

Australian statement of hazardous nature: Classified as hazardous according to criteria of Safe Work Australia

Section 1 - Identification

Product Name <u>Ultra Mount</u>

CAS No 509-34-2

Product Code FNNII063, FNNII063SDS, FNNII065B, FNNII065C, FNNII063C, FNNII065D, FNNII063D,

FNNULTMOU6T, FNNII065F, FNNII063F, FNNULTMOU7T, FNNII063H, FNNII063G

Address ThermoFisher Scientific Australia Pty Ltd

5 Caribbean Drive, Scoresby VICTORIA 3179. Australia

Emergency Tel. CHEMTREC®

03 9757 4559 or +613 9757 4559

Telephone / Fax Numbers Tel: 1300 735 292

Fax: 1800 067 639

E-mail address ANZinfo@thermofisher.com

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Uses advised against This product does not contain any substance(s) on the Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents list.

This product does not contain any substance(s) subject to Prohibition, Authorization or Restriction. This product does not contain any substance(s) listed on the voluntary National

Code of Practice for Chemicals of Security Concern.

Section 2 - Hazard(s) Identification

Classification under Safe Work Australia

Classified as hazardous according to criteria of Safe Work Australia

Physical hazards

Flammable liquids Category 3

Health hazards

Acute Dermal Toxicity

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Category 3

Category 2B

Environmental hazards

Label Elements

AUS-001590 Version 3 12-Mar-2025 Page 1/11





Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H312 + H332 - Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled

Precautionary Statements

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P242 - Use non-sparking tools

P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

P264 - Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

Other information

Toxicity to Soil Dwelling Organisms

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

Section 3 - Composition and Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS No	Weight %
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	1330-20-7	>60
2.6-Di-tert-butvl-p-cresol	128-37-0	<1

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

Inhalation

If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Remove to fresh air. Immediate medical attention is required. Risk of serious damage to the lungs (by aspiration).

Ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward.

AUS-001590 Version 3 12-Mar-2025 Page 2/11

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical

attention is required.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. In

the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical

advice.

General Advice Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is

required.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Use personal protective equipment as required.

First Aid Facilities Eyewash, safety shower and washroom.

Most important symptoms and

effects

Causes burns by all exposure routes. May cause allergic skin reaction. Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation: Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Symptoms of allergic reaction may include rash, itching, swelling, trouble breathing, tingling of the hands and feet,

dizziness, lightheadedness, chest pain, muscle pain or flushing

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically.

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water mist may be used to cool closed containers. CO₂, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire fighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

Emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Environmental Precautions

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods for Containment and Clean Up

Clean-up methods - small spillage

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

AUS-001590 Version 3 12-Mar-2025 Page 3 / 11

Clean-up methods - large spillage

Typically only supplied is small quantiites as packaged goods.

If extremely toxic or used in larger quantities ensure a spillage action plan is in place. Evacuate area. Control the source and/or contain the spill if safe and able to do so. Use temporary diking, sand bags, dry sand, earth or proprietary booms/absorbent pads if available. Obtain advice on containment, neutralisation and clean-up from local emergency responders.

Reference to Other Sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Precautions for Safe Handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including any Incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Corrosives area. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

AS/NZS 2243.10:2004, Safety in laboratories - Storage of chemicals AS 1940-2004 - The storage and handling of flammable and combustible liquids

Section 8 - Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

Exposure limits

AUS - Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment - Guidance Note on the Interpretation of Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment [NOHSC:3008(1995)] Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment [NOHSC:1003(1995)]

updated in August, 2005. Safe Work Australia

ACGIH - Threshold Limit Values - Ceiling (TLV-C) guidelines by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) for controlling worker exposure to airborne chemical concentrations in the workplace.

UK - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Fourth edition. Published 2020.

DE - MAK and BAT values of Hazardous Chemical Compounds in the Work Area. Published by German Research Foundation on July 1, 2011

NZ - Workplace Exposure Standards and Biological Exposure Indices (6th edition). New Zealand Department of Labor

Component	Australia	New Zealand WEL	ACGIH TLV	The United Kingdom	Germany
Xylenes (o-, m-, p-	STEL: 150 ppm	TWA: 50 ppm	TWA: 20 ppm	STEL: 100 ppm 15 min	TWA: 50 ppm (8
isomers)	STEL: 655 mg/m ³	TWA: 217 mg/m ³		STEL: 441 mg/m ³ 15	Stunden). AGW -
	TWA: 80 ppm			min	exposure factor 2
	TWA: 350 mg/m ³			TWA: 50 ppm 8 hr	TWA: 220 mg/m ³ (8
				TWA: 220 mg/m ³ 8 hr	Stunden). AGW -
				Skin	exposure factor 2
					TWA: 50 ppm (8
					Stunden). MAK all isomers
					TWA: 220 mg/m ³ (8
					Stunden). MAK all
					isomers
					Höhepunkt: 100 ppm
					Höhepunkt: 440 mg/m ³
					Haut
					Haut all isomers
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cre	TWA: 10 mg/m ³	TWA: 10 mg/m ³	TWA: 2 mg/m ³	STEL: 30 mg/m ³ 15 min	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
sol				TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hr	Stunden). AGW -
					exposure factor 4
					TWA: 10 mg/m ³ (8
					Stunden). MAK can
					occur as vapor and
					aerosol at the same
					time Höhepunkt: 40 mg/m ³
					Honepunkt. 40 mg/m

AUS-001590 Version 3 12-Mar-2025 Page 4/11

Biological limit values

UK - Biological Monitoring Guidance Values provided by the UK's Health and Safety Executive (HSE) Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 (as amended) and EH40/2005.

Component	Australia	New Zealand	European Union	United Kingdom	Germany
Xylenes (o-, m-, p-		1.5 g/L (urine) end of		Methyl hippuric acid:	Methylhippuric(tolur-)aci
isomers)		shift (Methylhippuric		650 mmol/mol creatinine	d (all isomers): 2000
·		acid)		urine post shift	mg/L urine (end of shift
		,			all isomers)

Exposure Controls

Engineering Measures

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles (Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337 - Eye protectors for Industrial

applications)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material Nitrile rubber Neoprene	Breakthrough time See manufacturers recommendations	Glove thickness	AUS/NZ Standard AS/NZS 2161	Glove comments (minimum requirement)
Natural rubber PVC				

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing

Repiratory Protection Use an AS/NZS 1716 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or

other symptoms are experienced. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained in line with AS/NZS 1715 on the use

and maintenance of repiratory protective devices

Recommended Filter type: Particulates filter conforming to EN 143 (or AUS/NZ equivalent)

Recommended half mask:- Particle filtering: EN149:2001 (or AUS/NZ equivalent)

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Environmental exposure controls Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water

system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Colorless to yellow

Physical State Liquid

Odor No information available

AUS-001590 Version 3 12-Mar-2025 Page 5 / 11

Odor Threshold No data available

pH Not applicable
Melting Point/Range No data available
Softening Point No data available

Boiling Point/Range No information available

Flash Point No information available Method - No information available

Evaporation RateNot applicableSolidFlammability (solid,gas)Not applicableLiquid

Explosion Limits No data available

Vapor Pressure No information available

Vapor Density Not applicable Solid

Specific Gravity / Density

Bulk Density

No data available

Not applicable

Liquid

Water Solubility Insoluble

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Componentlog PowXylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)3.152,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol5.1

Autoignition Temperature

Decomposition Temperature

No data available
No data available

Viscosity Not applicable Solid

Explosive Properties explosive air/vapour mixtures possible **Oxidizing Properties** No information available

Other information

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity None known, based on information available

Stability Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Incompatible products, Excess heat, Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and

sources of ignition.

Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

Information on Toxicological Effects

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

OralCategory 4DermalCategory 4InhalationCategory 3

	Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
ı	Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	LD50 = 3500 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 > 4350 mg/kg (Rabbit)	29.08 mg/L [MOE Risk
				Assessment Vol.1, 2002]
ı	2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol	> 6 g/kg (Rat)	> 2 g/kg (Rat)	

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 1 B

AUS-001590 Version 3 12-Mar-2025 Page 6/11

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory No data available

Skin Category 1

Sensitization No information available

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; Category 2

(f) carcinogenicity; Category 2

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

No data available (g) reproductive toxicity;

(h) STOT-single exposure; Category 3

Results / Target organs Respiratory system

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Category 2

Target Organs No information available.

Category 1 (j) aspiration hazard;

Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

delayed

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation: Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Symptoms of allergic reaction may include rash, itching, swelling, trouble breathing, tingling of the hands and feet, dizziness, lightheadedness, chest pain, muscle pain or flushing

Section 12 - Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity effects

The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment. Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae	Microtox
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	LC50: 30.26 - 40.75	LC50: = 0.6 mg/L, 48h		EC50 = 0.0084 mg/L 24
	mg/L, 96h static	(Gammarus lacustris)		h
	(Poecilia reticulata)	EC50: = 3.82 mg/L, 48h		
	LC50: = 780 mg/L, 96h	(water flea)		
	semi-static (Cyprinus			
	carpio)			
	LC50: 23.53 - 29.97			
	mg/L, 96h static			
	(Pimephales promelas)			
	LC50: > 780 mg/L, 96h			
	(Cyprinus carpio)			
	LC50: 7.711 - 9.591			
	mg/L, 96h static			
	(Lepomis macrochirus)			
	LC50: = 19 mg/L, 96h			
	(Lepomis macrochirus)			
	LC50: 13.1 - 16.5 mg/L,			
	96h flow-through			

AUS-001590 Version 3 12-Mar-2025 Page 7/11

	(Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: 13.5 - 17.3 mg/L, 96h (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: 2.661 - 4.093 mg/L, 96h static (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: = 13.4 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Pimephales promelas)			
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol	LC50 = 0.199 mg/L 96h	EC50 >0.31 mg/L 48h	EC50 = 0.758 mg/L 96h EC50 = 6 mg/L 72 h	EC50 = 7.82 mg/L 5 min EC50 = 8.57 mg/L 15 min EC50 = 8.98 mg/L 30 min

Persistence and Degradability

Persistence

Insoluble in water.

Degradation in sewage treatment plant
Bioaccumulative Potential

Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants.

May have some potential to bioaccumulate

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	3.15	0.6 - 15 dimensionless
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol	5.1	230 - 2500 dimensionless

Mobility

Spillage unlikely to penetrate soil. Is not likely mobile in the environment due its low water

solubility

Endocrine Disruptor Information Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Waste from Residues/Unused Products

Do not allow into drains or watercourses or dispose of where ground or surface waters may be affected. Wastes, including emptied containers, are controlled wastes and should be disposed of in accordance with all federal, E.P.A., state and local regulations. Assure conformity with all applicable regulations.

Contaminated Packaging

Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

Other Information

Chemical wastes should be disposed through a licensed commercial waste collection service. Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms. Do not let this chemical enter the environment.

Section 14 - Transport Information

IMDG/IMO

UN-No
Proper Shipping Name
Technical Shipping Name
Hazard Class
Packing Group
UN1307
XYLENES
XYLENE
3
III

ADG

UN-No UN1307 Proper Shipping Name XYLENES

AUS-001590 Version 3 12-Mar-2025 Page 8/11

Technical Shipping Name	XYLENE	
Hazard Class	3	
Packing Group	III	

Component	Hazchem Code
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	3Y
1330-20-7 (>60)	3YE

IATA

UN-No
Proper Shipping Name
Technical Shipping Name
Hazard Class
Packing Group
UN1307
XYLENES
XYLENE
3

Environmental hazards Dangerous for the environment

Product is a marine pollutant according to the criteria set by IMDG/IMO

Special Precautions No special precautions required

Additional information None known

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National Regulations Australia

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters.

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

Classified as a scheduled poison according to the Standard for Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.

Component	Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) - 1330-20-7	Schedule 5 listed - including Kerosene, Diesel [distillate], Mineral turpentine, White petroleum spirit,
	Toluene, Xylene and light mineral and paraffin oils but except their derivative; except a) Toluene and
	Xylene when included in Schedule 6, or b) Benzene and liquid aromatic hydrocarbons when included
	in Schedule 7, or c) food grade and pharmaceutical grade White mineral oil, or d) in solid or semi-solid
	preparations, or e) in preparations containing <=25% of designated solvents, or f) in preparations
	packed in pressurized spray packs, or g) in adhesives packed in containers each containing <=50
	grams of adhesive, or h) in writing correction fluids and thinners for writing correction fluids packed in
	containers having a capacity of <=20 mL, or i) in other preparations when packed in containers with a
	capacity of <=2 mL
	Schedule 6 listed - except its derivatives; except in preparations containing <=50% of Xylene or Xylene
	and Toluene

Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)

Component	Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)	Additional information
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) - 1330-20-7	Present	-
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol - 128-37-0	Present	-

Australian - Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents Substance List

This product does not contain any substance(s) on the Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents list.

Chemicals of Security Concern

This product does not contain any substance(s) listed on the voluntary National Code of Practice for Chemicals of Security

AUS-001590 Version 3 12-Mar-2025 Page 9 / 11

Concern

National pollutant inventory Subject to reporting requirements

Component	National pollutant inventory
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) - 1330-20-7	10 tonne/yr. Threshold category 1 including individual or mixed isomers

Prohibition or notification/licensing requirements

Shown below are details of specific prohibition/notifications or licencing requirements when they apply.

This product does not contain any substance(s) subject to Prohibition, Authorization or Restriction.

International Inventories

Component	AICS	NZIoC	EINECS	ELINCS	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	PICCS	ENCS	ISHL	IECSC	KECL
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	Х	Х	215-535-7	-	Х	Х	-	Х	Х	Х	Х	KE-35427
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cres ol	Х	Х	204-881-4	-	Х	Х	=	Х	Х	Х	Х	KE-03079

Legend: X - Listed. '-' - Not Listed. KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

International Regulations

Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

Persistent Organic Pollutant This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

Rotterdam Convention (PIC) Not applicable

Basel convention on the control of transboundary movements of hazardous wastes and their dispoal

Take note that wastes may be subject to export, import, or transit controls pursuant to the Basel convention and/or local regulations implementing the Basel convention.

Component	Basel Convention (Hazardous Waste)	Australian Hazardous Waste Act - Categories of Wastes to Be Controlled
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) - 1330-20-7	Annex I - Y42	Y42 except Halogenated solvents

Component	CAS No	OECD HPV	Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS)	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	1330-20-7	Listed	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol	128-37-0	Listed	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	,	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	-	Use restricted. See entry 75. (see link for restriction details)	-

AUS-001590 Version 3 12-Mar-2025 Page 10 / 11

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

Section 16 - Other Information

Legend

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

NZS 5433:2020 - Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% **WEL** - Workplace Exposure Limit

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level **POW** - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime

Dangerous Goods Code

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Chemical incident response training.

Revision Date 12-Mar-2025

Revision Summary Update to GHS format.

This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is prepared in accordance to and complies with the requirements of Safe Work Australia - Work Health and Safety Regulations (WHS Regulations).

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet

AUS-001590 Version 3 12-Mar-2025 Page 11 / 11