

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Prepared according to GB/T 16483, GB/T 17519

Ethyl Proxitol Acetate

800001000220

Initial release date: 0000.00.00

Version 1.1

Revision Date 2023.11.24

Print Date 2023.12.01

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Ethyl Proxitol Acetate

Product code : U5149

CAS-No. : 54839-24-6

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Supplier : SHELL EASTERN CHEMICALS (S)
A REGISTERED BUSINESS OF SHELL EASTERN
TRADING (PTE) LTD (UEN:198902087C)
9 North Buona Vista Drive , #07-01
The Metropolis Tower 1
Singapore 138588
Singapore

Telephone : +65 6384 8269

Telefax : +65 6384 8454

Contact for Safety Data Sheet : If you have any enquiries about the content of this SDS
please email sccmsds@shell.com 如果您有关于该SDS内容的
任何质询, 请发电邮联系 sccmsds@shell.com

Emergency telephone number : +86-532-83889090

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Speciality solvent.

Restrictions on use : This product must not be used in applications other than the
above without first seeking the advice of the supplier.

Other information : PROXITOL is a trademark owned by Shell Trademark
Management B.V. and Shell Brands Inc. and used by affiliates
of Shell plc.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview

Appearance	Liquid.
Colour	colourless
Odour	characteristic
Health Hazards	May cause drowsiness and dizziness.
Safety Hazards	Flammable liquid and vapour.
Environmental Hazards	Not classified as dangerous for the environment.

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GHS Classification

Flammable liquids : Category 3
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure : Category 3 (Narcotic effects)

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word :

Warning

Hazard statements :

PHYSICAL HAZARDS:
H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
HEALTH HAZARDS:
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:
Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria.

Precautionary statements :

Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat/ sparks/ open flames/ hot surfaces.
No smoking.
P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting equipment.
P242 Use only non-sparking tools.
P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
P261 Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.
P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.
P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P312 Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell.

Storage:

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P235 Keep cool.
P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents and container to appropriate waste site or reclaimer in accordance with local and national

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regulations.

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Other hazards which do not result in classification

Even with proper grounding and bonding, this material can still accumulate an electrostatic charge. If sufficient charge is allowed to accumulate, electrostatic discharge and ignition of flammable air-vapour mixtures can occur.

Physical and chemical hazards	Flammable liquid and vapour. Even with proper grounding and bonding, this material can still accumulate an electrostatic charge. If sufficient charge is allowed to accumulate, electrostatic discharge and ignition of flammable air-vapour mixtures can occur.
Health Hazards	Inhalation: Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Skin: No specific hazards under normal use conditions. Eyes: No specific hazards under normal use conditions. Ingestion: No specific hazards under normal use conditions.
Environmental Hazards	Not classified as dangerous for the environment.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Substance

Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
2-Ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	54839-24-6	Flam. Liq.3; H226 STOT SE3; H336	<= 100

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

General advice	: Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions.
If inhaled	: Remove to fresh air. If rapid recovery does not occur, transport to nearest medical facility for additional treatment.
In case of skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
In case of eye contact	: Flush eye with copious quantities of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

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If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.

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|---|---|---|
| If swallowed | : | In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice. |
| Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed | : | <p>Breathing of high vapour concentrations may cause central nervous system (CNS) depression resulting in dizziness, light-headedness, headache, nausea and loss of coordination. Continued inhalation may result in unconsciousness and death.</p> <p>No specific hazards under normal use conditions. Skin irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning sensation, redness, or swelling.</p> <p>No specific hazards under normal use conditions. Eye irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning sensation, redness, swelling, and/or blurred vision.</p> <p>No specific hazards under normal use conditions. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.</p> |
| Protection of first-aiders | : | When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings. |
| Notes to physician | : | Call a doctor or poison control center for guidance. Treat symptomatically. |

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

- | | | |
|---|---|---|
| Suitable extinguishing media | : | Alcohol-resistant foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : | None |
| Specific hazards during firefighting | : | <p>The vapour is heavier than air, spreads along the ground and distant ignition is possible.</p> <p>Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs.</p> |
| Specific extinguishing methods | : | <p>Standard procedure for chemical fires.</p> <p>Clear fire area of all non-emergency personnel.</p> <p>Keep adjacent containers cool by spraying with water.</p> |
| Special protective equipment for firefighters | : | Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to |

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relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

- | | |
|---|--|
| Personal precautions,
protective equipment and
emergency procedures | : Observe the relevant local and international regulations
Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the
environment occurs or is likely to occur.
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages
cannot be contained.
The vapour is heavier than air, spreads along the ground and
distant ignition is possible.
Vapour may form an explosive mixture with air. |
| Environmental precautions | : Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.
Isolate hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary or
unprotected personnel.
Stay upwind and keep out of low areas. |
| Methods and materials for
containment and cleaning up | : Shut off leaks, if possible without personal risks. Remove all
possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Use
appropriate containment to avoid environmental
contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains,
ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate
barriers. Attempt to disperse the vapour or to direct its flow to
a safe location for example by using fog sprays. Take
precautionary measures against static discharge. Ensure
electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all
equipment.
Ventilate contaminated area thoroughly.
Monitor area with combustible gas indicator. |
| Additional advice | : For large liquid spills (> 1 drum), transfer by mechanical
means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank for recovery or
safe disposal. Do not flush away residues with water. Retain
as contaminated waste. Allow residues to evaporate or soak
up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of
safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely.
For small liquid spills (< 1 drum), transfer by mechanical
means to a labeled, sealable container for product recovery or
safe disposal. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an
appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove
contaminated soil and dispose of safely. |

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

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General Precautions	: Avoid breathing of or direct contact with material. Only use in well ventilated areas. Wash thoroughly after handling. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material. Ensure that all local regulations regarding handling and storage facilities are followed.	
Advice on safe handling	: Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Bulk storage tanks should be diked (bundled). Extinguish any naked flames. Do not smoke. Remove ignition sources. Avoid sparks. Electrostatic discharge may cause fire. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment to reduce the risk. The vapours in the head space of the storage vessel may lie in the flammable/explosive range and hence may be flammable. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires. Do NOT use compressed air for filling, discharging, or handling operations.	
Avoidance of contact	: Strong oxidising agents.	
Product Transfer	: Refer to guidance under Handling section.	
Storage		
Conditions for safe storage	: The vapour is heavier than air. Beware of accumulation in pits and confined spaces. Refer to section 15 for any additional specific legislation covering the packaging and storage of this product.	
Packaging material	: Suitable material: For containers, or container linings use mild steel, stainless steel. Unsuitable material: Natural, butyl, neoprene or nitrile rubbers.	
Container Advice	: Containers, even those that have been emptied, can contain explosive vapours. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near containers.	
Specific use(s)	: Not applicable Ensure that all local regulations regarding handling and storage facilities are followed. See additional references that provide safe handling practices: American Petroleum Institute 2003 (Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning and Stray Currents) or National Fire Protection Agency 77 (Recommended Practices	

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on Static Electricity).

IEC/TS 60079-32-1: Electrostatic hazards, guidance

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

GBZ 159 Specifications of air sampling for hazardous substances monitoring in the workplace.

GBZ/T 160 Determination of toxic substances in the air of workplace.

GBZ/T 192 Determination of dust in the air of workplace.

GBZ/T 300 Determination of toxic substances in the air of workplace

Engineering measures

: The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include:
Use sealed systems as far as possible.
Adequate explosion-proof ventilation to control airborne concentrations below the exposure guidelines/limits.
Local exhaust ventilation is recommended.
Firewater monitors and deluge systems are recommended.
Eye washes and showers for emergency use.
Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

General Information:

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective

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equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.

Personal protective equipment

Protective measures

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Respiratory protection : If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are unsuitable (e.g. airborne concentrations are high, risk of oxygen deficiency, confined space) use appropriate positive pressure breathing apparatus. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter. If air-filtering respirators are suitable for conditions of use: Select a filter suitable for organic gases and vapours [Type A boiling point >65°C (149°F)].

Hand protection
Remarks

: Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. Longer term protection: butyl-rubber Nitrile rubber gloves.

Incidental contact/Splash protection: Nitrile rubber gloves. For continuous contact we recommend gloves with breakthrough time of more than 240 minutes with preference for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. For short-term/splash protection we recommend the same but recognize that suitable gloves offering this level of protection may not be available and in this case a lower breakthrough time maybe acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not a good predictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Glove thickness should be typically greater than 0.35 mm depending on the glove make and model. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended.

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| Eye protection | : If material is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes, protective eyewear is recommended. |
| Skin and body protection | : Skin protection is not required under normal conditions of use. For prolonged or repeated exposures use impervious clothing over parts of the body subject to exposure. If repeated and/or prolonged skin exposure to the substance is likely, then wear suitable gloves tested to relevant Standard, and provide employee skin care programmes.

Wear antistatic and flame-retardant clothing, if a local risk assessment deems it so. |

Environmental exposure controls

- | | |
|----------------|--|
| General advice | : Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing vapour. Minimise release to the environment. An environmental assessment must be made to ensure compliance with local environmental legislation. Information on accidental release measures are to be found in section 6. |
|----------------|--|

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

- | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Appearance | : Liquid. |
| Colour | : colourless |
| Odour | : characteristic |
| Odour Threshold | : Data not available |
| pH | : Not applicable |
| Melting / freezing point | : -89 °C / -128 °F |
| Boiling point/boiling range | : 158 - 160 °C / 316 - 320 °F |
| Flash point | : 53 °C / 127 °F |
| Evaporation rate | : Data not available |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | : Data not available |
| Upper explosion limit | : 9.8 %(V) |
| Lower explosion limit | : 1 %(V) |
| Vapour pressure | : 2.3 hPa (20 °C / 68 °F) |
| Relative vapour density | : Data not available |

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Relative density	: Data not available	
Density	: 0.941 g/cm ³ (20 °C / 68 °F) Method: ASTM D4052	
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	: 69.6 g/l (20 °C / 68 °F)	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	: log Pow: 0.76	
Auto-ignition temperature	: 325 °C / 617 °F	
Decomposition temperature	: Data not available	
Viscosity		
Viscosity, dynamic	: Data not available	
Viscosity, kinematic	: 1.33 mm ² /s (40 °C / 104 °F) Method: ASTM D445	
Explosive properties	: Not applicable	
Oxidizing properties	: Data not available	
Surface tension	: 39.1 mN/m, 20 °C / 68 °F	
Conductivity	: Electrical conductivity: > 10,000 pS/m A number of factors, for example liquid temperature, presence of contaminants, and anti-static additives can greatly influence the conductivity of a liquid, This material is not expected to be a static accumulator.	
Particle size	: Data not available	
Molecular weight	: 146.2 g/mol	

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	: The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.
Chemical stability	: No hazardous reaction is expected when handled and stored according to provisions
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Reacts with strong oxidising agents.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Prevent vapour accumulation. In certain circumstances product can ignite due to static

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- Incompatible materials : Strong oxidising agents.
- Hazardous decomposition products : Thermal decomposition is highly dependent on conditions. A complex mixture of airborne solids, liquids and gases including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, sulphur oxides and unidentified organic compounds will be evolved when this material undergoes combustion or thermal or oxidative degradation.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

- Basis for assessment : Information given is based on product testing, and/or similar products, and/or components.
Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).
- Exposure routes : Exposure may occur via inhalation, ingestion, skin absorption, skin or eye contact, and accidental ingestion.

Acute toxicity

Components:

2-Ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

- Acute oral toxicity : LD 50 Rat: > 5000 mg/kg
Remarks: Low toxicity
- Acute inhalation toxicity : Remarks: Low toxicity by inhalation.
LC50 greater than near-saturated vapour concentration.
- Acute dermal toxicity : LD 50 Rabbit: > 5000 mg/kg
Remarks: Low toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation

Components:

2-Ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

Remarks: Not irritating to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Components:

2-Ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

Remarks: Not irritating to eye.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Components:

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2-Ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

Remarks: Not a sensitiser.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Components:

2-Ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

: Remarks: Not mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Components:

2-Ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
2-Ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	No carcinogenicity classification.

Reproductive toxicity

Components:

2-Ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

:

Remarks: Not a developmental toxicant., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met., Does not impair fertility.

STOT - single exposure

Components:

2-Ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

Remarks: May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

STOT - repeated exposure

Components:

2-Ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration toxicity

Components:

2-Ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

Not an aspiration hazard.

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Further information

Components:

2-Ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment : Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).
Incomplete ecotoxicological data are available for this product.
The information given below is based partly on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products.

Ecotoxicity

Components:

2-Ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate :

Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity) : Remarks: Practically non toxic:
LC/EC/IC50 > 100 mg/l

Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity) : Remarks: Practically non toxic:
LC/EC/IC50 > 100 mg/l

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity) : Remarks: Practically non toxic:
LC/EC/IC50 > 100 mg/l

Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity) : Remarks: LC/EC/IC50 > 100 mg/l
Practically non toxic:
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : Remarks: NOEC/NOEL > 10 - <=100 mg/l

Toxicity to crustacean(Chronic toxicity) : Remarks: NOEC/NOEL > 100 mg/l

Persistence and degradability

Components:

2-Ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate :

Biodegradability : Remarks: Readily biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 0.76

Components:

2-Ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate :

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Does not bioaccumulate significantly.

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Mobility in soil

Components:

2-Ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate :

Mobility : Remarks: If the product enters soil, one or more constituents will or may be mobile and may contaminate groundwater., Dissolves in water.

Other adverse effects

no data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : Recover or recycle if possible.
It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.
Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses.
Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment.
Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.
Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements and must be complied with.

MARPOL - see International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL 73/78) which provides technical aspects at controlling pollutions from ships.

Contaminated packaging : Drain container thoroughly.
After draining, vent in a safe place away from sparks and fire.
Residues may cause an explosion hazard.
Do not, puncture, cut, or weld uncleaned drums.
Send to drum recoverer or metal reclaimer.

Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand.

Local legislation
Remarks : If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

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International Regulations

ADR

UN number : 3272
Proper shipping name : ESTERS, N.O.S.
(2-ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate)
Class : 3
Packing group : III
Labels : 3
Hazard Identification Number : 30
Environmentally hazardous : no

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : UN 3272
Proper shipping name : ESTERS, N.O.S.
(2-ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate)
Class : 3
Packing group : III
Labels : 3

IMDG-Code

UN number : UN 3272
Proper shipping name : ESTERS, N.O.S.
(2-ethoxy-1-methylethyl acetate)
Class : 3
Packing group : III
Labels : 3
Marine pollutant : no

Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Pollution category : Z
Ship type : 3
Product name : Propylene glycol methyl ether acetate

Special precautions for user

Remarks : Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

Additional Information : This product may be transported under nitrogen blanketing. Nitrogen is an odourless and invisible gas. Exposure to nitrogen may cause asphyxiation or death. Personnel must observe strict safety precautions when involved with a confined space entry.
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

National regulatory information

Rotterdam Convention (Prior Informed Consent)
Not applicable

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Stockholm Convention (Persistent Organic Pollutants)

Not applicable

Law on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases

The categories of occupational disease:

Not applicable

Occupational Disease Classification list:

Not applicable

Regulations on Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals

Catalogue of Hazardous Chemicals : Not applicable

Identification of Major Hazard Installations for Hazardous Chemicals (GB 18218)

Category	Threshold quantity
Flammable liquids	10 t

Hazardous Chemicals for Priority Management under : Not applicable
SAWS

Regulations on Labour Protection in Workplaces where Toxic Substances are Used

Catalogue of Highly Toxic Chemicals : Not applicable

Regulation of Environmental Management on the First Import of Chemicals and the Import and Export of Toxic Chemicals

Catalogue of Toxic Chemicals Severely Restricted in : Not applicable
China

Other international regulations

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AIIC	: Listed
IECSC	: Listed
ENCS	: Listed
KECI	: Listed
NZIoC	: Listed
PICCS	: Listed
TCSI	: Listed

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Full text of other abbreviations

Flam. Liq.	Flammable liquids
STOT SE	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Abbreviations and Acronyms

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Prepared according to GB/T 16483, GB/T 17519

Ethyl Proxitol Acetate

800001000220

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AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECL - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

Further information

Training advice : Provide adequate information, instruction and training for operators.

Other information : A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet : The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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