

according to Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended

Revision Date 15-Feb-2024 Revision Number 3

# SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: <u>Hydrogen chloride, 3-4 M solution in ethyl acetate</u>

Cat No.: 802532

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals. Uses advised against No Information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Avocado Research Chemicals Ltd. (Part of Thermo Fisher Scientific)

Shore Road, Heysham Lancashire, LA3 2XY, United Kingdom

Office Tel: +44 (0) 1524 850506 Office Fax: +44 (0) 1524 850608

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information **US** call: 001-800-227-6701 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No. **US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

### **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

### CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567

**Physical hazards** 

Flammable liquids Category 2 (H225)

**Health hazards** 

Acute Inhalation Toxicity - VaporsCategory 3 (H331)Skin Corrosion/IrritationCategory 1 A (H314)Serious Eye Damage/Eye IrritationCategory 1 (H318)

Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)

Category 3 (H336)

ALFAA802532

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#### **Environmental hazards**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

### 2.2. Label elements



### Signal Word

#### **Danger**

#### **Hazard Statements**

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H331 - Toxic if inhaled

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

### **Precautionary Statements**

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

#### 2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

### **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567
Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	EEC No. 205-500-4	85-90	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) STOT SE 3 (H336) EUH066
Hydrogen Chloride	7647-01-0	231-595-7	10-15	Acute Tox. 3 (H331) Skin Corr. 1A (H314) Press. Gas (H280)

Component	Specific concentration limits (SCL's)	M-Factor	Component notes
Hydrogen Chloride	Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) ::	-	-

#### Hydrogen chloride, 3-4 M solution in ethyl acetate

10%<=C<25%	
Skin Corr. 1B (H314) :: C>=25%	
Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) ::	
10%<=C<25%	
STOT SE 3 (H335) :: C>=10%	

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is

required.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. In

the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical

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advice.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical

attention is required.

**Ingestion** Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

**Inhalation** If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim

ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Remove to fresh

air. Immediate medical attention is required.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Causes burns by all exposure routes. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically.

### **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### **Suitable Extinguishing Media**

CO<sub>2</sub>, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

#### Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

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#### **Hazardous Combustion Products**

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Hydrogen chloride gas,

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

### **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

### **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

### **Hygiene Measures**

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Corrosives area. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Class 3 Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

### **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

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#### **Exposure limits**

List source(s): **EU** - Commission Directive (EU) 2019/1831 of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Fourth edition. Published 2020. **IRE** - 2021 Code of Practice for the Chemical Agents Regulations, Schedule 1. Published by the Health and Safety Authority

Component	The United Kingdom	European Union	Ireland
Ethyl acetate	STEL: 1468 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min	TWA: 734 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8h)	TWA: 734 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr.
	STEL: 400 ppm 15 min	TWA: 200 ppm (8h)	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hr.
	TWA: 734 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr	STEL: 1468 mg/m³ (15min)	STEL: 1468 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hr	STEL: 400 ppm (15min)	STEL: 400 ppm 15 min
Hydrogen Chloride	STEL: 5 ppm 15 min	TWA: 5 ppm (8h)	TWA: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr. F
	STEL: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min	TWA: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8h)	TWA: 5 ppm 8 hr.
	TWA: 1 ppm 8 hr	STEL: 10 ppm (15min)	STEL: 10 ppm 15 min
	TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr	STEL: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (15min)	STEL: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min

### **Biological limit values**

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

### Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

Component	Acute effects local (Dermal)	Acute effects systemic (Dermal)	Chronic effects local (Dermal)	Chronic effects systemic (Dermal)
Ethyl acetate				DNEL = 63mg/kg
141-78-6 ( 85-90 )				bw/day

Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)
Ethyl acetate	DNEL = $1468 \text{ mg/m}^3$	DNEL = 1468 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	DNEL = $734 \text{ mg/m}^3$	$DNEL = 734mg/m^3$
141-78-6 ( 85-90 )	400 ppm	400 ppm	200 ppm	_
Hydrogen Chloride	DNEL = 15mg/m <sup>3</sup>		DNEL = 8mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
7647-01-0 ( 10-15 )				

### **Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)**

See values below.

Γ	Component	Fresh water	Fresh water	<b>Water Intermittent</b>	Microorganisms in	Soil (Agriculture)
			sediment		sewage treatment	
Γ	Ethyl acetate	PNEC = 0.24mg/L	PNEC = 1.15mg/kg	PNEC = 1.65mg/L	PNEC = 650mg/L	PNEC =
L	141-78-6 ( 85-90 )	-	sediment dw	,	-	0.148mg/kg soil dw

Component	Marine water	Marine water sediment	Marine water intermittent	Food chain	Air
	PNEC = 0.024mg/L			PNEC = 0.2g/kg	
141-78-6 ( 85-90 )		0.115mg/kg		food	
		sediment dw			

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

### **Engineering Measures**

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

### Personal protective equipment Eye Protection

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**Hand Protection** Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Natural rubber	See manufacturers	-	EN 374	(minimum requirement)
Butyl rubber	recommendations			
Nitrile rubber				
Neoprene				
PVC				

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing.

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

**Respiratory Protection** When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits Large scale/emergency use

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: Particulates filter conforming to EN 143 or Acid gases filter

Type E Yellow conforming to EN14387

Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure Small scale/Laboratory use

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

**Environmental exposure controls** No information available.

### SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Physical State** Liquid

**Appearance** Colorless

Odor No information available No data available **Odor Threshold Melting Point/Range** No data available **Softening Point** No data available **Boiling Point/Range** No information available

Flammability (liquid) Highly flammable On basis of test data

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Liquid

**Explosion Limits** No data available

17 °C / 62.6 °F Method - No information available Flash Point

**Autoignition Temperature** No data available **Decomposition Temperature** No data available Not applicable pН No data available **Viscosity** No information available **Water Solubility** Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

log Pow Component Ethyl acetate 0.73

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Vapor Pressure No data available

Density / Specific Gravity

1.05

Bulk DensityNot applicableLiquidVapor DensityNo data available(Air = 1.0)

Particle characteristics Not applicable (liquid)

9.2. Other information

**Explosive Properties** Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air

### **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

10.1. Reactivity

None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

**Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous Reactions**No information available.
None under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Strong bases.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). Hydrogen chloride gas.

### **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### **Product Information**

(a) acute toxicity;

OralBased on available data, the classification criteria are not metDermalBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Inhalation Category 3

### Toxicology data for the components

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Ethyl acetate	10,200 mg/kg ( Rat )	> 20 mL/kg ( Rabbit ) > 18000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	58 mg/l (rat; 8 h)
Hydrogen Chloride	LD50 238 - 277 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 > 5010 mg/kg ( Rabbit )	LC50 = 1.68 mg/L (Rat) 1 h

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 1 A

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

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No data available Respiratory No data available Skin

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Ethyl acetate	OECD Test Guideline 406	guinea pig	- non-sensitising
141-78-6 ( 85-90 )			_

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; No data available

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Ethyl acetate	OECD Test Guideline 471	in vitro	negative
141-78-6 ( 85-90 )	AMES test	Bacteria	-
	OECD Test Guideline 473 Chromosomal aberration assay	in vitro Mammalian	negative
	OECD Test Guideline 476 Gene cell mutation	in vitro Mammalian	negative
	OECD Test Guideline 474 Mouse micronucleus assay	in vivo Mammalian	negative

(f) carcinogenicity; No data available

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

(g) reproductive toxicity; No data available

Component	Test method	Test species / Duration	Study result
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6 ( 85-90 )	OECD Test Guideline 416	Oral mouse 2 Generation	NOAEL = 26400 mg/kg bw/day
	OECD Test Guideline 414	Inhalation Rat	NOAEC = 73300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

(h) STOT-single exposure; Category 3

Results / Target organs Central nervous system (CNS).

No data available (i) STOT-repeated exposure;

**Target Organs** No information available.

No data available (j) aspiration hazard;

delayed

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated. Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation.

11.2. Information on other hazards

**Endocrine Disrupting Properties** Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any

known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

### **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

12.1. Toxicity **Ecotoxicity effects** 

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Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
Ethyl acetate	Fathead minnow: LC50: 230 mg/l/ 96h Gold orfe: LC50: 270 mg/L/48h	EC50 = 717 mg/L/48h	EC50 = 3300 mg/L/48h

Component	Microtox	M-Factor
Ethyl acetate	EC50 = 1180 mg/L 5 min	
	EC50 = 1500 mg/L 15 min	
	EC50 = 5870 mg/L 15 min	
	EC50 = 7400 mg/L 2 h	

# **12.2. Persistence and degradability Persistence**No information available Persistence is unlikely.

Component	Degradability
Ethyl acetate	79 % (20 d) (OECD 301 D)
141-78-6 ( 85-90 )	

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Ethyl acetate	0.73	30 dimensionless

12.4. Mobility in soil No information available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

No data available for assessment.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting

properties

Endocrine Disruptor Information This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

12.7. Other adverse effects
Persistent Organic Pollutant

Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

### **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused Products

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

**Contaminated Packaging** 

Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

**European Waste Catalogue (EWC)** 

According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific.

Other Information

Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not flush to sewer. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms.

### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

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#### IMDG/IMO

**14.1. UN number** UN2924

14.2. UN proper shipping nameFlammable liquid, corrosive, n.o.s.Technical Shipping NameEthyl acetate/Hydrogen chloride14.3. Transport hazard class(es)3

Subsidiary Hazard Class 8

14.4. Packing group

#### ADR

**14.1. UN number** UN2924

**14.2. UN proper shipping name Technical Shipping Name**Flammable liquid, corrosive, n.o.s.
Ethyl acetate/Hydrogen chloride

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)3Subsidiary Hazard Class814.4. Packing groupII

### IATA

<u>14.1. UN number</u> UN2924

**14.2. UN proper shipping name Technical Shipping Name**Flammable liquid, corrosive, n.o.s.
Ethyl acetate/Hydrogen chloride

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)3Subsidiary Hazard Class814.4. Packing groupII

14.5. Environmental hazards No hazards identified

**14.6. Special precautions for user** No special precautions required.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable, packaged goods

### **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

### International Inventories

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	205-500-4	-	-	Х	X	KE-00047	X	Х
Hydrogen Chloride	7647-01-0	231-595-7	-	-	Х	Х	KE-20189	Х	Х

	Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
	Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	X	ACTIVE	X	-	X	Х	Х
Ī	Hydrogen Chloride	7647-01-0	Х	ACTIVE	X	-	Х	Х	Х

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

### Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) -	REACH (1907/2006) -	REACH Regulation (EC
		Annex XIV - Substances	Annex XVII - Restrictions	1907/2006) article 59 -
		Subject to Authorization	on Certain Dangerous	Candidate List of
		-	Substances	Substances of Very High

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				Concern (SVHC)
Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	-	Use restricted. See item	-
			75.	
			(see link for restriction	
			details)	
Hydrogen Chloride	7647-01-0	-	Use restricted. See item	-
			75.	
			(see link for restriction	
			details)	

#### **REACH links**

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

### Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) -	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) -
		Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident	Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report
		Notification	Requirements
Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	Not applicable	Not applicable
Hydrogen Chloride	7647-01-0	25 tonne	250 tonne

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)? Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

Take note of Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

### **National Regulations**

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

**WGK Classification** Water endangering class = 1 (self classification)

Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Ethyl acetate	WGK1	
Hydrogen Chloride	WGK1	

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)
Ethyl acetate	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84

Component	Switzerland - Ordinance on the Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR 814.81)	Switzerland - Ordinance on Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC)	Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6 ( 85-90 )		Group I	
Hydrogen Chloride 7647-01-0 ( 10-15 )	Prohibited and Restricted Substances		

Chemical Safety Assessment/Reports (CSA/CSR) are not required for mixtures

### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

### Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H331 - Toxic if inhaled

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

#### Legend

**CAS** - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic

Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

**IECSC** - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances **KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances Substances List **ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

**ACGIH** - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

**DNEL** - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

**NOEC** - No Observed Effect Concentration PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

Transport Association

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime

Dangerous Goods Code

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Shins

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

**BCF** - Bioconcentration factor

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

### Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

### Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Physical hazards On basis of test data **Health Hazards** Calculation method **Environmental hazards** Calculation method

### **Training Advice**

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Health, Safety and Environmental Department **Prepared By** 

**Revision Date** 15-Feb-2024

**Revision Summary** New emergency telephone response service provider.

### This safety data sheet complies with Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended.

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the

Hydrogen chloride, 3-4 M solution in ethyl acetate

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## **End of Safety Data Sheet**