

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Creation Date 24-July-2007 Revision Date 11-September-2023 **Revision Number** 8

1. Identification

Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (Laboratory) Product Name

Cat No.: E179-4

CAS-No 111-76-2

Synonyms 2-Butoxyethanol; Butyl cellosolve; Butyl glycol

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use. Uses advised against

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Importer/Distributor Manufacturer

Fisher Scientific 112 Colonnade Road. Ottawa, ON K2E 7L6,

Canada

Tel: 1-800-234-7437

Fisher Scientific Company One Reagent Lane Fair Lawn, NJ 07410 Tel: (201) 796-7100

Emergency Telephone Number

CHEMTREC®, Inside the USA: 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC®, Outside the USA: 001-703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

Classified as hazardous under the Hazardous Products Regulations (SOR/2015-17) WHMIS 2015 Classification

Flammable liquids Category 4 Acute oral toxicity Category 4 Acute Inhalation Toxicity Category 3 Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2 Category 2 Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Label Elements

Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

Combustible liquid Harmful if swallowed Toxic if inhaled

Causes skin irritation
Causes serious eye irritation



Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Response

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor

Rinse mouth

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse

In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Store locked up

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Other Hazards

Light sensitive

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %
2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	<100

4. First-aid measures

General Advice Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is

required.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. In

the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical

advice.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical

attention is required.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Do not use mouth-to-mouth

method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device.

Immediate medical attention is required.

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

None reasonably foreseeable. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, Most important symptoms/effects

tiredness, nausea and vomiting

Treat symptomatically **Notes to Physician**

Fire-fighting measures

Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may Suitable Extinguishing Media

be used to cool closed containers.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media No information available

Flash Point 62 °C / 143.6 °F

Method -Pensky Martens Closed Cup (ASTM D93, BS EN 22719, BS 2000 Part 404, IP 404, ISO

2719, AS/NZS 2106)

Autoignition Temperature 230 °C / 446 °F

Explosion Limits

Upper 12.7% @ 135°C Lower 1.1% @ 93°C **Oxidizing Properties** Not oxidising

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Combustible material. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may accumulate in confined areas (basement, tanks, hopper/tank cars, etc.). Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Risk of ignition.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂), peroxides.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

NFPA

Health	Flammability	Instability	Physical hazards		
3	2	0	N/A		

Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep people

away from and upwind of spill/leak. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Remove all sources

of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Environmental Precautions Should not be released into the environment.

Methods for Containment and Clean Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Up

Remove all sources of ignition.

7. Handling and storage

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on Handling

clothing. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Keep away from open

flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

Storage.

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Protect from light. Protect from moisture. Reacts with air to form peroxides. Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep in properly labeled containers. Keep away from heat. Flammables area. Incompatible Materials. Strong oxidizing agents. Bases. Metals. Aluminium.

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines

Component	Alberta	British Columbia	Ontario TWAEV	Quebec	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH
2-Butoxyethanol	TWA: 20 ppm TWA: 97 mg/m ³	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 20 ppm	` 25 ppm	IDLH: 700 ppm TWA: 5 ppm
						(Vacated) TWA: 120 mg/m³ Skin	TWA: 24 mg/m ³
						TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 240 mg/m ³	

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

NIOSH: NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

Engineering Measures

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control

hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	Glove comments
Butyl rubber	> 480 minutes	0.5 mm	As tested under EN374-3
Viton (R)	> 480 minutes	0.4 mm	Determination of Resistance to
Nitrile rubber			Permeation by Chemicals

Inspect gloves before use. observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information) gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion. gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly **Recommended Filter type:** Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to EN14387

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls

No information available.

Hygiene Measures

When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Provide regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical StateLiquidAppearanceLight yellowOdorSlight

Odor Threshold
pHNo information available
No information available

 Melting Point/Range
 -70 °C / -94 °F

 Boiling Point/Range
 171 °C / 339.8 °F

 Flash Point
 62 °C / 143.6 °F

Method - Pensky Martens Closed Cup (ASTM D93, BS EN 22719, BS

2000 Part 404, IP 404, ISO 2719, AS/NZS 2106)

Evaporation RateNo information available

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable

Flammability or explosive limits

 Upper
 12.7% @ 135°C

 Lower
 1.1% @ 93°C

 Vapor Pressure
 0.8 hPa @ 20°C

 Vapor Density
 No information available

Specific Gravity 0.901

SolubilityMiscible with waterPartition coefficient; n-octanol/waterNo data availableAutoignition Temperature230 °C / 446 °FDecomposition TemperatureNo information availableViscosity5.31 mPa.s at 20 °C

Molecular Formula C6 H14 O2 Molecular Weight 118.18

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard None known, based on information available

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Incompatible products. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight. Exposure to air or moisture over prolonged

periods. Heating in air.

Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizing agents, Bases, Metals, Aluminium,

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2), peroxides

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous ReactionsNone under normal processing.

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Product Information

Component Information

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
2-Butoxyethanol	1746 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 > 2000 mg/kg (Guinea pig) OCED 402	LC50 = 450 ppm (Rat) 4 h LC50 = 486 ppm (Rat) 4 h

Toxicologically Synergistic No information available

Products

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (Laboratory)

Irritation Irritating to eyes and skin Sensitization No information available

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	Not listed	Not listed	A3	Not listed	A3

ACGIH: (American Conference of Governmental Industrial

Mexico - Occupational Exposure Limits - Carcinogens

Hygienists)

A1 - Known Human Carcinogen

A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen

A3 - Animal Carcinogen

ACGIH: (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

Mexico - Occupational Exposure Limits - Carcinogens

A1 - Confirmed Human Carcinogen A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogen

A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen A5 - Not Suspected as a Human Carcinogen

Mutagenic Effects No information available

Reproductive Effects None known.

No information available. **Developmental Effects** No information available. **Teratogenicity**

STOT - single exposure None known STOT - repeated exposure None known

Aspiration hazard No information available

Symptoms / effects, both acute and Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

delayed

Endocrine Disruptor Information No information available

No information available. Other Adverse Effects

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

. Do not empty into drains.

Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
2-Butoxyethanol	1840 mg/l EC50 72 hr	1490 mg/L LC50 96 h	Not listed	1550 mg/l EC50 48 hr
-		2950 mg/L LC50 96 h		>1000 mg/L EC50 48 h
		_		1698 - 1940 mg/L EC50 24
				h

Persistence and Degradability Persistence is unlikely

Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation No information available.

Mobility . Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility.

Component	log Pow
2-Butoxyethanol	0.81

13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Methods

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN-No UN2810

Proper Shipping Name TOXIC LIQUIDS, ORGANIC, N.O.S.

Technical Name 2-Butoxyethanol

Hazard Class 6.1 Packing Group III

TDG

UN-No UN2810

Proper Shipping Name TOXIC LIQUID, ORGANIC, N.O.S.

Hazard Class 6.1 Packing Group III

<u>IATA</u>

UN-No UN2810

Proper Shipping Name TOXIC LIQUID, ORGANIC, N.O.S.

Hazard Class 6.1 Packing Group III

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN2810

Proper Shipping Name TOXIC LIQUID, ORGANIC, N.O.S.

Hazard Class 6.1 Packing Group III

15. Regulatory information

International Inventories

2-Butoxyethanol 111-76-2 X - X ACTIVE 203-905-0	Component	CAS-No	DSL	NDSL	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP
2 Batoxy outland	2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	X	-	X	ACTIVE	203-905-0	-	-

Γ	Component	CAS-No	IECSC	KECL	ENCS	ISHL	TCSI	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
Γ	2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	X	KE-04134	X	X	X	X	X	Х

Legend:

X - Listed '-' - Not Listed

KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

Canada

SDS in compliance with provisions of information as set out in Canadian Standard - Part 4, Schedule 1 and 2 of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) and meets the requirements of the HPR (Paragraph 13(1)(a) of the Hazardous Products Act (HPA)).

Component	Canada - National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI)	Canadian Environmental Protection Agency (CEPA) - List of Toxic Substances	Canada's Chemicals Management Plan (CEPA)
2-Butoxyethanol	Part 1, Group A Substance	Schedule I	
	Part 5, Individual Substances Part 4		
	Substance		

Legend

NPRI - National Pollutant Release Inventory

Other International Regulations

Restriction of

Ozone Depletion

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	_ (REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	
			Concern (SVIIC)
2-Butoxyethanol	-	Use restricted. See item 75.	=
		(see link for restriction details)	

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

Component

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

CAS-No

			Pollutant	Potential	Hazardous Substances (RoHS)
2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	Listed	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Component	CAS-No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements	Rotterdam Convention (PIC)	Basel Convention (Hazardous Waste)
2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable

16. Other information

Prepared By Regulatory Affairs

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OECD HPV

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Revision Summary This document has been updated to comply with the requirements of WHMIS 2015 to align

with the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) for the Classification and Labelling of

Persistent Organic

Chemicals.

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of SDS