

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Creation Date 23-Jun-2009 Revision Date 10-Dec-2024 Revision Number 1

Section 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: Trimethyltin chloride, 1M (20 wt.%) solution in THF

Cat No. : C42785

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against No Information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Thermo Fisher (Kandel) GmbH

Erlenbachweg 2, 76870 Kandel, Germany

Tel: +49 (0) 721 84007 280 Fax: +49 (0) 721 84007 300

Swiss distributor - Fisher Scientific AG Neuhofstrasse 11, CH 4153 Reinach

Tel: +41 (0) 56 618 41 11

https://www.fishersci.ch/ch/en/customer-help-

support/forms/email-us.html

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information **US** call: 001-800-227-6701 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No.**US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

customers in Switzerland:

Tox Info Suisse Emergency Number: 145 (24hr)

Tox Info Suisse: +41-44 251 51 51 (Emergency number from abroad)

Chemtrec (24h) Toll-Free: 0800 564 402 Chemtrec Local: +41-43 508 20 11 (Zurich)

Section 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Physical hazards

Flammable liquids Category 2 (H225)

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Health hazards

Acute oral toxicity Category 3 (H301) Acute dermal toxicity Category 2 (H310) Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors Category 3 (H331) Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2 (H319) Carcinogenicity Category 2 (H351) Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)

Category 3 (H335) (H336)

Environmental hazards

Chronic aquatic toxicity Category 2 (H411)

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H301 + H331 - Toxic if swallowed or if inhaled

H310 - Fatal in contact with skin

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

EUH019 - May form explosive peroxides

Precautionary Statements

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

2.3. Other hazards

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

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3.2. Mixtures

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	203-726-8	80	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225) Acute Tox. 4 (H302) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) STOT SE 3 (H335) STOT SE 3 (H336) Carc. 2 (H351) (EUH019)
Trimethyltin chloride	1066-45-1	EEC No. 213-917-8	20	Acute Tox. 2 (H300) Acute Tox. 1 (H310) Acute Tox. 2 (H330) Aquatic Acute 1 (H400) Aquatic Chronic 1 (H410)

Component	Specific concentration limits (SCL's)	M-Factor	Component notes
Tetrahydrofuran	Acute Tox. 4 :: C>82.5% Eye Irrit. 2 :: C>=25% STOT SE 3 :: C>=25%	-	-

Note

Note 1: The concentration stated or, in the absence of such concentrations, the generic concentrations of this Regulation (Table 3.1) or the generic concentrations of Directive 1999/45/EC (Table 3.2), are the percentages by weight of the metallic element calculated with reference to the total weight of the mixture

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

Section 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is

required.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. In

the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical

advice.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical

attention is required.

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Do not use mouth-to-mouth

method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device.

Immediate medical attention is required.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Irritating to eyes. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness,

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nausea and vomiting: Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Causes central nervous system depression

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

Section 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. May form explosive peroxides. Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2), Metal oxides, Hydrogen chloride gas.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

Section 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Should not be released into the environment. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

Section 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

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Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. If peroxide formation is suspected, do not open or move container. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Flammables area. Corrosives area. Store under an inert atmosphere. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Shelf life 12 months. May form explosive peroxides on prolonged storage. Containers should be dated when opened and tested periodically for the presence of peroxides. Should crystals form in a peroxidizable liquid, peroxidation may have occurred and the product should be considered extremely dangerous. In this instance, the container should only be opened remotely by professionals.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

Class 3

Switzerland - Storage of hazardous substances

Storage class - SC 3 https://www.kvu.ch/de/themen/stoffe-und-produkte https://www.kvu.ch/fr/themes/substances-et-produits

https://www.kvu.ch/it/temi/sostanze-e-prodotti

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): **EU** - Commission Directive (EU) 2019/1831 of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Forth edition. Published 2020. **IRE** - 2010 Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations 2001. Published by the Health and Safety Authority. **CH** - The Government of Switzerland has set a directive on limit values for working materials (Grenzwerte am Arbeitsplatz) which is based on the Swiss Federal Regulation "Verordnung über die Verhütung von Unfällen und Berufskrankheiten". This directive is administered, periodically revised and enforced by SUVA (Swiss National Accident Insurance Fund).

Component	European Union	The United Kingdom	France	Belgium	Spain
Tetrahydrofuran	TWA: 50 ppm (8h)				STEL / VLA-EC: 100
	TWA: 150 mg/m ³ (8h)	STEL: 300 mg/m ³ 15	heures). restrictive limit	TWA: 150 mg/m ³ 8 uren	ppm (15 minutos).
	STEL: 100 ppm (15min)	min	TWA / VME: 150 mg/m ³	STEL: 100 ppm 15	STEL / VLA-EC: 300
	STEL: 300 mg/m ³	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hr	(8 heures). restrictive	minuten	mg/m³ (15 minutos).
	(15min)	TWA: 150 mg/m ³ 8 hr	limit	STEL: 300 mg/m ³ 15	TWA / VLA-ED: 50 ppm
	Skin	Skin	STEL / VLCT: 100 ppm.	minuten	(8 horas)
			restrictive limit	Huid	TWA / VLA-ED: 150
			STEL / VLCT: 300		mg/m³ (8 horas)
			mg/m ³ . restrictive limit		Piel
			Peau		
Trimethyltin chloride		STEL: 0.2 mg/m3 15 min	TWA / VME: 0.1 mg/m ³		STEL / VLA-EC: 0.2
		TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ 8 hr	(8 heures).		mg/m³ (15 minutos).
		Skin	STEL / VLCT: 0.2		TWA / VLA-ED: 0.1
			mg/m³.		mg/m³ (8 horas)
					Piel

Component	Italy	Germany	Portugal	The Netherlands	Finland

Tetrahydrofuran	TWA: 50 ppm 8 ore. Time Weighted Average TWA: 150 mg/m³ 8 ore. Time Weighted Average STEL: 100 ppm 15 minuti. Short-term STEL: 300 mg/m³ 15 minuti. Short-term Pelle	TWA: 50 ppm (8 Stunden). AGW - exposure factor 2 TWA: 150 mg/m³ (8 Stunden). AGW - exposure factor 2 TWA: 20 ppm (8 Stunden). MAK TWA: 60 mg/m³ (8 Stunden). MAK Höhepunkt: 40 ppm Höhepunkt: 120 mg/m³ Haut	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutos STEL: 300 mg/m³ 15 minutos TWA: 50 ppm 8 horas TWA: 150 mg/m³ 8 horas Pele	huid STEL: 200 ppm 15 minuten STEL: 600 mg/m³ 15 minuten TWA: 100 ppm 8 uren TWA: 300 mg/m³ 8 uren	TWA: 50 ppm 8 tunteina TWA: 150 mg/m³ 8 tunteina STEL: 100 ppm 15 minuutteina STEL: 300 mg/m³ 15 minuutteina Iho
Trimethyltin chloride		TWA: 0.001 ppm (8 Stunden). AGW - exposure factor 4 TWA: 0.005 mg/m³ (8 Stunden). AGW - exposure factor 4 TWA: 0.001 ppm (8 Stunden). MAK can occur as vapor and aerosol at the same time TWA: 0.005 mg/m³ (8 Stunden). MAK can occur as vapor and aerosol at the same time TWA: 0.005 mg/m³ (8 Stunden). MAK can occur as vapor and aerosol at the same time Höhepunkt: 0.004 ppm Höhepunkt: 0.02 mg/m³ Haut	STEL: 0.2 mg/m³ 15 minutos TWA: 0.1 mg/m³ 8 horas Pele		

Component	Austria	Denmark	Switzerland	Poland	Norway
Tetrahydrofuran	Haut	TWA: 50 ppm 8 timer	Haut/Peau	STEL: 300 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 50 ppm 8 timer
	MAK-KZGW: 100 ppm	TWA: 150 mg/m ³ 8 timer	STEL: 100 ppm 15	minutach	TWA: 150 mg/m ³ 8 timer
	15 Minuten	STEL: 300 mg/m ³ 15	Minuten	TWA: 150 mg/m ³ 8	STEL: 75 ppm 15
	MAK-KZGW: 300 mg/m ³	minutter	STEL: 300 mg/m ³ 15	godzinach	minutter. value
	15 Minuten	STEL: 100 ppm 15	Minuten		calculated
	MAK-TMW: 50 ppm 8	minutter	TWA: 50 ppm 8		STEL: 187.5 mg/m ³ 15
	Stunden	Hud	Stunden		minutter. value
	MAK-TMW: 150 mg/m ³		TWA: 150 mg/m ³ 8		calculated
	8 Stunden		Stunden		Hud
Trimethyltin chloride	Haut		Haut/Peau		TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ 8 timer
	MAK-KZGW: 0.2 mg/m ³		STEL: 0.2 mg/m ³ 15		Hud
	15 Minuten		Minuten STEL: 0.024		
	MAK-TMW: 0.1 mg/m ³ 8		ppm 15 Minuten		
	Stunden		STEL: 0.12 mg/m ³ 15		
			Minuten		
			TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ 8		
			Stunden TWA: 0.003		
			ppm 8 Stunden		
			TWA: 0.015 mg/m ³ 8		
			Stunden		

Component	Bulgaria	Croatia	Ireland	Cyprus	Czech Republic
Tetrahydrofuran	TWA: 50.0 ppm	kože	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hr.	Skin-potential for	TWA: 150 mg/m ³ 8
	TWA: 150.0 mg/m ³	TWA-GVI: 50 ppm 8	TWA: 150 mg/m ³ 8 hr.	cutaneous absorption	hodinách.
	STEL: 100 ppm	satima.	STEL: 100 ppm 15 min	STEL: 100 ppm	Potential for cutaneous
	STEL: 300.0 mg/m ³	TWA-GVI: 150 mg/m ³ 8	STEL: 300 mg/m ³ 15	STEL: 300 mg/m ³	absorption
	Skin notation	satima.	min	TWA: 50 ppm	Ceiling: 300 mg/m ³
		STEL-KGVI: 100 ppm	Skin	TWA: 150 mg/m ³	
		15 minutama.			
		STEL-KGVI: 300 mg/m ³			
		15 minutama.			

Compo	nent	Estonia	Gibraltar	Greece	Hungary	Iceland
Tetrahydr	rofuran	Nahk	Skin notation	STEL: 250 ppm	STEL: 300 mg/m ³ 15	STEL: 100 ppm
		TWA: 50 ppm 8	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hr	STEL: 735 mg/m ³	percekben. CK	STEL: 300 mg/m ³

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STEL: 100 ppm 15 tundides. TWA: 150 mg/m³ 8 hr TWA: 200 ppm TWA: 50 ppm 8 percekben. CK TWA: 150 mg/m³ 8 STEL: 100 ppm 15 min TWA: 590 mg/m³ klukkustundum. tundides. STEL: 300 mg/m³ 15 TWA: 150 mg/m³ 8 TWA: 150 mg/m³ 8 STEL: 100 ppm 15 órában. AK klukkustundum. min minutites. TWA: 50 ppm 8 órában. Skin notation STEL: 300 mg/m3 15 ÀΚ minutites. lehetséges borön keresztüli felszívódás

Component	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg	Malta	Romania
Tetrahydrofuran	skin - potential for	TWA: 50 ppm IPRD	Possibility of significant	possibility of significant	Skin notation
	cutaneous exposure	TWA: 150 mg/m ³ IPRD	uptake through the skin	uptake through the skin	
	STEL: 100 ppm	Oda	TWA: 50 ppm 8	TWA: 50 ppm	TWA: 150 mg/m ³ 8 ore
	STEL: 300 mg/m ³	STEL: 100 ppm	Stunden	TWA: 150 mg/m ³	STEL: 100 ppm 15
	TWA: 50 ppm	STEL: 300 mg/m ³	TWA: 150 mg/m ³ 8	STEL: 100 ppm 15	minute
	TWA: 150 mg/m ³		Stunden	minuti	STEL: 300 mg/m ³ 15
			STEL: 100 ppm 15	STEL: 300 mg/m ³ 15	minute
			Minuten	minuti	
			STEL: 300 mg/m ³ 15		
			Minuten		

Component	Russia	Slovak Republic	Slovenia	Sweden	Turkey
Tetrahydrofuran	MAC: 100 mg/m ³	Ceiling: 300 mg/m ³	TWA: 50 ppm 8 urah	Binding STEL: 100 ppm	Deri
		Potential for cutaneous	TWA: 150 mg/m ³ 8 urah	15 minuter	TWA: 50 ppm 8 saat
		absorption	Koža	Binding STEL: 300	TWA: 150 mg/m ³ 8 saat
		TWA: 50 ppm	STEL: 100 ppm 15	mg/m ³ 15 minuter	STEL: 100 ppm 15
		TWA: 150 mg/m ³	minutah	TLV: 50 ppm 8 timmar.	dakika
			STEL: 300 mg/m ³ 15	NGV	STEL: 300 mg/m ³ 15
			minutah	TLV: 150 mg/m ³ 8	dakika
				timmar. NGV	

Biological limit values

List source(s):

Component	European Union	United Kingdom	France	Spain	Germany
Tetrahydrofuran				Tetrahydrofuran: 2 mg/L	Tetrahydrofuran: 2 mg/L
				urine end of shift	urine (end of shift)

Component	Gibraltar	Latvia	Slovak Republic	Luxembourg	Turkey
Tetrahydrofuran			Tetrahydrofuran: 2 mg/L		
			urine end of exposure or		
			work shift		

Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.

MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours

MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

MDHS 91 Metals and metalloids in workplace air by X-ray fluorescence spectrometry

MDHS 99 Metals in air by ICP-AES

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

Component	Acute effects local (Dermal)	Acute effects systemic (Dermal)	Chronic effects local (Dermal)	Chronic effects systemic (Dermal)
Tetrahydrofuran				DNEL = 12.6mg/kg
109-99-9 (80)				bw/day

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Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)
Tetrahydrofuran 109-99-9 (80)	DNEL = 300mg/m ³	DNEL = 96mg/m ³	DNEL = 150mg/m ³	DNEL = 72.4mg/m ³

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

See values below.

Component	Fresh water	Fresh water	Water Intermittent	Microorganisms in	Soil (Agriculture)
		sediment		sewage treatment	
Tetrahydrofuran	PNEC = 4.32mg/L	PNEC = 23.3 mg/kg	PNEC = 21.6mg/L	PNEC = 4.6mg/L	PNEC = 2.13mg/kg
109-99-9 (80)		sediment dw			soil dw

Component	Marine water	Marine water sediment	Marine water Intermittent	Food chain	Air
Tetrahydrofuran	PNEC = 0.432mg/L	PNEC = 2.33mg/kg		PNEC = 67mg/kg	
109-99-9 (80)		sediment dw		food	

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Butyl rubber	See manufacturers recommendations	-	EN 374	(minimum requirement)
Neoprene gloves				

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing.

Inspect gloves before use. observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information) gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion. gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use **Respiratory Protection**

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: low boiling organic solvent Type AX Brown conforming to EN371 or Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to EN14387

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

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Environmental exposure controls Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water

system.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid

Appearance Colorless

No information available Odor **Odor Threshold** No data available Melting Point/Range No data available No data available **Softening Point** No information available **Boiling Point/Range**

Flammability (liquid) Highly flammable On basis of test data

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Liquid

Explosion Limits No data available

Flash Point -17 °C / 1.4 °F Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature No data available **Decomposition Temperature** No data available No information available pН **Viscosity** No data available

Water Solubility Miscible

No information available Solubility in other solvents

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Component log Pow Tetrahydrofuran 0.45

Vapor Pressure No data available

Density / Specific Gravity 0.988

Bulk Density Not applicable Liquid **Vapor Density** No data available (Air = 1.0)

Particle characteristics Not applicable (liquid)

9.2. Other information

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air **Explosive Properties**

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability

May form explosive peroxides. Moisture sensitive. Air sensitive.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization does not occur. **Hazardous Polymerization**

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible products. Exposure to air. Exposure to moist air or water. Keep away from

open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

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10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Acids. Bases.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Metal oxides. Hydrogen chloride gas.

Section 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

Oral Category 3
Dermal Category 2
Inhalation Category 3

Toxicology data for the components

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Tetrahydrofuran	1650 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	180 mg/L (Rat) 1 h
-			53.9 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
Trimethyltin chloride	LD50 = 12600 μg/kg (Rat)	-	-

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; No data available

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 2

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory No data available Skin No data available

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Tetrahydrofuran	Local Lymph Node Assay	mouse	non-sensitising
109-99-9 (80)	OECD Test Guideline 429		_

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; No data available

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Tetrahydrofuran	OECD Test Guideline 476	in vivo	negative
109-99-9 (80)	Gene cell mutation	Mammalian	
	OECD Test Guideline 473		
	Chromosomal aberration assay	in vitro	negative
		Mammalian	

Mutagenic effects have occured in microorganisms

(f) carcinogenicity; Category 2

Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect The table below indicates whether each agency

has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

Component	EU	UK	Germany	IARC
Tetrahydrofuran				Group 2B

(g) reproductive toxicity; No data available

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Test species / Duration Test method Study result Component Tetrahydrofuran **OECD Test Guideline 416** Rat NOAEL = 3,000 ppm109-99-9 (80) 2 Generation

(h) STOT-single exposure; Category 3

Results / Target organs Respiratory system, Central nervous system (CNS).

No data available (i) STOT-repeated exposure:

No information available. **Target Organs**

(i) aspiration hazard; No data available

Other Adverse Effects Tumorigenic effects have been reported in experimental animals.

delayed

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness,

tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Causes central nervous system depression.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine Disrupting Properties

Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

Section 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecotoxicity effects Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic

environment. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment. May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment. Do not allow

material to contaminate ground water system.

Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
2160 mg/l LC50 = 96 h	EC50 48 h 3485 mg/l	
Pimephales promelas	EC50: >10000 mg/L/24h	
Leuciscus idus: LC50: 2820		
mg/L/48h		
Oryzial latipes LC50: 5.62	EC50: 0.47 mg/L/24H	EC50: 0.214 mg/L/72H
	2160 mg/l LC50 = 96 h Pimephales promelas Leuciscus idus: LC50: 2820 mg/L/48h	2160 mg/l LC50 = 96 h Pimephales promelas Leuciscus idus: LC50: 2820 mg/L/48h Oryzial latipes LC50: 5.62 EC50 48 h 3485 mg/l EC50: >10000 mg/L/24h EC50: >0.47 mg/L/24H

12.2. Persistence and degradability Product contains heavy metals. Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Special

pre-treatment is necessary

Persistence

May persist, based on information available.

Degradation in sewage treatment plant

Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste

water treatment plants.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

May have some potential to bioaccumulate

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Tetrahydrofuran	0.45	No data available

12.4. Mobility in soil

The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems . Will likely be mobile in the

environment due to its water solubility. Highly mobile in soils

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12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

No data available for assessment.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting

properties

Endocrine Disruptor Information

Component	EU - Endocrine Disrupters Candidate List	EU - Endocrine Disruptors - Evaluated Substances
Tetrahydrofuran	Group III Chemical	

12.7. Other adverse effects

Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

Section 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused

Products

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging

Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

European Waste Catalogue (EWC)

According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific.

Other Information

Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. Do not let this chemical enter the environment. Do not empty into drains.

Switzerland - Waste Ordinance

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Ordinance on the Avoidance and the Disposal of Waste (Waste Ordinance, ADWO) SR 814.600

https://www.fedlex.admin.ch/eli/cc/2015/891/en

Section 14: Transport information

IMDG/IMO

14.1. UN number

UN1992

14.2. UN proper shipping name Technical Shipping Name

Flammable liquid, toxic, n.o.s. Tetrahydrofuran, Trimethyltin chloride

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) **Subsidiary Hazard Class**

3 6.1 П

14.4. Packing group

ADR

14.1. UN number

UN1992

14.2. UN proper shipping name **Technical Shipping Name**

Flammable liquid, toxic, n.o.s.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Tetrahydrofuran, Trimethyltin chloride

Subsidiary Hazard Class

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14.4. Packing group

IATA

14.1. UN number UN1992

14.2. UN proper shipping name Flammable liquid, toxic, n.o.s.

Technical Shipping Name Tetrahydrofuran, Trimethyltin chloride

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)3Subsidiary Hazard Class6.114.4. Packing groupII

14.5. Environmental hazards Dangerous for the environment

Product is a marine pollutant according to the criteria set by IMDG/IMO

14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable, packaged goods

Section 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	203-726-8	i	ı	X	X	KE-33454	Χ	X
Trimethyltin chloride	1066-45-1	213-917-8	-	ı	Х	X	-	-	-

Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	X	ACTIVE	X	-	Х	X	Х
Trimethyltin chloride	1066-45-1	Х	ACTIVE	-	Х	Х	Х	Х

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed **KECL** - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	-	Use restricted. See entry 75. (see link for restriction details)	-
Trimethyltin chloride	1066-45-1	-	Use restricted. See entry 20. (see link for restriction details)	-

REACH links

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

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Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	Not applicable	Not applicable
Trimethyltin chloride	1066-45-1	Not applicable	Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)?

Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

Take note of Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

National Regulations

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

WGK Classification

Water endangering class = 1 (self classification)

Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class		
Tetrahydrofuran	WGK1			

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)
Tetrahydrofuran Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84	

Swiss Regulations

Article 4 para. 4 of the Ordinance on the protection of young people in the workplace (SR 822.115) and Article 1 lit. f of the EAER regulation on hazardous work and young people (SR 822.115.2).

Take note on Article 13 Maternity Ordinance (SR 822.111.52) with regards expectant and nursing mothers.

Component	Switzerland - Ordinance on the Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR 814.81)	Switzerland - Ordinance on Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC)	Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure
Tetrahydrofuran 109-99-9 (80)		Group I	
Trimethyltin chloride 1066-45-1 (20)	Prohibited and Restricted Substances		

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment/Reports (CSA/CSR) are not required for mixtures

Section 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H300 - Fatal if swallowed

H310 - Fatal in contact with skin

H330 - Fatal if inhaled

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

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H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

EUH019 - May form explosive peroxides

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H302 - Harmful if swallowed H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life

H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances **IECSC** - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

Ships

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate VOC - (volatile organic compound)

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Physical hazards On basis of test data Health Hazards Calculation method **Environmental hazards** Calculation method

Training Advice

Chemical incident response training.

Prepared By Health, Safety and Environmental Department

23-Jun-2009 **Creation Date Revision Date** 10-Dec-2024 **Revision Summary** Initial Release.

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006. COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

For Switzerland - Compiled in accordance with the technical provisions referred to in Annex 2, Number 3, ChemO (SR 813.11 - Ordinance on Protection against Dangerous Substances and Preparations).

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage,

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transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet