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Occupational Safety and Health (Classification, Labelling and Safety Data Sheet of Hazardous Chemicals) Regulations 2013

# SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THECOMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Product Identifier

Perihalan Produk: 1-Methylbutylzinc bromide, 0.5M in THF
Product Description: 1-Methylbutylzinc bromide, 0.5M in THF

Cat No. : H58078
Molecular Formula C5 H11 BrZn

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against No Information available

Company Thermo Fisher Scientific (M) Sdn Bhd

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**Supplier** 

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## **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable liquids	Category 2 (H225)
Substances/mixtures which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases	Category 1 (H260)
Acute oral toxicity	Category 4 (H302)
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 1 B (H314)
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 1 (H318)
Carcinogenicity	Category 2 (H351)
Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)	Category 3 (H335) (H336)

## Label Elements



#### Signal Word

#### Danger

#### **Hazard Statements**

- H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor
- H260 In contact with water releases flammable gases which may ignite spontaneously
- H302 Harmful if swallowed
- H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness
- H351 Suspected of causing cancer

#### **Precautionary Statements**

#### Prevention

- P201 Obtain special instructions before use
- P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
- P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking
- P231 + P232 Handle and store contents under inert gas. Protect from moisture
- P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment
- P242 Use non-sparking tools
- P243 Take action to prevent static discharges
- P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray
- P264 Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling
- P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
- P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
- P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

#### Response

- P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor
- P330 Rinse mouth
- P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower
- P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing
- P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
- P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish
- P331 Do NOT induce vomiting
- P302 + P335 + P334 IF ON SKIN: Brush off loose particles from skin. Immerse in cool water
- P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse

# Storage

P402 + P404 - Store in a dry place. Store in a closed container

#### Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

#### **Other Hazards**

EUH019 - May form explosive peroxides

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

# **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Component	CAS No	Weight %
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	88.74
1-Methylbutylzinc bromide	308796-07-8	11.26

# **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

## 1-Methylbutylzinc bromide, 0.5M in THF

Description of first aid measures

**General Advice** Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is

required.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

Immediate medical attention is required.

**Skin Contact** Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use.

Call a physician immediately. Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15

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minutes.

**Ingestion** Do NOT induce vomiting. Clean mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an

unconscious person. Call a physician immediately.

**Inhalation**Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give

artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Call a physician immediately. If not breathing, give

artificial respiration. Remove from exposure, lie down.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Causes burns by all exposure routes. Difficulty in breathing. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and

vomiting. Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is

contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated. Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of

perforation.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

## **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

## **Extinguishing media**

#### **Suitable Extinguishing Media**

Dry sand. Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>). Powder. Do not use water or foam. CO<sub>2</sub>, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

#### Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

#### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

#### **Hazardous Combustion Products**

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2), Hydrogen bromide, Zinc oxide.

## Advice for fire-fighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

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## **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

## Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

#### Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

#### **Reference to Other Sections**

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

## **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

## Precautions for Safe Handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. If peroxide formation is suspected, do not open or move container. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

## Conditions for Safe Storage, Including any Incompatibilities

Keep refrigerated. Corrosives area. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Containers should be dated when opened and tested periodically for the presence of peroxides. Should crystals form in a peroxidizable liquid, peroxidation may have occurred and the product should be considered extremely dangerous. In this instance, the container should only be opened remotely by professionals. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

## Specific End Uses

Use in laboratories.

# **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

## **Control Parameters**

Component	Malaysia	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL
Tetrahydrofuran		TWA: 50 ppm	(Vacated) TWA: 200 ppm
		STEL: 100 ppm	(Vacated) TWA: 590 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		Skin	(Vacated) STEL: 250 ppm
			(Vacated) STEL: 735 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
			TWA: 200 ppm
			TWA: 590 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

Component	European Union	The United Kingdom	Germany
Tetrahydrofuran	TWA: 50 ppm (8h)	STEL: 100 ppm 15 min	TWA: 50 ppm (8 Stunden). AGW -
	TWA: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8h)	STEL: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min	exposure factor 2
	STEL: 100 ppm (15min)	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hr	TWA: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8 Stunden). AGW
	STEL: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (15min)	TWA: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr	<ul> <li>exposure factor 2</li> </ul>
	Skin	Skin	TWA: 20 ppm (8 Stunden). MAK

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#### 1-Methylbutylzinc bromide, 0.5M in THF

	TWA: 60 mg/m³ (8 Stunden). MAK Höhepunkt: 40 ppm Höhepunkt: 120 mg/m³
	Haut

## **Exposure Controls**

#### **Engineering Measures**

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles
Hand Protection Protective gloves
Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

**Respiratory Protection** When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators

**Recommended Filter type:** Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to EN14387

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

<u>Hygiene Measures</u> Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice

**Environmental exposure controls** No information available

## **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Yellow - Brown - Black

Physical State Liquid

Odor No information available
Odor Threshold No data available
pH No information available

Melting Point/RangeNo data availableSoftening PointNo data availableBoiling Point/Range66 °C / 150.8 °F

Flash Point -17 °C / 1.4 °F Method - No information available

Evaporation Rate

No data available

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Liquid

Explosion Limits No data available

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#### 1-Methylbutylzinc bromide, 0.5M in THF

(Air = 1.0)

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air

@ 20 °C

Liquid

Vapor Pressure23 hPa @ 20 °CVapor DensityNo data available

Specific Gravity / Density 0.961 g/cm3
Bulk Density Not applicable
Water Solubility Immiscible

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Componentlog PowTetrahydrofuran0.45

Autoignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature

Viscosity

**Explosive Properties Oxidizing Properties** 

No data available No data available No data available

No information available

Molecular FormulaC5 H11 BrZnMolecular Weight216.43

**SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY** 

Reactivity

Yes.

**Chemical Stability** 

Air sensitive. Water reactive. May form precipitate.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Hazardous Polymerization No information available.
Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

**Conditions to Avoid** 

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

Incompatible Materials

Acids. Acid chlorides. Oxidizing agent.

**Hazardous Decomposition Products** 

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). Hydrogen bromide. Zinc oxide.

## **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

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#### 1-Methylbutylzinc bromide, 0.5M in THF

#### Information on Toxicological Effects

#### **Product Information**

(a) acute toxicity;

Oral Category 4

Dermal Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Inhalation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

#### Toxicology data for the components

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Tetrahydrofuran	1650 mg/kg ( Rat )	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	180 mg/L (Rat) 1 h
·			53.9 mg/L (Rat) 4 h

Category 1 B (b) skin corrosion/irritation;

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

No data available Respiratory Skin No data available

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Tetrahydrofuran	Local Lymph Node Assay	mouse	non-sensitising
109-99-9 ( 88.74 )	OFCD Test Guideline 429		

No data available (e) germ cell mutagenicity;

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Tetrahydrofuran	OECD Test Guideline 476	in vivo	negative
109-99-9 ( 88.74 )	Gene cell mutation	Mammalian	_
	OECD Test Guideline 473		
	Chromosomal aberration assay	in vitro	negative
		Mammalian	_

Category 2 (f) carcinogenicity;

> Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

Component	EU	UK	Germany	IARC
Tetrahydrofuran				Group 2B

No data available (g) reproductive toxicity;

Component	Test method	Test species / Duration	Study result
Tetrahydrofuran	OECD Test Guideline 416	Rat	NOAEL = 3,000 ppm
109-99-9 ( 88.74 )		2 Generation	

(h) STOT-single exposure; Category 3

Respiratory system, Central nervous system (CNS). Results / Target organs

No data available (i) STOT-repeated exposure;

**Target Organs** No information available.

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(j) aspiration hazard; No data available

delayed

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated. Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation.

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**Endocrine Disrupting Properties** 

Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

# **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Ecotoxicity effects** May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment. Do not allow material to

contaminate ground water system.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae	Microtox
Tetrahydrofuran	2160 mg/l LC50 = 96 h	EC50 48 h 3485 mg/l		
	Pimephales promelas	EC50: >10000 mg/L/24h		
	Leuciscus idus: LC50:	_		
	2820 mg/L/48h			

Persistence and degradability Product contains heavy metals. Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Special

pre-treatment is necessary

**Persistence** 

Degradation in sewage treatment plant

based on information available, May persist.

Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste

water treatment plants.

Bioaccumulative potential May have some potential to bioaccumulate

	many manual common personal and control common and control common and control	
Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Tetrahydrofuran	0.45	No data available

The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all Mobility in soil

surfaces. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility. Disperses rapidly in

air.

**Endocrine Disruptor Information** 

Component	EU - Endocrine Disrupters Candidate List	EU - Endocrine Disruptors - Evaluated		
		Substances		
Tetrahydrofuran	Group III Chemical			

Other adverse effects No information available

# **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused

**Products** 

Waste is classified as hazardous Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste Dispose of in accordance with local regulations

Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers **Contaminated Packaging** retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous Keep product and

empty container away from heat and sources of ignition

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#### Other Information

Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used Do not flush to sewer Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations Do not empty into drains Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms

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## **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN3399
Hazard Class 4.3
Subsidiary Hazard Class 3
Packing Group II

Proper Shipping Name ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, WATER-REACTIVE, FLAMMABLE

(1-Methylbutylzinc bromide, TETRAHYDROFURAN)

**Road and Rail Transport** 

UN-No UN3399
Hazard Class 4.3
Subsidiary Hazard Class 3
Packing Group II

Proper Shipping Name ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, WATER-REACTIVE, FLAMMABLE

(1-Methylbutylzinc bromide, TETRAHYDROFURAN)

**IATA** 

UN-No UN3399
Hazard Class 4.3
Subsidiary Hazard Class 3
Packing Group II

Proper Shipping Name Organometallic substance, liquid, water-reactive, flammable (1-Methylbutylzinc bromide,

TETRAHYDROFURAN)

Special Precautions for User No special precautions required

# **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories X = listed

Component	EINECS	TSCA	DSL	PICCS	ENCS	ISHL	IECSC	AICS	KECL
Tetrahydrofuran	203-726-8	Х	X	X	X	X	Χ	Χ	KE-33454

## **National Regulations**

Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

## **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

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#### Legend

**CAS** - Chemical Abstracts Service

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

**KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

**ACGIH** - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

**OECD** - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

**BCF** - Bioconcentration factor

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

Substances List

**ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

Shins ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

#### Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

**Prepared By** Health, Safety and Environmental Department

**Revision Date** 30-Mar-2025 **Revision Summary** Not applicable.

In accordance with local and national regulations: Occupational Safety and Health (Classification, Labelling and Safety Data Sheet of Hazardous Chemicals) Regulations 2013

## Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

**End of Safety Data Sheet**