

## Section 1 - Identification

### Product Identifier

**Product Name** MacConkey Agar w/Sorbitol,MUG

**Recommended Use** Laboratory chemicals.  
**Uses advised against** No Information available

<b>Product Code</b>	<b>R01563</b>
<b>Address</b>	Thermo Fisher Scientific New Zealand Ltd 244 Bush Road, Albany, Auckland, New Zealand
<b>Emergency Tel.</b>	<b>CHEMTREC®</b> <b>09 980 6780 or +64 9 980 6780</b>
<b>Telephone / Fax Numbers</b>	Tel: 09 980 6700 Fax: 09 980 6788
<b>E-mail address</b>	<u>ANZinfo@thermofisher.com</u>

## Section 2 - Hazard(s) Identification

### Classification under Work Safe New Zealand

Not classified as hazardous according to criteria of EPA New Zealand

### GHS Classification

#### Physical hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

#### Health hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

#### Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

### Label Elements

None required

### **Other hazards which do not result in classification**

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

## Section 3 - Composition and Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS No	Weight %
Methyl alcohol	67-56-1	Trace
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	Trace
C.I. Basic violet 1	548-62-9	0.0001
Gelatins, hydrolyzates	68410-45-7	1.19
Diocetyl sodium sulfosuccinate	577-11-7	Trace
Yeast, ext.	8013-01-2	0.29
Sodium chloride	7647-14-5	0.38
D-Glucitol	50-70-4	0.97
Sodium carbonate	497-19-8	Trace
Caseins, hydrolyzates	65072-00-6	0.24
Agar	9002-18-0	1.11
2,8-Phenazinediamine, N8,N8,3-trimethyl-, monohydrochloride	553-24-2	Trace
Water	7732-18-5	95.23
.beta.-D-Glucopyranosiduronic acid, 4-methyl-2-oxo-2H-1-benzopyran-7-yl	6160-80-1	Trace
Peptones, connective tissue	102506-13-8	0.38

## Section 4 - First Aid Measures

### Description of first aid measures

<b>New Zealand Emergency Tel.</b>	CHEMTREC® 09 980 6780 or +64 9 980 6780
<b>Inhalation</b>	Remove to fresh air. Get medical attention immediately if symptoms occur.
<b>Eye Contact</b>	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.
<b>Skin Contact</b>	Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention immediately if symptoms occur.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
<b>Self-Protection of the First Aider</b>	No special precautions required.
<b>First Aid Facilities</b>	Eyewash, safety shower and washroom.
<b>Most important symptoms and effects</b>	None reasonably foreseeable. . Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation
<b>Notes to Physician</b>	Treat symptomatically.

## Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam.

### Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

### Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

**Hazardous Combustion Products**

None under normal use conditions.

**Special protective equipment and precautions for fire fighters**

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

## **Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures**

**Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures****Emergency procedures**

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required.

**Environmental Precautions**

Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

**Methods for Containment and Clean Up**

Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal. Provide adequate ventilation.

**Precautions to prevent secondary hazards**

Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations

**Reference to Other Sections**

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

## **Section 7 - Handling and Storage**

**Precautions for Safe Handling****Advice on safe handling**

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Avoid dust formation.

**Hygiene Measures**

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

**Conditions for Safe Storage, Including any Incompatibilities****Storage Conditions**

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

**Incompatible Materials**

None known.

AS/NZS 2243.10:2004, Safety in laboratories - Storage of chemicals

## **Section 8 - Exposure Controls and Personal Protection**

**Control parameters****Exposure limits**

**NZ** - Workplace Exposure Standards and Biological Exposure Indices (6th edition). New Zealand Department of Labor

**ACGIH** - Threshold Limit Values - Ceiling (TLV-C) guidelines by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) for controlling worker exposure to airborne chemical concentrations in the workplace.

**UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Fourth edition. Published 2020.

**AUS** - Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment - Guidance Note on the Interpretation of Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment [NOHSC:3008(1995)]

Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment [NOHSC:1003(1995)] updated in August, 2005. Safe Work Australia

Component	New Zealand WEL	Australia	ACGIH TLV	The United Kingdom
Methyl alcohol	TWA: 200 ppm TWA: 262 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 250 ppm STEL: 328 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Skin	STEL: 250 ppm STEL: 328 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA: 200 ppm TWA: 262 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 200 ppm STEL: 250 ppm Skin	WEL - TWA: 200 ppm TWA; 266 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA WEL - STEL: 250 ppm STEL; 333 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL
Ethyl alcohol	TWA: 1000 ppm TWA: 1880 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 1000 ppm TWA: 1880 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL: 1000 ppm	TWA: 1000 ppm TWA; 1920 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA WEL - STEL: 3000 ppm STEL; 5760 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL

#### Biological limit values

**NZ** - Substances assigned Biological Exposure Indices in the New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards and Biological Exposure Indices (6th edition). New Zealand Department of Labor

**ACGIH** - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) TLVs® and BEIs®- Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents & Biological Exposure Indices. 2022 Edition

Component	New Zealand	Australia	ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices	United Kingdom
Methyl alcohol	15 mg/L (urine) end of shift (Methyl alcohol)		15 mg/L Medium: urine Time: end of shift Determinant: Methanol	

#### Appropriate engineering controls

##### Engineering Measures

None under normal use conditions.

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

##### Eye Protection

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles) (Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337 - Eye protectors for Industrial applications)

##### Hand Protection

Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	AUS/NZ Standard	Glove comments
Disposable gloves.	See manufacturers recommendations	-	AS/NZS 2161	(minimum requirement)

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatibility, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

##### Skin and body protection

Long sleeved clothing

##### Respiratory Protection

Use an AS/NZS 1716 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained in line with AS/NZS 1715 on the use and maintenance of respiratory protective devices

##### Recommended Filter type:

Particle filter (or AUS/NZ equivalent)

##### Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

##### Environmental exposure controls

No information available.

## Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<b>Physical State</b>	Gel	
<b>Appearance</b>		
<b>Odor</b>	No information available	
<b>Odor Threshold</b>	No data available	
<b>pH</b>	No information available	4444
<b>Melting Point/Range</b>	No data available	
<b>Softening Point</b>	No data available	
<b>Boiling Point/Range</b>	No information available	
<b>Flammability (liquid)</b>	No data available	
<b>Flammability (solid,gas)</b>	No information available	
<b>Explosion Limits</b>	No data available	
<b>Flash Point</b>	No information available	<b>Method -</b> No information available
<b>Autoignition Temperature</b>	No data available	
<b>Decomposition Temperature</b>	No data available	
<b>Viscosity</b>	No data available	
<b>Water Solubility</b>	No information available	
<b>Solubility in other solvents</b>	No information available	
<b>Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)</b>		
<b>Component</b>	<b>log Pow</b>	
Methyl alcohol	-0.74	
Ethyl alcohol	-0.32	
C.I. Basic violet 1	0.51	
D-Glucitol	-2.2	
<b>Vapor Pressure</b>	No data available	
<b>Density / Specific Gravity</b>	No data available	
<b>Bulk Density</b>	No data available	
<b>Vapor Density</b>	No data available	(Air = 1.0)
<b>Particle characteristics</b>	No data available	

Other information

<b>VOC Content(%)</b>	0.052
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Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

<b>Reactivity</b>	No
<b>Stability</b>	Stable under normal conditions.
<b>Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact</b>	No information available
<b>Sensitivity to Static Discharge</b>	No information available
<b>Hazardous Polymerization</b>	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
<b>Hazardous Reactions</b>	None under normal processing.
<b>Conditions to Avoid</b>	Incompatible products, Excess heat, Avoid dust formation.
<b>Incompatible Materials</b>	None known.
<b>Hazardous Decomposition Products</b>	None under normal use conditions.

Section 11 - Toxicological InformationAcute Effects

**Information on likely routes of exposure****Product Information**

<b>Inhalation</b>	Not an expected route of exposure.
<b>Eyes</b>	Not an expected route of exposure.
<b>Skin</b>	No known effect based on information supplied.
<b>Ingestion</b>	No known effect based on information supplied.

**Numerical measures of toxicity****(a) acute toxicity;**

<b>Oral</b>	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
<b>Dermal</b>	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
<b>Inhalation</b>	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

**Toxicology data for the components**

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Methyl alcohol	LD50 = 1187 – 2769 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 = 17100 mg/kg (Rabbit)	LC50 = 128.2 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
Ethyl alcohol	LD50 = 7060 mg/kg (Rat)		20000 ppm/10H (Rat)
C.I. Basic violet 1	LD50 = 420 mg/kg (Rat)		
Diocetyl sodium sulfosuccinate	>3100 mg/kg (Rat)	>10000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	>20.0 mg/L/4h (Rat)
Sodium chloride	LD50 = 3 g/kg (Rat)	LD50 > 10000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	LC50 > 42 mg/L (Rat) 1 h
D-Glucitol	LD50 = 15900 mg/kg (Rat)		
Sodium carbonate	2800 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (rabbit)	2.3 mg/l 2h (Rat)
Agar	LD50 = 11 g/kg (Rat)		
Water	-	-	-

**(b) skin corrosion/irritation;** No data available

**(c) serious eye damage/irritation;** No data available

**(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;**

<b>Respiratory</b>	No data available
<b>Skin</b>	No data available

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Methyl alcohol 67-56-1 (Trace)	OECD Test Guideline 406 Guinea Pig Maximisation Test (GPMT)	guinea pig	non-sensitising

**(e) germ cell mutagenicity;** No data available

**(f) carcinogenicity;** No data available

This product contains one or more substances which are classified by IARC as carcinogenic to humans (Group I), probably carcinogenic to humans (Group 2A) or possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B) The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen Ethanol has been shown to be carcinogenic in long-term studies only when consumed and abused as an alcoholic beverage.

Component	New Zealand	Australia	New South Wales	Western Australia	IARC	EU	UK	Germany
C.I. Basic violet 1					Group 2B	Carc Cat. 2		

(g) reproductive toxicity; No data available

Component	Test method	Test species / Duration	Study result
Methyl alcohol 67-56-1 ( Trace )	OECD Test Guideline 416	Rat / Inhalation 2 Generation	NOAEC = 1.3 mg/l (air)

(h) STOT-single exposure; No data available

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; No data available

Target Organs No information available.

(j) aspiration hazard; No data available

**Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed**

Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated. Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation.

## Section 12 - Ecological Information

### Ecotoxicity

#### Aquatic ecotoxicity

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae	Microtox
Methyl alcohol	Pimephales promelas: LC50 > 10000 mg/L 96h	EC50 > 10000 mg/L 24h		EC50 = 39000 mg/L 25 min EC50 = 40000 mg/L 15 min EC50 = 43000 mg/L 5 min
Ethyl alcohol	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) LC50 = 14200 mg/l/96h	EC50 = 9268 mg/L/48h EC50 = 10800 mg/L/24h	EC50 (72h) = 275 mg/l (Chlorella vulgaris)	Photobacterium phosphoreum:EC50 = 34634 mg/L/30 min Photobacterium phosphoreum:EC50 = 35470 mg/L/5 min
C.I. Basic violet 1		EC50 = 0.24 - 5 mg/l, 48 h (Daphnia magna (Water flea)) OECD 202	EC50 = 0.025 - 0.8 mg/l, 72 h (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) OECD 201	
Diocetyl sodium sulfosuccinate	20-40 mg/L LC50 96 h 37 mg/L LC50 96 h 24 mg/L LC50 96 h	36 mg/L EC50 = 48 h		
Sodium chloride	Pimephals prome: LC50: 7650 mg/L/96h	EC50: 1000 mg/L/48h		
Sodium carbonate	Lepomis macrochirus: LC50: 300 mg/L/96h Gambusia affinis: LC50: 740 mg/L/96h	EC50: = 265 mg/L, 48h (Daphnia magna)		-

#### Terrestrial ecotoxicity

Component	Earthworm	Avian	Honeybees
Methyl alcohol	Acute toxicity: LC50 > 1 mg/cm2 (Eisenia foetida, 48 h, filter paper)		
Ethyl alcohol	Acute toxicity: LC50 0.1 - 1 mg/cm2 (Eisenia foetida, 48 h, filter paper)		
Sodium chloride	Acute toxicity: LC50 0.1 - 1		

	mg/cm2 (Eisenia foetida, 48 h, filter paper)		
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**Persistence and Degradability** No information available

Component	Degradability
Methyl alcohol 67-56-1 ( Trace )	DT50 ~ 17.2d >94% after 20d
C.I. Basic violet 1 548-62-9 ( 0.0001 )	10 %

**Bioaccumulative Potential** No information available

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Methyl alcohol	-0.74	<10 dimensionless
Ethyl alcohol	-0.32	No data available
C.I. Basic violet 1	0.51	No data available
Diocetyl sodium sulfosuccinate		3.47 - 3.78 dimensionless
D-Glucitol	-2.2	No data available

**Mobility** No information available. .

#### Other adverse effects

**Endocrine Disruptor Information** This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors  
**Persistent Organic Pollutant** This product does not contain any known or suspected substance  
**Ozone Depletion Potential** This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

## Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

#### Waste treatment methods

**Waste from Residues/Unused Products** Do not allow into drains or watercourses or dispose of where ground or surface waters may be affected. Wastes, including emptied containers, are controlled wastes and should be disposed of in accordance with all federal, E.P.A., state and local regulations. Assure conformity with all applicable regulations.

**Contaminated Packaging** Empty remaining contents. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Do not re-use empty containers.

**Other Information** Disposal agencies or waste contractors must comply with the New Zealand Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Regulations .

## Section 14 - Transport Information

Component	Hazchem Code
Methyl alcohol 67-56-1 ( Trace )	2WE
Ethyl alcohol 64-17-5 ( Trace )	2YE 2Y

**NZS 5433:2020** Not regulated

**IATA** Not regulated

**IMDG/IMO** Not regulated



<b>Environmental hazards</b>	No hazards identified
<b>Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code</b>	Not applicable, packaged goods
<b>Special Precautions</b>	No special precautions required. Please refer to the applicable dangerous goods regulations for additional information.
<b>Additional information</b>	None known

## Section 15 - Regulatory Information

### Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### National Regulations

There are no applicable tolerable exposure limits or environmental exposure limits according to the EPA Controls for Hazardous Substances

#### Certified handlers, tracking and controlled substance license requirements

Certified handlers are required for some substances. This includes substances requiring a controlled substance license, and most explosives, vertebrates toxic agents, and certain fumigants. Acutely toxic substances which are a Category 1 or 2, such as pesticides also require Certified handlers. Please check the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 for further information. Tracking is required for some highly hazardous substances. These substances need to be under the control of an appropriately trained person or appropriately secured. Please check the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 for further information.

#### Prohibition or notification/licensing requirements

Shown below are details of specific prohibition/notifications or licencing requirements when they apply.

#### International Regulations

**Ozone Depletion Potential** This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

**Persistent Organic Pollutant** This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

**Rotterdam Convention (PIC)** Not applicable

Component	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements	IMDG Marine Pollutant
Methyl alcohol	500 tonne	5000 tonne	

#### Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Methyl alcohol	-	Use restricted. See item 69. (see link for restriction details) Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	-
C.I. Basic violet 1	-	Use restricted. See item 28. (see link for restriction details) Use restricted. See item 72. (see link for restriction details) Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	SVHC Candidate list - Carcinogenic (Article 57a)

Sodium carbonate	-	Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	-
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After the sunset date the use of this substance requires either an authorization or can only be used for exempted uses, e.g. use in scientific research and development which includes routine analytics or use as intermediate.

<https://echa.europa.eu/authorisation-list>

<https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach>

<https://echa.europa.eu/candidate-list-table>

### International Inventories

New Zealand (NZIoC), Australia (AICS), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), Korea (KECL), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDL), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	NZIoC	AICS	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	KECL	IECSC	TCSI
Methyl alcohol	67-56-1	X	X	200-659-6	-	-	KE-23193	X	X
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	X	X	200-578-6	-	-	KE-13217	X	X
C.I. Basic violet 1	548-62-9	X	X	208-953-6	-	-	KE-07006	X	X
Gelatins, hydrolyzates	68410-45-7	X	X	270-082-2	-	-	KE-17576	X	X
Diocetyl sodium sulfosuccinate	577-11-7	X	X	209-406-4	-	-	KE-32402	X	X
Yeast, ext.	8013-01-2	X	X	232-387-9	-	-	KE-05-135 5	X	X
Sodium chloride	7647-14-5	X	X	231-598-3	-	-	KE-31387	X	X
D-Glucitol	50-70-4	X	X	200-061-5	-	-	KE-31708	X	X
Sodium carbonate	497-19-8	X	X	207-838-8	-	-	KE-31380	X	X
Caseins, hydrolyzates	65072-00-6	X	X	265-363-1	-	-	KE-05-031 8	X	X
Agar	9002-18-0	X	X	232-658-1	-	-	KE-00275	X	X
2,8-Phenazinediamine, N8,N8,3-trimethyl-, monohydrochloride	553-24-2	X	X	209-035-8	-	-	-	X	X
Water	7732-18-5	X	X	231-791-2	-	-	KE-35400	X	X
.beta.-D-Glucopyranosiduronic acid, 4-methyl-2-oxo-2H-1-benzopyran- 7-yl	6160-80-1	X	X	228-186-0	-	-	KE-24656	X	X
Peptones, connective tissue	102506-13-8	-	-	310-118-7	-	-	KE-28132	-	-

Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	DSL	NDL	PICCS	ISHL	ENCS
Methyl alcohol	67-56-1	X	ACTIVE	X	-	X	X	X
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	X	ACTIVE	X	-	X	X	X
C.I. Basic violet 1	548-62-9	X	ACTIVE	X	-	X	X	X
Gelatins, hydrolyzates	68410-45-7	X	ACTIVE	X	-	X	-	-
Diocetyl sodium sulfosuccinate	577-11-7	X	ACTIVE	X	-	X	X	X
Yeast, ext.	8013-01-2	X	ACTIVE	X	-	X	-	-
Sodium chloride	7647-14-5	X	ACTIVE	X	-	X	X	X
D-Glucitol	50-70-4	X	ACTIVE	X	-	X	X	X
Sodium carbonate	497-19-8	X	ACTIVE	X	-	X	X	X
Caseins, hydrolyzates	65072-00-6	X	ACTIVE	X	-	X	X	X
Agar	9002-18-0	X	ACTIVE	X	-	X	-	-
2,8-Phenazinediamine, N8,N8,3-trimethyl-, monohydrochloride	553-24-2	X	ACTIVE	X	-	X	-	-
Water	7732-18-5	X	ACTIVE	X	-	X	-	X
.beta.-D-Glucopyranosiduronic acid, 4-methyl-2-oxo-2H-1-benzopyran- 7-yl	6160-80-1	X	ACTIVE	X	-	-	-	-
Peptones, connective tissue	102506-13-8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed

KECL - NIER number or KE number (<http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do>)

## Section 16 - Other Information

**This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of the EPA Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020 and WorkSafe New Zealand Regulations**

**Legend**

<b>NZIoC</b> - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals	<b>AICS</b> - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
<b>TSCA</b> - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory	<b>EINECS/ELINCS</b> - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances
<b>DSL/NDL</b> - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List	<b>ENCS</b> - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances
<b>IECSC</b> - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances	<b>KECL</b> - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances
<b>PICCS</b> - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances	<b>CAS</b> - Chemical Abstracts Service
<b>TWA</b> - Time Weighted Average	<b>ACGIH</b> - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
<b>IARC</b> - International Agency for Research on Cancer	<b>PNEC</b> - Predicted No Effect Concentration
<b>NZS 5433:2020</b> - Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land	<b>OECD</b> - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
<b>ICAO/IATA</b> - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association	<b>IMO/IMDG</b> - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
<b>MARPOL</b> - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships	<b>ADG</b> - Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail
<b>LD50</b> - Lethal Dose 50%	<b>LC50</b> - Lethal Concentration 50%
<b>EC50</b> - Effective Concentration 50%	<b>ATE</b> - Acute Toxicity Estimate
<b>WEL</b> - Workplace Exposure Limit	<b>RPE</b> - Respiratory Protective Equipment
<b>DNEL</b> - Derived No Effect Level	<b>NOEC</b> - No Observed Effect Concentration
<b>POW</b> - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water	<b>BCF</b> - Bioconcentration factor
<b>vPvB</b> - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative	<b>PBT</b> - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic
<b>VOC</b> - (Volatile Organic Compound)	

**Key literature references and sources for data**

HSNO classifications provided in the New Zealand Chemical Classification Information Database (CCID).

<https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals>

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

EPA Guide to classifying hazardous substances in New Zealand

EPA - Assigning a product to an existing HSNO approval guide

**Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:**

<b>Physical hazards</b>	On basis of test data
<b>Health Hazards</b>	Calculation method
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	Calculation method

**Training Advice**

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

<b>Revision Date</b>	05-Jul-2023
<b>Revision Summary</b>	Not applicable

**Disclaimer**

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**End of Safety Data Sheet**