

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Creation Date 11-June-2009 Revision Date 23-January-2024 Revision Number 1

1. Identification

Product Name 2-Aminoethan-1-ol

Cat No. : \$60358

CAS-No 141-43-5

Synonyms 2-Aminoethanol, monoethanolamine

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Uses advised against Food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Importer/Distributor

Fisher Scientific 112 Colonnade Road, Ottawa, ON K2E 7L6,

Canada

Tel: 1-800-234-7437

Emergency Telephone Number

For information **US** call: 001-800-227-6701 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No. **US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

WHMIS 2015 Classification Classified as hazardous under the Hazardous Products Regulations (SOR/2015-17)

Flammable liquids
Category 4
Acute oral toxicity
Category 4
Acute dermal toxicity
Category 4
Acute Inhalation Toxicity
Category 4
Skin Corrosion/Irritation
Category 1
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation
Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)
Category 3

Target Organs - Respiratory system.

Label Elements

Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

Combustible liquid
Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled
Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
May cause respiratory irritation
Harmful if inhaled





Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

Do not breathe dust/fumes/gas/mist/vapours/spray

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Response

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor

Rinse mouth

Do NOT induce vomiting

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

Storage

Store locked up

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Disposa

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Other Hazards

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %
Ethanolamine	141-43-5	>95

4. First-aid measures

General Advice Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is

required.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

Immediate medical attention is required. Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove and wash

contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Call a physician

immediately.

InhalationDo not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance: give

artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Remove from exposure, lie down. Call a physician

immediately. If not breathing, give artificial respiration.

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Clean

mouth with water. Call a physician immediately.

Most important symptoms/effects Difficulty in breathing. Causes burns by all exposure routes. Symptoms of overexposure

may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe

damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media CO₂, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool

closed containers.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media No information available

Flash Point 92 °C / 197.6 °F

Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature 450 °C / 842 °F

Explosion Limits

 Upper
 23.5% @ 140°C

 Lower
 3.0% @ 140°C

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Combustible material. Containers may explode when heated.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

NFPA

HealthFlammabilityInstabilityPhysical hazards321N/A

6. Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions

Use personal protective equipment as required. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep

people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all

sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Environmental PrecautionsShould not be released into the environment. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information. Avoid release to the

environment. Collect spillage.

Methods for Containment and Clean Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

Up Remove all sources of ignition.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

Storage.

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Corrosives area. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Store under an inert atmosphere. Incompatible Materials. Strong oxidizing agents.

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines

Component	Alberta	British Columbia	Ontario TWAEV	Quebec	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH
Ethanolamine	TWA: 3 ppm TWA: 7.5 mg/m ³ STEL: 6 ppm STEL: 15 mg/m ³	TWA: 3 ppm	TWA: 3 ppm STEL: 6 ppm	TWA: 3 ppm TWA: 7.5 mg/m³ STEL: 6 ppm STEL: 15 mg/m³	TWA: 3 ppm STEL: 6 ppm	(Vacated) TWA: 3 ppm (Vacated) TWA: 8 mg/m³ (Vacated) STEL: 6 ppm (Vacated) STEL: 15 mg/m³ TWA: 3 ppm TWA: 6 mg/m³	TWA: 3 ppm TWA: 8 mg/m³ STEL: 6 ppm STEL: 15 mg/m³

Leaend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

NIOSH: NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

Engineering Measures

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof

electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined

areas.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control

hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Hand Protection

Goggles

Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	Glove comments
Natural rubber	See manufacturers	-	Splash protection only
Nitrile rubber	recommendations		
Neoprene			
PVC			

Inspect gloves before use. observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information) gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion. gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly **Recommended Filter type:** Ammonia and organic ammonia derivatives filter Type K Green conforming to EN14387 Particulates filter conforming to EN 143

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls

Prevent product from entering drains.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical StateLiquidAppearanceColorlessOdorFishy

Odor Threshold
pH

No information available
12 @ 20°C 20 g/l aq. sol

Melting Point/Range 10 °C / 50 °F

Boiling Point/Range 170 °C / 338 °F @ 760 mmHg

Flash Point 92 °C / 197.6 °F
Evaporation Rate 92 °C / 197.6 °F
> 1 (Butyl Acetate = 1.0)

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable

Flammability or explosive limits

 Upper Lower
 23.5% @ 140°C

 Lower
 3.0% @ 140°C

 Vapor Pressure
 0.48 mmHg @ 20°C

 Vapor Density
 2.1 (Air = 1.0)

 Specific Gravity
 1.012

Specific Gravity
Solubility
Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water

1.012
miscible
No data available

Autoignition Temperature450 °C / 842 °FDecomposition TemperatureNo information available

Viscosity24 cP at 20 °CMolecular FormulaC2 H7 N OMolecular Weight61.08

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard None known, based on information available

Stability Hygroscopic. Air sensitive.

Conditions to Avoid Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and

sources of ignition. Exposure to air. Exposure to moist air or water.

Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Thermal

decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Product Information

Component Information

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation	
Ethanolamine	1720 mg/kg (Rat)	1000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	LC50 > 1.3 mg/L (Rat) 6 h	
		1 mL/kg (Rabbit)		

Toxicologically Synergistic

Products

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

No information available

Irritation Causes burns by all exposure routes

Sensitization No information available

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Component CAS-No IARC		IARC	NTP ACGIH		OSHA	Mexico
Ethanolamine	141-43-5	Not listed				

Mutagenic Effects

No information available

Reproductive Effects No information available.

Developmental EffectsNo information available.

Teratogenicity No information available.

STOT - single exposure Respiratory system STOT - repeated exposure None known

Aspiration hazard No information available

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting:

delayed

Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated.

Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation

Endocrine Disruptor Information No information available

Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Do not empty into drains. Contains a substance which is:. Harmful to aquatic organisms. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment. Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
Ethanolamine	EC50: 15 mg/L/72h	Leusiscus idus: LC50: >200	Pseudomonas putida: EC50:	EC50: 65 mg/L/48h
		mg/L/48h	110 mg/L/17 h	_
		Salmo gairdneri: LC50: 150	Nitrosomonas: EC50: 12200	
		mg/L/96h	mg/L/2 h	
		_	Photobacterium	
			phosphoreum: EC50: 13.7	
			mg/L/30 min	

Persistence and Degradability Soluble in water Persistence is unlikely based on information available. Miscible with water

Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation No information available.

Mobility . Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility.

Component	log Pow
Ethanolamine	-1.91

13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Methods

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN-No UN2491

Proper Shipping Name ETHANOLAMINE

Hazard Class 8
Packing Group III

TDG

UN-No UN2491

Proper Shipping Name ETHANOLAMINE

Hazard Class 8
Packing Group |||

IATA

UN-No UN2491

Proper Shipping Name ETHANOLAMINE

Hazard Class 8
Packing Group III

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN2491

Proper Shipping Name ETHANOLAMINE

Hazard Class 8
Packing Group III

15. Regulatory information

International Inventories

Component	CAS-No	DSL	NDSL	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive		EINECS	ELINCS	NLP
Ethanolamine	141-43-5	Х	-	Х	ACTIVE		205-483-3	-	-
		.=							2:222

Component	CAS-No	IECSC	KECL	ENCS	ISHL	TCSI	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
Ethanolamine	141-43-5	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

Legend:

X - Listed '-' - Not Listed

KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

Canada

SDS in compliance with provisions of information as set out in Canadian Standard - Part 4, Schedule 1 and 2 of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) and meets the requirements of the HPR (Paragraph 13(1)(a) of the Hazardous Products Act (HPA)).

Component	Canada - National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI)	Canadian Environmental Protection Agency (CEPA) - List of Toxic Substances	Canada's Chemicals Management Plan (CEPA)
Ethanolamine	Part 4 Substance		

Other International Regulations

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	. ,	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Ethanolamine	-	Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	-

REACH links

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Component	CAS-No	OECD HPV	Persistent Organic Pollutant	Ozone Depletion Potential	Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS)
Ethanolamine	141-43-5	Listed	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Component	CAS-No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements	Rotterdam Convention (PIC)	Basel Convention (Hazardous Waste)
Ethanolamine	141-43-5	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable

16. Other information	
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Prepared By Product Safety Department

Email: chem.techinfo@thermofisher.com

www.thermofisher.com

Creation Date 11-June-2009 **Revision Date** 23-January-2024 **Print Date** 23-January-2024

Revision Summary New emergency telephone response service provider.

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of SDS