

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Creation Date 01-May-2012 Revision Date 11-Feb-2024 **Revision Number** 5

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE **COMPANY/UNDERTAKING**

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: 4-tert-Butylcatechol

Cat No.: A14599

Svnonvms 4-tert-Butylpyrocatechol; 4-(1,1-Dimethylethyl)-1,2-benzenediol; TBC

CAS No 98-29-3 EC No 202-653-9 Molecular Formula C10 H14 O2

REACH registration number

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Sector of use SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

PC21 - Laboratory chemicals **Product category**

PROC15 - Use as a laboratory reagent **Process categories**

ERC6a - Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates) **Environmental release category**

Uses advised against No Information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Thermo Fisher (Kandel) GmbH

Erlenbachweg 2, 76870 Kandel, Germany

Tel: +49 (0) 721 84007 280 Fax: +49 (0) 721 84007 300

Swiss distributor - Fisher Scientific AG Neuhofstrasse 11, CH 4153 Reinach

Tel: +41 (0) 56 618 41 11

https://www.fishersci.ch/ch/en/customer-help-

support/forms/email-us.html

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information **US** call: 001-800-227-6701 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number US:001-201-796-7100 / Europe: +32 14 57 52 99 CHEMTREC Tel. No.US:001-800-424-9300 / Europe:001-703-527-3887

customers in Switzerland:

Tox Info Suisse Emergency Number: 145 (24hr)

Tox Info Suisse: +41-44 251 51 51 (Emergency number from abroad)

Chemtrec (24h) Toll-Free: 0800 564 402 Chemtrec Local: +41-43 508 20 11 (Zurich)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Physical hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Health hazards

Acute oral toxicity	Category 4 (H302)
Acute dermal toxicity	Category 4 (H312)
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 1 B (H314)
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 1 (H318)
Skin Sensitization	Category 1 (H317)
Carcinogenicity	Category 1B (H350)

Environmental hazards

Acute aquatic toxicity

Chronic aquatic toxicity

Category 1 (H400)

Category 2 (H411)

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

H350 - May cause cancer

H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

H302 + H312 - Harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin

Precautionary Statements

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

Additional EU labelling

Restricted to professional users

2.3. Other hazards

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB)

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates

Contains a known or suspected endocrine disruptor

Contains a substance on the National Authorities Endocrine Disruptor Lists

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
1,2-Benzenediol, 4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-	98-29-3	202-653-9	<=100	Acute Tox. 4 (H302) Acute Tox. 4 (H312) Skin Corr. 1B (H314) Skin Sens. 1 (H317) Eye Dam. 1 (H318) Aquatic Acute 1 (H400) Aquatic Chronic 2 (H411)
1,2-Benzenediol	120-80-9	EEC No. 204-427-5	<=0.5	Acute Tox. 3 (H301) Acute Tox. 3 (H311) Acute Tox. 4 (H332) Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) Eye Dam. 1 (H318) Skin Sens. 1 (H317) Muta. 2 (H341) Carc. 1B (H350)

Component	Specific concentration limits (SCL's)	M-Factor	Component notes
1,2-Benzenediol, 4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-	-	1	-

Component	ECHA (RAC) ATE (Oral)	ECHA (RAC) ATE (Dermal)	ECHA (RAC) ATE (Inhalation)
1,2-Benzenediol	ATE = 300 mg/kg bw	ATE = 600 mg/kg bw	-

ECHA (RAC) - Committee for Risk Assessment - European CHemicals Agency ATE - Acute Toxiciy Estimate; mg/kg bw - milligrams per kilogram of body weight

RFACH registration number	ī

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is

required.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

Immediate medical attention is required. Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated

clothes and shoes. Call a physician immediately.

Immediate medical attention is required. Do NOT induce vomiting. Drink plenty of water.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Call a physician or poison

control center immediately. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device.

Self-Protection of the First Aider

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Causes burns by all exposure routes. May cause allergic skin reaction. Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation: Symptoms of allergic reaction may include rash, itching, swelling, trouble breathing, tingling of the hands and feet, dizziness, lightheadedness, chest pain, muscle pain or flushing

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

CO₂, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Fumes, Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal. Avoid dust formation.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe dust. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Corrosives area. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store under an inert atmosphere. Protect from moisture.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510

Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

Storage Class/LGK 6.1C

Storage class - SC 6.1

Switzerland - Storage of hazardous substances

https://www.kvu.ch/de/themen/stoffe-und-produkte https://www.kvu.ch/fr/themes/substances-et-produits https://www.kvu.ch/it/temi/sostanze-e-prodotti

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Forth edition. Published 2020. **IRE** - 2010 Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations 2001. Published by the Health and Safety Authority. **CH** - The Government of Switzerland has set a directive on limit values for working materials (Grenzwerte am Arbeitsplatz) which is based on the Swiss Federal Regulation "Verordnung über die Verhütung von Unfällen und Berufskrankheiten". This directive is administered, periodically revised and enforced by SUVA (Swiss National Accident Insurance Fund).

Component	European Union	The United Kingdom	France	Belgium	Spain
1,2-Benzenediol		STEL: 15 ppm 15 min	TWA / VME: 5 ppm (8	TWA: 5 ppm 8 uren	TWA / VLA-ED: 5 ppm
		STEL: 69 mg/m ³ 15 min	heures).	TWA: 23 mg/m ³ 8 uren	(8 horas)
		TWA: 5 ppm 8 hr	TWA / VME: 20 mg/m ³	Huid	TWA / VLA-ED: 23
		TWA: 23 mg/m ³ 8 hr	(8 heures).		mg/m³ (8 horas)
					Piel

Component	Italy	Germany	Portugal	The Netherlands	Finland
1,2-Benzenediol			TWA: 5 ppm 8 horas		TWA: 5 ppm 8 tunteina
			Pele		TWA: 22 mg/m³ 8 tunteina
					STEL: 10 ppm 15
					minuutteina
					STEL: 45 mg/m ³ 15
					minuutteina
					lho

Component	Austria	Denmark	Switzerland	Poland	Norway
-----------	---------	---------	-------------	--------	--------

4-tert-Butylcatechol

1,2-Benzenediol	Minuten MAK-KZGW: 40 mg/m³ 15 Minuten MAK-TMW: 4.5 ppm 8	TWA: 20 mg/m ³ 8 timer STEL: 10 ppm 15 minutter STEL: 40 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 5 ppm 8 Stunden TWA: 23 mg/m ³ 8 Stunden	TWA: 5 ppm 8 timer TWA: 20 mg/m³ 8 timer STEL: 10 ppm 15 minutter. value calculated STEL: 30 mg/m³ 15
	MAK-TMW: 4.5 ppm 8 Stunden MAK-TMW: 20 mg/m³ 8 Stunden			STEL: 30 mg/m³ 15 minutter. value calculated

Component	Bulgaria	Croatia	Ireland	Cyprus	Czech Republic
1,2-Benzenediol		kože	TWA: 5 ppm 8 hr.		
		TWA-GVI: 5 ppm 8	TWA: 20 mg/m ³ 8 hr.		
		satima.	STEL: 15 ppm 15 min		
		TWA-GVI: 23 mg/m ³ 8	STEL: 60 mg/m ³ 15 min		
		satima.	Skin		

Component	Estonia	Gibraltar	Greece	Hungary	Iceland
1,2-Benzenediol	Nahk TWA: 5 ppm 8 tundides. TWA: 20 mg/m³ 8 tundides. STEL: 10 ppm 15		skin - potential for cutaneous absorption TWA: 5 ppm TWA: 20 mg/m³		TWA: 5 ppm 8 klukkustundum. TWA: 20 mg/m³ 8 klukkustundum. Ceiling: 10 ppm
	minutites. STEL: 40 mg/m³ 15 minutites.				Ceiling: 40 mg/m ³

Component	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg	Malta	Romania
1,2-Benzenediol		TWA: 5 ppm IPRD			TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 ore
		TWA: 20 mg/m ³ IPRD			STEL: 20 mg/m ³ 15
		Oda			minute
		STEL: 10 ppm			
		STEL: 40 mg/m ³			

Component	Russia	Slovak Republic	Slovenia	Sweden	Turkey
1,2-Benzenediol,	Skin notation				
4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-	MAC: 2 mg/m ³				
1,2-Benzenediol	Skin notation			Indicative STEL: 10 ppm	
	MAC: 0.5 mg/m ³			15 minuter	
	·			Indicative STEL: 40	
				mg/m ³ 15 minuter	
				TLV: 5 ppm 8 timmar.	
				NGV	
				TLV: 20 mg/m ³ 8	
		1		timmar. NGV	
1				Hud	

Biological limit values

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.

MDHS14/3 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

Workers; See table for values

Component	Acute effects local	Acute effects	Chronic effects local	Chronic effects
-----------	---------------------	---------------	-----------------------	-----------------

Revision Date 11-Feb-2024

4-tert-Butylcatechol

	(Dermal)	systemic (Dermal)	(Dermal)	systemic (Dermal)
1,2-Benzenediol		DNEL = 2.5mg/kg		
120-80-9 (<=0.5)		bw/day		

Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)
1,2-Benzenediol, 4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)- 98-29-3 (<=100)				DNEL = 1.6mg/m ³
1,2-Benzenediol 120-80-9 (<=0.5)		DNEL = 85mg/m ³		DNEL = 0.9mg/m ³

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

See values below.

Component	Fresh water	Fresh water	Water Intermittent	Microorganisms in	Soil (Agriculture)
		sediment		sewage treatment	
1,2-Benzenediol, 4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)- 98-29-3 (<=100)	PNEC = 1.2µg/L	PNEC = 6.9µg/kg sediment dw	PNEC = 1.2µg/L	PNEC = 0.16mg/L	PNEC = 0.68µg/kg soil dw
1,2-Benzenediol 120-80-9 (<=0.5)	PNEC = 1.1µg/L	PNEC = 0.017mg/kg sediment dw	PNEC = 11µg/L	PNEC = 1.958mg/L	PNEC = 0.0027mg/kg soil dw

Component	Marine water	Marine water sediment	Marine water Intermittent	Food chain	Air
1,2-Benzenediol, 4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)- 98-29-3 (<=100)	PNEC = 0.12µg/L	PNEC = 0.69µg/kg sediment dw			
1,2-Benzenediol 120-80-9 (<=0.5)	PNEC = 0.11μg/L	PNEC = 0.0017mg/kg sediment dw			

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material Natural rubber Butyl rubber Nitrile rubber Neoprene	Breakthrough time See manufacturers recommendations	Glove thickness	EU standard EN 374	Glove comments (minimum requirement)
PVC				

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing.

Inspect gloves before use. observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information) gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion. gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

ALFAAA14599

Revision Date 11-Feb-2024

Revision Date 11-Feb-2024 4-tert-Butylcatechol

Respiratory Protection When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits Large scale/emergency use

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced Recommended Filter type: Particulates filter conforming to EN 143

Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure Small scale/Laboratory use

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

141

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water

system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Solid

Solid

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Solid **Physical State**

Appearance Off-white Odor aromatic

Odor Threshold No data available

Melting Point/Range 53 - 56 °C / 127.4 - 132.8 °F

Softening Point No data available **Boiling Point/Range** 285 °C / 545 °F

@ 760 mmHg Not applicable Solid

Flammability (liquid)

Flammability (solid,gas) No information available

Explosion Limits No data available

129 °C / 264.2 °F Flash Point Method - No information available

No data available **Autoignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature** No data available

No information available pН

Not applicable **Viscosity**

Water Solubility 0.2% (25°C)

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Component log Pow 1,2-Benzenediol, 4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)- 1.98 1,2-Benzenediol

Vapor Pressure No data available Density / Specific Gravity No data available

Bulk Density No data available

Vapor Density Not applicable

Particle characteristics No data available

9.2. Other information

Molecular Formula C10 H14 O2 **Molecular Weight** 166.22

Evaporation Rate Not applicable - Solid

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Hygroscopic.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible products. Excess heat. Exposure to moist air or water.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Alkaline. Metals.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). Fumes. Thermal decomposition can lead to

release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

OralCategory 4DermalCategory 4

Inhalation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
1,2-Benzenediol, 4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-	815 mg/kg (Rat)	1331 mg/kg (Rat)	-
1,2-Benzenediol	ECHA (RAC) ATE = 300 mg/kg	ECHA (RAC) ATE = 600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 = 260 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 = 800 mg/kg (Rabbit)	

Component	ECHA (RAC) ATE (Oral)	ECHA (RAC) ATE (Dermal)	ECHA (RAC) ATE (Inhalation)
1,2-Benzenediol	ATE = 300 mg/kg bw	ATE = 600 mg/kg bw	-

ECHA (RAC) - Committee for Risk Assessment - European CHemicals Agency ATE - Acute Toxiciy Estimate; mg/kg bw - milligrams per kilogram of body weight

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 1 B

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory No data available Skin Category 1

No information available

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; No data available

(f) carcinogenicity; Category 1B

EU

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

UK IARC Germany Component Carc Cat. 1B 1,2-Benzenediol Group 2B

(g) reproductive toxicity; No data available

(h) STOT-single exposure; No data available

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; No data available

Target Organs No information available.

Not applicable (j) aspiration hazard;

Solid

Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

delayed

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated. Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation. Symptoms of allergic reaction may include rash, itching, swelling, trouble breathing, tingling of the hands and feet, dizziness, lightheadedness, chest pain, muscle pain or flushing.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine Disrupting Properties Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health

Contains a substance on the National Authorities Endocrine Disruptor Lists

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment. Very **Ecotoxicity effects**

toxic to aquatic organisms.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
1,2-Benzenediol, 4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-	LC50 = 0.12 mg/L 96h	EC50=0.48 mg/L 48h	
1,2-Benzenediol	LC50: = 3.5 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Pimephales promelas) LC50: = 8.9 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	EC50: = 1.66 mg/L, 48h (Daphnia magna)	

Component	Microtox	M-Factor
1,2-Benzenediol, 4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-		1
1,2-Benzenediol	EC50 = 174 mg/L 210 min EC50 = 29.7 mg/L 30 min	
	EC50 = 32.0 mg/L 5 min	
	EC50 = 620 mg/L 48 h	

12.2. Persistence and degradability Biodegradability

Revision Date 11-Feb-2024 4-tert-Butylcatechol

Persistence

Persistence is unlikely.

Degradation in sewage treatment plant

Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste

water treatment plants.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
1,2-Benzenediol, 4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-	1.98	No data available
1,2-Benzenediol	1.01	No data available

12.4. Mobility in soil The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems. Will likely be mobile in the

environment due to its water solubility. Highly mobile in soils

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent

and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

12.6. Endocrine disrupting

properties

Endocrine Disruptor Information Assess endocrine disrupting properties for the environment

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors Contains a substance on the National Authorities Endocrine Disruptor Lists.

12.7. Other adverse effects **Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential**

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused

Products

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Should not

be released into the environment.

Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Contaminated Packaging

European Waste Catalogue (EWC) According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but

application specific.

Other Information Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the

> application for which the product was used. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms. Do not let this chemical enter the environment.

Switzerland - Waste Ordinance Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations. Ordinance on the Avoidance and the Disposal of Waste (Waste Ordinance,

ADWO) SR 814.600

https://www.fedlex.admin.ch/eli/cc/2015/891/en

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

14.1. UN number UN3261

14.2. UN proper shipping name Corrosive solid, acidic, organic, n.o.s.

Technical Shipping Name 4-tert-Butylcatechol 8

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

4-tert-Butylcatechol Revision Date 11-Feb-2024

14.4. Packing group II

ADR

14.1. UN number UN3261

14.2. UN proper shipping name Corrosive solid, acidic, organic, n.o.s.

Technical Shipping Name 4-tert-Butylcatechol

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 8
14.4. Packing group 8

<u>IATA</u>

14.1. UN number UN3261

14.2. UN proper shipping name Corrosive solid, acidic, organic, n.o.s.

Technical Shipping Name 4-tert-Butylcatechol

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 8 14.4. Packing group II

<u>14.5. Environmental hazards</u> Dangerous for the environment

Product is a marine pollutant according to the criteria set by IMDG/IMO

14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable, packaged goods

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
1,2-Benzenediol,	98-29-3	202-653-9	-	-	Х	X	KE-11368	X	Х
4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-									
1,2-Benzenediol	120-80-9	204-427-5	-	-	Х	X	KE-02556	Χ	Χ

Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
1,2-Benzenediol, 4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-	98-29-3	X	ACTIVE	Х	1	X	Х	Х
1,2-Benzenediol	120-80-9	Х	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	Х	Х

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization		REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
1,2-Benzenediol, 4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-	98-29-3	-	Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	-

4-tert-Butylcatechol

Revision Date 11-Feb-2024

1,2-Benzenediol	120-80-9	-	Use restricted. See item	-
			28.	
			(see link for restriction	
			details)	
			Use restricted. See item	
			75.	
			(see link for restriction	
			details)	

REACH links

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements
1,2-Benzenediol, 4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-	98-29-3	Not applicable	Not applicable
1,2-Benzenediol	120-80-9	Not applicable	Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)? Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work.

Take note of Dir 76/769/EEC relating to restrictions on the marketing and use of certain dangerous substances and preparations

National Regulations

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

WGK Classification See table for values

Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
1,2-Benzenediol,	WGK3	
4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-		
1,2-Benzenediol	WGK2	

Swiss Regulations

Article 4 para. 4 of the Ordinance on the protection of young people in the workplace (SR 822.115) and Article 1 lit. f of the EAER regulation on hazardous work and young people (SR 822.115.2).

Take note on Article 13 Maternity Ordinance (SR 822.111.52) with regards expectant and nursing mothers.

Component	Switzerland - Ordinance on the Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR 814.81)	Switzerland - Ordinance on Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC)	Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure
1,2-Benzenediol, 4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-	Prohibited and Restricted		
98-29-3 (<=100)	Substances		
1,2-Benzenediol	Prohibited and Restricted		
120-80-9 (<=0.5)	Substances		

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment/Report (CSA/CSR) has not been conducted

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H312 - Harmful in contact with skin

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H350 - May cause cancer

H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

H301 - Toxic if swallowed

H311 - Toxic in contact with skin

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H332 - Harmful if inhaled

H341 - Suspected of causing genetic defects

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

Substances List

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%

POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime

Dangerous Goods Code

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air **Transport Association**

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

Page 14/15

Shins

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

VOC - (volatile organic compound)

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Training Advice

Chemical incident response training.

Health, Safety and Environmental Department **Prepared By**

Creation Date 01-May-2012 **Revision Date** 11-Feb-2024

Revision Summary New emergency telephone response service provider.

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006. COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

For Switzerland - Compiled in accordance with the technical provisions referred to in Annex 2,

Number 3, ChemO (SR 813.11 - Ordinance on Protection against Dangerous Substances and Preparations).

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet