According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

### **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

#### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : ShellSol A100 High Cumene

Product code : Q7291, Q7391

Registration number EU : 01-2119455851-35-0000 Synonyms : Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

EC-No. : 918-668-5

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Sub- : Industrial Solvent.

stance/Mixture Please refer to section 16 and/or the annexes for the regis-

tered uses under REACH.

Uses advised against : This product must not be used in applications other than the

above without first seeking the advice of the supplier., Re-

stricted to professional users.

This product must not be used in applications other than those listed in Section 1 without first seeking the advice of the sup-

plier.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier : Shell Chemicals Europe B.V.

PO Box 2334 3000 CH Rotterdam

Netherlands

Telephone : +31 (0)10 441 5137 / +31 (0)10 441 5191 Telefax : +31 (0)20 716 8316 / +31 (0)20 713 9230

Contact for Safety Data : sccmsds@shell.com

Sheet

1.4 Emergency telephone number

+44 (0) 1235 239 670 (This telephone number is available 24 hours per day, 7 days per

week)

Poisons Centre: 070 245 245

Other information : SHELLSOL is a trademark owned by Shell Trademark Man-

agement B.V. and Shell Brands Inc. and used by affiliates of

Shell plc.

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

### **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

Flammable liquids, Category 3 H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.

Aspiration hazard, Category 1 H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters air-

ways.

Carcinogenicity, Category 1B H350: May cause cancer.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3, Respiratory Tract

H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3, Narcotic effects

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Cat-

egory 2

H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms :









Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : PHYSICAL HAZARDS:

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

**HEALTH HAZARDS:** 

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H350 May cause cancer.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Supplemental Hazard

Statements

EUH066

H411

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or

cracking.

Precautionary statements : Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open

flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.

Response:

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON

CENTER/ doctor.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/

attention.

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

### **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

#### Storage:

No precautionary phrases.

#### Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

May form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

This material is a static accumulator.

Even with proper grounding and bonding, this material can still accumulate an electrostatic charge.

If sufficient charge is allowed to accumulate, electrostatic discharge and ignition of flammable airvapour mixtures can occur.

Possibility of organ or organ system damage from prolonged exposure; see Section 11 for details. Target organ(s):

Auditory system

#### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1 Substances

#### Components

No.	Concentration (% w/w)
ssigned	<= 100
١	lo. Assigned 668-5

#### **Further information**

#### Contains:

Chemical name	Identification number	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
Cumene	98-82-8, 202-704-5	Flam. Liq.3; H226 Asp. Tox.1; H304 STOT SE3; H335 Carc.1B; H350 Aquatic Chronic2; H411	>= 0 - <= 2
Benzene	71-43-2, 200-753-7	Flam. Liq.2; H225 Asp. Tox.1; H304 Skin Irrit.2; H315	>= 0 - < 0,1

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

### **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

	Eye Irrit.2; H319 Muta.1B; H340 Carc.1A; H350 STOT RE1; H372 Aquatic Chronic3; H412	
--	---	--

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal

conditions.

Protection of first-aiders : When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the

appropriate personal protective equipment according to the

incident, injury and surroundings.

If inhaled : Remove to fresh air. If rapid recovery does not occur,

transport to nearest medical facility for additional treatment.

In case of skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing. Immediately flush skin with

large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes, and follow by washing with soap and water if available. If redness, swelling, pain and/or blisters occur, transport to the nearest medical

facility for additional treatment.

In case of eye contact : Flush eye with copious quantities of water.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

rinsing.

If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.

If swallowed : Call emergency number for your location / facility.

If swallowed, do not induce vomiting: transport to nearest medical facility for additional treatment. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration. If any of the following delayed signs and symptoms appear within the next 6 hours, transport to the nearest medical facility: fever greater than 101° F (38.3°C), shortness of breath, chest congestion or continued coughing or wheezing.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms : Respiratory irritation signs and symptoms may include a tem-

porary burning sensation of the nose and throat, coughing,

and/or difficulty breathing.

Breathing of high vapour concentrations may cause central nervous system (CNS) depression resulting in dizziness, lightheadedness, headache, nausea and loss of coordination. Continued inhalation may result in unconsciousness and

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

### **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: 10.0 27.12.2024

SDS Number: 800001005781

Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

Print Date 03.01.2025

death.

Skin irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning sensation, redness, or swelling.

No specific hazards under normal use conditions.

Eye irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning sensation, redness, swelling, and/or blurred vision.

If material enters lungs, signs and symptoms may include coughing, choking, wheezing, difficulty in breathing, chest congestion, shortness of breath, and/or fever.

If any of the following delayed signs and symptoms appear within the next 6 hours, transport to the nearest medical facility: fever greater than 101° F (38.3°C), shortness of breath, chest congestion or continued coughing or wheezing.

Defatting dermatitis signs and symptoms may include a burning sensation and/or a dried/cracked appearance.

Auditory system effects may include temporary hearing loss and/or ringing in the ears.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Call a doctor or poison control center for guidance.

Potential for chemical pneumonitis.

Treat symptomatically.

#### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon diox-

ide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water in a jet.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

Clear fire area of all non-emergency personnel. Hazardous combustion products may include:

A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and

gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide.

Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.

Flammable vapours may be present even at temperatures

below the flash point.

The vapour is heavier than air, spreads along the ground and

distant ignition is possible.

Will float and can be reignited on surface water.

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

### **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment :

for firefighters

Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to

relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Standard procedure for chemical fires.

Further information : Keep adjacent containers cool by spraying with water.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions

Observe all relevant local and international regulations.

Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the

environment occurs or is likely to occur.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

6.1.1 For non emergency personnel: Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Isolate hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary or unpro-

tected personnel.

Do not breathe fumes, vapour. Do not operate electrical equipment. 6.1.2 For emergency responders:

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Isolate hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary or unpro-

tected personnel.

Do not breathe fumes, vapour. Do not operate electrical equipment.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Shut off leaks, if possible without personal risks. Remove all

possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. Attempt to disperse the vapour or to direct its flow to a safe location for example by using fog sprays. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Ensure electrical continuity by bond-

ing and grounding (earthing) all equipment. Monitor area with combustible gas indicator.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : For small liquid spills (< 1 drum), transfer by mechanical

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

### **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

means to a labeled, sealable container for product recovery or safe disposal. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely.

For large liquid spills (> 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank for recovery or safe disposal. Do not flush away residues with water. Retain as contaminated waste. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely

Ventilate contaminated area thoroughly.

If contamination of site occurs remediation may require specialist advice.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet., For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Technical measures : Avoid breathing of or direct contact with material. Only use in

well ventilated areas. Wash thoroughly after handling. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see

Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.

Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this

material.

Ensure that all local regulations regarding handling and stor-

age facilities are followed.

Advice on safe handling : Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Extinguish any naked flames. Do not smoke. Remove ignition

sources. Avoid sparks.

Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of

vapours, mists or aerosols.

Bulk storage tanks should be diked (bunded).

When using do not eat or drink.

The vapour is heavier than air, spreads along the ground and

distant ignition is possible.

Product Transfer : Even with proper grounding and bonding, this material can still

accumulate an electrostatic charge. If sufficient charge is allowed to accumulate, electrostatic discharge and ignition of flammable air-vapour mixtures can occur. Be aware of handling operations that may give rise to additional hazards that result from the accumulation of static charges. These include

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

### **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

but are not limited to pumping (especially turbulent flow), mixing, filtering, splash filling, cleaning and filling of tanks and containers, sampling, switch loading, gauging, vacuum truck operations, and mechanical movements. These activities may lead to static discharge e.g. spark formation. Restrict line velocity during pumping in order to avoid generation of electrostatic discharge ( $\leq 1$  m/s until fill pipe submerged to twice its diameter, then  $\leq 7$  m/s). Avoid splash filling. Do NOT use compressed air for filling, discharging, or handling operations.

Refer to guidance under Handling section.

Hygiene measures : Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking and using the

toilet. Launder contaminated clothing before re-use. Do not ingest. If swallowed, then seek immediate medical assistance.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

Refer to section 15 for any additional specific legislation cov-

ering the packaging and storage of this product.

Further information on storage stability

Storage Temperature:

Ambient.

Bulk storage tanks should be diked (bunded).

Locate tanks away from heat and other sources of ignition. Cleaning, inspection and maintenance of storage tanks is a specialist operation, which requires the implementation of

strict procedures and precautions.

Must be stored in a diked (bunded) well- ventilated area, away from sunlight, ignition sources and other sources of heat. Keep away from aerosols, flammables, oxidizing agents, corrosives and from other flammable products which are not

harmful or toxic to man or to the environment.

Electrostatic charges will be generated during pumping. Electrostatic discharge may cause fire. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment to reduce the risk.

The vapours in the head space of the storage vessel may lie in the flammable/explosive range and hence may be flamma-

ble

Packaging material : Suitable material: For containers, or container linings use mild

steel, stainless steel., For container paints, use epoxy paint,

zinc silicate paint.

Unsuitable material: Avoid prolonged contact with natural,

butyl or nitrile rubbers.

Container Advice : Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or

near containers.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : Please refer to section 16 and/or the annexes for the regis-

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

### **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

tered uses under REACH.

See additional references that provide safe handling practices for liquids that are determined to be static accumulators: American Petroleum Institute 2003 (Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning and Stray Currents) or National Fire Protection Agency 77 (Recommended Practices on Static Electricity).

IEC/TS 60079-32-1: Electrostatic hazards, guidance

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **Occupational Exposure Limits**

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Cumene	98-82-8	TLV 8 hr	10 ppm 50 mg/m3	BE OEL
	Further inforn	nation: Absorption of	the agent through the skin,	the mucous
			an important part of total ex	
	absorption ca		ect contact as well as the pre	
Cumene		TLV 15 min	50 ppm 250 mg/m3	BE OEL
			the agent through the skin,	
	membranes of	or the eyes makes up	an important part of total ex	posure. This
	absorption ca	in be the result of dire	ect contact as well as the pre	esence in air.
Cumene		TWA	10 ppm	2019/1831/E
			50 mg/m3	U
	Further inforn	nation: A skin notatio	n assigned to the occupation	nal exposure
	limit value inc	, ,	of significant uptake through	n the skin., In-
Cumene		STEL	50 ppm 250 mg/m3	2019/1831/E U
			n assigned to the occupation of significant uptake through	
Benzene	71-43-2	TLV 8 hr	0,5 ppm 1,65 mg/m3	BE OEL
	Further information: Absorption of the agent through the skin, the mucous membranes or the eyes makes up an important part of total exposure. This absorption can be the result of direct contact as well as the presence in air., This substance is part of the scope of the Royal degree of 2th December 1993 on the protection of workers against the risk of exposure to carcinogenic and mutagenic agents at labour.			
Benzene		TWA	0,25 ppm 0,8 mg/m3	Shell Internal Standard (SIS) for 8-12 hour TWA.
Benzene		STEL	2,5 ppm	Shell Internal

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

### **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024 10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

8 mg/m3	Standard
	(SIS) for 15
	min (STEL)

#### **Biological occupational exposure limits**

No biological limit allocated.

#### Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value
ShellSol A100	Workers	Dermal	Long-term systemic effects	25 mg/kg bw/day
ShellSol A100	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	150 mg/m3
ShellSol A100	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	32 mg/m3
ShellSol A100	Consumers	Dermal	Long-term systemic effects	11 mg/kg
ShellSol A100	Consumers	Oral	Long-term systemic effects	11 mg/kg

#### Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name		Environmental Compartment	Value
Remarks:	tion. Conve	is a hydrocarbon with a complex, unknown or entional methods of deriving PNECs are not ap le to identify a single representative PNEC for	opropriate and it is

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### **Engineering measures**

Read in conjunction with the Exposure Scenario for your specific use contained in the Annex. The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include:

Use sealed systems as far as possible.

Adequate explosion-proof ventilation to control airborne concentrations below the exposure guidelines/limits.

Local exhaust ventilation is recommended.

Firewater monitors and deluge systems are recommended.

Eye washes and showers for emergency use.

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

#### General Information:

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

### **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.

#### Personal protective equipment

Read in conjunction with the Exposure Scenario for your specific use contained in the Annex. The provided information is made in consideration of the PPE directive (Council Directive 89/686/EEC) and the CEN European Committee for Standardisation (CEN) standards.

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Eye protection : If material is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes,

protective eyewear is recommended. Approved to EU Standard EN166.

Hand protection

Remarks : Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of

gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. Longer term protection: butyl-

rubber Nitrile rubber gloves.

Incidental contact/Splash protection: Nitrile rubber gloves. For continuous contact we recommend gloves with breakthrough time of more than 240 minutes with preference for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. For short-term/splash protection we recommend the same but recognize that suitable gloves offering this level of protection may not be available and in this case a lower breakthrough time maybe acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not a good predictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Glove thickness should be typically greater than 0.35 mm depending on the glove make and model. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on

izer is recommended.

Skin and body protection : Skin protection is not required under normal conditions of

For prolonged or repeated exposures use impervious clothing

clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moistur-

over parts of the body subject to exposure.

If repeated and/or prolonged skin exposure to the substance

is likely, then wear suitable gloves tested to relevant Standard, and provide employee skin care programmes.

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

### ShellSol A100 High Cumene

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

Protective clothing approved to EU Standard EN14605.

Wear antistatic and flame-retardant clothing, if a local risk

assessment deems it so.

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentra-Respiratory protection

> tions to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are unsuitable (e.g. airborne concentrations are high, risk of oxygen deficiency, confined space) use appropriate positive pressure breathing appa-

ratus.

Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appro-

priate combination of mask and filter.

If air-filtering respirators are suitable for conditions of use: Select a filter suitable for organic gases and vapours [Type A

boiling point > 65°C (149°F)] meeting EN14387.

#### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Liquid.

Colour colourless

Odour aromatic

Odour Threshold Data not available

Melting point/freezing point Data not available

150 - 185 °C Boiling point/boiling range

Flammability

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable

Flammability (liquids) Flammable liquid and vapour.

Lower explosion limit and upper explosion limit / flammability limit

Upper explosion limit /

upper flammability limit

7 %(V)

Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit 0,6 %(V)

Flash point 38 - 50 °C

Method: IP 170

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

### **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

Auto-ignition temperature : 507 °C

Decomposition temperature

Decomposition tempera-

ture

Data not available

pH : Data not available

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : Data not available

Viscosity, kinematic : Typical 0,9 mm2/s (25 °C)

Method: ASTM D445

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : insoluble

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 3,7 - 4,5

Vapour pressure : 210 - 1.300 Pa (20 °C)

Relative density : 0,87 - 0,88 (20 °C)

Method: ASTM D4052

Density : Typical 876 kg/m3 (15 °C)

Method: ASTM D4052

Relative vapour density : 4,3

Particle characteristics

Particle size : Data not available

9.2 Other information

Explosive properties : Not applicable

Oxidizing properties : Data not available

Flammability (liquids) : Flammable liquid and vapour.

Evaporation rate : < 1

Method: ASTM D 3539, nBuAc=1

Conductivity: < 100 pS/m

The conductivity of this material makes it a static accumulator., A liquid is typically considered nonconductive if its con-

ductivity is below 100 pS/m and is considered semi-

conductive if its conductivity is below 10,000 pS/m., Whether a liquid is nonconductive or semi-conductive, the precautions

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

### **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

are the same., A number of factors, for example liquid temperature, presence of contaminants, and anti-static additives

can greatly influence the conductivity of a liquid

Surface tension : Data not available

Molecular weight : Data not available

#### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

No hazardous reaction is expected when handled and stored according to provisions Stable under normal conditions of use.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Reacts with strong oxidising agents.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

In certain circumstances product can ignite due to static elec-

tricity.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Strong oxidising agents.

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form during normal storage.

Thermal decomposition is highly dependent on conditions. A complex mixture of airborne solids, liquids and gases including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, sulphur oxides and unidentified organic compounds will be evolved when this material undergoes combustion or thermal or oxidative degradation.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Information on likely routes of : Exposure may occur via inhalation, ingestion, skin absorption,

exposure skin or eye contact, and accidental ingestion.

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

### **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

#### **Acute toxicity**

#### **Components:**

#### Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Acute oral toxicity : LD 50 (Rat, male and female): > 2000 - <= 5000

Method: Acceptable non-standard method. Remarks: May be harmful if swallowed.

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC 50 (Rat, male and female): > 2 -<= 10 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: vapour

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline

403

Remarks: LC50 greater than near-saturated vapour concen-

tration.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD 50 (Rabbit, male and female): > 2.000 mg/kg

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline

402

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

#### **Components:**

#### Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Remarks : Moderately irritating to skin (but insufficient to classify).

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

#### **Components:**

#### Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Species : Rabbit

Method : Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 405

Remarks : Slightly irritating.

Insufficient to classify.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

### **Components:**

#### Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Remarks : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

### **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

#### **Components:**

#### Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 471

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline

473

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline

476

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Genotoxicity in vivo : Species: Rat

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline

475

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity- As-

sessment

This product does not meet the criteria for classification in

categories 1A/1B.

#### Carcinogenicity

#### **Product:**

Remarks : Contains Cumene, CAS# 98-82-8.

An increased tumour incidence has been observed in experimental animals; the significance of this finding to man is un-

known.

#### **Components:**

#### Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Remarks : Tumours produced in animals are not considered relevant to

humans.

Not a carcinogen.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

This product does not meet the criteria for classification in

categories 1A/1B.

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

### **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	No carcinogenicity classification.
Cumene	Carcinogenicity Category 1B
Benzene	Carcinogenicity Category 1A

Material	Other Carcinogenicity Classification
Cumene	IARC: Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans
Benzene	IARC: Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans

#### Reproductive toxicity

#### **Components:**

#### Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Effects on fertility : Species: Rat

Sex: male and female Application Route: Inhalation

Method: Other guideline method.

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

This product does not meet the criteria for classification in

categories 1A/1B.

#### STOT - single exposure

#### **Components:**

#### Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Exposure routes : Inhalation

Target Organs : Lungs, Central nervous system
Remarks : May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

May cause respiratory irritation.

#### STOT - repeated exposure

#### **Components:**

#### Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Remarks : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Auditory system: prolonged and repeated exposures to high

concentrations have resulted in hearing loss in rats.

Kidney: caused kidney effects in male rats which are not con-

sidered relevant to humans

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

### **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

#### Repeated dose toxicity

#### **Components:**

#### Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Species : Rat, male and female

Application Route : Oral

Method : Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 408

Target Organs : No specific target organs noted

Species : Rat, male and female

Application Route : Inhalation Test atmosphere : vapour

Method : Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 452

Target Organs : No specific target organs noted

#### **Aspiration toxicity**

#### **Components:**

#### Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Aspiration into the lungs when swallowed or vomited may cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

#### **Endocrine disrupting properties**

#### **Product:**

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components consid-

ered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at

levels of 0.1% or higher.

#### **Further information**

#### **Components:**

#### Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Remarks : Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory

frameworks may exist.

#### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

#### **Components:**

#### Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

### **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 9,2 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Remarks: Toxic

LC/EC/IC50 >1 - <=10 mg/l

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 3,2 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Remarks: Toxic

LC/EC/IC50 >1 - <=10 mg/l

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : ErL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (algae)): 2,9 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Toxic

LC/EC/IC50 >1 - <=10 mg/l

Toxicity to microorganisms : NOEC (Activated sludge): > 99 mg/l

Exposure time: 0,16 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209 Remarks: Practically non toxic: LC/EC/IC50 > 100 mg/l

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

Remarks: Data not available

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

Remarks: Data not available

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

#### **Components:**

#### Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Biodegradability : Biodegradation: 78 %

Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F Remarks: Readily biodegradable.

Oxidises rapidly by photo-chemical reactions in air.

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

#### **Components:**

#### Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Contains components with the potential to bioaccumulate.

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

### **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

#### **Components:**

#### Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Mobility : Remarks: Floats on water., If it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil

particles and will not be mobile.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

#### **Components:**

#### Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Assessment : The substance does not fulfill all screening criteria for persis-

tence, bioaccumulation and toxicity and hence is not consid-

ered to be PBT or vPvB..

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

#### **Product:**

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to

have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

#### **Components:**

#### Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Additional ecological infor-

mation

: Does not have ozone depletion potential.

#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : Recover or recycle if possible.

It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal meth-

ods in compliance with applicable regulations.

Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water

courses.

Do not dispose of tank water bottoms by allowing them to drain into the ground. This will result in soil and groundwater

contamination.

Waste arising from a spillage or tank cleaning should be disposed of in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

### **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024 10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

to a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand.

Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional,

national, and local laws and regulations.

Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or na-

tional requirements and must be complied with.

MARPOL - see International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL 73/78) which provides tech-

nical aspects at controlling pollutions from ships.

Contaminated packaging : Drain container thoroughly.

After draining, vent in a safe place away from sparks and fire. Residues may cause an explosion hazard. Do not puncture,

cut or weld uncleaned drums.

Send to drum recoverer or metal reclaimer.

Comply with any local recovery or waste disposal regulations.

#### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

14.1 UN number or ID number

ADN : 1268
ADR : 1268
RID : 1268
IMDG : 1268
IATA : 1268

14.2 UN proper shipping name

**ADN** : PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S.

(NAPHTHA)

ADR : PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S.

RID : PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S.

IMDG : PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S.

(NAPHTHA)

: Petroleum distillates, n.o.s.

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

**IATA** 

ADN : 3
ADR : 3
RID : 3
IMDG : 3
IATA : 3

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

### **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

#### 14.4 Packing group

ADN

Packing group : III
Classification Code : F1
Labels : 3 (N2, F)

CDNI Inland Water Waste : NST 8963 Solvent

Agreement

**ADR** 

Packing group : III
Classification Code : F1
Hazard Identification Number : 30
Labels : 3

**RID** 

Packing group : III
Classification Code : F1
Hazard Identification Number : 30
Labels : 3

**IMDG** 

Packing group : III Labels : 3

IATA

Packing group : III Labels : 3

#### 14.5 Environmental hazards

ADN

Environmentally hazardous : yes

**ADR** 

Environmentally hazardous : yes

rid

Environmentally hazardous : yes

**IMDG** 

Marine pollutant : yes

14.6 Special precautions for user

Remarks : Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage,

for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or

needs to comply with in connection with transport.

#### 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

**Additional Information**: This product may be transported under nitrogen blanketing.

Nitrogen is an odourless and invisible gas. Exposure to nitrogen may cause asphyxiation or death. Personnel must observe strict safety precautions when involved with a confined

space entry.

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

### **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mix-

REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles (Annex XVII) : Conditions of restriction for the following entries should be considered: Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (Number on list 29, 28) Cumene (Number on list 28) Benzene (Number on list 72, 5, 29, 28)

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation (Article 59).

This product does not contain substances of very high concern (Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH), Article 57).

REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV)

: Product is not subject to Authorisation under REACH.

#### Other regulations:

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

Product is subject to the cooperation agreement (SWA3) on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances, based on Seveso III directive (2012/18/EU).

The national inventory is based on the CAS number 64742-95-6.

#### The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

DSL : Listed

IECSC : Listed

TSCA : Listed

KECI : Listed

PICCS : Listed

TCSI : Listed

NZIoC : Listed

#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

### **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Full text of other abbreviations

2019/1831/EU : Europe. Commission Directive 2019/1831/EU establishing a

fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

BE OEL : Belgium. Occupational exposure limit values

2019/1831/EU / TWA : Limit Value - eight hours 2019/1831/EU / STEL : Short term exposure limit BE OEL / TLV 8 hr : Long term exposure limit BE OEL / TLV 15 min : Short term exposure limit

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA -European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail: SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature: SDS - Safety Data Sheet: SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI -Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### Further information

Training advice : Provide adequate information, instruction and training for op-

erators

Other information : For Industry guidance and tools on REACH please visit the

CEFIC website at http://cefic.org/Industry-support.

The substance does not fulfill all screening criteria for persis-

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

### **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: 10.0 27.12.2024

SDS Number: 800001005781

Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

Print Date 03.01.2025

tence, bioaccumulation and toxicity and hence is not considered to be PBT or vPvB.

A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.

This product is classified as H304 (May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways). The risk relates to potential for aspiration. The risk arising from aspiration hazard is solely related to the physico-chemical properties of the substance. The risk can therefore be controlled by implementing risk management measures tailored to this specific hazard and included within Section 8 of the SDS. An exposure scenario is not presented.

This product is classified as R66 / EUH066 (Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking). The risk relates to the potential for repeated or prolonged dermal contact. The risk arising from contact is solely related to the physicochemical properties of the substance. The risk can therefore be controlled by implementing risk management measures tailored to this specific hazard and included within Section 8 of the SDS. An exposure scenario is not presented.

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet

The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).

# Identified Uses according to the Use Descriptor System Uses - Worker

Title : Manufacture of substance

- Industrial

**Uses - Worker** 

Title : Distribution of substance

- Industrial

**Uses - Worker** 

Title : Formulation & (re)packing of substances and mixtures

- Industrial

**Uses - Worker** 

Title : Use in coatings

- Industrial

**Uses - Worker** 

Title : Use in coatings

- Professional

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

### **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

**Uses - Worker** 

Title : Use in Cleaning Agents

- Industrial

**Uses - Worker** 

Title : Use in Cleaning Agents

- Professional

**Uses - Worker** 

Title : Use in Oil and Gas field drilling and production operations

- Industrial

**Uses - Worker** 

Title : Lubricants

- Industrial

**Uses - Worker** 

Title : Lubricants

- Professional

Low Environmental Release

**Uses - Worker** 

Title : Lubricants

- Professional

High Environmental Release

**Uses - Worker** 

Title : Metal working fluids / rolling oils

- Industrial

**Uses - Worker** 

Title : Metal working fluids / rolling oils

- Professional

**Uses - Worker** 

Title : Use as binders and release agents

- Industrial

**Uses - Worker** 

Title : Use as binders and release agents

- Professional

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

### **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

**Uses - Worker** 

Title : Use in agrochemicals

- Professional

**Uses - Worker** 

Title : Use as a fuel

- Industrial

**Uses - Worker** 

Title : Use as a fuel

- Professional

**Uses - Worker** 

Title : Functional Fluids

- Professional

**Uses - Worker** 

Title : Functional Fluids

- Industrial

**Uses - Worker** 

Title : Use in road and construction products

- Professional

**Uses - Worker** 

Title : Use in laboratories

- Industrial

**Uses - Worker** 

Title : Use in laboratories

- Professional

**Uses - Worker** 

Title : Water treatment chemicals

- Industrial

**Uses - Worker** 

Title : Water treatment chemicals

- Professional

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guid-

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

### **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

ance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

BE / EN

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

#### **Exposure Scenario - Worker**

30000000750	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Manufacture of substance- Industrial
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU3, SU8, SU9 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC15 Environmental Release Categories: ERC1, ERC4, ESVOC SpERC 1.1.v1
Scope of process	Manufacture of the substance or use as a process chemical or extraction agent. Includes recycling/ recovery, material transfers, storage, maintenance and loading (including marine vessel/barge, road/rail car and bulk container), sampling and associated laboratory activities.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure
Product Characteristics	
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).,
Frequency and Duration of	Use
Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Other Operational Conditions affecting Exposure	
Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.	

Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures
General exposures (closed systems)PROC1PROC2PROC	No other specific measures identified.
General exposures (open systems)PROC4	No other specific measures identified.
Process samplingPROC8b	No other specific measures identified.
Laboratory activitiesPROC15	No other specific measures identified.
Bulk transfers(open systems)PROC8b	No other specific measures identified.
Bulk transfers(closed systems)PROC8b	No other specific measures identified.
Equipment cleaning and maintenancePROC8a	No other specific measures identified.
Storage.PROC1PROC2	Store substance within a closed system.
Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

Substance is complex UVCB.	
Predominantly hydrophobic.	
Readily biodegradable.	
Amounts Used	
Fraction of EU tonnage used in region:	0,1
Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year):	2,4E+04
Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally:	1
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year):	2,4E+04
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day):	7,9E+04
Frequency and Duration of Use	,
Continuous release.	
Emission Days (days/year):	300
Environmental factors not influenced by risk management	
Local freshwater dilution factor:	10
Local marine water dilution factor:	100
Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure	100
Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM):	1,0E-02
Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to	3,0E-04
RMM):	ŕ
Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM):	1,0E-04
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to pro	event release
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process re-	
lease estimates used.	
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discha-	arges, air emis-
sions and releases to soil	
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater sediment.	
Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite	
wastewater.	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary wastewater treatment required.	
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)	90
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide	15,9
the required removal efficiency of >= (%)	,
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary	0
wastewater treatment required.	
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site	
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.	
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.	
,	
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	lant
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage	93,6
treatment (%)	
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite	93,6
(domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following	1,0E+06
total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	,
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	1,0E+04
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for	
During manufacturing no waste of the substance is generated.	•
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

### **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

During manufacturing no waste of the substance is generated.

#### SECTION 3 EXPOSURE ESTIMATION

#### Section 3.1 - Health

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

#### **Section 3.2 - Environment**

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

# SECTION 4 GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO

#### Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

#### Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org).

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

#### **Exposure Scenario - Worker**

30000000753	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Distribution of substance- Industrial
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU3, SU8, SU9 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC15 Environmental Release Categories: ERC1, ERC2, ERC3, ERC4, ERC5, ERC6a, ERC6b, ERC6c, ERC6d, ERC7, ESVOC SpERC 1.1b.v1
Scope of process	Loading (including marine vessel/barge, rail/road car and IBC loading) and repacking (including drums and small packs) of substance, including its sampling, storage, unloading distribution and associated laboratory activities.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES	
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP	
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).,	
Frequency and Duration of	of Use	
Covers daily exposures up	to 8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Other Operational Conditi	ons affecting Exposure	
	nan 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differentled) dard of occupational hygiene is implemented.	ly).

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

, and the second	
Contributing Scenarios R	isk Management Measures
General exposures (closed systems)PROC1PROC2PROC3	No other specific measures identified.
General exposures (open systems)PROC4	No other specific measures identified.
Process samplingPROC3	No other specific measures identified.
Laboratory activitiesPROC15	No other specific measures identified.
Bulk transfers(closed systems)PROC8b	No other specific measures identified.
Bulk transfers(open systems)PROC8b	No other specific measures identified.
Drum and small package fill-ingPROC9	No other specific measures identified.
Equipment cleaning and maintenancePROC8a	No other specific measures identified.
Storage.PROC1PROC2	Store substance within a closed system.

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

Substance is complex UVCB. Predominantly hydrophobic. Readily biodegradable.  Amounts Used Fraction of EU tonnage used in region: Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year): Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally: Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year): Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day): Frequency and Duration of Use Continuous release. Emission Days (days/year): Environmental factors not influenced by risk management Local freshwater dilution factor: Local marine water dilutions affecting Environmental Exposure	0,1 850 2,0E-03 1,7 85	
Predominantly hydrophobic. Readily biodegradable.  Amounts Used Fraction of EU tonnage used in region: Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year): Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally: Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year): Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day): Frequency and Duration of Use Continuous release. Emission Days (days/year): Environmental factors not influenced by risk management Local freshwater dilution factor: Local marine water dilutions affecting Environmental Exposure	850 2,0E-03 1,7 85	
Readily biodegradable.  Amounts Used  Fraction of EU tonnage used in region: Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year): Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally: Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year): Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day): Frequency and Duration of Use Continuous release. Emission Days (days/year): Environmental factors not influenced by risk management Local freshwater dilution factor: Local marine water dilutions affecting Environmental Exposure	850 2,0E-03 1,7 85	
Amounts Used Fraction of EU tonnage used in region: Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year): Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally: Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year): Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day): Frequency and Duration of Use Continuous release. Emission Days (days/year): Environmental factors not influenced by risk management Local freshwater dilution factor: Local marine water dilutions affecting Environmental Exposure	850 2,0E-03 1,7 85	
Fraction of EU tonnage used in region: Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year): Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally: Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year): Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day): Frequency and Duration of Use Continuous release. Emission Days (days/year): Environmental factors not influenced by risk management Local freshwater dilution factor: Local marine water dilution factor: Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure	850 2,0E-03 1,7 85	
Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year): Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally: Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year): Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day): Frequency and Duration of Use Continuous release. Emission Days (days/year): Environmental factors not influenced by risk management Local freshwater dilution factor: Local marine water dilutions affecting Environmental Exposure	850 2,0E-03 1,7 85	
Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally: Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year): Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day): Frequency and Duration of Use Continuous release. Emission Days (days/year): Environmental factors not influenced by risk management Local freshwater dilution factor: Local marine water dilutions affecting Environmental Exposure	2,0E-03 1,7 85	
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year):  Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day):  Frequency and Duration of Use  Continuous release.  Emission Days (days/year):  Environmental factors not influenced by risk management  Local freshwater dilution factor:  Local marine water dilution factor:  Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure	1,7 85	
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day):  Frequency and Duration of Use  Continuous release.  Emission Days (days/year):  Environmental factors not influenced by risk management  Local freshwater dilution factor:  Local marine water dilution factor:  Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure	85	
Frequency and Duration of Use Continuous release. Emission Days (days/year): Environmental factors not influenced by risk management Local freshwater dilution factor: Local marine water dilution factor: Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure		
Continuous release. Emission Days (days/year): Environmental factors not influenced by risk management Local freshwater dilution factor: Local marine water dilution factor: Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure	20	
Emission Days (days/year):  Environmental factors not influenced by risk management  Local freshwater dilution factor:  Local marine water dilution factor:  Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure	20	
Environmental factors not influenced by risk management  Local freshwater dilution factor:  Local marine water dilution factor:  Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure	20	
Local freshwater dilution factor: Local marine water dilution factor: Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure		
Local marine water dilution factor: Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure	140	
Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure	10	
	100	
	4.05.00	
Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM):	1,0E-03	
Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to	1,0E-05	
RMM):		
Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM):	1,0E-05	
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to pro-	event release	
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process re-		
lease estimates used. Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discha sions and releases to soil	arges, air emis-	
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater.		
Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater.		
No wastewater treatment required.		
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)	90	
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of >= (%)	0	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary wastewater treatment required.	0	
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site		
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.		
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	lant	
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage	93,6	
treatment (%)		
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	93,6	
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	2,1E+05	
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2,0E+03	
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal		

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

### **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

#### Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

#### SECTION 3 EXPOSURE ESTIMATION

#### Section 3.1 - Health

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

#### Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE
	EXPOSURE SCENARIO

#### Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

#### Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org).

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

### **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024 Version Revision Date:

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

#### **Exposure Scenario - Worker**

30000000754	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Formulation & (re)packing of substances and mixtures- Industrial
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU3, SU10 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC14, PROC15 Environmental Release Categories: ERC2, ESVOC SpERC 2.2.v1
Scope of process	Formulation, packing and re-packing of the substance and its mixtures in batch or continuous operations, including storage, materials transfers, mixing, tabletting, compression, pelletisation, extrusion, large and small scale packing, sampling, maintenance and associated laboratory activities.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES	
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP	
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).,	
Frequency and Duration of	Use	
Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).		
Other Operational Condition	ons affecting Exposure	
Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently).		y).
Assumes a second basis at a second of a second time of business is invalent and a		

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

**Contributing Scenarios Risk Management Measures** General exposures (closed No other specific measures identified. systems)PROC1PROC2PROC3 General exposures (open sys-No other specific measures identified. tems)PROC4 Batch processes at elevated No other specific measures identified. temperaturesOperation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature). Use in contained batch processesPROC3 Process samplingPROC3 No other specific measures identified. Laboratory activitiesPROC15 No other specific measures identified. Bulk transfersPROC8b No other specific measures identified.

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

Mixing operations (open systems)PROC5	No other specific measures identified	l.
ManualTransfer from/pouring	No other specific measures identified	l.
from containersPROC8a		
Drum/batch transfersPROC8b No other specific measures identified		i.
Production or preparation or articles by tabletting, compression, extrusion or pelletisationPROC14	No other specific measures identified	I.
Drum and small package fill-ingPROC9	No other specific measures identified	i.
Equipment cleaning and maintenancePROC8a	No other specific measures identified	1.
Storage.PROC1PROC2	Store substance within a closed syst	em.
	ontrol of Environmental Exposure	
Substance is complex UVCB.		
Predominantly hydrophobic.		
Readily biodegradable.		
Amounts Used		
Fraction of EU tonnage used in re	egion:	0,1
Regional use tonnage (tonnes/ye		730
Fraction of Regional tonnage use		1
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year		730
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day):		7,3E+03
Frequency and Duration of Use		1,02100
Continuous release.		
Emission Days (days/year):		100
Environmental factors not influenced by risk management		100
Local freshwater dilution factor:		10
Local marine water dilution factor:		100
	Iffecting Environmental Exposure	100
	ess (after typical onsite RMMs con-	1,0E-02
sistent with EU Solvent Emission		1,00-02
	•	2,0E-04
Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to RMM):		
Release fraction to soil from proc		1,0E-04
	sures at process level (source) to pro	event release
Common practices vary across si lease estimates used.	ites thus conservative process re-	
	d measures to reduce or limit disch	arges, air emis-
sions and releases to soil		- ·
Risk from environmental exposur	e is driven by freshwater sediment.	
	substance to or recover from onsite	
wastewater.		
No wastewater treatment required	d.	
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)		0
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of >= (%)		0
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary		0
ii discharging to domestic sewag	e treatment plant, no secondary	0

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

wastewater treatment required.		
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site		
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.		
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.		
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	lant	
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage	93,6	
treatment (%)		
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite	93,6	
(domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)		
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following	3,1E+05	
total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)		
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2,0E+03	
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for	r disposal	
External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable	local and/or regional	
regulations.		
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste		
External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable	local and/or regional	
regulations.		

	SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION
Section 3.1 - Health		
	The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise	

indicated.

#### Section 3.2 -Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE
	EXPOSURE SCENARIO
Section 4.1 - Health	
Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management	

Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

#### Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

(http://cefic.org).

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

#### **Exposure Scenario - Worker**

3000000755	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Use in coatings- Industrial
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU3 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC7, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC10, PROC13, PROC14, PROC15 Environmental Release Categories: ERC4, ESVOC SpERC 4.3a.v1
Scope of process	Covers the use in coatings (paints, inks, adhesives, etc) including exposures during use (including materials receipt, storage, preparation and transfer from bulk and semi-bulk, application by spray, roller, spreader, dip, flow, fluidised bed on production lines and film formation) and equipment cleaning, maintenance and associated laboratory activities.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT
	MEASURES
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure
Product Characteristics	
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP
Concentration of the Sub-	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated
stance in Mixture/Article	differently).,
Frequency and Duration of	
	8 hours (unless stated differently).
Other Operational Conditio	ns affecting Exposure
	an 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently).
	ard of occupational hygiene is implemented.
/ lood.ii.oo a good bacio ciai.ia	and or occupational try ground to impromise an
Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures
General exposures (closed	No other specific measures identified.
systems)PROC1	·
General exposures (closed	No other specific measures identified.
systems)with sample col-	·
lectionUse in contained	
systemsPROC2	
Film formation - force dry-	No other specific measures identified.
ing, stoving and other tech-	·
nologies.(closed sys-	
tems)Operation is carried	
out at elevated temperature	
(> 20°C above ambient	
temperature).PROC2	
Mixing operations (closed	No other specific measures identified.
systems)General expo-	·

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

sures (closed sys-		
tems)PROC3		
Film formation - air dry- ingPROC4	No other specific measures identified.	
Preparation of material for applicationMixing operations (open systems)PROC5	No other specific measures identified.	
Spraying (automatic/robotic)PROC7	Carry out in a vented booth provided with	laminar airflow.
ManualSprayingPROC7	Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 v better.	vith Type A filter or
Material transfersNon- dedicated facilityPROC8a	No other specific measures identified.	
Material transfersDedicated facilityPROC8b	No other specific measures identified.	
Roller, spreader, flow applicationPROC10	No other specific measures identified.	
Dipping, immersion and pouringPROC13	No other specific measures identified.	
Laboratory activitiesPROC15	No other specific measures identified.	
Material trans- fersDrum/batch transfer- sTransfer from/pouring from containersPROC9	No other specific measures identified.	
Production or preparation or articles by tabletting, compression, extrusion or pelletisationPROC14	No other specific measures identified.	
Equipment cleaning and maintenancePROC8a	No other specific measures identified.	
Storage.PROC1	Store substance within a closed system.	
Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
Substance is complex UVCB		
Predominantly hydrophobic.		
Readily biodegradable.		
Amounts Used		•
Fraction of EU tonnage used	in region:	0,1
Regional use tonnage (tonne		7,6E+03
Fraction of Regional tonnage	•	1
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/		7,6E+03
Maximum daily site tonnage (		2,5E+04
Frequency and Duration of		
Continuous release.		
Emission Days (days/year):		300
Environmental factors not influenced by risk management		
Local freshwater dilution factor		10
Local marine water dilution fa	ctor:	100

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure	
Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM):	9,8E-01
Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to	7,0E-04
RMM):	, -
Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM):	0
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to pr	event release
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process re-	
lease estimates used.	
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit disch	arges, air emis-
sions and releases to soil	<b>J</b> ,
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater sediment.	
Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite	
wastewater.	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary	
wastewater treatment required.	
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)	90
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide	77,7
the required removal efficiency of >= (%)	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary	0
wastewater treatment required.	
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site	
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.	
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.	
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	lant
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage	93,6
treatment (%)	30,0
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite	93,6
(domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following	8,8E+04
total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	,
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2,0E+03
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste fo	
External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable	
regulations.	ŭ
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	
External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable	local and/or regional
regulations.	

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION
Section 3.1 - Health	
The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise	
indicated.	

# Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO

#### Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

#### **Section 4.2 - Environment**

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

#### **Exposure Scenario - Worker**

30000000756	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Use in coatings- Professional
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU22 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC10, PROC11, PROC13, PROC15, PROC19 Environmental Release Categories: ERC8a, ERC8d, ESVOC SpERC 8.3b.v1
Scope of process	Covers the use in coatings (paints, inks, adhesives, etc) including exposures during use (including materials receipt, storage, preparation and transfer from bulk and semi-bulk, application by spray, roller, brush, spreader by hand or similar methods, and film formation), and equipment cleaning, maintenance and associated laboratory activities.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure
Product Characteristics	
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).,
Frequency and Duration of Use	
Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Other Operational Conditions affecting Exposure	
Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently).	

Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

Assumes a good basic standard or occupational hygiene is implemented.	
Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures
General exposures (closed systems)PROC1	No other specific measures identified.
Filling/ preparation of equipme from drums or containers.Use contained systemsPROC2	· ·
General exposures (closed systems)Use in contained systemsPROC2	No other specific measures identified.
Preparation of material for app cationUse in contained batch processesPROC3	li- No other specific measures identified.
Film formation - air dry- ingOutdoorPROC4	No other specific measures identified.
Film formation - air dryingln-doorPROC4	No other specific measures identified.

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

Preparation of material for applicationIndoorPROC5	No other specific measures identified.
Preparation of material for applicationOutdoorPROC5	No other specific measures identified.
Material transfersDrum/batch transfersNon-dedicated facilityPROC8a	No other specific measures identified.
Material transfersDrum/batch transfersDedicated facilityPROC8b	No other specific measures identified.
Roller, spreader, flow application- IndoorPROC10	No other specific measures identified.
Roller, spreader, flow applicationOutdoorPROC10	No other specific measures identified.
ManualSprayingIndoorPROC11	Carry out in a vented booth or extracted enclosure. , or: Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136 with Type A/P2 filter or better.
ManualSprayingOutdoorPROC11	Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors. Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours Limit the substance content in the mixture to 50 %. , or: Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136 with Type A/P2 filter or better.
Dipping, immersion and pouringIndoorPROC13	No other specific measures identified.
Dipping, immersion and pouringOutdoorPROC13	No other specific measures identified.
Laboratory activitiesPROC15	No other specific measures identified.
Hand application - fingerpaints, pastels, adhesivesIndoorPROC19	No other specific measures identified.
Hand application - fingerpaints, pastels, adhesivesOut-	No other specific measures identified.
doorPROC19	

Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
Substance is complex UVCB.	Substance is complex UVCB.	
Predominantly hydrophobic.		
Readily biodegradable.		
Amounts Used		
Fraction of EU tonnage used in region: 0,1		0,1
Regional use tonnage (tonne	s/year):	2,2E+03
Fraction of Regional tonnage	used locally:	5,0E-04
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year): 1,1		1,1
Maximum daily site tonnage (	kg/day):	3,0

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

Frequency and Duration of Use Continuous release.	
Emission Days (days/year):	365
Environmental factors not influenced by risk management	1 000
Local freshwater dilution factor:	10
Local marine water dilution factor:	100
Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure	100
Release fraction to air from wide dispersive use (regional only):	9,8E-01
Release fraction to wastewater from wide dispersive use:	1,0E-02
Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only):	1,0E-02
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to pr	
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process re-	- CVCIII ICICASC
lease estimates used.	
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit disch	arnes air emis-
sions and releases to soil	arges, air cims
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater.	
Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite	
wastewater.	
No wastewater treatment required.	
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)	0
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide	0
the required removal efficiency of >= (%)	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary	0
wastewater treatment required.	
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site	<u> </u>
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.	
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.	
- · · <b>·</b> · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	lant
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage	93,6
treatment (%)	
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite	93,6
(domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following	4,7E+03
total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2,0E+03
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste fo	r disposal
External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable regulations.	local and/or regiona
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	
External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable regulations.	iocal and/or regiona

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION
Section 3.1 - Health	
The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.	

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

#### Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE
	EXPOSURE SCENARIO

#### Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

#### Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

#### **Exposure Scenario - Worker**

3000000757	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Use in Cleaning Agents- Industrial
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU3 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC7, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC10, PROC13 Environmental Release Categories: ERC4, ESVOC SpERC 4.4a.v1
Scope of process	Covers the use as a component of cleaning products including transfer from storage, pouring/unloading from drums or containers. Exposures during mixing/diluting in the preparatory phase and cleaning activities (including spraying, brushing, dipping, wiping, automated and by hand), related equipment cleaning and maintenance.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RIS	SK MANAGEMENT
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STF	0
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 1 differently).,	00% (unless stated
Frequency and Duration of Use		
Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).		
Other Operational Conditions affecting Exposure		
Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.		

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

Contributing Scenarios Ris	sk Management Measures	
Bulk transfersNon-dedicated facilityPROC8a	No other specific measures identified.	
Automated process with (semi) closed systems. Use in contained systems PROC2	No other specific measures identified.	
Automated process with (semi) closed systems.Drum/batch trans fersUse in contained batch processesPROC3	No other specific measures identified.	
Application of cleaning products i closed systemsPROC2	No other specific measures identified.	
Filling/ preparation of equipment from drums or containers.PROC8b	No other specific measures identified.	
Use in contained batch process- esPROC4	No other specific measures identified.	

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

Degreasing small objects in cleaning stationPROC13	No other specific measures identifi	ed.
Cleaning with low-pressure washersPROC10	No other specific measures identifi	ed.
Cleaning with high pressure washersPROC7	Provide a good standard of genera 3 to 5 air changes per hour). Limit the substance content in the	•
ManualSurfacesCleaningPROC10	No other specific measures identifi	ed.
Storage.PROC1	Store substance within a closed sy	stem.
Section 2.2 Cont	rol of Environmental Exposure	
Substance is complex UVCB.	•	
Predominantly hydrophobic.		
Readily biodegradable.		
Amounts Used		
Fraction of EU tonnage used in regi	on:	0,1
Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year)		320
Fraction of Regional tonnage used I		3,2E-01
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year):	· · ·	100
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day	v):	5,0E+03
Frequency and Duration of Use	/	
Continuous release.		
Emission Days (days/year):		20
Environmental factors not influen	ced by risk management	
Local freshwater dilution factor:	,	10
Local marine water dilution factor:		100
Other Operational Conditions affe	ecting Environmental Exposure	
Release fraction to air from process	(initial release prior to RMM):	1,0
Release fraction to wastewater from RMM):		3,0E-06
Release fraction to soil from proces		0
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release		
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.		
Technical onsite conditions and r sions and releases to soil	neasures to reduce or limit disch	arges, air emis-
Risk from environmental exposure is	s driven by freshwater.	
Prevent discharge of undissolved su		
wastewater.		
No wastewater treatment required.		
Treat air emission to provide a typic		70
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to red the required removal efficiency of >:		0
If discharging to domestic sewage to wastewater treatment required.	reatment plant, no secondary	0
Organisational measures to preven	ent/limit release from site	1
Do not apply industrial sludge to nat Sludge should be incinerated, contains	ural soils.	

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant	
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage	93,6
treatment (%)	
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite	93,6
(domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following	8,3E+06
total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2,0E+03

#### Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

#### Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

	SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION
Section 3.1 - Health  The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise		

indicated.

### Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO
Section 4.1 - Health	
D P 4 1	( ) ( DAVANEL I (I B) I M

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

#### **Section 4.2 - Environment**

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

### **Exposure Scenario - Worker**

30000000758	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Use in Cleaning Agents- Professional
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU22 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC10, PROC11, PROC13 Environmental Release Categories: ERC8a, ERC8d, ESVOC SpERC 8.4b.v1
Scope of process	Covers the use as a component of cleaning products including pouring/unloading from drums or containers; and exposures during mixing/diluting in the preparatory phase and cleaning activities (including spraying, brushing, dipping, wiping automated and by hand).

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISH MEASURES	K MANAGEMENT
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP	
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).,	
Frequency and Duration of Use		
Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).		
Other Operational Conditions affecting Exposure		
Assumes use at not more than $20^{\circ}\text{C}$ above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.		

Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures
Filling/ preparation of equipmer	No other specific measures identified.
from drums or contain-	
ers.Dedicated facilityPROC8b	
Filling/ preparation of equipmer	, , ,
from drums or containers.Non-	than 4 hours
dedicated facilityPROC8a	
Automated process with (semi)	<u>'</u>
closed systems. Use in contained	ed
systemsPROC2	
Automated process with (semi)	
closed systems.Drum/batch tra	
fersUse in contained batch pro-	
cessesPROC3	
Semi Automated process. (e.g.	<u>'</u>
Semi automatic application of f	oor
care and maintenance prod-	
ucts)PROC4	

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

ManualSurfacesCleaningDipping, immersion and pouringPROC13	No other specific measures identified.
ManualSurfacesCleaningPROC13	No other specific measures identified.
Cleaning with low-pressure washers ers Rolling, Brushing no spraying PROC10	No other specific measures identified.
Cleaning with high pressure washersSprayingIndoorPROC11	Limit the substance content in the product to 1 %.
Cleaning with high pressure washersSprayingOutdoorPROC11	Limit the substance content in the product to 1 %.
ManualSurfacesCleaningPROC10	Limit the substance content in the product to 25 %.
Ad hoc manual application via trigger sprays, dipping, etc.Rolling, BrushingPROC10	Limit the substance content in the product to 25 %.
Application of cleaning products in closed systemsPROC4	No other specific measures identified.
Cleaning of medical devic- esPROC4	No other specific measures identified.
Storage.PROC1	Store substance within a closed system.

Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
Substance is complex UVCB.		
Predominantly hydrophobic.	Predominantly hydrophobic.	
Readily biodegradable.		
Amounts Used		
Fraction of EU tonnage used		0,1
Regional use tonnage (tonnes		2,0
Fraction of Regional tonnage	used locally:	5,0E-04
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/y		1,0E-03
Maximum daily site tonnage (		2,7E-03
Frequency and Duration of	Use	
Continuous release.		
Emission Days (days/year):		365
Environmental factors not i	nfluenced by risk management	
Local freshwater dilution factor	or:	10
Local marine water dilution fa		100
	ns affecting Environmental Exposure	
	ide dispersive use (regional only):	2,0E-02
Release fraction to wastewate		1,0E-06
	vide dispersive use (regional only):	0
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release		event release
	ss sites thus conservative process re-	
lease estimates used.		
	and measures to reduce or limit disch	arges, air emis-
sions and releases to soil		
Risk from environmental expo	·	
No wastewater treatment requ		
	a typical removal efficiency of (%)	0
Treat onsite wastewater (prior	to receiving water discharge) to provide	0

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

the required removal efficiency of >= (%)	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary	0
wastewater treatment required.	
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site	
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.	
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.	
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	lant
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage	93,6
treatment (%)	
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite	93,6
(domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following	7,1
total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2,0E+03
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	
External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional	
regulations.	
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	·
External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable	local and/or regional
regulations.	

	SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION
Section 3.1 - Health		
	The ECETOC TRA tool has h	poon used to estimate workplace exposures upless otherwise

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

#### **Section 3.2 - Environment**

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO	
Section 4.1 - Health		
Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management		
Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.		
Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users		
should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.		

#### **Section 4.2 - Environment**

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

or in combination.

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

#### **Exposure Scenario - Worker**

EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Use in Oil and Gas field drilling and production operations-
Industrial
Sector of Use: SU3
Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4,
PROC8a, PROC8b
Environmental Release Categories: ERC4
Oil field well drilling and production operations (including drilling muds and well cleaning) including material transfers, onsite formulation, well head operations, shaker room activities and related maintenance.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK M MEASURES	ANAGEMENT
Additional Information	No exposure assessment presented for the environment.	
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP	
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).,	
Frequency and Duration of Use		
Covers daily exposures up to	8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Other Operational Conditions affecting Exposure		

Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures
Bulk transfersDedicated facilityPROC8b	No other specific measures identified.
Filling/ preparation of equipment from drums or containers.Dedicated facilityPROC8b	No other specific measures identified.
Drilling mud (re- )formulationPROC3	No other specific measures identified.
Drill floor operationsPROC4	No other specific measures identified.
Operation of solids filtering equipment - vapour exposuresPROC4	
Treatment and disposal of filtered solidsPROC3	No other specific measures identified.
Process samplingPROC3	No other specific measures identified.

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

General exposures (closed systems)PROC1	No other specific measures identified.	
Pouring from small containersPROC8a		
General exposures (open systems)PROC4	No other specific measures identified.	
Equipment cleaning and maintenancePROC8a	No other specific measures identified.	
Storage.PROC1PROC2	Store substance within a closed system.	
Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
No exposure assessment presented for the environment.		

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION
Section 3.1 - Health	
The EOFTOO TDA (cell as here as his self-self-self-self-self-self-self-self-	

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

#### **Section 3.2 - Environment**

No exposure assessment presented for the environment.

Quantitative exposure and risk assessment not possible due to lack of emissions to aquatic environment.

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO
Section 4.1 - Health	
Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management	
Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.	

Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

# Section 4.2 -Environment No exposure assessment presented for the environment.

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

#### **Exposure Scenario - Worker**

30000000784	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Lubricants- Industrial
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU3 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC7, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC10, PROC13, PROC17, PROC18 Environmental Release Categories: ERC4, ERC7, ESVOC SpERC 4.6a.v1
Scope of process	Covers the use of formulated lubricants in closed and open systems including transfer operations, operation of machinery/engines and similar articles, reworking on reject articles, equipment maintenance and disposal of wastes.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES		
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure		
Product Characteristics			
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP		
Concentration of the Sub-	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated		
stance in Mixture/Article	differently).,		
Frequency and Duration of Use			
Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).			
Other Operational Conditions affecting Exposure			
Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.			

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

Contributing Scenarios Risk Management Measures

General exposures (closed systems)PROC1PROC2PROC3	No other specific measures identified.
General exposures (open systems)PROC4	No other specific measures identified.
Bulk transfersDedicated facilityPROC8b	No other specific measures identified.
Filling/ preparation of equipment from drums or containers.Non-dedicated facilityPROC8a	No other specific measures identified.
Filling/ preparation of equipment from drums or containers. Dedicated facilityPROC8b	No other specific measures identified.
Initial factory fill of equip- mentPROC9	No other specific measures identified.
Operation and lubrication of high energy open equipmentPROC17PROC18	No other specific measures identified.

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

ManualRolling, BrushingPROC10		No other specific measures identified	d.	
Treatment by dipping and pour- ingPROC13		No other specific measures identified.		
SprayingPROC7		Carry out in a vented booth or extracted enclosure.		
Maintenance (of larger plant items) and machine set upDedicated facilityPROC8b		No other specific measures identified.		
Maintenance (of larger plant items) and machine set upOperation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature). Dedicated facilityPROC8b		Drain down and flush system prior to maintenance.	o equipment opening or	
Maintenance of small itemsNo dedicated facilityPROC8a	on-	No other specific measures identified	d.	
Remanufacture of reject articlesPROC9		No other specific measures identified	d.	
Storage.PROC1PROC2		Store substance within a closed syst	tem.	
Section 2.2		ntrol of Environmental Exposure		
Substance is complex UVCB.				
Predominantly hydrophobic.				
Readily biodegradable.				
Amounts Used				
Fraction of EU tonnage used			0,1	
Regional use tonnage (tonnes/yea			700	
Fraction of Regional tonnage used			0,14	
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year)			100	
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/d		lay):	5,0E+03	
Frequency and Duration of	Use			
Continuous release.				
Emission Days (days/year):			20	
Environmental factors not i	nflu	enced by risk management		
Local freshwater dilution factor			10	
Local marine water dilution fa			100	
		ffecting Environmental Exposure		
•		<u> </u>	5,0E-03	
Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior RMM):			3,0E-05	
Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM): 1,0E-03				
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release				
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process re-				
lease estimates used.				
Technical onsite conditions	and	d measures to reduce or limit disch	arges, air emis-	
sions and releases to soil		- Control Control Control		
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater sediment.				
Prevent discharge of undissol wastewater.	ved	substance to or recover from onsite		
No wastewater treatment requ	uired	d.		

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)	70	
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide	0	
the required removal efficiency of >= (%)		
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary	0	
wastewater treatment required.		
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site		
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.		
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.		
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	lant	
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage	93,6	
treatment (%)		
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite	93,6	
(domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)		
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following	2,1E+06	
total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)		
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2,0E+03	
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal		
External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable	local and/or regional	
regulations.		
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste		
External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional		

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION
Section 3.1 - Health	

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

#### **Section 3.2 - Environment**

regulations.

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO	
Section 4.1 - Health		
Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management		

Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

#### **Section 4.2 - Environment**

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technolo-

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

gies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

#### **Exposure Scenario - Worker**

Exposure Contains Transco		
30000000785		
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE	
Title	Lubricants- ProfessionalLow Environmental Release	
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU22	
	Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4,	
	PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC10, PROC11, PROC13,	
	PROC17, PROC18, PROC20	
	Environmental Release Categories: ERC9a, ERC9b,	
	, , ,	
	ESVOC SpERC 8.6c.v1	
Scope of process	Covers the use of formulated lubricants in closed and open	
	systems including transfer operations, operation of engines	
	and similar articles, reworking on reject articles, equipment	
	maintenance and disposal of waste oil.	

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES		
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure		
Product Characteristics			
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP		
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).,		
Frequency and Duration of Use			
Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).			
Other Operational Conditions affecting Exposure			
Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.			

Contributing Scenarios	Risk	Management Measures
General exposures (closed systems)PROC1PROC2PROC3		No other specific measures identified.
Operation of equipment conta engine oils and similar.PROC	_	No other specific measures identified.
General exposures (open systems)PROC4	-	No other specific measures identified.
Bulk transfersPROC8b		No other specific measures identified.
Filling/ preparation of equipm from drums or containers. Dedicated facilityPROC8b		No other specific measures identified.
Filling/ preparation of equipm from drums or containers.Nor dedicated facilityPROC8a		Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours
Operation and lubrication of henergy open equipmentIndoorPROC17PROC18	igh	Provide extraction ventilation at points where emissions occur.

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

Operation and lubrication of high energy open equipmentOut-doorPROC17		Ensure operation is undertaken o Avoid carrying out activities involve than 4 hours		
Maintenance (of larger plant items) and machine set upPROC8b		No other specific measures identi	fied.	
Maintenance (of larger plant items) and machine set upOperation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature).Dedicated facilityPROC8b		Drain down system prior to equip nance.	ment opening or maint	e-
Maintenance of small itemsOperation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature).Non-dedicated facilityPROC8a		Drain or remove substance from a in or maintenance.	equipment prior to brea	₃k-
Engine lubricant servicePRO	Engine lubricant servicePROC9		fied.	
ManualRolling, BrushingPRO	ManualRolling, BrushingPROC10		fied.	
SprayingPROC11		Provide a good standard of gener (5 to 15 air changes per hour). Avoid carrying out activities involve than 4 hours , or: Wear a respirator conforming to E better.	ring exposure for more	
Treatment by dipping and pour-ingPROC13		No other specific measures identi	fied.	
Storage.PROC1PROC2		Store substance within a closed s	system.	
Section 2.2	Conti	rol of Environmental Exposure		
Substance is complex UVCB.		•		1
Predominantly hydrophobic.				
Readily biodegradable.				1
Amounts Used				1
Fraction of EU tonnage used	in regio	on:	0,1	1
Regional use tonnage (tonnes			12	
Fraction of Regional tonnage			5,0E-04	
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year):			5,8E-03	
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day		):	1,6E-02	1
Frequency and Duration of				1
Continuous release.				
Emission Days (days/year):			365	
Environmental factors not influence		ced by risk management	•	1
Local freshwater dilution factor:			10	]
Local marine water dilution fa	Local marine water dilution factor:		100	]
		cting Environmental Exposure		
Release fraction to air from process (initial re		(initial release prior to RMM):	1,0E-02	

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to	1,0E-02
RMM):	4.05.00
Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM):	1,0E-02
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to pr	event release
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process re-	
lease estimates used.	
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit disch sions and releases to soil	arges, air emis-
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater.	
No wastewater treatment required.	
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)	0
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of >= (%)	0
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary	0
wastewater treatment required.	
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site	
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.	
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.	
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	lant
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment (%)	93,6
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	93,6
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	41
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.000
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste fo	r disposal
External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable	local and/or regiona
regulations.	_
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	
External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable regulations.	local and/or regiona

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION	
Section 3.1 - Health		
The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise		
indicated		

### **Section 3.2 - Environment**

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO
Section 4.1 - Health	
Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management	

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

#### Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

#### **Exposure Scenario - Worker**

30000000786	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Lubricants- ProfessionalHigh Environmental Release
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU22 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC10, PROC11, PROC13, PROC17, PROC18, PROC20 Environmental Release Categories: ERC8a, ERC8d, ESVOC SpERC 8.6c.v1
Scope of process	Covers the use of formulated lubricants in closed and open systems including transfer operations, operation of engines and similar articles, reworking on reject articles, equipment maintenance and disposal of waste oil.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES	ſ
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP	
Concentration of the Sub-	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated	
stance in Mixture/Article	differently).,	
Frequency and Duration of Use		
Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).		
Other Operational Conditions affecting Exposure		
Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently).		
Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.		

Contributing Scenarios Risk Management Measures General exposures (closed sys-No other specific measures identified. tems)PROC1PROC2PROC3 Operation of equipment containing No other specific measures identified. engine oils and similar.PROC20 General exposures (open sys-No other specific measures identified. tems)PROC4 Bulk transfersPROC8b No other specific measures identified. Filling/ preparation of equipment No other specific measures identified. from drums or containers.Dedicated facilityPROC8b Filling/ preparation of equipment Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more from drums or containers. Nonthan 4 hours dedicated facilityPROC8a Operation and lubrication of high Provide extraction ventilation at points where emissions energy open equipmentInoccur. doorPROC17PROC18

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

Operation and lubrication of high energy open equipmentOut-doorPROC17	Avoid carrying out operation for more than 4 hours.	
Maintenance (of larger plant items) and machine set upPROC8b	No other specific measures identified.	
Maintenance (of larger plant items) and machine set upOperation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature).Dedicated facilityPROC8b	Drain down system prior to equipment opening or maintenance.	
Maintenance of small itemsOperation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature).Non-dedicated facilityPROC8a	Drain or remove substance from equipment prior to breakin or maintenance.	
Engine lubricant servicePROC9	No other specific measures identified.	
ManualRolling, BrushingPROC10	No other specific measures identified.	
SprayingPROC11	Provide a good standard of general or controlled ventilation (5 to 15 air changes per hour).  Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours  , or:  Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with Type A filter or better.	
Treatment by dipping and pour- ingPROC13	No other specific measures identified.	
Storage.PROC1PROC2	Store substance within a closed sy	stem.
Section 2.2 Cont	rol of Environmental Exposure	
Substance is complex UVCB.		
Predominantly hydrophobic.		
Readily biodegradable.		
Amounts Used		
Fraction of EU tonnage used in region:		0,1
Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year):		12
Fraction of Regional tonnage used l		5,0E-04
Annual site tenness (tennes)		F 0F 02

Substance is complex UVCB.	
Predominantly hydrophobic.	
Readily biodegradable.	
Amounts Used	
Fraction of EU tonnage used in region:	0,1
Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year):	12
Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally:	5,0E-04
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year):	5,8E-03
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day): 1,6E-02	
Frequency and Duration of Use	
Continuous release.	
Emission Days (days/year):	365
Environmental factors not influenced by risk management	
Local freshwater dilution factor:	10
Local marine water dilution factor: 100	
Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure	
Release fraction to air from wide dispersive use (regional only):	1,5E-01
Release fraction to air from wide dispersive use (regional only):	5,0E-02
transfer to the transfer trans	-,

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only):	5,0E-02
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to pr	event release
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process re-	
lease estimates used.	
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit disch	arges, air emis-
sions and releases to soil	
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater.	
No wastewater treatment required.	
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)	0
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of >= (%)	0
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary	0
wastewater treatment required.	
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site	
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.	
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.	
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	lant
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment (%)	93,6
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	93,6
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	40
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.000
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste fo	r disposal
External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable	local and/or regiona
regulations.	-
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	
	la a a l a a al/a a a a ada a a
External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable regulations.	liocai and/or regiona

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION	
Section 3.1 - Health		
The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise		
indicated.		

# Section 3.2 -Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO	
Section 4.1 - Health		
Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management		
Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.		
Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users		

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

#### **Section 4.2 - Environment**

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

#### **Exposure Scenario - Worker**

30000000787	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Metal working fluids / rolling oils- Industrial
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU3 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC7, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC10, PROC13, PROC17 Environmental Release Categories: ERC4, ESVOC SpERC 4.7a.v1
Scope of process	Covers the use in formulated MWFs/rolling oils including transfer operations, rolling and annealing activities, cutting/machining activities, automated and manual application of corrosion protections (including brushing, dipping and spraying), equipment maintenance, draining and disposal of waste oils.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES	
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP	
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).,	
Frequency and Duration o	f Use	
Covers daily exposures up to	o 8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Other Operational Condition	ons affecting Exposure	
Assumes use at not more th	an 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently).	

Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

7 to surios a good basio stariat	and of occupational rrygicite is implemented.
Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures
General exposures (closed sy tems)PROC1PROC2PROC3	No other specific measures identified.
General exposures (open sys tems)PROC4	No other specific measures identified.
Bulk transfersPROC8b	No other specific measures identified.
Filling/ preparation of equipme from drums or containers.PROC8bPROC5PROC9	ent No other specific measures identified.
Process samplingPROC8b	No other specific measures identified.
Metal machining operationsPROC17	No other specific measures identified.
Treatment by dipping and pouringPROC13	No other specific measures identified.

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

SprayingPROC7	Minimise exposure by partial enclosure of the operation or equipment and provide extract ventilation at openings.
ManualRolling, BrushingPROC10	No other specific measures identified.
Automated metal roll- ing/formingUse in contained sys- temsOperation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient tempera- ture).PROC2	No other specific measures identified.
Semi-automated metal roll- ing/formingOperation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient tempera- ture).PROC17	Minimise exposure by partial enclosure of the operation or equipment and provide extract ventilation at openings.
Equipment cleaning and maintenanceDedicated facilityPROC8b	No other specific measures identified.
Equipment cleaning and mainte- nanceNon-dedicated facili- tyPROC8a	No other specific measures identified.
Storage.PROC1PROC2	Store substance within a closed system.

Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
Substance is complex UVCB.		
Predominantly hydrophobic.		
Readily biodegradable.		
Amounts Used		
Fraction of EU tonnage used	in region:	0,1
Regional use tonnage (tonnes	s/year):	10
Fraction of Regional tonnage	used locally:	1
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/y		10
Maximum daily site tonnage (	kg/day):	500
Frequency and Duration of	Use	
Continuous release.		
Emission Days (days/year):		20
Environmental factors not i	nfluenced by risk management	
Local freshwater dilution factor	or:	10
Local marine water dilution fa		100
Other Operational Condition	ns affecting Environmental Exposure	
Release fraction to air from p	rocess (initial release prior to RMM):	2,0E-02
Release fraction to wastewate RMM):	er from process (initial release prior to	3,0E-05
Release fraction to soil from p	process (initial release prior to RMM):	0
Technical conditions and m	leasures at process level (source) to p	revent release
Common practices vary acros	ss sites thus conservative process re-	
lease estimates used.		
Technical onsite conditions sions and releases to soil	and measures to reduce or limit disc	harges, air emis-
Risk from environmental expo	osure is driven by freshwater.	
	lved substance to or recover from onsite	

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024 Version Revision Date:

800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025 10.0 27.12.2024

wastewater.	
No wastewater treatment required.	
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)	70
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide	0
the required removal efficiency of >= (%)	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary	0
wastewater treatment required.	
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site	
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.	
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.	
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	lant
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage	93,6
treatment (%)	
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite	93,6
(domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following	8,3E+05
total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2,0E+03
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste fo	r disposal
External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable	local and/or regional
regulations.	
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	
External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable	local and/or regional
regulations.	

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION

#### Section 3.1 - Health

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

#### Section 3.2 -Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO
Section 4.1 - Health	

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

### **Section 4.2 - Environment**

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

#### measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

#### **Exposure Scenario - Worker**

30000000788	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Metal working fluids / rolling oils- Professional
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU22 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC10, PROC11, PROC13, PROC17 Environmental Release Categories: ERC8a, ERC8b, ESVOC SpERC 9.6b.v1
Scope of process	Covers the use in formulated MWFs including transfer operations, open and contained cutting/machining activities, automated and manual application of corrosion protections, draining and working on contaminated/ reject articles, and disposal of waste oils.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES		
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure		
Product Characteristics			
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STF		
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).,		
Frequency and Duration of	Use		
Covers daily exposures up to	8 hours (unless stated differently).		
Other Operational Condition	ns affecting Exposure		
Assumes use at not more that	an 20°C above ambient temperature (unles	s stated differently).	
A a a uma a a a a a a a la a a la a a la a a la	and of accompational business is implemented	_	

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

Contributing Scenarios	Risk Managen	nent Measures	
General exposures (closed sy tems)PROC1PROC2PROC3	/S-	No other specific measures identified.	
Bulk transfersPROC8b		No other specific measures identified.	
Filling/ preparation of equipm or contain- ers.PROC5PROC8aPROC8b		No other specific measures identified.	
Process samplingDedicated f	acilityPROC8b	No other specific measures identified.	
Metal machining operationsP	ROC17	Provide a good standard of general or controlle ventilation (5 to 15 air changes per hour).	ed
ManualRolling, BrushingPRO	C10	No other specific measures identified.	
SprayingPROC11		Provide a good standard of general or controlle ventilation (5 to 15 air changes per hour).	ed

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

		more than 4 hours , or:	ties involving exposure for rming to EN140 with Type
Treatment by dipping and po	uringPROC13	No other specific measu	res identified.
Equipment cleaning and main PROC8aPROC8b	ntenance-	Drain down system prior maintenance.	r to equipment opening or
Storage.PROC1PROC2		Store substance within a	a closed system.
Section 2.2	Control of En	vironmental Exposure	
Substance is complex UVCB			
Predominantly hydrophobic.	-		
Readily biodegradable.			
Amounts Used			
Fraction of EU tonnage used	in region:		0,1
Regional use tonnage (tonne			5,0
Fraction of Regional tonnage			5,0E-04
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/			2,5E-03
Maximum daily site tonnage			6,8E-03
Frequency and Duration of			3,02 00
Continuous release.			
Emission Days (days/year):			365
Environmental factors not i	nfluenced by r	isk management	000
Local freshwater dilution factor:		10	
Local marine water dilution factor:			100
Other Operational Conditio		vironmental Exposure	
Release fraction to air from w			5,0E-02
Release fraction to wastewat			2,5E-02
·		0	
Technical conditions and n			event release
Common practices vary acros			
lease estimates used.		·	
Technical onsite conditions	and measures	s to reduce or limit disch	arges, air emis-
sions and releases to soil			
Risk from environmental expe	osure is driven b	y freshwater.	
No wastewater treatment req			
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%) 0			
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide 0		0	
the required removal efficiency of >= (%)			
If discharging to domestic sev	•	plant, no secondary	0
wastewater treatment require		1 0 1	
Organisational measures to			
Do not apply industrial sludge			
Sludge should be incinerated	, contained or re	eciaimed.	
Conditions and Massacra		inal aguaga tuanturant m	lant
Conditions and Measures r		· · · · · ·	
Estimated substance remova	i irom wastewat	er via domestic sewage	93,6

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Date of last issue: 28.03.2024 Version Revision Date: SDS Number:

Print Date 03.01.2025 10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781

treatment (%)	
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite	93,6
(domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following	18
total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2,0E+03
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	

#### litions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

### Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

	SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION
Section 3.1 - Health		
	The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise	
	indicated.	

#### **Section 3.2 - Environment**

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO
Continu 4.4 Hookk	

#### Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

### **Section 4.2 - Environment**

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

30000000790		
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE	
Title	Use as binders and release agents- Industrial	
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU3 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC6, PROC7, PROC8b, PROC10, PROC13, PROC14 Environmental Release Categories: ERC4, ESVOC SpERC 4.10a.v1	
Scope of process	Covers the use as binders and release agents including material transfers, mixing, application by spraying, brushing, and handling of waste.	

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES	
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP	
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).,	
Frequency and Duration of	Use	
Covers daily exposures up to	8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Other Operational Conditions affecting Exposure		
Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.		

Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures
Material transfersUse in contained systemsPROC1PROC2PROC3	No other specific measures identified.
Drum/batch transfersPROC8b	No other specific measures identified.
Mixing operations (closed systems)PROC3	No other specific measures identified.
Mixing operations (open systems)PROC4	No other specific measures identified.
Mold formingPROC14	No other specific measures identified.
Casting operations(open systems)Operation is carried out a elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature). Aerosol generation due to elevated process temperature-PROC6	
SprayingMachinePROC7	Minimise exposure by partial enclosure of the operation or

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

	equipment and provide extract ventila	ation at openings.
SprayingManualPROC7	Provide a good standard of general o to 15 air changes per hour).  Avoid carrying out activities involving 4 hours	
	4 Hours	
ManualRolling, Brush- ingPROC10	No other specific measures identified	
Dipping, immersion and pouringPROC13	No other specific measures identified	
Storage.PROC1PROC2	Store substance within a closed syste	em.
Section 2.2	Ontrol of Environmental Exposure	
Substance is complex UVCB.		
Predominantly hydrophobic.		<del> </del>
Readily biodegradable.		
Amounts Used		1
		0.4
Fraction of EU tonnage used in		0,1
Regional use tonnage (tonnes/y		70
Fraction of Regional tonnage us		1
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/yea		70
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg		3,5E+03
Frequency and Duration of Us	Se	,
Continuous release.		
Emission Days (days/year):		20
Environmental factors not inf	luenced by risk management	
Local freshwater dilution factor:		10
Local marine water dilution factor		100
	affecting Environmental Exposure	
•	cess (initial release prior to RMM):	1,0
RMM):	from process (initial release prior to	3,0E-06
	cess (initial release prior to RMM):	0
	asures at process level (source) to pro	event release
	sites thus conservative process re-	
lease estimates used.	. I	
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emis-		
sions and releases to soil	una la alabasa har fara-harratan	
Risk from environmental exposu		<u> </u>
Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite		
wastewater.	l	<u> </u>
No wastewater treatment requir		
Treat air emission to provide a t		80
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of >= (%)		
the required removal efficiency of >= (%)  If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary  0		
	ge treatment plant, no secondary	0
wastewater treatment required.	rovent/limit release from site	
Organisational measures to p		
Do not apply industrial sludge to		
Sludge should be incinerated, c	untained of recialmed.	

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Date of last issue: 28.03.2024 Version Revision Date: SDS Number:

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant		
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage	93,6	
treatment (%)		
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite	93,6	
(domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)		
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following	6,5E+06	
total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)		
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2,0E+03	
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for	r disposal	

### inditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

### Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION
Section 3.1 - Health	
The ECETOC TRA tool has b	peen used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise

indicated.

### Section 3.2 -Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE
	EXPOSURE SCENARIO
Section 4.1 - Health	

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

### Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

3000000791		
30000000791		
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE	
Title	Use as binders and release agents- Professional	
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU22 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC6, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC10, PROC11, PROC14 Environmental Release Categories: ERC8a, ERC8d, ESVOC SpERC 8.10b.v1	
Scope of process	Covers the use as binders and release agents including material transfers, mixing, application by spraying, brushing, and handling of waste.	

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RIS MEASURES	K MANAGEMENT
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP	•
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 10 differently).,	00% (unless stated
Frequency and Duration of Use		
Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).		
Other Operational Conditions affecting Exposure		
Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.		

Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures
Bulk transfersUse in contained systemsPROC1PROC2PROC	
Drum/batch transfer- sPROC8aPROC8b	No other specific measures identified.
Mixing operations (closed systems)PROC3	No other specific measures identified.
Mixing operations (open systems)PROC4	No other specific measures identified.
Mold formingPROC14	No other specific measures identified.
Casting operations(open systems)Operation is carried out elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature).PROC6	
SprayingMachinePROC11	Minimise exposure by partial enclosure of the operation or equipment and provide extract ventilation at openings. , or:  Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with Type A filter or

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

	better.	
	better.	
SprayingManualPROC11	Provide a good standard of general of to 15 air changes per hour). Avoid carrying out activities involving 4 hours	
ManualRolling, Brush- ingPROC10	No other specific measures identified	
Storage.PROC1PROC2	Store substance within a closed system.	
Section 2.2 C	ontrol of Environmental Exposure	
Substance is complex UVCB.	•	
Predominantly hydrophobic.		
Readily biodegradable.		
Amounts Used		<u> </u>
Fraction of EU tonnage used in r	egion:	0,1
Regional use tonnage (tonnes/ye		30
Fraction of Regional tonnage use		5,0E-04
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/yea	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,5E-02
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/		4,1E-02
Frequency and Duration of Us		
Continuous release.		
Emission Days (days/year):		365
<b>Environmental factors not influ</b>	uenced by risk management	
Local freshwater dilution factor:		10
Local marine water dilution facto	r:	100
Other Operational Conditions	affecting Environmental Exposure	
Release fraction to air from wide	dispersive use (regional only):	9,5E-01
Release fraction to wastewater from wide dispersive use:		2,5E-02
Release fraction to soil from wide	e dispersive use (regional only):	2,5E-02
	sures at process level (source) to pr	event release
Common practices vary across s lease estimates used.	ites thus conservative process re-	
	nd measures to reduce or limit disch	arges, air emis-
Risk from environmental exposu	re is driven by freshwater.	
No wastewater treatment require	,	
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)		0
	receiving water discharge) to provide	0
	the required removal efficiency of >= (%)	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary		0
wastewater treatment required.		
Organisational measures to pr	event/limit release from site	
Do not apply industrial sludge to		
Sludge should be incinerated, co	ontained or reclaimed.	
	ted to municipal sewage treatment p	
treatment (%)	om wastewater via domestic sewage	93,6
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite		93,6

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

(domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following	82
total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2,0E+03
Conditions and Massaures related to external treatment of wests for disposal	

### Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

#### Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION
Section 3.1 - Health	
The ECETOC TRA tool has be indicated.	peen used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise

### **Section 3.2 - Environment**

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO
Section 4.1 - Health	

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

#### **Section 4.2 - Environment**

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

30000000792	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Use in agrochemicals- Professional
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU22 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC11, PROC13 Environmental Release Categories: ERC8a, ERC8d, ESVOC SpERC 8.11a.v1
Scope of process	Use as an agrochemical excipient for application by manual or machine spraying, smokes and fogging; including equipment clean-downs and disposal.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure
Product Characteristics	
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP
Concentration of the Sub-	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated
stance in Mixture/Article	differently).,
Frequency and Duration of	Use
Covers daily exposures up to	8 hours (unless stated differently).
Other Operational Conditio	ns affecting Exposure
Assumes use at not more that	an 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently).
Assumes a good basic stand	ard of occupational hygiene is implemented.
Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures
Transfer from/pouring from containersPROC8b	No other specific measures identified.
Mixing in contain- ers.PROC4	No other specific measures identified.
Spraying/ fogging by manual applicationPROC11	Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with Type A/P2 filter or better.
Spraying/ fogging by machine applicationPROC11	Apply within a vented cab supplied with filtered air under positive pressure and with a protection factor of >20. , or: Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with Type A/P2 filter
	or better.
Ad hoc manual application via trigger sprays, dipping, etc.PROC13	No other specific measures identified.
Equipment cleaning and maintenancePROC8a	No other specific measures identified.
Storage.PROC1PROC2	Store substance within a closed system.

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Evenous	
Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	T
Substance is complex UVCB	•	
Predominantly hydrophobic.		
Readily biodegradable.		
Amounts Used		
Fraction of EU tonnage used		0,1
Regional use tonnage (tonne		610
Fraction of Regional tonnage	·	2,0E-03
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/		1,2
Maximum daily site tonnage		3,4
Frequency and Duration of	Use	
Continuous release.		
Emission Days (days/year):		365
	influenced by risk management	1
Local freshwater dilution fact		10
Local marine water dilution fa		100
	ns affecting Environmental Exposure	
	vide dispersive use (regional only):	9,0E-01
Release fraction to wastewat		1,0E-02
	wide dispersive use (regional only):	9,0E-02
	neasures at process level (source) to pr	
	ss sites thus conservative process re-	- CVCIII I CICUSC
lease estimates used.	35 Sites tilds conservative process re-	
	s and measures to reduce or limit disch	arge air emis-
sions and releases to soil	s and measures to reduce or minit discri	arges, air eims-
Risk from environmental exp	osure is driven by soil	
No wastewater treatment req		
		0
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)		0
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of >= (%)		
	wage treatment plant, no secondary	0
wastewater treatment require		
	p prevent/limit release from site	
Do not apply industrial sludge	•	
Sludge should be incinerated		
Sidage should be inclinerated	i, contained of recialified.	
Conditions and Measures r	elated to municipal sewage treatment p	lant
	Il from wastewater via domestic sewage	93,6
treatment (%)	am westswater ofter engite and effeits	02.6
	om wastewater after onsite and offsite	93,6
(domestic treatment plant) R		4.75.00
	age (MSafe) based on release following	4,7E+03
total wastewater treatment re		2.05.02
Assumed domestic sewage t		2,0E+03
	elated to external treatment of waste fo	
External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regiona		
regulations.		
	elated to external recovery of waste	
External recovery and recycli	ng of waste should comply with applicable	local and/or regional

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

regulations.

### Section 3.1 - Health

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

#### **Section 3.2 - Environment**

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

# SECTION 4 GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO

### Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

### Section 4.2 -Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

Exposure occurre Worker	
30000000793	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Use as a fuel- Industrial
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU3 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC16 Environmental Release Categories: ERC7, ESVOC SpERC 7.12a.v1
Scope of process	Covers the use as a fuel (or fuel additive) and includes activities associated with its transfer, use, equipment maintenance and handling of waste.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES	
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP	
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).,	
Frequency and Duration of		
Covers daily exposures up to	8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Other Operational Condition		
	an 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently).	
Assumes a good basic stand	lard of occupational hygiene is implemented.	
Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures	
Bulk transfersDedicated facilityPROC8b	No other specific measures identified.	
Drum/batch transfersDedicated facilityPROC8b	No other specific measures identified.	
General exposures (closed systems)PROC1PROC2	No other specific measures identified.	
Use as a fuel(closed systems)PROC16PROC3	No other specific measures identified.	
Equipment cleaning and maintenancePROC8a	No other specific measures identified.	
Storage.PROC1PROC2	Store substance within a closed system.	
Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
Substance is complex UVCB	b.	
Predominantly hydrophobic.		
Readily biodegradable.		
Amounts Used		
Fraction of EU tonnage used		
Regional use tonnage (tonne	es/year): 15	

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

	1
Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally:	1
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year):	15
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day):	750
Frequency and Duration of Use	
Continuous release.	
Emission Days (days/year):	20
Environmental factors not influenced by risk management	
Local freshwater dilution factor:	10
Local marine water dilution factor:	100
Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure	
Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM):	5,0E-03
Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to RMM):	1,0E-05
Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM):	0
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to pr	event release
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process re-	
lease estimates used.	
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit disch	arges, air emis-
sions and releases to soil	
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater.	
No wastewater treatment required.	
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)	95
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide	0
the required removal efficiency of >= (%)	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary	0
wastewater treatment required.	
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site	
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.	
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.	
Canditions and Massures related to municipal covers treatment of	lont
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment (%)	93,6
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite	93,6
(domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following	1,5E+06
total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	1,0=100
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2,0E+03
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste fo	1
Combustion emissions limited by required exhaust emission controls.	-1
Waste combustion emissions considered in regional exposure assessment	ient.
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	
This substance is consumed during use and no waste of substance is g	enerated.
3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	,

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION
Section 3.1 - Health	
The ECETOC TRA tool has I indicated.	peen used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

### Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE
	EXPOSURE SCENARIO

#### Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

### Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

30000000794	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Use as a fuel- Professional
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU22 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC16 Environmental Release Categories: ERC9a, ERC9b, ESVOC SpERC 9.12b.v1
Scope of process	Covers the use as a fuel (or fuel additive) and includes activities associated with its transfer, use, equipment maintenance and handling of waste.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES	
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP	
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).,	
Frequency and Duration of	Use	
Covers daily exposures up to	8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Other Operational Condition	ons affecting Exposure	
Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently).  Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.		

Contributing Scenarios	Ris	sk Management Measures	
Bulk transfersDedicated facilityPROC8b	-	No other specific measures identified.	
Drum/batch transfersDedicate facilityPROC8b	ed	No other specific measures identified.	
Refueling.Dedicated facili- tyPROC8b		No other specific measures identified.	
General exposures (closed systems)PROC1PROC2PRO	C3	No other specific measures identified.	
Use as a fuel(closed systems)PROC16		No other specific measures identified.	
Equipment cleaning and maintenancePROC8a		No other specific measures identified.	
Storage.PROC1		Store substance within a closed system.	

Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
Substance is complex UVCB.		
Predominantly hydrophobic.		
Readily biodegradable.		
Amounts Used		

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

E a ZEII	T a .
Fraction of EU tonnage used in region:	0,1
Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year):	15
Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally:	5,0E-04
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year):	7,5E-03
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day):	2,1E-02
Frequency and Duration of Use	
Continuous release.	
Emission Days (days/year):	365
Environmental factors not influenced by risk management	
Local freshwater dilution factor:	10
Local marine water dilution factor:	100
Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure	
Release fraction to air from wide dispersive use (regional only):	1,0E-04
Release fraction to wastewater from wide dispersive use:	1,0E-05
Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only):	1,0E-05
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to pro	event release
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process re-	
lease estimates used.	
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharge	arges, air emis-
sions and releases to soil	
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater.	
No wastewater treatment required.	
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)	0
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide	0
the required removal efficiency of >= (%)	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary	0
wastewater treatment required.	
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site	
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.	
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.	
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	lant
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage	93,6
treatment (%)	
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite	93,6
(domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following	53
total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2,0E+03
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for	r disposal
Combustion emissions limited by required exhaust emission controls.	
Waste combustion emissions considered in regional exposure assessm	ent.
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	
This substance is consumed during use and no waste of substance is g	enerated.

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION	
Section 3.1 - Health		
The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise		
indicated		

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

#### **Section 3.2 - Environment**

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

# SECTION 4 GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO

#### Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

### Section 4.2 -Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

30000000796				
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE			
Title	Functional Fluids- Professional			
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU22 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC8a, PROC9, PROC20 Environmental Release Categories: ERC9a, ERC9b, ESVOC SpERC 9.13b.v1			
Scope of process	Use as functional fluids e.g. cable oils, transfer oils, coolants, insulators, refrigerants, hydraulic fluids in professional equipment including maintenance and related material transfers.			

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES		
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure		
Product Characteristics			
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP		
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).,		
Frequency and Duration of Use			
Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).			
Other Operational Conditions affecting Exposure			
Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.			

Contributing Scenarios	Ris	sk Management Measures	
Drum/batch transfersNon-		Use drum pumps.	
dedicated facilityPROC8a			
Transfer from/pouring from coltainersPROC9	n-	No other specific measures identified.	
Filling/ preparation of equipme	ent	No other specific measures identified.	
from drums or contain- ers.PROC9			
General exposures (closed		No other specific measures identified.	
systems)PROC1PROC2PROC			
Operation of equipment contain	n-	No other specific measures identified.	
ing engine oils and similar.PROC20			
		No other provide recovery identified	
Operation of equipment containing engine oils and simi-	n-	No other specific measures identified.	
lar.Operation is carried out at			
elevated temperature (> 20°C			
above ambient tempera-			
ture).PROC20			
Remanufacture of reject arti-		No other specific measures identified.	

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

clesPROC9		
Equipment maintenance- PROC8a	Drain down system prior to equipme nance.	nt opening or mainte-
Storage.PROC1PROC2	Store substance within a closed syst	em.
Section 2.2 Co	ntrol of Environmental Exposure	
Substance is complex UVCB.		
Predominantly hydrophobic.		
Readily biodegradable.		
Amounts Used		
Fraction of EU tonnage used in re	aion:	0,1
Regional use tonnage (tonnes/yea		15
Fraction of Regional tonnage use		5,0E-04
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year)		7,5E-03
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/d		2,1E-02
		2,16-02
Frequency and Duration of Use		
Continuous release.		005
Emission Days (days/year):		365
Environmental factors not influ	enced by risk management	10
Local freshwater dilution factor:		10
Local marine water dilution factor:		100
	ffecting Environmental Exposure	
Release fraction to air from wide of		5,0E-02
Release fraction to wastewater from wide dispersive use:		2,5E-02
Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only):		2,5E-02
	ures at process level (source) to pr	event release
Common practices vary across sillease estimates used.	tes thus conservative process re-	
Technical onsite conditions and	d measures to reduce or limit disch	arges, air emis-
sions and releases to soil		
Risk from environmental exposure	e is driven by freshwater.	
No wastewater treatment required	1.	
Treat air emission to provide a typ	pical removal efficiency of (%)	0
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide		0
the required removal efficiency of		
If discharging to domestic sewage wastewater treatment required.	e treatment plant, no secondary	0
Organisational measures to pre	event/limit release from site	
Do not apply industrial sludge to r		
Sludge should be incinerated, cor		
Conditions and Measures relate	ed to municipal sewage treatment p	lant
	n wastewater via domestic sewage	93,6
treatment (%)	<b>5</b>	
Total efficiency of removal from w (domestic treatment plant) RMMs		93,6
	(MSafe) based on release following	52
total wastewater treatment remov		
Assumed domestic sewage treatr		2,0E+03
Conditions and Measures relate	ed to external treatment of waste fo	r disposal

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

### Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

# SECTION 3 EXPOSURE ESTIMATION Section 3.1 - Health The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

#### **Section 3.2 - Environment**

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO
	EXI COURT COLINAINO
Section 4.1 - Health	

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

### Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

30000000795	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Functional Fluids- Industrial
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU3 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9 Environmental Release Categories: ERC7, ESVOC SpERC 7.13a.v1
Scope of process	Use as functional fluids e.g. cable oils, transfer oils, coolants, insulators, refrigerants, hydraulic fluids in industrial equipment including maintenance and related material transfers.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure
Product Characteristics	
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP
Concentration of the Sub-	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated
stance in Mixture/Article	differently).,
Frequency and Duration of	
Covers daily exposures up to	8 hours (unless stated differently).
Other Operational Conditio	
Assumes use at not more that	an 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently).
Assumes a good basic stand	ard of occupational hygiene is implemented.
_	
Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures
Bulk transfers(closed sys-	No other specific measures identified.
tems)PROC1PROC2	·
Drum/batch transfersDedi-	No other specific measures identified.
cated facilityPROC8b	·
Filling of arti-	No other specific measures identified.
cles/equipment(closed sys-	
tems)PROC9	
Filling/ preparation of	No other specific measures identified.
equipment from drums or	
containers.Non-dedicated	
facilityPROC8a	
General exposures (closed	No other specific measures identified.
systems)PROC2	
General exposures (open	No other specific measures identified.
systems)PROC4	
Remanufacture of reject	No other specific measures identified.
articlesPROC9	
Equipment maintenance-	No other specific measures identified.
PROC8a	

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

Storage.PROC1PROC2	Store substance within a closed system.	
Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
Substance is complex UVCB	•	
Predominantly hydrophobic.		
Readily biodegradable.		
Amounts Used		1
Fraction of EU tonnage used	in region:	0,1
Regional use tonnage (tonne		15
Fraction of Regional tonnage		0,67
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/		10
Maximum daily site tonnage		500
Frequency and Duration of		1000
Continuous release.	USE .	
Emission Days (days/year):		20
	influenced by rick management	20
Local freshwater dilution factor	influenced by risk management	10
		100
Local marine water dilution fa		100
	ns affecting Environmental Exposure	T 05 00
	rocess (initial release prior to RMM):	5,0E-03
RMM):	er from process (initial release prior to	3,0E-05
	process (initial release prior to RMM):	1,0E-03
	neasures at process level (source) to pr	event release
Common practices vary acros	ss sites thus conservative process re-	
lease estimates used.		
Technical onsite conditions sions and releases to soil	s and measures to reduce or limit disch	arges, air emis-
Risk from environmental expo	osure is driven by freshwater.	
Prevent discharge of undisso	lved substance to or recover from onsite	
wastewater.	الم معانية	
No wastewater treatment req		
	a typical removal efficiency of (%)	0
**	r to receiving water discharge) to provide	0
the required removal efficience		
	wage treatment plant, no secondary	0
wastewater treatment require		
	prevent/limit release from site	
Do not apply industrial sludge Sludge should be incinerated		
Conditions and Measures r	elated to municipal sewage treatment p	lant
	I from wastewater via domestic sewage	93,6
treatment (%)	Ç	
	om wastewater after onsite and offsite	93,6
(domestic treatment plant) RI		
	age (MSafe) based on release following	8,3E+05
total wastewater treatment re		
Assumed domestic sewage t		2,0E+03
Conditions and Measures r	elated to external treatment of waste fo	
	sal of waste should comply with applicable	

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

regulations.

### Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

### SECTION 3 EXPOSURE ESTIMATION

#### Section 3.1 - Health

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

#### **Section 3.2 - Environment**

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

# SECTION 4 GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO

#### Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

#### **Section 4.2 - Environment**

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

Exposure occitatio 110	onto:
30000000802	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Use in road and construction products- Professional
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU22 Process Categories: PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC10, PROC11, PROC13 Environmental Release Categories: ERC8d, ERC8f, ESVOC SpERC 8.15.v1
Scope of process	Application of surface coatings and binders in road and construction activities, including paving uses, manual mastic and in the application of roofing and water-proofing membranes.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure
Product Characteristics	
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).,
Frequency and Duration of	
	8 hours (unless stated differently).
Other Operational Conditio	
	in 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently).
Assumes a good basic stand	ard of occupational hygiene is implemented.
Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures
Drum/batch transfersNon-	No other specific measures identified.
dedicated facilityPROC8a	
Drum/batch transfersDedi-	No other specific measures identified.
cated facilityPROC8b	
Drum/batch transfersDedi-	Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors.
cated facilityOperation is	Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than
carried out at elevated tem-	4 hours
perature (> 20°C above	
ambient tempera-	
ture).PROC8b	
ManualRolling, Brush-	Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors.
ingPROC10	
Spraying/ fogging by ma-	Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors.
chine applicationOperation	Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with Type A filter or
is carried out at elevated	better.
temperature (> 20°C above	Limit the substance content in the mixture to 50 %.
ambient tempera-	
ture).PROC11	
Spraying/ fogging by ma-	Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors.

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

chine applicationPROC11	Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 v better.	vith Type A filter or
Dipping, immersion and pouringPROC13	No other specific measures identified.	
Drum and small package fillingPROC9	No other specific measures identified.	
Equipment cleaning and maintenancePROC8a	Drain down system prior to equipment or nance.	pening or mainte-
Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
Substance is complex UVCB		
Predominantly hydrophobic.	·	
Readily biodegradable.		
Amounts Used		
Fraction of EU tonnage used	in region:	0,1
Regional use tonnage (tonne		22
Fraction of Regional tonnage		5,0E-04
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/		1,1E-02
Maximum daily site tonnage		3,0E-02
Frequency and Duration of		0,02 02
Continuous release.		
Emission Days (days/year):		365
	influenced by risk management	1 000
Local freshwater dilution fact	<u>_</u>	10
Local marine water dilution factor:		100
	ns affecting Environmental Exposure	100
	vide dispersive use (regional only):	9,5E-01
		1,0E-02
		4,0E-02
	neasures at process level (source) to pro-	
	ss sites thus conservative process re-	
lease estimates used.		
	s and measures to reduce or limit disch	arges, air emis-
sions and releases to soil		
Risk from environmental exp	osure is driven by freshwater.	
No wastewater treatment required.		
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)		0
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide		0
the required removal efficience		
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary		0
wastewater treatment require		
	p prevent/limit release from site	
Do not apply industrial sludge Sludge should be incinerated		
Conditions and Measures r	elated to municipal sewage treatment p	lant
	Il from wastewater via domestic sewage	93,6
treatment (%)	a series and the desired confuge	
	om wastewater after onsite and offsite MMs (%)	93,6

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	77
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2,0E+03

#### Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

### Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION
Section 3.1 - Health	
The ECETOC TRA tool has be indicated.	peen used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise

#### **Section 3.2 - Environment**

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO
Section 4.1 - Health	

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

#### **Section 4.2 - Environment**

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

Expectate decitation 11	
30000000806	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Use in laboratories- Industrial
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU3 Process Categories: PROC10, PROC15 Environmental Release Categories: ERC2, ERC4
Scope of process	Use of the substance within laboratory settings, including material transfers and equipment cleaning.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES		
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics			
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure 0.5 - 1	Liquid, vapour pressure 0.5 - 10 kPa at STP	
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/produ	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).	
Frequency and Duration of	of Use		
Covers daily exposures up	to 8 hours (unless stated differentl	y).	
Other Operational Condit	ons affecting Exposure		
	nan 20°C above ambient temperat dard of occupational hygiene is im		
Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures		
Laboratory activitiesPROC15	No other specific measures identified.		
CleaningPROC10	No other specific measures ide	No other specific measures identified.	
Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Ex	posure	
Substance is complex UVC	B.		
Predominantly hydrophobic			
Readily biodegradable.			
Amounts Used			
Fraction of EU tonnage use	d in region:	0,1	
Regional use tonnage (tonn	es/year):	2,5	
Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally:		0,8	
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year):		2,0	
Maximum daily site tonnage	e (kg/day):	100	
Frequency and Duration of	of Use		
Continuous release.			
Emission Days (days/year):		20	
	t influenced by risk managemen		
	etor:	10	
Local freshwater dilution factorial Local marine water dilution		100	

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM):	2,5E-02
Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to RMM):	2,0E-02
Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM):	1,0E-04
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to pro-	event release
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.	
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharge	argos air omis-
sions and releases to soil	arges, air eims-
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater sediment.	
No wastewater treatment required.	
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)	0
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of >= (%)	0
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary wastewater treatment required.	0
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site	
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.	
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	lant
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment (%)	93,6
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	93,6
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	3,1E+03
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2,0E+03
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for	r disposal
External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable regulations.	•
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	
External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable regulations.	local and/or regional

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION	
Section 3.1 - Health		
The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise		
indicated.		

# Section 3.2 - Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO
Section 4.1 - Health	

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

#### Section 4.2 -Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

30000000810	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Use in laboratories- Professional
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU22 Process Categories: PROC10, PROC15 Environmental Release Categories: ERC8a, ESVOC SpERC 8.17.v1
Scope of process	Use of small quantities within laboratory settings, including material transfers and equipment cleaning.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES	
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure 0.5 - 10 kPa at	STP
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).,	
Frequency and Duration o	f Use	
Covers daily exposures up to	o 8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Other Operational Condition		<u>.</u>
Assumes use at not more th	an 20°C above ambient temperature (unle	ss stated differently).
Assumes a good basic stand	dard of occupational hygiene is implement	ed.
Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures	
Laboratory activitiesPROC15	No other specific measures identified.	
CleaningPROC10	No other specific measures identified.	
Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
Substance is complex UVCE	3.	
Predominantly hydrophobic.		
Readily biodegradable.		
Amounts Used		
Fraction of EU tonnage used	d in region:	0,1
Regional use tonnage (tonna	es/year):	2,0
Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally:		5,0E-04
Annual site tonnage (tonnes	/year):	1,0E-03
		2,7E-03
Frequency and Duration o	f Use	
Continuous release.		
Emission Days (days/year): 365		365
	influenced by risk management	
Local freshwater dilution fac		10
Local marine water dilution factor: 100		100

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure			
Release fraction to air from wide dispersive use (regional only):	5,0E-01		
Release fraction to wastewater from wide dispersive use:	5,0E-01		
Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only):	0		
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to pro	event release		
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process re-			
lease estimates used.			
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharge	arges, air emis-		
sions and releases to soil			
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater.			
No wastewater treatment required.			
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)	0		
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide	0		
the required removal efficiency of >= (%)			
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary	0		
wastewater treatment required.			
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site			
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.			
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.			
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	lant		
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage	93,6		
treatment (%)			
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite	93,6		
(domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)			
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following	6,8		
total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)			
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2,0E+03		
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal			
External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional			
regulations.			
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste			
External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional			
regulations.			

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION	
Section 3.1 - Health		
The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise		

indicated.

### Section 3.2 -Environment

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO
Section 4.1 - Health	

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

#### Section 4.2 -Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

30000000815	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Water treatment chemicals- Industrial
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU3 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC13 Environmental Release Categories: ERC3, ERC4, ESVOC SpERC 3.22a.v1
Scope of process	Covers the use of the substance for the treatment of water at industrial facilities in open and closed systems.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES	
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure 0.5 - 10 kPa at STP	
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).,	
Frequency and Duration of	Use	
	8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Other Operational Conditio		
	in 20°C above ambient temperature (unless ard of occupational hygiene is implemented	
Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures	
Bulk transfersUse in contained systemsPROC2	No other specific measures identified.	
Drum/batch transfersDedicated facilityPROC8b	No other specific measures identified.	
General exposures (closed systems)Use in contained batch processesPROC3	No other specific measures identified.	
General exposures (open systems)PROC4	No other specific measures identified.	
Pouring from small containersPROC13	No other specific measures identified.	
Equipment maintenance- PROC8a	Drain down and flush system prior to equipment opening or maintenance.	
Storage.PROC1	Store substance within a closed system.	
Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
Substance is complex UVCB.		
Predominantly hydrophobic.		
Readily biodegradable.		

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

Amounts Used	T	
Fraction of EU tonnage used in region:	0,1	
Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year):	55	
Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally:	0,54	
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year):	30	
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day):	100	
Frequency and Duration of Use		
Continuous release.		
Emission Days (days/year):	300	
Environmental factors not influenced by risk management		
Local freshwater dilution factor:	10	
Local marine water dilution factor:	100	
Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure		
Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM):	5,0E-02	
Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to	9,5E-01	
RMM):	·	
Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM):	0	
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to pro	event release	
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process re-		
lease estimates used.		
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discha-	arges, air emis-	
sions and releases to soil	•	
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater sediment.		
Onsite waste water treatment required.		
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)	0	
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide	95,8	
the required removal efficiency of >= (%)		
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary	34,9	
wastewater treatment required.		
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site		
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.		
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.		
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	lant	
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage	93,6	
treatment (%)		
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite	95,8	
(domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)		
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following	100	
total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)		
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2,0E+03	
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal		
External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional		
regulations.		
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste		
External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional		
regulations.		

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

### Section 3.1 - Health

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

### **Section 3.2 - Environment**

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE
	EXPOSURE SCENARIO

### Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

### Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

30000000820	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Water treatment chemicals- Professional
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU22 Process Categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC13 Environmental Release Categories: ERC8f, ESVOC SpERC 8.22b.v1
Scope of process	Covers the use of the substance for the treatment of water at industrial facilities in closed or contained systems including incidental exposures during material transfers and equipment cleaning.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES	
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure 0.5 - 10 kPa at STP	
Concentration of the Sub-	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated	
stance in Mixture/Article	differently).,	
Frequency and Duration of		
	8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Other Operational Condition		
	an 20°C above ambient temperature (unles	s stated differently).
Assumes a good basic stand	ard of occupational hygiene is implemented	d.
Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures	
Drum/batch transfersDedicated facilityPROC8b	No other specific measures identified.	
General exposures (closed systems)PROC3	No other specific measures identified.	
General exposures (open systems)PROC4	No other specific measures identified.	
Pouring from small containersPROC13	No other specific measures identified.	
Equipment maintenance- PROC8a	No other specific measures identified.	
Storage.PROC1PROC2	Store substance within a closed system.	
Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
Substance is complex UVCB		
Predominantly hydrophobic.		
Readily biodegradable.		
Amounts Used		
Fraction of EU tonnage used in region:		0.1

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

# **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year):	25
Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally:	6,0E-02
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year):	1,5
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day):	4,0
Frequency and Duration of Use	4,0
	1
Continuous release.	005
Emission Days (days/year):	365
Environmental factors not influenced by risk management	T
Local freshwater dilution factor:	10
Local marine water dilution factor:	100
Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure	
Release fraction to air from wide dispersive use (regional only):	1,0E-02
Release fraction to wastewater from wide dispersive use:	9,9E-01
Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only):	0
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to pr	event release
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process re-	
lease estimates used.	
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit disch	arges, air emis-
sions and releases to soil	
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by soil.	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary	
wastewater treatment required.	
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)	0
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide	0,7
the required removal efficiency of >= (%)	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary	0
wastewater treatment required.	
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site	
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.	
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.	
•	
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	lant
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment (%)	93,6
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite	93,6
(domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	00,0
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following	48
total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	40
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2,0E+03
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste fo	
External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable regulations.	
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	
External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable regulations.	local and/or regional

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION	
Section 3.1 - Health		
The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise		

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

## **ShellSol A100 High Cumene**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 28.03.2024

10.0 27.12.2024 800001005781 Print Date 03.01.2025

indicated.

#### **Section 3.2 - Environment**

The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model.

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE
	EXPOSURE SCENARIO

#### Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

#### Section 4.2 -Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.