The content and format of this safety data sheet is in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725:2023 requirements.

# Isopentane

Version 1.4 Revision Date 08.05.2025 Print Date 15.05.2025

### **SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION**

Product name : Isopentane

Product code : Q1111, Q1126

CAS-No. : 78-78-4

Synonyms : 2-methyl butane, Ethyl dimethyl methane

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Manufacturer/Supplier : Shell CAPSA

Av. Roque Saenz Peña 788

Buenos Aires, 1383

Argentina

Telephone : (+54 11) 4130-2168

Telefax : (+54 11) 4130-2180

Contact for Safety Data Sheet

Emergency telephone number : Locais: (+11 15) 4970-7391 / 4970-7390 / 5062-6601 / 4973-

7368; Internacionais: (+54 911) 4970-7391 / 4970-7390 /

5062/6601 / 4973-7

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Blowing agent

Restrictions on use : This product must not be used in applications other than the

above without first seeking the advice of the supplier.

This product must not be used in applications other than those listed in Section 1 without first seeking the advice of the suppli-

er.

#### **SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

**GHS Classification** 

Flammable liquids : Category 1

Aspiration hazard : Category 1

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

: Category 3

Short-term (acute) aquatic

hazard

: Category 2

The content and format of this safety data sheet is in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725:2023 requirements.

# Isopentane

Version 1.4 Revision Date 08.05.2025 Print Date 15.05.2025

#### **GHS** label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : PHYSICAL HAZARDS:

H224 Extremely flammable liquid and vapour.

**HEALTH HAZARDS:** 

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: H401 Toxic to aquatic life.

Precautionary statements : Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames

and other ignition sources. No smoking. P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting equip-

ment.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge. P261 Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protec-

tion/ face protection.

Response:

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON

CENTER/ doctor.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and

keep comfortable for breathing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extin-

guish.

Storage:

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container

tightly closed.

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste

disposal plant.

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

The content and format of this safety data sheet is in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725:2023 requirements.

# Isopentane

Version 1.4 Revision Date 08.05.2025 Print Date 15.05.2025

In use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

This material is a static accumulator.

Even with proper grounding and bonding, this material can still accumulate an electrostatic charge.

If sufficient charge is allowed to accumulate, electrostatic discharge and ignition of flammable airvapour mixtures can occur.

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

#### **SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Substance / Mixture : Substance

#### **Hazardous components**

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
isopentane	78-78-4	Flam. Liq.1; H224 Asp. Tox.1; H304 STOT SE3; H336 Aquatic Acute2; H401	<= 100

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

#### **SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES**

General advice : Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal

conditions.

If inhaled : Remove to fresh air. If rapid recovery does not occur,

transport to nearest medical facility for additional treatment.

In case of skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with wa-

ter and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.

In case of eye contact : Flush eye with copious quantities of water.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

rinsing.

If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.

If swallowed : Call emergency number for your location / facility.

If swallowed, do not induce vomiting: transport to nearest medical facility for additional treatment. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration. If any of the following delayed signs and symptoms appear within the next 6 hours, transport to the nearest medical facility: fever greater than 101° F (38.3°C), shortness of breath, chest congestion or continued coughing or wheezing.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

: Breathing of high vapour concentrations may cause central nervous system (CNS) depression resulting in dizziness, light-headedness, headache, nausea and loss of coordination. Continued inhalation may result in unconsciousness and

death.

The content and format of this safety data sheet is in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725:2023 requirements.

# Isopentane

Version 1.4 Revision Date 08.05.2025 Print Date 15.05.2025

> Skin irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning sensation, redness, swelling, and/or blisters.

> Eye irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning sen-

sation, redness, swelling, and/or blurred vision.

If material enters lungs, signs and symptoms may include coughing, choking, wheezing, difficulty in breathing, chest

congestion, shortness of breath, and/or fever.

If any of the following delayed signs and symptoms appear within the next 6 hours, transport to the nearest medical facility: fever greater than 101° F (38.3°C), shortness of breath, chest congestion or continued coughing or wheezing.

Defatting dermatitis signs and symptoms may include a burn-

ing sensation and/or a dried/cracked appearance.

: When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the Protection of first-aiders

appropriate personal protective equipment according to the

incident, injury and surroundings.

: Call a doctor or poison control center for guidance. Notes to physician

Potential for chemical pneumonitis.

Treat symptomatically.

#### **SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

Suitable extinguishing media : Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon diox-

ide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water in a jet.

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

: Clear fire area of all non-emergency personnel. Hazardous combustion products may include:

A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and

gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide.

Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.

Flammable vapours may be present even at temperatures

below the flash point.

The vapour is heavier than air, spreads along the ground and

distant ignition is possible.

Will float and can be reignited on surface water.

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Standard procedure for chemical fires.

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

Keep adjacent containers cool by spraying with water.

Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if

large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to

relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

#### **SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

The content and format of this safety data sheet is in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725:2023 requirements.

# Isopentane

Version 1.4 Revision Date 08.05.2025 Print Date 15.05.2025

Personal precautions, protec: : tive equipment and emergency procedures

Observe all relevant local and international regulations. Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the environment occurs or is likely to occur.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Avoid contact with skin, eves and clothing.

Isolate hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary or unpro-

tected personnel.

Do not breathe fumes, vapour. Do not operate electrical equipment.

**Environmental precautions** 

Shut off leaks, if possible without personal risks. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. Attempt to disperse the vapour or to direct its flow to a safe location for example by using fog sprays. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment.

Monitor area with combustible gas indicator.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up : For small liquid spills (< 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means to a labeled, sealable container for product recovery or safe disposal. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely.

For large liquid spills (> 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank for recovery or safe disposal. Do not flush away residues with water. Retain as contaminated waste. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely

Ventilate contaminated area thoroughly.

If contamination of site occurs remediation may require spe-

cialist advice.

Additional advice

: For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment

see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.

For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of

this Safety Data Sheet.

#### **SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

**General Precautions** 

: Avoid breathing of or direct contact with material. Only use in well ventilated areas. Wash thoroughly after handling. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see

Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.

Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this

The content and format of this safety data sheet is in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725:2023 requirements.

# Isopentane

Version 1.4 Revision Date 08.05.2025 Print Date 15.05.2025

material.

Ensure that all local regulations regarding handling and stor-

age facilities are followed.

Advice on safe handling : Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists.

Avoid contact with skin, eves and clothing.

Extinguish any naked flames. Do not smoke. Remove ignition

sources. Avoid sparks.

Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of

vapours, mists or aerosols.

Bulk storage tanks should be diked (bunded).

When using do not eat or drink.

The vapour is heavier than air, spreads along the ground and

distant ignition is possible.

Avoidance of contact : Strong oxidising agents.

**Product Transfer** : Even with proper grounding and bonding, this material can still

accumulate an electrostatic charge. If sufficient charge is allowed to accumulate, electrostatic discharge and ignition of flammable air-vapour mixtures can occur. Be aware of handling operations that may give rise to additional hazards that result from the accumulation of static charges. These include but are not limited to pumping (especially turbulent flow), mixing, filtering, splash filling, cleaning and filling of tanks and containers, sampling, switch loading, gauging, vacuum truck operations, and mechanical movements. These activities may lead to static discharge e.g. spark formation. Restrict line velocity during pumping in order to avoid generation of electrostatic discharge (≤ 1 m/s until fill pipe submerged to twice its diameter, then ≤ 7 m/s). Avoid splash filling. Do NOT use compressed air for filling, discharging, or handling operations.

Refer to guidance under Handling section.

**Storage** 

Conditions for safe storage Refer to section 15 for any additional specific legislation cov-

ering the packaging and storage of this product.

Other data Storage Temperature:

Ambient.

Bulk storage tanks should be diked (bunded).

Locate tanks away from heat and other sources of ignition. Cleaning, inspection and maintenance of storage tanks is a specialist operation, which requires the implementation of

strict procedures and precautions.

Must be stored in a diked (bunded) well- ventilated area, away from sunlight, ignition sources and other sources of heat. Keep away from aerosols, flammables, oxidizing agents, corrosives and from other flammable products which are not

harmful or toxic to man or to the environment.

Electrostatic charges will be generated during pumping.

The content and format of this safety data sheet is in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725:2023 requirements.

# Isopentane

Version 1.4	Revision Date 08.05.2025	Print Date 15.05.2025
	Electrostatic discharge may caustinuity by bonding and grounding reduce the risk.  The vapours in the head space of in the flammable/explosive range ble.	(earthing) all equipment to  of the storage vessel may lie
Packaging material	<ul> <li>Suitable material: For containers steel, stainless steel., For contain zinc silicate paint.</li> <li>Unsuitable material: Avoid prolor butyl or nitrile rubbers.</li> </ul>	ner paints, use epoxy paint,
Container Advice	: Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or pe near containers.	erform similar operations on or
Specific use(s)	: Not applicable	
	See additional references that pr for liquids that are determined to American Petroleum Institute 200 tions Arising out of Static, Lightni National Fire Protection Agency on Static Electricity). IEC/TS 60079-32-1: Electrostatic	be static accumulators: 03 (Protection Against Igni- ing and Stray Currents) or 77 (Recommended Practices

#### SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Components with workplace control parameters

Contains no substances with occupational exposure limit values. Contains no components with occupational exposure limit values.

### **Biological occupational exposure limits**

No biological limit allocated.

#### **Monitoring Methods**

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

 $Institut\ f\"{u}r\ Arbeitsschutz\ Deutschen\ Gesetzlichen\ Unfallversicherung\ (IFA)\ ,\ Germany\ http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp$ 

The content and format of this safety data sheet is in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725:2023 requirements.

# Isopentane

Version 1.4 Revision Date 08.05.2025 Print Date 15.05.2025

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

#### **Engineering measures**

: Use sealed systems as far as possible.

Adequate explosion-proof ventilation to control airborne concentrations below the exposure guidelines/limits.

Local exhaust ventilation is recommended. Eye washes and showers for emergency use.

Firewater monitors and deluge systems are recommended. Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated. The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances.

Appropriate measures include:

#### **General Information**

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or for subsequent recycle.

### Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are unsuitable (e.g. airborne concentrations are high, risk of oxygen deficiency, confined space) use appropriate positive pressure breathing apparatus

Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter.

If air-filtering respirators are suitable for conditions of use: Select a filter suitable for organic gases and vapours [Type AX boiling point ≤65°C (149°F)].

Hand protection Remarks

Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374,

The content and format of this safety data sheet is in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725:2023 requirements.

# Isopentane

Version 1.4 Revision Date 08.05.2025 Print Date 15.05.2025

US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. Longer term protection: Nitrile rubber gloves. Incidental contact/Splash protection: PVC or neoprene rubber gloves. For continuous contact we recommend gloves with breakthrough time of more than 240 minutes with preference for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. For short-term/splash protection we recommend the same but recognize that suitable gloves offering this level of protection may not be available and in this case a lower breakthrough time maybe acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not a good predictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Glove thickness should be typically greater than 0.35 mm depending on the glove make and model. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended.

Eye protection : Wear goggles for use against liquids and gas.

Skin and body protection : Skin protection is not required under normal conditions of

use

For prolonged or repeated exposures use impervious clothing

over parts of the body subject to exposure.

If repeated and/or prolonged skin exposure to the substance is likely, then wear suitable gloves tested to relevant Stand-

ard, and provide employee skin care programmes.

Wear antistatic and flame-retardant clothing, if a local risk

assessment deems it so.

Thermal hazards : Not applicable

Protective measures : Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recom-

mended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

General advice : Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances

must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing

vapour.

Minimise release to the environment. An environmental assessment must be made to ensure compliance with local envi-

ronmental legislation.

Information on accidental release measures are to be found in

section 6.

The content and format of this safety data sheet is in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725:2023 requirements.

# Isopentane

Version 1.4 Revision Date 08.05.2025 Print Date 15.05.2025

#### **SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Appearance : Liquid.

Colour : colourless

Odour : Paraffinic

Odour Threshold : Data not available

pH : Not applicable

Pour point : -150 °C / -238 °F

Melting / freezing point -160.5 °C / -256.9 °F

Boiling point/boiling range : Typical 28 - 32 °C / 82 - 90 °F

Flash point : Typical -57 °C / -71 °F

Method: IP 170

Evaporation rate : 1

Method: DIN 53170, di-ethyl ether=1

12

Method: ASTM D 3539, nBuAc=1

Flammability

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable

Lower explosion limit and upper explosion limit / flammability limit

Upper explosion limit : 7.6 %(V)

Lower explosion limit : 1.3 %(V)

Vapour pressure : Typical 36 kPa (0 °C / 32 °F)

Typical 77 kPa (20 °C / 68 °F)

Typical 207 kPa (50 °C / 122 °F)

Relative vapour density : 2.4

Relative density : Data not available

Density : Typical 624 kg/m3 (15 °C / 59 °F)Method: ASTM D4052

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : Data not available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: 3.4

The content and format of this safety data sheet is in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725:2023 requirements.

# Isopentane

Version 1.4 Revision Date 08.05.2025 Print Date 15.05.2025

Auto-ignition temperature : 468 °C / 874 °F

Method: ASTM E-659

Decomposition temperature : Data not available

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : Data not available

Viscosity, kinematic : Typical 0.56 mm2/s (0 °C / 32 °F)

Method: ASTM D445

Typical 0.32 mm2/s (25 °C / 77 °F)

Method: ASTM D445

Explosive properties : Not classified

Oxidizing properties : Data not available

Surface tension : Data not available

Conductivity : 0.25 pS/m at 20 °C / 68 °F

Method: ASTM D-4308 Low conductivity: < 100 pS/m

The conductivity of this material makes it a static accumulator., A liquid is typically considered nonconductive if its con-

ductivity is below 100 pS/m and is considered semi-

conductive if its conductivity is below 10,000 pS/m., Whether a liquid is nonconductive or semi-conductive, the precautions are the same., A number of factors, for example liquid temperature, presence of contaminants, and anti-static additives

can greatly influence the conductivity of a liquid

Molecular weight : 72 g/mol

Particle characteristics

Particle size : Data not available

#### **SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity : The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in

addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.

Chemical stability : No hazardous reaction is expected when handled and stored

according to provisions

Stable under normal conditions of use.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

: Reacts with strong oxidising agents.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

In certain circumstances product can ignite due to static elec-

tricity.

The content and format of this safety data sheet is in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725:2023 requirements.

# Isopentane

Version 1.4 Print Date 15.05.2025 Revision Date 08.05.2025

Incompatible materials : Strong oxidising agents.

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form

during normal storage.

Thermal decomposition is highly dependent on conditions. A complex mixture of airborne solids, liquids and gases including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, sulphur oxides and unidentified organic compounds will be evolved when this material undergoes combustion or thermal or oxidative degra-

dation.

#### **SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Basis for assessment : Information given is based on data obtained from similar sub-

Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual com-

ponent(s).

exposure

Information on likely routes of : Exposure may occur via inhalation, ingestion, skin absorption,

skin or eye contact, and accidental ingestion.

### **Acute toxicity**

# **Components:**

isopentane:

Acute oral toxicity : LD 50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Acute inhalation toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 20 mg/l

> Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: vapour

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

#### **Components:**

isopentane: Species: Rabbit

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 404

Remarks: Slightly irritating. Insufficient to classify.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

#### **Components:**

### isopentane:

The content and format of this safety data sheet is in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725:2023 requirements.

# Isopentane

Version 1.4 Revision Date 08.05.2025 Print Date 15.05.2025

Species: Rabbit

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 405

Remarks: Slightly irritating. Insufficient to classify.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

#### **Components:**

isopentane:

Species: Guinea pig

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 406 Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

#### **Components:**

isopentane:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 471

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

: Method: Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, B.10.

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Genotoxicity in vivo : Species: Rat

Method: Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, B.12.

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in

categories 1A/1B.

#### Carcinogenicity

#### Components:

isopentane:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in

categories 1A/1B.

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
isopentane	No carcinogenicity classification.

### Reproductive toxicity

### STOT - single exposure

# Components:

isopentane:

**Exposure routes: Inhalation** 

Target Organs: Central nervous system

The content and format of this safety data sheet is in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725:2023 requirements.

# Isopentane

Version 1.4 Revision Date 08.05.2025 Print Date 15.05.2025

Remarks: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### STOT - repeated exposure

#### **Components:**

#### isopentane:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Low systemic toxicity on repeated exposure.

#### Repeated dose toxicity

#### **Components:**

#### isopentane:

Species: Rat, male and female Application Route: Inhalation Test atmosphere: Gas

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 413

Target Organs: No specific target organs noted

#### **Aspiration toxicity**

#### **Components:**

#### isopentane:

Aspiration into the lungs when swallowed or vomited may cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.

#### **Further information**

#### **Components:**

#### isopentane:

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

### **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Basis for assessment : Incomplete ecotoxicological data are available for this product.

The information given below is based partly on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual com-

ponent(s).

#### **Ecotoxicity**

### **Components:**

#### isopentane:

Toxicity to fish (Acute toxici-

ty)

: LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 4.26 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: Information given is based on data obtained from

similar substances. Remarks: Toxic

The content and format of this safety data sheet is in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725:2023 requirements.

# Isopentane

Version 1.4 Revision Date 08.05.2025 Print Date 15.05.2025

 $LL/EL/IL50 > 1 \le 10 \text{ mg/l}$ 

Toxicity to crustacean (Acute

toxicity)

: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 4.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 301

Remarks: Toxic

 $LL/EL/IL50 > 1 \le 10 \text{ mg/l}$ 

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants (Acute toxicity)

: EL50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 25.12 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: Based on quantitative structure-activity relationship

(QSAR) modelling Remarks: Harmful

LL/EL/IL50 >10 <= 100 mg/l

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOELR (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 7.618 mg/l

Exposure time: 28 d

Method: Based on quantitative structure-activity relationship

(QSAR) modelling

Remarks: NOEC/NOEL > 1.0 - <= 10 mg/l

Toxicity to crustacean(Chronic toxicity) : NOELR (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 13.29 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: Based on quantitative structure-activity relationship

(QSAR) modelling

Remarks: NOEC/NOEL > 10 - <=100 mg/l

EL50 (Tetrahymena pyriformis): 130.9 mg/l Toxicity to bacteria

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: Based on quantitative structure-activity relationship

(QSAR) modelling

Remarks: Practically non toxic:

LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l

#### Persistence and degradability

# **Components:**

isopentane:

Biodegradability : Biodegradation: 71 %

Exposure time: 28 d

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 301

Remarks: Readily biodegradable.

Oxidises rapidly by photo-chemical reactions in air.

**Bioaccumulative potential** 

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: 3.4

Components:

isopentane:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

15 / 19 800001033921 BR

The content and format of this safety data sheet is in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725:2023 requirements.

# Isopentane

Version 1.4 Revision Date 08.05.2025 Print Date 15.05.2025

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 171

Method: Information given is based on data obtained from

similar substances.

Remarks: Does not bioaccumulate significantly.

#### Mobility in soil

#### **Components:**

isopentane:

Mobility : Remarks: Floats on water.

If the product enters soil, one or more constituents will or may

be mobile and may contaminate groundwater.

#### Other adverse effects

#### Components:

isopentane:

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

: The substance does not fulfill all screening criteria for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity and hence is not consid-

ered to be PBT or vPvB.

Additional ecological infor-

mation

: In view of the high rate of loss from solution, the product is

unlikely to pose a significant hazard to aquatic life.

Does not have ozone depletion potential.

#### **SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### **Disposal methods**

Waste from residues

: Recover or recycle if possible.

It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal meth-

ods in compliance with applicable regulations.

Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment.

Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water

Do not dispose of tank water bottoms by allowing them to drain into the ground. This will result in soil and groundwater contamination.

Waste arising from a spillage or tank cleaning should be disposed of in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand.

Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional,

national, and local laws and regulations.

Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or na-

tional requirements and must be complied with.

The content and format of this safety data sheet is in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725:2023 requirements.

# Isopentane

Version 1.4 Revision Date 08.05.2025 Print Date 15.05.2025

MARPOL - see International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL 73/78) which provides tech-

nical aspects at controlling pollutions from ships.

Contaminated packaging : Drain container thoroughly.

After draining, vent in a safe place away from sparks and fire. Residues may cause an explosion hazard. Do not puncture,

cut or weld uncleaned drums.

Send to drum recoverer or metal reclaimer.

Comply with any local recovery or waste disposal regulations.

#### **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

**ANTT** 

UN number : 1265

Proper shipping name : PENTANES

Class : 3
Packing group : I
Labels : 3
Hazard Identification Number : 33
Environmentally hazardous : no

#### **International Regulations**

**IATA-DGR** 

UN/ID No. : UN 1265
Proper shipping name : PENTANES

Class : 3
Packing group : I
Labels : 3

IMDG-Code

UN number : UN 1265
Proper shipping name : PENTANES

Class : 3
Packing group : I
Labels : 3
Marine pollutant : no

#### Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Pollution category : Not applicable
Ship type : Not applicable
Product name : Not applicable

Special precautions for user

Remarks : Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage,

for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or

needs to comply with in connection with transport.

The content and format of this safety data sheet is in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725:2023 requirements.

# Isopentane

Version 1.4 Revision Date 08.05.2025 Print Date 15.05.2025

#### **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

# Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mix-

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

### The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AIIC : Listed

DSL : Listed

IECSC : Listed

ENCS : Listed

KECI : Listed

NZIoC : Listed

PICCS : Listed

TSCA : Listed

TCSI : Listed

### **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

#### **Full text of H-Statements**

H224 Extremely flammable liquid and vapour. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H401 Toxic to aquatic life.

#### Full text of other abbreviations

Aquatic Acute Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard Aquatic Chronic Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard

Asp. Tox. Aspiration hazard Flam. Liq. Flammable liquids

STOT SE Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Abbreviations and Acronyms : The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this docu-

ment can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific

dictionaries) and/or websites.

#### **Further information**

Training advice : Provide adequate information, instruction and training for op-

erators.

Other information : A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment

The content and format of this safety data sheet is in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725:2023 requirements.

# Isopentane

Version 1.4 Revision Date 08.05.2025 Print Date 15.05.2025

from the previous version.

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet

: The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.