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Occupational Safety and Health (Classification, Labelling and Safety Data Sheet of Hazardous Chemicals) Regulations 2013

# SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THECOMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Product Identifier

 Perihalan Produk:
 Acetone

 Product Description:
 Acetone

 Cat No.:
 C17717

 Synonyms
 2-Propanone

 CAS No
 67-64-1

 Molecular Formula
 C3 H6 O

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against No Information available

Company Thermo Fisher Scientific Fisher Scientific (M) Sdn Bhd

Hap Seng Business Park, Lot 01-03, 01-04 Aras 1 Unity Square, No 12, Persiaran Perusahaan, Seksyen 23, 40300 Shah Alam,

Selangor Darul Ehsan, Malaysia. Main line: +60 3-5525 7888

**Supplier** 

E-mail address Enquiry.my@thermofisher.com

Emergency Telephone Number Tel: +03-5525 7888

CHEMTREC Malaysia 1-800-815-308 (Malay)

CHEMTREC Malaysia (Kuala Lumpur) +(60)-327884561 (Malay)

### **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable liquids	Category 2 (H225)
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 2 (H319)
Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)	Category 3 (H336)

#### Label Elements



Signal Word Danger

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#### **Hazard Statements**

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

#### **Precautionary Statements**

#### Prevention

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P240 - Ground and bond container and receiving equipment

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting equipment

P242 - Use non-sparking tools

P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges

P264 - Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

#### Response

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

### Storage

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

#### Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

#### Other Hazards

EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

### **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Component	CAS No	Weight %
Acetone	67-64-1	>95

### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

Description of first aid measures

**General Advice** If symptoms persist, call a physician.

**Eye Contact** Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention.

**Skin Contact** Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation persists,

call a physician.

**Ingestion** Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.

**Inhalation** Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur.

**Self-Protection of the First Aider** Remove all sources of ignition. Use personal protective equipment as required.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

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Difficulty in breathing. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. May cause pulmonary edema.

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

### **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

### **Extinguishing media**

#### **Suitable Extinguishing Media**

Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

#### Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

Do not use water jetstream.

#### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable. Risk of ignition. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

#### **Hazardous Combustion Products**

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2), Formaldehyde, Methanol.

#### Advice for fire-fighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

### **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Should not be released into the environment.

#### Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

#### Reference to Other Sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

### **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### Precautions for Safe Handling

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

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#### Conditions for Safe Storage, Including any Incompatibilities

Flammables area. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

#### Specific End Uses

Use in laboratories.

### **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### **Control Parameters**

Component	Malaysia	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL
Acetone		TWA: 250 ppm	(Vacated) TWA: 750 ppm
		STEL: 500 ppm	(Vacated) TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
			(Vacated) STEL: 2400 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
			(Vacated) STEL: 1000 ppm
			TWA: 1000 ppm
			TWA: 2400 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

Component	European Union	The United Kingdom	Germany
Acetone	TWA: 500 ppm (8h)	TWA: 500 ppm	TWA: 500 ppm
	TWA: 1210 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8h)	TWA: 1210 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 1200 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		STEL: 1500 ppm	_
		STEL: 3620 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

#### **Exposure Controls**

#### **Engineering Measures**

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

#### Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles
Hand Protection Protective gloves
Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing

#### Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators

Recommended Filter type: low boiling organic solvent Type AX Brown conforming to EN371

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice

**Environmental exposure controls** Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system

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### **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Colorless
Physical State Liquid
Odor sweet
Odor Threshold 19.8 ppm

pH

Melting Point/Range -95 °C / -139 °F Softening Point No data available Boiling Point/Range 56 °C / 132.8 °F

Flash Point -20 °C / -4 °F Method - CC (closed cup)

**Evaporation Rate** 5.6 (Butyl Acetate = 1.0)

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Liquid

Explosion Limits Lower 2.1 vol%

Upper 13 vol%

Vapor Pressure 247 mbar @ 20 °C

Vapor Density 2.0 (Air = 1.0)

Specific Gravity / Density 0.790

Bulk Density Not applicable Liquid

Water Solubility Soluble

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Component log Pow Acetone -0.24

Autoignition Temperature 465 °C / 869 °F

**Decomposition Temperature** > 4°C

Viscosity 0.32 mPa.s @ 20 °C

Explosive Properties Not explosive Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air

Oxidizing Properties Not oxidising

Molecular FormulaC3 H6 OMolecular Weight58.08Refractive index1.358 - 1.359

### **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity

None known, based on information available.

Chemical Stability

Stable under normal conditions.

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#### Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

**Hazardous Polymerization** Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

**Conditions to Avoid** 

Heat, flames and sparks. Incompatible products. Keep away from open flames, hot

surfaces and sources of ignition.

Incompatible Materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Strong reducing agents. Strong bases. Peroxides. Halogenated

compounds. Alkali metals. Amines.

**Hazardous Decomposition Products** 

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). Formaldehyde. Methanol.

### **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### Information on Toxicological Effects

#### **Product Information**

(a) acute toxicity;

OralBased on available data, the classification criteria are not metDermalBased on available data, the classification criteria are not metInhalationBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Acetone	5800 mg/kg (Rat)	> 15800 mg/kg (rabbit) > 7400 mg/kg (rat)	76 mg/l, 4 h, (rat)

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 2
Test method OECD 405
Test species rabbit

Observation end point Irritating to eyes

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

**Respiratory**Skin
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Acetone	Guinea Pig Maximisation Test	guinea pig	non-sensitising
67-64-1 (>95)	(GPMT)		_

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Acetone	OECD Test Guideline 471	in vivo	negative
67-64-1 ( >95 )	7-64-1 ( >95 ) AMES test		_

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OECD Test Guideline 476	in vitro	negative
Mammalian		_
Gene cell mutation		

(f) carcinogenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met (g) reproductive toxicity;

Category 3 (h) STOT-single exposure;

Results / Target organs Central nervous system (CNS).

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met (i) STOT-repeated exposure;

Test method OECD Test No. 408

Rat / 90 days **Test species / Duration** 

Study result NOAEL = 900 mg/kg

Route of exposure Oral

**Target Organs** None known.

(j) aspiration hazard; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

delayed

Symptoms / effects, both acute and Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. May cause pulmonary edema.

**Endocrine Disrupting Properties** Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any

known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

### **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Ecotoxicity effects** 

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae	Microtox
Acetone	Oncorhynchus mykiss:	EC50 = 8800 mg/L/48h	NOEC = 430  mg/l	EC50 = 14500 mg/L/15
	LC50 = 5540 mg/l 96h	EC50 = 12700 mg/L/48h	(algae; 96 h)	min
	Alburnus alburnus:	EC50 = 12600  mg/L/48h		
	LC50 = 11000 mg/l 96h			
	Leuciscus idus: LC50 =			
	11300 mg/L/48h			
	Salmo gairdneri: LC50 =	:		
	6100 mg/L/24h			1

Persistence and degradability Readily biodegradable

**Persistence** Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

Component	Degradability
Acetone	91 % (28 d) (OECD 301 B)
67-64-1 ( >95 )	

Bioaccumulative potential	Bioaccumulation is unlikely	
Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Acetone	-0.24	0.69 dimensionless

Mobility in soil The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility. Disperses rapidly in

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air.

<u>Endocrine Disruptor Information</u> This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

Other adverse effects No information available

### **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused

**Products** 

Waste is classified as hazardous Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on

waste and hazardous waste Dispose of in accordance with local regulations

Contaminated Packaging Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers

retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous Keep product and

empty container away from heat and sources of ignition

Other Information Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product

was used Do not flush to sewer Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with

local regulations

### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN1090 Hazard Class 3 Packing Group II

Proper Shipping Name ACETONE

Road and Rail Transport

UN-No UN1090 Hazard Class 3 Packing Group II

Proper Shipping Name ACETONE

<u>IATA</u>

UN-No UN1090
Hazard Class 3
Packing Group II

Proper Shipping Name ACETONE

Special Precautions for User No special precautions required

### **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories X = listed

Component	EINECS	TSCA	DSL	PICCS	ENCS	ISHL	IECSC	AICS	KECL
Acetone	200-662-2	X	X	Х	X	X	Х	Χ	KE-29367

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Component	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements	Rotterdam Convention (PIC)	Basel Convention (Hazardous Waste)
Acetone				Annex I - Y42

### **National Regulations**

**Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential** 

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Legend

**CAS** - Chemical Abstracts Service

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

**KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

**OECD** - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

**BCF** - Bioconcentration factor

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b)

Inventory

Substances List

**ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

Ships ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

#### Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

**Prepared By** Health, Safety and Environmental Department

**Revision Date** 31-Mar-2025 **Revision Summary** Not applicable.

### In accordance with local and national regulations: Occupational Safety and Health (Classification, Labelling and Safety Data Sheet of Hazardous Chemicals) Regulations 2013

#### Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

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## **End of Safety Data Sheet**