In accordance with Occupational Safety and Health Act's Standard of Classification and Labelling of Chemical Substances and MSDS

Dipropylene glycol (DPG)

MSDS number 4692

Version 2.5 Revision Date 2022.08.04 Print Date 2022.08.29

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name Dipropylene glycol (DPG)

Product code U1521

CAS-No. : 25265-71-8

Other means of identification : DPG; Oxydipropanol

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : DPG is used in the manufacture of unsaturated polyester

resins and benzoate plasticizers., Chemical Use.

Restrictions on use Advice in this document relates only to product as originally

supplied. Other derivative chemicals will have different

properties and hazards. Advice should be sought on their safe

handling and use., Do not add directly to food.

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Supplier

SHELL EASTERN CHEMICALS (S)

A REGISTERED BUSINESS OF SHELL EASTERN

TRADING (PTE) LTD (UEN:198902087C)

9 North Buona Vista Drive, #07-01

The Metropolis Tower 1 Singapore 138588

Singapore

Telephone : +82 2 360 1169 Telefax : +82 2 393 6196 Contact for Safety Data

Sheet

: sccmsds@shell.com

Emergency telephone

number

: + (65) 6542 9595 (Alert-SGS)

Organization that prepared

the SDS

JOIN International Ltd. (JIL) Samsung Cheil Bldg., 18th Fl,

309, Tereran-ro, Gangnam-gu, Seoul, 06151, Republic of Korea

+82 (0)2 527 4317 +82 (0)2 527 4314 (FAX)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

In accordance with Occupational Safety and Health Act's Standard of Classification and Labelling of Chemical Substances and MSDS

Dipropylene glycol (DPG)

MSDS number 4692

Version 2.5 Revision Date 2022.08.04 Print Date 2022.08.29

Based on available data this substance / mixture does not meet the classification criteria.

GHS label elements

: No Hazard Symbol required Hazard pictograms

Signal word : No signal word

Hazard statements PHYSICAL HAZARDS:

Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria.

HEALTH HAZARDS:

Not classified as a health hazard under GHS criteria.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:

Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria.

Precautionary statements

Prevention:

No precautionary phrases.

Response:

No precautionary phrases.

Storage:

No precautionary phrases.

Disposal:

No precautionary phrases.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Not classified as flammable but will burn. : 0, 1, 0 NFPA Rating (Health, Fire,

Reactivity)

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture Substance

Components

Chemical name	Common Name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Dipropylene glycol	oxydipropanol	25265-71-8	<= 100

In accordance with Occupational Safety and Health Act's Standard of Classification and Labelling of Chemical Substances and MSDS

Dipropylene glycol (DPG)

		10000 Hullibel 4092
Version 2.5	Revision Date 2022.08.04	Print Date 2022.08.29

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

General advice : Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal

conditions.

In case of eye contact : Flush eye with copious quantities of water.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

MCDC number 4602

rinsing.

If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.

In case of skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with

water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.

If inhaled : No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use.

If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.

If swallowed : In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities

are swallowed, however, get medical advice.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

: Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal

conditions of use.

Possible respiratory irritation signs and symptoms may include

a temporary burning sensation of the nose and throat,

coughing, and/or difficulty breathing.

No specific hazards under normal use conditions.

Skin irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning

sensation, redness, or swelling.

No specific hazards under normal use conditions.

Eye irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning

sensation, redness, swelling, and/or blurred vision.

No specific hazards under normal use conditions.

Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.

Protection of first-aiders : When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the

appropriate personal protective equipment according to the

incident, injury and surroundings.

Notes to physician : Call a doctor or poison control center for guidance.

Treat symptomatically. Following cases of gross overexposure, investigation of liver, kidney and eye function may be advisable. Records of such incidents should be maintained

for future reference.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable and unsuitable extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Alcohol-resistant foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical

In accordance with Occupational Safety and Health Act's Standard of Classification and Labelling of Chemical Substances and MSDS

Dipropylene glycol (DPG)

MSDS number 4692

Version 2.5 Revision Date 2022.08.04 Print Date 2022.08.29

powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small

fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water in a jet.

Specific hazards during

firefighting

: Material will not burn unless preheated.

Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion

occurs.

Containers exposed to intense heat from fires should be

cooled with large quantities of water.

Specific extinguishing

methods

: Standard procedure for chemical fires.

Evacuate the area of all non-essential personnel. Keep adjacent containers cool by spraying with water.

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

: Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to

relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

: Observe all relevant local and international regulations. Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the environment occurs or is likely to occur.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

: Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Environmental precautions

: Prevent from spreading or entering into drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental

contamination.

Ventilate contaminated area thoroughly.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Contain run-off from residue flush and dispose of properly. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other

suitable material.

For small liquid spills (< 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means to a labeled, sealable container for product recovery or safe disposal. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove

contaminated soil and dispose of safely.

For large liquid spills (> 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank for recovery or safe disposal. Do not flush away residues with water. Retain as contaminated waste. Allow residues to evaporate or soak

In accordance with Occupational Safety and Health Act's Standard of Classification and Labelling of Chemical Substances and MSDS

Dipropylene glycol (DPG)

Version 2.5 Revision Date 2022.08.04 MSDS number 4692

Print Date 2022.08.29

up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely

Additional advice : For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment

see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.

For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of

this Safety Data Sheet.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

General Precautions : Avoid breathing of or direct contact with material. Only use in

well ventilated areas. Wash thoroughly after handling. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see

Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.

Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine

appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of

this material.

Ensure that all local regulations regarding handling and

storage facilities are followed.

Advice on safe handling : Use local exhaust extraction over processing area.

Handle and open container with care in a well-ventilated area.

Do not empty into drains.

When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be

worn and proper handling equipment should be used.

Handling Temperature:

Ambient.

Avoidance of contact : Strong oxidising agents.

Strong acids. Strong bases.

Product Transfer : Keep containers closed when not in use. Do not pressurize

drum containers to empty.

Safe storage methods (including conditions to be avoided)

Conditions for safe storage : Refer to section 15 for any additional specific legislation

covering the packaging and storage of this product.

Other data : Tanks must be clean, dry and rust-free.

Keep container tightly closed.

Must be stored in a diked (bunded) well- ventilated area, away from sunlight, ignition sources and other sources of heat. Cleaning, inspection and maintenance of storage tanks is a specialist operation, which requires the implementation of

strict procedures and precautions.

Drums should be stacked to a maximum of 3 high.

Storage Temperature:

Ambient.

In accordance with Occupational Safety and Health Act's Standard of Classification and Labelling of Chemical Substances and MSDS

Dipropylene glycol (DPG)

		MSDS number 4692	
Version 2.5	Revision Date 2022.08.04	Print Date 2022.08.29	
Packaging material	·	Suitable material: Stainless steel., Mild steel., Carbon steel Unsuitable material: Data not available	
Container Advice	explosive vapours. Do not cut, drill	: Containers, even those that have been emptied, can contain explosive vapours. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near containers.	
Specific use(s)	: Not applicable		
	Ensure that all local regulations re storage facilities are followed.	garding handling and	

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA) , Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Engineering measures

: Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated. Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations. The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances.

Appropriate measures include:

General Information:

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and

6 / 21 800001033950

In accordance with Occupational Safety and Health Act's Standard of Classification and Labelling of Chemical Substances and MSDS

Dipropylene glycol (DPG)

MSDS number 4692 Version 2.5 Revision Date 2022.08.04 Print Date 2022.08.29

> protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned.

Practice good housekeeping.

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of

controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this

product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective

equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or

maintenance.

Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or

subsequent recycle.

Personal protective equipment

Protective measures

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Respiratory protection : No respiratory protection is ordinarily required under normal

conditions of use.

