

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision Date 25-December-2021 **Revision Number 4** 

1. Identification

**Product Name** Isobutyllithium, 1.7M solution in heptane

AC377590000; AC377591000; AC377598000 Cat No.:

Synonyms No information available

**Recommended Use** Laboratory chemicals.

Uses advised against Food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Manufacturer Importer/Distributor

Acros Organics Fisher Scientific Company Fisher Scientific One Reagent Lane 112 Colonnade Road, One Reagent Lane Fair Lawn, NJ 07410 Fair Lawn, NJ 07410 Ottawa, ON K2E 7L6. Tel: (201) 796-7100

Canada

Tel: 1-800-234-7437

**Emergency Telephone Number** For information **US** call: 001-800-ACROS-01 / Europe call: +32 14 57 52 11

> Emergency Number US:001-201-796-7100 / Europe: +32 14 57 52 99 CHEMTREC Tel. No.US:001-800-424-9300 / Europe:001-703-527-3887

# 2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

WHMIS 2015 Classification Classified as hazardous under the Hazardous Products Regulations (SOR/2015-17)

Flammable liquids Category 2

Substances/mixtures which, in contact with water, emit Category 1 Gas(es) = Isobutane

flammable gases

Pyrophoric liquids Category 1 Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 1 A Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 1 Category 2 Reproductive Toxicity Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3

Target Organs - Central nervous system (CNS).

Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure) Category 2 Aspiration Toxicity Category 1 Physical Hazards Not Otherwise Classified Category 1

Reacts violently with water

Label Elements

### Signal Word

Danger

## **Hazard Statements**

Highly flammable liquid and vapor

In contact with water releases flammable gases which may ignite spontaneously

Catches fire spontaneously if exposed to air

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

May cause drowsiness and dizziness

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Reacts violently with water



## **Precautionary Statements**

#### Prevention

Do not allow contact with water

Keep container tightly closed

Obtain special instructions before use

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

Do not allow contact with air

Handle under inert gas. Protect from moisture

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

Use only non-sparking tools

Take precautionary measures against static discharges

Do not breathe dust/fumes/gas/mist/vapours/spray

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

#### Response

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

### Storage

Store locked up

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Store contents under inert gas

Store in a dry place. Store in a closed container

Store away from other materials

#### **Disposal**

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

#### Other Hazards

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Light sensitive

# 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	84
Lithium, (2-methylpropyl)-	920-36-5	16

## 4. First-aid measures

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

Immediate medical attention is required.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical

attention is required.

Inhalation Remove from exposure, lie down. Remove to fresh air. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method

if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Immediate medical attention is required. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Risk of serious

damage to the lungs (by aspiration).

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. If vomiting

occurs naturally, have victim lean forward.

**Most important symptoms/effects** Difficulty in breathing. Causes burns by all exposure routes. Inhalation of high vapor

concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and

vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is

contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of

perforation

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media Dry chemical, soda ash, lime or sand. approved class D extinguishers. Water mist may be

used to cool closed containers.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media DO NOT USE WATER

Flash Point No information available Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature 204 °C / 399.2 °F

**Explosion Limits** 

**Upper** 6.7% **Lower** 1.05%

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available

## **Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical**

Flammable. Contact with water liberates toxic gas. Water reactive. Pyrophoric: Spontaneously flammable in air. Produce flammable gases on contact with water. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

## **Hazardous Combustion Products**

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>). Isobutane. Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

NFPA

Health **Flammability** Instability **Physical hazards** W 3 4 2

## Accidental release measures

**Personal Precautions Environmental Precautions**  Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

Methods for Containment and Clean Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g., sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder. sawdust). Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not expose spill to water.

# 7. Handling and storage

Handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Handle product only in closed system or provide appropriate exhaust ventilation. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Do not allow contact with water. Do not allow contact with water because of violent reaction. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Storage.

Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Protect from direct sunlight. Store in freezer. Keep from any possible contact with water. Corrosives area. Flammables area. Keep under nitrogen. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Incompatible Materials. Acids. Water. Strong oxidizing agents. Alcohols. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

# 8. Exposure controls / personal protection

**Exposure Guidelines** 

# **Engineering Measures**

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

#### Personal protective equipment

**Eve Protection Hand Protection**  Goaales Protective gloves

Glove material Breakthrough time Glove thickness **Glove comments** See manufacturers Nitrile rubber Splash protection only recommendations Viton (R)

Inspect gloves before use, observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information) gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion. gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

## **Respiratory Protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. Follow the

OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly Recommended Filter type: low boiling organic solvent Type AX Brown conforming to EN371 or Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to EN14387

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

## **Environmental exposure controls**

Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.

#### **Hygiene Measures**

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Physical State** Liauid **Appearance** Light yellow

Odor Petroleum distillates **Odor Threshold** No information available

Not applicable Melting Point/Range No data available Boiling Point/Range No information available Flash Point No information available

**Evaporation Rate** Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable

Flammability or explosive limits

Upper 6.7% Lower 1.05%

**Vapor Pressure** No information available **Vapor Density** No information available

**Specific Gravity** 0.700

Solubility Reacts violently with water

Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water No data available 204 °C / 399.2 °F **Autoignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature** No information available No information available **Viscosity** 

C4 H9 Li **Molecular Formula Molecular Weight** 64.06

# 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactive Hazard** Yes

Stability Reacts violently with water. Moisture sensitive. Air sensitive. Light sensitive. Pyrophoric:

Spontaneously flammable in air.

**Conditions to Avoid** Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Exposure to air.

Exposure to light. Incompatible products. Exposure to moist air or water.

No information available

Acids, Water, Strong oxidizing agents, Alcohols, Carbon dioxide (CO2) **Incompatible Materials** 

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2), Isobutane

**Hazardous Polymerization** No information available.

**Hazardous Reactions** None under normal processing.

# 11. Toxicological information

**Acute Toxicity** 

**Product Information** 

Based on ATE data, the classification criteria are not met. ATE > 2000 mg/kg. Oral LD50 Based on ATE data, the classification criteria are not met. ATE > 2000 mg/kg. **Dermal LD50** Based on ATE data, the classification criteria are not met. ATE > 20 mg/l. Vapor LC50

**Component Information** 

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated	LD50 > 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 > 3160 mg/kg (Rabbit)	LC50 = 73680 ppm (Rat) 4 h
light			

**Toxicologically Synergistic** 

**Products** 

No information available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Irritation No information available

Sensitization No information available

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	Not listed				
Lithium, (2-methylpropyl)-	920-36-5	Not listed				

**Mutagenic Effects** No information available

Reproductive Effects No information available.

No information available. **Developmental Effects** 

No information available. **Teratogenicity** 

STOT - single exposure Central nervous system (CNS)

STOT - repeated exposure None known

No information available **Aspiration hazard** 

delayed

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and

danger of perforation

**Endocrine Disruptor Information** No information available

Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

## 12. Ecological information

#### **Ecotoxicity**

Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment.

Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated light	Not listed	LC50: = 8.41 mg/L, 96h semi-static, closed (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	Not listed	Not listed

Soluble in water Persistence is unlikely based on information available. Persistence and Degradability

**Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation**No information available.

**Mobility** . Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility.

# 13. Disposal considerations

**Waste Disposal Methods** 

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

# 14. Transport information

DOT

**UN-No** UN3394

Proper Shipping Name ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, PYROPHORIC, WATER-REACTIVE

Technical Name (ISOBUTYLLITHIUM, HEPTANE)

Hazard Class 4.2 Subsidiary Hazard Class 4.3, 3, 8

Packing Group

\_TDG

UN-No UN3394

Proper Shipping Name ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, PYROPHORIC, WATER-REACTIVE

Hazard Class 4.2 Subsidiary Hazard Class 4.3, 3, 8 Packing Group I

IATA

**UN-No** UN3394

Proper Shipping Name ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, PYROPHORIC, WATER-REACTIVE,

Hazard Class 4.2 Subsidiary Hazard Class 4.3

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN3394

Proper Shipping Name ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, PYROPHORIC, WATER-REACTIVE

Hazard Class 4.2 Subsidiary Hazard Class 4.3 Packing Group

# 15. Regulatory information

#### International Inventories

Component	CAS-No	DSL	NDSL	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	X	-	Х	ACTIVE	265-151-9	-	-
Lithium, (2-methylpropyl)-	920-36-5	-	-	_	-	-	440-620-2	-

Component	CAS-No	IECSC	KECL	ENCS	ISHL	TCSI	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated	64742-49-0	Х	KE-25623	-	-	Х	Х	Х	Х
light									
Lithium, (2-methylpropyl)-	920-36-5	-	-	Х	Х	Х	-	-	-

### Legend:

X - Listed '-' - Not Listed

KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

**IECSC** - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances **KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

**ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

#### Canada

SDS in compliance with provisions of information as set out in Canadian Standard - Part 4, Schedule 1 and 2 of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) and meets the requirements of the HPR (Paragraph 13(1)(a) of the Hazardous Products Act (HPA)).

## Other International Regulations

#### Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated light	-	Use restricted. See item 28. (see link for restriction details) Use restricted. See item 29. (see link for restriction details) Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	-
Lithium, (2-methylpropyl)-	-	Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	-

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

## Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Component	CAS-No	OECD HPV	Persistent Organic Pollutant	Ozone Depletion Potential	Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS)
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	Listed	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Lithium, (2-methylpropyl)-	920-36-5	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable

Component	CAS-No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements	Rotterdam Convention (PIC)	Basel Convention (Hazardous Waste)
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Lithium, (2-methylpropyl)-	920-36-5	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable

# 16. Other information

Prepared By Regulatory Affairs

Thermo Fisher Scientific

Email: EMSDS.RA@thermofisher.com

Revision Date 25-December-2021
Print Date 25-December-2021

Revision Summary

This document has been updated to comply with the requirements of WHMIS 2015 to align

with the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) for the Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals.

#### Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other

materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

**End of SDS**