

Australian statement of hazardous nature: Classified as hazardous according to criteria of Safe Work Australia

## Section 1 - Identification

Product Name Dichloromethane

**CAS No** 75-09-2

Synonyms Dichloromethane; DCM

Product Code 406910000; 406910010; 406910025

Address ThermoFisher Scientific Australia Pty Ltd

5 Caribbean Drive, Scoresby VICTORIA 3179, Australia

Emergency Tel. CHEMTREC®

03 9757 4559 or +613 9757 4559

Telephone / Fax Numbers Tel: 1300 735 292

Fax: 1800 067 639

E-mail address ANZinfo@thermofisher.com

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Uses advised against This product does not contain any substance(s) on the Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents list.

This product does not contain any substance(s) subject to Prohibition, Authorization or Restriction. This product does not contain any substance(s) listed on the voluntary National

Code of Practice for Chemicals of Security Concern.

## Section 2 - Hazard(s) Identification

## Classification under Safe Work Australia

Classified as hazardous according to criteria of Safe Work Australia

### Physical hazards

No hazards identified

## **Health hazards**

Skin Corrosion/IrritationCategory 2Serious Eye Damage/Eye IrritationCategory 2CarcinogenicityCategory 2Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)Category 3

## **Environmental hazards**

No hazards identified

## **Label Elements**

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**Exclamation Mark** 

Health Hazard

## Signal Word

#### Warning

## **Hazard Statements**

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

## **Precautionary Statements**

P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

P264 - Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

P280 - Wear eye protection/ face protection

P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention

P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

## Other information

Causes formation of carbon monoxide in the blood. Carbon monoxide may cause adverse effects on the cardiovascular system and the central nervous system

The vapor has narcotic effect and in high concentrations induces unconsciousness which can be fatal

Do not use in areas without adequate ventilation.

Vapors are heavier than air and can cause suffocation by reducing oxygen available for breathing

Decomposes in a fire, giving off toxic fumes: phosgene and hydrochloric acid, Carbon monoxide

Empty containers pose a potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut, puncture of weld containers

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

# Section 3 - Composition and Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS No	Weight %
Methylene chloride	75-09-2	>99.5

## Section 4 - First Aid Measures

**Inhalation** Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur.

**Ingestion** Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.

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**Skin Contact** Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation persists,

call a physician.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention.

**General Advice** If symptoms persist, call a physician.

**Self-Protection of the First Aider** Use personal protective equipment as required.

First Aid Facilities Eyewash, safety shower and washroom.

Most important symptoms and

effects

Difficulty in breathing. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Causes central nervous system depression: Continued or high exposures by inhalation will cause anaesthetic effects. This may result in a loss of consciousness and could prove fatal: Causes formation of carbon monoxide in the blood. Carbon monoxide may cause adverse effects on the cardiovascular

system and the central nervous system

Notes to Physician A patient adversely affected by exposure to this product should not be given adrenaline

(epinephrine) or similar heart stimulant since these would increase the risk of cardiac

arrhythmias. Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

## Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

## **Suitable Extinguishing Media**

Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam.

### Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

## **Hazardous Decomposition Products**

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2), Phosgene, Hydrogen chloride gas.

## **Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical**

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

## Special protective equipment and precautions for fire fighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

## Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

### **Emergency procedures**

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Wear respiratory protection.

## **Environmental Precautions**

Should not be released into the environment.

## Methods for Containment and Clean Up

## Clean-up methods - small spillage

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Ventilate the area.

## Clean-up methods - large spillage

Typically only supplied is small quantiites as packaged goods.

If extremely toxic or used in larger quantities ensure a spillage action plan is in place. Evacuate area. Control the source and/or

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contain the spill if safe and able to do so. Use temporary diking, sand bags, dry sand, earth or proprietary booms/absorbent pads if available. Obtain advice on containment, neutralisation and clean-up from local emergency responders.

#### **Reference to Other Sections**

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

## Section 7 - Handling and Storage

#### **Precautions for Safe Handling**

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Handle product only in closed system or provide appropriate exhaust ventilation. Reacts with aluminum and its alloys.

## Conditions for Safe Storage, Including any Incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Do not store in aluminum containers.

AS/NZS 2243.10:2004, Safety in laboratories - Storage of chemicals

## Section 8 - Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

### **Exposure limits**

AUS - Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment - Guidance Note on the Interpretation of Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment [NOHSC:3008(1995)]

Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment [NOHSC:1003(1995)]

updated in August, 2005. Safe Work Australia

**ACGIH** - Threshold Limit Values - Ceiling (TLV-C) guidelines by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) for controlling worker exposure to airborne chemical concentrations in the workplace.

UK - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Fourth edition. Published 2020.

**DE** - MAK and BAT values of Hazardous Chemical Compounds in the Work Area. Published by German Research Foundation on July 1, 2011

NZ - Workplace Exposure Standards and Biological Exposure Indices (6th edition). New Zealand Department of Labor

Component	Australia	New Zealand WEL	ACGIH TLV	The United Kingdom	Germany
Methylene chloride	TWA: 50 ppm	TWA: 50 ppm	TWA: 50 ppm	STEL: 200 ppm 15 min	TWA: 50 ppm (8
	TWA: 174 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 174 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		STEL: 706 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15	Stunden). AGW -
				min	exposure factor 2
				TWA: 353 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr	TWA: 180 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8
				TWA: 100 ppm 8 hr	Stunden). AGW -
				Skin	exposure factor 2
					TWA: 50 ppm (8
					Stunden). MAK
					TWA: 180 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8
					Stunden). MAK
					Höhepunkt: 100 ppm
					Höhepunkt: 360 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
					Haut

## **Biological limit values**

**UK** - Biological Monitoring Guidance Values provided by the UK's Health and Safety Executive (HSE) Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 (as amended) and EH40/2005.

Component	Australia	New Zealand	European Union	United Kingdom	Germany
Methylene chloride				Carbon monoxide: 30	Dichloromethane: 500
				ppm end-tidal breath	μg/L whole blood
				post shift	(immediately after
					exposure)

## **Exposure Controls**

### **Engineering Measures**

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

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Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

**Eye Protection** Goggles (Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337 - Eye protectors for Industrial

applications)

**Hand Protection** Protective gloves

	Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	AUS/NZ Standard	Glove comments
-	Viton (R)	< 120 minutes	0.7 mm	AS/NZS 2161	As tested under EN374-3 Determination of
	Nitrile rubber	< 4 minutes	0.38 mm		Resistance to Permeation by Chemicals
١	PVA	> 360 minutes			-

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing

**Repiratory Protection** Use an AS/NZS 1716 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or

other symptoms are experienced. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained in line with AS/NZS 1715 on the use

and maintenance of repiratory protective devices

**Recommended Filter type:** low boiling organic solvent Type AX Brown conforming to EN371 (or AUS/NZ equivalent) Recommended half mask:-

Valve filtering: EN405 or Half mask: EN140 plus filter, EN 141 (or AUS/NZ equivalent)

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

**Hygiene Measures** Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

**Environmental exposure controls** No information available.

## Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** Colorless **Physical State** Liquid

sweet Odor

**Odor Threshold** No data available

pН Not applicable Insoluble in water

Melting Point/Range -97 °C / -142.6 °F **Softening Point** No data available **Boiling Point/Range** 39 °C / 102.2 °F

Flash Point No information available Method - No information available

**Evaporation Rate** No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable Liquid

**Explosion Limits** Lower 13 vol% Upper 22 vol%

350 mbar @ 20°C **Vapor Pressure** 

2.93 **Vapor Density** (Air = 1.0)

**Specific Gravity** / Density 1.33

**Bulk Density** Not applicable Liquid

Water Solubility 20 g/L (20°C)

No information available Solubility in other solvents

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Component log Pow

ACR40691 Version 4 02-May-2025 Page 5/10 Methylene chloride 1.25

**Autoignition Temperature** 556 °C / 1032.8 °F **Decomposition Temperature** No data available

Viscosity0.42 mPas @ 25°CExplosive PropertiesNo information availableOxidizing PropertiesNo information available

Other information

Molecular Formula C H2 Cl2 Molecular Weight 84.93

# Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity None known, based on information available

Stability Stable under normal conditions. Decomposes on exposure to light.

Conditions to Avoid Excess heat, Protect from direct sunlight.

**Incompatible Materials** Strong oxidizing agents, Strong acids, Amines.

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). Phosgene. Hydrogen chloride gas.

**Hazardous Polymerization** Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

# Section 11 - Toxicological Information

## **Information on Toxicological Effects**

### **Product Information**

(a) acute toxicity;

Oral Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Dermal Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Inhalation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Methylene chloride	> 2000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg ( Rat )	53 mg/L ( Rat ) 6 h
			76000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ( Rat ) 4 h

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 2

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 2

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

**Respiratory**Skin
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(f) carcinogenicity; Category 2

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

Component	Australia	New Zealand	New South Wales	Western Australia	IARC	EU	UK	Germany
Methylene chloride		Suspected			Group 2A			

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carcinogen (g) reproductive toxicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(h) STOT-single exposure; Category 3

Central nervous system (CNS) Results / Target organs

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met (i) STOT-repeated exposure;

**Target Organs** None known.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met (j) aspiration hazard;

Other Adverse Effects Tumorigenic effects have been reported in experimental animals.

delayed

Symptoms / effects, both acute and Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Causes central nervous system depression: Continued or high exposures by inhalation will cause anaesthetic effects. This may result in a loss of consciousness and could prove fatal: Causes formation of carbon monoxide in the blood. Carbon monoxide may cause adverse effects on the cardiovascular system and the central nervous system

## Section 12 - Ecological Information

**Ecotoxicity effects** 

	•			
Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae	Microtox
Methylene chloride	Pimephales promelas:	EC50: 140 mg/L/48h	EC50:>660 mg/L/96h	EC50: 1 mg/L/24 h
	LC50:193 mg/L/96h	_		EC50: 2.88 mg/L/15 min

Persistence and Degradability

**Persistence** Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

**Bioaccumulative Potential** Bioaccumulation is unlikely

	Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
	Methylene chloride	1.25	6.4 - 40 dimensionless
Mobility		The product contains volatile organic compour	nds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all
	•	surfaces. Will likely be mobile in the environm	ent due to its volatility Disperses rapidly in
		air	
	Endocrine Disruptor Information	This product does not contain any known or su	uspected endocrine disruptors
	Persistent Organic Pollutant	This product does not contain any known or su	uspected substance
	Ozone Depletion Potential	This product does not contain any known or su	uspected substance

## Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Waste from Residues/Unused **Products** 

Do not allow into drains or watercourses or dispose of where ground or surface waters may be affected. Wastes, including emptied containers, are controlled wastes and should be disposed of in accordance with all federal, E.P.A., state and local regulations. Assure conformity with all applicable regulations.

**Contaminated Packaging** Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point.

Chemical wastes should be disposed through a licensed commercial waste collection Other Information service. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which

the product was used. Do not empty into drains.

# Section 14 - Transport Information

## IMDG/IMO

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**UN-No** UN1593

Proper Shipping Name Dichloromethane

Hazard Class 6.1
Packing Group

**ADG** 

UN-No UN1593

Proper Shipping Name Dichloromethane

Hazard Class 6.1
Packing Group

Component	Hazchem Code
Methylene chloride	2Z
75-09-2 ( >99.5 )	

## <u>IATA</u>

UN-No UN1593

Proper Shipping Name Dichloromethane

Hazard Class 6.1 Packing Group III

Environmental hazards No hazards identified

Special Precautions No special precautions required

Additional information None known

# Section 15 - Regulatory Information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National Regulations Australia

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters.

## Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

Classified as a scheduled poison according to the Standard for Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.

Component	Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons
Methylene chloride - 75-09-2	Schedule 5 listed - except: in preparations in pressurized spray packs labelled as degreasers,
	decarbonisers or paint strippers and containing <=10% of Dichloromethane, or in other preparations in
	pressurized spray packs, or in paints and tinters containing <=5% of Dichloromethane, or in
	preparations for human therapeutic use

## Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)

Component	Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)	Additional information
Methylene chloride - 75-09-2	Present	-

## Australian - Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents Substance List

This product does not contain any substance(s) on the Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents list.

### **Chemicals of Security Concern**

This product does not contain any substance(s) listed on the voluntary National Code of Practice for Chemicals of Security Concern

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## National pollutant inventory

Subject to reporting requirements

Component	National pollutant inventory
Methylene chloride - 75-09-2	10 tonne/yr. Threshold category 1

### Prohibition or notification/licensing requirements

Shown below are details of specific prohibition/notifications or licencing requirements when they apply.

This product does not contain any substance(s) subject to Prohibition, Authorization or Restriction.

Component	Australia	New South Wales	Western Australia	New Zealand
Methylene chloride - 75-09-2				Suspected carcinogen

### **International Inventories**

Component	AICS	NZIoC	EINECS	<b>ELINCS</b>	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	PICCS	<b>ENCS</b>	ISHL	IECSC	KECL
Methylene chloride	Χ	Χ	200-838-9	-	Χ	Х	-	Х	Х	Х	Χ	KE-23893

**Legend:** X - Listed. '-' - Not Listed. R - Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 6 risk management rule under TSCA. **KECL** - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

## **International Regulations**

Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

Persistent Organic Pollutant This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

Rotterdam Convention (PIC) Not applicable

## Basel convention on the control of transboundary movements of hazardous wastes and their dispoal

Take note that wastes may be subject to export, import, or transit controls pursuant to the Basel convention and/or local regulations implementing the Basel convention.

Component	Basel Convention (Hazardous Waste)	Australian Hazardous Waste Act - Categories of Wastes to Be Controlled
Methylene chloride - 75-09-2	Annex I - Y45	Y45 except substances referenced in Annex I

Component	CAS No	OECD HPV	Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS)	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements
Methylene chloride	75-09-2	Listed	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable

## Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	
Methylene chloride	-	Use restricted. See entry 59. (see link for restriction details) Use restricted. See entry 75. (see link for restriction details)	<del>-</del>

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Restricted to industrial use and to approved professionals.

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

## Section 16 - Other Information

### Legend

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

NZS 5433:2020 - Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit **DNEL** - Derived No Effect Level

POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

**ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

**KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

**CAS** - Chemical Abstracts Service

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

ADG - Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail

**OECD** - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

**BCF** - Bioconcentration factor

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

## Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

## **Training Advice**

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Chemical incident response training.

**Revision Date** 02-May-2025

**Revision Summary** SDS sections updated, 2, 3, 6, 8, 15.

This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is prepared in accordance to and complies with the requirements of Safe Work Australia - Work Health and Safety Regulations (WHS Regulations).

### **Disclaimer**

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

## **End of Safety Data Sheet**

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