# Thermo Fisher

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Page 1/9 Creation Date 10-Nov-2010 Revision Date 04-Apr-2024 Version 3

FSUB5260

## n-Butylamine

#### SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

产品说明: 正丁胺

**Product Description:** n-Butylamine

Cat No.: B/5260/PB07 **Synonyms** 1-Aminobutane CAS No 109-73-9 C4 H11 N Molecular Formula

**Supplier UK entity/business name** 

Fisher Scientific UK

Bishop Meadow Road, Loughborough, Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom

EU entity/business name Thermo Fisher Scientific Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a

2440 Geel, Belgium

**Emergency Telephone Number** Tel: 01509 231166

> Chemtrec US: (800) 424-9300 Chemtrec EU: 001-703-527-3887

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

**Recommended Use** Laboratory chemicals. Uses advised against No Information available

## **SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION**

**Physical State Appearance** Odor Liquid Colorless Ammonia-like

## **Emergency Overview**

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause respiratory irritation. Harmful if

swallowed. Toxic in contact with skin. Toxic if inhaled.

## Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable liquids.	Category 2
Acute Oral Toxicity	Category 4
Acute Dermal Toxicity	Category 3
Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors	Category 3
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 1 A
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)	Category 3

## **Label Elements**

### n-Butylamine



#### Signal Word

#### Danger

#### **Hazard Statements**

- H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor
- H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation
- H302 Harmful if swallowed
- H311 + H331 Toxic in contact with skin or if inhaled

#### **Precautionary Statements**

#### Prevention

- P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking
- P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment
- P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting equipment
- P242 Use non-sparking tools
- P243 Take action to prevent static discharges
- P264 Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling
- P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
- P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
- P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

#### Response

- P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower
- P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing
- P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
- P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor
- P330 Rinse mouth
- P331 Do NOT induce vomiting
- P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish
- P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse

#### Storage

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

P405 - Store locked up

#### Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

#### **Physical and Chemical Hazards**

Vapors may cause flash fire or explosion. Highly flammable.

### **Health Hazards**

Corrosive. Causes skin and eye burns. Causes serious eye damage. May cause respiratory irritation. Harmful if swallowed. Toxic in contact with skin. Toxic if inhaled.

#### **Environmental hazards**

Contains no substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility. The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces.

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

## SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component	CAS No	Weight %
Butylamine (n-)	109-73-9	>95

Page 3/9 Revision Date 04-Apr-2024

n-Butylamine

-----

## **SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### **General Advice**

Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

#### **Eye Contact**

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.

#### **Skin Contact**

Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. Immediate medical attention is required.

#### Inhalation

Remove to fresh air. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Immediate medical attention is required. If not breathing, give artificial respiration.

#### Ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

### Most important symptoms and effects

Difficulty in breathing. Causes burns by all exposure routes. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation

#### Self-Protection of the First Aider

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

## **Notes to Physician**

Treat symptomatically.

#### **SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

#### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

#### Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

#### **Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical**

Flammable. Corrosive material. Risk of ignition. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Containers may explode when heated. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

#### **Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters**

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

## **SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### **Personal Precautions**

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Remove all sources of ignition. Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

## **Environmental Precautions**

Page 4/9 Revision Date 04-Apr-2024

#### n-Butylamine

Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

#### Methods for Containment and Clean Up

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit. Remove all sources of ignition. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

#### **SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### Handling

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded.

#### Storage

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Flammables area. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Corrosives area.

## Specific Use(s)

Use in laboratories

#### SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### **Control Parameters**

Component	China	Taiwan	Thailand	Hong Kong
Butylamine (n-)	Skin	-	Ceiling: 5 ppm	-
	Ceilina: 15 ma/m <sup>3</sup>			

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH	The United Kingdom	European Union
Butylamine (n-)	Ceiling: 5 ppm Skin	Ceiling: 5 ppm Ceiling: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Skin	IDLH: 300 ppm Ceiling: 5 ppm Ceiling: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	-	
		(Vacated) Ceiling: 5 ppm (Vacated) Ceiling: 15 mg/m³	Ociling. 10 mg/m		

#### Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

NIOSH: NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

## **Monitoring methods**

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents. MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

#### **Exposure Controls**

### **Engineering Measures**

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Wherever

Page 5/9 Revision Date 04-Apr-2024

#### n-Butylamine

possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source.

#### Personal protective equipment

**Eye Protection** Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Natural rubber	See manufacturers	-	EN 374	(minimum requirement)
Nitrile rubber	recommendations			
Neoprene				
PVC				

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing

**Respiratory Protection** When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: Particulates filter conforming to EN 143 Ammonia and organic

ammonia derivatives filter Type K Green conforming to EN14387

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

100g/l aq.sol

141

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

**Hygiene Measures**Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

**Environmental exposure controls** Prevent product from entering drains.

## **SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Appearance Colorless Physical State Liquid

Odor Ammonia-like
Odor Threshold No data available

pH 12.6

Melting Point/Range-49 °C / -56.2 °FSoftening PointNo data availableBoiling Point/Range78 °C / 172.4 °F

Flash Point -7 °C / 19.4 °F Method - No information available

Evaporation Rate No data available

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Liquid

Explosion Limits Lower 1.7 Upper 10

Page 6/9 Revision Date 04-Apr-2024

#### n-Butylamine

Vapor Pressure 93 hPa @ 20 °C

**Vapor Density** 2.5 (Air = 1.0) (Air = 1.0)

Specific Gravity / Density 0.740

Bulk Density Not applicable Liquid

Water Solubility Miscible
Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Component log Pow

Butylamine (n-) 0

Autoignition Temperature

290 - °C / 554 - °F

Decomposition Temperature

Viscosity

290 - °C / 554 - °F

No data available

0.5 mPa.s at 20 °C

Explosive Properties Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air

Oxidizing Properties No information available

Molecular FormulaC4 H11 NMolecular Weight73.13

## **SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

**Stability** Stable under normal conditions.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to Avoid Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and

sources of ignition.

Materials to avoid Acids. Metals. copper.

Hazardous Decomposition Products Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).

## **SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### **Product Information**

(a) acute toxicity:

(a) acute toxicity,			
Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Butylamine (n-)	LD50 = 366 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 > 1110 mg/kg (Rabbit)	LC50 = 3.7 mg/L (Rat) 4 h LC50 = 4.7 mg/L (Rat) 4 h

**(b) skin corrosion/irritation**; Category 1 A

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

**Respiratory**Skin
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Not mutagenic in AMES Test

(f) carcinogenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

#### SAFETY DATA SHEET Revision Date 04-Apr-2024

Page 7/9

## n-Butylamine

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met (g) reproductive toxicity;

Category 3 (h) STOT-single exposure;

Results / Target organs Respiratory system

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met (i) STOT-repeated exposure;

None known. **Target Organs** 

(j) aspiration hazard; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness,

delayed

tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation

#### **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Ecotoxicity effects** This product contains the following substance(s) which are hazardous for the environment.

Contains a substance which is:. Harmful to aquatic organisms. The product contains

following substances which are hazardous for the environment.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae	Microtox
Butylamine (n-)	LC50: = 26.8 mg/L, 96h			EC50 = 24.8 mg/L 30
	flow-through			min
	(Pimephales promelas)			EC50 = 28.5 mg/L 15
	LC50: = 32 mg/L, 96h			min
	semi-static (Lepomis			EC50 = 41.1 mg/L 5 min
	macrochirus)			
	LC50: = 32 mg/L, 96h			
	static (Lepomis			
	macrochirus)			
	LC50: = 268 mg/L, 96h			
	flow-through			
	(Pimephales promelas)			

Persistence and Degradability

**Persistence** 

Degradation in sewage treatment plant

Expected to be biodegradable

Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste

water treatment plants.

**Bioaccumulative Potential** Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Butylamine (n-)	0	No data available

Mobility in soil The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all

surfaces Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility Disperses rapidly in air

**Endocrine Disruptor Information Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential** 

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

Page 8/9 Revision Date 04-Apr-2024

n-Butylamine

\_\_\_\_\_

## **SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Waste from Residues/Unused

**Products** 

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

**Contaminated Packaging** 

Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

Other Information

Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms. Solutions with high pH-value must be neutralized before discharge.

#### **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### **Road and Rail Transport**

UN-No UN1125

Proper Shipping Name n-BUTYLAMINE

Hazard Class 3 Subsidiary Hazard Class 8 Packing Group ||

### IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN1125
Proper Shipping Name BUTYLAMINE

Hazard Class 3 Subsidiary Hazard Class 8 Packing Group II

IATA

UN-No UN1125

Proper Shipping Name n-BUTYLAMINE

Hazard Class 3 Subsidiary Hazard Class 8 Packing Group II

Special Precautions for User No special precautions required

#### **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### International Inventories

X = listed, China (IECSC), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), U.S.A. (TSCA), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ISHL), Australia (AICS), Korea (KECL).

Component	The Inventory of Hazardous Chemicals (2015 Edition)		TCSI	IECSC	EINECS	TSCA	DSL	PICCS	ENCS	ISHL	AICS	KECL
Butylamine (n-)	Х	Х	Χ	Х	203-699-2	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	KE-03750

Page 9/9 Revision Date 04-Apr-2024

n-Butylamine

**National Regulations** 

#### **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

**Creation Date** 10-Nov-2010 **Revision Date** 04-Apr-2024 Not applicable. **Revision Summary** 

#### **Training Advice**

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

#### Legend

**CAS** - Chemical Abstracts Service

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

**KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

**ACGIH** - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

**DNEL** - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air **Transport Association** 

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

**OECD** - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

**BCF** - Bioconcentration factor

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b)

Substances List

**ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

#### Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

#### Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

# **End of Safety Data Sheet**