

Creation Date 27-Mar-2012 Revision Date 30-Mar-2023 Revision Number 6

# SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: Microbact Reagent Indole (KOVACS)

Cat No.: MB0209

Synonyms Reagent Indole-Kovacs

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against No Information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Oxoid Limited, . .

Wade Road,

Basingstoke, Hampshire,

RG24 8PW, United Kingdom

Tel: +44 (0) 1256 841144

EU entity/business name

Thermo Fisher Diagnostics B.V., Scheepsbouwersweg 1 B, 1121 PC Landsmeer, The Netherlands.

E-mail address mbd-sds@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Chemtrec US: (800) 424-9300 Chemtrec EU: 001-703-527-3887 Chemtrec China: 400 120 4937

# **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

**Physical hazards** 

Flammable liquids Category 3 (H226)

Substances/mixtures corrosive to metal Category 1 (H290)

**Health hazards** 

Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors Category 4 (H332)

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#### Microbact Reagent Indole (KOVACS)

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Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)

Category 1 B (H314) Category 1 (H318) Category 3 (H335)

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# **Environmental hazards**

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

# 2.2. Label elements



# Signal Word

**Danger** 

# **Hazard Statements**

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

H290 - May be corrosive to metals

H332 - Harmful if inhaled

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

# **Precautionary Statements**

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

### 2.3. Other hazards

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

# **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

# 3.2. Mixtures

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Amyl Alcohol	30899-19-5	EEC No. 250-378-8	70	STOT SE 3 (H335) Acute Tox. 4 (H332) (EUH066)
Hydrochloric acid	7647-01-0	231-595-7	25	Met. Corr. 1 (H290)

#### Microbact Reagent Indole (KOVACS)

		Skin Corr. 1B (H314) Eye Dam. 1 (H318) STOT SE 3 (H335)

Component	Specific concentration limits (SCL's)	M-Factor	Component notes
Hydrochloric acid	Skin Corr. 1B :: C>=25% Skin Irrit. 2 :: 10%<=C<25% Eye Irrit. 2 :: 10%<=C<25% STOT SE 3 :: C>=10% Met. Corr. 1 :: C>=0.1%	-	-

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

# **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

# 4.1. Description of first aid measures

**General Advice** Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. **Eve Contact** 

Immediate medical attention is required.

Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove and wash **Skin Contact** 

contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Get medical attention

if symptoms occur.

Ingestion Get medical attention. Do NOT induce vomiting. Clean mouth with water and drink

afterwards plenty of water.

Inhalation If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Remove from exposure, lie down. Do not use

mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory

medical device. Call a physician immediately.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Causes burns by all exposure routes. Difficulty in breathing. Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation: Symptoms of overexposure may be headache,

dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

# 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed. **Notes to Physician** 

# **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

# 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### Suitable Extinguishing Media

CO<sub>2</sub>, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

#### Microbact Reagent Indole (KOVACS)

# Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

# 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

#### **Hazardous Combustion Products**

Carbon oxides, Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors, Hydrogen chloride gas.

# 5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

# **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

# 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

# **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

# 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Ensure adequate ventilation.

# **Hygiene Measures**

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

# 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Corrosives area. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Class 3 Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

# 7.3. Specific end use(s)

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# **Microbact Reagent Indole (KOVACS)**

Use in laboratories

# **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

# 8.1. Control parameters

#### **Exposure limits**

List source(s): **EU** - Commission Directive (EU) 2019/1831 of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Fourth edition. Published 2020. **IRE** - 2021 Code of Practice for the Chemical Agents Regulations, Schedule 1. Published by the Health and Safety Authority

Component	The United Kingdom	European Union	Ireland
Hydrochloric acid	STEL: 5 ppm 15 min	TWA: 5 ppm 8 hr	TWA: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr. F
	STEL: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min	TWA: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr	TWA: 5 ppm 8 hr.
	TWA: 1 ppm 8 hr	STEL: 10 ppm 15 min	STEL: 10 ppm 15 min
	TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr	STEL: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min	STEL: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min

# **Biological limit values**

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

# Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)
Hydrochloric acid 7647-01-0 ( 25 )	DNEL = 15mg/m <sup>3</sup>		DNEL = 8mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

### **Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)**

No information available.

# 8.2. Exposure controls

# **Engineering Measures**

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

# Personal protective equipment

**Eye Protection** Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Viton (R)	See manufacturers	-	EN 374	(minimum requirement)
	recommendations			

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing.

Inspect gloves before use.

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Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

**Respiratory Protection** When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

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and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

**Recommended Filter type:** low boiling organic solvent Type AX Brown conforming to EN371 or Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to EN14387

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

141

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

# **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

# 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid

Appearance
Odor
Odor
Alcohol-like
Odor Threshold
Melting Point/Range
Softening Point
Boiling Point/Range
Flammability (liquid)
Clear to yellow
Alcohol-like
No data available
No data available
Not applicable
Flammable

Flammability (liquid) Flammable On basis of test data

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Liquid

Explosion Limits No data available

Flash Point 37.8 37.8 - 61.0 °C / 100 °F Method - CC (closed cup)

Autoignition TemperatureNo data availableDecomposition TemperatureNo data available

**pH** 2.0

Viscosity
No data available
Water Solubility
Soluble in water

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Componentlog PowAmyl Alcohol1.16

Vapor PressureNo data availableDensity / Specific GravityNo data available

Bulk DensityNot applicableLiquidVapor DensityNo data available(Air = 1.0)

Particle characteristics Not applicable (liquid)

9.2. Other information

**Explosive Properties** explosive air/vapour mixtures possible

# **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

10.1. Reactivity

None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

**Hazardous Reactions** None under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and

sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

None known.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon oxides. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

Hydrogen chloride gas.

# **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

# 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

# **Product Information**

(a) acute toxicity;

Oral Based on ATE data, the classification criteria are not met

Dermal Based on ATE data, the classification criteria are not met

Inhalation Category 4

# Toxicology data for the components

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Amyl Alcohol	LD50 = 2200 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 = 2000 mg/kg ( Rabbit )	<del>-</del>
Hydrochloric acid	238 - 277 mg/kg (Rat)	> 5010 mg/kg (Rabbit)	1.68 mg/L (Rat)1 h

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 1 B

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

**Respiratory Skin**No data available
No data available

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; No data available

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# Microbact Reagent Indole (KOVACS)

(f) carcinogenicity; No data available

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

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(q) reproductive toxicity; No data available

Category 3 (h) STOT-single exposure;

Results / Target organs Respiratory system.

No data available (i) STOT-repeated exposure;

No information available. **Target Organs** 

(j) aspiration hazard; No data available

delayed

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated. Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation. Symptoms

of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

# 11.2. Information on other hazards

**Endocrine Disrupting Properties** 

Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

# **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

# 12.1. Toxicity **Ecotoxicity effects**

Component Freshwater Fish Water Flea Freshwater Algae LC50: = 400 mg/L, 96h static EC50: 607 - 841 mg/L, 48h EC50: = 181 mg/L, 96h Amyl Alcohol (Oncorhynchus mykiss) Static (Daphnia magna) (Desmodesmus subspicatus) EC50: = 260 mg/L, 48h EC50: = 493 mg/L, 72h LC50: = 650 mg/L, 96h static (Lepomis macrochirus) (Daphnia magna) (Desmodesmus subspicatus) LC50: = 530 mg/L, 96h static (Brachydanio rerio) LC50: = 472 mg/L, 96h static (Pimephales promelas) Hydrochloric acid 282 mg/L LC50 96 h Gambusia 56mg/L EC50 72h Daphnia affinis ma/L LC50 48 h Leucscus idus

Compon	ent	Microtox	M-Factor
Amyl Alco	phol	EC50 = 2500 mg/L 17 h	
Hydrochlori	c acid	-	

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Soluble in water, Persistence is unlikely, based on information available. **Persistence** 

Bioaccumulation is unlikely 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

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# Microbact Reagent Indole (KOVACS)

Amyl Alcohol

The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems . Will likely be mobile in the 12.4. Mobility in soil

environment due to its water solubility. Highly mobile in soils

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

No data available for assessment.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting

properties

**Endocrine Disruptor Information** 

12.7. Other adverse effects

**Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential** 

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

# SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused

**Products** 

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

**Contaminated Packaging** 

Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

**European Waste Catalogue (EWC)** 

According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific.

Other Information

Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not flush to sewer. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms. Solutions with low pH-value must be neutralized before discharge.

# **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Microbact Reagent Indole-Kovacs (contains Hydrochloric acid)

IMDG/IMO

UN2920 14.1. UN number

14.2. UN proper shipping name CORROSIVE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.

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**Technical Shipping Name** 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) **Subsidiary Hazard Class** 

3 II

14.4. Packing group

ADR

14.1. UN number UN2920

CORROSIVE LIQUID. FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. 14.2. UN proper shipping name

**Technical Shipping Name** Microbact Reagent Indole-Kovacs (contains Hydrochloric acid)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) **Subsidiary Hazard Class** 3

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No data available

#### Microbact Reagent Indole (KOVACS)

14.4. Packing group

<u>IATA</u>

**14.1. UN number** UN2920

**14.2. UN proper shipping name** CORROSIVE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.

**Technical Shipping Name** Microbact Reagent Indole-Kovacs (contains Hydrochloric acid)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)8Subsidiary Hazard Class314.4. Packing groupII

14.5. Environmental hazards No hazards identified

**14.6. Special precautions for user** No special precautions required.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable, packaged goods

# **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

# 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### **International Inventories**

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
Amyl Alcohol	30899-19-5	250-378-8	-	-	X	X	-	X	X
Hydrochloric acid	7647-01-0	-	-	-	Х	X	KE-20189	Х	X

Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
Amyl Alcohol	30899-19-5	ı	ı	X	ı	X	Χ	X
Hydrochloric acid	7647-01-0	X	ACTIVE	X	-	X	Х	X

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

# Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization		REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Amyl Alcohol	30899-19-5	-	-	-
Hydrochloric acid	7647-01-0	-	Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	-

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report
		Notification	Requirements
Amyl Alcohol	30899-19-5	Not applicable	Not applicable
Hydrochloric acid	7647-01-0	25 tonne	250 tonne

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and

#### Microbact Reagent Indole (KOVACS)

# import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

Take note of Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

#### **National Regulations**

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

**WGK Classification** 

Water endangering class = 1 (self classification)

Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Hydrochloric acid	WGK1	

Component	Switzerland - Ordinance on the Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR 814.81)	Switzerland - Ordinance on Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC)	Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure
Hydrochloric acid 7647-01-0 (25)	Prohibited and Restricted Substances		

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment/Reports (CSA/CSR) are not required for mixtures

# SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

# Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H290 - May be corrosive to metals

H332 - Harmful if inhaled

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

# Legend

**CAS** - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

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Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

**KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

**ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

**ACGIH** - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

**DNEL** - Derived No Effect Level

**RPE** - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

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#### Microbact Reagent Indole (KOVACS)

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**PBT** - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime

Dangerous Goods Code

**OECD** - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

**BCF** - Bioconcentration factor

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

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MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

Ships

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

# Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

#### Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Physical hazards

Health Hazards

Environmental hazards

On basis of test data
Calculation method
Calculation method

# **Training Advice**

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Chemical incident response training.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts.

**Creation Date** 27-Mar-2012 **Revision Date** 30-Mar-2023

**Revision Summary** Update to CLP Format.

# This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006. COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

# Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

# **End of Safety Data Sheet**

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