

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Creation Date 19-Sep-2014 Revision Date 02-Feb-2024 Revision Number 4

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: Furan Cat No.: Eugana L03736

Synonyms Divinylene oxide; Furfuran; Oxacyclopentadiene

 Index No
 603-105-00-5

 CAS No
 110-00-9

 EC No
 203-727-3

 Molecular Formula
 C4 H4 O

REACH registration number -

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against No Information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Thermo Fisher (Kandel) GmbH

Erlenbachweg 2, 76870 Kandel, Germany

Tel: +49 (0) 721 84007 280 Fax: +49 (0) 721 84007 300

Swiss distributor - Fisher Scientific AG Neuhofstrasse 11, CH 4153 Reinach

Tel: +41 (0) 56 618 41 11

https://www.fishersci.ch/ch/en/customer-help-

support/forms/email-us.html

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information **US** call: 001-800-227-6701 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No.**US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

customers in Switzerland:

Tox Info Suisse Emergency Number: 145 (24hr)

Tox Info Suisse: +41-44 251 51 51 (Emergency number from abroad)

Chemtrec (24h) Toll-Free: 0800 564 402 Chemtrec Local: +41-43 508 20 11 (Zurich)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

ALFAAL03736

CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Physical hazards

Flammable liquids Category 1 (H224)

Health hazards

Acute oral toxicity

Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Carcinogenicity

Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure)

Category 4 (H302)

Category 4 (H332)

Category 2 (H315)

Category 2 (H315)

Category 2 (H341)

Category 1B (H350)

Category 2 (H373)

Environmental hazards

Chronic aquatic toxicity Category 3 (H412)

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H224 - Extremely flammable liquid and vapor

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H341 - Suspected of causing genetic defects

H350 - May cause cancer

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

H302 + H332 - Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled

EUH019 - May form explosive peroxides

Precautionary Statements

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell

P264 - Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Additional EU labelling

Restricted to professional users

2.3. Other hazards

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates Contains a known or suspected endocrine disruptor Contains a substance on the National Authorities Endocrine Disruptor Lists

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances

3.2. Mixtures

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Furan	110-00-9	EEC No. 203-727-3	>99.9	Flam. Liq. 1 (H224) Acute Tox. 4 (H302) Acute Tox. 4 (H332) Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) Muta. 2 (H341) Carc. 1B (H350) STOT RE 2 (H373) Aquatic Chronic 3 (H412) (EUH019)
Phenol, 2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-methyl-	128-37-0	EEC No. 204-881-4	0.025-0.04	Aquatic Acute 1 (H400) Aquatic Chronic 1 (H410)

Component	Specific concentration limits (SCL's)	M-Factor	Component notes
Phenol, 2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-methyl-	-	1	-

REACH registration number	-

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is

required.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. In

the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical

advice.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical

attention is required.

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Do not use mouth-to-mouth

method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device.

Immediate medical attention is required.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

None reasonably foreseeable. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

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4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Extremely flammable. Risk of ignition. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. If peroxide formation is suspected, do not open or move container. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do

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not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Protect from direct sunlight. Flammables area. Keep under nitrogen. May form explosive peroxides on prolonged storage. Containers should be dated when opened and tested periodically for the presence of peroxides. Should crystals form in a peroxidizable liquid, peroxidation may have occurred and the product should be considered extremely dangerous. In this instance, the container should only be opened remotely by professionals.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

Class 3

Switzerland - Storage of hazardous substances

Storage class - SC 3 https://www.kvu.ch/de/themen/stoffe-und-produkte https://www.kvu.ch/fr/themes/substances-et-produits https://www.kvu.ch/it/temi/sostanze-e-prodotti

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Forth edition. Published 2020. **IRE** - 2010 Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations 2001. Published by the Health and Safety Authority. **CH** - The Government of Switzerland has set a directive on limit values for working materials (Grenzwerte am Arbeitsplatz) which is based on the Swiss Federal Regulation "Verordnung über die Verhütung von Unfällen und Berufskrankheiten". This directive is administered, periodically revised and enforced by SUVA (Swiss National Accident Insurance Fund).

Component	European Union	The United Kingdom	France	Belgium	Spain
Phenol,		STEL: 30 mg/m ³ 15 min	TWA / VME: 10 mg/m ³	TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 uren	TWA / VLA-ED: 10
2,6-bis(1,1-dimethyle		TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hr	(8 heures).	_	mg/m³ (8 horas)
thyl)-4-methyl-					

Component	Italy	Germany	Portugal	The Netherlands	Finland
Furan		TWA: 0.02 ppm (8 Stunden). AGW - exposure factor 2 TWA: 0.056 mg/m³ (8 Stunden). AGW - exposure factor 2 TWA: 0.02 ppm (8 Stunden). MAK TWA: 0.056 mg/m³ (8 Stunden). MAK TWA: 0.056 mg/m³ (8 Stunden). MAK Höhepunkt: 0.04 ppm Höhepunkt: 0.112 mg/m³ Haut			
Phenol, 2,6-bis(1,1-dimethyle thyl)-4-methyl-		TWA: 10 mg/m³ (8 Stunden). AGW - exposure factor 4 TWA: 10 mg/m³ (8 Stunden). MAK can occur as vapor and aerosol at the same time Höhepunkt: 40 mg/m³	TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 horas		TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 tunteina STEL: 20 mg/m³ 15 minuutteina

Component	Austria	Denmark	Switzerland	Poland	Norway
Furan			Haut/Peau	STEL: 0.1 mg/m ³ 15	
			STEL: 0.04 ppm 15	minutach	

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			Minuten STEL: 0.11 mg/m³ 15 Minuten TWA: 0.02 ppm 8 Stunden TWA: 0.06 mg/m³ 8 Stunden	TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 8 godzinach	
Phenol, 2,6-bis(1,1-dimethyle thyl)-4-methyl-	MAK-TMW: 10 mg/m ³ 8 Stunden	TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 timer STEL: 20 mg/m³ 15 minutter	STEL: 40 mg/m ³ 15 Minuten TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 Stunden		

Component	Bulgaria	Croatia	Ireland	Cyprus	Czech Republic
Furan	TWA: 0.5 mg/m ³				
Phenol, 2,6-bis(1,1-dimethyle thyl)-4-methyl-	TWA: 10 mg/m³ STEL : 50 mg/m³	TWA-GVI: 10 mg/m ³ 8 satima.	TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hr. STEL: 6 mg/m³ 15 min		

Component	Estonia	Gibraltar	Greece	Hungary	Iceland
Phenol,			TWA: 10 mg/m ³		TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8
2,6-bis(1,1-dimethyle			_		klukkustundum.
thyl)-4-methyl-					Ceiling: 20 mg/m ³

Component	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg	Malta	Romania
Furan	TWA: 0.5 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.5 mg/m³ IPRD Oda			

Component	Russia	Slovak Republic	Slovenia	Sweden	Turkey
Furan	TWA: 0.5 mg/m³ 2204 Skin notation				
Phenol, 2,6-bis(1,1-dimethyle thyl)-4-methyl-	MAC: 1.5 mg/m ³		TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 urah inhalable fraction STEL: 40 mg/m³ 15 minutah inhalable fraction		

Biological limit values

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.

MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours

MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

	Component	Acute effects local (Dermal)	Acute effects systemic (Dermal)	Chronic effects local (Dermal)	Chronic effects systemic (Dermal)
	Phenol,				DNEL = 0.5mg/kg
2	,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-met				bw/day
	hyl-				
L	128-37-0 (0.025-0.04)				

Component	t Acute effects loca	al Acute effects	Chronic effects local	Chronic effects

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	(Inhalation)	systemic (Inhalation)	(Inhalation)	systemic (Inhalation)
Phenol,				$DNEL = 3.5 mg/m^3$
2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-met				_
hyl-				
128-37-0 (0.025-0.04)				

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

See values below.

Component	Fresh water	Fresh water	Water Intermittent	Microorganisms in	Soil (Agriculture)
		sediment		sewage treatment	
Phenol,	PNEC = 0.199µg/L	PNEC = 99.6µg/kg	PNEC = 1.99µg/L	PNEC = 0.17mg/L	$PNEC = 47.69 \mu g/kg$
2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-		sediment dw			soil dw
4-methyl-					
128-37-0 (0.025-0.04)					

Component	Marine water	Marine water sediment	Marine water Intermittent	Food chain	Air
Phenol, 2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-	PNEC = 0.0199µg/L	PNEC = 9.96µg/kg sediment dw		PNEC = 8.33mg/kg food	
4-methyl- 128-37-0 (0.025-0.04)					

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Viton (R)	See manufacturers	-	EN 374	(minimum requirement)
	recommendations			

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing.

Inspect gloves before use, observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information) gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

riaitionio ariaor v	mon the product to	doca, cacir ac inc a	angor or oato,	abradioni giovoo	min care avoian	ig omi oomaniida
Respiratory F	Protection	When workers are	facing conce	ntrations above th	ne exposure limit	they must use

Respiratory Protection

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: low boiling organic solvent Type AX Brown conforming to

EN371

Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure Small scale/Laboratory use

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

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Environmental exposure controls Prevent product from entering drains.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid

Appearance Yellow

Petroleum distillates Odor **Odor Threshold** No data available **Melting Point/Range** -85.6 °C / -122.1 °F **Softening Point** No data available **Boiling Point/Range** 31.3 °C / 88.3 °F

Extremely flammable On basis of test data Flammability (liquid)

Not applicable Flammability (solid, gas) Liquid

Explosion Limits Lower 2.3

Upper 14.3

-35 °C / -31 °F **Flash Point** Method - No information available

390 °C / 734 °F **Autoignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature** No data available No information available pН No data available **Viscosity**

Water Solubility Soluble

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water) Component

log Pow Furan 1.34 Phenol, 5.1

2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-methyl-

Vapor Pressure 670 mbar @ 20 °C

Density / Specific Gravity 0.936

Liquid **Bulk Density** Not applicable **Vapor Density** (Air = 1.0)

Particle characteristics (liquid) Not applicable

9.2. Other information

C4 H4 O **Molecular Formula** 68.06 **Molecular Weight**

Explosive Properties Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability

May form explosive peroxides. Air sensitive. Light sensitive. Decomposes on exposure to

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Exposure to air.

Exposure to light. Incompatible products.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Acids.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

Oral Category 4

Dermal Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Inhalation Category 4

Toxicology data for the components

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Furan	-	-	LC50 = 3464 ppm (Rat) 1 h
Phenol, 2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-methyl-	> 6 g/kg (Rat)	> 2 g/kg (Rat)	-

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 2

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; No data available

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory No data available Skin No data available

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; Category 2

Possible risk of irreversible effects

(f) carcinogenicity; Category 1B

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

Component	EU	UK	Germany	IARC
Furan	Carc Cat. 1B			Group 2B

(g) reproductive toxicity; No data available

(h) STOT-single exposure; No data available

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Category 2

Target Organs Liver, Thymus, Reproductive System.

(j) aspiration hazard; No data available

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness,

tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

11.2. Information on other hazards

delayed

Endocrine Disrupting Properties Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health

Contains a substance on the National Authorities Endocrine Disruptor Lists

Component	EU National Authorities Endocrine Disruptor Lists - Health
Phenol, 2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-methyl- 128-37-0 (0.025-0.04)	List II

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity **Ecotoxicity effects**

This product contains the following substance(s) which are hazardous for the environment. Contains a substance which is:. Harmful to aquatic organisms. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment. Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
Furan	LC50: 57 - 66 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Pimephales promelas)		
Phenol, 2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-methyl-	LC50 = 0.199 mg/L 96h	EC50 >0.31 mg/L 48h	EC50 = 0.758 mg/L 96h EC50 = 6 mg/L 72 h

Component	Microtox	M-Factor
Phenol, 2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-methyl-	EC50 = 7.82 mg/L 5 min	1
	EC50 = 8.57 mg/L 15 min	
	EC50 = 8.98 mg/L 30 min	

12.2. Persistence and degradability Not readily biodegradable

Persistence

Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

Degradation in sewage

Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste

treatment plant

water treatment plants.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Furan	1.34	No data available
Phenol, 2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-methyl-	5.1	230 - 2500 dimensionless

12.4. Mobility in soil

The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility. Disperses rapidly in

air

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB <u>assessment</u>

No data available for assessment.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Endocrine Disruptor Information

12.7. Other adverse effects

Persistent Organic Pollutant This product does not contain any known or suspected substance **Ozone Depletion Potential** This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused

Products

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives

on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers

retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and

empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

European Waste Catalogue (EWC) According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but

application specific.

Other Information Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the

application for which the product was used. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. Do not let this chemical enter the environment. Do not

empty into drains.

Switzerland - Waste Ordinance Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations. Ordinance on the Avoidance and the Disposal of Waste (Waste Ordinance,

ADWO) SR 814.600

https://www.fedlex.admin.ch/eli/cc/2015/891/en

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

14.1. UN number	UN2389
14.2. UN proper shipping name	FURAN
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	3
14.4. Packing group	I

ADR

14.1. UN number	UN2389
14.2. UN proper shipping name	FURAN
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	3
14.4. Packing group	I

<u>IATA</u>

14.1. UN number	UN2389
14.2. UN proper shipping name	FURAN
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	3
14.4. Packing group	I

14.5. Environmental hazardsNo hazards identified

14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable, packaged goods

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

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China, X = listed, Australia, U.S.A. (TSCA), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), Australia (AICS), Korea (KECL), China (IECSC), Japan (ENCS), Philippines (PICCS), Taiwan (TCSI), Japan (ISHL), New Zealand (NZIoC), Japan (ISHL). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
Furan	110-00-9	203-727-3	ı	-	X	X	KE-17309	X	X
Phenol,	128-37-0	204-881-4	-	-	X	X	KE-03079	X	Х
2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-methyl									
-									

Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
Furan	110-00-9	X	ACTIVE	X	-	Х	X	X
Phenol, 2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-methyl -	128-37-0	Х	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	Х	Х

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Furan	110-00-9	-	Use restricted. See item 28. (see link for restriction details) Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	SVHC Candidate list - Carcinogenic (Article 57a)
Phenol, 2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-methyl-	128-37-0	-	-	-

After the sunset date the use of this substance requires either an authorization or can only be used for exempted uses, e.g. use in scientific research and development which includes routine analytics or use as intermediate.

REACH links

https://echa.europa.eu/authorisation-list https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

https://echa.europa.eu/candidate-list-table

Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements
Furan	110-00-9	Not applicable	Not applicable
Phenol, 2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4- methyl-	128-37-0	Not applicable	Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)? Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

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Take note of Dir 76/769/EEC relating to restrictions on the marketing and use of certain dangerous substances and preparations

National Regulations

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

WGK Classification

Water endangering class = 3 (self classification)

Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Furan	WGK3	Krebserzeugende Stoffe - Class I: 0.05 mg/m ³
		(Massenkonzentration)
Phenol,	WGK 2	
2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-meth		
yl-		

Swiss Regulations

Article 4 para. 4 of the Ordinance on the protection of young people in the workplace (SR 822.115) and Article 1 lit. f of the EAER regulation on hazardous work and young people (SR 822.115.2).

Take note on Article 13 Maternity Ordinance (SR 822.111.52) with regards expectant and nursing mothers.

Component	Switzerland - Ordinance on the Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR 814.81)	Switzerland - Ordinance on Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC)	Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure
Furan 110-00-9 (>99.9)	Prohibited and Restricted Substances		

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment/Reports (CSA/CSR) are not required for mixtures

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H332 - Harmful if inhaled

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H341 - Suspected of causing genetic defects

H350 - May cause cancer

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

EUH019 - May form explosive peroxides

H224 - Extremely flammable liquid and vapor

H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life

H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances **KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances Substances List

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

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Transport Association

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate **VOC** - (volatile organic compound)

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime

Dangerous Goods Code

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Physical hazards
Health Hazards
Calculation method
Environmental hazards
Cn basis of test data
Calculation method

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Chemical incident response training.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts.

Prepared By Health, Safety and Environmental Department

Creation Date 19-Sep-2014 Revision Date 02-Feb-2024

Revision Summary New emergency telephone response service provider.

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006. COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

For Switzerland - Compiled in accordance with the technical provisions referred to in Annex 2, Number 3, ChemO (SR 813.11 - Ordinance on Protection against Dangerous Substances and Preparations).

Disclaimer

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End of Safety Data Sheet