

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Prepared according to GB/T 16483, GB/T 17519

## Triethylene Glycol

800001034061

Initial release date: 2006.08.15

Version 2.4

Revision Date 2025.02.12

Print Date 2025.02.19

### 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Triethylene Glycol  
Product code : U1251  
Synonyms : 2,2 ethylenedioxydiethanol, Ethylene triglycol, glycol bis (hydroxyethyl) ether, TEG, Triglycol  
CAS-No. : 112-27-6

#### Manufacturer or supplier's details

Supplier : SHELL EASTERN CHEMICALS (S)  
A REGISTERED BUSINESS OF SHELL EASTERN  
TRADING (PTE) LTD (UEN:198902087C)  
9 North Buona Vista Drive , #07-01  
The Metropolis Tower 1  
Singapore 138588  
Singapore  
Telephone : +65 6384 8269  
Telefax : +65 6384 8454  
Contact for Safety Data Sheet : If you have any enquiries about the content of this SDS  
please email [sccmsds@shell.com](mailto:sccmsds@shell.com) 如果您有关于该SDS内容的  
任何质询, 请发电邮联系 [sccmsds@shell.com](mailto:sccmsds@shell.com)

Emergency telephone number : +86-532-83889090

#### Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Chemical intermediate.  
Restrictions on use : This product must not be used in applications other than the above without first seeking the advice of the supplier., Do not use in the manufacture or preparation of foods or pharmaceuticals., Do not use in theatrical fogs or other artificial smoke generator applications., Do not use in aircraft deicing applications., Keep out of reach of children and pets.

### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### Emergency Overview

Appearance	Slightly viscous liquid.
Colour	colourless
Odour	mild

#### GHS Classification

Based on available data this substance / mixture does not meet the classification criteria.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Prepared according to GB/T 16483, GB/T 17519

## Triethylene Glycol

800001034061  
Initial release date: 2006.08.15

Version 2.4

Revision Date 2025.02.12

Print Date 2025.02.19

### GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms : No Hazard Symbol required

Signal word : No signal word

Hazard statements : PHYSICAL HAZARDS:  
Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria.  
HEALTH HAZARDS:  
Not classified as a health hazard under GHS criteria.  
ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:  
Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria.

Precautionary statements :  
**Prevention:**  
No precautionary phrases.  
**Response:**  
No precautionary phrases.  
**Storage:**  
No precautionary phrases.  
**Disposal:**  
No precautionary phrases.

### Other hazards which do not result in classification

Not classified as flammable but will burn.

Health Hazards	Inhalation: Slightly irritating to respiratory system. Skin: Slightly irritating to skin. Eyes: Slightly irritating to the eye. Ingestion: No specific hazards under normal use conditions.
----------------	--

## 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Substance

### 3.1 Substances

#### Components

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Prepared according to GB/T 16483, GB/T 17519

## Triethylene Glycol

800001034061

Initial release date: 2006.08.15

Version 2.4

Revision Date 2025.02.12

Print Date 2025.02.19

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
Triethylene glycol	112-27-6		> 99
Diethylene glycol	111-46-6	Acute Tox.4; H302	< 1

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice	: Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions.
If inhaled	: No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
In case of skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
In case of eye contact	: Flush eye with copious quantities of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
If swallowed	: In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	: Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal conditions of use. Possible respiratory irritation signs and symptoms may include a temporary burning sensation of the nose and throat, coughing, and/or difficulty breathing. No specific hazards under normal use conditions. Eye irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning sensation, redness, swelling, and/or blurred vision. Skin irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning sensation, redness, or swelling. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.
Protection of first-aiders	: When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.
Notes to physician	: Call a doctor or poison control center for guidance. Treat symptomatically. May cause significant renal, respiratory, and CNS toxicity. May cause significant acidosis.

### 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Prepared according to GB/T 16483, GB/T 17519

## Triethylene Glycol

800001034061

Initial release date: 2006.08.15

Version 2.4	Revision Date 2025.02.12	Print Date 2025.02.19
Suitable extinguishing media	: Alcohol-resistant foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water in a jet.	
Specific hazards during firefighting	: Material will not burn unless preheated. Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Containers exposed to intense heat from fires should be cooled with large quantities of water.	
Specific extinguishing methods	: Standard procedure for chemical fires. Evacuate the area of all non-essential personnel. Keep adjacent containers cool by spraying with water.	
Special protective equipment for firefighters	: Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).	

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	: Observe all relevant local and international regulations. Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the environment occurs or is likely to occur. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.  : Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.
Environmental precautions	: Prevent from spreading or entering into drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Ventilate contaminated area thoroughly.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	: Contain run-off from residue flush and dispose of properly. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material.  For small liquid spills (< 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means to a labeled, sealable container for product recovery or safe disposal. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely. For large liquid spills (> 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank for recovery or safe disposal. Do not flush away residues with water. Retain

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Prepared according to GB/T 16483, GB/T 17519

## Triethylene Glycol

800001034061

Initial release date: 2006.08.15

Version 2.4

Revision Date 2025.02.12

Print Date 2025.02.19

as contaminated waste. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely

Additional advice : For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.  
For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

### Handling

General Precautions : Avoid breathing of or direct contact with material. Only use in well ventilated areas. Wash thoroughly after handling. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.  
Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.  
Ensure that all local regulations regarding handling and storage facilities are followed.

Advice on safe handling : Use local exhaust extraction over processing area.  
Handle and open container with care in a well-ventilated area.  
Do not empty into drains.  
When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used.  
Handling Temperature:  
Ambient.

Avoidance of contact : Strong oxidising agents.  
Strong acids.  
Strong bases.

Product Transfer : Keep containers closed when not in use. Do not pressurize drum containers to empty.

### Storage

Conditions for safe storage : Refer to section 15 for any additional specific legislation covering the packaging and storage of this product.

Other data : Tanks must be clean, dry and rust-free.  
Keep container tightly closed.  
Must be stored in a diked (bunded) well- ventilated area, away from sunlight, ignition sources and other sources of heat.  
Cleaning, inspection and maintenance of storage tanks is a specialist operation, which requires the implementation of strict procedures and precautions.  
Drums should be stacked to a maximum of 3 high.  
Storage Temperature:

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Prepared according to GB/T 16483, GB/T 17519

## Triethylene Glycol

800001034061

Initial release date: 2006.08.15

Version 2.4

Revision Date 2025.02.12

Print Date 2025.02.19

Ambient.

Packaging material	: Suitable material: Stainless steel., Mild steel., Carbon steel Unsuitable material: Data not available
Container Advice	: Containers, even those that have been emptied, can contain explosive vapours. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near containers.
Specific use(s)	: Not applicable  Ensure that all local regulations regarding handling and storage facilities are followed.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Components with workplace control parameters

### Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

### Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

GBZ 159 Specifications of air sampling for hazardous substances monitoring in the workplace.

GBZ/T 160 Determination of toxic substances in the air of workplace.

GBZ/T 192 Determination of dust in the air of workplace.

GBZ/T 300 Determination of toxic substances in the air of workplace

**Engineering measures** : The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include:  
Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.  
Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.  
Eye washes and showers for emergency use.

### General Information

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Prepared according to GB/T 16483, GB/T 17519

## Triethylene Glycol

800001034061

Initial release date: 2006.08.15

Version 2.4

Revision Date 2025.02.12

Print Date 2025.02.19

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.  
Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.  
Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.  
Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.  
Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.

### Personal protective equipment

#### Protective measures

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Respiratory protection : If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are unsuitable (e.g. airborne concentrations are high, risk of oxygen deficiency, confined space) use appropriate positive pressure breathing apparatus. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter.  
If air-filtering respirators are suitable for conditions of use: Select a filter suitable for the combination of organic gases and vapours and particles [Type A/Type P boiling point >65°C (149°F)].

Hand protection  
Remarks

: Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. Longer term protection: Nitrile rubber gloves. Incidental contact/Splash protection: PVC or neoprene rubber gloves. For continuous contact we recommend gloves with breakthrough time of more than 240 minutes with preference for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. For short-term/splash protection we recommend the same but recognize that suitable gloves offering this level of protection may not be available and in this case a lower breakthrough time maybe acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not a good predictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Glove thickness should be typically greater than 0.35 mm depending on the glove make and model. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Prepared according to GB/T 16483, GB/T 17519

## Triethylene Glycol

800001034061

Initial release date: 2006.08.15

Version 2.4

Revision Date 2025.02.12

Print Date 2025.02.19

resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended.

- Eye protection : If material is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes, protective eyewear is recommended.
- Skin and body protection : Skin protection is not ordinarily required beyond standard work clothes.  
It is good practice to wear chemical resistant gloves.
- Thermal hazards : Not applicable
- Hygiene measures : Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking and using the toilet.  
Launder contaminated clothing before re-use.

### Environmental exposure controls

- General advice : Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing vapour.  
Minimise release to the environment. An environmental assessment must be made to ensure compliance with local environmental legislation.  
Information on accidental release measures are to be found in section 6.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

- Appearance : Slightly viscous liquid.
- Colour : colourless
- Odour : mild
- Odour Threshold : Data not available
- pH : Not applicable
- Melting / freezing point : -7 - -4 °C / 19 - 25 °F
- Boiling point/boiling range : 280 - 295 °C / 536 - 563 °F
- Flash point : 166 °C / 331 °F  
Method: Pensky-Martens closed cup
- Evaporation rate : Data not available
- Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable
- Upper explosion limit : 9.2 %(V)



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Prepared according to GB/T 16483, GB/T 17519

## Triethylene Glycol

800001034061

Initial release date: 2006.08.15

Version 2.4

Revision Date 2025.02.12

Print Date 2025.02.19

Lower explosion limit	: 0.9 %(V)
Vapour pressure	: 1.33 Pa (20 °C / 68 °F)
Relative vapour density	: Data not available
Relative density	: 1.123 - 1.126Method: ASTM D4052
Density	: Data not available
Solubility(ies)	
Water solubility	: completely soluble
Solubility in other solvents	: Data not available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	: log Pow: -1.24
Auto-ignition temperature	: 323 °C / 613 °F
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Viscosity	
Viscosity, dynamic	: Data not available
Viscosity, kinematic	: 42.8 mm <sup>2</sup> /s (20 °C / 68 °F) Method: ASTM D445
Particle characteristics	
Particle size	: Data not available
Explosive properties	: Not applicable
Oxidizing properties	: Data not available
Surface tension	: Data not available
Conductivity	: Electrical conductivity: > 10,000 pS/m A number of factors, for example liquid temperature, presence of contaminants, and anti-static additives can greatly influence the conductivity of a liquid, This material is not expected to be a static accumulator.
Molecular weight	: 150.2 g/mol

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Prepared according to GB/T 16483, GB/T 17519

## Triethylene Glycol

800001034061

Initial release date: 2006.08.15

Version 2.4

Revision Date 2025.02.12

Print Date 2025.02.19

### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	: The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.
Chemical stability	: No hazardous reaction is expected when handled and stored according to provisions Oxidises on contact with air.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: None known.
Conditions to avoid	: Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.  Product cannot ignite due to static electricity.
Incompatible materials	: Strong oxidising agents. Strong acids. Strong bases.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Thermal decomposition is highly dependent on conditions. A complex mixture of airborne solids, liquids and gases including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, sulphur oxides and unidentified organic compounds will be evolved when this material undergoes combustion or thermal or oxidative degradation.

### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	: Information given is based on product testing, and/or similar products, and/or components. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).
Exposure routes	: Exposure may occur via inhalation, ingestion, skin absorption, skin or eye contact, and accidental ingestion.

#### Acute toxicity

##### Product:

Acute oral toxicity	: LD 50 Rat, male and female: > 2,000 mg/kg Method: Literature data Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Acute inhalation toxicity	: LC 50 Rat, male and female: > 5 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: Aerosol Method: Acceptable non-standard method. Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Prepared according to GB/T 16483, GB/T 17519

## Triethylene Glycol

800001034061

Initial release date: 2006.08.15

Version 2.4

Revision Date 2025.02.12

Print Date 2025.02.19

Acute dermal toxicity : LD 50 Rabbit, male and female: 16 ml/kg bw  
Method: Acceptable non-standard method.  
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Components:

#### **Triethylene glycol:**

Acute oral toxicity : LD 50 Rat, male and female: > 2,000 mg/kg  
Method: Literature data  
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC 50 Rat, male and female: > 5 mg/l  
Exposure time: 4 h  
Test atmosphere: Aerosol  
Method: Acceptable non-standard method.  
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD 50 Rabbit, male and female: 16 ml/kg bw  
Method: Acceptable non-standard method.  
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Diethylene glycol:**

Acute oral toxicity : LD 50 Rat, male and female: > 5,000 mg/kg  
Method: Literature data  
Remarks: Harmful if swallowed.  
There is a marked difference in acute oral toxicity between rodents and man, man being more susceptible than rodents. The estimated fatal dose for man is 100 milliliters (1/2 cup). This material has also been shown to be toxic and potentially lethal by ingestion to cats and dogs.

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC 50 Rat: Exposure time: 4 h  
Test atmosphere: Aerosol  
Method: Literature data  
Remarks: LC50 greater than near-saturated vapour concentration.  
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD 50 Rabbit: > 5,000 mg/kg  
Method: Literature data  
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Skin corrosion/irritation**

#### Product:

Species: Rabbit  
Method: Literature data

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Prepared according to GB/T 16483, GB/T 17519

## Triethylene Glycol

800001034061

Initial release date: 2006.08.15

Version 2.4

Revision Date 2025.02.12

Print Date 2025.02.19

Remarks: Slightly irritating., Insufficient to classify.

### Components:

#### **Triethylene glycol:**

Species: Rabbit

Method: Literature data

Remarks: Slightly irritating., Insufficient to classify.

#### **Diethylene glycol:**

Species: Rabbit

Method: Literature data

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

#### Product:

Species: Rabbit

Method: Literature data

Remarks: Slightly irritating., Insufficient to classify.

### Components:

#### **Triethylene glycol:**

Species: Rabbit

Method: Literature data

Remarks: Slightly irritating., Insufficient to classify.

#### **Diethylene glycol:**

Species: Rabbit

Method: Literature data

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Respiratory or skin sensitisation**

#### Product:

Species: Guinea pig

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 406

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Components:

#### **Triethylene glycol:**

Species: Guinea pig

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 406

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Diethylene glycol:**

Species: Guinea pig

Method: Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, B.6

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Prepared according to GB/T 16483, GB/T 17519

## Triethylene Glycol

800001034061

Initial release date: 2006.08.15

Version 2.4

Revision Date 2025.02.12

Print Date 2025.02.19

Method: Tested according to Annex V of Directive 67/548/EEC.

### Germ cell mutagenicity

#### Product:

- Genotoxicity in vitro
- : Method: OECD Test Guideline 471  
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
  - : Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 473  
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
  - : Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 479  
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- Germ cell mutagenicity-Assessment
- : This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.

#### Components:

#### **Triethylene glycol:**

- Genotoxicity in vitro
- : Method: OECD Test Guideline 471  
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
  - : Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 473  
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
  - : Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 479  
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- Germ cell mutagenicity-Assessment
- : This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.

#### **Diethylene glycol:**

- Genotoxicity in vitro
- : Method: OECD Test Guideline 471  
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
  - : Method: OECD Test Guideline 473  
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
  - : Method: OECD Test Guideline 476  
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
  - : Method: OECD Test Guideline 479  
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Prepared according to GB/T 16483, GB/T 17519

## Triethylene Glycol

800001034061

Initial release date: 2006.08.15

Version 2.4

Revision Date 2025.02.12

Print Date 2025.02.19

: Test species: Mouse  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474  
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity-  
Assessment

: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.

### Carcinogenicity

#### Product:

Species: Rat, (male and female)

Application Route: Oral

Method: Literature data

Test substance: Diethylene glycol

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity -  
Assessment

: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.

#### Components:

##### **Triethylene glycol:**

Species: Rat, (male and female)

Application Route: Oral

Method: Literature data

Test substance: Diethylene glycol

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity -  
Assessment

: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.

##### **Diethylene glycol:**

Species: Rat, (male and female)

Application Route: Oral

Method: Literature data

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met., Tumours produced in animals are not considered relevant to humans.

Carcinogenicity -  
Assessment

: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
Triethylene glycol	No carcinogenicity classification.
Diethylene glycol	No carcinogenicity classification.

### Reproductive toxicity

#### **Product:**

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Prepared according to GB/T 16483, GB/T 17519

## Triethylene Glycol

800001034061

Initial release date: 2006.08.15

Version 2.4

Revision Date 2025.02.12

Print Date 2025.02.19

: Species: Mouse  
Sex: male and female  
Application Route: Oral

Method: Acceptable non-standard method.  
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Effects on foetal development

: Species: Mouse, female  
Application Route: Oral  
Method: Acceptable non-standard method.  
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met., Causes foetotoxicity in animals at doses which are maternally toxic.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment

: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.

### Components:

#### Triethylene glycol:

: Species: Mouse  
Sex: male and female  
Application Route: Oral

Method: Acceptable non-standard method.  
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Effects on foetal development

: Species: Mouse, female  
Application Route: Oral  
Method: Acceptable non-standard method.  
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met., Causes foetotoxicity in animals at doses which are maternally toxic.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment

: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.

#### Diethylene glycol:

Species: Mouse  
Sex: male and female  
Application Route: Oral

Method: Acceptable non-standard method.  
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Species: Rabbit, female  
Application Route: Oral  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Prepared according to GB/T 16483, GB/T 17519

## Triethylene Glycol

800001034061

Initial release date: 2006.08.15

Version 2.4

Revision Date 2025.02.12

Print Date 2025.02.19

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity -  
Assessment

: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.

### STOT - single exposure

#### Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met., Inhalation of vapours or mists may cause irritation to the respiratory system.

#### Components:

##### **Triethylene glycol:**

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met., Inhalation of vapours or mists may cause irritation to the respiratory system.

##### **Diethylene glycol:**

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met., Inhalation of vapours or mists may cause irritation to the respiratory system., Ingestion may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

### STOT - repeated exposure

#### Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Components:

##### **Triethylene glycol:**

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

##### **Diethylene glycol:**

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Repeated dose toxicity

#### Product:

Rat, male and female:

Application Route: Oral

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 408

Target Organs: No specific target organs noted

Rat, male and female:

Application Route: Inhalation

Test atmosphere: Aerosol

Method: Acceptable non-standard method.

Test substance: PEG 200

Target Organs: No specific target organs noted



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Prepared according to GB/T 16483, GB/T 17519

## Triethylene Glycol

800001034061

Initial release date: 2006.08.15

Version 2.4

Revision Date 2025.02.12

Print Date 2025.02.19

### Components:

#### **Triethylene glycol:**

Rat, male and female:

Application Route: Oral

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 408

Target Organs: No specific target organs noted

Rat, male and female:

Application Route: Inhalation

Test atmosphere: Aerosol

Method: Acceptable non-standard method.

Test substance: PEG 200

Target Organs: No specific target organs noted

#### **Diethylene glycol:**

Rat, male and female:

Application Route: Oral

Method: Acceptable non-standard method.

Target Organs: No specific target organs noted

No observed adverse effect level: : 300 mg/kg

Exposure time: 98 Days

Lowest observed adverse effect level: : 1500 mg/kg

Exposure time: 98 Days

Dog, male:

Application Route: Dermal

Method: OECD Test Guideline 410

Target Organs: No specific target organs noted

No observed adverse effect level: : 4440 mg/kg

Lowest observed adverse effect level: : 8880 mg/kg

### **Aspiration toxicity**

#### **Product:**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Components:**

##### **Triethylene glycol:**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

##### **Diethylene glycol:**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Prepared according to GB/T 16483, GB/T 17519

## Triethylene Glycol

800001034061

Initial release date: 2006.08.15

Version 2.4

Revision Date 2025.02.12

Print Date 2025.02.19

### Further information

#### Product:

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

#### Components:

##### Triethylene glycol:

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

##### Diethylene glycol:

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment : Incomplete ecotoxicological data are available for this product.  
The information given below is based partly on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products.  
Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).

### Ecotoxicity

#### Product:

Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity) : LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): > 10,000 mg/l  
Exposure time: 96 h  
Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 203  
Remarks: Practically non toxic:  
LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l

Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity) : (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 10,000 mg/l  
Exposure time: 48 h  
Method: Other guideline method.  
Remarks: Practically non toxic:  
LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity) : EC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 6,500 - 13,000 mg/l  
Exposure time: 96 h  
Method: Other guideline method.  
Remarks: Practically non toxic:  
LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC: 15,380 mg/l  
Exposure time: 7 d  
Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)  
Method: Other guideline method.  
Remarks: NOEC/NOEL > 100 mg/l

Toxicity to crustacean (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC: > 15,000 mg/l  
Exposure time: 21 d

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Prepared according to GB/T 16483, GB/T 17519

## Triethylene Glycol

800001034061

Initial release date: 2006.08.15

Version 2.4

Revision Date 2025.02.12

Print Date 2025.02.19

Species: *Daphnia magna* (Water flea)

Method: Other guideline method.

Remarks: NOEC/NOEL > 100 mg/l

Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity) : EC10 (Activated sludge): > 1,995 mg/l  
Exposure time: 0.5 h  
Method: Other guideline method.  
Remarks: Practically non toxic:  
LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l

### Components:

#### **Triethylene glycol :**

Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity) : LC50 (*Lepomis macrochirus* (Bluegill sunfish)): > 10,000 mg/l  
Exposure time: 96 h  
Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 203  
Remarks: Practically non toxic:  
LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l

Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity) : (*Daphnia magna* (Water flea)): > 10,000 mg/l  
Exposure time: 48 h  
Method: Other guideline method.  
Remarks: Practically non toxic:  
LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity) : EC50 (*Selenastrum capricornutum* (green algae)): 6,500 - 13,000 mg/l  
Exposure time: 96 h  
Method: Other guideline method.  
Remarks: Practically non toxic:  
LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l

Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity) : EC10 (Activated sludge): > 1,995 mg/l  
Exposure time: 0.5 h  
Method: Other guideline method.  
Remarks: Practically non toxic:  
LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC: 15,380 mg/l  
Exposure time: 7 d  
Species: *Pimephales promelas* (fathead minnow)  
Method: Other guideline method.  
Remarks: NOEC/NOEL > 100 mg/l

Toxicity to crustacean(Chronic toxicity) : NOEC: > 15,000 mg/l  
Exposure time: 21 d  
Species: *Daphnia magna* (Water flea)  
Method: Other guideline method.  
Remarks: NOEC/NOEL > 100 mg/l

#### **Diethylene glycol :**

Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity) : LC50 (*Pimephales promelas* (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l  
Exposure time: 96 h  
Method: Literature data.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Prepared according to GB/T 16483, GB/T 17519

## Triethylene Glycol

800001034061

Initial release date: 2006.08.15

Version 2.4

Revision Date 2025.02.12

Print Date 2025.02.19

Remarks: Practically non toxic:

Method: Other guideline method.

Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l

Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity) : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l  
Exposure time: 48 h  
Method: Other guideline method.  
Remarks: Practically non toxic:  
LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity) : EC50 (Scenedesmus quadricauda (Green algae)): > 100 mg/l  
Exposure time: 72 h  
Method: Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.  
Remarks: Practically non toxic:  
LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l

Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity) : EC20 (Activated sludge, domestic waste): > 1,000 mg/l  
Exposure time: 3 h  
Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 209  
Remarks: Practically non toxic:  
LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC: > 40 mg/l  
Exposure time: 28 d  
Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)  
Method: Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.  
Remarks: NOEC/NOEL > 100 mg/l

Toxicity to crustacean(Chronic toxicity) : NOEC: > 100 mg/l  
Species: Ceriodaphnia dubia (Water flea)  
Method: Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.  
Remarks: NOEC/NOEL > 100 mg/l

### Persistence and degradability

#### Product:

Biodegradability : Biodegradation: 90 - 100 %  
Exposure time: 10 d  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301A  
Remarks: Readily biodegradable., Oxidises rapidly by photo-chemical reactions in air.

#### Components:

##### Triethylene glycol :

Biodegradability : Biodegradation: 90 - 100 %  
Exposure time: 10 d  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301A  
Remarks: Readily biodegradable.  
Oxidises rapidly by photo-chemical reactions in air.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Prepared according to GB/T 16483, GB/T 17519

## Triethylene Glycol

800001034061

Initial release date: 2006.08.15

Version 2.4

Revision Date 2025.02.12

Print Date 2025.02.19

### Diethylene glycol :

Biodegradability : Biodegradation: 70 - 80 %  
Exposure time: 28 d  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B  
Remarks: Inherently biodegradable.

### Bioaccumulative potential

#### Product:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Does not have the potential to bioaccumulate significantly.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: -1.24

#### Components:

##### Triethylene glycol :

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Does not have the potential to bioaccumulate significantly.

##### Diethylene glycol :

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Does not bioaccumulate significantly.

### Mobility in soil

#### Product:

Mobility : Remarks: If product enters soil, it will be highly mobile and may contaminate groundwater., Sinks in water.

#### Components:

##### Triethylene glycol :

Mobility : Remarks: If product enters soil, it will be highly mobile and may contaminate groundwater., Sinks in water.

##### Diethylene glycol :

Mobility : Remarks: If the product enters soil, one or more constituents will or may be mobile and may contaminate groundwater., Dissolves in water.

### Other adverse effects

#### Components:

##### Diethylene glycol :

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment : The substance does not fulfill all screening criteria for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity and hence is not considered to be PBT or vPvB.

Additional ecological information : Data not available

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### Disposal methods

Waste from residues : Recover or recycle if possible.  
It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Prepared according to GB/T 16483, GB/T 17519

## Triethylene Glycol

800001034061

Initial release date: 2006.08.15

Version 2.4

Revision Date 2025.02.12

Print Date 2025.02.19

determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.  
Remove all packaging for recovery or waste disposal.  
Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment.  
Do not dispose of tank water bottoms by allowing them to drain into the ground. This will result in soil and groundwater contamination.  
Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses.  
Waste arising from a spillage or tank cleaning should be disposed of in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.  
Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements and must be complied with.

MARPOL - see International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL 73/78) which provides technical aspects at controlling pollutions from ships.

Contaminated packaging : Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand.

Local legislation  
Remarks : If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### National Regulations

### International Regulations

#### ADR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

### Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Pollution category : Z  
Product name : Triethylene Glycol

### Special precautions for user

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Prepared according to GB/T 16483, GB/T 17519

## Triethylene Glycol

800001034061

Initial release date: 2006.08.15

Version 2.4	Revision Date 2025.02.12	Print Date 2025.02.19
Remarks	: Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.	
Additional Information	: This product may be transported under nitrogen blanketing. Nitrogen is an odourless and invisible gas. Exposure to nitrogen enriched atmospheres displaces available oxygen which may cause asphyxiation or death. Personnel must observe strict safety precautions when involved with a confined space entry.	

### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### National regulatory information

Rotterdam Convention (Prior Informed Consent)

Not applicable

Stockholm Convention (Persistent Organic Pollutants)

Not applicable

Law on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases

The categories of occupational disease:

Not applicable

Occupational Disease Classification list:

Not applicable

#### Regulations on Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals

Catalogue of Hazardous Chemicals : Not applicable

Identification of Major Hazard Installations for Hazardous Chemicals (GB 18218) : Not applicable

Hazardous Chemicals for Priority Management under SAWS : Not applicable

#### Regulations on Labour Protection in Workplaces where Toxic Substances are Used

Catalogue of Highly Toxic Chemicals : Not applicable

#### Regulation of Environmental Management on the First Import of Chemicals and the Import and Export of Toxic Chemicals

China Severely Restricted Toxic Chemicals for Import and Export : Not applicable

#### Other international regulations

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

DSL	: Listed
IECSC	: Listed
TSCA	: Listed
KECI	: Listed
PICCS	: Listed
ENCS	: Listed
NZIoC	: Listed

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Prepared according to GB/T 16483, GB/T 17519

## Triethylene Glycol

800001034061

Initial release date: 2006.08.15

Version 2.4

Revision Date 2025.02.12

Print Date 2025.02.19

TCSI

: Listed

### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

#### Full text of H-Statements

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

#### Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox. Acute toxicity

#### Abbreviations and Acronyms

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECl - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

#### Further information

Training advice : Provide adequate information, instruction and training for operators.

Other information : A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Prepared according to GB/T 16483, GB/T 17519

## Triethylene Glycol

800001034061

Initial release date: 2006.08.15

Version 2.4

Revision Date 2025.02.12

Print Date 2025.02.19

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet

: The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).

### Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

CN / EN