

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Classified as hazardous in accordance with the criteria of EPA New Zealand

Section 1 - Identification

Product Identifier

Product Name <u>TBE urea sample buffer (2X)</u>

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against No Information available

Product Code J60186

Address Thermo Fisher Scientific New Zealand Ltd

244 Bush Road, Albany, Auckland, New Zealand

Emergency Tel. CHEMTREC®

09 980 6780 or +64 9 980 6780

Telephone / Fax Numbers Tel: 09 980 6700

Fax: 09 980 6788

E-mail address ANZinfo@thermofisher.com

Section 2 - Hazard(s) Identification

Classification under Work Safe New Zealand

Classified as hazardous in accordance with the criteria of EPA New Zealand

GHS Classification

Physical hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Health hazards

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Reproductive Toxicity

Category 2 Category 1B

Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Label Elements



ALFAAJ60186 Version 2 22-Mar-2023 Page 1/10

Signal Word Danger

Hazard Statements

H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

Precautionary Statements

Prevention

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Response

P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

Storage

P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place

Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates

Section 3 - Composition and Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS No	Weight %
Water	7732-18-5	44.17
Urea	57-13-6	42
.alphaD-Glucopyranoside, .betaD-fructofuranosyl,	26873-85-8	12
polymer with (chloromethyl)oxirane		
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane	77-86-1	1.1
Boric acid (H3BO3)	10043-35-3	0.6
Ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid, disodium salt dihydrate	6381-92-6	0.07
Bromphenol blue	115-39-9	0.03
1,3-Benzenedisulfonic acid,	2650-17-1	0.03
4-[[4-(ethylamino)-3-methylphenyl][4-(ethylimino)-3-methyl		
-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]methyl]-, monosodium salt		

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

Description of first aid measures

General Advice If symptoms persist, call a physician.

New Zealand Emergency Tel. CHEMTREC®

09 980 6780 or +64 9 980 6780

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation persists,

call a physician.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

ALFAAJ60186 Version 2 22-Mar-2023 Page 2/10

First Aid Facilities Eyewash, safety shower and washroom.

Most important symptoms and

effects

None reasonably foreseeable.

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically.

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Carbon dioxide (CO 2). Powder. Water spray. In case of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Sulfur oxides, Hydrogen bromide, Oxides of boron, Sodium oxides.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire fighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

Emergency procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required.

Environmental Precautions

Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

Methods for Containment and Clean Up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

Precautions to prevent secondary hazards

Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations

Reference to Other Sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Precautions for Safe Handling

Advice on safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including any Incompatibilities

ALFAAJ60186 Version 2 22-Mar-2023 Page 3/10

Storage Conditions

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

Incompatible Materials

None known.

AS/NZS 2243.10:2004, Safety in laboratories - Storage of chemicals

Section 8 - Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

Control parameters

Exposure limits

ACGIH - Threshold Limit Values - Ceiling (TLV-C) guidelines by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) for controlling worker exposure to airborne chemical concentrations in the workplace.

Component	New Zealand WEL	Australia	ACGIH TLV	The United Kingdom
Boric acid (H3BO3)			TWA: 2 mg/m ³	
, , ,			STEL: 6 mg/m ³	

Biological limit values

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering Measures

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles) (Australian/New Zealand Standard

AS/NZS 1337 - Eye protectors for Industrial applications)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	AUS/NZ Standard	Glove comments
Natural rubber, Nitrile	See manufacturers	-	AS/NZS 2161	(minimum requirement)
rubber, Neoprene, PVC.	recommendations			

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing

Repiratory Protection Use an AS/NZS 1716 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or

other symptoms are experienced. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained in line with AS/NZS 1715 on the use

and maintenance of repiratory protective devices

Recommended Filter type: Particulates filter conforming to EN 143 (or AUS/NZ equivalent)

Recommended half mask:- Particle filtering: EN149:2001 (or AUS/NZ equivalent)

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

ALFAAJ60186 Version 2 22-Mar-2023 Page 4/10

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid

Appearance Blue

Odor
Odor No information available
No data available
No information available
No information available
No data available
No data available
Softening Point
Boiling Point/Range
Flammability (liquid)
No data available
No data available

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Liquid

Explosion Limits No data available

Flash Point No information available Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature
Decomposition Temperature
Viscosity
Water Solubility

No data available
No data available
Immiscible

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Component log Pow
Urea <-1.73
Boric acid (H3BO3) -0.757
Bromphenol blue 6.77
1,3-Benzenedisulfonic acid, 1.516
4-[[4-(ethylamino)-3-methylphenyl][4-(ethylimino)-3-methyl-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]methyl]-, monosodium salt

Vapor Pressure No data available
Density / Specific Gravity No data available

Bulk DensityNot applicableLiquidVapor DensityNo data available(Air = 1.0)

Particle characteristics Not applicable (liquid)

Other information

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity None known, based on information available

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available

Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available

Hazardous PolymerizationNo information available.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

Conditions to Avoid Heat, flames and sparks.

Incompatible Materials None known.

ALFAAJ60186 Version 2 22-Mar-2023 Page 5/10

Hazardous Decomposition Products Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Sulfur oxides. Hydrogen bromide. Oxides of boron. Sodium oxides.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

Acute Effects

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information

Inhalation Not an expected route of exposure.

EyesAvoid contact with eyes.SkinAvoid contact with skin.IngestionMay be harmful if swallowed.

Numerical measures of toxicity

(a) acute toxicity;

OralBased on available data, the classification criteria are not metDermalBased on available data, the classification criteria are not metInhalationBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Toxicology data for the components

Component	Component LD50 Oral		LC50 Inhalation
Water	-	-	-
Urea	LD50 = 8471 mg/kg (Rat)		
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane	LD50 = 5900 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 > 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	
Boric acid (H3BO3)	2660 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	Not listed

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; No data available

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; No data available

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory No data available Skin No data available

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; No data available

(f) carcinogenicity; No data available

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

(g) reproductive toxicity; Category 1B

(h) STOT-single exposure; No data available

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; No data available

Target Organs No information available.

ALFAAJ60186 Version 2 22-Mar-2023 Page 6 / 10

(j) aspiration hazard; No data available

Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed

No information available.

Section 12 - Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae	Microtox
Urea		EC50: = 3910 mg/L, 48h Static (Daphnia magna)		= 23914 mg/L EC50 Photobacterium phosphoreum 5 min
Boric acid (H3BO3)	Gambusia affinis: LC50: 5600 mg/L/96h	EC50: 115 - 153 mg/L, 48h (Daphnia magna)	-	-

Terrestrial ecotoxicity

Component	Earthworm	Avian	Honeybees
Boric acid (H3BO3)		Dietary toxicity: LC50 > 5620	
		ppm (Colinus virginianus, 5	
		Days)	
		Dietary toxicity: LC50 > 5620	
		ppm (Anas platyrhynchos, 5	
		Days)	

Persistence and Degradability

Persistence Immiscible with water.

Bioaccumulative Potential May have some potential to bioaccumulate

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Urea	<-1.73	<10 dimensionless
Boric acid (H3BO3)	-0.757	0 dimensionless
Bromphenol blue	6.77	No data available
1,3-Benzenedisulfonic acid,	1.516	No data available
4-[[4-(ethylamino)-3-methylphenyl][4-(ethyli		
mino)-3-methyl-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-yliden		
e]methyl]-, monosodium salt		

Mobility Spillage unlikely to penetrate soil. Is not likely mobile in the environment due its low water

solubility.

Other adverse effects

Endocrine Disruptor Information Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Waste treatment methods

ALFAAJ60186 Version 2 22-Mar-2023 Page 7/10

Waste from Residues/Unused

Products

Do not allow into drains or watercourses or dispose of where ground or surface waters may be affected. Wastes, including emptied containers, are controlled wastes and should be disposed of in accordance with all federal, E.P.A., state and local regulations. Assure

conformity with all applicable regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point.

Other Information Disposal agencies or waste contractors must comply with the New Zealand Hazardous

Substances (Disposal) Regulations . Waste codes should be assigned by the user based

on the application for which the product was used. Do not empty into drains.

Section 14 - Transport Information

Not regulated

IATA Not regulated

IMDG/IMO Not regulated

Environmental hazards No hazards identified

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the

IBC Code

Not applicable, packaged goods

Special Precautions No special precautions required. Please refer to the applicable dangerous goods

regulations for additional information.

Additional information None known

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National Regulations

There are no applicable tolerable exposure limits or environmental exposure limits according to the EPA Controls for Hazardous Substances

Certified handlers, tracking and controlled substance license requirements

Certified handlers are required for some substances. This includes substances requiring a controlled substance license, and most explosives, vertebrates toxic agents, and certain fumigants. Acutely toxic substances which are a Category 1 or 2, such as pesticides also require Certified handlers. Please check the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 for further information. Tracking is required for some highly hazardous substances. These substances need to be under the control of an appropriately trained person or appropriately secured. Please check the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 for further information.

Prohibition or notification/licensing requirements

Shown below are details of specific prohibition/notifications or licencing requirements when they apply.

International Regulations

Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

Persistent Organic Pollutant This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

ALFAAJ60186 Version 2 22-Mar-2023 Page 8 / 10

Rotterdam Convention (PIC)

Not applicable

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	
Boric acid (H3BO3)	-	Use restricted. See item 30. (see link for restriction details) Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	SVHC Candidate list - 233-139-2 - Toxic for reproduction, Article 57c

After the sunset date the use of this substance requires either an authorization or can only be used for exempted uses, e.g. use in scientific research and development which includes routine analytics or use as intermediate.

https://echa.europa.eu/authorisation-list

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

https://echa.europa.eu/candidate-list-table

International Inventories

New Zealand (NZIoC), Australia (AICS), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), Korea (KECL), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	NZIoC	AICS	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	KECL	IECSC	TCSI
Water	7732-18-5	Х	Χ	231-791-2	-	-	KE-35400	Χ	Х
Urea	57-13-6	Х	Х	-	-	-	KE-35144	X	Х
.alphaD-Glucopyranoside, .betaD-fructofuranosyl, polymer with (chloromethyl)oxirane	26873-85-8	Х	-	-	-	-	KE-17698	Х	Х
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane	77-86-1	Х	Х	-	1	-	KE-01403	Χ	Х
Boric acid (H3BO3)	10043-35-3	Х	Χ	233-139-2	-	-	KE-03499	X	Х
Ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid, disodium salt dihydrate	6381-92-6	Х	Х	-	-	-	-	Χ	X
Bromphenol blue	115-39-9	Х	Х	204-086-2	-	-	KE-02746	Χ	Х
1,3-Benzenedisulfonic acid, 4-[[4-(ethylamino)-3-methylphenyl] [4-(ethylimino)-3-methyl-2,5-cycloh exadien-1-ylidene]methyl]-, monosodium salt		Х	Х	220-167-5	-	-	KE-13523	Х	Х

Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	DSL	NDSL	PICCS	ISHL	ENCS
Water	7732-18-5	X	ACTIVE	X	-	X	-	Х
Urea	57-13-6	X	ACTIVE	X	-	Х	Х	Х
.alphaD-Glucopyranoside, .betaD-fructofuranosyl, polymer with (chloromethyl)oxirane	26873-85-8	X	ACTIVE	-	Х	-	-	-
Tris (hydroxymethyl) aminomethane	77-86-1	Х	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	Х	Х
Boric acid (H3BO3)	10043-35-3	X	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	Х	Х
Ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid, disodium salt dihydrate	6381-92-6	-	-	Х	-	Х	-	-
Bromphenol blue	115-39-9	X	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	Х	Х
1,3-Benzenedisulfonic acid, 4-[[4-(ethylamino)-3-methylphenyl] [4-(ethylimino)-3-methyl-2,5-cycloh exadien-1-ylidene]methyl]-, monosodium salt		Х	ACTIVE	X	-	-	-	-

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

ALFAAJ60186 Version 2 22-Mar-2023 Page 9/10

Section 16 - Other Information

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of the EPA Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020 and WorkSafe New Zealand Regulations

Legend

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b)

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer NZS 5433:2020 - Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% **WEL** - Workplace Exposure Limit

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level **POW** - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development **IMO/IMDG** - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

ADG - Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

Key literature references and sources for data

HSNO classifications provided in the New Zealand Chemical Classification Information Database (CCID).

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

EPA Guide to classifying hazardous substances in New Zealand

EPA - Assigning a product to an existing HSNO approval guide

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Physical hazards
Health Hazards
Calculation method
Environmental hazards
Cn basis of test data
Calculation method

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Revision Date 22-Mar-2023 Revision Summary Not applicable

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet

ALFAAJ60186 Version 2 22-Mar-2023 Page 10 / 10