

according to Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended

Creation Date 14-Jun-2010 Revision Date 17-Sep-2024 Revision Number 3

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: N-Methylmorpholine

Cat No.: 476090000

Synonyms 4-Methyl-1-oxa-4-azacyclohexane; 4-Methylmorpholine

 CAS No
 109-02-4

 EC No
 203-640-0

 Molecular Formula
 C5 H11 N O

 REACH registration number
 01-2119969273-30

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended UseLaboratory chemicals.

Sector of use SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

Product category PC21 - Laboratory chemicals

Process categories PROC15 - Use as a laboratory reagent

Environmental release category ERC6a - Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates)

Uses advised against No Information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

UK entity/business name

Fisher Scientific UK Bishop Meadow Road,

Loughborough, Leicestershire LE11 5RG,

United Kingdom

EU entity/business name

Thermo Fisher Scientific

Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a, 2440 Geel,

Belgium

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information **US** call: 001-800-227-6701 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No. **US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567

N-Methylmorpholine

Physical hazards

Flammable liquids Category 2 (H225)

Health hazards

Acute oral toxicity

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Category 1 (H302)

Category 1 B (H314)

Category 1 (H318)

Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

Precautionary Statements

P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

P302 + P352 - IF ÓN SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

P240 - Ground and bond container and receiving equipment

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

2.3. Other hazards

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB)

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances

ACR47609

Revision Date 17-Sep-2024

N-Methylmorpholine Revision Date 17-Sep-2024

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	GHS Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567
1,2-Bis(dimethylamino)ethane	110-18-9	EEC No. 203-744-6	<0.35	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225) Acute Tox. 4 (H302) Skin Corr. 1B (H314) Eye Dam. 1 (H318) Acute Tox. 4 (H332)
Methylmorpholine	109-02-4	EEC No. 203-640-0	<=100	Skin Corr. 1B (H314) Eye Dam. 1 (H318) Acute Tox. 4 (H302) Flam. Liq. 2 (H225)

REACH registration number	01-2119969273-30
---------------------------	------------------

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

Immediate medical attention is required.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical

attention is required.

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the

substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Immediate medical attention is required. If

not breathing, give artificial respiration.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Difficulty in breathing. Causes burns by all exposure routes. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and

vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is

contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of

perforation

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

CO₂, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

N-Methylmorpholine

Revision Date 17-Sep-2024

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Nitrogen oxides (NOx).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe (dust, vapor, mist, gas). Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Flammables area. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Corrosives area.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Class 3

N-Methylmorpholine Revision Date 17-Sep-2024

Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s):

Biological limit values

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

Workers; See table for values

Component	Acute effects local (Dermal)	Acute effects systemic (Dermal)	Chronic effects local (Dermal)	Chronic effects systemic (Dermal)
1,2-Bis(dimethylamino)ethane				DNEL = 0.1mg/kg
110-18-9 (<0.35)				bw/day
Methylmorpholine				DNEL = 1.11mg/kg
109-02-4 (<=100)				bw/day

Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)
1,2-Bis(dimethylamino)ethane 110-18-9 (<0.35)				$DNEL = 0.35 mg/m^3$
Methylmorpholine 109-02-4 (<=100)				DNEL = 1.3mg/m ³

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

See values below.

Component	Fresh water	Fresh water	Water Intermittent	Microorganisms in	Soil (Agriculture)
		sediment		sewage treatment	
1,2-Bis(dimethylamino)eth	PNEC =	PNEC =	PNEC =	PNEC = 5.67mg/L	PNEC =
ane	0.0205mg/L	0.0925mg/kg	0.0205mg/L	-	0.00647mg/kg soil
110-18-9 (<0.35)		sediment dw			dw
Methylmorpholine	PNEC = 1.2mg/L	PNEC = 54mg/kg	PNEC = 12mg/L	PNEC = 100mg/L	PNEC = 10.1 mg/kg
109-02-4 (<=100)	_	sediment dw	_	-	soil dw

Component	Marine water	Marine water	Marine water	Food chain	Air
		sediment	intermittent		
1,2-Bis(dimethylamino)eth	PNEC =	PNEC =			
ane	0.00205mg/L	0.00925mg/kg			
110-18-9 (<0.35)		sediment dw			
Methylmorpholine	PNEC = 0.12mg/L	PNEC = 5.4mg/kg		PNEC = 6.67mg/kg	
109-02-4 (<=100)	_	sediment dw		food	

N-Methylmorpholine Revision Date 17-Sep-2024

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material Natural rubber Nitrile rubber Neoprene	Breakthrough time See manufacturers recommendations	Glove thickness	EU standard EN 374	Glove comments (minimum requirement)
PVC				

Skin and body protectionWear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to

EN14387

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

141

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid

Appearance Colorless

Odor Amine compounds
Odor Threshold No data available
Melting Point/Range -65 °C / -85 °F
Softening Point No data available

Boiling Point/Range 115 - 116 °C / 239 - 240.8 °F @ 750 mmHg

N-Methylmorpholine Revision Date 17-Sep-2024

Flammability (liquid) Highly flammable On basis of test data

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Liquid

Explosion Limits Lower 2.2 Vol%

Upper 11.8 Vol%

Flash Point 14 °C / 57.2 °F Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature 165 °C / 329 °F

Decomposition Temperature 200 °C

pH 10.6 50 g/l aq.sol

Viscosity

0.91 mPa.s at 20 °C

Water Solubility

>500 g/L (20°C)

No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Componentlog Pow1,2-Bis(dimethylamino)ethane0.3Methylmorpholine-0.32

Vapor Pressure 22.5 mmHg @ 20 °C

Density / Specific Gravity 0.920

Bulk DensityNot applicableLiquidVapor Density3.5 (Air = 1.0)(Air = 1.0)

Particle characteristics Not applicable (liquid)

9.2. Other information

Molecular FormulaC5 H11 N OMolecular Weight101.15

Explosive Properties Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and

sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Acids. Acid chlorides. Acid anhydrides. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Nitrogen oxides (NOx).

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Product Information

N-Methylmorpholine Revision Date 17-Sep-2024

(a) acute toxicity:

Oral Category 4

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met **Dermal** Inhalation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
1,2-Bis(dimethylamino)ethane	LD50 = 891 mg/kg (Rat) LD50 = 406 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 = 1230 mg/kg (Rabbit)	LC50 > 1180 ppm (Rat) 4 h
Methylmorpholine	1442 mg/kg (Rat)	>3000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	=

Category 1 B (b) skin corrosion/irritation;

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Skin Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Not mutagenic in AMES Test

(f) carcinogenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

(g) reproductive toxicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met (h) STOT-single exposure;

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

None known. **Target Organs**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met (j) aspiration hazard;

Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

delayed

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated. Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and

danger of perforation.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine Disrupting Properties Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any

known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

N-Methylmorpholine Revision Date 17-Sep-2024

Ecotoxicity effects Do not empty into drains. .

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
Methylmorpholine	320 <lc50<460 96h<="" l="" mg="" td=""><td>EC50 >100 mg/L/48H</td><td></td></lc50<460>	EC50 >100 mg/L/48H	
	(Leuciscus idus)		

12.2. Persistence and degradability Readily biodegradable **Persistence**

Persistence is unlikely.

Bioaccumulation is unlikely 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
1,2-Bis(dimethylamino)ethane	0.3	No data available
Methylmorpholine	-0.32	No data available

12.4. Mobility in soil The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems . Will likely be mobile in the

environment due to its water solubility. Highly mobile in soils

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent

and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

12.6. Endocrine disrupting

properties

Endocrine Disruptor Information

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

12.7. Other adverse effects

Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused

Products

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives

on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers **Contaminated Packaging**

retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and

empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

European Waste Catalogue (EWC) According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but

application specific.

Other Information Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product

was used. Do not flush to sewer. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic

organisms.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

N-Methylmorpholine Revision Date 17-Sep-2024

IMDG/IMO

14.1. UN number UN2535

14.2. UN proper shipping name N-METHYLMORPHOLINE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)3Subsidiary Hazard Class814.4. Packing groupII

ADR

14.1. UN number UN2535

14.2. UN proper shipping name N-METHYLMORPHOLINE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)3Subsidiary Hazard Class814.4. Packing groupII

IATA

14.1. UN number UN2535

14.2. UN proper shipping name N-METHYLMORPHOLINE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)
Subsidiary Hazard Class
8
14.4. Packing group

14.5. Environmental hazards No hazards identified

14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable, packaged goods

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
1,2-Bis(dimethylamino)ethane	110-18-9	203-744-6	-	-	X	X	KE-33586	Х	X
Methylmorpholine	109-02-4	203-640-0	-	-	X	X	KE-24448	X	X

Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
1,2-Bis(dimethylamino)ethane	110-18-9	Х	ACTIVE	Х	-	X	Х	X
Methylmorpholine	109-02-4	X	ACTIVE	X	-	X	X	X

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed **KECL** - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH Not applicable

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) -	REACH (1907/2006) -	REACH Regulation (EC
		Annex XIV - Substances	Annex XVII - Restrictions	1907/2006) article 59 -
		Subject to Authorization	on Certain Dangerous	Candidate List of
			Substances	Substances of Very High
				Concern (SVHC)

N-Methylmorpholine

Revision Date 17-Sep-2024

1,2-Bis(dimethylamino)ethane	110-18-9	-	Use restricted. See entry	-
			75.	
			(see link for restriction	
			details)	
Methylmorpholine	109-02-4	-	-	-

Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements
1,2-Bis(dimethylamino)ethan e	110-18-9	Not applicable	Not applicable
Methylmorpholine	109-02-4	Not applicable	Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)? Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

National Regulations

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

WGK Classification See table for values

Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
1,2-Bis(dimethylamino)ethane	WGK1	
Methylmorpholine	WGK1	

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)
Methylmorpholine	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 66

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment/Report (CSA/CSR) has not been conducted

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

Legend

N-Methylmorpholine

Revision Date 17-Sep-2024

Inventory

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hvaiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

14-Jun-2010 **Creation Date** 17-Sep-2024 **Revision Date** Not applicable. **Revision Summary**

This safety data sheet complies with Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended.

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b)

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%

TWA - Time Weighted Average

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%