Thermo Fisher SCIENTIFIC

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Page 1/10 Creation Date 11-Jun-2009 Revision Date 13-May-2024 Version 3

ALFAAC18150

Tetrahydrofuran

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

产品说明: Tetrahydrofuran Product Description: Tetrahydrofuran

 Cat No. :
 C18150

 Synonyms
 THF

 CAS No
 109-99-9

 Molecular Formula
 C4 H8 O

Supplier Avocado Research Chemicals Ltd.

(Part of Thermo Fisher Scientific)

Shore Road, Heysham Lancashire, LA3 2XY, United Kingdom

Office Tel: +44 (0) 1524 850506 Office Fax: +44 (0) 1524 850608

Emergency Telephone Number For information US call: 001-800-227-6701 / Europe call: +32 14 57 52 11

Emergency Number **US:**001-201-796-7100 / **Europe:** +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No. **US:**001-800-424-9300 / **Europe:**001-703-527-3887

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals. Uses advised against No Information available

SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Physical StateAppearanceOdorLiquidColorlessPetroleum distillates

Emergency Overview

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. May cause respiratory irritation. Harmful if swallowed. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. May form explosive peroxides. Hygroscopic.

Classification of the substance or mixture

| Flammable liquids. | Category 2 |
|--|------------|
| Acute Oral Toxicity | Category 4 |
| Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation | Category 2 |
| Carcinogenicity | Category 2 |
| Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure) | Category 3 |

Label Elements

Page 2 / 10 Revision Date 13-May-2024

Tetrahydrofuran



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Precautionary Statements

Prevention

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

P240 - Ground and bond container and receiving equipment

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting equipment

P242 - Use non-sparking tools

P264 - Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges

P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

P280 - Wear eye protection/ face protection

Response

P301 + P312 - IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P330 - Rinse mouth

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

Storage

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

Physical and Chemical Hazards

Vapors may cause flash fire or explosion. Highly flammable. May form explosive peroxides. Hygroscopic.

Health Hazards

Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. May cause respiratory irritation. Harmful if swallowed. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Environmental hazards

Contains no substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility. The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces.

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

| Component | CAS No | Weight % |
|-----------------|----------|----------|
| Tetrahydrofuran | 109-99-9 | >95 |

Page 3 / 10 Revision Date 13-May-2024

Tetrahydrofuran

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General Advice

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Eye Contact

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

Skin Contact

Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Ingestion

Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.

Most important symptoms and effects

Difficulty in breathing. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Causes central nervous system depression

Self-Protection of the First Aider

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. May form explosive peroxides.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Environmental Precautions

Should not be released into the environment.

Methods for Containment and Clean Up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use

Page 4 / 10 Revision Date 13-May-2024

Tetrahydrofuran

spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Not suitable for concentration or distillation. May form explosive peroxides on prolonged storage. If peroxide formation is suspected, do not open or move container. Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Storage

Store under an inert atmosphere. Shelf life 12 months (Unopened) or Shelf life: 3 months after opening. Containers should be dated when opened. May form explosive peroxides on prolonged storage. Should crystals form in a peroxidizable liquid, peroxidation may have occurred and the product should be considered extremely dangerous. In this instance, the container should only be opened remotely by professionals. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Flammables area.

Specific Use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

| Component | China | Taiwan | Thailand | Hong Kong |
|-----------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|--|
| Tetrahydrofuran | TWA: 300 mg/m ³ | TWA: 200 ppm TWA: 590 mg/m³ | TWA: 200 ppm | TWA: 200 ppm TWA: 590 mg/m ³ STEL: 250 ppm STEL: 737 mg/m ³ |

| Component | ACGIH TLV | OSHA PEL | NIOSH | The United Kingdom | European Union |
|-----------------|---------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Tetrahydrofuran | TWA: 50 ppm | (Vacated) TWA: 200 | IDLH: 2000 ppm | STEL: 100 ppm 15 min | TWA: 50 ppm (8h) |
| | STEL: 100 ppm | ppm | TWA: 200 ppm | STEL: 300 mg/m ³ 15 | TWA: 150 mg/m ³ (8h) |
| | Skin | (Vacated) TWA: 590 | TWA: 590 mg/m ³ | min | STEL: 100 ppm |
| | | mg/m³ | STEL: 250 ppm | TWA: 50 ppm 8 hr | (15min) |
| | | (Vacated) STEL: 250 | STEL: 735 mg/m ³ | TWA: 150 mg/m ³ 8 hr | STEL: 300 mg/m ³ |
| | | ppm | | Skin | (15min) |
| | | (Vacated) STEL: 735 | | | Skin |
| | | mg/m³ | | | |
| | | TWA: 200 ppm | | | |
| | | TWA: 590 mg/m ³ | | | |

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

NIOSH: NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents. MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

Exposure Controls

Engineering Measures

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact,

Page 5 / 10 Revision Date 13-May-2024

Tetrahydrofuran

and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source.

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

| Glove material | Breakthrough time | Glove thickness | EU standard | Glove comments |
|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------|--|
| Butyl rubber | < 25 minutes | 0.6 mm | Level 1 | Permeation rate 106 µg/cm2/min |
| | | | EN 374 | As tested under EN374-3 Determination of |
| | | | | Resistance to Permeation by Chemicals |
| Neoprene gloves | < 15 minutes | 0.45 mm | | • |

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing

Respiratory Protection When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to

EN14387

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

20% aq. solution

141

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance Colorless Physical State Liquid

Odor Petroleum distillates
Odor Threshold No data available

pH 7-8

Melting Point/Range -108.4 °C / -163.1 °F Softening Point No data available

Boiling Point/Range 66 °C / 150.8 °F

Flash Point -21 °C / -5.8 °F Method - No information available

Evaporation Rate > 1 (Butyl Acetate = 1.0)

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Liquid

Explosion Limits Lower 1.5 vol%

Upper 12 vol% **Vapor Pressure** 170 mbar @ 20 °C

Vapor Density 2.5 (Air = 1.0)

Page 6/10 Revision Date 13-May-2024

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air

Tetrahydrofuran

Specific Gravity / Density 0.880

Bulk Density Not applicable Liquid

Water Solubility Miscible No information available Solubility in other solvents

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

log Pow Component Tetrahydrofuran 0.45

Autoignition Temperature 215 °C / 419 °F **Decomposition Temperature** No data available

Viscosity

0.456 mPas @ 20°C Dynamic **Explosive Properties**

Oxidizing Properties No information available

C4 H8 O Molecular Formula **Molecular Weight** 72.11

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability Stable under recommended storage conditions. Reacts with air to form peroxides. May form

explosive peroxides on prolonged storage. Hygroscopic.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing. Hazardous polymerization may occur. **Hazardous Polymerization**

Conditions to Avoid Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and

sources of ignition. Exposure to moist air or water.

Materials to avoid Strong oxidizing agents. Acids.

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂), peroxides.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity:

| Component | LD50 Oral | LD50 Dermal | LC50 Inhalation |
|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| Tetrahydrofuran | 1650 mg/kg (Rat) | > 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit) | 180 mg/L (Rat) 1 h |
| | | | 53.9 mg/L (Rat) 4 h |

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 2

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Respiratory Skin Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

| Component | Test method | Test species | Study result |
|------------------|-------------------------|--------------|-----------------|
| Tetrahydrofuran | Local Lymph Node Assay | mouse | non-sensitising |
| 109-99-9 (>95) | OECD Test Guideline 429 | | _ |

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met (e) germ cell mutagenicity;

| Component | Test method | Test species | Study result |
|------------------|-------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Tetrahydrofuran | OECD Test Guideline 476 | in vivo | negative |
| 109-99-9 (>95) | Gene cell mutation | Mammalian | _ |

Page 7/10 Revision Date 13-May-2024

Tetrahydrofuran

| OECD Test Guideline 473 | | |
|------------------------------|-----------|----------|
| Chromosomal aberration assay | in vitro | negative |
| | Mammalian | _ |

(f) carcinogenicity; Category 2

Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect

| Component | EU | UK | Germany | IARC |
|-----------------|----|----|---------|----------|
| Tetrahydrofuran | | | | Group 2B |

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met (g) reproductive toxicity;

| Component | Test method | Test species / Duration | Study result |
|-----------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|
| Tetrahydrofuran | OECD Test Guideline 416 | Rat 2 Generation | NOAEL = 3,000 ppm |
| 109-99-9 (>95) | | | |

Category 3 (h) STOT-single exposure;

Results / Target organs Respiratory system

Central nervous system (CNS)

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Test method OECD Test No. 407 **Test species / Duration** Rat / 28 days

Study result NOAEL = 1,000 mg/l

Route of exposure Oral

Target Organs None known.

(j) aspiration hazard; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

delayed

Symptoms / effects, both acute and Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting:

Causes central nervous system depression

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity effects Do not empty into drains.

| Component | Freshwater Fish | Water Flea | Freshwater Algae | Microtox |
|-----------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------|----------|
| Tetrahydrofuran | 2160 mg/l LC50 = 96 h | EC50 48 h 3485 mg/l | | |
| · | Pimephales promelas | EC50: >10000 mg/L/24h | | |
| | Leuciscus idus: LC50: | _ | | |
| | 2820 mg/L/48h | | | |

Persistence and Degradability

Persistence

Product is biodegradable Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

Degradation in sewage treatment plant

Contains no substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in

waste water treatment plants.

Bioaccumulative Potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely

| Component | log Pow | Bioconcentration factor (BCF) |
|-----------------|---------|-------------------------------|
| Tetrahydrofuran | 0.45 | No data available |

The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all Mobility in soil

surfaces Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility Disperses rapidly in air

Page 8/10 Revision Date 13-May-2024

Tetrahydrofuran

Endocrine Disruptor Information

| Component | EU - Endocrine Disrupters Candidate List | EU - Endocrine Disruptors - Evaluated Substances | Japan - Endocrine Disruptor Information | | |
|------------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|
| Tetrahydrofuran | Group III Chemical | | | | |
| Persistent Organic Pollutant | This product does not contain | any known or suspected subs | tance | | |

Ozone Depletion Potential

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste from Residues/Unused

Products

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging

Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

Other Information

Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Road and Rail Transport

UN-No UN2056

Proper Shipping Name TETRAHYDROFURAN

Hazard Class 3 **Packing Group** Ш

IMDG/IMO

UN2056 **UN-No**

Proper Shipping Name TETRAHYDROFURAN

Hazard Class 3 **Packing Group** Ш

<u>IATA</u>

UN-No UN2056

Proper Shipping Name TETRAHYDROFURAN

Hazard Class Ш **Packing Group**

Special Precautions for User No special precautions required

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

X = listed, China (IECSC), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), U.S.A. (TSCA), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Australia (AICS), Korea (KECL).

| Component | The | List of | TCSI | IECSC | EINECS | TSCA | DSL | PICCS | ENCS | ISHL | AICS | KECL |
|-----------------|-----|--|------|-------|-----------|------|-----|-------|-------------|------|------|----------|
| | | dangerous goods GB 12268 - 2012 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Tetrahydrofuran | X | X | X | X | 203-726-8 | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | KE-33454 |

Page 9 / 10 Revision Date 13-May-2024

Tetrahydrofuran

National Regulations

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Prepared By Health, Safety and Environmental Department

Creation Date 11-Jun-2009 **Revision Date** 13-May-2024

Revision Summary New emergency telephone response service provider.

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts. Chemical incident response training.

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical **DSL/NDSL** - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

Substances List

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances **KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

Substances List ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment **LC50** - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%

POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

Ships

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

ALFAAC18150

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Page 10 / 10 **Revision Date** 13-May-2024

Tetrahydrofuran

End of Safety Data Sheet
