

SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Creation Date 29-Jun-2009 Revision Date 12-Feb-2024 Revision Number 4

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: 2-Butanol Cat No.: 41871

Synonyms sec-Butyl alcohol, 2-Butanol

 Index No
 603-127-00-5

 CAS No
 78-92-2

 EC No
 201-158-5

 Molecular Formula
 C4 H10 O

REACH registration number -

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against No Information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Thermo Fisher (Kandel) GmbH

Erlenbachweg 2, 76870 Kandel, Germany

Tel: +49 (0) 721 84007 280 Fax: +49 (0) 721 84007 300

Swiss distributor - Fisher Scientific AG Neuhofstrasse 11, CH 4153 Reinach

Tel: +41 (0) 56 618 41 11

https://www.fishersci.ch/ch/en/customer-help-

support/forms/email-us.html

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information **US** call: 001-800-227-6701 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No.**US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

customers in Switzerland:

Tox Info Suisse Emergency Number: 145 (24hr)

Tox Info Suisse: +41-44 251 51 51 (Emergency number from abroad)

Chemtrec (24h) Toll-Free: 0800 564 402 Chemtrec Local: +41-43 508 20 11 (Zurich)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

ALFAA41871

CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Physical hazards

Flammable liquids Category 3 (H226)

Health hazards

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure) Category 2 (H319) Category 3 (H335) (H336)

Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Warning

Hazard Statements

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Precautionary Statements

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

2.3. Other hazards

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB)

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
2-Butanol	78-92-2	EEC No. 201-158-5	>95	Flam. Liq. 3 (H226) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319)

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		STOT SE 3 (H335)
		STOT SE 3 (H336)
		` ,

REACH registration number	-

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

2-Butanol

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur.

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Difficulty in breathing. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness,

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nausea and vomiting

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2), peroxides.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Remove all sources of ignition. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Flammables area. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. May form explosive peroxides on prolonged storage.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

Class 3

Switzerland - Storage of hazardous substances

Storage class - SC 3

https://www.kvu.ch/de/themen/stoffe-und-produkte https://www.kvu.ch/fr/themes/substances-et-produits https://www.kvu.ch/it/temi/sostanze-e-prodotti

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Forth edition. Published 2020. **IRE** - 2010 Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations 2001. Published by the Health and Safety Authority. **CH** - The Government of Switzerland has set a directive on limit values for working materials (Grenzwerte am Arbeitsplatz) which is based on the Swiss Federal Regulation "Verordnung über die Verhütung von Unfällen und Berufskrankheiten". This directive is administered, periodically revised and enforced by SUVA (Swiss National Accident Insurance Fund).

Component	European Union	The United Kingdom	France	Belgium	Spain

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2-Butanol Revision Date 12-Feb-2024

Butanol				Revisi	on Date 12-Feb-202
2-Butanol		STEL: 150 ppm 15 min STEL: 462 mg/m³ 15 min TWA: 100 ppm 8 hr TWA: 308 mg/m³ 8 hr	TWA / VME: 100 ppm (8 heures). TWA / VME: 300 mg/m ³ (8 heures).	TWA: 100 ppm 8 uren TWA: 307 mg/m ³ 8 uren	TWA / VLA-ED: 100 ppm (8 horas) TWA / VLA-ED: 308 mg/m³ (8 horas)
Component	Italy	Germany	Portugal	The Netherlands	Finland
2-Butanol	пату	Germany	TWA: 100 ppm 8 horas	THE NUMBER	TWA: 50 ppm 8 tuntein TWA: 150 mg/m³ 8 tunteina STEL: 75 ppm 15 minuutteina STEL: 230 mg/m³ 15 minuutteina Iho
Component	Austria	Denmark	Switzerland	Poland	Norway
Component 2-Butanol	MAK-KZGW: 200 ppm 15 Minuten MAK-KZGW: 600 mg/m³ 15 Minuten MAK-TMW: 50 ppm 8 Stunden MAK-TMW: 150 mg/m³ 8 Stunden	Ceiling: 50 ppm Ceiling: 150 mg/m ³	SWIZERIAND STEL: 200 ppm 15 Minuten STEL: 600 mg/m³ 15 Minuten TWA: 100 ppm 8 Stunden TWA: 300 mg/m³ 8 Stunden	STEL: 450 mg/m³ 15 minutach TWA: 300 mg/m³ 8 godzinach	Norway Hud Ceiling: 25 ppm Ceiling: 75 mg/m³
Component	Bulgaria	Croatia	Ireland	Cyprus	Czech Republic
2-Butanol		TWA-GVI: 100 ppm 8 satima. TWA-GVI: 308 mg/m³ 8 satima. STEL-KGVI: 150 ppm 15 minutama. STEL-KGVI: 462 mg/m³ 15 minutama.	STEL: 450 mg/m³ 15 min		TWA: 300 mg/m ³ 8 hodinách. Potential for cutaneous absorption Ceiling: 600 mg/m ³
Component	Estonia	Gibraltar	Greece	Hungary	Iceland
2-Butanol	Nahk TWA: 50 ppm 8 tundides. TWA: 150 mg/m³ 8 tundides. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutites. STEL: 250 mg/m³ 15 minutites.	Sibiratai	STEL: 150 ppm STEL: 450 mg/m³ TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 300 mg/m³	. rungar y	STEL: 50 ppm STEL: 150 mg/m³ Skin notation
Component	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg	Malta	Romania
2-Butanol	TWA: 10 mg/m³	TWA: 50 ppm IPRD TWA: 150 mg/m³ IPRD Oda STEL: 75 ppm STEL: 250 mg/m³	-	marta	Nomana
Component	Russia	Slovak Republic	Slovenia	Sweden	Turkey
2-Butanol	TWA: 10 mg/m³ 0419 MAC: 30 mg/m³	TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 310 mg/m ³		Indicative STEL: 75 ppm 15 minuter Indicative STEL: 250 mg/m³ 15 minuter TLV: 50 ppm 8 timmar. NGV TLV: 150 mg/m³ 8 timmar. NGV	

Biological limit valuesThis product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

Hud

Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.

MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours

MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

	Component	Acute effects local (Dermal)	Acute effects systemic (Dermal)	Chronic effects local (Dermal)	Chronic effects systemic (Dermal)
Г	2-Butanol				DNEL = 405mg/kg
	78-92-2 (>95)				bw/day

Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)
2-Butanol 78-92-2 (>95)				DNEL = 600mg/m ³

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

See values below.

Component	Fresh water	Fresh water	Water Intermittent	Microorganisms in	Soil (Agriculture)
		sediment		sewage treatment	
2-Butanol	PNEC = 47.1 mg/L	PNEC =	PNEC = 47.1mg/L	PNEC = 761mg/L	PNEC =
78-92-2 (>95)		196.19mg/kg	_	_	11.58mg/kg soil dw
		sediment dw			

Component	Marine water	Marine water sediment	Marine water Intermittent	Food chain	Air
2-Butanol	PNEC = 47.1mg/L	PNEC =		PNEC = 1000mg/kg	
78-92-2 (>95)		196.19mg/kg		food	
		sediment dw			

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Butyl rubber	> 480 minutes	0.38 mm	Level 6	As tested under EN374-3 Determination of
Neoprene gloves	> 480 minutes	0.45 mm	EN 374	Resistance to Permeation by Chemicals
Viton (R)	> 480 minutes	0.3 mm		•

Skin and body protection Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Inspect gloves before use. observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the

supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information) gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion. gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to

EN14387

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

141

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid

Appearance Colorless
Odor sweet

Odor ThresholdNo data availableMelting Point/Range-115 °C / -175 °FSoftening PointNo data availableRoiling Point/Range99 °C / 210 2 °F

Boiling Point/Range99 °C / 210.2 °F@ 760 mmHgFlammability (liquid)FlammableOn basis of test dataFlammability (solid,qas)Not applicableLiquid

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Explosion Limits Lower 1.7 vol%

Upper 9.8 vol%

Flash Point 24 °C / 75.2 °F Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature
Decomposition Temperature
pH
No data available
No information available
4.2 mPa.s @ 20 °C
Water Solubility
125 g/L (20°C)

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Component log Pow

2-Butanol 0.6

Vapor Pressure 17 mbar @ 20 °C

Density / Specific Gravity 0.800
Bulk Density Not ap

Bulk DensityNot applicableLiquidVapor Density2.6(Air = 1.0)

Particle characteristics Not applicable (liquid)

9.2. Other information

Molecular Formula C4 H10 O Molecular Weight 74.12

Explosive Properties explosive air/vapour mixtures possible

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions. May form explosive peroxides on prolonged storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Incompatible products.

Exposure to light. Exposure to air.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Acid chlorides. Acid anhydrides.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). peroxides.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

OralBased on available data, the classification criteria are not metDermalBased on available data, the classification criteria are not metInhalationBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
2-Butanol	2200 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2 g/kg (Rat)	49 mg/L (Rat) 4 h (vapour)
	2193 mg/kg (Rat)		

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Test method OECD 404
Test species rabbit

Observational endpoint No skin irritation

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 2
Test method OECD 405
Test species rabbit

Observation end point Irritating to eyes

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory No data available

Skin Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
2-Butanol	OECD Test Guideline 406	guinea pig	non-sensitising
78-92-2 (>95)			

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; No data available

Not mutagenic in AMES Test

(f) carcinogenicity; No data available

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

(g) reproductive toxicity; No data available

(h) STOT-single exposure; Category 3

Results / Target organs Respiratory system, Central nervous system (CNS).

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; No data available

Target Organs No information available.

(j) aspiration hazard; No data available

Symptoms / effects, both acute and Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

delayed

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine Disrupting Properties Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any

known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity
Ecotoxicity effects

ComponentFreshwater FishWater FleaFreshwater Algae2-ButanolPimephales promelas: LC50:
3670 mg/L/96hEC50: 3750 mg/L/24h

Component	Microtox	M-Factor
2-Butanol	Pseudomonas putida: 500 mg/L/16h	

12.2. Persistence and degradability Readily biodegradable

Persistence Soluble in water, Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
2-Butanol	0.6	No data available

12.4. Mobility in soil

The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems . Will likely be mobile in the

environment due to its water solubility. Highly mobile in soils

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent

and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

12.6. Endocrine disrupting

properties

assessment

Endocrine Disruptor Information This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

12.7. Other adverse effects
Persistent Organic Pollutant
Ozone Depletion Potential

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused

Products

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives

on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers

retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and

empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

European Waste Catalogue (EWC) According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but

application specific.

Other Information Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product

was used. Do not flush to sewer. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with

local regulations.

Switzerland - Waste Ordinance Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations. Ordinance on the Avoidance and the Disposal of Waste (Waste Ordinance,

ADWO) SR 814.600

https://www.fedlex.admin.ch/eli/cc/2015/891/en

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

14.1. UN numberUN112014.2. UN proper shipping nameButanols14.3. Transport hazard class(es)314.4. Packing groupIII

ADR

14.1. UN numberUN112014.2. UN proper shipping nameButanols14.3. Transport hazard class(es)314.4. Packing groupIII

<u>IATA</u>

14.1. UN numberUN112014.2. UN proper shipping nameButanols14.3. Transport hazard class(es)314.4. Packing groupIII

14.5. Environmental hazards No hazards identified

14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk Not applicable, packaged goods according to IMO instruments

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
2-Butanol	78-92-2	201-158-5	-	-	X	X	KE-03868	X	X

Comp	onent	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
2-Bu	tanol	78-92-2	X	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	X	Х

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed

KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization		REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
2-Butanol	78-92-2	-	Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	•

REACH links

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - t Qualifying Quantities for Safety Repor	
		Notification	Requirements	
2-Butanol	78-92-2	Not applicable	Not applicable	

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)? Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

National Regulations

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

WGK Classification See table for values

Component		Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class	
	2-Butanol	WGK1		

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)
2-Butanol	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84

Swiss Regulations

Article 4 para. 4 of the Ordinance on the protection of young people in the workplace (SR 822.115) and Article 1 lit. f of the EAER regulation on hazardous work and young people (SR 822.115.2).

Take note on Article 13 Maternity Ordinance (SR 822.111.52) with regards expectant and nursing mothers.

Component	Switzerland - Ordinance on the Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR 814.81)	Switzerland - Ordinance on Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC)	Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure
2-Butanol 78-92-2 (>95)		Group I	

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment/Report (CSA/CSR) has not been conducted

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances **KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances Substances List **ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate VOC - (volatile organic compound)

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Chemical incident response training.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts.

Prepared By Health, Safety and Environmental Department

Creation Date 29-Jun-2009 **Revision Date** 12-Feb-2024

New emergency telephone response service provider. **Revision Summary**

Revision Date 12-Feb-2024

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006. COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

For Switzerland - Compiled in accordance with the technical provisions referred to in Annex 2, Number 3, ChemO (SR 813.11 - Ordinance on Protection against Dangerous Substances and Preparations).

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet