# Thermo Fisher SCIENTIFIC

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

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ACR17347

# Chloroacetone, stabilized

### SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

产品说明: 氯丙酮

Product Description: Chloroacetone, stabilized

Cat No.: 173470000; 173470010;173470050; 173470250; 173472500

**Synonyms** Chloro-2-propanone

CAS No 78-95-5 Molecular Formula C3 H5 Cl O

Supplier UK entity/business name

Fisher Scientific UK Bishop Meadow Road,

Loughborough, Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom

**EU entity/business name** Thermo Fisher Scientific

Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a, 2440 Geel, Belgium

Emergency Telephone Number For information US call: 001-800-227-6701 / Europe call: +32 14 57 52 11

Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No. **US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against No Information available

# **SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION**

Physical StateAppearanceOdorLiquidAmberpungent

# **Emergency Overview**

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Fatal in contact with skin. Fatal if inhaled. Toxic if swallowed. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Causes damage to organs. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. May cause respiratory irritation.

Lachrymator (substance which increases the flow of tears).

# Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable liquids.	Category 2
Acute Oral Toxicity	Category 3
Acute Dermal Toxicity	Category 2
Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors	Category 1
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 1
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)	Category 1 Category 3
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 1
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 1

# **Label Elements**

### Chloroacetone, stabilized



Signal Word

**Danger** 

#### **Hazard Statements**

- H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor
- H301 Toxic if swallowed
- H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
- H370 Causes damage to organs
- H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation
- H310 + H330 Fatal in contact with skin or if inhaled

### **Precautionary Statements**

#### Prevention

- P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking
- P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment
- P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting equipment
- P242 Use non-sparking tools
- P243 Take action to prevent static discharges
- P264 Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling
- P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
- P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
- P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
- P284 Wear respiratory protection

### Response

- P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower
- P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing
- P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
- P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor
- P330 Rinse mouth
- P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish
- P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse

#### Storage

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

P405 - Store locked up

# Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

### **Physical and Chemical Hazards**

Vapors may cause flash fire or explosion. Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

### **Health Hazards**

Fatal if inhaled. Fatal in contact with skin. Toxic if swallowed. Corrosive. Causes skin and eye burns. Causes serious eye damage. Causes damage to organs. May cause respiratory irritation. Lachrymator (substance which increases the flow of tears).

# **Environmental hazards**

Harmful to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility. The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems.

#### Other Hazards

Lachrymator (substance which increases the flow of tears)

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

### **SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Component CAS No Weight %	Component	CAS No	Weight %
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Chloroacetone	78-95-5	96

### **SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### **Eye Contact**

Immediate medical attention is required. Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

#### **Skin Contact**

Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. Immediate medical attention is required.

#### Inhalation

Remove from exposure, lie down. Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Immediate medical attention is required.

#### Ingestion

Call a physician immediately. Clean mouth with water.

#### Most important symptoms and effects

Difficulty in breathing. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

#### Self-Protection of the First Aider

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

#### Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

#### **SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

#### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water spray. Carbon dioxide (CO 2). Dry chemical. Chemical foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

#### Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

# **Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical**

Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses.

### **Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters**

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

### **SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### **Personal Precautions**

Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

#### **Environmental Precautions**

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

#### Methods for Containment and Clean Up

Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Keep in suitable, closed

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containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

### **SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### Handling

Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Handle product only in closed system or provide appropriate exhaust ventilation. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

#### Storage

Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Refrigerator/flammables. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

### Specific Use(s)

Use in laboratories

### **SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### **Control Parameters**

Component	China	Taiwan	Thailand	Hong Kong
Chloroacetone	Skin	-		-
	Ceiling: 4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH	The United Kingdom	European Union
Chloroacetone	Ceiling: 1 ppm			-	
	Skin				

### Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

# **Monitoring methods**

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents. MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

### **Exposure Controls**

### **Engineering Measures**

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source.

# Personal protective equipment

**Eye Protection** Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

ſ	Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
1	Viton (R)	See manufacturers	-	EN 374	(minimum requirement)
		recommendations			

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g.

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sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Skin and body protection Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure

Respiratory Protection When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to

EN14387

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

141

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

**Hygiene Measures** Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

**Environmental exposure controls** Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water

system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Method - No information available

explosive air/vapour mixtures possible

# **SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Appearance Amber Physical State Liquid

**Odor** pungent

Odor Threshold No data available

**pH** 4.3 10 g/L aq.sol

Melting Point/Range -44.5 °C / -48.1 °F Softening Point No data available Boiling Point/Range 119 °C / 246.2 °F

Flash Point 32 °C / 89.6 °F

Evaporation Rate No data available

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Liquid

Explosion Limits Lower 3.4

Vapor Pressure 16 mbar @ 20 °C

**Vapor Density** 3.19 (Air = 1.0) (Air = 1.0)

Specific Gravity / Density 1.160

Bulk Density Not applicable Liquid

Water Solubility 124 g/l (20°C)

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Autoignition Temperature

Decomposition Temperature

Viscosity

600 °C / 1112 °F

No data available

1.11 mPas at 25 °C

**Explosive Properties** 

Oxidizing Properties No information available

Molecular Formula C3 H5 Cl O Molecular Weight 92.52

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### **SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Stability Stable.

Hazardous Reactions No information available.

**Hazardous Polymerization** Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to Avoid Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Exposure to light.

Incompatible products.

Materials to avoid Strong oxidizing agents. Strong bases.

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). Hydrogen chloride gas.

# **SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### **Product Information**

(a) acute toxicity:

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Chloroacetone	LD50 = 100 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 = 141 mg/kg (Rabbit)	LC50 = 1.9 mg/L (Rat) 1 h

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 2

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 2

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

**Respiratory Skin**No data available
No data available

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; No data available

(f) carcinogenicity; No data available

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

(g) reproductive toxicity; No data available

(h) STOT-single exposure; Category 3

Results / Target organs Respiratory system

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; No data available

Target Organs No information available.

(j) aspiration hazard; No data available

Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness,

delayed tiredness, nausea and vomiting

# **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

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**Ecotoxicity effects**Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic

environment. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the

environment.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae	Microtox
Chloroacetone				EC50 = 27.3 mg/L 5 min
				EC50 = 5.84 mg/L 30
				min
				EC50 = 9.91 mg/L 15
				min

Persistence and Degradability

**Persistence** 

Degradation in sewage treatment plant

Not readily biodegradable

Soluble in water, Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste

water treatment plants.

Bioaccumulative Potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Mobility in soil

The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems. Will likely be mobile in the

environment due to its water solubility Highly mobile in soils

Endocrine Disruptor Information

Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

### **SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Waste from Residues/Unused

**Products** 

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives

on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers

retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and

empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

Other Information Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the

application for which the product was used. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. Do not let this chemical enter the environment. Do not

empty into drains.

# **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

# Road and Rail Transport

**UN-No** UN1695

Proper Shipping Name CHLOROACETONE, STABILIZED

Hazard Class 6.1 Subsidiary Hazard Class 3, 8 Packing Group

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN1695

Proper Shipping Name CHLOROACETONE, STABILIZED

Hazard Class 6.1 Subsidiary Hazard Class 3, 8 Packing Group I

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FORBIDDEN FOR IATA TRANSPORT **IATA** 

**UN-No** UN1695

CHLOROACETONE, STABILIZED, FORBIDDEN FOR IATA TRANSPORT **Proper Shipping Name** 

**Hazard Class** 6.1 **Subsidiary Hazard Class** 3, 8 **Packing Group** 

**Special Precautions for User** No special precautions required

### **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### International Inventories

X = listed, China (IECSC), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), U.S.A. (TSCA), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Australia (AICS), Korea (KECL).

Component	The	List of	TCSI	IECSC	EINECS	TSCA	DSL	PICCS	ENCS	ISHL	AICS	KECL
	Inventory of Hazardous Chemicals (2015 Edition)	•										
Chloroacetone	Х	Х	Х	Х	201-161-1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	KE-05880

#### **National Regulations**

# **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

06-Apr-2024 **Revision Date Revision Summary** Not applicable.

# **Training Advice**

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Chemical incident response training.

### Legend

**CAS** - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

Substances List

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

**ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances **KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

TWA - Time Weighted Average

**ACGIH** - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists **DNEL** - Derived No Effect Level

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

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ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air **Transport Association** 

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

**OECD** - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

**BCF** - Bioconcentration factor

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

#### Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

#### **Disclaimer**

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

**End of Safety Data Sheet**