

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Creation Date 01-Sep-2009 Revision Date 29-Sep-2023 Revision Number 19

# SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: <u>Isopropanol</u>

Cat No.: 327270000; 327270010; 327272500

Synonyms 2-Propanol; IPA; Isopropyl alcohol; Propan-2-ol; Isopropanol

 Index No
 603-117-00-0

 CAS No
 67-63-0

 EC No
 200-661-7

 Molecular Formula
 C3 H8 O

REACH registration number 01-2119457558-25

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Recommended Use**Laboratory chemicals.

Sector of use SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

Product category PC21 - Laboratory chemicals

**Process categories** PROC15 - Use as a laboratory reagent

**Environmental release category** ERC6a - Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates)

Uses advised against No Information available

## 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

EU entity/business name

Thermo Fisher Scientific

Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a, 2440 Geel, Belgium

UK entity/business name

Fisher Scientific UK Bishop Meadow Road,

bishop weadow Road,

Loughborough, Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom

Swiss distributor - Fisher Scientific AG Neuhofstrasse 11, CH 4153 Reinach

Tel: +41 (0) 56 618 41 11

e-mail - infoch@thermofisher.com

**E-mail address** begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information **US** call: 001-800-227-6701 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No.**US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

customers in Switzerland:

Tox Info Suisse Emergency Number: 145 (24hr)

Tox Info Suisse: +41-44 251 51 51 (Emergency number from abroad)

Chemtrec (24h) Toll-Free: 0800 564 402 Chemtrec Local: +41-43 508 20 11 (Zurich)

Revision Date 29-Sep-2023

## **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

## **Physical hazards**

Flammable liquids Category 2 (H225)

#### **Health hazards**

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2 (H319)
Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure) Category 3 (H336)

#### **Environmental hazards**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

#### 2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Danger

#### **Hazard Statements**

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

#### **Precautionary Statements**

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P240 - Ground and bond container and receiving equipment

P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

## 2.3. Other hazards

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB)

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

Isopropanol Revision Date 29-Sep-2023

## **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

## 3.1. Substances

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	200-661-7	>95	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225)
				Eye Irrit. 2 (H319)
				STOT SE 3 (H336)

REACH registration number	01-2119457558-25
---------------------------	------------------

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

## **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur.

**Ingestion** Do NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention.

**Inhalation** Remove to fresh air. Get medical attention. If not breathing, give artificial respiration.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Difficulty in breathing. May cause central nervous system depression: Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

## 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Notes to Physician** Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

## **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

## 5.1. Extinguishing media

## **Suitable Extinguishing Media**

CO<sub>2</sub>, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

## Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

Do not use water jetstream. Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable. Risk of ignition. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated.

#### **Hazardous Combustion Products**

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2), peroxides.

## 5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

## **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Remove all sources of ignition. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

## **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded.

#### **Hygiene Measures**

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Flammables area. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

Class 3

Switzerland - Storage of hazardous substances

Storage class - SC 3

https://www.kvu.ch/de/themen/stoffe-und-produkte https://www.kvu.ch/fr/themes/substances-et-produits https://www.kvu.ch/it/temi/sostanze-e-prodotti

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

\_\_\_\_\_

Revision Date 29-Sep-2023

Use in laboratories

## **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

## 8.1. Control parameters

#### **Exposure limits**

List source(s): **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Forth edition. Published 2020. **IRE** - 2010 Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations 2001. Published by the Health and Safety Authority. **CF** - The Government of Switzerland has set a directive on limit values for working materials (Grenzwerte am Arbeitsplatz) which is based on the Swiss Federal Regulation "Verordnung über die Verhütung von Unfällen und Berufskrankheiten". This directive is administered, periodically revised and enforced by SUVA (Swiss National Accident Insurance Fund).

Component	European Union	The United Kingdom	France	Belgium	Spain
Isopropyl alcohol		STEL: 500 ppm 15 min	STEL / VLCT: 400 ppm.	TWA: 200 ppm 8 uren	STEL / VLA-EC: 400
		STEL: 1250 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15	STEL / VLCT: 980	TWA: 500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 uren	ppm (15 minutos).
		min	mg/m³.	STEL: 400 ppm 15	STEL / VLA-EC: 1000
		TWA: 400 ppm 8 hr		minuten	mg/m³ (15 minutos).
		TWA: 999 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr		STEL: 1000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15	TWA / VLA-ED: 200
				minuten	ppm (8 horas)
					TWA / VLA-ED: 500
					mg/m³ (8 horas)

Component	Italy	Germany	Portugal	The Netherlands	Finland
Isopropyl alcohol		TWA: 200 ppm (8	STEL: 400 ppm 15		TWA: 200 ppm 8
		Stunden). AGW -	minutos		tunteina
		exposure factor 2	TWA: 200 ppm 8 horas		TWA: 500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8
		TWA: 500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8			tunteina
		Stunden). AGW -			STEL: 250 ppm 15
		exposure factor 2			minuutteina
		TWA: 200 ppm (8			STEL: 620 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15
		Stunden). MAK			minuutteina
		TWA: 500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8			
		Stunden). MAK			
		Höhepunkt: 400 ppm			
		Höhepunkt: 1000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			

Component	Austria	Denmark	Switzerland	Poland	Norway
Isopropyl alcohol	MAK-KZGW: 800 ppm	TWA: 200 ppm 8 timer	STEL: 400 ppm 15	STEL: 1200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15	TWA: 100 ppm 8 timer
	15 Minuten	TWA: 490 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 timer	Minuten	minutach	TWA: 245 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 timer
	MAK-KZGW: 2000	STEL: 400 ppm 15	STEL: 1000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15	TWA: 900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8	STEL: 150 ppm 15
	mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 Minuten	minutter	Minuten	godzinach	minutter. value
	MAK-TMW: 200 ppm 8	STEL: 980 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15	TWA: 200 ppm 8		calculated
	Stunden	minutter	Stunden		STEL: 306.25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15
	MAK-TMW: 500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		TWA: 500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8		minutter. value
	8 Stunden		Stunden		calculated

Component	Bulgaria	Croatia	Ireland	Cyprus	Czech Republic
Isopropyl alcohol	TWA: 980.0 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA-GVI: 400 ppm 8	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hr.		TWA: 500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8
	STEL: 1225.0 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	satima.	STEL: 400 ppm 15 min		hodinách.
		TWA-GVI: 999 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8	Skin		Potential for cutaneous
		satima.			absorption
		STEL-KGVI: 500 ppm			Ceiling: 1000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		15 minutama.			
		STEL-KGVI: 1250			
		mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutama.			

Component	Estonia	Gibraltar	Greece	Hungary	Iceland
Isopropyl alcohol	TWA: 150 ppm 8 tundides. TWA: 350 mg/m³ 8 tundides. STEL: 250 ppm 15	J.D. unui	STEL: 500 ppm STEL: 1225 mg/m³ TWA: 400 ppm TWA: 980 mg/m³	STEL: 1000 mg/m³ 15 percekben. CK TWA: 500 mg/m³ 8 órában. AK lehetséges borön	TWA: 200 ppm 8 klukkustundum. TWA: 490 mg/m³ 8 klukkustundum. Skin notation
	minutites. STEL: 600 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutites.			keresztüli felszívódás	Ceiling: 400 ppm Ceiling: 980 mg/m³

\_\_\_\_\_

## Isopropanol

Component	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg	Malta	Romania
Isopropyl alcohol	STEL: 600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 150 ppm IPRD			TWA: 81 ppm 8 ore
	TWA: 350 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 350 mg/m <sup>3</sup> IPRD			TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 ore
		STEL: 250 ppm			STEL: 203 ppm 15
		STEL: 600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			minute
					STEL: 500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15
					minute

Component	Russia	Slovak Republic	Slovenia	Sweden	Turkey
Isopropyl alcohol	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 1761	Ceiling: 1000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 200 ppm 8 urah	Indicative STEL: 250	
	MAC: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 200 ppm	TWA: 500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 urah	ppm 15 minuter	
		TWA: 500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL: 400 ppm 15	Indicative STEL: 600	
		_	minutah	mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minuter	
			STEL: 1000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15	TLV: 150 ppm 8 timmar.	
			minutah	NGV	
				TLV: 350 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8	
				timmar. NGV	

## **Biological limit values**

List source(s):

Component	European Union	United Kingdom	France	Spain	Germany
Isopropyl alcohol				Acetone: 40 mg/L urine	Acetone: 25 mg/L whole
				end of workweek	blood (end of shift)
					Acetone: 25 mg/L urine
					(end of shift)

Component	Italy	Finland	Denmark	Bulgaria	Romania
Isopropyl alcohol					Acetone: 50 mg/L urine
					end of shift

#### **Monitoring methods**

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.

MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours

MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

## Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

Component	Acute effects local (Dermal)	Acute effects systemic (Dermal)	Chronic effects local (Dermal)	Chronic effects systemic (Dermal)
Isopropyl alcohol				DNEL = 888mg/kg
67-63-0 ( >95 )				bw/day

Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)
Isopropyl alcohol				$DNEL = 500mg/m^3$
67-63-0 ( >95 )				

#### **Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)**

According to our experience and to the information provided to us, the product does not have any harmful effects if it is used and handled as specified. See values below.

ACR32727

#### Isopropanol

Component	Fresh water	Fresh water sediment		Microorganisms in sewage treatment	
Isopropyl alcohol	PNEC = 140.9mg/L	PNEC = 552mg/kg	PNEC = 140.9mg/L	PNEC = 2251mg/L	PNEC = 28mg/kg
67-63-0 ( >95 )		sediment dw	-		soil dw

ſ	Component	Marine water	Marine water sediment	Marine water Intermittent	Food chain	Air
ſ	Isopropyl alcohol 67-63-0 ( >95 )	PNEC = 140.9mg/L			PNEC = 160mg/kg food	
L	67-63-0 (>95)		sediment dw		1000	

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### **Engineering Measures**

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

## Personal protective equipment

**Eye Protection** Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

ſ	Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
- [	Butyl rubber	> 480 minutes	0.5 mm	EN 374	Permeation rate < 0.9 µg/cm2/min
	Nitrile rubber	> 360 - 480 minutes	0.35 - 0.55 mm		As tested under EN374-3 Determination of
					Resistance to Permeation by Chemicals
İ	Viton (R)	> 480 minutes	0.4 mm		·
	Neoprène	< 40 minutes	0.7 mm		

Skin and body protection

Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Inspect gloves before use. observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information) gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion. gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

**Respiratory Protection** When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to

EN14387

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN 141

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

**Environmental exposure controls** No information available.

## **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

ACR32727

Isopropanol Revision Date 29-Sep-2023

Physical State Liquid

Appearance Colorless
Odor Alcohol-like
Odor Threshold No data available
Melting Point/Range -89.5 °C / -129.1 °F
Softening Point No data available

Boiling Point/Range 81 - 83 °C / 177.8 - 181.4 °F @ 760 mmHg
Flammability (liquid) Highly flammable On basis of test data
Flammability (solid.gas) Not applicable Liquid

Flammability (solid,gas)

Not applicable

Explosion Limits

Not applicable

Lower 2 Vol%

Upper 12 Vol%

Flash Point 12 °C / 53.6 °F Method - Abel Closed Cup (BS 2000 Part 170, IP

170, AS/NZS 2106)

ASTM E-659

1% ag. sol

**Autoignition Temperature**425 °C / 797 °F **Decomposition Temperature**425 °C / 797 °F

No data available

н 7

Viscosity 2.27 mPa.s at 20 °C

Water Solubility Miscible

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Componentlog PowIsopropyl alcohol0.05

Vapor Pressure 43 mmHg @ 20 °C

Particle characteristics Not applicable (liquid)

9.2. Other information

Molecular Formula C3 H8 O Molecular Weight 60.1

**VOC Content(%)** 100% (Organic Carbon (by mass) = 59.9 %) (EC/1999/13)

Explosive Properties Not explosive explosive air/vapour mixtures possible Vapors may form explosive mixtures

with air

**Evaporation Rate** 1.7 - ASTM D 3539 (Butyl acetate = 1.0)

**Thermal conductivity**0.137 W/m °C at 20 °C / 68 °F **Refractive index**0.137 W/m °C at 20 °C / 68 °F

1.377 at 20 °C / 68 °F (ASTM D-1218)

**Surface tension** 22.7 mN/m at 20 °C / 68 °F

Coefficient of expansion 0.0009 / °C

Specific heat capacity 3 kJ/kg °C at 20 °C / 68 °F Dielectric constant 18.6 at 20 °C / 68 °F

Heat of vapourisation 665 J/g

**SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY** 

10.1. Reactivity

None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Isopropanol Revision Date 29-Sep-2023

Heat, flames and sparks. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of

ianition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Acids. Halogens. Acid anhydrides.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). peroxides.

## **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### **Product Information**

(a) acute toxicity;

Oral Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met **Dermal** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Inhalation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Isopropyl alcohol	5045 mg/kg (Rat)	12800 mg/kg (Rat)	72.6 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
	3600 mg/kg (Mouse)		

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met (b) skin corrosion/irritation;

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 2

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Respiratory Skin

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met (e) germ cell mutagenicity;

(f) carcinogenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met (g) reproductive toxicity;

Category 3 (h) STOT-single exposure;

Central nervous system (CNS). Results / Target organs

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met (i) STOT-repeated exposure:

None known. **Target Organs** 

delayed

(j) aspiration hazard; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Symptoms / effects, both acute and May cause central nervous system depression. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may

cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

Isopropanol Revision Date 29-Sep-2023

#### 11.2. Information on other hazards

**Endocrine Disrupting Properties** 

Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

## **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

12.1. Toxicity

**Ecotoxicity effects** . Do not empty into drains.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
Isopropyl alcohol	LC50: = 9640 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Pimephales promelas) LC50: > 1400000 μg/L, 96h (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: = 11130 mg/L, 96h static (Pimephales promelas) LC50: = 10000000 μg/L, 96h (Daphnia)	13299 mg/L EC50 = 48 h 9714 mg/L EC50 = 24 h	EC50: > 1000 mg/L, 72h (Desmodesmus subspicatus) EC50: > 1000 mg/L, 96h (Desmodesmus subspicatus)

Component	Microtox	M-Factor
Isopropyl alcohol	= 35390 mg/L EC50 Photobacterium phosphoreum 5 min	
	311111	

12.2. Persistence and degradability Expected to be biodegradable

**Persistence** 

Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Isopropyl alcohol	0.05	No data available

The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all 12.4. Mobility in soil

surfaces Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility. Disperses rapidly in

22.7 mN/m at 20 °C / 68 °F Surface tension

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent

and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

12.6. Endocrine disrupting

properties

**Endocrine Disruptor Information** 

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

12.7. Other adverse effects

**Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential** 

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

## **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Isopropanol Revision Date 29-Sep-2023

Waste from Residues/Unused

**Products** 

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives

on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

**Contaminated Packaging** Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers

retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and

empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

European Waste Catalogue (EWC) According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but

application specific.

Other Information Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product

was used. Do not flush to sewer. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with

local regulations.

Switzerland - Waste Ordinance Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations. Ordinance on the Avoidance and the Disposal of Waste (Waste Ordinance,

ADWO) SR 814.600

https://www.fedlex.admin.ch/eli/cc/2015/891/en

## **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### IMDG/IMO

**14.1. UN number** UN1219

**14.2. UN proper shipping name** Isopropanol (Isopropyl alcohol)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 14.4. Packing group II

#### ADR

**14.1. UN number** UN1219

**14.2. UN proper shipping name** Isopropanol (Isopropyl alcohol)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 14.4. Packing group II

## <u>IATA</u>

14.1. UN numberUN121914.2. UN proper shipping nameIsopropanol

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 14.4. Packing group II

14.5. Environmental hazards No hazards identified

14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable, packaged goods

## **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

## International Inventories

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

\_\_\_\_\_

## Isopropanol

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	200-661-7		-	Х	X	KE-29363	Χ	X
Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA In notific Active-	•	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	Х	ACT	IVE	Х	-	Х	Х	Х

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

#### Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization		REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	-	Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	

#### **REACH links**

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

#### Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) -	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) -
		Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident	Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report
		Notification	Requirements
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	Not applicable	Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)? Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

#### **National Regulations**

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

WGK Classification See table for values

Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Isopropyl alcohol	WGK1	

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)
Isopropyl alcohol	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84

## **Swiss Regulations**

Article 4 para. 4 of the Ordinance on the protection of young people in the workplace (SR 822.115) and Article 1 lit. f of the EAER regulation on hazardous work and young people (SR 822.115.2).

Isopropanol Revision Date 29-Sep-2023

Take note on Article 13 Maternity Ordinance (SR 822.111.52) with regards expectant and nursing mothers.

Component	Switzerland - Ordinance on the Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR 814.81)	Switzerland - Ordinance on Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC)	Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure
Isopropyl alcohol 67-63-0 ( >95 )		Group I	

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment/Report (CSA/CSR) has been conducted by the manufacturer/importer

## **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

#### Legend

**CAS** - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b)

Inventory

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic

Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

**IECSC** - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances **KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

Substances List

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

**ACGIH** - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

**DNEL** - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment

**LC50** - Lethal Concentration 50%

**NOEC** - No Observed Effect Concentration **PBT** - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%

**POW** - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water **vPvB** - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road

**IMO/IMDG** - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

**BCF** - Bioconcentration factor

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

**MARPOL** - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

VOC - (volatile organic compound)

## Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

#### **Training Advice**

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts.

Creation Date01-Sep-2009Revision Date29-Sep-2023Revision SummaryNot applicable.

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006.

Revision Date 29-Sep-2023

# COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

For Switzerland - Compiled in accordance with the technical provisions referred to in Annex 2, Number 3, ChemO (SR 813.11 - Ordinance on Protection against Dangerous Substances and Preparations).

#### **Disclaimer**

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

**End of Safety Data Sheet**