

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Creation Date 13-Oct-2009 Revision Date 24-Mar-2024 **Revision Number** 3

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE **COMPANY/UNDERTAKING**

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: Ethyl acetate Cat No.: R36106

Svnonvms Acetic acid ethyl ester

Index No 607-022-00-5 **CAS No** 141-78-6 EC No 205-500-4 Molecular Formula C4 H8 O2

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Sector of use SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

PC21 - Laboratory chemicals **Product category**

PROC15 - Use as a laboratory reagent **Process categories**

ERC6a - Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates) **Environmental release category**

Uses advised against No Information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Thermo Fisher (Kandel) GmbH

Erlenbachweg 2, 76870 Kandel, Germany

Tel: +49 (0) 721 84007 280 Fax: +49 (0) 721 84007 300

Swiss distributor - Fisher Scientific AG Neuhofstrasse 11. CH 4153 Reinach

Tel: +41 (0) 56 618 41 11

https://www.fishersci.ch/ch/en/customer-help-

support/forms/email-us.html

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information **US** call: 001-800-227-6701 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number US:001-201-796-7100 / Europe: +32 14 57 52 99 CHEMTREC Tel. No.US:001-800-424-9300 / Europe:001-703-527-3887

customers in Switzerland:

Tox Info Suisse Emergency Number: 145 (24hr)

Tox Info Suisse: +41-44 251 51 51 (Emergency number from abroad)

Chemtrec (24h) Toll-Free: 0800 564 402 Chemtrec Local: +41-43 508 20 11 (Zurich)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

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2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Physical hazards

Flammable liquids Category 2 (H225)

Health hazards

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2 (H319)
Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure) Category 3 (H336)

Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

Precautionary Statements

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P240 - Ground and bond container and receiving equipment

P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

2.3. Other hazards

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB)

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

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3.1. Substances

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	EEC No. 205-500-4	<=100	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) STOT SE 3 (H336) EUH066

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation persists,

call a physician.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Difficulty in breathing. May cause central nervous system depression: Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea

and vomiting

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable. Risk of ignition. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated.

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Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Ensure adequate ventilation. Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Flammables area. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

Class 3

Switzerland - Storage of hazardous substances

Storage class - SC 3

https://www.kvu.ch/de/themen/stoffe-und-produkte https://www.kvu.ch/fr/themes/substances-et-produits https://www.kvu.ch/it/temi/sostanze-e-prodotti

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

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8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Forth edition. Published 2020. **IRE** - 2010 Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations 2001. Published by the Health and Safety Authority. **CH** - The Government of Switzerland has set a directive on limit values for working materials (Grenzwerte am Arbeitsplatz) which is based on the Swiss Federal Regulation "Verordnung über die Verhütung von Unfällen und Berufskrankheiten". This directive is administered, periodically revised and enforced by SUVA (Swiss National Accident Insurance Fund). **EU** - Commission Directive (EU) 2019/1831 of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC

Component	European Union	The United Kingdom	France	Belgium	Spain
Ethyl acetate	TWA: 734 mg/m ³ (8h)	STEL: 1468 mg/m ³ 15	TWA / VME: 200 ppm (8	TWA: 200 ppm 8 uren	STEL / VLA-EC: 400
	TWA: 200 ppm (8h)	min	heures).	TWA: 734 mg/m ³ 8 uren	ppm (15 minutos).
	STEL: 1468 mg/m ³	STEL: 400 ppm 15 min	TWA / VME: 734 mg/m ³	STEL: 400 ppm 15	STEL / VLA-EC: 1468
	(15min)	TWA: 734 mg/m ³ 8 hr	(8 heures).	minuten	mg/m³ (15 minutos).
	STEL: 400 ppm (15min)	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hr	STEL / VLCT: 400 ppm.	STEL: 1468 mg/m ³ 15	TWA / VLA-ED: 200
			restrictive limit	minuten	ppm (8 horas)
			STEL / VLCT: 1468		TWA / VLA-ED: 734
			mg/m ³ . restrictive limit		mg/m³ (8 horas)

Component	Italy	Germany	Portugal	The Netherlands	Finland
Ethyl acetate	TWA: 734 mg/m ³ 8 ore.	TWA: 200 ppm (8	STEL: 1468 mg/m ³ 15	STEL: 1468 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 200 ppm 8
	Time Weighted Average	Stunden). AGW -	minutos	minuten	tunteina
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 ore.	exposure factor 2	STEL: 400 ppm 15	TWA: 734 mg/m ³ 8 uren	TWA: 730 mg/m ³ 8
	Time Weighted Average	TWA: 730 mg/m ³ (8	minutos		tunteina
	STEL: 1468 mg/m ³ 15	Stunden). AGW -	TWA: 200 ppm 8 horas		STEL: 400 ppm 15
	minuti. Short-term	exposure factor 2	TWA: 734 mg/m ³ 8		minuutteina
	STEL: 400 ppm 15	TWA: 200 ppm (8	horas		STEL: 1470 mg/m ³ 15
	minuti. Short-term	Stunden). MAK			minuutteina
		TWA: 750 mg/m ³ (8			
		Stunden). MAK			
		Höhepunkt: 400 ppm			
		Höhepunkt: 1500 mg/m ³			

Component	Austria	Denmark	Switzerland	Poland	Norway
Ethyl acetate	MAK-KZGW: 400 ppm	TWA: 150 ppm 8 timer	STEL: 400 ppm 15	STEL: 1468 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 200 ppm 8 timer
	15 Minuten	TWA: 540 mg/m ³ 8 timer	Minuten	minutach	TWA: 734 mg/m ³ 8 timer
	MAK-KZGW: 1468	STEL: 1468 mg/m ³ 15	STEL: 1460 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 734 mg/m ³ 8	STEL: 400 ppm 15
	mg/m ³ 15 Minuten	minutter	Minuten	godzinach	minutter. value from the
	MAK-TMW: 200 ppm 8	STEL: 400 ppm 15	TWA: 200 ppm 8	-	regulation
	Stunden	minutter	Stunden		STEL: 1468 mg/m ³ 15
	MAK-TMW: 734 mg/m ³		TWA: 730 mg/m ³ 8		minutter. value from the
	8 Stunden		Stunden		regulation

Component	Bulgaria	Croatia	Ireland	Cyprus	Czech Republic
Ethyl acetate	Ethyl acetate TWA: 734 mg/m ³		TWA: 734 mg/m ³ 8 hr.	STEL: 1468 mg/m ³	TWA: 700 mg/m ³ 8
	TWA: 200 ppm		TWA: 200 ppm 8 hr.	STEL: 400 ppm	hodinách.
STEL: 1468 mg/m ³		TWA-GVI: 734 mg/m ³ 8	STEL: 1468 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 734 mg/m ³	Ceiling: 900 mg/m ³
STEL: 400 ppm		satima.	min	TWA: 200 ppm	
			STEL: 400 ppm 15 min		
		STEL-KGVI: 1468			
		mg/m ³ 15 minutama.			

Component	Estonia	Gibraltar	Greece	Hungary	Iceland
Ethyl acetate	TWA: 150 ppm 8	TWA: 734 ppm 8 hr	STEL: 400 ppm	STEL: 1468 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 150 ppm 8
	tundides.	TWA: 200 mg/m ³ 8 hr	STEL: 1468 mg/m ³	percekben. CK	klukkustundum.
	TWA: 500 mg/m ³ 8	STEL: 1468 ppm 15 min	TWA: 200 ppm	TWA: 734 mg/m ³ 8	TWA: 540 mg/m ³ 8
	tundides.	STEL: 400 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 734 mg/m ³	órában. AK	klukkustundum.
	STEL: 300 ppm 15	min	_		Ceiling: 300 ppm
	minutites.				Ceiling: 1080 mg/m ³
	STEL: 1100 mg/m ³ 15				
	minutites.				

	Component	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg	Malta	Romania
[Ethyl acetate	STEL: 1468 mg/m ³	Ceiling: 300 ppm	TWA: 734 mg/m ³ 8	TWA: 200 ppm	TWA: 111 ppm 8 ore

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STEL: 400 ppm	Ceiling: 1100 mg/m ³	Stunden	TWA: 734 mg/m ³	TWA: 400 mg/m ³ 8 ore
TWA: 200 mg/m ³	TWA: 150 ppm IPRD	TWA: 200 ppm 8	STEL: 400 ppm 15	STEL: 139 ppm 15
TWA: 54 ppm	TWA: 500 mg/m ³ IPRD	Stunden	minuti	minute
	-	STEL: 1468 mg/m ³ 15	STEL: 1468 mg/m ³ 15	STEL: 500 mg/m ³ 15
		Minuten	minuti	minute
		STEL: 400 ppm 15		
		Minuten		

Component	Russia	Slovak Republic	Slovenia	Sweden	Turkey
Ethyl acetate	TWA: 50 mg/m ³ 2417	Ceiling: 1100 mg/m ³	TWA: 200 ppm 8 urah	Binding STEL: 300 ppm	
	MAC: 200 mg/m ³	TWA: 200 ppm	TWA: 734 mg/m ³ 8 urah	15 minuter	
		TWA: 734 mg/m ³	STEL: 400 ppm 15	Binding STEL: 1100	
			minutah	mg/m ³ 15 minuter	
			STEL: 1468 mg/m ³ 15	TLV: 150 ppm 8 timmar.	
			minutah	NGV	
				TLV: 550 mg/m ³ 8	
				timmar. NGV	

Biological limit values

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.

MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours

MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

Component	Acute effects local (Dermal)	Acute effects systemic (Dermal)	Chronic effects local (Dermal)	Chronic effects systemic (Dermal)
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6 (<=100)				DNEL = 63mg/kg bw/day

Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)
Ethyl acetate	$DNEL = 1468 \text{ mg/m}^3$	$DNEL = 1468 \text{ mg/m}^3$	DNEL = 734 mg/m^3	$DNEL = 734mg/m^3$
141-78-6 (<=100)	400 ppm	400 ppm	200 ppm	

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

See values below.

Component	Fresh water	Fresh water	Water Intermittent	Microorganisms in	Soil (Agriculture)
		sediment		sewage treatment	
Ethyl acetate	PNEC = 0.24mg/L	PNEC = 1.15mg/kg	PNEC = 1.65mg/L	PNEC = 650mg/L	PNEC =
141-78-6 (<=100)		sediment dw	-	_	0.148mg/kg soil dw

Component	Marine water	Marine water	Marine water	Food chain	Air
		sediment	Intermittent		
Ethyl acetate	PNEC = 0.024mg/L	PNEC =		PNEC = 0.2g/kg	

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141-78-6 (<=100)	0.115mg/kg	food	
	sediment dw		

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material Butyl rubber Nitrile rubber	Breakthrough time > 120 minutes < 200 minutes	Glove thickness 0.5 - 0.7 mm	EU standard EN 374 Level 4	Glove comments Permeation rate 8 μg/cm2/min As tested under EN374-3 Determination of Resistance to Permeation by Chemicals
PVA Nitrile rubber	> 360 minutes < 30 minutes	0.3 mm 0.38 mm		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing.

Inspect gloves before use. observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information) gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion. gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection No protective equipment is needed under normal use conditions.

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Small scale/Laboratory use Maintain adequate ventilation

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid

Appearance Colorless
Odor sweet
Odor Threshold 50 ppm

Melting Point/Range -83.5 °C / -118.3 °F Softening Point No data available

Boiling Point/Range 75 - 78 °C / 167 - 172.4 °F

Flammability (liquid) Highly flammable On basis of test data

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Liquid

Explosion Limits Lower 2 Vol% Upper 12 Vol%

Flash Point -4 °C / 24.8 °F Method - CC (closed cup)

Autoignition Temperature 427 °C / 800.6 °F Decomposition Temperature No data available

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pH No information available

 Viscosity
 0.45 cP @ 20 °C
 Dynamic

 Water Solubility
 80 g/l
 20 °C

Solubility in other solvents Miscible Alcohol acetone

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Componentlog PowEthyl acetate0.73

Vapor Pressure 103 mbar @ 20°C

Density / Specific Gravity0.902@ 20 °CBulk DensityNot applicableLiquidVapor Density3.04(Air = 1.0)

Particle characteristics Not applicable (liquid)

9.2. Other information

Molecular FormulaC4 H8 O2Molecular Weight88.11

Explosive Properties Not explosive Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air

constituent elements)

Evaporation Rate 6.2 - (Butyl Acetate = 1.0)

Surface tension 24 mN/m @ 20°C

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible products. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Amines. Peroxides.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

Oral Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Dermal Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Inhalation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

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al LC50 Inhalation
bbit) 58 mg/l (rat; 8 h) Rabbit)
t

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Test method OECD 404
Test species rabbit

Observational endpoint No skin irritation

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 2
Test method OECD 405
Test species rabbit eye
Observation end point Irritating to eyes

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

RespiratorySkin
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Ethyl acetate	OECD Test Guideline 406	guinea pig	 non-sensitising
141-78-6 (<=100)			_

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6 (<=100)	OECD Test Guideline 471 AMES test	in vitro Bacteria	negative
	OECD Test Guideline 473 Chromosomal aberration assay	in vitro Mammalian	negative
	OECD Test Guideline 476 Gene cell mutation	in vitro Mammalian	negative
	OECD Test Guideline 474 Mouse micronucleus assay	in vivo Mammalian	negative

(f) carcinogenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

(g) reproductive toxicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(3)				
Component	Test method	Test method Test species / Duration		
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6 (<=100)	OECD Test Guideline 416	Oral mouse 2 Generation	NOAEL = 26400 mg/kg bw/day	
	OECD Test Guideline 414	Inhalation Rat	NOAEC = 73300 mg/m ³	

(h) STOT-single exposure; Category 3

Results / Target organs Central nervous system (CNS).

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Test methodEPA OTS 795.2600EPA OTS 798.2450Test species / DurationRat / 90 daysRat / 90 days

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Study result NOAEL = 900 mg/kg bw/day NOEC = 1.28 mg/l

LOAEL = 3600 mg/kg

Oral Route of exposure Inhalation

None known. **Target Organs**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met (j) aspiration hazard;

delayed

Symptoms / effects, both acute and May cause central nervous system depression. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may

cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine Disrupting Properties

Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Ecotoxicity effects

Do not empty into drains.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
Ethyl acetate	Fathead minnow: LC50: 230 mg/l/ 96h Gold orfe: LC50: 270 mg/L/48h	EC50 = 717 mg/L/48h	EC50 = 3300 mg/L/48h

Component	Microtox	M-Factor
Ethyl acetate	EC50 = 1180 mg/L 5 min	
	EC50 = 1500 mg/L 15 min	
	EC50 = 5870 mg/L 15 min	
	EC50 = 7400 mg/L 2 h	<u>'</u>

12.2. Persistence and degradability Readily biodegradable

Persistence is unlikely, based on information available Persistence

1 61313161166	r crossience is drillikely, based on	information available:		
	Component	Degradability		
	Ethyl acetate	79 % (20 d) (OECD 301 D)		
	141-78-6 (<=100)			

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Ethyl acetate	0.73	30 dimensionless

The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all 12.4. Mobility in soil

surfaces. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility. Disperses rapidly in

24 mN/m @ 20°C **Surface tension**

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

12.6. Endocrine disrupting

Endocrine Disruptor Information

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

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12.7. Other adverse effects

Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused

Products

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging

Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

European Waste Catalogue (EWC)

According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific.

Other Information

Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not flush to sewer. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations.

Switzerland - Waste Ordinance

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Ordinance on the Avoidance and the Disposal of Waste (Waste Ordinance,

ADWO) SR 814.600

https://www.fedlex.admin.ch/eli/cc/2015/891/en

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

14.1. UN number UN1173

14.2. UN proper shipping name ETHYL ACETATE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3
14.4. Packing group II

<u>ADR</u>

14.1. UN number UN1173

14.2. UN proper shipping name ETHYL ACETATE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 14.4. Packing group II

IATA

14.1. UN number UN1173

14.2. UN proper shipping name ETHYL ACETATE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 14.4. Packing group II

14.5. Environmental hazards No hazards identified

14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required.

<u>14.7. Maritime transport in bulk</u> Not applicable, packaged goods <u>according to IMO instruments</u>

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SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Ethyl acetate 141-78-6 205-500-4 X X KE-00047 X X	Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
	Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	205-500-4	-	-	X	X	KE-00047	Х	Х

Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	Х	ACTIVE	Χ	1	Χ	Χ	X

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed

KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization		REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	-	Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	-

REACH links

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Seveso III Directive (2012/18/E	
		Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident	Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report
		Notification	Requirements
Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	Not applicable	Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)? Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at

Take note of Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

National Regulations

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

WGK Classification See table for values

Ethyl acetate

Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Ethyl acetate	WGK1	

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)		
Ethyl acetate	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84		

Swiss Regulations

Article 4 para. 4 of the Ordinance on the protection of young people in the workplace (SR 822.115) and Article 1 lit. f of the EAER regulation on hazardous work and young people (SR 822.115.2).

Take note on Article 13 Maternity Ordinance (SR 822.111.52) with regards expectant and nursing mothers.

Component	Switzerland - Ordinance on the Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR 814.81)	Switzerland - Ordinance on Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC)	Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6 (<=100)		Group I	

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment/Report (CSA/CSR) has been conducted by the manufacturer/importer

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

Revision Date 24-Mar-2024

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

Substances List

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%

POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate VOC - (volatile organic compound)

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Training Advice

Ethyl acetate Revision Date 24-Mar-2024

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts. Chemical incident response training.

Prepared By Health, Safety and Environmental Department

Creation Date13-Oct-2009Revision Date24-Mar-2024

Revision Summary New emergency telephone response service provider.

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006. COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

For Switzerland - Compiled in accordance with the technical provisions referred to in Annex 2, Number 3, ChemO (SR 813.11 - Ordinance on Protection against Dangerous Substances and Preparations).

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet