

Material Safety Data Sheet

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Material Name CARADOL MD36-13

Uses Use for the manufacture of polyurethane products.

Product Code U3199

Supplier SHELL EASTERN CHEMICALS (S)

A REGISTERED BUSINESS OF SHELL EASTERN

TRADING (PTE) LTD (UEN:198902087C)

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Other Information CARADOL is a trademark owned by Shell Trademark

Management B.V. and Shell Brands Inc. and used by affiliates of

Royal Dutch Shell plc.

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Material Formal Name CARADOL MD36-13

Synonyms Polyol CAS No. 9082-00-2

Hazardous Components

Chemical Name CAS **EINECS** Symbol(s) R-phrase(s) Conc. Polyoxyalkylene 9082-00-2 >= 99.485 % None None

Triol

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Safety Hazards Not classified as flammable but will burn.

Additional Information Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal

conditions.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General Information : Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal

conditions.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If rapid recovery does not occur, transport

to nearest medical facility for additional treatment.





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Skin Contact Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water

and follow by washing with soap if available.

Eye Contact Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of water for at least

15 minutes while holding eyelids open. Transport to the nearest

medical facility for additional treatment.

Wash out mouth with water and obtain medical attention. Ingestion

Advice to Physician Treat symptomatically. Following cases of gross over-exposure,

> investigation of liver, kidney and eye function may be advisable. Records of such incidents should be maintained for future

reference.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Specific Hazards : Clear fire area of all non-emergency personnel. Will only burn if

> enveloped in a pre-existing fire. Hazardous combustion products may include: Carbon dioxide. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds. Toxic products. Carbon monoxide.

Large fires should only be fought by properly trained fire fighters. **Extinguishing Media**

> Alcohol-resistant foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small

fires only.

Unsuitable Extinguishing

Media

Protective Equipment for

Firefighters

Additional Advice

Do not use water in a jet.

Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing

apparatus.

All storage areas should be provided with adequate fire fighting

facilities. Keep adjacent containers cool by spraying with water.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Observe all relevant local and international regulations.

Protective measures Avoid contact with spilled or released material. For guidance on

selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Material Safety Data Sheet. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. Avoid contact with the skin. Extinguish any naked flames. Do not smoke. Remove ignition sources. Avoid sparks. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Prevent from spreading or entering into drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Ventilate

contaminated area thoroughly.

Clean Up Methods For large liquid spills (> 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means

such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank for recovery or safe disposal. Do not flush away residues with water. Retain as contaminated waste. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely.

Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely.

For small liquid spills (< 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means to a labelled, sealable container for product recovery or safe disposal. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove

contaminated soil and dispose of safely.



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Additional Advice Proper disposal should be evaluated based on regulatory status

of this material (refer to Section 13), potential contamination from subsequent use and spillage, and regulations governing disposal in the local area. Observe all relevant local regulations.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Product Transfer

General Precautions Avoid breathing vapours or contact with material. Only use in

> well ventilated areas. Wash thoroughly after handling. On guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see

Chapter 8 of this Material Safety Data Sheet. For

comprehensive advice on handling, product transfer, storage

and tank cleaning refer to the product supplier.

Handling In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices,

precautions should be taken to avoid breathing of material. Use

local exhaust extraction over processing area. Avoid

unintentional contact with isocyanates to prevent uncontrolled polymerisation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Air-dry contaminated clothing in a well-ventilated area before laundering. Extinguish any naked flames. Do not smoke. Remove ignition sources. Avoid sparks. Do not empty into drains. Handling Temperature: Ambient. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling

equipment should be used.

Prevent all contact with water and with moist atmosphere. Tanks Storage

must be clean, dry and rust-free. Prevent ingress of water. Must be stored in a diked (bunded) well-ventilated area, away from sunlight, ignition sources and other sources of heat. Nitrogen blanket recommended for large tanks (capacity 100 m3 or higher). Drums should be stacked to a maximum of 3 high.

Maximum storage time: 12 months. Storage Temperature: Ambient.

Storage should be handled at temperatures such that viscosities are less than 500 cSt; typically at 25-50 °C. Tanks should be fitted with heating coils in areas where the ambient temperatures are below the recommended product handling temperatures. Heating coil skin temperatures should not exceed 100 °C.

Lines should be purged with nitrogen before and after product

transfer. Keep containers closed when not in use.

Unsuitable Materials Copper, Copper alloys.

Additional Information Ensure that all local regulations regarding handling and storage

> facilities are followed. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and

disposal of this material.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

If the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) value is provided on this document, it is provided for information only.

Occupational Exposure Limits





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None established.

Biological Exposure Index (BEI)

No biological limit allocated.

Exposure Controls Exhaust emission systems should be designed in accordance

> with local conditions; the air should always be moved away from the source of vapour generation and the person working at this point. Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.

Personal Protective

Respiratory Protection

Equipment

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet

recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers. No respiratory protection is ordinarily required under normal

conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precautions should be taken to avoid breathing of

material.

Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of **Hand Protection**

gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739, AS/NZS:2161) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: Incidental contact/Splash protection: PVC. Neoprene rubber. Nitrile rubber. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should

term use. When worn, use once and dispose.

Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a

be replaced. Thin disposable gloves should be avoided for long

non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended.

Eye Protection Chemical splash goggles (chemical monogoggles). Approved to

EU Standard EN166, AS/NZS:1337.

Protective Clothing Monitoring Methods

Chemical and cold resistant gloves/gauntlets, boots, and apron.

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate. Examples of sources of recommended air monitoring methods are given below or contact supplier. Further national methods may be available. National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of

Analytical Methods,

http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/nmam/nmammenu.html.

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA:

Sampling and Analytical Methods

http://www.osha.gov/dts/sltc/methods/toc.html Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of

Hazardous Substances,

http://www.hsl.gov.uk/publications/mdhs.aspx. Institut für Arbeitsschutz der Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), http://www.dguv.de/ifa/de/index.jsp L'Institut National de



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Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France

http://www.inrs.fr/securite/hygiene securite travail.html.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance Clear colourless Liquid.

Odour Odourless

Odour threshold : Data not available.

Hq : ca. 7

 $: > 285 \, ^{\circ}\text{C} / 545 \, ^{\circ}\text{F}$ Boiling point Melting / freezing point : Data not available. Flash point $: > 220 \, ^{\circ}\text{C} \, / \, 428 \, ^{\circ}\text{F}$ Explosion / Flammability : Data not available.

limits in air

Vapour pressure : < 10 hPa Specific gravity : 1.02

Density : Typical 1.017 kg/m3 at 20 °C / 68 °F

Water solubility Slightly soluble. Solubility in other solvents : Data not available. : 1.1 - 4.8

n-octanol/water partition

coefficient (log Pow) Dynamic viscosity

: 1,100 mPa.s at 20 °C / 68 °F

Kinematic viscosity Data not available. Vapour density (air=1) Data not available. Evaporation rate (nBuAc=1) : Data not available. Surface tension Data not available.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability Stable. Hygroscopic. Polymerises exothermically with

> di-isocyanates at ambient temperatures. The reaction becomes progressively more vigorous and can be violent at higher temperatures if the miscibility of reaction partners is good or is supported by stirring or by the presence of solvents. Reacts with

strong oxidising agents.

Conditions to Avoid Heat, flames, and sparks.

Materials to Avoid Avoid contact with isocyanates, copper and copper alloys, zinc,

strong oxidizing agents, and water.

Hazardous

Decomposition Products

: Unknown toxic products may be formed.

Hazardous Reactions

Polymerises exothermically with di-isocyanates at ambient

temperatures.

Sensitivity to Static

Discharge

: Data not available.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for Assessment Information given is based on product testing, and/or similar

products, and/or components.

Not expected to be a hazard. LD50 >2000 mg/kg, Rat **Acute Oral Toxicity** Not expected to be a hazard. LD50 >2000 mg/kg, Rat **Acute Dermal Toxicity**

Acute Inhalation Toxicity Not expected to be a hazard.

Skin corrosion/irritation Expected to be non-irritating to skin.

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Serious eye Expected to be non-irritating to eyes.

damage/irritation

Respiratory Irritation Not expected to be a respiratory irritant. Sensitisation Not expected to be a skin sensitiser.

Repeated Dose Toxicity Not expected to be a hazard. Germ cell mutagenicity Not expected to be mutagenic. Carcinogenicity Not expected to be carcinogenic.

Reproductive and Not expected to impair fertility. Not expected to be a

Developmental Toxicity developmental toxicant.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Incomplete ecotoxicological data are available for this product. The information given below is based partly on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products.

Acute Toxicity

Expected to have low toxicity: LC/EC/IC50 > 100 mg/l Fish Expected to have low toxicity: LC/EC/IC50 > 100 mg/l Aquatic crustacea Algae/aquatic plants Expected to have low toxicity: LC/EC/IC50 > 100 mg/l Microorganisms Expected to have low toxicity: LC/EC/IC50 > 100 mg/l

Chronic Toxicity

Bioaccumulation

Fish Data not available. Aquatic crustacea Data not available.

Mobility If product enters soil, one or more constituents will be mobile

and may contaminate groundwater.

Sinks in fresh water; may float or sink in seawater.

Persistence/degradability Expected to be not readily biodegradable.

> Oxidises rapidly by photo-chemical reactions in air. Does not bioaccumulate significantly, MW > 1000.

Other Adverse Effects Data not available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Material Disposal Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste

generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses. Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate

soil or water.

Drain container thoroughly. After draining, vent in a safe place **Container Disposal**

away from sparks and fire. Send to drum recoverer or metal

reclaimer.

Local Legislation Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional,

> national, and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements and

must be complied with.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION



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Land (as per ADR classification): Not regulated

This material is not classified as dangerous under ADR regulations.

IMDG

This material is not classified as dangerous under IMDG regulations.

IATA (Country variations may apply)

This material is either not classified as dangerous under IATA regulations or needs to follow country specific requirements.

Additional Information : This product may be transported under nitrogen

blanketing. Nitrogen is an odourless and invisible gas. Exposure to nitrogen may cause asphyxiation or death. Personnel must observe strict safety precautions when

involved with a confined space entry.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

EC Classification : Not classified as dangerous under EC criteria.

Chemical Inventory Status

AICS : Listed.
DSL : Listed.
INV (CN) : Listed.
TSCA : Listed.

KECI (KR) : Listed. KE-24605

PICCS (PH) : Listed.

EINECS : All components listed or

polymer exempt.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

R-phrase(s)

None None

MSDS Version Number : 1.3

MSDS Effective Date : 22.03.2012

MSDS Revisions : A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from

the previous version.

Uses and Restrictions : Advice in this document relates only to product as originally

supplied. Other derivative chemicals will have different properties and hazards. Advice should be sought on their safe

handling and use.

Use for the manufacture of polyurethane products.

MSDS Distribution : The information in this document should be made available to all 7/8

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who may handle the product

This information is based on our current knowledge and is **Disclaimer**

intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of

the product.