

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Creation Date 20-Feb-2023 Revision Date 20-Feb-2023 Revision Number 1

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: DOSIURA Mobile Phase B

Cat No. : SP/4077/15

Unique Formula Identifier (UFI) 93G0-072Y-WX0A-5X97

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Sector of use SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

Product category PC21 - Laboratory chemicals

Process categories PROC15 - Use as a laboratory reagent

Environmental release category ERC6a - Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates)

Uses advised against No Information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

EU entity/business name Thermo Fisher Scientific

Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a

2440 Geel, Belgium

UK entity/business name

Fisher Scientific UK

Bishop Meadow Road, Loughborough, Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom

Swiss distributor - Fisher Scientific AG Neuhofstrasse 11, CH 4153 Reinach

Tel: +41 (0) 56 618 41 11

e-mail - infoch@thermofisher.com

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Tel: 01509 231166

Chemtrec US: (800) 424-9300 Chemtrec EU: 001-703-527-3887

For customers in Switzerland:

Tox Info Suisse Emergency Number: 145 (24hr)

Tox Info Suisse: +41-44 251 51 51 (Emergency number from abroad)

Chemtrec (24h) Toll-Free: 0800 564 402 Chemtrec Local: +41-43 508 20 11 (Zurich)

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Poison Centre - Emergency information services

Ireland: National Poisons Information Centre (NPIC) -

01 809 2166 (8am-10pm, 7 days a week)

Malta: +356 2395 2000 Cyprus: +357 2240 5611

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Physical hazards

Flammable liquids Category 2 (H225)

Health hazards

Acute oral toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity

Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Category 4 (H302)

Category 4 (H312)

Category 4 (H332)

Category 2 (H319)

Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

2.2. Label elements

Contains Acetonitrile



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H302 + H312 + H332 - Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

Precautionary Statements

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P301 + P312 - IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

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2.3. Other hazards

This preparation contains no substance considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT) This preparation contains no substance considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB)

Toxicity to Soil Dwelling Organisms

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2. Mixtures

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Acetonitrile	75-05-8	200-835-2	>99.5	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225) Acute Tox. 4 (H302) Acute Tox. 4 (H312) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) Acute Tox. 4 (H332)
Acetic acid	64-19-7	200-580-7	<0.5	Flam. Liq. 3 (H226) Skin Corr. 1A (H314) Eye Dam. 1 (H318)

Component	Specific concentration limits (SCL's)	M-Factor	Component notes
Acetic acid	Skin Corr. 1A (H314) :: C>=90%	-	=
	Skin Corr. 1B (H314) ::		
	25%<=C<90%		
	Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) ::		
	10%<=C<25%		
	Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) ::		
	10%<=C<25%		

Component	ECHA (RAC) ATE (Oral)	ECHA (RAC) ATE (Dermal)	ECHA (RAC) ATE (Inhalation)
Acetonitrile	ATE = 617 mg/kg	=	=

Components	Reach Registration Number	
Acetonitrile	01-2119471307-38	
Acetic acid	01-2119475328-30	

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in

attendance.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

Immediate medical attention is required.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical

attention is required.

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Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. Do

not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper

respiratory medical device. Immediate medical attention is required.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Remove all sources of ignition. Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure that

medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect

themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Difficulty in breathing. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Metabolism may release cyanide, which may result in headache, dizziness, weakness, collapse, unconsciousness, and possible death: Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically. The effects may be delayed therefore medical observation is

essential. Effects may be delayed 7 to 10 hours. May be metabolized to cyanide which in

turn acts by inhibiting cytochrome oxidase impairing cellular respiration.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water spray. CO₂, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid), Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

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6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Provide adequate ventilation. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Prevent product from entering drains.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded.

Hygiene Measures

When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Provide regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Flammables area.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

Class 3

Switzerland - Storage of hazardous substances

Storage class - SC 3

https://www.kvu.ch/de/themen/stoffe-und-produkte https://www.kvu.ch/fr/themes/substances-et-produits https://www.kvu.ch/it/temi/sostanze-e-prodotti

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): **EU** - Commission Directive (EU) 2019/1831 of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Forth edition. Published 2020. **IRE** - 2010 Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations 2001. Published by the Health and Safety Authority. **CH** - The Government of Switzerland has set a directive on limit values for working materials (Grenzwerte am Arbeitsplatz) which is based on the Swiss Federal Regulation "Verordnung über die Verhütung von Unfällen und Berufskrankheiten". This directive is administered, periodically revised and enforced by SUVA (Swiss National Accident Insurance Fund).

Component	European Union	The United Kingdom	France	Belgium	Spain
Acetonitrile	TWA: 40 ppm (8hr)	STEL: 60 ppm 15 min	TWA / VME: 40 ppm (8	TWA: 20 ppm 8 uren	TWA / VLA-ED: 40 ppm
	TWA: 70 mg/m ³ (8hr)	STEL: 102 mg/m ³ 15	heures). restrictive limit	TWA: 34 mg/m ³ 8 uren	(8 horas)
	Skin	min	TWA / VME: 70 mg/m ³	Huid	TWA / VLA-ED: 68
		TWA: 40 ppm 8 hr	(8 heures). restrictive		mg/m³ (8 horas)
		TWA: 68 mg/m ³ 8 hr	limit TWA / VME: 5		Piel
		_	mg/m³ (8 heures).		
			Peau		

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Acetic acid	TWA: 25 mg/m ³ (15min)	STEL: 37 mg/m ³	TWA / VME: 10 ppm (8	TWA: 10 ppm 8 uren	STEL / VLA-EC: 20 ppm
	TWA: 10 ppm (15min)	STEL: 15 ppm	heures).	TWA: 25 mg/m ³ 8 uren	(15 minutos).
	STEL: 50 mg/m³ (8h)	TWA: 10 ppm	TWA / VME: 25 mg/m ³	STEL: 15 ppm 15	STÈL / VLA-EĆ: 50
	STEL: 20 ppm (8h)	TWA: 25 mg/m ³	(8 heures).	minuten	mg/m³ (15 minutos).
			STEL / VLCT: 20 ppm.	STEL: 38 mg/m ³ 15	TWA / VLA-ED: 10 ppm
			indicative limit	minuten	(8 horas)
			STEL / VLCT: 50		TWA / VLA-ED: 25
			mg/m ³ . indicative limit		mg/m ³ (8 horas)
			J		J. (
			, ,		, (= ===,
Component	Italy	Germany	Portugal	The Netherlands	Finland
Component Acetonitrile	Italy TWA: 20 ppm 8 ore.	Germany TWA: 10 ppm (8	Portugal TWA: 40 ppm 8 horas	The Netherlands TWA: 34 mg/m³ 8 uren	,
				TWA: 34 mg/m ³ 8 uren	Finland
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 ore.	TWA: 10 ppm (8	TWA: 40 ppm 8 horas	TWA: 34 mg/m ³ 8 uren	Finland TWA: 20 ppm 8 tunteina
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 ore. Time Weighted Average	TWA: 10 ppm (8 Stunden). AGW - exposure factor 2 TWA: 17 mg/m³ (8	TWA: 40 ppm 8 horas TWA: 70 mg/m³ 8 horas	TWA: 34 mg/m ³ 8 uren	Finland TWA: 20 ppm 8 tunteina TWA: 34 mg/m³ 8
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 ore. Time Weighted Average TWA: 35 mg/m ³ 8 ore.	TWA: 10 ppm (8 Stunden). AGW - exposure factor 2	TWA: 40 ppm 8 horas TWA: 70 mg/m³ 8 horas	TWA: 34 mg/m ³ 8 uren	Finland TWA: 20 ppm 8 tunteina TWA: 34 mg/m³ 8 tunteina
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 ore. Time Weighted Average TWA: 35 mg/m³ 8 ore. Time Weighted Average	TWA: 10 ppm (8 Stunden). AGW - exposure factor 2 TWA: 17 mg/m³ (8	TWA: 40 ppm 8 horas TWA: 70 mg/m³ 8 horas	TWA: 34 mg/m ³ 8 uren	Finland TWA: 20 ppm 8 tunteina TWA: 34 mg/m³ 8 tunteina STEL: 40 ppm 15

	Time Weighted Average TWA: 35 mg/m³ 8 ore. Time Weighted Average Pelle	exposure factor 2	TWA: 70 mg/m³ 8 horas Pele		TWA: 34 mg/m³ 8 tunteina STEL: 40 ppm 15 minuutteina STEL: 68 mg/m³ 15 minuutteina Iho
Acetic acid	TWA: 25 ppm 8 ore. Time Weighted Average TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 ore. Time Weighted Average STEL: 50 mg/m³ 15 minuti. Short-term STEL: 20 ppm 15 minuti. Short-term	exposure factor 2	STEL: 20 ppm 15 minutos STEL: 50 mg/m³ 15 minutos TWA: 10 ppm 8 horas TWA: 25 mg/m³ 8 horas	MAC-TGG 25 mg/m³	TWA: 5 ppm 8 tunteina TWA: 13 mg/m³ 8 tunteina STEL: 10 ppm 15 minuutteina STEL: 25 mg/m³ 15 minuutteina

Component	Austria	Denmark	Switzerland	Poland	Norway
Acetonitrile	Haut	TWA: 40 ppm 8 timer	Haut/Peau	STEL: 140 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 30 ppm 8 timer
	MAK-KZGW: 160 ppm	TWA: 70 mg/m ³ 8 timer	STEL: 40 ppm 15	minutach	TWA: 50 mg/m ³ 8 timer
	15 Minuten	STEL: 80 ppm 15	Minuten	TWA: 70 mg/m ³ 8	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 timer
	MAK-KZGW: 280 mg/m ³	minutter	STEL: 68 mg/m ³ 15	godzinach	STEL: 45 ppm 15
	15 Minuten	STEL: 140 mg/m ³ 15	Minuten		minutter. value
	MAK-TMW: 40 ppm 8	minutter	TWA: 20 ppm 8		calculated
	Stunden	Hud	Stunden		STEL: 75 mg/m ³ 15
	MAK-TMW: 70 mg/m ³ 8		TWA: 34 mg/m ³ 8		minutter. value
	Stunden		Stunden		calculated
					Hud
Acetic acid	MAK-KZGW: 20 ppm 15		STEL: 20 ppm 15	STEL: 50 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 10 ppm 8 timer
	Minuten	TWA: 25 mg/m ³ 8 timer	Minuten	minutach	TWA: 25 mg/m ³ 8 timer
	MAK-KZGW: 50 mg/m ³	STEL: 50 mg/m ³ 15	STEL: 50 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 25 mg/m ³ 8	STEL: 20 ppm 15
	15 Minuten	minutter	Minuten	godzinach	minutter. value from the
	MAK-TMW: 10 ppm 8	STEL: 20 ppm 15	TWA: 10 ppm 8		regulation
	Stunden	minutter	Stunden		STEL: 50 mg/m ³ 15
	MAK-TMW: 25 mg/m ³ 8		TWA: 25 mg/m ³ 8		minutter. value from the
	Stunden		Stunden		regulation

Component	Bulgaria	Croatia	Ireland	Cyprus	Czech Republic
Acetonitrile	TWA: 40 ppm TWA: 70 mg/m³ Skin notation	kože TWA-GVI: 40 ppm 8 satima. TWA-GVI: 70 mg/m³ 8 satima.	TWA: 40 ppm 8 hr. TWA: 70 mg/m³ 8 hr. STEL: 120 ppm 15 min STEL: 310 mg/m³ 15 min Skin	TWA: 40 ppm TWA: 70 mg/m³	TWA: 70 mg/m³ 8 hodinách. Potential for cutaneous absorption Ceiling: 100 mg/m³
Acetic acid	TWA: 25 mg/m ³ TWA: 10 ppm STEL : 50 mg/m ³	TWA-GVI: 10 ppm 8 satima. TWA-GVI: 25 mg/m ³ 8	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hr. TWA: 50 mg/m³ 8 hr. STEL: 20 ppm 15 min	STEL: 50 mg/m³ STEL: 20 ppm TWA: 10 ppm	TWA: 25 mg/m ³ 8 hodinách. Ceiling: 50 mg/m ³

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STEL: 20 ppm	satima.	STEL: 50 mg/m ³ 15 min	TWA: 25 mg/m ³	
	STEL-KGVI: 20 ppm 15	Ü	· ·	
	minutama.			
	STEL-KGVI: 50 mg/m ³			
1	15 minutama.			

Component	Estonia	Gibraltar	Greece	Hungary	Iceland
Acetonitrile	Nahk TWA: 40 ppm 8 tundides. TWA: 70 mg/m³ 8 tundides.	Skin notation TWA: 40 ppm 8 hr TWA: 70 mg/m ³ 8 hr	STEL: 60 ppm STEL: 105 mg/m³ TWA: 40 ppm TWA: 70 mg/m³	TWA: 70 mg/m³ 8 órában. AK lehetséges borön keresztüli felszívódás	TWA: 40 ppm 8 klukkustundum. TWA: 70 mg/m³ 8 klukkustundum. Skin notation Ceiling: 80 ppm Ceiling: 140 mg/m³
Acetic acid	TWA: 10 ppm 8 tundides. TWA: 25 mg/m³ 8 tundides. STEL: 10 ppm 15 minutites. STEL: 25 mg/m³ 15 minutites.	TWA: 25 mg/m ³ 8 hr TWA: 10 ppm 8 hr STEL: 50 mg/m ³ 15 min STEL: 20 ppm 15 min	STEL: 15 ppm STEL: 37 mg/m³ TWA: 10 ppm TWA: 25 mg/m³	STEL: 50 mg/m³ 15 percekben. CK TWA: 25 mg/m³ 8 órában. AK	STEL: 20 ppm STEL: 50 mg/m ³ TWA: 10 ppm 8 klukkustundum. TWA: 25 mg/m ³ 8 klukkustundum.

Component	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg	Malta	Romania
Acetonitrile	skin - potential for	TWA: 40 ppm IPRD	Possibility of significant	possibility of significant	Skin notation
	cutaneous exposure	TWA: 70 mg/m ³ IPRD	uptake through the skin	uptake through the skin	TWA: 40 ppm 8 ore
	TWA: 40 ppm	Oda	TWA: 40 ppm 8	TWA: 40 ppm	TWA: 70 mg/m ³ 8 ore
	TWA: 70 mg/m ³		Stunden	TWA: 70 mg/m ³	_
			TWA: 70 mg/m ³ 8	_	
			Stunden		
Acetic acid	STEL: 50 mg/m ³	TWA: 10 ppm IPRD	TWA: 10 ppm 8	TWA: 10 ppm	TWA: 10 ppm 8 ore
	STEL: 20 ppm	TWA: 25 mg/m ³ IPRD	Stunden	TWA: 25 mg/m ³	TWA: 25 mg/m ³ 8 ore
	TWA: 10 ppm	STEL: 50 mg/m ³	TWA: 25 mg/m ³ 8	STEL: 20 ppm 15 minuti	STEL: 20 ppm 15
	TWA: 25 mg/m ³	STEL: 20 ppm	Stunden	STEL: 50 mg/m ³ 15	minute
			STEL: 50 mg/m ³ 15	minuti	STEL: 50 mg/m ³ 15
			Minuten		minute
			STEL: 20 ppm 15		
			Minuten		

Component	Russia	Slovak Republic	Slovenia	Sweden	Turkey
Acetonitrile	MAC: 10 mg/m ³	Potential for cutaneous	TWA: 40 ppm 8 urah	Indicative STEL: 60 ppm	Deri
		absorption	TWA: 70 mg/m ³ 8 urah	15 minuter	TWA: 40 ppm 8 saat
		TWA: 40 ppm	Koža	Indicative STEL: 100	TWA: 70 mg/m ³ 8 saat
		TWA: 70 mg/m ³	STEL: 140 mg/m ³ 15	mg/m ³ 15 minuter	
			minutah	TLV: 30 ppm 8 timmar.	
			STEL: 80 ppm 15	NGV	
				TLV: 50 mg/m ³ 8	
				timmar. NGV	
				Hud	
Acetic acid	Skin notation	Ceiling: 50 mg/m ³	TWA: 10 ppm 8 urah	Binding STEL: 10 ppm	TWA: 10 ppm 8 saat
	MAC: 5 mg/m ³	TWA: 10 ppm	TWA: 25 mg/m ³ 8 urah	15 minuter	TWA: 25 mg/m ³ 8 saat
		TWA: 25 mg/m ³		Binding STEL: 25	
			minutah	mg/m ³ 15 minuter	
			STEL: 20 ppm 15	TLV: 5 ppm 8 timmar.	
			minutah	NGV	
				TLV: 13 mg/m ³ 8	
				timmar. NGV	

Biological limit values

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of

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exposure to chemical and biological agents.

MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours

MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

Component	Acute effects local (Dermal)	Acute effects systemic (Dermal)	Chronic effects local (Dermal)	Chronic effects systemic (Dermal)	
Acetonitrile				DNEL = 32.2mg/kg	
75-05-8 (>99.5)				bw/day	

Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)		
Acetonitrile 75-05-8 (>99.5)	DNEL = 40.6 ppm (68 mg/m³)	DNEL = 40.6 ppm (68 mg/m ³)	DNEL = 40.6 ppm (68 mg/m³)	DNEL = 40.6 ppm (68 mg/m³)		
Acetic acid 64-19-7 (<0.5)	Acetic acid DNEL = 25mg/m³		DNEL = 25mg/m ³			

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

See values below.

	Component	Fresh water	Fresh water	Water Intermittent	Microorganisms in	Soil (Agriculture)
			sediment		sewage treatment	
Γ	Acetonitrile	PNEC = 10mg/L	PNEC = 7.53 mg/kg	PNEC = 10mg/L	PNEC = 32mg/L	PNEC = 2.41mg/kg
	75-05-8 (>99.5)		sediment dw			soil dw
	Acetic acid	PNEC = 3.058mg/L	PNEC =	PNEC = 30.58mg/L	PNEC = 85mg/L	PNEC = 0.47mg/kg
	64-19-7 (<0.5)		11.36mg/kg	_	-	soil dw
			sediment dw			

Component	Marine water	Marine water sediment	Marine water Intermittent	Food chain	Air
Acetonitrile 75-05-8 (>99.5)	PNEC = 1mg/L				
Acetic acid 64-19-7 (<0.5)	PNEC = 0.3058mg/L	PNEC = 1.136mg/kg sediment dw			

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

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Glove materialBreakthrough timeGlove thicknessEU standardGlove commentsButyl rubber> 480 minutes0.35 mmEN 374As tested under EN374-3 Determination of Level 6Neoprene gloves< 60 minutes</td>0.45 mm

Skin and body protection

Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Inspect gloves before use. observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information) gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion. gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

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and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: low boiling organic solvent Type AX Brown conforming to

EN371

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

141

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid

AppearanceColorlessOdoraromaticOdor Threshold170 ppm

Melting Point/Range -46 °C / -50.8 °F Softening Point No data available

Boiling Point/Range 81 - 82 °C / 177.8 - 179.6 °F @ 760 mmHg
Flammability (liquid) Highly flammable On basis of test data

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Liquid

Explosion Limits Lower 3 vol % Upper 16 vol %

Flash Point 12.8 °C / 55 °F Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature525 °C / 977 °FDecomposition TemperatureNo data availablepHNo information availableViscosity0.36 °C

Water Solubility Miscible

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Component log Pow
Acetonitrile -0.34
Acetic acid -0.2

Vapor Pressure 97 mbar @ 20 °C

Density / Specific Gravity0.78EstimatedBulk DensityNot applicableLiquidVapor Density1.42(Air = 1.0)

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Particle characteristics Not applicable (liquid)

9.2. Other information

Explosive Properties Not explosive Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air

Oxidizing Properties Not oxidising

Evaporation Rate 5.79 - (Butyl Acetate = 1.0)

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions No information available.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible products. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

Exposure to moisture.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Reducing Agent. Bases.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid). Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Carbon monoxide (CO).

Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

OralCategory 4DermalCategory 4InhalationCategory 4

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Acetonitrile	450-787 mg/kg (Rat) 2460 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	LC50 = 3587 ppm (6.022 mg/l) (Mouse) 4h
	2400 mg/kg (Nat)		LC50 = 16,000 ppm (26.8 mg/l) (Rat) 4h
Acetic acid	3310 mg/kg (Rat)	-	> 40 mg/L (Rat) 4 h

Component	ECHA (RAC) ATE (Oral)	ECHA (RAC) ATE (Dermal)	ECHA (RAC) ATE (Inhalation)
Acetonitrile	ATF = 617 ma/ka	-	-

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 2

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(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory Skin

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(f) carcinogenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met (g) reproductive toxicity;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met (h) STOT-single exposure;

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Target Organs None known.

(j) aspiration hazard; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

delayed

Symptoms / effects, both acute and Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Metabolism may release cyanide, which may result in headache, dizziness, weakness, collapse, unconsciousness, and possible death. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine Disrupting Properties

Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity **Ecotoxicity effects**

Component Freshwater Fish Water Flea Freshwater Algae LC50: = 1850 mg/L, 96h static Acetonitrile (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: = 1000 mg/L, 96h static (Pimephales promelas) LC50: 1600 - 1690 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Pimephales promelas) LC50: = 1650 mg/L, 96h static (Poecilia reticulata) Acetic acid Pimephales promelas: LC50 = 88 EC50 = 95 mg/L/24h

mg/L/96h Lepomis macrochirus: LC50 = 75 mg/L/96h

Component	Microtox	M-Factor

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Acetonitrile	EC50 = 28000 mg/L 48 h	
Acetoriume		
	EC50 = 73 mg/L 24 h EC50 = 7500 mg/L 15 h	
Acetic acid	Photobacterium phosphoreum: EC50 = 8.8	
	mg/L/15 min	
	Photobacterium phosphoreum: EC50 = 8.8	
	mg/L/25 min	
	Photobacterium phosphoreum: EC50 = 8.8 mg/L/5	
	min	

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence

Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potentialBioaccumulation is unlikely

Comp	onent	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Aceto	nitrile	-0.34	No data available
Acetic	acid	-0.2	No data available

12.4. Mobility in soil

The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all

surfaces Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility. Disperses rapidly in

air

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

This preparation contains no substance considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT). This preparation contains no substance considered to be very persistent nor

very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

12.6. Endocrine disrupting

properties

Endocrine Disruptor Information

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

12.7. Other adverse effects

Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused

Products

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers

retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and

empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

European Waste Catalogue (EWC) According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but

application specific.

Other Information Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product

was used. Do not flush to sewer. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with

local regulations.

Switzerland - Waste Ordinance Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations. Ordinance on the Avoidance and the Disposal of Waste (Waste Ordinance,

ADWO) SR 814.600

https://www.fedlex.admin.ch/eli/cc/2015/891/en

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SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

14.1. UN number UN1648

14.2. UN proper shipping name ACETONITRILE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 14.4. Packing group II

ADR

14.1. UN number UN1648

14.2. UN proper shipping name ACETONITRILE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 14.4. Packing group II

IATA

14.1. UN number UN1648

14.2. UN proper shipping name ACETONITRILE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 14.4. Packing group II

14.5. Environmental hazards No hazards identified

14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable, packaged goods

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

	Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
Γ	Acetonitrile	75-05-8	200-835-2	-	-	X	X	KE-00067	X	Х
Γ	Acetic acid	64-19-7	200-580-7	-	-	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

	Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
	Acetonitrile	75-05-8	X	ACTIVE	Х	-	X	X	Х
ſ	Acetic acid	64-19-7	Х	ACTIVE	Х	-	X	Х	Х

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

ſ	Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) -	REACH (1907/2006) -	REACH Regulation (EC
1	-		Annex XIV - Substances	Annex XVII - Restrictions	1907/2006) article 59 -
١			Subject to Authorization	on Certain Dangerous	Candidate List of
Į				Substances	Substances of Very High

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				Concern (SVHC)
Acetonitrile	75-05-8	-	Use restricted. See item	-
			75.	
			(see link for restriction	
			details)	
Acetic acid	64-19-7	-	Use restricted. See item	-
			75.	
			(see link for restriction	
			details)	

REACH links

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) -	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) -
		Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident	Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report
		Notification	Requirements
Acetonitrile	75-05-8	Not applicable	Not applicable
Acetic acid	64-19-7	Not applicable	Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)? Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

Take note of Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

National Regulations

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

WGK Classification See table for values

Component	Component Germany - Water Classification (AwSV) Germany - TA-Luft Class	
Acetonitrile	WGK2	
Acetic acid	WGK1	Class II: 0.10 g/m3 (Massenkonzentration)

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)
Acetonitrile	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84

Swiss Regulations

Article 4 para. 4 of the Ordinance on the protection of young people in the workplace (SR 822.115) and Article 1 lit. f of the EAER regulation on hazardous work and young people (SR 822.115.2).

Take note on Article 13 Maternity Ordinance (SR 822.111.52) with regards expectant and nursing mothers.

Component	Switzerland - Ordinance on the Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR 814.81)	Switzerland - Ordinance on Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC)	Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure
Acetic acid	Prohibited and Restricted	Group I	
64-19-7 (<0.5)	Substances		

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15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment/Reports (CSA/CSR) are not required for mixtures

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H312 - Harmful in contact with skin H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H332 - Harmful if inhaled

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances **KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

VOC - (volatile organic compound)

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Data from closely analogous substances Physical hazards

Health Hazards Bridging principle "Dilution" **Environmental hazards** Bridging principle "Dilution"

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts. Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Chemical incident response training.

Creation Date 20-Feb-2023 **Revision Date** 20-Feb-2023 **Revision Summary** Initial Release.

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006. COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

Revision Date 20-Feb-2023

For Switzerland - Compiled in accordance with the technical provisions referred to in Annex 2, Number 3, ChemO (SR 813.11 - Ordinance on Protection against Dangerous Substances and Preparations).

Disclaimer

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End of Safety Data Sheet