

Creation Date 12-Mar-2009 Revision Date 03-Jan-2021 **Revision Number** 5

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE **COMPANY/UNDERTAKING**

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: Nitric Acid (65%) Cat No.: SP/3067/PB17

Azotic acid; Engraver's acid; Aqua fortis **Synonyms**

CAS-No 7697-37-2 EC-No. 231-714-2 Molecular Formula HNO3

01-2119487297-23 **Reach Registration Number**

Unique Formula Identifier (UFI) 89TA-43GF-PX0C-1DV7

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Sector of use SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

PC21 - Laboratory chemicals **Product category**

PROC15 - Use as a laboratory reagent **Process categories**

Environmental release category ERC6a - Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates)

Uses advised against No Information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company EU entity/business name

Acros Organics BVBA

Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a

2440 Geel, Belgium

UK entity/business name

Fisher Scientific UK

Bishop Meadow Road, Loughborough, Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Tel: 01509 231166

Chemtrec US: (800) 424-9300 Chemtrec EU: 001 (202) 483-7616 Chemtrec US: (800) 424-9300 Chemtrec EU: 001 (202) 483-7616

Poison Centre - Emergency

Ireland: National Poisons Information Centre (NPIC) information services 01 809 2166 (8am-10pm, 7 days a week)

Malta: +356 2395 2000 Cyprus: +357 2240 5611

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Physical hazards

Oxidizing liquids Category 3 (H272)
Substances/mixtures corrosive to metal Category 1 (H290)

Health hazards

Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Dusts and Mists

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Category 1 (H314)

Category 1 (H318)

Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H272 - May intensify fire; oxidizer

H290 - May be corrosive to metals

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H331 - Toxic if inhaled

EUH071 - Corrosive to the respiratory tract

Precautionary Statements

P220 - Keep away from clothing and other combustible materials

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

2.3. Other hazards

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances

Component	CAS-No	EC-No.	Weight %	CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Nitric acid	7697-37-2	231-714-2	65 - 70	Ox. Liq. 2 (H272) Met. Corr. 1 (H290) Acute Tox. 3 (H331) Skin Corr. 1A (H314) Eye Dam. 1 (H318) (EUH071)
Water	7732-18-5	231-791-2	30 - 35	=

Component	Concentration limits	M-Factor	Component notes
Nitric acid	Ox. Liq. 2:: C>=99%	=	-
	Ox. Liq. 3 :: 65%<=C<99%		
	Skin Corr. 1A :: C>=20%		
	Skin Corr. 1B :: 5%<=C<20%		
	Acute Tox. 3 :: C>=26.5%		
	Met. Corr. 1 :: C>=2%		
	EUH071 :: C>=20%		

Reach Registration Number	01-2119487297-23
---------------------------	------------------

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in

attendance.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

Immediate medical attention is required.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove and wash

contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Call a physician

immediately.

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Clean

mouth with water. Call a physician immediately.

Inhalation If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or

inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Remove from exposure, lie

down. Call a physician immediately.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Causes burns by all exposure routes. Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician

Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated. Do not give chemical antidotes. Asphyxia from glottal edema may occur. Marked decrease in blood pressure may occur with moist rales, frothy sputum, and high pulse pressure. Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

CO₂, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Oxidizer: Contact with combustible/organic material may cause fire. May ignite combustibles (wood paper, oil, clothing, etc.).

Hazardous Combustion Products

Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Keep away from

Hygiene Measures

clothing and other combustible materials.

Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Provide regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Do not store near combustible materials. Do not store in metal containers. Keep in properly labeled containers. Corrosives area.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

Storage Class/LGK 5.1B

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): **EU** - Commission Directive (EU) 2019/1831 of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Third edition. Published 2018. **IRE** - 2010 Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations 2001. Published by the Health and Safety Authority.

Component	European Union	The United Kingdom	France	Belgium	Spain
Nitric acid	STEL: 1 ppm (15min)	STEL: 1 ppm 15 min	STEL / VLCT: 1 ppm.	STEL: 1 ppm 15	STEL / VLA-EC: 1 ppm
	STEL: 2.6 mg/m ³	STEL: 2.6 mg/m ³ 15 min	indicative limit	minuten	(15 minutos).
	(15min)		STEL / VLCT: 2.6	STEL: 2.6 mg/m ³ 15	STEL / VLA-EC: 2.6
	1	1	mg/m ³ . indicative limit	minuten	mg/m³ (15 minutos).

Co	mponent	Italy	Germany	Portugal	The Netherlands	Finland
Ni	tric acid	STEL: 1 ppm 15 minuti.	TWA: 1 ppm (8	STEL: 1 ppm 15	STEL: 1.3 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 0.5 ppm 8
		Breve termine	Stunden). AGW -	minutos	minuten	tunteina
		STEL: 2.6 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 2.6 mg/m³ (8	STEL: 2.6 mg/m ³ 15		TWA: 1.3 mg/m ³ 8
		minuti. Breve termine	Stunden). AGW -	minutos		tunteina
				TWA: 2 ppm 8 horas		STEL: 1 ppm 15
						minuutteina
						STEL: 2.6 mg/m ³ 15
						minuutteina

Component	Austria	Denmark	Switzerland	Poland	Norway
Nitric acid	MAK-KZW: 1 ppm 15	STEL: 1 ppm 15	STEL: 2 ppm 15	STEL: 2.6 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 2 ppm 8 timer
	Minuten	minutter	Minuten	minutach	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 timer
	MAK-KZW: 2.6 mg/m ³	STEL: 2.6 mg/m ³ 15	STEL: 5 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 1.4 mg/m ³ 8	STEL: 4 ppm 15
	15 Minuten	minutter	Minuten	godzinach	minutter. value
			TWA: 2 ppm 8 Stunden		calculated
			TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8		STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15
			Stunden		minutter. value
					calculated

Component	Bulgaria	Croatia	Ireland	Cyprus	Czech Republic
Nitric acid	STEL: 1 ppm	STEL-KGVI: 1 ppm 15	STEL: 1 ppm 15 min	STEL: 1 ppm	TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8
	STEL: 2.6 mg/m ³	minutama.	STEL: 2.6 mg/m ³ 15 min	STEL: 2.6 mg/m ³	hodinách.
		STEL-KGVI: 2.6 mg/m ³		•	Ceiling: 2.5 mg/m ³

Nitric Acid (65%)

Revision Date 03-Jan-2021

		15 minutama.			
Component	Estonia	Gibraltar	Greece	Hungary	Iceland
Nitric acid	STEL: 1 ppm 15 minutites. STEL: 2.6 mg/m³ 15 minutites.	STEL: 1 ppm 15 min STEL: 2.6 mg/m³ 15 min	STEL: 1 ppm STEL: 2.6 mg/m³	STEL: 2.6 mg/m³ 15 percekben. CK	STEL: 1 ppm STEL: 2.6 mg/m³

Component	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg	Malta	Romania
Nitric acid	STEL: 1 ppm	STEL: 1 ppm	STEL: 1 ppm 15	STEL: 1 ppm 15 minuti	STEL: 1 ppm 15 minute
	STEL: 2.6 mg/m ³	STEL: 2.6 mg/m ³	Minuten	STEL: 2.6 mg/m ³ 15	STEL: 2.6 mg/m ³ 15
	TWA: 0.78 ppm		STEL: 2.6 mg/m ³ 15	minuti	minute
	TWA: 2 mg/m ³		Minuten		

Component	Russia	Slovak Republic	Slovenia	Sweden	Turkey
Nitric acid	Skin notation	Ceiling: 2.6 mg/m ³	TWA: 1 ppm 8 urah	Binding STEL: 1 ppm 15	STEL: 1 ppm 15 dakika
	MAC: 2 mg/m ³		TWA: 2.6 mg/m ³ 8 urah	minuter	STEL: 2.6 mg/m ³ 15
			STEL: 1 ppm 15	Binding STEL: 2.6	dakika
			minutah	mg/m ³ 15 minuter	
			STEL: 2.6 mg/m ³ 15	TLV: 0.5 ppm 8 timmar.	
			minutah	NGV	
				TLV: 1.3 mg/m ³ 8	
				timmar. NGV	

Biological limit values

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) No information available

Route of exposure	Acute effects (local)	Acute effects (systemic)	Chronic effects (local)	Chronic effects (systemic)
Oral			, ,	
Dermal				
Inhalation				

Predicted No Effect Concentration No information available. (PNEC)

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Nitric Acid (65%) Revision Date 03-Jan-2021

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Neoprene gloves	> 480 minutes	0.45 mm	Level 6	As tested under EN374-3 Determination of
Butyl rubber	> 480 minutes	0.35 mm	EN 374	Resistance to Permeation by Chemicals
Nitrile rubber	< 10 minutes	0.38 mm		

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing

Inspect gloves before use, observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information) gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits Large scale/emergency use

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: Particulates filter conforming to EN 143 or Acid gases filter

Type E Yellow conforming to EN14387

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls Prevent product from entering drains.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid

Clear Colorless, Light yellow **Appearance**

Strong Acrid Odor **Odor Threshold** No data available -41 °C / -41.8 °F Melting Point/Range **Softening Point** No data available **Boiling Point/Range** Not applicable Flammability (liquid) No data available Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable

Liquid

No data available **Explosion Limits**

Not applicable Method - No information available **Flash Point**

Autoignition Temperature No data available **Decomposition Temperature** No data available

рΗ < 1.0 (0.1M)

No data available **Viscosity Water Solubility** Miscible

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Component log Pow Nitric acid -2.3

Vapor Pressure 0.94 kPa (20°C) Density / Specific Gravity 1.40

Bulk Density Not applicable Liquid **Vapor Density** No data available (Air = 1.0)

Particle characteristics Not applicable (liquid)

Nitric Acid (65%) Revision Date 03-Jan-2021

9.2. Other information

Molecular FormulaHNO3Molecular Weight63.01Oxidizing PropertiesOxidizer

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

Yes

10.2. Chemical stability

Oxidizer: Contact with combustible/organic material may cause fire.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous Reactions

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

None under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible products. Combustible material. Excess heat. Exposure to air or moisture over

prolonged periods.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Combustible material. Strong bases. Reducing Agent. Metals. Finely powdered metals. Organic materials. Aldehydes. Alcohols. Cyanides. Ammonia. Strong reducing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and

vapors.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

OralBased on available data, the classification criteria are not metDermalBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Inhalation Category 3

Toxicology data for the components

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Nitric acid	-	-	LC50 = 2500 ppm. (Rat) 1h
Water	-	-	-

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 1 A

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Revision Date 03-Jan-2021 Nitric Acid (65%)

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Respiratory Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Skin

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(f) carcinogenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met (g) reproductive toxicity;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met (h) STOT-single exposure;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met (i) STOT-repeated exposure;

None known. **Target Organs**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met (j) aspiration hazard;

delayed

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation. Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is

contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine Disrupting Properties

Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any

known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms. **Ecotoxicity effects**

12.2. Persistence and degradability Readily biodegradable

Persistence Miscible with water, Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Nitric acid	-2.3	No data available

12.4. Mobility in soil The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems. Will likely be mobile in the

environment due to its water solubility. Highly mobile in soils

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

No data available for assessment.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting

properties

Nitric Acid (65%) Revision Date 03-Jan-2021

Endocrine Disruptor Information This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

12.7. Other adverse effects

Persistent Organic Pollutant
Ozone Depletion Potential

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance
This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused

Products

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point.

European Waste Catalogue (EWC) According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but

application specific.

Other Information Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the

application for which the product was used. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms. Solutions with low pH-value must be neutralized

before discharge.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

14.1. UN numberUN203114.2. UN proper shipping nameNITRIC ACID

 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)
 8

 Subsidiary Hazard Class
 5.1

 14.4. Packing group
 II

ADR

14.1. UN number UN2031
14.2. UN proper shipping name NITRIC ACID

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)8Subsidiary Hazard Class5.114.4. Packing groupII

IATA

14.1. UN numberUN203114.2. UN proper shipping nameNITRIC ACID

 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)
 8

 Subsidiary Hazard Class
 5.1

 14.4. Packing group
 II

14.5. Environmental hazards No hazards identified

14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required

<u>14.7. Maritime transport in bulk</u> according to IMO instruments

Not applicable, packaged goods

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

Nitric Acid (65%) Revision Date 03-Jan-2021

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories

X = listed, Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), U.S.A. (TSCA), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Philippines (PICCS), China (IECSC), Japan (ENCS), Australia (AICS), Korea (ECL).

Component	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	PICCS	ENCS	IECSC	AICS	KECL
Nitric acid	231-714-2	-		Х	Х	-	Х	Х	Х	Х	KE-2591
											1
Water	231-791-2	-		Х	Х	-	Х	Х	Х	Х	KE-3540
											0

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

National Regulations

WGK Classification Water endangering class = 1 (self classification)

Component	Germany - Water Classification (VwVwS)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Nitric acid	WGK1	

Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment/Reports (CSA/CSR) are not required for mixtures

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H272 - May intensify fire; oxidizer

H290 - May be corrosive to metals

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

EUH071 - Corrosive to the respiratory tract

H331 - Toxic if inhaled

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic

Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances **KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances **ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

Substances List

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

Nitric Acid (65%) Revision Date 03-Jan-2021

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime

Dangerous Goods Code

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air

Transport Association

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

Ships

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate VOC (volatile organic compound)

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Physical hazards

Health Hazards

Environmental hazards

On basis of test data
Calculation method
Calculation method

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Chemical incident response training.

Creation Date 12-Mar-2009 **Revision Date** 03-Jan-2021

Revision Summary Update to CLP Format.

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet