

according to Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended

Creation Date 21-May-2012 Revision Date 15-Jul-2024 Revision Number 1

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: Glycolic acid, 70%,in water

Cat No.: C41103

Synonyms Hydroxyacetic acid

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals. Uses advised against No Information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Avocado Research Chemicals Ltd. (Part of Thermo Fisher Scientific)

Shore Road, Heysham Lancashire, LA3 2XY, United Kingdom

Office Tel: +44 (0) 1524 850506 Office Fax: +44 (0) 1524 850608

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information **US** call: 001-800-227-6701 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No. **US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567

Physical hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Health hazards

Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Category 4 (H332)

Category 1 B (H314)

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Category 1 (H318)

Glycolic acid, 70%,in water

Revision Date 15-Jul-2024

Page 2/13

Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H332 - Harmful if inhaled

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

Precautionary Statements

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2. Mixtures

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	GHS Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and
				UK SI 2020/1567
Hydroxyacetic acid	79-14-1	EEC No. 201-180-5	70-72	Skin Corr. 1B (H314)
				Eye Dam. 1 (H318)
				Acute Tox. 4 (H332)
Water	7732-18-5	231-791-2	28-30	-
Formic acid	64-18-6	200-579-1	<1	Flam. Liq. 3 (H226)
				Acute Tox. 4 (H302)
				Skin Corr. 1A (H314)
				Eye Dam. 1 (H318)
				Acute Tox. 3 (H331)
				EUH071
Acetic acid, methoxy-	625-45-6	EEC No. 210-894-6	<0.3	Acute Tox. 4 (H302)
				Skin Corr. 1B (H314)
				Eye Dam. 1 (H318)
				Repr. 1B (H360FD)
				STOT SE 3 (H335)

Glycolic acid, 70%,in water Revision Date 15-Jul-2024

Component	Specific concentration limits (SCL's)	M-Factor	Component notes
Formic acid	Skin Corr. 1A :: C>=90% Skin Corr. 1B :: 10%<=C<90% Skin Irrit. 2 :: 2%<=C<10% Eye Irrit. 2 :: 2%<=C<10%	-	-
Acetic acid, methoxy-	STOT SE 3 (H335) :: C>=5%	-	-

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is

required.

Eye ContactRinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

Immediate medical attention is required.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove and wash

contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Call a physician

immediately.

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Clean mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an

unconscious person. Call a physician immediately.

Inhalation If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Remove from exposure, lie down. Do not use

mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory

medical device. Call a physician immediately.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Causes burns by all exposure routes. Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue

and danger of perforation

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

CO₂, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

Glycolic acid, 70%,in water

Revision Date 15-Jul-2024

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Corrosives area. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Class 8A Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

Revision Date 15-Jul-2024

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): **EU** - Commission Directive (EU) 2019/1831 of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Fourth edition. Published 2020. **IRE** - 2021 Code of Practice for the Chemical Agents Regulations, Schedule 1. Published by the Health and Safety Authority

Component	The United Kingdom	European Union	Ireland
Formic acid	STEL: 15 ppm 15 min	TWA: 5 ppm 8 hr	TWA: 5 ppm 8 hr.
	STEL: 28.8 mg/m ³ 15 min	TWA: 9 mg/m ³ 8 hr	TWA: 9 mg/m ³ 8 hr.
	TWA: 5 ppm 8 hr	_	STEL: 15 ppm 15 min
	TWA: 9.6 mg/m ³ 8 hr		STEL: 27 mg/m ³ 15 min

Biological limit values

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

Component	Acute effects local (Dermal)	Acute effects systemic (Dermal)	Chronic effects local (Dermal)	Chronic effects systemic (Dermal)
Hydroxyacetic acid 79-14-1 (70-72)				DNEL = 57.69mg/kg bw/day

Component	Acute effects local	Acute effects	Chronic effects local	Chronic effects
	(Inhalation)	systemic (Inhalation)	(Inhalation)	systemic (Inhalation)
Hydroxyacetic acid 79-14-1 (70-72)	DNEL = 9.2mg/m ³	DNEL = 9.2mg/m ³	DNEL = 1.53mg/m ³	DNEL = 10.56mg/m ³
Formic acid 64-18-6 (<1)		DNEL = 19 mg/m ³	DNEL = 9.5mg/m ³	DNEL = 9.5 mg/m ³

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

See values below.

ſ	Component	Fresh water	Fresh water	Water Intermittent	Microorganisms in	Soil (Agriculture)
L			sediment		sewage treatment	
Γ	Hydroxyacetic acid	PNEC =	PNEC =	PNEC = 0.312mg/L	PNEC = 7mg/L	PNEC =
	79-14-1 (70-72)	0.0312mg/L	0.115mg/kg			0.007mg/kg soil dw
		-	sediment dw			
Γ	Formic acid	PNEC = 2mg/L	PNEC = 13.4mg/kg	PNEC = 1mg/L	PNEC = 7.2mg/L	PNEC = 1.5mg/kg
L	64-18-6 (<1)	-	sediment dw	_	_	soil dw

Component	Marine water	Marine water sediment	Marine water intermittent	Food chain	Air
Hydroxyacetic acid 79-14-1 (70-72)	PNEC = 0.0031mg/L	PNEC = 0.0115mg/kg sediment dw		PNEC = 16.66mg/kg food	
Formic acid 64-18-6 (<1)	PNEC = 0.2mg/L	PNEC = 1.34mg/kg sediment dw			

8.2. Exposure controls

Glycolic acid, 70%,in water Revision Date 15-Jul-2024

Engineering Measures

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Natural rubber	See manufacturers	-	EN 374	(minimum requirement)
Butyl rubber	recommendations			
Nitrile rubber				
Neoprene				
PVC				

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing.

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: Particulates filter conforming to EN 143 Acid gases filter Type

E Yellow conforming to EN14387

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

141; Particle filtering: EN149:2001

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid

Appearance Yellow Odor sweet

Odor ThresholdNo data availableMelting Point/Range10 °C / 50 °FSoftening PointNo data availableBoiling Point/Range113 °C / 235.4 °FFlammability (liquid)No data available

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Liquid

Explosion Limits No data available

Glycolic acid, 70%,in water Revision Date 15-Jul-2024

Method - No information available

No information available

Autoignition Temperature
Decomposition Temperature
pH
Viscosity

No data available
No data available
No information available
11.28 mPa.s at 16 °C

Water Solubility Soluble

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Component log Pow Hydroxyacetic acid <0.3 Formic acid -0.54

Vapor Pressure No information available

Density / Specific Gravity 1.270

Bulk DensityNot applicableLiquidVapor DensityNo information available(Air = 1.0)

Particle characteristics Not applicable (liquid)

9.2. Other information

Flash Point

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible products.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong bases. Sulfides. Cyanides. Metals. Reducing Agent.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

Oral Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

DermalNo data availableInhalationCategory 4

Toxicology data for the components

Glycolic acid, 70%,in water

Revision Date 15-Jul-2024

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Hydroxyacetic acid	1950 mg/kg (Rat)	-	7.7 mg/L (Rat)4h
	2040 mg/kg (Rat)		3.6 mg/L (Rat) 4h
Water	-	-	-
Formic acid	730 mg/kg (Rat)	-	7.85 mg/l (Rat) 4h OECD 403

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; B Category 1

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

No data available Respiratory Skin No data available

No data available (e) germ cell mutagenicity;

No data available (f) carcinogenicity;

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

No data available (g) reproductive toxicity;

No data available (h) STOT-single exposure;

No data available (i) STOT-repeated exposure;

No information available. **Target Organs**

(j) aspiration hazard; No data available

Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

delayed

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated. Ingestion causes

severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine Disrupting Properties Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any

known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity **Ecotoxicity effects**

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
Hydroxyacetic acid	LC50: > 5000 mg/L, 96h static (Brachydanio rerio)		
Formic acid	Leuciscus idus: LC50 = 46-100 mg/L/96h	EC50 = 34 mg/L/48h	EC50 = 25 mg/L/96h

Glycolic acid, 70%,in water

Revision Date 15-Jul-2024

1	Component	Microtox	M-Factor
	Formic acid	EC50 = 46.7 mg/L/17h	; 4333

12.2. Persistence and degradability Readily biodegradable

Persistence Soluble in water, Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Hydroxyacetic acid	<0.3	No data available
Formic acid	-0.54	0.22 dimensionless

12.4. Mobility in soil The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems . Will likely be mobile in the

environment due to its water solubility. Highly mobile in soils

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

No data available for assessment.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting

properties

Endocrine Disruptor Information This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

Component	EU - Endocrine Disrupters Candidate List	EU - Endocrine Disruptors - Evaluated
		Substances
Formic acid	Applicable	

12.7. Other adverse effects
Persistent Organic Pollutant

Ozone Depletion Potential

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused

Products

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point.

European Waste Catalogue (EWC) According to the Europe

According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but

application specific.

Other Information Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product

was used. Do not empty into drains. Do not flush to sewer. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms. Solutions with low pH-value must be neutralized before

discharge.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

14.1. UN number UN3265

Glycolic acid, 70%,in water Revision Date 15-Jul-2024

14.2. UN proper shipping name Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n.o.s.

Technical Shipping Name Glycolic acid

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 8
14.4. Packing group II

<u>ADR</u>

14.1. UN number UN3265

14.2. UN proper shipping name Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n.o.s.

Technical Shipping Name Glycolic acid

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 8
14.4. Packing group

IATA

14.1. UN number UN3265

14.2. UN proper shipping name Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n.o.s.

Technical Shipping Name Glycolic acid

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 8 14.4. Packing group 8

14.5. Environmental hazards No hazards identified

14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk

according to IMO instruments

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Not applicable, packaged goods

International Inventories

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
Hydroxyacetic acid	79-14-1	201-180-5	-	-	X	X	KE-20315	X	Х
Water	7732-18-5	231-791-2	-	-	X	X	KE-35400	Х	-
Formic acid	64-18-6	200-579-1	-	-	X	X	Х	X	X
Acetic acid, methoxy-	625-45-6	210-894-6	-	-	X	X	KE-23198	X	Х

Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
Hydroxyacetic acid	79-14-1	X	ACTIVE	X	-	Х	Х	Х
Water	7732-18-5	X	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	Х	Х
Formic acid	64-18-6	X	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	Х	Х
Acetic acid, methoxy-	625-45-6	X	ACTIVE	-	X	X	Х	Х

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed **KECL** - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) -	REACH (1907/2006) -	REACH Regulation (EC
-		Annex XIV - Substances	Annex XVII - Restrictions	1907/2006) article 59 -
		Subject to Authorization	on Certain Dangerous	Candidate List of
			Substances	Substances of Very High

Glycolic acid, 70%,in water

Revision Date 15-Jul-2024

				Concern (SVHC)
Hydroxyacetic acid	79-14-1	-	-	-
Water	7732-18-5	-	-	-
Formic acid	64-18-6	-	Use restricted. See entry	-
			75.	
			(see link for restriction	
			details)	
Acetic acid, methoxy-	625-45-6	-	Use restricted. See entry	SVHC Candidate list -
			30.	Toxic for reproduction
			(see link for restriction	(Article 57 c)
			details)	
			Use restricted. See entry	
			75.	
			(see link for restriction	
			details)	

After the sunset date the use of this substance requires either an authorization or can only be used for exempted uses, e.g. use in scientific research and development which includes routine analytics or use as intermediate.

REACH links

https://echa.europa.eu/authorisation-list https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach https://echa.europa.eu/candidate-list-table

Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) -	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) -
		Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident	Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report
		Notification	Requirements
Hydroxyacetic acid	79-14-1	Not applicable	Not applicable
Water	7732-18-5	Not applicable	Not applicable
Formic acid	64-18-6	Not applicable	Not applicable
Acetic acid, methoxy-	625-45-6	Not applicable	Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)? Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

Take note of Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

Take note of Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work

Take note of Dir 92/85/EC on the protection of pregnant and breastfeeding women at work

National Regulations

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

WGK Classification Water endangering class = 1 (self classification)

Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Hydroxyacetic acid	WGK1	
Formic acid	WGK 1	Class I: 20 mg/m3 (Massenkonzentration)
Acetic acid, methoxy-	WGK2	

Revision Date 15-Jul-2024

Component	Switzerland - Ordinance on the Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR 814.81)	Switzerland - Ordinance on Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC)	Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure
Hydroxyacetic acid 79-14-1 (70-72)	•		
Formic acid 64-18-6 (<1)	Prohibited and Restricted Substances		

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment/Reports (CSA/CSR) are not required for mixtures

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H332 - Harmful if inhaled

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H360FD - May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H331 - Toxic if inhaled

EUH071 - Corrosive to the respiratory tract

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b)

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

Inventory

Substances List **ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%

POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime

Dangerous Goods Code

ALFAAC41103

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air **Transport Association**

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

Ships

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Physical hazards On basis of test data **Health Hazards** Calculation method **Environmental hazards** Calculation method

Glycolic acid, 70%,in water Revision Date 15-Jul-2024

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Prepared By Health, Safety and Environmental Department

Creation Date 21-May-2012
Revision Date 15-Jul-2024
Revision Summary Initial Release.

This safety data sheet complies with Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended.

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet