

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Creation Date 22-Oct-2009 Revision Date 20-Oct-2023 Revision Number 11

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: Oxalic acid dihydrate

Cat No. : 0/0650/53, O/0650/60, O/0650/62, O/06506/65, O/0650/68, O/0650/70

Synonyms Ethanedionic acid
CAS No 6153-56-6
Molecular Formula C2 H2 O4 . 2 H2 O

REACH registration number 01-2119534576-33 (for the anhydrous form)

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Sector of use SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

Product category PC21 - Laboratory chemicals

Process categories PROC15 - Use as a laboratory reagent

Environmental release category ERC6a - Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates)

Uses advised against No Information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

EU entity/business name Thermo Fisher Scientific Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a

2440 Geel, Belgium

UK entity/business name

Fisher Scientific UK

Bishop Meadow Road, Loughborough, Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom

Swiss distributor - Fisher Scientific AG Neuhofstrasse 11, CH 4153 Reinach

Tel: +41 (0) 56 618 41 11 e-mail - infoch@thermofisher.com

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Tel: 01509 231166

Chemtrec US: (800) 424-9300 Chemtrec EU: 001-703-527-3887

For customers in Switzerland:

Tox Info Suisse Emergency Number: 145 (24hr)

Tox Info Suisse: +41-44 251 51 51 (Emergency number from abroad)

Chemtrec (24h) Toll-Free: 0800 564 402 Chemtrec Local: +41-43 508 20 11 (Zurich)

Revision Date 20-Oct-2023

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Physical hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Health hazards

Acute oral toxicity
Acute dermal toxicity
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation
Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure)

Category 4 (H302) Category 4 (H312) Category 1 (H318) Category 2 (H373)

Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H302 + H312 - Harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Precautionary Statements

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

2.3. Other hazards

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB)

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Ethanedioic acid, dihydrate	6153-56-6		>95	Acute Tox. 4 (H302)
				Acute Tox. 4 (H312)
				Eye Dam. 1 (H318)
				STOT RE 2 (H373)
Oxalic acid	144-62-7	EEC No. 205-634-3	-	Acute Tox. 4 (H302)
				Acute Tox. 4 (H312)
				Eye Dam. 1 (H318)
				STOT RE 2 (H373)

REACH registration number	01-2119534576-33 (for the anhydrous form)
---------------------------	---

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation persists,

call a physician.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Causes severe eye damage.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam.

Oxalic acid dihydrate Revision Date 20-Oct-2023

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid dust formation.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid dust formation. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

Storage Class/LGK 11

Switzerland - Storage of hazardous substances

Storage class - SC 11/13 https://www.kvu.ch/de/themen/stoffe-und-produkte https://www.kvu.ch/fr/themes/substances-et-produits https://www.kvu.ch/it/temi/sostanze-e-prodotti

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): **EU** - Commission Directive (EU) 2019/1831 of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Forth edition. Published 2020. **IRE** - 2010 Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations 2001. Published by the Health and Safety Authority. **CH** - The Government of Switzerland has set a directive on limit values for working materials (Grenzwerte am Arbeitsplatz) which is based on the Swiss Federal Regulation "Verordnung über die Verhütung von Unfällen und Berufskrankheiten". This directive is administered, periodically revised and enforced by SLIVA (Swiss National Accident Insurance Eund)

Component	European Union	The United Kingdom	France	Belgium	Spain
thanedioic acid, dihydrate				TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 uren STEL: 2 mg/m³ 15 minuten	
Oxalic acid	TWA: 1 mg/m³ (8hr)	STEL: 2 mg/m ³ 15 min TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hr	TWA / VME: 1 mg/m³ (8 heures). indicative limit	TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 uren STEL: 2 mg/m³ 15 minuten	TWA / VLA-ED: 1 mg/m³ (8 horas)
Component	Italy	Germany	Portugal	The Netherlands	Finland
Oxalic acid	TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 ore. Time Weighted Average	TWA: 1 mg/m³ (8 Stunden). AGW - exposure factor 1 Haut	STEL: 2 mg/m³ 15 minutos TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 horas	TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 uren	TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 tunteina STEL: 3 mg/m³ 15 minuutteina Iho
Component	Austria	Denmark	Switzerland	Poland	Norway
Oxalic acid	Haut MAK-TMW: 1 mg/m ³ 8 Stunden	TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 timer STEL: 2 mg/m³ 15 minutter	TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 Stunden	STEL: 2 mg/m³ 15 minutach TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 godzinach	TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 timer STEL: 3 mg/m³ 15 minutter. value calculated
Component	Bulgaria	Croatia	Ireland	Cyprus	Czech Republic
Oxalic acid	TWA: 1.0 mg/m ³	TWA-GVI: 1 mg/m³ 8 satima.	TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 hr. STEL: 3 mg/m³ 15 min	TWA: 1 mg/m³	TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 hodinách. Potential for cutaneous absorption Ceiling: 5 mg/m³
Component	Estania I	Gibraltar	Cross	Uungani	loolond
Oxalic acid	Estonia TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 tundides. STEL: 2 mg/m³ 15 minutites.	TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 hr	Greece TWA: 1 mg/m ³	Hungary TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 órában. AK	Iceland TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 klukkustundum. Ceiling: 2 mg/m³
Component	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg	Malta	Romania
Oxalic acid	TWA: 1 mg/m ³	TWA: 1 mg/m³ IPRD	TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8	TWA: 1 mg/m ³	TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 ore
			Stunden		

Component	Russia	Slovak Republic	Slovenia	Sweden	Turkey
Ethanedioic acid, dihydrate	Skin notation MAC: 1 mg/m ³			Indicative STEL: 2 mg/m³ 15 minuter TLV: 1 mg/m³ 8 timmar. NGV	
Oxalic acid		TWA: 1 mg/m³	TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 urah inhalable fraction Koža STEL: 1 mg/m³ 15 minutah inhalable fraction	Indicative STEL: 2 mg/m³ 15 minuter TLV: 1 mg/m³ 8 timmar. NGV	TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 saat

Oxalic acid dihydrate Revision Date 20-Oct-2023

Biological limit values

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.

MDHS14/3 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

No information available

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

No information available.

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing.

Inspect gloves before use. observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information) gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion. gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced **Recommended Filter type:** Particulates filter conforming to EN 143

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Particle filtering: EN149:2001; Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half

Solid

mask: EN140; plus filter, EN 141

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Powder Solid

Appearance White Odor Odorless

Odor Threshold No data available

Melting Point/Range 98 - 102 °C / 208.4 - 215.6 °F

Softening Point No data available
Boiling Point/Range No information available

Flammability (liquid) Not applicable

Flammability (solid,gas)

Explosion Limits

No information available

No data available

Flash Point No information available Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature Not applicable

Decomposition Temperature 157 °C

pH 1.3 0.1M aq. solution

Viscosity Not applicable Solid

Water Solubility 138 g/L (20°C)

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Component log Pow
Oxalic acid -1.7

Vapor Pressure21.5 mbar @ 50 °CDensity / Specific GravityNo data availableBulk DensityNo data available

Vapor Density Not applicable Solid

Particle characteristics No data available

9.2. Other information

Molecular Formula C2 H2 O4 . 2 H2 O

Molecular Weight 126.04

Evaporation Rate Not applicable - Solid

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Oxalic acid dihydrate Revision Date 20-Oct-2023

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid dust formation. Incompatible products. Excess heat.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Strong bases. Metals. Acid chlorides.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

Category 4 Oral Dermal Category 4

Inhalation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Е	Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
	Ethanedioic acid, dihydrate	LD50 = 375 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-
	Oxalic acid	375 mg/kg (Rat)	20 g/kg (Rat)	-

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met (b) skin corrosion/irritation;

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Skin

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met (e) germ cell mutagenicity;

(f) carcinogenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

(g) reproductive toxicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met (h) STOT-single exposure;

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Category 2

None known. **Target Organs**

(j) aspiration hazard; Not applicable

Solid

Symptoms / effects,both acute and No information available. delayed

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine Disrupting Properties

Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Ecotoxicity effectsContains no substances known to be hazardous to the environment or that are not

degradable in waste water treatment plants.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
Ethanedioic acid, dihydrate	LC50 = 160 mg/L/48h (Carassius		
-	auratus)		
Oxalic acid		EC50 = 136.9 mg/L/48h	

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence Soluble in water, Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Oxalic acid	-1.7	No data available

12.4. Mobility in soil

The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems. Will likely be mobile in the

environment due to its water solubility. Highly mobile in soils

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent

and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

12.6. Endocrine disrupting

properties

Endocrine Disruptor Information

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

12.7. Other adverse effects

Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused

Products

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point.

Oxalic acid dihydrate Revision Date 20-Oct-2023

European Waste Catalogue (EWC) According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but

application specific.

Other Information Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product

was used. Do not empty into drains. Do not flush to sewer. Solutions with low pH-value

must be neutralized before discharge.

Switzerland - Waste Ordinance Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations. Ordinance on the Avoidance and the Disposal of Waste (Waste Ordinance.

ADWO) SR 814.600

https://www.fedlex.admin.ch/eli/cc/2015/891/en

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO Not regulated

14.1. UN number

14.2. UN proper shipping name

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

14.4. Packing group

ADR Not regulated

14.1. UN number

14.2. UN proper shipping name

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

14.4. Packing group

IATA Not regulated

14.1. UN number

14.2. UN proper shipping name

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

14.4. Packing group

14.5. Environmental hazards No hazards identified

14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk

according to IMO instruments

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Not applicable, packaged goods

International Inventories

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
Ethanedioic acid, dihydrate	6153-56-6	-	ı	-	X	X	-	Χ	X
Oxalic acid	144-62-7	205-634-3	ı	-	X	X	KE-13152	X	X

Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification -	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
			Active-Inactive					

Oxalic acid dihydrate

Revision Date 20-Oct-2023

	Ethanedioic acid, dihydrate	6153-56-6	-	=	-	-	Χ	Χ	Х
Γ	Oxalic acid	144-62-7	X	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	Х	Х

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed

KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Not applicable

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	J	REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Ethanedioic acid, dihydrate	6153-56-6	-	-	-
Oxalic acid	144-62-7	-	-	-

Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) -	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report	
		Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident		
		Notification	Requirements	
Ethanedioic acid, dihydrate	6153-56-6	Not applicable	Not applicable	
Oxalic acid	144-62-7	Not applicable	Not applicable	

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)? Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work.

Take note of Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

National Regulations

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

WGK Classification See table for values

Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Oxalic acid	WGK1	Class I: 20 mg/m³ (Massenkonzentration)

Swiss Regulations

Article 4 para. 4 of the Ordinance on the protection of young people in the workplace (SR 822.115) and Article 1 lit. f of the EAER regulation on hazardous work and young people (SR 822.115.2).

Take note on Article 13 Maternity Ordinance (SR 822.111.52) with regards expectant and nursing mothers.

Component	Switzerland - Ordinance on the Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR 814.81)	Switzerland - Ordinance on Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC)	Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure
Oxalic acid 144-62-7 (-)	Prohibited and Restricted Substances		

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment/Report (CSA/CSR) has not been conducted

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H312 - Harmful in contact with skin

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

Inventory

Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances **IECSC** - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b)

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air **Transport Association**

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

Ships

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate VOC - (volatile organic compound)

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Creation Date 22-Oct-2009 20-Oct-2023 **Revision Date** Not applicable. **Revision Summary**

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006. COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

For Switzerland - Compiled in accordance with the technical provisions referred to in Annex 2, Number 3, ChemO (SR 813.11 - Ordinance on Protection against Dangerous Substances and Preparations).

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet