

Classified as hazardous in accordance with the criteria of EPA New Zealand

Section 1 - Identification

Product Identifier

Product Name <u>Nitric acid S.G. 1.42 (70%)</u>

CAS No 7697-37-2

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals. Uses advised against No Information available

Product Code N/2200/PB17

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Section 2 - Hazard(s) Identification

Classification under Work Safe New Zealand

Classified as hazardous in accordance with the criteria of EPA New Zealand

GHS Classification

Physical hazards

Oxidizing liquids Category 3

Substances/mixtures corrosive to metal Category 1

Health hazards

Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Category 1

Category 1

Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Label Elements

FSUN2200 Version 2 13-Mar-2023 Page 1/11



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H272 - May intensify fire; oxidizer

H290 - May be corrosive to metals

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H331 - Toxic if inhaled

Precautionary Statements

Prevention

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P220 - Keep away from clothing and other combustible materials

P221 - Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles

P234 - Keep only in original packaging

P264 - Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P284 - Wear respiratory protection

Response

P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

P390 - Absorb spillage to prevent material damage

Storage

P402 - Store in a dry place

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

P406 - Store in corrosion resistant polypropylene container with a resistant inliner

P405 - Store locked up

Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Corrosive to the respiratory tract

Section 3 - Composition and Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS No	Weight %
Nitric acid% [C ≤ 70 %]	7697-37-2	65-70
Water	7732-18-5	30-35

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

Description of first aid measures

FSUN2200 Version 2 13-Mar-2023 Page 2 / 11

General Advice Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is

required.

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Inhalation If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim

ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Remove to fresh

air. Immediate medical attention is required.

Eye ContactRinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

Immediate medical attention is required.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical

attention is required.

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

First Aid Facilities Eyewash, safety shower and washroom.

Most important symptoms and

effects

Causes burns by all exposure routes. Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to

the delicate tissue and danger of perforation

Notes to Physician Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated.

Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated. Do not give chemical antidotes. Asphyxia from glottal edema may occur. Marked decrease in blood pressure may occur with moist rales, frothy sputum, and high pulse pressure. Treat

symptomatically.

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media

CO₂, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Oxidizer: Contact with combustible/organic material may cause fire. May ignite combustibles (wood paper, oil, clothing, etc.).

Hazardous Combustion Products

Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire fighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

Emergency procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8

Environmental Precautions

FSUN2200 Version 2 13-Mar-2023 Page 3 / 11

Should not be released into the environment. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

Methods for Containment and Clean Up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal.

Precautions to prevent secondary hazards

Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations

Reference to Other Sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Precautions for Safe Handling

Advice on safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Keep away from clothing and other combustible materials.

Hygiene Measures

When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Provide regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection.

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including any Incompatibilities

Storage Conditions

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Do not store near combustible materials. Corrosives area. Do not store in metal containers. Keep in properly labeled containers.

Incompatible Materials

Strong bases. Reducing Agent. Aldehydes. Alcohols. Cyanides. Metals. Finely powdered metals. Organic materials. Ammonia. Combustible material. Strong reducing agents.

AS/NZS 2243.10:2004, Safety in laboratories - Storage of chemicals

Section 8 - Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

Control parameters

Exposure limits

NZ - Workplace Exposure Standards and Biological Exposure Indices (6th edition). New Zealand Department of Labor **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Fourth edition. Published 2020.

AUS - Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment - Guidance Note on the Interpretation of Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment [NOHSC:3008(1995)] Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment [NOHSC:1003(1995)]

ACGIH - Threshold Limit Values - Ceiling (TLV-C) guidelines by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) for controlling worker exposure to airborne chemical concentrations in the workplace.

Component	New Zealand WEL	Australia	ACGIH TLV	The United Kingdom
Nitric acid% [C ≤ 70 %]	TWA: 2 ppm	STEL: 4 ppm	TWA: 2 ppm	STEL: 1 ppm 15 min
	TWA: 5.2 mg/m ³	STEL: 10 mg/m ³	STEL: 4 ppm	STEL: 2.6 mg/m ³ 15 min
	STEL: 4 ppm	TWA: 2 ppm		
	STEL: 10 mg/m ³	TWA: 5.2 mg/m ³		

Biological limit values

updated in August, 2005. Safe Work Australia

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

FSUN2200 Version 2 13-Mar-2023 Page 4/11

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering Measures

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles (Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337 - Eye protectors for Industrial

applications)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	AUS/NZ Standard	Glove comments
Neoprene gloves, Butyl	> 480 minutes	0.45 mm	AS/NZS 2161	As tested under EN374-3 Determination of
rubber.	> 480 minutes	0.56 mm		Resistance to Permeation by Chemicals
Viton (R)	> 480 minutes	0.7 mm		

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing

Repiratory Protection Use an AS/NZS 1716 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or

other symptoms are experienced. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained in line with AS/NZS 1715 on the use

and maintenance of repiratory protective devices

Recommended Filter type: Particulates filter conforming to EN 143 Acid gases filter Type E Yellow conforming to

EN14387 (or AUS/NZ equivalent)

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405 or Half mask: EN140 plus filter, EN 141 (or AUS/NZ equivalent)

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Hygiene Measures When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and

gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Provide regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before

(0.1M)

re-use. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection.

Environmental exposure controls Prevent product from entering drains.

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid

Appearance Clear Colorless Light yellow

Odor Strong Acrid

Odor Threshold No data available

H 1.0

Melting Point/Range-42 °C / -43.6 °FSoftening PointNo data availableBoiling Point/Range122 °C / 251.6 °F

FSUN2200 Version 2 13-Mar-2023 Page 5/11

Flammability (liquid) No data available

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Explosion Limits No data available

Flash Point Not applicable Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature

Decomposition Temperature

Viscosity

No data available
No data available

Water Solubility Miscible

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Componentlog PowNitric acid ...% [C \leq 70 %]-2.3

Vapor Pressure No data available

Density / Specific Gravity 1.42

Bulk DensityNot applicableLiquidVapor DensityNo data available(Air = 1.0)

Particle characteristics (liquid) Not applicable

Other information

Oxidizing Properties Oxidizer

Evaporation Rate No information available

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity Yes

Stability Oxidizer: Contact with combustible/organic material may cause fire.

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available

Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous ReactionsNone under normal processing.

Conditions to Avoid Incompatible products, Combustible material, Excess heat, Exposure to air or moisture over

prolonged periods.

Incompatible Materials Strong bases, Reducing Agent, Aldehydes, Alcohols, Cyanides, Metals, Finely powdered

metals, Organic materials, Ammonia, Combustible material, Strong reducing agents.

Liquid

Hazardous Decomposition Products Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and

vapors.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

Acute Effects

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information

Inhalation Harmful by inhalation.

Eyes Causes burns. Corrosive to the eyes and may cause severe damage including blindness.

Risk of serious damage to eyes.

Skin Causes burns.

Ingestion Ingestion causes burns of the upper digestive and respiratory tracts. Can burn mouth,

throat, and stomach. Harmful if swallowed.

FSUN2200 Version 2 13-Mar-2023 Page 6/11

Numerical measures of toxicity

(a) acute toxicity;

OralBased on available data, the classification criteria are not metDermalBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Inhalation Category 3

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Nitric acid% [C ≤ 70 %]			LC50 = 2500 ppm. (Rat) 1h
Water	-	-	-

Component	ECHA (RAC) ATE (Oral)	ECHA (RAC) ATE (Dermal)	ECHA (RAC) ATE (Inhalation)
Nitric acid% [C ≤ 70 %]	=	=	ATE = 2.65 mg/L (vapours)

ECHA (RAC) - Committee for Risk Assessment - European CHemicals Agency

ATE - Acute Toxiciy Estimate

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 1 A

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

RespiratoryBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Skin
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(f) carcinogenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

(g) reproductive toxicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(h) STOT-single exposure; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Target Organs None known.

(j) aspiration hazard; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Symptoms / effects, both acute and delayed

Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation.

Section 12 - Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity

Aquatic ecotoxicityDo not empty into drains. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms.

Contains a substance which is:. Harmful to aquatic organisms. The product contains

following substances which are hazardous for the environment.

Terrestrial ecotoxicity There is no data for this product

FSUN2200 Version 2 13-Mar-2023 Page 7/11

Persistence and Degradability

Persistence Soluble in water, Persistence is unlikely, based on information available, Miscible with

water.

Degradation in sewage treatment

plant

No inhibition of bacteria is expected if properly introduced into a biological treatment facility. Neutralization is normally necessary before waste water is discharged into water treatment plants. Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable

in waste water treatment plants.

Bioaccumulative Potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Nitric acid% [C ≤ 70 %]	-2.3	No data available

Mobility The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems. . Will likely be mobile in

the environment due to its water solubility. Highly mobile in soils

Other adverse effects

Endocrine Disruptor Information Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused

Products

Do not allow into drains or watercourses or dispose of where ground or surface waters may be affected. Wastes, including emptied containers, are controlled wastes and should be disposed of in accordance with all federal, E.P.A., state and local regulations. Assure conformity with all applicable regulations.

Contaminated Packaging

Do not reuse empty containers. Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste

collection point.

Other Information

Disposal agencies or waste contractors must comply with the New Zealand Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Regulations . Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not flush to sewer. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms. Solutions with low pH-value must be neutralized before discharge.

Section 14 - Transport Information

Component	Hazchem Code
Nitric acid% [C ≤ 70 %]	2R
7697-37-2 (65-70)	2P
	2PE

NZS 5433:2020

UN-No UN2031 Proper Shipping Name NITRIC ACID

Hazard Class 8
Subsidiary Hazard Class 5.1
Packing Group ||

FSUN2200 Version 2 13-Mar-2023 Page 8 / 11

IATA

UN-No UN2031
Proper Shipping Name NITRIC ACID

Hazard Class 8
Subsidiary Hazard Class 5.1
Packing Group II

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN2031
Proper Shipping Name UN2031
NITRIC ACID

Hazard Class 8
Subsidiary Hazard Class 5.1
Packing Group ||

Environmental hazards No hazards identified

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not applicable, packaged goods

Special Precautions

No special precautions required. Please refer to the applicable dangerous goods

regulations for additional information.

Additional information None known

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National Regulations

There are no applicable tolerable exposure limits or environmental exposure limits according to the EPA Controls for Hazardous Substances

Certified handlers, tracking and controlled substance license requirements

Certified handlers are required for some substances. This includes substances requiring a controlled substance license, and most explosives, vertebrates toxic agents, and certain fumigants. Acutely toxic substances which are a Category 1 or 2, such as pesticides also require Certified handlers. Please check the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 for further information. Tracking is required for some highly hazardous substances. These substances need to be under the control of an appropriately trained person or appropriately secured. Please check the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 for further information.

Prohibition or notification/licensing requirements

Shown below are details of specific prohibition/notifications or licencing requirements when they apply.

International Regulations

Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

Persistent Organic Pollutant This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

Rotterdam Convention (PIC) Not applicable

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV -	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII -	REACH Regulation (EC
-	Substances Subject to	Restrictions on Certain Dangerous	1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate
	Authorization	Substances	List of Substances of Very High

FSUN2200 Version 2 13-Mar-2023 Page 9/11

			Concern (SVHC)
Nitric acid …% [C ≤ 70 %]	-	Use restricted. See item 75.	-
		(see link for restriction details)	

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

International Inventories

New Zealand (NZIoC), Australia (AICS), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), Korea (KECL), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	NZIoC	AICS	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	KECL	IECSC	TCSI
Nitric acid% [C ≤ 70 %]	7697-37-2	Х	Χ	-	-	-	KE-25911	X	Х
Water	7732-18-5	X	X	231-791-2		-	KE-35400	Χ	X

Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	DSL	NDSL	PICCS	ISHL	ENCS
Nitric acid% [C ≤ 70 %]	7697-37-2	X	ACTIVE	X	-	X	X	X
Water	7732-18-5	Х	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	-	Х

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed

KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

Section 16 - Other Information

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of the EPA Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020 and WorkSafe New Zealand Regulations

Legend

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer NZS 5433:2020 - Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

ADG - Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

Key literature references and sources for data

HSNO classifications provided in the New Zealand Chemical Classification Information Database (CCID).

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

EPA Guide to classifying hazardous substances in New Zealand

EPA - Assigning a product to an existing HSNO approval guide

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

FSUN2200 Version 2 13-Mar-2023 Page 10 / 11

Chemical incident response training.

Revision Date 13-Mar-2023 Revision Summary Not applicable

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet

FSUN2200 Version 2 13-Mar-2023 Page 11 / 11