

Creation Date 05-May-2009

Revision Date 28-Jan-2024

Revision Number 5

## SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

### 1.1. Product identifier

Product Description:	<b>1,4-Dioxane</b>
Cat No. :	<b>43167</b>
Synonyms	Diox
Index No	603-024-00-5
CAS No	123-91-1
EC No	204-661-8
Molecular Formula	C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>8</sub> O <sub>2</sub>
REACH registration number	-

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use	Laboratory chemicals.
Sector of use	SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites
Product category	PC21 - Laboratory chemicals
Process categories	PROC15 - Use as a laboratory reagent
Environmental release category	ERC6a - Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates)
Uses advised against	No Information available

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

#### Company

Thermo Fisher (Kandel) GmbH  
Erlenbachweg 2, 76870 Kandel, Germany  
Tel: +49 (0) 721 84007 280  
Fax: +49 (0) 721 84007 300

**Swiss distributor** - Fisher Scientific AG  
Neuhofstrasse 11, CH 4153 Reinach  
Tel: +41 (0) 56 618 41 11  
<https://www.fishersci.ch/ch/en/customer-help-support/forms/email-us.html>

#### E-mail address

begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information **US** call: 001-800-227-6701 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11  
Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99  
**CHEMTREC** Tel. No.**US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

customers in Switzerland:

Tox Info Suisse Emergency Number: **145 (24hr)**  
Tox Info Suisse: +41-44 251 51 51 (Emergency number from abroad)  
Chemtrec (24h) Toll-Free: 0800 564 402  
Chemtrec Local: +41-43 508 20 11 (Zurich)

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## SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

##### Physical hazards

Flammable liquids

Category 2 (H225)

##### Health hazards

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Category 2 (H319)

Carcinogenicity

Category 1B (H350)

Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)

Category 3 (H335)

##### Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

### 2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Danger

#### **Hazard Statements**

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H350 - May cause cancer

EUH019 - May form explosive peroxides

EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

#### **Precautionary Statements**

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell

#### **Additional EU labelling**

Restricted to professional users

### 2.3. Other hazards

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB)

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Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates  
Contains a known or suspected endocrine disruptor  
Included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) for having endocrine disrupting properties

## SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

### 3.1. Substances

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
1,4-Dioxane	123-91-1	EEC No. 204-661-8	>95	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) STOT SE 3 (H335) Carc. 1B (H350) EUH019 EUH066

REACH registration number

-

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

## SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice	If symptoms persist, call a physician.
Eye Contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.
Skin Contact	Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.
Ingestion	Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Self-Protection of the First Aider	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician	Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.
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## SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

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No information available.

## **5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

Flammable. Risk of ignition. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated. May form explosive peroxides. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

### **Hazardous Combustion Products**

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), peroxides.

## **5.3. Advice for firefighters**

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

## **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

### **6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

### **6.2. Environmental precautions**

Should not be released into the environment.

### **6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

### **6.4. Reference to other sections**

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

## **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

### **7.1. Precautions for safe handling**

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. If peroxide formation is suspected, do not open or move container. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools.

### **Hygiene Measures**

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

### **7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store under an inert atmosphere. Flammables area. May form explosive peroxides. Containers should be dated when opened and tested periodically for the presence of peroxides. Should crystals form in a peroxidizable liquid, peroxidation may have occurred and the product should be considered extremely dangerous. In this instance, the container should only be opened remotely by professionals. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Protect from moisture.

**Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510  
Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)**

Class 3

**Switzerland - Storage of hazardous substances**

Storage class - SC 3

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<https://www.kvu.ch/de/themen/stoffe-und-produkte>  
<https://www.kvu.ch/fr/themes/substances-et-produits>  
<https://www.kvu.ch/it/temi/sostanze-e-prodotti>

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Exposure limits

List source(s): **EU** - Commission Directive (EU) 2019/1831 of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Forth edition. Published 2020. **IRE** - 2010 Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations 2001. Published by the Health and Safety Authority. **CH** - The Government of Switzerland has set a directive on limit values for working materials (Grenzwerte am Arbeitsplatz) which is based on the Swiss Federal Regulation "Verordnung über die Verhütung von Unfällen und Berufskrankheiten". This directive is administered, periodically revised and enforced by SUVA (Swiss National Accident Insurance Fund).

Component	European Union	The United Kingdom	France	Belgium	Spain
1,4-Dioxane	TWA: 20 ppm (8h) TWA: 73 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8h)	STEL: 60 ppm 15 min STEL: 219 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min TWA: 20 ppm 8 hr TWA: 73 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr Skin	TWA / VME: 20 ppm (8 heures). restrictive limit TWA / VME: 73 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8 heures). restrictive limit STEL / VLCT: 40 ppm. restrictive limit STEL / VLCT: 140 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . restrictive limit	TWA: 20 ppm 8 uren TWA: 73 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 uren Huid	TWA / VLA-ED: 20 ppm (8 horas) TWA / VLA-ED: 73 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8 horas)

Component	Italy	Germany	Portugal	The Netherlands	Finland
1,4-Dioxane	Pelle	TWA: 20 ppm (8 Stunden). AGW - exposure factor 2 TWA: 73 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8 Stunden). AGW - exposure factor 2 TWA: 10 ppm (8 Stunden). MAK TWA: 37 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8 Stunden). MAK Höhepunkt: 20 ppm Höhepunkt: 74 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Haut	TWA: 20 ppm 8 horas TWA: 73 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 horas Pele	TWA: 20 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 uren	TWA: 10 ppm 8 tunteina TWA: 36 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 tunteina STEL: 40 ppm 15 minuutteina STEL: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minuutteina Iho

Component	Austria	Denmark	Switzerland	Poland	Norway
1,4-Dioxane	Haut MAK-KZGW: 40 ppm 15 Minuten MAK-KZGW: 146 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 Minuten MAK-TMW: 20 ppm 8 Stunden MAK-TMW: 73 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 Stunden	TWA: 10 ppm 8 timer TWA: 36 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 timer STEL: 20 ppm 15 minutter STEL: 72 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutter Hud	Haut/Peau STEL: 40 ppm 15 Minuten STEL: 144 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 Minuten TWA: 20 ppm 8 Stunden TWA: 72 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 Stunden	TWA: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 godzinach	TWA: 5 ppm 8 timer TWA: 18 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 timer STEL: 10 ppm 15 minutter. value from the regulation STEL: 36 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutter. value from the regulation Hud

Component	Bulgaria	Croatia	Ireland	Cyprus	Czech Republic
1,4-Dioxane	TWA: 20 ppm TWA: 73 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA-GVI: 20 ppm 8 satima. TWA-GVI: 73 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 satima.	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hr. technical grade TWA: 73 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr. technical grade STEL: 60 ppm 15 min STEL: 219 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min Skin	TWA: 73 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 70 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hodinách. Potential for cutaneous absorption Ceiling: 140 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

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Component	Estonia	Gibraltar	Greece	Hungary	Iceland
1,4-Dioxane	TWA: 20 ppm 8 tündides. TWA: 73 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 tündides.	TWA: 73 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr TWA: 20 ppm 8 hr	TWA: 20 ppm TWA: 73 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 73 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 órában. AK lehetséges borön keresztüli felszívódás	TWA: 20 ppm 8 klukkustundum. TWA: 73 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 klukkustundum. Skin notation Ceiling: 40 ppm Ceiling: 146 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

Component	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg	Malta	Romania
1,4-Dioxane	TWA: 5.5 ppm TWA: 20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 10 ppm IPRD TWA: 35 mg/m <sup>3</sup> IPRD STEL: 25 ppm STEL: 90 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 73 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 Stunden TWA: 20 ppm 8 Stunden	TWA: 73 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA: 20 ppm	Skin notation TWA: 20 ppm 8 ore TWA: 73 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 ore

Component	Russia	Slovak Republic	Slovenia	Sweden	Turkey
1,4-Dioxane	Skin notation MAC: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Ceiling: 146 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA: 20 ppm TWA: 73 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 20 ppm 8 urah TWA: 73 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 urah Koža STEL: 146 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutah STEL: 40 ppm 15 minutah	Indicative STEL: 25 ppm 15 minuter Indicative STEL: 90 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minuter TLV: 10 ppm 8 timmar. NGV TLV: 35 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 timmar. NGV	TWA: 20 ppm 8 saat TWA: 73 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 saat

## Biological limit values

List source(s):

Component	European Union	United Kingdom	France	Spain	Germany
1,4-Dioxane					2-Hydroxyethoxyacetic acid: 200 mg/g Creatinine urine (end of shift )

## Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.

MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours

MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

## Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

No information available

## Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

No information available.

## 8.2. Exposure controls

### Engineering Measures

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to

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control hazardous materials at source

## Personal protective equipment

### Eye Protection

Tight sealing safety goggles Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

### Hand Protection

Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Butyl rubber	> 480 minutes	0.7 mm	Level 6	As tested under EN374-3 Determination of Resistance to Permeation by Chemicals Permeation rate 38 µg/cm2/min
Viton (R)	> 480 minutes	0.7 mm	EN 374	
Butyl rubber	< 200 minutes	0.35 mm		

### Skin and body protection

Long sleeved clothing.

Inspect gloves before use. observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information) gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion. gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

### Respiratory Protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.  
To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly

### Large scale/emergency use

Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced  
**Recommended Filter type:** Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to EN14387

### Small scale/Laboratory use

Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.  
**Recommended half mask:-** Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN 141  
When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

### Environmental exposure controls

No information available.

## SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State	Liquid	
Appearance	Colorless	
Odor	Petroleum distillates	
Odor Threshold	No data available	
Melting Point/Range	12 °C / 53.6 °F	
Softening Point	No data available	
Boiling Point/Range	101 °C / 213.8 °F	@ 760 mmHg
Flammability (liquid)	Highly flammable	On basis of test data
Flammability (solid,gas)	Not applicable	Liquid
Explosion Limits	<b>Lower</b> 2 vol% <b>Upper</b> 22 vol%	
Flash Point	12 °C / 53.6 °F	<b>Method -</b> No information available
Autoignition Temperature	355 °C / 671 °F	
Decomposition Temperature	No data available	
pH	6-8	500 g/l aq.sol
Viscosity	1.32 mPa.s @ 20 °C	
Water Solubility	Soluble	
Solubility in other solvents	No information available	
Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)		
Component	<b>log Pow</b>	
1,4-Dioxane	-0.42	

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Vapor Pressure	41 mbar @ 20 °C	
Density / Specific Gravity	1.034	
Bulk Density	Not applicable	Liquid
Vapor Density	3	(Air = 1.0)
Particle characteristics	Not applicable (liquid)	

## 9.2. Other information

Molecular Formula	C4 H8 O2
Molecular Weight	88.11
Explosive Properties	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air

## SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

### 10.1. Reactivity

None known, based on information available

### 10.2. Chemical stability

May form explosive peroxides. Hygroscopic.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Polymerization	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Hazardous Reactions	None under normal processing.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible products. Heat, flames and sparks. Exposure to air or moisture over prolonged periods. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Exposure to moist air or water.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Reducing Agent. Halogens.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>). peroxides.

## SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### Product Information

#### (a) acute toxicity;

Oral

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Dermal

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Inhalation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
1,4-Dioxane	5170 mg/kg ( Rat ) 4200 mg/kg ( Rat )	LD50 = 7600 mg/kg ( Rabbit )	48.5 mg/L ( Rat ) 4 h

#### (b) skin corrosion/irritation;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

#### (c) serious eye damage/irritation;

Category 2

#### (d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met



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Skin

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(e) germ cell mutagenicity;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(f) carcinogenicity;

Category 1B

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

Component	EU	UK	Germany	IARC
1,4-Dioxane	Carc Cat. 1B			Group 2B

(g) reproductive toxicity;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(h) STOT-single exposure;

Category 3

Results / Target organs

Respiratory system.

(i) STOT-repeated exposure;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Target Organs

None known.

(j) aspiration hazard;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed

Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

## 11.2. Information on other hazards

### Endocrine Disrupting Properties Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health

Included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) for having endocrine disrupting properties Substance identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605

## SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### 12.1. Toxicity Ecotoxicity effects

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
1,4-Dioxane	LC50: = 9850 mg/L, 96h (Pimephales promelas) LC50: 10306 - 14742 mg/L, 96h static (Pimephales promelas) LC50: = 9850 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Pimephales promelas) LC50: > 10000 mg/L, 96h semi-static (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: > 10000 mg/L, 96h static (Lepomis macrochirus)	EC50 = 163 mg/L 48h	

Component	Microtox	M-Factor
1,4-Dioxane	EC50 = 610 mg/L 5 min EC50 = 668 mg/L 15 min EC50 = 733 mg/L 30 min	

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Not readily biodegradable

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## Persistence

Persistence is unlikely.

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
1,4-Dioxane	-0.42	0.3 - 0.7 dimensionless

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems . Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility. Highly mobile in soils

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

## 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Endocrine Disruptor Information  
Assess endocrine disrupting properties for the environment

Included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) for having endocrine disrupting properties. Substance identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605.

## 12.7. Other adverse effects Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance  
This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

## SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

#### Waste from Residues/Unused Products

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

#### Contaminated Packaging

Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

#### European Waste Catalogue (EWC)

According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific.

#### Other Information

Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not flush to sewer. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations.

#### Switzerland - Waste Ordinance

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Ordinance on the Avoidance and the Disposal of Waste (Waste Ordinance, ADWO) SR 814.600  
<https://www.fedlex.admin.ch/eli/cc/2015/891/en>

## SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### IMDG/IMO

#### 14.1. UN number

UN1165

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

DIOXANE

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

3

#### 14.4. Packing group

II

### ADR

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**14.1. UN number** UN1165  
**14.2. UN proper shipping name** DIOXANE  
**14.3. Transport hazard class(es)** 3  
**14.4. Packing group** II

## IATA

**14.1. UN number** UN1165  
**14.2. UN proper shipping name** DIOXANE  
**14.3. Transport hazard class(es)** 3  
**14.4. Packing group** II

**14.5. Environmental hazards** No hazards identified  
**14.6. Special precautions for user** No special precautions required.  
**14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** Not applicable, packaged goods

## SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### International Inventories

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
1,4-Dioxane	123-91-1	204-661-8	-	-	X	X	KE-10463	X	X

Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
1,4-Dioxane	123-91-1	X	ACTIVE	X	-	X	X	X

**Legend:** X - Listed '-' - Not Listed

**KECL** - NIER number or KE number (<http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do>)

### Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
1,4-Dioxane	123-91-1	-	Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details) Use restricted. See item 28. (see link for restriction details)	SVHC Candidate list - 204-661-8 - Carcinogenic (Article 57a)  Equivalent level of concern having probable serious effects to the environment (Article 57f - environment)  Equivalent level of concern having probable serious effects to human health (Article 57f - human health)

After the sunset date the use of this substance requires either an authorization or can only be used for exempted uses, e.g. use in scientific research and development which includes routine analytics or use as intermediate.

#### REACH links

<https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach>

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<https://echa.europa.eu/candidate-list-table>  
<https://echa.europa.eu/authorisation-list>

## Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements
1,4-Dioxane	123-91-1	Not applicable	Not applicable

## Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

## Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)?

Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

Take note of Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

Take note of Dir 76/769/EEC relating to restrictions on the marketing and use of certain dangerous substances and preparations

## National Regulations

**UK** - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

## WGK Classification

See table for values

Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
1,4-Dioxane	WGK2	Class I : 20 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Massenkonzentration)

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)
1,4-Dioxane	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84

## Swiss Regulations

Article 4 para. 4 of the Ordinance on the protection of young people in the workplace (SR 822.115) and Article 1 lit. f of the EAER regulation on hazardous work and young people (SR 822.115.2).

Take note on Article 13 Maternity Ordinance (SR 822.111.52) with regards expectant and nursing mothers.

Component	Switzerland - Ordinance on the Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR 814.81)	Switzerland - Ordinance on Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC)	Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure
1,4-Dioxane 123-91-1 ( >95 )		Group I	

## 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment/Report (CSA/CSR) has not been conducted

## SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

### Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H350 - May cause cancer

EUH019 - May form explosive peroxides

EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

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## Legend

**CAS** - Chemical Abstracts Service

**EINECS/ELINCS** - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

**PICCS** - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

**IECSC** - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

**KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

**TSCA** - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

**DSL/NDSL** - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

**ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

**AICS** - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

**NZIoC** - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

**WEL** - Workplace Exposure Limit

**ACGIH** - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

**DNEL** - Derived No Effect Level

**RPE** - Respiratory Protective Equipment

**LC50** - Lethal Concentration 50%

**NOEC** - No Observed Effect Concentration

**PBT** - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

**TWA** - Time Weighted Average

**IARC** - International Agency for Research on Cancer  
Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

**LD50** - Lethal Dose 50%

**EC50** - Effective Concentration 50%

**POW** - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

**vPvB** - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

**ADR** - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

**IMO/IMDG** - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

**OECD** - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

**BCF** - Bioconcentration factor

**Key literature references and sources for data**

<https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals>

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

**ICAO/IATA** - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

**MARPOL** - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

**ATE** - Acute Toxicity Estimate

**VOC** - (volatile organic compound)

## **Training Advice**

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts.

## **Prepared By**

Health, Safety and Environmental Department

## **Creation Date**

05-May-2009

## **Revision Date**

28-Jan-2024

## **Revision Summary**

New emergency telephone response service provider.

**This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006.  
COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No  
1907/2006 .**

**For Switzerland - Compiled in accordance with the technical provisions referred to in Annex 2,  
Number 3, ChemO (SR 813.11 - Ordinance on Protection against Dangerous Substances and  
Preparations).**

## **Disclaimer**

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**End of Safety Data Sheet**