

Creation Date 25-Aug-2011

Revision Date 10-Dec-2021

Revision Number 4

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: Lactophenol Aniline Blue
Cat No. : R40028

Unique Formula Identifier (UFI) G330-D0MK-X009-N5V3

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against No Information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company	Oxoid Ltd Wade Road Basingstoke, Hants, UK RG24 8PW Tel: +44 (0) 1256 841144	Remel Santa Fe Trail Drive, KS 66215: 1-80-255-6730: 1-800-621-8251.
---------	--	--

EU entity/business name

Oxoid Deutschland GmbH
Postfach 10 07 53
D-46483
Wesel
GERMANY
Tel: + 49 (0) 281 1520
Fax: 49 (0) 281 1521

E-mail address mbd-sds@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Chemtrec US: (800) 424-9300
Chemtrec EU: 001-703-527-3887
Chemtrec China: 400 120 4937

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Physical hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Lactophenol Aniline Blue

Revision Date 10-Dec-2021

Health hazards

Acute oral toxicity
Acute dermal toxicity
Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors
Skin Corrosion/Irritation
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation
Germ Cell Mutagenicity
Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure)

Category 4 (H302)
Category 4 (H312)
Category 3 (H331)
Category 1 B (H314)
Category 1 (H318)
Category 2 (H341)
Category 2 (H373)

Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H331 - Toxic if inhaled
H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H341 - Suspected of causing genetic defects
H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H302 + H312 - Harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin
Combustible liquid

Precautionary Statements

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing
P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting
P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower
P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

2.3. Other hazards

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2. Mixtures

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Phenol	108-95-2	EEC No. 203-632-7	20	Acute Tox. 3 (H301) Acute Tox. 3 (H311)

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Lactophenol Aniline Blue

Revision Date 10-Dec-2021

				Acute Tox. 3 (H331) Skin Corr. 1B (H314) Eye Dam. 1 (H318) Muta. 2 (H341) STOT RE 2 (H373)
Glycerin	56-81-5	200-289-5	40	-

Component	Specific concentration limits (SCL's)	M-Factor	Component notes
Phenol	Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) :: 1%≤C<3% Skin Corr. 1B (H314) :: C≥3% Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) :: 1%≤C<3%	-	-

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice	Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is required.
Eye Contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. In the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.
Skin Contact	Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.
Inhalation	If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Remove to fresh air. Immediate medical attention is required.
Self-Protection of the First Aider	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Causes burns by all exposure routes. Difficulty in breathing. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician	Treat symptomatically.
---------------------------	------------------------

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

CO₂, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Lactophenol Aniline Blue

Revision Date 10-Dec-2021

Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

Water.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Combustible material. Containers may explode when heated.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon oxides.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed. Keep at temperatures between 2° and 8 °C. Corrosives area. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510

Class 6.1C

Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Lactophenol Aniline Blue

Revision Date 10-Dec-2021

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): **EU** - Commission Directive (EU) 2019/1831 of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Third edition. Published 2018. **IRE** - 2018 Code of Practice for the Chemical Agents Regulations, Schedule 1. Published by the Health and Safety Authority

Component	The United Kingdom	European Union	Ireland
Phenol	STEL: 4 ppm 15 min STEL: 16 mg/m ³ 15 min TWA: 2 ppm 8 hr TWA: 7.8 mg/m ³ 8 hr Skin	TWA: 2 ppm (8h) TWA: 8 mg/m ³ (8h) STEL: 4 ppm (15min) STEL: 16 mg/m ³ (15min) Skin	TWA: 2 ppm 8 hr. TWA: 8 mg/m ³ 8 hr. STEL: 4 ppm 15 min STEL: 16 mg/m ³ 15 min Skin
Glycerin	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hr (mist only)		TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hr. (mist)

Biological limit values

List source(s):

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

Component	Acute effects local (Dermal)	Acute effects systemic (Dermal)	Chronic effects local (Dermal)	Chronic effects systemic (Dermal)
Phenol 108-95-2 (20)				DNEL = 1.23mg/kg bw/day

Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)
Phenol 108-95-2 (20)	DNEL = 16mg/m ³			DNEL = 8mg/m ³
Glycerin 56-81-5 (40)			DNEL = 56mg/m ³	

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

See values below.

Component	Fresh water	Fresh water sediment	Water Intermittent	Microorganisms in sewage treatment	Soil (Agriculture)
Phenol 108-95-2 (20)	PNEC = 0.0077mg/L	PNEC = 0.0915mg/kg sediment dw	PNEC = 0.031mg/L	PNEC = 2.1mg/L	PNEC = 0.136mg/kg soil dw
Glycerin 56-81-5 (40)	PNEC = 0.885mg/L	PNEC = 3.3mg/kg sediment dw	PNEC = 8.85mg/L	PNEC = 1000mg/L	PNEC = 0.141mg/kg soil dw

Component	Marine water	Marine water sediment	Marine water intermittent	Food chain	Air
Phenol 108-95-2 (20)	PNEC = 0.00077mg/L	PNEC = 0.00915mg/kg sediment dw			

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Lactophenol Aniline Blue

Revision Date 10-Dec-2021

Glycerin 56-81-5 (40)	PNEC = 0.0885mg/L	PNEC = 0.33mg/kg sediment dw			
----------------------------	----------------------	---------------------------------	--	--	--

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Disposable gloves	See manufacturers recommendations	-	EN 374	(minimum requirement)

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing.

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatibility, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State	Liquid	
Appearance		
Odor	No information available	
Odor Threshold	No data available	
Melting Point/Range	No data available	
Softening Point	No data available	
Boiling Point/Range	Not applicable	
Flammability (liquid)	No data available	On basis of test data
Flammability (solid,gas)	Not applicable	Liquid
Explosion Limits	No data available	

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Lactophenol Aniline Blue

Revision Date 10-Dec-2021

Flash Point	> 78 °C >	Method - No information available
Autoignition Temperature	No data available	
Decomposition Temperature	No data available	
pH	No data available 444444	
Viscosity	No data available	
Water Solubility	No information available	
Solubility in other solvents	No information available	
Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)		
Component	log Pow	
Phenol	1.5	
Glycerin	-1.76	
Vapor Pressure	No data available	
Density / Specific Gravity	No data available	
Bulk Density	Not applicable	Liquid
Vapor Density	No data available	(Air = 1.0)
Particle characteristics	Not applicable (liquid)	

9.2. Other information

explosive air/vapour mixtures possible

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Polymerization
Hazardous Reactions

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
None under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Heat, flames and sparks. Exposure to moisture. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Isocyanates.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon oxides.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

Oral	Category 4
Dermal	Category 4
Inhalation	Category 3

Toxicology data for the components

OXDR40028

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Lactophenol Aniline Blue

Revision Date 10-Dec-2021

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Phenol	LD50 = 340 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 = 630 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-
Glycerin	12600 mg/kg (Rat)	> 10 g/kg (Rabbit)	> 2.75 mg/L/4h (Rat)(mist)

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 1 B

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory

No data available

Skin

No data available

No information available

(e) germ cell mutagenicity;

Category 2

Phenol; is classified by the European Union as a mutagen of category 3: Possible risk of irreversible effects

(f) carcinogenicity;

No data available

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

(g) reproductive toxicity;

No data available

(h) STOT-single exposure;

No data available

(i) STOT-repeated exposure;

Category 2

Target Organs

No information available.

(j) aspiration hazard;

No data available

Symptoms / effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated. Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine Disrupting Properties

Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Ecotoxicity effects

Contains a substance which is: The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment. Very toxic to aquatic organisms.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
Phenol	4-7 mg/L LC50 96 h	EC50: 10.2 - 15.5 mg/L, 48h	EC50: 0.0188 - 0.1044 mg/L,

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Lactophenol Aniline Blue

Revision Date 10-Dec-2021

	32 mg/L LC50 96 h	(Daphnia magna) EC50: 4.24 - 10.7 mg/L, 48h Static (Daphnia magna)	96h static (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) EC50: 187 - 279 mg/L, 72h static (Desmodesmus subspicatus) EC50: = 46.42 mg/L, 96h (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)
Glycerin	LC50: 51 - 57 mL/L, 96h static (Oncorhynchus mykiss)		

Component	Microtox	M-Factor
Phenol	EC50 21 - 36 mg/L 30 min EC50 = 23.28 mg/L 5 min EC50 = 25.61 mg/L 15 min EC50 = 28.8 mg/L 5 min EC50 = 31.6 mg/L 15 min	

12.2. Persistence and degradability No information available
Degradation in sewage treatment plant Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential No information available

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Phenol	1.5	No data available
Glycerin	-1.76	No data available

12.4. Mobility in soil No information available .

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment No data available for assessment.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties
Endocrine Disruptor Information This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

12.7. Other adverse effects
Persistent Organic Pollutant This product does not contain any known or suspected substance
Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused Products Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations. Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point.

European Waste Catalogue (EWC) According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific.

Other Information Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Lactophenol Aniline Blue

Revision Date 10-Dec-2021

affect pH and harm aquatic organisms.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

14.1. UN number UN2821
14.2. UN proper shipping name PHENOL SOLUTION
14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 6.1
14.4. Packing group II

ADR

14.1. UN number UN2821
14.2. UN proper shipping name PHENOL SOLUTION
14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 6.1
14.4. Packing group II

IATA

14.1. UN number UN2821
14.2. UN proper shipping name PHENOL SOLUTION
14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 6.1
14.4. Packing group II

14.5. Environmental hazards No hazards identified
14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required
14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments Not applicable, packaged goods

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
Phenol	108-95-2	203-632-7	-	-	X	X	KE-28209	X	X
Glycerin	56-81-5	200-289-5	-	-	X	X	KE-29297	X	X

Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
Phenol	108-95-2	X	ACTIVE	X	-	X	X	X
Glycerin	56-81-5	X	ACTIVE	X	-	X	X	X

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed

KECL - NIER number or KE number (<http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do>)

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Lactophenol Aniline Blue

Revision Date 10-Dec-2021

Component	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Phenol	-	Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	-

<https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach>

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements
Phenol	108-95-2	Not applicable	Not applicable
Glycerin	56-81-5	Not applicable	Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

Take note of Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

National Regulations

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

WGK Classification

Water endangering class = 2 (self classification)

Component	Germany - Water Classification (VwVwS)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Phenol	WGK2	Class I : 20 mg/m ³ (Massenkonzentration)
Glycerin	WGK1	

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)
Phenol	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 14

Component	Switzerland - Ordinance on the Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR 814.81)	Switzerland - Ordinance on Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC)	Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure
Phenol 108-95-2 (20)	Prohibited and Restricted Substances		

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment/Reports (CSA/CSR) are not required for mixtures

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H312 - Harmful in contact with skin

H331 - Toxic if inhaled

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

OXDR40028

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Lactophenol Aniline Blue

Revision Date 10-Dec-2021

H341 - Suspected of causing genetic defects
H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H301 - Toxic if swallowed
H311 - Toxic in contact with skin

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%

POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

Key literature references and sources for data

<https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals>

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Physical hazards On basis of test data

Health Hazards Calculation method

Environmental hazards Calculation method

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Creation Date 25-Aug-2011

Revision Date 10-Dec-2021

Revision Summary Not applicable.

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006. COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 .

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet