

Page 1 / 10 Creation Date 16-Jun-2009 Revision Date 31-Mar-2025

Version 2

Occupational Safety and Health (Classification, Labelling and Safety Data Sheet of Hazardous Chemicals) Regulations 2013

# SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THECOMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Product Identifier

Perihalan Produk:
Product Description:
Cat No.:

Acetonitrile
Acetonitrile
C44839

**Synonyms** AN; Methyl cyanide; Ethanenitrile

CAS No 75-05-8 Molecular Formula C2 H3 N

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against No Information available

Company Thermo Fisher Scientific Fisher Scientific (M) Sdn Bhd

Hap Seng Business Park, Lot 01-03, 01-04 Aras 1 Unity Square, No 12, Persiaran Perusahaan, Seksyen 23, 40300 Shah Alam,

Selangor Darul Ehsan, Malaysia. Main line: +60 3-5525 7888

**Supplier** 

E-mail address Enquiry.my@thermofisher.com

Emergency Telephone Number Tel: +03-5525 7888

CHEMTREC Malaysia 1-800-815-308 (Malay)

CHEMTREC Malaysia (Kuala Lumpur) +(60)-327884561 (Malay)

## **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### Classification of the substance or mixture

| Flammable liquids                  | Category 2 (H225) |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Acute oral toxicity                | Category 4 (H302) |
| Acute dermal toxicity              | Category 4 (H312) |
| Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors | Category 4 (H332) |
| Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation  | Category 2 (H319) |

#### Label Elements



Acetonitrile Revision Date 31-Mar-2025

Signal Word Danger

## **Hazard Statements**

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H302 + H312 + H332 - Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

#### **Precautionary Statements**

#### Prevention

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P233 - Keep container tightly closed

P240 - Ground and bond container and receiving equipment

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting equipment

P242 - Use non-sparking tools

P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges

P264 - Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

#### Response

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell

P330 - Rinse mouth

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

#### **Storage**

P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

## Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

#### Other Hazards

Toxicity to Soil Dwelling Organisms

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

## **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

| Component    | CAS No  | Weight % |  |
|--------------|---------|----------|--|
| Acetonitrile | 75-05-8 | <=100    |  |

## **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

Description of first aid measures

General Advice Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in

attendance.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

Immediate medical attention is required.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical

attention is required.

Acetonitrile Revision Date 31-Mar-2025

**Ingestion** Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

**Inhalation** Remove to fresh air. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. Do

not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper

respiratory medical device. Immediate medical attention is required.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Remove all sources of ignition. Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure that

medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect

themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

#### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Difficulty in breathing. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Metabolism may release cyanide, which may result in headache, dizziness, weakness, collapse, unconsciousness, and possible death. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Notes to Physician** 

Treat symptomatically. The effects may be delayed therefore medical observation is essential. Effects may be delayed 7 to 10 hours. May be metabolized to cyanide which in turn acts by inhibiting cytochrome oxidase impairing cellular respiration.

## **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

#### Extinguishing media

#### **Suitable Extinguishing Media**

Water spray. CO<sub>2</sub>, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

#### Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

#### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

#### **Hazardous Combustion Products**

Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid), Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2).

## Advice for fire-fighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

# **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

Acetonitrile Revision Date 31-Mar-2025

#### Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Provide adequate ventilation. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Prevent product from entering drains.

#### Reference to Other Sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

## **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### **Precautions for Safe Handling**

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded.

#### Conditions for Safe Storage, Including any Incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Flammables area.

#### Specific End Uses

Use in laboratories.

## **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

## **Control Parameters**

| Component    | Malaysia | ACGIH TLV   | OSHA PEL                              |
|--------------|----------|-------------|---------------------------------------|
| Acetonitrile |          | TWA: 20 ppm | (Vacated) TWA: 40 ppm                 |
|              |          | Skin        | (Vacated) TWA: 70 mg/m <sup>3</sup>   |
|              |          |             | (Vacated) TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>    |
|              |          |             | (Vacated) STEL: 60 ppm                |
|              |          |             | (Vacated) STEL: 105 mg/m <sup>3</sup> |
|              |          |             | TWA: 40 ppm                           |
|              |          |             | TWA: 70 mg/m <sup>3</sup>             |

| Component    | European Union                  | The United Kingdom                 | Germany                                      |
|--------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Acetonitrile | TWA: 40 ppm (8hr)               | STEL: 60 ppm 15 min                | TWA: 10 ppm (8 Stunden). AGW -               |
|              | TWA: 70 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8hr) | STEL: 102 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min | exposure factor 2                            |
|              | Skin                            | TWA: 40 ppm 8 hr                   | TWA: 17 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8 Stunden). AGW - |
|              |                                 | TWA: 68 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr     | exposure factor 2                            |
|              |                                 |                                    | TWA: 10 ppm (8 Stunden). MAK                 |
|              |                                 |                                    | TWA: 17 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8 Stunden). MAK   |
|              |                                 |                                    | TWA: 2 mg/m³ (8 Stunden). MAK                |
|              |                                 |                                    | Höhepunkt: 20 ppm                            |
|              |                                 |                                    | Höhepunkt: 34 mg/m³ Höhepunkt: 2             |
|              |                                 |                                    | mg/m³  |
|              |                                 |                                    | Haut   |

## **Exposure Controls**

#### **Engineering Measures**

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Acetonitrile Revision Date 31-Mar-2025

Personal protective equipment

**Eye Protection** Goggles Hand Protection Protective gloves

Skin and body protection Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

**Respiratory Protection** When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators

Recommended Filter type: Iow boiling organic solvent Type AX Brown conforming to EN371

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

**Hygiene Measures** When using do not eat, drink or smoke Provide regular cleaning of equipment, work area

and clothing

**Environmental exposure controls** No information available

# **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Colorless
Physical State Liquid
Odor aromatic
Odor Threshold 170 ppm
pH Not applicable

Melting Point/Range -46 °C / -50.8 °F Softening Point No data available

Boiling Point/Range 81 - 82 °C / 177.8 - 179.6 °F @ 760 mmHg

Flash Point 12.8 °C / 55 °F Method - No information available

Evaporation Rate 5.79 (Butyl Acetate = 1.0)

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Liquid

Explosion Limits Lower 3 vol %

Upper 16 vol %

Vapor Pressure 97 mbar @ 20 °C

Vapor Density 1.42 (Air = 1.0)

Specific Gravity / Density 0.781

Bulk Density Not applicable Liquid

Water Solubility Miscible

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Component log Pow

Acetonitrile Revision Date 31-Mar-2025

Acetonitrile -0.34

**Autoignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature** 

Viscosity

**Explosive Properties Oxidizing Properties** 

525 °C / 977 °F No data available 0.36 cP at 20 °C

Not explosive Not oxidising

Molecular Formula C2 H3 N **Molecular Weight** 41.05

# **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity

None known, based on information available.

**Chemical Stability** 

Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

**Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous Reactions** 

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

No information available.

**Conditions to Avoid** 

Incompatible products. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air

Exposure to moisture.

Incompatible Materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Reducing Agent. Bases.

**Hazardous Decomposition Products** 

Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid). Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Carbon monoxide (CO).

Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>).

## **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## Information on Toxicological Effects

#### **Product Information**

(a) acute toxicity;

Oral Category 4 **Dermal** Category 4 Inhalation Category 4

| Component | I D50 Oral | I DE0 Dormal | LC50 Inhalation |
|-----------|------------|--------------|-----------------|
| Component | LD30 Orai  | LD50 Dermai  | LC50 innalation |

Acetonitrile Revision Date 31-Mar-2025

| Acetonitrile | 450-787 mg/kg (Rat)<br>2460 mg/kg(Rat) | > 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit) | LC50 = 3587 ppm (6.022 mg/l)<br>(Mouse) 4h<br>LC50 = 16,000 ppm (26.8 mg/l)<br>(Rat) 4h |
|--------------|--|-----------------------|---|
|--------------|--|-----------------------|---|

| Component    | ECHA (RAC) ATE (Oral) | ECHA (RAC) ATE (Dermal) | ECHA (RAC) ATE (Inhalation) |
|--------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Acetonitrile | ATE = 617 mg/kg       | =                       | -                           |

ECHA (RAC) - Committee for Risk Assessment - European CHemicals Agency ATE - Acute Toxiciy Estimate; mg/kg bw - milligrams per kilogram of body weight

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met (b) skin corrosion/irritation;

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 2

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Skin

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(f) carcinogenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met (g) reproductive toxicity;

(h) STOT-single exposure; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

**Target Organs** None known.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met (j) aspiration hazard;

delayed

Symptoms / effects, both acute and Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Metabolism may release cyanide, which may result in headache, dizziness, weakness, collapse, unconsciousness, and possible death. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any **Endocrine Disrupting Properties** 

known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

## **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Ecotoxicity effects** 

| Component    | Freshwater Fish         | Water Flea | Freshwater Algae | Microtox              |
|--------------|-------------------------|------------|------------------|-----------------------|
| Acetonitrile | LC50: = 1850 mg/L, 96h  |            |                  | EC50 = 28000 mg/L 48  |
|              | static (Lepomis         |            |                  | h                     |
|              | macrochirus)            |            |                  | EC50 = 73 mg/L 24 h   |
|              | LC50: = 1000  mg/L, 96h |            |                  | EC50 = 7500 mg/L 15 h |
|              | static (Pimephales      |            |                  |                       |
|              | promelas)               |            |                  |                       |
|              | LC50: 1600 - 1690       |            |                  |                       |
|              | mg/L, 96h flow-through  |            |                  |                       |

Acetonitrile Revision Date 31-Mar-2025

| LC50: = 1650 mg/L, 96h<br>static (Poecilia<br>reticulata) |
|---|
|---|

Persistence and degradability

Persistence Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely

| Ī | Component    | log Pow | Bioconcentration factor (BCF) |
|---|--------------|---------|-------------------------------|
|   | Acetonitrile | -0.34   | No data available             |

<u>Mobility in soil</u> The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all

surfaces. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility. Disperses rapidly in

air.

**Endocrine Disruptor Information** This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

Other adverse effects No information available

## **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused

**Products** 

Waste is classified as hazardous Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on

waste and hazardous waste Dispose of in accordance with local regulations

Contaminated Packaging Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers

retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous Keep product and

empty container away from heat and sources of ignition

Other Information Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product

was used Do not flush to sewer Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with

local regulations

# **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN1648 Hazard Class 3 Packing Group II

Proper Shipping Name ACETONITRILE

**Road and Rail Transport** 

UN-No UN1648
Hazard Class 3
Packing Group II

Proper Shipping Name ACETONITRILE

IATA

UN-No UN1648 Hazard Class 3

\_\_\_\_\_

Acetonitrile Revision Date 31-Mar-2025

**Packing Group** 

**Proper Shipping Name ACETONITRILE** 

**Special Precautions for User** No special precautions required

## **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

X = listedInternational Inventories

| Component    | EINECS    | TSCA | DSL | PICCS | ENCS | ISHL | IECSC | AICS | KECL     |
|--------------|-----------|------|-----|-------|------|------|-------|------|----------|
| Acetonitrile | 200-835-2 | Х    | Х   | X     | X    | X    | Х     | Х    | KE-00067 |

#### **National Regulations**

**Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential** 

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

## **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances **KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances Substances List

**ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

**ACGIH** - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

**BCF** - Bioconcentration factor

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air **Transport Association** 

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

#### Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

**Prepared By** Health, Safety and Environmental Department

31-Mar-2025 **Revision Date** Not applicable. **Revision Summary** 

Revision Date 31-Mar-2025

In accordance with local and national regulations: Occupational Safety and Health (Classification, Labelling and Safety Data Sheet of Hazardous Chemicals) Regulations 2013

#### **Disclaimer**

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

**End of Safety Data Sheet**