The content and format of this safety data sheet is in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725:2023 requirements.

NEODOL 23

Version 7.2 Revision Date 09.05.2025 Print Date 17.05.2025

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : NEODOL 23

Product code : V2728

CAS-No. : 75782-86-4

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Manufacturer/Supplier : Shell CAPSA

Av. Roque Saenz Peña 788

Buenos Aires, 1383

Argentina

Telephone : (+54 11) 4130-2168

Telefax : (+54 11) 4130-2180

Contact for Safety Data Sheet :

Emergency telephone number : Locais: (+11 15) 4970-7391 / 4970-7390 / 5062-6601 / 4973-

7368; Internacionais: (+54 911) 4970-7391 / 4970-7390 /

5062/6601 / 4973-7

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Use in detergent manufacture.

Restrictions on use : This product must not be used in applications other than the

above without first seeking the advice of the supplier.

This product must not be used in applications other than those listed in Section 1 without first seeking the advice of the suppli-

er.

Other information : NEODOL is a trademark owned by Shell Trademark Man-

agement B.V. and Shell Brands Inc. and used by affiliates of

Royal Dutch Shell plc.

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Aspiration hazard : Category 2

Short-term (acute) aquatic

hazard

: Category 1

Long-term (chronic) aquatic

hazard

: Category 2

The content and format of this safety data sheet is in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725:2023 requirements.

NEODOL 23

Version 7.2 Revision Date 09.05.2025 Print Date 17.05.2025

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms





Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : PHYSICAL HAZARDS:

Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria.

HEALTH HAZARDS:

H305 May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements : **Prevention:**

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

Response:

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON

CENTER/ doctor.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P391 Collect spillage.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents and container to appropriate waste site or reclaimer in accordance with local and national regula-

tions.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Slightly irritating to the skin.

Slightly irritating to the eye.

Harmful: May cause lung damage if swallowed.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Substance

Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
Alcohols, C12-13	75782-86-4	Asp. Tox.2; H305 Aquatic Acute1; H400 Aquatic Chronic2; H411	>= 90 - <= 100

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

The content and format of this safety data sheet is in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725:2023 requirements.

NEODOL 23

Version 7.2	Revision Date 09.05.2025	Print Date 17.05.2025	
General advice	: Not expected to be a health haz conditions.	Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions.	
If inhaled	No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.		
In case of skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing. Immediately flush skin with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes, and follow by washing with soap and water if available. If redness, swelling, pain and/or blisters occur, transport to the nearest medical facility for additional treatment.		
In case of eye contact	 Flush eye with copious quantities Remove contact lenses, if prese rinsing. If persistent irritation occurs, ob 	ent and easy to do. Continue	
If swallowed	: In general no treatment is nece are swallowed, however, get me		
	If swallowed, do not induce von medical facility for additional tre spontaneously, keep head belo	eatment. If vomiting occurs	
	If any of the following delayed s within the next 6 hours, transpo ty: fever greater than 101° F (38 chest congestion or continued of	ort to the nearest medical facili- 8.3°C), shortness of breath,	
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	: Not considered to be an inhalat ditions of use. Possible respiratory irritation sig a temporary burning sensation ing, and/or difficulty breathing. Defatting dermatitis signs and sing sensation and/or a dried/cra No specific hazards under norm Eye irritation signs and symptor sation, redness, swelling, and/o No specific hazards under norm Ingestion may result in nausea, If material enters lungs, signs a coughing, choking, wheezing, dongestion, shortness of breath If any of the following delayed swithin the next 6 hours, transpoty: fever greater than 101° F (38 chest congestion or continued of	gns and symptoms may include of the nose and throat, cough- symptoms may include a burn- acked appearance. hal use conditions. ms may include a burning sen- or blurred vision. hal use conditions. vomiting and/or diarrhoea. hd symptoms may include lifficulty in breathing, chest h, and/or fever. ligins and symptoms appear ort to the nearest medical facili- 8.3°C), shortness of breath,	
Protection of first-aiders	 When administering first aid, er appropriate personal protective incident, injury and surrounding 	equipment according to the	
Notes to physician	: Call a doctor or poison control of Treat symptomatically.	center for guidance.	

The content and format of this safety data sheet is in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725:2023 requirements.

NEODOL 23

Version 7.2 Revision Date 09.05.2025 Print Date 17.05.2025

Potential for chemical pneumonitis.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Alcohol-resistant foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical pow-

der, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires

only.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water in a jet.

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

: Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion

Will float and can be reignited on surface water.

The vapour is heavier than air, spreads along the ground and

distant ignition is possible.

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Standard procedure for chemical fires.

Clear fire area of all non-emergency personnel. Keep adjacent containers cool by spraying with water.

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to

relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec: : tive equipment and emergency procedures

Observe all relevant local and international regulations. Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the

environment occurs or is likely to occur.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Avoid contact with spilled or released material. Immediately remove all contaminated clothing. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet. For guidance on disposal of spilled material see

Section 13 of this Safety Data Sheet. Stay upwind and keep out of low areas. Be ready for fire or possible exposure.

Environmental precautions

Prevent from spreading or entering into drains, ditches or riv-

ers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.

Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contami-

Ventilate contaminated area thoroughly.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up For large liquid spills (> 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank for recovery or

The content and format of this safety data sheet is in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725:2023 requirements.

NEODOL 23

Version 7.2 Revision Date 09.05.2025 Print Date 17.05.2025

safe disposal. Do not flush away residues with water. Retain as contaminated waste. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely For small liquid spills (< 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means to a labeled, sealable container for product recovery or safe disposal. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove

contaminated soil and dispose of safely.

Additional advice : For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment

see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.

For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of

this Safety Data Sheet.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

General Precautions : Avoid breathing of or direct contact with material. Only use in

well ventilated areas. Wash thoroughly after handling. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see

Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.

Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this

material.

Ensure that all local regulations regarding handling and stor-

age facilities are followed.

Advice on safe handling : Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Do not empty into drains.

Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard

Avoidance of contact : Copper.

Copper alloys.

Strong oxidising agents.

Aluminum

Product Transfer : Keep containers closed when not in use. Do not use com-

pressed air for filling discharge or handling.

Storage

Conditions for safe storage : Refer to section 15 for any additional specific legislation cov-

ering the packaging and storage of this product.

Other data : Bulk storage tanks should be diked (bunded).

Vapours from tanks should not be released to atmosphere. Breathing losses during storage should be controlled by a

suitable vapour treatment system.

Nitrogen blanket recommended for large tanks (capacity 100

m3 or higher).

Insulation (lagging) will minimize heat loss in areas of low

ambient temperature.

The content and format of this safety data sheet is in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725:2023 requirements.

NEODOL 23

Version 7.2 Revision Date 09.05.2025		Print Date 17.05.2025	
	Tanks should be fitted with heati ent conditions can result in hand freezing point/pour point of the p	lling temperatures below the	
Packaging material	: Suitable material: Stainless stee Unsuitable material: Aluminum,		
Container Advice	 Containers, even those that have explosive vapours. Do not cut, d similar operations on or near cor 	rill, grind, weld or perform	
Specific use(s)	: Not applicable		
	Ensure that all local regulations age facilities are followed.	regarding handling and stor-	

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Contains no components with occupational exposure limit values.

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA) , Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Engineering measures

: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations. Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated. Eve washes and showers for emergency use.

The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances.

Appropriate measures include:

The content and format of this safety data sheet is in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725:2023 requirements.

NEODOL 23

Version 7.2 Revision Date 09.05.2025 Print Date 17.05.2025

General Information

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are unsuitable (e.g. airborne concentrations are high, risk of oxygen deficiency, confined space) use appropriate positive pressure breathing apparatus.

Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter.

If air-filtering respirators are suitable for conditions of use: Select a filter suitable for the combination of organic gases and vapours and particles [Type A/Type P boiling point >65°C (149°F)].

Hand protection Remarks

: Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. When prolonged or frequent repeated contact occurs. Nitrile rubber gloves. Incidental contact/Splash protection: PVC or neoprene rubber gloves. For continuous contact we recommend gloves with breakthrough time of more than 240 minutes with preference for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. For short-term/splash protection we recommend the same but recognize that suitable gloves offering this level of protection may not be available and in this case a lower breakthrough time maybe acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not a good predictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is dependent on the exact composition of the glove material.

The content and format of this safety data sheet is in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725:2023 requirements.

NEODOL 23

Version 7.2 Revision Date 09.05.2025 Print Date 17.05.2025

> Glove thickness should be typically greater than 0.35 mm depending on the glove make and model. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moistur-

izer is recommended.

Eye protection : If material is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes,

protective eyewear is recommended.

: Skin protection is not ordinarily required beyond standard Skin and body protection

work clothes.

It is good practice to wear chemical resistant gloves.

Thermal hazards : Not applicable

Protective measures : Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recom-

mended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Environmental exposure controls

General advice : Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances

must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing

Minimise release to the environment. An environmental assessment must be made to ensure compliance with local envi-

ronmental legislation.

Information on accidental release measures are to be found in

section 6.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : liquid

Colour : Water white

Odour : mild

Odour Threshold : Data not available

pΗ : Not applicable

: 18 °C / 64 °F Pour point

Method: ASTM D97

Melting point/ range Data not available

Boiling point/boiling range : 259 - 276 °C / 498 - 529 °F

The content and format of this safety data sheet is in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725:2023 requirements.

NEODOL 23

Version 7.2 Revision Date 09.05.2025 Print Date 17.05.2025

: 135.0 °C / 275.0 °F Flash point

Method: ASTM D93 (PMCC), Pensky-Martens closed cup

Evaporation rate : Data not available

Flammability

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable

Lower explosion limit and upper explosion limit / flammability limit

Upper explosion limit : Data not available

Lower explosion limit : Data not available

Vapour pressure : < 5 Pa (25 °C / 77 °F)

Relative vapour density : 7.0

: 0.833 (25 °C / 77 °F) Relative density

Method: ASTM D4052

: 0.834 g/cm3 (20 °C / 68 °F)Method: ASTM D4052 Density

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : ca. 5 mg/l negligible (25 °C / 77 °F

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: 5.28 - 5.58

Auto-ignition temperature : Data not available

Decomposition temperature : Data not available

Viscosity

: 22 mPa.s (20 °C / 68 °F) Viscosity, dynamic

Method: ASTM D445

50 mPa.s (Not applicable /)

Method: ASTM D445

23 mm2/s (25 °C / 77 °F) Viscosity, kinematic

Method: ASTM D445

13 mm2/s (40 °C / 104 °F) Method: ASTM D445

14 mm2/s (37.8 °C / 100.0 °F)

Method: ASTM D445

Explosive properties : Not applicable

Oxidizing properties : Not applicable

The content and format of this safety data sheet is in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725:2023 requirements.

NEODOL 23

Version 7.2 Revision Date 09.05.2025 Print Date 17.05.2025

Surface tension : Data not available

Conductivity : Electrical conductivity: > 10,000 pS/m

> A number of factors, for example liquid temperature, presence of contaminants, and anti-static additives can greatly influence the conductivity of a liquid, This material is not expected to be

a static accumulator.

: 191 - 197 g/mol Molecular weight

Particle characteristics

Particle size : Data not available

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Stable at normal ambient temperature and pressure.

May oxidise in the presence of air.

The product is chemically stable. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

: None known.

Conditions to avoid : Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

: Copper. Incompatible materials

Copper alloys.

Strong oxidising agents.

Aluminum

Hazardous decomposition

products

: None expected under normal use conditions.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment : Information given is based on product testing, and/or similar

products, and/or components.

Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual com-

ponent(s).

exposure

Information on likely routes of : Exposure may occur via inhalation, ingestion, skin absorption,

skin or eye contact, and accidental ingestion.

Acute toxicity

Components:

Alcohols, C12-13:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Remarks: Low toxicity

The content and format of this safety data sheet is in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725:2023 requirements.

NEODOL 23

Version 7.2 Revision Date 09.05.2025 Print Date 17.05.2025

Acute inhalation toxicity : Remarks: Low toxicity if inhaled.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

Remarks: Low toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation

Components:

Alcohols, C12-13:

Remarks: Causes mild skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Components:

Alcohols, C12-13:

Remarks: Not irritating to eye.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Components:

Alcohols, C12-13:

Remarks: Not a sensitiser.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Components:

Alcohols, C12-13:

Genotoxicity in vivo : Remarks: Non mutagenic

Carcinogenicity

Components:

Alcohols, C12-13:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification	
Alcohols, C12-13	No carcinogenicity classification.	

Reproductive toxicity

STOT - single exposure

Components:

Alcohols, C12-13:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

The content and format of this safety data sheet is in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725:2023 requirements.

NEODOL 23

Version 7.2 Revision Date 09.05.2025 Print Date 17.05.2025

STOT - repeated exposure

Components:

Alcohols, C12-13:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration toxicity

Components:

Alcohols, C12-13:

Aspiration into the lungs when swallowed or vomited may cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.

Further information

Components:

Alcohols, C12-13:

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

: Incomplete ecotoxicological data are available for this product. Basis for assessment

The information given below is based partly on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual com-

ponent(s).

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Alcohols, C12-13:

Toxicity to fish (Acute toxici-: Remarks: LC/EC/IC50 >1 - <=10 mg/l

Toxic

Toxicity to crustacean (Acute : Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 <= 1 mg/l

toxicity) Very toxic.

Toxicity to algae/aguatic : Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 <= 1 mg/l

plants (Acute toxicity) Very toxic.

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

: 1

1

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

: Remarks: Data not available

Toxicity to crusta-

cean(Chronic toxicity)

: Remarks: Data not available

The content and format of this safety data sheet is in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725:2023 requirements.

NEODOL 23

Version 7.2 Revision Date 09.05.2025 Print Date 17.05.2025

Toxicity to bacteria : Remarks: Data not available

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Alcohols, C12-13:

Biodegradability : Biodegradation: 84 %

Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F Remarks: Readily biodegradable.

Oxidises rapidly by photo-chemical reactions in air.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: 5.28 - 5.58

Components:

Alcohols, C12-13:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Has the potential to bioaccumulate.

Mobility in soil

Components:

Alcohols, C12-13:

Mobility : Remarks: Floats on water.

Adsorbs to soil and has low mobility

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : Recover or recycle if possible.

It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal meth-

ods in compliance with applicable regulations.

Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water

courses.

Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or

water.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional,

national, and local laws and regulations.

Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or na-

tional requirements and must be complied with.

Contaminated packaging : Drain container thoroughly.

After draining, vent in a safe place away from sparks and fire.

Residues may cause an explosion hazard.

The content and format of this safety data sheet is in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725:2023 requirements.

NEODOL 23

Version 7.2 Revision Date 09.05.2025 Print Date 17.05.2025

Do not puncture, cut, or weld uncleaned drums. Send to drum recoverer or metal reclaimer.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ANTT

UN number : 3082

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S., ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES,

LIQUID, N.O.S.

(C12-C13 ALCOHOL)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
Hazard Identification Number : 90
Environmentally hazardous : yes

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : UN 3082

Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substances, liquid, n.o.s.

(C12-C13 ALCOHOL)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9

IMDG-Code

UN number : UN 3082

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(C12-C13 ALCOHOL)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
Marine pollutant : yes

Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Pollution category : Y Ship type : 2

Product name : NEODOL 23 (contains Dodecyl alcohol; Alcohols (C13+))

Special precautions for user

Remarks : Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage,

for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or

needs to comply with in connection with transport.

Additional Information: This product may be transported under nitrogen blanketing.

Nitrogen is an odourless and invisible gas. Exposure to nitrogen enriched atmospheres displaces available oxygen which may cause asphyxiation or death. Personnel must observe

The content and format of this safety data sheet is in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725:2023 requirements.

NEODOL 23

Version 7.2 Revision Date 09.05.2025 Print Date 17.05.2025

strict safety precautions when involved with a confined space

entry.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC

Code

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

DSL : Listed

IECSC : Listed

ENCS : Listed

KECI : Listed

NZIoC : Listed

PICCS : Listed

TSCA : Listed

TCSI : Listed

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements

H305 May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of other abbreviations

Aquatic Acute Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard Aquatic Chronic Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard

Asp. Tox. Aspiration hazard

Abbreviations and Acronyms : The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this docu-

ment can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific

dictionaries) and/or websites.

Further information

Training advice : Provide adequate information, instruction and training for op-

erators.

15 / 16 800001001060 BR

The content and format of this safety data sheet is in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725:2023 requirements.

NEODOL 23

ersion 7.2	Revision Date 09.05.2025	Print Date 17.05.2025
Other information	: A vertical bar () in the left margin i from the previous version.	indicates an amendment
Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet	 The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc). 	

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.