# Thermo Fisher SCIENTIFIC

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

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ACR44856

# Allyl bromide, stabilized

## SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

产品说明: 烯丙基溴

Product Description: Allyl bromide, stabilized

 Cat No.:
 448560000

 Synonyms
 3-Bromopropene

 CAS No
 106-95-6

 Molecular Formula
 C3 H5 Br

Supplier UK entity/business name

Fisher Scientific UK Bishop Meadow Road,

Loughborough, Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom

**EU entity/business name** Thermo Fisher Scientific

Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a, 2440 Geel, Belgium

Emergency Telephone Number For information US call: 001-800-227-6701 / Europe call: +32 14 57 52 11

Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No. **US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against No Information available

# **SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION**

Physical StateAppearanceOdorLiquidNo information availableStench

#### **Emergency Overview**

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Toxic if swallowed. Toxic if inhaled. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause genetic defects. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause cancer. Very toxic to aquatic life. Sensitivity to light. Stench.

Lachrymator (substance which increases the flow of tears).

# Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable liquids.	Category 2
Acute Oral Toxicity	Category 3
Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors	Category 3
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 1 B
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 1
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	Category 1B
Carcinogenicity	Category 1B
Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)	Category 3
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 1

# **Label Elements**

# Allyl bromide, stabilized



#### Signal Word

## **Danger**

#### **Hazard Statements**

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H340 - May cause genetic defects

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H350 - May cause cancer

H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life

H301 + H331 - Toxic if swallowed or if inhaled

## **Precautionary Statements**

#### Prevention

P240 - Ground and bond container and receiving equipment

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting equipment

P242 - Use non-sparking tools

P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges

P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

P264 - Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

### Response

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor

P330 - Rinse mouth

P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse

#### **Storage**

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

P405 - Store locked up

#### **Disposal**

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

#### **Physical and Chemical Hazards**

Vapors may cause flash fire or explosion. Highly flammable.

# **Health Hazards**

Toxic if swallowed. Toxic if inhaled. Harmful if inhaled. Corrosive. Causes skin and eye burns. Causes serious eye damage. May cause genetic defects. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause cancer. Lachrymator (substance which increases the flow of tears).

#### **Environmental hazards**

Very toxic to aquatic life. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility. The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces.

#### Other Hazards

Lachrymator (substance which increases the flow of tears)

Stench. Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

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## **SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Component	CAS No	Weight %
Allyl bromide	106-95-6	>95
Propylene oxide	75-56-9	<=0.1

# **SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### **General Advice**

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is required.

#### Eye Contact

In the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

#### **Skin Contact**

Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.

#### Inhalation

If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Remove to fresh air. Immediate medical attention is required.

#### Ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

#### Most important symptoms and effects

Causes burns by all exposure routes. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation

#### Self-Protection of the First Aider

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

# **Notes to Physician**

Treat symptomatically.

# **SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

## **Suitable Extinguishing Media**

Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

#### Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

Water may be ineffective.

#### Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses.

### **Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters**

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

## **SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

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#### **Personal Precautions**

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

#### **Environmental Precautions**

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

#### Methods for Containment and Clean Up

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

# **SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

## Handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

#### Storage

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Flammables area. Corrosives area. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

## Specific Use(s)

Use in laboratories

## SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

## **Control Parameters**

Component	China	Taiwan	Thailand	Hong Kong
Propylene oxide	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm	-
	_	TWA: 48 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH	The United Kingdom	European Union
Allyl bromide	TWA: 0.1 ppm			-	
	STEL: 0.2 ppm				
	Skin				
Propylene oxide	TWA: 2 ppm	(Vacated) TWA: 20	IDLH: 400 ppm	STEL: 3 ppm 15 min	TWA: 2.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8h)
		ppm		STEL: 7.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15	TWA: 1 ppm (8h)
		(Vacated) TWA: 50		min	
		mg/m³		TWA: 1 ppm 8 hr	
		TWA: 100 ppm		TWA: 2.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr	
		TWA: 240 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Carc.	

#### Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

NIOSH: NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

#### **Monitoring methods**

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents. MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

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## **Exposure Controls**

#### **Engineering Measures**

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source.

## Personal protective equipment

**Eye Protection** Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material Natural rubber Butyl rubber Nitrile rubber	Breakthrough time See manufacturers recommendations	Glove thickness	<b>EU standard</b> EN 374	Glove comments (minimum requirement)
Neoprene PVC				

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing

Respiratory Protection When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: Particulates filter conforming to EN 143 Acid gases filter Type

E Yellow conforming to EN14387

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

141

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

**Hygiene Measures** Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

**Environmental exposure controls** Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water

system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

# **SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Appearance No information available

Physical State Liquid

Odor Stench

Odor Threshold
pH
No information available
No information available
Melting Point/Range
-119 °C / -182.2 °F
Softening Point
No data available

**Boiling Point/Range** 70 - 71 °C / 158 - 159.8 °F @ 760 mmHg

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Liquid

Flash Point -1 °C / 30.2 °F Method - No information available

Evaporation Rate
Plammability (solid,gas)
No data available
Not applicable

Explosion Limits Lower 4.4 Vol% Upper 7.3 Vol%

Vapor Pressure 147 mbar @ 20 °C

Vapor Density 4.2 (Air = 1.0)
Specific Gravity / Density 1.390
Bulk Density Not applicable Liquid

Bulk Density
Not applicable
Insoluble

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Component log Pow
Allyl bromide 1.79
Propylene oxide 1

Autoignition Temperature 295 °C / 563 °F Decomposition Temperature No data available Viscosity No data available

**Explosive Properties**Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air

Oxidizing Properties No information available

Molecular FormulaC3 H5 BrMolecular Weight120.98

# **SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Stability Light sensitive.

Hazardous Reactions
Hazardous Polymerization
None under normal processing.
Hazardous polymerization may occur.

Conditions to Avoid Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Exposure to light.

Incompatible products.

Materials to avoid Strong oxidizing agents. Strong bases. Metals. Amines.

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>). Hydrogen halides.

# **SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### **Product Information**

# (a) acute toxicity;

Toxicology data for the components

Component	Component LD50 Oral LD50 Dermal			
Allyl bromide	LD50 = 120 mg/kg (Rat)		10 g/m³ 30 min ( Rat )	
Propylene oxide	LD50 = 520 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 = 1244 mg/kg ( Rabbit )	9.48 mg/L (Rat) 4 h	

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 1 B

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

**Respiratory** No data available

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Skin No data available

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; Category 1B

Mutagenic effects have occurred in humans

(f) carcinogenicity; Category 1B

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

Component	EU	UK	Germany	IARC		
Propylene oxide	Carc Cat. 1B			Group 2B		

No data available (g) reproductive toxicity;

(h) STOT-single exposure; No data available

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; No data available

No information available. **Target Organs** 

(j) aspiration hazard; No data available

**Other Adverse Effects** The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

delayed

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation

# **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Ecotoxicity effects** Very toxic to aquatic organisms. The product contains following substances which are

hazardous for the environment.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae	Microtox
Propylene oxide	LC50: = 215 mg/L, 96h	EC50: = 350 mg/L, 48h	EC50: = 240 mg/L, 96h	EC50 = 3300 mg/L 160
	static (Lepomis	(Daphnia magna)	(Pseudokirchneriella	min
	macrochirus)		subcapitata)	
	·			

Persistence and Degradability

**Persistence** 

Expected to be biodegradable

Degradation in sewage

treatment plant

Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste

water treatment plants.

**Bioaccumulative Potential** Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Allyl bromide	1.79	No data available
Propylene oxide	1	No data available

The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all Mobility in soil

surfaces Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility Disperses rapidly in air

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Endocrine Disruptor Information Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

## **SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Waste from Residues/Unused

**Products** 

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

**Contaminated Packaging** 

Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and

empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

Other Information

Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms. Do not let this chemical enter the environment.

# **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### **Road and Rail Transport**

UN-No UN1099

Proper Shipping Name ALLYL BROMIDE

Hazard Class 3 Subsidiary Hazard Class 6.1 Packing Group 1

# IMDG/IMO

**UN-No** UN1099

Proper Shipping Name ALLYL BROMIDE

Hazard Class 3
Subsidiary Hazard Class 6.1
Packing Group

<u>IATA</u>

**UN-No** UN1099

Proper Shipping Name ALLYL BROMIDE

Hazard Class 3
Subsidiary Hazard Class 6.1
Packing Group

Special Precautions for User No special precautions required

# **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

## **International Inventories**

X = listed, China (IECSC), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), U.S.A. (TSCA), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Australia (AICS), Korea (KECL).

Component	,	List of dangerous goods GB 12268 - 2012	TCSI	IECSC	EINECS	TSCA	DSL	PICCS	ENCS	ISHL	AICS	KECL
	Edition)	2012										
Allyl bromide	Х	Х	Х	Х	203-446-6	Х	-	Х	Х	Х	Х	-

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Propylene oxide	X	X	X	Χ	200-879-2	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	KE-24565

Component	·	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities
	Quantities for Major Accident Notification	for Safety Report Requirements
Propylene oxide	5 tonne	50 tonne

### **National Regulations**

# **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

16-Nov-2010 **Creation Date Revision Date** 12-Apr-2024 **Revision Summary** Not applicable.

**Training Advice** 

Chemical incident response training.

#### Legend

**CAS** - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

**KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

Substances List

**ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

**ACGIH** - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

**DNEL** - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%

POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air **Transport Association** 

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

**OECD** - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

**BCF** - Bioconcentration factor

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

#### Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Physical hazards On basis of test data Calculation method **Health Hazards** Calculation method **Environmental hazards** 

### Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

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**End of Safety Data Sheet**