

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Creation Date 20-Jan-2010 Revision Date 02-Jul-2024 Revision Number 12

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: Chloroform, stabilized with ethanol

Cat No.: 423550000; 423550040; 423550250; 423550000; 423550010; 423550025; 423550251

Synonyms Formyl trichloride; Methane trichloride; Methenyl trichloride

 Index No
 602-006-00-4

 CAS No
 67-66-3

 EC No
 200-663-8

 Molecular Formula
 C H Cl3

REACH registration number 01-2119486657-20

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against All other uses

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

EU entity/business name Thermo Fisher Scientific

Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a, 2440 Geel, Belgium

UK entity/business name Fisher Scientific UK Bishop Meadow Road,

Loughborough, Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom

Swiss distributor - Fisher Scientific AG Neuhofstrasse 11, CH 4153 Reinach

Tel: +41 (0) 56 618 41 11 e-mail - infoch@thermofisher.com

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information **US** call: 001-800-227-6701 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No.**US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

customers in Switzerland:

Tox Info Suisse Emergency Number: 145 (24hr)

Tox Info Suisse: +41-44 251 51 51 (Emergency number from abroad)

Chemtrec (24h) Toll-Free: 0800 564 402 Chemtrec Local: +41-43 508 20 11 (Zurich)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Physical hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Health hazards

Acute oral toxicity	Category 4 (H302)
Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors	Category 3 (H331)
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 2 (H315)
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 2 (H319)
Carcinogenicity	Category 2 (H351)
Reproductive Toxicity	Category 2 (H361d)
Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)	Category 3 (H336)
Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure)	Category 1 (H372)

Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H331 - Toxic if inhaled

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer

H361d - Suspected of damaging the unborn child

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure in contact with skin

Precautionary Statements

P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P311 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

Additional EU labelling

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For use in industrial installations only

2.3. Other hazards

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) Cardiac and respiratory depression

Overexposure may cause decreased heart rate, decreased blood pressure, heart block, and cardiac failure

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	200-578-6	<0.8	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319)
Chloroform	67-66-3	200-663-8	>99	Acute Tox. 4 (H302) Acute Tox. 3 (H331) Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) STOT SE 3 (H336) Carc. 2 (H351) Repr. 2 (H361d) STOT RE 1 (H372)

Component	Specific concentration limits (SCL's)	M-Factor	Component notes
Ethyl alcohol	Eye Irrit. 2 :: C>=50%	-	-
Chloroform	STOT RE 2 : C ≥ 5 %	-	-

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Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is

required.

Eye ContactRinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. In

the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical

advice.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical

attention is required.

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Do not use mouth-to-mouth

method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device.

Immediate medical attention is required.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Use personal protective equipment as required.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

. Symptoms of overexposure are dizziness, headache, tiredness, nausea, unconsciousness, cessation of breathing: May cause decreases in blood pressure and other cardiac effects: Symptoms may be delayed

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically. Signs of overdose include stupor and respiratory depression.

Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Substance is nonflammable; use agent most appropriate to extinguish surrounding fire.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non-combustible, substance itself does not burn but may decompose upon heating to produce corrosive and/or toxic fumes.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Phosgene, Hydrogen chloride gas.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

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Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Protect from direct sunlight. Store under an inert atmosphere. Protect from moisture.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

Storage Class/LGK 6.1D

Switzerland - Storage of hazardous substances

Storage class - SC 6.1 https://www.kvu.ch/de/themen/stoffe-und-produkte https://www.kvu.ch/fr/themes/substances-et-produits https://www.kvu.ch/it/temi/sostanze-e-prodotti

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7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): **EU** - Commission Directive (EU) 2019/1831 of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Forth edition. Published 2020. **IRE** - 2010 Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations 2001. Published by the Health and Safety Authority. **CH** - The Government of Switzerland has set a directive on limit values for working materials (Grenzwerte am Arbeitsplatz) which is based on the Swiss Federal Regulation "Verordnung über die Verhütung von Unfällen und Berufskrankheiten". This directive is administered, periodically revised and enforced by SUVA (Swiss National Accident Insurance Fund).

Component	European Union	The United Kingdom	France	Belgium	Spain
Ethyl alcohol		TWA: 1000 ppm TWA;	TWA / VME: 1000 ppm		STEL / VLA-EC: 1000
		1920 mg/m ³ TWA	(8 heures).	TWA: 1907 mg/m ³ 8	ppm (15 minutos).
		WEL - STEL: 3000 ppm	TWA / VME: 1900	uren	STEL / VLA-EC: 1910
		STEL; 5760 mg/m ³	mg/m³ (8 heures).		mg/m³ (15 minutos).
		STEL	STEL / VLCT: 5000		
			ppm.		
			STEL / VLCT: 9500		
			mg/m³.		
Chloroform	TWA: 2 ppm 8 hr	TWA: 2 ppm	TWA / VME: 2 ppm (8	TWA: 2 ppm 8 uren	TWA / VLA-ED: 2 ppm
	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hr	TWA: 9.9 mg/m ³	heures). restrictive limit	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 uren	(8 horas)
	Possibility of significant	STEL: 6 ppm	TWA / VME: 10 mg/m ³	Huid	TWA / VLA-ED: 10
	uptake through the skin	STEL: 29.7 mg/m ³	(8 heures). restrictive		mg/m³ (8 horas)
			limit		Piel
			STEL / VLCT: 50 ppm.		
			STEL / VLCT: 250		
			mg/m³.		
			Peau		

Component	Italy	Germany	Portugal	The Netherlands	Finland
Ethyl alcohol		200 ppm TWA MAK;	STEL: 1000 ppm 15	huid	TWA: 1000 ppm 8
		380 mg/m ³ TWA MAK	minutos	STEL: 1000 ppm 15	tunteina
				minuten	TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 8
				STEL: 1900 mg/m ³ 15	tunteina
				minuten	STEL: 1300 ppm 15
				TWA: 137 ppm 8 uren	minuutteina

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				TWA: 260 mg/m ³ 8 uren	STEL: 2500 mg/m ³ 15 minuutteina
Chloroform	TWA: 2 ppm 8 ore. Media Ponderata nel Tempo TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 ore. Media Ponderata nel Tempo Pelle	0.5 ppm TWA MAK 2.5 mg/m³ TWA MAK	TWA: 2 ppm 8 horas TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 horas Pele	STEL: 25 mg/m ³ 15 minuten TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 uren	TWA: 2 ppm 8 tunteina TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 tunteina STEL: 4 ppm 15 minuutteina STEL: 20 mg/m³ 15 minuutteina Iho

Component	Austria	Denmark	Switzerland	Poland	Norway
Ethyl alcohol	MAK-KZGW: 2000 ppm	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 timer	STEL: 1000 ppm 15	TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 8	TWA: 500 ppm 8 timer
	15 Minuten	TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 8	Minuten	godzinach	TWA: 950 mg/m ³ 8 timer
	MAK-KZGW: 3800	timer	STEL: 1920 mg/m ³ 15		STEL: 625 ppm 15
	mg/m ³ 15 Minuten	STEL: 2000 ppm 15	Minuten		minutter. value
	MAK-TMW: 1000 ppm 8	minutter	TWA: 500 ppm 8		calculated
	Stunden	STEL: 3800 mg/m ³ 15	Stunden		STEL: 1187.5 mg/m ³ 15
	MAK-TMW: 1900 mg/m ³	minutter	TWA: 960 mg/m ³ 8		minutter. value
	8 Stunden		Stunden		calculated
Chloroform	Haut	TWA: 2 ppm 8 timer	Haut/Peau	TWA: 8 mg/m ³ 8	TWA: 2 ppm 8 timer
	MAK-TMW: 2 ppm 8	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 timer	STEL: 1 ppm 15	godzinach	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 timer
	Stunden	Hud	Minuten		4 ppm STEL (value
	MAK-TMW: 10 mg/m ³ 8		STEL: 5 mg/m ³ 15		calculated)
	Stunden		Minuten		15 mg/m³ STEL (value
			TWA: 0.5 ppm 8		calculated)
			Stunden		Hud
			TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³ 8		
			Stunden		

Component	Bulgaria	Croatia	Ireland	Cyprus	Czech Republic
Ethyl alcohol	TWA: 1000 mg/m³	TWA-GVI: 1000 ppm 8 satima. TWA-GVI: 1900 mg/m ³ 8 satima.	STEL: 1000 ppm 15 min		TWA: 1000 mg/m ³ 8 hodinách. Ceiling: 3000 mg/m ³
Chloroform	TWA: 2 ppm TWA: 10.0 mg/m ³ Skin notation	kože TWA-GVI: 2 ppm 8 satima. TWA-GVI: 10 mg/m³ 8 satima.	TWA: 2 ppm 8 hr. TWA: 9.8 mg/m³ 8 hr. STEL: 6 ppm 15 min STEL: 29.4 mg/m³ 15 min Skin	Skin-potential for cutaneous absorption TWA: 2 ppm TWA: 10 mg/m ³	TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hodinách. Potential for cutaneous absorption Ceiling: 20 mg/m³

Component	Estonia	Gibraltar	Greece	Hungary	Iceland
Ethyl alcohol	TWA: 500 ppm 8		TWA: 1000 ppm	STEL: 2000 ppm 15	TWA: 1000 ppm 8
	tundides.		TWA: 1900 mg/m ³	percekben. CK	klukkustundum.
	TWA: 1000 mg/m ³ 8			STEL: 3800 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 8
	tundides.			percekben. CK	klukkustundum.
	STEL: 1000 ppm 15			TWA: 1000 ppm 8	Ceiling: 2000 ppm
	minutites.			órában. AK	Ceiling: 3800 mg/m ³
	STEL: 1900 mg/m ³ 15			TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 8	
	minutites.			órában. AK	
Chloroform	Nahk	Skin notation	TWA: 10 ppm	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8	TWA: 2 ppm 8
	TWA: 2 ppm 8 tundides.	TWA: 2 ppm 8 hr	TWA: 50 mg/m ³	órában. AK	klukkustundum.
	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hr	_		TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8
	tundides.				klukkustundum.
					Skin notation
					Ceiling: 4 ppm
					Ceiling: 20 mg/m ³

Component	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg	Malta	Romania
Ethyl alcohol	TWA: 1000 mg/m³	TWA: 500 ppm IPRD TWA: 1000 mg/m³ IPRD STEL: 1000 ppm STEL: 1900 mg/m³			TWA: 1000 ppm 8 ore TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 8 ore STEL: 5000 ppm 15 minute STEL: 9500 mg/m ³ 15 minute
Chloroform	skin - potential for cutaneous exposure	TWA: 10 mg/m³ IPRD TWA: 2 ppm IPRD	Possibility of significant uptake through the skin		Skin notation TWA: 2 ppm 8 ore

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1 '' 1	WA: 2 ppm 8 Stunden TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 Stunden TWA: 10 mg/m³	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 ore
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L	Component	Russia	Slovak Republic	Slovenia	Sweden	Turkey
	Ethyl alcohol	TWA: 1000 mg/m ³ 2391	Ceiling: 1920 mg/m ³	TWA: 960 mg/m ³ 8 urah	Indicative STEL: 1000	
		MAC: 2000 mg/m ³	TWA: 500 ppm	TWA: 500 ppm 8 urah	ppm 15 minuter	
			TWA: 960 mg/m ³	STEL: 1000 ppm 15	Indicative STEL: 1900	
				minutah	mg/m ³ 15 minuter	
				STEL: 1920 mg/m ³ 15	TLV: 500 ppm 8 timmar.	
				minutah	NGV	
1					TLV: 1000 mg/m ³ 8	
L					timmar. NGV	
Γ	Chloroform	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 2019	Potential for cutaneous	TWA: 2 ppm 8 urah	Indicative STLV: 5 ppm	Deri
		Skin notation	absorption	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 urah	15 minuter	TWA: 2 ppm 8 saat
		STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 2019	TWA: 2 ppm	Koža	Indicative STLV: 25	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 saat
			TWA: 10 mg/m ³		mg/m ³ 15 minuter	
			_		LLV: 2 ppm 8 timmar.	
					LLV: 10 mg/m ³ 8	
1					timmar.	
L					Hud	

Biological limit values

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.

MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours

MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

Component	Acute effects local (Oral)	Acute effects systemic (Oral)	Chronic effects local (Oral)	Chronic effects systemic (Oral)
Ethyl alcohol 64-17-5 (<0.8)		DNEL = 87 mg/kg bw/d		

Component	Acute effects local (Dermal)	Acute effects systemic (Dermal)	Chronic effects local (Dermal)	Chronic effects systemic (Dermal)
Ethyl alcohol 64-17-5 (<0.8)				DNEL = 343mg/kg bw/day
Chloroform 67-66-3 (>99)				DNEL = 0.94mg/kg bw/day

Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)
Ethyl alcohol 64-17-5 (<0.8)	DNEL = 1900mg/m ³			DNEL = 950mg/m ³
Chloroform 67-66-3 (>99)		DNEL = 333mg/m ³	DNEL = 2.5mg/m ³	DNEL = 2.5mg/m ³

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Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

See values below.

Component	Fresh water	Fresh water	Water Intermittent	Microorganisms in	Soil (Agriculture)
		sediment		sewage treatment	
Chloroform	PNEC = 0.146mg/L	PNEC = 0.45mg/kg	PNEC = 0.133mg/L	PNEC = 0.048mg/L	PNEC = 0.56mg/kg
67-66-3 (>99)	-	sediment dw	_	_	soil dw

Component	Marine water	Marine water sediment	Marine water Intermittent	Food chain	Air
Chloroform	PNEC = 0.015mg/L	PNEC = 0.09mg/kg			
67-66-3 (>99)		sediment dw			

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material Viton (R)	Breakthrough time > 480 minutes	Glove thickness 0.30 mm	EU standard Level 6 EN 374	Glove comments As tested under EN374-3 Determination of Resistance to Permeation by Chemicals
Neoprene Butyl rubber	< 25 minutes < 15 minutes	0.45 mm 0.35 mm	LIN O74	Resistance to Fermeation by Orienticals

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing.

Inspect gloves before use. observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information) gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: low boiling organic solvent Type AX Brown conforming to

EN371

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

141

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls Prevent product from entering drains.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

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9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid

Appearance Colorless

Odor aromatic Slight sweet
Odor Threshold No data available
Melting Point/Range -63 °C / -81.4 °F
Softening Point No data available
Boiling Point/Range 61 °C / 141.8 142.7 °F

Flammability (liquid) No data available

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable

Explosion Limits No data available

Flash Point No information available Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature

Decomposition Temperature
pH

No data available
No data available
No information available
0.56 mPa.s @ 20 °C

Water Solubility 8 g/L (20°C)

Solubility in other solvents Miscible; organic solvents

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Componentlog PowEthyl alcohol-0.32Chloroform2

Vapor Pressure 213 mbar @ 20 °C

Density / Specific Gravity 1.480

Bulk DensityNot applicableLiquidVapor Density4.12 (Air = 1.0)(Air = 1.0)

Particle characteristics Not applicable (liquid)

9.2. Other information

Molecular Formula C H Cl3 Molecular Weight 119.38

Evaporation Rate 11.6 (Butyl Acetate = 1.0)

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions. UNSTABLE (REACTIVE) UPON DEPLETION OF

Liquid

INHIBITOR. Light sensitive.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible products. Heat, flames and sparks. Excess heat. Exposure to light. Protect

from moisture.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Alkali metals. Aluminium. Acetone.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Phosgene. Hydrogen chloride gas.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

Oral Category 4

Dermal Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Inhalation Category 3

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Ethyl alcohol	LD50 = 10470 mg/kg	-	LC50 = 117-125 mg/l (4h)
	OECD 401 (Rat)		OECD 403 (rat)
	3450 mg/kg (Mouse)		20000 ppm/10H (rat)
Chloroform	LD50 = 908 mg/kg (rat) LD50 = 695 mg/kg (Rat) LD50 = 450 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 > 20 g/kg(Rabbit)	LC50 = 10.5 mg/L (Rat) 4 h

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 2

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 2

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory No data available Skin No data available

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Ethyl alcohol	Mouse Ear Swelling Test (MEST)	mouse	non-sensitising
64-17-5 (<0.8)			
		mouse	non-sensitising
	OECD Test Guideline 429		
	Local Lymph Node Assay		

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; No data available

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Ethyl alcohol	AMES test	in vitro	negative
64-17-5 (<0.8)	OECD Test Guideline 471	Bacteria	_
	Gene cell mutation		
	OECD Test Guideline 476	in vitro	negative
		Mammalian	

(f) carcinogenicity; Category 2

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect Ethanol has been shown to be carcinogenic in long-term studies only when consumed and abused as an alcoholic beverage.

Component	EU	UK	Germany	IARC
Chloroform				Group 2B

(g) reproductive toxicity;	Category 2				
Component	Test method	Test species / Duration	Study result		

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Ī	Ethyl alcohol 64-17-5 (<0.8)	OECD Test Guideline 416	Oral / mouse 2 Generation	NOAEL = 13.8 g/kg/day
		OECD Test Guideline 414	Inhalation / Rat	NOAEC = 16000 ppm

Reproductive Effects

SUSPECT REPRODUCTIVE HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH MAY INJURE

UNBORN CHILD (CAUSE BIRTH DEFECTS) (BASED ON ANIMAL DATA).

(h) STOT-single exposure; Category 3

Results / Target organs Central nervous system (CNS).

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Category 1

LOAEL = 15 mg/kg bw/day Study result

 $NOAEC = 25 \text{ mg/m}^3$

Target Organs Kidney, Liver, Nasal Cavities.

(j) aspiration hazard; No data available

Other Adverse Effects Tumorigenic effects have been reported in experimental animals. See actual entry in

RTECS for complete information

delayed

Symptoms / effects, both acute and Symptoms of overexposure are dizziness, headache, tiredness, nausea, unconsciousness, cessation of breathing. May cause decreases in blood pressure and other cardiac effects.

Symptoms may be delayed.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine Disrupting Properties

Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any

known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity **Ecotoxicity effects**

Do not empty into drains. Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. The product contains following substances which are

hazardous for the environment.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
Ethyl alcohol	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) LC50 = 14200 mg/l/96h	EC50 = 9268 mg/L/48h EC50 = 10800 mg/L/24h	EC50 (72h) = 275 mg/l (Chlorella vulgaris)
Chloroform	LC50: = 300 mg/L, 96h static (Poecilia reticulata) LC50: = 18 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: = 18 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: = 71 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Pimephales promelas)	EC50 = 28.9 mg/L/48h	EC50 = 560 mg/L/48h

Component	Microtox	M-Factor
Ethyl alcohol	Photobacterium phosphoreum:EC50 = 34634	
	mg/L/30 min	

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	Photobacterium phosphoreum:EC50 = 35470 mg/L/5 min	
Chloroform	Photobacterium phosphoreum: EC50 = 520 mg/L/5 min	
	Photobacterium phosphoreum: EC50 = 670 mg/L/15 min Photobacterium phosphoreum: EC50 = 670 mg/L/30min	

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

1 0101010100	inionnation available.		
	Component	Degradability	
Ethyl alcohol		OECD 301E = 94%	
64-17-5 (< 0.8)			

Degradation in sewage treatment plant

Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Ethyl alcohol	-0.32	No data available
Chloroform	2	1.4 - 13 dimensionless

12.4. Mobility in soil

The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all

surfaces Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility. Disperses rapidly in

aır

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent

and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

12.6. Endocrine disrupting

properties

Endocrine Disruptor Information

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

12.7. Other adverse effects

Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused

Products

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives

on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point.

European Waste Catalogue (EWC) According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but

application specific.

Other Information Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the

application for which the product was used. Do not empty into drains.

Switzerland - Waste Ordinance Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations. Ordinance on the Avoidance and the Disposal of Waste (Waste Ordinance,

ADWO) SR 814.600

https://www.fedlex.admin.ch/eli/cc/2015/891/en

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

14.1. UN number UN1888

14.2. UN proper shipping name CHLOROFORM

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 6.1 14.4. Packing group III

ADR

14.1. UN number UN1888

14.2. UN proper shipping name CHLOROFORM

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 6.1 **14.4. Packing group** III

IATA

14.1. UN number UN1888

14.2. UN proper shipping name CHLOROFORM

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 6.1 **14.4. Packing group** III

14.5. Environmental hazards No hazards identified

14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable, packaged goods

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	200-578-6	-	-	Х	Х	KE-13217	X	Х
Chloroform	67-66-3	200-663-8	-	-	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	Х	ACTIVE	X	-	X	X	Х
Chloroform	67-66-3	Х	ACTIVE	Х	-	X	Х	Х

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

ſ	Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) -	REACH (1907/2006) -	REACH Regulation (EC
1	-		Annex XIV - Substances	Annex XVII - Restrictions	1907/2006) article 59 -
1			Subject to Authorization	on Certain Dangerous	Candidate List of
Į				Substances	Substances of Very High

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				Concern (SVHC)
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	-	-	-
Chloroform	67-66-3	-	Use restricted. See item	-
			32.	
			(see	
			http://eur-lex.europa.eu/Le	
			xUriServ/LexUriServ.do?ur	
			i=CELEX:32006R1907:EN:	
			NOT for restriction details)	

REACH links

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	Not applicable	Not applicable
Chloroform	67-66-3	Not applicable	Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Component	ANNEX I - PART 1 List of chemicals subject to export notification procedure (referred to in Article 8)	ANNEX I - PART 2 List of chemicals qualifying for PIC notification (referred to in Article 11)	ANNEX I - PART 3 List of chemicals subject to the PIC procedure (referred to in Articles 13 and 14)
Chloroform 67-66-3 (>99)	b — ban (for the category or categories concerned)b — ban (for the category or	-	_ ^
	categories concerned) i(2) — industrial chemical for public		

https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=CELEX%3A32012R0649&qid=1604065742303.

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)? Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

Take note of Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

Take note of Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work

Take note of Dir 92/85/EC on the protection of pregnant and breastfeeding women at work

National Regulations

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

WGK Classification

See table for values

Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class	
Ethyl alcohol	WGK1		
Chloroform	WGK 3	Class I: 20 mg/m³ (Massenkonzentration)	

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)		
Ethyl alcohol	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84		
Chloroform	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 12		

Swiss Regulations

Article 4 para. 4 of the Ordinance on the protection of young people in the workplace (SR 822.115) and Article 1 lit. f of the EAER regulation on hazardous work and young people (SR 822.115.2).

Take note on Article 13 Maternity Ordinance (SR 822.111.52) with regards expectant and nursing mothers.

Component	Switzerland - Ordinance on the Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR 814.81)	Switzerland - Ordinance on Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC)	Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure
Ethyl alcohol 64-17-5 (<0.8)		Group I	
Chloroform 67-66-3 (>99)	Prohibited and Restricted Substances		Annex I - industrial chemical

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment/Report (CSA/CSR) has not been conducted

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H332 - Harmful if inhaled

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer

H361d - Suspected of damaging the unborn child

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure in contact with skin

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

Substances List **ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

VOC - (volatile organic compound)

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Training Advice

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Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Chemical incident response training.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts.

Creation Date20-Jan-2010Revision Date02-Jul-2024

Revision Summary SDS sections updated, 7.

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006. COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

For Switzerland - Compiled in accordance with the technical provisions referred to in Annex 2, Number 3, ChemO (SR 813.11 - Ordinance on Protection against Dangerous Substances and Preparations).

Disclaimer

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End of Safety Data Sheet