

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Creation Date 02-April-2009 Revision Date 28-March-2024 Revision Number 3

1. Identification

Product Name Decahydronaphthalene

Cat No. : L06463

CAS-No 91-17-8

Synonyms Bicyclo(4.4.0)decane; Decalin; Naphthalane

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Uses advised against Food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Importer/Distributor

Fisher Scientific 112 Colonnade Road, Ottawa, ON K2E 7L6,

Canada

Tel: 1-800-234-7437

Emergency Telephone Number

For information **US** call: 001-800-227-6701 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No. **US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

WHMIS 2015 Classification Classified as hazardous under the Hazardous Products Regulations (SOR/2015-17)

Flammable liquids
Category 3
Acute Inhalation Toxicity
Category 3
Skin Corrosion/Irritation
Category 1
Cerious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation
Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)
Category 3

Target Organs - Respiratory system.

Aspiration Toxicity Category 1
Physical Hazards Not Otherwise Classified Category 1

May form explosive peroxides

Label Elements

Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

Flammable liquid and vapor
Toxic if inhaled
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
May cause respiratory irritation
May form explosive peroxides



Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Keep container tightly closed

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment

Do not breathe dust/fumes/gas/mist/vapours/spray

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Use non-sparking tools

Take action to prevent static discharges

Response

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor

Rinse mouth

Do NOT induce vomiting

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

Storage

Store locked up

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Other Hazards

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %	
Decahydronaphthalene	91-17-8	>95	

4. First-aid measures

General Advice

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is required.

Decahydronaphthalene

Eye ContactRinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

Immediate medical attention is required.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical

attention is required.

Inhalation If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim

ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Remove to fresh air. Immediate medical attention is required. Risk of serious damage to the lungs (by

aspiration).

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. If vomiting

occurs naturally, have victim lean forward.

Most important symptoms/effects Causes burns by all exposure routes. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache,

dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue

and danger of perforation

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media Water mist may be used to cool closed containers. CO 2, dry chemical, dry sand,

alcohol-resistant foam.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media No information available

Flash Point 58 °C / 136.4 °F

Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature 250 °C / 482 °F

Explosion Limits

Upper 4.9 vol % **Lower** 0.7 vol %

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

NFPA

HealthFlammabilityInstabilityPhysical hazards321N/A

6. Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Evacuate

personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Remove all

Environmental Precautions

sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains, Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods for Containment and Clean Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools, Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Storage.

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep under nitrogen. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Flammables area. May form explosive peroxides. Containers should be dated when opened and tested periodically for the presence of peroxides. Should crystals form in a peroxidizable liquid, peroxidation may have occurred and the product should be considered extremely dangerous. In this instance, the container should only be opened remotely by professionals. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Corrosives area. Store under an inert atmosphere. Protect from moisture. Incompatible Materials. Strong oxidizing agents.

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines

This product does not contain any hazardous materials with occupational exposure limitsestablished by the region specific regulatory bodies.

Engineering Measures

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Hand Protection Goggles

Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Glove thickness **Glove material** Breakthrough time **Glove comments** > 480 minutes Nitrile rubber 0.4 mm As tested under EN374-3 Determination of Resistance to Permeation by Chemicals

Inspect gloves before use, observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information) gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion. gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly Recommended Filter type: Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to EN14387

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls

Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid
Appearance Colorless

Odor Petroleum distillates
Odor Threshold No information available

pH

Melting Point/Range -31 °C / -23.8 °F

Boiling Point/Range 187 °C / 368.6 °F @ 760 mmHg

Flash Point 58 °C / 136.4 °F Evaporation Rate No information available

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable

Flammability or explosive limits

 Upper
 4.9 vol %

 Lower
 0.7 vol %

Vapor Pressure 1.3 mbar @ 22 °C

Vapor Density4.8Specific Gravity0.882Solubilityinsoluble

Partition coefficient; n-octanol/waterNo data availableAutoignition Temperature250 °C / 482 °FDecomposition TemperatureNo information available

Viscosity3 mPa s at 20 °CMolecular FormulaC10 H18Molecular Weight138.25

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard Yes

Stability May form explosive peroxides. Hygroscopic. Air sensitive.

Conditions to Avoid Incompatible products. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

Excess heat. Exposure to air. Exposure to moisture. Exposure to moist air or water.

Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Product Information

Component Information

Component LD50 Oral		LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation		
Decahydronaphthalene	LD50 = 4170 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 = 5900 mg/kg (Rabbit)	LC50 = 4.08 mg/L (Rat) 4 h		

Toxicologically Synergistic

No information available

Products

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Irritation Causes burns by all exposure routes

Sensitization No information available

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen. Carcinogenicity

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
Decahydronaphthalen	91-17-8	Not listed				
е						

Not mutagenic in AMES Test **Mutagenic Effects**

No information available. **Reproductive Effects**

Developmental Effects No information available.

No information available. **Teratogenicity**

STOT - single exposure Respiratory system STOT - repeated exposure None known

Aspiration hazard No information available

delayed

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation

No information available **Endocrine Disruptor Information**

Other Adverse Effects Tumorigenic effects have been reported in experimental animals. The toxicological

properties have not been fully investigated.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment. Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
Decahydronaphthalene	EC50: > 2.2 mg/l	LC50: 1.84 mg/L/48h	Not listed	EC50: 0.28 mg/L/48h
	(Scenedesmus subspicatus)	(Oryzias latipes)		(Daphnia magna)
				EC50: 0.037 mg/l/96h
				(Mysidopsis Bahia)

May persist Persistence and Degradability

Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation No information available.

Mobility Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility. Is not likely mobile in the

environment due its low water solubility.

	Component	log Pow
Decah	ydronaphthalene	4.79

13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Methods

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN-No UN1147

Proper Shipping Name DECAHYDRONAPHTHALENE

Hazard Class 3
Packing Group III

TDG

UN-No UN1147

Proper Shipping Name DECAHYDRONAPHTHALENE

Hazard Class 3
Packing Group III

<u>IATA</u>

UN-No UN1147

Proper Shipping Name DECAHYDRONAPHTHALENE

Hazard Class 3 Packing Group III

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN1147

Proper Shipping Name DECAHYDRONAPHTHALENE

Hazard Class 3
Packing Group III

15. Regulatory information

International Inventories

Component	CAS-No	DSL	NDSL	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP
Decahydronaphthalene	91-17-8	Х	-	X	ACTIVE	202-046-9	-	-

Component	t	CAS-No	IECSC	KECL	ENCS	ISHL	TCSI	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
Decahydronaphth	nalene	91-17-8	Х	KE-02852	Х	X	X	Х	Х	Х

Legend:

X - Listed '-' - Not Listed

KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances **KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

Canada

SDS in compliance with provisions of information as set out in Canadian Standard - Part 4, Schedule 1 and 2 of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) and meets the requirements of the HPR (Paragraph 13(1)(a) of the Hazardous Products Act (HPA)).

Other International Regulations

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Not applicable

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Component	CAS-No	OECD HPV	Persistent Organic Pollutant	Ozone Depletion Potential	Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS)
Decahydronaphthalene	91-17-8	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Component	CAS-No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements	Rotterdam Convention (PIC)	Basel Convention (Hazardous Waste)
Decahydronaphthalene	91-17-8	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable

16. Other information

Prepared By Product Safety Department

Email: chem.techinfo@thermofisher.com

www.thermofisher.com

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 28-March-2024

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 28-March-2024

Revision Summary New emergency telephone response service provider.

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of SDS