

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Creation Date 22-Jan-2009 Revision Date 09-Feb-2024 **Revision Number** 3

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE **COMPANY/UNDERTAKING**

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: Isobutanol Cat No.: 32433

Svnonvms Isobutanol; Isobutyl alcohol

Index No 603-108-00-1 **CAS No** 78-83-1 EC No 201-148-0 C4 H10 O Molecular Formula

REACH registration number

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Sector of use SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

PC21 - Laboratory chemicals **Product category**

PROC15 - Use as a laboratory reagent **Process categories**

Environmental release category

ERC6a - Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates)

Uses advised against No Information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Thermo Fisher (Kandel) GmbH

Erlenbachweg 2, 76870 Kandel, Germany

Tel: +49 (0) 721 84007 280 Fax: +49 (0) 721 84007 300

Swiss distributor - Fisher Scientific AG Neuhofstrasse 11, CH 4153 Reinach

Tel: +41 (0) 56 618 41 11

https://www.fishersci.ch/ch/en/customer-help-

support/forms/email-us.html

begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com E-mail address

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information **US** call: 001-800-227-6701 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number US:001-201-796-7100 / Europe: +32 14 57 52 99 CHEMTREC Tel. No.US:001-800-424-9300 / Europe:001-703-527-3887

customers in Switzerland:

Tox Info Suisse Emergency Number: 145 (24hr)

Tox Info Suisse: +41-44 251 51 51 (Emergency number from abroad)

Chemtrec (24h) Toll-Free: 0800 564 402 Chemtrec Local: +41-43 508 20 11 (Zurich)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Physical hazards

Flammable liquids Category 3 (H226)

Health hazards

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)

Category 2 (H315)

Category 1 (H318)

Category 3 (H335) (H336)

Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Precautionary Statements

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

2.3. Other hazards

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB)

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Isobutyl alcohol	78-83-1	EEC No. 201-148-0	99	Flam. Liq. 3 (H226) Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) Eye Dam. 1 (H318) STOT SE 3 (H335) STOT SE 3 (H336)

REACH registration number -

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Eye ContactRinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

Immediate medical attention is required.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation persists,

call a physician.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

None reasonably foreseeable. Causes severe eye damage. Symptoms of overexposure

may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

Isobutanol Revision Date 09-Feb-2024

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable. Risk of ignition. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Flammables area.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

Class 3

Switzerland - Storage of hazardous substances

Storage class - SC 3

https://www.kvu.ch/de/themen/stoffe-und-produkte https://www.kvu.ch/fr/themes/substances-et-produits https://www.kvu.ch/it/temi/sostanze-e-prodotti

AL FA A 22422

Revision Date 09-Feb-2024

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Forth edition. Published 2020. **IRE** - 2010 Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations 2001. Published by the Health and Safety Authority. **CH** - The Government of Switzerland has set a directive on limit values for working materials (Grenzwerte am Arbeitsplatz) which is based on the Swiss Federal Regulation "Verordnung über die Verhütung von Unfällen und Berufskrankheiten". This directive is administered, periodically revised and enforced by SUVA (Swiss National Accident Insurance Fund).

	Component	European Union	The United Kingdom	France	Belgium	Spain
Ī	Isobutyl alcohol		STEL: 75 ppm 15 min	TWA / VME: 50 ppm (8	TWA: 50 ppm 8 uren	TWA / VLA-ED: 50 ppm
1			STEL: 231 mg/m ³ 15	heures).	TWA: 154 mg/m ³ 8 uren	(8 horas)
-			min	TWA / VME: 150 mg/m ³	_	TWA / VLA-ED: 154
-			TWA: 50 ppm 8 hr	(8 heures).		mg/m³ (8 horas)
-			TWA: 154 mg/m ³ 8 hr			

Component	Italy	Germany	Portugal	The Netherlands	Finland
Isobutyl alcohol		TWA: 100 ppm (8	TWA: 50 ppm 8 horas		TWA: 150 mg/m ³ 8
		Stunden). AGW -			tunteina
		exposure factor 1			TWA: 50 ppm 8 tunteina
		TWA: 310 mg/m ³ (8			STEL: 75 ppm 15
		Stunden). AGW -			minuutteina
		exposure factor 1			STEL: 230 mg/m ³ 15
		TWA: 100 ppm (8			minuutteina
		Stunden). MAK			lho
		TWA: 310 mg/m ³ (8			
		Stunden). MAK			
		Höhepunkt: 100 ppm			
		Höhepunkt: 310 mg/m ³			

Component	Austria	Denmark	Switzerland	Poland	Norway
Isobutyl alcohol	MAK-KZGW: 200 ppm	Ceiling: 50 ppm	STEL: 50 ppm 15	STEL: 200 mg/m ³ 15	Hud
	15 Minuten	Ceiling: 150 mg/m ³	Minuten	minutach	Ceiling: 25 ppm
	MAK-KZGW: 600 mg/m ³	Hud	STEL: 150 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 100 mg/m ³ 8	Ceiling: 75 mg/m ³
	15 Minuten		Minuten	godzinach	_
	MAK-TMW: 50 ppm 8		TWA: 50 ppm 8	_	
	Stunden		Stunden		
	MAK-TMW: 150 mg/m ³		TWA: 150 mg/m ³ 8		
	8 Stunden		Stunden		

Component	Bulgaria	Croatia	Ireland	Cyprus	Czech Republic
Isobutyl alcohol		kože	TWA: 150 mg/m ³ 8 hr.		TWA: 300 mg/m ³ 8
		TWA-GVI: 50 ppm 8	NCO		hodinách.
		satima.	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hr.		Potential for cutaneous
		TWA-GVI: 154 mg/m ³ 8	STEL: 225 mg/m ³ 15		absorption
		satima.	min		Ceiling: 600 mg/m ³
		STEL-KGVI: 75 ppm 15	STEL: 75 ppm 15 min		
		minutama.	• •		
		STEL-KGVI: 231 mg/m ³			
		15 minutama.			

Componer	nt Estonia	Gibraltar	Greece	Hungary	Iceland
Isobutyl alco	hol TWA: 50 ppm 8		STEL: 100 ppm		STEL: 50 ppm
	tundides.		STEL: 300 mg/m ³		STEL: 150 mg/m ³
	TWA: 150 mg/m ³ 8		TWA: 100 ppm		Skin notation
	tundides.		TWA: 300 mg/m ³		

Component	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg	Malta	Romania
Isobutyl alcohol	TWA: 10 mg/m ³	TWA: 10 mg/m³ IPRD			TWA: 33 ppm 8 ore

Isobutanol Revision Date 09-Feb-2024

Oda		TWA: 100 mg/m ³ 8 ore
		STEL: 66 ppm 15
		minute
		STEL: 200 mg/m ³ 15
		minute

Component	Russia	Slovak Republic	Slovenia	Sweden	Turkey
Isobutyl alcohol	MAC: 10 mg/m ³	TWA: 100 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm 8 urah	Indicative STEL: 75 ppm	
	_	TWA: 310 mg/m ³	TWA: 310 mg/m ³ 8 urah	15 minuter	
			STEL: 100 ppm 15	Indicative STEL: 250	
			minutah	mg/m ³ 15 minuter	
			STEL: 310 mg/m ³ 15	TLV: 50 ppm 8 timmar.	
			minutah	NGV	
				TLV: 150 mg/m ³ 8	
				timmar. NGV	ļ
				Hud	ļ

Biological limit values

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.

MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours

MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)
Isobutyl alcohol 78-83-1 (99)			DNEL = 310mg/m ³	

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

See values below.

Component	Fresh water	Fresh water	Water Intermittent	Microorganisms in	Soil (Agriculture)
		sediment		sewage treatment	
Isobutyl alcohol 78-83-1 (99)	PNEC = 0.4mg/L	PNEC = 1.56mg/kg sediment dw	PNEC = 11mg/L	PNEC = 10mg/L	PNEC = 0.0765mg/kg soil dw

Component	Marine water	Marine water sediment	Marine water Intermittent	Food chain	Air
Isobutyl alcohol	PNEC = 0.04mg/L	PNEC =			
78-83-1 (99)		0.156mg/kg			
		sediment dw			ļ.

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

	Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
١	Nitrile rubber	> 480 minutes	0.38 mm	EN 374	As tested under EN374-3 Determination of
	Butyl rubber	> 480 minutes	0.35 mm	Level 6	Resistance to Permeation by Chemicals
İ	Neoprene gloves	> 480 minutes	0.45 mm		, in the second of the second
	Viton (R)	> 480 minutes	0.70 mm		

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing.

Inspect gloves before use. observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information) gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion. gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to

EN14387

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

141

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid

Appearance Colorless aromatic

Odor ThresholdNo data availableMelting Point/Range-108 °C / -162.4 °FSoftening PointNo data availableBoiling Point/Range108 °C / 226.4 °F

Flammability (liquid) Flammable On basis of test data

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Liquid

Lower 1.6 Vol% Upper 10.9 Vol%

Flash Point 28 °C / 82.4 °F Method - No information available

ALFAA32433

Explosion Limits

Isobutanol Revision Date 09-Feb-2024

Autoignition Temperature
Decomposition Temperature
pH
Viscosity

430 °C / 806 °F
No data available
No information available
No data available

Water Solubility Soluble

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Component log Pow

Isobutyl alcohol 1

Vapor Pressure 11.7 mbar @ 20°C

Density / Specific Gravity 0.800

Bulk DensityNot applicableLiquidVapor Density2.6(Air = 1.0)

Particle characteristics Not applicable (liquid)

9.2. Other information

Molecular Formula C4 H10 O
Molecular Weight 74.12
VOC Content(%) 100 %

Explosive Properties Not explosive explosive air/vapour mixtures possible

Oxidizing Properties Not oxidising (based on the chemical structure of the substance and oxidation states of the

constituent elements)

Evaporation Rate 0.6 - (Butyl Acetate = 1.0)

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and

sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Acid anhydrides. Acid chlorides.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Product Information See actual entry in RTECS for complete information.

(a) acute toxicity;

Oral Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Isobutanol Revision Date 09-Feb-2024

DermalBased on available data, the classification criteria are not metInhalationBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	mponent LD50 Oral		LC50 Inhalation	
Isobutyl alcohol	LD50 = 2460 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 = 3400 mg/kg (Rabbit)	LC50 > 18.18 mg/L (Rat) 6 h	

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 2

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory Skin Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(f) carcinogenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

(g) reproductive toxicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(h) STOT-single exposure; Category 3

Results / Target organs Respiratory system, Central nervous system (CNS).

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Target Organs None known.

(j) aspiration hazard; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. delayed

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine Disrupting Properties Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any

known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity Ecotoxicity effects

Do not empty into drains. .

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
Isobutyl alcohol	LC50: 1370 - 1670 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Pimephales promelas) LC50: = 375 mg/L, 96h static (Pimephales promelas) LC50: 1120 - 1520 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Oncorhynchus	EC50: = 1300 mg/L, 48h (Daphnia magna) EC50: 1070 - 1933 mg/L, 48h Static (Daphnia magna)	1799 mg/l EC50 = 72 h 230 mg/L EC50 = 48 h

Isobutanol Revision Date 09-Feb-2024

	mykiss) LC50: 1480 - 1730 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Lepomis macrochirus)		
--	---	--	--

Component		Microtox	M-Factor
	Isobutyl alcohol	EC50 = 1224.6 mg/L 15 min	

12.2. Persistence and degradability Readily biodegradable

Persistence Soluble in water, Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

Component	Degradability
Isobutyl alcohol	90% (14d)
78-83-1 (99)	

Degradation in sewage treatment plant

Contains no substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Product has a low potential to bioconcentrate; Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Isobutyl alcohol	1	< 100

12.4. Mobility in soil

The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems Will likely be mobile in the

environment due to its water solubility. Disperses rapidly in air: Highly mobile in soils

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent

and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

12.6. Endocrine disrupting

properties

Endocrine Disruptor Information

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

12.7. Other adverse effects

Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused

Products

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers

retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and

empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

European Waste Catalogue (EWC) According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but

application specific.

Other Information Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product

was used. Do not flush to sewer. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with

local regulations. Do not empty into drains.

Switzerland - Waste Ordinance Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations. Ordinance on the Avoidance and the Disposal of Waste (Waste Ordinance,

ADWO) SR 814.600

https://www.fedlex.admin.ch/eli/cc/2015/891/en

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

14.1. UN number UN1212 **14.2. UN proper shipping name** UN2212 ISOBUTANOL

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 14.4. Packing group III

ADR

14.1. UN numberUN121214.2. UN proper shipping nameISOBUTANOL

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 14.4. Packing group III

IATA

14.1. UN numberUN121214.2. UN proper shipping nameISOBUTANOL

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 14.4. Packing group III

14.5. Environmental hazards No hazards identified

14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable, packaged goods

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

ſ	_									
I	Isobutyl alcohol	78-83-1	201-148-0	-	ı	X	X	KE-24894	Х	Χ
l	Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL

Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
Isobutyl alcohol	78-83-1	Х	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	Х	X

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed **KECL** - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) -	REACH (1907/2006) -	REACH Regulation (EC
		Annex XIV - Substances	Annex XVII - Restrictions	1907/2006) article 59 -
		Subject to Authorization	on Certain Dangerous	Candidate List of
			Substances	Substances of Very High

Isobutanol Revision Date 09-Feb-2024

				Concern (SVHC)
Isobutyl alcohol	78-83-1	-	Use restricted. See item	-
			75.	
			(see link for restriction	
			details)	

REACH links

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)		
		Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident	Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report	
		Notification	Requirements	
Isobutyl alcohol	78-83-1	Not applicable	Not applicable	

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)? Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

National Regulations

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

WGK Classification See table for values

	Component Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)		Germany - TA-Luft Class	
ı	Isobutyl alcohol	WGK1		

Component France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)		
Isobutyl alcohol	nol Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84	

Swiss Regulations

Article 4 para. 4 of the Ordinance on the protection of young people in the workplace (SR 822.115) and Article 1 lit. f of the EAER regulation on hazardous work and young people (SR 822.115.2).

Take note on Article 13 Maternity Ordinance (SR 822.111.52) with regards expectant and nursing mothers.

Component	Switzerland - Ordinance on the Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR 814.81)	Switzerland - Ordinance on Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC)	Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure
Isobutyl alcohol 78-83-1 (99)		Group I	

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment/Report (CSA/CSR) has been conducted by the manufacturer/importer

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATIO	N
OLOTION 10. OTTIER IN ORMATIO	IN CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTO

Revision Date 09-Feb-2024 Isobutanol

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances **KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

> **ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime

Dangerous Goods Code

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

Ships

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate VOC - (volatile organic compound)

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hvaiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts. Chemical incident response training.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Prepared By Health, Safety and Environmental Department

Creation Date 22-Jan-2009 **Revision Date** 09-Feb-2024

Revision Summary New emergency telephone response service provider.

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006. COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

For Switzerland - Compiled in accordance with the technical provisions referred to in Annex 2, Number 3, ChemO (SR 813.11 - Ordinance on Protection against Dangerous Substances and Preparations).

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information

Isobutanol

Revision Date 09-Feb-2024

relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet