

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Creation Date 27-Apr-2009 Revision Date 12-Oct-2023 Revision Number 14

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Uses advised against

Product Description: <u>Methanol</u>

Cat No. : A456-1; A456-212; A456-4; A456-500

 Synonyms
 Methyl alcohol

 Index No
 603-001-00-X

 CAS No
 67-56-1

 EC No
 200-659-6

 Molecular Formula
 C H4 O

REACH registration number 01-2119433307-44-0232

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended UseLaboratory chemicals.

Sector of use SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

SU22 - Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment,

services, craftsmen)

Product category PC21 - Laboratory chemicals

Process categories see SECTION 16 for a complete list of uses for which an exposure scenario is provided as

an annex

Environmental release category ERC1 - Manufacture of substances

ERC2 - Formulation of preparations (mixtures)

ERC4 - Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of

articles

ERC8a - Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems SU21 - Consumer uses: Private households (= general public = consumers)

PC13 - Fuels

REACH Annex XVII Restriction - refer to SECTION 15

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company .

EU entity/business name Thermo Fisher Scientific

Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a, 2440 Geel,

Belgium

UK entity/business name

Fisher Scientific UK Bishop Meadow Road,

Loughborough, Leicestershire LE11 5RG,

United Kingdom

Swiss distributor - Fisher Scientific AG Neuhofstrasse 11, CH 4153 Reinach

Tel: +41 (0) 56 618 41 11 e-mail - infoch@thermofisher.com

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Methanol Revision Date 12-Oct-2023

CHEMTREC®, Inside the USA: 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC®, Outside the USA: 001-703-527-3887

For information **US** call: 001-800-227-6701 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No.**US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

customers in Switzerland:

Tox Info Suisse Emergency Number: 145 (24hr)

Tox Info Suisse: +41-44 251 51 51 (Emergency number from abroad)

Chemtrec (24h) Toll-Free: 0800 564 402 Chemtrec Local: +41-43 508 20 11 (Zurich)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Physical hazards

Flammable liquids Category 2 (H225)

Health hazards

Acute oral toxicityCategory 3 (H301)Acute dermal toxicityCategory 3 (H311)Acute Inhalation Toxicity - VaporsCategory 3 (H331)Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)Category 1 (H370)

Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

2.2. Label elements



Signal Word Danger

Hazard Statements

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H301 + H311 + H331 - Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled

H370 - Causes damage to organs

Precautionary Statements

Methanol Revision Date 12-Oct-2023

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P302 + P350 - IF ON SKIN: Gently wash with plenty of soap and water

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

2.3. Other hazards

Substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). Substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No
				1272/2008
Methanol	67-56-1	200-659-6	>95	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225)
				Acute Tox. 3 (H301)
				Acute Tox. 3 (H311)
				Acute Tox. 3 (H331)
				STOT SE 1 (H370)

Component	Specific concentration limits (SCL's)	M-Factor	Component notes
Methanol	STOT Single Exp. 1 :: >= 10 STOT Single Exp. 2 :: 3 - < 10	-	-

REACH registration number	01-2119433307-44-0232
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Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in

attendance.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

Immediate medical attention is required.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical

attention is required.

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Do not use mouth-to-mouth

method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device.

pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve of other proper respiratory

Immediate medical attention is required.

Methanol Revision Date 12-Oct-2023

Self-Protection of the First Aider

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination. Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Remove all sources of ignition. No artificial respiration, mouth-to-mouth or mouth to nose. Use suitable instruments/apparatus. Avoid contact with skin.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Difficulty in breathing. May cause blindness: Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable. Risk of ignition. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Formaldehyde.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

Methanol Revision Date 12-Oct-2023

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Hygiene Measures

When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Provide regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Flammables area.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Storage Class (LGK) (Germany) Class 3

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): **EU** - Commission Directive (EU) 2019/1831 of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Forth edition. Published 2020. **IRE** - 2010 Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations 2001. Published by the Health and Safety Authority. **CH** - The Government of Switzerland has set a directive on limit values for working materials (Grenzwerte am Arbeitsplatz) which is based on the Swiss Federal Regulation "Verordnung über die Verhütung von Unfällen und Berufskrankheiten". This directive is administered, periodically revised and enforced by SUVA (Swiss National Accident Insurance Fund).

Component	European Union	The United Kingdom	France	Belgium	Spain
Methanol	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hr	WEL - TWA: 200 ppm	TWA / VME: 200 ppm (8	TWA: 200 ppm 8 uren	TWA / VLA-ED: 200
	TWA: 260 mg/m ³ 8 hr	TWA; 266 mg/m ³ TWA	heures). restrictive limit	TWA: 266 mg/m ³ 8 uren	ppm (8 horas)
	Skin	WEL - STEL: 250 ppm	TWA / VME: 260 mg/m ³	STEL: 250 ppm 15	TWA / VLA-ED: 266
		STEL; 333 mg/m ³ STEL	(8 heures). restrictive	minuten	mg/m³ (8 horas)
			limit	STEL: 333 mg/m ³ 15	Piel
			STEL / VLCT: 1000	minuten	
			ppm. restrictive limit	Huid	
			STEL / VLCT: 1300		
			mg/m ³ . restrictive limit		
			Peau		

Component	Italy	Germany	Portugal	The Netherlands	Finland
Methanol	TWA: 200 ppm 8 ore.	100 ppm TWA MAK;	STEL: 250 ppm 15	huid	TWA: 200 ppm 8
	Time Weighted Average	130 mg/m³ TWA	minutos	TWA: 133 mg/m ³ 8 uren	tunteina
	TWA: 260 mg/m ³ 8 ore.	MAKSkin absorber	TWA: 200 ppm 8 horas	_	TWA: 270 mg/m ³ 8
	Time Weighted Average		TWA: 260 mg/m ³ 8		tunteina
	Pelle		horas		STEL: 250 ppm 15
			Pele		minuutteina
					STEL: 330 mg/m ³ 15
					minuutteina
					lho

Methanol Revision Date 12-Oct-2023

Component	Austria	Denmark	Switzerland	Poland	Norway
Methanol	Haut	TWA: 200 ppm 8 timer	Haut/Peau	STEL: 300 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 100 ppm 8 timer
	MAK-KZGW: 800 ppm	TWA: 260 mg/m ³ 8 timer	STEL: 400 ppm 15	minutach	TWA: 130 mg/m ³ 8 timer
	15 Minuten	STEL: 400 ppm 15	Minuten	TWA: 100 mg/m ³ 8	STEL: 150 ppm 15
	MAK-KZGW: 1040	minutter	STEL: 520 mg/m ³ 15	godzinach	minutter. value
	mg/m ³ 15 Minuten	STEL: 520 mg/m ³ 15	Minuten		calculated
	MAK-TMW: 200 ppm 8	minutter	TWA: 200 ppm 8		STEL: 162.5 mg/m ³ 15
	Stunden	Hud	Stunden		minutter. value
	MAK-TMW: 260 mg/m ³		TWA: 260 mg/m ³ 8		calculated
	8 Stunden		Stunden		Hud

Component	Bulgaria	Croatia	Ireland	Cyprus	Czech Republic
Methanol	TWA: 200 ppm	kože	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hr.	Skin-potential for	TWA: 250 mg/m ³ 8
	TWA: 260.0 mg/m ³	TWA-GVI: 200 ppm 8	TWA: 260 mg/m ³ 8 hr.	cutaneous absorption	hodinách.
	Skin notation	satima.	STEL: 600 ppm 15 min	TWA: 200 ppm	Potential for cutaneous
		TWA-GVI: 260 mg/m ³ 8	STEL: 780 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 260 mg/m ³	absorption
		satima.	min	_	Ceiling: 1000 mg/m ³
			Skin		1

Component	Estonia	Gibraltar	Greece	Hungary	Iceland
Methanol	Nahk TWA: 200 ppm 8 tundides. TWA: 250 mg/m³ 8 tundides. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutites. STEL: 350 mg/m³ 15	Skin notation TWA: 200 ppm 8 hr TWA: 260 mg/m³ 8 hr	skin - potential for cutaneous absorption STEL: 250 ppm STEL: 325 mg/m³ TWA: 200 ppm TWA: 260 mg/m³	TWA: 260 mg/m³ 8 órában. AK lehetséges borön keresztüli felszívódás	TWA: 200 ppm 8 klukkustundum. TWA: 260 mg/m³ 8 klukkustundum. Skin notation Ceiling: 400 ppm Ceiling: 520 mg/m³

Component	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg	Malta	Romania
Methanol	skin - potential for	TWA: 200 ppm IPRD	Possibility of significant	possibility of significant	Skin notation
	cutaneous exposure	TWA: 260 mg/m ³ IPRD	uptake through the skin	uptake through the skin	TWA: 200 ppm 8 ore
	TWA: 200 ppm	Oda	TWA: 200 ppm 8	TWA: 200 ppm	TWA: 260 mg/m ³ 8 ore
	TWA: 260 mg/m ³		Stunden	TWA: 260 mg/m ³	_
	_		TWA: 260 mg/m ³ 8	_	
			Stunden		

Component	Russia	Slovak Republic	Slovenia	Sweden	Turkey
Methanol	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 1250	Potential for cutaneous	TWA: 200 ppm 8 urah	Indicative STEL: 250	Deri
	Skin notation	absorption	TWA: 260 mg/m ³ 8 urah	ppm 15 minuter	TWA: 200 ppm 8 saat
	MAC: 15 mg/m ³	TWA: 200 ppm	Koža	Indicative STEL: 350	TWA: 260 mg/m ³ 8 saat
	_	TWA: 260 mg/m ³	STEL: 800 ppm 15	mg/m ³ 15 minuter	_
			minutah	TLV: 200 ppm 8 timmar.	
			STEL: 1040 mg/m ³ 15	NGV	
			minutah	TLV: 250 mg/m ³ 8	
				timmar. NGV	
				Hud	

Biological limit values List source(s):

Component	European Union	United Kingdom	France	Spain	Germany
Methanol			Methanol: 15 mg/L urine	Methanol: 15 mg/L urine	Methanol: 15 mg/L urine
			end of shift	end of shift	(end of shift)
					Methanol: 15 mg/L urine
					(for long-term
					exposures: at the end of
					the shift after several
					shifts)

Component	Italy	Finland	Denmark	Bulgaria	Romania
Methanol					Methanol: 6 mg/L urine
					end of shift

Component	Gibraltar	Latvia	Slovak Republic	Luxembourg	Turkey
Methanol			Methanol: 30 mg/L urine		

Methanol Revision Date 12-Oct-2023

	end of exposure or work shift Methanol: 30 mg/L urine	
	after all work shifts for	
	long-term exposure	

Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.

MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours

MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

Component	Acute effects local (Dermal)	Acute effects systemic (Dermal)	Chronic effects local (Dermal)	Chronic effects systemic (Dermal)
Methanol		DNEL = 20mg/kg		DNEL = 20mg/kg
67-56-1 (>95)		bw/day		bw/day

Ī	Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)
	Methanol 67-56-1 (>95)	DNEL = 130mg/m ³	DNEL = 130mg/m ³	DNEL = 130mg/m ³	DNEL = 130mg/m ³

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

See values below.

	Component	Fresh water			Microorganisms in	` ` '
L			sediment		sewage treatment	
Γ	Methanol	PNEC = 20.8mg/L	PNEC = 77mg/kg	PNEC = 1540mg/L	PNEC = 100mg/L	PNEC = 100mg/kg
L	67-56-1 (>95)		sediment dw			soil dw

Component	Marine water	Marine water sediment	Marine water Intermittent	Food chain	Air
Methanol	PNEC = 2.08mg/L	PNEC = 7.7mg/kg			
67-56-1 (>95)	-	sediment dw			

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Tight sealing safety goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Methanol Revision Date 12-Oct-2023

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Butyl rubber	> 480 minutes	0.35 mm	Level 6	As tested under EN374-3 Determination of
Viton (R)	> 480 minutes	0.70 mm	EN 374	Resistance to Permeation by Chemicals
Neoprene gloves	< 60 minutes	0.45 mm		
Nitrile rubber	< 30 minutes	0.38 mm		

Skin and body protection Lo

Long sleeved clothing.

Inspect gloves before use. observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information) gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion. gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory ProtectionWhen workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: low boiling organic solvent Type AX Brown conforming to

EN371

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

@ 760 mmHg

141

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid

Appearance Colorless
Odor Alcohol-like
Odor Threshold No data available
Melting Point/Range -98 °C / -144.4 °F
Softening Point No data available
Boiling Point/Range 64.7 °C / 148.5 °F

Flammability (liquid) Highly flammable On basis of test data Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Liquid

Explosion Limits Lower 6 vol%

Upper 31 vol%

Flash Point 12 °C / 53.6 °F Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature

Decomposition Temperature
pH

No data available
Not applicable
Viscosity

455 - °C / 851 - °F
No data available
Not applicable
0.55 cP at 20 °C

Water Solubility Miscible

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Component log Pow Methanol -0.74

Vapor Pressure 128 hPa @ 20 °C

Density / Specific Gravity 0.791

Bulk DensityNot applicableLiquidVapor Density1.11(Air = 1.0)

Methanol Revision Date 12-Oct-2023

Particle characteristics (liquid) Not applicable

9.2. Other information

Molecular Formula C H4 O
Molecular Weight 32.04
VOC Content(%) 100

Explosive Properties Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air

Evaporation Rate 5.2 (ether = 1) **Surface tension** 0.02255 N/m @ 20°C

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible products. Heat, flames and sparks. Keep away from open flames, hot

surfaces and sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Acid anhydrides. Acid chlorides. Strong bases.

Metals. Peroxides.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Formaldehyde.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

OralCategory 3DermalCategory 3InhalationCategory 3

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Methanol	LD50 = 1187 – 2769 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 = 17100 mg/kg (Rabbit)	LC50 = 128.2 mg/L (Rat) 4 h

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Methanol Revision Date 12-Oct-2023

Respiratory Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Skin

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Methanol	OECD Test Guideline 406	guinea pig	non-sensitising
67-56-1 (>95)	Guinea Pig Maximisation Test		_
	(GPMT)		

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(f) carcinogenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met (g) reproductive toxicity;

Compone	nt Test n	nethod Test species / I	Ouration Study result
Methano	I OECD Test	Guideline 416 Rat / Inhala	ation NOAEC =
67-56-1 (>	95)	2 Generat	ion 1.3 mg/l (air)

Component substance is listed on California Proposition 65 as a developmental hazard. **Developmental Effects**

Category 1 (h) STOT-single exposure;

Results / Target organs Optic nerve, Central nervous system (CNS).

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Target Organs None known.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met (j) aspiration hazard;

delayed

Symptoms / effects,both acute and May cause blindness. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine Disrupting Properties Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any

known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity **Ecotoxicity effects**

Component Freshwater Fish Water Flea Freshwater Algae Methanol Pimephales promelas: LC50 > EC50 > 10000 mg/L 24h 10000 mg/L 96h

Component	Microtox	M-Factor
Methanol	EC50 = 39000 mg/L 25 min	
	EC50 = 40000 mg/L 15 min	
	EC50 = 43000 mg/L 5 min	

12.2. Persistence and degradability Readily biodegradable

Persistence is unlikely, based on information available. **Persistence**

	Component	Degradability
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Methanol Revision Date 12-Oct-2023

Methanol	DT50 ~ 17.2d
67-56-1 (>95)	>94% after 20d

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Methanol	-0.74	<10 dimensionless

12.4. Mobility in soil

The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all

surfaces Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility. Disperses rapidly in

air

Surface tension 0.02255 N/m @ 20°C

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

Substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). Substance

is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

12.6. Endocrine disrupting

properties

Endocrine Disruptor Information This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

12.7. Other adverse effects

Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused

Products

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives

on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers

retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and

empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

European Waste Catalogue (EWC) According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but

application specific.

Other Information Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product

was used. Do not flush to sewer. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with

local regulations.

Switzerland - Waste Ordinance Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations. Ordinance on the Avoidance and the Disposal of Waste (Waste Ordinance,

ADWO) SR 814.600

https://www.fedlex.admin.ch/eli/cc/2015/891/en

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

14.1. UN number UN1230
14.2. UN proper shipping name METHANOL

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)3Subsidiary Hazard Class6.114.4. Packing groupII

Methanol Revision Date 12-Oct-2023

ADR

14.1. UN numberUN123014.2. UN proper shipping nameMETHANOL

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)3Subsidiary Hazard Class6.114.4. Packing groupII

<u>IATA</u>

14.1. UN numberUN123014.2. UN proper shipping nameMETHANOL

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)3Subsidiary Hazard Class6.114.4. Packing groupII

14.5. Environmental hazards No hazards identified

14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable, packaged goods

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

	Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
	Methanol	67-56-1	200-659-6	-	1	X	X	KE-23193	Χ	X
•										
- 1								1		

Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
Methanol	67-56-1	Х	ACTIVE	Χ	-	Χ	Χ	Х

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization		REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Methanol	67-56-1	-	Use restricted. See item 69. (see link for restriction details) Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	-

REACH links

Methanol Revision Date 12-Oct-2023

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report
		Notification	Requirements
Methanol	67-56-1	500 tonne	5000 tonne

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)?

Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

Take note of Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

National Regulations

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

WGK Classification See table for values

Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Methanol	WGK 2	Class I: 20 mg/m³ (Massenkonzentration)

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)
Methanol	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84

Swiss Regulations

Article 4 para. 4 of the Ordinance on the protection of young people in the workplace (SR 822.115) and Article 1 lit. f of the EAER regulation on hazardous work and young people (SR 822.115.2).

Take note on Article 13 Maternity Ordinance (SR 822.111.52) with regards expectant and nursing mothers.

Component	Switzerland - Ordinance on the Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR 814.81)	Switzerland - Ordinance on Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC)	Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure
Methanol 67-56-1 (>95)	Prohibited and Restricted Substances	Group I	

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment/Report (CSA/CSR) has been conducted by the manufacturer/importer

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H301 - Toxic if swallowed

H311 - Toxic in contact with skin

H331 - Toxic if inhaled

Methanol Revision Date 12-Oct-2023

H370 - Causes damage to organs

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances **KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

TWA - Time Weighted Average

VOC - (volatile organic compound)

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

Shins ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Chemical incident response training.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts.

Creation Date 27-Apr-2009 **Revision Date** 12-Oct-2023 **Revision Summary** Not applicable.

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006. COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

For Switzerland - Compiled in accordance with the technical provisions referred to in Annex 2. Number 3, ChemO (SR 813.11 - Ordinance on Protection against Dangerous Substances and Preparations).

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet

Annex to the Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 [REACH]

Methanol - Exposure Scenarios

CAS No 67-56-1	REACH registration number 01-2119433307-44-0232	EC No 200-659-6

	Exposure Scenarios Overview						
Title	Sector of use	Process category(ies)	Environmental release category	ES Identifier			
Manufacture or use as an intermediate or process chemical or extraction agent	SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites	1, 2, 3, 4, 8a, 8b, 15	ERC1 - Manufacture of substances	ES1-M1 Methanol			
Formulation of preparations and/or re-packaging	SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites	1, 2, 3, 4, 8a, 8b, 9, 15	ERC2 - Formulation of preparations	ES2-F1 Methanol			
Laboratory use	SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites	10, 15	ERC4 - Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles	ES3-L1 Methanol			
Laboratory use	SU22 - Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)	10, 15	ERC8a - Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems	ES4-L2 Methanol			

Exposure scenario

ES1 Manufacture of Methanol - ES1-M1 METHANOL

Section 1 - Identification of the use

Main user group Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

Type Worker

Processes, tasks, activities covered Manufacture or use as an intermediate or process chemical or extraction agent. Loading

(including marine vessel/barge, rail/road car and IBC loading) and repacking (including drums and small packs) of substance, including its sampling, storage, unloading distribution

and associated laboratory activities

Sector(s) of use SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

PROC1 - Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure
PROC2 - Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure

PROC3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)

PROC3 - Use in closed balcin process (synthesis of formulation)

PROC4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises

PROC8a - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to

vessels/large containers at non dedicated facilities

PROC8b - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to

vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities

PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent

Environmental release category(ies) ERC1 - Manufacture of substances

ES1-M1 METHANOL Page 15/32

Readily biodegradable in water, soil and sediments, both under aerobic and anaerobic conditions. Compared to other loss mechanisms identified, including volatilization and chemical degradation, biodegradation is expected to be the dominant process controlling the fate in the soil, groundwater, and surface water environments.

Degraded in the atmosphere by photochemical, hydroxyl-radical dependent reactions. The estimated elimination half-life is calculated to be about 17 days. Due to the high solubility in water and its low octanol-water partition coefficient adsorption to soil is considered to be negligible. Given the value of the Henry's Law constant, once in water, it is likely to remain in the aqueous phase. No bioaccumulation is expected.

Not classified as harmful, toxic or very toxic to aquatic life. Not classified as "may cause long lasting effects to aquatic life". Not a PBT or vPvB substance. Therefore not classified with respect to environmental effects.

Section 2 - Operational Conditions and Risk Management Measures

Product characteristics

Physical State Liquid pH 7-8
Water Solubility Miscible

Vapor Pressure 169 hPa @ 25 °C

Covers concentrations up to 100 %

Section 2.1 - Control of environmental exposure

Environmental release category(ies)

ERC1 - Manufacture of substances

Readily biodegradable in water, soil and sediments, both under aerobic and anaerobic conditions. Compared to other loss mechanisms identified, including volatilization and chemical degradation, biodegradation is expected to be the dominant process controlling the fate in the soil, groundwater, and surface water environments.

Degraded in the atmosphere by photochemical, hydroxyl-radical dependent reactions. The estimated elimination half-life is calculated to be about 17 days. Due to the high solubility in water and its low octanol-water partition coefficient adsorption to soil is considered to be negligible. Given the value of the Henry's Law constant, once in water, it is likely to remain in the aqueous phase. No bioaccumulation is expected.

Not classified as harmful, toxic or very toxic to aquatic life. Not classified as "may cause long lasting effects to aquatic life". Not a PBT or vPvB substance. Therefore not classified with respect to environmental effects.

Control of environmental exposure

Readily biodegradable

Annual amount used in the EU Unspecified

Environmental factors not influenced by risk management

Section 2.2 - Control of worker exposure

General information on risk management related to physicochemical hazard

Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static charges. Use only non-sparking tools. Control entry to work area. Suitable fire detection system. Keep equipment under negative pressure. Check atmosphere for explosiveness and oxygen deficiencies. Segregate work area and mark with appropriate signs in accordance with local/regional/national legislation.

Control of worker exposure

Process category(ies) PROC1 - Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure

Covers concentrations up to 100%

Exposure duration >4 hours (default)

Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor
Assumes process temperature up to <=40°C
Covers skin contact area up to 240 cm2

Technical conditions and measures to Undertake operation under enclosed conditions

control dispersion from source towards

the worker

Additional good practice advice beyondUse chemically resistant face shield, goggles or safety glasses with side shields when there

ES1-M1 METHANOL Page 16/32

the REACH Chemical Safety Report is potential for direct contact

Process category(ies) PROC2 - Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure

Covers concentrations up to

Exposure duration >4 hours (default)

Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor Assumes process temperature up to <=40°C Covers skin contact area up to 480 cm2

Technical conditions and measures to Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation

Additional good practice advice beyondUse chemically resistant face shield, goggles or safety glasses with side shields when there

control dispersion from source towards Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 90%

the worker

Conditions and measures related to

personal protection, hygiene and

Wear gloves according to EN374 resistant to the solvent(s) in use (APF 5) 80%

health evaluation

the REACH Chemical Safety Report is potential for direct contact

Process category(ies) PROC3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)

Covers concentrations up to

Exposure duration >4 hours (default)

Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor Assumes process temperature up to <=40°C Covers skin contact area up to 240 cm2

Technical conditions and measures to Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 90%

control dispersion from source towards

the worker

Conditions and measures related to

personal protection, hygiene and

Wear gloves according to EN374 resistant to the solvent(s) in use (APF 5) 80%

health evaluation

Additional good practice advice beyondUse chemically resistant face shield, goggles or safety glasses with side shields when there the REACH Chemical Safety Report is potential for direct contact

Process category(ies) PROC4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises

Covers concentrations up to

Exposure duration >4 hours (default)

Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor Assumes process temperature up to <=40°C Covers skin contact area up to 480 cm2

Technical conditions and measures to Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 90%

control dispersion from source towards

the worker

Conditions and measures related to

Wear gloves according to EN374 resistant to the solvent(s) in use (APF 5) 80%

personal protection, hygiene and

health evaluation

Additional good practice advice beyondUse chemically resistant face shield, goggles or safety glasses with side shields when there

the REACH Chemical Safety Report is potential for direct contact

Process category(ies) PROC8a - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to

vessels/large containers at non dedicated facilities

Covers concentrations up to 100%

Exposure duration >4 hours (default)

Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor Assumes process temperature up to <=40°C Covers skin contact area up to 960 cm2

Technical conditions and measures to Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 90%

control dispersion from source towards

the worker

Conditions and measures related to Wear gloves according to EN374 resistant to the solvent(s) in use (APF 5) 80%

personal protection, hygiene and

health evaluation

Additional good practice advice beyondUse chemically resistant face shield, goggles or safety glasses with side shields when there

ES1-M1 METHANOL Page 17/32

the REACH Chemical Safety Report is potential for direct contact

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Process category(ies) PROC8b - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to

vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities

Covers concentrations up to 100%

Exposure duration >4 hours (default)

Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor Assumes process temperature up to <=40°C Covers skin contact area up to 960 cm2

Technical conditions and measures to Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 90%

control dispersion from source towards

the worker

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and

Wear gloves according to EN374 resistant to the solvent(s) in use (APF 5) 80%

health evaluation

Additional good practice advice beyondUse chemically resistant face shield, goggles or safety glasses with side shields when there the REACH Chemical Safety Report is potential for direct contact

Process category(ies) PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent

Covers concentrations up to 100%

Exposure duration >4 hours (default)

Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor Assumes process temperature up to <=40°C Covers skin contact area up to 240 cm2

Technical conditions and measures to Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 90%

control dispersion from source towards

the worker

Conditions and measures related to

Wear gloves according to EN374 resistant to the solvent(s) in use (APF 5) 80%

personal protection, hygiene and

health evaluation

Additional good practice advice beyondUse chemically resistant face shield, goggles or safety glasses with side shields when there the REACH Chemical Safety Report is potential for direct contact

Control of consumer exposure Not intended for consumer use

Section 3 - Exposure estimation

Environment

Environmental release category(ies)

ERC1 - Manufacture of substances

Readily biodegradable in water, soil and sediments, both under aerobic and anaerobic conditions. Compared to other loss mechanisms identified, including volatilization and chemical degradation, biodegradation is expected to be the dominant process controlling the fate in the soil, groundwater, and surface water environments.

Degraded in the atmosphere by photochemical, hydroxyl-radical dependent reactions. The estimated elimination half-life is calculated to be about 17 days. Due to the high solubility in water and its low octanol-water partition coefficient adsorption to soil is considered to be negligible. Given the value of the Henry's Law constant, once in water, it is likely to remain in the aqueous phase. No bioaccumulation is expected.

Not classified as harmful, toxic or very toxic to aquatic life. Not classified as "may cause long lasting effects to aquatic life". Not a PBT or vPvB substance. Therefore not classified with respect to environmental effects.

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) - See values below

Fresh water	20.8 mg/l	Marine water	2.08 mg/l
Fresh water sediment	77 mg/kg	Marine water sediment	7.7 mg/kg
Water Intermittent	1540 mg/l	Soil (Agriculture)	100 mg/kg
Microorganisms in sewage	100 mg/l		
treatment			

Health

ES1-M1 METHANOL Page 18 / 32

Derived No Effect Level (DNE	L) - See table for values
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R	Route of exposure	Acute effects (local)	Acute effects (systemic)	Chronic effects (local)	Chronic effects (systemic)
	Oral		(Systemic)	(local)	(Systemic)
	Dermal		20 mg/kg bw/d		20 mg/kg bw/day
	Inhalation	130 mg/m ³	130 mg/m ³	130 mg/m ³	130 mg/m ³

Process category(ies)	Exposure route	Predicted exposure level	Risk characterization ratio (RCR)
PROC1 - Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure	Worker - dermal	0.034 mg/kg bw/d	<0.01
iikeiiiilood oi exposure	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	0.0133 mg/m ³	< 0.1
	Worker - inhalative, short-term -	0.0534 mg/m ³	<0.01
	systemic Worker - combined, long-term - systemic	0.036 mg/kg bw/d	< 0.1
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic	0.0419 mg/kg bw/d	< 0.01
PROC2 - Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure	Worker - dermal	0.274 mg/kg bw/d	< 0.01
оставлена остава определе	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	3.34 mg/m ³	< 0.1
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	13.35 mg/m ³	< 0.1
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic	0.751 mg/kg bw/d	< 0.1
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic	2.18 mg/kg bw/d	< 0.1
PROC3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)	Worker - dermal	0.137 mg/kg bw/d	< 0.01
(synthesis of formulation)	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	6.675 mg/m ³	< 0.1
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	26.7 mg/m ³	0.2
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic	1.09 mg/kg bw/d	< 0.1
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic	3.95 mg/kg bw/d	0.212
PROC4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises	Worker - dermal	1.37 mg/kg bw/d	< 0.1
anses	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	33.38 mg/m ³	0.256
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	53.4 mg/m ³	0.41
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic	7.511 mg/kg bw/d	0.394
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic	9 mg/kg bw/d	0.479
PROC8a - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated facilities	Worker - dermal	2.743 mg/kg bw/d	0.137
Tabilitios .	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	33.38 mg/m ³	0.256
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	66.75 mg/m ³	0.513
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic	7.51 mg/kg bw/d	0.393
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic	12.28 mg/kg bw/d	0.32
PROC8b - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated	Worker - dermal	2.74 mg/kg bw/d	0.137

ES1-M1 METHANOL Page 19/32

facilities			
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	10.0 mg/m ³	< 0.1
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	20.02 mg/m ³	0.15
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic	4.17 mg/kg bw/d	0.214
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic	5.6 mg/kg bw/d	0.291
PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent	Worker - dermal	0.068 mg/kg bw/d	< 0.01
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	6.675 mg/m ³	< 0.1
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	13.351 mg/m ³	< 0.1
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic	1.022 mg/kg bw/d	< 0.1
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic	1.976 mg/kg bw/d	< 0.1

Calculation method

Used ECETOC TRA model, Used Stoffenmanager model

Remarks

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk management measures/operational conditions outlined in section 2 are implemented

Section 4 - Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario

Used ECETOC TRA model

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html)

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the applicable exposure limits (given in section 8 of the SDS) when the operational conditions/risk management measures given in section 2 are implemented ECHA guidance for downstream users

ES1-M1 METHANOL Page 20/32

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Revision Date 12-Jul-2019

Annex to the Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 [REACH]

Methanol - Exposure Scenarios

CAS No	REACH registration number	EC No
67-56-1	01-2119433307-44-0232	200-659-6

Exposure scenario

ES2 Methanol Formulation and Repacking - ES2-F1 METHANOL

Section 1 - Identification of the use

Main user group Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

Type Worke

Processes, tasks, activities covered Formulation, packing and re-packing of the substance and its mixtures in batch or

continuous operations, including storage, materials transfers, mixing, tabletting, compression, pelletisation, extrusion, large and small scale packing, sampling,

maintenance and associated laboratory activities.

Sector(s) of use SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

SU22 - Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment,

services, craftsmen)

Process category(ies) PROC1 - Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure

PROC2 - Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure

PROC3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)

PROC4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises

PROC8a - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to

vessels/large containers at non dedicated facilities

PROC8b - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to

vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities

PROC9 - Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line,

including weighing)

PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent

Environmental release category(ies) ERC2 - Formulation of preparations (mixtures)

Readily biodegradable in water, soil and sediments, both under aerobic and anaerobic conditions. Compared to other loss mechanisms identified, including volatilization and chemical degradation, biodegradation is expected to be the dominant process controlling the fate in the soil, groundwater, and surface water environments.

Degraded in the atmosphere by photochemical, hydroxyl-radical dependent reactions. The estimated elimination half-life is calculated to be about 17 days. Due to the high solubility in water and its low octanol-water partition coefficient adsorption to soil is considered to be negligible. Given the value of the Henry's Law constant, once in water, it is likely to remain in the aqueous phase. No bioaccumulation is expected.

Not classified as harmful, toxic or very toxic to aquatic life. Not classified as "may cause long lasting effects to aquatic life". Not a PBT or vPvB substance. Therefore not classified with respect to environmental effects.

Section 2 - Operational Conditions and Risk Management Measures

Product characteristics

ES2-F1 METHANOL Page 21 / 32

Physical State Liquid 7-8 pН Water Solubility Miscible

Vapor Pressure 169 hPa @ 25 °C

Covers concentrations up to 100 %

Section 2.1 - Control of environmental exposure

Environmental release category(ies)

ERC2 - Formulation of preparations (mixtures)

Readily biodegradable in water, soil and sediments, both under aerobic and anaerobic conditions. Compared to other loss mechanisms identified, including volatilization and chemical degradation, biodegradation is expected to be the dominant process controlling the fate in the soil, groundwater, and surface water environments.

Degraded in the atmosphere by photochemical, hydroxyl-radical dependent reactions. The estimated elimination half-life is calculated to be about 17 days. Due to the high solubility in water and its low octanol-water partition coefficient adsorption to soil is considered to be negligible. Given the value of the Henry's Law constant, once in water, it is likely to remain in the aqueous phase. No bioaccumulation is expected.

Not classified as harmful, toxic or very toxic to aquatic life. Not classified as "may cause long lasting effects to aquatic life". Not a PBT or vPvB substance. Therefore not classified with respect to environmental effects.

Control of environmental exposure

Readily biodegradable

Annual amount used in the EU Unspecified

Environmental factors not influenced by risk management

Section 2.2 - Control of worker exposure

General information on risk management related to physicochemical hazard

Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static charges. Use only non-sparking tools. Control entry to work area. Suitable fire detection system. Keep equipment under negative pressure. Check atmosphere for explosiveness and oxygen deficiencies. Segregate work area and mark with appropriate signs in accordance with local/regional/national legislation.

Control of worker exposure

PROC1 - Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure Process category(ies)

Covers concentrations up to 100%

Exposure duration >4 hours (default)

Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor <=40°C Assumes process temperature up to Covers skin contact area up to 240 cm2

Technical conditions and measures to Undertake operation under enclosed conditions

control dispersion from source towards

the worker

Additional good practice advice beyondUse chemically resistant face shield, goggles or safety glasses with side shields when there the REACH Chemical Safety Report is potential for direct contact

Process category(ies) PROC2 - Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure

Covers concentrations up to 100%

Exposure duration >4 hours (default)

Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor Assumes process temperature up to <=40°C Covers skin contact area up to 480 cm2

Technical conditions and measures to Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation control dispersion from source towards Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 90%

the worker

Conditions and measures related to

personal protection, hygiene and

health evaluation

Wear gloves according to EN374 resistant to the solvent(s) in use (APF 5) 80%

ES2-F1 METHANOL Page 22/32

Additional good practice advice beyondUse chemically resistant face shield, goggles or safety glasses with side shields when there

the REACH Chemical Safety Report is potential for direct contact

Process category(ies) PROC3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)

Covers concentrations up to

Exposure duration >4 hours (default)

Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor Assumes process temperature up to <=40°C Covers skin contact area up to 240 cm2

Technical conditions and measures to Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 90%

control dispersion from source towards

the worker

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and

Wear gloves according to EN374 resistant to the solvent(s) in use (APF 5) 80%

health evaluation

Additional good practice advice beyondUse chemically resistant face shield, goggles or safety glasses with side shields when there

the REACH Chemical Safety Report is potential for direct contact

Process category(ies) PROC4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises

Covers concentrations up to 100%

Exposure duration >4 hours (default)

Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor <=40°C Assumes process temperature up to Covers skin contact area up to 480 cm2

Technical conditions and measures to Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 90%

control dispersion from source towards

the worker

Conditions and measures related to

Wear gloves according to EN374 resistant to the solvent(s) in use (APF 5) 80%

personal protection, hygiene and

health evaluation

Additional good practice advice beyondUse chemically resistant face shield, goggles or safety glasses with side shields when there is potential for direct contact

the REACH Chemical Safety Report

Process category(ies) PROC8a - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to

vessels/large containers at non dedicated facilities

Covers concentrations up to 100%

Exposure duration >4 hours (default)

Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor Assumes process temperature up to <=40°C Covers skin contact area up to 960 cm2

Technical conditions and measures to Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 90%

control dispersion from source towards

the worker

Conditions and measures related to

Wear gloves according to EN374 resistant to the solvent(s) in use (APF 5) 80%

personal protection, hygiene and

health evaluation

Additional good practice advice beyondUse chemically resistant face shield, goggles or safety glasses with side shields when there

the REACH Chemical Safety Report is potential for direct contact

Process category(ies) PROC8b - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to

vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities

Covers concentrations up to 100%

Exposure duration >4 hours (default)

Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor <=40°C Assumes process temperature up to Covers skin contact area up to 960 cm2

Technical conditions and measures to Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 90%

control dispersion from source towards

the worker

Conditions and measures related to Wear gloves according to EN374 resistant to the solvent(s) in use (APF 5) 80%

personal protection, hygiene and

ES2-F1 METHANOL Page 23 / 32

health evaluation

Additional good practice advice beyondUse chemically resistant face shield, goggles or safety glasses with side shields when there the REACH Chemical Safety Report is potential for direct contact

.

Process category(ies) PROC9 - Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line,

including weighing)

Covers concentrations up to

Exposure duration >4 hours (default)
Use frequency 5 days per week

Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor
Covers skin contact area up to 480 cm2

Technical conditions and measures to Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 90%

100%

control dispersion from source towards

the worker

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and

health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374 (APF 5) 80%

Process category(ies) PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent

Covers concentrations up to 100%

Exposure duration >4 hours (default)

Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor Assumes process temperature up to <=40°C Covers skin contact area up to 240 cm2

Technical conditions and measures to Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 90%

control dispersion from source towards

the worker

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and

Wear gloves according to EN374 resistant to the solvent(s) in use (APF 5) 80%

personal protection, hygien

health evaluation

Additional good practice advice beyondUse chemically resistant face shield, goggles or safety glasses with side shields when there the REACH Chemical Safety Report is potential for direct contact

.

Control of consumer exposure Not intended for consumer use

Section 3 - Exposure estimation

Environment

Environmental release category(ies)

ERC2 - Formulation of preparations (mixtures)

Readily biodegradable in water, soil and sediments, both under aerobic and anaerobic conditions. Compared to other loss mechanisms identified, including volatilization and chemical degradation, biodegradation is expected to be the dominant process controlling the fate in the soil, groundwater, and surface water environments.

Degraded in the atmosphere by photochemical, hydroxyl-radical dependent reactions. The estimated elimination half-life is calculated to be about 17 days. Due to the high solubility in water and its low octanol-water partition coefficient adsorption to soil is considered to be negligible. Given the value of the Henry's Law constant, once in water, it is likely to remain in the aqueous phase. No bioaccumulation is expected.

Not classified as harmful, toxic or very toxic to aquatic life. Not classified as "may cause long lasting effects to aquatic life". Not a PBT or vPvB substance. Therefore not classified with respect to environmental effects.

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) - See values below

Fresh water	20.8 mg/l	Marine water	2.08 mg/l
Fresh water sediment	77 mg/kg	Marine water sediment	7.7 mg/kg
Water Intermittent	1540 mg/l	Soil (Agriculture)	100 mg/kg
Microorganisms in sewage	100 mg/l		
treatment	•		

Health

ES2-F1 METHANOL Page 24/32

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) - See table for	for values
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	000 1000 101 10100			
Route of exposure	Acute effects (local)	Acute effects	Chronic effects	Chronic effects
		(systemic)	(local)	(systemic)
Oral				
Dermal		20 mg/kg bw/d		20 mg/kg bw/day
Inhalation	130 mg/m ³	130 mg/m ³	130 mg/m ³	130 mg/m ³

Process category(ies)	Exposure route	Predicted exposure level	Risk characterization ratio (RCR)
PROC1 - Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure	Worker - dermal	0.0343 mg/kg bw/d	<0.01
inclinious of exposure	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	0.0534 mg/m ³	<0.01
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	0.0133 mg/m ³	< 0.01
	Worker - combined, short-term -	0.0419 mg/kg bw/d	< 0.01
	systemic Worker - combined, long-term - systemic	0.036 mg/kg bw/d	< 0.01
PROC2 - Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure	Worker - dermal	0.274 mg/kg bw/d	0.014
with obsasional controlled exposure	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	13.35 mg/m ³	0.103
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	3.34 mg/m ³	0.025
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic	2.18 mg/kg bw/d	0.116
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic	0.751 mg/kg bw/d	0.039
PROC3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)	Worker - dermal	0.137 mg/kg bw/d	< 0.01
(Synthesis of formulation)	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	26.7 mg/m ³	0.205
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	6.675 mg/m ³	0.051
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic	3.95 mg/kg bw/d	0.212
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic	1.09 mg/k bw/d	0.058
PROC4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises	Worker - dermal	1.37 mg/m³	0.068
anses	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	53.4 mg/m ³	0.41
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	13.35 mg/m ³	0.103
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic	9 mg/kg bw/d	0.479
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic	3.279 mg/kg bw/d	0.17
PROC8a - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated facilities	Worker - dermal	2.743 mg/kg bw/d	0.137
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	66.75 mg/m ³	0.513
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	33.38 mg/m ³	0.128
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic	12.28 mg/kg bw/d	0.65
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic	7.51 mg/kg bw/d	0.39
PROC8b - Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated	Worker - dermal	2.74 mg/kg bw/d	0.137

ES2-F1 METHANOL Page 25/32

Calculation method

Used ECETOC TRA model, Used Stoffenmanager model

1.022 mg/kg bw/d

0.055

Remarks

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk management measures/operational conditions outlined in section 2 are implemented

Worker - combined, long-term -

systemic

Section 4 - Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario

Used ECETOC TRA model

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html)

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the applicable exposure limits (given in section 8 of the SDS) when the operational conditions/risk management measures given in section 2 are implemented ECHA guidance for downstream users

ES2-F1 METHANOL Page 26/32

Annex to the Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 [REACH]

Methanol - Exposure Scenarios

CAS No 67-56-1	REACH registration number 01-2119433307-44-0232	EC No 200-659-6

Exposure scenario

ES3 Laboratory uses (Industrial) - ES3-L1 METHANOL

Section 1 - Identification of the use

Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites Main user group

Type Worker

Processes, tasks, activities covered Laboratory reagent and solvent involving transfer from larger to small containers and vice

Sector(s) of use SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

PC21 - Laboratory chemicals Product category(ies)

Process category(ies) PROC10 - Roller application or brushing

PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent

Environmental release category(ies) ERC4 - Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of

Section 2 - Operational Conditions and Risk Management Measures

Product characteristics

Liquid **Physical State** рΗ 7-8 Water Solubility Miscible

169 hPa @ 25 °C **Vapor Pressure**

Covers concentrations up to 100 %

Section 2.1 - Control of environmental exposure

Environmental release category(ies)

ERC4 - Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles

Control of environmental exposure

Readily biodegradable

Annual amount used in the EU Unspecified

Environmental factors not influenced by risk management

Section 2.2 - Control of worker exposure

ES3-L1 METHANOL Page 27/32

General information on risk management related to physicochemical hazard

Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static charges. Use only non-sparking tools. Control entry to work area. Suitable fire detection system. Keep equipment under negative pressure. Check atmosphere for explosiveness and oxygen deficiencies. Segregate work area and mark with appropriate signs in accordance with local/regional/national legislation.

Control of worker exposure

Process category(ies) PROC10 - Roller application or brushing

Covers concentrations up to 100%

Exposure duration >4 hours (default)

Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor Assumes process temperature up to <=40C Covers skin contact area up to 480 cm2

Technical conditions and measures to Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 90%

control dispersion from source towards

the worker

Conditions and measures related to

Wear gloves according to EN374 resistant to the solvent(s) in use (APF 5) 80%

personal protection, hygiene and

health evaluation

Additional good practice advice beyondUse chemically resistant face shield, goggles or safety glasses with side shields when there the REACH Chemical Safety Report is potential for direct contact

Process category(ies) PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent

Covers concentrations up to 100%

Exposure duration >4 hours (default)

Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor Assumes process temperature up to <=40°C Covers skin contact area up to 240 cm2

Technical conditions and measures to Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 90%

control dispersion from source towards

the worker

Conditions and measures related to

Wear gloves according to EN374 resistant to the solvent(s) in use (APF 5) 80%

personal protection, hygiene and

health evaluation

Additional good practice advice beyondUse chemically resistant face shield, goggles or safety glasses with side shields when there

the REACH Chemical Safety Report is potential for direct contact

Control of consumer exposure Not intended for consumer use

Section 3 - Exposure estimation

Environment

Environmental release category(ies)

ERC4 - Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) - See values below

Fresh water	20.8 mg/l	Marine water	2.08 mg/l
Fresh water sediment	77 mg/kg	Marine water sediment	7.7 mg/kg
Water Intermittent	1540 mg/l	Soil (Agriculture)	100 mg/kg
Microorganisms in sewage	100 mg/l		
treatment			

<u>Health</u>

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) - See table for values

Route of exposure	Acute effects (local)	Acute effects (systemic)	Chronic effects (local)	Chronic effects (systemic)
Oral				
Dermal		20 mg/kg bw/d		20 mg/kg bw/day

ES3-L1 METHANOL Page 28 / 32

Process category(ies)	Exposure route	Predicted exposure level	Risk characterization ratio
PROC10 - Roller application or brushing	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic	4.39 mg/kg bw/d	(RCR) 0.22
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	26.7 mg/m ³	0.205
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic	8.2 mg/kg bw/d	0.425
	Worker - dermal, short-term - systemic	4.39 mg/kg bw/d	0.22
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	53.4 mg/m ³	0.411
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic	12.02 mg/kg bw/d	0.63
PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent	Worker - dermal, long-term - systemic	0.068 mg/kg bw/d	< 0.01
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	6.675 mg/m ³	0.051
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic	1.022 mg/kg bw/d	0.055
	Worker - dermal, short-term - systemic	0.0685 mg/kg bw/d	< 0.01
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	13.351 mg/m ³	0.102
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic	1.976 mg/kg bw/d	0.106

Calculation method

Used ECETOC TRA model, Used Stoffenmanager model

Remarks

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk management measures/operational conditions outlined in section 2 are implemented

Section 4 - Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario

Used ECETOC TRA model

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html)

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the applicable exposure limits (given in section 8 of the SDS) when the operational conditions/risk management measures given in section 2 are implemented ECHA guidance for downstream users

ES3-L1 METHANOL Page 29/32

Annex to the Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 [REACH]

Methanol - Exposure Scenarios

CAS No 67-56-1	REACH registration number 01-2119433307-44-0232	EC No 200-659-6

Exposure scenario

ES4 Laboratory uses (Professional) - ES4-L2 METHANOL

Section 1 - Identification of the use

Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, Main user group

craftsmen)

Type Worker

Processes, tasks, activities covered Laboratory reagent and solvent involving transfer from larger to small containers and vice

SU22 - Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, Sector(s) of use

services, craftsmen)

Product category(ies) PC21 - Laboratory chemicals

Process category(ies) PROC10 - Roller application or brushing

PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent

Environmental release category(ies) ERC8a - Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems

Section 2 - Operational Conditions and Risk Management Measures

Product characteristics

Physical State Liquid pН 7-8 **Water Solubility** Miscible

Vapor Pressure 169 hPa @ 25 °C

Covers concentrations up to 100 %

Section 2.1 - Control of environmental exposure

Environmental release category(ies)

ERC8a - Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems

Control of environmental exposure

Readily biodegradable

Annual amount used in the EU Unspecified

Environmental factors not influenced by risk management

Section 2.2 - Control of worker exposure

FS4-I 2 MFTHANOL Page 30/32

General information on risk management related to physicochemical hazard

Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static charges. Use only non-sparking tools. Control entry to work area. Suitable fire detection system. Keep equipment under negative pressure. Check atmosphere for explosiveness and oxygen deficiencies. Segregate work area and mark with appropriate signs in accordance with local/regional/national legislation.

Control of worker exposure

PROC10 - Roller application or brushing Process category(ies)

Covers concentrations up to

Exposure duration >4 hours (default)

Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor Assumes process temperature up to < =40CCovers skin contact area up to 960 cm2

Technical conditions and measures to Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 90%

control dispersion from source towards

the worker

Conditions and measures related to

Wear gloves according to EN374 resistant to the solvent(s) in use (APF 5) 80%

personal protection, hygiene and

health evaluation

Additional good practice advice beyondUse chemically resistant face shield, goggles or safety glasses with side shields when there the REACH Chemical Safety Report

is potential for direct contact

Process category(ies) PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent

Covers concentrations up to

Exposure duration >4 hours (default)

Indoor/Outdoor use Indoor Assumes process temperature up to <=40°C Covers skin contact area up to 240 cm2

Technical conditions and measures to Local exhaust ventilation - efficiency of at least 80%

control dispersion from source towards

the worker

Conditions and measures related to

Wear gloves according to EN374 resistant to the solvent(s) in use (APF 5) 80%

personal protection, hygiene and

health evaluation

Additional good practice advice beyondUse chemically resistant face shield, goggles or safety glasses with side shields when there

the REACH Chemical Safety Report is potential for direct contact

Not intended for consumer use Control of consumer exposure

Section 3 - Exposure estimation

Environment

Environmental release category(ies)

ERC8a - Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) - See values below

Fresh water	20.8 mg/l	Marine water	2.08 mg/l
Fresh water sediment	77 mg/kg	Marine water sediment	7.7 mg/kg
Water Intermittent	1540 mg/l	Soil (Agriculture)	100 mg/kg
Microorganisms in sewage	100 mg/l		
treatment	-		

Health

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) - See table for values

ES4-L2 METHANOL Page 31/32

Route of exposure	Acute effects (local)	Acute effects (systemic)	Chronic effects (local)	Chronic effects (systemic)
Oral				
Dermal		20 mg/kg bw/d		20 mg/kg bw/day
Inhalation	130 mg/m ³	130 mg/m ³	130 mg/m ³	130 mg/m ³

Process category(ies)	Exposure route	Predicted exposure level	Risk characterization ratio (RCR)
PROC10 - Roller application or brushing	Worker - dermal	0.284 mg/kg bw/d	0.014
Tree to train application of brushing	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	33.4 mg/m ³	0.257
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic	5.04 mg/kg bw/d	0.27
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	66.75 mg/m ³	0.514
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic	9.811 mg/kg bw/d	0.527
PROC15 - Use as laboratory reagent	Worker - dermal	0.068 mg/kg bw/d	< 0.01
	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	13.35 mg/m ³	0.102
	Worker - combined, long-term - systemic	1.98 mg/kg bw/d	0.106
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	26.7 mg/m ³	0.205
	Worker - combined, short-term - systemic	3.88 mg/kg bw/d	0.209

Calculation method

Used ECETOC TRA model, Used Stoffenmanager model

Remarks

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk management measures/operational conditions outlined in section 2 are implemented

Section 4 - Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario

Used ECETOC TRA model

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html)

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the applicable exposure limits (given in section 8 of the SDS) when the operational conditions/risk management measures given in section 2 are implemented ECHA guidance for downstream users

ES4-L2 METHANOL Page 32 / 32