport to the nearest medical facility for additional

treatment.

If swallowed : If swallowed, do not induce vomiting: transport to nearest

medical facility for additional treatment. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration. If any of the following delayed signs and symptoms appear within the next 6 hours, transport to the nearest medical facility: fever greater than 101° F (38.3°C), shortness of breath, chest congestion or continued coughing or wheezing.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

: If material enters lungs, signs and symptoms may include coughing, choking, wheezing, difficulty in breathing, chest

congestion, shortness of breath, and/or fever.

If any of the following delayed signs and symptoms appear within the next 6 hours, transport to the nearest medical facility: fever greater than 101° F (38.3°C), shortness of breath, chest congestion or continued coughing or wheezing. Skin irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning

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sensation, redness, or swelling.

Eye irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning sensation, redness, swelling, and/or blurred vision.

Defatting dermatitis signs and symptoms may include a burning sensation and/or a dried/cracked appearance.

Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal

conditions of use.

Possible respiratory irritation signs and symptoms may include

a temporary burning sensation of the nose and throat,

coughing, and/or difficulty breathing.

Protection of first-aiders : When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the

appropriate personal protective equipment according to the

incident, injury and surroundings.

Notes to physician : IMMEDIATE TREATMENT IS EXTREMELY IMPORTANT!

Call a doctor or poison control center for guidance.

Potential for chemical pneumonitis.

Treat symptomatically.

#### 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Alcohol-resistant foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical

powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small

fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water in a jet.

Specific hazards during

firefighting

: Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion

occurs.

Will float and can be reignited on surface water.

The vapour is heavier than air, spreads along the ground and

distant ignition is possible.

Specific extinguishing

methods

Standard procedure for chemical fires.

Clear fire area of all non-emergency personnel. Keep adjacent containers cool by spraying with water.

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

: Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if

large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to

relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions,

protective equipment and

Observe all relevant local and international regulations.

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emergency procedures	Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the environment occurs or is likely to occur.  Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.	
	: Avoid contact with spilled or releated remove all contaminated clothing of personal protective equipment Data Sheet. For guidance on displaction 13 of this Safety Data Sheet upwind and keep out of low Be ready for fire or possible exposi-	g. For guidance on selection see Section 8 of this Safety posal of spilled material see neet. areas.
Environmental precautions	<ul> <li>Prevent from spreading or entering rivers by using sand, earth, or oth Use appropriate containment to a contamination.</li> <li>Ventilate contaminated area thore</li> </ul>	ner appropriate barriers. avoid environmental
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	: For large liquid spills (> 1 drum), means such as vacuum truck to a safe disposal. Do not flush away as contaminated waste. Allow resup with an appropriate absorbent safely. Remove contaminated so For small liquid spills (< 1 drum), means to a labeled, sealable consafe disposal. Allow residues to eappropriate absorbent material a contaminated soil and dispose of	a salvage tank for recovery or residues with water. Retain sidues to evaporate or soak to material and dispose of il and dispose of safely transfer by mechanical stainer for product recovery or evaporate or soak up with an and dispose of safely. Remove
Additional advice	: For guidance on selection of pers see Section 8 of this Safety Data For guidance on disposal of spille this Safety Data Sheet.	Sheet.
7 HANDI INC AND STORAGE		

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

# Handling

Technical measures : Avoid breathing of or direct contact with material. Only use in

well ventilated areas. Wash thoroughly after handling. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see

Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.

Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine

appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of

this material.

Ensure that all local regulations regarding handling and

storage facilities are followed.

: Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Advice on safe handling

Do not empty into drains.

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	Sudd	en Release of Pressure Ha	zard
Facial protective equipment		goggles for use against lique full face shield if splashes	
Hygiene measures	toilet.	n hands before eating, drink der contaminated clothing b	
Describe contact avoidance, etc		er alloys. g oxidising agents.	
Product Transfer		containers closed when no ressed air for filling dischar	
Storage			
Conditions for safe storage		to section 15 for any additiring the packaging and stora	
Other data	Vapo Breat suital Nitro m3 o Insula ambi Tank ambi	r higher). ation (lagging) will minimize ent temperature. s should be fitted with heati	e released to atmosphere. should be controlled by a n. for large tanks (capacity 100 heat loss in areas of low ng coils in areas where handling temperatures below
Packaging material		ble material: Stainless steel itable material: Aluminum, (	
Container Advice	explo	ainers, even those that have sive vapours. Do not cut, do ar operations on or near con	
Specific use(s)	: Not a	pplicable	
		re that all local regulations r ge facilities are followed.	regarding handling and

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Threshold limit value and permissible exposure limits for each component in the work environment

**Biological occupational exposure limits** 

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No biological limit allocated.

#### **Monitoring Methods**

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Standard concentration values and application methods for chemical substances were determined to prevent health problems among workers (mhlw.go.jp)

#### **Engineering measures**

: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations below the exposure guidelines/limits.

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated. Eye washes and showers for emergency use.

The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include:

#### General Information:

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.

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Do not ingest. If swallowed, then seek immediate medical assistance.

#### Personal protective equipment

#### **Protective measures**

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Respiratory protection

: If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are unsuitable (e.g. airborne concentrations are high, risk of oxygen deficiency, confined space) use appropriate positive pressure breathing apparatus. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an

appropriate combination of mask and filter.

If air-filtering respirators are suitable for conditions of use: Select a filter suitable for the combination of organic gases and vapours and particles [Type A/Type P boiling point >65°C

(149°F)].

Hand protection Remarks

: Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. Longer term protection: Nitrile rubber gloves. Incidental contact/Splash protection: PVC or neoprene rubber gloves. For continuous contact we recommend gloves with breakthrough time of more than 240 minutes with preference for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. For short-term/splash protection we recommend the same but recognize that suitable gloves offering this level of protection may not be available and in this case a lower breakthrough time maybe acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not a good predictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Glove thickness should be typically greater than 0.35 mm depending on the glove make and model. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended.

Eye and face protection

Wear goggles for use against liquids and gas. Wear full face shield if splashes are likely to occur.

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Skin and body protection : Skin protection is not required under normal conditions of use.

For prolonged or repeated exposures use impervious clothing

over parts of the body subject to exposure.

If repeated and/or prolonged skin exposure to the substance is likely, then wear suitable gloves tested to relevant Standard,

and provide employee skin care programmes.

Thermal hazards : Not applicable

Hygiene measures : Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking and using the

toilet.

Launder contaminated clothing before re-use.

**Environmental exposure controls** 

General advice : Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances

must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing

vapour.

Minimise release to the environment. An environmental assessment must be made to ensure compliance with local

environmental legislation.

Information on accidental release measures are to be found in

section 6.

#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state : Liquid at 20 °C.

Colour : colourless

Odour : mild

Odour Threshold : Data not available pH : Data not available pour point : -12 °C / 10 °F

Melting point/freezing point Data not available

Boiling point, initial boiling

point and boiling range

: 213 - 245 °C / 415 - 473 °F

Flash point : 109 °C / 228 °F

Method: ASTM D93 (PMCC)

Evaporation rate : Data not available

Flammability

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable

Lower explosion limit and upper explosion limit / flammability limit

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Upper explosion limit : Data not available

Lower explosion limit : Data not available

Vapour pressure : < 5 Pa (25 °C / 77 °F)

Relative vapour density : 5.7

Density and / or relative density

Relative density : 0.83 (20 °C / 68 °F)

Method: ASTM D4052

Density : 830 kg/m3 (20 °C / 68 °F)

Method: ASTM D4052

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : slightly soluble
Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: 3.8 - 4.7

octanol/water

Auto-ignition point : Data not available

Decomposition temperature : Data not available

Viscosity

Viscosity (Dynamic) : 14.11 mPa.s (20 °C / 68 °F)

Method: ASTM D445

Viscosity (Dynamic) 50 mPa.s (Not applicable /)

Method: ASTM D445

Viscosity, kinematic : 9 mm2/s (40 °C / 104 °F)

Method: ASTM D445

Particle characteristics

Particle size : Data not available

Explosive properties : Not applicable

Oxidizing properties : Data not available

Surface tension : Data not available

Conductivity: > 10,000 pS/m

A number of factors, for example liquid temperature, presence of contaminants, and anti-static additives can greatly influence the conductivity of a liquid, This material is not expected to be

a static accumulator.

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Molecular weight : 160 g/mol

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

: Stable at normal ambient temperature and pressure., May Reactivity

oxidise in the presence of air.

Chemical stability : The product is chemically stable. Stable under normal

conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: None known.

Conditions to avoid : Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

Incompatible materials : Copper.

Copper alloys.

Strong oxidising agents.

Aluminum

Hazardous decomposition

products

: None expected under normal use conditions.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment : Information given is based on product testing, and/or similar

products, and/or components.

Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for

individual component(s).

exposure

Information on likely routes of : Exposure may occur via inhalation, ingestion, skin absorption,

skin or eye contact, and accidental ingestion.

#### **Acute toxicity**

# Components:

Alcohols, C9-11:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Rat: > 5000 mg/kg

Remarks: Low toxicity

Acute inhalation toxicity : Remarks: Low toxicity by inhalation.

Acute dermal toxicity

Remarks: Low toxicity

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

#### Components:

## Alcohols, C9-11:

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Remarks: Causes skin irritation.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

#### **Components:**

Alcohols, C9-11:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to the eye.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

#### **Components:**

Alcohols, C9-11:

Remarks: Not a sensitiser.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

#### **Components:**

Alcohols, C9-11:

: Remarks: Non mutagenic

# Carcinogenicity

#### **Components:**

Alcohols, C9-11:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
Alcohols, C9-11	No carcinogenicity classification.

# Reproductive toxicity

# Components:

Alcohols, C9-11:

Remarks: Not a developmental toxicant., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met., Does not impair fertility.

# STOT - single exposure

#### **Components:**

Alcohols, C9-11:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### STOT - repeated exposure

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#### **Components:**

#### Alcohols, C9-11:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# **Aspiration toxicity**

## **Components:**

# Alcohols, C9-11:

Aspiration into the lungs when swallowed or vomited may cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.

#### **Further information**

#### Components:

#### Alcohols, C9-11:

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment : Incomplete ecotoxicological data are available for this product.

The information given below is based partly on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products.

Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for

individual component(s).

## **Ecotoxicity**

#### Components:

Alcohols, C9-11:

Toxicity to fish (Acute : Remarks: LC/EC/IC50 >1 - <=10 mg/l

toxicity) Toxic

Toxicity to crustacean (Acute : Remarks: LC/EC/IC50 >1 - <=10 mg/l

toxicity) Toxic

Toxicity to algae/aquatic : Remarks: LC/EC/IC50 >1 - <=10 mg/l

plants (Acute toxicity) Toxic

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 : > 10,000 mg/l

(Acute toxicity)

Toxicity to fish (Chronic : Remarks: Data not available

toxicity)

Toxicity to : Remarks: NOEC/NOEL > 0.01 - <=0.1 mg/l

crustacean(Chronic toxicity)

## Persistence and degradability

# Components:

Alcohols, C9-11:

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Biodegradability : Remarks: Readily biodegradable.

**Bioaccumulation** 

Product:

Partition coefficient: n-

: log Pow: 3.8 - 4.7

octanol/water <u>Components:</u> Alcohols, C9-11:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Bioaccumulation is unlikely to occur due to

metabolism and excretion.

Mobility in soil

Components: Alcohols, C9-11:

Mobility : Remarks: Floats on water., Adsorbs to soil and has low

mobility

Other adverse effects

no data available

Components: Alcohols, C9-11:

Additional ecological

information

: None known.

Hazardous to the ozone layer

Not applicable

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### **Disposal methods**

Chemicals (residual waste) : Recover or recycle if possible.

It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water

courses.

Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or

water.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional,

national, and local laws and regulations.

Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or

national requirements and must be complied with.

Contaminated containers and

packaging

: Drain container thoroughly.

After draining, vent in a safe place away from sparks and fire.

Residues may cause an explosion hazard.
Do not puncture, cut, or weld uncleaned drums.
Send to drum recoverer or metal reclaimer.

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#### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### Regulatory information when there are domestic regulations

Refer to section 15 for specific national regulation.

#### **International Regulations**

**ADR** 

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

**IMDG-Code** 

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Pollution category : Y Ship type

Product name : Alcohols (C8-C11), primary, linear and essentially linear

Special precautions for user

: Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, Remarks

for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or

needs to comply with in connection with transport.

**Additional Information** : This product may be transported under nitrogen blanketing.

Nitrogen is an odourless and invisible gas. Exposure to nitrogen enriched atmospheres displaces available oxygen which may cause asphyxiation or death. Personnel must observe strict safety precautions when involved with a

confined space entry.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC

Code

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### **Related Regulations**

Fire Service Law

Group 4, Type 3 petroleums

#### **Chemical Substance Control Law**

Priority Assessment Chemical Substance

in the state of th	
Chemical name	Number
Alkanol(C=10-16) (only the substances that contain any of C=11-14	171
components)	
Decan-1-ol	170

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#### Industrial Safety and Health Law

#### Harmful Substances Required Permission for Manufacture

Not applicable

#### **Substances Subject to be Notified Names**

Article 57-2 (Enforcement Order Table 9)

Chemical name	Number	Concentration (%)
Alkanol(C=10-16) (only the substances	127	90 - 100
that contain any of C=11-14 components)		

#### **Substances Subject to be Indicated Names**

Article 57 (Enforcement Order Article 18)

Chemical name	Number
Alkanol(C=10-16) (only the substances that contain any of C=11-14	127
components)	

#### Ordinance on Prevention of Hazards Due to Specified Chemical Substances

Not applicable

# Enforcement Order of the Industrial Safety and Health Law - Attached table 1 (Dangerous Substances)

Not applicable

# **Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Law**

Not applicable

# Act on Confirmation, etc. of Release Amounts of Specific Chemical Substances in the Environment and Promotion of Improvements to the Management Thereof

Class I Designated Chemical Substances

#### **Vessel Safety Law**

Not applicable

#### **High Pressure Gas Safety Act**

Not applicable

#### **Aviation Law**

Not applicable

#### Marine Pollution and Sea Disaster Prevention etc Law

Bulk transportation : Classified as marine pollutant(Category Y)

# The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

DSL : Listed

IECSC : Listed

ENCS : Listed

KECI : Listed

NZIoC : Listed

TSCA : Listed

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TCSI : Listed

#### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

#### **Full text of H-Statements**

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H401 Toxic to aquatic life.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Full text of other abbreviations

Aquatic Acute Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard
Aquatic Chronic Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard

Eye Irrit. Eye irritation

#### **Abbreviations and Acronyms**

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO -International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO -International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 -Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate: NOM - Official Mexican Norm: NTP - National Toxicology Program: NZIoC -New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG -Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

#### **Further information**

Training advice : Provide adequate information, instruction and training for

operators.

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Consider information

A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet

: The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).

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