

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Revision Date 30-Nov-2024 Revision Number 4

Section 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: Titanium(diisopropoxide) bis(2,4-pentanedionate), 75% in isopropanol

Cat No. : 89360

Molecular Formula C16 H28 O6 Ti

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against No Information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Thermo Fisher (Kandel) GmbH

Erlenbachweg 2, 76870 Kandel, Germany

Tel: +49 (0) 721 84007 280 Fax: +49 (0) 721 84007 300

Swiss distributor - Fisher Scientific AG Neuhofstrasse 11, CH 4153 Reinach

Tel: +41 (0) 56 618 41 11

https://www.fishersci.ch/ch/en/customer-help-

support/forms/email-us.html

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information **US** call: 001-800-227-6701 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No.**US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

customers in Switzerland:

Tox Info Suisse Emergency Number: 145 (24hr)

Tox Info Suisse: +41-44 251 51 51 (Emergency number from abroad)

Chemtrec (24h) Toll-Free: 0800 564 402 Chemtrec Local: +41-43 508 20 11 (Zurich)

Poison Centre - Emergency information services

Ireland: National Poisons Information Centre (NPIC) -

01 809 2166 (8am-10pm, 7 days a week)

Malta: +356 2395 2000 Cyprus: +357 2240 5611

Section 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

ALFAA89360

Titanium(diisopropoxide) bis(2,4-pentanedionate), 75% in isopropanol

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CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Physical hazards

Flammable liquids Category 3 (H226)

Health hazards

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2 (H319)
Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure) Category 3 (H336)

Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Warning

Hazard Statements

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Precautionary Statements

P280 - Wear eye protection/ face protection

P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Titanium,	17927-72-9	EEC No. 241-866-1	75	-

Titanium(diisopropoxide) bis(2,4-pentanedionate), 75% in isopropanol

bis(2,4-pentanedionato-O,O)bis(2-propanol ato)-				
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	200-661-7	25	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) STOT SE 3 (H336)

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

Section 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation persists,

call a physician.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Difficulty in breathing. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness,

nausea and vomiting

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically.

Section 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Powder. Water spray. In case of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2), Titanium oxides.

Titanium(diisopropoxide) bis(2,4-pentanedionate), 75% in isopropanol

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

Section 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

Section 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510

Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

Class 3

Switzerland - Storage of hazardous substances Storage class - SC 3

https://www.kvu.ch/de/themen/stoffe-und-produkte https://www.kvu.ch/fr/themes/substances-et-produits https://www.kvu.ch/it/temi/sostanze-e-prodotti

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

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8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Forth edition. Published 2020. **IRE** - 2010 Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations 2001. Published by the Health and Safety Authority.

- The Government of Switzerland has set a directive on limit values for working materials (Grenzwerte am Arbeitsplatz) which is based on the Swiss Federal Regulation "Verordnung über die Verhütung von Unfällen und Berufskrankheiten". This directive is administered, periodically revised and enforced by SUVA (Swiss National Accident Insurance Fund).

Component	European Union	The United Kingdom	France	Belgium	Spain
Isopropyl alcohol		STEL: 500 ppm 15 min	STEL / VLCT: 400 ppm.	TWA: 200 ppm 8 uren	STEL / VLA-EC: 400
		STEL: 1250 mg/m ³ 15	STEL / VLCT: 980	TWA: 500 mg/m ³ 8 uren	ppm (15 minutos).
		min	mg/m³.	STEL: 400 ppm 15	STEL / VLA-EC: 1000
		TWA: 400 ppm 8 hr	_	minuten	mg/m³ (15 minutos).
		TWA: 999 mg/m ³ 8 hr		STEL: 1000 mg/m ³ 15	TWA / VLA-ED: 200
				minuten	ppm (8 horas)
					TWA / VLA-ED: 500
					mg/m³ (8 horas)

Component	Italy	Germany	Portugal	The Netherlands	Finland
Isopropyl alcohol		TWA: 200 ppm (8	STEL: 400 ppm 15		TWA: 200 ppm 8
		Stunden). AGW -	minutos		tunteina
		exposure factor 2	TWA: 200 ppm 8 horas		TWA: 500 mg/m ³ 8
		TWA: 500 mg/m ³ (8			tunteina
		Stunden). AGW -			STEL: 250 ppm 15
		exposure factor 2			minuutteina
		TWA: 200 ppm (8			STEL: 620 mg/m ³ 15
		Stunden). MAK			minuutteina
		TWA: 500 mg/m ³ (8			
		Stunden). MAK			
		Höhepunkt: 400 ppm			
		Höhepunkt: 1000 mg/m ³			

Component	Austria	Denmark	Switzerland	Poland	Norway
Isopropyl alcohol	MAK-KZGW: 800 ppm	TWA: 200 ppm 8 timer	STEL: 400 ppm 15	STEL: 1200 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 100 ppm 8 timer
	15 Minuten	TWA: 490 mg/m ³ 8 timer	Minuten	minutach	TWA: 245 mg/m ³ 8 timer
	MAK-KZGW: 2000	STEL: 400 ppm 15	STEL: 1000 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 900 mg/m ³ 8	STEL: 150 ppm 15
	mg/m ³ 15 Minuten	minutter	Minuten	godzinach	minutter. value
	MAK-TMW: 200 ppm 8	STEL: 980 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 200 ppm 8	_	calculated
	Stunden	minutter	Stunden		STEL: 306.25 mg/m ³ 15
	MAK-TMW: 500 mg/m ³		TWA: 500 mg/m ³ 8		minutter. value
	8 Stunden		Stunden		calculated

Component	Bulgaria	Croatia	Ireland	Cyprus	Czech Republic
Isopropyl alcohol	TWA: 980.0 mg/m ³	TWA-GVI: 400 ppm 8	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hr.		TWA: 500 mg/m ³ 8
	STEL: 1225.0 mg/m ³	satima.	STEL: 400 ppm 15 min		hodinách.
	_	TWA-GVI: 999 mg/m ³ 8	Skin		Potential for cutaneous
		satima.			absorption
		STEL-KGVI: 500 ppm			Ceiling: 1000 mg/m ³
		15 minutama.			
		STEL-KGVI: 1250			
		mg/m ³ 15 minutama.			

Component	Estonia	Gibraltar	Greece	Hungary	Iceland
Isopropyl alcohol	TWA: 150 ppm 8 tundides. TWA: 350 mg/m³ 8 tundides. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutites. STEL: 600 mg/m³ 15 minutites.	Old and	STEL: 500 ppm STEL: 1225 mg/m³ TWA: 400 ppm TWA: 980 mg/m³	STEL: 1000 mg/m³ 15 percekben. CK STEL: 400 ppm 15 percekben. CK TWA: 500 mg/m³ 8 órában. AK TWA: 200 ppm 8 órában. AK lehetséges borön	TWA: 200 ppm 8 klukkustundum. TWA: 490 mg/m³ 8 klukkustundum. Skin notation Ceiling: 400 ppm Ceiling: 980 mg/m³
				keresztüli felszívódás	

	Component	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg	Malta	Romania
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Titanium(diisopropoxide) bis(2,4-pentanedionate), 75% in isopropanol

ſ	Isopropyl alcohol	STEL: 600 mg/m ³	TWA: 150 ppm IPRD		TWA: 81 ppm 8 ore
		TWA: 350 mg/m ³	TWA: 350 mg/m ³ IPRD		TWA: 200 mg/m ³ 8 ore
1			STEL: 250 ppm		STEL: 203 ppm 15
-			STEL: 600 mg/m ³		minute
-					STEL: 500 mg/m ³ 15
L					minute

Component	Russia	Slovak Republic	Slovenia	Sweden	Turkey
Isopropyl alcohol	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 1761	Ceiling: 1000 mg/m ³	TWA: 200 ppm 8 urah	Indicative STEL: 250	
	MAC: 50 mg/m ³	TWA: 200 ppm	TWA: 500 mg/m ³ 8 urah	ppm 15 minuter	
	_	TWA: 500 mg/m ³	STEL: 400 ppm 15	Indicative STEL: 600	
			minutah	mg/m ³ 15 minuter	
			STEL: 1000 mg/m ³ 15	TLV: 150 ppm 8 timmar.	
			minutah	NGV	
				TLV: 350 mg/m ³ 8	
				timmar. NGV	

Biological limit values

List source(s):

Component	European Union	United Kingdom	France	Spain	Germany
Isopropyl alcohol				Acetone: 40 mg/L urine	Acetone: 25 mg/L whole
				end of workweek	blood (end of shift)
					Acetone: 25 mg/L urine
					(end of shift)

Component	Italy	Finland	Denmark	Bulgaria	Romania
Isopropyl alcoho	ol				Acetone: 50 mg/L urine
					end of shift

Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.

MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours

MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

MDHS 91 Metals and metalloids in workplace air by X-ray fluorescence spectrometry

MDHS 99 Metals in air by ICP-AES

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

Component	Acute effects local	Acute effects	Chronic effects local	Chronic effects
	(Dermal)	systemic (Dermal)	(Dermal)	systemic (Dermal)
Titanium,				DNEL =
bis(2,4-pentanedionato-O,O)bis(10.06743333mg/kg
2-propanolato)-				bw/day
17927-72-9 (75)				-
Isopropyl alcohol				DNEL = 888mg/kg
67-63-0 (25)				bw/day

Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)
Titanium, bis(2,4-pentanedionato-O,O)bis(2-propanolato)- 17927-72-9 (75)				DNEL = 17.75047456mg/m ³

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Titanium(diisopropoxide) bis(2,4-pentanedionate), 75% in isopropanol

Isopropyl alcohol		DNEL = 500mg/m ³
67-63-0 (25)		_

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

See values below.

Component	Fresh water	Fresh water	Water Intermittent	Microorganisms in	Soil (Agriculture)
		sediment		sewage treatment	
Titanium,	PNEC =		PNEC =	PNEC =	
bis(2,4-pentanedionato-O,	1.1545mg/L		1.1545mg/L	0.025215mg/L	
O)bis(2-propanolato)-	_			-	
17927-72-9 (75)					
Isopropyl alcohol	PNEC = 140.9mg/L	PNEC = 552mg/kg	PNEC = 140.9mg/L	PNEC = 2251mg/L	PNEC = 28mg/kg
67-63-0 (25)	_	sediment dw		-	soil dw

Component	Marine water	Marine water sediment	Marine water Intermittent	Food chain	Air
Titanium,	PNEC =				
bis(2,4-pentanedionato-O,	0.11545mg/L				
O)bis(2-propanolato)-					
17927-72-9 (75)					
Isopropyl alcohol	PNEC = 140.9mg/L	PNEC = 552mg/kg		PNEC = 160mg/kg	
67-63-0 (25)		sediment dw		food	

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments			
Nitrile rubber	480 minutes	0.4 mm	EN 374	(minimum requirement)			
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Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing.

Inspect gloves before use. observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information) gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion. gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment

Recommended Filter type: Multi-purpose/ABEK conforming to EN14387

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

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Titanium(diisopropoxide) bis(2,4-pentanedionate), 75% in isopropanol

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Environmental exposure controls No information available.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid

Appearance

Odor
Odor No information available
No data available
Melting Point/Range
No data available
No data available
No data available
No information available
No information available

Flammability (liquid) Flammable On basis of test data

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Liquid

Explosion Limits No data available

Flash Point 18 °C / 64.4 °F Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature
Decomposition Temperature
pH
Viscosity
No data available
No information available
No data available
No data available
Immiscible

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Componentlog PowTitanium,0.74193

bis(2,4-pentanedionato-O,O)bis(2-prop

anolato)-

Isopropyl alcohol 0.05

Vapor Pressure <=1100 hPa @ 50 °C

Density / Specific Gravity1.01 g/cm3@ 20 °CBulk DensityNot applicableLiquidVapor DensityNo data available(Air = 1.0)

Particle characteristics Not applicable (liquid)

9.2. Other information

Molecular Formula C16 H28 O6 Ti

Molecular Weight 364.30

Explosive Properties explosive air/vapour mixtures possible

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Moisture sensitive.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous PolymerizationNo information available.Hazardous ReactionsNone under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

Titanium(diisopropoxide) bis(2,4-pentanedionate), 75% in isopropanol

10.5. Incompatible materials

Oxidizing agent.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). Titanium oxides.

Section 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

Oral Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Dermal Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Inhalation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Toxicology data for the components

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Isopropyl alcohol	5045 mg/kg (Rat)	12800 mg/kg (Rat)	72.6 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
	3600 mg/kg (Mouse)		

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; No data available

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 2

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory No data available Skin No data available

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; No data available

(f) carcinogenicity; No data available

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

(g) reproductive toxicity; No data available

(h) STOT-single exposure; Category 3

Results / Target organs Central nervous system (CNS).

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; No data available

Target OrgansNo information available.

(j) aspiration hazard; No data available

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. delayed

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11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine Disrupting Properties

Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

Section 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecotoxicity effects

May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
Isopropyl alcohol	LC50: = 9640 mg/L, 96h	13299 mg/L EC50 = 48 h	EC50: > 1000 mg/L, 72h
	flow-through (Pimephales	9714 mg/L EC50 = 24 h	(Desmodesmus subspicatus)
	promelas)		EC50: > 1000 mg/L, 96h
	LC50: > 1400000 μg/L, 96h		(Desmodesmus subspicatus)
	(Lepomis macrochirus)		
	LC50: = 11130 mg/L, 96h static		
	(Pimephales promelas)		
	LC50: = 10000000 μg/L, 96h		
	(Daphnia)		

Component	Microtox	M-Factor
Isopropyl alcohol	= 35390 mg/L EC50 Photobacterium phosphoreum 5 min	

12.2. Persistence and degradability Product contains heavy metals. Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Special

pre-treatment is necessary

Persistence

Immiscible with water, May persist.

Degradation in sewage treatment plant

Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste

water treatment plants.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

May have some potential to bioaccumulate; Product has a high potential to bioconcentrate

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Titanium,	0.74193	No data available
bis(2,4-pentanedionato-O,O)bis(2-propanol		
ato)-		
Isopropyl alcohol	0.05	No data available

12.4. Mobility in soil

Spillage unlikely to penetrate soil The product is insoluble and sinks in water Is not likely

mobile in the environment due its low water solubility.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

No data available for assessment.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting

properties

Endocrine Disruptor Information

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

12.7. Other adverse effects

Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

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Section 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused

Products

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives

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on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers **Contaminated Packaging**

retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and

empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

European Waste Catalogue (EWC) According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but

application specific.

Other Information Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product

was used. Do not flush to sewer. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with

local regulations.

Switzerland - Waste Ordinance Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations. Ordinance on the Avoidance and the Disposal of Waste (Waste Ordinance,

ADWO) SR 814.600

https://www.fedlex.admin.ch/eli/cc/2015/891/en

Section 14: Transport information

IMDG/IMO

14.1. UN number UN1219

14.2. UN proper shipping name **ISOPROPANOL**

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 14.4. Packing group II

ADR

UN1219 14.1. UN number

14.2. UN proper shipping name **ISOPROPANOL**

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 II 14.4. Packing group

IATA

UN1219 14.1. UN number

14.2. UN proper shipping name **ISOPROPANOL**

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 II 14.4. Packing group

14.5. Environmental hazards No hazards identified

14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required.

Not applicable, packaged goods 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Section 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

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International Inventories

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
Titanium,	17927-72-9	241-866-1	-	-	X	X	KE-03394	X	Х
bis(2,4-pentanedionato-O,O)bis(2-									
propanolato)-									
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	200-661-7	-	-	Х	X	KE-29363	X	Х

Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
Titanium, bis(2,4-pentanedionato-O,O)bis(2- propanolato)-	17927-72-9	Х	ACTIVE	Х	1	Х	Х	Х
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	Х	ACTIVE	Х	-	Χ	Х	Х

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed **KECL** - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Titanium, bis(2,4-pentanedionato-O,O)bis(2-pr opanolato)-	17927-72-9	-	-	-
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	-	Use restricted. See entry 75. (see link for restriction details)	-

REACH links

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements
Titanium, bis(2,4-pentanedionato-O,O) bis(2-propanolato)-	17927-72-9	Not applicable	Not applicable
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	Not applicable	Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)? Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

Titanium(diisopropoxide) bis(2,4-pentanedionate), 75% in isopropanol

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National Regulations

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

WGK Classification

Water endangering class = 1 (self classification)

Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Titanium,	WGK2	
bis(2,4-pentanedionato-O,O)bis(
2-propanolato)-		
Isopropyl alcohol	WGK1	

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)
Isopropyl alcohol	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84

Swiss Regulations

Article 4 para. 4 of the Ordinance on the protection of young people in the workplace (SR 822.115) and Article 1 lit. f of the EAER regulation on hazardous work and young people (SR 822.115.2).

Take note on Article 13 Maternity Ordinance (SR 822.111.52) with regards expectant and nursing mothers.

Component	Switzerland - Ordinance on the Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR 814.81)	Switzerland - Ordinance on Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC)	Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure
Isopropyl alcohol 67-63-0 (25)		Group I	

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment/Reports (CSA/CSR) are not required for mixtures

Section 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H319 - Causes serious eve irritation

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air **Transport Association**

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

Titanium(diisopropoxide) bis(2,4-pentanedionate), 75% in isopropanol

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

VOC - (volatile organic compound)

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Physical hazards
Health Hazards
Calculation method
Environmental hazards
Cn basis of test data
Calculation method

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Prepared By Health, Safety and Environmental Department

Revision Date 30-Nov-2024 Revision Summary Not applicable.

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006. COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

For Switzerland - Compiled in accordance with the technical provisions referred to in Annex 2, Number 3, ChemO (SR 813.11 - Ordinance on Protection against Dangerous Substances and Preparations).

Disclaimer

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End of Safety Data Sheet

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