

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision Date 24-December-2021 Creation Date 24-November-2009 **Revision Number** 5

1. Identification

Product Name Acetonitrile with 0,1% (v/v) Formic acid

LS120-1; LS120-4; LS120-212; LS120-500; LS120SS-50; NC2049686 Cat No.:

Synonyms No information available

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Uses advised against Food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Importer/Distributor Fisher Scientific

112 Colonnade Road, Ottawa, ON K2E 7L6.

Canada

Tel: 1-800-234-7437

Manufacturer

Fisher Scientific Company One Reagent Lane Fair Lawn, NJ 07410

Tel: (201) 796-7100

Emergency Telephone Number CHEMTREC®, Inside the USA: 800-424-9300

CHEMTREC®, Outside the USA: 001-703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

WHMIS 2015 Classification Classified as hazardous under the Hazardous Products Regulations (SOR/2015-17)

Flammable liquids Category 2 Acute oral toxicity Category 4 Category 4 Acute dermal toxicity Acute Inhalation Toxicity Category 4 Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2

Label Elements

Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

Highly flammable liquid and vapor Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled Causes serious eye irritation Harmful if inhaled



Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

Keep container tightly closed

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

Use only non-sparking tools

Take precautionary measures against static discharges

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Response

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell

Rinse mouth

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %
Acetonitrile	75-05-8	>99.9
Formic acid	64-18-6	0.1

4. First-aid measures

General Advice Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in

attendance. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

Immediate medical attention is required.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical

attention is required.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the

substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Immediate medical attention is required. If

not breathing, give artificial respiration.

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Most important symptoms/effects

Difficulty in breathing. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like

headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

Treat symptomatically **Notes to Physician**

5. Fire-fighting measures

Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may **Suitable Extinguishing Media**

be used to cool closed containers.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media No information available

Flash Point 6 °C / 42.8 °F

Method -No information available

524 °C / 975.2 °F **Autoignition Temperature**

Explosion Limits

Upper 16.00 vol % Lower 4.4 vol %

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Flammable. Risk of ignition. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid). Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

NFPA

Health	Flammability	Instability	Physical hazards
2	3	0	N/A

6. Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions Remove all sources of ignition. Use personal protective equipment as required. Take

precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on

Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional Ecological **Environmental Precautions**

Information.

Methods for Containment and Clean Remove all sources of ignition. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Use

spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray.

Storage.

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Flammables area. Incompatible Materials. Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Reducing Agent.

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines

Component	Alberta	British Columbia	Ontario TWAEV	Quebec	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Acetonitrile	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 20 ppm	(Vacated) TWA:	IDLH: 137 ppm
	TWA: 34 mg/m ³	Skin	Skin	Ceiling: 10 ppm	Skin	40 ppm	IDLH: 25 mg/m ³
				Ceiling: 11		(Vacated) TWA:	TWA: 20 ppm
				mg/m³		70 mg/m ³	TWA: 34 mg/m ³
				Skin		(Vacated) TWA:	
						5 mg/m ³	
						(Vacated) STEL:	
						60 ppm	
						(Vacated) STEL:	
						105 mg/m ³	
						TWA: 40 ppm	
						TWA: 70 mg/m ³	
Formic acid	TWA: 5 ppm	TWA: 5 ppm	TWA: 5 ppm	TWA: 5 ppm	TWA: 5 ppm	(Vacated) TWA:	IDLH: 30 ppm
	TWA: 9.4 mg/m ³	STEL: 10 ppm	STEL: 10 ppm	TWA: 9.4 mg/m ³	STEL: 10 ppm	5 ppm	TWA: 5 ppm
	STEL: 10 ppm			STEL: 10 ppm		(Vacated) TWA:	TWA: 9 mg/m ³
	STEL: 19 mg/m ³			STEL: 19 mg/m ³		9 mg/m ³	
						TWA: 5 ppm	
						TWA: 9 mg/m ³	

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

NIOSH IDLH: NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

Engineering Measures

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to

Personal protective equipment

control hazardous materials at source

Eye Protection Goggles

Hand Protection Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	Glove comments
Butyl rubber	> 480 minutes	0.35 mm	As tested under EN374-3
-			Determination of Resistance to
			Permeation by Chemicals

Inspect gloves before use. observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information) gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion. gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly **Recommended Filter type:** low boiling organic solvent Type AX Brown conforming to EN371

Environmental exposure controls

No information available.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical StateLiquidAppearanceClearOdoraromatic

Odor Threshold
pHNo information available
No information availableMelting Point/RangeNo data availableBoiling Point/RangeNo information availableFlash Point6 °C / 42.8 °F

Evaporation Rate No information available

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable

Flammability or explosive limits

 Upper
 16.00 vol %

 Lower
 4.4 vol %

Vapor PressureNo information availableVapor DensityNo information available

Specific Gravity 0.7810

Solubility
Miscible with water
Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water
Autoignition Temperature
Decomposition Temperature
Viscosity
Miscible with water
No data available
524 °C / 975.2 °F
No information available
No information available

Molecular Formula C2 H3 N Molecular Weight 41.05

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard None known, based on information available

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Incompatible products. Heat, flames and sparks. Keep away from open flames, hot

surfaces and sources of ignition.

Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizing agents, Strong acids, Reducing Agent

Hazardous Decomposition Products Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid), Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Carbon monoxide (CO),

Carbon dioxide (CO₂)

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Product Information

Oral LD50 Category 4. ATE = 300 - 2000 mg/kg.

Dermal LD50 Category 4. ATE = 1000 - 2000 mg/kg. Category 4. ATE = 10 - 20 mg/l. Vapor LC50

Component Information

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Acetonitrile	450-787 mg/kg (Rat) 2460 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg(Rabbit)	LC50 = 3587 ppm (6.022 mg/l) (Mouse) 4h LC50 = 16,000 ppm (26.8 mg/l) (Rat) 4h
Formic acid	LD50 = 1100 mg/kg (Rat)	Not listed	LC50 = 7.85 mg/L (Rat) 4 h

Toxicologically Synergistic

Products

No information available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Irritation Irritating to eyes

Sensitization No information available

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
Acetonitrile	75-05-8	Not listed				
Formic acid	64-18-6	Not listed				

Mutagenic Effects No information available

Reproductive Effects No information available.

No information available. **Developmental Effects**

Teratogenicity No information available.

STOT - single exposure None known STOT - repeated exposure None known

Aspiration hazard No information available

delayed

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness,

tiredness, nausea and vomiting

Endocrine Disruptor Information No information available

Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
Acetonitrile	Not listed	LC50: = 1850 mg/L, 96h	EC50 = 28000 mg/L 48 h	Not listed
		static (Lepomis macrochirus)	EC50 = 73 mg/L 24 h	
		LC50: = 1000 mg/L, 96h	EC50 = 7500 mg/L 15 h	
		static (Pimephales		
		promelas)		
		LC50: 1600 - 1690 mg/L,		
		96h flow-through		
		(Pimephales promelas)		
		LC50: = 1650 mg/L, 96h		
		static (Poecilia reticulata)		
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Formic acid	EC50 = 25 mg/L/96h	Leuciscus idus: LC50 = 46-100 mg/L/96h	EC50 = 46.7 mg/L/17h	EC50 = 34 mg/L/48

Acetonitrile with 0,1% (v/v) Formic acid

Persistence and Degradability Persistence is unlikely

Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation No information available.

Mobility . Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility.

Component	log Pow
Acetonitrile	-0.34
Formic acid	-0.54

13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Methods

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

Component	RCRA - U Series Wastes	RCRA - P Series Wastes
Acetonitrile - 75-05-8	U003	-
Formic acid - 64-18-6	U123	-

14. Transport information

DOT

UN-No UN1648

Proper Shipping Name ACETONITRILE SOLUTION

Hazard Class 3 Packing Group II

TDG

UN-No UN1648

Proper Shipping Name ACETONITRILE SOLUTION

Hazard Class 3
Packing Group ||

<u>IATA</u>

UN-No UN1648

Proper Shipping Name ACETONITRILE SOLUTION

Hazard Class 3
Packing Group

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN1648

Proper Shipping Name ACETONITRILE SOLUTION

Hazard Class 3 Packing Group II

15. Regulatory information

International Inventories

	Component	CAS-No	DSL	NDSL	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP
	Acetonitrile	75-05-8	X	-	X	ACTIVE	200-835-2	ı	i
ſ	Formic acid	64-18-6	Х	-	Х	ACTIVE	200-579-1	-	-

Component	CAS-No	IECSC	KECL	ENCS	ISHL	TCSI	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
Acetonitrile	75-05-8	Х	KE-00067	X	X	X	X	Х	Х
Formic acid	64-18-6	Х	KE-17233	X	X	X	Х	Х	Х

Legend:

X - Listed '-' - Not Listed

KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances
KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances
ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

Canada

SDS in compliance with provisions of information as set out in Canadian Standard - Part 4, Schedule 1 and 2 of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) and meets the requirements of the HPR (Paragraph 13(1)(a) of the Hazardous Products Act (HPA)).

Component	Canada - National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI)	Canadian Environmental Protection Agency (CEPA) - List of Toxic Substances	Canada's Chemicals Management Plan (CEPA)
Acetonitrile	Part 1, Group A Substance Part 4		
	Substance		
Formic acid	Part 1, Group A Substance Part 4		
	Substance		

Legend

NPRI - National Pollutant Release Inventory

Other International Regulations

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	
Acetonitrile	-	Use restricted. See item 75.	-
		(see link for restriction details)	
Formic acid	-	Use restricted. See item 75.	-
		(see link for restriction details)	

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Component	CAS-No	OECD HPV	Persistent Organic Pollutant	Ozone Depletion Potential	Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS)
Acetonitrile	75-05-8	Listed	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Formic acid	64-18-6	Listed	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable

Component	CAS-No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements	Rotterdam Convention (PIC)	Basel Convention (Hazardous Waste)
Acetonitrile	75-05-8	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Formic acid	64-18-6	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Annex I - Y34

16. Other information

Prepared By Regulatory Affairs

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Revision Summary This document has been updated to comply with the requirements of WHMIS 2015 to align

with the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) for the Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals.

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of SDS