Thermo Fisher SCIENTIFIC

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Page 1 / 9 Creation Date 09-Apr-2018 Revision Date 08-May-2024 Version 3

ALFAAH32308

2-Ethyl-5,5-dimethyl-1,3-dioxane solution in acetonitrile (1000mg/L)

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

产品说明: 2-乙基-5,5-二甲基-1,3-二氧六环, 乙腈溶液 (1000µg/L)

Product Description: 2-Ethyl-5,5-dimethyl-1,3-dioxane solution in acetonitrile (1000mg/L)

Cat No. : H32308

Supplier Avocado Research Chemicals Ltd.

(Part of Thermo Fisher Scientific)

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Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No. **US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against No Information available

SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Physical State Appearance Odor
Liquid Colorless No information available

Emergency Overview

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if swallowed. Harmful in contact with skin. Harmful if inhaled.

Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable liquids.	Category 2
Acute Oral Toxicity	Category 4
Acute Dermal Toxicity	Category 4
Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors	Category 4
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 2

Label Elements



Signal Word Danger

2-Ethyl-5,5-dimethyl-1,3-dioxane solution in acetonitrile (1000mg/L)

Hazard Statements

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H302 + H312 + H332 - Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled

Precautionary Statements

Prevention

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P233 - Keep container tightly closed

P240 - Ground and bond container and receiving equipment

P242 - Use non-sparking tools

P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges

P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

P264 - Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Response

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell

P330 - Rinse mouth

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse

Storage

P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

Physical and Chemical Hazards

Vapors may cause flash fire or explosion. Highly flammable.

Health Hazards

Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if swallowed. Harmful in contact with skin. Harmful if inhaled.

Environmental hazards

Contains no substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants. Is not likely mobile in the environment due its low water solubility. Spillage unlikely to penetrate soil.

Toxicity to Soil Dwelling Organisms. Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component	CAS No	Weight %
Acetonitrile	75-05-8	99.9
2-Ethyl-5,5-dimethyl-1,3-dioxane	N/A	0.1

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General Advice

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Eye Contact

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

Skin Contact

Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

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2-Ethyl-5,5-dimethyl-1,3-dioxane solution in acetonitrile (1000mg/L)

Inhalation

Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Ingestion

Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.

Most important symptoms and effects

Difficulty in breathing. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

Self-Protection of the First Aider

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Environmental Precautions

Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

Methods for Containment and Clean Up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Storage

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2-Ethyl-5,5-dimethyl-1,3-dioxane solution in acetonitrile (1000mg/L)

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

Specific Use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

Component	China	Taiwan	Thailand	Hong Kong
Acetonitrile	TWA: 30 mg/m ³	TWA: 40 ppm	TWA: 40 ppm	TWA: 40 ppm
	Skin	TWA: 67 mg/m ³ TWA: 5		TWA: 67 mg/m ³
		mg/m³		STEL: 60 ppm
				STEL: 101 mg/m ³
				Ceiling: 5 mg/m ³

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH	The United Kingdom	European Union
Acetonitrile	TWA: 20 ppm	(Vacated) TWA: 40	IDLH: 137 ppm IDLH:	STEL: 60 ppm 15 min	TWA: 40 ppm (8hr)
	Skin	ppm	25 mg/m ³	STEL: 102 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 70 mg/m ³ (8hr)
		(Vacated) TWA: 70	TWA: 20 ppm	min	Skin
		mg/m³ (Vacated) TWA:	TWA: 34 mg/m ³	TWA: 40 ppm 8 hr	
		5 mg/m³		TWA: 68 mg/m ³ 8 hr	
		(Vacated) STEL: 60			
		ppm			
		(Vacated) STEL: 105			
		mg/m³			
		TWA: 40 ppm			
		TWA: 70 mg/m ³			

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

NIOSH: NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents. MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

Exposure Controls

Engineering Measures

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source.

