Thermo Fisher SCIENTIFIC

SAFETY DATA SHEET

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FSH95979

Chloroform, stabilized with ethanol

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

产品说明: 三氯甲烷

Product Description: Chloroform, stabilized with ethanol

Cat No.: C294-1; C294-4

Synonyms Trichloromethane, preserved with Ethanol (Molecular Biology/Technical/Certified

ACS/Spectranalyzed/HPLC)

CAS No 67-66-3 Molecular Formula C H Cl3

Supplier Fisher Scientific Company

One Reagent Lane Fair Lawn, NJ 07410 Tel: (201) 796-7100

Emergency Telephone Number CHEMTREC®, Inside the USA: 800-424-9300

CHEMTREC®, Outside the USA: 001-703-527-3887

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

Recommended Use Uses advised against

Laboratory chemicals.

SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Physical StateAppearanceOdorLiquidColorlessaromatic Slight sweet

Emergency Overview

Harmful if swallowed. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Toxic if inhaled. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Sensitivity to light.

Classification of the substance or mixture

Acute Oral Toxicity	Category 4
Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors	Category 3
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 2
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 2
Carcinogenicity	Category 2
Reproductive Toxicity	Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)	Category 3
Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure)	Category 1

Label Elements

Chloroform, stabilized with ethanol



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H331 - Toxic if inhaled

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

Precautionary Statements

Prevention

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

P264 - Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

P280 - Wear eye protection/ face protection

Response

P301 + P312 - IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

P330 - Rinse mouth

P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention

P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse

Storage

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

P405 - Store locked up

Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

Physical and Chemical Hazards

None identified.

Health Hazards

Harmful if swallowed. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Toxic if inhaled. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Environmental hazards

Contains no substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility. The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces.

Other Hazards

Cardiac and respiratory depression Overexposure may cause decreased heart rate, decreased blood pressure, heart block, and cardiac failure

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

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Component	CAS No	Weight %
Chloroform	67-66-3	>99
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	<0.8

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General Advice

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is required.

Eye Contact

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. In the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

Skin Contact

Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.

Inhalation

Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Immediate medical attention is required.

Ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Most important symptoms and effects

. Symptoms of overexposure are dizziness, headache, tiredness, nausea, unconsciousness, cessation of breathing: May cause decreases in blood pressure and other cardiac effects: Symptoms may be delayed

Self-Protection of the First Aider

Use personal protective equipment as required.

Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically. Signs of overdose include stupor and respiratory depression. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Substance is nonflammable; use agent most appropriate to extinguish surrounding fire.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Non-combustible, substance itself does not burn but may decompose upon heating to produce corrosive and/or toxic fumes.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

Environmental Precautions

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Should not be released into the environment.

Methods for Containment and Clean Up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance.

Storage

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Protect from direct sunlight. Store under an inert atmosphere. Protect from moisture.

Specific Use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

Component	China	Taiwan	Thailand	Hong Kong
Chloroform	TWA: 20 mg/m ³	-	Ceiling: 50 ppm	TWA: 10 ppm
	STEL: 40 mg/m ³			TWA: 49 mg/m ³
Ethyl alcohol	-	TWA: 1000 ppm	TWA: 1000 ppm	TWA: 1000 ppm
		TWA: 1880 mg/m ³		TWA: 1880 mg/m ³

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH	The United Kingdom	European Union
Chloroform	TWA: 10 ppm	(Vacated) TWA: 2 ppm	IDLH: 500 ppm	TWA: 2 ppm	TWA: 2 ppm 8 hr
		(Vacated) TWA: 9.78	STEL: 2 ppm	TWA: 9.9 mg/m ³	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hr
			STEL: 9.78 mg/m ³	STEL: 6 ppm	Possibility of
				STEL: 29.7 mg/m ³	significant uptake
		Ceiling: 240 mg/m ³			through the skin
Ethyl alcohol	STEL: 1000 ppm	(Vacated) TWA: 1000	IDLH: 3300 ppm	TWA: 1000 ppm TWA;	
		ppm	TWA: 1000 ppm	1920 mg/m³ TWA	
		(Vacated) TWA: 1900	TWA: 1900 mg/m ³	WEL - STEL: 3000	
		mg/m³		ppm STEL; 5760	
		TWA: 1000 ppm		mg/m³ STEL	
		TWA: 1900 mg/m ³			

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

NIOSH: NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents. MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

Exposure Controls

Engineering Measures

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations

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and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source.

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Viton (R)	> 480 minutes	0.30 mm	Level 6	As tested under EN374-3 Determination of
			EN 374	Resistance to Permeation by Chemicals
Neoprene	< 25 minutes	0.45 mm		·
Butyl rubber	< 15 minutes	0.35 mm		

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing

Respiratory Protection When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: low boiling organic solvent Type AX Brown conforming to

EN371

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

Method - No information available

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When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Hygiene MeasuresHandle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Environmental exposure controls Prevent product from entering drains.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance Colorless Physical State Liquid

Odor
Odor Threshold
PH
No data available
No information available
No information available
No information available
No data available
No data available
No data available
No data available

Boiling Point/Range 61 °C / 141.8 142.7 °F Flash Point No information available Evaporation Rate 11.6 (Butyl Acetate = 1.0)

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Liquid

Explosion Limits No data available

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Vapor Pressure 213 mbar @ 20 °C

Vapor Density 4.12 (Air = 1.0)(Air = 1.0)

Specific Gravity / Density 1.480 **Bulk Density** Not applicable

Liquid Water Solubility 8 g/L (20°C)

Solubility in other solvents Miscible; organic solvents

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

log Pow Component Chloroform 2 Ethyl alcohol -0.32

No data available **Autoignition Temperature** No data available **Decomposition Temperature** 0.56 mPa.s @ 20 °C **Viscosity Explosive Properties** No information available **Oxidizing Properties** No information available

Molecular Formula C H CI3 119.38 **Molecular Weight**

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stable under normal conditions. UNSTABLE (REACTIVE) UPON DEPLETION OF Stability

INHIBITOR. Light sensitive.

None under normal processing. **Hazardous Reactions**

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to Avoid Incompatible products. Heat, flames and sparks. Excess heat. Exposure to light. Protect

from moisture.

Strong oxidizing agents. Alkali metals. Aluminium. Acetone. Materials to avoid

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Phosgene. Hydrogen chloride gas.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

Component	LD50 Oral LD50 Dermal		LC50 Inhalation
Chloroform	LD50 = 908 mg/kg (rat) LD50 = 695 mg/kg (Rat) LD50 = 450 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 > 20 g/kg(Rabbit)	LC50 = 10.5 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
Ethyl alcohol	Ethyl alcohol LD50 = 10470 mg/kg OECD 401 (Rat) 3450 mg/kg (Mouse)		LC50 = 117-125 mg/l (4h) OECD 403 (rat) 20000 ppm/10H (rat)

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 2

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 2

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

No data available Respiratory No data available Skin

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Ethyl alcohol	Mouse Ear Swelling Test (MEST)	mouse	non-sensitising

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64-17-5 (<0.8)			
		mouse	non-sensitising
	OECD Test Guideline 429		_
	Local Lymph Node Assay		

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; No data available

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Ethyl alcohol	AMES test	in vitro	negative
64-17-5 (<0.8)	OECD Test Guideline 471	Bacteria	_
	Gene cell mutation		
	OECD Test Guideline 476	in vitro	negative
		Mammalian	_

Category 2 (f) carcinogenicity;

> The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect Ethanol has been shown to be carcinogenic in long-term studies only when consumed and abused as an alcoholic beverage.

Component	EU	UK	Germany	IARC
Chloroform				Group 2B

Category 2 (q) reproductive toxicity;

(5)					
Component	Component Test method		Study result		
Ethyl alcohol 64-17-5 (<0.8)	OECD Test Guideline 416	Oral / mouse 2 Generation	NOAEL = 13.8 g/kg/day		
04-17-3 (<0.8)	OECD Test Guideline 414	Inhalation / Rat	NOAEC = 16000 ppm		

SUSPECT REPRODUCTIVE HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH MAY INJURE **Reproductive Effects**

UNBORN CHILD (CAUSE BIRTH DEFECTS) (BASED ON ANIMAL DATA).

(h) STOT-single exposure; Category 3

Central nervous system (CNS) Results / Target organs

Category 1 (i) STOT-repeated exposure;

LOAEL = 15 mg/kg bw/day Study result

 $NOAEC = 25 \text{ mg/m}^3$

Kidney, Liver, Nasal Cavities. **Target Organs**

(j) aspiration hazard; No data available

Other Adverse Effects Tumorigenic effects have been reported in experimental animals. See actual entry in

RTECS for complete information

delayed

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Symptoms of overexposure are dizziness, headache, tiredness, nausea, unconsciousness, cessation of breathing: May cause decreases in blood pressure and other cardiac effects:

Symptoms may be delayed

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Do not empty into drains. Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse **Ecotoxicity effects**

effects in the aquatic environment. The product contains following substances which are

hazardous for the environment.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae	Microtox
Chloroform	LC50: = 300 mg/L, 96h	EC50 = 28.9 mg/L/48h	EC50 = 560 mg/L/48h	Photobacterium
	static (Poecilia			phosphoreum: EC50 =

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	reticulata) LC50: = 18 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: = 18 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: = 71 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Pimephales promelas)			520 mg/L/5 min Photobacterium phosphoreum: EC50 = 670 mg/L/15 min Photobacterium phosphoreum: EC50 = 670 mg/L/30min
Ethyl alcohol	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) LC50 = 14200 mg/l/96h	EC50 = 9268 mg/L/48h EC50 = 10800 mg/L/24h	EC50 (72h) = 275 mg/l (Chlorella vulgaris)	Photobacterium phosphoreum:EC50 = 34634 mg/L/30 min Photobacterium phosphoreum:EC50 = 35470 mg/L/5 min

Persistence and Degradability

Persistence Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

Component		Degradability			
	Ethyl alcohol	OECD 301E = 94%			
	64-17-5 (<0.8)				

Degradation in sewage treatment plant

Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste

water treatment plants.

Bioaccumulative Potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)				
Chloroform	2	1.4 - 13 dimensionless				
Ethyl alcohol	-0.32	No data available				

The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all Mobility in soil surfaces Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility Disperses rapidly in air

Endocrine Disruptor Information Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste from Residues/Unused **Products**

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

Contaminated Packaging

Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point.

Other Information

Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not empty into drains.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Road and Rail Transport

UN1888

CHLOROFORM Proper Shipping Name

Hazard Class 6.1 **Packing Group** Ш

IMDG/IMO

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CHLOROFORM Proper Shipping Name

Hazard Class 6.1 **Packing Group** Ш

IATA

UN1888 **UN-No**

CHLOROFORM Proper Shipping Name

Hazard Class 6.1 **Packing Group** Ш

Special Precautions for User No special precautions required

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

X = listed, China (IECSC), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), U.S.A. (TSCA), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Australia (AICS), Korea (KECL).

Component	The Inventory of Hazardous Chemicals (2015 Edition)	goods GB	TCSI	IECSC	EINECS	TSCA	DSL	PICCS	ENCS	ISHL	AICS	KECL
Chloroform	X	X	X	Χ	200-663-8	Χ	Χ	Χ	X	Χ	Х	X
Ethyl alcohol	X	Х	X	Х	200-578-6	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Χ	KE-13217

National Regulations

Component	Toxic Chemical Substances Control Act				
Chloroform	Class I (50 wt%)				
67-66-3 (>99)	TRQ = 50 kg				

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Creation Date 20-Jan-2010 **Revision Date** 14-May-2024 **Revision Summary** Not applicable.

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Chemical incident response training.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts.

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b)

Inventory

Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

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PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration

POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

Dangerous Goods Code

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

Ships

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

TWA - Time Weighted Average

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%

VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet