

Australian statement of hazardous nature: Classified as hazardous according to criteria of Safe Work Australia

### Section 1 - Identification

Product Name <u>Isopropanol, 90% in water</u>

**CAS No** 67-63-0

Synonyms 2-Propanol; IPA; Isopropyl alcohol; Propan-2-ol; Isopropanol

Product Code CSA05004G; CSA05004P; CSB05004G; CSB05004P; CSA05004STR; CSA05004GSR

Address ThermoFisher Scientific Australia Pty Ltd

5 Caribbean Drive, Scoresby VICTORIA 3179, Australia

Emergency Tel. CHEMTREC®

03 9757 4559 or +613 9757 4559

Telephone / Fax Numbers Tel: 1300 735 292

Fax: 1800 067 639

E-mail address ANZinfo@thermofisher.com

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Uses advised against This product does not contain any substance(s) on the Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents list.

This product does not contain any substance(s) subject to Prohibition, Authorization or Restriction. This product does not contain any substance(s) listed on the voluntary National

Code of Practice for Chemicals of Security Concern.

## Section 2 - Hazard(s) Identification

### Classification under Safe Work Australia

Classified as hazardous according to criteria of Safe Work Australia

Physical hazards

Flammable liquids Category 2

**Health hazards** 

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure) Category 3

**Environmental hazards** 

No hazards identified

**Label Elements** 

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Flame

**Exclamation Mark** 

#### Signal Word

#### **Danger**

### **Hazard Statements**

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

### **Precautionary Statements**

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P233 - Keep container tightly closed

P240 - Ground and bond container and receiving equipment

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting equipment

P242 - Use non-sparking tools

P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges

P264 - Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

### Other information

# Section 3 - Composition and Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS No	Weight %
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	>95

### Section 4 - First Aid Measures

**Inhalation** Remove to fresh air. Get medical attention. If not breathing, give artificial respiration.

**Ingestion** Do NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention.

**Skin Contact** Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur.

**Eye Contact** Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

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protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

**First Aid Facilities** Eyewash, safety shower and washroom.

Most important symptoms and

effects

Difficulty in breathing. May cause central nervous system depression: Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea

and vomiting

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

## Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

### **Suitable Extinguishing Media**

CO<sub>2</sub>, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

### Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

Do not use water jetstream. Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

### **Hazardous Decomposition Products**

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2), peroxides.

### **Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical**

Flammable. Risk of ignition. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated.

### Special protective equipment and precautions for fire fighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

### Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

### **Emergency procedures**

Use personal protective equipment as required. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

#### **Environmental Precautions**

Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

### Methods for Containment and Clean Up

### Clean-up methods - small spillage

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Remove all sources of ignition. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

### Clean-up methods - large spillage

Typically only supplied is small quantiites as packaged goods.

If extremely toxic or used in larger quantities ensure a spillage action plan is in place. Evacuate area. Control the source and/or contain the spill if safe and able to do so. Use temporary diking, sand bags, dry sand, earth or proprietary booms/absorbent pads if available. Obtain advice on containment, neutralisation and clean-up from local emergency responders.

### **Reference to Other Sections**

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

## Section 7 - Handling and Storage

### **Precautions for Safe Handling**

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Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded.

### Conditions for Safe Storage, Including any Incompatibilities

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Flammables area. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

AS/NZS 2243.10:2004, Safety in laboratories - Storage of chemicals AS 1940-2004 - The storage and handling of flammable and combustible liquids

## Section 8 - Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

### **Exposure limits**

AUS - Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment - Guidance Note on the Interpretation of Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment [NOHSC:3008(1995)] Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment [NOHSC:1003(1995)] updated in August, 2005. Safe Work Australia ACGIH - Threshold Limit Values - Ceiling (TLV-C) guidelines by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) for controlling worker exposure to airborne chemical concentrations in the workplace. UK - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Fourth edition. Published 2020. DE - MAK and BAT values of Hazardous Chemical Compounds in the Work Area. Published by German Research Foundation on July 1, 2011

Component	Australia	New Zealand WEL	ACGIH TLV	The United Kingdom	Germany
Isopropyl alcohol	STEL: 500 ppm	TWA: 400 ppm	TWA: 200 ppm	STEL: 500 ppm 15 min	TWA: 200 ppm (8
	STEL: 1230 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 983 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL: 400 ppm	STEL: 1250 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15	Stunden). AGW -
	TWA: 400 ppm	STEL: 500 ppm		min	exposure factor 2
	TWA: 983 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL: 1230 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		TWA: 400 ppm 8 hr	TWA: 500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8
				TWA: 999 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr	Stunden). AGW -
					exposure factor 2
					TWA: 200 ppm (8
					Stunden). MAK
					TWA: 500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8
					Stunden). MAK
					Höhepunkt: 400 ppm
					Höhepunkt: 1000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

#### **Biological limit values**

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

Comp	ponent	Australia	New Zealand	European Union	United Kingdom	Germany
Isopropy	yl alcohol					Acetone: 25 mg/L whole
1	-					blood (end of shift)
						Acetone: 25 mg/L urine
						(end of shift)

#### **Exposure Controls**

### **Engineering Measures**

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

### Personal protective equipment

**Eye Protection** Goggles (Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337 - Eye protectors for Industrial

applications)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

ſ	Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	AUS/NZ Standard	Glove comments
١	Butyl rubber	> 480 minutes	0.5 mm	AS/NZS 2161	Permeation rate < 0.9 μg/cm2/min As
l	Nitrile rubber	> 360 - 480 minutes	0.35 - 0.55 mm		tested under EN374-3 Determination of

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			Resistance to Permeation by Chemicals
Viton (R)	> 480 minutes	0.4 mm	
Neoprene	< 40 minutes	0.7 mm	

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Skin and body protection Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure

**Repiratory Protection**Use an AS/NZS 1716 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or

other symptoms are experienced. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained in line with AS/NZS 1715 on the use

and maintenance of repiratory protective devices

Recommended Filter type: Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to EN14387 (or AUS/NZ

equivalent)

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405 Half mask: EN140 plus filter, EN 141 (or AUS/NZ equivalent)

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

**Hygiene Measures** Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

**Environmental exposure controls** No information available.

# Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Colorless
Physical State Liquid

Odor Alcohol-like
Odor Threshold No data available

**pH** 7 1% aq. sol

Melting Point/Range -89.5 °C / -129.1 °F

Softening Point No data available

Boiling Point/Range 81 - 83 °C / 177.8 - 181.4 °F @ 760 mmHg

Flash Point 12 °C / 53.6 °F Method - Abel Closed Cup (BS 2000 Part 170, IP

170, AS/NZS 2106)

Evaporation Rate 1.7 ASTM D 3539 (Butyl acetate = 1.0)

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Liquid

Explosion Limits Lower 2 Vol%

**Upper** 12 Vol% 43 mmHg @ 20 °C

 Vapor Pressure
 43 mmHg @ 20 °C

 Vapor Density
 2.1 @ 20 °C / 68 °F

 Vapor Density
 2.1 @ 20 °C / 68 °F
 (Air = 1.0)

 Specific Gravity / Density
 0.785
 ASTM D-4052

Bulk Density

Not applicable

Liquid

Water Solubility

Miscible

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Componentlog PowIsopropyl alcohol0.05

Autoignition Temperature 425 °C / 797 °F ASTM E-659

**Decomposition Temperature**No data available
Viscosity

No data available
2.27 mPa.s at 20 °C

Explosive Properties Not explosive explosive air/vapour mixtures possible Vapors may

form explosive mixtures with air

Oxidizing Properties No information available

### Other information

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Molecular Formula C3 H8 O Molecular Weight 60.1

**VOC Content(%)** 100% (Organic Carbon (by mass) = 59.9 %) (EC/1999/13)

Refractive index 1.377 at 20 °C / 68 °F (ASTM D-1218)

Surface tension 22.7 mN/m at 20 °C / 68 °F

Coefficient of expansion 0.0009 / °C

**Dielectric constant** 18.6 at 20 °C / 68 °F

Heat of vapourisation 665 J/g

Specific heat capacity

3 kJ/kg °C at 20 °C / 68 °F

Thermal conductivity

3 kJ/kg °C at 20 °C / 68 °F

0.137 W/m °C at 20 °C / 68 °F

# Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity None known, based on information available

**Stability** Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Heat, flames and sparks, Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of

ignition.

**Incompatible Materials** Strong oxidizing agents, Acids, Halogens, Acid anhydrides.

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). peroxides.

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

## Section 11 - Toxicological Information

### Information on Toxicological Effects

### **Product Information**

(a) acute toxicity;

OralBased on available data, the classification criteria are not metDermalBased on available data, the classification criteria are not metInhalationBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation		
Isopropyl alcohol	5045 mg/kg (Rat)	12800 mg/kg (Rat)	72.6 mg/L (Rat) 4 h		
	3600 ma/ka ( Mouse )				

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 2

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

**Respiratory**Skin

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(f) carcinogenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

(g) reproductive toxicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

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(h) STOT-single exposure; Category 3

Results / Target organs Central nervous system (CNS)

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

None known. **Target Organs** 

(j) aspiration hazard; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

delayed

Symptoms / effects, both acute and May cause central nervous system depression: Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may

cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

## Section 12 - Ecological Information

**Ecotoxicity effects** . Do not empty into drains.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae	Microtox
Isopropyl alcohol	LC50: = 9640 mg/L, 96h	13299 mg/L EC50 = 48	EC50: > 1000 mg/L, 72h	= 35390 mg/L EC50
	flow-through	h	(Desmodesmus	Photobacterium
	(Pimephales promelas)	9714 mg/L EC50 = 24 h	subspicatus)	phosphoreum 5 min
	LC50: > 1400000 µg/L,	_	EC50: > 1000 mg/L, 96h	
	96h (Lepomis		(Desmodesmus	
	macrochirus)		subspicatus)	
	LC50: = 11130 mg/L,			
	96h static (Pimephales			
	promelas)			
	$LC50$ : = 10000000 $\mu$ g/L,			
	96h (Daphnia)			1
				ı

Persistence and Degradability

**Persistence** 

Expected to be biodegradable

Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

Bioaccumulation is unlikely **Bioaccumulative Potential** 

Col	mponent	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)			
Isopro	opyl alcohol	0.05	No data available			
Mobility		The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all				
•		surfaces. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility Disperses rapidly in				
		air				
<b>Endocrine Disruptor Information</b>		This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors				
Persistent Orga	nic Pollutant	This product does not contain any known or suspected substance				
Ozone Depletion	n Potential	This product does not contain any known or suspected substance				

## Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Waste from Residues/Unused **Products** 

Do not allow into drains or watercourses or dispose of where ground or surface waters may be affected. Wastes, including emptied containers, are controlled wastes and should be disposed of in accordance with all federal, E.P.A., state and local regulations. Assure

conformity with all applicable regulations.

**Contaminated Packaging** Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers

retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and

empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

Other Information Chemical wastes should be disposed through a licensed commercial waste collection

service. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not flush to sewer. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in

compliance with local regulations.

## Section 14 - Transport Information

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### IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN1219

Proper Shipping Name Isopropanol (Isopropyl alcohol)

Hazard Class 3 Packing Group

<u>ADG</u>

UN-No UN1219

Proper Shipping Name Isopropanol (Isopropyl alcohol)

Hazard Class 3
Packing Group ||

Component	Hazchem Code
Isopropyl alcohol	1Z
67-63-0 ( >95 )	

### IATA

UN-No UN1219
Proper Shipping Name UN1219

Hazard Class 3 Packing Group II

Environmental hazards No hazards identified

Special Precautions No special precautions required

Additional information None known

# Section 15 - Regulatory Information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National Regulations Australia

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters.

### Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

No poison schedule number allocated.

### **Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)**

Component	Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)	Additional information
Isopropyl alcohol - 67-63-0	Present	-

### Australian - Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents Substance List

This product does not contain any substance(s) on the Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents list.

### **Chemicals of Security Concern**

This product does not contain any substance(s) listed on the voluntary National Code of Practice for Chemicals of Security Concern

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National pollutant inventory Not applicable

### Prohibition or notification/licensing requirements

Shown below are details of specific prohibition/notifications or licencing requirements when they apply.

This product does not contain any substance(s) subject to Prohibition, Authorization or Restriction.

### **International Inventories**

Component	AICS	NZIoC	EINECS	ELINCS	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	PICCS	<b>ENCS</b>	ISHL	IECSC	KECL
Isopropyl alcohol	Χ	Х	200-661-7	-	X	Х	-	Х	Х	Χ	Х	KE-29363

Legend: X - Listed. '-' - Not Listed. KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

International Regulations

Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

Persistent Organic Pollutant This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

Rotterdam Convention (PIC) Not applicable

### Basel convention on the control of transboundary movements of hazardous wastes and their dispoal

Take note that wastes may be subject to export, import, or transit controls pursuant to the Basel convention and/or local regulations implementing the Basel convention.

Component	Basel Convention (Hazardous Waste)	Australian Hazardous Waste Act - Categories of Wastes to Be Controlled
Isopropyl alcohol - 67-63-0	Annex I - Y42	Y42 except Halogenated solvents

Component	CAS No	OECD HPV	Restriction of	Seveso III Directive	Seveso III Directive
			Hazardous	(2012/18/EC) -	(2012/18/EC) -
			Substances (RoHS)	<b>Qualifying Quantities</b>	<b>Qualifying Quantities</b>
				for Major Accident	for Safety Report
				Notification	Requirements
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	Listed	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable

### Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component		REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	
Isopropyl alcohol	-	Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	-

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

## Section 16 - Other Information

Legend

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AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

**TSCA** - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

**DSL/NDSL** - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

**MARPOL** - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Shins

NZS 5433:2012 - Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%
WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit
DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

**VOC** - (Volatile Organic Compound)

**NZIoC** - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

**EINECS/ELINCS** - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

**ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

**KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

**ACGIH** - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

**IMO/IMDG** - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

ADG Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail

**OECD** - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

**BCF** - Bioconcentration factor

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

### Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

### **Training Advice**

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts.

Revision Date 21-Nov-2022 Revision Summary Not applicable.

This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is prepared in accordance to and complies with the requirements of Safe Work Australia - Work Health and Safety Regulations (WHS Regulations).

### Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

# **End of Safety Data Sheet**

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