# **CARADOL ED09-200**

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### 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Chemical product name : CARADOL ED09-200

Product code U171G

Synonyms : Polyol CAS-No. : 25322-69-4

# Manufacturer or supplier's details

Supplier's company name,

address and phone number SHELL EASTERN CHEMICALS (S)

A REGISTERED BUSINESS OF SHELL EASTERN

TRADING (PTE) LTD (UEN:198902087C)

9 North Buona Vista Drive, #07-01

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Contact for Safety Data

Sheet

Emergency telephone : +65 6542 9595 (Alert SGS)

number

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Use for the manufacture of polyurethane products.

This substance may not be used for any purpose other than Restrictions on use

recommended without expert advice

# 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

# GHS classification of chemical product

Based on available data this substance / mixture does not meet the classification criteria.

**GHS** label elements

: No Hazard Symbol required Hazard pictograms

Signal word : No signal word

Hazard statements PHYSICAL HAZARDS:

Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria.

**HEALTH HAZARDS:** 

Not classified as a health hazard under GHS criteria.

**ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:** 

Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria.

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Precautionary statements

Prevention:

No precautionary phrases.

Response:

No precautionary phrases.

Storage:

No precautionary phrases.

Disposal:

No precautionary phrases.

### Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Substance

# **Hazardous components**

Substance name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration (%
			w/w)
Polypropylene glycol	25322-69-4		<= 100

# 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

General advice : Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal

conditions.

If inhaled : No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use.

If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.

In case of skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with

water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.

In case of eye contact : Flush eye with copious quantities of water.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

rinsina.

If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.

If swallowed : In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities

are swallowed, however, get medical advice.

Most important symptoms : Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal

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Version 2.2 Revision Date 2023.09.07 Print Date 2023.09.14 and effects, both acute and conditions of use. Possible respiratory irritation signs and symptoms may include delayed a temporary burning sensation of the nose and throat, coughing, and/or difficulty breathing. No specific hazards under normal use conditions. Skin irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning sensation, redness, or swelling. Eye irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning sensation, redness, swelling, and/or blurred vision. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea. : When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the Protection of first-aiders appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings. Call a doctor or poison control center for guidance. Notes to physician Treat symptomatically. Following cases of gross overexposure, investigation of liver, kidney and eye function may be advisable. Records of such incidents should be maintained for future reference.

# 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media

: Large fires should only be fought by properly trained fire

fighters.

Alcohol-resistant foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small

fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water in a jet.

Specific hazards during

firefighting

: Will only burn if enveloped in a pre-existing fire.

Hazardous combustion products may include:

Carbon dioxide

Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.

Toxic gases Carbon monoxide.

Specific extinguishing

methods

Standard procedure for chemical fires.

Clear fire area of all non-emergency personnel.

All storage areas should be provided with adequate fire

fighting facilities.

Keep adjacent containers cool by spraying with water.

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant

gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to

relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

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### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : Observe all relevant local and international regulations.

: Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists.

Extinguish any naked flames. Do not smoke. Remove ignition

sources. Avoid sparks.

**Environmental precautions** 

: Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding

area.

Prevent from spreading or entering into drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.

Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental

contamination.

Ventilate contaminated area thoroughly.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

For large liquid spills (> 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank for recovery or safe disposal. Do not flush away residues with water. Retain as contaminated waste. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely For small liquid spills (< 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means to a labeled, sealable container for product recovery or safe disposal. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely.

Proper disposal should be evaluated based on regulatory status of this material (refer to Section 13), potential contamination from subsequent use and spillage, and regulations governing disposal in the local area.

Additional advice

: For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment

see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.

For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of

this Safety Data Sheet.

### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

# Handling

Technical measures

: Avoid breathing of or direct contact with material. Only use in well ventilated areas. Wash thoroughly after handling. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see

Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.

Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine

appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of

this material.

Ensure that all local regulations regarding handling and

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		storage facilities are followed.	
Advice on safe handling  : In accordance with good industrial precautions should be taken to avous Use local exhaust extraction over particular exhaust extraction exhaust exhaust exhaust extraction over particular exhaust extraction exhaust exhaust exhaust extr		oid breathing of material. processing area. ocyanates to prevent clothing. well-ventilated area before	
		Extinguish any naked flames. Do r sources. Avoid sparks.	not smoke. Remove ignition
Facial protective equipment	:	If material is handled such that it of protective eyewear is recommended.	
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands before eating, drinkin toilet. Launder contaminated clothing be	
Describe contact avoidance, etc	:	Avoid contact with isocyanates, cozinc, strong oxidizing agents, and	
Product Transfer	:	Lines should be purged with nitrog transfer. Keep containers closed w	
Storage			
Conditions for safe storage	:	Refer to section 15 for any addition covering the packaging and storage	
Storage period	:	24 month(s)	
Other data	:	Prevent all contact with water and Tanks must be clean, dry and rust Prevent ingress of water.  Must be stored in a diked (bunded from sunlight, ignition sources and Nitrogen blanket recommended form3 or higher).  Drums should be stacked to a maximum.	r-free.  I) well- ventilated area, away I other sources of heat. Ir large tanks (capacity 100
		Storage Temperature: Ambient.	
		Storage should be handled typical Tanks should be fitted with heating ambient temperatures are below thandling temperatures. Heating co	g coils in areas where the he recommended product

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	not exceed 100 °C.		
Packaging material	epoxy paint, zinc silicate paint.	<ul> <li>Suitable material: Stainless steel., For container paints, use epoxy paint, zinc silicate paint.</li> <li>Unsuitable material: Copper., Copper alloys.</li> </ul>	
Specific use(s)	: Not applicable		
	Ensure that all local regulations re storage facilities are followed.	garding handling and	

### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Threshold limit value and permissible exposure limits for each component in the work environment

# **Biological occupational exposure limits**

No biological limit allocated.

### **Monitoring Methods**

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA) , Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

労働者の健康障害を防止するため化学物質の濃度基準値とその適用方法などを定めました (mhlw.go.jp)

# **Engineering measures** : Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is

greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated. Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations. The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances.

Appropriate measures include:

General Information:

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as

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> washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.

# Personal protective equipment

#### Protective measures

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Respiratory protection

: No respiratory protection is ordinarily required under normal

conditions of use.

In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices. precautions should be taken to avoid breathing of material.

Hand protection Remarks

: Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. Longer term protection: Nitrile rubber. Incidental contact/Splash protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves For continuous contact we recommend gloves with breakthrough time of more than 240 minutes with preference for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. For short-term/splash protection we recommend the same but recognize that suitable gloves offering this level of protection may not be available and in this case a lower breakthrough time maybe acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not a good predictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Glove thickness should be typically greater than 0.35 mm depending on the glove make and model. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands

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should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-

perfumed moisturizer is recommended.

Eye and face protection : If material is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes,

protective eyewear is recommended.

Skin and body protection : Skin protection is not ordinarily required beyond standard

work clothes.

It is good practice to wear chemical resistant gloves.

Hygiene measures : Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking and using the

toilet.

Launder contaminated clothing before re-use.

# **Environmental exposure controls**

General advice : Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances

must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing

vapour.

Minimise release to the environment. An environmental

assessment must be made to ensure compliance with local

environmental legislation.

Information on accidental release measures are to be found in

section 6.

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state : liquid

Colour : colourless
Odour : odourless

Odour Threshold : Data not available

pH : Not applicable

Melting / freezing point : Data not available

Boiling point, initial boiling

point and boiling range

:  $> 260 \, ^{\circ}\text{C} / > 500 \, ^{\circ}\text{FDecomposes}$ 

Flash point :  $> 171 \, ^{\circ}\text{C} \, / > 340 \, ^{\circ}\text{F}$ 

Data not available

Evaporation rate : Data not available

Flammability

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable

Lower explosion limit and upper explosion limit / flammability limit

Upper explosion limit : no data available

Lower explosion limit : no data available

Vapour pressure : Data not available

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Relative vapour density : Data not available

Density and / or relative density

Relative density : Data not available

Density : 0.997 g/cm3 (25 °C / 77 °F)

Method: ASTM D4052

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : Data not available Solubility in other solvents : Data not available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Data not available

Auto-ignition point : Typical > 140  $^{\circ}$ C / > 284  $^{\circ}$ F

Decomposition temperature : 342 °C / 648 °F

Viscosity

Viscosity (Dynamic) : estimated value(s) 6,519 mPa.s (25 °C / 77 °F)

Viscosity, kinematic : 6500 mm2/s (25 °C / 77 °F)

Method: ASTM D445

Explosive properties : Classification Code: Not classified

Oxidizing properties : Data not available

Surface tension : Data not available

Conductivity: > 10,000 pS/m, A number of factors,

for example liquid temperature, presence of contaminants, and anti-static additives can greatly influence the conductivity

of a liquid, This material is not expected to be a static

accumulator.

Particle characteristics

Particle size : Data not available

Molecular weight : 12,000 g/mol

# 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in

addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.

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Chemical stability : No hazardous reaction is expected when handled and stored

according to provisions Hygroscopic.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Polymerises exothermically with di-isocyanates at ambient

temperatures.

The reaction becomes progressively more vigorous and can be violent at higher temperatures if the miscibility of reaction partners is good or is supported by stirring or by the presence

of solvents.

Reacts with strong oxidising agents.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames, and sparks.

Product cannot ignite due to static electricity.

Incompatible materials : Avoid contact with isocyanates, copper and copper alloys,

zinc, strong oxidizing agents, and water.

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Unknown toxic products may be formed.

### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment : Information given is based on data obtained from similar

substances.

Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for

individual component(s).

Information on likely routes of

exposure

Exposure may occur via inhalation, ingestion, skin absorption,

skin or eye contact, and accidental ingestion.

### **Acute toxicity**

# **Product:**

Acute oral toxicity : LD 50 : > 2,000 mg/kg

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Acute inhalation toxicity : Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD 50 : > 2,000 mg/kg

Remarks: Low toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# **Components:**

Polypropylene glycol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD 50 Rat, male and female: > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

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Acute inhalation toxicity : LD50 Rat, male and female: > 20 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD 50 : > 2,000 mg/kg

Remarks: Low toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Skin corrosion/irritation

# **Product:**

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# **Components:**

### Polypropylene glycol:

Species: Rabbit

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 404

Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin., Insufficient to classify., Based on available data, the

classification criteria are not met.

# Serious eye damage/eye irritation

### **Product:**

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# **Components:**

# Polypropylene glycol:

Species: Rabbit

Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Remarks: Slightly irritating to the eye., Insufficient to classify., Based on available data, the

classification criteria are not met.

# Respiratory or skin sensitisation

### **Product:**

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Components:**

# Polypropylene glycol:

Species: Guinea pig

Method: OECD Test Guideline 406

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# Germ cell mutagenicity

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**Product:** 

: Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

**Components:** 

Polypropylene glycol:

Genotoxicity in vitro

: Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 471 Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

: Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 471 Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

: Method: Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, B.10. Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

: Method: Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, B.10. Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Test species: RatMethod: Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, B.12.

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# Carcinogenicity

# **Product:**

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Components:**

# Polypropylene glycol:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
Polypropylene glycol	No carcinogenicity classification.

# Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

Polypropylene glycol:

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Species: Rat

Sex: male and female Application Route: Inhalation

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 416 Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Effects on foetal : Species: Rat, female development : Application Route: Oral

Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

# STOT - single exposure

### **Product:**

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Components:

# Polypropylene glycol:

Exposure routes: Inhalation

Target Organs: Central nervous system

Remarks: May cause drowsiness or dizziness., Based on available data, the classification

criteria are not met.

# STOT - repeated exposure

# **Product:**

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# **Components:**

### Polypropylene glycol:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# Repeated dose toxicity

# **Components:**

# Polypropylene glycol:

Rat, male and female: Application Route: Inhalation

Test atmosphere: Gas

Method: OECD Test Guideline 413

Target Organs: No specific target organs noted

# **Aspiration toxicity**

# **Product:**

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Not an aspiration hazard.

### Components:

Polypropylene glycol: Not an aspiration hazard.

### **Further information**

### **Product:**

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

# Components:

# Polypropylene glycol:

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment Incomplete ecotoxicological data are available for this product.

> The information given below is based partly on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products.

Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for

individual component(s).

### **Ecotoxicity**

# **Product:**

Toxicity to fish (Acute

toxicity)

: LC50 : > 100 mg/l

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Practically non toxic:

Toxicity to crustacean (Acute

toxicity)

: EC50 : > 100 mg/l

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Practically non toxic:

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants (Acute toxicity)

: EC50: > 100 mg/l

Remarks: Practically non toxic:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Toxicity to fish (Chronic

toxicity)

: Remarks: Data not available

Toxicity to crustacean

(Chronic toxicity)

: Remarks: Data not available

Toxicity to microorganisms

(Acute toxicity)

: IC50 : > 100 mg/l

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Practically non toxic:

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**Components:** 

Polypropylene glycol:

Toxicity to fish (Acute

toxicity)

: LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Toxicity to crustacean (Acute

toxicity)

: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 105.8 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity)

EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Toxicity to microorganisms

(Acute toxicity)

: EC50 (Activated sludge, domestic waste): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Toxicity to fish (Chronic

crustacean(Chronic toxicity)

toxicity)
Toxicity to

: Remarks: Data not available

: NOEC: > 10 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea) Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Persistence and degradability

Product:

Biodegradability : Remarks: Readily biodegradable.

**Components:** 

Polypropylene glycol:

Biodegradability : Biodegradation: 86.6 %

Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F Remarks: Readily biodegradable.

**Bioaccumulation** 

**Product:** 

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Does not bioaccumulate significantly.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water Components:

: Remarks: Data not available

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Polypropylene glycol:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Does not bioaccumulate significantly.

# Mobility in soil

# **Product:**

Mobility : Remarks: If the product enters soil, one or more constituents

will or may be mobile and may contaminate groundwater.

Components:

Polypropylene glycol:

Mobility : Remarks: If product enters soil, it will be highly mobile and

may contaminate groundwater., Dissolves in water.

Remarks: If the product enters soil, one or more constituents will or may be mobile and may contaminate groundwater.

### Other adverse effects

### Components:

# Polypropylene glycol:

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

: The substance does not fulfill all screening criteria for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity and hence is not

considered to be PBT or vPvB.

### Hazardous to the ozone layer

Not applicable

### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### **Disposal methods**

Chemicals (residual waste)

Recover or recycle if possible.

It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.

Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses.

Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or water.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.

Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or

national requirements and must be complied with.

Contaminated containers and

packaging

Drain container thoroughly.

After draining, vent in a safe place away from sparks and fire.

Send to drum recoverer or metal reclaimer.

Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand.

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# 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### Regulatory information when there are domestic regulations

Refer to section 15 for specific national regulation.

# **International Regulations**

**ADR** 

UN number : 3257

Product Name (Proper : ELEVATED TEMPERATURE LIQUID, N.O.S.

shipping name)

(Polypropylene glycol)

Class (Hazard class in : 9

transportation)

Packing group : III
Labels : 9
Hazard Identification Number : 99
Environmentally hazardous : no

**IATA-DGR** 

UN/ID No. : UN 3257 (Not permitted for transport)

Product Name (Proper : ELEVATED TEMPERATURE LIQUID, N.O.S.

shipping name)

(Polypropylene glycol)

Class (Hazard class in : 9

transportation)

Packing group : Not Assigned

Remarks : IATA - Forbidden for transport on passenger and cargo

aircraft in molten state.

**IMDG-Code** 

UN number : UN 3257

Product Name (Proper : ELEVATED TEMPERATURE LIQUID, N.O.S.

shipping name)

\_\_\_, ...,

(Polypropylene glycol)
Class (Hazard class in : 9

transportation)

Packing group : III

Labels : 9
Marine pollutant : no

Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Pollution category : Z Ship type : 3

Product name : Polypropylene Glycol

Special precautions for user

Remarks : Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage,

for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or

needs to comply with in connection with transport.

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Additional Information : Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC

Code

Not dangerous for conveyance under UN, IMO, ADR/RID,

IATA codes if transported at ambient temperature.

# 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

### **Related Regulations**

# Fire Service Law

Not applicable

### **Chemical Substance Control Law**

Not relevant

Industrial Safety and Health Law

# **Substances Subject to be Indicated Names**

Not applicable

# **Substances Subject to be Notified Names**

Not applicable

### Harmful Substances Required Permission for Manufacture

Not applicable

# Ordinance on Prevention of Hazards Due to Specified Chemical Substances

Not applicable

# **Ordinance on Prevention of Organic Solvent Poisoning**

Not applicable

# Enforcement Order of the Industrial Safety and Health Law - Attached table 1 (Dangerous Substances)

Not applicable

### **Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Law**

# Act on Confirmation, etc. of Release Amounts of Specific Chemical Substances in the Environment and Promotion of Improvements to the Management Thereof

Not applicable

### Marine Pollution and Sea Disaster Prevention etc Law

Bulk transportation : Not classified as marine pollutant

### The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AIIC : Listed

DSL : Listed

IECSC : Listed

ENCS : Listed

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KECI	: Listed	
NZIoC	: Listed	
PICCS	: Listed	
TSCA	: Listed	
TCSI	: Listed	

### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

### Full text of other abbreviations

# **Abbreviations and Acronyms**

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO -International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO -International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 -Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate: NOM - Official Mexican Norm: NTP - National Toxicology Program: NZIoC -New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals: OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG -Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

### **Further information**

Training advice : Provide adequate information, instruction and training for

operators.

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Version 2.2 Revision Date 2023.09.07 Print Date 2023.09.14 Other information : A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version. Sources of key data used to : The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more compile the Safety Data sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Sheet Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).

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