

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Creation Date 09-May-2012 Revision Date 21-Aug-2023 Revision Number 1

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: Bromothymol blue solution 0.04% contains methylated spirit

Cat No. : TS/0331/08

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against No Information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

EU entity/business name Thermo Fisher Scientific Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a

2440 Geel, Belgium

UK entity/business name

Fisher Scientific UK

Bishop Meadow Road, Loughborough, Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom

Swiss distributor - Fisher Scientific AG Neuhofstrasse 11, CH 4153 Reinach

Tel: +41 (0) 56 618 41 11

e-mail - infoch@thermofisher.com

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Tel: 01509 231166

Chemtrec US: (800) 424-9300 Chemtrec EU: 001-703-527-3887

For customers in Switzerland:

Tox Info Suisse Emergency Number: 145 (24hr)

Tox Info Suisse: +41-44 251 51 51 (Emergency number from abroad)

Chemtrec (24h) Toll-Free: 0800 564 402 Chemtrec Local: +41-43 508 20 11 (Zurich)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Bromothymol blue solution 0.04% contains methylated spirit

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Physical hazards

Flammable liquids Category 2 (H225)

Health hazards

Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure) Category 2 (H371)

Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

2.2. Label elements

Contains ETHANOL METHANOL ACETONE



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H371 - May cause damage to organs

EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

Precautionary Statements

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

P308 + P311 - IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2. Mixtures

	Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
	Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	200-578-6	10 - 20	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225)
- 1					Eye Irrit. 2 (H319)

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Acetone	67-64-1	200-662-2	1 - 2.5	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) STOT SE 3 (H336) EUH066
Methanol	67-56-1	200-659-6	1 - 2.5	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225) Acute Tox. 3 (H301) Acute Tox. 3 (H311) Acute Tox. 3 (H331) STOT SE 1 (H370)
Dibromothymolsulfonphthalein	76-59-5	EEC No. 200-971-2	< 0.1	-
Water	7732-18-5	231-791-2	>75	-

Component	Specific concentration limits (SCL's)	M-Factor	Component notes
Ethyl alcohol	Eye Irrit. 2 :: C>=50%	-	-
Methanol	STOT Single Exp. 1 :: >= 10	-	-
	STOT Single Exp. 2 :: 3 - < 10		

Components	Reach Registration Number	
Ethanol	01-2119457610-43	
Methanol	01-2119433307-44	
Acetone	01-2119471330-49	

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation persists,

call a physician.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Difficulty in breathing. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

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Suitable Extinguishing Media

Alcohol resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

Do not use water jetstream.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. May be ignited by heat, sparks or flames.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Hydrogen halides, Sulfur oxides.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Flammables area. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Class 3

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Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

Switzerland - Storage of hazardous substances

Storage class - SC 3

https://www.kvu.ch/de/themen/stoffe-und-produkte https://www.kvu.ch/fr/themes/substances-et-produits https://www.kvu.ch/it/temi/sostanze-e-prodotti

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): **EU** - Commission Directive (EU) 2019/1831 of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Forth edition. Published 2020. **IRE** - 2010 Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations 2001. Published by the Health and Safety Authority. **CH** - The Government of Switzerland has set a directive on limit values for working materials (Grenzwerte am Arbeitsplatz) which is based on the Swiss Federal Regulation "Verordnung über die Verhütung von Unfällen und Berufskrankheiten". This directive is administered, periodically revised and enforced by SUVA (Swiss National Accident Insurance Fund).

Component	European Union	The United Kingdom	France	Belgium	Spain
Ethyl alcohol		TWA: 1000 ppm TWA; 1920 mg/m³ TWA WEL - STEL: 3000 ppm STEL; 5760 mg/m³ STEL	mg/m³ (8 heures). STEL / VLCT: 5000 ppm.	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 uren TWA: 1907 mg/m³ 8 uren	STEL / VLA-EC: 1000 ppm (15 minutos). STEL / VLA-EC: 1910 mg/m³ (15 minutos).
			STEL / VLCT: 9500 mg/m³.		
Acetone	TWA: 500 ppm (8h) TWA: 1210 mg/m³ (8h)	TWA: 500 ppm TWA: 1210 mg/m³ STEL: 1500 ppm STEL: 3620 mg/m³	TWÁ / VME: 1210 mg/m³ (8 heures). restrictive limit STEL / VLCT: 1000 ppm. restrictive limit STEL / VLCT: 2420 mg/m³. restrictive limit	TWA: 594 mg/m³ 8 uren STEL: 492 ppm 15 minuten STEL: 1187 mg/m³ 15 minuten	TWA'/ VLA-ED: 1210 mg/m³ (8 horas)
Methanol	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hr TWA: 260 mg/m³ 8 hr Skin	WEL - TWA: 200 ppm TWA; 266 mg/m³ TWA WEL - STEL: 250 ppm STEL; 333 mg/m³ STEL	TWA / VME: 200 ppm (8 heures). restrictive limit TWA / VME: 260 mg/m³ (8 heures). restrictive limit STEL / VLCT: 1000 ppm. restrictive limit STEL / VLCT: 1300 mg/m³. restrictive limit Peau	TWA: 200 ppm 8 uren TWA: 266 mg/m³ 8 uren STEL: 250 ppm 15 minuten STEL: 333 mg/m³ 15 minuten Huid	TWA / VLA-ED: 200 ppm (8 horas) TWA / VLA-ED: 266 mg/m³ (8 horas) Piel

Component	Italy	Germany	Portugal	The Netherlands	Finland
Ethyl alcohol		200 ppm TWA MAK;	STEL: 1000 ppm 15	huid	TWA: 1000 ppm 8
•		380 mg/m ³ TWA MAK	minutos	STEL: 1900 mg/m ³ 15	tunteina
		_		minuten	TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 8
				TWA: 260 mg/m ³ 8 uren	tunteina
				_	STEL: 1300 ppm 15
					minuutteina
					STEL: 2500 mg/m ³ 15
					minuutteina
Acetone	TWA: 500 ppm 8 ore.	TWA: 500 ppm	STEL: 750 ppm 15	STEL: 2420 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 500 ppm 8
	Time Weighted Average	TWA: 1200 mg/m ³	minutos	minuten	tunteina
	TWA: 1210 mg/m ³ 8	_	TWA: 500 ppm 8 horas	TWA: 1210 mg/m ³ 8	TWA: 1200 mg/m ³ 8

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ore. Time Weighted Average		TWA: 1210 mg/m³ 8 horas	uren	tunteina STEL: 630 ppm 15 minuutteina STEL: 1500 mg/m³ 15 minuutteina
TWA: 200 ppm 8 ore. Time Weighted Average TWA: 260 mg/m³ 8 ore. Time Weighted Average Pelle	MAKSkin absorber	STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutos TWA: 200 ppm 8 horas TWA: 260 mg/m³ 8 horas Pele	huid TWA: 133 mg/m³ 8 uren	TWA: 200 ppm 8 tunteina TWA: 270 mg/m³ 8 tunteina STEL: 250 ppm 15 minuutteina STEL: 330 mg/m³ 15 minuutteina Iho

Component	Austria	Denmark	Switzerland	Poland	Norway
Ethyl alcohol	MAK-KZGW: 2000 ppm	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 timer	STEL: 1000 ppm 15	TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 8	TWA: 500 ppm 8 timer
	15 Minuten	TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 8	Minuten	godzinach	TWA: 950 mg/m ³ 8 timer
	MAK-KZGW: 3800	timer	STEL: 1920 mg/m ³ 15		STEL: 625 ppm 15
	mg/m³ 15 Minuten	STEL: 2000 ppm 15	Minuten		minutter. value
	MAK-TMW: 1000 ppm 8	minutter	TWA: 500 ppm 8		calculated
	Stunden	STEL: 3800 mg/m ³ 15	Stunden		STEL: 1187.5 mg/m ³ 15
	MAK-TMW: 1900 mg/m ³	minutter	TWA: 960 mg/m ³ 8		minutter. value
	8 Stunden		Stunden		calculated
Acetone	MAK-KZGW: 2000 ppm		STEL: 1000 ppm 15	STEL: 1800 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 125 ppm 8 timer
	15 Minuten	TWA: 600 mg/m ³ 8 timer	Minuten	minutach	TWA: 295 mg/m ³ 8 timer
	MAK-KZGW: 4800	STEL: 500 ppm 15	STEL: 2400 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 600 mg/m ³ 8	STEL: 156.25 ppm 15
	mg/m³ 15 Minuten	minutter	Minuten	godzinach	minutter. value
	MAK-TMW: 500 ppm 8	STEL: 1200 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 500 ppm 8		calculated
	Stunden	minutter	Stunden		STEL: 368.75 mg/m ³ 15
	MAK-TMW: 1200 mg/m ³		TWA: 1200 mg/m ³ 8		minutter. value
	8 Stunden		Stunden		calculated
Methanol	Haut	TWA: 200 ppm 8 timer	Haut/Peau	STEL: 300 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 100 ppm 8 timer
	MAK-KZGW: 800 ppm	TWA: 260 mg/m ³ 8 timer	STEL: 400 ppm 15	minutach	TWA: 130 mg/m ³ 8 timer
	15 Minuten	STEL: 400 ppm 15	Minuten	TWA: 100 mg/m ³ 8	STEL: 150 ppm 15
	MAK-KZGW: 1040	minutter	STEL: 520 mg/m ³ 15	godzinach	minutter. value
	mg/m ³ 15 Minuten	STEL: 520 mg/m ³ 15	Minuten		calculated
	MAK-TMW: 200 ppm 8	minutter	TWA: 200 ppm 8		STEL: 162.5 mg/m ³ 15
	Stunden	Hud	Stunden		minutter. value
	MAK-TMW: 260 mg/m ³		TWA: 260 mg/m ³ 8		calculated
	8 Stunden		Stunden		Hud

Component	Bulgaria	Croatia	Ireland	Cyprus	Czech Republic
Ethyl alcohol	TWA: 1000 mg/m ³	TWA-GVI: 1000 ppm 8	STEL: 1000 ppm 15 min		TWA: 1000 mg/m ³ 8
		satima.			hodinách.
		TWA-GVI: 1900 mg/m ³			Ceiling: 3000 mg/m ³
		8 satima.			
Acetone	TWA: 600 mg/m ³	TWA-GVI: 500 ppm 8	TWA: 500 ppm 8 hr.	Skin-potential for	TWA: 800 mg/m ³ 8
	STEL: 1400 mg/m ³	satima.	TWA: 1210 mg/m ³ 8 hr.	cutaneous absorption	hodinách.
	_	TWA-GVI: 1210 mg/m ³	STEL: 1500 ppm 15 min	TWA: 500 ppm	Ceiling: 1500 mg/m ³
		8 satima.	STEL: 3630 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 1210 mg/m ³	
			min		
Methanol	TWA: 200 ppm	kože	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hr.	Skin-potential for	TWA: 250 mg/m ³ 8
	TWA: 260.0 mg/m ³	TWA-GVI: 200 ppm 8	TWA: 260 mg/m ³ 8 hr.	cutaneous absorption	hodinách.
	Skin notation	satima.	STEL: 600 ppm 15 min	TWA: 200 ppm	Potential for cutaneous
		TWA-GVI: 260 mg/m ³ 8	STEL: 780 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 260 mg/m ³	absorption
		satima.	min	•	Ceiling: 1000 mg/m ³
			Skin		

Component	Estonia	Gibraltar	Greece	Hungary	Iceland
Ethyl alcohol	TWA: 500 ppm 8 tundides.		TWA: 1000 ppm TWA: 1900 mg/m ³	STEL: 3800 mg/m ³ 15 percekben. CK	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 klukkustundum.
	TWA: 1000 mg/m³ 8 tundides. STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutites. STEL: 1900 mg/m³ 15 minutites.		······································	TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 8 órában. AK	TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 8 klukkustundum. Ceiling: 2000 ppm Ceiling: 3800 mg/m³
Acetone	TWA: 500 ppm 8	TWA: 500 ppm 8 hr	STEL: 3560 mg/m ³	TWA: 1210 mg/m ³ 8	TWA: 250 ppm 8

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	tundides. TWA: 1210 mg/m³ 8 tundides.	TWA: 1210 mg/m ³ 8 hr	TWA: 1780 mg/m³	órában. AK	klukkustundum. TWA: 600 mg/m³ 8 klukkustundum. Ceiling: 500 ppm Ceiling: 1200 mg/m³
Methanol	Nahk TWA: 200 ppm 8 tundides. TWA: 250 mg/m³ 8 tundides. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutites. STEL: 350 mg/m³ 15 minutites.	Skin notation TWA: 200 ppm 8 hr TWA: 260 mg/m ³ 8 hr	skin - potential for cutaneous absorption STEL: 250 ppm STEL: 325 mg/m³ TWA: 200 ppm TWA: 260 mg/m³	TWA: 260 mg/m³ 8 órában. AK lehetséges borön keresztüli felszívódás	TWA: 200 ppm 8 klukkustundum. TWA: 260 mg/m³ 8 klukkustundum. Skin notation Ceiling: 400 ppm Ceiling: 520 mg/m³

Component	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg	Malta	Romania
Ethyl alcohol	TWA: 1000 mg/m ³	TWA: 500 ppm IPRD TWA: 1000 mg/m ³ IPRD STEL: 1000 ppm STEL: 1900 mg/m ³			TWA: 1000 ppm 8 ore TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 8 ore STEL: 5000 ppm 15 minute STEL: 9500 mg/m ³ 15 minute
Acetone	TWA: 500 ppm TWA: 1210 mg/m ³	TWA: 500 ppm IPRD TWA: 1210 mg/m ³ IPRD STEL: 1000 ppm STEL: 2420 mg/m ³	TWA: 500 ppm 8 Stunden TWA: 1210 mg/m³ 8 Stunden	TWA: 500 ppm TWA: 1210 mg/m³	TWA: 500 ppm 8 ore TWA: 1210 mg/m ³ 8 ore
Methanol	skin - potential for cutaneous exposure TWA: 200 ppm TWA: 260 mg/m ³	TWA: 200 ppm IPRD TWA: 260 mg/m³ IPRD Oda	Possibility of significant uptake through the skin TWA: 200 ppm 8 Stunden TWA: 260 mg/m³ 8 Stunden	possibility of significant uptake through the skin TWA: 200 ppm TWA: 260 mg/m ³	Skin notation TWA: 200 ppm 8 ore TWA: 260 mg/m ³ 8 ore

Component	Russia	Slovak Republic	Slovenia	Sweden	Turkey
Ethyl alcohol	TWA: 1000 mg/m ³ 2391 MAC: 2000 mg/m ³	Ceiling: 1920 mg/m ³ TWA: 500 ppm TWA: 960 mg/m ³	TWA: 960 mg/m ³ 8 urah TWA: 500 ppm 8 urah STEL: 1000 ppm 15	Indicative STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minuter Indicative STEL: 1900	
		TVVA. 900 mg/m²	minutah	mg/m ³ 15 minuter	
			STEL: 1920 mg/m³ 15 minutah	TLV: 500 ppm 8 timmar. NGV	
				TLV: 1000 mg/m³ 8 timmar. NGV	
Acetone	TWA: 200 mg/m ³ 1763 MAC: 800 mg/m ³	TWA: 500 ppm TWA: 1210 mg/m ³	TWA: 500 ppm 8 urah TWA: 1210 mg/m ³ 8 urah	Indicative STEL: 500 ppm 15 minuter Indicative STEL: 1200	TWA: 500 ppm 8 saat TWA: 1210 mg/m ³ 8 saat
			STEL: 2420 mg/m ³ 15 minutah STEL: 1000 ppm 15	mg/m³ 15 minuter TLV: 250 ppm 8 timmar. NGV	saat
			minutah	TLV: 600 mg/m ³ 8 timmar. NGV	
Methanol	TWA: 5 mg/m³ 1250 Skin notation MAC: 15 mg/m³	Potential for cutaneous absorption TWA: 200 ppm TWA: 260 mg/m ³	TWA: 200 ppm 8 urah TWA: 260 mg/m³ 8 urah Koža STEL: 800 ppm 15 minutah	Indicative STEL: 250 ppm 15 minuter Indicative STEL: 350 mg/m³ 15 minuter TLV: 200 ppm 8 timmar.	Deri TWA: 200 ppm 8 saat TWA: 260 mg/m³ 8 saat
			STEL: 1040 mg/m³ 15 minutah	NGV TLV: 250 mg/m³ 8 timmar. NGV Hud	

Biological limit values List source(s):

Component	European Union	United Kingdom	France	Spain	Germany
Acetone			Acetone: 100 mg/L urine	Acetone: 50 mg/L urine	Acetone: 80 mg/L urine
			end of shift	end of shift	(end of shift)
Methanol			Methanol: 15 mg/L urine	Methanol: 15 mg/L urine	Methanol: 15 mg/L urine

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	end of shift	end of shift	(end of shift) Methanol: 15 mg/L urine (for long-term exposures: at the end of the shift after several shifts)
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Component	Italy	Finland	Denmark	Bulgaria	Romania
Acetone				Acetone: 80 mg/L urine at the end of exposure or end of work shift	Acetone: 50 mg/L urine end of shift
Methanol					Methanol: 6 mg/L urine end of shift

Component	Gibraltar	Latvia	Slovak Republic	Luxembourg	Turkey
Acetone			Acetone: 80 mg/L urine		
			end of exposure or work		
			shift		
Methanol			Methanol: 30 mg/L urine		
			end of exposure or work		
			shift		
			Methanol: 30 mg/L urine		
			after all work shifts for		
			long-term exposure		

Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.

MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours

MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

Component	Acute effects local (Oral)	Acute effects systemic (Oral)	Chronic effects local (Oral)	Chronic effects systemic (Oral)
Ethyl alcohol 64-17-5 (10 - 20)		DNEL = 87 mg/kg bw/d		

Component	Acute effects local (Dermal)	Acute effects systemic (Dermal)	Chronic effects local (Dermal)	Chronic effects systemic (Dermal)
Ethyl alcohol 64-17-5 (10 - 20)				DNEL = 343mg/kg bw/day
Acetone 67-64-1 (1 - 2.5)				DNEL = 186mg/kg bw/day
Methanol 67-56-1 (1 - 2.5)		DNEL = 20mg/kg bw/day		DNEL = 20mg/kg bw/day

Component	Acute effects local	Acute effects	Chronic effects local	Chronic effects
	(Inhalation)	systemic (Inhalation)	(Inhalation)	systemic (Inhalation)
Ethyl alcohol	DNEL = 1900mg/m ³			DNEL = 950mg/m ³
64-17-5 (10 - 20)				
Acetone	$DNEL = 2420 \text{mg/m}^3$			$DNEL = 1210 mg/m^3$
67-64-1 (1 - 2.5)				
Methanol	DNEL = 130mg/m ³	DNEL = 130mg/m ³	DNEL = 130mg/m ³	DNEL = 130mg/m ³
67-56-1 (1 - 2.5)				

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Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

See values below.

Component	Fresh water	Fresh water	Water Intermittent	Microorganisms in	Soil (Agriculture)
		sediment		sewage treatment	
Acetone	PNEC = 10.6mg/L	PNEC = 30.4mg/kg	PNEC = 21mg/L	PNEC = 100mg/L	PNEC = 29.5 mg/kg
67-64-1 (1 - 2.5)	-	sediment dw	_	-	soil dw
Methanol	PNEC = 20.8mg/L	PNEC = 77mg/kg	PNEC = 1540mg/L	PNEC = 100mg/L	PNEC = 100mg/kg
67-56-1 (1 - 2.5)		sediment dw	-	_	soil dw

Component	Marine water	Marine water sediment	Marine water Intermittent	Food chain	Air
Acetone	PNEC = 1.06mg/L	PNEC = 3.04mg/kg			
67-64-1 (1 - 2.5)		sediment dw			
Methanol	PNEC = 2.08mg/L	PNEC = 7.7mg/kg			
67-56-1 (1 - 2.5)	-	sediment dw			

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles) (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material Natural rubber Nitrile rubber Neoprene PVC	Breakthrough time See manufacturers recommendations	Glove thickness	EU standard EN 374	Glove comments (minimum requirement)
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Skin and body protection

Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Inspect gloves before use. observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information) gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion. gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection No protective equipment is needed under normal use conditions.

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Small scale/Laboratory use Maintain adequate ventilation

Environmental exposure controls Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water

system.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Bromothymol blue solution 0.04% contains methylated spirit

Physical State Liquid

Appearance
Odor
Alcohol-like
Odor Threshold
No data available
Melting Point/Range
Softening Point
Boiling Point/Range
63.9 °C / 147 °F

Flammability (liquid) Highly flammable On basis of test data

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Liquid

Explosion Limits No data available

Flash Point 11.1 °C / 52 °F Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature

Decomposition Temperature No data available

pH 7

Viscosity

Water Solubility

Solubility in other solvents

No data available
No information available
No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

 Component
 log Pow

 Ethyl alcohol
 -0.32

 Acetone
 -0.24

 Methanol
 -0.74

Vapor Pressure No data available
Density / Specific Gravity No data available

Bulk DensityNot applicableLiquidVapor DensityNo data available(Air = 1.0)

Particle characteristics Not applicable (liquid)

9.2. Other information

Explosive Properties explosive air/vapour mixtures possible Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and

sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hydrogen halides. Sulfur oxides.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Oral Dermal Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Inhalation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Toxicology data for the components

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Ethyl alcohol	LD50 = 10470 mg/kg	=	LC50 = 117-125 mg/l (4h)
	OECD 401 (Rat)		OECD 403 (rat)
	3450 mg/kg (Mouse)		20000 ppm/10H (rat)
Acetone	5800 mg/kg (Rat)	> 15800 mg/kg (rabbit)	76 mg/l, 4 h, (rat)
		> 7400 mg/kg (rat)	
Methanol	LD50 = 1187 - 2769 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 = 17100 mg/kg (Rabbit)	LC50 = 128.2 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
Water	-	-	-

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Skin Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Ethyl alcohol	Mouse Ear Swelling Test (MEST)	mouse	non-sensitising
64-17-5 (10 - 20)			
		mouse	non-sensitising
	OECD Test Guideline 429 Local Lymph Node Assay		
Acetone 67-64-1 (1 - 2.5)	Guinea Pig Maximisation Test (GPMT)	guinea pig	non-sensitising
Methanol 67-56-1 (1 - 2.5)	OECD Test Guideline 406 Guinea Pig Maximisation Test (GPMT)	guinea pig	non-sensitising

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Ethyl alcohol	AMES test	in vitro	negative
64-17-5 (10 - 20)	OECD Test Guideline 471 Bacteria		-
	Gene cell mutation		
	OECD Test Guideline 476	in vitro	negative
		Mammalian	Ŭ
Acetone 67-64-1 (1 - 2.5)	OECD Test Guideline 471 AMES test	in vivo	negative
	OECD Test Guideline 476 Mammalian Gene cell mutation	in vitro	negative

(f) carcinogenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

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Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met (g) reproductive toxicity;

Component	Test method	Test species / Duration	Study result
Ethyl alcohol	OECD Test Guideline 416	Oral / mouse	NOAEL = 13.8 g/kg/day
64-17-5 (10 - 20)		2 Generation	
	OECD Test Guideline 414		
		Inhalation / Rat	NOAEC =
			16000 ppm
Methanol	OECD Test Guideline 416	Rat / Inhalation	NOAEC =
67-56-1 (1 - 2.5)		2 Generation	1.3 mg/l (air)

(h) STOT-single exposure; Category 2

Results / Target organs Optic nerve.

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Target Organs No information available.

(j) aspiration hazard; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

delayed

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness,

tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine Disrupting Properties

Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity **Ecotoxicity effects**

Contains no substances known to be hazardous to the environment or that are not degradable in waste water treatment plants.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
Ethyl alcohol	Fathead minnow (Pimephales	EC50 = 9268 mg/L/48h	EC50 (72h) = 275 mg/l (Chlorella
	promelas) LC50 = 14200	EC50 = 10800 mg/L/24h	vulgaris)
	mg/l/96h		
Acetone	Oncorhynchus mykiss: LC50 =	EC50 = 8800 mg/L/48h	NOEC = 430 mg/l (algae; 96 h)
	5540 mg/l 96h	EC50 = 12700 mg/L/48h	
	Alburnus alburnus: LC50 =	EC50 = 12600 mg/L/48h	
	11000 mg/l 96h		
	Leuciscus idus: LC50 = 11300		
	mg/L/48h		
	Salmo gairdneri: LC50 = 6100		
	mg/L/24h		
Methanol	Pimephales promelas: LC50 >	EC50 > 10000 mg/L 24h	
	10000 mg/L 96h	_	

Component	Microtox	M-Factor
Ethyl alcohol	Photobacterium phosphoreum:EC50 = 34634 mg/L/30 min Photobacterium phosphoreum:EC50 = 35470 mg/L/5 min	
Acetone	EC50 = 14500 mg/L/15 min	
Methanol	EC50 = 39000 mg/L 25 min EC50 = 40000 mg/L 15 min	

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EC50 = 43000 mg/L 5 min	

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

Component	Degradability
Ethyl alcohol	OECD 301E = 94%
64-17-5 (10 - 20)	
Acetone	91 % (28 d) (OECD 301 B)
67-64-1 (1 - 2.5)	
Methanol	DT50 ~ 17.2d
67-56-1 (1 - 2.5)	>94% after 20d

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Ethyl alcohol	-0.32	No data available
Acetone	-0.24	0.69 dimensionless
Methanol	-0.74	<10 dimensionless

12.4. Mobility in soil

The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all

surfaces Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility. Disperses rapidly in

air

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

No data available for assessment.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting

properties

Endocrine Disruptor Information This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

12.7. Other adverse effects

Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused

Contaminated Packaging

Products

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

on waste and nazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations

Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and

empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

European Waste Catalogue (EWC) According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but

application specific.

Other Information Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the

application for which the product was used. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in

compliance with local regulations.

Switzerland - Waste Ordinance Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations. Ordinance on the Avoidance and the Disposal of Waste (Waste Ordinance,

ADWO) SR 814.600

https://www.fedlex.admin.ch/eli/cc/2015/891/en

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SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

14.1. UN number UN1170

14.2. UN proper shipping name Ethanol solution

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 14.4. Packing group III

<u>ADR</u>

14.1. UN number UN1170

14.2. UN proper shipping name Ethanol solution

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 14.4. Packing group III

IATA

14.1. UN number UN1170

14.2. UN proper shipping name Ethanol solution

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 14.4. Packing group III

14.5. Environmental hazardsNo hazards identified

14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk Not a

according to IMO instruments

Not applicable, packaged goods

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories

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Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	200-578-6	-	-	Х	Х	KE-13217	X	X
Acetone	67-64-1	200-662-2	-	-	Х	X	KE-29367	Χ	X
Methanol	67-56-1	200-659-6	-	-	Х	Х	KE-23193	Х	X
Dibromothymolsulfonphthalein	76-59-5	200-971-2	-	-	Х	X	KE-02744	-	-
Water	7732-18-5	231-791-2	-	-	Х	X	KE-35400	X	-

Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	Х	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	Х	Х
Acetone	67-64-1	X	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	Х	Х
Methanol	67-56-1	X	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	Х	Х
Dibromothymolsulfonphthalein	76-59-5	X	ACTIVE	Х	-	X	Х	Х
Water	7732-18-5	Х	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	Х	Х

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Bromothymol blue solution 0.04% contains methylated spirit

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	-	-	-
Acetone	67-64-1	-	Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	-
Methanol	67-56-1	-	Use restricted. See item 69. (see link for restriction details) Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	-
Dibromothymolsulfonphthalein	76-59-5	-	Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	-
Water	7732-18-5	-	-	-

REACH links

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	Not applicable	Not applicable
Acetone	67-64-1	Not applicable	Not applicable
Methanol	67-56-1	500 tonne	5000 tonne
Dibromothymolsulfonphthale	76-59-5	Not applicable	Not applicable
in			
Water	7732-18-5	Not applicable	Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)? Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

Take note of Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

National Regulations

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

WGK Classification

Water endangering class = 1 (self classification)

Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class	
Ethyl alcohol	WGK1		
Acetone	WGK1		
Methanol	WGK 2	Class I: 20 mg/m³ (Massenkonzentration)	

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Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)		
Ethyl alcohol	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84		
Acetone	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84		
Methanol	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84		

Swiss Regulations

Article 4 para. 4 of the Ordinance on the protection of young people in the workplace (SR 822.115) and Article 1 lit. f of the EAER regulation on hazardous work and young people (SR 822.115.2).

Take note on Article 13 Maternity Ordinance (SR 822.111.52) with regards expectant and nursing mothers.

Component	Switzerland - Ordinance on the Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR 814.81)	Switzerland - Ordinance on Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC)	Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure
Ethyl alcohol 64-17-5 (10 - 20)		Group I	
Acetone 67-64-1 (1 - 2.5)		Group I	
Methanol 67-56-1 (1 - 2.5)	Prohibited and Restricted Substances	Group I	
Dibromothymolsulfonphthalein 76-59-5 (< 0.1)	Prohibited and Restricted Substances		

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment/Reports (CSA/CSR) are not required for mixtures

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H301 - Toxic if swallowed

H311 - Toxic in contact with skin

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H331 - Toxic if inhaled

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H370 - Causes damage to organs

EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

Ships

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ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air

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Dangerous Goods by Road **Transport Association**

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

Dangerous Goods Code

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate **BCF** - Bioconcentration factor VOC - (volatile organic compound)

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Physical hazards On basis of test data Calculation method **Health Hazards Environmental hazards** Calculation method

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

09-May-2012 **Creation Date Revision Date** 21-Aug-2023

Revision Summary SDS sections updated, 2, 3, 4, 11, 12, 16.

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006. COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

For Switzerland - Compiled in accordance with the technical provisions referred to in Annex 2, Number 3, ChemO (SR 813.11 - Ordinance on Protection against Dangerous Substances and Preparations).

Disclaimer

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End of Safety Data Sheet