# Thermo Fisher

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

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FSHBP622

# 2,2,2-Trifluoroethanol (Peptide Synthesis)

#### SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

产品说明: 2,2,2-三氟乙醇

Product Description: 2,2,2-Trifluoroethanol (Peptide Synthesis)

 Cat No.:
 BP622-100

 Synonyms
 TFE

 CAS No
 75-89-8

 Molecular Formula
 C2 H3 F3 O

**Supplier** Fisher Scientific Company

One Reagent Lane Fair Lawn, NJ 07410 Tel: (201) 796-7100

Emergency Telephone Number CHEMTREC®, Inside the USA: 800-424-9300

CHEMTREC®, Outside the USA: 001-703-527-3887

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against No Information available

## **SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION**

Physical StateAppearanceOdorLiquidColorlessCharacteristic

#### **Emergency Overview**

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Toxic if swallowed. Causes serious eye damage. Toxic if inhaled. May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable liquids.	Category 3
Acute Oral Toxicity	Category 3
Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors	Category 3
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 1
Reproductive Toxicity	Category 1B
Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure)	Category 2

## **Label Elements**



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#### 2,2,2-Trifluoroethanol (Peptide Synthesis)

Signal Word

Danger

#### **Hazard Statements**

- H226 Flammable liquid and vapor
- H318 Causes serious eye damage
- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
- H301 + H331 Toxic if swallowed or if inhaled
- H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child

#### **Precautionary Statements**

#### Prevention

- P201 Obtain special instructions before use
- P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
- P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking
- P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment
- P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting equipment
- P242 Use non-sparking tools
- P243 Take action to prevent static discharges
- P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray
- P264 Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling
- P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
- P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
- P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

#### Response

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor

P330 - Rinse mouth

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

#### Storage

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

P405 - Store locked up

#### **Disposal**

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

#### **Physical and Chemical Hazards**

Highly flammable. Vapors may cause flash fire or explosion.

### **Health Hazards**

Toxic if swallowed. Corrosive. Causes eye burns. Toxic if inhaled. May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

## **Environmental hazards**

Contains no substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility. The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces.

#### **Other Hazards**

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

#### **SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Component	CAS No	Weight %
2,2,2-Trifluoroethanol	75-89-8	<=100

#### **SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### **General Advice**

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is required.

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## **Eye Contact**

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. In the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

#### **Skin Contact**

Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.

#### Inhalation

Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Immediate medical attention is required.

#### Ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

## Most important symptoms and effects

Difficulty in breathing. Causes eye burns. . Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

#### **Self-Protection of the First Aider**

Use personal protective equipment as required.

## **Notes to Physician**

Treat symptomatically.

## **SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

#### **Suitable Extinguishing Media**

Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

## Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

## **Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical**

Flammable. Risk of ignition. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

## **Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters**

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

#### **SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### **Personal Precautions**

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

#### **Environmental Precautions**

Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

## Methods for Containment and Clean Up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

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#### **SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### Handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

#### Storage

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

### Specific Use(s)

Use in laboratories

## **SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### **Control Parameters**

#### **Monitoring methods**

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents. MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

#### **Exposure Controls**

#### **Engineering Measures**

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source.

#### Personal protective equipment

**Eye Protection** Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material Nitrile rubber	Breakthrough time See manufacturers	Glove thickness	EU standard EN 374	Glove comments (minimum requirement)
Neoprene Natural rubber PVC	recommendations			,

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing

Respiratory Protection When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

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Large scale/emergency use

Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to

EN14387

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

(Air = 1.0)

Method - No information available

explosive air/vapour mixtures possible

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When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

**Environmental exposure controls** No information available.

#### **SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Appearance Colorless
Physical State Liquid

Odor Characteristic
Odor Threshold No data available
pH 5.0-7.5
Melting Point/Range -45 °C / -49 °F

Softening Point No data available

**Boiling Point/Range** 77 - 80 °C / 170.6 - 176 °F

Flash Point 29 °C / 84.2 °F Evaporation Rate No data available

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Liquid

Explosion Limits Lower 5.5

Upper 42

Vapor Pressure 70 mmHg @ 25°C

Vapor Density 3.45

Specific Gravity / Density 1.390

Bulk Density Not applicable Liquid

Water Solubility Soluble

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Component log Pow

2,2,2-Trifluoroethanol 0.3

Autoignition Temperature 480 - °C / 896 - °F Decomposition Temperature Viscosity 480 - °C / 896 - °F No data available 1.75 mPa.s @ 25 °C

**Explosive Properties** 

Oxidizing Properties No information available

Molecular FormulaC2 H3 F3 OMolecular Weight100.04

## **SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

**Stability** Stable under normal conditions.

Hazardous Reactions
Hazardous Polymerization
None under normal processing.
No information available.

Conditions to Avoid Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and

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sources of ignition.

Bases. Metals. Strong oxidizing agents. Materials to avoid

Hazardous Decomposition Products Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Carbon

monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). Gaseous hydrogen fluoride (HF).

## **SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### **Product Information**

(a) acute toxicity:

(a) acute textory,			
Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
2,2,2-Trifluoroethanol	LD50 153 - 177 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 >2000 mg/kg (Rat)	LC50 = 3,25 mg/L ( Rat ) 4 h

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Skin Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Not mutagenic in AMES Test

(f) carcinogenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

(g) reproductive toxicity; Category 1B

**Reproductive Effects** May impair fertility.

(h) STOT-single exposure; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Category 2

Blood. **Target Organs** 

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met (j) aspiration hazard;

Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated. See actual entry in RTECS for

complete information

delayed

Symptoms / effects, both acute and Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

#### **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Ecotoxicity effects** Do not empty into drains.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae	Microtox
2,2,2-Trifluoroethanol	LC50: 105 - 135 mg/L,			

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### 2,2,2-Trifluoroethanol (Peptide Synthesis)

	96h flow-through		
	(Pimephales promelas)		

Persistence and Degradability

**Persistence** 

Not readily biodegradable

Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

Bioaccumulative Potential

Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
2,2,2-Trifluoroethanol	0.3	No data available

Mobility in soil

The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all

surfaces Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility Disperses rapidly in air

Endocrine Disruptor Information Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

#### **SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Waste from Residues/Unused

**Products** 

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers

retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and

empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

Other Information Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product

was used. Do not flush to sewer. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with

local regulations. Do not empty into drains.

## **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### **Road and Rail Transport**

**UN-No** UN1992

**Proper Shipping Name** Flammable liquid, toxic, n.o.s.

**Technical Shipping Name** 2,2,2-Trifluoroethanol

Hazard Class 3
Subsidiary Hazard Class 6.1

Subsidiary Hazard Class 6.1
Packing Group

## IMDG/IMO

**UN-No** UN1992

**Proper Shipping Name** Flammable liquid, toxic, n.o.s.

**Technical Shipping Name** 2,2,2-Trifluoroethanol

Hazard Class 3 Subsidiary Hazard Class 6.1

Packing Group

<u>IATA</u>

**UN-No** UN1992

Proper Shipping Name Flammable liquid, toxic, n.o.s.

**Technical Shipping Name** 2,2,2-Trifluoroethanol

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**Hazard Class** 3 **Subsidiary Hazard Class** 6.1 **Packing Group** Ш

**Special Precautions for User** No special precautions required

#### **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### International Inventories

X = listed, China (IECSC), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), U.S.A. (TSCA), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Australia (AICS), Korea (KECL).

Cor		The Inventory of Hazardous Chemicals (2015 Edition)		TCSI	IECSC	EINECS	TSCA	DSL	PICCS	ENCS	ISHL	AICS	KECL
2,2,2-Tri	ifluoroethanol	X	-	X	X	200-913-6	X	X	Х	Х	Χ	Χ	-

#### **National Regulations**

## **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

**Creation Date** 29-Apr-2014 **Revision Date** 14-May-2024 **Revision Summary** Not applicable.

## **Training Advice**

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

#### Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances **KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances Substances List

**ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

**DNEL** - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

TWA - Time Weighted Average IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air **Transport Association** 

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

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**OECD** - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development **BCF** - Bioconcentration factor

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate
VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

#### **Disclaimer**

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

**End of Safety Data Sheet** 

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