# Thermo Fisher

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Page 1/9 Creation Date 19-Jun-2009 Revision Date 29-Apr-2024 Version 4

ALFAAL05664

# 1-Butyl isocyanate

#### SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

产品说明: 1-Butyl isocyanate **Product Description:** 1-Butyl isocyanate

Cat No.: L05664 **CAS No** 111-36-4 C5 H9 N O **Molecular Formula** 

**Supplier** Avocado Research Chemicals Ltd.

(Part of Thermo Fisher Scientific)

Shore Road, Heysham Lancashire, LA3 2XY, United Kingdom

Office Tel: +44 (0) 1524 850506 Office Fax: +44 (0) 1524 850608

**Emergency Telephone Number** For information US call: 001-800-227-6701 / Europe call: +32 14 57 52 11

> Emergency Number US:001-201-796-7100 / Europe: +32 14 57 52 99 CHEMTREC Tel. No. US:001-800-424-9300 / Europe:001-703-527-3887

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

**Recommended Use** Laboratory chemicals. No Information available Uses advised against

#### **SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION**

**Physical State** Appearance Odor Liquid

No information available Light yellow - Green

# **Emergency Overview**

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Fatal if inhaled. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes damage to organs. Harmful if swallowed. Harmful in contact with skin. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. Reacts violently with water. Moisture sensitive, Lachrymator (substance which increases the flow of tears).

#### Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable liquids.	Category 2
Acute Oral Toxicity	Category 4
Acute Dermal Toxicity	Category 4
Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors	Category 1
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 1 B
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 1
Respiratory Sensitization	Category 1
Skin Sensitization	Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)	Category 1

#### **Label Elements**

Page 2/9 Revision Date 29-Apr-2024

#### 1-Butyl isocyanate



#### Signal Word

# **Danger**

#### **Hazard Statements**

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H330 - Fatal if inhaled

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

H370 - Causes damage to organs

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H312 - Harmful in contact with skin

H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled

#### **Precautionary Statements**

#### Prevention

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P240 - Ground and bond container and receiving equipment

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting equipment

P242 - Use non-sparking tools

P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges

P264 - Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P284 - In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection

#### Response

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor

P330 - Rinse mouth

P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse

#### Storage

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

P405 - Store locked up

# Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

#### **Physical and Chemical Hazards**

Vapors may cause flash fire or explosion. Highly flammable. Reacts violently with water.

#### **Health Hazards**

Fatal if inhaled. Corrosive. Causes skin and eye burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. Causes damage to organs. Harmful if swallowed. Harmful in contact with skin. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. Lachrymator (substance which increases the flow of tears).

#### **Environmental hazards**

Contains no substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants. Reacts violently with water. Is not likely mobile in the environment. Hydrolyses.

#### **Other Hazards**

Lachrymator (substance which increases the flow of tears)

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

Page 3/9 Revision Date 29-Apr-2024

1-Butyl isocyanate

# **SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Component	CAS No	Weight %
n-Butyl isocyanate	111-36-4	>95

#### **SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### **Eye Contact**

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.

#### **Skin Contact**

Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.

#### Inhalation

Remove to fresh air. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Immediate medical attention is required. If not breathing, give artificial respiration.

#### Ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

#### Most important symptoms and effects

Difficulty in breathing. Causes burns by all exposure routes. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause allergic skin reaction. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation: Symptoms of allergic reaction may include rash, itching, swelling, trouble breathing, tingling of the hands and feet, dizziness, lightheadedness, chest pain, muscle pain or flushing

# Self-Protection of the First Aider

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

#### Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically.

#### **SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

# Suitable Extinguishing Media

CO<sub>2</sub>, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

# Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

Water.

#### Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Reacts violently with water.

#### **Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters**

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

# **SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### **Personal Precautions**

Use personal protective equipment as required. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Evacuate personnel to safe

Page 4/9 Revision Date 29-Apr-2024

#### 1-Butyl isocyanate

areas. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

#### **Environmental Precautions**

Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

#### Methods for Containment and Clean Up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not expose spill to water.

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

#### **SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### Handling

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe (dust, vapor, mist, gas). Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded.

#### Storage

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Flammables area. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Store under an inert atmosphere. Corrosives area.

# Specific Use(s)

Use in laboratories

#### **SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

# **Control Parameters**

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH	The United Kingdom	European Union
n-Butyl isocyanate				STEL: 0.07 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15	
				min	
				TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr	
				Resp. Sens.	

# **Monitoring methods**

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents. MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

#### **Exposure Controls**

# **Engineering Measures**

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source.

#### Personal protective equipment

**Eye Protection** Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Page 5/9 Revision Date 29-Apr-2024

# 1-Butyl isocyanate

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Nitrile rubber Neoprene Natural rubber PVC	See manufacturers recommendations	-	EN 374	(minimum requirement)

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Skin and body protection Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure

Respiratory Protection When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to

EN14387

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

141

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

**Hygiene Measures** Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

**Environmental exposure controls** No information available.

# **SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Appearance Light yellow - Green

Physical State Liquid

Odor
Odor Threshold
PH
No information available
No data available
No information available
No information available
No information available
75 °C / -103 °F

Softening Point

No data available

**Boiling Point/Range** 112 - 116  $^{\circ}$ C / 233.6 - 240.8  $^{\circ}$ F @ 760 mmHg

Flash Point 11 °C / 51.8 °F Method - No information available

Evaporation Rate No data available

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Liquid

 Explosion Limits
 Lower 1.3 vol%

 Upper 10 vol%

 Vapor Pressure
 23 mbar @ 20°C

Vapor Density No data available (Air = 1.0)

Specific Gravity / Density 0.89

Bulk Density Not applicable Liquid

Water Solubility hydrolyses

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Autoignition Temperature 425 °C

Decomposition TemperatureNo data availableViscosityNo data available

Page 6/9 Revision Date 29-Apr-2024

1-Butyl isocyanate

Explosive Properties Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air

Oxidizing Properties No information available

Molecular FormulaC5 H9 N OMolecular Weight99.13

## **SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

**Stability** Moisture sensitive. Reacts violently with water.

**Hazardous Reactions** None under normal processing. Water reactive.

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization may occur.

Conditions to Avoid Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and

sources of ignition. Exposure to moist air or water.

Materials to avoid Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid).

Nitrogen oxides (NOx).

#### **SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### **Product Information**

(a) acute toxicity;

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
n-Butyl isocyanate	LD50 = 360 mg/kg (Rat)		LC50 = 59 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Rat) 4 h

**(b) skin corrosion/irritation**; Category 1 B

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

**Respiratory** Category 1 **Skin** Category 1

May cause sensitization by skin contact

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; No data available

(f) carcinogenicity; No data available

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

(g) reproductive toxicity; No data available

(h) STOT-single exposure; No data available

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; No data available

Target Organs No information available.

Page 7/9 Revision Date 29-Apr-2024

1-Butyl isocyanate

(j) aspiration hazard; No data available

Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

delayed

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation: Symptoms of allergic reaction may include rash, itching, swelling, trouble breathing, tingling of the hands and feet, dizziness, lightheadedness, chest pain, muscle pain or flushing

#### **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Ecotoxicity effects** Do not empty into drains. Reacts with water so no ecotoxicity data for the substance is

available.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae	Microtox
n-Butyl isocyanate	Leuciscus idus: LC0:			Pseudomonas putida:
	100 mg/L/96h			EC0: 1000 mg/L/16h

Persistence and Degradability

**Persistence** 

Degradability Degradation in sewage

treatment plant

Readily biodegradable

Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

Decomposes in contact with water. Decomposes in contact with water.

**Bioaccumulative Potential** Product does not bioaccumulate due to reaction with water

Mobility in soil Hydrolyses Is not likely mobile in the environment

**Endocrine Disruptor Information Persistent Organic Pollutant** 

**Ozone Depletion Potential** 

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

# **SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Waste from Residues/Unused

**Products** 

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

**Contaminated Packaging** Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers

retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and

empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

Other Information Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product

was used. Do not flush to sewer. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic

organisms.

# **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

**Road and Rail Transport** 

UN2485

**Proper Shipping Name** n-Butyl isocyanate

Page 8/9 Revision Date 29-Apr-2024

#### 1-Butyl isocyanate

Hazard Class 6.1 Subsidiary Hazard Class 3 Packing Group

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN2485

Proper Shipping Name n-Butyl isocyanate

Hazard Class 6.1 Subsidiary Hazard Class 3 Packing Group

<u>IATA</u> FORBIDDEN FOR IATA TRANSPORT

UN-No UN2485

Proper Shipping Name n-Butyl isocyanate, FORBIDDEN FOR IATA TRANSPORT

Hazard Class 6.1 Subsidiary Hazard Class 3 Packing Group |

Special Precautions for User No special precautions required

# **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### **International Inventories**

X = listed, China (IECSC), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), U.S.A. (TSCA), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Australia (AICS), Korea (KECL).

	Component	The Inventory of Hazardous Chemicals (2015 Edition)		TCSI	IECSC	EINECS	TSCA	DSL	PICCS	ENCS	ISHL	AICS	KECL
T	n-Butyl isocyanate	X	X	X	X	203-862-8	Х	Χ	Х	Χ	Х	Χ	KE-21464

# **National Regulations**

# **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Prepared By Health, Safety and Environmental Department

Creation Date19-Jun-2009Revision Date29-Apr-2024

**Revision Summary** New emergency telephone response service provider.

**Training Advice** 

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Legend

Page 9/9 Revision Date 29-Apr-2024

#### 1-Butyl isocyanate

**CAS** - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances Substances List

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances **ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

**KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

**ACGIH** - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

**DNEL** - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air **Transport Association** 

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

**OECD** - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

**BCF** - Bioconcentration factor

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

# Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

#### Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

**End of Safety Data Sheet**