In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precautions should be taken to avoid breathing of material.

Eye protection : If material is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes,

protective eyewear is recommended.

Hand protection

Remarks

: Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. Longer term protection: Nitrile rubber. Incidental contact/Splash protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves For continuous contact we recommend gloves with breakthrough time of more than 240 minutes with preference for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. For short-term/splash protection we recommend the same but recognize that suitable gloves offering this level of protection may not be available and in this case a lower breakthrough time maybe acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not a good predictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Glove thickness should be typically greater than 0.35 mm depending on the glove make and model. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must

In accordance with Occupational Safety and Health Act's Standard of Classification and Labelling of Chemical Substances and MSDS

Dipropylene glycol (DPG)

MSDS number 4692

Version 2.5 Revision Date 2022.08.04 Print Date 2022.08.29

> only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-

perfumed moisturizer is recommended.

Skin and body protection : Skin protection is not ordinarily required beyond standard

work clothes.

It is good practice to wear chemical resistant gloves.

Hygiene measures : Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking and using the

Launder contaminated clothing before re-use.

Environmental exposure controls

General advice : Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances

must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing

vapour.

Minimise release to the environment. An environmental assessment must be made to ensure compliance with local

environmental legislation.

Information on accidental release measures are to be found in

section 6.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : Liquid.

Colour : colourless Odour : odourless

Odour Threshold : Data not available

рΗ : 7

: -20 °C / -4 °F Melting / freezing point

: 227 °C / 441 °F Boiling point/boiling range

: 130 °C / 266 °F Flash point

Method: ASTM D-93 / PMCC

Evaporation rate : Data not available

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable

Upper/Lower explosion limit

Upper explosion limit : 12.6 %(V)

Lower explosion limit : 2.9 %(V)

Vapour pressure : 1.3 Pa (25 °C / 77 °F)

In accordance with Occupational Safety and Health Act's Standard of Classification and Labelling of Chemical Substances and MSDS

Dipropylene glycol (DPG)

MSDS number 4692

Version 2.5 Revision Date 2022.08.04 Print Date 2022.08.29

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : Completely miscible.

Relative vapour density : 4.6

(20 °C / 68 °F)

Relative density : 1.023Method: ASTM D4052

Density : $1.03 \text{ g/cm} 3 (20 \,^{\circ}\text{C} / 68 \,^{\circ}\text{F})$

Method: ASTM D4052

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: 0.462 (21.7 °C / 71.1 °F)

Auto-ignition temperature : 327 - 337 °C / 621 - 639 °F

Decomposition temperature : Data not available

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : 116 mPa.s (25 °C / 77 °F)

Method: ASTM D445

Viscosity, kinematic : 118 mm2/s (20 °C / 68 °F)

Method: ASTM D445

32 mm2/s (40 °C / 104 °F) Method: ASTM D445

Explosive properties : Not applicable

Oxidizing properties : Data not available

Surface tension : 71.4 mN/m, 22 °C / 72 °F

Conductivity: > 10,000 pS/m

A number of factors, for example liquid temperature, presence of contaminants, and anti-static additives can greatly influence the conductivity of a liquid, This material is not expected to be

a static accumulator.

Particle size : Data not available

Molecular weight : 134.2 g/mol

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

In accordance with Occupational Safety and Health Act's Standard of Classification and Labelling of Chemical Substances and MSDS

Dipropylene glycol (DPG)

MSDS number 4692

Version 2.5 Revision Date 2022.08.04 Print Date 2022.08.29

Chemical stability and possibility of hazardous reactions:

The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph. No hazardous reaction is expected when handled and stored according to provisions, Oxidises on contact with

air.

None known.

Conditions to avoid : Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

Product cannot ignite due to static electricity.

Incompatible materials : Strong oxidising agents.

Strong acids. Strong bases.

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Thermal decomposition is highly dependent on conditions. A complex mixture of airborne solids, liquids and gases including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, sulphur oxides and unidentified organic compounds will be evolved when this material undergoes combustion or thermal or oxidative

degradation.

Carbonyl and dioxolane derivatives may be formed.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment : Information given is based on product testing, and/or similar

products, and/or components.

Information on likely routes of :

exposure

Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.

Health hazard information

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : LD 50 Rat, male and female: > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: US EPA Test Guideline OPP 81-1

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC 50 Rat, male and female: > 2.34 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: Aerosol Method: Other quideline method.

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD 50 Rabbit, male and female: > 5,000 mg/kg

In accordance with Occupational Safety and Health Act's Standard of Classification and Labelling of Chemical Substances and MSDS

Dipropylene glycol (DPG)

Version 2.5 Revision Date 2022.08.04 MSDS number 4692

Print Date 2022.08.29

Method: Other guideline method.

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Components:

Dipropylene glycol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD 50 Rat, male and female: > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: US EPA Test Guideline OPP 81-1

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC 50 Rat, male and female: > 2.34 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: Aerosol
Method: Other quideline method.

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD 50 Rabbit, male and female: > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: Other guideline method.

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Species: Rabbit

Method: Other guideline method.

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

Dipropylene glycol:

Species: Rabbit

Method: Other guideline method.

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Species: Rabbit

Method: Other guideline method.

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

Dipropylene glycol:

Species: Rabbit

Method: Other guideline method.

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

In accordance with Occupational Safety and Health Act's Standard of Classification and Labelling of Chemical Substances and MSDS

Dipropylene glycol (DPG)

MSDS number 4692 Print Date 2022.08.29

Version 2.5

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Species: Guinea pig

Method: Other guideline method.

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Revision Date 2022.08.04

Components:

Dipropylene glycol: Species: Guinea pig

Method: Other guideline method.

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Species: Mouse, (male and female)

Application Route: Oral

Method: Acceptable non-standard method.

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

Dipropylene glycol:

Species: Mouse, (male and female)

Application Route: Oral

Method: Acceptable non-standard method.

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
Dipropylene glycol	No carcinogenicity classification.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Method: Acceptable non-standard method.

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline

476

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

: Test species: MouseMethod: OECD Test Guideline 474 Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Components:

Dipropylene glycol:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Method: Acceptable non-standard method.

In accordance with Occupational Safety and Health Act's Standard of Classification and Labelling of Chemical Substances and MSDS

Dipropylene glycol (DPG)

Version 2.5 Revision Date 2022.08.04 MSDS number 4692

Print Date 2022.08.29

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

: Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline

476

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

: Test species: MouseMethod: OECD Test Guideline 474 Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

: Species: Mouse Sex: male and female Application Route: Oral

Method: Literature data

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Effects on foetal development

Species: Rat, female Application Route: Oral

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline

414

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Species: Rabbit, female Application Route: Oral

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline

414

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Components:

Dipropylene glycol:

Species: Mouse Sex: male and female Application Route: Oral

Method: Literature data

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Effects on foetal development

Species: Rat, female Application Route: Oral

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline

414

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

In accordance with Occupational Safety and Health Act's Standard of Classification and Labelling of Chemical Substances and MSDS

Dipropylene glycol (DPG)

Version 2.5 Revision Date 2022.08.04 MSDS number 4692

Print Date 2022.08.29

are not met.

Species: Rabbit, female Application Route: Oral

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline

414

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

Dipropylene glycol:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

Dipropylene glycol:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Repeated dose toxicity

Product:

Rat, male and female: Application Route: Oral

Method: Acceptable non-standard method.

Target Organs: No specific target organs noted

Components:

Dipropylene glycol:

Rat, male and female: Application Route: Oral

Method: Acceptable non-standard method. Target Organs: No specific target organs noted

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

14 / 21 800001033950

In accordance with Occupational Safety and Health Act's Standard of Classification and Labelling of Chemical Substances and MSDS

Dipropylene glycol (DPG)

MSDS number 4692 Print Date 2022.08.29

Version 2.5 Dipropylene glycol: Revision Date 2022.08.04

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

Components:

Dipropylene glycol:

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment Incomplete ecotoxicological data are available for this product.

> The information given below is based partly on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products.

Ecotoxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish (Acute

toxicity)

: LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 Remarks: Practically non toxic:

LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l

Toxicity to crustacean (Acute

toxicity)

: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 Remarks: Practically non toxic:

LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l

Toxicity to algae/aguatic

plants (Acute toxicity)

: EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 Remarks: Practically non toxic:

LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l

Toxicity to fish (Chronic

toxicity)

: Chronic Toxicity Value: 1,340 mg/l

Exposure time: 30 d

Method: Based on quantitative structure-activity relationship

(QSAR) modelling

Remarks: NOEC/NOEL > 100 mg/l

Toxicity to crustacean

(Chronic toxicity)

: Chronic Toxicity Value: 466 mg/l

Exposure time: 16 d

Species: Daphnia (water flea)

Method: Based on quantitative structure-activity relationship

(QSAR) modelling

Remarks: NOEC/NOEL > 1.0 - <= 10 mg/l

In accordance with Occupational Safety and Health Act's Standard of Classification and Labelling of Chemical Substances and MSDS

Dipropylene glycol (DPG)

MSDS number 4692 Version 2.5 Revision Date 2022.08.04 Print Date 2022.08.29

Toxicity to microorganisms

(Acute toxicity)

: EC10 (Pseudomonas putida): >= 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 18 h

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 209

Remarks: Practically non toxic:

LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l

Components:

Dipropylene glycol:

Toxicity to fish (Acute

toxicity)

: LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 Remarks: Practically non toxic:

LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/I

Toxicity to crustacean (Acute

toxicity)

: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 Remarks: Practically non toxic:

LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants (Acute toxicity)

: EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 Remarks: Practically non toxic:

LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l

Toxicity to microorganisms

(Acute toxicity)

: EC10 (Pseudomonas putida): >= 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 18 h

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 209

Remarks: Practically non toxic:

LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l

Toxicity to fish (Chronic

toxicity)

: Chronic Toxicity Value: 1,340 mg/l

Exposure time: 30 d

Method: Based on quantitative structure-activity relationship

(QSAR) modelling

Remarks: NOEC/NOEL > 100 mg/l

Toxicity to

: Chronic Toxicity Value: 466 mg/l

crustacean(Chronic toxicity)

Exposure time: 16 d

Species: Daphnia (water flea)

Method: Based on quantitative structure-activity relationship

(QSAR) modelling

Remarks: NOEC/NOEL > 1.0 - <= 10 mg/l

Persistence and degradability

Product:

Biodegradability : Biodegradation: 84.4 %

Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

In accordance with Occupational Safety and Health Act's Standard of Classification and Labelling of Chemical Substances and MSDS

Dipropylene glycol (DPG)

MSDS number 4692

Version 2.5 Revision Date 2022.08.04 Print Date 2022.08.29

Remarks: Readily biodegradable.

Components:

Dipropylene glycol:

Biodegradability : Biodegradation: 84.4 %

Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F Remarks: Readily biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp)

Exposure time: 42 d

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 0.3 - 4.6 Method: OECD Test Guideline 305C

Remarks: Does not bioaccumulate significantly.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: 0.462 (21.7 °C)

Components:

Dipropylene glycol:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp)

Exposure time: 42 d

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 0.3 - 4.6 Method: OECD Test Guideline 305C

Remarks: Does not bioaccumulate significantly.

Mobility in soil

Product:

Mobility : Remarks: If the product enters soil, one or more constituents

will or may be mobile and may contaminate groundwater.

Components:

Dipropylene glycol:

Mobility : Remarks: If the product enters soil, one or more constituents

will or may be mobile and may contaminate groundwater.

Other adverse effects

no data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : Recover or recycle if possible.

It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.

Remove all packaging for recovery or waste disposal.

Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or

In accordance with Occupational Safety and Health Act's Standard of Classification and Labelling of Chemical Substances and MSDS

Dipropylene glycol (DPG)

Version 2.5 Revision Date 2022.08.04 MSDS number 4692

Print Date 2022.08.29

ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Do not dispose of tank water bottoms by allowing them to drain into the ground. This will result in soil and groundwater contamination.

Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses

Waste arising from a spillage or tank cleaning should be disposed of in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional,

national, and local laws and regulations.

Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements and must be complied with.

MARPOL - see International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL 73/78) which provides technical aspects at controlling pollutions from ships.

Contaminated packaging : Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably

to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand.

Disposal considerations

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

National Regulations

Refer to section 15 for specific national regulation.

International Regulations

ADR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Pollution category : Z Ship type : 3

Product name : Dipropylene glycol

Special precautions for user

Remarks : Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage,

In accordance with Occupational Safety and Health Act's Standard of Classification and Labelling of Chemical Substances and MSDS

Dipropylene glycol (DPG)

		MSDS number 4692
Version 2.5	Revision Date 2022.08.04	Print Date 2022.08.29
	for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.	
Additional Information	: This product may be transported under nitrogen blanketing. Nitrogen is an odourless and invisible gas. Exposure to nitrogen may cause asphyxiation or death. Personnel must observe strict safety precautions when involved with a confined space entry. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code	

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

National regulatory information

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

INDUSTRY SAFETY & HEALTH ACT:	Hazardous substances prohibited from manufacturing, etc., Not applicable
	Hazardous substances subject to authorization, Not applicable
	Hazardous substances subject to control, Not applicable
	Substances established for exposure limits, Not applicable
	Hazardous factor subject to keep below permissible limit, Not applicable
	Hazardous Factors Subject to Working Environment Monitoring, Not applicable
	Hazardous Factors Subject to Special Medical Examination, Not applicable
CHEMICALS CONTROL ACT:	Toxic chemical substances, Not applicable
	Authorization chemical substances, Not applicable
	Restricted chemical substances, Not applicable
	Prohibited chemical substances, Not applicable
	Accident precaution chemical substance, Not

In accordance with Occupational Safety and Health Act's Standard of Classification and Labelling of Chemical Substances and MSDS

Dipropylene glycol (DPG)

			MSDS number 4692
Version 2.5 Revision Da		ate 2022.08.04	Print Date 2022.08.29
		applicable	
DANGEROUS GOODS ACT:	S SAFE CONTROL	Category 4 Dange	ation of dangerous material:, rous Goods (Flammable petroleum chemicals
WASTES MANAGEME	ENT ACT:	Treat with Article Considerations Se	4/5/24/25 of Disposal ection.

Other requirements in domestic and other countries

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AIIC : Listed

DSL Listed

IECSC Listed

ENCS Listed

KECI : Listed

NZIoC : Listed

PICCS : Listed

TSCA : Listed

TCSI : Listed

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Abbreviations and Acronyms

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO -International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO -International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 -

In accordance with Occupational Safety and Health Act's Standard of Classification and Labelling of Chemical Substances and MSDS

Dipropylene glycol (DPG)

MSDS number 4692 Print Date 2022.08.29

Version 2.5 Revision Date 2022.08.04

Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate: NOM - Official Mexican Norm: NTP - National Toxicology Program: NZIoC -New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development: OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention: PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG -Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

Further information

Training advice : Provide adequate information, instruction and training for

operators.

Sources of key data used to

compile the Safety Data

Sheet

The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU

IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).

Issuing date : 2010.06.25

Revision number and date

Number of Revision : 2.5

Revision Date : 2022.08.04

Other information : A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment

from the previous version.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

KR / EN

21 / 21 800001033950