

## Section 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

### 1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: **3,4-Difluorophenylzinc bromide, 0.5M in THF**  
Cat No. : **H58478**  
Molecular Formula **C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>BrF<sub>2</sub>Zn**

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.  
Uses advised against No Information available

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

#### Company

Thermo Fisher (Kandel) GmbH  
Erlenbachweg 2, 76870 Kandel, Germany  
Tel: +49 (0) 721 84007 280  
Fax: +49 (0) 721 84007 300

**Swiss distributor** - Fisher Scientific AG  
Neuhofstrasse 11, CH 4153 Reinach  
Tel: +41 (0) 56 618 41 11  
<https://www.fishersci.ch/ch/en/customer-help-support/forms/email-us.html>

E-mail address [begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com](mailto:begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com)

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information **US** call: 001-800-227-6701 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11  
Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99  
**CHEMTREC** Tel. No.**US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

customers in Switzerland:  
Tox Info Suisse Emergency Number: **145 (24hr)**  
Tox Info Suisse: +41-44 251 51 51 (Emergency number from abroad)  
Chemtrec (24h) Toll-Free: 0800 564 402  
Chemtrec Local: +41-43 508 20 11 (Zurich)

## Section 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

**CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008**

**Physical hazards**

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Flammable liquids

Category 2 (H225)

## Health hazards

Acute oral toxicity  
Skin Corrosion/Irritation  
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation  
Carcinogenicity  
Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)

Category 4 (H302)  
Category 1 B (H314)  
Category 1 (H318)  
Category 2 (H351)  
Category 3 (H335) (H336)

## Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

## 2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Danger

## Hazard Statements

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor  
H302 - Harmful if swallowed  
H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage  
H335 - May cause respiratory irritation  
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness  
H351 - Suspected of causing cancer  
EUH014 - Reacts violently with water  
EUH019 - May form explosive peroxides

## Precautionary Statements

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection  
P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting  
P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing  
P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician  
P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower  
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

## 2.3. Other hazards

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates  
This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

## Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

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## 3.2. Mixtures

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	203-726-8	87.1	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225) Acute Tox. 4 (H302) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) STOT SE 3 (H335) STOT SE 3 (H336) Carc. 2 (H351) (EUH019)
3,4-Difluorophenylzinc bromide	737797-28-3		12.9	Skin Corr. 1B (H314) Eye Dam. 1 (H318) EUH014

Component	Specific concentration limits (SCL's)	M-Factor	Component notes
Tetrahydrofuran	Acute Tox. 4 :: C>82.5% Eye Irrit. 2 :: C>=25% STOT SE 3 :: C>=25%	-	-

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

## Section 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

<b>General Advice</b>	Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is required.
<b>Eye Contact</b>	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.
<b>Skin Contact</b>	Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Call a physician immediately.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Do NOT induce vomiting. Clean mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician immediately.
<b>Inhalation</b>	If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Remove from exposure, lie down. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Call a physician immediately.
<b>Self-Protection of the First Aider</b>	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Causes burns by all exposure routes. Difficulty in breathing. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

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## Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

## Section 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Dry sand. Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>). Powder. Do not use water or foam. CO<sub>2</sub>, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

#### Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

Water.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Reacts violently with water. Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

#### Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Hydrogen fluoride, Hydrogen bromide, Metal oxides.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

## Section 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Do not expose spill to water. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

## Section 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Do not allow contact with water. If peroxide formation is suspected, do not open or move container. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the

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equipment must be grounded. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

## Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep refrigerated. Corrosives area. Keep away from water or moist air. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Containers should be dated when opened and tested periodically for the presence of peroxides. Should crystals form in a peroxidizable liquid, peroxidation may have occurred and the product should be considered extremely dangerous. In this instance, the container should only be opened remotely by professionals. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

**Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510**  
**Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)**

Class 3

**Switzerland - Storage of hazardous substances**

Storage class - SC 3

<https://www.kvu.ch/de/themen/stoffe-und-produkte>

<https://www.kvu.ch/fr/themes/substances-et-produits>

<https://www.kvu.ch/it/temi/sostanze-e-prodotti>

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

## Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Exposure limits

List source(s): **EU** - Commission Directive (EU) 2019/1831 of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Forth edition. Published 2020. **IRE** - 2010 Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations 2001. Published by the Health and Safety Authority. **CH** - The Government of Switzerland has set a directive on limit values for working materials (Grenzwerte am Arbeitsplatz) which is based on the Swiss Federal Regulation "Verordnung über die Verhütung von Unfällen und Berufskrankheiten". This directive is administered, periodically revised and enforced by SUVA (Swiss National Accident Insurance Fund).

Component	European Union	The United Kingdom	France	Belgium	Spain
Tetrahydrofuran	TWA: 50 ppm (8h) TWA: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8h) STEL: 100 ppm (15min) STEL: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (15min) Skin	STEL: 100 ppm 15 min STEL: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min TWA: 50 ppm 8 hr TWA: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr Skin	TWA / VME: 50 ppm (8 heures). restrictive limit TWA / VME: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8 heures). restrictive limit STEL / VLCT: 100 ppm. restrictive limit STEL / VLCT: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . restrictive limit Peau	TWA: 50 ppm 8 uren TWA: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 uren STEL: 100 ppm 15 minuten STEL: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minuten Huid	STEL / VLA-EC: 100 ppm (15 minutos). STEL / VLA-EC: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (15 minutos). TWA / VLA-ED: 50 ppm (8 horas) TWA / VLA-ED: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8 horas) Piel

Component	Italy	Germany	Portugal	The Netherlands	Finland
Tetrahydrofuran	TWA: 50 ppm 8 ore. Time Weighted Average TWA: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 ore. Time Weighted Average STEL: 100 ppm 15 minuti. Short-term STEL: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minuti. Short-term Pelle	TWA: 50 ppm (8 Stunden). AGW - exposure factor 2 TWA: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8 Stunden). AGW - exposure factor 2 TWA: 20 ppm (8 Stunden). MAK TWA: 60 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8 Stunden). MAK Höhepunkt: 40 ppm	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutos STEL: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutos TWA: 50 ppm 8 horas TWA: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 horas Pele	huid STEL: 200 ppm 15 minuten STEL: 600 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minuten TWA: 100 ppm 8 uren TWA: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 uren	TWA: 50 ppm 8 tunteina TWA: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 tunteina STEL: 100 ppm 15 minuutteina STEL: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minuutteina Iho

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		Höhepunkt: 120 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Haut			
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Component	Austria	Denmark	Switzerland	Poland	Norway
Tetrahydrofuran	Haut MAK-KZGW: 100 ppm 15 Minuten MAK-KZGW: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 Minuten MAK-TMW: 50 ppm 8 Stunden MAK-TMW: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 Stunden	TWA: 50 ppm 8 timer TWA: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 timer STEL: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutter STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutter Hud	Haut/Peau STEL: 100 ppm 15 Minuten STEL: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 Minuten TWA: 50 ppm 8 Stunden TWA: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 Stunden	STEL: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutach TWA: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 godzinach	TWA: 50 ppm 8 timer TWA: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 timer STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutter. value calculated STEL: 187.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutter. value calculated Hud

Component	Bulgaria	Croatia	Ireland	Cyprus	Czech Republic
Tetrahydrofuran	TWA: 50.0 ppm TWA: 150.0 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL : 100 ppm STEL : 300.0 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Skin notation	kože TWA-GVI: 50 ppm 8 satima. TWA-GVI: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 satima. STEL-KGVI: 100 ppm 15 minutama. STEL-KGVI: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutama.	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hr. TWA: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr. STEL: 100 ppm 15 min STEL: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min Skin	Skin-potential for cutaneous absorption STEL: 100 ppm STEL: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hodinách. Potential for cutaneous absorption Ceiling: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

Component	Estonia	Gibraltar	Greece	Hungary	Iceland
Tetrahydrofuran	Nahk TWA: 50 ppm 8 tundides. TWA: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 tundides. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutites. STEL: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutites.	Skin notation TWA: 50 ppm 8 hr TWA: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr STEL: 100 ppm 15 min STEL: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min	STEL: 250 ppm STEL: 735 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA: 200 ppm TWA: 590 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 percekben. CK STEL: 100 ppm 15 percekben. CK TWA: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 óraban. AK TWA: 50 ppm 8 óraban. AK lehetséges borön keresztüli felszívódás	STEL: 100 ppm STEL: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA: 50 ppm 8 klukkustundum. TWA: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 klukkustundum. Skin notation

Component	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg	Malta	Romania
Tetrahydrofuran	skin - potential for cutaneous exposure STEL: 100 ppm STEL: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 50 ppm IPRD TWA: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> IPRD Oda STEL: 100 ppm STEL: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Possibility of significant uptake through the skin TWA: 50 ppm 8 Stunden TWA: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 Stunden STEL: 100 ppm 15 Minuten STEL: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 Minuten	possibility of significant uptake through the skin TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 100 ppm 15 minuti STEL: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minuti	Skin notation TWA: 50 ppm 8 ore TWA: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 ore STEL: 100 ppm 15 minute STEL: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minute

Component	Russia	Slovak Republic	Slovenia	Sweden	Turkey
Tetrahydrofuran	MAC: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Ceiling: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Potential for cutaneous absorption TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 50 ppm 8 urah TWA: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 urah Koža STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutah STEL: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutah	Binding STEL: 100 ppm 15 minuter Binding STEL: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minuter TLV: 50 ppm 8 timmar. NGV TLV: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 timmar. NGV	Deri TWA: 50 ppm 8 saat TWA: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 saat STEL: 100 ppm 15 dakika STEL: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 dakika

## Biological limit values

List source(s):

Component	European Union	United Kingdom	France	Spain	Germany
Tetrahydrofuran				Tetrahydrofuran: 2 mg/L urine end of shift	Tetrahydrofuran: 2 mg/L urine (end of shift )

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Component	Gibraltar	Latvia	Slovak Republic	Luxembourg	Turkey
Tetrahydrofuran			Tetrahydrofuran: 2 mg/L urine end of exposure or work shift		

## Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.

MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours

MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

MDHS 91 Metals and metalloids in workplace air by X-ray fluorescence spectrometry

MDHS 99 Metals in air by ICP-AES

## Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

Component	Acute effects local (Dermal)	Acute effects systemic (Dermal)	Chronic effects local (Dermal)	Chronic effects systemic (Dermal)
Tetrahydrofuran 109-99-9 ( 87.1 )				DNEL = 12.6mg/kg bw/day

Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)
Tetrahydrofuran 109-99-9 ( 87.1 )	DNEL = 300mg/m <sup>3</sup>	DNEL = 96mg/m <sup>3</sup>	DNEL = 150mg/m <sup>3</sup>	DNEL = 72.4mg/m <sup>3</sup>

## Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

See values below.

Component	Fresh water	Fresh water sediment	Water Intermittent	Microorganisms in sewage treatment	Soil (Agriculture)
Tetrahydrofuran 109-99-9 ( 87.1 )	PNEC = 4.32mg/L	PNEC = 23.3mg/kg sediment dw	PNEC = 21.6mg/L	PNEC = 4.6mg/L	PNEC = 2.13mg/kg soil dw

Component	Marine water	Marine water sediment	Marine water Intermittent	Food chain	Air
Tetrahydrofuran 109-99-9 ( 87.1 )	PNEC = 0.432mg/L	PNEC = 2.33mg/kg sediment dw		PNEC = 67mg/kg food	

## 8.2. Exposure controls

### Engineering Measures

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

### Personal protective equipment

#### Eye Protection

Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

#### Hand Protection

Protective gloves

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Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Nitrile rubber	See manufacturers	-	EN 374	(minimum requirement)
Viton (R)	recommendations			
Butyl rubber				
Neoprene gloves				

**Skin and body protection** Long sleeved clothing.

Inspect gloves before use. observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information) gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion. gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

**Respiratory Protection** When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.  
To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly

**Large scale/emergency use** Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced  
**Recommended Filter type:** low boiling organic solvent Type AX Brown conforming to EN371 or Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to EN14387

**Small scale/Laboratory use** Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.  
**Recommended half mask:-** Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN 141  
When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

**Environmental exposure controls** No information available.

## Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<b>Physical State</b>	Liquid	
<b>Appearance</b>	Yellow - Brown - Black	
<b>Odor</b>	No information available	
<b>Odor Threshold</b>	No data available	
<b>Melting Point/Range</b>	No data available	
<b>Softening Point</b>	No data available	
<b>Boiling Point/Range</b>	No information available	
<b>Flammability (liquid)</b>	Highly flammable	On basis of test data
<b>Flammability (solid,gas)</b>	Not applicable	Liquid
<b>Explosion Limits</b>	No data available	
<b>Flash Point</b>	-17 °C / 1.4 °F	<b>Method -</b> No information available
<b>Autoignition Temperature</b>	No data available	
<b>Decomposition Temperature</b>	No data available	
<b>pH</b>	No information available	
<b>Viscosity</b>	No data available	
<b>Water Solubility</b>	Immiscible	
<b>Solubility in other solvents</b>	No information available	
<b>Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)</b>		
<b>Component</b>	<b>log Pow</b>	
Tetrahydrofuran	0.45	
<b>Vapor Pressure</b>	No data available	
<b>Density / Specific Gravity</b>	No data available	
<b>Bulk Density</b>	Not applicable	Liquid
<b>Vapor Density</b>	No data available	(Air = 1.0)



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Particle characteristics Not applicable (liquid)

## 9.2. Other information

Molecular Formula C<sub>6</sub> H<sub>3</sub> BrF<sub>2</sub> Zn  
Molecular Weight 258.37  
Explosive Properties Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air

## Section 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity Yes

10.2. Chemical stability Air sensitive. May form precipitate.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Polymerization No information available.  
Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing. Reacts violently with water.

10.4. Conditions to avoid Exposure to moist air or water. Exposure to moisture. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials Strong bases.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>). Hydrogen fluoride. Hydrogen bromide. Metal oxides.

## Section 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;  
Oral Category 4  
Dermal Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met  
Inhalation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

#### Toxicology data for the components

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Tetrahydrofuran	1650 mg/kg ( Rat )	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	180 mg/L ( Rat ) 1 h 53.9 mg/L ( Rat ) 4 h

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 1 B

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

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**Respiratory** No data available  
**Skin** No data available

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Tetrahydrofuran 109-99-9 ( 87.1 )	Local Lymph Node Assay OECD Test Guideline 429	mouse	non-sensitising

**(e) germ cell mutagenicity;** No data available

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Tetrahydrofuran 109-99-9 ( 87.1 )	OECD Test Guideline 476 Gene cell mutation	in vivo Mammalian	negative
	OECD Test Guideline 473 Chromosomal aberration assay	in vitro Mammalian	negative

**(f) carcinogenicity;** Category 2

Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

Component	EU	UK	Germany	IARC
Tetrahydrofuran				Group 2B

**(g) reproductive toxicity;** No data available

Component	Test method	Test species / Duration	Study result
Tetrahydrofuran 109-99-9 ( 87.1 )	OECD Test Guideline 416	Rat 2 Generation	NOAEL = 3,000 ppm

**(h) STOT-single exposure;** Category 3

**Results / Target organs** Respiratory system, Central nervous system (CNS).

**(i) STOT-repeated exposure;** No data available

**Target Organs** No information available.

**(j) aspiration hazard;** No data available

**Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed** Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated. Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation.

## 11.2. Information on other hazards

**Endocrine Disrupting Properties** Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

## Section 12: Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

#### Ecotoxicity effects

May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.

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Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
Tetrahydrofuran	2160 mg/l LC50 = 96 h Pimephales promelas Leuciscus idus: LC50: 2820 mg/L/48h	EC50 48 h 3485 mg/l EC50: >10000 mg/L/24h	

**12.2. Persistence and degradability** Product contains heavy metals. Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Special pre-treatment is necessary  
**Persistence** May persist, based on information available.  
**Degradation in sewage treatment plant** Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants.

**12.3. Bioaccumulative potential** May have some potential to bioaccumulate

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Tetrahydrofuran	0.45	No data available

**12.4. Mobility in soil** Spillage unlikely to penetrate soil Is not likely mobile in the environment due its low water solubility.

**12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment** No data available for assessment.

## 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties Endocrine Disruptor Information

Component	EU - Endocrine Disruptors Candidate List	EU - Endocrine Disruptors - Evaluated Substances
Tetrahydrofuran	Group III Chemical	

**12.7. Other adverse effects**  
**Persistent Organic Pollutant** This product does not contain any known or suspected substance  
**Ozone Depletion Potential** This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

## Section 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

**Waste from Residues/Unused Products** Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

**Contaminated Packaging** Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

**European Waste Catalogue (EWC)** According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific.

**Other Information** Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not flush to sewer. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms.

**Switzerland - Waste Ordinance** Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Ordinance on the Avoidance and the Disposal of Waste (Waste Ordinance,

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ADWO) SR 814.600  
<https://www.fedlex.admin.ch/eli/cc/2015/891/en>

## Section 14: Transport information

### IMDG/IMO

**14.1. UN number** UN3399  
**14.2. UN proper shipping name** ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, WATER-REACTIVE, FLAMMABLE  
**Technical Shipping Name** (3,4-Difluorophenylzinc bromide, TETRAHYDROFURAN)  
**14.3. Transport hazard class(es)** 4.3  
**Subsidiary Hazard Class** 3  
**14.4. Packing group** II

### ADR

**14.1. UN number** UN3399  
**14.2. UN proper shipping name** ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, WATER-REACTIVE, FLAMMABLE  
**Technical Shipping Name** (3,4-Difluorophenylzinc bromide, TETRAHYDROFURAN)  
**14.3. Transport hazard class(es)** 4.3  
**Subsidiary Hazard Class** 3  
**14.4. Packing group** II

### IATA

**14.1. UN number** UN3399  
**14.2. UN proper shipping name** Organometallic substance, liquid, water-reactive, flammable  
**Technical Shipping Name** (3,4-Difluorophenylzinc bromide, TETRAHYDROFURAN)  
**14.3. Transport hazard class(es)** 4.3  
**Subsidiary Hazard Class** 3  
**14.4. Packing group** II

**14.5. Environmental hazards** No hazards identified  
**14.6. Special precautions for user** No special precautions required.  
**14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** Not applicable, packaged goods

## Section 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### International Inventories

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	203-726-8	-	-	X	X	KE-33454	X	X
3,4-Difluorophenylzinc bromide	737797-28-3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	X	ACTIVE	X	-	X	X	X
3,4-Difluorophenylzinc bromide	737797-28-3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

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Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed

KECL - NIER number or KE number (<http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do>)

## Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	-	Use restricted. See entry 75. (see link for restriction details)	-
3,4-Difluorophenylzinc bromide	737797-28-3	-	-	-

## REACH links

<https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach>

## Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	Not applicable	Not applicable
3,4-Difluorophenylzinc bromide	737797-28-3	Not applicable	Not applicable

## Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

## Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)?

Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

Take note of Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

## National Regulations

**UK** - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

## WGK Classification

Water endangering class = 1 (self classification)

Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Tetrahydrofuran	WGK1	

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)
Tetrahydrofuran	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84

## Swiss Regulations

Article 4 para. 4 of the Ordinance on the protection of young people in the workplace (SR 822.115) and Article 1 lit. f of the EAER regulation on hazardous work and young people (SR 822.115.2).

Take note on Article 13 Maternity Ordinance (SR 822.111.52) with regards expectant and nursing mothers.

Component	Switzerland - Ordinance on the Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous	Switzerland - Ordinance on Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC)	Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent

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	substances preparation (SR 814.81)		Procedure
Tetrahydrofuran 109-99-9 ( 87.1 )		Group I	

## 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment/Reports (CSA/CSR) are not required for mixtures

## Section 16: Other information

### Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H302 - Harmful if swallowed  
H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage  
H318 - Causes serious eye damage  
H335 - May cause respiratory irritation  
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness  
H351 - Suspected of causing cancer  
EUH014 - Reacts violently with water  
EUH019 - May form explosive peroxides  
H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor  
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

### Legend

**CAS** - Chemical Abstracts Service

**EINECS/ELINCS** - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

**PICCS** - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

**IECSC** - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

**KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

**TSCA** - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

**DSL/NDSL** - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

**ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

**AICS** - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

**NZIoC** - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

**WEL** - Workplace Exposure Limit

**ACGIH** - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

**DNEL** - Derived No Effect Level

**RPE** - Respiratory Protective Equipment

**LC50** - Lethal Concentration 50%

**NOEC** - No Observed Effect Concentration

**PBT** - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

**TWA** - Time Weighted Average

**IARC** - International Agency for Research on Cancer

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

**LD50** - Lethal Dose 50%

**EC50** - Effective Concentration 50%

**POW** - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

**vPvB** - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

**ADR** - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

**IMO/IMDG** - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

**OECD** - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

**BCF** - Bioconcentration factor

**Key literature references and sources for data**

<https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals>

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

**ICAO/IATA** - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

**MARPOL** - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

**ATE** - Acute Toxicity Estimate

**VOC** - (volatile organic compound)

**Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:**

**Physical hazards** On basis of test data

**Health Hazards** Calculation method

**Environmental hazards** Calculation method

### Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

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Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts.  
Chemical incident response training.

Prepared By	Health, Safety and Environmental Department
Revision Date	07-Dec-2024
Revision Summary	Not applicable.

**This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006.  
COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No  
1907/2006 .**

**For Switzerland - Compiled in accordance with the technical provisions referred to in Annex 2,  
Number 3, Chemo (SR 813.11 - Ordinance on Protection against Dangerous Substances and  
Preparations).**

## Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

**End of Safety Data Sheet**