Thermo Fisher SCIENTIFIC

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Page 1/9 Creation Date 06-May-2010 Revision Date 04-Apr-2024 Version 6

FSUL1670

Lead (II) oxide

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

产品说明: 一氧化铅 Product Description: Lead (II) oxide

Cat No. : L/1670/53

Synonyms C.I. 77577; Lead monooxide, Lead protoxide, Litharge; Lead(II) oxide

CAS No 1317-36-8 Molecular Formula O Pb

Supplier UK entity/business name

Fisher Scientific UK

Bishop Meadow Road, Loughborough, Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom

EU entity/business name Thermo Fisher Scientific Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a

2440 Geel, Belgium

Emergency Telephone Number Chemtrec US: (800) 424-9300

Chemtrec EU: 001-703-527-3887

Tel: 01509 231166

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against No Information available

SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Physical StateAppearanceOdorSolidYellowOdorless

Emergency Overview

Suspected of causing cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if inhaled. May cause harm to breast-fed children. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Classification of the substance or mixture

Acute Oral Toxicity	Category 4
Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Dusts and Mists	Category 4
Carcinogenicity	Category 2
Reproductive Toxicity	Category 1A
Effects on or via lactation	
Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure)	Category 1
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 1
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 1

Label Elements

Lead (II) oxide



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H302 + H332 - Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer

H362 - May cause harm to breast-fed children

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child

Precautionary Statements

Prevention

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

P263 - Avoid contact during pregnancy and while nursing

P264 - Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Response

P301 + P312 - IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

P330 - Rinse mouth

Storage

P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place

Disposa

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

Physical and Chemical Hazards

None identified.

Health Hazards

Suspected of causing cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if inhaled. May cause harm to breast-fed children. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Environmental hazards

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Is not likely mobile in the environment due its low water solubility. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility. Spillage unlikely to penetrate soil. The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems.

Other Hazards

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component	CAS No	Weight %		
Lead monoxide	1317-36-8	<=100		

Note

Note 1: The concentration stated or, in the absence of such concentrations, the generic concentrations of this Regulation (Table 3.1) or the generic concentrations of Directive 1999/45/EC (Table 3.2), are the percentages by weight of the metallic element calculated with reference to the total weight of the mixture

Page 3/9 Revision Date 04-Apr-2024

Lead (II) oxide

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General Advice

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is required.

Eye Contact

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

Skin Contact

Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.

Inhalation

Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Immediate medical attention is required.

Ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Most important symptoms and effects

None reasonably foreseeable.

Self-Protection of the First Aider

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid dust formation. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

Environmental Precautions

Should not be released into the environment.

Methods for Containment and Clean Up

Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal. Avoid dust formation.

Page 4/9 Revision Date 04-Apr-2024

Lead (II) oxide

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid dust formation. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe (dust, vapor, mist, gas). Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance.

Storage

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

Specific Use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

Component	China	Taiwan	Thailand	Hong Kong
Lead monoxide	-	TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³	-

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH	The United Kingdom	European Union
Lead monoxide	TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³		IDLH: 100 mg/m ³	STEL: 0.45 mg/m ³ 15	
			TWA: 0.050 mg/m ³	min	
			_	TWA: 0.15 mg/m ³ 8 hr	

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists NIOSH: NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents. MDHS14/3 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust MDHS6/3 Lead and inorganic compounds of lead in air Laboratory method using flame or electrothermal atomic absorption spectrometry

Exposure Controls

Engineering Measures

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source.

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles) (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Natural rubber Nitrile rubber Neoprene PVC	See manufacturers recommendations	-	EN 374	(minimum requirement)

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger

Page 5/9 Revision Date 04-Apr-2024

Lead (II) oxide

of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Long sleeved clothing Skin and body protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use **Respiratory Protection**

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: Particulates filter conforming to EN 143

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Particle filtering: EN149:2001 When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water **Environmental exposure controls**

system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Solid

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Yellow **Appearance** Solid **Physical State**

Odor Odorless

Odor Threshold No data available

рΗ 9.9 @ 20°C 100 g/L

Melting Point/Range 886 °C / 1626.8 °F **Softening Point** No data available 1470 °C / 2678 °F **Boiling Point/Range**

Method - No information available Flash Point No information available

Not applicable **Evaporation Rate** Solid

Flammability (solid,gas) No information available

No data available **Explosion Limits**

10 mmHg @ 1085 °C **Vapor Pressure**

Vapor Density Not applicable Solid

Specific Gravity / Density No data available **Bulk Density** No data available Water Solubility 70 mg/L (20°C)

No information available Solubility in other solvents

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Autoignition Temperature No data available **Decomposition Temperature** No data available **Viscosity** Not applicable

Explosive Properties No information available

Oxidizing Properties No information available

Molecular Formula O_{Pb} **Molecular Weight** 223.19

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Page 6/9 Revision Date 04-Apr-2024

Lead (II) oxide

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to Avoid Incompatible products. Excess heat.

Materials to avoid Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. lead oxides.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity:

(4) 414 414 44	,			
	Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
	Lead monoxide	LD50 > 10000 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 > 2000 mg/kg (Rat)	LC50 > 5.05 mg/L (Rat) 4 h

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; No data available

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; No data available

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

RespiratoryNo data availableSkinNo data available

No information available

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; No data available

(f) carcinogenicity; No data available

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

Component	EU	UK	Germany	IARC
Lead monoxide			-	Group 2A

(g) reproductive toxicity; No data available

Reproductive Effects

Developmental Effects

Possible risk of impaired fertility.

May cause harm to the unborn child.

(h) STOT-single exposure; No data available

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; No data available

Target Organs Blood, Central Nervous System (CNS), Peripheral Nervous System (PNS), Kidney.

(j) aspiration hazard; Not applicable

Solid

Symptoms / effects,both acute and No information available

delayed

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Page 7/9 Revision Date 04-Apr-2024

Lead (II) oxide

Ecotoxicity effects The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment. Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment. Do not allow

material to contaminate ground water system.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae	Microtox
Lead monoxide	Pimephales promelas:	EC50=0.13 mg/L 48h		
	LC50=0.3 mg/L 96h			

Product contains heavy metals. Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Special Persistence and Degradability

pre-treatment is necessary

Persistence May persist, based on information available. Not relevant for inorganic substances. Degradability

Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste Degradation in sewage treatment plant

water treatment plants.

Bioaccumulative Potential May have some potential to bioaccumulate

Mobility in soil Spillage unlikely to penetrate soil The product is water soluble, and may spread in water

systems Is not likely mobile in the environment due its low water solubility Will likely be

mobile in the environment due to its water solubility Highly mobile in soils

Endocrine Disruptor Information Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste from Residues/Unused

Products

Should not be released into the environment. Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in

accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point.

Other Information Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the

application for which the product was used. Do not empty into drains. Do not let this

chemical enter the environment.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Road and Rail Transport

UN3077 **UN-No**

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. **Proper Shipping Name**

Technical Shipping Name Lead (II) oxide

Hazard Class Packing Group

Ш

IMDG/IMO

UN3077 **UN-No**

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. **Proper Shipping Name**

Technical Shipping Name Lead (II) oxide

Hazard Class 9 **Packing Group** Ш

Page 8/9 Revision Date 04-Apr-2024

Lead (II) oxide

IATA

UN3077 **UN-No**

Proper Shipping Name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.

Technical Shipping Name Lead (II) oxide

Hazard Class Packing Group Ш

Special Precautions for User No special precautions required

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

X = listed, China (IECSC), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), U.S.A. (TSCA), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Australia (AICS), Korea (KECL).

Component	The	List of	TCSI	IECSC	EINECS	TSCA	DSL	PICCS	ENCS	ISHL	AICS	KECL
	Inventory of	dangerous goods GB										
	Chemicals	12268 -										
	(2015 Edition)	2012										
Lead monoxide	l X	-	Х	Х	215-267-0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	KE-21926

Note

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National Regulations

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

06-May-2010 **Creation Date** 04-Apr-2024 **Revision Date**

Revision Summary SDS sections updated.

Training Advice

Chemical incident response training.

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

Substances List

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

Page 9/9 Revision Date 04-Apr-2024

Lead (II) oxide

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air **Transport Association**

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

Ships ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Disclaimer

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End of Safety Data Sheet