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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name Phenol Product code S1223

Registration number EU : 01-2119471329-32-0001

CAS-No. 108-95-2

Hydroxybenzene, Phenyl hydroxide, Phenylic acid Other means of identification

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Sub-: Use as an intermediate in industrial chemicals manufacture. stance/Mixture

Please refer to section 16 and/or the annexes for the regis-

tered uses under REACH.

Uses advised against : Restricted to professional users., This product must not be

> used in applications other than the above without first seeking the advice of the supplier., Do not use in the manufacture or

preparation of foods, drugs, or cosmetics.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier : Shell Chemicals Europe B.V.

> PO Box 2334 3000 CH Rotterdam

Netherlands

Telephone : +31 (0)10 441 5137 / +31 (0)10 441 5191 Telefax : +31 (0)20 716 8316 / +31 (0)20 713 9230

Contact for Safety Data : sccmsds@shell.com

Sheet

1.4 Emergency telephone number

+44 (0) 1235 239 670

Nationaal Vergiftigingen Informatie Centrum (NVIC): Tel. nr. +31(0)88 755 8000 (24 uur per dag en 7 dagen per week).

(Uitsluitend bestemd om artsen te informeren bij accidentele vergiftigingen).

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Acute toxicity, Category 3, Oral H301: Toxic if swallowed.

Acute toxicity, Category 3, Dermal H311: Toxic in contact with skin.

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Acute toxicity, Category 3, Inhalation H331: Toxic if inhaled.

Skin corrosion, Category 1B H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Serious eye damage, Category 1 H318: Causes serious eye damage.

Germ cell mutagenicity, Category 2 H341: Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated

exposure, Category 2, Kidney

, Liver

, Skin

, Respiratory system

, Heart

H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms







Signal word Danger

Hazard statements PHYSICAL HAZARDS:

Not classified as a physical hazard according to CLP

criteria.

HEALTH HAZARDS:

H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H311 Toxic in contact with skin.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H331 Toxic if inhaled.

H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.

May cause damage to organs (Kidney, Liver, Skin, Respiratory system, Heart) through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:

Not classified as environmental hazard according to

CLP criteria.

Precautionary statements **Prevention:**

> Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray. Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protec-

tion/ face protection.

Response:

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water and

soap.

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P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and

easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON

CENTER/ doctor.

Storage:

No precautionary phrases.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste

disposal plant.

2.3 Other hazards

Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Risk of explosion if heated under confinement.

Even with proper grounding and bonding, this material can still accumulate an electrostatic charge.

If sufficient charge is allowed to accumulate, electrostatic discharge and ignition of flammable airvapour mixtures can occur.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Phenol	108-95-2	<= 100
	203-632-7	

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : DO NOT DELAY.

Keep victim calm. Obtain medical treatment immediately.

Protection of first-aiders : When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the

appropriate personal protective equipment according to the

incident, injury and surroundings.

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If inhaled : Call emergency number for your location / facility.

Remove to fresh air. Do not attempt to rescue the victim unless proper respiratory protection is worn. If the victim has difficulty breathing or tightness of the chest, is dizzy, vomiting, or unresponsive, give 100% oxygen with rescue breathing or Cardio-Pulmonary Resuscitation as required and transport to

the nearest medical facility.

In case of skin contact : Call emergency number for your location / facility.

DO NOT DELAY. Rescuers should AVOID DIRECT CONTACT. Rescuers should wear protective clothing and gloves while treating patients whose skin is contaminated with phenol. Rapid skin decontamination is critical. To remove phenol from a small affected body area (10% of body area or less, e.g. a finger, hand or arm), remove any contaminated clothing and swab the area promptly and repeatedly with cotton soaked in PEG-300 or PEG-400 (polyethylene glycol-300 or 400). If possible, immerse the contaminated area directly in PEG-300 or PEG-400. If a larger body area has been contaminated, immediately remove all phenol-contaminated clothing and shoes under a shower with lukewarm, gently flowing water. After several minutes flushing, decontaminate the affected areas with repeated swabbing or spraying with PEG-300 or PEG-400. If PEG-300 or PEG-400 is not available, do not delay removing contaminated clothing and flushing the affected area with lukewarm, gently flowing water for at least 60 minutes. DO NOT INTERRUPT FLUSHING. Transport to the nearest medical facility for additional treatment. Double-bag contaminated clothing and personal belongings for disposal.

All burns should receive medical attention.

In case of eye contact : Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

rinsing.

Transport to the nearest medical facility for additional treat-

ment.

All burns should receive medical attention.

If swallowed : Call emergency number for your location / facility.

If swallowed, do not induce vomiting: transport to nearest medical facility for additional treatment. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration.

Rinse mouth.

Do not induce vomiting. If victim is alert, rinse mouth and drink 1/2 to 1 glass of water to help dilute the material. Do not give liquids to a drowsy, convulsing, or unconscious person. Transport to nearest medical facility for additional treatment.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms : Phenol can be rapidly absorbed through skin causing system-

ic poisoning and possibly death.

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Phenol has local anesthetic properties, and can cause extensive damage before pain is felt.

Corrosive to skin.

Contact with the skin can cause chemical burns, redness, swelling, and tissue damage.

Corrosive to eyes.

Contact can cause severe eye damage including chemical burns, pain, clouding of the eye surface, inflammation of the eye, and may result in permanent loss of vision.

Swallowing of corrosive chemicals may cause immediate pain and burning in the mouth, throat, and stomach followed by vomiting and diarrhea.

Burns and tearing of the esophagus and stomach are possible

Respiratory irritation signs and symptoms may include a temporary burning sensation of the nose and throat, coughing, and/or difficulty breathing.

Kidney damage may be indicated by changes in urine output or appearance, pain upon urination or in the lower back, or general oedema (swelling from fluid retention).

Liver damage may be indicated by loss of appetite, jaundice (yellowish skin and eye colour), fatigue, bleeding or easy bruising and sometimes pain and swelling in the upper right abdomen.

Heart damage may be evidenced by shortness of breath and, in severe cases, by collapse (cardiac arrest).

Breathing of high vapour concentrations may cause central nervous system (CNS) depression resulting in dizziness, lightheadedness, headache, nausea and loss of coordination. Continued inhalation may result in unconsciousness and death.

Symptoms may vary by the agent. Symptoms may extend to being locally corrosive to involving generalized systems including respiratory system, circulatory system, central nervous system (CNS), and may lead to death.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : IMMEDIATE TREATMENT IS EXTREMELY IMPORTANT!

Artificial respiration and/or oxygen may be necessary. Call a doctor or poison control center for guidance.

Treat symptomatically.

Transport to the nearest medical facility for additional treatment

Absorption through the skin may occur on prolonged or repeated exposure.

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Alcohol-resistant foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical pow-

der, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires

only.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water in a jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

Material will not burn unless preheated.

Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion

occurs.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment:

for firefighters

Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to

relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Standard procedure for chemical fires.

Further information : Clear fire area of all non-emergency personnel.

Keep adjacent containers cool by spraying with water.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Observe all relevant local and international regulations.

Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists.

Stay upwind and keep out of low areas.

Avoid contact with the skin.

Isolate hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary or unpro-

tected personnel.

Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the

environment occurs or is likely to occur.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

6.1.1 For non emergency personnel: Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Isolate hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary or unpro-

tected personnel.

Do not breathe fumes, vapour. Do not operate electrical equipment.

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6.1.2 For emergency responders:

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Isolate hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary or unpro-

tected personnel.

Use personal protective equipment. Do not breathe fumes, vapour. Do not operate electrical equipment.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions

Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding

Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. Attempt to disperse the vapour or to direct its flow to a safe

location, for example by using fog sprays.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earth-

ing) all equipment.

Ventilate contaminated area thoroughly.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : If molten allow to congeal.

Attempt to disperse the vapour or to direct its flow to a safe

location, for example by using fog sprays.

Do not use water in a jet.

For large liquid spills (> 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank for recovery or safe disposal. Do not flush away residues with water. Retain as contaminated waste. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely For small liquid spills (< 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means to a labeled, sealable container for product recovery or safe disposal. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely.

6.4 Reference to other sections

local area.

For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet., For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of this Safety Data Sheet. Proper disposal should be evaluated based on regulatory status of this material (refer to Section 13), potential contamination from subsequent use and spillage, and regulations governing disposal in the

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Technical measures : Avoid breathing of or direct contact with material. Only use in

well ventilated areas. Wash thoroughly after handling. For

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guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.

Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.

Ensure that all local regulations regarding handling and storage facilities are followed.

Advice on safe handling : Avoid exposure. Obtain special instructions before use.

Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists.

Ventilate workplace in such a way that the Occupational Ex-

posure Limit (OEL) is not exceeded.

Extinguish any naked flames. Do not smoke. Remove ignition

sources. Avoid sparks.

Electrostatic discharge may cause fire. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment to reduce the risk.

The vapours in the head space of the storage vessel may lie in the flammable/explosive range and hence may be flamma-

ble.

Do not empty into drains.

Product Transfer : Lines should be purged with nitrogen before and after product

transfer. Steam coils may be used as a heating medium. Re-

fer to guidance under Handling section.

Hygiene measures : Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking and using the

toilet.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

Refer to section 15 for any additional specific legislation cov-

ering the packaging and storage of this product.

Further information on storage stability

A reliable fixed sprinkler/deluge system should be installed. Must be stored in a diked (bunded) well- ventilated area, away from sunlight, ignition sources and other sources of heat. Tanks must be specifically designed for use with this product.

Tanks should be fitted with a vapour recovery system.

Nitrogen blanket recommended.

Tanks should be fitted with heating coils in areas where ambient conditions can result in handling temperatures below the

freezing point/pour point of the product.

Cleaning, inspection and maintenance of storage tanks is a specialist operation, which requires the implementation of

strict procedures and precautions.

These include issuing of work permits, gas-freeing of tanks, using a manned harness and lifelines and wearing air-

supplied breathing apparatus.

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Packaging material : Suitable material: Stainless steel.

Unsuitable material: Aluminium alloys., Copper., Zinc., For containers, or container linings avoid copper, copper alloys, zinc., For lines and fittings, avoid copper, copper alloys, zinc.,

Natural and synthetic rubbers.

Container Advice : Containers, even those that have been emptied, can contain

explosive vapours. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform

similar operations on or near containers.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : Please refer to section 16 and/or the annexes for the regis-

tered uses under REACH.

Ensure that all local regulations regarding handling and stor-

age facilities are followed.

See additional references that provide safe handling practices for liquids that are determined to be static accumulators: American Petroleum Institute 2003 (Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning and Stray Currents) or National Fire Protection Agency 77 (Recommended Practices

on Static Electricity).

IEC/TS 60079-32-1: Electrostatic hazards, guidance

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Phenol	108-95-2	TLV-8hr	2 ppm 8 mg/m3	NL WG
	Further inform	ation: Skin notation		
Phenol		TWA	2 ppm	2009/161/EU
			8 mg/m3	
	Further information: Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin, Indicative			
Phenol		STEL	4 ppm	2009/161/EU
			16 mg/m3	
	Further inform	ation: Identifies the	possibility of significant uptak	e through the
	skin, Indicative	е		

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value
Phenol	Workers	Inhalation	Acute local effects	16 mg/m3

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Phenol	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	8 mg/m3
Phenol	Workers	Dermal	Long-term systemic effects	1,23 mg/kg bw/day
Phenol	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	1,32 mg/m3
Phenol	Consumers	Dermal	Long-term systemic effects	0,4 mg/kg bw/day
Phenol	Consumers	Oral	Long-term systemic effects	0,4 mg/kg bw/day

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name		Environmental Compartment	Value
Phenol			
Remarks:	Exposure	assessments have not been presented for the	environment
	therefore	PNEC values not required.	

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures

Read in conjunction with the Exposure Scenario for your specific use contained in the Annex. Use sealed systems as far as possible.

Adequate explosion-proof ventilation to control airborne concentrations below the exposure guidelines/limits.

Local exhaust ventilation is recommended.

Eye washes and showers for emergency use.

Firewater monitors and deluge systems are recommended.

The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include:

Personal protective equipment

Read in conjunction with the Exposure Scenario for your specific use contained in the Annex. The provided information is made in consideration of the PPE directive (Council Directive 89/686/EEC) and the CEN European Committee for Standardisation (CEN) standards.

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Eye protection : Wear goggles for use against liquids and gas, combined with

face shield.

Hand protection

Remarks : Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage,

e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739)

made from the following materials may provide suitable

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chemical protection. Longer term protection: Viton. Butyl rubber. Incidental contact/Splash protection: Nitrile rubber gloves.

Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended. For continuous contact we recommend gloves with breakthrough time of more than 240 minutes with preference for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. For short-term/splash protection we recommend the same but recognize that suitable gloves offering this level of protection may not be available and in this case a lower breakthrough time maybe acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not a good predictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Glove thickness should be typically greater than 0.35 mm depending on the glove make and model. When handling heated product, wear heat resistant gloves, safety hat with chin strap, face shield (preferably with a chin guard), safety glasses, heat resistant coveralls (with cuffs over gloves and legs over boots), neck protection and heavy duty boots, e.g. leather for heat resistance.

Skin and body protection

Where risk of splashing or in spillage clean up, use chemical resistant one-piece overall with integral hood, chemical resistant knee length boots and chemical resistant gloves. Otherwise use chemical resistant apron and gauntlets. When handling heated product, wear heat resistant gloves, safety hat with chin strap, face shield (preferably with a chin guard), safety glasses, heat resistant coveralls (with cuffs over gloves and legs over boots), neck protection and heavy duty boots, e.g. leather for heat resistance.

Respiratory protection

In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precautions should be taken to avoid breathing of material. If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are unsuitable (e.g. airborne concentrations are high, risk of oxygen deficiency, confined space) use appropriate positive pressure breathing apparatus.

Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter.

Where respiratory protective equipment is required, use a full-face mask.

Select a filter suitable for organic gases and vapours [Type A boiling point > 65°C (149°F)] meeting EN14387.

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : White crystals below 109° F. Clear liquid on melting.

Colour : Data not available

Odour : Phenolic, sweet

Odour Threshold : < 0,05 ppm

Melting point/freezing point : Typical 40,7 °C

Boiling point/boiling range : 181 °C

Flammability

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable

Lower explosion limit and upper explosion limit / flammability limit

Upper explosion limit /

upper flammability limit

8,6 %(V)

Lower explosion limit /

Lower flammability limit

1,5 %(V)

Flash point : 79,4 °C

Method: Tag closed cup

Auto-ignition temperature : 716 °C

Decomposition temperature

Decomposition tempera-

ture

Data not available

pH : Data not available

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : 3,6 mPa.s (50 °C)

Method: ASTM D445

< 50 mPa.s (41 °C) Method: ASTM D445

Viscosity, kinematic : 3,4 mm2/s (50 °C)

Method: ASTM D445

1,1 mm2/s (100 °C) Method: ASTM D445

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2,6 mm2/s (60 °C) Method: ASTM D445

4,2 mm2/s (41 °C) Method: ASTM D445

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : Moderate

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: < 1,47

Vapour pressure : 0,35 kPa (50 °C)

Relative density : 1,1

Method: ASTM D4052

Density : 1.071 kg/m3 (20 °C)

Method: ASTM D4052

Relative vapour density : 3,2

Particle characteristics

Particle size : Data not available

9.2 Other information

Explosives : Not applicable

Oxidizing properties : Data not available

Evaporation rate : Data not available

Conductivity : $3,5 \mu \text{S/cm}$ at 50 °C

Method: ASTM D-4308

Electrical conductivity: > 10,000 pS/m

A number of factors, for example liquid temperature, presence of contaminants, and anti-static additives can greatly influence the conductivity of a liquid, This material is not expected to be

a static accumulator.

Surface tension : Data not available

Molecular weight : 94,1 g/mol

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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.

10.2 Chemical stability

No hazardous reaction is expected when handled and stored according to provisions Reacts with strong oxidising agents.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Stable under normal conditions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Exposure to air.

Exposure to sunlight.

Do not store or handle in aluminium equipment at tempera-

tures above 120 °F (48.9 °C). Prevent vapour accumulation.

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. In certain circumstances product can ignite due to static elec-

tricity.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Aluminum

Zinc.

Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents, copper and copper

alloys.

Avoid contact with calcium hypochlorite.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form during normal storage.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Information on likely routes of :

exposure

Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur through inhalation or following

accidental ingestion.

This material penetrates the intact skin and eye rapidly as a

liquid or mist, producing severe burns.

Acute toxicity

Components:

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Acute oral toxicity : LD 50 (Rat): 340 - 530 mg/kg

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline

401

Remarks: Toxic if swallowed.

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC 50 (Rat, female): > 900 mg/m3

Exposure time: 8 h
Test atmosphere: Aerosol

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline

403

Remarks: Toxic if inhaled.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD 50 (Rat, female): 660 mg/kg bw

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline

402

Remarks: Toxic in contact with skin.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Components:

Phenol:

Species : Rabbit

Method : Acceptable non-standard method.

Remarks : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Contact with hot material can cause thermal burns which may

result in permanent skin damage and/or blindness.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Components:

Phenol:

Species : Rabbit

Method : Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 405

Remarks : Causes serious eye irritation.

Contact with hot material can cause thermal burns which may

result in permanent skin damage and/or blindness.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Components:

Phenol:

Species : Guinea pig

Method : Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 406
Remarks : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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Germ cell mutagenicity

Components:

Phenol:

Genotoxicity in vitro Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline

Remarks: Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline

Remarks: Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline

487

Remarks: Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Genotoxicity in vivo Species: Mouse

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline

474

Remarks: Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Germ cell mutagenicity- As-

sessment

This product does not meet the criteria for classification in

categories 1A/1B.

Carcinogenicity

Components:

Phenol:

Species Rat, male and female

Application Route Oral

Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 453 Method Remarks

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

IARC Group 3: Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to

humans.

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

This product does not meet the criteria for classification in

categories 1A/1B.

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
Phenol	No carcinogenicity classification.

Material	Other Carcinogenicity Classification
Phenol	IARC: Group 3: Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans

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Reproductive toxicity

Components:

Phenol:

Effects on fertility : Species: Rat

Sex: male and female Application Route: Oral

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 416 Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

This product does not meet the criteria for classification in

categories 1A/1B.

STOT - single exposure

Components:

Phenol:

Remarks : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - repeated exposure

Components:

Phenol:

Target Organs : Kidney, Liver, Skin, Central nervous system

Remarks : May cause damage to organs or organ systems through pro-

longed or repeated exposure. Kidney: can cause kidney damage. Liver: can cause liver damage.

Respiratory system: caused breathing difficulty in animals.

Heart: can cause heart damage

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Phenol:

Species : Rat, male and female

Application Route : Oral

Method : Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 451

Target Organs : Kidney, Liver, Skin, Central nervous system

Species : Rat, male and female

Application Route : Inhalation Test atmosphere : vapour

Method : Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 412

Target Organs : Kidney, Liver, Skin, Central nervous system

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Species : Rabbit Application Route : Dermal

Method : Literature data

Target Organs : Kidney, Liver, Skin, Central nervous system

Aspiration toxicity

Components:

Phenol:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components consid-

ered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at

levels of 0.1% or higher.

Further information

Product:

Remarks : Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representa-

tive of the product as a whole, rather than for individual com-

ponent(s).

Components:

Phenol:

Remarks : Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory

frameworks may exist.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Components:

Phenol:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 8,9 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: Other guideline method.

Remarks: Very toxic.

Remarks: $LL/EL/IL50 > 1 \le 10 \text{ mg/l}$

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Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 3,1 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: Other guideline method.

Remarks: Very toxic.

Remarks: $LL/EL/IL50 > 1 \le 10 \text{ mg/l}$

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (algae)): 61,1 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: Other guideline method.

Remarks: Harmful

Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 10 <= 100 mg/l

Toxicity to microorganisms : IC50 (Nitrosomonas): 21 mg/l

Exposure time: 24 h

Method: Other guideline method.

Remarks: Harmful

Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 10 <= 100 mg/l

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC: 0,077 mg/l

Exposure time: 60 d

Species: Mrigal (Cirrhinus mrigala) Method: Other guideline method. Remarks: Data not available

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC: 0,46 mg/l Exposure time: 16 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea) Method: Other guideline method.

Remarks: Data not available

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Components:

Phenol:

Biodegradability : Biodegradation: 62 %

Exposure time: 100 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C Remarks: Readily biodegradable.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Phenol:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Danio rerio (zebra fish)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 17,5 Method: OECD Test Guideline 305

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Remarks: Contains components with the potential to bioaccumulate.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Components:

Phenol:

Mobility : Remarks: If the product enters soil, one or more constituents

will or may be mobile and may contaminate groundwater.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Components:

Phenol:

Assessment : The substance does not fulfill all screening criteria for persis-

tence, bioaccumulation and toxicity and hence is not consid-

ered to be PBT or vPvB..

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to

have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Product:

Additional ecological infor-

mation

Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of

the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : Recover or recycle if possible.

It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods.

ods in compliance with applicable regulations.

Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water

courses.

Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or

water.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional,

national, and local laws and regulations.

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Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or na-

tional requirements and must be complied with.

Contaminated packaging : Drain container thoroughly.

After draining, vent in a safe place away from sparks and fire.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number or ID number

ADN : 2312
ADR : 2312
RID : 2312
IMDG : 2312
IATA : 1671

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADN : PHENOL, MOLTEN
ADR : PHENOL, MOLTEN
RID : PHENOL, MOLTEN
IMDG : PHENOL, MOLTEN

IATA : PHENOL, SOLID

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADN : 6.1
ADR : 6.1
RID : 6.1
IMDG : 6.1
IATA : 6.1

14.4 Packing group

ADN

Packing group : II Classification Code : T1

Labels : 6.1 (N3, S) CDNI Inland Water Waste : NST 8191 Phenol

Agreement

ADR

Packing group : II
Classification Code : T1
Hazard Identification Number : 60
Labels : 6.1

RID

Packing group : II Classification Code : T1

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Hazard Identification Number : 60 Labels : 6.1

IMDG

Packing group : II Labels : 6.1

IATA

Packing group : II Labels : 6.1

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADN

Environmentally hazardous : yes

ADR

Environmentally hazardous : no

RID

Environmentally hazardous : no

IMDG

Marine pollutant : no

14.6 Special precautions for user

Remarks : Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage,

for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or

needs to comply with in connection with transport.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Pollution category : Y Ship type : 2

Product name : Phenol

Additional Information: This product may be transported under nitrogen blanketing.

Nitrogen is an odourless and invisible gas. Exposure to nitrogen enriched atmospheres displaces available oxygen which may cause asphyxiation or death. Personnel must observe strict safety precautions when involved with a confined space

entry.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC

Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation : Product is not subject to Authorisa-

(Annex XIV) tion under REACH.

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High : This product does not contain sub-

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Concern for Authorisation (Article 59). stances of very high concern (Regu-

lation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH),

Article 57).

Other regulations:

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

Product is subject to Major accident risk decision 2015 (BRZO+) based on Seveso III directive (2012/18/EU).

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AIIC : Listed

DSL : Listed

IECSC : Listed

ENCS : Listed

KECI : Listed

NZIoC : Listed

PICCS : Listed

TCSI : Listed

TSCA : Listed

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of other abbreviations

2009/161/EU : Europe. COMMISSION DIRECTIVE 2009/161/EU establishing

a third list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending

Commission Directive 2000/39/EC

NL WG : Netherlands. Law on Labour conditions - Occupational Expo-

sure Limits

2009/161/EU / TWA : Limit Value - eight hours 2009/161/EU / STEL : Short term exposure limit NL WG / TLV-8hr : Time Weighted Average

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ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA -European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI -Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information

Training advice : Provide adequate information, instruction and training for op-

erators.

Other information : For Industry guidance and tools on REACH please visit the

CEFIC website at http://cefic.org/Industry-support.

The substance does not fulfill all screening criteria for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity and hence is not consid-

ered to be PBT or vPvB.

A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment

from the previous version.

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data

Sheet

The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU

IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).

Identified Uses according to the Use Descriptor System Uses - Worker

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Title : Manufacture of substance- Industrial

Uses - Worker

Title : Use as an intermediate- Industrial

Uses - Worker

Title : Distribution of substance- Industrial

Uses - Worker

Title : Formulation & (re)packing of substances and mixtures- Indus-

trial

Uses - Worker

Title : Uses in Coatings- Industrial

Uses - Worker

Title : Uses in Coatings- Professional

Uses - Worker

Title : Use as binders and release agents- Industrial

Uses - Worker

Title : Use as binders and release agents- Professional

Uses - Worker

Title : Polymer production- Industrial

Uses - Worker

Title : Phenolic resin applications- Professional

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

NL / EN

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

30000000662 Manufacture of Substance Phenol - S1223- LV - Industrial		
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE	
Title	Manufacture of substance- Industrial	
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU3, SU8, SU9 Process Categories: PROC 1, PROC 2, PROC 3, PROC 8a, PROC 8b, PROC 15 Environmental Release Categories: ERC1, ERC4	
Scope of process	Manufacture of the substance or use as a process chemical or extraction agent. Includes recycling/ recovery, material transfers, storage, maintenance and loading (including marine vessel/barge, road/rail car and bulk container), sampling and associated laboratory activities.	

ethoxylate :

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES
Additional Information	No exposure assessment presented for the environment.

ethoxylate :

Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Solid, low dustiness	
	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP	
Concentration of the Sub-	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated	
stance in Mixture/Article	differently).,	
Frequency and Duration of	Use	
Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).		
Other Operational Conditions affecting Exposure		
Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.		
Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently).		

Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures
General measures (corro-	Handle substance within a closed system.
sives)	Use suitable eye protection.
	Avoid direct eye contact with product, also via contamination on hands.
	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas
	for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if
	hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamina-

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	tion/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop.
General exposures (closed systems)elevated temperature	No other specific measures identified.
Bulk product storage	Store substance within a closed system.
Use in contained batch processes	Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours Sample via a closed loop or other system to avoid exposure
Bulk transfers	Use dedicated equipment. Transfer via enclosed lines. Clear transfer lines prior to de-coupling.
Drum/batch transfers	Use dedicated equipment. Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 1 hour.
Equipment cleaning and maintenance	Drain down and flush system prior to equipment opening or maintenance. Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or for subsequent recycle.
Laboratory activities	Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

ethoxylate :

Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
No exposure assessment presented for the environment.		

ethoxylate :

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION

ethoxylate :

Section 3.1 - Health

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

ethoxylate :

Section 3.2 - Environment

No exposure assessment presented for the environment.

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ethoxylate :

SECTION 4 GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO

ethoxylate :

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

ethoxylate :

Section 4.2 - Environment

No exposure assessment presented for the environment.

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

30000000664 Use as a Intermediate Phenol S1223 - LV - Industrial	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Use as an intermediate- Industrial
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU3, SU8, SU9 Process Categories: PROC 1, PROC 2, PROC 3, PROC 4, PROC 8a, PROC 8b, PROC 15 Environmental Release Categories: ERC6a
Scope of process	Use of substance as an intermediate (not related to Strictly Controlled Conditions). Includes recycling/ recovery, material transfers, storage, sampling, associated laboratory activities, maintenance and loading (including marine vessel/barge, road/rail car and bulk container).

ethoxylate :

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES
Additional Information	No exposure assessment presented for the environment.

ethoxylate :

Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure
Product Characteristics	
Physical form of product	Solid, low dustiness
	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP
Concentration of the Sub-	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated
stance in Mixture/Article	differently).,
Frequency and Duration of	Use
Covers daily exposures up to	o 8 hours (unless stated differently).
Other Operational Conditions affecting Exposure	
Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.	
Assumes use at not more th	an 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently).

Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures
General measures (corro-	Handle substance within a closed system.
sives)	Use suitable eye protection.
	Avoid direct eye contact with product, also via contamination on hands.
	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas
	for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if
	hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamina-

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	tion/onillo ac again as they again. Week off any skin santami
	tion/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop.
Bulk product storage	Store substance within a closed system.
Bulk transfers	Use dedicated equipment. Transfer via enclosed lines. Clear transfer lines prior to de-coupling.
Drum/batch transfers	Use dedicated equipment. Ensure material transfers are under containment or extract ventilation. , or: Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 1 hour.
Product sampling.	Ensure dedicated sample points are provided. Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 1 hour.
Laboratory activities	Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.
General exposures (closed systems)	No other specific measures identified.
General exposures (open systems)	Minimise exposure by extracted full enclosure for the operation or equipment.
Equipment cleaning and maintenance	Drain down and flush system prior to equipment opening or maintenance. Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or for subsequent recycle.

ethoxylate :

Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
No exposure assessment presented for the environment.		

ethoxylate :

SECTION 3 EXPOSURE ESTIMATION	
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ethoxylate :

Section 3.1 - Health

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

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Section 3.2 - Environment

No exposure assessment presented for the environment.

ethoxylate :

SECTION 4 GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO

ethoxylate :

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

ethoxylate :

Section 4.2 - Environment

No exposure assessment presented for the environment.

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

200000000 Division (O.L.)	
30000000663 Distribution of Substance Phenol S1223 - LV - Industrial	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Distribution of substance- Industrial
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU3, SU8, SU9
	Process Categories: PROC 1, PROC 2, PROC 3, PROC 8a,
	PROC 8b, PROC 9, PROC 15
	Environmental Release Categories: ERC1, ERC2, ERC3,
	ERC4, ERC5, ERC6a, ERC6b, ERC 6C,, ERC7
Scope of process	Loading (including marine vessel/barge, rail/road car and IBC loading) and repacking (including drums and small packs) of substance, including its sampling, storage, unloading distribution and associated laboratory activities.

ethoxylate :

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES
Additional Information	No exposure assessment presented for the environment.

ethoxylate :

Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure
Product Characteristics	
Physical form of product	Solid, low dustiness
	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP
Concentration of the Sub-	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated
stance in Mixture/Article	differently).,
Frequency and Duration o	f Use
Covers daily exposures up to	o 8 hours (unless stated differently).
Other Operational Condition	ons affecting Exposure
Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.	
Assumes use at not more th	an 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently).

Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures	
General measures (corro-	Handle substance within a closed system.	
sives)	Use suitable eye protection.	
	Avoid direct eye contact with product, also via contamination on hands.	
	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas	
	for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if	
	hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamina-	

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	T
	tion/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop.
Bulk product storage	Store substance within a closed system.
Bulk transfers	Use dedicated equipment. Transfer via enclosed lines. Clear transfer lines prior to de-coupling.
Drum/batch transfers	Use dedicated equipment. Ensure material transfers are under containment or extract ventilation. , or: Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 1 hour.
Product sampling.	Ensure dedicated sample points are provided. Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 1 hour.
Laboratory activities	Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.
Drum and small package filling	Fill containers/cans at dedicated filling points supplied with local extract ventilation.
Equipment cleaning and maintenance	Drain down and flush system prior to equipment opening or maintenance. Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or for subsequent recycle.

ethoxylate :

Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
No exposure assessment presented for the environment.		

ethoxylate :

SECTION 3 EXPOSURE ESTIMATION	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION	
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ethoxylate :

Section 3.1 - Health

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

ethoxylate :

Section 3.2 -Environment

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No exposure assessment presented for the environment.

ethoxylate :

SECTION 4 GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO

ethoxylate :

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

ethoxylate :

Section 4.2 - Environment

No exposure assessment presented for the environment.

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

30000000665 Formulation & (re) Packing of Substance and Mixtures Phenol S1223 - LV - Industrial		
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE	
Title	Formulation & (re)packing of substances and mixtures- Industrial	
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU3, SU10 Process Categories: PROC 1, PROC 2, PROC 3, PROC 4, PROC 5, PROC 8a, PROC 8b, PROC 9, PROC 14, PROC 15 Environmental Release Categories: ERC2	
Scope of process	Formulation, packing and re-packing of the substance and its mixtures in batch or continuous operations, including storage, materials transfers, mixing, tabletting, compression, pelletisation, extrusion, large and small scale packing, sampling, maintenance and associated laboratory activities.	

ethoxylate :

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES
Additional Information	No exposure assessment presented for the environment.

ethoxylate :

Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Solid, low dustiness Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP	
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).,	
Frequency and Duration of Use		
Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).		
Other Operational Conditions affecting Exposure		
Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented. Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently).		

Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures	
General measures (corro-	Handle substance within a closed system.	
sives)	Use suitable eye protection.	
	Avoid direct eye contact with product, also via contamination on hands.	
	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas	

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	for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop.
Bulk product storage	Store substance within a closed system.
Bulk transfers	Use dedicated equipment. Transfer via enclosed lines. Clear transfer lines prior to de-coupling.
Drum/batch transfers	Use dedicated equipment. Ensure material transfers are under containment or extract ventilation. , or: Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 1 hour.
Product sampling.	Ensure dedicated sample points are provided. Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 1 hour.
Laboratory activities	Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.
Mixing operations (closed systems)	Provide a good standard of general or controlled ventilation (5 to 15 air changes per hour).
Mixing operations (open systems)	Minimise exposure by extracted full enclosure for the operation or equipment.
Batch processes at elevat- ed temperatures	Provide extraction ventilation at points where emissions occur.
Material transfers	Ensure material transfers are under containment or extract ventilation.
Drum and small package filling	Fill containers/cans at dedicated filling points supplied with local extract ventilation.
Equipment cleaning and maintenance	Drain down and flush system prior to equipment opening or maintenance. Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or for subsequent recycle.

ethoxylate

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Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
No exposure assessment presented for the environment.		

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ethoxylate :

SECTION 3 EXPOSURE ESTIMATION

ethoxylate :

Section 3.1 - Health

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

ethoxylate :

Section 3.2 - Environment

No exposure assessment presented for the environment.

ethoxylate :

SECTION 4 GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO

ethoxylate :

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

ethoxylate :

Section 4.2 - Environment

No exposure assessment presented for the environment.

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

30000000704 Use in Coatings Phenol - S1223 - LV - Industrials		
30000000704 OSE III C	oddings i nenoi - 51225 - EV - muusinais	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE	
Title	Uses in Coatings- Industrial	
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU3	
-	Process Categories: PROC 1, PROC 2, PROC 3, PROC 4,	
	PROC 5, PROC 7, PROC 8a, PROC 8b, PROC 10, PROC	
	13, PROC 15	
	Environmental Release Categories: ERC4	
	Environmental Release Gategories. Envoy	
Scope of process	Covers the use in coatings (paints, inks, adhesives, etc) in-	
ocope of process		
	cluding exposures during use (including materials receipt,	
	storage, preparation and transfer from bulk and semi-bulk,	
	application by spray, roller, spreader, dip, flow, fluidised bed	
	I are a second to the are Programmed and Charles Control of the Co	
	on production lines and film formation) and equipment clean-	
	on production lines and film formation) and equipment cleaning, maintenance and associated laboratory activities.	

ethoxylate :

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES
Additional Information	No exposure assessment presented for the environment.

ethoxylate :

Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP	
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).,	
Frequency and Duration o	f Use	
Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).		
Other Operational Condition	ons affecting Exposure	
	dard of occupational hygiene is implemented an 20°C above ambient temperature (unles	

Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures	
General measures (corro-	Handle substance within a closed system.	
sives)	Use suitable eye protection.	
	Avoid direct eye contact with product, also via contamination	
	on hands.	
	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas	
	for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if	

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	hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop.
General exposures (closed systems)	No other specific measures identified.
Use in contained batch processesMixing operations (closed systems)	Provide a good standard of general or controlled ventilation (5 to 15 air changes per hour).
Mixing operations (open systems)Batch process	Minimise exposure by extracted full enclosure for the operation or equipment.
Film formation - force dry- ing, stoving and other tech- nologies.	Minimise exposure by extracted full enclosure for the operation or equipment.
Film formation - air drying	Use ventilation to extract vapours from freshly coated articles/objects.
Spraying/ fogging by machine application	Carry out in a vented booth provided with laminar airflow. Automate activity where possible.
Rolling, Brushing	Use long handled brushes and rollers where possible. Provide extraction ventilation at points where emissions occur.
Dipping, immersion and pouring	Provide extraction ventilation at points where emissions occur.
Laboratory activities	Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.
Material transfersBulk product storage	Ensure material transfers are under containment or extract ventilation. Store substance within a closed system.
Bulk transfers	Use dedicated equipment. Transfer via enclosed lines. Clear transfer lines prior to de-coupling.
Equipment cleaning and maintenance	Drain down and flush system prior to equipment opening or maintenance. Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or for subsequent recycle.

ethoxylate :

Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
No exposure assessment pre	No exposure assessment presented for the environment.	

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SECTION 3 EXPOSURE ESTIMATION

ethoxylate :

Section 3.1 - Health

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

ethoxylate :

Section 3.2 - Environment

No exposure assessment presented for the environment.

ethoxylate :

SECTION 4 GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO

ethoxylate :

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

ethoxylate :

Section 4.2 - Environment

No exposure assessment presented for the environment.

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

Exposure occitatio - Worker	
30000000708 Use	in Coatings Phenol - S1223 - LV - Professional
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Uses in Coatings- Professional
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU22 Process Categories: PROC 5, PROC 8a, PROC 10, PROC 13 Environmental Release Categories: ERC8a, ERC8d
Scope of process	Covers the use in coatings (paints, inks, adhesives, etc) including exposures during use (including materials receipt, storage, preparation and transfer from bulk and semi-bulk, application by spray, roller, brush, spreader by hand or similar methods, and film formation), and equipment cleaning, maintenance and associated laboratory activities.

ethoxylate :

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES
Additional Information	No exposure assessment presented for the environment.

ethoxylate :

Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics	·	
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP	
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).,	
Frequency and Duration of	Use	
Covers daily exposures up to	o 8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Other Operational Condition	ons affecting Exposure	
	dard of occupational hygiene is implemented. an 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently).	

Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures	
General measures (corro-	Handle substance within a closed system.	
sives)	Use suitable eye protection.	
	Avoid direct eye contact with product, also via contamination on hands.	
	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas	
	for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if	
	hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamina-	

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	tion/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop.
Filling/ preparation of	Ensure material transfers are under containment or extract
equipment from drums or containers.	ventilation. Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 1 hour.
General exposures (closed systems)Use in contained systems	Provide a good standard of general or controlled ventilation (5 to 15 air changes per hour).
Preparation of material for	Provide a good standard of general or controlled ventilation (5
application	to 15 air changes per hour). Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 1 hour.
Mixing operations (open systems)	Minimise exposure by extracted full enclosure for the operation or equipment.
Film formation - air drying	Use ventilation to extract vapours from freshly coated articles/objects.
Material trans- fersDrum/batch transfers	Use drum pumps or carefully pour from container.
Roller, spreader, flow application	Limit the substance content in the product to 25 %. Use long handled brushes and rollers where possible. Provide extraction ventilation at points where emissions occur. Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 1 hour.
Spraying/ fogging by manual application	Limit the substance content in the product to 25 %. Carry out in a vented booth or extracted enclosure. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with Type A filter or better. Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.
Dipping, immersion and pouring	Limit the substance content in the product to 25 %. Provide extraction ventilation at points where emissions occur.
Laboratory activities	Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.
Equipment cleaning and maintenance	Drain down system prior to equipment opening or maintenance. Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 1 hour.

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sion	Revision Date: 21.11.2023	SDS Number: 800001001034	Date of last issue: 05.04.2023 Print Date 28.11.2023
ethox	xylate	:	
Secti	ion 2.2	Control of Enviro	nmental Exposure
No e	xposure assessment	presented for the envir	
ethox	xylate	:	
SEC	TION 3	EXPOSURE ESTI	MATION
ethox	xylate	:	
Secti	ion 3.1 - Health		
	ECETOC TRA tool ha	s been used to estimat	te workplace exposures unless otherwise
ethox	xylate	:	
Secti	ion 3.2 -Environmen	t	
No e	xposure assessment	presented for the envir	onment.
ethox	xylate	:	
SEC	TION 4	GUIDANCE TO C EXPOSURE SCEI	HECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE NARIO
ethox	xylate	:	
Secti	ion 4.1 - Health		
Meas	sures/Operational Cor	nditions outlined in Sec ment Measures/Opera	the DN(M)EL when the Risk Managemen tion 2 are implemented. tional Conditions are adopted, then users
	ld ensure that risks ar	re managed to at least	equivalent levels.
shou		e managed to at least :	equivalent levels.
ethox	ld ensure that risks ar	:	equivalent levels.

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

30000000712 Use as Binders & Release Agents Phenol S1223 - LV - Industrial	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Use as binders and release agents- Industrial
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU3 Process Categories: PROC 1, PROC 2, PROC 3, PROC 4, PROC 6, PROC 7, PROC 8a, PROC 8b, PROC 10, PROC 13, PROC 14 Environmental Release Categories: ERC4
Scope of process	Covers the use as binders and release agents including material transfers, mixing, application (including spraying and brushing), and handling of waste.

ethoxylate :

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES
Additional Information	No exposure assessment presented for the environment.

ethoxylate :

Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP	
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).,	
Frequency and Duration of Use		
Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).		
Other Operational Conditio	ns affecting Exposure	
Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented. Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently).		

Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures
General measures (corro-	Handle substance within a closed system.
sives)	Use suitable eye protection.
	Avoid direct eye contact with product, also via contamination on hands.
	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas
	for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if
	hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamina-
	tion/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contami-

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	nation immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop.
Material transfers(closed systems)	Ensure material transfers are under containment or extract ventilation. Store substance within a closed system.
Material transfersBatch process	Transfer via enclosed lines. Clear transfer lines prior to de-coupling.
Drum/batch transfers	Use dedicated equipment. Use drum pumps. , or: Transfer via enclosed lines. Clear transfer lines prior to de-coupling.
Mixing operations (closed systems)	Provide a good standard of general or controlled ventilation (5 to 15 air changes per hour).
Mixing operations (open systems)	Provide extraction ventilation at points where emissions occur.
Mold forming	Minimise exposure by partial enclosure of the operation or equipment and provide extract ventilation at openings.
Casting operations	Minimise exposure by partial enclosure of the operation or equipment and provide extract ventilation at openings.
Spraying/ fogging by man- ual application	Carry out in a vented booth or extracted enclosure. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with Type A filter or better. Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.
Spraying/ fogging by machine application	Carry out in a vented booth provided with laminar airflow. Automate activity where possible.
ManualRolling, Brushing	Use long handled brushes and rollers where possible. Provide extraction ventilation at points where emissions occur.
Bulk product storage	Store substance within a closed system.

Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
No exposure assessment presented for the environment.		

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ethoxylate

SECTION 3 EXPOSURE ESTIMATION

ethoxylate :

Section 3.1 - Health

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

ethoxylate :

Section 3.2 - Environment

No exposure assessment presented for the environment.

ethoxylate :

SECTION 4 GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO

ethoxylate :

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

ethoxylate :

Section 4.2 - Environment

No exposure assessment presented for the environment.

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

30000000716 Use as Binders & Release Agents Phenol S1223 - LV - Professional	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Use as binders and release agents- Professional
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU22 Process Categories: PROC 1, PROC 2, PROC 3, PROC 4, PROC 6, PROC 8a, PROC 8b, PROC 10, PROC 11, PROC 14 Environmental Release Categories: ERC8a, ERC8d
Scope of process	Covers the use as binders and release agents including material transfers, mixing, application by spraying, brushing, and handling of waste.

ethoxylate :

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES
Additional Information	No exposure assessment presented for the environment.

ethoxylate :

Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP	
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).,	
Frequency and Duration of Use		
Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).		
Other Operational Condition	ons affecting Exposure	
Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented. Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently).		

Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures
General measures (corro-	Handle substance within a closed system.
sives)	Use suitable eye protection.
	Avoid direct eye contact with product, also via contamination on hands.
	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas
	for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if
	hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamina-
	tion/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contami-

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	nation immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop.
Material transfers(closed systems)	Ensure material transfers are under containment or extract ventilation. Store substance within a closed system.
Material transfersBatch process	Transfer via enclosed lines. Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 1 hour.
Drum/batch transfers	Use dedicated equipment. Use drum pumps. , or: Clear transfer lines prior to de-coupling. Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 1 hour.
Mixing operations (closed systems)	Provide a good standard of general or controlled ventilation (5 to 15 air changes per hour).
Mixing operations (open systems)	Provide extraction ventilation at points where emissions occur. Automate activity where possible. , or: Use long handled tools where possible.
Mold forming	Minimise exposure by partial enclosure of the operation or equipment and provide extract ventilation at openings. Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours
Casting operations	Minimise exposure by partial enclosure of the operation or equipment and provide extract ventilation at openings. Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours
Spraying/ fogging by manual application	Limit the substance content in the product to 25 %. Carry out in a vented booth or extracted enclosure. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with Type A filter or better. Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.
Spraying/ fogging by machine application	Carry out in a vented booth provided with laminar airflow. Automate activity where possible.
ManualRolling, Brushing	Use long handled brushes and rollers where possible. Provide extraction ventilation at points where emissions oc-

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	cur. Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 1 hour.
Bulk product storage	Put lids on containers immediately after use.

ethoxylate :

Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
No exposure assessment presented for the environment.		

ethoxylate :

SECTION 3 EXPOSURE ESTIMATION

ethoxylate :

Section 3.1 - Health

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

ethoxylate :

Section 3.2 - Environment

No exposure assessment presented for the environment.

ethoxylate :

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE
	EXPOSURE SCENARIO

ethoxylate :

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

ethoxylate :

Section 4.2 - Environment

No exposure assessment presented for the environment.

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

30000000718 Formulation & (re) Polymer Production Phenol S1223 - LV - Industrial		
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE	
Title	Polymer production- Industrial	
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU3, SU10 Process Categories: PROC 1, PROC 2, PROC 3, PROC 8a, PROC 8b, PROC 15 Environmental Release Categories: ERC 6C	
Scope of process	Manufacture of polymers from monomers in continuous and batch processes. Including production, re-cycling and recovery, degassing, discharging, reactor maintenance and immediate polymer product formation (i.e. compounding, pelletisation, product off-gassing).	

ethoxylate :

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES
Additional Information	No exposure assessment presented for the environment.

ethoxylate :

Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure		
Product Characteristics			
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP		
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).,		
Frequency and Duration of Use			
Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).			
Other Operational Conditions affecting Exposure			
Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented. Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently).			

Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures	
General measures (corro-	Handle substance within a closed system.	
sives)	Use suitable eye protection.	
	Avoid direct eye contact with product, also via contamination	
	on hands.	
	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas	
	for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if	
	hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamina-	

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	tion/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop.
Bulk transferswith sample collection	Store substance within a closed system. Ensure dedicated sample points are provided.
Polymerisation (bulk and batch)Continuous processwith sample collection	Ensure dedicated sample points are provided.
Polymerisation (bulk and batch)Batch processwith sample collection	Ensure dedicated sample points are provided.
Finishing operations	Limit the substance content in the product to 1 %.
Intermediate polymer storage	Limit the substance content in the product to 1 %.
Additivation and stabilisation	Limit the substance content in the product to 1 %.
Bulk product storage	No other specific measures identified.
Product packaging	Limit the substance content in the product to 1 %.
Equipment cleaning and maintenance	Drain down and flush system prior to equipment opening or maintenance. Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or for subsequent recycle.

ethoxylate :

Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
No exposure assessment presented for the environment.		

ethoxylate :

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION
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ethoxylate :

Section 3.1 - Health

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

ethoxylate :

Section 3.2 - Environment

No exposure assessment presented for the environment.

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ethoxylate :

SECTION 4 GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO

ethoxylate :

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

ethoxylate :

Section 4.2 - Environment

No exposure assessment presented for the environment.

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

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30000000721 Phenolic Resin Application Phenol S1223 - Professional		
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE	
Title	Phenolic resin applications- Professional	
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU22 Process Categories: PROC10, PROC11, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC6, PROC8a, PROC8b Environmental Release Categories: ERC8a, ERC8d	
Scope of process	Covers the use in reactive resins including material transfers, mixing, application by e.g. spraying, brushing, dipping, casting and moulding, curing, and handling of waste.	

ethoxylate :

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES
Additional Information	No exposure assessment presented for the environment.

ethoxylate :

Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure		
Product Characteristics			
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP		
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).,		
Frequency and Duration of Use			
Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).			
Other Operational Conditions affecting Exposure			
Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented. Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently).			

Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures
General measures (corro-	Handle substance within a closed system.
sives)	Use suitable eye protection.
	Avoid direct eye contact with product, also via contamination on hands.
	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas
	for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if
	hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamina-
	tion/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contami-
	nation immediately. Provide basic employee training to pre-
	vent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems

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	that may develop.	
Bulk product storage	Store substance within a closed system. Put lids on containers immediately after use.	
Material transfers(closed systems)	Ensure material transfers are under containment or extract ventilation. Store substance within a closed system.	
Material transfersBatch process	Transfer via enclosed lines. Clear transfer lines prior to de-coupling. Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 1 hour.	
Drum/batch transfers	Use dedicated equipment. Use drum pumps. , or: Transfer via enclosed lines. Clear transfer lines prior to de-coupling. Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 1 hour.	
Pouring from small containers	Carefully pour from containers. Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 15 minutes.	
Mixing operations (closed systems)	Provide a good standard of general or controlled ventilation (5 to 15 air changes per hour).	
Mixing operations (open systems)	Provide extraction ventilation at points where emissions occur. Automate activity where possible. , or: Use long handled tools where possible.	
Mold forming	Minimise exposure by partial enclosure of the operation or equipment and provide extract ventilation at openings. Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours	
Casting operations	Minimise exposure by partial enclosure of the operation or equipment and provide extract ventilation at openings. Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours	
Spraying/ fogging by man- ual application	Limit the substance content in the product to 25 %. Carry out in a vented booth or extracted enclosure. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with Type A filter or better. Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g.	

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	spraying.
Spraying/ fogging by machine application	Carry out in a vented booth provided with laminar airflow. Automate activity where possible.
ManualRolling, Brushing	Use long handled brushes and rollers where possible. Provide extraction ventilation at points where emissions occur. Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 1 hour.
Dipping, immersion and pouring	Minimise exposure by partial enclosure of the operation or equipment and provide extract ventilation at openings. Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours
Production or preparation or articles by tabletting, compression, extrusion or pelletisation	Minimise exposure by partial enclosure of the operation or equipment and provide extract ventilation at openings. Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours
Injection moulding of articles	Minimise exposure by partial enclosure of the operation or equipment and provide extract ventilation at openings. Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours
Product packaging	Limit the substance content in the product to 1 %. Provide a good standard of general or controlled ventilation (5 to 15 air changes per hour).

ethoxylate :

Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
No exposure assessment presented for the environment.		

ethoxylate :

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION
JECTIONS	

ethoxylate :

Section 3.1 - Health

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

ethoxylate :

Section 3.2 - Environment

No exposure assessment presented for the environment.

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ethoxylate :

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE
	EXPOSURE SCENARIO

ethoxylate :

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

ethoxylate :

Section 4.2 - Environment

No exposure assessment presented for the environment.