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove mate	erial Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Viton (R)) See manufacturers	-	EN 374	(minimum requirement)
	recommendations			

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

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Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing

Respiratory Protection When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: low boiling organic solvent Type AX Brown conforming to EN371 or Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to EN14387

Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure Small scale/Laboratory use

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

141

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance Colorless **Physical State** Liquid

No information available Odor **Odor Threshold** No data available рΗ No information available **Melting Point/Range** No data available **Softening Point** No data available **Boiling Point/Range** No information available

5 °C / 41 °F Method - No information available Flash Point

No data available **Evaporation Rate** Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable

No data available **Explosion Limits**

No data available **Vapor Pressure Vapor Density** No data available

Specific Gravity / Density No data available Not applicable **Bulk Density**

Water Solubility **Immiscible**

No information available Solubility in other solvents

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

log Pow Component Acetonitrile -0.34

No data available **Autoignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature** No data available No data available **Viscosity**

Explosive Properties

Oxidizing Properties No information available

Liquid

Liquid

(Air = 1.0)

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

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2-Ethyl-5,5-dimethyl-1,3-dioxane solution in acetonitrile (1000mg/L)

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

Hazardous PolymerizationNo information available.

Conditions to Avoid Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

Materials to avoid No information available.

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Hydrogen cyanide

(hydrocyanic acid).

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

Toxicology data for the components

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Acetonitrile	450-787 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	LC50 = 3587 ppm (6.022 mg/l)
	2460 mg/kg (Rat)		(Mouse) 4h LC50 = 16,000 ppm (26.8 mg/l)
			(Rat) 4h

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 2

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

RespiratoryBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met **Skin**Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(f) carcinogenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

(g) reproductive toxicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(h) STOT-single exposure; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Target Organs None known.

(j) aspiration hazard; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness,

delayed tiredness, nausea and vomiting

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity effects .

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2-Ethyl-5,5-dimethyl-1,3-dioxane solution in acetonitrile (1000mg/L)

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae	Microtox
Acetonitrile	LC50: = 1850 mg/L, 96h			EC50 = 28000 mg/L 48
	static (Lepomis			h
	macrochirus)			EC50 = 73 mg/L 24 h
	LC50: = 1000 mg/L, 96h			EC50 = 7500 mg/L 15 h
	static (Pimephales			
	promelas)			
	LC50: 1600 - 1690			
	mg/L, 96h flow-through			
	(Pimephales promelas)			
	LC50: = 1650 mg/L, 96h			
	static (Poecilia			
	reticulata)			

Persistence and Degradability

Persistence

Persistence is unlikely.

Bioaccumulative Potential

Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Acetonitrile	-0.34	No data available

Mobility in soil Spillage unlikely to penetrate soil Is not likely mobile in the environment due its low water

solubility

Endocrine Disruptor Information Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste from Residues/Unused

Products

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers

retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and

empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

Other Information Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product

was used. Do not flush to sewer. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with

local regulations.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Road and Rail Transport

UN-No UN1648

Proper Shipping Name ACETONITRILE

Hazard Class 3
Packing Group

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN1648

Proper Shipping Name ACETONITRILE

Hazard Class

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2-Ethyl-5,5-dimethyl-1,3-dioxane solution in acetonitrile (1000mg/L)

Packing Group

<u>IATA</u>

UN1648 **UN-No**

Proper Shipping Name ACETONITRILE

Hazard Class 3 **Packing Group** Ш

Special Precautions for User No special precautions required

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

X = listed, China (IECSC), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), U.S.A. (TSCA), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Australia (AICS), Korea (KECL).

Component	The	List of	TCSI	IECSC	EINECS	TSCA	DSL	PICCS	ENCS	ISHL	AICS	KECL
	Inventory of Hazardous Chemicals (2015 Edition)	_										
Acetonitrile	X	X	X	Х	200-835-2	Χ	Χ	Х	Х	Х	Χ	KE-00067

National Regulations

Component	Toxic Chemical Substances Control Act
Acetonitrile	Class IV (1 wt%)
75-05-8 (99.9)	

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Prepared By Health, Safety and Environmental Department

Creation Date 09-Apr-2018 **Revision Date** 08-May-2024

Revision Summary New emergency telephone response service provider.

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Chemical incident response training.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts.

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic

Substances List

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

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2-Ethyl-5,5-dimethyl-1,3-dioxane solution in acetonitrile (1000mg/L)

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment **LC50** - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration **PBT** - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%
POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water
vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate
VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Physical hazards

Health Hazards

Environmental hazards

On basis of test data
Calculation method
Calculation method

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet