

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Creation Date 26-August-2010 Revision Date 28-December-2021 Revision Number 4

1. Identification

Product Name 1-Propanol

Cat No.: AC445770000; AC445770010; AC445775000

CAS-No 71-23-8 Synonyms Propyl alcohol

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Uses advised against Food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Importer/Distributor Manufacturer

Fisher Scientific Acros Organics Fisher Scientific Company
112 Colonnade Road, One Reagent Lane Ottawa, ON K2E 7L6, Fair Lawn, NJ 07410
Canada Fisher Scientific Company
One Reagent Lane Fair Lawn, NJ 07410
Fair Lawn, NJ 07410
Tel: (201) 796-7100

Tel: 1-800-234-7437

Emergency Telephone Number For information US call: 001-800-ACROS-01 / Europe call: +32 14 57 52 11

Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No.**US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

WHMIS 2015 Classification Classified as hazardous under the Hazardous Products Regulations (SOR/2015-17)

Flammable liquids

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Target Organs - Central nervous system (CNS).

Category 3

Category 3

Label Elements

Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

Highly flammable liquid and vapor Causes serious eye damage May cause drowsiness and dizziness



Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

Keep container tightly closed

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment

Use only non-sparking tools

Take precautionary measures against static discharges

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Response

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor

In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Store locked up

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %
n-Propanol	71-23-8	>95

4. First-aid measures

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

Immediate medical attention is required.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. If not breathing, give artificial

respiration.

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention.

Most important symptoms/effects Difficulty in breathing. Causes eye burns. Causes severe eye damage. Inhalation of high

vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea

and vomiting

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically

5. Fire-fighting measures

CO₂, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool **Suitable Extinguishing Media**

closed containers.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media Water may be ineffective

Flash Point 15 °C / 59 °F

CC (closed cup) Method -

Autoignition Temperature 405 °C / 761 °F

Explosion Limits

12 vol % Upper Lower 2 vol %

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Flammable. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

NFPA

Health	Flammability	Instability	Physical hazards
1	3	0	N/A

6. Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions

Use personal protective equipment as required. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid release to the environment. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

Environmental Precautions

Up

Methods for Containment and Clean Remove all sources of ignition. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

	7. F	land	ilb	ng	and	stora	age
		-	-			. 10	

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on Handling

clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded.

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from Storage.

heat, sparks and flame. Flammables area. Incompatible Materials. Strong oxidizing

agents. Strong acids.

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines

Component	Alberta	British	Ontario TWAEV	Quebec	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
		Columbia					

n-Propanol	TWA: 200 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm	(Vacated) TWA:	IDLH: 800 ppm
1	TWA: 492					200 ppm	TWA: 200 ppm
	mg/m³					(Vacated) TWA:	TWA: 500
	STEL: 400 ppm					500 mg/m ³	mg/m³
	STEL: 984					(Vacated) STEL:	STEL: 250 ppm
	mg/m³					250 ppm	STEL: 625
						(Vacated) STEL:	mg/m³
						625 mg/m ³	
						TWA: 200 ppm	
						TWA: 500	
						mg/m³	

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

NIOSH IDLH: NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

Engineering Measures

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	Glove comments
Butyl rubber	> 480 minutes	0.38 mm - 0.56 mm	As tested under EN374-3
Neoprene gloves	> 480 minutes	0.45mm	Determination of Resistance to
Nitrile rubber			Permeation by Chemicals
Viton (R)			·

Inspect gloves before use. observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information) gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion. gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly **Recommended Filter type:** Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to EN14387

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls

No information available.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical State Appearance Odor Liquid Colorless Alcohol-like

Odor ThresholdNo information availablepH7 20% aq. solutionMelting Point/Range-127 °C / -196.6 °F

Boiling Point/Range 97 °C / 206.6 °F @ 760 mmHg

Flash Point 15 °C / 59 °F CC (closed cup)
Evaporation Rate No information available

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable

Flammability or explosive limits

 Upper
 12 vol %

 Lower
 2 vol %

 Vapor Pressure
 25 mbar @ 20 °C

Vapor Density 2.07

Specific Gravity

Solubility

2.07

Specific Gravity

No inf

SolubilityNo information availablePartition coefficient; n-octanol/waterNo data availableAutoignition Temperature405 °C / 761 °FDecomposition TemperatureNo information availableViscosity2.2 mPa.s at 20 °C

Molecular Formula C3 H8 O
Molecular Weight 60.1

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard None known, based on information available

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and

sources of ignition.

Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizing agents, Strong acids

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Product Information

Component Information

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation		
n-Propanol	LD50 = 1870 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 = 4049 mg/kg (Rabbit)	LC50 > 33.8 mg/L (Rat) 4 h		

Toxicologically Synergistic No information available

Products

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Irritation Severe eye irritant

Sensitization No information available

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
n-Propanol	71-23-8	Not listed				

Mutagenic Effects No information available

Reproductive Effects No information available.

Developmental Effects No information available.

Teratogenicity No information available.

STOT - single exposure Central nervous system (CNS)

STOT - repeated exposure None known

Aspiration hazard No information available

delayed

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness,

tiredness, nausea and vomiting

Endocrine Disruptor Information No information available

Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Do not empty into drains. .

Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
n-Propanol	Not listed	Pimephales promelas:	EC50 = 17700 mg/L 5 min	EC50: 3339 - 3977 mg/L,
		LC50=4480 mg/L 96h	EC50 = 45000 mg/L 5 h	48h Static (Daphnia magna)
			EC50 = 8686 mg/L 15 min	EC50: = 3642 mg/L, 48h
			EC50 = 980 mg/L 12 h	(Daphnia magna)

Persistence and Degradability Persistence is unlikely

Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation No information available.

Mobility . Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility.

Component	log Pow
n-Propanol	0.34

13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Methods

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN1274 **UN-No** N-PROPANOL **Proper Shipping Name**

Hazard Class Packing Group

TDG

UN1274 **UN-No Proper Shipping Name** n-Propanol

Hazard Class Packing Group Ш

IATA

UN1274 **UN-No** n-PROPANOL **Proper Shipping Name**

Hazard Class Packing Group Ш

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN1274
Proper Shipping Name n-PROPANOL

Hazard Class 3
Packing Group ||

15. Regulatory information

International Inventories

Component	CAS-No	DSL	NDSL	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive		EINECS	ELINCS	NLP
n-Propanol	71-23-8	X	-	Х	ACTIVE		200-746-9	-	-
Component	CAS-No	IFCSC	KECI	FNCS	ISHI	TCSI	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS

Component	CAS-No	IECSC	KECL	ENCS	ISHL	TCSI	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
n-Propanol	71-23-8	Х	KE-29362	X	X	X	X	X	X

Legend:

X - Listed '-' - Not Listed

KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

Canada

SDS in compliance with provisions of information as set out in Canadian Standard - Part 4, Schedule 1 and 2 of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) and meets the requirements of the HPR (Paragraph 13(1)(a) of the Hazardous Products Act (HPA)).

Component	Canada - National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI)	Canadian Environmental Protection Agency (CEPA) - List of Toxic Substances	Canada's Chemicals Management Plan (CEPA)
n-Propanol	Part 5, Individual Substances Part 4 Substance		

Other International Regulations

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

	Component		REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	
	n-Propanol	-	Use restricted. See item 75.	-
L			(see link for restriction details)	

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Component	CAS-No	OECD HPV	Persistent Organic Pollutant	Ozone Depletion Potential	Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS)
n-Propanol	71-23-8	Listed	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Component	CAS-No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities	Rotterdam Convention (PIC)	Basel Convention (Hazardous Waste)

Revision Date 28-December-2021

1-Propanol

		for Major Accident Notification	for Safety Report Requirements		
n-Propanol	71-23-8	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable

16. Other information

Prepared By Regulatory Affairs

Thermo Fisher Scientific

Email: EMSDS.RA@thermofisher.com

Creation Date26-August-2010Revision Date28-December-2021Print Date28-December-2021

Revision Summary This document has been updated to comply with the requirements of WHMIS 2015 to align

with the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) for the Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals.

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of SDS