

Australian statement of hazardous nature: Classified as hazardous according to criteria of Safe Work Australia

### Section 1 - Identification

Product Name Trimethylamine, 2M solution in THF

Product Code S37023

Address ThermoFisher Scientific Australia Pty Ltd

5 Caribbean Drive, Scoresby VICTORIA 3179, Australia

Emergency Tel. CHEMTREC®

03 9757 4559 or +613 9757 4559

Telephone / Fax Numbers Tel: 1300 735 292

Fax: 1800 067 639

E-mail address ANZinfo@thermofisher.com

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Uses advised against This product contains one or more substance(s) on the Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents list.

Verify requirements related to using, handling and storing these substances. This product does not contain any substance(s) subject to Prohibition, Authorization or Restriction. This product does not contain any substance(s) listed on the voluntary National Code of Practice

for Chemicals of Security Concern.

# Section 2 - Hazard(s) Identification

### Classification under Safe Work Australia

Classified as hazardous according to criteria of Safe Work Australia

Physical hazards

Flammable liquids Category 2

**Health hazards** 

Acute Oral Toxicity

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Category 1

Carcinogenicity

Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)

Category 3

Category 3

**Environmental hazards** 

No hazards identified

**Label Elements** 

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**Exclamation Mark** 

Health Hazard

Signal Word

#### Danger

### **Hazard Statements**

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

AUH019 - May form explosive peroxides

### **Precautionary Statements**

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P233 - Keep container tightly closed

P240 - Ground and bond container and receiving equipment

P242 - Use non-sparking tools

P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges

P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

P264 - Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P330 - Rinse mouth

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

### Other information

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

# Section 3 - Composition and Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS No	Weight %
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	86
Trimethylamine	75-50-3	14

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### Section 4 - First Aid Measures

**Inhalation** Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur.

**Ingestion** Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.

**Skin Contact** Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation persists,

call a physician.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention.

General Advice If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

First Aid Facilities Eyewash, safety shower and washroom.

Most important symptoms and

effects

Difficulty in breathing. Causes eye burns. Causes severe eye damage. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea

and vomiting

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

## Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>). Powder. Water spray. In case of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

### Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

### **Hazardous Decomposition Products**

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Nitrogen oxides (NOx).

### **Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical**

Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

### Special protective equipment and precautions for fire fighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

## Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

### **Emergency procedures**

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

### **Environmental Precautions**

Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

### Methods for Containment and Clean Up

### Clean-up methods - small spillage

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use

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spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

### Clean-up methods - large spillage

Typically only supplied is small quantiites as packaged goods.

If extremely toxic or used in larger quantities ensure a spillage action plan is in place. Evacuate area. Control the source and/or contain the spill if safe and able to do so. Use temporary diking, sand bags, dry sand, earth or proprietary booms/absorbent pads if available. Obtain advice on containment, neutralisation and clean-up from local emergency responders.

#### Reference to Other Sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

## Section 7 - Handling and Storage

### **Precautions for Safe Handling**

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. If peroxide formation is suspected, do not open or move container. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

#### Conditions for Safe Storage, Including any Incompatibilities

Store under an inert atmosphere. Protect from moisture. Containers should be dated when opened and tested periodically for the presence of peroxides. Should crystals form in a peroxidizable liquid, peroxidation may have occurred and the product should be considered extremely dangerous. In this instance, the container should only be opened remotely by professionals. Keep refrigerated.

AS/NZS 2243.10:2004, Safety in laboratories - Storage of chemicals AS 1940-2004 - The storage and handling of flammable and combustible liquids

# Section 8 - Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

### **Exposure limits**

AUS - Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment - Guidance Note on the Interpretation of Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment [NOHSC:3008(1995)] Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment [NOHSC:1003(1995)] updated in August, 2005. Safe Work Australia

**ACGIH** - Threshold Limit Values - Ceiling (TLV-C) guidelines by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) for controlling worker exposure to airborne chemical concentrations in the workplace.

UK - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Fourth edition. Published 2020.

**DE** - MAK and BAT values of Hazardous Chemical Compounds in the Work Area. Published by German Research Foundation on July 1, 2011

NZ - Workplace Exposure Standards and Biological Exposure Indices (6th edition). New Zealand Department of Labor

Component	Australia	New Zealand WEL	ACGIH TLV	The United Kingdom	Germany
Tetrahydrofuran	TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 295 mg/m³	TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 100 ppm STEL: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 50 ppm STEL: 100 ppm Skin	STEL: 100 ppm 15 min STEL: 300 mg/m³ 15 min TWA: 50 ppm 8 hr	TWA: 50 ppm (8 Stunden). AGW - exposure factor 2 TWA: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8
		Skin		TWA: 150 mg/m³ 8 hr Skin	Stunden). AGW - exposure factor 2 TWA: 50 ppm (8 Stunden). MAK TWA: 150 mg/m³ (8 Stunden). MAK Höhepunkt: 100 ppm Höhepunkt: 300 mg/m³ Haut
Trimethylamine	STEL: 15 ppm STEL: 36 mg/m³ TWA: 10 ppm TWA: 24 mg/m³	TWA: 10 ppm TWA: 24 mg/m³ STEL: 15 ppm STEL: 36 mg/m³	TWA: 5 ppm STEL: 15 ppm		TWA: 2 ppm (8 Stunden). AGW - ceiling factor 2.5; exposure factor 2 TWA: 4.9 mg/m³ (8 Stunden). AGW - ceiling

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			factor 2.5; exposure
			factor 2
			TWA: 2 ppm (8
			Stunden). MAK an
			instantaneous value of 5
			ppm corresponding to
			12 mg/m <sup>3</sup> should not be
			exceeded;even if the
			MAK value is adhered
			to, "odor-associated"
			symptoms cannot be
			ruled out in individual
			cases
			TWA: 4.9 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8
			Stunden). MAK an
			instantaneous value of 5
			ppm corresponding to
			12 mg/m³ should not be
			exceeded;even if the
			MAK value is adhered
			to, "odor-associated"
			symptoms cannot be
			ruled out in individual
			cases
			Höhepunkt: 4 ppm
			Höhepunkt: 9.8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

### **Biological limit values**

**NZ** - Substances assigned Biological Exposure Indices in the New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards and Biological Exposure Indices (6th edition). New Zealand Department of Labor

Component	Australia	New Zealand	European Union	United Kingdom	Germany
Tetrahydrofuran		2 mg/g creatinine (urine)			Tetrahydrofuran: 2 mg/L
		end of exposure or shift,			urine (end of shift)
		within 1 hour of end of			
		exposure (THF)			

### **Exposure Controls**

### **Engineering Measures**

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

### Personal protective equipment

**Eye Protection** Goggles (Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337 - Eye protectors for Industrial

applications)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove materi Nitrile rubbe Viton (R)	•	Glove thickness -	AUS/NZ Standard AS/NZS 2161	Glove comments (minimum requirement)
Butyl rubber				
Neoprene glov	es			

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing

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Repiratory Protection Use an AS/NZS 1716 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or

other symptoms are experienced. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained in line with AS/NZS 1715 on the use

Method - No information available

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air

Liquid

(Air = 1.0)

Liquid

and maintenance of repiratory protective devices

Recommended Filter type: Multi-purpose/ABEK conforming to EN14387 Organic gases and vapours filter Type A

Brown (or AUS/NZ equivalent)

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405 or Half mask: EN140 plus filter, EN 141 (or AUS/NZ equivalent)

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

**Environmental exposure controls** No information available.

## Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

#### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical State Liquid

Odor
Odor Threshold
PH
No data available
No information available
No information available
No information available
No data available

Flash Point -17 °C / 1.4 °F

Evaporation Rate No data available Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable

Explosion Limits

No data available

Vapor Pressure No data available

Vapor Density

No data available

Specific Gravity / Density

No data available

Specific Gravity / Density No data available Bulk Density Not applicable

Water Solubility Immiscible

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Componentlog PowTetrahydrofuran0.45Trimethylamine-2.9 - 1.89Autoignition TemperatureNo data availableDecomposition TemperatureNo data availableViscosityNo data available

Explosive Properties

Oxidizing Properties No information available

Other information

# Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity None known, based on information available

**Stability** Hygroscopic.

Conditions to Avoid Exposure to moist air or water, Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of

ignition.

Incompatible Materials Acids, Oxidizing agent.

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Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). Nitrogen oxides (NOx).

**Hazardous Polymerization** No information available.

# Section 11 - Toxicological Information

### Information on Toxicological Effects

### **Product Information**

(a) acute toxicity;

Oral Category 4

**Dermal**Based on available data, the classification criteria are not metInhalationBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met

### Toxicology data for the components

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Tetrahydrofuran	1650 mg/kg ( Rat )	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	180 mg/L (Rat)1 h 53.9 mg/L (Rat)4 h
Trimethylamine	LD50 = 1200 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 > 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	LC50 > 5.9 mg/L (Rat) 4 h

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 2

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory No data available
Skin No data available

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Tetrahydrofuran	Local Lymph Node Assay OECD	mouse	non-sensitising
109-99-9 ( 86 )	Test Guideline 429		

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; No data available

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Tetrahydrofuran	OECD Test Guideline 476	in vivo	negative
109-99-9 ( 86 )	Gene cell mutation	Mammalian	_
` ´			
	OECD Test Guideline 473		
	Chromosomal aberration assay	in vitro	negative
	1	Mammalian	-

(f) carcinogenicity; Category 2

Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

 Component
 Australia
 New Zealand
 New South Wales
 Western Australia
 IARC
 EU
 UK
 Germany

 Tetrahydrofuran
 Suspected
 Group 2B
 Group 2B

(g) reproductive toxicity; No data available

carcinogen

Component	Test method	Test species / Duration	Study result
Tetrahydrofuran	OECD Test Guideline 416	Rat 2 Generation	NOAEL = 3,000 ppm
109-99-9 ( 86 )			

(h) STOT-single exposure; Category 3

Results / Target organs Respiratory system

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Central nervous system (CNS)

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; No data available

Target Organs No information available.

(j) aspiration hazard; No data available

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness,

**delayed** tiredness, nausea and vomiting

## Section 12 - Ecological Information

**Ecotoxicity effects** 

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae	Microtox
Tetrahydrofuran	2160 mg/l LC50 = 96 h	EC50 48 h 3485 mg/l		
	Pimephales promelas	EC50: >10000 mg/L/24h		
	Leuciscus idus: LC50:			
	2820 mg/L/48h			
Trimethylamine		EC50: = 139 mg/L, 48h	EC50: = 74.2 mg/L, 96h	EC50 = 210 mg/L 17 h
		(Daphnia magna Straus)	(Desmodesmus	EC50 = 590  mg/L  2  h
			subspicatus)	
			EC50: = 98.8 mg/L, 72h	
			(Desmodesmus	
			`subspicatus)	
			, ,	

**Persistence and Degradability** 

**Persistence** Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

Bioaccumulative Potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Tetrahydrofuran	0.45	No data available
Trimethylamine	-2.9 - 1.89	No data available

Mobility

The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility. Disperses rapidly in air

**Endocrine Disruptor Information** 

Component	EU - Endocrine Disrupters	EU - Endocrine Disruptors -	Japan - Endocrine Disruptor
	Candidate List	Evaluated Substances	Information
Tetrahydrofuran	Group III Chemical		

Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

## Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Waste from Residues/Unused Products

Do not allow into drains or watercourses or dispose of where ground or surface waters may be affected. Wastes, including emptied containers, are controlled wastes and should be disposed of in accordance with all federal, E.P.A., state and local regulations. Assure conformity with all applicable regulations.

**Contaminated Packaging** 

Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

Other Information

Chemical wastes should be disposed through a licensed commercial waste collection service. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not flush to sewer. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. Do not empty into drains.

# Section 14 - Transport Information

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### IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN2924

**Proper Shipping Name** Flammable liquid, corrosive, n.o.s.

Technical Shipping Name (TETRAHYDROFURAN, TRIMETHYLAMINE)

Hazard Class 3 Subsidiary Hazard Class 8 Packing Group II

ADG

UN-No UN2924

**Proper Shipping Name** Flammable liquid, corrosive, n.o.s.

Technical Shipping Name (TETRAHYDROFURAN, TRIMETHYLAMINE)

Hazard Class 3 Subsidiary Hazard Class 8 Packing Group II

Component	Hazchem Code
Tetrahydrofuran	2YE
109-99-9 ( 86 )	
Trimethylamine	2W
75-50-3 ( 14 )	2WE
	2PF

### <u>IATA</u>

UN-No UN2924

**Proper Shipping Name** Flammable liquid, corrosive, n.o.s.

Technical Shipping Name (TETRAHYDROFURAN, TRIMETHYLAMINE)

Hazard Class 3
Subsidiary Hazard Class 8
Packing Group ||

Environmental hazards No hazards identified

Special Precautions No special precautions required

Additional information None known

# Section 15 - Regulatory Information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National Regulations Australia

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters.

### Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

Classified as a scheduled poison according to the Standard for Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.

Component	Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons
Trimethylamine - 75-50-3	Schedule 5 listed - for use as curing agents for Epoxy resins except when separately specified in these
·	Schedules

### **Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)**

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	Component	Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)	Additional information
	Tetrahydrofuran - 109-99-9	Present	-
Ī	Trimethylamine - 75-50-3	Present	-

### Australian - Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents Substance List

This product contains one or more substance(s) on the Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents list. Verify requirements related to using, handling and storing these substances.

### **Chemicals of Security Concern**

This product does not contain any substance(s) listed on the voluntary National Code of Practice for Chemicals of Security Concern

Component	Australian - Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents Substance List	Chemicals of Security Concern
Tetrahydrofuran - 109-99-9	Category 3	

#### Legend

Category 3 - Chemicals and apparatus that may be used in the illicit production of drugs. Purchases from this list should alert companies or organizations to seek further indicators of any suspicious orders or enquiries. No official reporting is required for items on this list unless considered warranted

National pollutant inventory Not applicable

### Prohibition or notification/licensing requirements

Shown below are details of specific prohibition/notifications or licencing requirements when they apply.

This product does not contain any substance(s) subject to Prohibition, Authorization or Restriction.

Component	Australia	New South Wales	Western Australia	New Zealand
Tetrahydrofuran - 109-99-9				Suspected carcinogen

### **International Inventories**

Component	AICS	NZIoC	EINECS	ELINCS	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	PICCS	<b>ENCS</b>	ISHL	IECSC	KECL
Tetrahydrofuran	X	Х	203-726-8	-	X	Х	-	Х	Χ	Χ	Х	KE-33454
Trimethylamine	X	Х	-	-	Х	X	-	X	X	Х	X	KE-11508

Legend: X - Listed. '-' - Not Listed. KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

### **International Regulations**

Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

Persistent Organic Pollutant This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

Rotterdam Convention (PIC) Not applicable

Basel convention on the control of transboundary movements of hazardous wastes and their dispoal Not applicable.

Component	CAS No	OECD HPV	Restriction of	Seveso III Directive	Seveso III Directive

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			Hazardous Substances (RoHS)	(2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	(2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	Listed	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Trimethylamine	75-50-3	Listed	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable

### Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	
Tetrahydrofuran	-	Use restricted. See item 75.	-
		(see link for restriction details)	
Trimethylamine	-	Use restricted. See item 75.	-
-		(see link for restriction details)	

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

### Section 16 - Other Information

### Legend

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b)

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

NZS 5433:2020 - Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit **DNEL** - Derived No Effect Level

POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

**EINECS/ELINCS** - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

**ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

**KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

ADG - Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail

**OECD** - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

**BCF** - Bioconcentration factor

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

### Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Physical hazards On basis of test data **Health Hazards** Calculation method **Environmental hazards** Calculation method

### **Training Advice**

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts. Chemical incident response training.

**Revision Date** 22-Nov-2022

ALFAAS37023 Version 3 22-Nov-2022 Page 11/12 **Revision Summary** 

Not applicable.

This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is prepared in accordance to and complies with the requirements of Safe Work Australia - Work Health and Safety Regulations (WHS Regulations).

### Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

# **End of Safety Data Sheet**

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