

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Creation Date 09-May-2012 Revision Date 22-Nov-2022 **Revision Number** 7

1. Identification

Product Name Methylmagnesium bromide, 3.2M solution in 2-methyltetrahydrofuran

AC391120000; AC391121000; AC391128000 Cat No.:

Synonyms No information available

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Uses advised against Food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Acros Organics Fisher Scientific Company One Reagent Lane One Reagent Lane Fair Lawn, NJ 07410 Fair Lawn, NJ 07410

Tel: (201) 796-7100

Emergency Telephone Number

For information **US** call: 001-800-ACROS-01 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number US:001-201-796-7100 / Europe: +32 14 57 52 99 CHEMTREC Tel. No.US:001-800-424-9300 / Europe:001-703-527-3887

Hazard(s) identification

Classification

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Flammable liquids Category 2 Substances/mixtures which, in contact with water, emit

flammable gases

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Category 1

Acute oral toxicity

Category 4 Category 1 B Category 1

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Target Organs - Respiratory system.

Category 3

Label Elements

Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

Highly flammable liquid and vapor

Methylmagnesium bromide, 3.2M solution in 2-methyltetrahydrofuran

In contact with water releases flammable gases which may ignite spontaneously Harmful if swallowed Causes severe skin burns and eye damage May cause respiratory irritation



Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking

Keep container tightly closed

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment

Use only non-sparking tools

Take precautionary measures against static discharge

Keep away from any possible contact with water, because of violent reaction and possible flash fire

Handle under inert gas. Protect from moisture

Keep cool

Response

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

Inhalation

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

Skin

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

Brush off loose particles from skin. Immerse in cool water/wrap with wet bandages

Eyes

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing **Ingestion**

Rinse mouth

Do NOT induce vomiting

Fire

In case of fire: Use limestone powder, sodium chloride or dry sand to extinguish

Storage

Store locked up

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Store in a dry place. Store in a closed container

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Reacts violently with water

May form explosive peroxides

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS No	Weight %
Methyltetrahydrofuran	96-47-9	63-67
Methyl magnesium bromide	75-16-1	33-37

4. First-aid measures

General Advice Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is

required.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

Immediate medical attention is required.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove and wash

contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Call a physician

immediately.

Inhalation If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Remove from exposure, lie down. Do not use

mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory

medical device. Call a physician immediately.

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Clean mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an

unconscious person. Call a physician immediately.

Most important symptoms and

effects

Causes burns by all exposure routes. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation: Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms

like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media Dry sodium chloride. Limestone powder. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media Water, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Foam

Flash Point -11 °C / 12.2 °F

Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature

Explosion Limits

No information available

Upper No data available
Lower No data available
Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available
Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Reacts violently with water. Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). Hydrogen halides. Methane.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full

protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

NFPA

Health **Flammability** Instability Physical hazards 3 2

Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Should not be released into the environment.

Environmental Precautions

Up

Methods for Containment and Clean Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Soak up with inert absorbent material, Do not expose spill to water. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Do not allow contact with water. If peroxide formation is suspected, do not open or move container. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Storage.

Keep under nitrogen. Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Protect from moisture. Keep from any possible contact with water. Containers should be dated when opened and tested periodically for the presence of peroxides. Should crystals form in a peroxidizable liquid, peroxidation may have occurred and the product should be considered extremely dangerous. In this instance, the container should only be opened remotely by professionals. Incompatible Materials. Acids. Water. Alcohols.

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines

This product does not contain any hazardous materials with occupational exposure limitsestablished by the region specific regulatory bodies.

Engineering Measures

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/face Protection

Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard EN166.

Skin and body protection

Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Respiratory Protection

Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid Appearance Dark brown

No information available Odor **Odor Threshold** No information available pН No information available Melting Point/Range No data available **Boiling Point/Range** No information available Flash Point -11 °C / 12.2 °F

Evaporation Rate No information available Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable

Flammability or explosive limits

Upper No data available Lower No data available **Vapor Pressure** No information available **Vapor Density** No information available 1.1

Specific Gravity

Solubility Reacts violently with water Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water No data available **Autoignition Temperature** No information available

Decomposition Temperature No information available **Viscosity** No information available

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard Yes

May form explosive peroxides. Moisture sensitive. Air sensitive. Stability

Conditions to Avoid Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Incompatible products.

Exposure to moist air or water. Exposure to air. Exposure to moisture.

Acids, Water, Alcohols **Incompatible Materials**

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO₂), Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Hydrogen halides, Methane

Hazardous Polymerization No information available.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing. Reacts violently with water.

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Product Information

Category 4. ATE = 300 - 2000 mg/kg. Oral LD50

Based on ATE data, the classification criteria are not met. ATE > 2000 mg/kg. **Dermal LD50** Vapor LC50 Based on ATE data, the classification criteria are not met. ATE > 20 mg/l.

Component Information

Component LD50 Oral		LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation	
Methyltetrahydrofuran	300-2000 mg/kg (Rat)	4500 mg/kg (Rabbit)	6000 ppm (Rat) 4 h	

Toxicologically Synergistic No information available

Products

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Irritation No information available Sensitization No information available

Methylmagnesium bromide, 3.2M solution in 2-methyltetrahydrofuran

Carcinogenicity

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Component	CAS No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
Methyltetrahydrofuran	96-47-9	Not listed				
Methyl magnesium bromide	75-16-1	Not listed				

Mutagenic Effects No information available

Reproductive Effects No information available.

Developmental Effects No information available.

Teratogenicity No information available.

STOT - single exposure Respiratory system STOT - repeated exposure None known

Aspiration hazard No information available

delayed

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation: Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

Endocrine Disruptor Information

Other Adverse Effects

The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Do not empty into drains. .

Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
Methyltetrahydrofuran	NOEC >= 104 mg/l (72h)	LC50 (96h) > 100 mg/l	Not listed	Chronic NOEC >=120 mg/l
	EC50 > 104 mg/l (72h)	Onchorhynchus mykiss		(21 days, Daphnia magna)
		(Rainbow trout)		

Persistence and Degradability No information available

Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation No information available.

No information available. **Mobility**

13. Disposal considerations

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a **Waste Disposal Methods**

> hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN-No UN3399

Proper Shipping Name ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, WATER-REACTIVE, FLAMMABLE

Technical Name (METHYLMAGNESIUM BROMIDE, 3.2M **SOLUTION IN**

2-METHYLTETRAHYDROFURAN)

Hazard Class 4.3 **Subsidiary Hazard Class** 3 **Packing Group**

Methylmagnesium bromide, 3.2M solution in 2-methyltetrahydrofuran

TDG

UN-No UN3399

Proper Shipping Name ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, WATER-REACTIVE, FLAMMABLE

Hazard Class 4.3 Subsidiary Hazard Class 3 Packing Group 1

<u>IATA</u>

UN-No UN3399

Proper Shipping Name ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, WATER-REACTIVE, FLAMMABLE*

Hazard Class 4.
Subsidiary Hazard Class 3
Packing Group 1

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN3399

Proper Shipping Name ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, WATER-REACTIVE, FLAMMABLE

Hazard Class 4.3 Subsidiary Hazard Class 3 Packing Group

15. Regulatory information

United States of America Inventory

Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	TSCA - EPA Regulatory Flags
Methyltetrahydrofuran	96-47-9	X	ACTIVE	-
Methyl magnesium bromide	75-16-1	X	ACTIVE	-

Legend:

TSCA US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

X - Listed

TSCA - Per 40 CFR 751, Regulation of Certain Chemical Substances & Mixtures, Under TSCA Section 6(h) (PBT)

Not applicable

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Not applicable

International Inventories

TSCA 12(b) - Notices of Export

Canada (DSL/NDSL), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Australia (AICS), China (IECSC), Korea (KECL).

Component	CAS No	DSL	NDSL	EINECS	PICCS	ENCS	ISHL	AICS	IECSC	KECL
Methyltetrahydrofuran	96-47-9	Х	-	202-507-4	Х	-	Χ	Х	Χ	KE-33479
Methyl magnesium bromide	75-16-1	-	Х	200-844-1	Х	Х	X	-	-	-

KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

U.S. Federal Regulations

SARA 313 Not applicable

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories See section 2 for more information

CWA (Clean Water Act) Not applicable

Clean Air Act Not applicable

OSHA - Occupational Safety and

Health Administration

Not applicable

^{&#}x27;-' - Not Listed

CERCLA Not applicable

California Proposition 65 This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals.

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Component	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island
Methyltetrahydrofuran	X	X	X	-	-

U.S. Department of Transportation

Reportable Quantity (RQ): N
DOT Marine Pollutant N
DOT Severe Marine Pollutant N

U.S. Department of Homeland

Security

This product does not contain any DHS chemicals.

Other International Regulations

Mexico - Grade No information available

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Not applicable

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization		REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Methyltetrahydrofuran	96-47-9	-	-	-
Methyl magnesium bromide	75-16-1	-	-	-

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Component	CAS No	OECD HPV	Persistent Organic Pollutant	Ozone Depletion Potential	Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS)
Methyltetrahydrofuran	96-47-9	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Methyl magnesium bromide	75-16-1	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable

Component	CAS No	(2012/18/EC) -	Qualifying Quantities Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident for Safety Report Notification Requirements		Basel Convention (Hazardous Waste)
Methyltetrahydrofuran	96-47-9	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Methyl magnesium bromide	75-16-1	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable

16. Other information

Prepared By Regulatory Affairs

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Revision Summary

This document has been updated to comply with the US OSHA HazCom 2012 Standard replacing the current legislation under 29 CFR 1910.1200 to align with the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS).

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of SDS