

SAFETY DATA SHEET

BC Methyl Ethyl Ketone

Print Date 18.07.2023

Revision Date 18.07.2023

Version 1.2

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : BC Methyl Ethyl Ketone
Product code : S2201
CAS-No. : 78-93-3

Index-No. : 606-002-00-3
Other means of identification : 2-Butanone, butan-2-one, Butanone, Ethyl methyl ketone, MEK

EC-No. : 201-159-0

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Substance/Mixture : Use only in industrial processes.
Uses advised against : This product must not be used in applications other than the above without first seeking the advice of the supplier.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier : **SHELL MARKETS (MIDDLE EAST) LIMITED**
CHEMICALS
PO Box 307
. Jebel Ali, Dubai
United Arab Emirates

Telephone : +971 4 405 4400
Telefax : +971 4 329 3311
Contact for Safety Data Sheet :

1.4 Emergency telephone number

+ (65) 6542 9595 (Alert-SGS)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS Classification

Flammable liquids : Category 2
Acute toxicity (Oral) : Category 5
Aspiration hazard : Category 2
Eye irritation : Category 2A
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure : Category 3 (Central nervous system (CNS), Narcotic effects)

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2.2 Label elements

GHS-Labeling

Hazard pictograms



Signal word

: Danger

Hazard statements

: **PHYSICAL HAZARDS:**
H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
HEALTH HAZARDS:
H303 May be harmful if swallowed.
H305 May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:
Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria.

Precautionary statements

: **Prevention:**
P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting equipment.
P242 Use non-sparking tools.
P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.
P261 Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
Response:
P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.
P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.
P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.
P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P312 Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell.
Storage:
P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

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P235 Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents and container to appropriate waste site or reclaimer in accordance with local and national regulations.

2.3 Other hazards

Vapours are heavier than air. Vapours may travel across the ground and reach remote ignition sources causing a flashback fire danger.

Even with proper grounding and bonding, this material can still accumulate an electrostatic charge. If sufficient charge is allowed to accumulate, electrostatic discharge and ignition of flammable air-vapour mixtures can occur.

Exposure may enhance the toxicity of other materials.

See Chapter 11 for details.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	100

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice	: Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions.
Protection of first-aiders	: When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.
If inhaled	: No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
In case of skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
In case of eye contact	: Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Transport to the nearest medical facility for additional treatment.

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- If swallowed : If swallowed, do not induce vomiting: transport to nearest medical facility for additional treatment. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration. Rinse mouth.
If any of the following delayed signs and symptoms appear within the next 6 hours, transport to the nearest medical facility: fever greater than 101° F (38.3°C), shortness of breath, chest congestion or continued coughing or wheezing.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

- Symptoms : Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal conditions of use.
Possible respiratory irritation signs and symptoms may include a temporary burning sensation of the nose and throat, coughing, and/or difficulty breathing.
No specific hazards under normal use conditions.
Skin irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning sensation, redness, or swelling.
Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.
Eye irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning sensation, redness, swelling, and/or blurred vision.
If any of the following delayed signs and symptoms appear within the next 6 hours, transport to the nearest medical facility: fever greater than 101° F (38.3°C), shortness of breath, chest congestion or continued coughing or wheezing.
If material enters lungs, signs and symptoms may include coughing, choking, wheezing, difficulty in breathing, chest congestion, shortness of breath, and/or fever.
Defatting dermatitis signs and symptoms may include a burning sensation and/or a dried/cracked appearance.
Breathing of high vapour concentrations may cause central nervous system (CNS) depression resulting in dizziness, light-headedness, headache, nausea and loss of coordination.
Continued inhalation may result in unconsciousness and death.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Treatment : IMMEDIATE TREATMENT IS EXTREMELY IMPORTANT!
Call a doctor or poison control center for guidance.
Potential for chemical pneumonitis.
Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media : Alcohol-resistant foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
- Unsuitable extinguishing : None

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media

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during firefighting : The vapour is heavier than air, spreads along the ground and distant ignition is possible. Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters : Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

Specific extinguishing methods : Standard procedure for chemical fires.

Further information : Clear fire area of all non-emergency personnel.
Keep adjacent containers cool by spraying with water.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Observe the relevant local and international regulations
Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the environment occurs or is likely to occur.
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
The vapour is heavier than air, spreads along the ground and distant ignition is possible.
Vapour may form an explosive mixture with air.
Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.
Isolate hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary or unprotected personnel.
Stay upwind and keep out of low areas.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Shut off leaks, if possible without personal risks. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. Attempt to disperse the vapour or to direct its flow to a safe location for example by using fog sprays. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment.
Ventilate contaminated area thoroughly.
Monitor area with combustible gas indicator.

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6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : For large liquid spills (> 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank for recovery or safe disposal. Do not flush away residues with water. Retain as contaminated waste. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely. For small liquid spills (< 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means to a labeled, sealable container for product recovery or safe disposal. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.,
For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

General Precautions : Avoid breathing of or direct contact with material. Only use in well ventilated areas. Wash thoroughly after handling. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.
Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
Ensure that all local regulations regarding handling and storage facilities are followed.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.
Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols.
Bulk storage tanks should be diked (bunded).
Extinguish any naked flames. Do not smoke. Remove ignition sources. Avoid sparks.
Electrostatic discharge may cause fire. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment to reduce the risk.
The vapours in the head space of the storage vessel may lie in the flammable/explosive range and hence may be flammable.
Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires.
Do NOT use compressed air for filling, discharging, or handling operations.

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Product Transfer : Refer to guidance under Handling section.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers : The vapour is heavier than air. Beware of accumulation in pits and confined spaces. Refer to section 15 for any additional specific legislation covering the packaging and storage of this product.

Packaging material : **Suitable material:** For containers, or container linings use mild steel, stainless steel.
Unsuitable material: Natural, butyl, neoprene or nitrile rubbers.

Container Advice : Containers, even those that have been emptied, can contain explosive vapours. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near containers.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : Not applicable

Ensure that all local regulations regarding handling and storage facilities are followed.
See additional references that provide safe handling practices: American Petroleum Institute 2003 (Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning and Stray Currents) or National Fire Protection Agency 77 (Recommended Practices on Static Electricity).
IEC/TS 60079-32-1: Electrostatic hazards, guidance

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

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National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods
<http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/>

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods
<http://www.osha.gov/>

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances
<http://www.hse.gov.uk/>

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA) , Germany
<http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp>

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Sécurité, (INRS), France <http://www.inrs.fr/accueil>

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures Use sealed systems as far as possible.

Adequate explosion-proof ventilation to control airborne concentrations below the exposure guidelines/limits.

Local exhaust ventilation is recommended.

Firewater monitors and deluge systems are recommended.

Eye washes and showers for emergency use.

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include:

General Information:

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned.

Practice good housekeeping.

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.

Personal protective equipment

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Eye protection : Wear goggles for use against liquids and gas.
Wear full face shield if splashes are likely to occur.

Hand protection

Remarks : Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. Longer term protection: Butyl rubber. Nitrile rubber. Incidental contact/Splash protection: PVC or neoprene rubber gloves. For continuous contact we

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recommend gloves with breakthrough time of more than 240 minutes with preference for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. For short-term/splash protection we recommend the same but recognize that suitable gloves offering this level of protection may not be available and in this case a lower breakthrough time maybe acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not a good predictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Glove thickness should be typically greater than 0.35 mm depending on the glove make and model. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended.

Skin and body protection : Wear antistatic and flame-retardant clothing, if a local risk assessment deems it so.
Skin protection is not required under normal conditions of use. For prolonged or repeated exposures use impervious clothing over parts of the body subject to exposure.
If repeated and/or prolonged skin exposure to the substance is likely, then wear suitable gloves tested to relevant Standard, and provide employee skin care programmes.

Respiratory protection : If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers.
Where air-filtering respirators are unsuitable (e.g. airborne concentrations are high, risk of oxygen deficiency, confined space) use appropriate positive pressure breathing apparatus. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter.
If air-filtering respirators are suitable for conditions of use: Select a filter suitable for organic gases and vapours [Type A boiling point >65°C (149°F)].

Thermal hazards : Not applicable

Environmental exposure controls

General advice : Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing vapour.

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Minimise release to the environment. An environmental assessment must be made to ensure compliance with local environmental legislation.
Information on accidental release measures are to be found in section 6.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	: Liquid.
Colour	: clear
Odour	: characteristic
Odour Threshold	: Data not available
pH	: Not applicable
Melting point/freezing point	: -86 °C
Boiling point/boiling range	: 79,5 °C
Flash point	: -9 °C Method: Abel
Evaporation rate	: 3,3 Method: DIN 53170, di-ethyl ether=1
Flammability	
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not applicable
Lower explosion limit and upper explosion limit / flammability limit	
Upper explosion limit	: 11,5 %(V)
Lower explosion limit	: 1,8 %(V)
Vapour pressure	: 12,600 Pa (20 °C)
Relative vapour density	: 2,4 (20 °C)
Relative density	: 0,804 - 0,806 (20 °C) Method: ASTM D4052
Density	: 0,804 - 0,806 kg/m3 (20 °C) Method: ASTM D4052
Solubility(ies)	
Water solubility	: 250 g/l Miscible. (20 °C)

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Solubility in other solvents : Data not available

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 0,3

Auto-ignition temperature : 515 °C

Decomposition temperature : Data not available

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : 0,42 mPa.s (20 °C)
Method: ASTM D445

Viscosity, kinematic : Data not available

Explosive properties : Not applicable

Oxidizing properties : Data not available

9.2 Other information

Surface tension : 24,8 mN/m, 20 °C

Conductivity : Electrical conductivity: > 10,000 pS/m

A number of factors, for example liquid temperature, presence of contaminants, and anti-static additives can greatly influence the conductivity of a liquid, This material is not expected to be a static accumulator.

Molecular weight : 72,11 g/mol

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.

10.2 Chemical stability

No hazardous reaction is expected when handled and stored according to provisions

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Reacts with strong oxidising agents.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.
Prevent vapour accumulation.
In certain circumstances product can ignite due to static

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electricity.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Strong oxidising agents.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products : Thermal decomposition is highly dependent on conditions. A complex mixture of airborne solids, liquids and gases including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, sulphur oxides and unidentified organic compounds will be evolved when this material undergoes combustion or thermal or oxidative degradation.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Basis for assessment : Information given is based on product testing. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).

Information on likely routes of exposure : Exposure may occur via inhalation, ingestion, skin absorption, skin or eye contact, and accidental ingestion.

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : LD 50 Rat, male and female: >2000 -<= 5000 mg/kg
Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 423
Test substance: Butan-2-ol
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD 50 Rabbit, male: > 10 ml/kg/bw
Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 402
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

Methyl ethyl ketone:

Acute oral toxicity : LD 50 Rat, male and female: >2000 -<= 5000 mg/kg
Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 423
Test substance: Butan-2-ol

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Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD 50 Rabbit, male: > 10 ml/kg/bw
Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 402
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Test substance: Butan-2-ol
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met., Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Components:

Methyl ethyl ketone:

Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Test substance: Butan-2-ol
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met., Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Species: Rabbit
Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 405
Remarks: Causes serious eye irritation.

Components:

Methyl ethyl ketone:

Species: Rabbit
Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 405
Remarks: Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Species: Guinea pig
Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

Methyl ethyl ketone:

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Species: Guinea pig

Method: OECD Test Guideline 406

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

Genotoxicity in vitro

- : Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 471
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- : Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 473
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- : Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 476
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- : Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 480
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- : Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 482
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- : Test species: Mouse
Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 474
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

Methyl ethyl ketone:

Genotoxicity in vitro

- : Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 471
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- : Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 473
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- : Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 476
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- : Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 480
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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: Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 482
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

: Test species: Mouse Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 474
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity-Assessment : This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Components:

Methyl ethyl ketone:

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
Methyl ethyl ketone	No carcinogenicity classification.

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Species: Rat :
Sex: male and female
Application Route: Oral

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 416
Test substance: Butan-2-ol
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Effects on foetal development : Species: Rat, female
Application Route: Inhalation
Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 414
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

Methyl ethyl ketone:

Species: Rat :
Sex: male and female
Application Route: Oral

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Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 416

Test substance: Butan-2-ol

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Effects on foetal development

: Species: Rat, female

Application Route: Inhalation

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 414

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment

: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Exposure routes: Inhalation

Target Organs: Central nervous system

Remarks: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Components:

Methyl ethyl ketone:

Exposure routes: Inhalation

Target Organs: Central nervous system

Remarks: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met., Low systemic toxicity on repeated exposure.

Components:

Methyl ethyl ketone:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met., Low systemic toxicity on repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Product:

Rat, male and female:

Application Route: Inhalation

Test atmosphere: vapour

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 413

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Target Organs: No specific target organs noted

Components:

Methyl ethyl ketone:

Rat, male and female:

Application Route: Inhalation

Test atmosphere: vapour

Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 413

Target Organs: No specific target organs noted

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration into the lungs when swallowed or vomited may cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.

Components:

Methyl ethyl ketone:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration into the lungs when swallowed or vomited may cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

Summary on evaluation of the CMR properties

Germ cell mutagenicity-
Assessment : This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.

Carcinogenicity -
Assessment : This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.

Reproductive toxicity -
Assessment : This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.

Components:

Methyl ethyl ketone:

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: Practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Acute toxicity)	: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 308 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 Remarks: Practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to algae (Acute toxicity)	: EC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 2.029 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 Remarks: Practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	: Remarks: Data not available
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)	: Remarks: Data not available
Toxicity to bacteria (Acute toxicity)	: (Pseudomonas putida): 1.150 mg/l Exposure time: 16 h Method: Other guideline method. Remarks: Practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l

Components:

Methyl ethyl ketone :

Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: Practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Acute toxicity)	: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 308 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 Remarks: Practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to algae (Acute toxicity)	: EC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 2.029 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 Remarks: Practically non toxic:

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LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l

Toxicity to bacteria (Acute toxicity) : (Pseudomonas putida): 1.150 mg/l
Exposure time: 16 h
Method: Other guideline method.
Remarks: Practically non toxic:
LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : Remarks: Data not available

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : Remarks: Data not available

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product:

Biodegradability : Biodegradation: 98 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D
Remarks: Readily biodegradable., Oxidises rapidly by photo-chemical reactions in air.

Components:

Methyl ethyl ketone :

Biodegradability : Biodegradation: 98 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D
Remarks: Readily biodegradable., Oxidises rapidly by photo-chemical reactions in air.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Does not bioaccumulate significantly.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 0,3

Components:

Methyl ethyl ketone :

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Does not bioaccumulate significantly.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Product:

Mobility : Remarks: Dissolves in water.

Components:

Methyl ethyl ketone :

Mobility : Remarks: Dissolves in water.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product:

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Assessment

: The substance does not fulfill all screening criteria for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity and hence is not considered to be PBT or vPvB.

Components:

Methyl ethyl ketone :

Assessment

: The substance does not fulfill all screening criteria for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity and hence is not considered to be PBT or vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects

Product:

Additional ecological information

: Does not have ozone depletion potential.

Components:

Methyl ethyl ketone :

Additional ecological information

: Does not have ozone depletion potential.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

: Recover or recycle if possible.
It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.
Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses.
Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment.
Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.
Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements and must be complied with.

MARPOL - see International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL 73/78) which provides technical aspects at controlling pollutions from ships.

Contaminated packaging

: Drain container thoroughly.
After draining, vent in a safe place away from sparks and fire.
Residues may cause an explosion hazard.
Do not, puncture, cut, or weld uncleaned drums.
Send to drum recoverer or metal reclaimer.

Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of

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the collector or contractor should be established beforehand.

Local legislation

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

ADR : 1193
IMDG : 1193
IATA : 1193

14.2 Proper shipping name

ADR : ETHYL METHYL KETONE
IMDG : ETHYL METHYL KETONE
IATA : METHYL ETHYL KETONE

14.3 Transport hazard class

ADR : 3
IMDG : 3
IATA : 3

14.4 Packing group

ADR
Packing group : II
Classification Code : F1
Hazard Identification Number : 33
Labels : 3
IMDG
Packing group : II
Labels : 3
IATA
Packing group : II
Labels : 3

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR
Environmentally hazardous : no
IMDG
Marine pollutant : no

14.6 Special precautions for user

Remarks : Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Pollution category : Z
Ship type : 3; Must be Double Hulled
Product name : Methyl ethyl ketone

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Additional Information : This product may be transported under nitrogen blanketing. Nitrogen is an odourless and invisible gas. Exposure to nitrogen enriched atmospheres displaces available oxygen which may cause asphyxiation or death. Personnel must observe strict safety precautions when involved with a confined space entry. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Other regulations : The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

DSL	: Listed
IECSC	: Listed
KECI	: Listed
PICCS	: Listed
TSCA	: Listed
AIIC	: Listed
ENCS	: Listed
TCSI	: Listed
NZIoC	: Listed

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and Acronyms : The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this document can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries) and/or websites.

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR = European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

AICS = Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

ASTM = American Society for Testing and Materials

BEL = Biological exposure limits

BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes

CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service

CEFIC = European Chemical Industry Council

CLP = Classification Packaging and Labelling

COC = Cleveland Open-Cup

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DIN = Deutsches Institut für Normung
DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
DSL = Canada Domestic Substance List
EC = European Commission
EC50 = Effective Concentration fifty
ECETOC = European Center on Ecotoxicology and Toxicology Of Chemicals
ECHA = European Chemicals Agency
EINECS = The European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
EL50 = Effective Loading fifty
ENCS = Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory
EWC = European Waste Code
GHS = Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IC50 = Inhibitory Concentration fifty
IL50 = Inhibitory Level fifty
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
INV = Chinese Chemicals Inventory
IP346 = Institute of Petroleum test method N° 346 for the determination of polycyclic aromatics DMSO-extractables
KECI = Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
LC50 = Lethal Concentration fifty
LD50 = Lethal Dose fifty per cent.
LL/EL/IL = Lethal Loading/Effective Loading/Inhibitory loading
LL50 = Lethal Loading fifty
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships
NOEC/NOEL = No Observed Effect Concentration / No Observed Effect Level
OE_HPV = Occupational Exposure - High Production Volume
PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PICCS = Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
REACH = Registration Evaluation And Authorisation Of Chemicals
RID = Regulations Relating to International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
SKIN_DES = Skin Designation
STEL = Short term exposure limit
TRA = Targeted Risk Assessment
TSCA = US Toxic Substances Control Act
TWA = Time-Weighted Average
vPvB = very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Further information

Training advice

: Provide adequate information, instruction and training for operators.

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Other information : A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet : The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.