

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Creation Date 18-March-2010 Revision Date 20-October-2022 **Revision Number** 8

1. Identification

Product Name Isopropyl-ß-D-thiogalactopyranoside, contains ca. 15% 1,4-Dioxane

Cat No.: BP1620-1; BP1620-10

CAS-No

Synonyms IPTG; Isopropyl-beta-D-thiogalactoside (Dioxane Crystalline)

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use. Uses advised against

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Manufacturer Importer/Distributor

Fisher Scientific 112 Colonnade Road. Ottawa, ON K2E 7L6,

Canada

Tel: 1-800-234-7437

Fisher Scientific Company One Reagent Lane Fair Lawn, NJ 07410 Tel: (201) 796-7100

Emergency Telephone Number

CHEMTREC®, Inside the USA: 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC®, Outside the USA: 001-703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

WHMIS 2015 Classification Classified as hazardous under the Hazardous Products Regulations (SOR/2015-17)

Category 2 Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Carcinogenicity Category 1B Physical Hazards Not Otherwise Classified Category 1

May form explosive peroxides

Health Hazards Not Otherwise Classified Category 1 Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation or cracking

Label Elements

Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

Causes serious eye irritation

May cause cancer

May form explosive peroxides

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation or cracking



Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Keep container tightly closed

Obtain special instructions before use

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Response

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

Storage

Store locked up

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Other Hazards

Contains a known or suspected endocrine disruptor

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %
.betaD-Galactopyranoside, 1-methylethyl 1-thio-	367-93-1	> 84
1,4-Dioxane	123-91-1	15

4. First-aid measures

General Advice If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation persists,

call a physician.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms/effects

Notes to Physician

None reasonably foreseeable.

Treat symptomatically

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media No information available

Flash Point $> 110 \, ^{\circ}\text{C} \, / > 230 \, ^{\circ}\text{F}$

Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature

Explosion Limits

No information available

Upper No data available
Lower No data available
Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available
Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). Sulfur oxides.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

NFPA

Health	Flammability	Instability	Physical hazards
2	1	1	N/A

6. Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid dust

formation.

Environmental Precautions Should not be released into the environment.

Methods for Containment and Clean Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal. Keep in suitable, closed **Up** containers for disposal.

7. Handling and storage

Handling Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Avoid dust formation. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. If

peroxide formation is suspected, do not open or move container.

peroxide formation is suspected, do not open or move container.

Storage. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. To maintain product quality: Keep refrigerated. Store under an inert atmosphere. Protect from moisture.

Containers should be dated when opened and tested periodically for the presence of peroxides. Should crystals form in a peroxidizable liquid, peroxidation may have occurred and the product should be considered extremely dangerous. In this instance, the container should only be opened remotely by professionals. Incompatible Materials. Strong oxidizing

agents.

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines

Component	Alberta	British	Ontario TWAEV	Quebec	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
		Columbia					

1,4-Dioxane	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 20 ppm	(Vacated) TWA:	IDLH: 500 ppm
	TWA: 72 mg/m ³	Skin	Skin	TWA: 72 mg/m ³	Skin	25 ppm	Ceiling: 1 ppm
	Skin			Skin		(Vacated) TWA:	Ceiling: 3.6
						90 mg/m ³	mg/m³
						Skin	_
						TWA: 100 ppm	
						TWA: 360	
						mg/m³	

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

NIOSH IDLH: NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

Engineering Measures

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles

Hand Protection Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	Glove comments
Nitrile rubber Neoprene	See manufacturers recommendations	-	Splash protection only
Natural rubber PVC			

Inspect gloves before use. observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information) gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion. gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly **Recommended Filter type:** Particulates filter conforming to EN 143

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls

No information available.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical State Solid
Appearance Off-white

Odor No information available
Odor Threshold No information available
pH No information available
No information available

Melting Point/Range 122 - 126 °C / 251.6 - 258.8 °F

Boiling Point/Range No information available

Isopropyl-ß-D-thiogalactopyranoside, contains ca. 15% 1,4-Dioxane

Flash Point $> 110 \, ^{\circ}\text{C} \, / > 230 \, ^{\circ}\text{F}$

Evaporation Rate Not applicable

Flammability (solid,gas) No information available

Flammability or explosive limits

Upper No data available
Lower No data available
Vapor Pressure No information available

Vapor Density Not applicable

Specific GravityNo information availableSolubilityNo information available

Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water No data available

Autoignition TemperatureNo information availableDecomposition TemperatureNo information available

ViscosityNot applicableMolecular FormulaC9H18O5SMolecular Weight238.3

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard None known, based on information available

Stability Hygroscopic.

Conditions to AvoidAvoid dust formation. Incompatible products. Excess heat. Exposure to moist air or water.

Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2), Sulfur oxides

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Product Information

Oral LD50

Based on ATE data, the classification criteria are not met. ATE > 2000 mg/kg.

Dermal LD50

Based on ATE data, the classification criteria are not met. ATE > 2000 mg/kg.

Mist LC50

Based on ATE data, the classification criteria are not met. ATE > 5 mg/l.

Component Information

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
1,4-Dioxane	5170 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 = 7600 mg/kg (Rabbit)	48.5 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
	4200 mg/kg (Rat)		i

Toxicologically Synergistic No information available

Products

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Irritation Irritating to eyes and respiratory system

Sensitization No information available

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
.betaD-Galactopyran oside, 1-methylethyl 1-thio-	367-93-1	Not listed				
1,4-Dioxane	123-91-1	Group 2B	Reasonably	A3	X	A3

	Anticipated				
IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)	IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)				
	Group 1 - Carcinogenic to Humans				
	Group 2A - Prol	bably Carcinoge	enic to Humans		
	Group 2B - Pos				
NTP: (National Toxicity Program)	NTP: (National	Toxicity Progra	m)		
	Known - Known	Carcinogen			
	Reasonably An	ticipated - Reas	sonably Anticipated to	be a Human	
	Carcinogen				
ACGIH: (American Conference of Governmental Industrial	A1 - Known Hui	man Carcinoge	n		
Hygienists)	A2 - Suspected	Human Carcin	ogen		
	A3 - Animal Cai	rcinogen			
	ACGIH: (Ameri	ican Conferenc	e of Governmental In	dustrial Hygienists)	
Mexico - Occupational Exposure Limits - Carcinogens			re Limits - Carcinoge	ns	
	A1 - Confirmed				
	A2 - Suspected				
	A3 - Confirmed		0		
	A4 - Not Classif	fiable as a Hum	nan Carcinogen		

A5 - Not Suspected as a Human Carcinogen

Mutagenic Effects No information available

Reproductive EffectsNo information available.Developmental EffectsNo information available.TeratogenicityNo information available.

STOT - single exposure None known STOT - repeated exposure None known

Aspiration hazard No information available

Symptoms / effects,both acute and No information available

delayed

Endocrine Disruptor Information

Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

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Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
1,4-Dioxane	Not listed	LC50: > 10000 mg/L, 96h	EC50 = 610 mg/L 5 min	EC50 = 163 mg/L 48h
		static (Lepomis macrochirus)	EC50 = 668 mg/L 15 min	
		LC50: = 9850 mg/L, 96h	EC50 = 733 mg/L 30 min	
		(Pimephales promelas)		
		LC50: 10306 - 14742 mg/L,		
		96h static (Pimephales		
		promelas)		
		LC50: = 9850 mg/L, 96h		
		flow-through (Pimephales		
		promelas)		
		LC50: > 10000 mg/L, 96h		
		semi-static (Lepomis		
		macrochirus)		

Persistence and Degradability

No information available

Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation No information available.

Mobility .

Component	log Pow
1,4-Dioxane	-0.42

13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Methods

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

Component	RCRA - U Series Wastes	RCRA - P Series Wastes		
1,4-Dioxane - 123-91-1	U108	-		

14. Transport information

DOTNot regulatedTDGNot regulatedIATANot regulatedIMDG/IMONot regulated

15. Regulatory information

International Inventories

Component	CAS-No	DSL	NDSL	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP
.betaD-Galactopyranoside, 1-methylethyl 1-thio-	367-93-1	Х	-	Х	ACTIVE	206-703-0	-	-
1,4-Dioxane	123-91-1	Х	-	Х	ACTIVE	204-661-8	-	-

Component	CAS-No	IECSC	KECL	ENCS	ISHL	TCSI	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
.betaD-Galactopyranoside, 1-methylethyl 1-thio-	367-93-1	Х	KE-21745	-	1	Х	-	Х	ı
1.4-Dioxane	123-91-1	Х	KE-10463	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

Legend:

X - Listed '-' - Not Listed

KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

Canada

SDS in compliance with provisions of information as set out in Canadian Standard - Part 4, Schedule 1 and 2 of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) and meets the requirements of the HPR (Paragraph 13(1)(a) of the Hazardous Products Act (HPA)).

Component	Canada - National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI)	Canadian Environmental Protection Agency (CEPA) - List of Toxic Substances	Canada's Chemicals Management Plan (CEPA)
1,4-Dioxane	Part 1, Group A Substance Part 4		Subject to Monitoring and
	Substance		Surveillance Activities

Legend

NPRI - National Pollutant Release Inventory

Other International Regulations

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
1,4-Dioxane	-	Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details) Use restricted. See item 28. (see link for restriction details)	SVHC Candidate list - 204-661-8 - Carcinogenic (Article 57a) Equivalent level of concern having probable serious effects to the environment (Article 57f - environment)
			Equivalent level of concern having probable serious effects to human health (Article 57f - human health)

After the sunset date the use of this substance requires either an authorization or can only be used for exempted uses, e.g. use in scientific research and development which includes routine analytics or use as intermediate.

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

https://echa.europa.eu/candidate-list-table

https://echa.europa.eu/authorisation-list

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Component	CAS-No	OECD HPV	Persistent Organic Pollutant	Ozone Depletion Potential	Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS)
.betaD-Galactopyranoside, 1-methylethyl 1-thio-	367-93-1	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
1,4-Dioxane	123-91-1	Listed	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable

Component	CAS-No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements	Rotterdam Convention (PIC)	Basel Convention (Hazardous Waste)
.betaD-Galactopyranoside, 1-methylethyl 1-thio-	367-93-1	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
1,4-Dioxane	123-91-1	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable

16. Other information

Prepared By Regulatory Affairs

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Revision SummaryThis document has been updated to comply with the requirements of WHMIS 2015 to align

with the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) for the Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals.

Disclaimer

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End of SDS