

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Creation Date 22-Feb-2011 Revision Date 09-Feb-2024 Revision Number 8

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: Karl Fischer reagent

Cat No. : J/4600/PB17, J/4600/PB15, J/4600/PB08

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals. Uses advised against No Information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

EU entity/business name
Thermo Fisher Scientific
Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a

2440 Geel, Belgium

UK entity/business name

Fisher Scientific UK

Bishop Meadow Road, Loughborough, Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom

Swiss distributor - Fisher Scientific AG Neuhofstrasse 11, CH 4153 Reinach

Tel: +41 (0) 56 618 41 11 e-mail - infoch@thermofisher.com

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Tel: 01509 231166

Chemtrec US: (800) 424-9300 Chemtrec EU: 001-703-527-3887

For customers in Switzerland:

Tox Info Suisse Emergency Number: 145 (24hr)

Tox Info Suisse: +41-44 251 51 51 (Emergency number from abroad)

Chemtrec (24h) Toll-Free: 0800 564 402 Chemtrec Local: +41-43 508 20 11 (Zurich)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

FSUJ4600

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CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Physical hazards

Flammable liquids Category 2 (H225)

Health hazards

Acute oral toxicity Category 3 (H301) Acute dermal toxicity Category 3 (H311) Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors Category 3 (H331) Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 1 B (H314) Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 1 (H318) Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure) Category 1 (H370) Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure) Category 1 (H372)

Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H301 + H311 + H331 - Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H370 - Causes damage to organs

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Precautionary Statements

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting
P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

2.3. Other hazards

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

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3.2. Mixtures

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Methanol	67-56-1	200-659-6	50 - 60	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225)
				Acute Tox. 3 (H301)
				Acute Tox. 3 (H311)
				Acute Tox. 3 (H331)
				STOT SE 1 (H370)
Pyridine	110-86-1	203-809-9	15 - 25	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225)
				Acute Tox. 4 (H302)
				Acute Tox. 4 (H312)
				Acute Tox. 4 (H332)
				Skin Irrit. 2 (H315)
				Eye Irrit. 2 (H319)
lodine	7553-56-2	231-442-4	10 - 15	Acute Tox. 4 (H302)
				Acute Tox. 4 (H312)
				Acute Tox. 4 (H332)
				Skin Irrit. 2 (H315)
				Eye Irrit. 2 (H319)
				STOT SE 3 (H335)
				STOT RE 1 (H372)
				Aquatic Acute 1 (H400)
Sulfur dioxide	7446-09-5	EEC No. 231-195-2	10 - 15	Acute Tox. 3 (H331)
				Skin Corr. 1B (H314)
				Eye Dam. 1 (H318)

Component	Specific concentration limits (SCL's)	M-Factor	Component notes
Methanol	STOT Single Exp. 1 :: >= 10 STOT Single Exp. 2 :: 3 - < 10	-	-
lodine	-	1	-

Components	Reach Registration Number	
Methanol	01-2119433307-44	
lodine	01-2119485285-30	
Pyridine	01-2119493105-40	
Sulfur dioxide	01-2119485028-34	

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is

required.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. In

the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical

advice.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical

attention is required.

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Inhalation If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim

ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Remove to fresh

air. Immediate medical attention is required.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

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protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Causes burns by all exposure routes. Difficulty in breathing. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

CO₂, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2), Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Sulfur oxides.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Hygiene Measures

When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Provide regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Flammables area. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Corrosives area.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

Class 3

Switzerland - Storage of hazardous substances

Storage class - SC 3

https://www.kvu.ch/de/themen/stoffe-und-produkte https://www.kvu.ch/fr/themes/substances-et-produits https://www.kvu.ch/it/temi/sostanze-e-prodotti

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): **EU** - Commission Directive (EU) 2019/1831 of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Forth edition. Published 2020. **IRE** - 2010 Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations 2001. Published by the Health and Safety Authority. **CH** - The Government of Switzerland has set a directive on limit values for working materials (Grenzwerte am Arbeitsplatz) which is based on the Swiss Federal Regulation "Verordnung über die Verhütung von Unfällen und Berufskrankheiten". This directive is administered, periodically revised and enforced by SUVA (Swiss National Accident Insurance Fund).

Component	European Union	The United Kingdom	France	Belgium	Spain
Methanol	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hr	WEL - TWA: 200 ppm	TWA / VME: 200 ppm (8		TWA / VLA-ED: 200
	TWA: 260 mg/m ³ 8 hr	TWA; 266 mg/m ³ TWA	heures). restrictive limit	TWA: 266 mg/m ³ 8 uren	ppm (8 horas)
	Skin	WEL - STEL: 250 ppm	TWA / VME: 260 mg/m ³	STEL: 250 ppm 15	TWA / VLA-ED: 266
		STEL; 333 mg/m ³ STEL	(8 heures). restrictive	minuten	mg/m³ (8 horas)
			limit	STEL: 333 mg/m ³ 15	Piel
			STEL / VLCT: 1000	minuten	
			ppm. restrictive limit	Huid	
			STEL / VLCT: 1300		
			mg/m ³ . restrictive limit		
			Peau		
Pyridine		STEL: 10 ppm 15 min	TWA / VME: 5 ppm (8	TWA: 1 ppm 8 uren	TWA / VLA-ED: 1 ppm
		STEL: 33 mg/m ³ 15 min	,	TWA: 3.3 mg/m ³ 8 uren	
		TWA: 5 ppm 8 hr	TWA / VME: 15 mg/m ³		TWA / VLA-ED: 3 mg/m ³
		TWA: 16 mg/m ³ 8 hr	(8 heures).		(8 horas)
			STEL / VLCT: 10 ppm.		
			STEL / VLCT: 30		
			mg/m³.		
lodine			STEL / VLCT: 0.1 ppm.	TWA: 0.01 ppm 8 uren	STEL / VLA-EC: 0.1
		STEL: 1.1 mg/m ³ 15 min	STEL / VLCT: 1 mg/m ³ .	TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ 8 uren	
				STEL: 0.1 ppm 15	STEL / VLA-EC: 1
				minuten	mg/m³ (15 minutos).
				STEL: 1 mg/m ³ 15	TWA / VLA-ED: 0.01

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minuten	ppm (8 horas)
	TWA / VLA-ED: 0.1
	mg/m³ (8 horas)
'A: 0.5 ppm 8 uren	STEL / VLA-EC: 2 ppm
A: 1.3 mg/m ³ 8 uren	(15 minutos).
STFI · 1 nnm 15	STEL/VLA-FC: 5.28

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- 1					minuten	ppiii (o iioias)
-						TWA / VLA-ED: 0.1
						mg/m³ (8 horas)
Ī	Sulfur dioxide	TWA: 1.3 mg/m ³ (8h)	STEL: 1 ppm 15 min	TWA / VME: 0.5 ppm (8		STEL / VLA-EC: 2 ppm
1		TWA: 0.5 ppm (8h)	STEL: 2.7 mg/m ³ 15 min	heures).	TWA: 1.3 mg/m ³ 8 uren	(15 minutos).
1		STEL: 2.7 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.5 ppm 8 hr	TWA / VME: 1.3 mg/m ³	STEL: 1 ppm 15	STEL / VLA-EC: 5.28
1		(15min)	TWA: 1.3 mg/m ³ 8 hr	(8 heures).	minuten	mg/m³ (15 minutos).
١		STEL: 1 ppm (15min)	_	STEL / VLCT: 1 ppm.	STEL: 2.7 mg/m ³ 15	TWA / VLA-ED: 0.5 ppm
١				indicative limit	minuten	(8 horas)
١				STEL / VLCT: 2.7		TWA / VLA-ED: 1.32
-				mg/m³. indicative limit		mg/m³ (8 horas)
•						

Component	Italy	Germany	Portugal	The Netherlands	Finland
Methanol	TWA: 200 ppm 8 ore.	100 ppm TWA MAK;	STEL: 250 ppm 15	huid	TWA: 200 ppm 8
	Time Weighted Average	130 mg/m³ TWA	minutos	TWA: 133 mg/m ³ 8 uren	tunteina
	TWA: 260 mg/m ³ 8 ore.	MAKSkin absorber	TWA: 200 ppm 8 horas		TWA: 270 mg/m ³ 8
	Time Weighted Average		TWA: 260 mg/m ³ 8		tunteina
	Pelle		horas		STEL: 250 ppm 15
			Pele		minuutteina
					STEL: 330 mg/m ³ 15
					minuutteina
					lho
Pyridine		Haut	TWA: 5 ppm 8 horas	TWA: 0.9 mg/m ³ 8 uren	TWA: 1 ppm 8 tunteina
			TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 horas		TWA: 3 mg/m ³ 8
					tunteina
					STEL: 5 ppm 15
					minuutteina
					STEL: 16 mg/m³ 15
					minuutteina Iho
lodine		Haut	STEL: 0.1 ppm 15		STEL: 0.1 ppm 15
louine		Паиі	minutos		minuutteina
			TWA: 0.01 ppm 8 horas		STEL: 1.1 mg/m ³ 15
			TWA. 0.01 ppin 6 noras		minuutteina
					lho
Sulfur dioxide	TWA: 1.3 mg/m ³ 8 ore.	TWA: 1 ppm	STEL: 1 ppm 15	STEL: 0.7 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.5 ppm 8
	Time Weighted Average	TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³	minutos	MAC: 2 ppm	tunteina
	TWA: 0.5 ppm 8 ore.	G	STEL: 2.7 mg/m ³ 15	MAC: 5 mg/m ³	TWA: 1.3 mg/m ³ 8
	Time Weighted Average		minutos		tunteina
	STEL: 2.7 mg/m ³ 15		TWA: 0.5 ppm 8 horas		STEL: 1 ppm 15
	minuti. Short-term		TWA: 1.3 mg/m ³ 8 horas		minuutteina
	STEL: 1 ppm 15 minuti.				STEL: 2.7 mg/m ³ 15
	Short-term				minuutteina

Component	Austria	Denmark	Switzerland	Poland	Norway
Methanol	Haut	TWA: 200 ppm 8 timer	Haut/Peau	STEL: 300 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 100 ppm 8 timer
	MAK-KZGW: 800 ppm	TWA: 260 mg/m ³ 8 timer	STEL: 400 ppm 15	minutach	TWA: 130 mg/m ³ 8 timer
	15 Minuten	STEL: 400 ppm 15	Minuten	TWA: 100 mg/m ³ 8	STEL: 150 ppm 15
	MAK-KZGW: 1040	minutter	STEL: 520 mg/m ³ 15	godzinach	minutter. value
	mg/m ³ 15 Minuten	STEL: 520 mg/m ³ 15	Minuten		calculated
	MAK-TMW: 200 ppm 8	minutter	TWA: 200 ppm 8		STEL: 162.5 mg/m ³ 15
	Stunden	Hud	Stunden		minutter. value
	MAK-TMW: 260 mg/m ³		TWA: 260 mg/m ³ 8		calculated
	8 Stunden		Stunden		Hud
Pyridine	Haut	TWA: 5 ppm 8 timer	STEL: 10 ppm 15	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8	TWA: 5 ppm 8 timer
	MAK-KZGW: 20 ppm 15	TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 timer	Minuten	godzinach	TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 timer
	Minuten	STEL: 10 ppm 15	STEL: 30 mg/m ³ 15		STEL: 10 ppm 15
	MAK-KZGW: 60 mg/m ³	minutter	Minuten		minutter. value
	15 Minuten	STEL: 30 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 5 ppm 8 Stunden		calculated
	MAK-TMW: 5 ppm 8	minutter	TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8		STEL: 22.5 mg/m ³ 15
	Stunden		Stunden		minutter. value
	MAK-TMW: 15 mg/m ³ 8				calculated
	Stunden				
lodine	Haut	Ceiling: 0.1 ppm	Haut/Peau	STEL: 1 mg/m ³ 15	Ceiling: 0.1 ppm
	MAK-KZGW: 0.1 ppm	Ceiling: 1 mg/m ³	STEL: 0.1 ppm 15	minutach	Ceiling: 1 mg/m ³
	15 Minuten		Minuten	TWA: 0.5 mg/m ³ 8	
	MAK-KZGW: 1 mg/m ³		STEL: 1 mg/m ³ 15	godzinach	
	15 Minuten		Minuten		
	MAK-TMW: 0.1 ppm 8		TWA: 0.1 ppm 8		
	Stunden		Stunden		
	MAK-TMW: 1 mg/m ³ 8		TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8		
	Stunden		Stunden		

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	Ceiling: 0.1 ppm Ceiling: 1 mg/m ³				
Sulfur dioxide	MAK-KZGW: 1 ppm 15	TWA: 0.5 ppm 8 timer	STEL: 1 ppm 15	STEL: 2.7 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 0.5 ppm 8 timer
	Minuten	TWA: 1.3 mg/m ³ 8 timer	Minuten	minutach	TWA: 1.3 mg/m ³ 8 timer
	MAK-KZGW: 2.7 mg/m ³	STEL: 2.7 mg/m ³ 15	STEL: 2.7 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 1.3 mg/m ³ 8	STEL: 1 ppm 15
	15 Minuten	minutter	Minuten	godzinach	minutter. value from the
	MAK-TMW: 0.5 ppm 8	STEL: 1 ppm 15	TWA: 0.5 ppm 8	_	regulation
	Stunden	minutter	Stunden		STEL: 2.7 mg/m ³ 15
	MAK-TMW: 1.3 mg/m ³ 8		TWA: 1.3 mg/m ³ 8		minutter. value from the
	Stunden		Stunden		regulation

Component	Bulgaria	Croatia	Ireland	Cyprus	Czech Republic
Methanol	TWA: 200 ppm	kože	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hr.	Skin-potential for	TWA: 250 mg/m ³ 8
	TWA: 260.0 mg/m ³	TWA-GVI: 200 ppm 8	TWA: 260 mg/m ³ 8 hr.	cutaneous absorption	hodinách.
	Skin notation	satima.	STEL: 600 ppm 15 min	TWA: 200 ppm	Potential for cutaneous
		TWA-GVI: 260 mg/m ³ 8	STEL: 780 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 260 mg/m ³	absorption
		satima.	min		Ceiling: 1000 mg/m ³
			Skin		
Pyridine	TWA: 15.0 mg/m ³	TWA-GVI: 5 ppm 8	TWA: 5 ppm 8 hr.	TWA: 5 ppm	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8
		satima.	TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hr.	TWA: 15 mg/m ³	hodinách.
		TWA-GVI: 15 mg/m ³ 8	STEL: 10 ppm 15 min		Potential for cutaneous
		satima.	STEL: 30 mg/m ³ 15 min		absorption
					Ceiling: 10 mg/m ³
lodine	TWA: 3.0 mg/m ³	STEL-KGVI: 0.1 ppm 15			TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ 8
		minutama.	inhalable fraction and		hodinách.
		STEL-KGVI: 1.1 mg/m ³			Ceiling: 1 mg/m ³
		15 minutama.	TWA: 0.01 mg/m ³ 8 hr.		
			STEL: 0.1 ppm 15 min		
Sulfur dioxide	TWA: 1.3 mg/m ³	TWA-GVI: 0.5 ppm 8	TWA: 0.5 ppm 8 hr.	STEL: 2.7 mg/m ³	TWA: 1.3 mg/m ³ 8
	TWA: 0.5 ppm	satima.	TWA: 1.3 mg/m ³ 8 hr.	STEL: 1 ppm	hodinách.
	STEL: 2.7 mg/m ³		STEL: 2.7 mg/m ³ 15 min	TWA: 1.3 mg/m ³	Ceiling: 2.7 mg/m ³
	STEL: 1 ppm	satima.	STEL: 1 ppm 15 min	TWA: 0.5 ppm	
		STEL-KGVI: 1 ppm 15			
		minutama.			
		STEL-KGVI: 2.7 mg/m ³			ļ
1		15 minutama.			

Component	Estonia	Gibraltar	Greece	Hungary	Iceland
Methanol	Nahk TWA: 200 ppm 8 tundides. TWA: 250 mg/m³ 8 tundides. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutites. STEL: 350 mg/m³ 15 minutites.	Skin notation TWA: 200 ppm 8 hr TWA: 260 mg/m ³ 8 hr	skin - potential for cutaneous absorption STEL: 250 ppm STEL: 325 mg/m³ TWA: 200 ppm TWA: 260 mg/m³	TWA: 260 mg/m³ 8 órában. AK lehetséges borön keresztüli felszívódás	TWA: 200 ppm 8 klukkustundum. TWA: 260 mg/m³ 8 klukkustundum. Skin notation Ceiling: 400 ppm Ceiling: 520 mg/m³
Pyridine	TWA: 5 ppm 8 tundides. TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 tundides.	TWA: 5 ppm 8 hr existing scientific data on health effects appear to be particularly limited TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hr existing scientific data on health effects appear to be particularly limited	STEL: 10 ppm STEL: 30 mg/m³ TWA: 5 ppm TWA: 15 mg/m³	STEL: 30 mg/m³ 15 percekben. CK TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 órában. AK lehetséges borön keresztüli felszívódás	TWA: 5 ppm 8 klukkustundum. TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 klukkustundum. Ceiling: 10 ppm Ceiling: 30 mg/m³
lodine	STEL: 0.1 ppm 15 minutites. STEL: 1 mg/m³ 15 minutites.		STEL: 0.1 ppm STEL: 1 mg/m³ TWA: 0.1 ppm TWA: 1 mg/m³	STEL: 1 mg/m³ 15 percekben. CK TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 órában. AK lehetséges borön keresztüli felszívódás	STEL: 0.1 ppm STEL: 1 mg/m³
Sulfur dioxide	TWA: 0.5 ppm 8 tundides. TWA: 1.3 mg/m³ 8 tundides. STEL: 1 ppm 15 minutites. STEL: 2.7 mg/m³ 15 minutites.	TWA: 1.3 mg/m ³ 8 hr TWA: 0.5 ppm 8 hr STEL: 2.7 mg/m ³ 15 min STEL: 1 ppm 15 min	STEL: 1 ppm STEL: 2.7 mg/m³ TWA: 0.5 ppm TWA: 1.3 mg/m³	STEL: 2.7 mg/m³ 15 percekben. CK TWA: 1.3 mg/m³ 8 órában. AK	STEL: 1 ppm STEL: 2.7 mg/m ³ TWA: 0.5 ppm 8 klukkustundum. TWA: 1.3 mg/m ³ 8 klukkustundum.

Component	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg	Malta	Romania
Methanol	skin - potential for	TWA: 200 ppm IPRD	Possibility of significant	possibility of significant	Skin notation

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	cutaneous exposure	TWA: 260 mg/m ³ IPRD	uptake through the skin	uptake through the skin	TWA: 200 ppm 8 ore
	TWA: 200 ppm	Oda	TWA: 200 ppm 8	TWA: 200 ppm	TWA: 260 mg/m ³ 8 ore
	TWA: 260 mg/m ³		Stunden	TWA: 260 mg/m ³	-
	· ·		TWA: 260 mg/m ³ 8	ő	
			Stunden		
Pyridine	TWA: 5 ppm	TWA: 5 ppm IPRD	TWA: 5 ppm 8 Stunden	TWA: 5 ppm	TWA: 5 ppm 8 ore
	TWA: 15 mg/m ³	TWA: 15 mg/m ³ IPRD	TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8	TWA: 15 mg/m ³	TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 ore
	•	_	Stunden	•	•
Iodine	TWA: 1 mg/m ³	Ceiling: 0.1 ppm			TWA: 0.09 ppm 8 ore
	_	Ceiling: 1 mg/m ³			TWA: 0.5 mg/m ³ 8 ore
					STEL: 0.2 ppm 15
					minute
					STEL: 1 mg/m ³ 15
					minute
Sulfur dioxide	STEL: 2.7 mg/m ³	TWA: 1.3 mg/m ³ IPRD	TWA: 1.3 mg/m ³ 8	TWA: 0.5 ppm	TWA: 0.5 ppm 8 ore
	STEL: 1 ppm	TWA: 0.5 ppm IPRD	Stunden	TWA: 1.3 mg/m ³	TWA: 1.3 mg/m ³ 8 ore
	TWA: 1.3 mg/m ³	STEL: 2.7 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.5 ppm 8	STEL: 1 ppm 15 minuti	STEL: 1 ppm 15 minute
	TWA: 0.5 ppm	STEL: 1 ppm	Stunden	STEL: 2.7 mg/m ³ 15	STEL: 2.7 mg/m ³ 15
	· · ·	· · ·	STEL: 2.7 mg/m ³ 15	minuti	minute
			Minuten		
			STEL: 1 ppm 15		
			Minuten		

Component	Russia	Slovak Republic	Slovenia	Sweden	Turkey
Methanol	TWA: 5 mg/m³ 1250 Skin notation MAC: 15 mg/m³	Potential for cutaneous absorption TWA: 200 ppm TWA: 260 mg/m ³	TWA: 200 ppm 8 urah TWA: 260 mg/m³ 8 urah Koža STEL: 800 ppm 15 minutah STEL: 1040 mg/m³ 15 minutah	Indicative STEL: 250 ppm 15 minuter Indicative STEL: 350 mg/m³ 15 minuter TLV: 200 ppm 8 timmar. NGV TLV: 250 mg/m³ 8 timmar. NGV Hud	Deri TWA: 200 ppm 8 saat TWA: 260 mg/m³ 8 saat
Pyridine	MAC: 5 mg/m ³	TWA: 5 ppm TWA: 15 mg/m ³	TWA: 5 ppm 8 urah TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 urah	Indicative STEL: 3 ppm 15 minuter Indicative STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minuter TLV: 2 ppm 8 timmar. NGV TLV: 7 mg/m³ 8 timmar. NGV	TWA: 5 ppm 8 saat TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 saat
lodine	Skin notation MAC: 1 mg/m ³	Ceiling: 1.1 mg/m³ TWA: 0.1 ppm TWA: 1.1 mg/m³		Binding STEL: 0.1 ppm 15 minuter Binding STEL: 1 mg/m³ 15 minuter	
Sulfur dioxide	Skin notation MAC: 10 mg/m ³	Ceiling: 2.7 mg/m³ TWA: 0.5 ppm TWA: 1.3 mg/m³	TWA: 0.5 ppm 8 urah TWA: 1.3 mg/m³ 8 urah STEL: 1 ppm 15 minutah STEL: 2.7 mg/m³ 15 minutah	Binding STEL: 1 ppm 15 minuter Binding STEL: 2.7 mg/m³ 15 minuter TLV: 0.5 ppm 8 timmar. NGV TLV: 1.3 mg/m³ 8 timmar. NGV	

Biological limit values List source(s):

Component	European Union	United Kingdom	France	Spain	Germany
Methanol			Methanol: 15 mg/L urine	Methanol: 15 mg/L urine	Methanol: 15 mg/L urine
			end of shift	end of shift	(end of shift)
					Methanol: 15 mg/L urine
					(for long-term
					exposures: at the end of
					the shift after several
					shifts)

Component	Italy	Finland	Denmark	Bulgaria	Romania
Methanol					Methanol: 6 mg/L urine
					end of shift

Component	Gibraltar	Latvia	Slovak Republic	Luxemboura	Turkev

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Methanol	Methanol: 30 mg/L urine	
	end of exposure or work	· ·
	shift	· ·
	Methanol: 30 mg/L urine	· ·
	after all work shifts for	
	long-term exposure	

Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.

MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours

MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

Component	Acute effects local	Acute effects	Chronic effects local	Chronic effects
	(Dermal)	systemic (Dermal)	(Dermal)	systemic (Dermal)
Methanol		DNEL = 20mg/kg		DNEL = 20mg/kg
67-56-1 (50 - 60)		bw/day		bw/day
Pyridine		DNEL = 0.42mg/kg		DNEL = 0.14mg/kg
110-86-1 (15 - 25)		bw/day		bw/day
lodine				DNEL = 0.01mg/kg
7553-56-2 (10 - 15)				bw/day

Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)
Methanol 67-56-1 (50 - 60)	DNEL = 130mg/m ³	DNEL = 130mg/m ³	DNEL = 130mg/m ³	DNEL = 130mg/m ³
Pyridine 110-86-1 (15 - 25)		DNEL = 7.5mg/m ³		DNEL = 2.5mg/m ³
lodine 7553-56-2 (10 - 15)				DNEL = 0.07mg/m ³
Sulfur dioxide 7446-09-5 (10 - 15)	DNEL = 2.7mg/m ³		DNEL = 2.7mg/m ³	

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

See values below.

Component	Fresh water	Fresh water	Water Intermittent	Microorganisms in	Soil (Agriculture)
		sediment		sewage treatment	
Methanol	PNEC = 20.8mg/L	PNEC = 77mg/kg	PNEC = 1540mg/L	PNEC = 100mg/L	PNEC = 100mg/kg
67-56-1 (50 - 60)		sediment dw	_	-	soil dw
Pyridine	PNEC = 0.3mg/L	PNEC = 3.2mg/kg	PNEC = 3mg/L	PNEC = 2mg/L	PNEC = 0.46mg/kg
110-86-1 (15 - 25)		sediment dw			soil dw
Iodine	PNEC = 18.13µg/L	PNEC = 3.99mg/kg		PNEC = 11mg/L	PNEC = 5.95mg/kg
7553-56-2 (10 - 15)		sediment dw		_	soil dw

Component	Marine water	Marine water	Marine water	Food chain	Air
		sediment	Intermittent		
Methanol	PNEC = 2.08mg/L	PNEC = 7.7mg/kg			
67-56-1 (50 - 60)		sediment dw			
Pyridine	PNEC = 0.03mg/L	PNEC = 0.32mg/kg			
110-86-1 (15 - 25)		sediment dw			
Iodine	PNEC = 60.01µg/L	PNEC =			
7553-56-2 (10 - 15)		20.22mg/kg			
		sediment dw			

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8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Tight sealing safety goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Viton (R)	< 120 minutes	0.70 mm	EN 374	(minimum requirement)
Butyl rubber	< 45 minutes	0.35 mm		

Skin and body protection

Antistatic boots. Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing. Impervious gloves.

Inspect gloves before use. observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information) gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion. gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: low boiling organic solvent Type AX Brown conforming to

EN371

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

141

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water

system.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid

Appearance Dark brown pungent

Odor ThresholdNo data availableMelting Point/RangeNo data availableSoftening PointNo data availableBoiling Point/RangeNo information available

Flammability (liquid) Highly flammable On basis of test data

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Liquid

Explosion Limits No data available

Flash Point 12 $^{\circ}$ C / 53.6 $^{\circ}$ F Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature No data available
Decomposition Temperature No data available

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pH 5.5

Viscosity No data available

Water Solubility Miscible

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

 Component
 log Pow

 Methanol
 -0.74

 Pyridine
 0.65

 Iodine
 2.49

Vapor Pressure No data available

Density / Specific Gravity 0.93

Bulk DensityNot applicableLiquidVapor DensityNo data available(Air = 1.0)

Particle characteristics Not applicable (liquid)

9.2. Other information

Explosive Properties Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and

sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Finely powdered metals.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Sulfur oxides.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

OralCategory 3DermalCategory 3InhalationCategory 3

Toxicology data for the components

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Methanol L	LD50 = 1187 – 2769 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 = 17100 mg/kg (Rabbit)	LC50 = 128.2 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
Pyridine	LD50 = 866 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 1000 - 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	LC50 = 12.898 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
		. 1002.11 /	

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Iodine	315 mg/kg (Rat)	1425 mg/kg (Rabbit)	4.588 mg/L 4h (Rat)
Sulfur dioxide	=	-	Per CGA P-20: 2500 ppm/1hr (
			Rat)

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 1 B

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory No data available Skin No data available

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Methanol	OECD Test Guideline 406	guinea pig	non-sensitising
67-56-1 (50 - 60)	Guinea Pig Maximisation Test (GPMT)		
lodine 7553-56-2 (10 - 15)	OECD Test Guideline 429 Local Lymph Node Assay	mouse	non-sensitising

No data available (e) germ cell mutagenicity;

(f) carcinogenicity; No data available

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

Component	EU	UK	Germany	IARC
Pyridine				Group 2B

(g) reproductive toxicity; No data available

Component	Test method	Test species / Duration	Study result
Methanol	OECD Test Guideline 416	Rat / Inhalation	NOAEC =
67-56-1 (50 - 60)		2 Generation	1.3 mg/l (air)

Category 1 (h) STOT-single exposure;

Optic nerve, Central nervous system (CNS). Results / Target organs

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Category 1

Thyroid. **Target Organs**

(j) aspiration hazard; No data available

delayed

Symptoms / effects, both acute and Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated. Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine Disrupting Properties Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any

known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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Ecotoxicity effects

The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment. Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
Methanol	Pimephales promelas: LC50 > 10000 mg/L 96h	EC50 > 10000 mg/L 24h	
Pyridine	LC50: = 4.6 mg/L, 96h static (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: = 26 mg/L, 96h semi-static (Cyprinus carpio) LC50: 63.4 - 73.6 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Pimephales promelas)		
lodine	LC50 = 1.67 mg/L 96h	EC50 = 0.55 mg/L 48h	EC50 = 0.13 mg/L 72h

Component	Microtox	M-Factor
Methanol	EC50 = 39000 mg/L 25 min	
	EC50 = 40000 mg/L 15 min	
	EC50 = 43000 mg/L 5 min	
lodine	EC50 = 280 mg/L 3h	1

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence

Soluble in water, Persistence is unlikely, based on information available, Miscible with

water.

Component	Degradability
Methanol	DT50 ~ 17.2d
67-56-1 (50 - 60)	>94% after 20d

Degradation in sewage treatment plant

Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Methanol	-0.74	<10 dimensionless
Pyridine	0.65	No data available
lodine	2.49	No data available

12.4. Mobility in soil

The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems . Will likely be mobile in the

environment due to its water solubility. Highly mobile in soils

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available for assessment.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting

properties

Endocrine Disruptor Information

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

12.7. Other adverse effects

Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused Products

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

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Contaminated Packaging Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers

retain product residue. (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and

empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

European Waste Catalogue (EWC) According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but

application specific.

Other Information Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the

application for which the product was used. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will affect pH

and harm aquatic organisms.

Switzerland - Waste Ordinance Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations. Ordinance on the Avoidance and the Disposal of Waste (Waste Ordinance,

ADWO) SR 814.600

https://www.fedlex.admin.ch/eli/cc/2015/891/en

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

14.1. UN number UN1992

14.2. UN proper shipping name Flammable liquid, toxic, n.o.s.

Technical Shipping Name Contains Methanol

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)3Subsidiary Hazard Class6.114.4. Packing groupII

ADR

14.1. UN number UN1992

14.2. UN proper shipping name Flammable liquid, toxic, n.o.s.

Technical Shipping Name Contains Methanol

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3
Subsidiary Hazard Class 6.1
14.4. Packing group II

IATA

14.1. UN number UN1992

14.2. UN proper shipping name Flammable liquid, toxic, n.o.s.

Technical Shipping Name Contains Methanol

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)3Subsidiary Hazard Class6.114.4. Packing groupII

14.5. Environmental hazards No hazards identified

14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required.

<u>14.7. Maritime transport in bulk</u> Not applicable, packaged goods according to IMO instruments

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories

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Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
Methanol	67-56-1	200-659-6	-	-	X	Х	KE-23193	X	Χ
Pyridine	110-86-1	203-809-9	-	-	Х	Χ	KE-29929	Х	Χ
lodine	7553-56-2	231-442-4	-	-	X	X	KE-21023	X	-
Sulfur dioxide	7446-09-5	231-195-2	-	-	Х	Х	KE-32567	Х	Х

Component	CAS No	TSCA	SCA TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive		NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
Methanol	67-56-1	X	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	Х	Х
Pyridine	110-86-1	X	ACTIVE	X	-	X	Х	X
lodine	7553-56-2	Х	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	Х	Х
Sulfur dioxide	7446-09-5	X	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	Х	Х

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed

KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Methanol	67-56-1	-	Use restricted. See item 69. (see link for restriction details) Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	-
Pyridine	110-86-1	-	-	-
lodine	7553-56-2	-	Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	-
Sulfur dioxide	7446-09-5	-	Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	-

REACH links

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) -	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) -
		Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident	Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report
		Notification	Requirements
Methanol	67-56-1	500 tonne	5000 tonne
Pyridine	110-86-1	Not applicable	Not applicable
Iodine	7553-56-2	Not applicable	Not applicable
Sulfur dioxide	7446-09-5	Not applicable	Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)? Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

Take note of Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

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National Regulations

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

WGK Classification

Water endangering class = 2 (self classification)

Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class	
Methanol	WGK 2	Class I: 20 mg/m³ (Massenkonzentration)	
Pyridine	WGK2	Class I: 20 mg/m3 (Massenkonzentration)	
lodine	WGK2		
Sulfur dioxide	WGK1		

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)	
Methanol	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84	
Pyridine	Pyridine Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84	

Swiss Regulations

Article 4 para. 4 of the Ordinance on the protection of young people in the workplace (SR 822.115) and Article 1 lit. f of the EAER regulation on hazardous work and young people (SR 822.115.2).

Take note on Article 13 Maternity Ordinance (SR 822.111.52) with regards expectant and nursing mothers.

Component	Switzerland - Ordinance on the Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR 814.81)	Switzerland - Ordinance on Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC)	Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure
Methanol 67-56-1 (50 - 60)	Prohibited and Restricted Substances	Group I	
lodine 7553-56-2 (10 - 15)	Prohibited and Restricted Substances		

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment/Reports (CSA/CSR) are not required for mixtures

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H301 - Toxic if swallowed

H311 - Toxic in contact with skin

H331 - Toxic if inhaled

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H370 - Causes damage to organs

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H312 - Harmful in contact with skin

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H332 - Harmful if inhaled

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

Substances List

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

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KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level **RPE** - Respiratory Protective Equipment **LC50** - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration
PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% **POW** - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water **vPvB** - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate
VOC - (volatile organic compound)

Transport Association

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Ships

Physical hazards
On basis of test data
Health Hazards
Calculation method
Environmental hazards
Calculation method

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Chemical incident response training.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts.

Creation Date22-Feb-2011Revision Date09-Feb-2024Revision SummaryNot applicable.

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006. COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

For Switzerland - Compiled in accordance with the technical provisions referred to in Annex 2, Number 3, ChemO (SR 813.11 - Ordinance on Protection against Dangerous Substances and Preparations).

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet