

Australian statement of hazardous nature : Classified as hazardous according to criteria of Safe Work Australia

## Section 1 - Identification

**Product Name** Zinc PVA Fixative

<b>Product Code</b>	<b>R21278, R21279, R21765, R21927</b>
<b>Address</b>	ThermoFisher Scientific Australia Pty Ltd 5 Caribbean Drive, Scoresby VICTORIA 3179, Australia
<b>Emergency Tel.</b>	<b>CHEMTREC®</b> <b>03 9757 4559 or +613 9757 4559</b>
<b>Telephone / Fax Numbers</b>	Tel: 1300 735 292 Fax: 1800 067 639
<b>E-mail address</b>	ANZinfo@thermofisher.com

**Recommended Use** Laboratory chemicals.

**Uses advised against** This product contains one or more substance(s) on the Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents list. Verify requirements related to using, handling and storing these substances. This product does not contain any substance(s) subject to Prohibition, Authorization or Restriction. This product does not contain any substance(s) listed on the voluntary National Code of Practice for Chemicals of Security Concern.

## Section 2 - Hazard(s) Identification

### Classification under Safe Work Australia

Classified as hazardous according to criteria of Safe Work Australia

#### Physical hazards

Flammable liquids

Category 3

#### Health hazards

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Category 2

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Category 1

Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)

Category 1

#### Environmental hazards

Chronic aquatic toxicity

Category 2

### Label Elements



Flame



Health Hazard



Corrosion



Environment

**Signal Word****Danger****Hazard Statements**

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor  
 H315 - Causes skin irritation  
 H318 - Causes serious eye damage  
 H370 - Causes damage to organs  
 H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

**Precautionary Statements**

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use  
 P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood  
 P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking  
 P240 - Ground and bond container and receiving equipment  
 P242 - Use non-sparking tools  
 P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges  
 P264 - Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling  
 P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product  
 P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area  
 P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection  
 P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower  
 P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing  
 P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing  
 P308 + P311 - IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor  
 P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor  
 P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse  
 P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish  
 P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed  
 P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

**Other information**

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

## Section 3 - Composition and Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS No	Weight %
Glycerin	56-81-5	1.5
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	28 - 29
Methyl alcohol	67-56-1	1.5
Acetic acid	64-19-7	4.5
Zinc sulfate heptahydrate	7446-20-0	2.5
Vinyl acetate-Vinyl alcohol polymer	25213-24-5	5.0

## Section 4 - First Aid Measures

<b>Inhalation</b>	Remove to fresh air.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Rinse mouth. Get medical attention.
<b>Skin Contact</b>	SPEEDY ACTION IS CRITICAL, GET MEDICAL AID IMMEDIATELY.
<b>Eye Contact</b>	Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids. Consult a physician.
<b>General Advice</b>	Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
<b>Self-Protection of the First Aider</b>	Remove all sources of ignition.
<b>First Aid Facilities</b>	Eyewash, safety shower and washroom.
<b>Most important symptoms and effects</b>	Difficulty in breathing. Causes eye burns. . Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting
<b>Notes to Physician</b>	Treat symptomatically.

## Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

### Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

### Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

### Special protective equipment and precautions for fire fighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

## Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

### Emergency procedures

Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

### Environmental Precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information. Avoid release to the environment. Collect spillage. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

### Methods for Containment and Clean Up

#### Clean-up methods - small spillage

Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Ground and bond containers when transferring material. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

#### Clean-up methods - large spillage

Typically only supplied in small quantities as packaged goods.

If extremely toxic or used in larger quantities ensure a spillage action plan is in place. Evacuate area. Control the source and/or contain the spill if safe and able to do so. Use temporary diking, sand bags, dry sand, earth or proprietary booms/absorbent pads if available. Obtain advice on containment, neutralisation and clean-up from local emergency responders.

**Reference to Other Sections**

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

## Section 7 - Handling and Storage

**Precautions for Safe Handling**

Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Keep container tightly closed. Ensure adequate ventilation. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools.

**Conditions for Safe Storage, Including any Incompatibilities**

Keep tightly closed in a dry and cool place. Keep in properly labeled containers. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

AS/NZS 2243.10:2004, Safety in laboratories - Storage of chemicals

AS 1940-2004 - The storage and handling of flammable and combustible liquids

## Section 8 - Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

**Exposure limits**

**AUS** - Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment - Guidance Note on the Interpretation of Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment [NOHSC:3008(1995)]

Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment [NOHSC:1003(1995)] updated in August, 2005. Safe Work Australia

**ACGIH** - Threshold Limit Values - Ceiling (TLV-C) guidelines by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) for controlling worker exposure to airborne chemical concentrations in the workplace.

**UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Fourth edition. Published 2020.

**DE** - MAK and BAT values of Hazardous Chemical Compounds in the Work Area. Published by German Research Foundation on July 1, 2011

**NZ** - Workplace Exposure Standards and Biological Exposure Indices (6th edition). New Zealand Department of Labor

Component	Australia	New Zealand WEL	ACGIH TLV	The United Kingdom	Germany
Glycerin	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr (mist only)	TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8 Stunden). AGW - exposure factor 2 TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8 Stunden). MAK Höhepunkt: 400 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Ethyl alcohol	TWA: 1000 ppm TWA: 1880 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 1000 ppm TWA: 1880 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL: 1000 ppm	TWA: 1000 ppm TWA: 1920 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA WEL - STEL: 3000 ppm STEL: 5760 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL	200 ppm TWA MAK; 380 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA MAK
Methyl alcohol	STEL: 250 ppm STEL: 328 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA: 200 ppm TWA: 262 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 200 ppm TWA: 262 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 250 ppm STEL: 328 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Skin	TWA: 200 ppm STEL: 250 ppm Skin	WEL - TWA: 200 ppm TWA: 266 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA WEL - STEL: 250 ppm STEL: 333 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL	100 ppm TWA MAK; 130 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA MAKSkin absorber
Acetic acid	STEL: 15 ppm STEL: 37 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA: 10 ppm TWA: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 10 ppm TWA: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 15 ppm STEL: 37 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 10 ppm STEL: 15 ppm	STEL: 37 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 15 ppm TWA: 10 ppm TWA: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 10 ppm (8 Stunden). AGW - exposure factor 2 TWA: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8 Stunden). AGW - exposure factor 2 TWA: 10 ppm (8 Stunden). MAK TWA: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8 Stunden). MAK Höhepunkt: 20 ppm Höhepunkt: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Zinc sulfate heptahydrate					TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8 Stunden). MAK TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8

					Stunden). MAK Höhepunkt: 0.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Höhepunkt: 4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
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**Biological limit values**

**NZ** - Substances assigned Biological Exposure Indices in the New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards and Biological Exposure Indices (6th edition). New Zealand Department of Labor

Component	Australia	New Zealand	European Union	United Kingdom	Germany
Methyl alcohol		15 mg/L (urine) end of shift (Methyl alcohol)			Methanol: 15 mg/L urine (end of shift ) Methanol: 15 mg/L urine (for long-term exposures: at the end of the shift after several shifts )

**Exposure Controls****Engineering Measures**

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

**Personal protective equipment****Eye Protection**

Goggles (Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337 - Eye protectors for Industrial applications)

**Hand Protection**

Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	AUS/NZ Standard	Glove comments
Disposable gloves	See manufacturers recommendations	-	AS/NZS 2161	(minimum requirement)

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatibility, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

**Skin and body protection**

Antistatic boots Wear fire/flammable resistant/retardant clothing Impervious gloves

**Respiratory Protection**

Use an AS/NZS 1716 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained in line with AS/NZS 1715 on the use and maintenance of respiratory protective devices (or AUS/NZ equivalent)  
When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

**Hygiene Measures**

When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Provide regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing.

**Environmental exposure controls**

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains.

## Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

**Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

Appearance  
Physical State

Clear  
Liquid

<b>Odor</b>	No information available	
<b>Odor Threshold</b>	No data available	
<b>pH</b>	No information available	
<b>Melting Point/Range</b>	No data available	
<b>Softening Point</b>	No data available	
<b>Boiling Point/Range</b>	No information available	
<b>Flash Point</b>	29.4 °C / 84.9 °F	<b>Method -</b> No information available
<b>Evaporation Rate</b>	No data available	
<b>Flammability (solid,gas)</b>	Not applicable	Liquid
<b>Explosion Limits</b>	No data available	
<b>Vapor Pressure</b>	No data available	
<b>Vapor Density</b>	No data available	(Air = 1.0)
<b>Specific Gravity / Density</b>	No data available	
<b>Bulk Density</b>	Not applicable	Liquid
<b>Water Solubility</b>	No information available	
<b>Solubility in other solvents</b>	No information available	
<b>Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)</b>		
<b>Component</b>	<b>log Pow</b>	
Glycerin	-1.75	
Ethyl alcohol	-0.32	
Methyl alcohol	-0.74	
Acetic acid	-0.2	
<b>Autoignition Temperature</b>	No data available	
<b>Decomposition Temperature</b>	No data available	
<b>Viscosity</b>	No data available	
<b>Explosive Properties</b>		explosive air/vapour mixtures possible
<b>Oxidizing Properties</b>	No information available	
<b>Other information</b>		
<b>VOC Content(%)</b>	36.5	

## Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

<b>Reactivity</b>	None known, based on information available
<b>Stability</b>	Stable under normal conditions.
<b>Conditions to Avoid</b>	Heating in air, Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.
<b>Incompatible Materials</b>	None known.
<b>Hazardous Decomposition Products</b>	None under normal use conditions.
<b>Hazardous Polymerization</b>	No information available.

## Section 11 - Toxicological Information

### Information on Toxicological Effects

#### Product Information

<b>(a) acute toxicity;</b>	
<b>Oral</b>	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
<b>Dermal</b>	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
<b>Inhalation</b>	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

**Toxicology data for the components**

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Glycerin	12600 mg/kg ( Rat )	> 10 g/kg ( Rabbit )	> 2.75 mg/L/4h ( Rat )(mist)
Ethyl alcohol	LD50 = 7060 mg/kg ( Rat )		20000 ppm/10H ( Rat )
Methyl alcohol	LD50 = 1187 – 2769 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 = 17100 mg/kg ( Rabbit )	LC50 = 128.2 mg/L ( Rat ) 4 h
Acetic acid	3310 mg/kg ( Rat )	-	> 40 mg/L ( Rat ) 4 h
Zinc sulfate heptahydrate	1260 mg/kg ( Rat )		

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 2

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory

No data available

Skin

No data available

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Methyl alcohol 67-56-1 ( 1.5 )	OECD Test Guideline 406 Guinea Pig Maximisation Test (GPMT)	guinea pig	non-sensitising

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; No data available

(f) carcinogenicity; No data available

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen. This product contains one or more substances which are classified by IARC as carcinogenic to humans (Group I), probably carcinogenic to humans (Group 2A) or possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B). Ethanol has been shown to be carcinogenic in long-term studies only when consumed and abused as an alcoholic beverage.

(g) reproductive toxicity; No data available

Component	Test method	Test species / Duration	Study result
Methyl alcohol 67-56-1 ( 1.5 )	OECD Test Guideline 416	Rat / Inhalation 2 Generation	NOAEC = 1.3 mg/l (air)

(h) STOT-single exposure; Category 2

Results / Target organs

Optic nerve  
Central nervous system (CNS)

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; No data available

Target Organs

No information available.

(j) aspiration hazard; No data available

**Symptoms / effects, both acute and delayed** Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

**Section 12 - Ecological Information****Ecotoxicity effects**

Contains a substance which is: Toxic to aquatic organisms. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae	Microtox
Glycerin	LC50: 51 - 57 mL/L, 96h static (Oncorhynchus mykiss)			

Ethyl alcohol	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) LC50 = 14200 mg/l/96h	EC50 = 9268 mg/L/48h EC50 = 10800 mg/L/24h	EC50 (72h) = 275 mg/l (Chlorella vulgaris)	Photobacterium phosphoreum: EC50 = 34634 mg/L/30 min Photobacterium phosphoreum: EC50 = 35470 mg/L/5 min
Methyl alcohol	Pimephales promelas: LC50 > 10000 mg/L 96h	EC50 > 10000 mg/L 24h		EC50 = 39000 mg/L 25 min EC50 = 40000 mg/L 15 min EC50 = 43000 mg/L 5 min
Acetic acid	Pimephales promelas: LC50 = 88 mg/L/96h Lepomis macrochirus: LC50 = 75 mg/L/96h	EC50 = 95 mg/L/24h	-	Photobacterium phosphoreum: EC50 = 8.8 mg/L/15 min Photobacterium phosphoreum: EC50 = 8.8 mg/L/25 min Photobacterium phosphoreum: EC50 = 8.8 mg/L/5 min
Zinc sulfate heptahydrate	1.9 mg/L LC50 96 h			
Vinyl acetate-Vinyl alcohol polymer	Bluegill Sunfish: LC50 = 10 mg/L 96h	EC50 = 8.3 mg/L 48h		EC50 = 50 mg/L 17h

**Persistence and Degradability** No information available

Component	Degradability
Methyl alcohol 67-56-1 ( 1.5 )	DT50 ~ 17.2d >94% after 20d

**Degradation in sewage treatment plant** Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants.

**Bioaccumulative Potential** No information available

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Glycerin	-1.75	No data available
Ethyl alcohol	-0.32	No data available
Methyl alcohol	-0.74	<10 dimensionless
Acetic acid	-0.2	No data available

**Mobility** No information available.

**Endocrine Disruptor Information** This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

**Persistent Organic Pollutant** This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

**Ozone Depletion Potential** This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

## Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

### Waste from Residues/Unused Products

Do not allow into drains or watercourses or dispose of where ground or surface waters may be affected. Wastes, including emptied containers, are controlled wastes and should be disposed of in accordance with all federal, E.P.A., state and local regulations. Assure conformity with all applicable regulations.

### Contaminated Packaging

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

### Other Information

Chemical wastes should be disposed through a licensed commercial waste collection service. According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not flush to sewer.

## Section 14 - Transport Information

### IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN1170  
Proper Shipping Name Ethanol solution



Hazard Class 3  
Packing Group III

**ADG**

UN-No UN1170  
Proper Shipping Name Ethanol solution  
Hazard Class 3  
Packing Group III

Component	Hazchem Code
Ethyl alcohol 64-17-5 ( 28 - 29 )	2YE 2Y
Methyl alcohol 67-56-1 ( 1.5 )	2WE
Acetic acid 64-19-7 ( 4.5 )	2P 2R

**IATA**

UN-No UN1170  
Proper Shipping Name Ethanol solution  
Hazard Class 3  
Packing Group III

Environmental hazards No hazards identified  
Special Precautions No special precautions required  
Additional information None known

## Section 15 - Regulatory Information

### Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### National Regulations Australia

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters.

#### **Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons**

Classified as a scheduled poison according to the Standard for Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.

Component	Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons
Methyl alcohol - 67-56-1	Schedule 5 listed - except its derivatives; in preparations except a) when included in Schedule 10, or b) in preparations containing <=2% of Methanol, or c) when Methanol is present only as a denaturant of Ethanol Schedule 6 listed - except its derivatives; except a) when included in Schedule 5, or b) when included in Schedule 10, or c) in preparations containing <=2% of Methanol Schedule 10 listed
Acetic acid - 64-19-7	Schedule 2 listed Schedule 5 listed - except its salts and derivatives; in preparations except when included in Schedule 2 or 6, or for therapeutic use Schedule 6 listed - except its salts and derivatives; except when included in Schedule 2
Zinc sulfate heptahydrate - 7446-20-0	Schedule 4 listed - for human internal use except in preparations with a recommended daily dose of <=25 mg of Zinc, or in preparations with a recommended daily dose of between 25-50 mg of Zinc when compliant with the requirements of the Required Advisory Statements for Medicine Labels

#### **Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)**

Component	Australian Industrial	Additional information
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	Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)	
Glycerin - 56-81-5	Present	-
Ethyl alcohol - 64-17-5	Present	-
Methyl alcohol - 67-56-1	Present	-
Acetic acid - 64-19-7	Present	-
Zinc sulfate heptahydrate - 7446-20-0	Present	-
Vinyl acetate-Vinyl alcohol polymer - 25213-24-5	Present	-

**Australian - Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents Substance List**

This product contains one or more substance(s) on the Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents list. Verify requirements related to using, handling and storing these substances.

**Chemicals of Security Concern**

This product does not contain any substance(s) listed on the voluntary National Code of Practice for Chemicals of Security Concern

Component	Australian - Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents Substance List	Chemicals of Security Concern
Acetic acid - 64-19-7	Category 3	

**Legend**

Category 3 - Chemicals and apparatus that may be used in the illicit production of drugs. Purchases from this list should alert companies or organizations to seek further indicators of any suspicious orders or enquiries. No official reporting is required for items on this list unless considered warranted

**National pollutant inventory**

Subject to reporting requirements

Component	National pollutant inventory
Ethyl alcohol - 64-17-5	10 tonne/yr. Threshold category 1
Methyl alcohol - 67-56-1	10 tonne/yr. Threshold category 1
Acetic acid - 64-19-7	10 tonne/yr. Threshold category 1

**Prohibition or notification/licensing requirements**

Shown below are details of specific prohibition/notifications or licensing requirements when they apply.

This product does not contain any substance(s) subject to Prohibition, Authorization or Restriction.

**International Inventories**

Component	AICS	NZIoC	EINECS	ELINCS	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	PICCS	ENCS	ISHL	IECSC	KECL
Glycerin	X	X	200-289-5	-	X	X	-	X	X	X	X	KE-29297
Ethyl alcohol	X	X	200-578-6	-	X	X	-	X	X	X	X	KE-13217
Methyl alcohol	X	X	200-659-6	-	X	X	-	X	X	X	X	KE-23193
Acetic acid	X	X	200-580-7	-	X	X	-	X	X	X	X	X
Zinc sulfate heptahydrate	X	X	-	-	-	X	-	X	X		X	-
Vinyl acetate-Vinyl alcohol polymer	X	X	-	-	X	X	-	X	X	X	X	KE-00041

**Legend:** X - Listed. '-' - Not Listed. XU - Indicates a substance exempt from reporting under the Inventory Update Rule, i.e. Partial Updating of the TSCA Inventory Data Base Production and Site Reports (40 CFR 710(B)). **KECL** - NIER number or KE number (<http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do>)

**International Regulations****Ozone Depletion Potential**

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

**Persistent Organic Pollutant**

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

**Rotterdam Convention (PIC)** Not applicable

#### Basel convention on the control of transboundary movements of hazardous wastes and their disposal

Take note that wastes may be subject to export, import, or transit controls pursuant to the Basel convention and/or local regulations implementing the Basel convention.

Component	Basel Convention (Hazardous Waste)	Australian Hazardous Waste Act - Categories of Wastes to Be Controlled
Ethyl alcohol - 64-17-5	Annex I - Y42	Y42 except Halogenated solvents
Acetic acid - 64-19-7	Annex I - Y34	Y34 solid or solution
Zinc sulfate heptahydrate - 7446-20-0	Annex I - Y23	Y23

Component	CAS No	OECD HPV	Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS)	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements
Glycerin	56-81-5	Listed	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	Listed	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Methyl alcohol	67-56-1	Listed	Not applicable	500 tonne	5000 tonne
Acetic acid	64-19-7	Listed	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Zinc sulfate heptahydrate	7446-20-0	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Vinyl acetate-Vinyl alcohol polymer	25213-24-5	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable

#### Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Methyl alcohol	-	Use restricted. See item 69. (see link for restriction details) Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	-
Acetic acid	-	Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	-
Zinc sulfate heptahydrate	-	Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	-

<https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach>

## Section 16 - Other Information

### Legend

**AICS** - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances  
**TSCA** - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory  
**DSL/NDL** - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List  
**IECSC** - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances  
**PICCS** - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances  
**TWA** - Time Weighted Average  
**IARC** - International Agency for Research on Cancer  
**ICAO/IATA** - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association  
**MARPOL** - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships  
**NZS 5433:2020** - Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land

**NZIoC** - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals  
**EINECS/ELINCS** - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances  
**ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances  
**KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances  
**CAS** - Chemical Abstracts Service  
**ACGIH** - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists  
**PNEC** - Predicted No Effect Concentration  
**IMO/IMDG** - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code  
**ADG** - Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail  
**OECD** - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

**LD50** - Lethal Dose 50%  
**EC50** - Effective Concentration 50%  
**WEL** - Workplace Exposure Limit  
**DNEL** - Derived No Effect Level  
**POW** - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water  
**vPvB** - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative  
**VOC** - (Volatile Organic Compound)

**LC50** - Lethal Concentration 50%  
**ATE** - Acute Toxicity Estimate  
**RPE** - Respiratory Protective Equipment  
**NOEC** - No Observed Effect Concentration  
**BCF** - Bioconcentration factor  
**PBT** - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

**Key literature references and sources for data**

<https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals>  
Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

**Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:**

<b>Physical hazards</b>	On basis of test data
<b>Health Hazards</b>	Calculation method
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	Calculation method

**Training Advice**

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

<b>Revision Date</b>	05-Jul-2023
<b>Revision Summary</b>	Not applicable.

**This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is prepared in accordance to and complies with the requirements of Safe Work Australia - Work Health and Safety Regulations (WHS Regulations).**

**Disclaimer**

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

## End of Safety Data Sheet