

Page 1 / 10 Revision Date 30-Mar-2025 Version 3

Occupational Safety and Health (Classification, Labelling and Safety Data Sheet of Hazardous Chemicals) Regulations 2013

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THECOMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Product Identifier

Perihalan Produk: 2-Methylphenylzinc iodide, 0.5M in THF Product Description: 2-Methylphenylzinc iodide, 0.5M in THF

Cat No.: H58749

Molecular Formula C7 H7 IZn

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against No Information available

Company Thermo Fisher Scientific (M) Sdn Bhd

Hap Seng Business Park, Lot 01-03, 01-04 Aras 1 Unity Square, No 12, Persiaran Perusahaan, Seksyen 23, 40300 Shah Alam,

Selangor Darul Ehsan, Malaysia. Main line: +60 3-5525 7888

Supplier

E-mail address Enquiry.my@thermofisher.com

Emergency Telephone Number Tel: +03-5525 7888

CHEMTREC Malaysia 1-800-815-308 (Malay)

CHEMTREC Malaysia (Kuala Lumpur) +(60)-327884561 (Malay)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable liquids	Category 2 (H225)
Acute oral toxicity	Category 4 (H302)
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 1 B (H314)
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 1 (H318)
Carcinogenicity	Category 2 (H351)
Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)	Category 3 (H335) (H336)

Label Elements



Signal Word Danger

Hazard Statements

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer

Precautionary Statements

Prevention

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P240 - Ground and bond container and receiving equipment

P242 - Use non-sparking tools

P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges

P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

P264 - Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Response

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor

P330 - Rinse mouth

P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse

Storage

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

Other Hazards

EUH019 - May form explosive peroxides

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component	CAS No	Weight %
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	85.8
2-Methylphenylzinc iodide	312693-23-5	14.2

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

General Advice

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is required.

2-Methylphenylzinc iodide, 0.5M in THF

Eve ContactRinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

Immediate medical attention is required.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove and wash

contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Call a physician

Revision Date 30-Mar-2025

immediately.

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Clean mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an

unconscious person. Call a physician immediately.

Inhalation If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Remove from exposure, lie down. Do not use

mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory

medical device. Call a physician immediately.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Causes burns by all exposure routes. Difficulty in breathing. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and

vomiting. Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is

contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated. Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of

perforation.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Dry sand. Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Powder. Do not use water or foam. CO₂, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2), Hydrogen iodide, Metal oxides.

Advice for fire-fighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

2-Methylphenylzinc iodide, 0.5M in THF

Revision Date 30-Mar-2025

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

Reference to Other Sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. If peroxide formation is suspected, do not open or move container. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including any Incompatibilities

Keep refrigerated. Corrosives area. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Containers should be dated when opened and tested periodically for the presence of peroxides. Should crystals form in a peroxidizable liquid, peroxidation may have occurred and the product should be considered extremely dangerous. In this instance, the container should only be opened remotely by professionals. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

Specific End Uses

Use in laboratories.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

Component	Malaysia	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL
Tetrahydrofuran		TWA: 50 ppm	(Vacated) TWA: 200 ppm
		STEL: 100 ppm	(Vacated) TWA: 590 mg/m ³
		Skin	(Vacated) STEL: 250 ppm
			(Vacated) STEL: 735 mg/m ³
			TWA: 200 ppm
			TWA: 590 mg/m ³

Component	European Union	The United Kingdom	Germany
Tetrahydrofuran	TWA: 50 ppm (8h)	STEL: 100 ppm 15 min	TWA: 50 ppm (8 Stunden). AGW -
-	TWA: 150 mg/m ³ (8h)	STEL: 300 mg/m ³ 15 min	exposure factor 2
	STEL: 100 ppm (15min)	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hr	TWA: 150 mg/m ³ (8 Stunden). AGW
	STEL: 300 mg/m ³ (15min)	TWA: 150 mg/m ³ 8 hr	- exposure factor 2
	Skin	Skin	TWA: 20 ppm (8 Stunden). MAK
			TWA: 60 mg/m³ (8 Stunden). MAK
			Höhepunkt: 40 ppm
			Höhepunkt: 120 mg/m ³
			Haut

ALFAAH58749

2-Methylphenylzinc iodide, 0.5M in THF

Exposure Controls

Engineering Measures

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles

Hand Protection Protective gloves
Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators

Recommended Filter type: low boiling organic solvent Type AX Brown conforming to EN371 or Organic gases and

vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to EN14387

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

<u>Hygiene Measures</u> Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice

Environmental exposure controls No information available

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Yellow - Brown - Black

Physical State Liquid

Odor No information available
Odor Threshold No data available
PH No information available

Melting Point/RangeNo data availableSoftening PointNo data availableBoiling Point/RangeNo information available

Flash Point -17 °C / 1.4 °F Method - No information available

Evaporation Rate No data available

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Liquid

Explosion Limits No data available

ALFAAH58749

2-Methylphenylzinc iodide, 0.5M in THF

Vapor PressureNo data availableVapor DensityNo data available(Air = 1.0)Specific Gravity / Density0.987 g/cm3@ 20 °CBulk DensityNot applicableLiquid

Water Solubility Immiscible

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Componentlog PowTetrahydrofuran0.45

Autoignition Temperature No data available

Decomposition Temperature No data available

Viscosity No data available Explosive Properties

Oxidizing Properties No information available

Molecular FormulaC7 H7 IZnMolecular Weight283.42

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

None known, based on information available.

Chemical Stability

Air sensitive. Light sensitive.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Hazardous Polymerization No information available.
Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

Conditions to Avoid

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

Incompatible Materials

Strong bases. Oxidizing agent.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Hydrogen iodide. Metal oxides.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on Toxicological Effects

Revision Date 30-Mar-2025

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air

2-Methylphenylzinc iodide, 0.5M in THF

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

Oral Category 4

DermalBased on available data, the classification criteria are not metInhalationBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Toxicology data for the components

Component LD50 Oral		LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Tetrahydrofuran	1650 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	180 mg/L (Rat) 1 h
			53.9 mg/L (Rat) 4 h

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 1 B

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory No data available Skin No data available

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Tetrahydrofuran	Local Lymph Node Assay	mouse	non-sensitising
109-99-9 (85.8)	OECD Test Guideline 429		-

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; No data available

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Tetrahydrofuran	OECD Test Guideline 476	in vivo	negative
109-99-9 (85.8	Gene cell mutation	Mammalian	_
	OECD Test Guideline 473	in vitana	
	Chromosomal aberration assay	in vitro	negative
		Mammalian	

(f) carcinogenicity; Category 2

Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

Component	EU	UK	Germany	IARC
Tetrahvdrofuran				Group 2B

(a) reproductive toxicity: No data available

(g) represente texterty,			
Component	Test method	Test species / Duration	Study result
Tetrahydrofuran	OECD Test Guideline 416	Rat	NOAEL = 3,000 ppm
109-99-9 (85.8)		2 Generation	

(h) STOT-single exposure; Category 3

Results / Target organs Respiratory system, Central nervous system (CNS).

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; No data available

Target Organs No information available.

(j) aspiration hazard; No data available

ALFAAH58749

2-Methylphenylzinc iodide, 0.5M in THF

Revision Date 30-Mar-2025

delayed

Symptoms / effects, both acute and Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric layage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated. Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation.

Endocrine Disrupting Properties

Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity effects May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment. Do not allow material to

contaminate ground water system.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae	Microtox
Tetrahydrofuran	2160 mg/l LC50 = 96 h Pimephales promelas Leuciscus idus: LC50: 2820 mg/L/48h	EC50 48 h 3485 mg/l EC50: >10000 mg/L/24h	-	

Persistence and degradability

Product contains heavy metals. Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Special

pre-treatment is necessary

Persistence

May persist, based on information available.

Degradation in sewage treatment plant

Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste

water treatment plants.

Bioaccumulative potential May have some potential to bioaccumulate

	many manufacture protection to account and account account and account and account and account and account and account and account account account and account account account and account account account account and account acc	
Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Tetrahydrofuran	0.45	No data available

Mobility in soil

Spillage unlikely to penetrate soil. The product is insoluble and floats on water. Is not likely mobile in the environment due its low water solubility.

Endocrine Disruptor Information

Endocrine disruptor information						
Component	EU - Endocrine Disrupters Candidate List	EU - Endocrine Disruptors - Evaluated				
		Substances				
Tetrahydrofuran	Group III Chemical					

Other adverse effects No information available

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused

Products

Waste is classified as hazardous Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste Dispose of in accordance with local regulations

Contaminated Packaging Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers

retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous Keep product and

empty container away from heat and sources of ignition

Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product Other Information

was used Do not flush to sewer Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations Do not empty into drains Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic

organisms

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN3399
Hazard Class 4.3
Subsidiary Hazard Class 3
Packing Group ||

Proper Shipping Name ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, WATER-REACTIVE, FLAMMABLE

(2-Methylphenylzinc iodide, TETRAHYDROFURAN)

Road and Rail Transport

UN-No UN3399
Hazard Class 4.3
Subsidiary Hazard Class 3
Packing Group II

Proper Shipping Name ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, WATER-REACTIVE, FLAMMABLE

(2-Methylphenylzinc iodide, TETRAHYDROFURAN)

<u>IATA</u>

UN-No UN3399
Hazard Class 4.3
Subsidiary Hazard Class 3
Packing Group II

Proper Shipping Name Organometallic substance, liquid, water-reactive, flammable (2-Methylphenylzinc iodide,

TETRAHYDROFURAN)

Special Precautions for User No special precautions required

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories X = listed

Component	EINECS	TSCA	DSL	PICCS	ENCS	ISHL	IECSC	AICS	KECL
Tetrahydrofuran	203-726-8	X	X	Х	X	X	X	X	KE-33454

National Regulations

Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Legend

2-Methylphenylzinc iodide, 0.5M in THF

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b)

Inventory

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

TWA - Time Weighted Average

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit **ACGIH** - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air **Transport Association**

Revision Date 30-Mar-2025

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

Ships

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Health, Safety and Environmental Department **Prepared By**

Revision Date 30-Mar-2025 Not applicable. **Revision Summary**

In accordance with local and national regulations: Occupational Safety and Health (Classification, Labelling and Safety Data Sheet of Hazardous Chemicals) Regulations 2013

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet

ALFAAH58749