SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Product Identifier

Perihalan Produk: **Trichrome Stain Set**
Product Description: **Trichrome Stain Set**
Cat No. : R40217

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against No Information available

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Thermo Scientific Microbiology Sdn Bhd
No.6, Jalan TTC 6, Taman Teknologi Cheng,
Cheng, 75250 Melaka, Malaysia
+606 334 0975 .

Supplier
.

Remel
12076 Santa Fe Drive Lenexa,
KS 66215 United States
Telephone: 1-800-255-6730
Fax:1-800-621-8251

E-mail address mbd-sds@thermofisher.com

Emergency Telephone Number

(603) 5122 8888
CHEMTREC Malaysia **1-800-815-308** (Malay)
CHEMTREC Malaysia (Kuala Lumpur) **+(60)-327884561** (Malay)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable liquids	Category 2 (H225)
Aspiration Toxicity	Category 1 (H304)
Acute oral toxicity	Category 4 (H302)
Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors	Category 3 (H331)
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 2 (H315)
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 2 (H319)
Skin Sensitization	Category 1 (H317)
Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)	Category 1 (H370)
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 1 (H400)
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 1 (H410)

Label Elements

Signal Word **Danger**

Hazard Statements

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor
H302 - Harmful if swallowed
H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H331 - Toxic if inhaled
H315 - Causes skin irritation
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation
H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction
H370 - Causes damage to organs
H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary Statements

P301 + P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting
P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing
P311 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water
P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
P362 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse
P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

Other Hazards

Toxicity to Soil Dwelling Organisms
This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component	CAS No	Weight %
Acetic acid	64-19-7	1.5
C.I. Acid Green 5	5141-20-8	<1.0
Fast green fcf	2353-45-9	<1.0
Phosphotungstic acid	12067-99-1	<1.0
Iodine	7553-56-2	4
Butylated hydroxyanisole	25013-16-5	Trace
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	246.5
Methyl alcohol	67-56-1	13.5
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	5
Potassium iodide	7681-11-0	9
Disodium 4,5-dihydroxy-3-phenylazonaphthalene-2,7-disulphonate	4197-07-3	<1.0
D-Limonene	5989-27-5	>98

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

General Advice Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is required.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. In the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Immediate medical attention is required. Risk of serious damage to the lungs (by aspiration).

Self-Protection of the First Aider Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Difficulty in breathing. May cause allergic skin reaction. . Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Symptoms of allergic reaction may include rash, itching, swelling, trouble breathing, tingling of the hands and feet, dizziness, lightheadedness, chest pain, muscle pain or flushing.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous Combustion Products

None under normal use conditions.

Advice for fire-fighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures
Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Environmental precautions
Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information. Avoid release to the environment. Collect spillage.

Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up
Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

Reference to Other Sections
Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling
Use only under a chemical fume hood. Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including any Incompatibilities
Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

Specific End Uses
Use in laboratories.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

Component	Malaysia	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL
Acetic acid		TWA: 10 ppm STEL: 15 ppm	(Vacated) TWA: 10 ppm (Vacated) TWA: 25 mg/m³ TWA: 10 ppm TWA: 25 mg/m³
Phosphotungstic acid		TWA: 3 mg/m³	
Iodine		TWA: 0.01 ppm STEL: 0.1 ppm	Ceiling: 0.1 ppm Ceiling: 1 mg/m³ (Vacated) Ceiling: 0.1 ppm (Vacated) Ceiling: 1 mg/m³
Ethyl alcohol		STEL: 1000 ppm	(Vacated) TWA: 1000 ppm (Vacated) TWA: 1900 mg/m³ TWA: 1000 ppm TWA: 1900 mg/m³
Methyl alcohol		TWA: 200 ppm STEL: 250 ppm Skin	(Vacated) TWA: 200 ppm (Vacated) TWA: 260 mg/m³ (Vacated) STEL: 250 ppm

			(Vacated) STEL: 325 mg/m³ Skin TWA: 200 ppm TWA: 260 mg/m³
Isopropyl alcohol		TWA: 200 ppm STEL: 400 ppm	(Vacated) TWA: 400 ppm (Vacated) TWA: 980 mg/m³ (Vacated) STEL: 500 ppm (Vacated) STEL: 1225 mg/m³ TWA: 400 ppm TWA: 980 mg/m³
Potassium iodide		TWA: 0.01 ppm	

Component	European Union	The United Kingdom	Germany
Acetic acid	TWA: 25 mg/m³ (15min) TWA: 10 ppm (15min) STEL: 50 mg/m³ (8h) STEL: 20 ppm (8h)	STEL: 37 mg/m³ STEL: 15 ppm TWA: 10 ppm TWA: 25 mg/m³	TWA: 10 ppm (8 Stunden). AGW - exposure factor 2 TWA: 25 mg/m³ (8 Stunden). AGW - exposure factor 2 TWA: 10 ppm (8 Stunden). MAK TWA: 25 mg/m³ (8 Stunden). MAK Höhepunkt: 20 ppm Höhepunkt: 50 mg/m³
Iodine		STEL: 0.1 ppm; 1.1mg/m³	TWA: 0.1 ppm TWA: 1.1 mg/m³ skin absorber
Butylated hydroxyanisole			TWA: 20 mg/m³ (8 Stunden). AGW - exposure factor 1 TWA: 20 mg/m³ (8 Stunden). MAK can occur as vapor and aerosol at the same time Höhepunkt: 20 mg/m³
Ethyl alcohol		TWA: 1000 ppm TWA; 1920 mg/m³ TWA WEL - STEL: 3000 ppm STEL; 5760 mg/m³ STEL	200 ppm TWA MAK; 380 mg/m³ TWA MAK
Methyl alcohol	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hr TWA: 260 mg/m³ 8 hr Skin	WEL - TWA: 200 ppm TWA; 266 mg/m³ TWA WEL - STEL: 250 ppm STEL; 333 mg/m³ STEL	100 ppm TWA MAK; 130 mg/m³ TWA MAKSkin absorber
Isopropyl alcohol		STEL: 500 ppm 15 min STEL: 1250 mg/m³ 15 min TWA: 400 ppm 8 hr TWA: 999 mg/m³ 8 hr	TWA: 200 ppm (8 Stunden). AGW - exposure factor 2 TWA: 500 mg/m³ (8 Stunden). AGW - exposure factor 2 TWA: 200 ppm (8 Stunden). MAK TWA: 500 mg/m³ (8 Stunden). MAK Höhepunkt: 400 ppm Höhepunkt: 1000 mg/m³
D-Limonene			TWA: 5 ppm (8 Stunden). AGW - exposure factor 4 TWA: 28 mg/m³ (8 Stunden). AGW - exposure factor 4 TWA: 5 ppm (8 Stunden). MAK TWA: 28 mg/m³ (8 Stunden). MAK Höhepunkt: 20 ppm Höhepunkt: 112 mg/m³ Haut

Exposure Controls

Engineering Measures

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection	Goggles
Hand Protection	Protective gloves
Skin and body protection	Long sleeved clothing

Inspect gloves before use.
Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)
Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.
Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection	When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted
Hygiene Measures	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice
Environmental exposure controls	Prevent product from entering drains Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance		
Physical State	Liquid	
Odor	No information available	
Odor Threshold	No data available	
pH	No information available	
Melting Point/Range	No data available	
Softening Point	No data available	
Boiling Point/Range	No information available	
Flash Point	No information available	**Method -** No information available
Evaporation Rate	No data available	
Flammability (solid,gas)	Not applicable	Liquid
Explosion Limits	No data available	
Vapor Pressure	No data available	
Vapor Density	No data available	(Air = 1.0)
Specific Gravity / Density	No data available	
Bulk Density	Not applicable	Liquid
Water Solubility	No information available	
Solubility in other solvents	No information available	

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Component	**log Pow**
Acetic acid	-0.2
Iodine	2.49

Butylated hydroxyanisole	3.335
Ethyl alcohol	-0.32
Methyl alcohol	-0.74
Isopropyl alcohol	0.05
Potassium iodide	0.04
D-Limonene	4.38

Autoignition Temperature	No data available	
Decomposition Temperature	No data available	
Viscosity	No data available	
Explosive Properties		Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air
Oxidizing Properties	No information available	

VOC Content(%) 366.5

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

None known, based on information available.

Chemical Stability

Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

Conditions to Avoid

Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

Incompatible Materials

None known.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

None under normal use conditions.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on Toxicological Effects

Acute Toxicity

Toxicology data for the components

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Acetic acid	3310 mg/kg (Rat)	-	> 40 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
C.I. Acid Green 5	LD50 > 2 g/kg (Rat)		
Fast green fcf	LD50 > 2 g/kg (Rat)		
Phosphotungstic acid	LD50 = 3300 mg/kg (Rat)		
Iodine	315 mg/kg (Rat)	1425 mg/kg (Rabbit)	4.588 mg/L 4h (Rat)
Butylated hydroxyanisole	LD50 = 2 g/kg (Rat)	LD50 > 2000 mg/kg (Rat)	
Ethyl alcohol	LD50 = 7060 mg/kg (Rat)		20000 ppm/10H (Rat)
Methyl alcohol	LD50 = 1187 – 2769 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 = 17100 mg/kg (Rabbit)	LC50 = 128.2 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
Isopropyl alcohol	5045 mg/kg (Rat) 3600 mg/kg (Mouse)	12800 mg/kg (Rat)	72.6 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
Potassium iodide	2779 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 > 2000 mg/kg (Rat)	
D-Limonene	LD50 = 5200 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 > 5 g/kg (Rabbit)	

Chronic Toxicity

Carcinogenicity This product contains one or more substances which are classified by IARC as carcinogenic to humans (Group I), probably carcinogenic to humans (Group 2A) or possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B) The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

Component	IARC	UK
Butylated hydroxyanisole	Group 2B	

Sensitization No information available
Mutagenic Effects No information available
Reproductive Effects No information available
Developmental Effects No information available
Target Organs None known.

Symptoms Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Symptoms of allergic reaction may include rash, itching, swelling, trouble breathing, tingling of the hands and feet, dizziness, lightheadedness, chest pain, muscle pain or flushing.

Endocrine Disruptor Information

Component	EU - Endocrine Disrupters Candidate List	EU - Endocrine Disruptors - Evaluated Substances	Japan - Endocrine Disruptor Information
Butylated hydroxyanisole	Group III Chemical		

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity effects Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment. Contains a substance which is:. Very toxic to aquatic organisms.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae	Microtox
Acetic acid	Pimephales promelas: LC50 = 88 mg/L/96h Lepomis macrochirus: LC50 = 75 mg/L/96h	EC50 = 95 mg/L/24h	-	Photobacterium phosphoreum: EC50 = 8.8 mg/L/15 min Photobacterium phosphoreum: EC50 =

				8.8 mg/L/25 min Photobacterium phosphoreum: EC50 = 8.8 mg/L/5 min
Iodine	Oncorhynchus mykiss: LC50 = 1,7 mg/l/96 h	EC50 = 0,2 mg/l/48 h	-	-
Ethyl alcohol	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) LC50 = 14200 mg/l/96h	EC50 = 9268 mg/L/48h EC50 = 10800 mg/L/24h	EC50 (72h) = 275 mg/l (Chlorella vulgaris)	Photobacterium phosphoreum:EC50 = 34634 mg/L/30 min Photobacterium phosphoreum:EC50 = 35470 mg/L/5 min
Methyl alcohol	Pimephales promelas: LC50 > 10000 mg/L 96h	EC50 > 10000 mg/L 24h		EC50 = 39000 mg/L 25 min EC50 = 40000 mg/L 15 min EC50 = 43000 mg/L 5 min
Isopropyl alcohol	LC50: = 9640 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Pimephales promelas) LC50: > 1400000 µg/L, 96h (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: = 11130 mg/L, 96h static (Pimephales promelas) LC50: = 10000000 µg/L, 96h (Daphnia)	13299 mg/L EC50 = 48 h 9714 mg/L EC50 = 24 h	EC50: > 1000 mg/L, 72h (Desmodesmus subspicatus) EC50: > 1000 mg/L, 96h (Desmodesmus subspicatus)	= 35390 mg/L EC50 Photobacterium phosphoreum 5 min
Potassium iodide	Onchorhynchus mykiss: LC50: 3200 mg/L/120h	-	-	-
D-Limonene	LC50: = 35 mg/L, 96h (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: 0.619 - 0.796 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Pimephales promelas)			

Persistence and degradability No information available

Persistence Persistence is unlikely.

Component	Degradability
Methyl alcohol 67-56-1 (13.5)	DT50 ~ 17.2d >94% after 20d

Degradation in sewage treatment plant Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants.

Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Acetic acid	-0.2	No data available
Iodine	2.49	No data available
Butylated hydroxyanisole	3.335	No data available
Ethyl alcohol	-0.32	No data available
Methyl alcohol	-0.74	<10 dimensionless
Isopropyl alcohol	0.05	No data available
Potassium iodide	0.04	No data available
D-Limonene	4.38	No data available

Mobility in soil No information available.

Other adverse effects No information available

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused Products Dispose of in accordance with local regulations

Contaminated Packaging Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal

Other Information Do not flush to sewer

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO Not regulated

Road and Rail Transport Not regulated

IATA Not regulated

Special Precautions for User No special precautions required

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories X = listed

Component	EINECS	TSCA	DSL	PICCS	ENCS	ISHL	IECSC	AICS	KECL
Acetic acid	200-580-7	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
C.I. Acid Green 5	225-906-5	X	X	-	X	X	X	X	-
Fast green fcf	219-091-5	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	KE-07714
Phosphotungstic acid	235-087-6	X	X	X	X	X	-	X	KE-35014
Iodine	231-442-4	X	X	X	X		X	X	KE-21023
Butylated hydroxyanisole	246-563-8	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	KE-11392
Ethyl alcohol	200-578-6	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	KE-13217
Methyl alcohol	200-659-6	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	KE-23193
Isopropyl alcohol	200-661-7	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	KE-29363
Potassium iodide	231-659-4	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	KE-29149
Disodium 4,5-dihydroxy-3-phenylazonaphthalene-2,7-disulphonate	224-085-0	-	-	-	-		X	X	-
D-Limonene	227-813-5	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	KE-24397

Component	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements	Rotterdam Convention (PIC)	Basel Convention (Hazardous Waste)
Acetic acid				Annex I - Y34
Ethyl alcohol				Annex I - Y42
Methyl alcohol	500 tonne	5000 tonne		
Isopropyl alcohol				Annex I - Y42

National Regulations

Persistent Organic Pollutant This product does not contain any known or suspected substance
Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

Component	Persistent Organic Pollutant	Ozone Depletion Potential	Pesticides Act 1974
D-Limonene			X

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service
EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances
PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances
IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances
KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances
TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory
DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List
ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances
AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit
ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment
LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%
POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water
TWA - Time Weighted Average
IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer
LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%
EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
BCF - Bioconcentration factor
ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association
MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships
ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate
VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

Key literature references and sources for data
https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals
Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Revision Date 29-Mar-2023
Revision Summary Not applicable.

In accordance with local and national regulations: Occupational Safety and Health (Classification, Labelling and Safety Data Sheet of Hazardous Chemicals) Regulations 2013

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet