

ACR32541

Acetonitrile-d3

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

产品说明:
Product Description: 氘代乙腈
Acetonitrile-d3

Cat No. : 325410000; 325410100
CAS No 2206-26-0
Molecular Formula C2 D3 N

Supplier **UK entity/business name**
Fisher Scientific UK
Bishop Meadow Road,
Loughborough, Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom

EU entity/business name
Thermo Fisher Scientific
Janssen Pharmaceuticaaan 3a, 2440 Geel, Belgium

Emergency Telephone Number For information **US** call: 001-800-227-6701 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11
Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99
CHEMTREC Tel. No. **US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against No Information available

SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

| Physical State | Appearance | Odor |
|---|------------|-----------------|
| Liquid | Colorless | sweet; aromatic |
| Emergency Overview Harmful if swallowed. Harmful in contact with skin. Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. Hygroscopic. | | |

Classification of the substance or mixture

| | |
|------------------------------------|------------|
| Flammable liquids. | Category 2 |
| Acute Oral Toxicity | Category 4 |
| Acute Dermal Toxicity | Category 4 |
| Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors | Category 4 |
| Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation | Category 2 |

Label Elements



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H302 + H312 + H332 - Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled

Precautionary Statements**Prevention**

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P233 - Keep container tightly closed

P240 - Ground and bond container and receiving equipment

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting equipment

P242 - Use non-sparking tools

P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges

P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

P264 - Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Response

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell

P330 - Rinse mouth

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse

Storage

P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

Physical and Chemical Hazards

Highly flammable. Vapors may cause flash fire or explosion. Hygroscopic.

Health Hazards

Harmful if swallowed. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled.

Environmental hazards

Contains no substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility. The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces.

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

| Component | CAS No | Weight % |
|-------------------|-----------|----------|
| [2H3]Acetonitrile | 2206-26-0 | >95 |

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General Advice

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Eye Contact

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

Skin Contact

Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation

Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Ingestion

Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.

Most important symptoms and effects

No information available. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Metabolism may release cyanide, which may result in headache, dizziness, weakness, collapse, unconsciousness, and possible death

Self-Protection of the First Aider

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**Suitable Extinguishing Media**

Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO₂), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**Personal Precautions**

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Environmental Precautions

Should not be released into the environment.

Methods for Containment and Clean Up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Storage

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Flammables area. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Protect from moisture. To maintain product quality: Store under an inert atmosphere.

Specific Use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

| Component | China | Taiwan | Thailand | Hong Kong |
|-------------------|-------|--------------------------|----------|------------------------------|
| [2H3]Acetonitrile | - | TWA: 5 mg/m ³ | | Ceiling: 5 mg/m ³ |

| Component | ACGIH TLV | OSHA PEL | NIOSH | The United Kingdom | European Union |
|-------------------|-----------|------------------------------------|----------------------------|--|----------------|
| [2H3]Acetonitrile | | (Vacated) TWA: 5 mg/m ³ | IDLH: 25 mg/m ³ | STEL: 15 mg/m ³ 15 min TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hr Skin | |

Legend

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

NIOSH: NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents. MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

Exposure Controls**Engineering Measures**

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source.

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

| Glove material | Breakthrough time | Glove thickness | EU standard | Glove comments |
|----------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|-------------|-----------------------|
| Nitrile rubber | See manufacturers recommendations | - | EN 374 | (minimum requirement) |
| Neoprene | | | | |
| Natural rubber | | | | |
| PVC | | | | |

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves.

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(Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

| | |
|--|---|
| Skin and body protection | Long sleeved clothing |
| Respiratory Protection | When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly |
| Large scale/emergency use | Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced Recommended Filter type: Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to EN14387 |
| Small scale/Laboratory use | Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN 141 When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted |
| Hygiene Measures | Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. |
| Environmental exposure controls | No information available. |

