

ALFAAH36516

Methylithium, 1.6M in diethyl ether, packaged under Nitrogen in resealable AcroSeal[®] bottles

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

产品说明:
Product Description: 甲基锂, 1.6M 乙醚溶液
 Methylithium, 1.6M in diethyl ether, packaged under Nitrogen in resealable AcroSeal[®] bottles

Cat No. :
Molecular Formula H36516
 C H3 Li

Supplier Avocado Research Chemicals Ltd.
 (Part of Thermo Fisher Scientific)
 Shore Road, Heysham
 Lancashire, LA3 2XY,
 United Kingdom
 Office Tel: +44 (0) 1524 850506
 Office Fax: +44 (0) 1524 850608

Emergency Telephone Number For information **US** call: 001-800-227-6701 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11
 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99
CHEMTREC Tel. No. **US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against No Information available

SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Physical State
Liquid

Appearance
Yellow

Odor
Odorless

Emergency Overview

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Extremely flammable liquid and vapor. In contact with water releases flammable gases which may ignite spontaneously. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Harmful if swallowed. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May form explosive peroxides. Reacts violently with water. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Moisture sensitive. Air sensitive.

Classification of the substance or mixture

| | |
|--|-----------------------|
| Flammable liquids. | Category 2 Category 1 |
| Substances/mixtures which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases | Category 1 |
| Acute Oral Toxicity | Category 4 |
| Skin Corrosion/Irritation | Category 1 B |
| Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation | Category 1 |
| Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure) | Category 3 |

Label Elements

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Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor
H224 - Extremely flammable liquid and vapor
H260 - In contact with water releases flammable gases which may ignite spontaneously
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H302 - Harmful if swallowed
H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

Precautionary Statements

Prevention

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking
P231 + P232 - Handle and store contents under inert gas. Protect from moisture
P240 - Ground and bond container and receiving equipment
P242 - Use non-sparking tools
P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges
P264 - Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling
P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Response

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower
P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing
P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor
P330 - Rinse mouth
P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting
P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish
P302 + P334 - IF ON SKIN: Immerse in cool water or wrap in wet bandages
P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse

Storage

P402 + P404 - Store in a dry place. Store in a closed container

Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

Physical and Chemical Hazards

Highly flammable. Vapors may cause flash fire or explosion. Extremely flammable. Reacts violently with water, liberating extremely flammable gases. Reacts violently with water. May form explosive peroxides.

Health Hazards

May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Harmful if swallowed. Corrosive. Causes skin and eye burns.

Environmental hazards

Contains no substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants. Reacts violently with water. .

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

| Component | CAS No | Weight % |
|------------------|----------|----------|
| Ethyl ether | 60-29-7 | ca 95 |
| Lithium, methyl- | 917-54-4 | 4.5-5.5 |

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SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**Eye Contact**

Immediate medical attention is required. Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

Skin Contact

Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. Immediate medical attention is required.

Inhalation

Remove from exposure, lie down. Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Immediate medical attention is required.

Ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Drink plenty of water. Call a physician immediately. Clean mouth with water. If possible drink milk afterwards.

Most important symptoms and effects

Difficulty in breathing. Causes burns by all exposure routes. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation: Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

Self-Protection of the First Aider

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**Suitable Extinguishing Media**

Dry chemical. Dike fire-control water for later disposal. This material is lighter than water and insoluble in water. The fire could easily be spread by the use of water in an area where the water cannot be contained. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

Water. Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Foam.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Extremely flammable. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Contact with water liberates toxic gas. Water reactive. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Produce flammable gases on contact with water. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**Personal Precautions**

Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Environmental Precautions

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See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

Methods for Containment and Clean Up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Prevent product from entering drains. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Provide adequate ventilation. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc) away from spilled material.

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**Handling**

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. If peroxide formation is suspected, do not open or move container. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Handle product only in closed system or provide appropriate exhaust ventilation. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

Storage

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Protect from direct sunlight. Refrigerator/flammables. Containers should be dated when opened and tested periodically for the presence of peroxides. Regularly check inhibitor levels to maintain peroxide levels below 1%. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep away from water or moist air. Keep away from oxidizing agents. Purge open drums with nitrogen before resealing. Should crystals form in a peroxidizable liquid, peroxidation may have occurred and the product should be considered extremely dangerous. In this instance, the container should only be opened remotely by professionals. Store under an inert atmosphere. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Corrosives area.

Specific Use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**Control Parameters**

| Component | China | Taiwan | Thailand | Hong Kong |
|-------------|---|---|--------------|--|
| Ethyl ether | TWA: 300 mg/m ³ STEL: 500 mg/m ³ | TWA: 1210 mg/m ³ TWA: 400 ppm | TWA: 400 ppm | TWA: 400 ppm TWA: 1210 mg/m ³ STEL: 500 ppm STEL: 1520 mg/m ³ |

| Component | ACGIH TLV | OSHA PEL | NIOSH | The United Kingdom | European Union |
|-------------|-------------------------------|---|----------------|--|--|
| Ethyl ether | TWA: 400 ppm STEL: 500 ppm | (Vacated) TWA: 400 ppm (Vacated) TWA: 1200 mg/m ³ (Vacated) STEL: 500 ppm (Vacated) STEL: 1500 mg/m ³ TWA: 400 ppm TWA: 1200 mg/m ³ | IDLH: 1900 ppm | STEL: 200 ppm 15 min STEL: 620 mg/m ³ 15 min TWA: 100 ppm 8 hr TWA: 310 mg/m ³ 8 hr | TWA: 100 ppm (8h) TWA: 308 mg/m ³ (8h) STEL: 200 ppm (15min) STEL: 616 mg/m ³ (15min) |

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

NIOSH: NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of

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exposure to chemical and biological agents. MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

Exposure Controls**Engineering Measures**

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source.

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

| Glove material | Breakthrough time | Glove thickness | EU standard | Glove comments |
|----------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------|-----------------------|
| Nitrile rubber | See manufacturers | - | EN 374 | (minimum requirement) |
| Viton (R) | recommendations | | | |

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Skin and body protection Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure

Respiratory Protection When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.
To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced
Recommended Filter type: low boiling organic solvent Type AX Brown conforming to EN371 or Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to EN14387

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.
Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN 141
When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

| | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------|
| Appearance | Yellow |
| Physical State | Liquid |
| Odor | Odorless |
| Odor Threshold | No data available |
| pH | No information available |
| Melting Point/Range | No data available |
| Softening Point | No data available |

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| | | |
|--|--------------------------|---|
| Boiling Point/Range | No information available | |
| Flash Point | -17 °C / 1.4 °F | Method - No information available |
| Evaporation Rate | No data available | |
| Flammability (solid,gas) | Not applicable | Liquid |
| Explosion Limits | No data available | |
| Vapor Pressure | 570 mbar @ 20 °C | |
| Vapor Density | No information available | (Air = 1.0) |
| Specific Gravity / Density | 0.700 | |
| Bulk Density | Not applicable | Liquid |
| Water Solubility | No information available | |
| Solubility in other solvents | No information available | |
| Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water) | | |
| Component | log Pow | |
| Ethyl ether | 0.82 | |
| Autoignition Temperature | No data available | |
| Decomposition Temperature | No data available | |
| Viscosity | No data available | |
| Explosive Properties | | Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air |
| Oxidizing Properties | No information available | |
| Molecular Formula | C H3 Li | |
| Molecular Weight | 21.98 | |

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

| | |
|---|--|
| Stability | May form explosive peroxides. Reacts violently with water. Moisture sensitive. Air sensitive. Reacts with air to form peroxides. Do not distill or allow to evaporate. Pyrophoric: Spontaneously flammable in air. |
| Hazardous Reactions | No information available. |
| Hazardous Polymerization | No information available. |
| Conditions to Avoid | Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Protect from water. Exposure to air. Exposure to light. Incompatible products. Exposure to moist air or water. |
| Materials to avoid | Acids. Water. Strong acids. Alcohols. Chlorine. oxygen. Peroxides. Metals. |
| Hazardous Decomposition Products | Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO ₂). peroxides. Methane. |

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

| Component | LD50 Oral | LD50 Dermal | LC50 Inhalation |
|-------------|------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| Ethyl ether | 1215 mg/kg (Rat) | 20 mL/kg (Rabbit) | 32000 ppm (Rat) 4 h |

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 1 B

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

| | |
|--------------------|-------------------|
| Respiratory | No data available |
| Skin | No data available |

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| | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| (e) germ cell mutagenicity; | No data available |
| (f) carcinogenicity; | No data available There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product |
| (g) reproductive toxicity; | No data available |
| (h) STOT-single exposure; | Category 3 |
| Results / Target organs | Central nervous system (CNS) |
| (i) STOT-repeated exposure; | No data available |
| Target Organs | No information available. |
| (j) aspiration hazard; | No data available |
| Other Adverse Effects | The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated. |

Symptoms / effects, both acute and delayed Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation: Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity effects Do not empty into drains. .

| Component | Freshwater Fish | Water Flea | Freshwater Algae | Microtox |
|-------------|---|---------------------|------------------|-------------------------|
| Ethyl ether | LC50: > 10000 mg/L, 96h static (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: = 2560 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Pimephales promelas) | EC50 = 165 mg/L/24h | | EC50 = 5600 mg/L 15 min |

Persistence and Degradability No information available
Persistence Persistence is unlikely.

Bioaccumulative Potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely

| Component | log Pow | Bioconcentration factor (BCF) |
|-------------|---------|-------------------------------|
| Ethyl ether | 0.82 | No data available |

Mobility in soil

Endocrine Disruptor Information This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors
Persistent Organic Pollutant This product does not contain any known or suspected substance
Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Methylithium, 1.6M in diethyl ether, packaged under Nitrogen in resealable AcroSeal[®] bottles**Waste from Residues/Unused Products**

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging

Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

Other Information

Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not flush to sewer. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**Road and Rail Transport**

UN-No UN3394
Proper Shipping Name ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, PYROPHORIC, WATER-REACTIVE
Hazard Class 4.2
Subsidiary Hazard Class 4.3
Packing Group I

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN3394
Proper Shipping Name ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, PYROPHORIC, WATER-REACTIVE
Hazard Class 4.2
Subsidiary Hazard Class 4.3
Packing Group I

IATA

FORBIDDEN FOR IATA TRANSPORT

UN-No UN3394
Proper Shipping Name ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, PYROPHORIC, WATER-REACTIVE, FORBIDDEN FOR IATA TRANSPORT
Hazard Class 4.2
Subsidiary Hazard Class 4.3
Packing Group I

Special Precautions for User No special precautions required

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**International Inventories**

X = listed, China (IECSC), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), U.S.A. (TSCA), Canada (DSL/NDL), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Australia (AICS), Korea (KECL).

| Component | The Inventory of Hazardous Chemicals (2015 Edition) | List of dangerous goods GB 12268 - 2012 | TCSI | IECSC | EINECS | TSCA | DSL | PICCS | ENCS | ISHL | AICS | KECL |
|------------------|---|---|------|-------|-----------|------|-----|-------|------|------|------|----------|
| Ethyl ether | X | X | X | X | 200-467-2 | X | X | X | X | X | X | KE-27690 |
| Lithium, methyl- | - | X | X | X | 213-026-4 | X | - | X | X | X | X | KE-24321 |

National Regulations

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SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Prepared By Health, Safety and Environmental Department
Creation Date 23-Oct-2014
Revision Date 12-May-2024
Revision Summary New emergency telephone response service provider.

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts.

Chemical incident response training.

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%

POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

Key literature references and sources for data

<https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals>

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet