

Australian statement of hazardous nature: Classified as hazardous according to criteria of Safe Work Australia

Section 1 - Identification

Product Name Histo marking dye (Black, Blue, Green, Red, Yellow)

Product Code FNNHMD100BL, FNNHMD100BE, FNNHMD500BE, FNNHMD100GN, FNNHMD500GN,

FNNHMD100RD, FNNHMD500RD, FNNHMD100YW

Address ThermoFisher Scientific Australia Pty Ltd

5 Caribbean Drive, Scoresby VICTORIA 3179, Australia

Emergency Tel. CHEMTREC®

03 9757 4559 or +613 9757 4559

Telephone / Fax NumbersTel: 1300 735 292
Fax: 1800 067 639

ANZinfo@thermofisher.com

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Uses advised against This product does not contain any substance(s) on the Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents list.

This product does not contain any substance(s) subject to Prohibition, Authorization or Restriction. This product does not contain any substance(s) listed on the voluntary National

Code of Practice for Chemicals of Security Concern.

Section 2 - Hazard(s) Identification

Classification under Safe Work Australia

Classified as hazardous according to criteria of Safe Work Australia

Physical hazards

E-mail address

Flammable liquids Category 2

Health hazards

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2A Reproductive Toxicity Category 2

Environmental hazards

Chronic aquatic toxicity Category 2

Label Elements









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Signal Word Danger

Hazard Statements

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary Statements

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P233 - Keep container tightly closed

P240 - Ground and bond container and receiving equipment

P242 - Use non-sparking tools

P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

Other information

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

Section 3 - Composition and Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS No	Weight %
Glycerin	56-81-5	30-60
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	30-60
Diarylide Yellow AAOT	5468-75-7	Yellow only
Fluorescent red pigment	RR-20187-6	Red only
Phthalocyanine blue	147-14-8	Blue only
Malachite green	569-64-2	Green only
Carbon black	1333-86-4	Black only

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

Inhalation Remove to fresh air.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated

clothes and shoes.

Eye Contact Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids.

Consult a physician.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

First Aid Facilities Eyewash, safety shower and washroom.

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Most important symptoms and

effects

Difficulty in breathing. Causes eye burns. Causes severe eye damage. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea

and vomiting

Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically.

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire fighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

Emergency procedures

Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Environmental Precautions

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

Methods for Containment and Clean Up

Clean-up methods - small spillage

Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

Clean-up methods - large spillage

Typically only supplied is small quantiites as packaged goods.

If extremely toxic or used in larger quantities ensure a spillage action plan is in place. Evacuate area. Control the source and/or contain the spill if safe and able to do so. Use temporary diking, sand bags, dry sand, earth or proprietary booms/absorbent pads if available. Obtain advice on containment, neutralisation and clean-up from local emergency responders.

Reference to Other Sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Precautions for Safe Handling

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including any Incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

AS/NZS 2243.10:2004, Safety in laboratories - Storage of chemicals

AS 1940-2004 - The storage and handling of flammable and combustible liquids

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Section 8 - Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

Exposure limits

AUS - Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment - Guidance Note on the Interpretation of Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment [NOHSC:3008(1995)]

Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment [NOHSC:1003(1995)] updated in August, 2005. Safe Work Australia

ACGIH - Threshold Limit Values - Ceiling (TLV-C) guidelines by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) for controlling worker exposure to airborne chemical concentrations in the workplace.

UK - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Fourth edition. Published 2020.

DE - MAK and BAT values of Hazardous Chemical Compounds in the Work Area. Published by German Research Foundation on July 1, 2011

NZ - Workplace Exposure Standards and Biological Exposure Indices (6th edition). New Zealand Department of Labor

Component	Australia	New Zealand WEL	ACGIH TLV	The United Kingdom	Germany
Glycerin	TWA: 10 mg/m ³	TWA: 10 mg/m ³		TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hr	TWA: 200 mg/m ³ (8
				(mist only)	Stunden). AGW -
					exposure factor 2
					TWA: 200 mg/m ³ (8
					Stunden). MAK
					Höhepunkt: 400 mg/m ³
Ethyl alcohol	TWA: 1000 ppm	TWA: 1000 ppm	STEL: 1000 ppm	TWA: 1000 ppm TWA;	200 ppm TWA MAK;
	TWA: 1880 mg/m ³	TWA: 1880 mg/m ³		1920 mg/m ³ TWA	380 mg/m ³ TWA MAK
	_	_		WEL - STEL: 3000 ppm	_
				STEL; 5760 mg/m ³	
				STEL	
Phthalocyanine blue			TWA: 1 mg/m ³	STEL: 2 mg/m ³ 15 min	
			•	TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hr	
Carbon black	TWA: 3 mg/m ³	TWA: 3 mg/m ³	TWA: 3 mg/m ³	STEL: 7 mg/m ³ 15 min	
	•			TWA: 3.5 mg/m ³ 8 hr	

Biological limit values

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

Exposure Controls

Engineering Measures

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye ProtectionGoggles (Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337 - Eye protectors for Industrial applications)

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Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	AUS/NZ Standard	Glove comments
Disposable gloves	See manufacturers	-	AS/NZS 2161	(minimum requirement)
	recommendations			

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing

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Repiratory Protection Use an AS/NZS 1716 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or

other symptoms are experienced. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained in line with AS/NZS 1715 on the use

Liquid

and maintenance of repiratory protective devices (or AUS/NZ equivalent)

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Environmental exposure controls Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water

ystem

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Varies Blue Black Red Yellow Green

Physical State Viscous liquid Liquid

Odor Threshold No information available

Odor Threshold No data available

pH No information available
Melting Point/Range -117 °C / -178.6 °F
Softening Point No data available
Boiling Point/Range 78 °C / 172.4 °F

Flash Point 14 °C / 57.2 °F Method - No information available

Evaporation Rate
No data available
Flammability (solid.gas)
Not applicable

Flammability (solid,gas)

Explosion Limits

Not applicable

No data available

Vapor Pressure No data available

Vapor Density No data available (Air = 1.0)

Specific Gravity / Density No data available
Bulk Density Not applicable

Bulk DensityNot applicableLiquidWater SolubilitySoluble in water

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Componentlog PowGlycerin-1.75Ethyl alcohol-0.32Diarylide Yellow AAOT0.5Phthalocyanine blue6.6

Autoignition Temperature

Decomposition Temperature

Viscosity

No data available
No data available
No data available

Explosive Properties Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air

Oxidizing Properties No information available

Other information

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity None known, based on information available

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

Incompatible Materials None known.

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Hazardous Decomposition Products None under normal use conditions.

Hazardous Polymerization No information available.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

Information on Toxicological Effects

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

OralBased on available data, the classification criteria are not metDermalBased on available data, the classification criteria are not metInhalationBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Toxicology data for the components

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Glycerin	12600 mg/kg (Rat)	> 10 g/kg(Rabbit)	> 2.75 mg/L/4h (Rat)(mist)
Ethyl alcohol	LD50 = 7060 mg/kg (Rat)		20000 ppm/10H (Rat)
Diarylide Yellow AAOT	LD50 > 5 g/kg (Rat)		LC50 > 230 mg/m ³ (Rat) 4 h
Phthalocyanine blue	LD50 > 10000 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 > 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	
Carbon black	LD50 > 15400 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 > 3 g/kg (Rabbit)	LC50 > 4.6 mg/m ³ (Rat) 4 h

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; No data available

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory No data available Skin No data available

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; No data available

(f) carcinogenicity; No data available

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

Component	Australia New Zealai	New South Wales	Western Australia	IARC	EU	UK	Germany
Carbon black	Suspected			Group 2B			Cat. 3B
	carcinoge	1 I					

(g) reproductive toxicity; Category 2

(h) STOT-single exposure; No data available

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; No data available

Target Organs No information available.

(j) aspiration hazard; No data available

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Symptoms / effects,both acute and Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, delayed tiredness, nausea and vomiting

Section 12 - Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity effects

The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment. Toxic

to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae	Microtox
Glycerin	LC50: 51 - 57 mL/L, 96h static (Oncorhynchus mykiss)			
Ethyl alcohol	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) LC50 = 14200 mg/l/96h	EC50 = 9268 mg/L/48h EC50 = 10800 mg/L/24h	EC50 (72h) = 275 mg/l (Chlorella vulgaris)	Photobacterium phosphoreum:EC50 = 34634 mg/L/30 min Photobacterium phosphoreum:EC50 = 35470 mg/L/5 min
Carbon black		EC50: > 5600 mg/L, 24h (Daphnia magna)		

Persistence and Degradability

Persistence

Degradation in sewage treatment plant Bioaccumulative Potential

Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste

water treatment plants. Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Glycerin	-1.75	No data available
Ethyl alcohol	-0.32	No data available
Diarylide Yellow AAOT	0.5	>=0 - <=6.2 dimensionless
Phthalocyanine blue	6.6	0.3 - 11 dimensionless

Mobility

The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility Disperses rapidly in

Endocrine Disruptor Information Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Waste from Residues/Unused Products

Do not allow into drains or watercourses or dispose of where ground or surface waters may be affected. Wastes, including emptied containers, are controlled wastes and should be disposed of in accordance with all federal, E.P.A., state and local regulations. Assure conformity with all applicable regulations.

Contaminated Packaging

Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

Other Information

Chemical wastes should be disposed through a licensed commercial waste collection service. Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. Do not empty into drains. Do not let this chemical enter the environment.

Section 14 - Transport Information

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN1170

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Histo marking dye (Black, Blue, Green, Red, Yellow)

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Proper Shipping Name ETHANOL

Technical Shipping Name HISTOLOGY MARKING DYE

Hazard Class 3
Packing Group ||

ADG

UN-No UN1170
Proper Shipping Name ETHANOL

Technical Shipping Name HISTOLOGY MARKING DYE

Hazard Class 3
Packing Group

Component	Hazchem Code
Ethyl alcohol	2YE
64-17-5 (30-60)	2Y

<u>IATA</u>

UN-No UN1170 Proper Shipping Name ETHANOL

Technical Shipping Name HISTOLOGY MARKING DYE

Hazard Class 3 Packing Group II

Environmental hazards Dangerous for the environment

Product is a marine pollutant according to the criteria set by IMDG/IMO

Special Precautions No special precautions required

Additional information None known

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National Regulations Australia

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters.

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

Classified as a scheduled poison according to the Standard for Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.

Component	Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons
Phthalocyanine blue - 147-14-8	Schedule 4 listed - for human use except: when separately specified in these Schedules, in
	preparations for human internal use containing <= 5 mg of Copper per recommended daily dose, or in
	other preparations containing <=5% of Copper compounds
	Schedule 5 listed - in animal feed additives except in preparations containing <=1% of Copper
	Schedule 6 listed - except: when separately specified in these Schedules, in preparations for human
	internal use containing <=5 mg of Copper per recommended daily dose, pigments where the solubility
	of the Copper compounds in water is <=1 g/L, in feed additives containing <=1% of Copper, or in other
	preparations containing <=5% of Copper compounds
Malachite green - 569-64-2	Schedule 5 listed - in preparations for veterinary use
	Schedule 7 listed

Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)

Component	Australian Industrial	Additional information
	Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)	

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Glycerin - 56-81-5	Present	-
Ethyl alcohol - 64-17-5	Present	-
Diarylide Yellow AAOT - 5468-75-7	Present	÷
Phthalocyanine blue - 147-14-8	Present	-
Malachite green - 569-64-2	Present	÷
Carbon black - 1333-86-4	Present	-

Australian - Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents Substance List

This product does not contain any substance(s) on the Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents list.

Chemicals of Security Concern

This product does not contain any substance(s) listed on the voluntary National Code of Practice for Chemicals of Security Concern

National pollutant inventory

Subject to reporting requirements

Component	National pollutant inventory
Ethyl alcohol - 64-17-5	10 tonne/yr. Threshold category 1

Prohibition or notification/licensing requirements

Shown below are details of specific prohibition/notifications or licencing requirements when they apply.

This product does not contain any substance(s) subject to Prohibition, Authorization or Restriction.

Component	Australia	New South Wales	Western Australia	New Zealand
Carbon black - 1333-86-4				Suspected carcinogen

International Inventories

Component	AICS	NZIoC	EINECS	ELINCS	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	PICCS	ENCS	ISHL	IECSC	KECL
Glycerin	X	X	200-289-5	-	X	X	-	Х	Х	Х	Х	KE-29297
Ethyl alcohol	X	Х	200-578-6	-	X	Х	-	Х	Х	Х	Х	KE-13217
Diarylide Yellow AAOT	X	Х	226-789-3	-	X	Х	-	Х	Х	Х	Χ	KE-10086
Phthalocyanine blue	X	X	205-685-1	-	X	Х	-	Х	Х	Х	Χ	KE-33250
Malachite green	X	X	209-322-8	-	X	X	-	Χ	Х	Х	Х	KE-06976
Carbon black	X	Х	215-609-9	435-640-	Х	Х	-	Х	X	Х	Х	Х
				3								

Legend: X - Listed. '-' - Not Listed. KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

International Regulations

Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

Persistent Organic Pollutant This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

Rotterdam Convention (PIC) Not applicable

Basel convention on the control of transboundary movements of hazardous wastes and their dispoal

Take note that wastes may be subject to export, import, or transit controls pursuant to the Basel convention and/or local regulations implementing the Basel convention.

Component	Basel Convention (Hazardous Waste)	Australian Hazardous Waste Act - Categories of Wastes to Be Controlled
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Ethyl alcohol - 64-17-5	Annex I - Y42	Y42 except Halogenated solvents
Phthalocyanine blue - 147-14-8	Annex I - Y22	Y22

Component	CAS No	OECD HPV	Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS)	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements
Glycerin	56-81-5	Listed	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	Listed	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Diarylide Yellow AAOT	5468-75-7	Listed	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Fluorescent red pigment	RR-20187-6	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Phthalocyanine blue	147-14-8	Listed	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Malachite green	569-64-2	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Carbon black	1333-86-4	Listed	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Diarylide Yellow AAOT	-	Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	-
Phthalocyanine blue	-	Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	-
Malachite green	-	Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	-
Carbon black	-	Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	-

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

Section 16 - Other Information

Legend

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

NZS 5433:2020 - Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% **WEL** - Workplace Exposure Limit

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment
NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

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Physical hazards

Health Hazards

Environmental hazards

On basis of test data
Calculation method
Calculation method

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Revision Date 14-Jul-2023

Revision Summary Update to GHS format.

This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is prepared in accordance to and complies with the requirements of Safe Work Australia - Work Health and Safety Regulations (WHS Regulations).

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet

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