FSUD3850

N,N-Dimethylformamide

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

产品说明: **N,N-二甲基甲酰胺**
Product Description: **N,N-Dimethylformamide**

Cat No. : **D/3850/05, D/3850/15**
Synonyms DMF
CAS No 68-12-2
Molecular Formula C3 H7 N O

Supplier

UK entity/business name
Fisher Scientific UK
Bishop Meadow Road, Loughborough,
Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom

EU entity/business name
Thermo Fisher Scientific
Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a
2440 Geel, Belgium

Emergency Telephone Number
Chemtrec US: (800) 424-9300
Chemtrec EU: 001-703-527-3887
Tel: 01509 231166

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against No Information available

SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Physical State	**Appearance**	**Odor**
Liquid	Colorless	Rotten-egg like

Emergency Overview

May be harmful if swallowed. Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes serious eye irritation. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Harmful in contact with skin. Harmful if inhaled.

Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable liquids.	Category 3
Acute Oral Toxicity	Category 5
Acute Dermal Toxicity	Category 4
Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors	Category 4
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 2
Reproductive Toxicity	Category 1B

Label Elements

Signal Word **Danger**

Hazard Statements
H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor
H303 - May be harmful if swallowed
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation
H312 + H332 - Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled
H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child

Precautionary Statements
Prevention
P201 - Obtain special instructions before use
P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking
P240 - Ground and bond container and receiving equipment
P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting equipment
P242 - Use non-sparking tools
P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges
P264 - Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling
P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
Response
P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower
P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing
P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell
P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish
P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse
Storage
P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed
Disposal
P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

Physical and Chemical Hazards
Vapors may cause flash fire or explosion. Flammable liquid.
Health Hazards
May be harmful if swallowed. Causes serious eye irritation. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Harmful in contact with skin. Harmful if inhaled.
Environmental hazards
Contains no substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility but will likely degrade over time. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility. The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems.

Other Hazards

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component	CAS No	Weight %
Dimethylformamide	68-12-2	>95

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye Contact
Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

Skin Contact
Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention immediately if symptoms occur.

Inhalation
Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

Ingestion
Do NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention.

Most important symptoms and effects
Irritating to eyes. Difficulty in breathing. May be harmful if absorbed through skin: Gastrointestinal discomfort: Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

Self-Protection of the First Aider
Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

Notes to Physician
Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media
Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons
Do not use water jetstream.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical
Flammable. Risk of ignition. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters
As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions
Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Environmental Precautions
Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

Methods for Containment and Clean Up
Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling
Use only under a chemical fume hood. Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Storage
Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

Specific Use(s)
Use in laboratories

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

Component	China	Taiwan	Thailand	Hong Kong
Dimethylformamide	TWA: 20 mg/m³ Skin	TWA: 10 ppm TWA: 30 mg/m³	TWA: 10 ppm	TWA: 10 ppm TWA: 30 mg/m³

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH	The United Kingdom	European Union
Dimethylformamide	TWA: 5 ppm Skin	(Vacated) TWA: 10 ppm (Vacated) TWA: 30 mg/m³ Skin TWA: 10 ppm TWA: 30 mg/m³	IDLH: 500 ppm TWA: 10 ppm TWA: 30 mg/m³	STEL: 10 ppm 15 min STEL: 30 mg/m³ 15 min TWA: 5 ppm 8 hr TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hr Skin	TWA: 15 mg/m³ (8h) TWA: 5 ppm (8h) Skin STEL: 10 ppm (15min) STEL: 30 mg/m³ (15min) STEL: 30 mg/m³ (8h) STEL: 10 ppm (8h)

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration
NIOSH: NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

Monitoring methods
BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents. MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

Exposure Controls

Engineering Measures
Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source.

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Butyl rubber	> 480 minutes	0.5 mm	EN 374	As tested under EN374-3 Determination of
Neoprene	< 100 minutes	0.45 mm		Resistance to Permeation by Chemicals

Inspect gloves before use.
Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)
Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.
Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Skin and body protection	Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure
Respiratory Protection	When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly
Large scale/emergency use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced **Recommended Filter type:** Type A Organic gases and vapours filter Brown conforming to EN14387
Small scale/Laboratory use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. **Recommended half mask:-** Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN 141 When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted
Hygiene Measures	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.
Environmental exposure controls	Prevent product from entering drains.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	Colorless	
Physical State	Liquid	
Odor	Rotten-egg like	
Odor Threshold	No data available	
pH	6-8 @ 20°C	20% aq.sol
Melting Point/Range	-61 °C / -77.8 °F	
Softening Point	No data available	
Boiling Point/Range	153 °C / 307.4 °F	
Flash Point	58 °C / 136.4 °F	**Method -** Abel-Pensky (DIN 51755)
Evaporation Rate	0.17	(Butyl Acetate = 1.0)
Flammability (solid,gas)	Not applicable	Liquid
Explosion Limits	**Lower** 2.2 vol% **Upper** 16 vol%	
Vapor Pressure	4.9 mbar @ 20 °C	
Vapor Density	2.5	(Air = 1.0)
Specific Gravity / Density	0.945	@ 20 °C
Bulk Density	Not applicable	Liquid
Water Solubility	Soluble	
Solubility in other solvents	No information available	

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Component	**log Pow**
Dimethylformamide	-1.028

Autoignition Temperature	445 °C / 833 °F	
Decomposition Temperature	> 350°C	
Viscosity	0.8 mPa.s at 20 °C	
Explosive Properties	Not explosive	explosive air/vapour mixtures possible
Oxidizing Properties	No information available	

Molecular Formula	C3 H7 N O
Molecular Weight	73.09
Surface tension	36.42 mN/m (25 °C)

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.
Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to Avoid Incompatible products. Heat, flames and sparks. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

Materials to avoid Strong oxidizing agents. Halogens. Halogenated compounds. Reducing Agent. .

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO_2). Nitrogen oxides (NOx).

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Dimethylformamide	3040 mg/kg (Rat)	1500 mg/kg (Rabbit) 3.2 g/kg (Rat)	>5.58 mg/L/4h (Rat)

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 2
Test species rabbit
Observation end point Irritating to eyes

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;
Respiratory Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Skin Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Dimethylformamide 68-12-2 (>95)	Guinea Pig Maximisation Test (GPMT)	guinea pig	- non-sensitising

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(f) carcinogenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

Component	EU	UK	Germany	IARC
Dimethylformamide				Group 2A

(g) reproductive toxicity; Category 1B
Reproductive Effects Experiments have shown reproductive toxicity effects on laboratory animals.
Developmental Effects May cause harm to the unborn child. Developmental effects have occurred in experimental animals.
Teratogenicity Teratogenic effects have occurred in experimental animals.

(h) STOT-single exposure; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Target Organs None known.

(j) aspiration hazard; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed May be harmful if absorbed through skin: Gastrointestinal discomfort: Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity effects .

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae	Microtox
Dimethylformamide	Pimephales promelas: LC50 = 10.6 g/L/96h Onchorhynchus mykiss: LC50 = 9.8 g/L/96h Lepomis macrochirus: LC50 = 6.3 g/L/96h	EC50 = 7500 mg/L/48h	EC50 = 7500 mg/L/96h	EC50 = 2000 mg/L 5 min EC50 = 570 mg/L 240 h

Persistence and Degradability Readily biodegradable

Persistence Persistence is unlikely.

Component	Degradability
Dimethylformamide 68-12-2 (>95)	100 % (OECD 301E (21d))

Degradation in sewage treatment plant Contains no substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants.

Bioaccumulative Potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Dimethylformamide	-1.028	0.3 - 1.2 L/kg

Mobility in soil The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility but will likely degrade over time Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility Highly mobile in soils

Surface tension 36.42 mN/m (25 °C)

Endocrine Disruptor Information

Component	EU - Endocrine Disrupters Candidate List	EU - Endocrine Disruptors - Evaluated Substances	Japan - Endocrine Disruptor Information
Dimethylformamide	Group III Chemical		

Persistent Organic Pollutant This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste from Residues/Unused Products Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

Other Information Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not flush to sewer. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Road and Rail Transport

UN-No UN2265
Proper Shipping Name N,N-DIMETHYLFORMAMIDE
Hazard Class 3
Packing Group III

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN2265
Proper Shipping Name N,N-DIMETHYLFORMAMIDE
Hazard Class 3
Packing Group III

IATA

UN-No UN2265
Proper Shipping Name N,N-DIMETHYLFORMAMIDE
Hazard Class 3
Packing Group III

Special Precautions for User No special precautions required

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories
X = listed, China (IECSC), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), U.S.A. (TSCA), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Australia (AICS), Korea (KECL).

Component	The Inventory of Hazardous Chemicals (2015 Edition)	List of dangerous goods GB 12268 - 2012	TCSI	IECSC	EINECS	TSCA	DSL	PICCS	ENCS	ISHL	AICS	KECL
Dimethylformamide	X	X	X	X	200-679-5	X	X	X	X	X	X	KE-11411

National Regulations

Component	Toxic Chemical Substances Control Act
Dimethylformamide 68-12-2 (>95)	Class II (30 wt%) TRQ = 50 kg

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Creation Date 03-Sep-2009
Revision Date 04-Apr-2024
Revision Summary Not applicable.

Training Advice
Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.
Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.
Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts.
First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.
Chemical incident response training.

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances
PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances
IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances
KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory
DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List
ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances
AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit
ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
DNEL - Derived No Effect Level
RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment
LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%
NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration
PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

TWA - Time Weighted Average
IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer
PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration
LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%
EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%
POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water
vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association
ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
BCF - Bioconcentration factor

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships
ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate
VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

Key literature references and sources for data
https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals
Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet