

Australian statement of hazardous nature: Classified as hazardous according to criteria of Safe Work Australia

Section 1 - Identification

Product Name Phenol solution 88%

Product Code FNNPHE88S

Address ThermoFisher Scientific Australia Pty Ltd

5 Caribbean Drive, Scoresby VICTORIA 3179, Australia

Emergency Tel. CHEMTREC®

03 9757 4559 or +613 9757 4559

Telephone / Fax Numbers Tel: 1300 735 292

Fax: 1800 067 639

E-mail address ANZinfo@thermofisher.com

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Uses advised against This product does not contain any substance(s) on the Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents list.

This product does not contain any substance(s) subject to Prohibition, Authorization or Restriction. This product does not contain any substance(s) listed on the voluntary National

Code of Practice for Chemicals of Security Concern.

Section 2 - Hazard(s) Identification

Classification under Safe Work Australia

Classified as hazardous according to criteria of Safe Work Australia

Physical hazards

No hazards identified

Health hazards

Acute Oral Toxicity

Acute Dermal Toxicity

Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure)

Category 2

Category 2

Environmental hazards

No hazards identified

Label Elements

AUS-001594 Version 3 12-Mar-2025 Page 1/11







Health Hazard

Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H341 - Suspected of causing genetic defects if inhaled

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H301 + H311 + H331 - Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled

Precautionary Statements

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

P264 - Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor

P330 - Rinse mouth

P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

Other information

Toxicity to Soil Dwelling Organisms

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

Section 3 - Composition and Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS No	Weight %
Phenol	108-95-2	>88
Water	7732-18-5	<22

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

Inhalation

Remove to fresh air. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Immediate medical attention is required. If not breathing, give artificial respiration.

AUS-001594 Version 3 12-Mar-2025 Page 2/11

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical

attention is required.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

Immediate medical attention is required.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

First Aid Facilities Eyewash, safety shower and washroom.

Most important symptoms and

effects

Difficulty in breathing. Causes burns by all exposure routes. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically.

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Aldehydes, Ketones, Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Combustible material. Containers may explode when heated. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire fighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

Emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation.

Environmental Precautions

Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

Methods for Containment and Clean Up

Clean-up methods - small spillage

Remove all sources of ignition. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

Clean-up methods - large spillage

Typically only supplied is small quantiites as packaged goods.

AUS-001594 Version 3 12-Mar-2025 Page 3/11

If extremely toxic or used in larger quantities ensure a spillage action plan is in place. Evacuate area. Control the source and/or contain the spill if safe and able to do so. Use temporary diking, sand bags, dry sand, earth or proprietary booms/absorbent pads if available. Obtain advice on containment, neutralisation and clean-up from local emergency responders.

Reference to Other Sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Precautions for Safe Handling

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including any Incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Protect from light. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Corrosives area. Keep refrigerated.

AS/NZS 2243.10:2004, Safety in laboratories - Storage of chemicals AS 1940-2004 - The storage and handling of flammable and combustible liquids

Section 8 - Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

Exposure limits

AUS - Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment - Guidance Note on the Interpretation of Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment [NOHSC:3008(1995)] Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment [NOHSC:1003(1995)] updated in August, 2005. Safe Work Australia

ACGIH - Threshold Limit Values - Ceiling (TLV-C) guidelines by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) for controlling worker exposure to airborne chemical concentrations in the workplace.

UK - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Fourth edition. Published 2020.

DE - MAK and BAT values of Hazardous Chemical Compounds in the Work Area. Published by German Research Foundation on July 1, 2011

NZ - Workplace Exposure Standards and Biological Exposure Indices (6th edition). New Zealand Department of Labor

Component	Australia	New Zealand WEL	ACGIH TLV	The United Kingdom	Germany
Phenol	TWA: 1 ppm TWA: 4 mg/m³	TWA: 1 ppm TWA: 3.8 mg/m³ STEL: 2 ppm STEL: 7.7 mg/m³ Skin	TWA: 5 ppm Skin	STEL: 4 ppm 15 min STEL: 16 mg/m³ 15 min TWA: 2 ppm 8 hr TWA: 7.8 mg/m³ 8 hr Skin	TWA: 2 ppm (8 Stunden). AGW - exposure factor 2 TWA: 8 mg/m³ (8 Stunden). AGW - exposure factor 2 Haut

Biological limit values

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

Component	Australia	New Zealand	European Union	United Kingdom	Germany
Phenol		100 mg/L (urine) end of			Phenol (after
		shift (Phenol)			hydrolysis): 120 mg/g
					Creatinine urine (end of
					shift)

Exposure Controls

Engineering Measures

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to

AUS-001594 Version 3 12-Mar-2025 Page 4/11

control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles (Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337 - Eye protectors for Industrial

applications)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	AUS/NZ Standard	Glove comments
Natural rubber Nitrile rubber	See manufacturers recommendations	-	AS/NZS 2161	(minimum requirement)
Neoprene PVC				

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing

Repiratory ProtectionUse an AS/NZS 1716 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or

other symptoms are experienced. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained in line with AS/NZS 1715 on the use

and maintenance of repiratory protective devices

Recommended Filter type: Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to EN14387 (or AUS/NZ

equivalent)

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405 or Half mask: EN140 plus filter, EN 141 (or AUS/NZ equivalent)

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Environmental exposure controls Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water

system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Pink
Physical State Liquid

Odor Sweet, Strong
Odor Threshold No data available

pH 6

Melting Point/Range No data available Softening Point No data available

Boiling Point/Range No information available 182 °C /

359.6 °F

Flash Point 79 °C / 174.2 °F Method - No information available

Evaporation Rate No data available

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Liquid

Explosion Limits

Lower 1.7 vol %

Upper 8.6 vol %

Vapor PressureNo data available

Vapor Density No data available (Air = 1.0)

Specific Gravity / Density 1.05

Bulk Density Not applicable Liquid

Water Solubility
Solubility in other solvents
No information available
No information available

AUS-001594 Version 3 12-Mar-2025 Page 5/11

explosive air/vapour mixtures possible

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Component log Pow

Phenol 1.5

Autoignition Temperature 715 °C / 1319 °F

Decomposition Temperature No data available

Viscosity No data available

Explosive Properties

Oxidizing Properties No information available

Other information

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity None known, based on information available

Stability Stable under normal conditions. Air sensitive. Light sensitive.

Conditions to Avoid Incompatible products, Heat, flames and sparks, Exposure to air, Exposure to light, Keep

away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

Incompatible Materials Reducing Agent, Strong acids, Oxidizing agent.

Hazardous Decomposition Products Aldehydes. Ketones. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and

vapors.

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

Information on Toxicological Effects

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

OralCategory 3DermalCategory 3InhalationCategory 3

Toxicology data for the components

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Phenol	LD50 = 340 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 = 630 mg/kg (Rabbit)	LC50 = 316 mg/m ³ (Rat) 4 h
Water	-	-	-

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 1 B

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

RespiratorySkin
No data available
No data available

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; Category 2

(f) carcinogenicity; No data available

AUS-001594 Version 3 12-Mar-2025 Page 6/11

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

Component	Australia	New Zealand	New South Wales	Western Australia	IARC	EU	UK	Germany
Phenol								Cat. 3B

No data available (a) reproductive toxicity:

(h) STOT-single exposure; No data available

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Category 2

Skin, Eyes, Respiratory system, Central nervous system (CNS), Kidney, Liver. **Target Organs**

(j) aspiration hazard; No data available

Other Adverse Effects Tumorigenic effects have been reported in experimental animals.

delayed

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation

Section 12 - Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity effects

Do not empty into drains. Contains a substance which is:. Toxic to aquatic organisms. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment. Very toxic to aquatic organisms.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae	Microtox
Phenol	4-7 mg/L LC50 96 h	EC50: 10.2 - 15.5 mg/L,	EC50: 187 - 279 mg/L,	EC50 21 - 36 mg/L 30
	32 mg/L LC50 96 h	48h (Daphnia magna)	72h static	min
		EC50: 4.24 - 10.7 mg/L,	(Desmodesmus	EC50 = 23.28 mg/L 5
		48h Static (Daphnia	subspicatus)	min
		magna)	EC50: 0.0188 - 0.1044	EC50 = 25.61 mg/L 15
			mg/L, 96h static	min
			(Pseudokirchneriella	EC50 = 28.8 mg/L 5 min
			subcapitata)	EC50 = 31.6 mg/L 15
			EC50: = 46.42 mg/L,	min
			96h	
			(Pseudokirchneriella	
			subcapitata)	

Persistence and Degradability

Persistence

No information available Persistence is unlikely.

Degradation in sewage treatment plant **Bioaccumulative Potential**

Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants.

Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Phenol	1.5	17.5 dimensionless
		647 dimensionless

Mobility

Endocrine Disruptor Information Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Waste from Residues/Unused **Products**

Do not allow into drains or watercourses or dispose of where ground or surface waters may be affected. Wastes, including emptied containers, are controlled wastes and should be disposed of in accordance with all federal, E.P.A., state and local regulations. Assure

Page 7/11 AUS-001594 Version 3 12-Mar-2025

conformity with all applicable regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point.

Other Information Chemical wastes should be disposed through a licensed commercial waste collection

service. Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will

affect pH and harm aquatic organisms.

Section 14 - Transport Information

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN2821

Proper Shipping Name PHENOL SOLUTION

Hazard Class 6.1 Packing Group

ADG

UN-No UN2821

Proper Shipping Name PHENOL SOLUTION

Hazard Class 6.1
Packing Group

. doming of our	
Component	Hazchem Code
Phenol	3X
108-95-2 (>88)	2X

<u>IATA</u>

UN-No UN2821

Proper Shipping Name PHENOL SOLUTION

Hazard Class 6.1
Packing Group

Environmental hazards No hazards identified

Special Precautions No special precautions required

Additional information None known

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National Regulations Australia

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters.

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

Classified as a scheduled poison according to the Standard for Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.

Component	Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons
Phenol - 108-95-2	Schedule 2 listed
	Schedule 4 listed - in preparations for injection
	Schedule 5 listed - including Cresols and Xylenols and any other homologue of phenol boiling below
	220°C;when in animal feed additives;except in preparations containing <=1% of Phenol and in
	preparations containing <=3% of Cresols and Xylenols and any other homologues of Phenols

AUS-001594 Version 3 12-Mar-2025 Page 8 / 11

Schedule 6 listed - including Cresols and Xylenols and any other homologue of phenol boiling below
220°C; except when separately specified in these Schedules, or in preparations containing <=1% of
Phenols, and in preparations containing <=3% of Cresols and Xylenols and other homologues of
Phenol

Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)

Component	Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)	Additional information
Phenol - 108-95-2	Present	-
Water - 7732-18-5	Present	-

Australian - Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents Substance List

This product does not contain any substance(s) on the Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents list.

Chemicals of Security Concern

This product does not contain any substance(s) listed on the voluntary National Code of Practice for Chemicals of Security Concern

National pollutant inventory Subject to reporting requirements

Component	National pollutant inventory		
Phenol - 108-95-2	10 tonne/yr. Threshold category 1		

Prohibition or notification/licensing requirements

Shown below are details of specific prohibition/notifications or licencing requirements when they apply.

This product does not contain any substance(s) subject to Prohibition, Authorization or Restriction.

International Inventories

Component	AICS	NZIoC	EINECS	ELINCS	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	PICCS	ENCS	ISHL	IECSC	KECL
Phenol	Х	Х	203-632-7	-	X	Х	-	Х	Х	Х	Χ	X
Water	Х	X	231-791-2	-	X	Х	-	X	X		X	KE-35400

Legend: X - Listed. '-' - Not Listed. KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

International Regulations

Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

Persistent Organic Pollutant This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

Rotterdam Convention (PIC) Not applicable

Basel convention on the control of transboundary movements of hazardous wastes and their dispoal

Take note that wastes may be subject to export, import, or transit controls pursuant to the Basel convention and/or local regulations implementing the Basel convention.

Component	Basel Convention (Hazardous Waste)	Australian Hazardous Waste Act - Categories of Wastes to Be Controlled
Phenol - 108-95-2	Annex I - Y39	Y39

AUS-001594 Version 3 12-Mar-2025 Page 9 / 11

Component	CAS No	OECD HPV	Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS)	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements
Phenol	108-95-2	Listed	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Water	7732-18-5	Listed	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV -	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII -	REACH Regulation (EC
	Substances Subject to	Restrictions on Certain Dangerous	1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate
	Authorization	Substances	List of Substances of Very High
			Concern (SVHC)
Phenol	-	Use restricted. See entry 75.	-
		(see link for restriction details)	

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

Section 16 - Other Information

Legend

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

NZS 5433:2020 - Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water **vPvB** - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical

Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances
ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime

Dangerous Goods Code

 $\mathbf{A}\mathbf{D}\widetilde{\mathbf{G}}$ - Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Physical hazards
Health Hazards
Calculation method
Environmental hazards
Cn basis of test data
Calculation method

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Revision Date 12-Mar-2025

Revision Summary Update to GHS format.

AUS-001594 Version 3 12-Mar-2025 Page 10 / 11

This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is prepared in accordance to and complies with the requirements of Safe Work Australia - Work Health and Safety Regulations (WHS Regulations).

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet

AUS-001594 Version 3 12-Mar-2025 Page 11 / 11