

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Creation Date 11-Jun-2014 Revision Date 20-Oct-2023 **Revision Number** 5

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE **COMPANY/UNDERTAKING**

1.1. Product identifier

2-Methoxyethanol **Product Description:** Cat No.: M/4106/PB17

Synonyms EGME; Ethylene glycol methyl ether; Methyl Cellosolve

Index No 603-011-00-4 **CAS No** 109-86-4 EC No 203-713-7 Molecular Formula C3H8O2

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites Sector of use

PC21 - Laboratory chemicals **Product category**

PROC15 - Use as a laboratory reagent **Process categories**

Environmental release category ERC6a - Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates)

Uses advised against No Information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

EU entity/business name Thermo Fisher Scientific

Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a

2440 Geel, Belgium

UK entity/business name

Fisher Scientific UK

Bishop Meadow Road, Loughborough, Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom

Swiss distributor - Fisher Scientific AG Neuhofstrasse 11, CH 4153 Reinach

Tel: +41 (0) 56 618 41 11

e-mail - infoch@thermofisher.com

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Tel: 01509 231166

Chemtrec US: (800) 424-9300 Chemtrec EU: 001-703-527-3887

For customers in Switzerland:

Tox Info Suisse Emergency Number: 145 (24hr)

Tox Info Suisse: +41-44 251 51 51 (Emergency number from abroad)

Chemtrec (24h) Toll-Free: 0800 564 402 Chemtrec Local: +41-43 508 20 11 (Zurich)

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SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Physical hazards

Flammable liquids Category 3 (H226)

Health hazards

Acute oral toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity

Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors

Reproductive Toxicity

Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)

Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure)

Category 4 (H332)

Category 4 (H332)

Category 1 (H360FD)

Category 1 (H370)

Category 2 (H373)

Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

H302 + H312 + H332 - Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled

H360FD - May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child

H370 - Causes damage to organs

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Precautionary Statements

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell

Additional EU labelling

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Restricted to professional users

2.3. Other hazards

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB)

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
2-Methoxyethanol	109-86-4	EEC No. 203-713-7	> 98	Flam. Liq. 3 (H226)
				Acute Tox. 4 (H302)
				Acute Tox. 4 (H312)
				Acute Tox. 4 (H332)
				Repr. 1B (H360FD)
				STOT SE1 (H370)
				STOT RE2 (H373)

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation persists,

call a physician.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Difficulty in breathing. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness,

nausea and vomiting

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable. Risk of ignition. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2), peroxides, Methanol.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

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Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Flammables area.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510

Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

Class 3

Switzerland - Storage of hazardous substances

Storage class - SC 3

https://www.kvu.ch/de/themen/stoffe-und-produkte https://www.kvu.ch/fr/themes/substances-et-produits https://www.kvu.ch/it/temi/sostanze-e-prodotti

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): **EU** - Commission Directive (EU) 2019/1831 of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Forth edition. Published 2020. **IRE** - 2010 Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations 2001. Published by the Health and Safety Authority. **CH** - The Government of Switzerland has set a directive on limit values for working materials (Grenzwerte am Arbeitsplatz) which is based on the Swiss Federal Regulation "Verordnung über die Verhütung von Unfällen und Berufskrankheiten". This directive is administered, periodically revised and enforced by SUVA (Swiss National Accident Insurance Fund).

L	Component	European Union	The United Kingdom	France	Belgium	Spain
Г	2-Methoxyethanol	TWA: 1 ppm (8h)	STEL: 3 ppm 15 min	TWA / VME: 1 ppm (8	TWA: 0.1 ppm 8 uren	TWA / VLA-ED: 1 ppm
		Skin	STEL: 9 mg/m ³ 15 min	heures). restrictive limit	TWA: 0.3 mg/m ³ 8 uren	(8 horas)
			TWA: 1 ppm 8 hr	TWA / VME: 3.2 mg/m ³	Huid	TWA / VLA-ED: 3 mg/m ³
			TWA: 3 mg/m ³ 8 hr	(8 heures). restrictive		(8 horas)
			Skin	limit		Piel
				Peau		

Component	Italy	Germany	Portugal	The Netherlands	Finland
2-Methoxyethanol	TWA: 0.5 ppm 8 ore.	TWA: 1 ppm (8	TWA: 1 ppm 8 horas	huid	TWA: 0.5 ppm 8
	Time Weighted Average	Stunden). AGW -	Pele	TWA: 0.5 mg/m ³ 8 uren	tunteina
	Pelle	exposure factor 8			TWA: 1.6 mg/m ³ 8
		TWA: 3.2 mg/m ³ (8			tunteina
		Stunden). AGW -			lho
		exposure factor 8			
		TWA: 1 ppm (8			
		Stunden). MAK applies			
		for the sum of the			
		concentrations of			
		2-Methoxyethanol and			
		its Acetate in air			
		TWA: 3.2 mg/m ³ (8			
		Stunden). MAK applies			
		for the sum of the			
		concentrations of			
		2-Methoxyethanol and			
		its Acetate in air			
		Höhepunkt: 8 ppm			
		Höhepunkt: 25.6 mg/m ³			
		Haut			

Component	Austria	Denmark	Switzerland	Poland	Norway
2-Methoxyethanol	Haut	TWA: 1 ppm 8 timer	Haut/Peau	TWA: 3 mg/m ³ 8	TWA: 1 ppm 8 timer
	MAK-KZGW: 4 ppm 15	STEL: 2 ppm 15	STEL: 8 ppm 15	godzinach	TWA: 3.1 mg/m ³ 8 timer
	Minuten	minutter	Minuten	_	STEL: 3 ppm 15
	MAK-TMW: 1 ppm 8	Hud	STEL: 25.6 mg/m ³ 15		minutter. value
	Stunden		Minuten		calculated
			TWA: 1 ppm 8 Stunden		STEL: 6.2 mg/m ³ 15

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	TWA: 3.2 mg/m ³ 8 Stunden	minutter. value calculated
		Hud

	Component	Bulgaria	Croatia	Ireland	Cyprus	Czech Republic
Ī	2-Methoxyethanol	TWA: 1 ppm	kože	TWA: 1 ppm 8 hr.	Skin-potential for	TWA: 3 mg/m ³ 8
1		Skin notation	TWA-GVI: 1 ppm 8	STEL: 3 ppm 15 min	cutaneous absorption	hodinách.
1			satima.	Skin	TWA: 1 ppm	Potential for cutaneous
1						absorption
1						Ceiling: 6 mg/m³ toxic
						for reproduction

Component	Estonia	Gibraltar	Greece	Hungary	Iceland
2-Methoxyethanol	Nahk	Skin notation	skin - potential for	TWA: 3.16 mg/m ³ 8	TWA: 1 ppm 8
	TWA: 1 ppm 8 tundides.	TWA: 1 ppm 8 hr	cutaneous absorption	órában. AK	klukkustundum.
			TWA: 1 ppm	lehetséges borön	Skin notation
				keresztüli felszívódás	Ceiling: 2 ppm

Component	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg	Malta	Romania
2-Methoxyethanol	skin - potential for	TWA: 1 ppm IPRD	Possibility of significant	possibility of significant	Skin notation
	cutaneous exposure	Oda	uptake through the skin	uptake through the skin	TWA: 1 ppm 8 ore
	TWA: 1 ppm	STEL: 10 ppm	TWA: 1 ppm 8 Stunden	TWA: 1 ppm	TWA: 3.2 mg/m ³ 8 ore
		STEL: 30 mg/m ³			_

Component	Russia	Slovak Republic	Slovenia	Sweden	Turkey
2-Methoxyethanol		Ceiling: 128 mg/m ³	TWA: 1 ppm 8 urah	TLV: 1 ppm 8 timmar.	Deri
1		Potential for cutaneous	TWA: 3.2 mg/m ³ 8 urah	NGV	TWA: 1 ppm 8 saat
		absorption	Koža	Hud	
1		TWA: 5 ppm	STEL: 8 ppm 15		
			minutah		
			STEL: 25.6 mg/m ³ 15		
			minutah		

Biological limit values

List source(s):

Component	European Union	United Kingdom	France	Spain	Germany
2-Methoxyethanol				2-Methoxyacetic acid: 8	Methoxyacetic acid: 15
				mg/g Creatinine urine	mg/g Creatinine urine
				end of workweek, after	(end of shift)
				at least two work weeks	

Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.

MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours

MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

	Component	Acute effects local (Oral)	Acute effects systemic (Oral)	Chronic effects local (Oral)	Chronic effects systemic (Oral)
Γ	2-Methoxyethanol				11 mg/kg bw/d
	109-86-4 (> 98)				

Component	Acute effects local	Acute effects	Chronic effects local	Chronic effects
	(Dermal)	systemic (Dermal)	(Dermal)	systemic (Dermal)

2-Methoxyethanol		DNEL = 0.22mg/kg
109-86-4 (> 98)		bw/day

Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)
2-Methoxyethanol 109-86-4 (> 98)				DNEL = 0.31mg/m ³

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

See values below.

Component	Fresh water	Fresh water	Water Intermittent Microorganisms in		Soil (Agriculture)
		sediment		sewage treatment	
2-Methoxyethanol	PNEC = 10mg/L	PNEC = 36.8mg/kg	PNEC = 94mg/L	PNEC = 1000mg/L	PNEC = 1.87 mg/kg
109-86-4 (> 98)		sediment dw			soil dw

Component	Marine water	Marine water sediment	Marine water Intermittent	Food chain	Air
2-Methoxyethanol	PNEC = 1mg/L	PNEC = 3.68mg/kg		PNEC = 7.3 mg/kg	
109-86-4 (> 98)	_	sediment dw		food	

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eve Protection

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles) (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Nitrile rubber	See manufacturers	-	EN 374	(minimum requirement)
Viton (R)	recommendations			

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing.

Inspect gloves before use. observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information) gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion. gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection	When workers are	facing concentrations ab	ove the exposure limit they must use
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appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to

EN14387

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

141

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

No information available. **Environmental exposure controls**

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid

Appearance Clear Odor Ether

Odor Threshold No data available **Melting Point/Range** -85 °C / -121 °F **Softening Point** No data available 124 °C / 255.2 °F **Boiling Point/Range**

@ 760 mmHg Flammability (liquid) Flammable On basis of test data Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Liquid

Explosion Limits No data available

Flash Point 38 °C / 100.4 °F Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature 285 - °C / 545 - °F **Decomposition Temperature** No data available рΗ No information available **Viscosity** No data available

Water Solubility Miscible

No information available Solubility in other solvents

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

log Pow Component 2-Methoxyethanol -0.77

9.5 mmHg @ 25 °C **Vapor Pressure**

Density / Specific Gravity .9600 **Bulk Density**

Not applicable Liquid **Vapor Density** 2.62 (Air = 1.0)(Air = 1.0)

Particle characteristics Not applicable (liquid)

9.2. Other information

C3H8O2 **Molecular Formula Molecular Weight** 76.09 **VOC Content(%)**

Explosive Properties explosive air/vapour mixtures possible

0.53 (Butyl Acetate = 1.0) **Evaporation Rate**

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Light sensitive. Air sensitive. Reacts with air to form peroxides. heat sensitive.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing. May form explosive peroxides.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Incompatible products.

Excess heat. Exposure to light. Exposure to air over prolonged period.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Acids. Bases. Copper alloys. copper.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂). peroxides. Methanol.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

OralCategory 4DermalCategory 4InhalationCategory 4

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
2-Methoxyethanol	LD50 = 2370 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 = 1280 mg/kg (Rabbit)	LC50 = 1478 ppm (Rat) 7 h

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory Skin Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(f) carcinogenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

(g) reproductive toxicity; Category 1B

Teratogenicity Teratogenic effects have occurred in experimental animals.

(h) STOT-single exposure; Category 1

Results / Target organs Immune system.

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Category 2

Target Organs Thymus.

(j) aspiration hazard; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

delayed

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine Disrupting Properties

Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any

known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Ecotoxicity effects

Do not empty into drains. .

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
2-Methoxyethanol	LC50: = 9650 mg/L, 96h static (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: = 16000 mg/L, 96h static (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: = 10000 mg/L, 96h static		r. communer rugue
	(Lepomis macrochirus)		

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence

Soluble in water, Persistence is unlikely, based on information available, Miscible with

water.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Bioacc

Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
2-Methoxyethanol	-0.77	No data available

12.4. Mobility in soil

The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems Will likely be mobile in the

environment due to its water solubility. Highly mobile in soils

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent

and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

12.6. Endocrine disrupting

properties

Endocrine Disruptor Information

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

12.7. Other adverse effects

Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused Products

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging

Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and

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empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

European Waste Catalogue (EWC) According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but

application specific.

Other Information Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product

was used. Do not flush to sewer. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with

local regulations.

Switzerland - Waste Ordinance Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations. Ordinance on the Avoidance and the Disposal of Waste (Waste Ordinance,

ADWO) SR 814.600

https://www.fedlex.admin.ch/eli/cc/2015/891/en

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

14.1. UN number UN1188

14.2. UN proper shipping name ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 14.4. Packing group III

<u>ADR</u>

14.1. UN number UN1188

14.2. UN proper shipping name ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 14.4. Packing group III

<u>IATA</u>

14.1. UN number UN1188

14.2. UN proper shipping name ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 14.4. Packing group III

14.5. Environmental hazards No hazards identified

14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk Not applicable, packaged goods

according to IMO instruments

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
2-Methoxyethanol	109-86-4	203-713-7	-	-	Х	X	KE-23272	X	Х
Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Ir	nventory	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
			notific	ation -					

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Ī				Active-Inactive					
Γ	2-Methoxyethanol	109-86-4	X	ACTIVE	Х	-	X	X	X

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed

KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
2-Methoxyethanol	109-86-4	-	Use restricted. See item 30. (see link for restriction details) Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	SVHC Candidate list - 203-713-7 - Toxic for reproduction, Article 57c

After the sunset date the use of this substance requires either an authorization or can only be used for exempted uses, e.g. use in scientific research and development which includes routine analytics or use as intermediate.

REACH links

https://echa.europa.eu/authorisation-list

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

https://echa.europa.eu/candidate-list-table

Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) -	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report	
		Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident		
		Notification	Requirements	
2-Methoxyethanol	109-86-4	Not applicable	Not applicable	

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)?

Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

Take note of Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

Take note of Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work

Take note of Dir 92/85/EC on the protection of pregnant and breastfeeding women at work

National Regulations

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

WGK Classification See table for values

Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class	
2-Methoxyethanol	WGK 2		

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)

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2-Methoxyethanol	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84

Swiss Regulations

Article 4 para. 4 of the Ordinance on the protection of young people in the workplace (SR 822.115) and Article 1 lit. f of the EAER regulation on hazardous work and young people (SR 822.115.2).

Take note on Article 13 Maternity Ordinance (SR 822.111.52) with regards expectant and nursing mothers.

Component	Switzerland - Ordinance on the Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR 814.81)	Switzerland - Ordinance on Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC)	Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure
2-Methoxyethanol 109-86-4 (> 98)		Group I	

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment/Report (CSA/CSR) has not been conducted

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H312 - Harmful in contact with skin

H332 - Harmful if inhaled

H370 - Causes damage to organs

H360FD - May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances **KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances Substances List **ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate VOC - (volatile organic compound)

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit

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and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eve wash and safety showers.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts. Chemical incident response training.

Creation Date11-Jun-2014Revision Date20-Oct-2023Revision SummaryNot applicable.

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006. COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

For Switzerland - Compiled in accordance with the technical provisions referred to in Annex 2, Number 3, ChemO (SR 813.11 - Ordinance on Protection against Dangerous Substances and Preparations).

Disclaimer

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End of Safety Data Sheet