

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Revision Date 17-Mar-2024 Revision Number 7

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: Lead(II) niobium(V) 2-ethylhexanoate decaethoxide, 10% w/v in ethanol

Cat No.: 365

Molecular Formula C36 H80 Nb2 O14 Pb

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against No Information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Thermo Fisher (Kandel) GmbH

Erlenbachweg 2, 76870 Kandel, Germany

Tel: +49 (0) 721 84007 280 Fax: +49 (0) 721 84007 300

Swiss distributor - Fisher Scientific AG Neuhofstrasse 11, CH 4153 Reinach

Tel: +41 (0) 56 618 41 11

https://www.fishersci.ch/ch/en/customer-help-

support/forms/email-us.html

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information **US** call: 001-800-227-6701 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No.**US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

customers in Switzerland:

Tox Info Suisse Emergency Number: 145 (24hr)

Tox Info Suisse: +41-44 251 51 51 (Emergency number from abroad)

Chemtrec (24h) Toll-Free: 0800 564 402 Chemtrec Local: +41-43 508 20 11 (Zurich)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Physical hazards

ALFAA36577

Lead(II) niobium(V) 2-ethylhexanoate decaethoxide, 10% w/v in ethanol

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Flammable liquids Category 2 (H225)

Health hazards

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Reproductive Toxicity

Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure)

Category 2 (H319)

Category 1A (H360)

Category 2 (H373)

Environmental hazards

Chronic aquatic toxicity Category 2 (H411)

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary Statements

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

Additional EU labelling

Restricted to professional users

2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2. Mixtures

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	200-578-6	90	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319)

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Lead(II) niobium(V) 2-ethylhexanoate	N/A	10	Flam Liq. 1 (H224)
decaethoxid			Repr. 1A (H360)
			STOT RE 2 (H373)
			Acute Tox. 4 (H302)
			Acute Tox. 4 (H332)
			Aquatic Acute 1 (H400)
			Aquatic Chronic 1 (H410)

Component	Specific concentration limits (SCL's)	M-Factor	Component notes
Ethyl alcohol	Eye Irrit. 2 :: C>=50%	-	-

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation persists,

call a physician.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Difficulty in breathing. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2), lead oxides, Niobium oxide.

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5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Should not be released into the environment. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

Class 3

Switzerland - Storage of hazardous substances

Storage class - SC 3

https://www.kvu.ch/de/themen/stoffe-und-produkte https://www.kvu.ch/fr/themes/substances-et-produits https://www.kvu.ch/it/temi/sostanze-e-prodotti

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): UK - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Forth edition. Published 2020. IRE - 2010 Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations 2001. Published by the Health and Safety Authority. - The Government of Switzerland has set a directive on limit values for working materials (Grenzwerte am Arbeitsplatz) which is based on the Swiss Federal Regulation "Verordnung über die Verhütung von Unfällen und Berufskrankheiten". This directive is

Component	European Union	The United Kingdom	France	Belgium	Spain
Ethyl alcohol		TWA: 1000 ppm TWA; 1920 mg/m³ TWA WEL - STEL: 3000 ppm STEL; 5760 mg/m³	TWA / VME: 1000 ppm (8 heures). TWA / VME: 1900 mg/m³ (8 heures).	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 uren TWA: 1907 mg/m³ 8 uren	STEL / VLA-EC: 100 ppm (15 minutos). STEL / VLA-EC: 191 mg/m³ (15 minutos)
		STEL	STEL / VLCT: 5000 ppm. STEL / VLCT: 9500 mg/m³.		
Component	Italy	Germany	Portugal	The Netherlands	Finland
Ethyl alcohol	. rany	200 ppm TWA MAK; 380 mg/m³ TWA MAK	STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutos	huid STEL: 1900 mg/m³ 15 minuten TWA: 260 mg/m³ 8 uren	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 tunteina TWA: 1900 mg/m ³
Component	Austria	Denmark	Switzerland STEL: 1000 ppm 15	Poland	Norway TWA: 500 ppm 8 tim
Ethyl alcohol	MAK-KZGW: 2000 ppm 15 Minuten MAK-KZGW: 3800 mg/m³ 15 Minuten MAK-TMW: 1000 ppm 8 Stunden MAK-TMW: 1900 mg/m³ 8 Stunden	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 timer TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 8 timer STEL: 2000 ppm 15 minutter STEL: 3800 mg/m³ 15 minutter	Minuten STEL: 1920 mg/m³ 15 Minuten TWA: 500 ppm 8 Stunden TWA: 960 mg/m³ 8 Stunden	TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 8 godzinach	TWA: 9500 ppm 8 tin TWA: 950 mg/m³ 8 ti STEL: 625 ppm 1! minutter. value calculated STEL: 1187.5 mg/m³ minutter. value calculated
	o Sturideri		Sturideri		Calculated
Component	Bulgaria	Croatia	Ireland	Cyprus	Czech Republic
Ethyl alcohol	TWA: 1000 mg/m ³		STEL: 1000 ppm 15 min		TWA: 1000 mg/m³ hodinách. Ceiling: 3000 mg/n
Component	Fatania	Cibrolton	Crane	Ummanı	loolond
Component Ethyl alcohol	TWA: 500 ppm 8 tundides. TWA: 1000 mg/m³ 8 tundides. STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutites. STEL: 1900 mg/m³ 15 minutites.	Gibraltar	Greece TWA: 1000 ppm TWA: 1900 mg/m³	Hungary STEL: 3800 mg/m³ 15 percekben. CK TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 8 órában. AK	Iceland TWA: 1000 ppm 8 klukkustundum. TWA: 1900 mg/m³ klukkustundum. Ceiling: 2000 ppm Ceiling: 3800 mg/m
Component	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg	Malta	Romania
Ethyl alcohol	TWA: 1000 mg/m ³	TWA: 500 ppm IPRD TWA: 1000 mg/m³ IPRD STEL: 1000 ppm STEL: 1900 mg/m³	Luxembourg	maita	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 o TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 8 STEL: 5000 ppm 1 minute STEL: 9500 mg/m³ minute
Component	Russia	Slovak Republic	Slovenia	Sweden	Turkey
Ethyl alcohol	TWA: 1000 mg/m³ 2391 MAC: 2000 mg/m³	Ceiling: 1920 mg/m³ TWA: 500 ppm TWA: 960 mg/m³	TWA: 960 mg/m³ 8 urah TWA: 500 ppm 8 urah STEL: 1000 ppm 15		,

minutah

STEL: 1920 mg/m³ 15

minutah

mg/m³ 15 minuter

TLV: 500 ppm 8 timmar.

NGV TLV: 1000 mg/m³ 8

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timmar. NGV

Biological limit values

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.

MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours

MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

MDHS6/3 Lead and inorganic compounds of lead in air Laboratory method using flame or electrothermal atomic absorption spectrometry

MDHS 91 Metals and metalloids in workplace air by X-ray fluorescence spectrometry

MDHS 99 Metals in air by ICP-AES

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

Component	Acute effects local (Oral)	Acute effects systemic (Oral)	Chronic effects local (Oral)	Chronic effects systemic (Oral)
Ethyl alcohol 64-17-5 (90)		DNEL = 87 mg/kg bw/d		

Component	Acute effects local (Dermal)	Acute effects systemic (Dermal)	Chronic effects local (Dermal)	Chronic effects systemic (Dermal)
Ethyl alcohol 64-17-5 (90)				DNEL = 343mg/kg bw/day

Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)
Ethyl alcohol 64-17-5 (90)	DNEL = 1900mg/m ³			DNEL = 950mg/m ³

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

See values below.

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

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Glove material Breakthrough time Glove thickness EU standard Glove comments

Viton (R) See manufacturers - EN 374 (minimum requirement)
recommendations

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing.

Inspect gloves before use. observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information) gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion. gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

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and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: Organic gases and vapours filter low boiling organic solvent

Type AX Brown conforming to EN371 or Type A Brown conforming to EN14387

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

141

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water

system.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid

Appearance

Odor
Odor No information available
Odor Threshold No data available
Melting Point/Range No data available
Softening Point No data available
Boiling Point/Range No information available

Flammability (liquid) Highly flammable On basis of test data

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Liquid

Explosion Limits No data available

Flash Point 14 °C / 57.2 °F Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature
Decomposition Temperature
pH
Viscosity
No data available
No information available
No data available
No data available
Immiscible

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Component log Pow Ethyl alcohol -0.32

Vapor Pressure
Density / Specific Gravity
No data available
No data available

Bulk DensityNot applicableLiquidVapor DensityNo data available(Air = 1.0)

Particle characteristics Not applicable (liquid)

9.2. Other information

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Lead(II) niobium(V) 2-ethylhexanoate decaethoxide, 10% w/v in ethanol

Molecular Formula C36 H80 Nb2 O14 Pb

Molecular Weight 1130.04

Explosive Properties Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Moisture sensitive.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous PolymerizationNo information available.Hazardous ReactionsNone under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

None known.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). lead oxides. Niobium oxide.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

Oral Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Dermal No data available
Inhalation No data available

Toxicology data for the components

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Ethyl alcohol	LD50 = 10470 mg/kg	=	LC50 = 117-125 mg/l (4h)
	OECD 401 (Rat)		OECD 403 (rat)
	3450 mg/kg (Mouse)		20000 ppm/10H (rat)

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; No data available

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 2

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory SkinNo data available
No data available

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Ethyl alcohol	Mouse Ear Swelling Test (MEST)	mouse	non-sensitising
64-17-5 (90)			
		mouse	non-sensitising
	OECD Test Guideline 429		_
	Local Lymph Node Assay		

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(e) germ cell mutagenicity; No data available

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Ethyl alcohol	AMES test	in vitro	negative
64-17-5 (90)	OECD Test Guideline 471	Bacteria	_
	Gene cell mutation		
	OECD Test Guideline 476	in vitro	negative
		Mammalian	

(f) carcinogenicity; No data available

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

- California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List

(a) reproductive toxicity: Category 1A

10/			1	
	Component	Test method	Test species / Duration	Study result
	Ethyl alcohol	OECD Test Guideline 416	Oral / mouse	NOAEL = 13.8 g/kg/day
	64-17-5 (90)		2 Generation	
		OECD Test Guideline 414		
			Inhalation / Rat	NOAEC =
				16000 ppm

No data available (h) STOT-single exposure;

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Category 2

Central nervous system (CNS), Blood, Kidney. **Target Organs**

No data available (j) aspiration hazard;

delayed

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness,

tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine Disrupting Properties

Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any

known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity **Ecotoxicity effects**

The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment. Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
Ethyl alcohol	Fathead minnow (Pimephales	EC50 = 9268 mg/L/48h	EC50 (72h) = 275 mg/l (Chlorella
	promelas) LC50 = 14200	EC50 = 10800 mg/L/24h	vulgaris)
	mg/l/96h		

Component	Microtox	M-Factor
Ethyl alcohol	Photobacterium phosphoreum:EC50 = 34634 mg/L/30 min Photobacterium phosphoreum:EC50 = 35470 mg/L/5 min	

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12.2. Persistence and degradability Product contains heavy metals. Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Special

pre-treatment is necessary

May persist, based on information available. **Persistence**

Component Degradability Ethyl alcohol OFCD 301F = 94%64-17-5 (90)

Degradation in sewage treatment plant

Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste

water treatment plants.

May have some potential to bioaccumulate 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Ethyl alcohol	-0.32	No data available

Spillage unlikely to penetrate soil Is not likely mobile in the environment due its low water 12.4. Mobility in soil

solubility.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

No data available for assessment.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting

properties

Endocrine Disruptor Information This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

12.7. Other adverse effects

Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused

Products

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers

retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and

empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but **European Waste Catalogue (EWC)**

application specific.

Other Information Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the

> application for which the product was used. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. Do not let this chemical enter the environment. Do not

empty into drains.

Switzerland - Waste Ordinance Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations. Ordinance on the Avoidance and the Disposal of Waste (Waste Ordinance,

ADWO) SR 814.600

https://www.fedlex.admin.ch/eli/cc/2015/891/en

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

14.1. UN number UN1170 14.2. UN proper shipping name **ETHANOL**

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14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 14.4. Packing group II

ADR

14.1. UN numberUN117014.2. UN proper shipping nameETHANOL

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 14.4. Packing group II

<u>IATA</u>

14.1. UN number UN1170 14.2. UN proper shipping name ETHANOL

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 14.4. Packing group II

<u>14.5. Environmental hazards</u> Dangerous for the environment

Product is a marine pollutant according to the criteria set by IMDG/IMO

14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable, packaged goods

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	200-578-6	-	-	X	X	KE-13217	Х	Х
Lead(II) niobium(V)	N/A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2-ethylhexanoate decaethoxid									

Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	Х	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	Х	Х
Lead(II) niobium(V) 2-ethylhexanoate decaethoxid	N/A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed **KECL** - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH Not applicable

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization		REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	-	-	-
Lead(II) niobium(V)	N/A	-	-	-
2-ethylhexanoate decaethoxid				

Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

- [Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) -	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) -

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Lead(II) niobium(V) 2-ethylhexanoate decaethoxide, 10% w/v in ethanol

		Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident	Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report
		Notification	Requirements
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	Not applicable	Not applicable
Lead(II) niobium(V)	N/A	Not applicable	Not applicable
2-ethylhexanoate			
decaethoxid			

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)?

Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

Take note of Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work

Take note of Dir 92/85/EC on the protection of pregnant and breastfeeding women at work

National Regulations

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

WGK Classification Water endangering class = 1 (self classification)

	Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Γ	Ethyl alcohol	WGK1	

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)
Ethyl alcohol	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84

Swiss Regulations

Article 4 para. 4 of the Ordinance on the protection of young people in the workplace (SR 822.115) and Article 1 lit. f of the EAER regulation on hazardous work and young people (SR 822.115.2).

Take note on Article 13 Maternity Ordinance (SR 822.111.52) with regards expectant and nursing mothers.

Component	Switzerland - Ordinance on the Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR 814.81)	Switzerland - Ordinance on Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC)	Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure
Ethyl alcohol 64-17-5 (90)		Group I	

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment/Reports (CSA/CSR) are not required for mixtures

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

H224 - Extremely flammable liquid and vapor

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H332 - Harmful if inhaled

H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life

H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

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Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b)

Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

> **ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

Ships

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate **VOC** - (volatile organic compound)

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Physical hazards On basis of test data **Health Hazards** Calculation method **Environmental hazards** Calculation method

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hvaiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Chemical incident response training.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts.

Prepared By Health, Safety and Environmental Department

Revision Date 17-Mar-2024

Revision Summary New emergency telephone response service provider.

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006. COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

For Switzerland - Compiled in accordance with the technical provisions referred to in Annex 2, Number 3, ChemO (SR 813.11 - Ordinance on Protection against Dangerous Substances and Preparations).

Disclaimer

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End of Safety Data Sheet