

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Creation Date 29-June-2009 Revision Date 24-December-2021 **Revision Number** 5

1. Identification

Product Name sec-Butanol

AC107700000; AC107700010; AC107700025; AC107700100 Cat No.:

CAS-No

Synonyms sec-Butyl alcohol, 2-Butanol

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use. Uses advised against

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Manufacturer Importer/Distributor

Acros Organics Fisher Scientific Company Fisher Scientific One Reagent Lane One Reagent Lane 112 Colonnade Road. Fair Lawn, NJ 07410 Fair Lawn, NJ 07410 Ottawa, ON K2E 7L6, Tel: (201) 796-7100

Canada

Tel: 1-800-234-7437

Emergency Telephone Number For information **US** call: 001-800-ACROS-01 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11

Emergency Number US:001-201-796-7100 / Europe: +32 14 57 52 99 CHEMTREC Tel. No.US:001-800-424-9300 / Europe:001-703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

WHMIS 2015 Classification Classified as hazardous under the Hazardous Products Regulations (SOR/2015-17)

Flammable liquids Category 3 Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2 Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3 Target Organs - Respiratory system, Central nervous system (CNS).

Label Elements

Signal Word

Warning

Hazard Statements

Flammable liquid and vapor Causes serious eye irritation May cause respiratory irritation

May cause drowsiness and dizziness



Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

Keep container tightly closed

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment

Use only non-sparking tools

Take precautionary measures against static discharges

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Response

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell

In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Store locked up

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %
2-Butanol	78-92-2	>95

4. First-aid measures

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention.

Most important symptoms/effects Difficulty in breathing. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness,

nausea and vomiting

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may

be used to cool closed containers.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media No information available

Flash Point 24 °C / 75.2 °F

Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature 390 °C / 734 °F

Explosion Limits

 Upper
 9.8% @ 100°C

 Lower
 1.7% @ 100°C

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). peroxides.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

NFPA

Health	Flammability	Instability	Physical hazards
2	3	0	N/A

6. Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions Use personal

Use personal protective equipment as required. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Environmental Precautions

Avoid release to the environment. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

Methods for Containment and Clean Remove all sources of ignition. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, **Up** closed containers for disposal. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

	7. Handling and storage
Handling	Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Storage.

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Flammables area.

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. May form explosive peroxides on prolonged storage. Incompatible Materials. Strong oxidizing agents. Acid chlorides. Acid anhydrides.

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines

Component	Alberta	British Columbia	Ontario TWAEV	Quebec	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
2-Butanol	TWA: 100 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm	(Vacated) TWA:	IDLH: 2000 ppm
	TWA: 303			TWA: 303		100 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm

sec-Butanol

mg/m³ | mg/m³ | (Vacated) TWA: 305

mg/m³	mg/m³	(Vacated) TWA:	TWA: 305
		305 mg/m ³	mg/m³
		TWA: 150 ppm	STEL: 150 ppm
		TWA: 450	STEL: 455
		mg/m³	mg/m³

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

NIOSH IDLH: NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

Engineering Measures

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles

Hand Protection Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	Glove comments
Butyl rubber	> 480 minutes	0.38 mm	As tested under EN374-3
Neoprene gloves	> 480 minutes	0.45 mm	Determination of Resistance to
			Permeation by Chemicals

Inspect gloves before use. observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information) gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly **Recommended Filter type:** Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to EN14387

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls

No information available.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical StateLiquidAppearanceColorlessOdorsweet

Odor Threshold
pHNo information available
No information availableMelting Point/Range-115 °C / -175 °F

Boiling Point/Range 99 °C / 210.2 °F @ 760 mmHg

Flash Point 24 °C / 75.2 °F
Evaporation Rate No information available

sec-Butanol

Not applicable

Flammability (solid,gas)

Flammability or explosive limits

 Upper
 9.8% @ 100°C

 Lower
 1.7% @ 100°C

 Vapor Pressure
 17 mbar @ 20 °C

Vapor Density2.6Specific Gravity0.800

Solubility < 12.5 g/1000 ml @ 20 °C

Partition coefficient; n-octanol/waterNo data availableAutoignition Temperature390 °C / 734 °FDecomposition TemperatureNo information availableViscosity4.2 mPa.s @ 20 °C

Molecular FormulaC4 H10 OMolecular Weight74.12

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard None known, based on information available

Stability Stable under normal conditions. May form explosive peroxides on prolonged storage.

Conditions to Avoid Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Incompatible products.

Exposure to light. Exposure to air.

Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizing agents, Acid chlorides, Acid anhydrides

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2), peroxides

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Product Information

Component Information

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
2-Butanol	2200 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2 g/kg (Rat)	49 mg/L (Rat) 4 h (vapour)
	2193 mg/kg (Rat)		

Toxicologically Synergistic

Products

No information available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Irritation Irritating to eyes and respiratory system

Sensitization No information available

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
2-Butanol	78-92-2	Not listed				

Mutagenic Effects Not mutagenic in AMES Test

Reproductive Effects

No information available.

Developmental Effects

No information available.

Teratogenicity

No information available.

STOT - single exposure Respiratory system Central nervous system (CNS)

STOT - repeated exposure None known

Aspiration hazard No information available

Symptoms / effects, both acute and Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

delayed

Endocrine Disruptor Information No information available

Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

.

Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
2-Butanol	Not listed	Pimephales promelas: LC50:	Pseudomonas putida: 500	EC50: 3750 mg/L/24h
		3670 mg/L/96h	mg/L/16h	_

Persistence and Degradability Soluble in water Persistence is unlikely based on information available.

Bioaccumulation/ AccumulationNo information available.

Mobility . Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility.

Component	log Pow
2-Butanol	0.6

13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Methods

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN-No UN1120 Proper Shipping Name BUTANOLS

Hazard Class 3
Packing Group III

TDG

UN-No UN1120
Proper Shipping Name BUTANOLS

Hazard Class 3 Packing Group III

IATA

UN-No UN1120
Proper Shipping Name Butanols
Hazard Class 3
Packing Group III

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN1120
Proper Shipping Name Butanols
Hazard Class 3
Packing Group III

15. Regulatory information

International Inventories

sec-Butanol

Component	CAS-No	DSL	NDSL	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP
2-Butanol	78-92-2	X	-	Х	ACTIVE	201-158-5	-	-

Component	CAS-No	IECSC	KECL	ENCS	ISHL	TCSI	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
2-Butanol	78-92-2	Х	KE-03868	X	X	Χ	X	X	Χ

Legend:

X - Listed '-' - Not Listed

KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

Canada

SDS in compliance with provisions of information as set out in Canadian Standard - Part 4, Schedule 1 and 2 of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) and meets the requirements of the HPR (Paragraph 13(1)(a) of the Hazardous Products Act (HPA)).

Component	Canada - National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI)	Canadian Environmental Protection Agency (CEPA) - List of Toxic Substances	Canada's Chemicals Management Plan (CEPA)
2-Butanol	Part 1, Group A Substance Part 4 Substance		

Other International Regulations

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	,	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2-Butanol	-	Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	-

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

	Component	CAS-No	OECD HPV	Persistent Organic Pollutant	Ozone Depletion Potential	Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS)
	2-Butanol	78-92-2	Listed	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
						_
	Component	CAS-No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements	Rotterdam Convention (PIC)	Basel Convention (Hazardous Waste)
ſ	2-Butanol	78-92-2	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable

16. Other information

Regulatory Affairs **Prepared By**

Thermo Fisher Scientific

Email: EMSDS.RA@thermofisher.com

Revision Date 24-December-2021

Creation Date29-June-2009Revision Date24-December-2021Print Date24-December-2021

Revision Summary This document has been updated to comply with the requirements of WHMIS 2015 to align

with the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) for the Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals.

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of SDS