

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

## NEODOL 135

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Date: 01/30/2025
5.0	01/23/2025	800001012062	Date of last issue: 07/18/2024

### SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : NEODOL 135

Product code : V2483, V2501

#### Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company	: <b>Shell Chemical LP</b> PO Box 576 HOUSTON TX 77001 USA
SDS Request	: 1-800-240-6737
Customer Service	: 1-855-697-4355

#### Emergency telephone number

Chemtrec Domestic (24 hr)	: 1-800-424-9300
Chemtrec International (24 hr)	: 1-703-527-3887

#### Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use	: Feedstock for detergent derivative manufacture.
Restrictions on use	: This product must not be used in applications other than those listed in Section 1 without first seeking the advice of the supplier. This product must not be used in applications other than the above without first seeking the advice of the supplier.
Other information	: NEODOL is a registered trademark of SHELL.

### SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Skin irritation	: Category 2
Eye irritation	: Category 2
Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard	: Category 1
Long-term (chronic) aquatic	: Category 1

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hazard

### GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms

:



Signal word

:

Warning

Hazard statements

:

**PHYSICAL HAZARDS:**  
Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria.  
**HEALTH HAZARDS:**  
H315 Causes skin irritation.  
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.  
**ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:**  
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.  
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

:

#### Prevention:

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.  
P273 Avoid release to the environment.  
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

#### Response:

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.  
P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
P321 Specific treatment (see .? on this label).  
P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention.  
P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.  
P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.  
P391 Collect spillage.

#### Storage:

No precautionary phrases.

#### Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents and container to appropriate waste site or reclaimer in accordance with local and national regulations.

### Other hazards which do not result in classification

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.  
The classification of this material is based on OSHA HCS 2012 criteria.

## SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture

:

Mixture

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### Hazardous components

Chemical name	Synonyms	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
tridecan-1-ol	tridecan-1-ol	112-70-9	$\geq 35 - \leq 50$
Pentadecanol, branched and linear	Pentadecanol, branched and linear	90480-71-0	$\geq 35 - \leq 50$
Undecan-1-ol	undecan-1-ol	112-42-5	$\geq 10 - \leq 18$

### SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

General advice	: Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions.
If inhaled	: No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
In case of skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing. Immediately flush skin with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes, and follow by washing with soap and water if available. If redness, swelling, pain and/or blisters occur, transport to the nearest medical facility for additional treatment.
In case of eye contact	: Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Transport to the nearest medical facility for additional treatment.
If swallowed	: In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	: Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal conditions of use. Possible respiratory irritation signs and symptoms may include a temporary burning sensation of the nose and throat, coughing, and/or difficulty breathing. Skin irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning sensation, redness, swelling, and/or blisters. Eye irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning sensation, redness, swelling, and/or blurred vision. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.
Protection of first-aiders	: When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.
Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	: Call a doctor or poison control center for guidance. Treat symptomatically.

IMMEDIATE TREATMENT IS EXTREMELY IMPORTANT!

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### SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

- Suitable extinguishing media : Alcohol-resistant foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water in a jet.
- Specific hazards during fire-fighting : Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs.  
Will float and can be reignited on surface water.  
The vapour is heavier than air, spreads along the ground and distant ignition is possible.
- Specific extinguishing methods : Standard procedure for chemical fires.
- Further information : Clear fire area of all non-emergency personnel.  
Keep adjacent containers cool by spraying with water.
- Special protective equipment for firefighters : Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

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### SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

- Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : Observe all relevant local and international regulations.  
Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the environment occurs or is likely to occur.  
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.  
Avoid contact with spilled or released material. Immediately remove all contaminated clothing. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet. For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.  
Stay upwind and keep out of low areas.  
Be ready for fire or possible exposure.
- Environmental precautions : Prevent from spreading or entering into drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.  
Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.  
Ventilate contaminated area thoroughly.
- Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up : For large liquid spills (> 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank for recovery or

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safe disposal. Do not flush away residues with water. Retain as contaminated waste. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely. For small liquid spills (< 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means to a labeled, sealable container for product recovery or safe disposal. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely.

Additional advice : For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.  
For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

U.S. regulations may require reporting releases of this material to the environment which exceed the reportable quantity (refer to Section 15) to the National Response Center at (800) 424-8802.

### SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures : Avoid breathing of or direct contact with material. Only use in well ventilated areas. Wash thoroughly after handling. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.  
Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.  
Ensure that all local regulations regarding handling and storage facilities are followed.

Advice on safe handling : Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.  
Do not empty into drains.  
Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard

Avoidance of contact : Copper.  
Copper alloys.  
Strong oxidising agents.  
Aluminum

Product Transfer : Keep containers closed when not in use. Do not use compressed air for filling discharge or handling.

Conditions for safe storage : Refer to section 15 for any additional specific legislation covering the packaging and storage of this product.

Further information on storage stability : Bulk storage tanks should be diked (bunded).  
Vapours from tanks should not be released to atmosphere.  
Breathing losses during storage should be controlled by a suitable vapour treatment system.

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Nitrogen blanket recommended for large tanks (capacity 100 m3 or higher).  
Insulation (lagging) will minimize heat loss in areas of low ambient temperature.  
Tanks should be fitted with heating coils in areas where ambient conditions can result in handling temperatures below the freezing point/pour point of the product.

Packaging material : Suitable material: Stainless steel., Epoxy resins, Polyester.  
Unsuitable material: Aluminum, Copper., Copper alloys.

Container Advice : Containers, even those that have been emptied, can contain explosive vapours. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near containers.

Specific use(s) : Not applicable

Ensure that all local regulations regarding handling and storage facilities are followed.

## SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Components with workplace control parameters

Contains no substances with occupational exposure limit values.

### Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

### Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods <http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/>

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods <http://www.osha.gov/>

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances <http://www.hse.gov.uk/>

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA) , Germany <http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp>

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Sécurité, (INRS), France <http://www.inrs.fr/accueil>

Engineering measures : The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include:

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Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations. Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated. Eye washes and showers for emergency use.

### General Information:

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping. Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls. Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product. Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation. Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.

### Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are unsuitable (e.g. airborne concentrations are high, risk of oxygen deficiency, confined space) use appropriate positive pressure breathing apparatus. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter. If air-filtering respirators are suitable for conditions of use: Select a filter suitable for the combination of organic gases and vapours and particles [Type A/Type P boiling point >65°C (149°F)].

Respirator selection, use and maintenance should be in accordance with the requirements of the OSHA Respiratory Protection Standard, 29 CFR 1910.134.

Hand protection  
Remarks

: Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. Longer term protection: Nitrile rubber gloves. Incidental contact/Splash protection: PVC or neoprene rubber gloves. For continuous contact we recom-

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mend gloves with breakthrough time of more than 240 minutes with preference for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. For short-term/splash protection we recommend the same but recognize that suitable gloves offering this level of protection may not be available and in this case a lower breakthrough time may be acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not a good predictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Glove thickness should be typically greater than 0.35 mm depending on the glove make and model. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended.

- Eye protection : If material is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes, protective eyewear is recommended.
- Skin and body protection : Skin protection is not ordinarily required beyond standard work clothes.  
It is good practice to wear chemical resistant gloves.
- Protective measures : Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.
- Thermal hazards : Not applicable
- Hygiene measures : Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking and using the toilet.  
Launder contaminated clothing before re-use.

### Environmental exposure controls

- General advice : Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing vapour.  
Minimise release to the environment. An environmental assessment must be made to ensure compliance with local environmental legislation.  
Information on accidental release measures are to be found in section 6.

## SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

- Appearance : Semi-solid at room temperature.
- Colour : colourless
- Odour : mild



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Odour Threshold	:	Data not available
pH	:	Data not available
Melting / freezing point	:	ca. 24 - 36 °C / 75 - 97 °F
pour point	:	ca. 24 °C / 75 °F
Boiling point/boiling range	:	260 - 293 °C / 500 - 559 °F
Flash point	:	143 °C / 289 °F
Evaporation rate	:	Data not available
Flammability	:	
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Data not available
Lower explosion limit and upper explosion limit / flammability limit	:	
Upper explosion limit / upper flammability limit	:	Data not available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	Data not available
Vapour pressure	:	< 0.01 hPa (25 °C / 77 °F)
Relative vapour density	:	Data not available
Relative density	:	0.83 (25 °C / 77 °F) Method: ASTM D4052
Density	:	822 kg/m <sup>3</sup> (40 °C / 104 °F) Method: ASTM D4052
Solubility(ies)	:	
Water solubility	:	ca. 20 mg/l (25 °C / 77 °F) )
Solubility in other solvents	:	Data not available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: ca. 4.72 - 6.2
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Data not available
Decomposition temperature	:	Data not available
Viscosity	:	
Viscosity, dynamic	:	12.4 mPa.s (40 °C / 104 °F) Method: ASTM D445

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		50 mPa.s (35 °C / 95 °F)
		Method: ASTM D445
Viscosity, kinematic	:	15 mm <sup>2</sup> /s (40 °C / 104 °F)
		Method: ASTM D445
Explosive properties	:	Not applicable
Oxidizing properties	:	Data not available
Surface tension	:	Data not available
Conductivity	:	Electrical conductivity: > 10,000 pS/m
		A number of factors, for example liquid temperature, presence of contaminants, and anti-static additives can greatly influence the conductivity of a liquid, This material is not expected to be a static accumulator.
Molecular weight	:	203 - 210 g/mol
Particle size	:	Data not available

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### SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	Stable at normal ambient temperature and pressure. May oxidise in the presence of air.
Chemical stability	:	The product is chemically stable. Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	None known.
Conditions to avoid	:	Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
Incompatible materials	:	Copper. Copper alloys. Strong oxidising agents. Aluminum
Hazardous decomposition products	:	None expected under normal use conditions.

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### SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	:	Information given is based on product testing, and/or similar products, and/or components. Information given is based on product testing, and/or similar products, and/or components. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).
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### Information on likely routes of exposure

Exposure may occur via inhalation, ingestion, skin absorption, skin or eye contact, and accidental ingestion.

### Acute toxicity

#### Product:

- |                           |  |
|---------------------------|--|
| Acute oral toxicity       | : LD50 (Rat): 4,750 mg/kg ><br>Remarks: Low toxicity   |
| Acute inhalation toxicity | : Remarks: Low toxicity if inhaled.<br>Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
| Acute dermal toxicity     | : LD50 (Rabbit): 5,000 mg/kg><br>Remarks: Low toxicity   |

#### Components:

##### **tridecan-1-ol:**

- |                           |  |
|---------------------------|--|
| Acute oral toxicity       | : LD50 (Rat): > 4750 mg/kg<br>Remarks: Low toxicity  |
| Acute inhalation toxicity | : Remarks: Low toxicity if inhaled.<br>Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
| Acute dermal toxicity     | : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5000 mg/kg<br>Remarks: Low toxicity   |

##### **Pentadecanol, branched and linear:**

- |                           |                              |
|---------------------------|------------------------------|
| Acute oral toxicity       | : Remarks: no data available |
| Acute inhalation toxicity | : Remarks: no data available |
| Acute dermal toxicity     | : Remarks: no data available |

##### **Undecan-1-ol:**

- |                           |  |
|---------------------------|--|
| Acute oral toxicity       | : LD50 (Rat): > 5000 mg/kg<br>Remarks: Low toxicity  |
| Acute inhalation toxicity | : Remarks: Low toxicity<br>Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
| Acute dermal toxicity     | : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5000 mg/kg<br>Remarks: Low toxicity                                       |

### Skin corrosion/irritation

#### Product:

Remarks: Causes skin irritation.

#### Components:

##### **tridecan-1-ol:**

Remarks: Causes skin irritation.

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### **Pentadecanol, branched and linear:**

Remarks: no data available

### **Undecan-1-ol:**

Remarks: Causes mild skin irritation.

### **Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

#### **Product:**

Remarks: Causes serious eye irritation.

#### **Components:**

##### **tridecan-1-ol:**

Remarks: Causes serious eye irritation.

### **Pentadecanol, branched and linear:**

Remarks: no data available

### **Undecan-1-ol:**

Remarks: Causes serious eye irritation.

### **Respiratory or skin sensitisation**

#### **Product:**

Remarks: Not a sensitiser.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Components:**

##### **tridecan-1-ol:**

Remarks: Not a sensitiser. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Pentadecanol, branched and linear:**

Remarks: no data available

### **Undecan-1-ol:**

Remarks: Not a sensitiser. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Germ cell mutagenicity**

#### **Product:**

Genotoxicity in vivo : Remarks: Non mutagenic

#### **Components:**

##### **tridecan-1-ol:**

Genotoxicity in vivo : Remarks: Non mutagenic

### **Pentadecanol, branched and linear:**

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Genotoxicity in vivo : Remarks: no data available

### Undecan-1-ol:

Genotoxicity in vivo : Remarks: No evidence of mutagenic activity.

### Carcinogenicity

#### Product:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Components:

##### tridecan-1-ol:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

##### Pentadecanol, branched and linear:

Remarks: no data available

##### Undecan-1-ol:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### IARC

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

### OSHA

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.

### NTP

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

### Reproductive toxicity

#### Product:

Effects on fertility :  
Remarks: Not a developmental toxicant., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met., Does not impair fertility.

#### Components:

##### tridecan-1-ol:

Effects on fertility :  
Remarks: Not a developmental toxicant.  
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.  
Does not impair fertility.

##### Pentadecanol, branched and linear:

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Effects on fertility

:

Remarks: Data not available

### **Undecan-1-ol:**

Effects on fertility

:

Remarks: Not a developmental toxicant.  
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.  
Does not impair fertility.

### **STOT - single exposure**

#### **Product:**

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Components:**

##### **tridecan-1-ol:**

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

##### **Pentadecanol, branched and linear:**

Remarks: no data available

##### **Undecan-1-ol:**

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **STOT - repeated exposure**

#### **Product:**

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Components:**

##### **tridecan-1-ol:**

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

##### **Pentadecanol, branched and linear:**

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

##### **Undecan-1-ol:**

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Aspiration toxicity**

#### **Product:**

Not an aspiration hazard.

#### **Components:**

##### **tridecan-1-ol:**

Not an aspiration hazard.

##### **Pentadecanol, branched and linear:**

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Not an aspiration hazard.

### **Undecan-1-ol:**

Aspiration into the lungs when swallowed or vomited may cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.

### **Further information**

#### **Product:**

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

#### **Components:**

##### **tridecan-1-ol:**

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

##### **Pentadecanol, branched and linear:**

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

##### **Undecan-1-ol:**

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

## SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment : Incomplete ecotoxicological data are available for this product. The information given below is based partly on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s). Incomplete ecotoxicological data are available for this product. The information given below is based partly on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products.

### **Ecotoxicity**

#### **Product:**

Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity) :  
Remarks: Toxic  
LC/EC/IC50 >1 - <=10 mg/l

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Acute toxicity) :  
Remarks: Very toxic.  
LC/EC/IC50 < 1 mg/l

Toxicity to algae (Acute toxicity) :  
Remarks: Very toxic.  
LC/EC/IC50 < 1 mg/l

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : Remarks: NOEC/NOEL > 0.01 - <=0.1 mg/l

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icity)

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : Remarks: NOEC/NOEL > 0.1 - <=1.0 mg/l

Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity) : Remarks: Practically non toxic:  
LC/EC/IC50 > 100 mg/l

### **Components:**

#### **tridecan-1-ol:**

Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity) : Remarks: Toxic  
LC/EC/IC50 >1 - <=10 mg/l

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Acute toxicity) : Remarks: Very toxic.  
LC/EC/IC50 < 1 mg/l

Toxicity to algae (Acute toxicity) : Remarks: Very toxic.  
LC/EC/IC50 < 1 mg/l

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity) : 1

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : Remarks: NOEC/NOEL > 0.01 - <=0.1 mg/l

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : Remarks: NOEC/NOEL > 0.1 - <=1.0 mg/l

Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity) : Remarks: Practically non toxic:  
LC/EC/IC50 > 100 mg/l

#### **Undecan-1-ol:**

Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity) : Remarks: LC/EC/IC50 >1 - <=10 mg/l  
Toxic

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Acute toxicity) : Remarks: Very toxic.  
LC/EC/IC50 < 1 mg/l

Toxicity to algae (Acute toxicity) : Remarks: LC/EC/IC50 >1 - <=10 mg/l  
Toxic

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity) : 1

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : Remarks: Data not available

Toxicity to daphnia and other : Remarks: NOEC/NOEL > 0.01 - <=0.1 mg/l



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aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)

Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity) : Remarks: LC/EC/IC50 > 100 mg/l  
Practically non toxic:  
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Persistence and degradability

#### Product:

Biodegradability : Remarks: Taking into consideration the properties of several components, the product is estimated to be biodegradable according to OECD classification.

Remarks: Readily biodegradable.

#### Components:

##### **tridecan-1-ol:**

Biodegradability : Remarks: Readily biodegradable.

##### **Undecan-1-ol:**

Biodegradability : Remarks: Readily biodegradable.  
Oxidises rapidly by photo-chemical reactions in air.

### Bioaccumulative potential

#### Product:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Remarks: Bioaccumulation is unlikely to occur due to metabolism and excretion.

#### Components:

##### **tridecan-1-ol:**

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Bioaccumulation is unlikely to occur due to metabolism and excretion.

##### **Undecan-1-ol:**

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Bioaccumulation is unlikely to occur due to metabolism and excretion.

### Mobility in soil

#### Product:

Mobility : Remarks: Floats on water.  
If it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particles and will not be mobile.

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Remarks: Adsorbs to soil and has low mobility

### Components:

#### **tridecan-1-ol:**

Mobility

: Remarks: Floats on water.  
If it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particles and will not be mobile.

#### **Undecan-1-ol:**

Mobility

: Remarks: Floats on water.  
If product enters soil, it will be highly mobile and may contaminate groundwater.

### **Other adverse effects**

no data available

## SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### **Disposal methods**

Waste from residues

: Recover or recycle if possible.  
It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.  
Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses.  
Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or water.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.  
Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements and must be complied with.

Contaminated packaging

: Drain container thoroughly.  
After draining, vent in a safe place away from sparks and fire.  
Residues may cause an explosion hazard.  
Do not puncture, cut, or weld uncleaned drums.  
Send to drum recoverer or metal reclaimer.

## SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### **National Regulations**

#### **US Department of Transportation Classification (49 CFR Parts 171-180)**

Not regulated as a dangerous good

### **International Regulations**

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### IATA-DGR

UN/ID No.	: UN 3082
Proper shipping name	: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Alcohols C14-15, 1-Undecanol)
Class	: 9
Packing group	: III
Labels	: 9

### IMDG-Code

UN number	: UN 3082
Proper shipping name	: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Alcohols C14-15, 1-Undecanol)
Class	: 9
Packing group	: III
Labels	: 9
Marine pollutant	: yes

### Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Pollution category	: Y
Ship type	: 2
Product name	: NEODOL 135 (contains Undecyl Alcohol)

### Special precautions for user

Remarks	: Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.
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Additional Information	: This product may be transported under nitrogen blanketing. Nitrogen is an odourless and invisible gas. Exposure to nitrogen enriched atmospheres displaces available oxygen which may cause asphyxiation or death. Personnel must observe strict safety precautions when involved with a confined space entry. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code
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## SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

### EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act

\*: This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ.

### SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

### SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards	: Skin corrosion or irritation
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Serious eye damage or eye irritation

### SARA 313

: This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

### Clean Water Act

This product does not contain any Hazardous Chemicals listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table 117.3.

### US State Regulations

#### California Prop. 65

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

#### Other regulations:

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

### The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AIIC	: Listed
DSL	: Listed
IECSC	: Listed
ENCS	: Listed
TSCA	: Listed
EINECS	: Listed
KECI	: Listed

## SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

### Further information

NFPA Rating (Health, Fire, Reactivity) 2, 1, 0

### Full text of other abbreviations

Abbreviations and Acronyms : The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this document can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries) and/or websites.

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

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ADR = European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road  
AICS = Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances  
ASTM = American Society for Testing and Materials  
BEL = Biological exposure limits  
BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes  
CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service  
CEFIC = European Chemical Industry Council  
CLP = Classification Packaging and Labelling  
COC = Cleveland Open-Cup  
DIN = Deutsches Institut für Normung  
DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level  
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level  
DSL = Canada Domestic Substance List  
EC = European Commission  
EC50 = Effective Concentration fifty  
ECETOC = European Center on Ecotoxicology and Toxicology Of Chemicals  
ECHA = European Chemicals Agency  
EINECS = The European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances  
EL50 = Effective Loading fifty  
ENCS = Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory  
EWC = European Waste Code  
GHS = Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals  
IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer  
IATA = International Air Transport Association  
IC50 = Inhibitory Concentration fifty  
IL50 = Inhibitory Level fifty  
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods  
INV = Chinese Chemicals Inventory  
IP346 = Institute of Petroleum test method N° 346 for the determination of polycyclic aromatics DMSO-extractables  
KECI = Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory  
LC50 = Lethal Concentration fifty  
LD50 = Lethal Dose fifty per cent.  
LL/EL/IL = Lethal Loading/Effective Loading/Inhibitory loading  
LL50 = Lethal Loading fifty  
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships  
NOEC/NOEL = No Observed Effect Concentration / No Observed Effect Level  
OE\_HPV = Occupational Exposure - High Production Volume  
PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic  
PICCS = Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances  
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration  
REACH = Registration Evaluation And Authorisation Of Chemicals  
RID = Regulations Relating to International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail  
SKIN\_DES = Skin Designation  
STEL = Short term exposure limit

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TRA = Targeted Risk Assessment  
TSCA = US Toxic Substances Control Act  
TWA = Time-Weighted Average  
vPvB = very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet : The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).

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The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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