In accordance with Occupational Safety and Health Act's Standard of Classification and Labelling of Chemical Substances and MSDS

# **BC Methyl Ethyl Ketone**

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### 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name BC Methyl Ethyl Ketone

Product code S2201

CAS-No. : 78-93-3 Index-No. : 606-002-00-3

: 2-Butanone, butan-2-one, Butanone, Ethyl methyl ketone, Other means of identification

MEK

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Use only in industrial processes.

Restrictions on use This product must not be used in applications other than the

above without first seeking the advice of the supplier.

### Manufacturer or supplier's details

Supplier

SHELL EASTERN CHEMICALS (S)

A REGISTERED BUSINESS OF SHELL EASTERN

TRADING (PTE) LTD (UEN:198902087C)

9 North Buona Vista Drive, #07-01

The Metropolis Tower 1 Singapore 138588

Singapore

Telephone : +65 6384 8269 Telefax : +65 6384 8454 Contact for Safety Data : sccmsds@shell.com

Sheet

Emergency telephone

number

: + (65) 6542 9595 (Alert-SGS)

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### **GHS Classification**

Flammable liquids : Category 2 Acute toxicity (Oral) : Category 5 Aspiration hazard : Category 2 Eye irritation : Category 2A

single exposure

Specific target organ toxicity - : Category 3 (Central nervous system, Narcotic effects)

### **GHS** label elements

1/24 800010056424

KR

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Hazard pictograms







Signal word Danger

Hazard statements PHYSICAL HAZARDS:

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

**HEALTH HAZARDS:** 

H305 May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:** 

Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria.

Precautionary statements

### Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat/ sparks/ open flames/ hot surfaces. No smokina.

P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting equipment.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge. P261 Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

### Response:

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.

P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell.

### Storage:

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P235 Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

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## Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents and container to appropriate waste site or reclaimer in accordance with local and national regulations.

### Other hazards which do not result in classification

Vapours are heavier than air. Vapours may travel across the ground and reach remote ignition sources causing a flashback fire danger. Even with proper grounding and bonding, this material can still accumulate an electrostatic charge. If sufficient charge is allowed to accumulate, electrostatic discharge and ignition of flammable air-vapour mixtures can occur. Exposure may enhance the toxicity of other materials. See Chapter 11 for details. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

NFPA Rating (Health, Fire, : 2, 3, 0

Reactivity)

### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Substance

### Components

Chemical name	Common Name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Methyl ethyl ketone	butanone	78-93-3	100

### 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

General advice : Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal

conditions.

In case of eye contact : Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

rinsing.

Transport to the nearest medical facility for additional

treatment.

In case of skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with

water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.

If inhaled : No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If

symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.

If swallowed : If swallowed, do not induce vomiting: transport to nearest

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medical facility for additional treatment. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration.

Rinse mouth.

If any of the following delayed signs and symptoms appear within the next 6 hours, transport to the nearest medical facility: fever greater than 101° F (38.3°C), shortness of breath, chest congestion or continued coughing or wheezing.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal conditions of use.

Possible respiratory irritation signs and symptoms may include a temporary burning sensation of the nose and throat,

coughing, and/or difficulty breathing.

No specific hazards under normal use conditions.

Skin irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning

sensation, redness, or swelling.

Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea. Eye irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning sensation, redness, swelling, and/or blurred vision.

If any of the following delayed signs and symptoms appear within the next 6 hours, transport to the nearest medical facility: fever greater than 101° F (38.3°C), shortness of breath, chest congestion or continued coughing or wheezing. If material enters lungs, signs and symptoms may include coughing, choking, wheezing, difficulty in breathing, chest

congestion, shortness of breath, and/or fever.

Defatting dermatitis signs and symptoms may include a burning sensation and/or a dried/cracked appearance. Breathing of high vapour concentrations may cause central nervous system (CNS) depression resulting in dizziness, lightheadedness, headache, nausea and loss of coordination. Continued inhalation may result in unconsciousness and

death.

Protection of first-aiders : When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the

appropriate personal protective equipment according to the

incident, injury and surroundings.

Notes to physician : IMMEDIATE TREATMENT IS EXTREMELY IMPORTANT!

Call a doctor or poison control center for guidance.

Potential for chemical pneumonitis.

Treat symptomatically.

### 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable and unsuitable extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Alcohol-resistant foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical

powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small

fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing : None

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media

Specific hazards during

firefighting

: The vapour is heavier than air, spreads along the ground and

distant ignition is possible.

Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion

occurs.

Specific extinguishing

methods

: Standard procedure for chemical fires.

Clear fire area of all non-emergency personnel.

Keep adjacent containers cool by spraying with water.

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in

a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to

relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

: Observe the relevant local and international regulations Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the environment occurs or is likely to occur.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

The vapour is heavier than air, spreads along the ground and

distant ignition is possible.

Vapour may form an explosive mixture with air.

: Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Isolate hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary or

unprotected personnel.

Stay upwind and keep out of low areas.

**Environmental precautions** 

: Shut off leaks, if possible without personal risks. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Use

appropriate containment to avoid environmental

contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. Attempt to disperse the vapour or to direct its flow to a safe location for example by using fog sprays. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all

equipment.

Ventilate contaminated area thoroughly. Monitor area with combustible gas indicator.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up : For large liquid spills (> 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank for recovery or safe disposal. Do not flush away residues with water. Retain as contaminated waste. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of

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safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely For small liquid spills (< 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means to a labeled, sealable container for product recovery or safe disposal. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove

contaminated soil and dispose of safely.

Additional advice : For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment

see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.

For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of

this Safety Data Sheet.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

General Precautions : Avoid breathing of or direct contact with material. Only use in

well ventilated areas. Wash thoroughly after handling. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see

Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.

Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine

appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of

this material.

Ensure that all local regulations regarding handling and

storage facilities are followed.

Advice on safe handling : Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of

vapours, mists or aerosols.

Bulk storage tanks should be diked (bunded).

Extinguish any naked flames. Do not smoke. Remove ignition

sources. Avoid sparks.

Electrostatic discharge may cause fire. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment

to reduce the risk.

The vapours in the head space of the storage vessel may lie

in the flammable/explosive range and hence may be

flammable

Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning

materials in order to prevent fires.

Do NOT use compressed air for filling, discharging, or

handling operations.

Avoidance of contact : Strong oxidising agents.

Product Transfer : Refer to guidance under Handling section.

### Safe storage methods (including conditions to be avoided)

Conditions for safe storage : The vapour is heavier than air. Beware of accumulation in pits

and confined spaces.

Refer to section 15 for any additional specific legislation covering the packaging and storage of this product.

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Packaging material :	Suitable material: For containers, or consteel, stainless steel. Unsuitable material: Natural, butyl, neop	· ·
Container Advice :	: Containers, even those that have been emptied, can contain explosive vapours. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near containers.	
Specific use(s) :	Not applicable	
	Ensure that all local regulations regarding handling and storage facilities are followed.  See additional references that provide safe handling practices: American Petroleum Institute 2003 (Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning and Stray Currents) or National Fire Protection Agency 77 (Recommended Practices on Static Electricity).  IEC/TS 60079-32-1: Electrostatic hazards, guidance	

### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

## Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	STEL	300 ppm	KR OEL
Methyl ethyl ketone		TWA	200 ppm	KR OEL
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	TWA	200 ppm	ACGIH
Methyl ethyl ketone		STEL	300 ppm	ACGIH
Methyl ethyl ketone		TWA	200 ppm 590 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1

### Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

## **Monitoring Methods**

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances

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http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

### **Engineering measures**

: Use sealed systems as far as possible.

Adequate explosion-proof ventilation to control airborne concentrations below the exposure guidelines/limits.

Local exhaust ventilation is recommended.

Firewater monitors and deluge systems are recommended.

Eye washes and showers for emergency use.

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated. The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include:

### General Information:

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.

## Personal protective equipment

### **Protective measures**

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Respiratory protection

: If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are unsuitable (e.g. airborne concentrations are high, risk of oxygen deficiency, confined space) use appropriate positive pressure breathing apparatus. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an

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appropriate combination of mask and filter.

If air-filtering respirators are suitable for conditions of use: Select a filter suitable for organic gases and vapours [Type A

boiling point >65°C (149°F)].

Eye protection : Wear goggles for use against liquids and gas.

Wear full face shield if splashes are likely to occur.

Hand protection

Remarks : Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of

gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. Longer term protection: Butyl rubber. Nitrile rubber. Incidental contact/Splash protection: PVC or neoprene rubber gloves. For continuous contact we recommend gloves with breakthrough time of more than 240 minutes with preference for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. For short-term/splash protection we recommend the same but recognize that suitable gloves offering this level of protection may not be available and in this case a lower breakthrough time maybe acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not a good predictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Glove thickness should be typically greater than 0.35 mm depending on the glove make and model. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly.

Skin and body protection : Wear antistatic and flame-retardant clothing, if a local risk

assessment deems it so. Skin protection is not required under normal conditions of use. For prolonged or repeated exposures use impervious clothing

Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended.

over parts of the body subject to exposure.

If repeated and/or prolonged skin exposure to the substance is likely, then wear suitable gloves tested to relevant Standard,

and provide employee skin care programmes.

Thermal hazards : Not applicable

### **Environmental exposure controls**

General advice : Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances

must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing

vapour.

Minimise release to the environment. An environmental assessment must be made to ensure compliance with local

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environmental legislation.

Information on accidental release measures are to be found in

section 6.

### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : Liquid.

Colour : clear

Odour : characteristic

Odour Threshold : Data not available

pH : Not applicable

Melting point/freezing point : -86 °C / -123 °F

Boiling point/boiling range : 79.5 °C / 175.1 °F

Flash point : -9 °C / 16 °F

Method: Abel

Evaporation rate : 3.3

Method: DIN 53170, di-ethyl ether=1

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable

Upper/Lower explosion limit

Upper explosion limit : 11.5 %(V)

Lower explosion limit : 1.8 %(V)

Vapour pressure : 12.600 Pa (20 °C / 68 °F)

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : 250 g/l Miscible. (20 °C / 68 °F)

Solubility in other solvents : Data not available

Relative vapour density : 2.4

(20 °C / 68 °F)

Relative density : 0.804 - 0.806 (20 °C / 68 °F)

Method: ASTM D4052

Density : 0.804 - 0.806 kg/m3 (20 °C / 68 °F)

Method: ASTM D4052

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Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 0.3

Auto-ignition temperature : 515 °C / 959 °F

Decomposition temperature : Data not available

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : 0.42 mPa.s (20 °C / 68 °F)

Method: ASTM D445

Viscosity, kinematic : Data not available Explosive properties : Not applicable

Oxidizing properties : Data not available

Surface tension : 24.8 mN/m, 20 °C / 68 °F

Conductivity: > 10,000 pS/m

A number of factors, for example liquid temperature, presence of contaminants, and anti-static additives can greatly influence the conductivity of a liquid, This material is not expected to be

a static accumulator.

Molecular weight : 72.11 g/mol

### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical stability and possibility of hazardous reactions:

The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph. No hazardous reaction is expected when handled and

stored according to provisions Reacts with strong oxidising agents.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

Prevent vapour accumulation.

In certain circumstances product can ignite due to static

electricity.

Incompatible materials : Strong oxidising agents.

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Thermal decomposition is highly dependent on conditions. A complex mixture of airborne solids, liquids and gases

including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, sulphur oxides and unidentified organic compounds will be evolved when this

material undergoes combustion or thermal or oxidative

degradation.

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### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment : Information given is based on product testing.

> Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for

individual component(s).

exposure

Information on likely routes of : Exposure may occur via inhalation, ingestion, skin absorption,

skin or eye contact, and accidental ingestion.

### **Health hazard information**

### **Acute toxicity**

## Product:

: LD 50 Rat, male and female: >2000 -<= 5000 mg/kg Acute oral toxicity

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline

423

Test substance: Butan-2-ol

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD 50 Rabbit, male: > 10 ml/kg/bw

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

### Components:

### Methyl ethyl ketone:

Acute oral toxicity : LD 50 Rat, male and female: >2000 -<= 5000 mg/kg

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline

423

Test substance: Butan-2-ol

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD 50 Rabbit, male: > 10 ml/kg/bw

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

### Skin corrosion/irritation

### **Product:**

Species: Rabbit

Method: OECD Test Guideline 404

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Test substance:Butan-2-ol

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met., Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

### **Components:**

## Methyl ethyl ketone:

Species: Rabbit

Method: OECD Test Guideline 404

Test substance:Butan-2-ol

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met., Repeated exposure

may cause skin dryness or cracking.

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

### **Product:**

Species: Rabbit

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 405

Remarks: Causes serious eye irritation.

### Components:

## Methyl ethyl ketone:

Species: Rabbit

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 405

Remarks: Causes serious eye irritation.

## Respiratory or skin sensitisation

### **Product:**

Species: Guinea pig

Method: OECD Test Guideline 406

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Components:**

## Methyl ethyl ketone:

Species: Guinea pig

Method: OECD Test Guideline 406

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## Carcinogenicity

## **Product:**

Carcinogenicity - : This product does not meet the criteria for classification in

Assessment categories 1A/1B.

### **Components:**

## Methyl ethyl ketone:

Carcinogenicity - : This product does not meet the criteria for classification in

Assessment categories 1A/1B.

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Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
Methyl ethyl ketone	No carcinogenicity classification.

### Germ cell mutagenicity

### **Product:**

Genotoxicity in vitro

- : Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 471 Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- : Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

: Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

: Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

: Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Test species: MouseMethod: Test(s) equivalent or similar to **OECD Test Guideline 474** 

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity-Assessment

: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.

## Components:

### Methyl ethyl ketone:

Genotoxicity in vitro

- : Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 471 Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 473

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

: Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

: Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline

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Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

: Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline

482

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

: Test species: MouseMethod: Test(s) equivalent or similar to

**OECD Test Guideline 474** 

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity-

Assessment

: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in

categories 1A/1B.

### Reproductive toxicity

### Product:

: Species: Rat

Sex: male and female Application Route: Oral

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 416

Test substance: Butan-2-ol

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Effects on foetal

development

: Species: Rat, female

Application Route: Inhalation

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline

414

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Reproductive toxicity -

Assessment

: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in

categories 1A/1B.

## Components:

### Methyl ethyl ketone:

: Species: Rat

Sex: male and female Application Route: Oral

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 416

Test substance: Butan-2-ol

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

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Effects on foetal : Species: Rat, female

development Application Route: Inhalation

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline

414

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Reproductive toxicity -

Assessment

: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in

categories 1A/1B.

### STOT - single exposure

### **Product:**

Exposure routes: Inhalation

Target Organs: Central nervous system Remarks: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

### **Components:**

## Methyl ethyl ketone:

Exposure routes: Inhalation

Target Organs: Central nervous system Remarks: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

### STOT - repeated exposure

### **Product:**

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met., Low systemic toxicity on repeated exposure.

### **Components:**

## Methyl ethyl ketone:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met., Low systemic toxicity on repeated exposure.

### Repeated dose toxicity

## **Product:**

Rat, male and female: Application Route: Inhalation Test atmosphere: vapour

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 413

Target Organs: No specific target organs noted

## **Components:**

## Methyl ethyl ketone:

Rat, male and female: Application Route: Inhalation

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# **BC Methyl Ethyl Ketone**

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Test atmosphere: vapour

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 413

Target Organs: No specific target organs noted

### **Aspiration toxicity**

## **Product:**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration into the lungs when swallowed or vomited may cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.

## Components:

### Methyl ethyl ketone:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration into the lungs when swallowed or vomited may cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.

### **Further information**

### **Product:**

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

## **Components:**

### Methyl ethyl ketone:

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### **Ecotoxicity**

### **Product:**

Toxicity to fish (Acute

toxicity) Remarks: Practically non toxic:

LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/I

Toxicity to crustacean (Acute

toxicity)

: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 308 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 Remarks: Practically non toxic:

LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity)

: EC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 2,029 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 Remarks: Practically non toxic:

LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l

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Toxicity to fish (Chronic

toxicity)

Remarks: Data not available

Toxicity to crustacean

(Chronic toxicity)

(Acute toxicity)

: Remarks: Data not available

Toxicity to microorganisms : (Pseudomonas putida): 1,150 mg/l

Exposure time: 16 h

Method: Other guideline method. Remarks: Practically non toxic:

LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l

Components:

Methyl ethyl ketone: Toxicity to fish (Acute

toxicity)

: Remarks: Practically non toxic:

LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/I

Toxicity to crustacean (Acute

toxicity)

: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 308 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 Remarks: Practically non toxic:

LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants (Acute toxicity)

: EC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 2,029 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 Remarks: Practically non toxic:

LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l

Toxicity to microorganisms

(Acute toxicity)

: (Pseudomonas putida): 1,150 mg/l

Exposure time: 16 h

Method: Other guideline method. Remarks: Practically non toxic:

LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l

Toxicity to fish (Chronic

toxicity)

: Remarks: Data not available

Toxicity to

crustacean(Chronic toxicity)

: Remarks: Data not available

Persistence and degradability

Product:

Biodegradability : Biodegradation: 98 %

Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

Remarks: Readily biodegradable., Oxidises rapidly by photo-

chemical reactions in air.

Components:

Methyl ethyl ketone:

Biodegradability : Biodegradation: 98 %

Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D Remarks: Readily biodegradable.

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# **BC Methyl Ethyl Ketone**

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Oxidises rapidly by photo-chemical reactions in air.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Does not bioaccumulate significantly.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: 0.3

Components:

Methyl ethyl ketone :

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Does not bioaccumulate significantly.

Mobility in soil

**Product:** 

Mobility : Remarks: Dissolves in water.

Components:

Methyl ethyl ketone:

Mobility : Remarks: Dissolves in water.

Other adverse effects

**Product:** 

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

: The substance does not fulfill all screening criteria for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity and hence is not

considered to be PBT or vPvB.

Additional ecological

information

: Does not have ozone depletion potential.

**Components:** 

**Methyl ethyl ketone:**Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

: The substance does not fulfill all screening criteria for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity and hence is not

considered to be PBT or vPvB.

Additional ecological

information

: Does not have ozone depletion potential.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Disposal methods** 

Waste from residues : Recover or recycle if possible.

It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.

Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water

courses.

Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.

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Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional,

national, and local laws and regulations.

Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or

national requirements and must be complied with.

MARPOL - see International Convention for the Prevention of

Pollution from Ships (MARPOL 73/78) which provides technical aspects at controlling pollutions from ships.

Contaminated packaging : Drain container thoroughly.

After draining, vent in a safe place away from sparks and fire.

Residues may cause an explosion hazard. Do not, puncture, cut, or weld uncleaned drums. Send to drum recoverer or metal reclaimer.

Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand.

### **Disposal considerations**

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### **National Regulations**

Refer to section 15 for specific national regulation.

## **International Regulations**

**ADR** 

UN number : 1193

Proper shipping name : ETHYL METHYL KETONE

Class : 3
Packing group : II
Labels : 3
Hazard Identification Number : 33
Environmentally hazardous : no

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : UN 1193

Proper shipping name : METHYL ETHYL KETONE

Class : 3
Packing group : II
Labels : 3

IMDG-Code

UN number : UN 1193

Proper shipping name : ETHYL METHYL KETONE

Class : 3 Packing group : II

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Labels : 3 Marine pollutant : no

## Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Pollution category : Z

Ship type : 3; Must be Double Hulled Product name : Methyl ethyl ketone

Special precautions for user

Remarks : Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage,

for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or

needs to comply with in connection with transport.

**Additional Information**: This product may be transported under nitrogen blanketing.

Nitrogen is an odourless and invisible gas. Exposure to nitrogen enriched atmospheres displaces available oxygen which may cause asphyxiation or death. Personnel must observe strict safety precautions when involved with a confined space entry. Transport in bulk according to Annex II

of Marpol and the IBC Code

### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

### **National regulatory information**

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

INDUSTRY SAFETY & HEALTH ACT:	Hazardous substances prohibited from manufacturing, etc., Not applicable	
	Hazardous substances subject to authorization, Not applicable	
	Hazardous substances subject to control, Applicable - Threshold >=1%	
	Substances established for exposure limits, Applicable	
	Hazardous factor subject to keep below permissible limit, Not applicable	
	Hazardous Factors Subject to Working Environment Monitoring, Applicable	
	Hazardous Factors Subject to Special Medical Examination, Applicable	

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CHEMICALS CONTROL ACT:		Toxic chemical substances, Applicable - Threshold >=85%	
		horization chemical licable	substances, Not
	Res	stricted chemical su	bstances, Not applicable
	Pro	hibited chemical su	bstances, Not applicable
		cident precaution ch olicable	emical substance,
DANGEROUS GOODS SAFE CC ACT:	Car		n of dangerous material:, Goods (Flammable bleum chemicals
WASTES MANAGEMENT ACT:		eat with Article 4/5/2 ensiderations Sectio	<u>•</u>

## Other requirements in domestic and other countries

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

DSL : Listed

IECSC : Listed

KECI : Listed

PICCS : Listed

TSCA : Listed

AIIC : Listed

ENCS : Listed

TCSI : Listed

NZIoC : Listed

## **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

### Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox. Acute toxicity
Asp. Tox. Aspiration hazard
Eye Irrit. Eye irritation

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Flam. Liq. Flammable liquids

STOT SE Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

### **Abbreviations and Acronyms**

AllC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals: ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil: ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant: DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO -International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 -Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC -New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development: OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention: PBT - Persistent. Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG -Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

### **Further information**

Training advice : Provide adequate information, instruction and training for

operators.

Sources of key data used to

compile the Safety Data

Sheet

The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU

IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).

Issuing date 2022.07.18

Revision number and date

Number of Revision 1.1

**Revision Date** 2023.07.18

Other information : A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment

from the previous version.

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The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a quidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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