Thermo Fisher SCIENTIFIC

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Creation Date 30-Apr-2020 Revision Date 04-Jan-2021 Revision Number 2

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: DOSINACO Reconstitution Buffer

Cat No. : 227-40507-58; 227-40507-55; 227-40507-91

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against No Information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company EU entity/business name

Acros Organics BVBA

Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a

2440 Geel, Belgium

General Info; Tel: +32-14-57 52 11

(info@acros.com)

Technical Support; Tel +32-14-56 56 00 (acros.techsupport@thermofisher.com)

UK entity/business name

Fisher Scientific UK

Bishop Meadow Road, Loughborough, Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom General info; Tel: +44 (0)1509 231166

Swiss distributor - Fisher Scientific AG Neuhofstrasse 11, CH 4153 Reinach

Tel: +41 (0) 56 618 41 11

e-mail - infoch@thermofisher.com

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Tel: 01509 231166

Chemtrec US: (800) 424-9300 Chemtrec EU: 001-703-527-3887

For customers in Switzerland:

Tox Info Suisse Emergency Number: 145 (24hr)

Tox Info Suisse: +41-44 251 51 51 (Emergency number from abroad)

Chemtrec (24h) Toll-Free: 0800 564 402 Chemtrec Local: +41-43 508 20 11 (Zurich)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Physical hazards

Flammable liquids Category 2 (H225)

Health hazards

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2 (H319)
Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure) Category 3 (H336)

Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

2.2. Label elements

Contains Isopropyl alcohol



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Precautionary Statements

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P280 - Wear eye protection/ face protection

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell

2.3. Other hazards

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

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3.2. Mixtures

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	200-661-7	70	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) STOT SE 3 (H336)
Water	7732-18-5	231-791-2	30	-

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation persists,

call a physician.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Difficulty in breathing. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like

headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

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Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Flammables area. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510

Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

Class 3

Switzerland - Storage of hazardous substances

Storage class - SC 3

https://www.kvu.ch/de/themen/stoffe-und-produkte https://www.kvu.ch/fr/themes/substances-et-produits https://www.kvu.ch/it/temi/sostanze-e-prodotti

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

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SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Third edition. Published 2018. **IRE** - 2010 Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations 2001. Published by the Health and Safety Authority. **CF** - The Government of Switzerland has set a directive on limit values for working materials (Grenzwerte am arbeitplatz) which is

based on the Swiss Federal Regulation "Verordnung über die Verhütung von Unfällen und Berufskrankheiten". This directive is administered, periodically revised and enforced by SUVA (Swiss National Accident Insurance Fund).

Component	European Union	The United Kingdom	France	Belgium	Spain
Isopropyl alcohol		STEL: 500 ppm 15 min	STEL / VLCT: 400 ppm.	TWA: 200 ppm 8 uren	STEL / VLA-EC: 400
		STEL: 1250 mg/m ³ 15	STEL / VLCT: 980	TWA: 500 mg/m ³ 8 uren	ppm (15 minutos).
		min	mg/m³.	STEL: 400 ppm 15	STEL / VLA-EC: 1000
		TWA: 400 ppm 8 hr	_	minuten	mg/m³ (15 minutos).
		TWA: 999 mg/m ³ 8 hr		STEL: 1000 mg/m ³ 15	TWA / VLA-ED: 200
		_		minuten	ppm (8 horas)
					TWA / VLA-ED: 500
					mg/m³ (8 horas)

Component	Italy	Germany	Portugal	The Netherlands	Finland
Isopropyl alcohol		TWA: 200 ppm (8	STEL: 400 ppm 15		TWA: 200 ppm 8
		Stunden). AGW -	minutos		tunteina
		exposure factor 2	TWA: 200 ppm 8 horas		TWA: 500 mg/m ³ 8
		TWA: 500 mg/m ³ (8			tunteina
		Stunden). AGW -			STEL: 250 ppm 15
		exposure factor 2			minuutteina
		TWA: 200 ppm (8			STEL: 620 mg/m ³ 15
		Stunden). MAK			minuutteina
		TWA: 500 mg/m ³ (8			
		Stunden). MAK			
		Höhepunkt: 400 ppm			
		Höhepunkt: 1000 mg/m ³			

Component	Austria	Denmark	Switzerland	Poland	Norway
Isopropyl alcohol	MAK-KZGW: 800 ppm	TWA: 200 ppm 8 timer	STEL: 400 ppm 15	STEL: 1200 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 100 ppm 8 timer
	15 Minuten	TWA: 490 mg/m ³ 8 timer	Minuten	minutach	TWA: 245 mg/m ³ 8 timer
	MAK-KZGW: 2000	_	STEL: 1000 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 900 mg/m ³ 8	STEL: 150 ppm 15
	mg/m3 15 Minuten		Minuten	godzinach	minutter. value
	MAK-TMW: 200 ppm 8		TWA: 200 ppm 8	_	calculated
	Stunden		Stunden		STEL: 306.25 mg/m ³ 15
	MAK-TMW: 500 mg/m ³		TWA: 500 mg/m ³ 8		minutter. value
	8 Stunden		Stunden		calculated

Component	Bulgaria	Croatia	Ireland	Cyprus	Czech Republic
Isopropyl alcohol	TWA: 980.0 mg/m ³	TWA-GVI: 400 ppm 8	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hr.		TWA: 500 mg/m ³ 8
	STEL: 1225.0 mg/m ³	satima.	STEL: 400 ppm 15 min		hodinách.
	_	TWA-GVI: 999 mg/m ³ 8	Skin		Potential for cutaneous
		satima.			absorption
		STEL-KGVI: 500 ppm			Ceiling: 1000 mg/m ³
		15 minutama.			
		STEL-KGVI: 1250			
		mg/m ³ 15 minutama.			

Component	Estonia	Gibraltar	Greece	Hungary	Iceland
Isopropyl alcohol	TWA: 150 ppm 8		STEL: 500 ppm	STEL: 1000 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 200 ppm 8
	tundides.		STEL: 1225 mg/m ³	percekben. CK	klukkustundum.
	TWA: 350 mg/m ³ 8		TWA: 400 ppm	TWA: 500 mg/m ³ 8	TWA: 490 mg/m ³ 8
	tundides.		TWA: 980 mg/m ³	órában. AK	klukkustundum.
	STEL: 250 ppm 15		_	lehetséges borön	Skin notation
	minutites.			keresztüli felszívódás	Ceiling: 400 ppm
	STEL: 600 mg/m ³ 15				Ceiling: 980 mg/m ³
	minutites.				

Component Latvia Lithuania Luxembourg Malta Romania

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| STEL: 600 mg/m³ | TWA: 150 ppm | IPRD | TWA: 350 mg/m³ | IPRD | TWA: 350 mg/m³ | IPRD | STEL: 250 ppm | STEL: 250 ppm | STEL: 600 mg/m³ | STEL: 500 mg/m³

Component	Russia	Slovak Republic	Slovenia	Sweden	Turkey
Isopropyl alcohol	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 1761	Ceiling: 1000 mg/m ³	TWA: 200 ppm 8 urah	Indicative STEL: 250	
	MAC: 50 mg/m ³	TWA: 200 ppm	TWA: 500 mg/m ³ 8 urah	ppm 15 minuter	
	_	TWA: 500 mg/m ³	STEL: 400 ppm 15	Indicative STEL: 600	
			minutah	mg/m ³ 15 minuter	
			STEL: 1000 mg/m ³ 15	TLV: 150 ppm 8 timmar.	
			minutah	NGV	
				TLV: 350 mg/m ³ 8	
				timmar. NGV	

Biological limit values

List source(s):

Component	European Union	United Kingdom	France	Spain	Germany
Isopropyl alcohol				Acetone: 40 mg/L urine	Acetone: 25 mg/L whole
, ,,				end of workweek	blood (end of shift)
					Acetone: 25 mg/L urine
					(end of shift)

Component	Italy	Finland	Denmark	Bulgaria	Romania
Isopropyl alcoho	ol				Acetone: 50 mg/L urine
					end of shift

Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.

MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours

MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

Component	Acute effects local (Dermal)	Acute effects systemic (Dermal)	Chronic effects local (Dermal)	Chronic effects systemic (Dermal)
Isopropyl alcohol 67-63-0 (70)				DNEL = 888mg/kg bw/day

Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)
Isopropyl alcohol 67-63-0 (70)				DNEL = 500mg/m ³

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

See values below.

Component	Fresh water	Fresh water	Water Intermittent	Microorganisms in	Soil (Agriculture)
		sediment		sewage treatment	
Isopropyl alcohol	PNEC = 140.9mg/L	PNEC = 552mg/kg	PNEC = 140.9mg/L	PNEC = 2251mg/L	PNEC = 28mg/kg

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67-63-0 (70) sediment dw soil dw
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Component	Marine water	Marine water sediment	Marine water Intermittent	Food chain	Air
Isopropyl alcohol	PNEC = 140.9mg/L	PNEC = 552mg/kg		PNEC = 160mg/kg	
67-63-0 (70)		sediment dw		food	

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eve Protection Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

	Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
1	Nitrile rubber	See manufacturers	-	EN 374	(minimum requirement)
L	Viton (R)	recommendations			

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing.

Inspect gloves before use. observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information) gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion. gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: low boiling organic solvent Type AX Brown conforming to EN371 or Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to EN14387

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

141

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid

Appearance
Odor
No information available
No information available
No data available

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Melting Point/RangeNo data availableSoftening PointNo data availableBoiling Point/RangeNo information available

Flammability (liquid) Highly flammable On basis of test data

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Liquid

Explosion Limits No data available

Flash Point 12 °C / 53.6 °F Method - Estimated

Autoignition TemperatureNo data availableDecomposition TemperatureNo data availablepHNo information availableViscosityNo data available

Water Solubility Miscible

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Componentlog PowIsopropyl alcohol0.05

Vapor Pressure No data available

Density / Specific Gravity 0.85

Bulk DensityNot applicableLiquidVapor DensityNo data available(Air = 1.0)

Particle characteristics (liquid) Not applicable

9.2. Other information

VOC Content(%) 70

Explosive Properties Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous PolymerizationNo information available.Hazardous ReactionsNone under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Product Information

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(a) acute toxicity:

Oral Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met **Dermal** Inhalation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Toxicology data for the components

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation		
Isopropyl alcohol	5045 mg/kg (Rat) 3600 mg/kg (Mouse)	12800 mg/kg (Rat)	72.6 mg/L (Rat)4 h		
Water	-	-	-		

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; No data available

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 2

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

No data available Respiratory Skin No data available

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; No data available

(f) carcinogenicity; No data available

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

(g) reproductive toxicity; No data available

Category 3 (h) STOT-single exposure;

Results / Target organs Central nervous system (CNS).

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; No data available

None known. **Target Organs**

(j) aspiration hazard; No data available

delayed

Symptoms / effects, both acute and Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness,

tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine Disrupting Properties Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any

known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity **Ecotoxicity effects**

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
Isopropyl alcohol	LC50: = 9640 mg/L, 96h	13299 mg/L EC50 = 48 h	EC50: > 1000 mg/L, 96h

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LC50: = 10000000 µg/L, 96h (Daphnia)

	Component	Microtox	M-Factor
Ī	Isopropyl alcohol	= 35390 mg/L EC50 Photobacterium phosphoreum 5 min	
ı			

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence

Miscible with water, Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Isopropyl alcohol	0.05	No data available

12.4. Mobility in soil

The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems. Will likely be mobile in the

environment due to its water solubility. Highly mobile in soils

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

No data available for assessment.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting

properties

Endocrine Disruptor Information

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

12.7. Other adverse effects

Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused

Products

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep

product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Dispose of this

container to hazardous or special waste collection point.

European Waste Catalogue (EWC) According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but

application specific.

Other Information Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product

was used. Do not flush to sewer. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with

local regulations.

Switzerland - Waste Ordinance Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations. Ordinance on the Avoidance and the Disposal of Waste (Waste Ordinance,

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ADWO) SR 814.600

https://www.fedlex.admin.ch/eli/cc/2015/891/en

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

14.1. UN number UN1219

ISOPROPANOL SOLUTION 14.2. UN proper shipping name

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 14.4. Packing group II

ADR

14.1. UN number UN1219

ISOPROPANOL SOLUTION 14.2. UN proper shipping name

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 14.4. Packing group II

IATA

UN1219 14.1. UN number

ISOPROPANOL SOLUTION 14.2. UN proper shipping name

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 II 14.4. Packing group

No hazards identified 14.5. Environmental hazards

14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable, packaged goods

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories

X = listed, Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), U.S.A. (TSCA), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Philippines (PICCS), China (IECSC), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Australia (AICS), Korea (KECL).

Component	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	PICCS	IECSC	ENCS	ISHL	AICS	KECL
Isopropyl alcohol	200-661-7	-		Х	Х	-	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	KE-29363
Water	231-791-2	-		Х	Х	-	Х	Х	Х		Х	KE-35400

Component	. ,	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Isopropyl alcohol		Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements	
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	Not applicable	Not applicable	
Water	7732-18-5	Not applicable	Not applicable	

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Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at

National Regulations

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

WGK Classification

Water endangering class = 1 (self classification)

Component	Germany - Water Classification (VwVwS)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Isopropyl alcohol	WGK1	

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)
Isopropyl alcohol	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84

Swiss Regulations

Article 4 para. 4 of the Ordinance on the protection of young people in the workplace (SR 822.115) and Article 1 lit. f of the EAER regulation on hazardous work and young people (SR 822.115.2).

Take note on Article 13 Maternity Ordinance (SR 822.111.52) with regards expectant and nursing mothers.

Component	Switzerland - Ordinance on the Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR 814.81)	Switzerland - Ordinance on Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC)	Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure
Isopropyl alcohol 67-63-0 (70)		Group I	

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment/Reports (CSA/CSR) are not required for mixtures

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

Substances List **ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances **KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

TWA - Time Weighted Average IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%

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NOEC - No Observed Effect ConcentrationPOW - Partition coefficient Octanol:WaterPBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, ToxicvPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate
VOC - (volatile organic compound)

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Physical hazards

Health Hazards

Environmental hazards

On basis of test data
Calculation method
Calculation method

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts. Chemical incident response training.

Creation Date30-Apr-2020Revision Date04-Jan-2021Revision SummaryNot applicable.

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006. COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

For Switzerland - Compiled in accordance with the technical provisions referred to in Annex 2, Number 3, ChemO (SR 813.11 - Ordinance on Protection against Dangerous Substances and Preparations).

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet