

SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Creation Date 27-Jan-2010 Revision Date 02-May-2025 Revision Number 14

Section 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: Dichloromethane

Cat No.: D/1850/08; D/1850/15; D/1850/17; D/1850/21; D/1850/25; D/1850/25SS; D/1850/27;

D/1850/27SS; D/1850/DH25; D/1850/MC15; D/1850/PB17; D/1850/PC21; D/1850/21RSS;

D/1850/24RSS; D/1850/25RSS; D/1850/34RSS; D/1850/27RSS; D/1850/21S

Synonyms Dichloromethane; DCM

 Index No
 602-004-00-3

 CAS No
 75-09-2

 EC No
 200-838-9

 Molecular Formula
 C H2 Cl2

REACH registration number 01-2119480404-41

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended UseLaboratory chemicals.

Sector of use SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

SU5 - Manufacture of textiles, leather, fur

SU8 - Manufacture of bulk, large scale chemicals (including petroleum products)

SU9 - Manufacture of fine chemicals

SU10 - Formulation [mixing] of preparations and/or re-packaging (excluding alloys) SU22 - Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment,

services, craftsmen)

SU24 - Scientific research and development

Product category PC21 - Laboratory chemicals

Process categories PROC15 - Use as a laboratory reagent

see SECTION 16 for a complete list of uses for which an exposure scenario is provided as

an annex

Environmental release category ERC1 - Manufacture of substances

ERC2 - Formulation of preparations

ERC4 - Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of

articles

ERC8a - Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems

Uses advised against SU21 - Consumer uses: Private households (= general public = consumers)

REACH Annex XVII Restriction - refer to SECTION 15

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Dichloromethane

Company

EU entity/business name

Thermo Fisher Scientific
Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a

2440 Geel, Belgium

UK entity/business name

Fisher Scientific UK

Bishop Meadow Road, Loughborough, Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom

Swiss distributor - Fisher Scientific AG Neuhofstrasse 11. CH 4153 Reinach

Tel: +41 (0) 56 618 41 11 e-mail - infoch@thermofisher.com

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Tel: 01509 231166

Chemtrec US: (800) 424-9300 Chemtrec EU: 001-703-527-3887

For customers in Switzerland:

Tox Info Suisse Emergency Number: 145 (24hr)

Tox Info Suisse: +41-44 251 51 51 (Emergency number from abroad)

Chemtrec (24h) Toll-Free: 0800 564 402 Chemtrec Local: +41-43 508 20 11 (Zurich)

Section 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Physical hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Health hazards

Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2 (H315)
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2 (H319)
Carcinogenicity Category 2 (H351)
Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure) Category 3 (H336)

Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

2.2. Label elements

FSUD1850



Signal Word

Warning

Hazard Statements

Dichloromethane

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer

The vapor has narcotic effect and in high concentrations induces unconsciousness which can be fatal

Precautionary Statements

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P284 - Wear respiratory protection

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell

Additional EU labelling

Restricted to industrial use and to approved professionals

2.3. Other hazards

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) Causes formation of carbon monoxide in the blood. Carbon monoxide may cause adverse effects on the cardiovascular system and the central nervous system

Do not use in areas without adequate ventilation.

The vapor has narcotic effect and in high concentrations induces unconsciousness which can be fatal

Vapors are heavier than air and can cause suffocation by reducing oxygen available for breathing

Decomposes in a fire, giving off toxic fumes: phosgene and hydrochloric acid, Carbon monoxide

Empty containers pose a potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut, puncture of weld containers

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No
				1272/2008
Dichloromethane	75-09-2	EEC No. 200-838-9	>99.5	Skin Irrit. 2 (H315)
				Eye Irrit. 2 (H319)
				STOT SE 3 (H336)
				Carc. 2 (H351)

Note

Stabilised with Amylene (CAS 513-35-9)

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Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

Section 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Eve Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation persists,

call a physician.

Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Ingestion

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Use personal protective equipment as required.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Difficulty in breathing. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Causes central nervous system depression: Continued or high exposures by inhalation will cause anaesthetic effects. This may result in a loss of consciousness and could prove fatal: Causes formation of carbon monoxide in the blood. Carbon monoxide may cause adverse effects on the cardiovascular system and the central nervous system

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician A patient adversely affected by exposure to this product should not be given adrenaline

(epinephrine) or similar heart stimulant since these would increase the risk of cardiac

arrhythmias. Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

Section 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Phosgene, Hydrogen chloride gas.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full

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protective gear.

Section 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Wear respiratory protection.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Ventilate the area.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

Section 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Handle product only in closed system or provide appropriate exhaust ventilation. Reacts with aluminum and its alloys.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Do not store in aluminum containers.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

Storage Class/LGK 6.1D

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): **EU** - Commission Directive (EU) 2019/1831 of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Forth edition. Published 2020. **IRE** - 2010 Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations 2001. Published by the Health and Safety Authority. **CH** - The Government of Switzerland has set a directive on limit values for working materials (Grenzwerte am Arbeitsplatz) which is based on the Swiss Federal Regulation "Verordnung über die Verhütung von Unfällen und Berufskrankheiten". This directive is administered, periodically revised and enforced by SUVA (Swiss National Accident Insurance Fund).

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Component	European Union	The United Kingdom	Franco	Polaium	Snoin
Component Dichloromethane	European Union TWA: 353 mg/m³ (8h)	The United Kingdom STEL: 200 ppm 15 min	France TWA / VME: 50 ppm (8	Belgium TWA: 50 ppm 8 uren	Spain STEL / VLA-EC: 100
Dichiolomethane	TWA: 100 ppm (8h)	STEL: 200 ppin 13 min STEL: 706 mg/m ³ 15	heures). restrictive limit		ppm (15 minutos).
	STEL: 706 mg/m ³	min	TWA / VME: 178 mg/m ³	STEL: 200 ppm 15	STEL / VLA-EC: 353
	(15min)	TWA: 353 mg/m ³ 8 hr	(8 heures). restrictive	minuten	mg/m³ (15 minutos).
	STEL: 200 ppm (15min)	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hr	limit	STEL: 706 mg/m ³ 15	TWA / VLA-ED: 50 ppm
	Skin	Skin	STEL / VLCT: 100 ppm.	minuten	(8 horas)
			restrictive limit	Huid	TWA / VLA-ED: 177
			STEL / VLCT: 356		mg/m³ (8 horas)
			mg/m³. restrictive limit		
			Peau		
Component	Italy	Germany	Portugal	The Netherlands	Finland
Dichloromethane	TWA: 175 mg/m ³ 8 ore.	TWA: 50 ppm (8	STEL: 706 mg/m ³ 15	huid	TWA: 50 ppm 8 tunteina
2.0	Time Weighted Average	Stunden). AGW -	minutos	STEL: 200 ppm 15	TWA: 177 mg/m ³ 8
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 ore.	exposure factor 2	STEL: 200 ppm 15	minuten	tunteina
	Time Weighted Average	TWA: 180 mg/m³ (8	minutos	STEL: 706 mg/m ³ 15	STEL: 100 ppm 15
	STEL: 353 mg/m ³ 15	Stunden). AGW -	TWA: 353 mg/m ³ 8	minuten	minuutteina
	minuti. Short-term	exposure factor 2	horas	TWA: 100 ppm 8 uren	STEL: 353 mg/m ³ 15
	STEL: 100 ppm 15	TWA: 50 ppm (8	TWA: 100 ppm 8 horas	TWA: 353 mg/m ³ 8 uren	minuutteina
	minuti. Short-term	Stunden). MAK	Pele		lho
	Pelle	TWA: 180 mg/m³ (8			
		Stunden). MAK Höhepunkt: 100 ppm			
		Höhepunkt: 360 mg/m ³			
		Haut			
				·	
Component	Austria	Denmark	Switzerland	Poland	Norway
Dichloromethane	Haut	TWA: 35 ppm 8 timer	Haut/Peau	STEL: 353 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 15 ppm 8 timer
	MAK-KZGW: 200 ppm	TWA: 122 mg/m ³ 8 timer		minutach	TWA: 50 mg/m ³ 8 timer
	15 Minuten	STEL: 706 mg/m ³ 15	Minuten	TWA: 88 mg/m ³ 8	STEL: 45 ppm 15
	MAK-KZGW: 700 mg/m ³	minutter	STEL: 706 mg/m³ 15	godzinach	minutter. value from the
	15 Minuten	STEL: 200 ppm 15	Minuten		regulation STEL: 150 mg/m³ 15
	MAK-TMW: 50 ppm 8 Stunden	minutter Hud	TWA: 50 ppm 8 Stunden		minutter. value from the
	MAK-TMW: 175 mg/m ³	Tiuu	TWA: 177 mg/m ³ 8		regulation
	8 Stunden		Stunden		Hud
	•				
Component	Bulgaria	Croatia	Ireland	Cyprus	Czech Republic
Dichloromethane	TWA: 353 mg/m ³	kože	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hr.	Skin-potential for	TWA: 200 mg/m ³ 8
	TWA: 100 ppm	TWA-GVI: 100 ppm 8	TWA: 353 mg/m ³ 8 hr.	cutaneous absorption	hodinách.
	STEL: 706 mg/m ³	satima.	STEL: 200 ppm 15 min	STEL: 706 mg/m ³	Potential for cutaneous
	STEL : 200 ppm	TWA-GVI: 353 mg/m ³ 8	STEL: 706 mg/m ³ 15	STEL: 200 ppm TWA: 353 mg/m ³	absorption
	Skin notation	satima. STEL-KGVI: 200 ppm	min Skin	TWA: 353 mg/m ²	Ceiling: 500 mg/m ³
		15 minutama.	OKIII	T VVA. 100 ppin	
		STEL-KGVI: 706 mg/m ³			
		15 minutama.			
Component	Estonia	Gibraltar	Greece	Hungary	Iceland
Dichloromethane	Nahk	Skin notation	skin - potential for	STEL: 200 ppm 15	TWA: 35 ppm 8
	TWA: 35 ppm 8	TWA: 353 mg/m ³ 8 hr	cutaneous absorption	percekben. CK	klukkustundum.
	tundides.	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hr	STEL: 200 ppm	STEL: 706 mg/m³ 15	TWA: 122 mg/m³ 8
	TWA: 120 mg/m ³ 8 tundides.	STEL: 706 mg/m³ 15	STEL: 706 mg/m ³ TWA: 100 ppm	percekben. CK TWA: 100 ppm 8	klukkustundum. Skin notation
	STEL: 70 ppm 15	min STEL: 200 ppm 15 min	TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 353 mg/m ³	órában. AK	Ceiling: 70 ppm
	minutites.	012E. 200 ppiii 10 iiiiii	TVVA. 555 Hig/III	TWA: 353 mg/m ³ 8	Ceiling: 70 ppm
	STEL: 250 mg/m ³ 15			órában. AK	
	minutites.			lehetséges borön	
				keresztüli felszívódás	
	1	1 101 1		B	
Component	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg	Malta	Romania Skip pototion
	skin - potential for	TWA: 35 ppm IPRD	Possibility of significant	possibility of significant uptake through the skin	Skin notation TWA: 100 ppm 8 ore
Dichloromethane		T//// 120 ma/m3 IDDD			
Dicnioromethane	cutaneous exposure	TWA: 120 mg/m³ IPRD	uptake through the skin		
טוכחוoromethane	cutaneous exposure STEL: 150 mg/m³	Oda	TWA: 100 ppm 8	TWA: 100 ppm	TWA: 353 mg/m ³ 8 ore
Dicnioromethane	cutaneous exposure STEL: 150 mg/m³ STEL: 42 ppm	Oda STEL: 70 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm 8 Stunden	TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 353 mg/m ³	TWA: 353 mg/m ³ 8 ore STEL: 200 ppm 15
Dicnioromethane	cutaneous exposure STEL: 150 mg/m³	Oda	TWA: 100 ppm 8	TWA: 100 ppm	TWA: 353 mg/m ³ 8 ore

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			STEL: 200 ppm 15 Minuten STEL: 706 mg/m ³ 15 Minuten	STEL: 706 mg/m³ 15 minuti	minute
Component	Russia	Slovak Republic	Slovenia	Sweden	Turkey
Component Dichloromethane	Russia TWA: 50 mg/m³ 0922	Slovak Republic Ceiling: 706 mg/m ³	Slovenia TWA: 100 ppm 8 urah	Sweden Binding STEL: 70 ppm	Turkey
		Ceiling: 706 mg/m ³		Binding STEL: 70 ppm	Turkey
	TWA: 50 mg/m ³ 0922	Ceiling: 706 mg/m ³	TWA: 100 ppm 8 urah	Binding STEL: 70 ppm	Turkey

minutah

STEL: 706 mg/m3 15 minutah

TLV: 35 ppm 8 timmar. NGV

> TLV: 120 mg/m³ 8 timmar. NGV Hud

Biological limit values

List source(s): UK - Biological Monitoring Guidance Values provided by the UK's Health and Safety Executive (HSE) Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 (as amended) and EH40/2005.

TWA: 353 mg/m³

Component	European Union	United Kingdom	France	Spain	Germany
Dichloromethane		Carbon monoxide: 30	Dichloromethane: 0.2	Dichloromethane: 0.3	Dichloromethane: 500
		ppm end-tidal breath	mg/L urine end of shift	mg/L urine end of shift	μg/L whole blood
		post shift	Carboxyhémoglobine		(immediately after
			sanguine: 3.5 % blood		exposure)
			end of shift		

Component	Italy	Finland	Denmark	Bulgaria	Romania
Dichloromethane					Carboxyhemoglobin: 5
					% Hemoglobin blood
					end of shift
					Methylene chloride: 0.3
1					mg/L urine end of shift
					Methylene chloride: 1
					mg/L blood end of shift

Component	Gibraltar	Latvia	Slovak Republic	Luxembourg	Turkey
Dichloromethane			Dichloromethane: 1		
			mg/L blood end of		
			exposure or work shift		
			Carboxyhemoglobin: 5		
			% of hemoglobin blood		
			end of exposure or work		
			shift		

Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.

MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours

MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

Component	Acute effects local (Dermal)	Acute effects systemic (Dermal)	Chronic effects local (Dermal)	Chronic effects systemic (Dermal)
Dichloromethane				DNEL = 12mg/kg
75-09-2 (>99.5)				bw/day

Dichloromethane

Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)
Dichloromethane 75-09-2 (>99.5)		DMEL = 132.14mg/m ³		DNEL = 176mg/m ³

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

See values below.

	Component	Fresh water	Fresh water	Water Intermittent	Microorganisms in	Soil (Agriculture)
			sediment		sewage treatment	
Γ	Dichloromethane	PNEC = 130µg/L	PNEC = 163µg/kg	PNEC = 0.27mg/L	PNEC = 26mg/L	PNEC = 173µg/kg
	75-09-2 (>99.5)	PNEC = 0.31mg/L	sediment dw			soil dw
			PNEC = 2.57mg/kg			PNEC = 0.33mg/kg
L			sediment dw			soil dw

Component	Marine water	Marine water	Marine water	Food chain	Air
		sediment	Intermittent		
Dichloromethane	PNEC = 130µg/L	PNEC = 163µg/kg	PNEC = 0.027mg/L		
75-09-2 (>99.5)	PNEC = 0.031 mg/L	sediment dw			
		PNEC = 0.26mg/kg			
		sediment dw			

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

ſ	Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
١	Viton (R)	< 120 minutes	0.7 mm	EN 374	As tested under EN374-3 Determination of
1	Nitrile rubber	< 4 minutes	0.38 mm		Resistance to Permeation by Chemicals
١	PVA	> 360 minutes			·

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing.

Inspect gloves before use. observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information) gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion. gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use In case of insu

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Any supplied-air respirator that has a full facepiece and is operated in a pressure-demand or other positive

pressure mode.

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators. full face mask (DIN EN 136).

Recommended Filter type: low boiling organic solvent Type AX Brown conforming to

EN371

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Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

Liquid

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When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid

Appearance Colorless Odor sweet

Odor Threshold
Melting Point/Range
Softening Point
Boiling Point/Range
Flammability (solid,gas)

No data available

Explosion Limits Lower 13 vol%

Upper 22 vol%

Flash Point No information available Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature 556 °C / 1032.8 °F

Decomposition Temperature > 120°C

pH Not applicable Insoluble in water

 Viscosity
 0.42 mPas @ 25°C

 Water Solubility
 20 g/L (20°C)

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Component log Pow Dichloromethane 1.25

Vapor Pressure 350 mbar @ 20°C

Density / Specific Gravity 1.33

Bulk DensityNot applicableLiquidVapor Density2.93(Air = 1.0)

Particle characteristics Not applicable (liquid)

9.2. Other information

Molecular Formula C H2 Cl2 Molecular Weight 84.93

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions. Decomposes on exposure to light.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur. Hazardous Reactions Forms a detonable mixture with nitric acid.

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10.4. Conditions to avoid

Excess heat. Protect from direct sunlight.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Amines.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). Phosgene. Hydrogen chloride gas.

Section 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

Oral Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Dermal Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Inhalation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Dichloromethane	> 2000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rat)	53 mg/L (Rat) 6 h
			76000 mg/m³ (Rat) 4 h

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 2

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 2

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

RespiratoryBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met **Skin**Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Mutagenic effects have occured in microorganisms

(f) carcinogenicity; Category 2

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

Component	EU	UK	Germany	IARC
Dichloromethane				Group 2A

(g) reproductive toxicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(h) STOT-single exposure; Category 3

Results / Target organs Central nervous system (CNS).

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Target Organs None known.

(j) aspiration hazard; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

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Other Adverse Effects

Tumorigenic effects have been reported in experimental animals.

delayed

Symptoms / effects, both acute and Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Causes central nervous system depression. Continued or high exposures by inhalation will cause anaesthetic effects. This may result in a loss of consciousness and could prove fatal. Causes formation of carbon monoxide in the blood. Carbon monoxide may cause adverse effects on the cardiovascular system and the central nervous system.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine Disrupting Properties

Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

Section 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecotoxicity effects

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
Dichloromethane	Pimephales promelas: LC50:193	EC50: 140 mg/L/48h	EC50:>660 mg/L/96h
	mg/L/96h		_

Component	Microtox	M-Factor
Dichloromethane	EC50: 1 mg/L/24 h	
	EC50: 2.88 mg/L/15 min	

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence

Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Dichloromethane	1.25	6.4 - 40 dimensionless

12.4. Mobility in soil

The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility. Disperses rapidly in air

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

12.6. Endocrine disrupting

properties

Endocrine Disruptor Information

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

12.7. Other adverse effects

Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

Section 13: Disposal considerations

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13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused

Products

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives

on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point.

European Waste Catalogue (EWC) According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but

application specific.

Other Information Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product

was used. Do not empty into drains.

Switzerland - Waste Ordinance Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations. Ordinance on the Avoidance and the Disposal of Waste (Waste Ordinance,

ADWO) SR 814.600

https://www.fedlex.admin.ch/eli/cc/2015/891/en

Section 14: Transport information

IMDG/IMO

14.1. UN number UN1593

14.2. UN proper shipping name Dichloromethane

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 6.1 **14.4. Packing group** III

ADR

14.1. UN number UN1593

14.2. UN proper shipping name Dichloromethane

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 6.1 14.4. Packing group III

<u>IATA</u>

14.1. UN number UN1593

14.2. UN proper shipping name Dichloromethane

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 6.1 14.4. Packing group III

14.5. Environmental hazards No hazards identified

14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable, packaged goods

Section 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

L	Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL	J
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SAFETY DATA SHEET

Dichloromethane

Revision Date 02-May-2025

Dichloromethane	75-09-2	200-838-9	-	-	X	X	KE-23893	Χ	X
Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA In notific Active-I	ation -	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
Dichloromethane	75-09-2	X	ACT	IVE	X	ı	X	Χ	X

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed

KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Dichloromethane	75-09-2	-	Use restricted. See entry 59. (see link for restriction details) Use restricted. See entry 75. (see link for restriction details)	-

REACH links

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach Restricted to industrial use and to approved professionals.

Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) -	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) -
		Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident	Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report
		Notification	Requirements
Dichloromethane	75-09-2	Not applicable	Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)? Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

Take note of Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

National Regulations

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

WGK Classification See table for values

Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Dichloromethane	WGK2	Class I: 20 mg/m³ (Massenkonzentration)

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)
Dichloromethane	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 12

Dichloromethane Revision Date 02-May-2025

Swiss Regulations

Article 4 para. 4 of the Ordinance on the protection of young people in the workplace (SR 822.115) and Article 1 lit. f of the EAER regulation on hazardous work and young people (SR 822.115.2).

Take note on Article 13 Maternity Ordinance (SR 822.111.52) with regards expectant and nursing mothers.

Component	Switzerland - Ordinance on the Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR 814.81)	Switzerland - Ordinance on Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC)	Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure
Dichloromethane 75-09-2 (>99.5)	Persistent Organic Pollutants (POPs) Prohibited and Restricted Substances	Group I	

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment/Report (CSA/CSR) has been conducted

Section 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

Substances List

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances **IECSC** - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%

POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime

Dangerous Goods Code

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF - Bioconcentration factor Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

Ships

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate VOC - (volatile organic compound)

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Chemical incident response training.

Creation Date27-Jan-2010Revision Date02-May-2025

Revision Summary SDS sections updated, 2, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 15.

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006. COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

For Switzerland - Compiled in accordance with the technical provisions referred to in Annex 2, Number 3, ChemO (SR 813.11 - Ordinance on Protection against Dangerous Substances and Preparations).

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet

FSUD1850

Annex to the Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 [REACH]

Dichloromethane - Exposure Scenarios

CAS No	REACH registration number	EC No
75-09-2	01-2119480404-41-xxxx	200-838-9

	Exposure Scenarios Overview				
Title	Sector of use	Process category(ies)	Environmental release category	ES Identifier	
Manufacture, Recycling and Distribution (Industrial)	SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites SU8 - Manufacture of bulk, large scale chemicals (including petroleum products) SU9 - Manufacture of fine chemicals	1, 2, 3, 4, 8a, 8b, 9	ERC1 - Manufacture of substances	ES1-M1 DCM	
Use as a process solvent / extraction medium	SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites SU5 - Manufacture of textiles, leather, fur SU9 - Manufacture of fine chemicals	1, 2, 3, 4, 10, 15	ERC4 - Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles	ES2-M2 DCM	
Formulation of preparations and/or re-packaging	SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites SU10 - Formulation [mixing] of preparations and/or re-packaging (excluding alloys)	3, 4, 5, 8a, 8b, 9, 15	ERC2 - Formulation of preparations	ES4-F1 DCM	
Laboratory use	SU22 - Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen) SU24 - Scientific research and development	10, 15	ERC8a - Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems	ES5-L1 DCM	

Exposure scenario

Methylene chloride - ES1-M1 DCM

Section 1 - Identification of the use

Main user group Industrial use

Type Worker

Processes, tasks, activities covered Manufacture; Includes recycling / recovery; Loading (including marine vessel/barge,

rail/road car and IBC loading) and repacking (including drums and small packs) of

substance, including its sampling, storage, unloading distribution and associated laboratory

activities

Sector(s) of use SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

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SU9 - Manufacture of fine chemicals

Process category(ies) PROC1 - Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure

PROC2 - Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure

SU8 - Manufacture of bulk, large scale chemicals (including petroleum products)

PROC3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)

PROC4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises

PROC8a - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to

vessels/large containers at non dedicated facilities

PROC8b - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to

vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities

PROC9 - Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line,

including weighing)

PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent

Environmental release category(ies) ERC1 - Manufacture of substances

Section 2 - Operational Conditions and Risk Management Measures

Product characteristics

Physical State Liquid

pH No information available

Water Solubility Partially miscible; 13.2 g/L @ 25 °C

Vapor Pressure 325 mmHg @ 20°C

Volatility High

Covers concentrations up to 100 %

Section 2.1 - Control of environmental exposure

Environmental release category(ies)

ERC1 - Manufacture of substances

Control of environmental exposure

Readily biodegradable

Annual amount used in the EU 103000 t/a Annual amount per site 25700 t/a

Environmental factors not influenced by risk management

Emission days 300

Receiving water dilution (fresh or marine) 18000 m3/d

Other operational conditions of use affecting environmental exposure

Emission days 300 (from ESVOC SPERC 1.1.v1)

Release fraction to air from process (initial 0.0000596

release prior to RMM)

Release fraction to wastewater from 0.0000369

process (initial release prior to RMM)

Release fraction to soil from process (initial 0.0

release prior to RMM)

Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions

Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions

Negligible air emissions as process operates in a contained system.

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Report

Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. Ensure all waste water is collected and treated via a WWTP.

Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant

Remarks Manufacturing plants will have on-site waste water treatment facilities and emission to the municipal

STP will not occur.

Waste management

Air No discharge. No air emission controls required.

Water Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency

of 93.5%

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Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

Disposal Waste resulting from on-site RMM to be disposed as chemical waste

Waste treatment methods Hazardous waste incineration

Section 2.2 - Control of worker exposure

General information on risk management related to physicochemical hazard

Keep equipment under negative pressure. Segregate work area and mark with appropriate signs in accordance with local/regional/national legislation.

General information on exposure estimation

Manufactured and processed at industrial sites in closed continuous processes with either no likelihood of exposure or with only occasional opportunity for exposure in contolled conditions e.g. during maintenance, sampling or discharge of the material. Transfer of the substance is conducted at dedicated facilities using a closed-system with vapour return. Respiratory protection is not required except for certain critical activities where respiratory protective equipment is used, for example, cleaning tanks or reactors. Measured dermal exposure data are not available.

Control of worker exposure

Process category(ies) PROC1 - Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure

Covers concentrations up to

Amounts used

Exposure duration

Use frequency

Indoor/Outdoor use

100%

>1000 t/y

< 8h hour(s)

220 days per year

Indoor

Assumes process temperature up to

Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and

exposure

Handle substance within a closed system Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimize

exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop

Technical conditions and measures to Undertake operation under enclosed conditions

<=40°C

control dispersion from source towards

the worker

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and

health evaluation

Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity

training

Additional good practice advice beyondWorkers involved in production, handling, sampling and transfer of materials are the REACH Chemical Safety Report well-trained in these procedures as well as good industrial hygiene practices

Process category(ies) PROC2 - Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure

Covers concentrations up to 100% Exposure duration < 8h hour(s) Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor Assumes process temperature up to <=40°C

Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and

exposure

Handle substance within a closed system Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimize

exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and

health evaluation

Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90% (APF 10) Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training

Additional good practice advice beyondWorkers involved in production, handling, sampling and transfer of materials are the REACH Chemical Safety Report well-trained in these procedures as well as good industrial hygiene practices

Process category(ies) PROC3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)

Covers concentrations up to 100% Exposure duration < 8 hour(s) Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor Assumes process temperature up to <=40°C

Organisational measures to prevent Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation

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/limit releases, dispersion and Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact.

Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up exposure

> contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimize exposures and to report any skin

problems that may develop

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and

Use eve protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90% (APF 10)

health evaluation

Additional good practice advice beyondWorkers involved in production, handling, sampling and transfer of materials are the REACH Chemical Safety Report well-trained in these procedures as well as good industrial hygiene practices

Process category(ies) Covers concentrations up to

/limit releases, dispersion and

Exposure duration Indoor/Outdoor use Assumes process temperature up to Organisational measures to prevent

exposure

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

the REACH Chemical Safety Report

PROC4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises 100%

< 8h hour(s) Indoor

<=40°C

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimize exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop

Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90% (APF 10) Wear chemically resistant

gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training

Additional good practice advice beyondWorkers involved in production, handling, sampling and transfer of materials are well-trained in these procedures as well as good industrial hygiene practices

Process category(ies)

Covers concentrations up to Exposure duration Indoor/Outdoor use Assumes process temperature up to

Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and

PROC8a - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to

vessels/large containers at non dedicated facilities

100% < 1 hour(s) Indoor <=40°C

Drain or remove substance from equipment prior to break-in or maintenance Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimize exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop Use eve protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes

Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 95% (APF 20)

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training

Additional good practice advice beyondAssumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented the REACH Chemical Safety Report

Process category(ies)

health evaluation

PROC8b - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities

Covers concentrations up to 100% Exposure duration Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor Assumes process temperature up to <=40°C

Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and

< 8h hour(s)

Fill containers/cans at dedicated fill points supplied with local extract ventilation Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimize exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Additional good practice advice beyondAssumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

the REACH Chemical Safety Report

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exposure

PROC9 - Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, Process category(ies)

including weighing)

100% Covers concentrations up to < 8h hour(s) Exposure duration Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor <=40°C

Assumes process temperature up to Organisational measures to prevent

/limit releases, dispersion and exposure

Conditions and measures related to

skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimize exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training

Fill containers/cans at dedicated fill points supplied with local extract ventilation Avoid direct

personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90%

Additional good practice advice beyondAssumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented the REACH Chemical Safety Report

Process category(ies) PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent

Covers concentrations up to 100% Exposure duration < 8h hour(s) Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor Assumes process temperature up to <=40°C

Organisational measures to prevent

/limit releases, dispersion and

exposure

Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up

contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimize exposures and to report any skin

problems that may develop

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and

health evaluation

Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training

Additional good practice advice beyondAssumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented the REACH Chemical Safety Report

Control of consumer exposure

Not intended for consumer use

Section 3 - Exposure estimation

Environment

Environmental release category(ies)

ERC1 - Manufacture of substances

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) - See values below

Fresh water	0.31 mg/l	Marine water	0.031 mg/l
Fresh water sediment	2.57 mg/kg dw	Marine water sediment	0.26 mg/kg dw
Water Intermittent	0.27 mg/l	Soil (Agriculture)	0.33 mg/kg dw
Microorganisms in sewage	25.9 mg/l		
treatment			

Environment Predicted exposure level Risk characterization ratio (RCR) 5.17 x 10⁻³ mg/l Freshwater < 0.01 Marine water 9.3 x 10⁻³ mg/l < 0.01 Freshwater sediment 4.16 x 10⁻⁴ mg/kg dw < 0.01 7.49 x 10⁻⁴ mg/kg dw Marine sediment < 0.01 1.26 x 10⁻⁴ mg/kg dw Soil < 0.01

Calculation method - EUSES 2.1

No significant PEC values are indicated for the regional scale even under the conservative assumptions of the Tier 2 EUSES assessment. All derived PECs are below the relevant PNEC and so no further assessment or refinements are required.

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Health

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) - See table for values

Route of exposure	Acute effects (local)	Acute effects (systemic)	Chronic effects (local)	Chronic effects (systemic)
Oral				
Dermal				12 mg/kg bw/d
Inhalation	706 mg/m ³		353 mg/m ³	0 0

Process category(ies)	Exposure route	Predicted exposure level	Risk characterization ratio
PROC1 - Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure	Worker - inhalative	0.01 ppm	(RCR) <0.01
likelinood of exposure	Worker - dermal	0.07 mg/kg bw/day	< 0.01
PROC2 - Use in closed, continuous process	Worker - inhalative	50 ppm	0.5
with occasional controlled exposure	Worker - dermal	0.27 mg/kg bw/day	< 0.01
PROC3 - Use in closed batch process	Worker - inhalative	10 ppm	0.1
(synthesis or formulation)	Worker - dermal	1.37 mg/kg bw/day	< 0.01
PROC4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises	Worker - inhalative	10 ppm	0.1
alises	Worker - dermal	1.37 mg/kg bw/day	< 0.01
PROC8a - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated facilities	Worker - inhalative	50 ppm	0.5
racinues	Worker - dermal	2.74 mg/kg bw/day	< 0.01
PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent	Worker - inhalative Worker - dermal	50 ppm 0.07 mg/kg bw/d	0.5 < 0.01

Calculation method

Used ECETOC TRA model

Remarks

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk management measures/operational conditions outlined in section 2 are implemented

Section 4 - Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario

Used EUSES model

Used ECETOC TRA model

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet

(http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html)

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the applicable exposure limits (given in section 8 of the SDS) when the operational conditions/risk management measures given in section 2 are implemented

ECHA guidance for downstream users

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Annex to the Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 [REACH]

Dichloromethane - Exposure Scenarios

CAS No	REACH registration number	EC No
75-09-2	01-2119480404-41-xxxx	200-838-9

Exposure scenario

Methylene chloride - ES2-M2 DCM

Section 1 - Identification of the use

Main user group Industrial use

Type Worker

Processes, tasks, activities covered Use as a Process Solvent / Extraction Medium (Industrial)

Sector(s) of use SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

SU8 - Manufacture of bulk, large scale chemicals (including petroleum products)

SU9 - Manufacture of fine chemicals

Process category(ies) PROC1 - Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure

PROC2 - Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure

PROC3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)

PROC4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises

PROC10 - Roller application or brushing PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent

Environmental release category(ies) ERC4 - Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of

articles

Section 2 - Operational Conditions and Risk Management Measures

Product characteristics

Physical State Liquid

pH No information available

Water Solubility Partially miscible; 13.2 g/L @ 25 °C

Vapor Pressure 325 mmHg @ 20°C

Volatility High

Covers concentrations up to 100 %

Section 2.1 - Control of environmental exposure

Environmental release category(ies)

ERC4 - Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles

Control of environmental exposure

Readily biodegradable

Regional use tonnage 2410 t/a Annual amount per site 2410 t/a

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Environmental factors not influenced by risk management

Emission days 100

Receiving water dilution (fresh or marine) 18000 m3/d

Other operational conditions of use affecting environmental exposure

Emission days 100 (from ESVOC SPERC 1.1.v1)

Release fraction to air from process (initial 0.669

release prior to RMM)

Release fraction to wastewater from 0.00154

process (initial release prior to RMM)

Release fraction to soil from process (initial 0.0

release prior to RMM)

Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions

Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions

Negligible air emissions as process operates in a contained system.

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Report

Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. Ensure all waste water is collected and treated via a WWTP.

Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant

Remarks Manufacturing plants will have on-site waste water treatment facilities and emission to the municipal

STP will not occur.

Waste management

Air No discharge. No air emission controls required.

Water Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency

of 93.5%

Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

Disposal Waste resulting from on-site RMM to be disposed as chemical waste

Waste treatment methods Hazardous waste incineration

Section 2.2 - Control of worker exposure

General information on risk management related to physicochemical hazard

Keep equipment under negative pressure. Segregate work area and mark with appropriate signs in accordance with local/regional/national legislation.

General information on exposure estimation

Manufactured and processed at industrial sites in closed continuous processes with either no likelihood of exposure or with only occasional opportunity for exposure in contolled conditions e.g. during maintenance, sampling or discharge of the material. Transfer of the substance is conducted at dedicated facilities using a closed-system with vapour return. Respiratory protection is not required except for certain critical activities where respiratory protective equipment is used, for example, cleaning tanks or reactors.

Control of worker exposure

Process category(ies) PROC1 - Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure

Covers concentrations up to 100%
Amounts used >1000 t/y
Exposure duration < 8h hour(s)
Use frequency 100 days per year

Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor Assumes process temperature up to <=40°C

Organisational measures to prevent

/limit releases, dispersion and

exposure

Handle substance within a closed system Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimize

exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop

Technical conditions and measures to Undertake operation under enclosed conditions

control dispersion from source towards

the worker

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Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and

health evaluation

Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity

the REACH Chemical Safety Report

Additional good practice advice beyondWorkers involved in production, handling, sampling and transfer of materials are well-trained in these procedures as well as good industrial hygiene practices

Process category(ies) Covers concentrations up to Exposure duration

Indoor/Outdoor use Assumes process temperature up to Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and

exposure

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

the REACH Chemical Safety Report

PROC2 - Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure

100% < 8h hour(s) Indoor

<=40°C

Handle substance within a closed system Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimize exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop

Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90% (APF 10) Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training

Additional good practice advice beyondWorkers involved in production, handling, sampling and transfer of materials are well-trained in these procedures as well as good industrial hygiene practices

Process category(ies) Covers concentrations up to

Exposure duration Indoor/Outdoor use Assumes process temperature up to Organisational measures to prevent

/limit releases, dispersion and exposure

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

the REACH Chemical Safety Report

PROC3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)

100% < 8 hour(s) Indoor <=40°C

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimize exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop

Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90% (APF 10)

Additional good practice advice beyondWorkers involved in production, handling, sampling and transfer of materials are well-trained in these procedures as well as good industrial hygiene practices

Process category(ies) Covers concentrations up to Exposure duration Indoor/Outdoor use

Assumes process temperature up to Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and

health evaluation

the REACH Chemical Safety Report

PROC4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises

100% < 8h hour(s) Indoor <=40°C

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimize exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop

Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90% (APF 10) Wear chemically resistant

gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training

Additional good practice advice beyondWorkers involved in production, handling, sampling and transfer of materials are well-trained in these procedures as well as good industrial hygiene practices

Process category(ies) PROC10 - Roller application or brushing

Covers concentrations up to 100% Exposure duration < 8h hour(s) Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor Assumes process temperature up to

Organisational measures to prevent

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur Avoid direct skin contact with

ES2-M2 DCM Page 24/35 /limit releases, dispersion and exposure product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimize exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur control dispersion from source towards the worker

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimize exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur

Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training

health evaluation
Additional good practice advice beyondAssumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

the REACH Chemical Safety Report

Process category(ies) PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent

Covers concentrations up to 100%
Exposure duration < 8h hour(s)
Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor
Assumes process temperature up to <=40°C

Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and

exposure

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up

contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimize exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop

Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90%

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Control of consumer exposure

Not intended for consumer use

Section 3 - Exposure estimation

Environment

Environmental release category(ies)

ERC4 - Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) - See values below

Fresh water	0.31 mg/l	Marine water	0.031 mg/l
Fresh water sediment	2.57 mg/kg dw	Marine water sediment	0.26 mg/kg dw
Water Intermittent	0.27 mg/l	Soil (Agriculture)	0.33 mg/kg dw
Microorganisms in sewage	25.9 mg/l		
treatment			ļ

Risk characterization ratio (RCR) Predicted exposure level Environment **Freshwater** 5.17 x 10⁻³ mg/l < 0.01 9.3 x 10⁻³ ma/l < 0.01 Marine water Freshwater sediment 4.16 x 10⁻⁴ mg/kg dw < 0.01 7.49 x 10⁻⁴ mg/kg dw Marine sediment < 0.01 Soil 1.26 x 10⁻⁴ mg/kg dw < 0.01

Calculation method - EUSES 2.1

Remarks

No significant PEC values are indicated for the regional scale even under the conservative assumptions of the Tier 2 EUSES assessment. All derived PECs are below the relevant PNEC and so no further assessment or refinements are required.

Health

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) - See table for values

Route of exposure	Acute effects (local)	Acute effects	Chronic effects	Chronic effects
		(systemic)	(local)	(systemic)
Oral				

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Dermal			12 mg/kg bw/d
Inhalation	706 mg/m ³	353 mg/m ³	

Process category(ies)	Exposure route	Predicted exposure level	Risk characterization ratio (RCR)
PROC1 - Use in closed process, no	Worker - inhalative	0.01 ppm	<0.01
likelihood of exposure	Worker - dermal	0.07 mg/kg bw/day	< 0.01
PROC2 - Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure	Worker - inhalative	50 ppm	0.5
with occasional controlled exposure	Worker - dermal	0.27 mg/kg bw/day	< 0.01
PROC3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)	Worker - inhalative	10 ppm	0.1
(Synthesis of formulation)	Worker - dermal	1.37 mg/kg bw/day	< 0.01
PROC4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure	Worker - inhalative	10 ppm	0.1
arises	Worker - dermal	1.37 mg/kg bw/day	< 0.01
PROC10 - Roller application or brushing	Worker - inhalative Worker - dermal	25 ppm 5.49 mg/kg bw/d	0.25 < 0.01
PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent	Worker - inhalative Worker - dermal	50 ppm 0.07 mg/kg bw/d	0.5 < 0.01

Calculation method

Used ECETOC TRA model

Remarks

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk management measures/operational conditions outlined in section 2 are implemented

Section 4 - Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario

Used EUSES model

Used ECETOC TRA model

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet

(http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html)

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the applicable exposure limits (given in section 8 of the SDS) when the operational conditions/risk management measures given in section 2 are implemented

ECHA guidance for downstream users

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Annex to the Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 [REACH]

Dichloromethane - Exposure Scenarios

CAS No	REACH registration number	EC No
75-09-2	01-2119480404-41-xxxx	200-838-9

Exposure scenario

Methylene chloride

- ES3-F1 DCM

Section 1 - Identification of the use

Main user group Industrial use

Type Worker

Processes, tasks, activities covered Use as a Process Solvent / Extraction Medium (Industrial)

Sector(s) of use SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

SU10 - Formulation [mixing] of preparations and/or re-packaging (excluding alloys)

PROC3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)

PROC4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC5 - Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles

(multistage and/or significant contact)

PROC8a - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to

vessels/large containers at non dedicated facilities

PROC8b - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to

vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities

PROC9 - Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line,

including weighing)

PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent

Environmental release category(ies) ERC2 - Formulation of preparations (mixtures)

Section 2 - Operational Conditions and Risk Management Measures

Product characteristics

Physical State Liquid

pH No information available

Water Solubility Partially miscible; 13.2 g/L @ 25 °C

Vapor Pressure 325 mmHg @ 20°C

Volatility High

Covers concentrations up to 100 %

Section 2.1 - Control of environmental exposure

Environmental release category(ies)

ERC2 - Formulation of preparations (mixtures)

Control of environmental exposure

Readily biodegradable

Regional use tonnage 2810 t/a Annual amount per site 239 t/a

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Environmental factors not influenced by risk management

Emission days 300

Receiving water dilution (fresh or marine) 18000 m3/d

Other operational conditions of use affecting environmental exposure

Emission days 300 (from ESVOC SPERC 1.1.v1)

Release fraction to air from process (initial 0.025

release prior to RMM)

Release fraction to wastewater from 0.02 process (initial release prior to RMM)

Release fraction to soil from process (initial 0.0

release prior to RMM)

Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions

Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions

Negligible air emissions as process operates in a contained system.

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Report

Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. Ensure all waste water is collected and treated via a WWTP.

Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant

Remarks Manufacturing plants will have on-site waste water treatment facilities and emission to the municipal

STP will not occur.

Waste management

Air No discharge. No air emission controls required.

Water Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency

Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

Waste resulting from on-site RMM to be disposed as chemical waste Disposal

Waste treatment methods Hazardous waste incineration

Section 2.2 - Control of worker exposure

General information on risk management related to physicochemical hazard

Keep equipment under negative pressure. Segregate work area and mark with appropriate signs in accordance with local/regional/national legislation.

General information on exposure estimation

Manufactured and processed at industrial sites in closed continuous processes with either no likelihood of exposure or with only occasional opportunity for exposure in contolled conditions e.g. during maintenance, sampling or discharge of the material. Transfer of the substance is conducted at dedicated facilities using a closed-system with vapour return. Respiratory protection is not required except for certain critical activities where respiratory protective equipment is used, for example, cleaning tanks or reactors. Measured dermal exposure data are not available.

Control of worker exposure

Process category(ies) PROC3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)

Covers concentrations up to

Exposure duration >4 hours (default) Use frequency 300 days per year

Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor Assumes process temperature up to <=40°C

Organisational measures to prevent

/limit releases, dispersion and

exposure Conditions and measures related to

personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

100%

Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation Use of closed transfers of liquids from storage to production equipment (e.g. metered piped

or pumped additions) Sample via a closed loop or other system to avoid exposure Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training

Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90% (APF 10)

Additional good practice advice beyondWorkers involved in production, handling, sampling and transfer of materials are the REACH Chemical Safety Report well-trained in these procedures as well as good industrial hygiene practices

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Process category(ies) PROC4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises

Covers concentrations up to 100%

Exposure duration >4 hours (default) Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor <=40°C

Assumes process temperature up to Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and

exposure

product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimize exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop

Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear a Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90% (APF 10) Wear chemically resistant

gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training

Additional good practice advice beyondWorkers involved in production, handling, sampling and transfer of materials are the REACH Chemical Safety Report well-trained in these procedures as well as good industrial hygiene practices

Process category(ies)

health evaluation

PROC8a - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to

vessels/large containers at non dedicated facilities

Covers concentrations up to

Exposure duration >4 hours (default) Indoor

Indoor/Outdoor use Assumes process temperature up to Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and

exposure

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent /

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur Avoid direct skin contact with

minimize exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes

Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 95% (APF 20)

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity

training

100%

<=40°C

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Additional good practice advice beyondWorkers involved in production, handling, sampling and transfer of materials are the REACH Chemical Safety Report well-trained in these procedures as well as good industrial hygiene practices

Process category(ies) PROC8b - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to

vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities

Covers concentrations up to 100%

Exposure duration >4 hours (default)

Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor Assumes process temperature up to <=40°C

Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and

exposure

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimize exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop

Process category(ies)

PROC9 - Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)

100% Covers concentrations up to

>4 hours (default) Exposure duration

Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor Assumes process temperature up to <=40°C

Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and

exposure

Fill containers/cans at dedicated fill points supplied with local extract ventilation Avoid direct

skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimize exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop

Technical conditions and measures to Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur control dispersion from source towards

the worker

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training

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Additional good practice advice beyondWorkers involved in production, handling, sampling and transfer of materials are the REACH Chemical Safety Report well-trained in these procedures as well as good industrial hygiene practices

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Process category(ies) PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent

Covers concentrations up to 100%

Exposure duration >4 hours (default)
Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor
Assumes process temperature up to <=40°C

Organisational measures to prevent

/limit releases, dispersion and

exposure

Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up

contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimize exposures and to report any skin

problems that may develop

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and

health evaluation

Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90%

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Control of consumer exposure

Not intended for consumer use

Section 3 - Exposure estimation

Environment

Environmental release category(ies)

ERC2 - Formulation of preparations (mixtures)

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) - See values below

Fresh water	0.31 mg/l	Marine water	0.031 mg/l
Fresh water sediment	2.57 mg/kg dw	Marine water sediment	0.26 mg/kg dw
Water Intermittent	0.27 mg/l	Soil (Agriculture)	0.33 mg/kg dw
Microorganisms in sewage	25.9 mg/l		
treatment			

Predicted exposure level **Environment** Risk characterization ratio (RCR) Freshwater 5.17 x 10⁻³ mg/l < 0.01 9.3 x 10⁻³ mg/l < 0.01 Marine water Freshwater sediment 4.16 x 10⁻⁴ mg/kg dw < 0.01 Marine sediment 7.49 x 10⁻⁴ mg/kg dw < 0.01 1.26 x 10⁻⁴ mg/kg dw < 0.01 Soil

Calculation method - EUSES 2.1

Remarks

No significant PEC values are indicated for the regional scale even under the conservative assumptions of the Tier 2 EUSES assessment. All derived PECs are below the relevant PNEC and so no further assessment or refinements are required.

Health

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) - See table for values

Route of exposure	Acute effects (local)	Acute effects (systemic)	Chronic effects (local)	Chronic effects (systemic)
Oral				
Dermal				12 mg/kg bw/d
Inhalation	706 mg/m ³		353 mg/m ³	

Process category(ies)	Exposure route	Predicted exposure level	Risk characterization ratio (RCR)
PROC3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)	Worker - inhalative	10 ppm	0.1
(cynthological formulation)	Worker - dermal	0.07 mg/kg bw/day	< 0.01
PROC4 - Use in batch and other process	Worker - inhalative	10 ppm	0.1

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(synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises			
	Worker - dermal	1.37 mg/kg bw/day	< 0.01
PROC8a - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated acilities	Worker - inhalative	25 ppm	0.3
	Worker - dermal	2.74 mg/kg bw/day	< 0.01
PROC8b - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities	Worker - inhalative	4.5 mg/m ³	0.05
	Worker - dermal	1.37 mg/kg bw/day	< 0.01
PROC9 - Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)	Worker - inhalative	20 mg/m³	0.2
3 3 3/	Worker - dermal	1.37 mg/kg bw/day	< 0.01
PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent	Worker - inhalative	50 ppm	0.5
, ,	Worker - dermal	0.07 mg/kg bw/d	< 0.01

Calculation method

Used ECETOC TRA model

Remarks

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk management measures/operational conditions outlined in section 2 are implemented

Section 4 - Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario

Used EUSES model

Used ECETOC TRA model

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html)

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the applicable exposure limits (given in section 8 of the SDS) when the operational conditions/risk management measures given in section 2 are implemented ECHA guidance for downstream users

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Annex to the Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 [REACH]

Dichloromethane - Exposure Scenarios

CAS No	REACH registration number	EC No
75-09-2	01-2119480404-41-xxxx	200-838-9

Exposure scenario

Methylene chloride

- ES4-L1 DCM

Section 1 - Identification of the use

Main user group Industrial use

Type Worker

Processes, tasks, activities covered Laboratory use (Professional)

Sector(s) of use SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

SU10 - Formulation [mixing] of preparations and/or re-packaging (excluding alloys)

Process category(ies) PROC10 - Roller application or brushing

PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent

Environmental release category(ies) ERC8a - Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems

Section 2 - Operational Conditions and Risk Management Measures

Product characteristics

Physical State Liquid

pH No information available

Water Solubility Partially miscible; 13.2 g/L @ 25 °C

Vapor Pressure 325 mmHg @ 20°C

Volatility High

Covers concentrations up to 100 %

Section 2.1 - Control of environmental exposure

Environmental release category(ies)

ERC8a - Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems

Control of environmental exposure

Readily biodegradable

Regional use tonnage 257 t/a Annual amount per site 257 t/a

Environmental factors not influenced by risk management

Emission days 300

Receiving water dilution (fresh or marine) 18000 m3/d

Other operational conditions of use affecting environmental exposure

Emission days 300 (from ESVOC SPERC 1.1.v1)

Release fraction to air from process (initial 0.5

release prior to RMM)

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Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to RMM)

Release fraction to soil from process (initial 0.0 release prior to RMM)

release prior to RMM)

Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions

Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions

Negligible air emissions as process operates in a contained system.

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Report

Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. Ensure all waste water is collected and treated via a WWTP.

Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant

Remarks Manufacturing plants will have on-site waste water treatment facilities and emission to the municipal

STP will not occur.

Waste management

Air No discharge. No air emission controls required.

Water Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency

of 93.5%

Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

Disposal Waste resulting from on-site RMM to be disposed as chemical waste

Waste treatment methods Hazardous waste incineration

Section 2.2 - Control of worker exposure

General information on risk management related to physicochemical hazard

Keep equipment under negative pressure. Segregate work area and mark with appropriate signs in accordance with local/regional/national legislation.

General information on exposure estimation

Manufactured and processed at industrial sites in closed continuous processes with either no likelihood of exposure or with only occasional opportunity for exposure in contolled conditions e.g. during maintenance, sampling or discharge of the material. Transfer of the substance is conducted at dedicated facilities using a closed-system with vapour return. Respiratory protection is not required except for certain critical activities where respiratory protective equipment is used, for example, cleaning tanks or reactors. Measured dermal exposure data are not available.

Control of worker exposure

Process category(ies) PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent

Covers concentrations up to 100%

Exposure duration >4 hours (default)
Use frequency 300 days per year

Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor Assumes process temperature up to <=40°C

Organisational measures to prevent

/limit releases, dispersion and

exposure

Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact.

Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up

contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent / minimize exposures and to report any skin

problems that may develop

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and

health evaluation

Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect against liquid splashes Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training Wear a respirator providing a minimum efficiency of 90%

Troal a roophator providing a minimum emoleticy of co-

Process category(ies) PROC10 - Roller application or brushing

Covers concentrations up to 100%

Exposure duration Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours

Use frequency 300 days per year

Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor Assumes process temperature up to <=40°C

Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and

exposure

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if

hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur.

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Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent /

minimize exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop

Control of consumer exposure

Not intended for consumer use

Section 3 - Exposure estimation

Environment

Environmental release category(ies)

ERC8a - Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) - See values below

	Fresh water	0.31 mg/l	Marine water	0.031 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	2.57 mg/kg dw	Marine water sediment	0.26 mg/kg dw
	Water Intermittent	0.27 mg/l	Soil (Agriculture)	0.33 mg/kg dw
	Microorganisms in sewage	25.9 mg/l		
L	treatment			

Environment	Predicted exposure level	Risk characterization ratio (RCR)
Freshwater	5.17 x 10 ⁻³ mg/l	<0.01
Marine water	9.3 x 10 ⁻³ mg/l	<0.01
Freshwater sediment	4.16 x 10 ⁻⁴ mg/kg dw	<0.01
Marine sediment	7.49 x 10 ⁻⁴ mg/kg dw	<0.01
Soil	1.26 x 10 ⁻⁴ mg/kg dw	<0.01
Calculation method - EUSES 2.1		

Remarks

No significant PEC values are indicated for the regional scale even under the conservative assumptions of the Tier 2 EUSES assessment. All derived PECs are below the relevant PNEC and so no further assessment or refinements are required.

Health

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) - See table for values

Delived No Elicot Ecvel (DIVEE)	Occ table for values			
Route of exposure	Acute effects (local)	Acute effects	Chronic effects	Chronic effects
		(systemic)	(local)	(systemic)
Oral				
Dermal				12 mg/kg bw/d
Inhalation	706 mg/m ³		353 mg/m ³	

Process category(ies)	Exposure route	Predicted exposure level	Risk characterization ratio (RCR)
PROC10 - Roller application or brushing	Worker - inhalative	60 ppm	0.6
	Worker - dermal	5.49 mg/kg bw/d	< 0.01
PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent	Worker - inhalative	50 ppm	0.5
	Worker - dermal	0.07 mg/kg bw/d	< 0.01

Calculation method Used ECETOC TRA model

Remarks

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk management measures/operational conditions outlined in section 2 are implemented

Section 4 - Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario

Used EUSES model

Used ECETOC TRA model

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet

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(http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html)

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the applicable exposure limits (given in section 8 of the SDS) when the operational conditions/risk management measures given in section 2 are implemented ECHA guidance for downstream users

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