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Diisobutyl Ketone

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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : Diisobutyl Ketone

Product code : S1226

Registration number EU : 01-2119474441-41-0001

Synonyms : DIBK CAS-No. : 108-83-8

EC-No. : 203-620-1

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Sub- : Use only in industrial processes.

stance/Mixture Please refer to section 16 and/or the annexes for the regis-

tered uses under REACH.

Uses advised against : This product must not be used in applications other than the

above without first seeking the advice of the supplier.

This product must not be used in applications other than those listed in Section 1 without first seeking the advice of the sup-

plier.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier : Shell Chemicals Europe B.V.

PO Box 2334 3000 CH Rotterdam

Netherlands

Telephone : +31 (0)10 441 5137 / +31 (0)10 441 5191 Telefax : +31 (0)20 716 8316 / +31 (0)20 713 9230

Contact for Safety Data : sccmsds@shell.com

Sheet

1.4 Emergency telephone number

+44 (0) 1235 239 670 (This telephone number is available 24 hours per day, 7 days per

week)

Poison Centre: (+41) 145

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Flammable liquids, Category 3 H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.

Specific target organ toxicity - single ex- H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

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posure, Category 3, Respiratory Tract

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms





Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : PHYSICAL HAZARDS:

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

HEALTH HAZARDS:

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:

Not classified as environmental hazard according to

CLP criteria.

Supplemental Hazard

Statements

EUH066

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or

cracking.

Precautionary statements : Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open

flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.

Response:

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and

keep comfortable for breathing.

Storage:

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste

disposal plant.

2.3 Other hazards

Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Vapours are heavier than air. Vapours may travel across the ground and reach remote ignition

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sources causing a flashback fire danger.

May form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

Risk of explosion if heated under confinement.

Even with proper grounding and bonding, this material can still accumulate an electrostatic charge.

If sufficient charge is allowed to accumulate, electrostatic discharge and ignition of flammable airvapour mixtures can occur.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
	EC-No.	
Diisobutyl Ketone	108-83-8	< 100
	203-620-1	

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal

conditions.

Protection of first-aiders : When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the

appropriate personal protective equipment according to the

incident, injury and surroundings.

If inhaled : Remove to fresh air. If rapid recovery does not occur,

transport to nearest medical facility for additional treatment.

In case of skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with wa-

ter and follow by washing with soap if available.

If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.

In case of eye contact : Flush eye with copious quantities of water.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

rinsing.

If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.

If swallowed : In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities

are swallowed, however, get medical advice.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms : Respiratory irritation signs and symptoms may include a tem-

porary burning sensation of the nose and throat, coughing,

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and/or difficulty breathing.

Defatting dermatitis signs and symptoms may include a burn-

ing sensation and/or a dried/cracked appearance. No specific hazards under normal use conditions.

Skin irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning sen-

sation, redness, or swelling.

Eye irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning sen-

sation, redness, swelling, and/or blurred vision.

Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Potential for chemical pneumonitis.

Call a doctor or poison control center for guidance.

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Alcohol-resistant foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical pow-

der, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires

only.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

None

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

The vapour is heavier than air, spreads along the ground and

distant ignition is possible.

Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion

occurs.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment :

for firefighters

Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to

relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Standard procedure for chemical fires.

Further information : Clear fire area of all non-emergency personnel.

Keep adjacent containers cool by spraying with water.

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Observe the relevant local and international regulations

Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the

environment occurs or is likely to occur.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

The vapour is heavier than air, spreads along the ground and

distant ignition is possible.

Vapour may form an explosive mixture with air.

6.1.1 For non emergency personnel: Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Isolate hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary or unpro-

tected personnel.

Stay upwind and keep out of low areas. 6.1.2 For emergency responders:

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Isolate hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary or unpro-

tected personnel.

Stay upwind and keep out of low areas.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions

Shut off leaks, if possible without personal risks. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. Attempt to disperse the vapour or to direct its flow to a safe location for example by using fog sprays. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Ensure electrical continuity by bond-

ing and grounding (earthing) all equipment. Ventilate contaminated area thoroughly. Monitor area with combustible gas indicator.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

For large liquid spills (> 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank for recovery or safe disposal. Do not flush away residues with water. Retain as contaminated waste. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely For small liquid spills (< 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means to a labeled, sealable container for product recovery or safe disposal. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove

contaminated soil and dispose of safely.

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6.4 Reference to other sections

For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet., For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Technical measures : Avoid breathing of or direct contact with material. Only use in

well ventilated areas. Wash thoroughly after handling. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see

Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.

Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this

material.

Ensure that all local regulations regarding handling and stor-

age facilities are followed.

Advice on safe handling : Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of

vapours, mists or aerosols.

Bulk storage tanks should be diked (bunded).

Extinguish any naked flames. Do not smoke. Remove ignition

sources. Avoid sparks.

Electrostatic discharge may cause fire. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment to

reduce the risk.

The vapours in the head space of the storage vessel may lie in the flammable/explosive range and hence may be flamma-

ble.

Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning mate-

rials in order to prevent fires.

Do NOT use compressed air for filling, discharging, or han-

dling operations.

Product Transfer : Refer to guidance under Handling section.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

: The vapour is heavier than air. Beware of accumulation in pits and confined spaces. Refer to section 15 for any additional specific legislation covering the packaging and storage of this

product.

Packaging material : Suitable material: For containers, or container linings use mild

steel, stainless steel.

Unsuitable material: Natural, butyl, neoprene or nitrile rubbers.

Container Advice : Containers, even those that have been emptied, can contain

explosive vapours. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform

similar operations on or near containers.

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7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : Please refer to section 16 and/or the annexes for the regis-

tered uses under REACH.

Ensure that all local regulations regarding handling and stor-

age facilities are followed.

See additional references that provide safe handling practices: American Petroleum Institute 2003 (Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning and Stray Currents) or National Fire Protection Agency 77 (Recommended Practices

on Static Electricity).

IEC/TS 60079-32-1: Electrostatic hazards, guidance

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Diisobutyl Ketone	108-83-8	TWA	25 ppm	CH SUVA
			150 mg/m3	
	Further information: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health,			
	National Institute of Research and Safety for the prevention of work accidents			
	and occupational diseases			

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value
Diisobutyl Ketone	Workers	Inhalation	Acute systemic effects	290 mg/m3
Diisobutyl Ketone	Workers	Inhalation	Acute local effects	290 mg/m3
Diisobutyl Ketone	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	479 mg/m3
Diisobutyl Ketone	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	290 mg/m3
Diisobutyl Ketone	Workers	Dermal	Long-term systemic effects	80 mg/kg bw/day
Diisobutyl Ketone	Consumers	Inhalation	Acute systemic effects	145 mg/m3
Diisobutyl Ketone	Consumers	Inhalation	Acute local effects	145 mg/m3
Diisobutyl Ketone	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	171 mg/m3
Diisobutyl Ketone	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term local ef- fects	145 mg/m3
Diisobutyl Ketone	Consumers	Dermal	Long-term systemic effects	28,5 mg/kg bw/day

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Diisobutyl Ketone	Consumers	Oral	Long-term systemic	7,14 mg/kg	l
			effects	bw/day	

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	Environmental Compartment	Value
Diisobutyl Ketone	Fresh water	0,03 mg/l
Diisobutyl Ketone	Marine water	0,003 mg/l
Diisobutyl Ketone	Fresh water sediment	0,46 mg/kg
Diisobutyl Ketone	Marine sediment	0,046 mg/kg
Diisobutyl Ketone	Soil	0,0746 mg/kg
Diisobutyl Ketone	Sewage treatment plant	2,55 mg/l

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures

Read in conjunction with the Exposure Scenario for your specific use contained in the Annex. The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include:

Use sealed systems as far as possible.

Adequate explosion-proof ventilation to control airborne concentrations below the exposure guidelines/limits.

Local exhaust ventilation is recommended.

Firewater monitors and deluge systems are recommended.

Eye washes and showers for emergency use.

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

General Information

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.

Personal protective equipment

Read in conjunction with the Exposure Scenario for your specific use contained in the Annex. The provided information is made in consideration of the PPE directive (Council Directive 89/686/EEC) and the CEN European Committee for Standardisation (CEN) standards.

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Eye protection : If material is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes,

protective eyewear is recommended. Approved to EU Standard EN166.

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Hand protection

Remarks

Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. Longer term protection: butyl-rubber Nitrile rubber gloves.

Incidental contact/Splash protection: Nitrile rubber gloves. For continuous contact we recommend gloves with breakthrough time of more than 240 minutes with preference for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. For short-term/splash protection we recommend the same but recognize that suitable gloves offering this level of protection may not be available and in this case a lower breakthrough time maybe acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not a good predictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Glove thickness should be typically greater than 0.35 mm depending on the glove make and model. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended.

Skin and body protection

Skin protection is not required under normal conditions of

For prolonged or repeated exposures use impervious clothing over parts of the body subject to exposure.

If repeated and/or prolonged skin exposure to the substance is likely, then wear suitable gloves tested to relevant Standard, and provide employee skin care programmes.

Protective clothing approved to EU Standard EN14605.

Wear antistatic and flame-retardant clothing, if a local risk assessment deems it so.

Respiratory protection

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are unsuitable (e.g. airborne concentrations are high, risk of oxygen deficiency, confined space) use appropriate positive pressure breathing apparatus

Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appro-

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priate combination of mask and filter.

If air-filtering respirators are suitable for conditions of use: Select a filter suitable for organic gases and vapours [Type A

boiling point > 65°C (149°F)] meeting EN14387.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid.

Colour : clear

Odour : Esters

Odour Threshold : Data not available

Melting point/freezing point : Data not available

Boiling point/boiling range : 163 - 173 °C

Flammability

Flammability (solid, gas) : Data not available

Lower explosion limit and upper explosion limit / flammability limit

Upper explosion limit /

: 6,2 %(V)

Upper flammability limit

Lower explosion limit / : 0,

Lower flammability limit

0,8 %(V)

Flash point : 47 °C

Method: IP 170

Auto-ignition temperature : 345 °C

Method: ASTM D-2155

Decomposition temperature

Decomposition tempera: Data

Data not available

ture

pH : Not applicable

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : Data not available

Viscosity, kinematic : Data not available

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : 0,5 g/l (20 °C)

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Solubility in other solvents : Data not available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 2,9 - 3,1

Vapour pressure : 160 Pa (20 °C)

Relative density : 0,806 - 0,812 (20 °C)

Method: ASTM D4052

Density : 806 - 812 kg/m3 (20 °C)

Method: ASTM D4052

Relative vapour density : 4,9 (20 °C)

Particle characteristics

Particle size : Data not available

9.2 Other information

Explosive properties : Not applicable

Oxidizing properties : Data not available

Evaporation rate : 0,2

Method: ASTM D 3539, nBuAc=1

Conductivity: > 10,000 pS/m

A number of factors, for example liquid temperature, presence of contaminants, and anti-static additives can greatly influence the conductivity of a liquid, This material is not expected to be

a static accumulator.

Surface tension : 22,6 mN/m, 20 °C

Molecular weight : 142,24 g/mol

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.

10.2 Chemical stability

No hazardous reaction is expected when handled and stored according to provisions

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Reacts with strong oxidising agents.

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10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

Prevent vapour accumulation.

In certain circumstances product can ignite due to static elec-

tricity.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Strong oxidising agents.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition is highly dependent on conditions. A complex mixture of airborne solids, liquids and gases including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, sulphur oxides and unidentified organic compounds will be evolved when this material undergoes combustion or thermal or oxidative degradation.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

exposure

Information on likely routes of : Inhalation is the primary route of exposure although absorption may occur through skin contact or following accidental

ingestion.

Acute toxicity

Components:

Diisobutyl Ketone:

Acute oral toxicity LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 2.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Acute inhalation toxicity LC50 (Rat): > 10 - 20 mg/l

> Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: vapour

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

An LC50/inhalation/4h/rat could not be determined because no mortality of rats was observed at the maximum achievable

concentration.

Acute dermal toxicity LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 2.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

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Skin corrosion/irritation

Components:

Diisobutyl Ketone:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
Remarks : Slightly irritating to skin.
Insufficient to classify.

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Components:

Diisobutyl Ketone:

Species : Rabbit

Method : Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 405
Remarks : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Essentially non-irritating to eyes. Vapours may be irritating to the eye.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Components:

Diisobutyl Ketone:

Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Remarks : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Components:

Diisobutyl Ketone:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 471

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline

473

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity- As-

sessment

This product does not meet the criteria for classification in

categories 1A/1B.

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Carcinogenicity

Components:

Diisobutyl Ketone:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

This product does not meet the criteria for classification in

categories 1A/1B.

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
Diisobutyl Ketone	No carcinogenicity classification.

Reproductive toxicity

Components:

Diisobutyl Ketone:

Effects on fertility : Species: Rat

Sex: male and female Application Route: Inhalation

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 416 Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

This product does not meet the criteria for classification in

categories 1A/1B.

STOT - single exposure

Components:

Diisobutyl Ketone:

Exposure routes : Inhalation

Target Organs : Respiratory system

Remarks : May cause respiratory irritation.

Inhalation of vapours or mists may cause irritation to the res-

piratory system.

STOT - repeated exposure

Components:

Diisobutyl Ketone:

Remarks : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Diisobutyl Ketone:

Species : Rat, male Application Route : Oral

Method : Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 408

Target Organs : No specific target organs noted

Species : Rat, male and female

Application Route : Inhalation Test atmosphere : vapour

Method : Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 412

Target Organs : No specific target organs noted

Aspiration toxicity

Components:

Diisobutyl Ketone:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components consid-

ered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at

levels of 0.1% or higher.

Further information

Product:

Remarks : Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representa-

tive of the product as a whole, rather than for individual com-

ponent(s).

Components:

Diisobutyl Ketone:

Remarks : Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory

frameworks may exist.

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Components:

Diisobutyl Ketone:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 30 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Remarks: Harmful

LL/EL/IL50 > 10 <= 100 mg/l

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 37,2 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Remarks: Harmful

LL/EL/IL50 > 10 <= 100 mg/l

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (algae)): 46,9 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Harmful

LL/EL/IL50 > 10 <= 100 mg/l

Toxicity to microorganisms : IC50 (activated sludge): 255 mg/l

Exposure time: 16 h

Method: Other guideline method. Remarks: Practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

Remarks: Data not available

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

Remarks: Data not available

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Components:

Diisobutyl Ketone:

Biodegradability : Biodegradation: 88 %

Exposure time: 20 d

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 301D

Remarks: Readily biodegradable.

Oxidises rapidly by photo-chemical reactions in air.

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12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Diisobutyl Ketone:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Does not have the potential to bioaccumulate significant-

ly.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Components:

Diisobutyl Ketone:

Mobility : Remarks: Floats on water., If the product enters soil, one or

more constituents will or may be mobile and may contaminate

groundwater.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Components:

Diisobutyl Ketone:

Assessment : The substance does not fulfill all screening criteria for persis-

tence, bioaccumulation and toxicity and hence is not consid-

ered to be PBT or vPvB..

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to

have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Product:

Additional ecological infor-

mation

Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).

Components:

Diisobutyl Ketone:

Additional ecological infor-

mation

: Does not have ozone depletion potential.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

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Product : Recover or recycle if possible.

It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal meth-

ods in compliance with applicable regulations.

Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water

courses.

Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional,

national, and local laws and regulations.

Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or na-

tional requirements and must be complied with.

MARPOL - see International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL 73/78) which provides tech-

nical aspects at controlling pollutions from ships.

Contaminated packaging : Drain container thoroughly.

After draining, vent in a safe place away from sparks and fire.

Residues may cause an explosion hazard. Do not, puncture, cut, or weld uncleaned drums. Send to drum recoverer or metal reclaimer.

Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number or ID number

ADN : 1157
ADR : 1157
RID : 1157
IMDG : 1157
IATA : 1157

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADN : DIISOBUTYL KETONE
ADR : DIISOBUTYL KETONE
RID : DIISOBUTYL KETONE
IMDG : DIISOBUTYL KETONE

IATA : Diisobutyl ketone

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14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADN : 3
ADR : 3
RID : 3
IMDG : 3
IATA : 3

14.4 Packing group

ADN

Packing group : III Classification Code : F1

Labels : 3 (N3, F)

CDNI Inland Water Waste : NST 8963 Solvent

Agreement

ADR

Packing group : III
Classification Code : F1
Hazard Identification Number : 30
Labels : 3

RID

Packing group : III
Classification Code : F1
Hazard Identification Number : 30
Labels : 3

IMDG

Packing group : III Labels : 3

IATA

Packing group : III Labels : 3

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADN

Environmentally hazardous : yes

ADR

Environmentally hazardous : no

RID

Environmentally hazardous : no

IMDG

Marine pollutant : no

14.6 Special precautions for user

Remarks : Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage,

for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or

needs to comply with in connection with transport.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

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Pollution category : Y Ship type : 3

Product name : Diisobutyl ketone

Additional Information : Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC

Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation : Product is not subject to Authorisa-

(Annex XIV) tion under REACH.

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High

Concern for Authorisation (Article 59). stances of very high concern (Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH),

Article 57).

This product does not contain sub-

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

P5a FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS

Waters Protection Ordinance (WPO 814.201)

Water pollution class : Swiss Class B, (www.tankportal.ch)

Other regulations:

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

Product is subject to Stoerfallverordnung (StFV).

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AIIC : Listed

DSL : Listed

IECSC : Listed

ENCS : Listed

KECI : Listed

TSCA : Listed

TCSI : Listed

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PICCS : Listed

NZIoC : Listed

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of other abbreviations

CH SUVA : Switzerland. Limit values at the work place

CH SUVA / TWA : Time Weighted Average

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA -European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI -Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information

Training advice : Provide adequate information, instruction and training for op-

erators.

Other information : For Industry guidance and tools on REACH please visit the

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CEFIC website at http://cefic.org/Industry-support.

The substance does not fulfill all screening criteria for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity and hence is not considered to be RRT and the

ered to be PBT or vPvB.

A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.

This product is classified as R66 / EUH066 (Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking). The risk relates to the potential for repeated or prolonged dermal contact. The risk arising from contact is solely related to the physicochemical properties of the substance. The risk can therefore be controlled by implementing risk management measures tailored to this specific hazard and included within Section 8 of the SDS. An exposure scenario is not presented.

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet

The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).

Classification of the mixture:

Classification procedure:

Flam. Liq. 3 H226 On basis of test data.

STOT SE 3 H335 Expert judgement and weight of evi-

dence determination.

Identified Uses according to the Use Descriptor System

Uses - Worker

Title : Manufacture of substance

- Industrial

Uses - Worker

Title : Use as an intermediate

- Industrial

Uses - Worker

Title : Distribution of substance

- Industrial

Uses - Worker

Title : Formulation & (re)packing of substances and mixtures

- Industrial

Uses - Worker

Title : Uses in Coatings

- Industrial

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Uses - Worker

Title : Uses in Coatings

- Professional

Uses - Worker

Title : Use in Cleaning Agents

- Industrial

Uses - Worker

Title : Use in Cleaning Agents

- Professional

Identified Uses according to the Use Descriptor System

Uses - Consumer

Title : Uses in Coatings

- Consumer

Uses - Consumer

Title : Use in Cleaning Agents

- Consumer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

CH / EN

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

30000000514	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Manufacture of substance- Industrial
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU 3, SU8, SU9 Process Categories: PROC 1, PROC 2, PROC 3, PROC 4, PROC 8a, PROC 8b, PROC 15 Environmental Release Categories: ERC1, ERC4, ESVOC SpERC 1.1.v1
Scope of process	Manufacture of the substance or use as a process chemical or extraction agent. Includes recycling/ recovery, material transfers, storage, maintenance and loading (including marine vessel/barge, road/rail car and bulk container), sampling and associated laboratory activities.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure
Product Characteristics	
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP
Concentration of the Sub-	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated
stance in Mixture/Article	differently).,
Frequency and Duration of	Use
Covers daily exposures up to	8 hours (unless stated differently).
Other Operational Condition	
	an 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). and of occupational hygiene is implemented.
Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures
General expo-	No other specific measures identified.
sures.Continuous pro-	
cess(closed sys-	
tems)PROC1	
General expo-	No other specific measures identified.
sures.Continuous process-	
with sample collec-	
tion(closed sys-	
tems)PROC2	
Use in contained batch	No other specific measures identified.
processesPROC3	No other constitution of the constitution of t
General exposures (open	No other specific measures identified.
systems)PROC4	No other execitions control identified
Process sampling(closed systems)PROC3	No other specific measures identified.
Equipment cleaning and maintenancePROC8a	No other specific measures identified.

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Bulk transfersDedicated facilityPROC8b	No other specific measures identified.		
Bulk product storage(closed systems)PROC2	No other specific measures identified.		
Laboratory activi- tiesPROC15	No other specific measures identified.		
Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure		
Substance is a unique structu			
Readily biodegradable.			
Amounts Used			
Fraction of EU tonnage used	in region:	1	
Regional use tonnage (tonne		5,75E+05	
Fraction of Regional tonnage		1	
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/		5,75E+05	
Maximum daily site tonnage (1,92E+06	
Frequency and Duration of		1,022.00	
Continuous release.			
Emission Days (days/year):		300	
	influenced by risk management	300	
Local freshwater dilution factor		10	
Local marine water dilution fa	-	100	
	ns affecting Environmental Exposure	100	
		1,0E-03	
	Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM):		
RMM):	Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to 3,0E-03		
Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM): 1,0E-04			
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release			
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process re-			
lease estimates used.			
	s and measures to reduce or limit discha	arges, air emis-	
sions and releases to soil		argoo, an onno	
	osure is driven by freshwater.		
	lved substance to or recover from onsite		
wastewater.			
	wage treatment plant, no secondary		
wastewater treatment require			
	a typical removal efficiency of (%)	90	
	r to receiving water discharge) to provide	87,3	
the required removal efficiency		,	
	wage treatment plant, no secondary	0	
wastewater treatment require			
Organisational measures to	prevent/limit release from site		
Do not apply industrial sludge	e to natural soils.		
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.			
Conditions and Measures r	Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant		
	I from wastewater via domestic sewage	87,3	
treatment (%)			
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite 87,3			
(domestic treatment plant) RI		- ,-	

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Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	2,1E+06
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.000
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for	disposal
During manufacturing no waste of the substance is generated.	
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	
During manufacturing no waste of the substance is generated.	

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION
Section 3.1 - Health	
The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.	

Section 3.2 - Environment

Used EUSES model.

SECTION 4	EXPOSURE SCENARIO
Section 4.1 - Health	
Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management	

Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 -Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org).

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

30000000522	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Use as an intermediate- Industrial
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU 3 Process Categories: PROC 1, PROC 2, PROC 3, PROC 4, PROC 8a, PROC 8b, PROC 15 Environmental Release Categories: ERC6a, ESVOC SpERC 6.1a.v1
Scope of process	Use of substance as an intermediate (not related to Strictly Controlled Conditions). Includes recycling/ recovery, material transfers, storage, sampling, associated laboratory activities, maintenance and loading (including marine vessel/barge, road/rail car and bulk container).

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure
Product Characteristics	
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP
Concentration of the Sub-	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated
stance in Mixture/Article	differently).,
Frequency and Duration of	Use
Covers daily exposures up to	8 hours (unless stated differently).
Other Operational Conditio	ns affecting Exposure
Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented. Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently	
Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures
General expo-	No other specific measures identified.
sures.Continuous pro-	
cess(closed sys-	
tems)PROC1	
General expo-	No other specific measures identified.
sures.Continuous process-	
with sample collec-	
tion(closed sys-	
tems)PROC2	
Use in contained batch	No other specific measures identified.
processesPROC3	
General exposures (open	No other specific measures identified.
systems)PROC4	No. of the control of
Process sampling(closed systems)PROC3	No other specific measures identified.
Equipment cleaning and maintenancePROC8a	No other specific measures identified.

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Bulk transfersDedicated	No other specific measures identified.	
facilityPROC8b		
Bulk product storage(closed systems)PROC1PROC2	No other specific measures identified.	
Laboratory activi- tiesPROC15	No other specific measures identified.	
Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
Substance is a unique structu	ire.	
Readily biodegradable.		
Amounts Used		•
Fraction of EU tonnage used	in region:	1
Regional use tonnage (tonne		500
Fraction of Regional tonnage		1
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/		500
Maximum daily site tonnage (1,7E+03
Frequency and Duration of		1,7 = 100
Continuous release.	USE .	
Emission Days (days/year):		300
	nfluenced by risk management	300
Local freshwater dilution factor		10
Local marine water dilution fa		100
	ns affecting Environmental Exposure	0.05.04
	rocess (initial release prior to RMM):	2,0E-04
	er from process (initial release prior to	3,0E-03
RMM):		
	process (initial release prior to RMM):	1,0E-03
	neasures at process level (source) to pr	event release
Common practices vary acrost lease estimates used.	ss sites thus conservative process re-	
	s and measures to reduce or limit discha	arges, air emis-
sions and releases to soil		
Risk from environmental expo	osure is driven by freshwater.	
Prevent discharge of undisso	lved substance to or recover from onsite	
wastewater.		
If discharging to domestic sev	wage treatment plant, no secondary	
wastewater treatment require		
Treat air emission to provide	a typical removal efficiency of (%)	80
	r to receiving water discharge) to provide	87,3
the required removal efficience	cy of >= (%)	
If discharging to domestic sev	wage treatment plant, no secondary	0
wastewater treatment require		
Organisational measures to	prevent/limit release from site	
Do not apply industrial sludge		
Sludge should be incinerated	, contained or reclaimed.	
Conditions and Measures re	elated to municipal sewage treatment p	lant
	I from wastewater via domestic sewage	87,3
treatment (%)		0.,0
	om wastewater after onsite and offsite	87,3
(domestic treatment plant) RN		

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Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following	5,8E+04
total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.000

Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION
Section 3.1 - Health	
The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.	

Section 3.2 - Environment

Used EUSES model.

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO
Section 4.1 - Health	

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org).

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

30000000515	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Distribution of substance- Industrial
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU 3, SU8, SU9 Process Categories: PROC 1, PROC 2, PROC 3, PROC 4, PROC 8a, PROC 8b, PROC 9, PROC 15 Environmental Release Categories: ERC1, ERC2, ERC3, ERC4, ERC5, ERC6a, ERC7, ESVOC SpERC 1.1b.v1
Scope of process	Loading (including marine vessel/barge, rail/road car and IBC loading) and repacking (including drums and small packs) of substance, including its sampling, storage, unloading distribution and associated laboratory activities.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure
Product Characteristics	
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).,
Frequency and Duration of	Use
	8 hours (unless stated differently).
Other Operational Condition	
Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.	
Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures
General exposures (closed systems)Continuous processno samplingPROC1	No other specific measures identified.
General exposures (closed systems)Continuous processwith sample collectionPROC2	No other specific measures identified.
General exposures.Use in contained batch process-eswith sample collectionPROC3	No other specific measures identified.
General exposures (open systems)PROC4	No other specific measures identified.
Process sampling(closed systems)PROC3	No other specific measures identified.
Bulk transfersDedicated facility(closed systems)PROC8b	No other specific measures identified.

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Bulk transfersDedicated	No other specific measures identified.	
facility(open sys-		
tems)PROC8b		
Drum/batch transfersDedi-	No other specific measures identified.	
cated facilityPROC8b		
Drum and small package	No other specific measures identified.	
fillingDedicated facili-		
tyPROC9		
Equipment cleaning and	No other specific measures identified.	
maintenancePROC8a	'	
Bulk product storage(closed	No other specific measures identified.	
systems)PROC2		
Laboratory activi-	No other specific measures identified.	
tiesPROC15	The earlier operation includes to tachtime at	
Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
Substance is a unique structu	II C.	
Readily biodegradable.		
Amounts Used		T .
Fraction of EU tonnage used		1
Regional use tonnage (tonne		9,0E+03
Fraction of Regional tonnage		1
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/	year):	9,0E+03
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day):	3,0E+04
Frequency and Duration of	Use	
Continuous release.		
Emission Days (days/year):		300
Environmental factors not i	nfluenced by risk management	1
Local freshwater dilution factor	<u> </u>	10
Local marine water dilution fa		100
	ns affecting Environmental Exposure	100
	rocess (initial release prior to RMM):	1.05.04
		1,0E-04
	er from process (initial release prior to	1,0E-05
RMM):	one of the interest of the DAMA).	4.05.05
	process (initial release prior to RMM):	1,0E-05
	neasures at process level (source) to pro-	event release
	ss sites thus conservative process re-	
lease estimates used.		
	s and measures to reduce or limit discha	arges, air emis-
sions and releases to soil		1
Risk from environmental expo		
_	lved substance to or recover from onsite	
wastewater.		
	wage treatment plant, no secondary	
wastewater treatment require		
	a typical removal efficiency of (%)	90
Treat onsite wastewater (prio	r to receiving water discharge) to provide	87,3
the required removal efficience	cy of >= (%)	
	wage treatment plant, no secondary	0
wastewater treatment require		
	prevent/limit release from site	•
Do not apply industrial sludge		
2 5 710t apply illiadottial oldage		

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Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.	
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	olant
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage	87,3
treatment (%)	
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite	87,3
(domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following	5,3E+05
total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.000
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	

External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION
Section 3.1 - Health	
The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise	
indicated.	

Section 3.2 - Environment

Used EUSES model.

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO
	EXPOSORE SCENARIO

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org).

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

30000000516	00000516	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE	
Title	Formulation & (re)packing of substances and mixtures- Industrial	
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU 3, SU 10 Process Categories: PROC 1, PROC 2, PROC 3, PROC 4, PROC 5, PROC 8a, PROC 8b, PROC 9, PROC 14, PROC 15 Environmental Release Categories: ERC2, ESVOC SpERC 2.2.v1	
Scope of process	Formulation, packing and re-packing of the substance and its mixtures in batch or continuous operations, including storage, materials transfers, mixing, tabletting, compression, pelletisation, extrusion, large and small scale packing, sampling, maintenance and associated laboratory activities.	

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure
Product Characteristics	
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).,
Frequency and Duration of Use	
Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Other Operational Conditions affecting Exposure	
Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently).	

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures
General exposures (closed systems)Continuous processno samplingPROC1	No other specific measures identified.
General exposures (closed systems)Continuous processwith sample collectionPROC2	No other specific measures identified.
General exposures.Use in contained batch process-eswith sample collectionPROC3	No other specific measures identified.
General exposures (open systems)PROC4	No other specific measures identified.
Batch processes at elevat- ed temperatures(closed systems)PROC3	No other specific measures identified.

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_		
Process sampling(closed systems)PROC3	No other specific measures identified.	
Bulk transfersDedicated facilityPROC8b	No other specific measures identified.	
Mixing operations (open	Provide a good standard of general vent	tilation (not less than
systems)PROC5	3 to 5 air changes per hour).	
	o to o am onangeo per mean).	
Transfer from/pouring from	No other specific measures identified.	
containersManualPROC8a		
Equipment cleaning and	No other specific measures identified.	
maintenancePROC8a		
Drum/batch transfersDedi-	No other specific measures identified.	
cated facilityPROC8b		
Production or preparation	No other specific measures identified.	
or articles by tabletting,		
compression, extrusion or		
pelletisationPROC14		
Drum and small package	No other specific measures identified.	
fillingDedicated facili-	'	
tyPROC9		
Bulk product storage(closed	No other specific measures identified.	
systems)PROC2	'	
Laboratory activi-	No other specific measures identified.	
tiesPROC15	'	
Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
Substance is a unique structu		
Readily biodegradable.		
Amounts Used		
Fraction of EU tonnage used	in region:	1
Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year):		800
Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally:		1
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year):		800
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day):		2,7E+03
Frequency and Duration of Use		
Continuous release.		
Emission Days (days/year):		300
Environmental factors not influenced by risk management		
		10
Local marine water dilution fa		100
Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure		100
		1,0E-02
		2,0E-03
RMM):		
Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM): 1,0E-04		
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release		revent release
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.		
	Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emis-	
sions and releases to soil		iai goo, aii ciilio-
Risk from environmental expo	osure is driven by freshwater	
Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite		

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wastewater.	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary	
wastewater treatment required.	
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)	0
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide	87,3
the required removal efficiency of >= (%)	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary	0
wastewater treatment required.	
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site	
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.	
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.	
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant	
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage	87,3
treatment (%)	
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite	87,3
(domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following	1,1E+05
total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.000
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	
External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable	local and/or regional
regulations.	
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	
External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable	local and/or regional
regulations.	

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION
Section 3.1 - Health	
The ECETOC TRA tool has be indicated.	peen used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise

Section 3.2 -Environment	
Used EUSES model.	

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO
Section 4.1 - Health	
Measures/Operational Condit Where other Risk Manageme	expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management ions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. In the Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 -Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all

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sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org).

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

Mixing operations (closed

systems)General exposures (closed systems)PROC3

Film formation - air dry-

ingPROC4

30000000517	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Uses in Coatings- Industrial
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU 3 Process Categories: PROC 1, PROC 2, PROC 3, PROC 4, PROC 5, PROC 7, PROC 8a, PROC 8b, PROC 10, PROC 13, PROC 14, PROC 15 Environmental Release Categories: ERC4, ESVOC SpERC 4.3a.v1
Scope of process	Covers the use in coatings (paints, inks, adhesives, etc) including exposures during use (including materials receipt, storage, preparation and transfer from bulk and semi-bulk, application by spray, roller, spreader, dip, flow, fluidised bed on production lines and film formation) and equipment cleaning, maintenance and associated laboratory activities.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES	
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP	
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).,	
Frequency and Duration of	Use	
Covers daily exposures up to	8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Other Operational Condition	ns affecting Exposure	
Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently).		
Assumes a good basic standa	ard of occupational hygiene is implemented.	
Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures	
General exposures (closed systems)PROC1	No other specific measures identified.	
General exposures (closed systems) with sample collection PROC2	No other specific measures identified.	
Film formation - force dry- ing, stoving and other tech- nologies.Use in contained systemsPROC2	No other specific measures identified.	

No other specific measures identified.

No other specific measures identified.

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December Construction Construction	Nicode constitution	
	Preparation of material for No other specific measures identified.	
applicationMixing operations (open sys-		
tems)PROC5		
Spraying (automat-	Carry out in a vented booth or extracted	anclosura
ic/robotic)PROC7	•	
SprayingManualPROC7	Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than	
	3 to 5 air changes per hour).	
	Avoid carrying out activities involving exp	posure for more than
	4 hours	
	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.	
Material transfersNon-	No other specific measures identified.	
dedicated facilityPROC8a	No other specific measures identified.	
Material transfersDedicated	No other specific measures identified.	
facilityPROC8b	'	
Roller, spreader, flow appli-	No other specific measures identified.	
cationPROC10		
Dipping, immersion and	No other specific measures identified.	
pouringPROC13	N d Z	
Production or preparation	No other specific measures identified.	
or articles by tabletting, compression, extrusion or		
pelletisationPROC14		
Laboratory activi-	No other specific measures identified.	
tiesPROC15	No other specific measures identified.	
Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
Substance is a unique structu		
Readily biodegradable.		
Amounts Used		•
Fraction of EU tonnage used	in region:	1
Regional use tonnage (tonne	s/year):	200
Fraction of Regional tonnage	used locally:	1
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year):		•
		200
Maximum daily site tonnage	(kg/day):	
Maximum daily site tonnage Frequency and Duration of	(kg/day):	200
Maximum daily site tonnage Frequency and Duration of Continuous release.	(kg/day):	200 667
Maximum daily site tonnage Frequency and Duration of Continuous release. Emission Days (days/year):	(kg/day): Use	200
Maximum daily site tonnage Frequency and Duration of Continuous release. Emission Days (days/year): Environmental factors not	(kg/day): Use influenced by risk management	200 667 300
Maximum daily site tonnage Frequency and Duration of Continuous release. Emission Days (days/year): Environmental factors not Local freshwater dilution fact	(kg/day): Use influenced by risk management or:	200 667 300
Maximum daily site tonnage Frequency and Duration of Continuous release. Emission Days (days/year): Environmental factors not Local freshwater dilution fact Local marine water dilution fact	influenced by risk management or: actor:	200 667 300
Maximum daily site tonnage Frequency and Duration of Continuous release. Emission Days (days/year): Environmental factors not Local freshwater dilution fact Local marine water dilution fact Other Operational Condition	influenced by risk management or: actor: us affecting Environmental Exposure	200 667 300 10 100
Maximum daily site tonnage Frequency and Duration of Continuous release. Emission Days (days/year): Environmental factors not Local freshwater dilution fact Local marine water dilution fa Other Operational Conditio Release fraction to air from p	influenced by risk management or: actor: ons affecting Environmental Exposure process (initial release prior to RMM):	200 667 300 10 100 9,8E-02
Maximum daily site tonnage Frequency and Duration of Continuous release. Emission Days (days/year): Environmental factors not Local freshwater dilution fact Local marine water dilution fact Other Operational Conditio Release fraction to air from p Release fraction to wastewat RMM):	influenced by risk management or: actor: ms affecting Environmental Exposure rocess (initial release prior to RMM): er from process (initial release prior to	200 667 300 10 100 9,8E-02 7,0E-03
Maximum daily site tonnage Frequency and Duration of Continuous release. Emission Days (days/year): Environmental factors not Local freshwater dilution fact Local marine water dilution fact Other Operational Condition Release fraction to air from p Release fraction to wastewate RMM): Release fraction to soil from	influenced by risk management or: actor: ins affecting Environmental Exposure process (initial release prior to RMM): er from process (initial release prior to RMM):	200 667 300 10 100 9,8E-02 7,0E-03
Maximum daily site tonnage Frequency and Duration of Continuous release. Emission Days (days/year): Environmental factors not Local freshwater dilution fact Local marine water dilution fact Other Operational Conditio Release fraction to air from p Release fraction to wastewat RMM): Release fraction to soil from Technical conditions and n	influenced by risk management or: actor: ins affecting Environmental Exposure process (initial release prior to RMM): er from process (initial release prior to RMM):	200 667 300 10 100 9,8E-02 7,0E-03
Maximum daily site tonnage Frequency and Duration of Continuous release. Emission Days (days/year): Environmental factors not Local freshwater dilution fact Local marine water dilution fact Other Operational Conditio Release fraction to air from p Release fraction to wastewat RMM): Release fraction to soil from Technical conditions and n	influenced by risk management or: actor: ins affecting Environmental Exposure process (initial release prior to RMM): er from process (initial release prior to RMM):	200 667 300 10 100 9,8E-02 7,0E-03
Maximum daily site tonnage Frequency and Duration of Continuous release. Emission Days (days/year): Environmental factors not Local freshwater dilution fact Local marine water dilution fact Other Operational Condition Release fraction to air from p Release fraction to wastewat RMM): Release fraction to soil from Technical conditions and n Common practices vary acro lease estimates used.	influenced by risk management or: actor: ins affecting Environmental Exposure process (initial release prior to RMM): er from process (initial release prior to RMM):	200 667 300 10 100 100 9,8E-02 7,0E-03 0

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Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater.		
Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite		
wastewater.		
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary		
wastewater treatment required.		
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)	90	
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide	87,3	
the required removal efficiency of >= (%)		
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary	0	
wastewater treatment required.		
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site		
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.		
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.		
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	lant	
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage	87,3	
treatment (%)		
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite	87,3	
(domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)		
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following	6,2E+04	
total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)		
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.000	
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal		
External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable	local and/or regional	
regulations.		
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste		
External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable	local and/or regional	
regulations.		

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION		
Section 3.1 - Health	Section 3.1 - Health		
The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise			
indicated.			

Section 3.2 -Environment	
Jsed EUSES model.	

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE	
	EXPOSURE SCENARIO	
Section 4.1 - Health		
Predicted exposures are not	expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management	
Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.		
Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users		
should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.		

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Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org).

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

30000000518	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Uses in Coatings- Professional
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU 22 Process Categories: PROC 1, PROC 2, PROC 3, PROC 4, PROC 5, PROC 8a, PROC 8b, PROC 10, PROC 11, PROC 13, PROC 15, PROC 19 Environmental Release Categories: ERC8a, ERC8d, ESVOC SpERC 8.3b.v1
Scope of process	Covers the use in coatings (paints, inks, adhesives, etc) including exposures during use (including materials receipt, storage, preparation and transfer from bulk and semi-bulk, application by spray, roller, brush, spreader by hand or similar methods, and film formation), and equipment cleaning, maintenance and associated laboratory activities.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES	
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP	
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).,	
Frequency and Duration of	Use	
Covers daily exposures up to	o 8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Other Operational Condition	ons affecting Exposure	
Assumes use at not more that	an 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently).	

Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Contributing Scenarios Ri	sk Management Measures
General exposures (closed systems)PROC1	No other specific measures identified.
Filling/ preparation of equipment from drums or containers.PROC	
General exposures (closed systems)Use in contained systemsPROC2	No other specific measures identified.
Preparation of material for applicationPROC3	No other specific measures identified.
Film formation - air dryingPROC4	No other specific measures identified.
Material transfersDrum/batch transfersNon-dedicated facilityPROC8a	No other specific measures identified.
Material transfersDrum/batch	No other specific measures identified.

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transfersDedicated facili-		
tyPROC8b Roller, spreader, flow applica-	No other specific measures identifie	ed .
tionPROC10	The earlier opening measures racrame	,
SprayingManualIndoorPROC11	Carry out in a vented booth or extra	acted enclosure.
SprayingManualOutdoorPROC11	Ensure operation is undertaken out Wear a respirator conforming to EN	
	better.	1140 Willi Type A liitei 0
	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN3	74.
Dipping, immersion and pour-	No other specific measures identifie	ed.
ingPROC13	N of the second	
Laboratory activitiesPROC15	No other specific measures identified	ed.
Hand application - fingerpaints,	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN3	74.
pastels, adhesivesPROC19	-	
Section 2.2 Co	ntrol of Environmental Exposure	
Substance is a unique structure.		
Readily biodegradable.		
Amounts Used		
Fraction of EU tonnage used in re	egion:	1
Regional use tonnage (tonnes/ye		200
Fraction of Regional tonnage use		5,0E-04
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year		0,1
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/d		0,33
Frequency and Duration of Use		
Continuous release.		
Emission Days (days/year):		300
Environmental factors not influ	enced by risk management	
Local freshwater dilution factor:	g	10
Local marine water dilution factor		100
	ffecting Environmental Exposure	
Release fraction to air from proce		9,8E-01
	om process (initial release prior to	1,0E-02
RMM):	om process (milian releases prior to	1,02 02
Release fraction to soil from proc	ess (initial release prior to RMM):	1,0E-02
	ures at process level (source) to pr	
Common practices vary across si	tes thus conservative process re-	
lease estimates used.	µ	
	d measures to reduce or limit disch	arges, air emis-
sions and releases to soil		,
Risk from environmental exposur	e is driven by freshwater.	
	substance to or recover from onsite	
wastewater.		
If discharging to domestic sewage	e treatment plant, no secondary	
wastewater treatment required.	, ,	
Treat air emission to provide a type	pical removal efficiency of (%)	0
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to	receiving water discharge) to provide	87,3
the required removal efficiency of		0
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary		0

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wastewater treatment required.		
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site		
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.		
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.		
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	olant	
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment (%)	87,3	
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	87,3	
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	418	
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.000	
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal		
External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable regulations.	e local and/or regional	
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste		
External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.		

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION
Section 3.1 - Health	
The FOFTON TDA tool has been used to estimate we dislocate assessment when the	

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Section 3.2 -Environment	
Used EUSES model.	

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO	
Section 4.1 - Health		
Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management		
Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.		
Where other Disk Management Massures/Operational Conditions are adopted then users		

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 -Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet

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(http://cefic.org).

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

30000000519	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Use in Cleaning Agents- Industrial
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU 3 Process Categories: PROC 1, PROC 2, PROC 3, PROC 4, PROC 7, PROC 8a, PROC 8b, PROC 10, PROC 13 Environmental Release Categories: ERC4, ESVOC SpERC 4.4a.v1
Scope of process	Covers the use as a component of cleaning products including transfer from storage, pouring/unloading from drums or containers. Exposures during mixing/diluting in the preparatory phase and cleaning activities (including spraying, brushing, dipping, wiping, automated and by hand), related equipment cleaning and maintenance.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES	
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP	
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).,	
Frequency and Duration o	f Use	
Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).		
Other Operational Condition	ons affecting Exposure	
Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently).		

Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

Contributing Scenarios	Risk Management Measures
General exposures (closed systems)PROC1	No other specific measures identified.
Bulk transfersNon- dedicated facilityPROC8a	No other specific measures identified.
Use in contained system- sAutomated process with (semi) closed sys- tems.PROC2	No other specific measures identified.
Use in contained system- sAutomated process with (semi) closed sys- tems.Drum/batch transfer- sPROC3	No other specific measures identified.
Application of cleaning products in closed systemsPROC2	No other specific measures identified.

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Filling/ preparation of	No other specific measures identified.	
equipment from drums or		
containers.Dedicated facili-		
tyPROC8b	Al disconnection	
Use in contained batch	No other specific measures identified.	
processesTreatment by		
heatingPROC4	No office of the control of the cont	
Degreasing small objects in	No other specific measures identified.	
cleaning stationPROC13	No other consideration of the state of	
Cleaning with low-pressure washersPROC10	No other specific measures identified.	
Cleaning with high pressure	Provide a good standard of general venti	lation (not loss than
washersPROC7	3 to 5 air changes per hour).	iation (not less than
washers ROC1	Avoid carrying out activities involving exp	ocure for more than
	4 hours	osule for filore triair
	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.	
	vvodi salidbio glovos tostea to Erver 1.	
CleaningSurfacesno spray-	No other specific measures identified.	
	ingManualPROC10	
Section 2.2 Control of Environmental Exposure		
Substance is a unique structu	ire.	
Readily biodegradable.		
Amounts Used		1.
Fraction of EU tonnage used		1
Regional use tonnage (tonne		2,000
Fraction of Regional tonnage		1
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year):		2,000
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day):		1,0E+05
Frequency and Duration of	Use	1
Continuous release.		
Emission Days (days/year): 20		
	nfluenced by risk management	1.0
Local freshwater dilution factor:		10
Local marine water dilution fa		100
	ns affecting Environmental Exposure	0.05.04
Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM): 3,0E-01 Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to 3,0E-05		1
	er from process (initial release prior to	3,0E-05
RMM):		0
Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM): 0 Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release		
		event release
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.		
	s and measures to reduce or limit disch	arges air emis-
sions and releases to soil	dia incusures to reduce or initi disori	arges, an enns
	osure is driven by freshwater.	
Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite		
wastewater.		
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary		
wastewater treatment required.		
Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%) 0		0
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide 87,3		

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the required removal efficiency of >= (%)	
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary	0
wastewater treatment required.	
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site	
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.	
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.	
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	lant
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage	87,3
treatment (%)	
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite	87,3
(domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following	6.281
total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.000
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste fo	r disposal
External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable	e local and/or regional
regulations.	
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	
External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional	
regulations.	

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION	
Section 3.1 - Health		
The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise		

indicated.

Section 3.2 - Environment Used EUSES model.

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO
Section 4.1 - Health	
Measures/Operational Condit Where other Risk Manageme	expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management ions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. In the Measures of the American Conditions are adopted, then users nanaged to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 -Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone

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or in combination.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet

(http://cefic.org).

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Exposure Scenario - Worker

30000000520	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Use in Cleaning Agents- Professional
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU 22 Process Categories: PROC 1, PROC 2, PROC 3, PROC 4, PROC 8a, PROC 8b, PROC 10, PROC 11, PROC 13 Environmental Release Categories: ERC8a, ERC8d, ESVOC SpERC 8.4b.v1
Scope of process	Covers the use as a component of cleaning products including pouring/unloading from drums or containers; and exposures during mixing/diluting in the preparatory phase and cleaning activities (including spraying, brushing, dipping, wiping automated and by hand).

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES
Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure
Product Characteristics	
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at STP
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers use of substance/product up to 100% (unless stated differently).,
Frequency and Duration of	Use
Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently).	
Other Operational Condition	ons affecting Exposure
Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature (unless stated differently). Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.	

Contributing Soonaries	Dick Manag	oment Messures	
		ement Measures No other specific measures identified.	
General exposures (closed sitems)PROC1	y5-	No other specific measures identified.	
Filling/ preparation of equipment from drums or containers.Dedicated facilityPROC8b		No other specific measures identified.	
Use in contained systemsAutomated process with (semi) closed systems.PROC2		No other specific measures identified.	
Use in contained systemsAutomated process with (semi) closed systems.Drum/batch transfersPROC3		No other specific measures identified.	
Semi Automated process. (e.g.: Semi automatic application of floor care and maintenance products)PROC4		No other specific measures identified.	
Filling/ preparation of equipment from drums or containers.Non-dedicated facilityOutdoorPROC8a		Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors.	
CleaningSurfacesManualDipping, immer-		No other specific measures identified.	

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sion and pouringPROC13 Cleaning with low-pressure washer-sPROC10		es identified.
Cleaning with high pressure washersIndoorPROC11		of general ventilation (not es per hour). t gloves (tested to EN374
Cleaning with high pressure washersOut-doorPROC11		rtaken outdoors. t gloves (tested to EN374
yingPROC10	No other specific measure	es identified.
	No other specific measure	es identified.
ROC4	No other specific measure	es identified.
Control of Er	nvironmental Exposure	
	,	
		'
n region:		1
		2,000
•		5,0E-04
		1
		3,3
		3,3
<u> </u>		1
		300
offuenced by	risk management	300
	iok management	10
		100
	nvironmental Exposure	100
		2,0E-02
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	, ,	1,0E-06
RMM): Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM):		0
		event release
•	· , , , ,	
	·	
and measure	s to reduce or limit disch	arges, air emis-
sure is driven l	by marine water.	
age treatment d.	plant, no secondary	
	vash- vashersOut-	Limit the substance contered provide a good standard less than 3 to 5 air change Wear chemically resistant in combination with 'basic washersOut-Limit the substance contered Ensure operation is under Wear chemically resistant in combination with 'basic washersOut-Limit the substance contered Ensure operation is under Wear chemically resistant in combination with 'basic washersOut-Limit the substance contered Ensure operation is under Wear chemically resistant in combination with 'basic washersOut-Limit the substance contered Wear chemically resistant in combination with 'basic washersOut-Limit the substance contered Wear chemically resistant in combination with 'basic washersOut-Limit the substance contered Wear chemically resistant in combination with 'basic washersOut-Limit the substance contered Wear chemically resistant in combination with 'basic washersOut-Limit the substance contered Wear chemically resistant in combination with 'basic washersOut-Limit the substance contered Wear chemically resistant in combination with 'basic washersOut-Limit the substance contered washersOut-Limit the substance conter

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Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%)	0
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of >= (%)	87,3
If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no secondary wastewater treatment required.	0
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site	
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.	
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.	
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment p	lant
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment (%)	87,3
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)	87,3
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)	4.506
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.000
Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for	r disposal
External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable regulations.	local and/or regional
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	
External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable regulations.	local and/or regional

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION	
Section 3.1 - Health		
The ECETOC TRA tool has be indicated	een used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise	

Section 3.2 -Environment
Used EUSES model.

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE
	EXPOSURE SCENARIO

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technolo-

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gies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org).

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Exposure Scenario - Consumer

30000001055	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Uses in Coatings - Consumer
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU 21 Product Categories: PC1, PC4, PC8 (excipient only), PC9a, PC9b, PC15, PC18, PC23, PC24, PC31, PC34 Environmental Release Categories: ERC8a, ERC8d
Scope of process	Covers the use in coatings (paints, inks, adhesives, etc) including exposures during use (including product transfer and preparation, application by brush, spray by hand or similar methods) and equipment cleaning.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES	
Section 2.1	Control of Consumer Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure > 10 Pa	
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Unless stated otherwise.	
	Covers concentration up to (%): 50 %	, 0
Amounts Used		
Unless stated otherwise.		
for each use event, covers amount up to (g):		13.800
covers skin contact area (cm	12):	858
Frequency and Duration of	Use	
Unless stated otherwise.		
covers use up to (times/day of use):		1
Exposure (hours/event):		4
Other Operational Conditions affecting Exposure		

Unless stated otherwise.

Covers use at ambient temperatures.

Covers use in room size of 20m3

Covers use under typical household ventilation.

Product Categories	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES
Adhesives, sealants Glues, hobby use.	Covers concentrations up to 100 %
	covers use up to 365 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 35,73 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 9 g
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	Covers exposure up to 4 hours/event
Adhesives, sealants Glues	Covers concentrations up to 100 %

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DIY-use (carpet glue, tile	T
glue, wood parquet glue).	
gide, wood parquet gide).	covers use up to 1 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 110 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 6.390 g
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
All as a same and a constant	Covers exposure up to 6 hours/event
Adhesives, sealants Glue	Covers concentrations up to 100 %
from spray.	and the contract of the contra
	covers use up to 6 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 35,73 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 85,05 g
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
 	Covers exposure up to 4 hours/event
Adhesives, sealants Sealants.	Covers concentrations up to 100 %
	covers use up to 365 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 35,73 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 75 g
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	Covers exposure up to 1 hours/event
Anti-Freeze and de-icing products Washing car window.	Covers concentrations up to 100 %
	covers use up to 365 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	For each use event, covers amount up to 0,5 g
	Covers use in a one car garage (34 m3) under typical ventilation.
	Covers exposure up to 34 m3
	Covers exposure up to 0,02 hours/event
Anti-Freeze and de-icing	Covers concentrations up to 38 %
products Pouring into radiator.	Covers concentrations up to 30 %
	covers use up to 365 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 428 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 2.000 g
	Covers use in a one car garage (34 m3) under typical ventila-
	tion.
	Covers use in room size of 34 m3
	Covers exposure up to 0,17 hours/event
Anti-Freeze and de-icing products Lock de-icer.	Covers concentrations up to 75 %
products Luck de-icer.	covers use up to 365 day/year
	covers use up to 365 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 214,4 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 4 g

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	Covers use in a one car garage (34 m3) under typical ventila-
	tion.
	Covers use in room size of 34 m3
	Covers exposure up to 0,25 hours/event
Biocidal products (e.g. Dis- infectants, pest control) (excipient only). Laundry	Covers concentrations up to 100 %
and dish washing products.	
	covers use up to 365 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 857,5 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 15 g
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	Covers exposure up to 0,5 hours/event
Biocidal products (e.g. Dis- infectants, pest control) (excipient only). Cleaners, liquids (all purpose clean- ers, sanitary products, floor cleaners, glass cleaners, carpet cleaners, metal cleaners).	Covers concentrations up to 50 %
,	covers use up to 128 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 857,5 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 27 g
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	Covers exposure up to 0,33 hours/event
Biocidal products (e.g. Dis- infectants, pest control) (excipient only). Cleaners, trigger sprays (all purpose cleaners,sanitary products, glass cleaners).	Covers concentrations up to 100 %
	covers use up to 128 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 428 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 35 g
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	Covers exposure up to 0,17 hours/event
Coatings and paints, thin- ners, paint removers Wa- terborne latex wall paint.	Covers concentrations up to 1,5 %
•	covers use up to 4 day/year
	covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 428,75 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 2.760 g
	Covers use under typical household ventilation.
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	Covers exposure up to 2,20 hours/event
Coatings and paints, thin-	Covers concentrations up to 27,5 %

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ners, paint removers Sol-	
vent rich, high solid, water	
borne paint.	
•	covers use up to 6 day/year
	covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 428,75 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 744 g
	Covers use under typical household ventilation.
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	Covers exposure up to 2,20 hours/event
Coatings and paints, thin- ners, paint removers Aero-	Covers concentrations up to 50 %
sol spray can.	covers use up to 2 day/year
	covers use up to 2 day/year
	covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	For each use event, covers amount up to 215 g
	Covers use in a one car garage (34 m3) under typical ventilation.
	Covers use in room size of 34 m3
	Covers exposure up to 0,33 hours/event
Coatings and points thin	Covers exposure up to 0,33 hours/event Covers concentrations up to 50 %
Coatings and paints, thin- ners, paint removers Re- movers (paint-, glue-, wall paper-, sealant-remover).	Covers concentrations up to 50 %
,	covers use up to 3 day/year
	covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 857,50 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 491 g
	Covers use under typical household ventilation.
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	Covers exposure up to 2,00 hours/event
Fillers, Putties Fillers and putty.	Covers concentrations up to 2 %
	covers use up to 12 day/year
	covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 35,73 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 85 g
	Covers use under typical household ventilation.
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	Covers exposure up to 4,00 hours/event
Fillers, Putties Plasters and floor equalizers.	Covers concentrations up to 2 %
	covers use up to 12 day/year
	covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 857,50 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 13.800 g
	Covers use under typical household ventilation.
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	Covers exposure up to 2,00 hours/event
Non-metal-surface treat- ment products Waterborne	Covers concentrations up to 100 %

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latex wall paint.	
Total panti	covers use up to 4 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 428,75 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 2.760 g
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	Covers exposure up to 2,2 hours/event
Non-metal-surface treat-	Covers concentrations up to 100 %
ment products Solvent rich, high solid, water borne paint.	Covere contectinations up to 100 %
	covers use up to 6 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 428,75 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 744 g
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	Covers exposure up to 2,2 hours/event
Non-metal-surface treat- ment products Aerosol spray can.	Covers concentrations up to 100 %
	covers use up to 2 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	For each use event, covers amount up to 215 g
	Covers use in a one car garage (34 m3) under typical ventila-
	tion.
	Covers use in room size of 34 m3
	Covers exposure up to 0,33 hours/event
Non-metal-surface treat- ment products Removers (paint-, glue-, wall paper-, sealant-remover).	Covers concentrations up to 100 %
,	covers use up to 3 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 857,5 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 491 g
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	Covers exposure up to 2 hours/event
Ink and toners	Covers concentrations up to 10 %
	covers use up to 365 day/year
	covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 71,40 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 40 g
	Covers use under typical household ventilation.
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	Covers exposure up to 2,20 hours/event
Leather tanning, dye, finishing, impregnation and care products Polishes, wax / cream (floor, furniture,	Covers concentrations up to 50 %
shoes).	

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	Lancard on the Atlantic Unit of
	covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 430,00 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 56 g
	Covers use under typical household ventilation.
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	Covers exposure up to 1,23 hours/event
Leather tanning, dye, finish-	Covers concentrations up to 50 %
ing, impregnation and care	
products Polishes, spray	
(furniture, shoes).	
	covers use up to 8 day/year
	covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 430,00 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 56 g
	Covers use under typical household ventilation.
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	Covers exposure up to 0,33 hours/event
Lubricants, greases, re-	Covers concentrations up to 100 %
lease products Liquids.	
	covers use up to 4 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 468 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 2.200 g
	Covers use in a one car garage (34 m3) under typical ventila-
	tion.
	Covers use in room size of 34 m3
	Covers exposure up to 0,17 hours/event
Lubricants, greases, re-	Covers concentrations up to 100 %
lease products Pastes.	·
	covers use up to 10 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 468 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 34 g
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
Lubricants, greases, release products Sprays.	Covers concentrations up to 100 %
icase products oprays.	covers use up to 6 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 428,75 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 73 g
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
Deliahas and west blands	Covers exposure up to 0,17 hours/event
Polishes and wax blends Polishes, wax / cream (floor, furniture, shoes).	Covers concentrations up to 100 %
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	covers use up to 29 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 430 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 142 g
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	Covers exposure up to 1,23 hours/event

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Polishes and wax blends Polishes, spray (furniture, shoes).	Covers concentrations up to 100 %
	covers use up to 8 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 430 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 35 g
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	For each use event, assumes swallowed amount of 0,33
	hours/event
Textile dyes, finishing and impregnating products; including bleaches and other processing aids	Covers concentrations up to 90 %
	covers use up to 365 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 857,5 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 115 g
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	Covers exposure up to 1 hours/event

Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure		
Substance is a unique structure.			
Readily biodegradable.			
Amounts Used			
Fraction of EU tonnage used	in region:	1	
Regional use tonnage (tonnes	s/year):	3.000	
Fraction of Regional tonnage	used locally:	5,0E-04	
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/)	/ear):	1,5	
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day):	4,1	
Frequency and Duration of	Use		
Continuous release.			
Emission Days (days/year):		365	
Environmental factors not i	nfluenced by risk management		
Local freshwater dilution factor	or:	10	
Local marine water dilution fa		100	
Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure			
Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM): 9,8E-01			
Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to RMM):		1,0E-02	
Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM): 5,0E-03		5,0E-03	
Conditions and Measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant			
		87,3	
Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%)		87,3	
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal (kg/d)		3.113	
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d) 2.000		1	
Conditions and Measures re	Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal		
External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or region-			

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al regulations.

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION
SECTION 3	LAI OSONE ESTIMATION

Section 3.1 - Health

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate consumer exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Section 3.2 - Environment

Used EUSES model.

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE
	EXPOSURE SCENARIO

Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org).

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Exposure Scenario - Consumer

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SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	Use in Cleaning Agents - Consumer
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU 21 Product Categories: PC3, PC4, PC8 (excipient only), PC9a, PC24, PC35, PC38 Environmental Release Categories: ERC8a, ERC8d
Scope of process	Covers general exposures to consumers arising from the use of household products sold as washing and cleaning products, aerosols, coatings, de-icers, lubricants and air care products.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AN MEASURES	D RISK MANAGEMENT
Section 2.1	Control of Consumer Exposure	
Product Characteristics		
Physical form of product	Liquid, vapour pressure > 10 Pa	
Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Unless stated otherwise.	
	Covers concentration up to (%): 15	%
Amounts Used		
Unless stated otherwise.		
for each use event, covers a	amount up to (g):	35
covers skin contact area (cm2):		857,5
Frequency and Duration of	f Use	
Unless stated otherwise.		
covers use up to (times/day	of use):	1
Exposure (hours/event):		0,5
Other Operational Conditi	ons affecting Exposure	

Unless stated otherwise.

Covers use at ambient temperatures.

Covers use in room size of 20m3

Covers use under typical household ventilation.

Product Categories	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES
Air care products Air care, instant action (aerosol sprays).	Covers concentrations up to 100 %
	covers use up to 365 day/year
	Covers use up to 4 times/day of use
	For each use event, covers amount up to 0,1 g
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	Covers exposure up to 0,25 hours/event
Air care products Air care,	Covers concentrations up to 100 %

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continuous action (solid and	
liquid).	
	covers use up to 365 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 35,70 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 0,48 g
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	Covers exposure up to 8 hours/event
Anti-Freeze and de-icing products Washing car window.	Covers concentrations up to 100 %
	covers use up to 365 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	For each use event, covers amount up to 0,5 g
	Covers use in a one car garage (34 m3) under typical ventilation.
	Covers use in room size of 34 m3
	Covers exposure up to 0,02 hours/event
Anti-Freeze and de-icing products Pouring into radiator.	Covers concentrations up to 30 %
	covers use up to 365 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 428 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 2.000 g
	Covers use in a one car garage (34 m3) under typical ventilation.
	Covers use in room size of 34 m3
	Covers exposure up to 0,17 hours/event
Anti-Freeze and de-icing products Lock de-icer.	Covers concentrations up to 70 %
	covers use up to 365 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 214,4 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 4 g
	Covers use in a one car garage (34 m3) under typical ventilation.
	Covers use in room size of 34 m3
	Covers exposure up to 0,25 hours/event
Biocidal products (e.g. Dis- infectants, pest control) (excipient only). Laundry and dish washing products.	Covers concentrations up to 100 %
	covers use up to 365 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 857,5 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 15 g
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	Covers exposure up to 0,5 hours/event
Biocidal products (e.g. Dis- infectants, pest control)	Covers concentrations up to 18 %

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(ausiniant anh.) Olaman	1
(excipient only). Cleaners,	
liquids (all purpose clean-	
ers, sanitary products, floor	
cleaners, glass cleaners,	
carpet cleaners, metal	
cleaners).	400 la /
	covers use up to 128 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 857,5 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 27 g
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	Covers exposure up to 0,33 hours/event
Biocidal products (e.g. Dis-	Covers concentrations up to 38 %
infectants, pest control)	
(excipient only). Cleaners,	
trigger sprays (all purpose	
cleaners, sanitary products,	
glass cleaners).	100 1
	covers use up to 128 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 428 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 35 g
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	Covers exposure up to 0,17 hours/event
Coatings and paints, thin-	Covers concentrations up to 100 %
ners, paint removers Wa-	
terborne latex wall paint.	
	covers use up to 4 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 428,75 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 2.760 g
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	Covers exposure up to 2,2 hours/event
Coatings and paints, thin-	Covers concentrations up to 100 %
ners, paint removers Sol-	
vent rich, high solid, water	
borne paint.	
	covers use up to 6 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 428,75 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 744 g
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	Covers exposure up to 2,2 hours/event
Coatings and paints, thin-	Covers concentrations up to 100 %
ners, paint removers Aero-	· ·
sol spray can.	
	covers use up to 2 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	For each use event, covers amount up to 215 g
	To cach use event, covers amount up to 210 g
	Covers use in a one car garage (34 m3) under typical ventila-

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	Covers use in room size of 34 m3	
	Covers exposure up to 0,33 hours/event	
Coatings and paints, thin-	Covers concentrations up to 100 %	
ners, paint removers Re-	Covers concentrations up to 100 %	
movers (paint-, glue-, wall		
paper-, sealant-remover).		
paper, scalarit remover).	covers use up to 3 day/year	
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use	
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 857,5 cm2	
	For each use event, covers amount up to 491 g	
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3	
Lubricanto gracco ro	Covers exposure up to 2 hours/event Covers concentrations up to 36 %	
Lubricants, greases, release products Liquids.	·	
	covers use up to 4 day/year	
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use	
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 468 cm2	
	For each use event, covers amount up to 2.200 g	
	Covers use in a one car garage (34 m3) under typical ventilation.	
	Covers use in room size of 34 m3	
	Covers exposure up to 0,17 hours/event	
Lubricants, greases, re- lease products Pastes.	Covers concentrations up to 34 %	
reade producto r dotes.	covers use up to 10 day/year	
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use	
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 468 cm2	
	For each use event, covers amount up to 34 g	
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3	
	Covers exposure up to 0,5 hours/event	
Lubricants, greases, re-	Covers concentrations up to 37 %	
lease products Sprays.	·	
	covers use up to 6 day/year	
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use	
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 428,75 cm2	
	For each use event, covers amount up to 73 g	
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3	
Madianand	Covers exposure up to 0,17 hours/event	
Washing and cleaning products (including solvent based products) Laundry and dish washing products.	Covers concentrations up to 5 %	
9 1	covers use up to 365 day/year	
	covers use up to 1 times/day of use	
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 857,5 cm2	
	For each use event, covers amount up to 15 g	
	Covers use under typical household ventilation.	
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3	
	Covers exposure up to 0,50 hours/event	
Washing and cleaning	Covers concentrations up to 5 %	
products (including solvent	20.0.0 00.000a	

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based products) Cleaners, liquids (all purpose cleaners, sanitary products, floor cleaners, glass cleaners, carpet cleaners, metal cleaners).	
cleaners).	
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 428,00 cm2
	covers use up to 128 day/year
	covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	covers skin contact area up to (cm2): 857,5 cm2
	For each use event, covers amount up to 27 g
	Covers use under typical household ventilation.
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	Covers exposure up to 0,33 hours/event
Washing and cleaning products (including solvent based products) Cleaners, trigger sprays (all purpose cleaners, sanitary products, glass cleaners).	Covers concentrations up to 15 %
	covers use up to 128 day/year
	covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	For each use event, covers amount up to 35 g
	Covers use under typical household ventilation.
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	Covers exposure up to 0,17 hours/event
Welding and soldering products (with flux coatings or flux cores.), flux products	Covers concentrations up to 100 %
	covers use up to 365 day/year
	Covers use up to 1 times/day of use
	For each use event, covers amount up to 12 g
	Covers use in room size of 20 m3
	Covers exposure up to 1 hours/event

Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposure	
Substance is a unique structure.		
Readily biodegradable.		
Amounts Used		
Fraction of EU tonnage used	in region:	1
Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year): 2.000		2.000
Fraction of Regional tonnage	used locally:	5,0E-04
Annual site tonnage (tonnes/	vear):	1
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day):	3,3
Frequency and Duration of Use		
Continuous release.		
Emission Days (days/year):		300
Environmental factors not influenced by risk management		
Local freshwater dilution factor	or:	10
Local marine water dilution fa	ctor:	100
Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure		

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Conditions and Measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or regional regulations.

	SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION
	Section 3.1 - Health	
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The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate consumer exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Section 3.2 -Environment

Used EUSES model.

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE
	EXPOSURE SCENARIO
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Section 4.1 - Health

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org).

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