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Version 3

Occupational Safety and Health (Classification, Labelling and Safety Data Sheet of Hazardous Chemicals) Regulations 2013

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THECOMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Product Identifier

Perihalan Produk: Methyl acetate, 99% Methyl acetate, 99% **Product Description:**

Cat No.: R21733

Synonyms Acetic acid, methyl ester; Methyl ethanoate.

CAS No 79-20-9 **Molecular Formula** C3 H6 O2

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Laboratory chemicals. **Recommended Use** No Information available Uses advised against

Company Thermo Fisher Scientific Fisher Scientific (M) Sdn Bhd

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Supplier

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CHEMTREC Malaysia 1-800-815-308 (Malay)

CHEMTREC Malaysia (Kuala Lumpur) +(60)-327884561 (Malay)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable liquids	Category 2 (H225)
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 2 (H319)
Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)	Category 3 (H336)

Label Elements



Signal Word Danger

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Hazard Statements

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

Precautionary Statements

Prevention

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P240 - Ground and bond container and receiving equipment

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting equipment

P242 - Use non-sparking tools

P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges

P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

P264 - Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Response

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

Storage

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

Other Hazards

EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component	CAS No	Weight %
Methyl acetate	79-20-9	>95
Metnyl acetate		

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention.

Inhalation Remove from exposure, lie down. Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial

respiration. Get medical attention.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Difficulty in breathing. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Dry chemical. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers. Chemical foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

Water may be ineffective.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Advice for fire-fighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Environmental precautions

See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

Reference to Other Sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Remove all sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Take

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precautionary measures against static discharges.

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including any Incompatibilities

Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Flammables area. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

Specific End Uses

Use in laboratories.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

Component	Malaysia	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL
Methyl acetate		TWA: 200 ppm	(Vacated) TWA: 200 ppm
		STEL: 250 ppm	(Vacated) TWA: 610 mg/m ³
			(Vacated) STEL: 250 ppm
			(Vacated) STEL: 760 mg/m ³
			TWA: 200 ppm
			TWA: 610 mg/m ³

Component	European Union	The United Kingdom	Germany
Methyl acetate		STEL: 250 ppm 15 min	TWA: 200 ppm (8 Stunden). AGW -
		STEL: 770 mg/m ³ 15 min	exposure factor 2
		TWA: 200 ppm 8 hr	TWA: 620 mg/m³ (8 Stunden). AGW
		TWA: 616 mg/m ³ 8 hr	- exposure factor 2
			TWA: 100 ppm (8 Stunden). MAK
			TWA: 310 mg/m³ (8 Stunden). MAK
			Höhepunkt: 400 ppm
			Höhepunkt: 1240 mg/m ³

Exposure Controls

Engineering Measures

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles **Hand Protection** Protective gloves

Skin and body protection Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection No protective equipment is needed under normal use conditions

Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice

Environmental exposure controls No information available

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

@ 760 mmHg

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Colorless
Physical State Liquid
Odor aromatic

Odor Threshold No data available PH No information available

Melting Point/Range-98 °C / -144.4 °FSoftening PointNo data availableBoiling Point/Range57.4 °C / 135.3 °F

Flash Point -10 °C / 14 °F Method - No information available

Evaporation Rate No data available

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Liquid

Explosion Limits

Lower 3 Vol%
Upper 16 Vol%

Upper 16 Vol%

Vapor Pressure 220 mbar @ 20 °C

Vapor Density 2.8 (Air = 1.0) (Air = 1.0)

Specific Gravity / Density 0.930

Bulk Density Not applicable Liquid

Water Solubility 250 g/L (20°C)

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Componentlog PowMethyl acetate0.18

Autoignition Temperature 455 °C / 851 °F

Decomposition Temperature No data available

Viscosity 0.38 mPa s at 20 °C

Explosive Properties

Oxidizing Properties No information available

Molecular FormulaC3 H6 O2Molecular Weight74.08

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

None known, based on information available.

Chemical Stability

Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Hazardous Polymerization No information available. Hazardous Reactions No information available.

Conditions to Avoid

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Excess heat.

Incompatible products. Exposure to moisture.

Incompatible Materials

Acids. Bases.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on Toxicological Effects

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

OralBased on available data, the classification criteria are not metDermalBased on available data, the classification criteria are not metInhalationBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Methyl acetate	LD50 = 6482 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 > 5 g/kg (Rabbit)	LC50 49.2 - 98.4 mg/L (Rat) 4 h

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 2

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

RespiratorySkin
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(f) carcinogenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

(g) reproductive toxicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

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(h) STOT-single exposure: Category 3

Results / Target organs Central nervous system (CNS).

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Target Organs None known.

(j) aspiration hazard; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

delaved

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness,

tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

Endocrine Disrupting Properties Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any

known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity effects Do not empty into drains. .

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae	Microtox
Methyl acetate	LC50: 250 - 350 mg/L,	EC50: = 1026.7 mg/L,	EC50: > 120 mg/L, 72h	EC50 = 6000 mg/L 16 h
	96h static (Brachydanio	48h (Daphnia magna)	(Desmodesmus	EC50 = 6100 mg/L 30
	rerio)		subspicatus)	min
	LC50: 295 - 348 mg/L,			
	96h flow-through			1
	(Pimephales promelas)			

Persistence and degradability Expected to be biodegradable

Persistence Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

Bioaccumulation is unlikely **Bioaccumulative notential**

Bioaccamaiative potential	Dicaccarrialation to armitory			
Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)		
Methyl acetate	0.18	No data available		

Mobility in soil The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all

surfaces. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility. Disperses rapidly in

air.

Endocrine Disruptor Information This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

Other adverse effects No information available

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused

Products

Waste is classified as hazardous Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste Dispose of in accordance with local regulations

Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers **Contaminated Packaging**

retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous Keep product and

empty container away from heat and sources of ignition

Other Information Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product

was used Do not flush to sewer Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with

local regulations

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN1231 Hazard Class 3 Packing Group II

Proper Shipping Name METHYL ACETATE

Road and Rail Transport

UN-No UN1231
Hazard Class 3
Packing Group ||

Proper Shipping Name METHYL ACETATE

<u>IATA</u>

UN-No UN1231 Hazard Class 3 Packing Group II

Proper Shipping Name METHYL ACETATE

Special Precautions for User No special precautions required

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories X = listed

L	Component	EINECS	TSCA	DSL	PICCS	ENCS	ISHL	IECSC	AICS	KECL
	Methyl acetate	201-185-2	X	X	Х	X	X	Х	Χ	KE-23405

Component	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements	Rotterdam Convention (PIC)	Basel Convention (Hazardous Waste)
Methyl acetate				Annex I - Y42

National Regulations

Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Legend

Revision Date 31-Mar-2025 Methyl acetate, 99%

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime

Dangerous Goods Code

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

Substances List **ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

Ships

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Prepared By Health, Safety and Environmental Department

Revision Date 31-Mar-2025 **Revision Summary** Not applicable.

In accordance with local and national regulations: Occupational Safety and Health (Classification, Labelling and Safety Data Sheet of Hazardous Chemicals) Regulations 2013

Disclaimer

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End of Safety Data Sheet