

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Creation Date 11-Jun-2009 Revision Date 24-Mar-2024 Revision Number 2

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: <u>Ethanolamine</u>

Cat No. : C14958

Synonyms 2-Aminoethanol, monoethanolamine

 Index No
 603-030-00-8

 CAS No
 141-43-5

 EC No
 205-483-3

 Molecular Formula
 C2 H7 N O

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Sector of use SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

Product category PC21 - Laboratory chemicals

Process categories PROC15 - Use as a laboratory reagent

Environmental release category ERC6a - Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates)

Uses advised against No Information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Thermo Fisher (Kandel) GmbH

Erlenbachweg 2, 76870 Kandel, Germany

Tel: +49 (0) 721 84007 280 Fax: +49 (0) 721 84007 300

Swiss distributor - Fisher Scientific AG Neuhofstrasse 11, CH 4153 Reinach

Tel: +41 (0) 56 618 41 11

https://www.fishersci.ch/ch/en/customer-help-

support/forms/email-us.html

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information **US** call: 001-800-227-6701 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No.**US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

customers in Switzerland:

Tox Info Suisse Emergency Number: 145 (24hr)

Tox Info Suisse: +41-44 251 51 51 (Emergency number from abroad)

Chemtrec (24h) Toll-Free: 0800 564 402 Chemtrec Local: +41-43 508 20 11 (Zurich)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Physical hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Health hazards

Acute oral toxicity	Category 4 (H302)
Acute dermal toxicity	Category 4 (H312)
Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors	Category 4 (H332)
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 1 B (H314)
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 1 (H318)
Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)	Category 3 (H335)

Environmental hazards

Chronic aquatic toxicity Category 3 (H412)

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

H302 + H312 + H332 - Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled

Combustible liquid

Precautionary Statements

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

2.3. Other hazards

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB)

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Ethanolamine	141-43-5	EEC No. 205-483-3	>95	Acute Tox. 4 (H302) Acute Tox. 4 (H312) Acute Tox. 4 (H332) Skin Corr. 1B (H314) Eye Dam. 1 (H318) STOT 3 (H335) Aquatic Chronic 3 (H412)

Component	Specific concentration limits (SCL's)	M-Factor	Component notes
Ethanolamine	STOT SE 3 :: C>=5%	=	-

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is

required.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

Immediate medical attention is required. Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove and wash

contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Call a physician

immediately.

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Clean

mouth with water. Call a physician immediately.

Inhalation Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give

artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Remove from exposure, lie down. Call a physician

immediately. If not breathing, give artificial respiration.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Use personal protective equipment as required.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Difficulty in breathing. Causes burns by all exposure routes. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation

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4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

CO₂, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Combustible material. Containers may explode when heated.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information. Avoid release to the environment. Collect spillage.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

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Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Corrosives area. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Store under an inert atmosphere.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510

Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

Storage Class/LGK 8A

Switzerland - Storage of hazardous substances

Storage class - SC 8

(Alkali) https://www.kvu.ch/de/themen/stoffe-und-produkte https://www.kvu.ch/fr/themes/substances-et-produits https://www.kvu.ch/it/temi/sostanze-e-prodotti

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): **EU** - Commission Directive (EU) 2019/1831 of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Forth edition. Published 2020. **IRE** - 2010 Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations 2001. Published by the Health and Safety Authority. **CH** - The Government of Switzerland has set a directive on limit values for working materials (Grenzwerte am Arbeitsplatz) which is based on the Swiss Federal Regulation "Verordnung über die Verhütung von Unfällen und Berufskrankheiten". This directive is administered, periodically revised and enforced by SUVA (Swiss National Accident Insurance Fund).

Component	European Union	The United Kingdom	France	Belgium	Spain
Ethanolamine	TWA: 1 ppm 8 hr	STEL: 3 ppm 15 min	TWA / VME: 1 ppm (8	TWA: 1 ppm 8 uren	STEL / VLA-EC: 3 ppm
	TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³ 8 hr	STEL: 7.6 mg/m ³ 15 min	heures).	TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³ 8 uren	(15 minutos).
	STEL: 3 ppm 15 min	TWA: 1 ppm 8 hr	TWA / VME: 2.5 mg/m ³	STEL: 3 ppm 15	STEL / VLA-EC: 7.5
	STEL: 7.6 mg/m ³ 15 min	TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³ 8 hr	(8 heures).	minuten	mg/m³ (15 minutos).
	Skin	Skin	STEL / VLCT: 3 ppm.	STEL: 7.6 mg/m ³ 15	TWA / VLA-ED: 1 ppm
			STEL / VLCT: 7.6	minuten	(8 horas)
			mg/m³.	Huid	TWA / VLA-ED: 2.5
			Peau		mg/m³ (8 horas)
					Piel

Component	Italy	Germany	Portugal	The Netherlands	Finland
Ethanolamine	TWA: 1 ppm 8 ore.	TWA: 2 ppm (8	STEL: 3 ppm 15	huid	TWA: 1 ppm 8 tunteina
	TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³ 8 ore.	Stunden). AGW -	minutos	STEL: 7.6 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³ 8
	STEL: 3 ppm 15 minuti.	exposure factor 2	STEL: 7.6 mg/m ³ 15	minuten	tunteina
	Breve termine	TWA: 5.1 mg/m³ (8	minutos	TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³ 8 uren	STEL: 3 ppm 15
	STEL: 7.6 mg/m ³ 15	Stunden). AGW -	TWA: 1 ppm 8 horas		minuutteina
	minuti. Breve termine	exposure factor 2	TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³ 8 horas		STEL: 7.6 mg/m ³ 15
	Pelle	TWA: 2 ppm (8	Pele		minuutteina
		Stunden). MAK			lho
		TWA: 5.1 mg/m³ (8			
		Stunden). MAK			
		Höhepunkt: 4 ppm			
		Höhepunkt: 10.2 mg/m ³			
		Haut			

Component	Austria	Denmark	Switzerland	Poland	Norway
Ethanolamine	Haut	TWA: 1 ppm 8 timer	STEL: 4 ppm 15	STEL: 7.5 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 1 ppm 8 timer
	MAK-KZW: 3 ppm 15	TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³ 8 timer	Minuten	minutach	TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³ 8 timer
	Minuten	Hud	STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³ 8	STEL: 3 ppm 15
	MAK-KZW: 7.6 mg/m ³		Minuten	godzinach	minutter.

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15 Minuten MAK-TMW: 1 ppm 8	TWA: 2 ppm 8 Stunden TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8	STEL: 5 mg/m³ 15 minutter.
Stunden	Stunden	Hud
MAK-TMW: 2.5 mg/m³ 8 Stunden		

Component	Bulgaria	Croatia	Ireland	Cyprus	Czech Republic
Ethanolamine	TWA: 1 ppm	kože	TWA: 1 ppm 8 hr.	Skin-potential for	TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³ 8
	TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³	TWA-GVI: 1 ppm 8	TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³ 8 hr.	cutaneous absorption	hodinách.
	STEL: 3 ppm	satima.	STEL: 3 ppm 15 min	STEL: 3 ppm	Potential for cutaneous
	STEL: 7.6 mg/m ³	TWA-GVI: 2.5 mg/m ³ 8	STEL: 7.6 mg/m ³ 15 min	STEL: 7.6 mg/m ³	absorption
	Skin notation	satima.	Skin	TWA: 1 ppm	Ceiling: 7.5 mg/m ³
		STEL-KGVI: 3 ppm 15		TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³	
		minutama.			
		STEL-KGVI: 7.6 mg/m ³			
		15 minutama.			

Component	Estonia	Gibraltar	Greece	Hungary	Iceland
Ethanolamine	Nahk TWA: 1 ppm 8 tundides. TWA: 2.5 mg/m³ 8 tundides.	Skin notation	skin - potential for cutaneous absorption STEL: 3 ppm STEL: 7.6 mg/m³	STEL: 7.6 mg/m³ 15 percekben. CK TWA: 2.5 mg/m³ 8 órában. AK lehetséges borön keresztüli felszívódás	STEL: 3 ppm STEL: 7.6 mg/m³ TWA: 1 ppm 8 klukkustundum. TWA: 2.5 mg/m³ 8 klukkustundum. Skin notation
	minutites.				Ceiling: 2 ppm Ceiling: 5 mg/m ³

Component	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg	Malta	Romania
Ethanolamine	skin - potential for	TWA: 3 ppm IPRD	TWA: 1 ppm 8 Stunden	possibility of significant	Skin notation
	cutaneous exposure	TWA: 8 mg/m ³ IPRD	TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³ 8	uptake through the skin	TWA: 1 ppm 8 ore
	STEL: 3 ppm	Oda	Stunden	TWA: 1 ppm	TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³ 8 ore
	STEL: 7.6 mg/m ³	STEL: 6 ppm	STEL: 3 ppm 15	TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³	STEL: 3 ppm 15 minute
	TWA: 0.2 ppm	STEL: 15 mg/m ³	Minuten	STEL: 3 ppm 15 minuti	STEL: 7.6 mg/m ³ 15
	TWA: 0.5 mg/m ³		STEL: 7.6 mg/m ³ 15	STEL: 7.6 mg/m ³ 15	minute
			Minuten	minuti	

Component	Russia	Slovak Republic	Slovenia	Sweden	Turkey
Ethanolamine	Skin notation	Ceiling: 7.6 mg/m ³	TWA: 1 ppm 8 urah	STV: 6 ppm 15 minuter	Deri
	MAC: 0.5 mg/m ³	Potential for cutaneous	TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³ 8 urah	STV: 15 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 1 ppm 8 saat
	_	absorption	Koža	minuter	TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³ 8 saat
		TWA: 1 ppm	STEL: 3 ppm 15	LLV: 3 ppm 8 timmar.	STEL: 3 ppm 15 dakika
		TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³	minutah	LLV: 8 mg/m ³ 8 timmar.	STEL: 7.6 mg/m ³ 15
			STEL: 7.5 mg/m ³ 15	Hud	dakika
			minutah		

Biological limit values

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.

MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

Workers: See table for values

Component	Acute effects local (Oral)	Acute effects systemic (Oral)	Chronic effects local (Oral)	Chronic effects systemic (Oral)
Ethanolamine				3.75 mg/kg

141-43-5 (>95)		

Component	Acute effects local (Dermal)	Acute effects systemic (Dermal)	Chronic effects local (Dermal)	Chronic effects systemic (Dermal)
Ethanolamine				DNEL = 3mg/kg bw/day
141-43-5 (>95)				DNEL = 331mg/kg
				bw/day

Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)
Ethanolamine 141-43-5 (>95)			DNEL = 0.51mg/m ³	DNEL = 1mg/m^3 DNEL = 156mg/m^3

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

See values below.

Component	Fresh water	Fresh water	Water Intermittent	Microorganisms in	Soil (Agriculture)
		sediment		sewage treatment	
Ethanolamine	PNEC = 0.07mg/L	PNEC =	PNEC = 0.028mg/L	PNEC = 100mg/L	PNEC = 1.29mg/kg
141-43-5 (>95)	PNEC = 57µg/L	0.357mg/kg	$PNEC = 100 \mu g/L$	PNEC = 5mg/L	soil dw
, ,		sediment dw			PNEC =
		PNEC =			0.0731mg/kg soil
		0.533mg/kg			dw
		sediment dw			

Component	Marine water	Marine water sediment	Marine water Intermittent	Food chain	Air
Ethanolamine	PNEC = 0.007mg/L	PNEC =			
141-43-5 (>95)	PNEC = 5.7μg/L	0.0357mg/kg sediment dw PNEC = 0.0533mg/kg sediment dw			

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Natural rubber	See manufacturers	-	EN 374	(minimum requirement)
Nitrile rubber	recommendations			
Neoprene				
PVC				

Skin and body protection

Wear impervious gloves and/or clothing if needed to prevent contact with the material.

Inspect gloves before use. observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information) gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local

conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: Ammonia and organic ammonia derivatives filter Type K

Green conforming to EN14387 Particulates filter conforming to EN 143

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

141

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls Prevent product from entering drains.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid

Appearance Colorless Odor Fishy

Odor Threshold
Melting Point/Range
Softening Point
Boiling Point/Range
No data available
No data available
No data available
170 °C / 338 °F

Boiling Point/Range170 °C / 338 °F@ 760 mmHgFlammability (liquid)Combustible liquidOn basis of test dataFlammability (solid,qas)Not applicableLiquid

Explosion Limits Lower 5.5 vol%

Upper 17 vol%

Flash Point 92 °C / 197.6 °F Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature 450 °C / 842 °F Decomposition Temperature No data available

pH 12 @ 20°C 20 g/l aq. sol **Viscosity** 24 cP at 20 °C

Water Solubility Miscible

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Component log Pow Ethanolamine -1.91

Vapor Pressure 0.48 mmHg @ 20°C

Density / Specific Gravity 1.012

Bulk DensityNot applicableLiquidVapor Density2.1 (Air = 1.0)(Air = 1.0)

Particle characteristics Not applicable (liquid)

9.2. Other information

Molecular Formula C2 H7 N O Molecular Weight 61.08

Explosive Properties explosive air/vapour mixtures possible

Evaporation Rate > 1 (Butyl Acetate = 1.0)

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Hygroscopic. Air sensitive.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and

sources of ignition. Exposure to air. Exposure to moist air or water.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Thermal

decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

OralCategory 4DermalCategory 4InhalationCategory 4

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Ethanolamine	1720 mg/kg (Rat)	1000 mg/kg(Rabbit)	LC50 > 1.3 mg/L (Rat) 6 h
		1 mL/kg (Rabbit)	

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 1 B

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

RespiratorySkin
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(f) carcinogenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

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(a) reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(h) STOT-single exposure; Category 3

Results / Target organs Respiratory system.

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

None known. **Target Organs**

(j) aspiration hazard; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

delayed

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated. Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine Disrupting Properties

Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Ecotoxicity effects

Do not empty into drains. Contains a substance which is:. Harmful to aquatic organisms. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment. Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
Ethanolamine	Leusiscus idus: LC50: >200 mg/L/48h	EC50: 65 mg/L/48h	EC50: 15 mg/L/72h
	Salmo gairdneri: LC50: 150 mg/L/96h		

Component	Microtox	M-Factor
Ethanolamine	Pseudomonas putida: EC50: 110 mg/L/17 h	
	Nitrosomonas: EC50: 12200 mg/L/2 h	
	Photobacterium phosphoreum: EC50: 13.7	
	mg/L/30 min	

12.2. Persistence and degradability Readily biodegradable

Persistence Soluble in water, Persistence is unlikely, based on information available, Miscible with

Degradation in sewage

treatment plant

Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste

water treatment plants.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)		
Ethanolamine	-1.91	No data available		

12.4. Mobility in soil The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility. Highly mobile in soils

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12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent

and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

12.6. Endocrine disrupting

properties

Endocrine Disruptor Information

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

12.7. Other adverse effects

Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused

Products

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives

on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point.

European Waste Catalogue (EWC) According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but

application specific.

Other Information Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the

application for which the product was used. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms. Solutions with high pH-value must be neutralized

before discharge. Do not let this chemical enter the environment.

Switzerland - Waste Ordinance Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations. Ordinance on the Avoidance and the Disposal of Waste (Waste Ordinance,

ADWO) SR 814.600

https://www.fedlex.admin.ch/eli/cc/2015/891/en

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

14.1. UN number UN2491

14.2. UN proper shipping name ETHANOLAMINE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 8 14.4. Packing group 8

ADR

14.1. UN number UN2491

14.2. UN proper shipping name ETHANOLAMINE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 8
14.4. Packing group III

<u>IATA</u>

14.1. UN number UN2491

14.2. UN proper shipping name ETHANOLAMINE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 8 14.4. Packing group 8

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14.5. Environmental hazardsNo hazards identified

14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk Not applicable, packaged goods

according to IMO instruments

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
Ethanolamine	141-43-5	205-483-3	-	-	Х	X	X	Х	Χ
Component	CAS No	TSCA	notific	ventory ation -	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
			Active-	Inactive					

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization		REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Ethanolamine	141-43-5	-	Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	•

REACH links

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report
		Notification	Requirements
Ethanolamine	141-43-5	Not applicable	Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)? Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

Ethanolamine Revision Date 24-Mar-2024

Take note of Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

National Regulations

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

WGK Classification

See table for values

Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Ethanolamine	WGK 1	Class I: 20 mg/m³ (Massenkonzentration)

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases) Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 49,RG 49bis	
Ethanolamine		

Swiss Regulations

Article 4 para. 4 of the Ordinance on the protection of young people in the workplace (SR 822.115) and Article 1 lit. f of the EAER regulation on hazardous work and young people (SR 822.115.2).

Take note on Article 13 Maternity Ordinance (SR 822.111.52) with regards expectant and nursing mothers.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment/Report (CSA/CSR) has not been conducted

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H312 - Harmful in contact with skin

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H332 - Harmful if inhaled

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances **KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

> **ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

Key literature references and sources for data

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

VOC - (volatile organic compound)

Ethanolamine Revision Date 24-Mar-2024

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Prepared By Health, Safety and Environmental Department

Creation Date 11-Jun-2009 Revision Date 24-Mar-2024

Revision Summary New emergency telephone response service provider.

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006. COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

For Switzerland - Compiled in accordance with the technical provisions referred to in Annex 2, Number 3, ChemO (SR 813.11 - Ordinance on Protection against Dangerous Substances and Preparations).

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet