

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Creation Date 23-Oct-2014 Revision Date 09-Feb-2024 Revision Number 11

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: Methyllithium, 1.6 M solution in diethyl ether

Cat No.: 188750000; 188751000; 188758000

Molecular Formula C H3 Li

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals. Uses advised against No Information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

EU entity/business name

Thermo Fisher Scientific

Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a, 2440 Geel, Belgium

UK entity/business name

Fisher Scientific UK Bishop Meadow Road,

Loughborough, Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom

Swiss distributor - Fisher Scientific AG Neuhofstrasse 11, CH 4153 Reinach

Tel: +41 (0) 56 618 41 11

e-mail - infoch@thermofisher.com

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information **US** call: 001-800-227-6701 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No.**US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

customers in Switzerland:

Tox Info Suisse Emergency Number: 145 (24hr)

Tox Info Suisse: +41-44 251 51 51 (Emergency number from abroad)

Chemtrec (24h) Toll-Free: 0800 564 402 Chemtrec Local: +41-43 508 20 11 (Zurich)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

ACR18875

CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Physical hazards

Flammable liquids

Substances/mixtures which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases

Pyrophoric liquids

Category 1 (H224)

Category 1 (H260)

Category 1 (H250)

Health hazards

Acute oral toxicity

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)

Category 1 (H302)

Category 1 B (H314)

Category 1 (H318)

Category 3 (H336)

Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

- H224 Extremely flammable liquid and vapor
- H250 Catches fire spontaneously if exposed to air
- H260 In contact with water releases flammable gases which may ignite spontaneously
- H302 Harmful if swallowed
- H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness
- EUH014 Reacts violently with water
- EUH019 May form explosive peroxides
- EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

Precautionary Statements

P231 + P232 - Handle and store contents under inert gas. Protect from moisture

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P302 + P334 - IF ON SKIN: Immerse in cool water or wrap in wet bandages

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P402 + P404 - Store in a dry place. Store in a closed container

2.3. Other hazards

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

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SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2. Mixtures

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Lithium, methyl-	917-54-4	EEC No. 213-026-4	4.5-5.5	Pyr. Sol. 1 (H250) Water-react. 1 (H260) Skin Corr. 1B (H314) Eye Dam. 1 (H318) (EUH014)
Ethyl ether	60-29-7	EEC No. 200-467-2	ca 95	Flam. Liq. 1 (H224) Acute Tox. 4 (H302) STOT SE 3 (H336) (EUH019) (EUH066)

Components	Reach Registration Number	
Lithium, methyl-	01-2120065574-52	
Ethyl ether	01-2119535785-29	

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact Immediate medical attention is required. Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under

the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated

clothes and shoes. Immediate medical attention is required.

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Drink

plenty of water. Call a physician immediately. Clean mouth with water. If possible drink milk

afterwards.

Inhalation Remove from exposure, lie down. Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial

respiration. Immediate medical attention is required.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Difficulty in breathing. Causes burns by all exposure routes. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation: Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

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5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Dry chemical. Dike fire-control water for later disposal. This material is lighter than water and insoluble in water. The fire could easily be spread by the use of water in an area where the water cannot be contained. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

Water. Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Foam.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Extremely flammable. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Contact with water liberates toxic gas. Water reactive. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Produce flammable gases on contact with water. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂), peroxides, Methane.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

6.2. Environmental precautions

See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Prevent product from entering drains. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Provide adequate ventilation. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc) away from spilled material.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. If peroxide formation is suspected, do not open or move container. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Handle product only in closed system or provide appropriate exhaust ventilation. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

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7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Protect from direct sunlight. Refrigerator/flammables. Containers should be dated when opened and tested periodically for the presence of peroxides. Regularly check inhibitor levels to maintain peroxide levels below 1%. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep away from water or moist air. Keep away from oxidizing agents. Purge open drums with nitrogen before resealing. Should crystals form in a peroxidizable liquid, peroxidation may have occurred and the product should be considered extremely dangerous. In this instance, the container should only be opened remotely by professionals. Store under an inert atmosphere. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Corrosives area.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

Storage Class/LGK 4.2

Switzerland - Storage of hazardous substances

Storage class - SC 4.2 https://www.kvu.ch/de/themen/stoffe-und-produkte https://www.kvu.ch/fr/themes/substances-et-produits https://www.kvu.ch/it/temi/sostanze-e-prodotti

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): **EU** - Commission Directive (EU) 2019/1831 of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Forth edition. Published 2020. **IRE** - 2010 Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations 2001. Published by the Health and Safety Authority. **CH** - The Government of Switzerland has set a directive on limit values for working materials (Grenzwerte am Arbeitsplatz) which is based on the Swiss Federal Regulation "Verordnung über die Verhütung von Unfällen und Berufskrankheiten". This directive is administered, periodically revised and enforced by SUVA (Swiss National Accident Insurance Fund).

Component	European Union	The United Kingdom	France	Belgium	Spain	ı
Ethyl ether	TWA: 100 ppm (8h)	STEL: 200 ppm 15 min	TWA / VME: 100 ppm (8	TWA: 100 ppm 8 uren	STEL / VLA-EC: 200	ı
	TWA: 308 mg/m ³ (8h)	STEL: 620 mg/m ³ 15	heures). restrictive limit	TWA: 308 mg/m ³ 8 uren	ppm (15 minutos).	ı
	STEL: 200 ppm (15min)	min	TWA / VME: 308 mg/m ³	STEL: 200 ppm 15	STEL / VLA-EC: 616	ı
	STEL: 616 mg/m ³	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hr	(8 heures). restrictive	minuten	mg/m³ (15 minutos).	ı
	(15min)	TWA: 310 mg/m ³ 8 hr	limit	STEL: 616 mg/m ³ 15	TWA / VLA-ED: 100	ı
			STEL / VLCT: 200 ppm.	minuten	ppm (8 horas)	ı
			restrictive limit		TWA / VLA-ED: 308	ı
			STEL / VLCT: 616		mg/m³ (8 horas)	ı
			mg/m ³ . restrictive limit			ı

Component	Italy	Germany	Portugal	The Netherlands	Finland
Lithium, methyl-		TWA: 0.2 mg/m ³ (8			
		Stunden). MAK			
		inorganic compounds,			
		except Lithium and			
		strong irritant Lithium			
		compounds such as			
		Lithium amide, Lithium			
		hydride, Lithium			
		hydroxide, Lithium			
		nitride, Lithium oxide,			
		Lithium tetrahydro			
		aluminate, Lithium			
		tetrahydroborate			
Ethyl ether	TWA: 100 ppm 8 ore.	TWA: 400 ppm (8	STEL: 200 ppm 15	STEL: 616 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 100 ppm 8
	Time Weighted Average	Stunden). AGW -	minutos	minuten	tunteina
	TWA: 308 mg/m ³ 8 ore.	exposure factor 1	STEL: 616 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 308 mg/m ³ 8 uren	TWA: 310 mg/m ³ 8
	Time Weighted Average		minutos		tunteina
	STEL: 200 ppm 15	Stunden). AGW -	TWA: 100 ppm 8 horas		STEL: 200 ppm 15
	minuti. Short-term	exposure factor 1	TWA: 308 mg/m ³ 8		minuutteina

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STEL: 616 mg/m³ 15 minuti. Short-term	Stunden). MAK TWA: 1200 mg/m³ (8 Stunden). MAK	horas	STEL: 620 mg/m³ 15 minuutteina
	Höhepunkt: 400 ppm Höhepunkt: 1200 mg/m³		

Component	Austria	Denmark	Switzerland	Poland	Norway
Ethyl ether	MAK-KZGW: 200 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm 8 timer	STEL: 400 ppm 15	STEL: 600 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 100 ppm 8 timer
	15 Minuten	TWA: 309 mg/m ³ 8 timer	Minuten	minutach	TWA: 300 mg/m ³ 8 time
	MAK-KZGW: 600 mg/m ³	STEL: 616 mg/m ³ 15	STEL: 1200 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 300 mg/m ³ 8	STEL: 150 ppm 15
	15 Minuten	minutter	Minuten	godzinach	minutter. value
	MAK-TMW: 100 ppm 8	STEL: 200 ppm 15	TWA: 400 ppm 8	_	calculated
	Stunden	minutter	Stunden		STEL: 375 mg/m ³ 15
	MAK-TMW: 300 mg/m ³		TWA: 1200 mg/m ³ 8		minutter. value
	8 Stunden		Stunden		calculated

Component	Bulgaria	Croatia	Ireland	Cyprus	Czech Republic
Ethyl ether	TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 308 mg/m³ STEL : 200 ppm STEL : 616 mg/m³	TWA-GVI: 100 ppm 8 satima. TWA-GVI: 308 mg/m³ 8 satima. STEL-KGVI: 200 ppm 15 minutama. STEL-KGVI: 616 mg/m³ 15 minutama.	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hr. TWA: 308 mg/m³ 8 hr. STEL: 200 ppm 15 min STEL: 616 mg/m³ 15 min	STEL: 200 ppm STEL: 616 mg/m³ TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 308 mg/m³	TWA: 300 mg/m³ 8 hodinách. Ceiling: 600 mg/m³

Component	Estonia	Gibraltar	Greece	Hungary	Iceland
Ethyl ether	TWA: 100 ppm 8	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hr	STEL: 500 ppm	STEL: 616 mg/m ³ 15	STEL: 200 ppm
	tundides.	TWA: 308 mg/m ³ 8 hr	STEL: 1500 mg/m ³	percekben. CK	STEL: 616 mg/m ³
	TWA: 308 mg/m ³ 8	STEL: 200 ppm 15 min	TWA: 400 ppm	TWA: 308 mg/m ³ 8	TWA: 100 ppm 8
	tundides.	STEL: 616 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 1200 mg/m ³	órában. AK	klukkustundum.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15	min	_	lehetséges borön	TWA: 308 mg/m ³ 8
	minutites.			keresztüli felszívódás	klukkustundum.
	STEL: 616 mg/m ³ 15				
	minutites.				

Component	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg	Malta	Romania
Ethyl ether	STEL: 200 ppm	TWA: 308 mg/m ³ IPRD	TWA: 100 ppm 8	TWA: 100 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm 8 ore
	STEL: 616 mg/m ³	TWA: 100 ppm IPRD	Stunden	TWA: 308 mg/m ³	TWA: 308 mg/m ³ 8 ore
	TWA: 100 ppm	STEL: 616 mg/m ³	TWA: 308 mg/m ³ 8	STEL: 200 ppm 15	STEL: 200 ppm 15
	TWA: 308 mg/m ³	STEL: 200 ppm	Stunden	minuti	minute
	_		STEL: 200 ppm 15	STEL: 616 mg/m ³ 15	STEL: 616 mg/m ³ 15
			Minuten	minuti	minute
			STEL: 616 mg/m ³ 15		
			Minuten		

Component	Russia	Slovak Republic	Slovenia	Sweden	Turkey
Ethyl ether	TWA: 300 mg/m ³ 2469	Ceiling: 616 mg/m ³	TWA: 100 ppm 8 urah	Binding STEL: 200 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm 8 saat
	MAC: 900 mg/m ³	TWA: 100 ppm	TWA: 308 mg/m ³ 8 urah	15 minuter	TWA: 308 mg/m ³ 8 saat
		TWA: 308 mg/m ³	STEL: 200 ppm 15	Binding STEL: 616	STEL: 200 ppm 15
		_	minutah	mg/m³ 15 minuter	dakika
			STEL: 616 mg/m ³ 15	TLV: 100 ppm 8 timmar.	STEL: 616 mg/m ³ 15
			minutah	NGV	dakika
				TLV: 308 mg/m ³ 8	
				timmar. NGV	

Biological limit values

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.

MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours

MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas

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chromatography

MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

	Component	Acute effects local (Dermal)	Acute effects systemic (Dermal)	Chronic effects local (Dermal)	Chronic effects systemic (Dermal)
Γ	Ethyl ether				DNEL = 44mg/kg
	60-29-7 (ca 95)				bw/day

Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)
Ethyl ether 60-29-7 (ca 95)		DNEL = 616mg/m ³		DNEL = 308mg/m ³

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

See values below.

Component	Fresh water	Fresh water	Water Intermittent	Vater Intermittent Microorganisms in	
		sediment		sewage treatment	
Ethyl ether	PNEC = 2mg/L	PNEC = 9.14mg/kg	PNEC = 1.65mg/L	PNEC = 4.2mg/L	PNEC = 0.66mg/kg
60-29-7 (ca 95)		sediment dw			soil dw

Component	Marine water	Marine water sediment	Marine water Intermittent	Food chain	Air
Ethyl ether	PNEC = 0.2mg/L	PNEC =			
60-29-7 (ca 95)		0.914mg/kg			
		sediment dw			

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove materi	al Brea	kthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Nitrile rubbe	r See	manufacturers	-	EN 374	(minimum requirement)
Viton (R)	reco	mmendations			

Skin and body protection Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Inspect gloves before use. observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information) gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion. gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly

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Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: low boiling organic solvent Type AX Brown conforming to EN371 or Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to EN14387

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

141

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid

Appearance Yellow Odor Odorless

Odor Threshold
Melting Point/Range
Softening Point
Boiling Point/Range
No data available
No data available
No information available

Flammability (liquid) Extremely flammable On basis of test data

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Liquid

Explosion Limits No data available

Flash Point -17 °C / 1.4 °F Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature
Decomposition Temperature
pH
Viscosity
Water Solubility
Solubility in other solvents
No data available
No information available
No information available
No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Componentlog PowEthyl ether0.82

Vapor Pressure 570 mbar @ 20 °C

Density / Specific Gravity0.700Bulk DensityNot applicableLiquidVapor DensityNo information available(Air = 1.0)

Particle characteristics Not applicable (liquid)

9.2. Other information

Molecular FormulaC H3 LiMolecular Weight21.98

Explosive Properties Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air

Substances/mixtures which, in Emitted gas ignites spontaneously Gas(es) = Methane

contact with water, emit flammable

gases

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

Yes

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May form explosive peroxides. Reacts violently with water. Moisture sensitive. Air sensitive.

Reacts with air to form peroxides. Do not distill or allow to evaporate. Pyrophoric:

Spontaneously flammable in air.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous Reactions

No information available. No information available.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Protect from water. Exposure to air. Exposure to light. Incompatible products. Exposure to moist air or water.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Acids. Water. Strong acids. Alcohols. Chlorine. oxygen. Peroxides. Metals.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). peroxides. Methane.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

Oral Category 4

DermalBased on available data, the classification criteria are not metInhalationBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation		
Ethyl ether	1215 mg/kg (Rat)	20 mL/kg (Rabbit)	32000 ppm (Rat) 4 h		

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 1 B

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

RespiratorySkin
No data available
No data available

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; No data available

(f) carcinogenicity; No data available

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

(g) reproductive toxicity; No data available

(h) STOT-single exposure; Category 3

Results / Target organs Central nervous system (CNS).

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; No data available

Target Organs No information available.

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(j) aspiration hazard; No data available

Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

delayed

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated. Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness,

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nausea and vomiting.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine Disrupting Properties

Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any

known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

12.1. Toxicity

Ecotoxicity effects

Do not empty into drains. .

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
Ethyl ether	LC50: > 10000 mg/L, 96h static (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: = 2560 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Pimephales promelas)	EC50 = 165 mg/L/24h	

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Component	Microtox	M-Factor
Ethyl ether	EC50 = 5600 mg/L 15 min	

12.2. Persistence and degradability No information available

Persistence

Persistence is unlikely.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Ethyl ether	0.82	No data available

12.4. Mobility in soil

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

No data available for assessment.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting

properties

Endocrine Disruptor Information

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

12.7. Other adverse effects

Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

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13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused

Products

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging

Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

European Waste Catalogue (EWC)

According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but

application specific.

Other Information

Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not flush to sewer. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms.

Switzerland - Waste Ordinance

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Ordinance on the Avoidance and the Disposal of Waste (Waste Ordinance,

ADWO) SR 814.600

https://www.fedlex.admin.ch/eli/cc/2015/891/en

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

14.1. UN number UN3394

14.2. UN proper shipping name ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, PYROPHORIC, WATER-REACTIVE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)4.2Subsidiary Hazard Class4.314.4. Packing groupI

ADR

14.1. UN number UN3394

14.2. UN proper shipping name ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, PYROPHORIC, WATER-REACTIVE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)4.2Subsidiary Hazard Class4.314.4. Packing groupI

<u>IATA</u> FORBIDDEN FOR IATA TRANSPORT

14.1. UN number UN3394

14.2. UN proper shipping name ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, PYROPHORIC, WATER-REACTIVE,

FORBIDDEN FOR IATA TRANSPORT

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)4.2Subsidiary Hazard Class4.314.4. Packing groupI

14.5. Environmental hazards No hazards identified

14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required.

<u>14.7. Maritime transport in bulk</u> Not applicable, packaged goods according to IMO instruments

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Methyllithium, 1.6 M solution in diethyl ether

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International Inventories

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
Lithium, methyl-	917-54-4	213-026-4	-	-	Х	X	KE-24321	X	X
Ethyl ether	60-29-7	200-467-2	-	_	Х	Х	KE-27690	X	Х

	Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
I	Lithium, methyl-	917-54-4	X	ACTIVE	-	X	X	Х	Х
ı	Ethyl ether	60-29-7	Х	ACTIVE	X	-	X	Х	Х

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed

KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Not applicable

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization		REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Lithium, methyl-	917-54-4	-	-	-
Ethyl ether	60-29-7	-	-	-

Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements
Lithium, methyl-	917-54-4	Not applicable	Not applicable
Ethyl ether	60-29-7	Not applicable	Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)?

Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

Take note of Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

National Regulations

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

WGK Classification

Water endangering class = 1 (self classification)

Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Lithium, methyl-	WGK1	
Ethyl ether	WGK1	

	Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)
Г	Ethyl ether	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84

Swiss Regulations

Article 4 para. 4 of the Ordinance on the protection of young people in the workplace (SR 822.115) and Article 1 lit. f of the EAER regulation on hazardous work and young people (SR 822.115.2).

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Take note on Article 13 Maternity Ordinance (SR 822.111.52) with regards expectant and nursing mothers.

Component	Switzerland - Ordinance on the Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR 814.81)	Switzerland - Ordinance on Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC)	Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure
Ethyl ether 60-29-7 (ca 95)		Group I	

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment/Report (CSA/CSR) has not been conducted

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H224 - Extremely flammable liquid and vapor

H250 - Catches fire spontaneously if exposed to air

H260 - In contact with water releases flammable gases which may ignite spontaneously

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

EUH014 - Reacts violently with water

EUH019 - May form explosive peroxides

EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances **IECSC** - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air **Transport Association**

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate VOC - (volatile organic compound)

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts. Chemical incident response training.

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Revision Date 09-Feb-2024

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Revision Summary Not applicable.

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006. COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

For Switzerland - Compiled in accordance with the technical provisions referred to in Annex 2, Number 3, ChemO (SR 813.11 - Ordinance on Protection against Dangerous Substances and Preparations).

Disclaimer

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End of Safety Data Sheet