

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Methyl Ethyl Ketone

Version 3.0

Revision Date 05.05.2022

Print Date 03.09.2022

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Product name : Methyl Ethyl Ketone
Product code : S2113
CAS-No. : 78-93-3
Other means of identification : butan-2-one, Ethyl methyl ketone, MEK

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Manufacturer/Supplier : **Shell Chemicals Europe B.V.**
PO Box 2334
3000 CH Rotterdam
Netherlands
Telephone : +31 (0)10 441 5137 +31(0)10 441 5191
Telefax : +31 (0)20 716 8316/ +31 (0)20 713 9230
Emergency telephone number : +44 (0) 1235 239 670 (This telephone number is available 24 hours per day, 7 days per week)

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Use only in industrial processes.
Restrictions on use : This product must not be used in applications other than the above without first seeking the advice of the supplier.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Flammable liquids : Category 2
Eye irritation : Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure : Category 3 (Central nervous system, Narcotic effects)

Label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : PHYSICAL HAZARDS:
H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

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HEALTH HAZARDS:

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:

Not classified as environmental hazard according to CLP criteria.

Supplemental Hazard
Statements

: EUH066

Repeated exposure may cause skin
dryness or cracking.

Precautionary statements

: **Prevention:**

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames
and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Response:

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water
for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and
easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and
keep comfortable for breathing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell.

Storage:

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste
disposal plant.

Other hazards

Vapours are heavier than air. Vapours may travel across the ground and reach remote ignition sources causing a flashback fire danger. Even with proper grounding and bonding, this material can still accumulate an electrostatic charge. If sufficient charge is allowed to accumulate, electrostatic discharge and ignition of flammable air-vapour mixtures can occur. Exposure may enhance the toxicity of other materials. See Chapter 11 for details.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture

: Substance

Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Registration number	Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)	Concentration (% w/w)
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H336	100

Refer to Chapter 8 for Occupational Exposure Guidelines.

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

Other information

Refer to Chapter 8 for Occupational Exposure Guidelines.

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4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

General advice	: Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions.
If inhaled	: No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
In case of skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
In case of eye contact	: Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Transport to the nearest medical facility for additional treatment.
If swallowed	: If swallowed, do not induce vomiting: transport to nearest medical facility for additional treatment. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration. Rinse mouth. If any of the following delayed signs and symptoms appear within the next 6 hours, transport to the nearest medical facility: fever greater than 101° F (38.3°C), shortness of breath, chest congestion or continued coughing or wheezing.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	: Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal conditions of use. Possible respiratory irritation signs and symptoms may include a temporary burning sensation of the nose and throat, coughing, and/or difficulty breathing. No specific hazards under normal use conditions. Skin irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning sensation, redness, or swelling. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea. Eye irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning sensation, redness, swelling, and/or blurred vision. If any of the following delayed signs and symptoms appear within the next 6 hours, transport to the nearest medical facility: fever greater than 101° F (38.3°C), shortness of breath, chest congestion or continued coughing or wheezing. If material enters lungs, signs and symptoms may include coughing, choking, wheezing, difficulty in breathing, chest congestion, shortness of breath, and/or fever. Defatting dermatitis signs and symptoms may include a burning sensation and/or a dried/cracked appearance. Breathing of high vapour concentrations may cause central nervous system (CNS) depression resulting in dizziness, light-headedness, headache, nausea and loss of coordination. Continued inhalation may result in unconsciousness and death.

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Protection of first-aiders	: When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.
Notes to physician	: IMMEDIATE TREATMENT IS EXTREMELY IMPORTANT! Call a doctor or poison control center for guidance. Potential for chemical pneumonitis. Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable properties

Flash point	: -9 °C / 16 °F Method: Abel
Ignition temperature	: 515 °C / 959 °F
Upper explosion limit	: 11,5 %(V)
Lower explosion limit	: 1,8 %(V)
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not applicable
Suitable extinguishing media	: Alcohol-resistant foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None
Specific hazards during firefighting	: The vapour is heavier than air, spreads along the ground and distant ignition is possible. Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs.
Specific extinguishing methods	: Standard procedure for chemical fires.
Further information	: Clear fire area of all non-emergency personnel. Keep adjacent containers cool by spraying with water.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	: Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

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6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

- | | |
|---|---|
| Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures | : Observe the relevant local and international regulations
Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the environment occurs or is likely to occur.
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
The vapour is heavier than air, spreads along the ground and distant ignition is possible.
Vapour may form an explosive mixture with air. |
| Environmental precautions | : Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.
Isolate hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary or unprotected personnel.
Stay upwind and keep out of low areas. |
| Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up | : Shut off leaks, if possible without personal risks. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. Attempt to disperse the vapour or to direct its flow to a safe location for example by using fog sprays. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment.
Ventilate contaminated area thoroughly.
Monitor area with combustible gas indicator. |
| Additional advice | : For large liquid spills (> 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank for recovery or safe disposal. Do not flush away residues with water. Retain as contaminated waste. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely.
For small liquid spills (< 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means to a labeled, sealable container for product recovery or safe disposal. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely. |

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

- | | |
|---------------------|---|
| General Precautions | : Avoid breathing of or direct contact with material. Only use in well ventilated areas. Wash thoroughly after handling. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.
Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk |
|---------------------|---|

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assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.

Ensure that all local regulations regarding handling and storage facilities are followed.

Advice on safe handling : Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.
Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols.
Bulk storage tanks should be diked (bunded).
Extinguish any naked flames. Do not smoke. Remove ignition sources. Avoid sparks.
Electrostatic discharge may cause fire. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment to reduce the risk.
The vapours in the head space of the storage vessel may lie in the flammable/explosive range and hence may be flammable.
Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires.
Do NOT use compressed air for filling, discharging, or handling operations.

Avoidance of contact : Strong oxidising agents.

Product Transfer : Refer to guidance under Handling section.

Storage

Conditions for safe storage : The vapour is heavier than air. Beware of accumulation in pits and confined spaces.
Refer to section 15 for any additional specific legislation covering the packaging and storage of this product.

Packaging material : Suitable material: For containers, or container linings use mild steel, stainless steel.
Unsuitable material: Natural, butyl, neoprene or nitrile rubbers.

Suitable material: Aluminium

Container Advice : Containers, even those that have been emptied, can contain explosive vapours. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near containers.

Specific use(s) : Not applicable

Ensure that all local regulations regarding handling and storage facilities are followed.
See additional references that provide safe handling practices: American Petroleum Institute 2003 (Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning and Stray Currents) or National Fire Protection Agency 77 (Recommended Practices on Static Electricity).
IEC/TS 60079-32-1: Electrostatic hazards, guidance

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8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Data Source
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	TWA	200 ppm 600 mg/m ³	2000/39/EC
	Further information: Indicative			
		STEL	300 ppm 900 mg/m ³	2000/39/EC
	Further information: Indicative			
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	MPC-TWA (vapour and/or gas)	200 mg/m ³	RU OEL
	Further information: Class 4 - Low hazard			
		MPC-STEL (vapour and/or gas)	400 mg/m ³	RU OEL
	Further information: Class 4 - Low hazard			

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods
<http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/>

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods
<http://www.osha.gov/>

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances
<http://www.hse.gov.uk/>

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany
<http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp>

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Sécurité, (INRS), France <http://www.inrs.fr/accueil>

Engineering measures

- : Use sealed systems as far as possible.
- Adequate explosion-proof ventilation to control airborne concentrations below the exposure guidelines/limits.
- Local exhaust ventilation is recommended.
- Firewater monitors and deluge systems are recommended.
- Eye washes and showers for emergency use.
- Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

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The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include:

General Information:

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.

Personal protective equipment

Protective measures

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Respiratory protection : If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are unsuitable (e.g. airborne concentrations are high, risk of oxygen deficiency, confined space) use appropriate positive pressure breathing apparatus. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter. If air-filtering respirators are suitable for conditions of use: Select a filter suitable for organic gases and vapours [Type A boiling point >65°C (149°F)].

Hand protection
Remarks

: Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. Longer term protection: Butyl rubber. Nitrile rubber. Incidental contact/Splash protection: PVC or neoprene rubber gloves. For continuous contact we recommend gloves with breakthrough time of more than 240 minutes with preference for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. For short-term/splash protection we

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recommend the same but recognize that suitable gloves offering this level of protection may not be available and in this case a lower breakthrough time maybe acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not a good predictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Glove thickness should be typically greater than 0.35 mm depending on the glove make and model. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended.

- Eye protection : Wear goggles for use against liquids and gas.
Wear full face shield if splashes are likely to occur.
- Skin and body protection : Wear antistatic and flame-retardant clothing, if a local risk assessment deems it so.
Skin protection is not required under normal conditions of use.
For prolonged or repeated exposures use impervious clothing over parts of the body subject to exposure.
If repeated and/or prolonged skin exposure to the substance is likely, then wear suitable gloves tested to relevant Standard, and provide employee skin care programmes.
- Thermal hazards : Not applicable

Environmental exposure controls

- General advice : Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing vapour.
Minimise release to the environment. An environmental assessment must be made to ensure compliance with local environmental legislation.
Information on accidental release measures are to be found in section 6.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

- Appearance : Liquid.
- Colour : clear
- Odour : characteristic
- Odour Threshold : Data not available
- pH : Not applicable
- Melting point/freezing point : -86 °C / -123 °F

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Boiling point/boiling range	: 79,5 °C / 175,1 °F
Flash point	: -9 °C / 16 °F Method: Abel
Evaporation rate	: 3,3 Method: DIN 53170, di-ethyl ether=1
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not applicable
Upper explosion limit	: 11,5 %(V)
Lower explosion limit	: 1,8 %(V)
Vapour pressure	: 12,600 Pa (20 °C / 68 °F)
Relative vapour density	: 2,4 (20 °C / 68 °F)
Relative density	: 0,804 - 0,806 (20 °C / 68 °F) Method: ASTM D4052
Density	: 0,804 - 0,806 kg/m ³ (20 °C / 68 °F) Method: ASTM D4052
Solubility(ies)	
Water solubility	: 250 g/l Miscible. (20 °C / 68 °F)
Solubility in other solvents	: Data not available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	: log Pow: 0,3
Auto-ignition temperature	: 515 °C / 959 °F
Decomposition temperature	: Data not available
Viscosity	
Viscosity, dynamic	: 0,42 mPa.s (20 °C / 68 °F) Method: ASTM D445
Viscosity, kinematic	: Data not available
Explosive properties	: Not applicable
Oxidizing properties	: Data not available
Surface tension	: 24,8 mN/m, 20 °C / 68 °F
Conductivity	: Electrical conductivity: > 10,000 pS/m

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A number of factors, for example liquid temperature, presence of contaminants, and anti-static additives can greatly influence the conductivity of a liquid, This material is not expected to be a static accumulator.

Particle size : Data not available

Molecular weight : 72,11 g/mol

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

- Reactivity : The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.
- Chemical stability : No hazardous reaction is expected when handled and stored according to provisions
- Possibility of hazardous reactions : Reacts with strong oxidising agents.
- Conditions to avoid : Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Prevent vapour accumulation. In certain circumstances product can ignite due to static electricity.
- Incompatible materials : Strong oxidising agents.
- Hazardous decomposition products : Thermal decomposition is highly dependent on conditions. A complex mixture of airborne solids, liquids and gases including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, sulphur oxides and unidentified organic compounds will be evolved when this material undergoes combustion or thermal or oxidative degradation.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

- Basis for assessment : Information given is based on product testing.
- Information on likely routes of exposure : Exposure may occur via inhalation, ingestion, skin absorption, skin or eye contact, and accidental ingestion.

Acute toxicity

Product:

- Acute oral toxicity : LD 50 Rat, male and female: >2000 -<= 5000 mg/kg
Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 423
Test substance: Butan-2-ol
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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Acute dermal toxicity : LD 50 Rabbit, male: > 10 ml/kg/bw
Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 402
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

Methyl ethyl ketone:

Acute oral toxicity : LD 50 Rat, male and female: >2000 -<= 5000 mg/kg
Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 423
Test substance: Butan-2-ol
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD 50 Rabbit, male: > 10 ml/kg/bw
Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 402
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Test substance: Butan-2-ol
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met., Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Components:

Methyl ethyl ketone:

Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Test substance: Butan-2-ol
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met., Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Species: Rabbit
Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 405
Remarks: Causes serious eye irritation.

Components:

Methyl ethyl ketone:

Species: Rabbit
Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 405
Remarks: Causes serious eye irritation.

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Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Species: Guinea pig

Method: OECD Test Guideline 406

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

Methyl ethyl ketone:

Species: Guinea pig

Method: OECD Test Guideline 406

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 471

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 473

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 476

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 480

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 482

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Test species: Mouse
Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 474

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity-
Assessment

: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.

Components:

Methyl ethyl ketone:

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 471

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline

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Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 476

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 480

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 482

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Test species: MouseMethod: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 474

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity-
Assessment

: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Carcinogenicity -
Assessment

: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.

Components:

Methyl ethyl ketone:

Carcinogenicity -
Assessment

: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
Methyl ethyl ketone	No carcinogenicity classification.

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Species: Rat
Sex: male and female
Application Route: Oral

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 416
Test substance: Butan-2-ol
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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Effects on foetal development	: Species: Rat, female Application Route: Inhalation Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 414 Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity - Assessment	: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.

Components:

Methyl ethyl ketone:

Species: Rat
Sex: male and female
Application Route: Oral

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 416
Test substance: Butan-2-ol
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Effects on foetal development	: Species: Rat, female Application Route: Inhalation Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 414 Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity - Assessment	: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Exposure routes: Inhalation
Target Organs: Central nervous system
Remarks: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Components:

Methyl ethyl ketone:

Exposure routes: Inhalation
Target Organs: Central nervous system
Remarks: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met., Low systemic toxicity on repeated exposure.

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Components:

Methyl ethyl ketone:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met., Low systemic toxicity on repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Product:

Rat, male and female:

Application Route: Inhalation

Test atmosphere: vapour

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 413

Target Organs: No specific target organs noted

Components:

Methyl ethyl ketone:

Rat, male and female:

Application Route: Inhalation

Test atmosphere: vapour

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 413

Target Organs: No specific target organs noted

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration into the lungs when swallowed or vomited may cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.

Components:

Methyl ethyl ketone:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration into the lungs when swallowed or vomited may cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

Components:

Methyl ethyl ketone:

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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Ecotoxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity)	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 308 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 Remarks: Practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity)	:	EC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 2.029 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 Remarks: Practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available
Toxicity to crustacean (Chronic toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available
Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	:	(Pseudomonas putida): 1.150 mg/l Exposure time: 16 h Method: Other guideline method. Remarks: Practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l

Components:

Methyl ethyl ketone :

Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity)	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 308 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 Remarks: Practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity)	:	EC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 2.029 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 Remarks: Practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	:	(Pseudomonas putida): 1.150 mg/l Exposure time: 16 h Method: Other guideline method. Remarks: Practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available
Toxicity to	:	Remarks: Data not available

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crustacean(Chronic toxicity)

Persistence and degradability

Product:

Biodegradability : Biodegradation: 98 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D
Remarks: Readily biodegradable., Oxidises rapidly by photo-chemical reactions in air.

Components:

Methyl ethyl ketone :

Biodegradability : Biodegradation: 98 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D
Remarks: Readily biodegradable.
Oxidises rapidly by photo-chemical reactions in air.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Does not bioaccumulate significantly.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 0,3

Components:

Methyl ethyl ketone :

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Does not bioaccumulate significantly.

Mobility in soil

Product:

Mobility : Remarks: Dissolves in water.

Components:

Methyl ethyl ketone :

Mobility : Remarks: Dissolves in water.

Other adverse effects

Product:

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment : The substance does not fulfill all screening criteria for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity and hence is not considered to be PBT or vPvB.

Additional ecological information : Does not have ozone depletion potential.

Components:

Methyl ethyl ketone :

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment : The substance does not fulfill all screening criteria for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity and hence is not considered to be PBT or vPvB.

Additional ecological information : Does not have ozone depletion potential.

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13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : Recover or recycle if possible.
It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.
Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses
Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment.
Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.
Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements and must be complied with.

MARPOL - see International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL 73/78) which provides technical aspects at controlling pollutions from ships.

Contaminated packaging : Drain container thoroughly.
After draining, vent in a safe place away from sparks and fire.
Residues may cause an explosion hazard.
Do not, puncture, cut, or weld uncleaned drums.
Send to drum recoverer or metal reclaimer.

Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand.

Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

ADR

UN number : 1193
Proper shipping name : ETHYL METHYL KETONE
Class : 3
Packing group : II
Labels : 3
Hazard Identification Number : 33
Environmentally hazardous : no

ADN

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UN number : 1193
Proper shipping name : ETHYL METHYL KETONE
Class : 3
Packing group : II
Labels : 3
Environmentally hazardous : no

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : UN 1193
Proper shipping name : METHYL ETHYL KETONE
Class : 3
Packing group : II
Labels : 3

IMDG-Code

UN number : UN 1193
Proper shipping name : ETHYL METHYL KETONE
Class : 3
Packing group : II
Labels : 3
Marine pollutant : no

Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Pollution category : Z
Ship type : 3; Must be Double Hulled
Product name : Methyl ethyl ketone

Special precautions for user

Remarks : Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

Additional Information : This product may be transported under nitrogen blanketing. Nitrogen is an odourless and invisible gas. Exposure to nitrogen may cause asphyxiation or death. Personnel must observe strict safety precautions when involved with a confined space entry.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

Other international regulations

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AIIC : Listed
DSL : Listed
IECSC : Listed
KECI : Listed
ENCS : Listed
PICCS : Listed

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TSCA	: Listed
TCSI	: Listed
NZIoC	: Listed

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Full text of other abbreviations

Eye Irrit.	Eye irritation
Flam. Liq.	Flammable liquids
STOT SE	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Abbreviations and Acronyms : The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this document can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries) and/or websites.

SDS Regulation : 1. GN 2.2.5.1313-03 "Maximum permissible concentration of harmful substance in the working zone area".
2. GOST 12.1.007-76 "Harmful agents. Classification and safety requirements."
3. GOST 12.1.005-88 "General hygiene requirements to the working zone area".
4. GN 2.1.5.1315-03 "Reservoir water maximum permissible concentration".
5. GOST 19433-88 "Dangerous goods. Classification and marking".
6. Rail transportation safety rules and dangerous goods accidents liquidation procedure.
7. GOST 30333-2007 Chemical product safety data sheet. General requirements.
Regulation 1907/2006/EC

Further information

Training advice : Provide adequate information, instruction and training for operators.

Other information : A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet : The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU

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IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.