

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Creation Date 21-May-2009 Revision Date 07-Feb-2025 Revision Number 11

Section 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: Ethanol 95% v/v

Cat No. : E/0500/08, E/0500/17, E/0500/PC17

Synonyms Ethyl alcohol
CAS No 64-17-5
Molecular Formula C2 H6 O

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Sector of use SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

Product category PC21 - Laboratory chemicals

Process categories PROC15 - Use as a laboratory reagent

Thouse data a laboratory reagent

Environmental release category ERC6a - Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates)

Uses advised against No Information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

EU entity/business name Thermo Fisher Scientific

Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a

2440 Geel, Belgium

UK entity/business name

Fisher Scientific UK

Bishop Meadow Road, Loughborough, Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom

Swiss distributor - Fisher Scientific AG Neuhofstrasse 11, CH 4153 Reinach

Tel: +41 (0) 56 618 41 11

e-mail - infoch@thermofisher.com

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Tel: 01509 231166

Chemtrec US: (800) 424-9300 Chemtrec EU: 001-703-527-3887

For customers in Switzerland:

Tox Info Suisse Emergency Number: 145 (24hr)

Tox Info Suisse: +41-44 251 51 51 (Emergency number from abroad)

Chemtrec (24h) Toll-Free: 0800 564 402 Chemtrec Local: +41-43 508 20 11 (Zurich)

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Section 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Physical hazards

Flammable liquids Category 2 (H225)

Health hazards

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2 (H319)

Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

Precautionary Statements

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P264 - Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

P280 - Wear eye protection/ face protection

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam to extinguish

2.3. Other hazards

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

	Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Ī	Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	200-578-6	95-96	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319)

Component	Specific concentration limits (SCL's)	M-Factor	Component notes
Ethyl alcohol	Eye Irrit. 2 :: C>=50%	-	-

Components	Reach Registration Number	
Ethanol	01-2119457610-43	

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

Section 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation persists,

call a physician.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Remove all sources of ignition.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Difficulty in breathing. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

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4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

Section 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable. Risk of ignition. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

Section 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

Section 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Hygiene Measures

When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Provide regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Flammables area.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510

Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

Class 3

Switzerland - Storage of hazardous substances Storage class - SC 3

https://www.kvu.ch/de/themen/stoffe-und-produkte https://www.kvu.ch/fr/themes/substances-et-produits https://www.kvu.ch/it/temi/sostanze-e-prodotti

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7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Forth edition. Published 2020. **IRE** - 2010 Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations 2001. Published by the Health and Safety Authority.

- The Government of Switzerland has set a directive on limit values for working materials (Grenzwerte am Arbeitsplatz) which is based on the Swiss Federal Regulation "Verordnung über die Verhütung von Unfällen und Berufskrankheiten". This directive is administered, periodically revised and enforced by SUVA (Swiss National Accident Insurance Fund).

Component	European Union	The United Kingdom	France	Belgium	Spain
Ethyl alcohol		TWA: 1000 ppm TWA; 1920 mg/m³ TWA WEL - STEL: 3000 ppm STEL; 5760 mg/m³ STEL	TWA / VME: 1000 ppm (8 heures). TWA / VME: 1900 mg/m³ (8 heures). STEL / VLCT: 5000 ppm. STEL / VLCT: 9500 mg/m³.	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 uren TWA: 1907 mg/m³ 8 uren	STEL / VLA-EC: 1000 ppm (15 minutos). STEL / VLA-EC: 1910 mg/m³ (15 minutos).
Component	Italy	Germany	Portugal	The Netherlands	Finland
Ethyl alcohol	,	200 ppm TWA MAK; 380 mg/m³ TWA MAK	STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutos	huid STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minuten STEL: 1900 mg/m³ 15 minuten TWA: 137 ppm 8 uren TWA: 260 mg/m³ 8 uren	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 tunteina TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 8 tunteina STEL: 1300 ppm 15 minuutteina
Component	Austria	Denmark	Switzerland	Poland	Norway
Ethyl alcohol	MAK-KZGW: 2000 ppm 15 Minuten MAK-KZGW: 3800 mg/m³ 15 Minuten MAK-TMW: 1000 ppm 8 Stunden MAK-TMW: 1900 mg/m³ 8 Stunden	TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 8 timer STEL: 2000 ppm 15 minutter STEL: 3800 mg/m³ 15	STEL: 1000 ppm 15 Minuten STEL: 1920 mg/m³ 15 Minuten TWA: 500 ppm 8 Stunden TWA: 960 mg/m³ 8 Stunden	TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 8 godzinach	TWA: 500 ppm 8 timer TWA: 950 mg/m³ 8 timer STEL: 625 ppm 15 minutter. value calculated STEL: 1187.5 mg/m³ 15 minutter. value calculated
Component	Bulgaria	Croatia	Ireland	Cyprus	Czech Republic
Ethyl alcohol	TWA: 1000 mg/m ³		STEL: 1000 ppm 15 min	Cyprus	TWA: 1000 mg/m³ 8 hodinách. Ceiling: 3000 mg/m³
Component	Estonia	Gibraltar	Greece	Hungary	Iceland
Ethyl alcohol	TWA: 500 ppm 8 tundides. TWA: 1000 mg/m³ 8 tundides. STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutites. STEL: 1900 mg/m³ 15 minutites.	Gioraitai	TWA: 1000 ppm TWA: 1900 mg/m ³	STEL: 2000 ppm 15 percekben. CK STEL: 3800 mg/m³ 15 percekben. CK TWA: 1000 ppm 8 órában. AK TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 8 órában. AK	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 klukkustundum. TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 8 klukkustundum. Ceiling: 2000 ppm Ceiling: 3800 mg/m³
Component	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg	Malta	Romania
Ethyl alcohol	TWA: 1000 mg/m ³	TWA: 500 ppm IPRD TWA: 1000 mg/m³ IPRD STEL: 1000 ppm STEL: 1900 mg/m³	_		TWA: 1000 ppm 8 ore TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 8 ore STEL: 5000 ppm 15 minute STEL: 9500 mg/m³ 15 minute

Ethanol 95% v/v

Component	Russia	Slovak Republic	Slovenia	Sweden	Turkey
Ethyl alcohol	TWA: 1000 mg/m ³ 2391	Ceiling: 1920 mg/m ³	TWA: 960 mg/m ³ 8 urah	Indicative STEL: 1000	
	MAC: 2000 mg/m ³	TWA: 500 ppm	TWA: 500 ppm 8 urah	ppm 15 minuter	
		TWA: 960 mg/m ³	STEL: 1000 ppm 15	Indicative STEL: 1900	
			minutah	mg/m ³ 15 minuter	
			STEL: 1920 mg/m ³ 15	TLV: 500 ppm 8 timmar.	
			minutah	NGV	
				TLV: 1000 mg/m ³ 8	
				timmar. NGV	

Biological limit values

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.

MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours

MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

Component	Acute effects local (Oral)	Acute effects systemic (Oral)	Chronic effects local (Oral)	Chronic effects systemic (Oral)
Ethyl alcohol 64-17-5 (95-96)		DNEL = 87 mg/kg bw/d		

Component	Acute effects local (Dermal)	Acute effects systemic (Dermal)	Chronic effects local (Dermal)	Chronic effects systemic (Dermal)
Ethyl alcohol 64-17-5 (95-96)				DNEL = 343mg/kg bw/day

Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)
Ethyl alcohol 64-17-5 (95-96)	DNEL = 1900mg/m ³			DNEL = 950mg/m ³

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

See values below.

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

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Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Protective gloves **Hand Protection**

ſ	Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
ı	Butyl rubber	> 480 minutes	0.38 mm - 0.56 mm	EN 374	As tested under EN374-3 Determination of
-	Neoprene	> 480 minutes	0.45 mm	Level 6	Resistance to Permeation by Chemicals
-	Viton (R)	> 480 minutes	0.30 mm		•
-	Nitrile rubber	< 60 minutes	0.18 mm		

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing.

Inspect gloves before use, observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information) gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion. gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits Large scale/emergency use

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to

EN14387

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water **Environmental exposure controls**

system.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid

Appearance Clear, Colorless Odor sweet. Characteristic No data available **Odor Threshold Melting Point/Range** -114 °C / -173.2 °F **Softening Point** No data available **Boiling Point/Range** 78 °C / 172.4 °F Highly flammable Flammability (liquid)

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable **Explosion Limits** Lower 3.3 vol %

Upper 19 vol %

Flash Point 13 - 17 °C / 55.4 - 62.6 °F

Autoignition Temperature 363 °C / 685.4 °F **Decomposition Temperature** No data available No information available Ha **Viscosity** No data available

Water Solubility Soluble

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

On basis of test data

Liquid

Method - No information available

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Component log Pow Ethyl alcohol -0.32

Vapor Pressure No data available

Density / Specific Gravity 0.80

Bulk DensityNot applicableLiquidVapor DensityNo data available(Air = 1.0)

Particle characteristics Not applicable (liquid)

9.2. Other information

Molecular Formula C2 H6 O Molecular Weight 46.07

Explosive Properties Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Incompatible products.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Acid anhydrides. Acid chlorides.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

Section 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

OralBased on available data, the classification criteria are not metDermalBased on available data, the classification criteria are not metInhalationBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Comp	onent	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Ethyl	alcohol	LD50 = 10470 mg/kg	-	LC50 = 117-125 mg/l (4h)
		OECD 401 (Rat)		OECD 403 (rat)
		3450 mg/kg (Mouse)		20000 ppm/10H (rat)

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 2

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory Skin

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Ethyl alcohol	Mouse Ear Swelling Test (MEST)	mouse	non-sensitising
64-17-5 (95-96)			
		mouse	non-sensitising
	OECD Test Guideline 429		
	Local Lymph Node Assay		

(e) germ cell mutagenicity;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Ethyl alcohol	AMES test	in vitro	negative
64-17-5 (95-96)	OECD Test Guideline 471	Bacteria	_
	Gene cell mutation		
	OECD Test Guideline 476	in vitro	negative
		Mammalian	_

(f) carcinogenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Ethanol has been shown to be carcinogenic in long-term studies only when consumed and

abused as an alcoholic beverage.

(g) reproductive toxicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	Test method	Test species / Duration	Study result
Ethyl alcohol	OECD Test Guideline 416	Oral / mouse	NOAEL = 13.8 g/kg/day
64-17-5 (95-96)		2 Generation	
	OECD Test Guideline 414		
		Inhalation / Rat	NOAEC =
			16000 ppm

(h) STOT-single exposure; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met (i) STOT-repeated exposure;

Target Organs None known.

(j) aspiration hazard; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Other Adverse Effects The hazards associated with ethanol may be seen in this product.

delayed

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness,

tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any **Endocrine Disrupting Properties**

known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

Section 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecotoxicity effects

Contains no substances known to be hazardous to the environment or that are not degradable in waste water treatment plants.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
Ethyl alcohol	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) LC50 = 14200 mg/l/96h	EC50 = 9268 mg/L/48h EC50 = 10800 mg/L/24h	EC50 (72h) = 275 mg/l (Chlorella vulgaris)

Component	Microtox	M-Factor
Ethyl alcohol	Photobacterium phosphoreum:EC50 = 34634	
	mg/L/30 min	
	Photobacterium phosphoreum:EC50 = 35470	
	mg/L/5 min	<u>'</u>

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

Component	Degradability
Ethyl alcohol	OECD 301E = 94%
64-17-5 (95-96)	

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)	
Ethyl alcohol	-0.32	No data available	

12.4. Mobility in soil

The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility. Disperses rapidly in air.

all

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

12.6. Endocrine disrupting

properties

Endocrine Disruptor Information

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

12.7. Other adverse effects

Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

Section 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused Products

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging

Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

European Waste Catalogue (EWC)

According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific.

Other Information

Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the

application for which the product was used. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in

compliance with local regulations.

Switzerland - Waste Ordinance Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations. Ordinance on the Avoidance and the Disposal of Waste (Waste Ordinance,

ADWO) SR 814.600

https://www.fedlex.admin.ch/eli/cc/2015/891/en

Section 14: Transport information

IMDG/IMO

14.1. UN number UN1170 **14.2. UN proper shipping name** ETHANOL

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 14.4. Packing group II

ADR

14.1. UN number UN1170 14.2. UN proper shipping name ETHANOL

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 14.4. Packing group II

IATA

14.1. UN number UN1170 14.2. UN proper shipping name ETHANOL 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3

14.4. Packing group

14.5. Environmental hazardsNo hazards identified

14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable, packaged goods

Section 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	200-578-6	-	-	X	X	KE-13217	X	X

Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	Х	ACTIVE	X	-	X	Х	Х

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH Not applicable

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	Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	J	REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
ł	Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	-	-	-

Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

	Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) -	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) -
	•		Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident	Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report
			Notification	Requirements
I	Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	Not applicable	Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)? Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

National Regulations

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

WGK Classification

See table for values

Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Ethyl alcohol	WGK1	

1	Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)
	Ethyl alcohol	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84

Swiss Regulations

Article 4 para. 4 of the Ordinance on the protection of young people in the workplace (SR 822.115) and Article 1 lit. f of the EAER regulation on hazardous work and young people (SR 822.115.2).

Take note on Article 13 Maternity Ordinance (SR 822.111.52) with regards expectant and nursing mothers.

Component	Switzerland - Ordinance on the Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR 814.81)	Switzerland - Ordinance on Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC)	Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure
Ethyl alcohol 64-17-5 (95-96)		Group I	

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment/Report (CSA/CSR) has been conducted by the manufacturer/importer

Section 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H319 - Causes serious eve irritation

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b)

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances **KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances Substances List

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate VOC - (volatile organic compound)

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts. Chemical incident response training.

21-May-2009 **Creation Date Revision Date** 07-Feb-2025

Revision Summary SDS sections updated, 2, 3, 4, 11, 12.

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006. COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 .

For Switzerland - Compiled in accordance with the technical provisions referred to in Annex 2. Number 3, ChemO (SR 813.11 - Ordinance on Protection against Dangerous Substances and Preparations).

Disclaimer

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End of Safety Data Sheet