Thermo Fisher SCIENTIFIC

SAFETY DATA SHEET

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ALFAA43028

sec-Butyllithium, 1.3M in cyclohexane

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

产品说明: 仲丁基锂

Product Description: sec-Butyllithium, 1.3M in cyclohexane

Cat No. : 43028 Molecular Formula C4 H9 Li

Supplier Avocado Research Chemicals Ltd.

(Part of Thermo Fisher Scientific)

Shore Road, Heysham Lancashire, LA3 2XY, United Kingdom

Office Tel: +44 (0) 1524 850506 Office Fax: +44 (0) 1524 850608

Emergency Telephone Number For information US call: 001-800-227-6701 / Europe call: +32 14 57 52 11

Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No. **US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against No Information available

SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Physical StateAppearanceOdorLiquidLight yellowCharacteristic

Emergency Overview

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Catches fire spontaneously if exposed to air. In contact with water releases flammable gases which may ignite spontaneously. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Harmful to aquatic life. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Reacts violently with water.

Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable liquids.	Category 2
Substances/mixtures which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases	Category 1
Pyrophoric liquids	Category 1
Aspiration Toxicity	Category 1
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 1 B
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)	Category 3
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 1 Category 3
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 1

Label Elements

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Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

- H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor
- H260 In contact with water releases flammable gases which may ignite spontaneously
- H250 Catches fire spontaneously if exposed to air
- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness
- H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
- H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary Statements

Prevention

- P231 + P232 Handle and store contents under inert gas. Protect from moisture
- P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking
- P222 Do not allow contact with air
- P242 Use non-sparking tools
- P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment
- P243 Take action to prevent static discharges
- P264 Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling
- P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
- P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Response

- P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing
- P302 + P334 IF ON SKIN: Immerse in cool water or wrap in wet bandages
- P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor
- P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
- P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish
- P330 Rinse mouth
- P331 Do NOT induce vomiting
- P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse

Storage

- P402 + P404 Store in a dry place. Store in a closed container
- P422 Store contents under inert gas

Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

Physical and Chemical Hazards

Vapors may cause flash fire or explosion. Highly flammable. Catches fire spontaneously if exposed to air. Reacts violently with water, liberating extremely flammable gases. Reacts violently with water.

Health Hazards

Aspiration hazard if swallowed - can enter lungs and cause damage. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Corrosive. Causes skin and eye burns.

Environmental hazards

Harmful to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Reacts violently with water.

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component	CAS No	Weight %
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	89.00
Lithium, (1-methylpropyl)-	598-30-1	11.00

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SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General Advice

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is required.

Eve Contact

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.

Skin Contact

Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Call a physician immediately.

Inhalation

If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Remove from exposure, lie down. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Call a physician immediately. Risk of serious damage to the lungs (by aspiration).

Ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting. Clean mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician immediately. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward.

Most important symptoms and effects

Causes burns by all exposure routes. Difficulty in breathing. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation

Self-Protection of the First Aider

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

CO₂, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

Water.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Reacts violently with water. Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away

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from and upwind of spill/leak. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Environmental Precautions

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods for Containment and Clean Up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Do not expose spill to water. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Do not allow contact with water. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Storage

Keep refrigerated. Corrosives area. Keep away from water or moist air. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

Specific Use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

Component	China	Taiwan	Thailand	Hong Kong
Cyclohexane	TWA: 250 mg/m ³	TWA: 300 ppm	TWA: 300 ppm	TWA: 300 ppm
	_	TWA: 1030 mg/m ³		TWA: 1030 mg/m ³

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH	The United Kingdom	European Union
Cyclohexane	TWA: 100 ppm	(Vacated) TWA: 300	IDLH: 1300 ppm	STEL: 300 ppm 15 min	TWA: 200 ppm (8hr)
		ppm	TWA: 300 ppm	STEL: 1050 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 700 mg/m ³ (8hr)
		(Vacated) TWA: 1050	TWA: 1050 mg/m ³	min	
		mg/m³		TWA: 100 ppm 8 hr	
		TWA: 300 ppm		TWA: 350 mg/m ³ 8 hr	
		TWA: 1050 mg/m ³			

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

NIOSH: NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents. MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

Exposure Controls

Engineering Measures

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in

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confined areas. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source.

Personal protective equipment

Goggles (European standard - EN 166) **Eye Protection**

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Nitrile rubber	See manufacturers	-	EN 374	(minimum requirement)
Viton (R)	recommendations			

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use **Respiratory Protection**

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: low boiling organic solvent Type AX Brown conforming to EN371 or Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to EN14387

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Environmental exposure controls Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water

system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Liquid

Method - No information available

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Light yellow **Appearance Physical State** Liquid

Characteristic Odor **Odor Threshold** No data available Ha No information available

Melting Point/Range No data available

Softening Point No data available No information available **Boiling Point/Range**

-17 °C / 1.4 °F Flash Point No data available **Evaporation Rate**

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable

No data available **Explosion Limits**

Vapor Pressure No data available

No data available **Vapor Density** (Air = 1.0)

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Specific Gravity / Density0.75 g/cm3@ 20 °CBulk DensityNot applicableLiquid

Water Solubility
Solubility in other solvents
No information available
No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Componentlog PowCyclohexane3.44

Autoignition Temperature

Decomposition Temperature

Viscosity

No data available
No data available
No data available

Explosive Properties

Oxidizing Properties No information available

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air

Molecular FormulaC4 H9 LiMolecular Weight64.06

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Hazardous ReactionsNone under normal processing. Reacts violently with water.

Hazardous Polymerization No information available.

Conditions to Avoid Exposure to moist air or water. Exposure to moisture. Keep away from open flames, hot

surfaces and sources of ignition.

Materials to avoid No information available.

Hazardous Decomposition Products Methylpropane. Carbon oxides. Lithium oxide.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

Toxicology data for the components

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Cyclohexane	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	LC50 > 32880 mg/m ³ (Rat) 4 h

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 1 B

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory No data available Skin No data available

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; No data available

(f) carcinogenicity; No data available

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

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(g) reproductive toxicity; No data available

Category 3 (h) STOT-single exposure;

Central nervous system (CNS) Results / Target organs

No data available (i) STOT-repeated exposure;

Target Organs No information available.

(j) aspiration hazard; Category 1

delayed

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment. Very **Ecotoxicity effects**

toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic

environment.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae	Microtox
Cyclohexane	LC50: 48.87 - 68.76	EC50 = 0.9 mg/l/48h	EC50 >500 mg/L/72h	EC50 = 85.5 mg/L 5 min
	mg/L, 96h static	_	_	EC50 = 93 mg/L 10 min
	(Poecilia reticulata)			
	LC50: 24.99 - 44.69			
	mg/L, 96h static			
	(Lepomis macrochirus)			
	LC50: 23.03 - 42.07			
	mg/L, 96h static			
	(Pimephales promelas)			
	LC50: 3.96 - 5.18 mg/L,			
	96h flow-through			
	(Pimephales promelas)			

Persistence and Degradability No information available **Persistence** Persistence is unlikely.

Component	Degradability
Cyclohexane	77% (28d)
110-82-7 (89.00)	` <i>'</i>

Degradation in sewage treatment plant

Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants.

Bioaccumulative Potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Cyclohexane	3.44	83.15

Mobility in soil No information available

Endocrine Disruptor Information Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

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SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste from Residues/Unused

Products

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging

Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and

empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

Other Information

Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms. Do not let this chemical enter the environment.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Road and Rail Transport

UN-No UN3394

Proper Shipping Name ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, PYROPHORIC, WATER-REACTIVE

Technical Shipping Name (sec-Butyllithium, cyclohexane)

Hazard Class 4.2 **Subsidiary Hazard Class** 4.3 **Packing Group**

IMDG/IMO

UN3394 **UN-No**

Proper Shipping Name ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, PYROPHORIC, WATER-REACTIVE

Technical Shipping Name (sec-Butyllithium, cyclohexane)

4.2 **Hazard Class** 4.3 **Subsidiary Hazard Class**

Packing Group

IATA

UN-No

Proper Shipping Name ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, PYROPHORIC, WATER-REACTIVE

Technical Shipping Name (sec-Butyllithium, cyclohexane)

Hazard Class 4.2 **Subsidiary Hazard Class** 4.3

Packing Group

No special precautions required **Special Precautions for User**

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

X = listed, China (IECSC), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), U.S.A. (TSCA), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Australia (AICS), Korea (KECL).

Component	The Inventory of Hazardous Chemicals (2015 Edition)	goods GB	TCSI	IECSC	EINECS	TSCA	DSL	PICCS	ENCS	ISHL	AICS	KECL
Cyclohexane	Х	X	X	Χ	203-806-2	Х	Χ	Х	Х	Χ	X	KE-18562
Lithium, (1-methylpropyl)-	-	Х	Х	Х	209-927-7	Х	-	-	Х	Х	Х	KE-04321

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National Regulations

Component	Toxic Chemical Substances Control Act
Cyclohexane	Class IV (1 wt%)
110-82-7 (89.00)	

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Prepared By Health, Safety and Environmental Department

Revision Date 09-May-2024

Revision Summary New emergency telephone response service provider.

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts. Chemical incident response training.

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b)

Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic

Substances List

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%

POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air **Transport Association**

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate **VOC** - (Volatile Organic Compound)

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Physical hazards On basis of test data **Health Hazards** Calculation method **Environmental hazards** Calculation method

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Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet