

Classified as hazardous in accordance with the criteria of EPA New Zealand

Section 1 - Identification

Product Identifier

Product Name 0.1M Tetra-n-butylammonium hydroxide in toluene/methanol

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against No Information available

Product Code J/8750/08, J/8750/15, J/8750/17, J/8750/24

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Section 2 - Hazard(s) Identification

Classification under Work Safe New Zealand

Classified as hazardous in accordance with the criteria of EPA New Zealand

GHS Classification

Physical hazards

Flammable liquids Category 2

Health hazards

Aspiration Toxicity

Acute Oral Toxicity

Acute Dermal Toxicity

Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Reproductive Toxicity

Category 2

Category 2

Category 1

Category 2

Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)

Category 3 Category 1

Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure) Category 2

Environmental hazards

Chronic aquatic toxicity Category 3

Label Elements

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Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

- H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor
- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
- H315 Causes skin irritation
- H318 Causes serious eye damage
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness
- H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
- H370 Causes damage to organs
- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
- H331 Toxic if inhaled
- H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects
- H302 + H312 Harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin

Precautionary Statements

Prevention

- P201 Obtain special instructions before use
- P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking
- P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
- P233 Keep container tightly closed
- P243 Take action to prevent static discharges
- P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray
- P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment
- P242 Use non-sparking tools
- P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
- P264 Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling
- P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
- P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Response

- P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower
- P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing
- P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
- P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor
- P330 Rinse mouth
- P331 Do NOT induce vomiting
- P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish
- P308 + P311 IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor
- P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse

Storage

- P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed
- P405 Store locked up

Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates

Section 3 - Composition and Information on Ingredients

_			
	Component	CAS No	Weight %

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Methyl alcohol	67-56-1	17
Toluene	108-88-3	80
1-Butanaminium, N,N,N-tributyl-, hydroxide	2052-49-5	3

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

Description of first aid measures

General Advice Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is

required.

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Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Do not use mouth-to-mouth

method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Immediate medical attention is required. Risk of serious damage to the lungs (by

aspiration).

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. In

the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical

advice.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical

attention is required.

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. If vomiting

occurs naturally, have victim lean forward.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

First Aid Facilities Eyewash, safety shower and washroom.

Most important symptoms and

effects

None reasonably foreseeable. Causes severe eye damage. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and

vomiting

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Flammable. Risk of ignition. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire fighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

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Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

Emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Environmental Precautions

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

Methods for Containment and Clean Up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

Precautions to prevent secondary hazards

Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations

Reference to Other Sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Precautions for Safe Handling

Advice on safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including any Incompatibilities

Storage Conditions

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Flammables area.

Incompatible Materials

Acids. Acid anhydrides. Acid chlorides. Metals. Reducing Agent.

AS/NZS 2243.10:2004, Safety in laboratories - Storage of chemicals AS 1940-2004 - The storage and handling of flammable and combustible liquids

Section 8 - Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

Control parameters

Exposure limits

NZ - Workplace Exposure Standards and Biological Exposure Indices (6th edition). New Zealand Department of Labor ACGIH - Threshold Limit Values - Ceiling (TLV-C) guidelines by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) for controlling worker exposure to airborne chemical concentrations in the workplace.

UK - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Fourth edition. Published 2020.

AUS - Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment - Guidance Note on the Interpretation of Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment [NOHSC:3008(1995)] Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment [NOHSC:1003(1995)]

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updated in August, 2005. Safe Work Australia

Component	New Zealand WEL	Australia	ACGIH TLV	The United Kingdom
Methyl alcohol	TWA: 200 ppm	STEL: 250 ppm	TWA: 200 ppm	WEL - TWA: 200 ppm TWA;
	TWA: 262 mg/m ³	STEL: 328 mg/m ³	STEL: 250 ppm	266 mg/m³ TWA
	STEL: 250 ppm	TWA: 200 ppm	Skin	WEL - STEL: 250 ppm
	STEL: 328 mg/m ³	TWA: 262 mg/m ³		STEL; 333 mg/m ³ STEL
	Skin	_		_
Toluene	TWA: 20 ppm	STEL: 150 ppm	TWA: 20 ppm	STEL: 100 ppm 15 min
	TWA: 75 mg/m ³	STEL: 574 mg/m ³		STEL: 384 mg/m ³ 15 min
	STEL: 100 ppm	TWA: 50 ppm		TWA: 50 ppm 8 hr
	STEL: 377 mg/m ³	TWA: 191 mg/m ³		TWA: 191 mg/m ³ 8 hr
	Skin			Skin

Biological limit values

NZ - Substances assigned Biological Exposure Indices in the New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards and Biological Exposure Indices (6th edition). New Zealand Department of Labor

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) TLVs® and BEIs®- Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents & Biological Exposure Indices. 2022 Edition

Component	New Zealand	Australia	ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices	United Kingdom
Methyl alcohol	15 mg/L (urine) end of shift		15 mg/L	
	(Methyl alcohol)		Medium: urine	
			Time: end of shift	
			Determinant: Methanol	
Toluene	0.03 mg/L (urine) end of		0.02 mg/L	
	exposure or end of shift		Medium: blood	
	(Toluene)		Time: prior to last shift of	
	0.3 mg/g creatinine (urine)		workweek	
	end of exposure or end of		Determinant: Toluene	
	shift (O-Cresol)		0.03 mg/L	
			Medium: urine	
			Time: end of shift	
			Determinant: Toluene	
			0.3 mg/g creatinine	
			Medium: urine	
			Time: end of shift	
			Determinant: o-Cresol with	
			hydrolysis	

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering Measures

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles (Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337 - Eye protectors for Industrial

applications)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Γ	Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	AUS/NZ Standard	Glove comments
1	Viton (R).	See manufacturers	-	AS/NZS 2161	(minimum requirement)
		recommendations			

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

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Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing

Repiratory Protection Use an AS/NZS 1716 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or

other symptoms are experienced. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained in line with AS/NZS 1715 on the use

and maintenance of repiratory protective devices

Recommended Filter type: low boiling organic solvent Type AX Brown conforming to EN371 or Organic gases and

vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to EN14387 (or AUS/NZ equivalent)

Valve filtering: EN405 or Half mask: EN140 plus filter, EN 141 (or AUS/NZ equivalent) Recommended half mask:-

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. **Hygiene Measures**

Environmental exposure controls Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water

system.

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid

Colorless **Appearance** Odor aromatic

No data available **Odor Threshold** Not applicable No data available **Melting Point/Range Softening Point** No data available **Boiling Point/Range** No information available

Flammability (liquid) Highly flammable On basis of test data

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Liquid

Explosion Limits Lower 1.2 vol%

Upper 44 vol%

4 °C / 39.2 °F Method - No information available Flash Point

455 °C / 851 °F **Autoignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature** No data available **Viscosity** No data available Water Solubility **Immiscible**

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

log Pow Component Methyl alcohol -0.74 Toluene 2.73 1-Butanaminium, N,N,N-tributyl-, 1.518

hydroxide

Vapor Pressure 128 hPa @ 20°C1

Density / Specific Gravity 0.850

Bulk Density Not applicable Liquid **Vapor Density** No information available (Air = 1.0)

Particle characteristics Not applicable (liquid)

Other information

Explosive Properties Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity None known, based on information available

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Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available

Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous ReactionsNone under normal processing.

Conditions to Avoid Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition, Incompatible products.

Incompatible Materials Acids, Acid anhydrides, Acid chlorides, Metals, Reducing Agent.

Hazardous Decomposition Products Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

Acute Effects

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information

Inhalation Not an expected route of exposure.

Eyes Avoid contact with eyes. Corrosive to the eyes and may cause severe damage including

blindness. May cause irritation.

Skin Avoid contact with skin. Skin Corrosion/Irritation. May cause irritation. Harmful in contact

with skin.

Ingestion May be harmful if swallowed. Harmful if swallowed. Potential for aspiration if swallowed.

Numerical measures of toxicity

(a) acute toxicity;

OralCategory 4DermalCategory 4InhalationCategory 4

Toxicology data for the components

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Methyl alcohol	LD50 = 1187 - 2769 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 = 17100 mg/kg (Rabbit)	LC50 = 128.2 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
Toluene	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	12000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	26700 ppm (Rat) 1 h
1-Butanaminium, N,N,N-tributyl-, hydroxide	500 mg/kg (Rat)		

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 2

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

RespiratoryNo data availableSkinNo data available

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Methyl alcohol	OECD Test Guideline 406	guinea pig	non-sensitising
67-56-1 (17)	Guinea Pig Maximisation Test		
· ·	(GPMT)		

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; No data available

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(f) carcinogenicity; No data available

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

(g) reproductive toxicity; Category 2

Component	Test method	Test species / Duration	Study result
Methyl alcohol 67-56-1 (17)	OECD Test Guideline 416	Rat / Inhalation 2 Generation	NOAEC = 1.3 mg/l (air)

Developmental Effects Possible risk of harm to the unborn child

Teratogenicity Teratogenic effects have occurred in experimental animals.

(h) STOT-single exposure; Category 1

Category 3

Results / Target organs Central nervous system (CNS)

Optic nerve

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Category 2

Target Organs Neuropsychological effects, Eyes, Ears.

(j) aspiration hazard; Category 1

Symptoms / effects, both acute and delayed

Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

Section 12 - Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity

Aquatic ecotoxicity

The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment. Contains a substance which is:. Harmful to aquatic organisms.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae	Microtox
Methyl alcohol	Pimephales promelas:	EC50 > 10000 mg/L 24h		EC50 = 39000 mg/L 25
	LC50 > 10000 mg/L 96h			min
				EC50 = 40000 mg/L 15
				min
				EC50 = 43000 mg/L 5
				min
Toluene	50-70 mg/L LC50 96 h	EC50: = 11.5 mg/L, 48h	EC50: = 12.5 mg/L, 72h	EC50 = 19.7 mg/L 30
	5-7 mg/L LC50 96 h	(Daphnia magna)	static	min
	15-19 mg/L LC50 96 h	EC50: 5.46 - 9.83 mg/L,	(Pseudokirchneriella	
	28 mg/L LC50 96 h	48h Static (Daphnia	subcapitata)	
	12 mg/L LC50 96 h	magna)	EC50: > 433 mg/L, 96h	
			(Pseudokirchneriella	
			subcapitata)	

Terrestrial ecotoxicity

	Component	Earthworm	Avian	Honeybees
I	Methyl alcohol	Acute toxicity: LC50 > 1 mg/cm2		
-		(Eisenia foetida, 48 h, filter		
-		paper)		

Persistence and Degradability

Persistence Persistence is unlikely, Immiscible with water.

209:4440000	Component	Degradability
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0.1M Tetra-n-butylammonium hydroxide in toluene/methanol

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Methyl alcohol	DT50 ~ 17.2d
67-56-1(17)	>94% after 20d
Toluene 108-88-3 (80)	86% (20d)

Degradation in sewage treatment plant

Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants.

Bioaccumulative Potential

May have some potential to bioaccumulate

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Methyl alcohol	-0.74	<10 dimensionless
Toluene	2.73	90
1-Butanaminium, N,N,N-tributyl-, hydroxide	1.518	No data available

Mobility

The product is insoluble and floats on water. Spillage unlikely to penetrate soil. Is not likely mobile in the environment due its low water solubility.

Other adverse effects

Endocrine Disruptor Information Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors. This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused Products

Do not allow into drains or watercourses or dispose of where ground or surface waters may be affected. Wastes, including emptied containers, are controlled wastes and should be disposed of in accordance with all federal, E.P.A., state and local regulations. Assure conformity with all applicable regulations.

Contaminated Packaging

Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

Other Information

Disposal agencies or waste contractors must comply with the New Zealand Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Regulations . Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. Do not empty into drains. Do not let this chemical enter the environment.

Section 14 - Transport Information

Component	Hazchem Code
Methyl alcohol	2WE
67-56-1 (17)	
Toluene	3YE
108-88-3 (80)	

NZS 5433:2020

UN-No UN1993

Proper Shipping Name Technical Shipping NameFlammable liquid, n.o.s.
Contains toluene and methanol

Hazard Class 3
Packing Group ||

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<u>IATA</u>

UN-No UN1993

Proper Shipping Name Flammable liquid, n.o.s.

Technical Shipping Name Contains toluene and methanol

Hazard Class 3
Packing Group ||

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN1993

Proper Shipping Name Flammable liquid, n.o.s.

Technical Shipping Name Contains toluene and methanol

Hazard Class
Packing Group

Environmental hazards No hazards identified

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the

IBC Code

Not applicable, packaged goods

No special precautions required. Please refer to the applicable dangerous goods

regulations for additional information.

Additional information None known

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National Regulations

Special Precautions

Any applicable tolerable exposure limits and environmental exposure limits according to the EPA Controls for Hazardous Substances are listed below

Component	Tolerable Exposure Limit	Tolerable Exposure Limit	Tolerable Exposure Limit	Environmental Exposure	
-	(TEL) Air	(TEL) Water	(TEL) Surface	Limits (EEL)	
Toluene	400 µg/m ³	0.8 ma/L		330 µg/L (Water)	

Certified handlers, tracking and controlled substance license requirements

Certified handlers are required for some substances. This includes substances requiring a controlled substance license, and most explosives, vertebrates toxic agents, and certain fumigants. Acutely toxic substances which are a Category 1 or 2, such as pesticides also require Certified handlers. Please check the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 for further information. Tracking is required for some highly hazardous substances. These substances need to be under the control of an appropriately trained person or appropriately secured. Please check the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 for further information.

Prohibition or notification/licensing requirements

Shown below are details of specific prohibition/notifications or licencing requirements when they apply.

International Regulations

Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

Persistent Organic Pollutant This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

Rotterdam Convention (PIC) Not applicable

Component	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) -	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) -	IMDG Marine Pollutant
-	Qualifying Quantities for Major	Qualifying Quantities for Safety	
	Accident Notification	Report Requirements	

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- 1				
	Methyl alcohol	500 tonne	5000 tonne	

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Methyl alcohol	-	Use restricted. See item 69. (see link for restriction details) Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	_ ` `
Toluene	-	Use restricted. See item 48. (see link for restriction details) Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	-

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

International Inventories

New Zealand (NZIoC), Australia (AICS), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), Korea (KECL), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	NZIoC	AICS	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	KECL	IECSC	TCSI
Methyl alcohol	67-56-1	X	Х	-	-	-	KE-23193	X	X
Toluene	108-88-3	Х	Х	203-625-9	-	-	KE-33936	X	Х
1-Butanaminium, N,N,N-tributyl-,	2052-49-5	Х	Х	218-147-6	-	-	KE-34029	Х	Х
hvdroxide									

Component	CAS No	TSCA TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive		DSL	NDSL	PICCS	ISHL	ENCS
Methyl alcohol	67-56-1	X	ACTIVE	Х	-	X	Х	Х
Toluene	108-88-3	Х	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	Х	Х
1-Butanaminium, N,N,N-tributyl-, hydroxide	2052-49-5	X	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	Х	Х

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed

KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

Section 16 - Other Information

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of the EPA Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020 and WorkSafe New Zealand Regulations

Legend

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

NZS 5433:2020 - Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development **IMO/IMDG** - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime

Dangerous Goods Code

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment

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SAFETY DATA SHEET

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water BCF - Bioconcentration factor

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

Key literature references and sources for data

HSNO classifications provided in the New Zealand Chemical Classification Information Database (CCID).

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

EPA Guide to classifying hazardous substances in New Zealand

EPA - Assigning a product to an existing HSNO approval guide

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Physical hazards

Health Hazards

Environmental hazards

On basis of test data
Calculation method
Calculation method

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Chemical incident response training.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts.

Revision Date 13-Mar-2023 Revision Summary Not applicable

Disclaimer

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End of Safety Data Sheet

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