

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Creation Date 03-May-2012 Revision Date 22-Mar-2024 **Revision Number** 3

# SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE **COMPANY/UNDERTAKING**

#### 1.1. Product identifier

**Product Description:** Dichloroacetic acid, 99%

Cat No.: S33297

**Svnonvms** Dichloroethanoic Acid; 2,2-Dichloroacetic Acid; Dichloracetic Acid

**Index No** 607-066-00-5 **CAS No** 79-43-6 EC No 201-207-0 C2 H2 Cl2 O2 Molecular Formula

**REACH** registration number

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Recommended Use** Laboratory chemicals.

Sector of use SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

**Product category** PC21 - Laboratory chemicals

PROC15 - Use as a laboratory reagent **Process categories** 

**Environmental release category** 

ERC6a - Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates)

No Information available Uses advised against

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Thermo Fisher (Kandel) GmbH

Erlenbachweg 2, 76870 Kandel, Germany

Tel: +49 (0) 721 84007 280 Fax: +49 (0) 721 84007 300

Swiss distributor - Fisher Scientific AG Neuhofstrasse 11, CH 4153 Reinach

Tel: +41 (0) 56 618 41 11

https://www.fishersci.ch/ch/en/customer-help-

support/forms/email-us.html

begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com E-mail address

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information **US** call: 001-800-227-6701 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number US:001-201-796-7100 / Europe: +32 14 57 52 99 CHEMTREC Tel. No.US:001-800-424-9300 / Europe:001-703-527-3887

customers in Switzerland:

Tox Info Suisse Emergency Number: 145 (24hr)

Tox Info Suisse: +41-44 251 51 51 (Emergency number from abroad)

Chemtrec (24h) Toll-Free: 0800 564 402 Chemtrec Local: +41-43 508 20 11 (Zurich)

# **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

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### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

### CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

# **Physical hazards**

Substances/mixtures corrosive to metal Category 1 (H290)

#### **Health hazards**

Acute dermal toxicity Category 3 (H311) Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 1 A (H314) Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 1 (H318) Carcinogenicity Category 2 (H351) Reproductive Toxicity Category 1B (H360) Effects on or via lactation / Effects on or via lactation (H362)

Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure) Category 2 (H373)

#### **Environmental hazards**

Acute aquatic toxicity Category 1 (H400)

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16



Signal Word

Danger

#### **Hazard Statements**

H290 - May be corrosive to metals

H311 - Toxic in contact with skin

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer

H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child

H362 - May cause harm to breast-fed children

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life

EUH071 - Corrosive to the respiratory tract

#### **Precautionary Statements**

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

P263 - Avoid contact during pregnancy and while nursing

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P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

#### Additional EU labelling

Restricted to professional users

#### 2.3. Other hazards

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB)

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

# **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### 3.1. Substances

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Dichloroacetic acid	79-43-6	EEC No. 201-207-0	>95	Met. Corr. 1 (H290)
				Acute Tox. 3 (H311)
				Skin Corr. 1A (H314)
				Eye Dam. 1 (H318)
				Carc. 2 (H351)
				Repr. 1B (H360)
				Lact. (H362)
				STOT RE 2 (H373)
				Aquatic Acute 1 (H400)
				(EUH071)

REACH registration number	-

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

# **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is

required.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. In

the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical

advice.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical

attention is required.

**Ingestion** Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

**Inhalation** If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim

ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Remove to fresh

air. Immediate medical attention is required.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

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Causes burns by all exposure routes. Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically.

# **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

## 5.1. Extinguishing media

### Suitable Extinguishing Media

CO<sub>2</sub>, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam.

#### Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses.

#### **Hazardous Combustion Products**

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Phosgene, Hydrogen chloride gas.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

### **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

# **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

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Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only under a chemical fume

hood. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance.

#### **Hygiene Measures**

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. To maintain product quality: Store under an inert atmosphere.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

Storage Class/LGK 6.1C

Switzerland - Storage of hazardous substances

https://www.kvu.ch/de/themen/stoffe-und-produkte https://www.kvu.ch/fr/themes/substances-et-produits https://www.kvu.ch/it/temi/sostanze-e-prodotti Storage class - SC 6.1

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

# **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

### 8.1. Control parameters

### **Exposure limits**

List source(s): **CH** - The Government of Switzerland has set a directive on limit values for working materials (Grenzwerte am Arbeitsplatz) which is based on the Swiss Federal Regulation "Verordnung über die Verhütung von Unfällen und Berufskrankheiten". This directive is administered, periodically revised and enforced by SUVA (Swiss National Accident Insurance Fund).

Component	European Union	The United Kingdom	France	Belgium	Spain
Dichloroacetic acid				TWA: 0.5 ppm 8 uren	
				TWA: 2.7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 uren	
				Huid	

Component	Italy	Germany	Portugal	The Netherlands	Finland
Dichloroacetic acid		TWA: 0.2 ppm (8	TWA: 0.5 ppm 8 horas		
		Stunden). AGW -	Pele		
		exposure factor 1			
		TWA: 1.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8			
		Stunden). AGW -			
		exposure factor 1			
		TWA: 0.2 ppm (8			
		Stunden). MAK can			
		occur as vapor and			
		aerosol at the same			
		time			
		TWA: 1.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8			
		Stunden). MAK can			
		occur as vapor and			
		aerosol at the same			
		time			
		Höhepunkt: 0.2 ppm			
		Höhepunkt: 1.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			
		Haut			

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Component	Austria	Denmark	Switzerland	Poland	Norway
Dichloroacetic acid			Haut/Peau		
			STEL: 0.4 ppm 15		
			Minuten		
			STEL: 2.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15		
			Minuten		
			TWA: 0.4 ppm 8		

Stunden TWA: 2.2 mg/m³ 8 Stunden

Component	Bulgaria	Croatia	Ireland	Cyprus	Czech Republic
Dichloroacetic acid	TWA: 4.0 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		TWA: 0.5 ppm 8 hr.		
			STEL 1.5 nnm 15 min		

Component	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg	Malta	Romania
Dichloroacetic acid TWA: 4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		TWA: 4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> IPRD			
Component	Russia	Slovak Republic	Slovenia	Sweden	Turkey

Component	Russia	Slovak Republic	Slovenia	Sweden	Turkey
Dichloroacetic acid	MAC: 4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>				

### **Biological limit values**

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

# **Monitoring methods**

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.

# Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

Component	Acute effects local (Dermal)	Acute effects systemic (Dermal)	Chronic effects local (Dermal)	Chronic effects systemic (Dermal)
Dichloroacetic acid 79-43-6 ( >95 )				DNEL = 0.028mg/kg bw/day

Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)
Dichloroacetic acid 79-43-6 ( >95 )				DNEL = 0.081mg/m <sup>3</sup>

### **Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)**

See values below.

Component	Fresh water	Fresh water	Water Intermittent	Microorganisms in	Soil (Agriculture)
		sediment		sewage treatment	
Dichloroacetic acid 79-43-6 ( >95 )	PNEC = 106µg/L	PNEC = 0.405mg/kg	PNEC = 1060μg/L	PNEC = 1225mg/L	PNEC = 0.0189mg/kg soil
75 45 6 (255)		sediment dw			dw

Component	Marine water	Marine water sediment	Marine water Intermittent	Food chain	Air
Dichloroacetic acid	PNEC = 10.6µg/L	PNEC =			

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79-43-6 ( >95 )	0.0405mg/k	g	
	sediment d	v	

### 8.2. Exposure controls

### **Engineering Measures**

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

**Eye Protection** Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Na B Ni	itural rubber utyl rubber itrile rubber Neoprene	Breakthrough time See manufacturers recommendations	Glove thickness	EU standard EN 374	Glove comments (minimum requirement)
	PVC				

**Skin and body protection** Long sleeved clothing.

Inspect gloves before use. observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information) gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion. gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

**Respiratory Protection** When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: Particulates filter conforming to EN 143 Acid gases filter Type

E Yellow conforming to EN14387

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

141

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

**Environmental exposure controls** Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water

system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

### **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid

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AppearanceLight yellowOdorpungentOdor ThresholdNo data available

Melting Point/Range 9 - 11 °C / 48.2 - 51.8 °F

Softening Point No data available

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Boiling Point/Range 194 °C / 381.2 °F @ 760 mmHg

Flammability (liquid)
Flammability (solid,gas)

No data available
Not applicable

No data available

Liquid

Method - No information available

Flash Point > 112 °C / > 233.6 °F

**Autoignition Temperature** 194 °C / 381.2 °F

Decomposition Temperature No data available

1.2 129 g/l

Viscosity No data available

Water Solubility Soluble

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Componentlog PowDichloroacetic acid0.942

Vapor Pressure 1.3 mbar @ 44 °C

Density / Specific Gravity 1.560

Bulk DensityNot applicableLiquidVapor Density4.45(Air = 1.0)

Particle characteristics Not applicable (liquid)

9.2. Other information

**Explosion Limits** 

pН

Molecular FormulaC2 H2 Cl2 O2Molecular Weight128.94

# **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

10.1. Reactivity

None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible products. Excess heat.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Strong bases. Strong reducing agents. Metals. . Materials to

avoid. Metals.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). Phosgene. Hydrogen chloride gas.

### **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

**Product Information** 

(a) acute toxicity;

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Oral Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met **Dermal** Category 3

Inhalation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Dichloroacetic acid	LD50 = 2820 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 = 510 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-

Category 1 A (b) skin corrosion/irritation;

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Skin

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Category 2 (f) carcinogenicity;

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

Component	EU	UK	Germany	IARC
Dichloroacetic acid				Group 2B

(g) reproductive toxicity; Category 1B

(h) STOT-single exposure; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Category 2

**Target Organs** Liver, Brain.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met (j) aspiration hazard;

**Other Adverse Effects** 

delayed

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated. Ingestion causes

severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation.

11.2. Information on other hazards

**Endocrine Disrupting Properties** Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any

known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

# **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

12.1. Toxicity

**Ecotoxicity effects** Very toxic to aquatic organisms. The product contains following substances which are

hazardous for the environment.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
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Dichloroacetic acid	106-2600 mg/L 24h	

12.2. Persistence and degradability Readily biodegradable

Persistence

Persistence is unlikely.

Degradation in sewage treatment plant

Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste

water treatment plants.

**12.3. Bioaccumulative potential** Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Dichloroacetic acid	0.942	No data available

12.4. Mobility in soil The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems . Will likely be mobile in the

environment due to its water solubility. Highly mobile in soils

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent

and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

12.6. Endocrine disrupting

properties

**Endocrine Disruptor Information** 

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

12.7. Other adverse effects

Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

# **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused

**Products** 

Should not be released into the environment. Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in

accordance with local regulations.

**Contaminated Packaging** Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point.

European Waste Catalogue (EWC) According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but

application specific.

Other Information Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the

application for which the product was used. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms. Solutions with low pH-value must be neutralized

before discharge. Do not let this chemical enter the environment.

Switzerland - Waste Ordinance Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations. Ordinance on the Avoidance and the Disposal of Waste (Waste Ordinance,

ADWO) SR 814.600

https://www.fedlex.admin.ch/eli/cc/2015/891/en

# **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

# IMDG/IMO

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**14.1. UN number** UN1764

14.2. UN proper shipping name DICHLOROACETIC ACID

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 8
14.4. Packing group II

**ADR** 

**14.1. UN number** UN1764

14.2. UN proper shipping name DICHLOROACETIC ACID

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 8
14.4. Packing group 8

<u>IATA</u>

**14.1. UN number** UN1764

14.2. UN proper shipping name DICHLOROACETIC ACID

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 8 14.4. Packing group

**14.5. Environmental hazards** Dangerous for the environment

Product is a marine pollutant according to the criteria set by IMDG/IMO

**14.6. Special precautions for user** No special precautions required.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable, packaged goods

# **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

### **International Inventories**

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
Dichloroacetic acid	79-43-6	201-207-0	-	ı	X	Χ	KE-10054	Χ	X

	Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
-	Dichloroacetic acid	79-43-6	Х	ACTIVE	Х	-	X	Х	Х

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

### Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) -	REACH (1907/2006) -	REACH Regulation (EC
		Annex XIV - Substances	Annex XVII - Restrictions	1907/2006) article 59 -
		Subject to Authorization	on Certain Dangerous	Candidate List of
			Substances	Substances of Very High
				Concern (SVHC)
Dichloroacetic acid	79-43-6	-	Use restricted. See item	-
			75.	
			(see link for restriction	
			details)	

#### **REACH links**

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

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#### Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) -	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) -
·		Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident	Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report
		Notification	Requirements
Dichloroacetic acid	79-43-6	Not applicable	Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)?

Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work.

Take note of Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work

Take note of Dir 92/85/EC on the protection of pregnant and breastfeeding women at work

### **National Regulations**

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

WGK Classification See table for values

Cor	nponent	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Dichlor	oacetic acid	WGK3	

### **Swiss Regulations**

Article 4 para. 4 of the Ordinance on the protection of young people in the workplace (SR 822.115) and Article 1 lit. f of the EAER regulation on hazardous work and young people (SR 822.115.2).

Take note on Article 13 Maternity Ordinance (SR 822.111.52) with regards expectant and nursing mothers.

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment/Report (CSA/CSR) has not been conducted

# **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

# Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H290 - May be corrosive to metals

H311 - Toxic in contact with skin

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer

H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child

H362 - May cause harm to breast-fed children

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life

EUH071 - Corrosive to the respiratory tract

Legend

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Substances List

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

**ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%

TWA - Time Weighted Average

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

Transport Association

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

VOC - (volatile organic compound)

Ships

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic

Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

**KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

**ACGIH** - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

**DNEL** - Derived No Effect Level

**RPE** - Respiratory Protective Equipment

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration PBT - Persistent. Bioaccumulative. Toxic

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

**OECD** - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

**BCF** - Bioconcentration factor

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

**Training Advice** 

Chemical incident response training.

**Prepared By** Health, Safety and Environmental Department

**Creation Date** 03-May-2012 **Revision Date** 22-Mar-2024

**Revision Summary** New emergency telephone response service provider.

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006. COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

For Switzerland - Compiled in accordance with the technical provisions referred to in Annex 2, Number 3, ChemO (SR 813.11 - Ordinance on Protection against Dangerous Substances and Preparations).

### Disclaimer

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# **End of Safety Data Sheet**