

Australian statement of hazardous nature: Classified as hazardous according to criteria of Safe Work Australia

Section 1 - Identification

Product Name <u>Antimony(III) oxide</u>

CAS No 1309-64-4

Synonyms Antimony trioxide

Product Code S55596

Address ThermoFisher Scientific Australia Pty Ltd

5 Caribbean Drive, Scoresby VICTORIA 3179, Australia

Emergency Tel. CHEMTREC®

03 9757 4559 or +613 9757 4559

Telephone / Fax Numbers Tel: 1300 735 292

Fax: 1800 067 639

E-mail address ANZinfo@thermofisher.com

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Uses advised against This product does not contain any substance(s) on the Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents list.

This product does not contain any substance(s) subject to Prohibition, Authorization or Restriction. This product contains one or more substance(s) listed on the voluntary

National Code of Practice for Chemicals of Security Concern.

Section 2 - Hazard(s) Identification

Classification under Safe Work Australia

Classified as hazardous according to criteria of Safe Work Australia

Physical hazards

No hazards identified

Health hazards

Carcinogenicity Category 2

Environmental hazards

No hazards identified

Label Elements



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Signal Word Warning

Hazard Statements

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer

Precautionary Statements

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

Other information

No information available

Section 3 - Composition and Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS No	Weight %
Lead monoxide	1317-36-8	<0.1
Arsenic trioxide	1327-53-3	<0.1

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation persists,

call a physician.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention.

General Advice If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

First Aid Facilities Eyewash, safety shower and washroom.

Most important symptoms and

effects

None reasonably foreseeable.

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically.

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

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No information available.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Antimony oxide.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire fighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

Emergency procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid dust formation.

Environmental Precautions

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Should not be released into the environment. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.

Methods for Containment and Clean Up

Clean-up methods - small spillage

Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

Clean-up methods - large spillage

Typically only supplied is small quantiites as packaged goods.

If extremely toxic or used in larger quantities ensure a spillage action plan is in place. Evacuate area. Control the source and/or contain the spill if safe and able to do so. Use temporary diking, sand bags, dry sand, earth or proprietary booms/absorbent pads if available. Obtain advice on containment, neutralisation and clean-up from local emergency responders.

Reference to Other Sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Precautions for Safe Handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid dust formation. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation.

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including any Incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

AS/NZS 2243.10:2004, Safety in laboratories - Storage of chemicals

Section 8 - Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

Exposure limits

AUS - Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment - Guidance Note on the Interpretation of Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment [NOHSC:3008(1995)] Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment [NOHSC:1003(1995)] updated in August, 2005. Safe Work Australia ACGIH - Threshold Limit Values - Ceiling (TLV-C) guidelines by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) for controlling worker exposure to airborne chemical concentrations in the workplace. UK - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Fourth edition. Published 2020. DE - MAK and BAT values of Hazardous Chemical Compounds in the Work Area. Published by German Research Foundation on July 1, 2011

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Component	Australia	New Zealand WEL	ACGIH TLV	The United Kingdom	Germany
Lead monoxide	TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³		TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³	STEL: 0.45 mg/m ³ 15	
				min	
				TWA: 0.15 mg/m ³ 8 hr	
Arsenic trioxide	TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³		TWA: 0.01 mg/m ³	STEL: 0.3 mg/m3 15 min	Haut
	_			TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ 8 hr	
				Carc. except Arsine	

Biological limit values

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

Exposure Controls

Engineering Measures

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use only under a chemical fume hood.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles) (Australian/New Zealand Standard

AS/NZS 1337 - Eye protectors for Industrial applications)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	AUS/NZ Standard	Glove comments
Neoprene	See manufacturers	-	AS/NZS 2161	(minimum requirement)
	recommendations			

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Skin and body protection Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure

Repiratory Protection Use an AS/NZS 1716 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or

other symptoms are experienced. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained in line with AS/NZS 1715 on the use

and maintenance of repiratory protective devices

Recommended Filter type: Particulates filter conforming to EN 143 (or AUS/NZ equivalent)

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405 or Half mask: EN140 plus filter, EN 141 (or AUS/NZ equivalent)

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Environmental exposure controls Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water

system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

AppearanceWhitePhysical StatePowder Solid

Odorless Odorless

Odor Threshold No data available

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@ 760 mmHg

Solid

Solid

pH No information available Melting Point/Range 656 °C / 1212.8 °F

Melting Point/Range 656 °C / 1212.8 °F
Softening Point No data available
Boiling Point/Range 1550 °C / 2822 °F

Flash Point No information available

Evaporation Rate

No information available

Not applicable

Solid

Evaporation Rate Not applicable Flammability (solid,gas) No information available

Explosion Limits No data available

Vapor Pressure1.3 hPa @ 574 °CVapor DensityNot applicable

Vapor Density
Specific Gravity / Density
Bulk Density
Water Solubility
No data available
Insoluble in water

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Componentlog PowArsenic trioxide18.1

Autoignition Temperature
Decomposition Temperature
Viscosity

No data available
No data available
Not applicable

Explosive Properties No information available Oxidizing Properties No information available

Other information

Molecular FormulaO3 Sb2Molecular Weight291.42

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity None known, based on information available

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Avoid dust formation, Incompatible products, Excess heat.

Incompatible Materials Strong acids, Strong bases, Reducing Agent, Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products Antimony oxide.

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

Information on Toxicological Effects

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

OralBased on available data, the classification criteria are not metDermalBased on available data, the classification criteria are not metInhalationBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Lead monoxide	LD50 > 10000 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 > 2000 mg/kg (Rat)	LC50 > 5.05 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
Arsenic trioxide	LD50 = 20 mg/kg (Rat)		

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; No data available

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(c) serious eye damage/irritation; No data available

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory No data available Skin No data available

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; No data available

(f) carcinogenicity; Category 2

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

Component	Australia	New Zealand	New South Wales	Western Australia	IARC	EU	UK	Germany
Lead monoxide					Group 2A			
Arsenic trioxide					Group 1	Carc Cat. 1A		Cat. 1

(g) reproductive toxicity; No data available

(h) STOT-single exposure; No data available

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; No data available

Target Organs None known.

(j) aspiration hazard; Not applicable

Solid

Symptoms / effects,both acute and No information available delayed

Section 12 - Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity effects

Contains a substance which is:. Very toxic to aquatic organisms. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment. May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae	Microtox
Lead monoxide	Pimephales promelas:	EC50=0.13 mg/L 48h		
	LC50=0.3 mg/L 96h			
Arsenic trioxide	LC50: 18.8 - 21.4 mg/L,	EC50 = 0.038 mg/L 24h		EC50 = 31.43 mg/L 60
	96h flow-through	EC50 = 0.96 mg/L 96h		min
	(Oncorhynchus mykiss)	EC50 = 0.038 mg/L 24h		EC50 = 33.39 mg/L 30
	LC50: > 1000 mg/L, 96h			min
	static (Oncorhynchus			EC50 = 43.56 mg/L 15
	mykiss)			min
	LC50: = 135 mg/L, 96h			EC50 = 73.73 mg/L 5
	(Pimephales promelas)			min

Persistence and Degradability Product contains heavy metals. Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Special

pre-treatment is necessary based on information available, May persist, Insoluble in water.

Persistence
Degradation in sewage
treatment plant
Bioaccumulative Potential

Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants.

May have some potential to bioaccumulate Product has a high potential to bioconcentrate

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Arsenic trioxide	18.1	80 - 236 dimensionless

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Mobility The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems. Spillage unlikely to

penetrate soil. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility: Is not likely mobile in the environment due its low water solubility. Highly mobile in soils

Endocrine Disruptor Information This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

Persistent Organic Pollutant

Ozone Depletion Potential

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance
This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Waste from Residues/Unused

Do not allow into drains or watercourses or dispose of where ground or surface waters may be affected. Wastes, including emptied containers, are controlled wastes and should be

be affected. Wastes, including emptied containers, are controlled wastes and should be disposed of in accordance with all federal, E.P.A., state and local regulations. Assure

conformity with all applicable regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point.

Other Information Chemical wastes should be disposed through a licensed commercial waste collection

service. Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the

application for which the product was used. Do not empty into drains.

Section 14 - Transport Information

IMDG/IMO Not regulated

ADG Not regulated

Component	Hazchem Code
Arsenic trioxide	2X
1327-53-3 (<0.1)	

IATA Not regulated

Environmental hazards No hazards identified

Special Precautions No special precautions required

Additional information None known

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National Regulations Australia

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters.

Component	Health Surveillance
Lead monoxide	Listed
1317-36-8 (<0.1)	Demographic, medical and occupational history
	Physical examination
	Biological monitoring
Arsenic trioxide	Listed
1327-53-3 (<0.1)	Demographic, medical and occupational history
	Physical examination with emphasis on the peripheral nervous
	system and skin
	Records of personal exposure

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Urinary inorganic Arsenic

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

Classified as a scheduled poison according to the Standard for Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.

Component	Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons
Lead monoxide - 1317-36-8	Schedule 6 listed - except: [a] when included in Schedule 4, [b] in paints, tinters, inks or ink additives,
	[c] in preparations for cosmetic use containing <=100 mg/kg of Lead, [d] in pencil cores, finger colours,
	showcard colours, pastels, crayons, poster paints/colours or coloured chalks containing <=100 mg/kg
	of Lead, or [e] in ceramic glazes when labelled with the warnings statement: CAUTION - Harmful if
	swallowed. Do not use on surfaces which contact food or drink, written in letters >=1.5 mm in height
	Schedule 10 listed

Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)

Component	Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)	Additional information
Lead monoxide - 1317-36-8	Present	Conditions of introduction or use: Must not be imported or manufactured for use in any industrial surface coating or as a component of industrial surface coatings at concentrations >0.1%. Must not be imported or manufactured for use in any ink or as a component of inks at concentrations >0.1%, when intended for industrial uses.;Specific information requirement: Obligations to provide information apply. You must tell us within 28 days if the circumstances of your importation or manufacture (introduction) are different to those in our assessment.
Arsenic trioxide - 1327-53-3	Present	-

Australian - Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents Substance List

This product does not contain any substance(s) on the Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents list.

Chemicals of Security Concern

This product contains one or more substance(s) listed on the voluntary National Code of Practice for Chemicals of Security Concern

Component	Australian - Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents Substance List	Chemicals of Security Concern
Arsenic trioxide - 1327-53-3		Listed in Appendix A

Legend

Chemicals of Security Concern - for further information see http://www.chemicalsecurity.gov.au/security.concerns

National pollutant inventory Not applicable

Prohibition or notification/licensing requirements

Shown below are details of specific prohibition/notifications or licencing requirements when they apply.

This product does not contain any substance(s) subject to Prohibition, Authorization or Restriction.

International Inventories

Component	AICS	NZIoC	EINECS	ELINCS	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	PICCS	ENCS	ISHL	IECSC	KECL
Lead monoxide	X	X	215-267-0	-	X	Х	-	Χ	Х	Х	Х	KE-21926
Arsenic trioxide	X	X	215-481-4	-	X	Х	-	Χ	Х	Х	Х	KE-09858

Legend: X - Listed. '-' - Not Listed. KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

International Regulations

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Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

Persistent Organic Pollutant This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

Rotterdam Convention (PIC) Not applicable

Basel convention on the control of transboundary movements of hazardous wastes and their dispoal

Take note that wastes may be subject to export, import, or transit controls pursuant to the Basel convention and/or local regulations implementing the Basel convention.

Component	Basel Convention (Hazardous Waste)	Australian Hazardous Waste Act - Categories of Wastes to Be Controlled
Lead monoxide - 1317-36-8	Annex I - Y31	Y31
Arsenic trioxide - 1327-53-3	Annex I - Y24	Y24

Component	CAS No	OECD HPV	Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS)	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements
Lead monoxide	1317-36-8	Listed	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Arsenic trioxide	1327-53-3	Listed	Not applicable	Not applicable	0.1 tonne

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous	REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate
	Authorization	Substances	List of Substances of Very High
			Concern (SVHC)
Lead monoxide	-	Use restricted. See item 30.	SVHC Candidate list - Toxic for
		(see link for restriction details)	reproduction (Article 57 c)
		Use restricted. See item 63.	
		(see link for restriction details)	
		Use restricted. See item 75.	
		(see link for restriction details)	
Arsenic trioxide	Carcinogenic Category 1A, Article 57	Use restricted. See item 72.	SVHC Candidate list - 215-481-4 -
	Application date: November 21, 2013	(see link for restriction details)	Carcinogenic, Article 57a
	Sunset date: May 21, 2015	Use restricted. See item 28.	
	Exemption - None	(see link for restriction details)	
		Use restricted. See item 75.	
		(see link for restriction details) Use	
		restricted. See item 19.	
		(see link for restriction details)	

After the sunset date the use of this substance requires either an authorization or can only be used for exempted uses, e.g. use in scientific research and development which includes routine analytics or use as intermediate.

https://echa.europa.eu/authorisation-list

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

https://echa.europa.eu/candidate-list-table

Section 16 - Other Information

Legend

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory **NZIOC** - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals **EINECS/ELINCS** - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

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DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

NZS 5433:2012 - Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%
WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit
DNEL - Derived No Effect Level
POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

ADG Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Chemical incident response training.

Revision Date 20-Nov-2022

Revision Summary SDS sections updated.

This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is prepared in accordance to and complies with the requirements of Safe Work Australia - Work Health and Safety Regulations (WHS Regulations).

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet

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