

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

### Classified as hazardous in accordance with the criteria of EPA New Zealand

## **Section 1 - Identification**

**Product Identifier** 

Product Name Glycolic acid, 70%,in water

Synonyms Hydroxyacetic acid

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals. Uses advised against No Information available

Product Code C41103

Address Thermo Fisher Scientific New Zealand Ltd

244 Bush Road, Albany, Auckland, New Zealand

Emergency Tel. CHEMTREC®

09 980 6780 or +64 9 980 6780

Telephone / Fax Numbers Tel: 09 980 6700

Fax: 09 980 6788

E-mail address ANZinfo@thermofisher.com

# Section 2 - Hazard(s) Identification

Classification under Work Safe New Zealand

Classified as hazardous in accordance with the criteria of EPA New Zealand

**GHS Classification** 

Physical hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

### **Health hazards**

Acute Oral Toxicity

Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Reproductive Toxicity

Category 1

Category 1

Category 1

Category 1

**Environmental hazards** 

Chronic aquatic toxicity Category 4

Label Elements

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Signal Word Danger

#### **Hazard Statements**

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H413 - May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life

H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child

H302 + H332 - Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled

#### **Precautionary Statements**

#### Prevention

P264 - Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

#### Response

P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

#### **Storage**

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

### Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

# **Section 3 - Composition and Information on Ingredients**

Component	CAS No	Weight %		
Hydroxyacetic acid	79-14-1	70-72		
Water	7732-18-5	28-30		
Formic acid	64-18-6	<1		
Acetic acid, methoxy-	625-45-6	<0.3		

## **Section 4 - First Aid Measures**

#### **Description of first aid measures**

General Advice Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is

required.

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**Inhalation** If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Remove from exposure, lie down. Do not use

mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory

medical device. Call a physician immediately.

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**Eye Contact** 

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Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.

**Skin Contact** Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove and wash

contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Call a physician

immediately.

**Ingestion** Do NOT induce vomiting. Clean mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an

unconscious person. Call a physician immediately.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

First Aid Facilities Eyewash, safety shower and washroom.

Most important symptoms and

effects

Causes burns by all exposure routes. Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically.

## **Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures**

#### **Suitable Extinguishing Media**

CO<sub>2</sub>, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam.

#### Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

## **Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical**

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes.

### **Hazardous Combustion Products**

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2).

### Special protective equipment and precautions for fire fighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

## **Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures**

#### Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

### **Emergency procedures**

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

#### **Environmental Precautions**

Should not be released into the environment.

#### Methods for Containment and Clean Up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

#### Precautions to prevent secondary hazards

Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations

#### **Reference to Other Sections**

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

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# **Section 7 - Handling and Storage**

#### **Precautions for Safe Handling**

#### Advice on safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance.

#### **Hygiene Measures**

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

### Conditions for Safe Storage, Including any Incompatibilities

#### **Storage Conditions**

Corrosives area. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

#### **Incompatible Materials**

Strong bases. Sulfides. Cyanides. Metals. Reducing Agent.

AS/NZS 2243.10:2004, Safety in laboratories - Storage of chemicals

# **Section 8 - Exposure Controls and Personal Protection**

#### Control parameters

#### **Exposure limits**

**NZ** - Workplace Exposure Standards and Biological Exposure Indices (6th edition). New Zealand Department of Labor **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Fourth edition. Published 2020.

**ACGIH** - Threshold Limit Values - Ceiling (TLV-C) guidelines by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) for controlling worker exposure to airborne chemical concentrations in the workplace.

AUS - Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment - Guidance Note on the Interpretation of Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment [NOHSC:3008(1995)] Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment [NOHSC:1003(1995)] updated in August, 2005. Safe Work Australia

Component	New Zealand WEL	Australia	ACGIH TLV	The United Kingdom
Formic acid	TWA: 5 ppm	STEL: 10 ppm	TWA: 5 ppm	STEL: 15 ppm 15 min
	TWA: 9.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL: 19 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL: 10 ppm	STEL: 28.8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min
	STEL: 10 ppm	TWA: 5 ppm		TWA: 5 ppm 8 hr
	STEL: 19 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 9.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		TWA: 9.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr

#### **Biological limit values**

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

#### Appropriate engineering controls

#### **Engineering Measures**

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

**Eye Protection** Goggles (Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337 - Eye protectors for Industrial

applications)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

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Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	AUS/NZ Standard	Glove comments
Natural rubber, Butyl rubber, Nitrile rubber, Neoprene, PVC.	See manufacturers recommendations	-	AS/NZS 2161	(minimum requirement)

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves.

(Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Long sleeved clothing Skin and body protection

Use an AS/NZS 1716 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or **Repiratory Protection** 

> other symptoms are experienced. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained in line with AS/NZS 1715 on the use

and maintenance of repiratory protective devices

Particulates filter conforming to EN 143 Acid gases filter Type E Yellow conforming to **Recommended Filter type:** 

EN14387 (or AUS/NZ equivalent)

Valve filtering: EN405 or Half mask: EN140 plus filter, EN 141 Particle filtering: EN149:2001 Recommended half mask:-

(or AUS/NZ equivalent)

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. **Hygiene Measures** 

**Environmental exposure controls** No information available.

# **Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties**

#### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Physical State** Liquid

**Appearance** Yellow Odor sweet

No data available **Odor Threshold** рΗ No information available

10 °C / 50 °F Melting Point/Range **Softening Point** No data available **Boiling Point/Range** 113 °C / 235.4 °F Flammability (liquid) No data available

Not applicable Flammability (solid,gas) Liquid

**Explosion Limits** No data available

No information available Method - No information available Flash Point

No data available **Autoignition Temperature** No data available **Decomposition Temperature Viscosity** 11.28 mPa.s at 16 °C

**Water Solubility** Soluble

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Component log Pow Hydroxyacetic acid < 0.3 Formic acid -0.54

**Vapor Pressure** No information available

**Density / Specific Gravity** 1.270

**Bulk Density** Not applicable Liquid **Vapor Density** No information available (Air = 1.0)

Not applicable (liquid) Particle characteristics

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# **Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity**

Reactivity None known, based on information available

**Stability** Stable under normal conditions.

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available

Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

**Hazardous Reactions** None under normal processing.

Conditions to Avoid Incompatible products.

Incompatible Materials Strong bases, Sulfides, Cyanides, Metals, Reducing Agent.

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).

# **Section 11 - Toxicological Information**

#### **Acute Effects**

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

#### **Product Information**

**Inhalation** Not an expected route of exposure.

Eyes Avoid contact with eyes. Corrosive to the eyes and may cause severe damage including

blindness.

Skin Avoid contact with skin. Skin Corrosion/Irritation. Causes burns.

**Ingestion** May be harmful if swallowed.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

(a) acute toxicity;

Oral Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Dermal No data available Inhalation Category 4

### Toxicology data for the components

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Hydroxyacetic acid	1950 mg/kg ( Rat )		7.7 mg/L (Rat)4h
	2040 mg/kg ( Rat )		3.6 mg/L ( Rat ) 4h
Water	-	-	-
Formic acid	730 mg/kg (Rat)		7.85 mg/l (Rat) 4h OECD 403

**(b) skin corrosion/irritation**; B Category 1

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory No data available

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Skin No data available

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; No data available

(f) carcinogenicity: No data available

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

(g) reproductive toxicity; No data available

(h) STOT-single exposure; No data available

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; No data available

Target Organs No information available.

(j) aspiration hazard; No data available

Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

#### Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed

Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated. Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation.

# **Section 12 - Ecological Information**

#### **Ecotoxicity**

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae	Microtox
Hydroxyacetic acid	LC50: > 5000 mg/L, 96h static (Brachydanio rerio)			
Formic acid	Leuciscus idus: LC50 = 46-100 mg/L/96h	EC50 = 34 mg/L/48h	EC50 = 25 mg/L/96h	EC50 = 46.7 mg/L/17h

**Terrestrial ecotoxicity**There is no data for this product

Persistence and Degradability Readily biodegradable

Persistence Soluble in water, Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

Bioaccumulative Potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)		
Hydroxyacetic acid	<0.3	No data available		
Formic acid	-0.54	0.22 dimensionless		

**Mobility** The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems. . Will likely be mobile in

the environment due to its water solubility. Highly mobile in soils

#### Other adverse effects

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<b>Endocrine Disruptor Information</b>	This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors					
Component	EU - Endocrine Disrupters	EU - Endocrine Disruptors -	Japan - Endocrine Disruptor			
	Candidate List	Evaluated Substances	Information			
Formic acid	Applicable					
Persistent Organic Pollutant This product does not contain any known or suspected substance						
Ozone Depletion Potential	This product does not contain any known or suspected substance					

# **Section 13 - Disposal Considerations**

#### Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused

**Products** 

Do not allow into drains or watercourses or dispose of where ground or surface waters may be affected. Wastes, including emptied containers, are controlled wastes and should be disposed of in accordance with all federal, E.P.A., state and local regulations. Assure conformity with all applicable regulations.

**Contaminated Packaging** 

Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point.

Other Information

Disposal agencies or waste contractors must comply with the New Zealand Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Regulations . Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not empty into drains. Do not flush to sewer. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms. Solutions with low pH-value must be neutralized before discharge.

# **Section 14 - Transport Information**

Component	Hazchem Code
Formic acid	2W
64-18-6 ( <1 )	2X

#### NZS 5433:2020

UN-No UN3265

**Proper Shipping Name** Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n.o.s.

Technical Shipping Name Glycolic acid

Hazard Class 8
Packing Group ||

**IATA** 

UN-No UN3265

Proper Shipping Name Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n.o.s.

Technical Shipping Name Glycolic acid

Hazard Class 8
Packing Group | |

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN3265

Proper Shipping Name Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n.o.s.

Technical Shipping Name Glycolic acid

Hazard Class 8
Packing Group

Environmental hazards No hazards identified

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the

Not applicable, packaged goods

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IBC Code

**Special Precautions**No special precautions required. Please refer to the applicable dangerous goods

regulations for additional information.

Additional information None known

# **Section 15 - Regulatory Information**

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### **National Regulations**

There are no applicable tolerable exposure limits or environmental exposure limits according to the EPA Controls for Hazardous Substances

#### Certified handlers, tracking and controlled substance license requirements

Certified handlers are required for some substances. This includes substances requiring a controlled substance license, and most explosives, vertebrates toxic agents, and certain fumigants. Acutely toxic substances which are a Category 1 or 2, such as pesticides also require Certified handlers. Please check the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 for further information. Tracking is required for some highly hazardous substances. These substances need to be under the control of an appropriately trained person or appropriately secured. Please check the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 for further information.

#### Prohibition or notification/licensing requirements

Shown below are details of specific prohibition/notifications or licencing requirements when they apply.

#### International Regulations

Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

Persistent Organic Pollutant This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

Rotterdam Convention (PIC) Not applicable

# Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Formic acid	-	Use restricted. See entry 75. (see link for restriction details)	-
Acetic acid, methoxy-	-	Use restricted. See entry 30. (see link for restriction details) Use restricted. See entry 75. (see link for restriction details)	SVHC Candidate list - Toxic for reproduction (Article 57 c)

After the sunset date the use of this substance requires either an authorization or can only be used for exempted uses, e.g. use in scientific research and development which includes routine analytics or use as intermediate.

https://echa.europa.eu/authorisation-list https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

https://echa.europa.eu/candidate-list-table

## **International Inventories**

New Zealand (NZIoC), Australia (AICS), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), Korea (KECL), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	NZIoC	AICS	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	KECL	IECSC	TCSI
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Hydroxyacetic acid	79-14-1	Χ	Х	201-180-5	-	-	KE-20315	Χ	Х
Water	7732-18-5	Х	Х	231-791-2	-	-	KE-35400	Х	X
Formic acid	64-18-6	Х	Х	200-579-1	-	-	Х	Х	Х
Acetic acid, methoxy-	625-45-6	Х	X	210-894-6	-	-	KE-23198	Х	Х

Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	DSL	NDSL	PICCS	ISHL	ENCS
Hydroxyacetic acid	79-14-1	X	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	Х	Х
Water	7732-18-5	Х	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	-	Х
Formic acid	64-18-6	X	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	Х	Х
Acetic acid, methoxy-	625-45-6	X	ACTIVE	-	X	Х	Х	Х

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed **KECL** - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

## **Section 16 - Other Information**

## This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of the EPA Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020 and WorkSafe New Zealand Regulations

#### Legend

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer NZS 5433:2020 - Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air **Transport Association** 

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

Ships LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

**EC50** - Effective Concentration 50% WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

**DNEL** - Derived No Effect Level

POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

**EINECS/ELINCS** - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

**ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

**KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration

**OECD** - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime

Dangerous Goods Code

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

**BCF** - Bioconcentration factor

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

#### Key literature references and sources for data

HSNO classifications provided in the New Zealand Chemical Classification Information Database (CCID).

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

EPA Guide to classifying hazardous substances in New Zealand

EPA - Assigning a product to an existing HSNO approval guide

### Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Physical hazards On basis of test data **Health Hazards** Calculation method Calculation method **Environmental hazards** 

#### **Training Advice**

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

**Revision Date** 15-Jul-2024

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#### **Disclaimer**

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

# **End of Safety Data Sheet**

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