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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : Butene-1

Product code : V1379, V1475, V1489, E6226, V1499, V1504, V1505, V1515,

V1514

CAS-No. : 106-98-9

Synonyms : Butylene, alpha-; Ethyl ethylene; SHOP C4 Olefin

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the : Chemical intermediate.

Substance/Mixture

Uses advised against : This product must not be used in applications other than the

above without first seeking the advice of the supplier.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier : SHELL MARKETS (MIDDLE EAST) LIMITED

CHEMICALS PO Box 307

JEBEL ALI, DUBAI Unit.Arab Emir. : +971 4 405 4400

Telephone : +971 4 405 4400 Telefax : +971 4 329 3311

Email Contact for Safety

Data Sheet

1.4 Emergency telephone number

+ (65) 6542 9595 (Alert-SGS)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS Classification

Flammable gases : Category 1
Gases under pressure : Liquefied gas

2.2 Label elements

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GHS-Labelling

Hazard pictograms :





Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : PHYSICAL HAZARDS:

H220 Extremely flammable gas.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

HEALTH HAZARDS:

Not classified as a health hazard under GHS criteria.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:

Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria.

Precautionary statements : Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames

and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.

Response:

P377 Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be

stopped safely.

P381 In case of leakage, eliminate all ignition sources.

Storage:

P410 + P403 Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated

place. **Disposal:**

No precautionary phrases.

2.3 Other hazards

Vapours are heavier than air. Vapours may travel across the ground and reach remote ignition sources causing a flashback fire danger.

May form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

This material is a static accumulator.

Even with proper grounding and bonding, this material can still accumulate an electrostatic charge.

If sufficient charge is allowed to accumulate, electrostatic discharge and ignition of flammable airvapour mixtures can occur.

This material is shipped under pressure.

High gas concentrations will displace available air; unconsciousness and death may occur suddenly from lack of oxygen.

Exposure to rapidly expanding gases may cause frost burns to eyes and/or skin.

Inhalation of vapours or mists may cause irritation to the respiratory system.

Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

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Hazardous components

| Chemical name | CAS-No. | Concentration (% w/w) |
|---------------|----------|-----------------------|
| but-1-ene | 106-98-9 | <= 100 |

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal

conditions.

Protection of first-aiders : When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the

appropriate personal protective equipment according to the

incident, injury and surroundings.

If inhaled : Call emergency number for your location / facility.

Remove to fresh air. Do not attempt to rescue the victim unless proper respiratory protection is worn. If the victim has difficulty breathing or tightness of the chest, is dizzy, vomiting, or unresponsive, give 100% oxygen with rescue breathing or Cardio-Pulmonary Resuscitation as required and transport to

the nearest medical facility.

In case of skin contact : Slowly warm the exposed area by rinsing with warm water.

Transport to the nearest medical facility for additional

treatment.

In case of eye contact : Slowly warm the exposed area by rinsing with warm water.

Transport to the nearest medical facility for additional

treatment.

If swallowed : In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities

are swallowed, however, get medical advice.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms : Respiratory irritation signs and symptoms may include a

temporary burning sensation of the nose and throat, coughing,

and/or difficulty breathing.

Breathing of high vapour concentrations may cause central nervous system (CNS) depression resulting in dizziness, lightheadedness, headache, nausea and loss of coordination. Continued inhalation may result in unconsciousness and

death.

Rapid release of gases which are liquids under pressure may

cause frost burns of exposed tissues (skin, eye) due to

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| | | evaporative cooling. | |
| | | No specific hazards under normal use condition Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/o | |

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : IMMEDIATE TREATMENT IS EXTREMELY IMPORTANT!

> Artificial respiration and/or oxygen may be necessary. Call a doctor or poison control center for guidance.

Treat symptomatically.

Potential for cardiac sensitisation, particularly in abuse situations. Hypoxia or negative inotropes may enhance these

effects. Consider: oxygen therapy. Narcotic at high vapour concentrations.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Shut off supply. If not possible and no risk to surroundings, let

the fire burn itself out.

Unsuitable extinguishing

: Do not use water in a jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during

firefighting

: Sustained fire attack on vessels may result in a Boiling Liquid Expanding Vapor Explosion (BLEVE). The vapour is heavier than air, spreads along the ground and distant ignition is possible. Contents are under pressure and can explode when exposed to heat or flames. As the vapours become lighter than air, the vapours may reach ignition sources at ground or

elevated locations.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

: Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to

relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

Specific extinguishing

methods

Further information

: Standard procedure for chemical fires.

: Clear fire area of all non-emergency personnel.

Keep adjacent containers cool by spraying with water.

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Observe the relevant local and international regulations

Risk of explosion. Inform the emergency services if liquid

enters surface water drains.

Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the

environment occurs or is likely to occur.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Isolate hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary or

unprotected personnel.

Do not breathe fumes, vapour. Do not operate electrical equipment.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions

: Shut off leaks, if possible without personal risks. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area and evacuate all personnel. Attempt to disperse the gas or to direct its flow to a safe location for example by using fog sprays. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment. Monitor area with combustible gas meter.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Allow to evaporate.

Attempt to disperse the vapour or to direct its flow to a safe location, for example by using fog sprays. Otherwise treat as

for small spillage.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet., Risk of explosion. Inform the emergency services if liquid enters surface water drains., For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of this Safety Data Sheet., Vapour may form an explosive mixture with air.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

General Precautions : Avoid breathing of or direct contact with material. Only use in

well ventilated areas. Wash thoroughly after handling. For

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| | | guidance on selection of personal Section 8 of this Safety Data She Use the information in this data assessment of local circumstance appropriate controls for safe han this material. | eet. sheet as input to a risk es to help determine |

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

: Extinguish any naked flames. Do not smoke. Remove ignition sources. Avoid sparks.

Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols.

Bulk storage tanks should be diked (bunded).

Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning

materials in order to prevent fires.

Even with proper grounding and bonding, this material can still

accumulate an electrostatic charge.

If sufficient charge is allowed to accumulate, electrostatic discharge and ignition of flammable air-vapour mixtures can

Be aware of handling operations that may give rise to additional hazards that result from the accumulation of static charges.

These include but are not limited to pumping (especially turbulent flow), mixing, filtering, splash filling, cleaning and filling of tanks and containers, sampling, switch loading, gauging, vacuum truck operations, and mechanical movements.

These activities may lead to static discharge e.g. spark formation.

Restrict line velocity during pumping in order to avoid generation of electrostatic discharge (≤ 1 m/s until fill pipe submerged to twice its diameter, then ≤ 7 m/s). Avoid splash

Do NOT use compressed air for filling, discharging, or handling operations.

The vapour is heavier than air. Beware of accumulation in pits and confined spaces.

Product Transfer : Refer to guidance under Handling section.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Other data : Keep away from aerosols, flammables, oxidizing agents,

corrosives and from products harmful or toxic to man or to the

environment. Must be stored in a diked (bunded) well-

ventilated area, away from sunlight, ignition sources and other sources of heat. Vapours from tanks should not be released to

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| | atmosphere. Breathing losses during sto controlled by a suitable vapour treatment charges will be generated during pumpin discharge may cause fire. Ensure electric bonding and grounding (earthing) all equivalent risk. The vapours in the head space of the lie in the flammable/explosive range and flammable. | t system. Electrostatic ng. Electrostatic cal continuity by suppose to reduce the ne storage vessel may |
| Packaging material | : Suitable material: For containers, or conmild steel, stainless steel. | ntainer linings use |
| Container Advice | Containers, even those that have been e explosive vapours. Do not cut, drill, grind similar operations on or near containers. | l, weld or perform |
| 7.3 Specific end use(s) | | |
| Specific use(s) | : Not applicable | |
| | Ensure that all local regulations regarding storage facilities are followed. See additional references that provide sa for liquids that are determined to be static American Petroleum Institute 2003 (Prote Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning a National Fire Protection Agency 77 (Recon Static Electricity). IEC/TS 60079-32-1: Electrostatic hazard | afe handling practices c accumulators: ection Against and Stray Currents) or ommended Practices |

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact

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the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA) , Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures Use sealed systems as far as possible.

Adequate explosion-proof ventilation to control airborne concentrations below the exposure guidelines/limits.

Local exhaust ventilation is recommended.

Firewater monitors and deluge systems are recommended.

The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include:

General Information:

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Purge system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

Personal protective equipment

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Eye protection : Wear goggles for use against liquids and gas, combined with

face shield with chin guard.

Hand protection

Remarks : Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of

gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. Neoprene rubber. If contact with liquefied product is possible or anticipated, gloves should be thermally insulated to prevent cold burns. For continuous

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| | contact we recommend gloves with breakt than 240 minutes with preference for > 48 suitable gloves can be identified. For shor protection we recommend the same but resuitable gloves offering this level of protect available and in this case a lower breakth acceptable so long as appropriate mainter replacement regimes are followed. Glove good predictor of glove resistance to a check dependent on the exact composition of the Glove thickness should be typically greated depending on the glove make and model. durability of a glove is dependent on usag and duration of contact, chemical resistant dexterity. Always seek advice from glove so Contaminated gloves should be replaced. a key element of effective hand care. Glowworn on clean hands. After using gloves, I washed and dried thoroughly. Application moisturizer is recommended. | O minutes where t-term/splash ecognize that etion may not be rough time maybe nance and thickness is not a emical as it is e glove material. En than 0.35 mm Suitability and e, e.g. frequency ce of glove material, suppliers. Personal hygiene is yes must only be hands should be |
| Skin and body protection | : Chemical and cryogenic gloves/gauntlets, Wear antistatic and flame-retardant clothing | |
| Respiratory protection | : If engineering controls do not maintain airl concentrations to a level which is adequat health, select respiratory protection equips specific conditions of use and meeting relective concentrations are privators are unsuitable concentrations are high, risk of oxygen de space) use appropriate positive pressure of air-filtering respirators are suitable for concentrations are spirators are suitable appropriate combination of mask and filter | te to protect worker ment suitable for the evant legislation. ent suppliers. ble (e.g. airborne ficiency, confined breathing apparatus. onditions of use: , select an |
| | Select a filter suitable for organic gases an boiling point ≤65°C (149°F)]. | nd vapours [Type AX |
| Thermal hazards | : When handling cold material that can cause cryogenic gloves, safety hat and visor, cold (with cuffs over gloves and legs over boots boots e.g. leather for cold resistance. | d resistant overalls |
| Hygiene measures | Wash hands before eating, drinking, smok toilet. Launder contaminated clothing before | |

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Environmental exposure controls

General advice : Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances

must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing

Minimise release to the environment. An environmental assessment must be made to ensure compliance with local

environmental legislation.

Information on accidental release measures are to be found in

section 6.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance : Gas., Liquid under pressure.

Colour : colourless

Odour : Mild hydrocarbon Odour Threshold : Data not available : Data not available pΗ

: -185 °C Melting / freezing point Boiling point/boiling range : -6,3 °C : -79 °C Flash point

Evaporation rate : Data not available Flammability (solid, gas) : Extremely flammable.

Upper explosion limit : 10 %(V)

Lower explosion limit : 1,6 %(V)

Vapour pressure : 255 kPa (21 °C)

Relative vapour density : 1,93

Relative density : 0,588Method: ASTM D4052

Density : 588 kg/m3 (25 °C)

Method: ASTM D4052

Liquid at saturation pressure.

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : 220 mg/l (22 °C)

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| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water | : log Pow: 2,4 | |
| Auto-ignition temperature | : 385 °C | |
| Decomposition temperature | : Data not available | |
| Viscosity | | |
| Viscosity, dynamic | : 0,156 mPa.s (20 °C) Method: ASTM D445 | |
| Viscosity, kinematic | : ca. 0,265 mm2/sMethod: ASTM D445 | |
| Explosive properties | Material that is readily capable of detonation decomposition or explosive reaction at norma and pressures. | |
| Oxidizing properties | : Data not available | |
| 9.2 Other information | | |

Surface tension : 13,1 mN/m

Conductivity : Low conductivity: < 100 pS/m

> The conductivity of this material makes it a static accumulator., A liquid is typically considered nonconductive if its conductivity is below 100 pS/m and is considered semiconductive if its conductivity is below 10,000 pS/m., Whether a liquid is nonconductive or semi-conductive, the precautions are the same., A number of factors, for example liquid temperature, presence of contaminants, and anti-static additives can greatly influence the conductivity of a liquid

Molecular weight : 56 g/mol

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions of use.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

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Hazardous reactions : Reacts violently with strong oxidising agents.

Polymerisation may occur at elevated temperatures.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames, and sparks.

Exposure to air.

In certain circumstances product can ignite due to static

electricity.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Strong oxidising agents.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Thermal decomposition is highly dependent on conditions. A complex mixture of airborne solids, liquids and gases including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, sulphur oxides and unidentified organic compounds will be evolved when this material undergoes combustion or thermal or oxidative

degradation.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Basis for assessment : Information given is based on product data and on data on the

components and the toxicology of similar products.

exposure

Information on likely routes of : Inhalation is the primary route of exposure.

Acute toxicity

Components:

but-1-ene:

: LC 50 Rat, male: > 2500 - <= 20000 ppm Acute inhalation toxicity

> Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: gas

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Remarks: Information given is based on data obtained from

similar substances.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

no data available

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Serious eye damage/eye irritation

no data available

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

no data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

Components:

but-1-ene:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Method: Literature data

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

: Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity-

Assessment

: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in

categories 1A/1B.

Carcinogenicity

Components:

but-1-ene:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

| Material | GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification |
|-----------|--|
| but-1-ene | No carcinogenicity classification. |

Reproductive toxicity

Components:

but-1-ene: Species: Rat

Sex: male and female **Application Route: Inhalation**

Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Effects on foetal : Species: Rat, female

development Application Route: Inhalation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

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> Remarks: Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances., Based on available data, the classification

criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity -

Assessment

: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in

categories 1A/1B.

STOT - single exposure

Components:

but-1-ene:

Remarks: Inhalation of vapours or mists may cause irritation to the respiratory system., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - repeated exposure

Components:

but-1-ene:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

but-1-ene:

rat, male and female: **Application Route: Inhalation** Test atmosphere: Gas

Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Target Organs: No specific target organs noted

Aspiration toxicity

Components:

but-1-ene:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Further information

Components:

but-1-ene:

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

: Incomplete ecotoxicological data are available for this product. Basis for assessment

> The information given below is based partly on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products.

Components:

but-1-ene:

Toxicity to fish (Acute

toxicity)

: LC50: 19 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: Based on quantitative structure-activity relationship

(QSAR) modelling

Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 10-100 mg/l

Toxicity to daphnia and other

: LC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): 16 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

aquatic invertebrates (Acute

toxicity)

Method: Based on quantitative structure-activity relationship

(QSAR) modelling

Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 10-100 mg/l

Toxicity to algae (Acute

toxicity)

: EC50 (green algae): 6,9 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: Based on quantitative structure-activity relationship

(QSAR) modelling

Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 1-10 mg/l

Toxicity to bacteria (Acute

toxicity)

Remarks: Data not available

Toxicity to fish (Chronic

toxicity)

: Chronic Toxicity Value: 2 mg/l

Exposure time: 30 d

Method: Based on quantitative structure-activity relationship

(QSAR) modelling

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates

(Chronic toxicity)

: Chronic Toxicity Value: 1,6 mg/l Species: Daphnia (water flea)

Method: Based on quantitative structure-activity relationship

(QSAR) modelling

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Components: but-1-ene:

> Biodegradability : Method: Based on quantitative structure-activity relationship

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(QSAR) modelling

Remarks: Readily biodegradable., Oxidises rapidly by photo-

chemical reactions in air.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product:

Partition coefficient: n-

: log Pow: 2,4

octanol/water

Components: but-1-ene:

> Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Does not bioaccumulate significantly.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Components: but-1-ene:

> Mobility : Remarks: Because of their extreme volatility, air is the only

environmental compartment that hydrocarbon gases will be

found

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Components:

but-1-ene:

Assessment : The substance does not fulfill all screening criteria for

persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity and hence is not

considered to be PBT or vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects

Components:

but-1-ene:

Additional ecological

information

: In view of the high rate of loss from solution, the product is

unlikely to pose a significant hazard to aquatic life.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

: Recover or recycle if possible. Product

> It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.

Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water

courses

Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or

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water.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional,

national, and local laws and regulations.

Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or

national requirements and must be complied with.

MARPOL - see International Convention for the Prevention of

Pollution from Ships (MARPOL 73/78) which provides technical aspects at controlling pollutions from ships.

Contaminated packaging : Data not available

Local legislation

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

ADR : 1012 **IMDG** : 1012 : 1012 **IATA**

14.2 Proper shipping name

ADR : BUTYLENE **IMDG** : BUTYLENE

IATA : Butylene

14.3 Transport hazard class

ADR : 2 **IMDG** : 2.1 : 2.1 IATA

14.4 Packing group

ADR

Packing group : Not Assigned

: 2F Classification Code Labels : 2.1

IMDG

: Not Assigned Packing group

Labels : 2.1

IATA

Packing group : Not Assigned

Labels : 2.1

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR

Environmentally hazardous : no

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Print Date 29.08.2022 Revision Date 20.10.2021 Version 1.9

IMDG

Marine pollutant : no

14.6 Special precautions for user

Remarks : Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage,

for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or

needs to comply with in connection with transport.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Pollution category : Not applicable Ship type : Not applicable Product name : Not applicable

Additional Information : This product may be transported under nitrogen blanketing.

> Nitrogen is an odourless and invisible gas. Exposure to nitrogen enriched atmospheres displaces available oxygen which may cause asphyxiation or death. Personnel must observe strict safety precautions when involved with a

confined space entry.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Other regulations : The regulatory information is not intended to be

comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : Listed DSL Listed **IECSC** Listed **ENCS** Listed KECI Listed **NZIoC** : Listed **PICCS** : Listed **TSCA** : Listed **TCSI** : Listed

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and Acronyms : The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this

document can be looked up in reference literature (e.g.

scientific dictionaries) and/or websites.

This Safety data sheet is subject to the Egyptian standard ES 8398 "Safety data sheet for chemical products" According to ISO 11014 /2009

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Substances

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| | PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration REACH = Registration Evaluation And Auth Chemicals RID = Regulations Relating to International Dangerous Goods by Rail SKIN_DES = Skin Designation STEL = Short term exposure limit TRA = Targeted Risk Assessment TSCA = US Toxic Substances Control Act TWA = Time-Weighted Average vPvB = very Persistent and very Bioaccumular | Carriage of |
| Further information | | |
| Training advice | : Provide adequate information, instruction ar operators. | nd training for |
| Other information | : A vertical bar () in the left margin indicates from the previous version. | an amendment |
| Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet | : The quoted data are from, but not limited to sources of information (e.g. toxicological data Health Services, material suppliers' data, CO IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc) | ta from Shell ONCAWE, EU |

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.