

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Creation Date 22-Nov-2010 Revision Date 20-Oct-2023 Revision Number 10

# SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: Aqualine™ Titrant 5

Cat No.: AL2200-1, AL2200-212, AL2200-4

Synonyms Karl Fischer Reagent

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against No Information available

# 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

**EU entity/business name** Thermo Fisher Scientific Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a

2440 Geel, Belgium

UK entity/business name

Fisher Scientific UK

Bishop Meadow Road, Loughborough, Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom

**Swiss distributor -** Fisher Scientific AG Neuhofstrasse 11, CH 4153 Reinach

Tel: +41 (0) 56 618 41 11

e-mail - infoch@thermofisher.com

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Chemtrec US: (800) 424-9300 Chemtrec EU: 001-703-527-3887

For customers in Switzerland:

Tox Info Suisse Emergency Number: 145 (24hr)

Tox Info Suisse: +41-44 251 51 51 (Emergency number from abroad)

Chemtrec (24h) Toll-Free: 0800 564 402 Chemtrec Local: +41-43 508 20 11 (Zurich)

Tel: 01509 231166

# **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

# **Physical hazards**

Flammable liquids Category 2 (H225)

# **Health hazards**

Acute oral toxicityCategory 3 (H301)Acute dermal toxicityCategory 3 (H311)Acute Inhalation Toxicity - VaporsCategory 3 (H331)Skin Corrosion/IrritationCategory 2 (H315)Serious Eye Damage/Eye IrritationCategory 2 (H319)Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)Category 1 (H370)

Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure) Category 1 (H372)

# **Environmental hazards**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

#### 2.2. Label elements



#### Signal Word

**Danger** 

# **Hazard Statements**

- H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor
- H315 Causes skin irritation
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation
- H370 Causes damage to organs
- H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
- H301 + H311 + H331 Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled

# **Precautionary Statements**

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P311 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P308 + P311 - IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

# 2.3. Other hazards

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

# **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Methanol	67-56-1	200-659-6	90	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225) Acute Tox. 3 (H301) Acute Tox. 3 (H311) Acute Tox. 3 (H331) STOT SE 1 (H370)
Iodine	7553-56-2	231-442-4	10	Acute Tox. 4 (H302) Acute Tox. 4 (H312) Acute Tox. 4 (H332) Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) STOT SE 3 (H335) STOT RE 1 (H372) Aquatic Acute 1 (H400)

Component	Specific concentration limits (SCL's)	M-Factor	Component notes
Methanol	STOT Single Exp. 1 :: >= 10	-	-
	STOT Single Exp. 2 :: 3 - < 10		
lodine	-	1	-

Components	Reach Registration Number	
Methanol	01-2119433307-44	
Iodine	01-2119485285-30	

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

# **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

# 4.1. Description of first aid measures

**General Advice** Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is

required.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. In

the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical

advice.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical

attention is required.

**Ingestion** Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

**Inhalation** Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Do not use mouth-to-mouth

method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device.

Immediate medical attention is required.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Difficulty in breathing. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

# 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

# **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

# 5.1. Extinguishing media

# Suitable Extinguishing Media

CO<sub>2</sub>, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

#### Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

# 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable. Risk of ignition. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

#### **Hazardous Combustion Products**

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Formaldehyde.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

# **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

# 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

# 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

# **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Aqualine™ Titrant 5 Revision Date 20-Oct-2023

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

# **Hygiene Measures**

When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Provide regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Flammables area.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

Class 3

Switzerland - Storage of hazardous substances

Storage class - SC 3

https://www.kvu.ch/de/themen/stoffe-und-produkte https://www.kvu.ch/fr/themes/substances-et-produits https://www.kvu.ch/it/temi/sostanze-e-prodotti

# 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

# **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

# 8.1. Control parameters

# **Exposure limits**

List source(s): **EU** - Commission Directive (EU) 2019/1831 of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Forth edition. Published 2020. **IRE** - 2010 Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations 2001. Published by the Health and Safety Authority. **CH** - The Government of Switzerland has set a directive on limit values for working materials (Grenzwerte am Arbeitsplatz) which is based on the Swiss Federal Regulation "Verordnung über die Verhütung von Unfällen und Berufskrankheiten". This directive is administered, periodically revised and enforced by SUVA (Swiss National Accident Insurance Fund).

Component	European Union	The United Kingdom	France	Belgium	Spain
Methanol	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hr	WEL - TWA: 200 ppm	TWA / VME: 200 ppm (8	TWA: 200 ppm 8 uren	TWA / VLA-ED: 200
	TWA: 260 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr	TWA; 266 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA	heures). restrictive limit	TWA: 266 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 uren	ppm (8 horas)
	Skin	WEL - STEL: 250 ppm	TWA / VME: 260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL: 250 ppm 15	TWA / VLA-ED: 266
		STEL; 333 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL	(8 heures). restrictive	minuten	mg/m³ (8 horas)
			limit	STEL: 333 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15	Piel
			STEL / VLCT: 1000	minuten	
			ppm. restrictive limit	Huid	
			STEL / VLCT: 1300		
			mg/m <sup>3</sup> . restrictive limit		
			Peau		
lodine		STEL: 0.1 ppm 15 min	STEL / VLCT: 0.1 ppm.	TWA: 0.01 ppm 8 uren	STEL / VLA-EC: 0.1
		STEL: 1.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min	STEL / VLCT: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .	TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 uren	ppm (15 minutos).
				STEL: 0.1 ppm 15	STEL / VLA-EC: 1
				minuten	mg/m³ (15 minutos).
				STEL: 1 mg/m³ 15	TWA / VLA-ED: 0.01
				minuten	ppm (8 horas)
					TWA / VLA-ED: 0.1
					mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8 horas)

	Component	Italy	Germany	Portugal	The Netherlands	Finland
Γ	Methanol	TWA: 200 ppm 8 ore.	100 ppm TWA MAK;	STEL: 250 ppm 15	huid	TWA: 200 ppm 8
1		Time Weighted Average	130 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA	minutos	TWA: 133 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 uren	tunteina
		TWA: 260 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 ore.	MAKSkin absorber	TWA: 200 ppm 8 horas	_	TWA: 270 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8

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# Aqualine™ Titrant 5

Revision Date 20-Oct-2023

	Time Weighted Average Pelle		TWA: 260 mg/m³ 8 horas Pele	tunteina STEL: 250 ppm 15 minuutteina STEL: 330 mg/m³ 15 minuutteina Iho
lodine		Haut	STEL: 0.1 ppm 15 minutos TWA: 0.01 ppm 8 horas	STEL: 0.1 ppm 15 minuutteina STEL: 1.1 mg/m³ 15 minuutteina Iho

Component	Austria	Denmark	Switzerland	Poland	Norway
Methanol	Haut	TWA: 200 ppm 8 timer	Haut/Peau	STEL: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15	TWA: 100 ppm 8 timer
	MAK-KZGW: 800 ppm	TWA: 260 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 timer	STEL: 400 ppm 15	minutach	TWA: 130 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 timer
	15 Minuten	STEL: 400 ppm 15	Minuten	TWA: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8	STEL: 150 ppm 15
	MAK-KZGW: 1040	minutter	STEL: 520 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15	godzinach	minutter. value
	mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 Minuten	STEL: 520 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15	Minuten		calculated
	MAK-TMW: 200 ppm 8	minutter	TWA: 200 ppm 8		STEL: 162.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15
	Stunden	Hud	Stunden		minutter. value
	MAK-TMW: 260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		TWA: 260 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8		calculated
	8 Stunden		Stunden		Hud
lodine	Haut	Ceiling: 0.1 ppm	Haut/Peau	STEL: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15	Ceiling: 0.1 ppm
	MAK-KZGW: 0.1 ppm	Ceiling: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL: 0.1 ppm 15	minutach	Ceiling: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	15 Minuten		Minuten	TWA: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8	
	MAK-KZGW: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		STEL: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15	godzinach	
	15 Minuten		Minuten		
	MAK-TMW: 0.1 ppm 8		TWA: 0.1 ppm 8		
	Stunden		Stunden		
	MAK-TMW: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8		TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8		
	Stunden		Stunden		
	Ceiling: 0.1 ppm				
	Ceiling: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>				

Component	Bulgaria	Croatia	Ireland	Cyprus	Czech Republic
Methanol	TWA: 200 ppm	kože	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hr.	Skin-potential for	TWA: 250 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8
	TWA: 260.0 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA-GVI: 200 ppm 8	TWA: 260 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr.	cutaneous absorption	hodinách.
	Skin notation	satima.	STEL: 600 ppm 15 min	TWA: 200 ppm	Potential for cutaneous
		TWA-GVI: 260 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8	STEL: 780 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15	TWA: 260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	absorption
		satima.	min		Ceiling: 1000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
			Skin		
Iodine	TWA: 3.0 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL-KGVI: 0.1 ppm 15	TWA: 0.01 ppm 8 hr.		TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8
		minutama.	inhalable fraction and		hodinách.
		STEL-KGVI: 1.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	vapour		Ceiling: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		15 minutama.	TWA: 0.01 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr.		
			STEL: 0.1 ppm 15 min		

Component	Estonia	Gibraltar	Greece	Hungary	Iceland
Methanol	Nahk TWA: 200 ppm 8 tundides. TWA: 250 mg/m³ 8 tundides. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutites. STEL: 350 mg/m³ 15 minutites.	Skin notation TWA: 200 ppm 8 hr TWA: 260 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr	skin - potential for cutaneous absorption STEL: 250 ppm STEL: 325 mg/m³ TWA: 200 ppm TWA: 260 mg/m³	TWA: 260 mg/m³ 8 órában. AK lehetséges borön keresztüli felszívódás	TWA: 200 ppm 8 klukkustundum. TWA: 260 mg/m³ 8 klukkustundum. Skin notation Ceiling: 400 ppm Ceiling: 520 mg/m³
lodine	STEL: 0.1 ppm 15 minutites. STEL: 1 mg/m³ 15 minutites.		STEL: 0.1 ppm STEL: 1 mg/m³ TWA: 0.1 ppm TWA: 1 mg/m³	STEL: 1 mg/m³ 15 percekben. CK TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 órában. AK lehetséges borön keresztüli felszívódás	STEL: 0.1 ppm STEL: 1 mg/m³

Component	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg	Malta	Romania
Methanol	skin - potential for	TWA: 200 ppm IPRD	Possibility of significant	possibility of significant	Skin notation
	cutaneous exposure	TWA: 260 mg/m <sup>3</sup> IPRD	uptake through the skin	uptake through the skin	TWA: 200 ppm 8 ore
	TWA: 200 ppm	Oda	TWA: 200 ppm 8	TWA: 200 ppm	TWA: 260 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 ore

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# Aqualine™ Titrant 5

Revision Date 20-Oct-2023

	TWA: 260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Stunden TWA: 260 mg/m³ 8 Stunden	TWA: 260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
lodine	TWA: 1 mg/m³	Ceiling: 0.1 ppm Ceiling: 1 mg/m³			TWA: 0.09 ppm 8 ore TWA: 0.5 mg/m³ 8 ore STEL: 0.2 ppm 15 minute STEL: 1 mg/m³ 15 minute

Component	Russia	Slovak Republic	Slovenia	Sweden	Turkey
Methanol	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 1250	Potential for cutaneous	TWA: 200 ppm 8 urah	Indicative STEL: 250	Deri
	Skin notation	absorption	TWA: 260 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 urah	ppm 15 minuter	TWA: 200 ppm 8 saat
	MAC: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 200 ppm	Koža	Indicative STEL: 350	TWA: 260 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 saat
		TWA: 260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL: 800 ppm 15	mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minuter	
		_	minutah	TLV: 200 ppm 8 timmar.	
			STEL: 1040 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15	NGV	
			minutah	TLV: 250 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8	
				timmar. NGV	
				Hud	
lodine	Skin notation	Ceiling: 1.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Binding STEL: 0.1 ppm	
	MAC: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 0.1 ppm		15 minuter	
		TWA: 1.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Binding STEL: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
				15 minuter	

# **Biological limit values**

List source(s):

Component	European Union	United Kingdom	France	Spain	Germany
Methanol			Methanol: 15 mg/L urine	Methanol: 15 mg/L urine	Methanol: 15 mg/L urine
			end of shift	end of shift	(end of shift)
					Methanol: 15 mg/L urine
					(for long-term
					exposures: at the end of
					the shift after several
					shifts )

Component	Italy	Finland	Denmark	Bulgaria	Romania
Methanol					Methanol: 6 mg/L urine
					end of shift

Component	Gibraltar	Latvia	Slovak Republic	Luxembourg	Turkey
Methanol			Methanol: 30 mg/L urine		
			end of exposure or work		
			shift		
			Methanol: 30 mg/L urine		
			after all work shifts for		
			long-term exposure		

# **Monitoring methods**

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.

MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours

MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

# Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

Component	Acute effects local	Acute effects	Chronic effects local	Chronic effects
-	(Dermal)	systemic (Dermal)	(Dermal)	systemic (Dermal)

#### Aqualine™ Titrant 5 Revision Date 20-Oct-2023

Methanol	DNEL = 20mg/kg	DNEL = 20mg/kg
67-56-1 ( 90 )	bw/dav	bw/dav
lodine 7553-56-2 ( 10 )	2	DNEL = 0.01mg/kg bw/day

Component	Acute effects local	Acute effects	Chronic effects local	Chronic effects
	(Inhalation)	systemic (Inhalation)	(Inhalation)	systemic (Inhalation)
Methanol 67-56-1 ( 90 )	DNEL = 130mg/m <sup>3</sup>			
lodine 7553-56-2 ( 10 )				DNEL = 0.07mg/m <sup>3</sup>

# **Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)**

See values below.

Γ	Component	Fresh water	Fresh water	Water Intermittent	Microorganisms in	Soil (Agriculture)
L			sediment		sewage treatment	
Γ	Methanol	PNEC = 20.8mg/L	PNEC = 77mg/kg	PNEC = 1540mg/L	PNEC = 100mg/L	PNEC = 100mg/kg
L	67-56-1 ( 90 )		sediment dw			soil dw
Γ	lodine	PNEC = 18.13µg/L	PNEC = 3.99mg/kg		PNEC = 11mg/L	PNEC = 5.95mg/kg
	7553-56-2 ( 10 )		sediment dw			soil dw

Component	Marine water	Marine water sediment	Marine water Intermittent	Food chain	Air
Methanol 67-56-1 ( 90 )	PNEC = 2.08mg/L	PNEC = 7.7mg/kg sediment dw			
lodine 7553-56-2 ( 10 )	PNEC = 60.01μg/L	PNEC = 20.22mg/kg sediment dw			

# 8.2. Exposure controls

#### **Engineering Measures**

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

#### Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection

Tight sealing safety goggles Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Butyl rubber	> 480 minutes	0.35 mm	Level 6	(minimum requirement)
Viton (R)	> 480 minutes	0.70 mm	EN 374	
Neoprene gloves	< 60 minutes	0.45 mm		
Nitrile rubber	< 30 minutes	0.38 mm		

Skin and body protection

Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Inspect gloves before use. observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information) gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion. gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

**Respiratory Protection** 

Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: low boiling organic solvent Type AX Brown conforming to

EN371

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

Method - No information available

141

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water

system.

# **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

# 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid

Appearance
Odor
Alcohol-like
Odor Threshold
Melting Point/Range
Softening Point
Boiling Point/Range
Alcohol-like
No data available
No data available
No data available
Softening Point/Range
No data available
Softening Point/Range
No data available

Flammability (liquid) Highly flammable On basis of test data

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Liquid

Explosion Limits

Lower ~ 6.0 vol %

Upper ~ 36.0 vol %

Flash Point 11 °C / 51.8 °F

Autoignition Temperature 464 °C / 867.2 °F

Decomposition Temperature No data available

PH Not applicable

Viscosity No data available

Water Solubility Miscible

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Componentlog PowMethanol-0.74Iodine2.49

Vapor Pressure No data available

Density / Specific Gravity 0.84

Bulk DensityNot applicableLiquidVapor Density> 1.0(Air = 1.0)

Particle characteristics Not applicable (liquid)

9.2. Other information

**Explosive Properties** Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air

# **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible products. Heat, flames and sparks. Keep away from open flames, hot

surfaces and sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Peroxides. Acids. Acid anhydrides. Acid chlorides. Metals.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). Formaldehyde.

# **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

# 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

# **Product Information**

(a) acute toxicity;

OralCategory 3DermalCategory 3InhalationCategory 3

#### Toxicology data for the components

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Methanol	LD50 = 1187 – 2769 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 = 17100 mg/kg ( Rabbit )	LC50 = 128.2 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
Iodine	315 mg/kg ( Rat )	1425 mg/kg (Rabbit)	4.588 mg/L 4h ( Rat )

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 2

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 2

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

**Respiratory**Skin
No data available
No data available

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Methanol	OECD Test Guideline 406	guinea pig	non-sensitising
67-56-1 ( 90 )	Guinea Pig Maximisation Test (GPMT)		-
lodine OECD Test Guideli 7553-56-2 (10) Local Lymph Node		mouse	non-sensitising

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; No data available

(f) carcinogenicity; No data available

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

(a) reproductive toxicity: No data available

Component	Test method	Test species / Duration	Study result
Methanol	OECD Test Guideline 416	Rat / Inhalation	NOAEC =
67-56-1 ( 90 )		2 Generation	1.3 mg/l (air)

Category 1 (h) STOT-single exposure;

Optic nerve, Central nervous system (CNS). Results / Target organs

Category 1 (i) STOT-repeated exposure;

**Target Organs** Thyroid.

(j) aspiration hazard; No data available

delayed

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness,

tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

# 11.2. Information on other hazards

**Endocrine Disrupting Properties** 

Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any

known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

# **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

12.1. Toxicity

**Ecotoxicity effects** Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic

environment. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the

environment.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
Methanol	Pimephales promelas: LC50 >	EC50 > 10000 mg/L 24h	
	10000 mg/L 96h		
lodine	LC50 = 1.67 mg/L 96h	EC50 = 0.55 mg/L 48h	EC50 = 0.13 mg/L 72h

Component	Microtox	M-Factor
Methanol	EC50 = 39000 mg/L 25 min	
	EC50 = 40000 mg/L 15 min	
	EC50 = 43000 mg/L 5 min	
lodine	EC50 = 280 mg/L 3h	1

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

**Persistence** Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

Component	Degradability	
Methanol	DT50 ~ 17.2d	
67-56-1 ( 90 )	>94% after 20d	

Degradation in sewage treatment plant

Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste

water treatment plants.

Bioaccumulation is unlikely 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Methanol	-0.74	<10 dimensionless

Aqualine™ Titrant 5 Revision Date 20-Oct-2023

lodine 2.49 No data available

12.4. Mobility in soil

The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all

surfaces Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility. Disperses rapidly in

air

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

No data available for assessment.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting

properties

Endocrine Disruptor Information This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

12.7. Other adverse effects

Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

# **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused

**Products** 

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives

on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers

retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and

empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

European Waste Catalogue (EWC) According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but

application specific.

Other Information Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the

application for which the product was used. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in

compliance with local regulations.

Switzerland - Waste Ordinance Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations. Ordinance on the Avoidance and the Disposal of Waste (Waste Ordinance,

ADWO) SR 814.600

https://www.fedlex.admin.ch/eli/cc/2015/891/en

# **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

IMDG/IMO

**14.1. UN number** UN1230

14.2. UN proper shipping name METHANOL SOLUTION

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)3Subsidiary Hazard Class6.114.4. Packing groupII

<u>ADR</u>

**14.1. UN number** UN1230

14.2. UN proper shipping name METHANOL SOLUTION

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 Subsidiary Hazard Class 6.1

Aqualine™ Titrant 5 Revision Date 20-Oct-2023

14.4. Packing group Π

<u>IATA</u>

14.1. UN number UN1230

14.2. UN proper shipping name METHANOL SOLUTION

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) **Subsidiary Hazard Class** 6.1 14.4. Packing group II

No hazards identified 14.5. Environmental hazards

14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable, packaged goods

# **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

# 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### **International Inventories**

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
Methanol	67-56-1	200-659-6	i	ı	X	X	KE-23193	X	X
Iodine	7553-56-2	231-442-4	-	-	Х	X	KE-21023	X	-

Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
Methanol	67-56-1	Х	ACTIVE	Х	-	X	Х	X
lodine	7553-56-2	Х	ACTIVE	Х	-	X	Х	Х

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

# Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Methanol	67-56-1	-	Use restricted. See item 69. (see link for restriction details) Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	-
Iodine	7553-56-2	-	Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	-

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

#### Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements
Methanol	67-56-1	500 tonne	5000 tonne
lodine	7553-56-2	Not applicable	Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

work .

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)? Not applicable

Take note of Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

# **National Regulations**

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

#### **WGK Classification**

Water endangering class = 2 (self classification)

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at

Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Methanol	WGK 2	Class I: 20 mg/m³ (Massenkonzentration)
Iodine	WGK2	_

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)
Methanol	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84

# **Swiss Regulations**

Article 4 para. 4 of the Ordinance on the protection of young people in the workplace (SR 822.115) and Article 1 lit. f of the EAER regulation on hazardous work and young people (SR 822.115.2).

Take note on Article 13 Maternity Ordinance (SR 822.111.52) with regards expectant and nursing mothers.

Component	Switzerland - Ordinance on the Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR 814.81)	Switzerland - Ordinance on Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC)	Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure
Methanol	Prohibited and Restricted	Group I	
67-56-1 ( 90 )	Substances		
lodine	Prohibited and Restricted		
7553-56-2 ( 10 )	Substances		

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment/Reports (CSA/CSR) are not required for mixtures

# **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

# Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H301 - Toxic if swallowed

H311 - Toxic in contact with skin

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Aqualine™ Titrant 5 Revision Date 20-Oct-2023

H331 - Toxic if inhaled

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H370 - Causes damage to organs

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H312 - Harmful in contact with skin

H332 - Harmful if inhaled

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life

#### Legend

**CAS** - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b)

Inventory

Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

**IECSC** - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

**KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic

Substances List

**ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

**ACGIH** - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

**DNEL** - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime

Dangerous Goods Code

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

**BCF** - Bioconcentration factor

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

Ships ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

VOC - (volatile organic compound)

# Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Physical hazards On basis of test data **Health Hazards** Calculation method **Environmental hazards** Calculation method

#### **Training Advice**

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Chemical incident response training.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts.

**Creation Date** 22-Nov-2010 20-Oct-2023 **Revision Date Revision Summary** Not applicable.

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006. COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

Aqualine™ Titrant 5 Revision Date 20-Oct-2023

For Switzerland - Compiled in accordance with the technical provisions referred to in Annex 2, Number 3, ChemO (SR 813.11 - Ordinance on Protection against Dangerous Substances and Preparations).

#### Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

**End of Safety Data Sheet**