

according to Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended

Creation Date 23-Nov-2011 Revision Date 06-Dec-2024 Revision Number 4

# SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THECOMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: Oxidising Solution - Jurassic

Cat No. : 810-00002

Synonyms 0.1M lodine in THF / Pyridine / Water.

Unique Formula Identifier (UFI) AQ7Q-921T-SX00-MJWE

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against No Information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

UK entity/business name

Fisher Scientific UK

Bishop Meadow Road, Loughborough, Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom

**EU entity/business name** Thermo Fisher Scientific Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a

2440 Geel, Belgium

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Chemtrec US: (800) 424-9300 Chemtrec EU: 001-703-527-3887

Tel: 01509 231166

Poison Centre - Emergency

information services

Ireland: National Poisons Information Centre (NPIC) -

01 809 2166 (8am-10pm, 7 days a week)

Malta: +356 2395 2000 Cyprus: +357 2240 5611

## **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

## 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567

**Physical hazards** 

Flammable liquids Category 2 (H225)

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#### **Health hazards**

Acute oral toxicity

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Category 4 (H302)

Category 2 (H315)

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2 (H319)
Carcinogenicity Category 2 (H351)

Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure) Category 3 (H335) (H336)

Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure)

Category 2 (H373)

#### **Environmental hazards**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

#### 2.2. Label elements

Contains Iodine Pyridine Tetrahydrofuran



Signal Word

**Danger** 

## **Hazard Statements**

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

EUH019 - May form explosive peroxides

## **Precautionary Statements**

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell

#### 2.3. Other hazards

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

## **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

## 3.2. Mixtures

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	GHS Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	203-726-8	76 - 78	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225) Acute Tox. 4 (H302) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) STOT SE 3 (H335) STOT SE 3 (H336) Carc. 2 (H351) (EUH019)
Pyridine	110-86-1	203-809-9	19 - 20	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225) Acute Tox. 4 (H302) Acute Tox. 4 (H312) Acute Tox. 4 (H332) Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319)
Iodine	7553-56-2	231-442-4	1 - 2	Acute Tox. 4 (H302) Acute Tox. 4 (H312) Acute Tox. 4 (H332) Acute Tox. 4 (H332) Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) STOT SE 3 (H335) STOT RE 1 (H372) Aquatic Acute 1 (H400)
Water	7732-18-5	231-791-2	1 - 2	-

Component	Specific concentration limits (SCL's)	M-Factor	Component notes
<b>-</b>	, ,		
Tetrahydrofuran	Acute Tox. 4 :: C>82.5%	=	=
	Eye Irrit. 2 :: C>=25%		
	STOT SE 3 :: C>=25%		
lodine	-	1	-

Components	Reach Registration Number	
Tetrahydrofuran	01-2119444314-46	
Pyridine	01-2119493105-40	
Iodine	01-2119485285-30	

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

## **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

**General Advice** If symptoms persist, call a physician.

**Eye Contact** Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention.

**Skin Contact** Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation persists,

call a physician.

**Ingestion** Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.

**Inhalation** Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur.

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#### Self-Protection of the First Aider

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Causes central nervous system depression

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

#### **Notes to Physician**

Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

## **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### **Suitable Extinguishing Media**

Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

## Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Extremely flammable. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. May form explosive peroxides. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

#### **Hazardous Combustion Products**

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2), Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Hydrogen iodide.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

## **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

## **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Ensure adequate ventilation. If peroxide formation is suspected, do not open or move container. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

#### **Hygiene Measures**

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Flammables area. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Protect from direct sunlight. Shelf life 12 months. May form explosive peroxides on prolonged storage. Containers should be dated when opened and tested periodically for the presence of peroxides. Should crystals form in a peroxidizable liquid, peroxidation may have occurred and the product should be considered extremely dangerous. In this instance, the container should only be opened remotely by professionals.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Class 3 Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

## **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### **Exposure limits**

List source(s): **EU** - Commission Directive (EU) 2019/1831 of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Fourth edition. Published 2020. **IRE** - 2021 Code of Practice for the Chemical Agents Regulations, Schedule 1. Published by the Health and Safety Authority

Component	The United Kingdom	European Union	Ireland
Tetrahydrofuran	STEL: 100 ppm 15 min	TWA: 50 ppm (8h)	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hr.
	STEL: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min	TWA: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8h)	TWA: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hr	STEL: 100 ppm (15min)	STEL: 100 ppm 15 min
	TWA: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr	STEL: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (15min)	STEL: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min
	Skin	Skin	Skin
Pyridine	STEL: 10 ppm 15 min		TWA: 5 ppm 8 hr.
	STEL: 33 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min		TWA: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr.
	TWA: 5 ppm 8 hr		STEL: 10 ppm 15 min
	TWA: 16 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr		STEL: 30 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min
lodine	STEL: 0.1 ppm 15 min		TWA: 0.01 ppm 8 hr.
	STEL: 1.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min		inhalable fraction and vapour
			TWA: 0.01 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr.
			STEL: 0.1 ppm 15 min

## **Biological limit values**

List source(s):

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

Component	Acute effects local (Dermal)	Acute effects systemic (Dermal)	Chronic effects local (Dermal)	Chronic effects systemic (Dermal)
Tetrahydrofuran				DNEL = 12.6mg/kg
109-99-9 ( 76 - 78 )				bw/day
Pyridine		DNEL = 0.42mg/kg		DNEL = 0.14mg/kg
110-86-1 ( 19 - 20 )		bw/day		bw/day
lodine				DNEL = 0.01mg/kg
7553-56-2 ( 1 - 2 )				bw/day

Component	Acute effects local	Acute effects	Chronic effects local	Chronic effects
	(Inhalation)	systemic (Inhalation)	(Inhalation)	systemic (Inhalation)
Tetrahydrofuran	DNEL = $300 \text{mg/m}^3$	DNEL = 96mg/m <sup>3</sup>	$DNEL = 150 mg/m^3$	$DNEL = 72.4 \text{mg/m}^3$
109-99-9 ( 76 - 78 )	-	_	-	-
Pyridine		DNEL = 7.5mg/m <sup>3</sup>		$DNEL = 2.5mg/m^3$
110-86-1 ( 19 - 20 )		_		-
lodine				$DNEL = 0.07 mg/m^3$
7553-56-2 ( 1 - 2 )				-

### **Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)**

See values below.

Component	Fresh water	Fresh water	Water Intermittent	Microorganisms in	Soil (Agriculture)
		sediment		sewage treatment	
Tetrahydrofuran	PNEC = 4.32mg/L	PNEC = 23.3 mg/kg	PNEC = 21.6mg/L	PNEC = 4.6mg/L	PNEC = 2.13mg/kg
109-99-9 ( 76 - 78 )		sediment dw			soil dw
Pyridine	PNEC = 0.3mg/L	PNEC = 3.2mg/kg	PNEC = 3mg/L	PNEC = 2mg/L	PNEC = 0.46mg/kg
110-86-1 ( 19 - 20 )		sediment dw			soil dw
Iodine	PNEC = 18.13µg/L	PNEC = 3.99mg/kg		PNEC = 11mg/L	PNEC = 5.95mg/kg
7553-56-2 ( 1 - 2 )		sediment dw		-	soil dw

Component	Marine water	Marine water sediment	Marine water intermittent	Food chain	Air
Tetrahydrofuran	PNEC = 0.432mg/L	PNEC = 2.33mg/kg		PNEC = 67mg/kg	
109-99-9 ( 76 - 78 )		sediment dw		food	
Pyridine	PNEC = 0.03mg/L	PNEC = 0.32mg/kg			
110-86-1 ( 19 - 20 )		sediment dw			
lodine	PNEC = 60.01µg/L	PNEC =			
7553-56-2 (1 - 2)		20.22mg/kg			
		sediment dw			

## 8.2. Exposure controls

## **Engineering Measures**

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

**Eye Protection** Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

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Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Butyl rubber	See manufacturers	-	EN 374	(minimum requirement)
	recommendations			
Neoprene gloves				

**Skin and body protection** Long sleeved clothing.

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to

EN14387

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

141

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water

system.

## **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid

Appearance Colorless Odor sweet

Odor Threshold
Melting Point/Range
Softening Point
Boiling Point/Range
Flammability (liquid)
No data available
No data available
65.4 °C / 149.7 °F
Highly flammable

Flammability (liquid) Highly flammable On basis of test data

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Liquid

Explosion Limits No data available

Flash Point -14 °C / 6.8 °F Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature 321 °C / 609.8 °F

Decomposition Temperature No data available No information available

Viscosity No data available

Water Solubility Miscible

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Component log Pow
Tetrahydrofuran 0.45
Pyridine 0.65

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lodine 2.49

Vapor Pressure 160 mmHg @ 25 °C

**Density / Specific Gravity** 0.89

Bulk DensityNot applicableLiquidVapor Density2.5 (Air = 1.0)(Air = 1.0)

Particle characteristics Not applicable (liquid)

9.2. Other information

**Explosive Properties** Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air

**Evaporation Rate** > 1 (Butyl Acetate = 1.0)

## **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

10.1. Reactivity

None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Light sensitive. May form explosive peroxides. Stable under recommended storage

conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

**Hazardous Reactions** None under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. The presence of oxygen or prolonged standing in or exposure to direct sunlight may lead to formation of unstable peroxides, which may explode spontaneously or

when heated.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Strong bases. Combustible material.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Hydrogen iodide.

## **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### **Product Information**

(a) acute toxicity;

Oral Category 4

ATE = 1347 mg/kg

**Dermal** Based on ATE data, the classification criteria are not met

ATE = 4824 mg/kg

**Inhalation** Based on ATE data, the classification criteria are not met

ATE = 52.8 mg/l

## Toxicology data for the components

Compone	ent	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Tetrahydrof	uran	1650 mg/kg ( Rat )	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	180 mg/L (Rat) 1 h
				53.9 mg/L (Rat) 4 h

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	Pyridine	LD50 = 866 mg/kg ( Rat )	LD50 1000 - 2000 mg/kg( Rabbit)	LC50 = 12.898 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
Ī	Iodine	315 mg/kg ( Rat )	1425 mg/kg (Rabbit)	4.588 mg/L 4h ( Rat )
Ī	Water	=	-	-

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 2

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 2

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory No data available Skin No data available

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Tetrahydrofuran	Local Lymph Node Assay	mouse	non-sensitising
109-99-9 ( 76 - 78 )	OECD Test Guideline 429		
Iodine	OECD Test Guideline 429	mouse	non-sensitising
7553-56-2 ( 1 - 2 )	Local Lymph Node Assay		

No data available (e) germ cell mutagenicity;

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Tetrahydrofuran	OECD Test Guideline 476	in vivo	negative
109-99-9 ( 76 - 78 )	Gene cell mutation	Mammalian	
	OECD Test Guideline 473		
	Chromosomal aberration assay	in vitro	negative
		Mammalian	

(f) carcinogenicity; Category 2

> Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

Component	EU	UK	Germany	IARC
Tetrahydrofuran				Group 2B
Pyridine				Group 2B

No data available (a) reproductive toxicity:

(g) represente texterty;			
Component	Test method	Test species / Duration	Study result
Tetrahydrofuran	OECD Test Guideline 416	Rat	NOAEL = 3,000 ppm
109-99-9 ( 76 - 78 )		2 Generation	

(h) STOT-single exposure; Category 3

Respiratory system, Central nervous system (CNS). Results / Target organs

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Category 2

Liver, Kidney, Central Vascular System (CVS), Gastrointestinal tract (GI). **Target Organs** 

No data available (j) aspiration hazard;

delayed

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness,

tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Causes central nervous system depression.

#### 11.2. Information on other hazards

**Endocrine Disrupting Properties** 

Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

## **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

12.1. Toxicity **Ecotoxicity effects** 

Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
Tetrahydrofuran	2160 mg/l LC50 = 96 h	EC50 48 h 3485 mg/l	
	Pimephales promelas	EC50: >10000 mg/L/24h	
	Leuciscus idus: LC50: 2820		
	mg/L/48h		
Pyridine	LC50: = 4.6 mg/L, 96h static		
	(Oncorhynchus mykiss)		
	LC50: = 26 mg/L, 96h semi-static		
	(Cyprinus carpio)		
	LC50: 63.4 - 73.6 mg/L, 96h		
	flow-through (Pimephales		
	promelas)		
	·		
lodine	LC50 = 1.67 mg/L 96h	EC50 = 0.55  mg/L  48h	EC50 = 0.13 mg/L 72h

Component	Microtox	M-Factor
lodine	EC50 = 280 mg/L 3h	1

12.2. Persistence and degradability Not applicable for mixtures

**Persistence** 

Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

Degradation in sewage treatment plant

Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste

water treatment plants.

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Tetrahydrofuran	0.45	No data available
Pyridine	0.65	No data available
lodine	2.49	No data available

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility. Disperses rapidly in air

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available for assessment.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting

properties

Endocrine Disruptor Information

Endocrine Disruptor information		
Component	EU - Endocrine Disrupters Candidate List	•
		Substances
Tetrahydrofuran	Group III Chemical	

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12.7. Other adverse effects

Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

### **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused

**Products** 

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

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**Contaminated Packaging** 

Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

**European Waste Catalogue (EWC)** 

According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific.

Other Information

Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations.

## **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### IMDG/IMO

**14.1. UN number** UN1993

**14.2. UN proper shipping name Technical Shipping Name**Flammable liquid, n.o.s.
Tetrahydrofuran, Pyridine

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 14.4. Packing group II

ADR

**14.1. UN number** UN1993

**14.2. UN proper shipping name Technical Shipping Name**Flammable liquid, n.o.s.
Tetrahydrofuran, Pyridine

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 14.4. Packing group II

IATA

**14.1. UN number** UN1993

14.2. UN proper shipping nameFlammable liquid, n.o.s.Technical Shipping NameTetrahydrofuran, Pyridine14.3. Transport hazard class(es)3

14.4. Packing group

14.5. Environmental hazards No hazards identified

**14.6. Special precautions for user** No special precautions required.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments Not applicable, packaged goods

## **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

## 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

## **International Inventories**

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	203-726-8	-	-	X	X	KE-33454	X	Х
Pyridine	110-86-1	203-809-9	-	-	X	X	KE-29929	X	Х
Iodine	7553-56-2	231-442-4	-	-	Х	X	KE-21023	X	-
Water	7732-18-5	231-791-2	-	-	Х	Х	KE-35400	Х	-

Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	X	ACTIVE	Х	-	X	Х	Х
Pyridine	110-86-1	X	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	Х	Х
lodine	7553-56-2	Х	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	X	X
Water	7732-18-5	Х	ACTIVE	Х	-	X	Х	Х

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

## Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	-	Use restricted. See entry 75. (see link for restriction details)	-
Pyridine	110-86-1	-	-	-
lodine	7553-56-2	-	Use restricted. See entry 75. (see link for restriction details)	-
Water	7732-18-5	-	-	-

#### **REACH links**

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

### Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	Not applicable	Not applicable
Pyridine	110-86-1	Not applicable	Not applicable
lodine	7553-56-2	Not applicable	Not applicable
Water	7732-18-5	Not applicable	Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

#### **Oxidising Solution - Jurassic**

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Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)? Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

Take note of Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

### **National Regulations**

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

**WGK Classification** 

Water endangering class = 2 (self classification)

Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Tetrahydrofuran	WGK1	
Pyridine	WGK2	Class I: 20 mg/m³ (Massenkonzentration)
lodine	WGK2	

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)		
Tetrahydrofuran	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84		
Pyridine	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84		

Component	Switzerland - Ordinance on the Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR 814.81)	Switzerland - Ordinance on Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC)	Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure
Tetrahydrofuran 109-99-9 ( 76 - 78 )		Group I	
lodine 7553-56-2 ( 1 - 2 )	Prohibited and Restricted Substances		

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment/Reports (CSA/CSR) are not required for mixtures

## **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

EUH019 - May form explosive peroxides

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H290 - May be corrosive to metals

H312 - Harmful in contact with skin

H332 - Harmful if inhaled

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life

#### Legend

**CAS** - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

**KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

Substances List **ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

**DNEL** - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

**OECD** - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

**BCF** - Bioconcentration factor

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air **Transport Association** 

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

Ships

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

## Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

### Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Physical hazards On basis of test data **Health Hazards** Calculation method **Environmental hazards** Calculation method

#### **Training Advice**

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts. Chemical incident response training.

**Creation Date** 23-Nov-2011 **Revision Date** 06-Dec-2024 Not applicable. **Revision Summary** 

## This safety data sheet complies with Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended.

**Disclaimer** 

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# **End of Safety Data Sheet**