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

| | | |
|--|---|---|
| Appearance | Colorless | |
| Physical State | Liquid | |
| Odor | sweet; aromatic | |
| Odor Threshold | No data available | |
| pH | No information available | |
| Melting Point/Range | -46 °C / -50.8 °F | |
| Softening Point | No data available | |
| Boiling Point/Range | 79 - 81 °C / 174.2 - 177.8 °F | @ 760 mmHg |
| Flash Point | 2 °C / 35.6 °F | Method - No information available |
| Evaporation Rate | 5.79 (Butyl Acetate = 1.0) | |
| Flammability (solid,gas) | Not applicable | Liquid |
| Explosion Limits | Lower 3 Vol% Upper 16 Vol% | |
| Vapor Pressure | 97 mbar (20°C) | |
| Vapor Density | 1.42 | (Air = 1.0) |
| Specific Gravity / Density | 0.844 | |
| Bulk Density | Not applicable | Liquid |
| Water Solubility | Soluble | |
| Solubility in other solvents | No information available | |
| Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water) | | |
| Autoignition Temperature | 525 °C / 977 °F | |
| Decomposition Temperature | No data available | |
| Viscosity | 0.39 cP (20°C) | |
| Explosive Properties | | Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air |
| Oxidizing Properties | No information available | |
| Molecular Formula | C2 D3 N | |
| Molecular Weight | 44.07 | |

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

| | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Stability | Hygroscopic. |
| Hazardous Reactions | None under normal processing. |
| Hazardous Polymerization | Hazardous polymerization does not occur. |
| Conditions to Avoid | Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Exposure to moist air or water. |
| Materials to avoid | Acids. Bases. Reducing Agent. Oxidizing agent. |

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Nitrogen oxides (NO_x).

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**Product Information**

| | |
|---|---|
| (a) acute toxicity; | |
| (b) skin corrosion/irritation; | No data available |
| (c) serious eye damage/irritation; | Category 2 |
| (d) respiratory or skin sensitization; | |
| Respiratory | No data available |
| Skin | No data available |
| (e) germ cell mutagenicity; | No data available Not mutagenic in AMES Test |
| (f) carcinogenicity; | No data available There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product |
| (g) reproductive toxicity; | No data available |
| (h) STOT-single exposure; | No data available |
| (i) STOT-repeated exposure; | No data available |
| Target Organs | No information available. |
| (j) aspiration hazard; | No data available |
| Other Adverse Effects | The hazards associated with cyanide may be seen in this product. |
| Symptoms / effects, both acute and delayed | Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Metabolism may release cyanide, which may result in headache, dizziness, weakness, collapse, unconsciousness, and possible death |

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acetonitrile-d3

Ecotoxicity effects Do not empty into drains.

| Component | Freshwater Fish | Water Flea | Freshwater Algae | Microtox |
|-------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|--|
| [2H3]Acetonitrile | | | | EC50 = 28000 mg/L 48 h EC50 = 73 mg/L 24 h EC50 = 7500 mg/L 15 h |

Persistence and Degradability
Persistence Readily biodegradable
Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

Bioaccumulative Potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Mobility in soil The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility. Disperses rapidly in air.

Endocrine Disruptor Information This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors
Persistent Organic Pollutant This product does not contain any known or suspected substance
Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste from Residues/Unused Products Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

Other Information Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not flush to sewer. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**Road and Rail Transport**

UN-No UN1648
Proper Shipping Name Acetonitrile
Hazard Class 3
Packing Group II

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN1648
Proper Shipping Name Acetonitrile
Hazard Class 3
Packing Group II

IATA

UN-No UN1648
Proper Shipping Name Acetonitrile
Hazard Class 3
Packing Group II

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Special Precautions for User No special precautions required

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

X = listed, China (IECSC), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), U.S.A. (TSCA), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Australia (AICS), Korea (KECL).

| Component | The Inventory of Hazardous Chemicals (2015 Edition) | List of dangerous goods GB 12268 - 2012 | TCSI | IECSC | EINECS | TSCA | DSL | PICCS | ENCS | ISHL | AICS | KECL |
|-------------------|---|---|------|-------|-----------|------|-----|-------|------|------|------|------|
| [2H3]Acetonitrile | - | - | X | - | 218-616-5 | - | - | - | X | X | - | - |

National Regulations

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Creation Date 15-Sep-2009
Revision Date 07-Apr-2024
Revision Summary Not applicable.

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%

POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

Key literature references and sources for data

<https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals>
Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Disclaimer

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End of Safety Data Sheet