

ALFAAW00122

Chloroacetyl chloride, AR

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

产品说明:
Product Description: 氯乙酰氯, AR
 Chloroacetyl chloride, AR

Cat No. : W00122
Synonyms Chloroacetic acid chloride.; Chloracetyl chloride
CAS No 79-04-9
Molecular Formula C2 H2 Cl2 O

Supplier Avocado Research Chemicals Ltd.
 (Part of Thermo Fisher Scientific)
 Shore Road, Heysham
 Lancashire, LA3 2XY,
 United Kingdom
 Office Tel: +44 (0) 1524 850506
 Office Fax: +44 (0) 1524 850608

Emergency Telephone Number For information **US** call: 001-800-227-6701 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11
 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99
CHEMTREC Tel. No. **US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against No Information available

SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Physical State
Liquid

Appearance
Clear

Odor
pungent

Emergency Overview

Toxic if swallowed. Toxic in contact with skin. Toxic if inhaled. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Reacts violently with water. Contact with water liberates toxic gas. Corrosive to the respiratory tract. Lachrymator (substance which increases the flow of tears).

Classification of the substance or mixture

Acute Oral Toxicity	Category 3
Acute Dermal Toxicity	Category 3
Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors	Category 3
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 1 A
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure)	Category 1
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 1
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 1

Label Elements

**Signal Word****Danger****Hazard Statements**

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H301 + H311 + H331 - Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled

Precautionary Statements**Prevention**

P264 - Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling
P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
P284 - Wear respiratory protection

Response

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower
P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing
P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor
P330 - Rinse mouth
P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting
P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

Storage

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed
P405 - Store locked up

Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

Physical and Chemical Hazards

Reacts violently with water.

Health Hazards

Toxic if swallowed. Toxic in contact with skin. Toxic if inhaled. Harmful if inhaled. Corrosive. Causes skin and eye burns. Causes serious eye damage. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Lachrymator (substance which increases the flow of tears).

Environmental hazards

Harmful to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Reacts violently with water. Is not likely mobile in the environment. Reacts violently with water.

Other Hazards

Lachrymator (substance which increases the flow of tears)
This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component	CAS No	Weight %
Chloroacetyl chloride	79-04-9	<=100

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**General Advice**

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is required.

Eye Contact

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. In the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

Skin Contact

Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.

Inhalation

If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Remove to fresh air. Immediate medical attention is required.

Ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Most important symptoms and effects

Causes burns by all exposure routes. Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation

Self-Protection of the First Aider

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**Suitable Extinguishing Media**

CO₂, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

Contact with water liberates toxic gas. Water.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Contact with water liberates toxic gas. Reacts violently with water. Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**Personal Precautions**

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

Environmental Precautions

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods for Containment and Clean Up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Do not expose spill to water.

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Do not allow contact with water. Handle under an inert atmosphere.

Storage

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Corrosives area. Keep away from water or moist air. Do not store in metal containers. Store under an inert atmosphere. Protect from moisture.

Specific Use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

Component	China	Taiwan	Thailand	Hong Kong
Chloroacetyl chloride	TWA: 0.2 mg/m ³ STEL: 0.6 mg/m ³ Skin	TWA: 0.05 ppm TWA: 0.23 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.05 ppm	TWA: 0.05 ppm TWA: 0.23 mg/m ³ STEL: 0.15 ppm STEL: 0.69 mg/m ³

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH	The United Kingdom	European Union
Chloroacetyl chloride	TWA: 0.05 ppm STEL: 0.15 ppm Skin	(Vacated) TWA: 0.05 ppm (Vacated) TWA: 0.2 mg/m ³	IDLH: 1.3 ppm REL = 0.05 ppm (TWA) REL = 0.2 mg/m ³ (TWA)	-	

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

NIOSH: NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

Exposure Controls

Engineering Measures

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source.

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection

If splashes are likely to occur: Goggles Face protection shield (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection

Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Natural rubber	See manufacturers	-	EN 374	(minimum requirement)
Butyl rubber	recommendations			
Nitrile rubber				
Neoprene				
PVC				

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves.

Chloroacetyl chloride, AR

(Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Skin and body protection	Long sleeved clothing
Respiratory Protection	When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly
Large scale/emergency use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced Recommended Filter type: Particulates filter conforming to EN 143 Acid gases filter Type E Yellow conforming to EN14387
Small scale/Laboratory use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN 141 When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted
Hygiene Measures	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.
Environmental exposure controls	Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	Clear	
Physical State	Liquid	
Odor	pungent	
Odor Threshold	No data available	
pH	No information available	
Melting Point/Range	-22 °C / -7.6 °F	
Softening Point	No data available	
Boiling Point/Range	105 °C / 221 °F	@ 760 mmHg
Flash Point	No information available	Method - No information available
Evaporation Rate	No data available	
Flammability (solid,gas)	Not applicable	Liquid
Explosion Limits	No data available	
Vapor Pressure	No data available	
Vapor Density	No data available	(Air = 1.0)
Specific Gravity / Density	1.420	
Bulk Density	Not applicable	Liquid
Water Solubility	Reacts violently with water	
Solubility in other solvents	No information available	
Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)		
Component	log Pow	
Chloroacetyl chloride	-0.22	
Autoignition Temperature	No data available	
Decomposition Temperature	No data available	
Viscosity	No data available	
Explosive Properties	No information available	
Oxidizing Properties	No information available	
Molecular Formula	C2 H2 Cl2 O	

Chloroacetyl chloride, AR

Molecular Weight 112.94

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing. Reacts violently with water.

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to Avoid Incompatible products. Excess heat. Exposure to moist air or water. Exposure to moisture.

Materials to avoid Alcohols. Bases. Amines. Metals. Water.

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Phosgene. Hydrogen chloride gas.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Chloroacetyl chloride	LD50 = 200 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 = 662 mg/kg (Rat) LD50 = 316 - 501 mg/kg (Rabbit)	LC50 = 1000 ppm (Rat) 4h LC50 = 4.69 mg/L (Rat) 4h

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 1 A

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory No data available
Skin No data available

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; No data available

(f) carcinogenicity; No data available

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

(g) reproductive toxicity; No data available

(h) STOT-single exposure; No data available

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Category 1

Target Organs Eyes, Respiratory system, Skin.

(j) aspiration hazard; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Symptoms / effects, both acute and delayed Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes

Chloroacetyl chloride, AR

severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity effects

The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment. Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. Reacts with water so no ecotoxicity data for the substance is available.

Persistence and Degradability

Persistence

No information available

Degradability

Persistence is unlikely.

Degradation in sewage treatment plant

No information available, Reacts with water.

Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants. Reacts violently with water.

Bioaccumulative Potential

Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Chloroacetyl chloride	-0.22	No data available

Mobility in soil

Reacts violently with water Is not likely mobile in the environment

Endocrine Disruptor Information

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

Persistent Organic Pollutant

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

Ozone Depletion Potential

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste from Residues/Unused Products

Should not be released into the environment. Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging

Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point.

Other Information

Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms. Do not let this chemical enter the environment.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Road and Rail Transport

UN-No	UN1752
Proper Shipping Name	CHLOROACETYL CHLORIDE
Hazard Class	6.1
Subsidiary Hazard Class	8
Packing Group	I

IMDG/IMO

UN-No	UN1752
Proper Shipping Name	CHLOROACETYL CHLORIDE
Hazard Class	6.1
Subsidiary Hazard Class	8
Packing Group	I

Chloroacetyl chloride, AR

IATA

FORBIDDEN FOR IATA TRANSPORT

Special Precautions for User

No special precautions required

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**International Inventories**

X = listed, China (IECSC), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), U.S.A. (TSCA), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Australia (AICS), Korea (KECL).

Component	The Inventory of Hazardous Chemicals (2015 Edition)	List of dangerous goods GB 12268 - 2012	TCSI	IECSC	EINECS	TSCA	DSL	PICCS	ENCS	ISHL	AICS	KECL
Chloroacetyl chloride	X	X	X	X	201-171-6	X	X	X	X	X	X	KE-05500

National Regulations**SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION****Prepared By**

Health, Safety and Environmental Department

Creation Date

11-Nov-2010

Revision Date

21-May-2025

Revision Summary

SDS sections updated.

Training Advice

Chemical incident response training.

Legend**CAS** - Chemical Abstracts Service**EINECS/ELINCS** - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances**PICCS** - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances**IECSC** - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances**KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances**TSCA** - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory**DSL/NDSL** - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List**ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances**AICS** - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances**NZIoC** - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals**WEL** - Workplace Exposure Limit**ACGIH** - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists**DNEL** - Derived No Effect Level**RPE** - Respiratory Protective Equipment**LC50** - Lethal Concentration 50%**NOEC** - No Observed Effect Concentration**PBT** - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic**TWA** - Time Weighted Average**IARC** - International Agency for Research on Cancer**PNEC** - Predicted No Effect Concentration**LD50** - Lethal Dose 50%**EC50** - Effective Concentration 50%**POW** - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water**vPvB** - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative**ICAO/IATA** - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association**ADR** - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road**OECD** - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development**BCF** - Bioconcentration factor**IMO/IMDG** - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code**MARPOL** - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships**ATE** - Acute Toxicity Estimate**VOC** - (Volatile Organic Compound)**Key literature references and sources for data**<https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals>

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet