

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Creation Date 07-Dec-2009 Revision Date 06-Dec-2024 **Revision Number** 8

Section 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE **COMPANY/UNDERTAKING**

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: Dilithium tetrachlorocuprate, 0.1M solution in THF

429050000; 429051000 Cat No.:

Molecular Formula Cl4 Cu Li2

Unique Formula Identifier (UFI) 2MDK-9T43-WW09-UP8Q

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites Sector of use

PC21 - Laboratory chemicals **Product category**

Process categories PROC15 - Use as a laboratory reagent

Environmental release category ERC6a - Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates)

Uses advised against No Information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

EU entity/business name

Thermo Fisher Scientific

Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a, 2440 Geel, Belgium

UK entity/business name

Fisher Scientific UK Bishop Meadow Road.

Loughborough, Leicestershire LE11 5RG, United Kingdom

Swiss distributor - Fisher Scientific AG Neuhofstrasse 11, CH 4153 Reinach

Tel: +41 (0) 56 618 41 11

e-mail - infoch@thermofisher.com

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information **US** call: 001-800-227-6701 / Europe call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number US:001-201-796-7100 / Europe: +32 14 57 52 99 CHEMTREC Tel. No.US:001-800-424-9300 / Europe:001-703-527-3887

customers in Switzerland:

Tox Info Suisse Emergency Number: 145 (24hr)

Tox Info Suisse: +41-44 251 51 51 (Emergency number from abroad)

Chemtrec (24h) Toll-Free: 0800 564 402 Chemtrec Local: +41-43 508 20 11 (Zurich)

Poison Centre - Emergency

Ireland: National Poisons Information Centre (NPIC) information services

01 809 2166 (8am-10pm, 7 days a week)

Malta: +356 2395 2000

Cyprus: +357 2240 5611

Section 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Physical hazards

Flammable liquids Category 2 (H225)

Health hazards

Acute oral toxicity

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Carcinogenicity

Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)

Category 2 (H302)

Category 2 (H319)

Category 2 (H351)

Category 3 (H335) (H336)

Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

- H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor
- H302 Harmful if swallowed
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness
- H351 Suspected of causing cancer
- EUH019 May form explosive peroxides

Precautionary Statements

- P301 + P330 + P331 IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting
- P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell
- P264 Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling
- P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention
- P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing
- P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
- P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower
- P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

Revision Date 06-Dec-2024

2.3. Other hazards

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB)

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Dilithium tetrachlorocuprate	15489-27-7		2-3	Skin Corr. 1B (H314) Eye Dam. 1 (H318)
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	203-726-8	97-98	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225) Acute Tox. 4 (H302) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) STOT SE 3 (H335) STOT SE 3 (H336) Carc. 2 (H351) (EUH019)

Component	Specific concentration limits (SCL's)	M-Factor	Component notes
Tetrahydrofuran	Acute Tox. 4 :: C>82.5%	-	-
	Eye Irrit. 2 :: C>=25%		
	STOT SE 3 :: C>=25%		

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

Section 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation persists,

call a physician.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

None reasonably foreseeable. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause

Dilithium tetrachlorocuprate, 0.1M solution in THF

Revision Date 06-Dec-2024

symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Causes central nervous system depression

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

Section 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2), Copper oxides, Hydrogen chloride gas.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

Section 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

Section 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid

ACD 4200E

Dilithium tetrachlorocuprate, 0.1M solution in THF

Revision Date 06-Dec-2024

ingestion and inhalation. If peroxide formation is suspected, do not open or move container. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Flammables area. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Keep under nitrogen. Shelf life 12 months. May form explosive peroxides on prolonged storage. Containers should be dated when opened and tested periodically for the presence of peroxides. Should crystals form in a peroxidizable liquid, peroxidation may have occurred and the product should be considered extremely dangerous. In this instance, the container should only be opened remotely by professionals.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

Class 3

Switzerland - Storage of hazardous substances

Storage class - SC 3

https://www.kvu.ch/de/themen/stoffe-und-produkte https://www.kvu.ch/fr/themes/substances-et-produits https://www.kvu.ch/it/temi/sostanze-e-prodotti

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): **EU** - Commission Directive (EU) 2019/1831 of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Forth edition. Published 2020. **IRE** - 2010 Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations 2001. Published by the Health and Safety Authority. **CH** - The Government of Switzerland has set a directive on limit values for working materials (Grenzwerte am Arbeitsplatz) which is based on the Swiss Federal Regulation "Verordnung über die Verhütung von Unfällen und Berufskrankheiten". This directive is administered, periodically revised and enforced by SUVA (Swiss National Accident Insurance Fund).

Component	European Union	The United Kingdom	France	Belgium	Spain
Dilithium		STEL: 2 mg/m ³ 15 min			TWA / VLA-ED: 0.01
tetrachlorocuprate		TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hr			mg/m³ (8 horas)
Tetrahydrofuran	TWA: 50 ppm (8h)	STEL: 100 ppm 15 min	TWA / VME: 50 ppm (8	TWA: 50 ppm 8 uren	STEL / VLA-EC: 100
	TWA: 150 mg/m ³ (8h)	STEL: 300 mg/m ³ 15	heures). restrictive limit	TWA: 150 mg/m ³ 8 uren	ppm (15 minutos).
	STEL: 100 ppm (15min)	min	TWA / VME: 150 mg/m ³	STEL: 100 ppm 15	STEL / VLA-EC: 300
	STEL: 300 mg/m ³	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hr	(8 heures). restrictive	minuten	mg/m³ (15 minutos).
	(15min)	TWA: 150 mg/m ³ 8 hr	limit	STEL: 300 mg/m ³ 15	TWA / VLA-ED: 50 ppm
	Skin	Skin	STEL / VLCT: 100 ppm.	minuten	(8 horas)
			restrictive limit	Huid	TWA / VLA-ED: 150
			STEL / VLCT: 300		mg/m³ (8 horas)
			mg/m ³ . restrictive limit		Piel
			Peau		ļ

Component	Italy	Germany	Portugal	The Netherlands	Finland
Dilithium		TWA: 0.01 mg/m ³ (8			
tetrachlorocuprate		Stunden). MAK			
·		Höhepunkt: 0.02 mg/m ³			
Tetrahydrofuran	TWA: 50 ppm 8 ore.	TWA: 50 ppm (8	STEL: 100 ppm 15	huid	TWA: 50 ppm 8 tunteina
·	Time Weighted Average	Stunden). AGW -	minutos	STEL: 200 ppm 15	TWA: 150 mg/m ³ 8

Dilithium tetrachlorocuprate, 0.1M solution in THF

Revision Date 06-Dec-2024

	TWA: 150 mg/m³ 8 ore. Time Weighted Average STEL: 100 ppm 15 minuti. Short-term STEL: 300 mg/m³ 15 minuti. Short-term Pelle	exposure factor 2 TWA: 150 mg/m³ (8 Stunden). AGW - exposure factor 2 TWA: 20 ppm (8 Stunden). MAK TWA: 60 mg/m³ (8 Stunden). MAK Höhepunkt: 40 ppm Höhepunkt: 120 mg/m³ Haut	STEL: 300 mg/m³ 15 minutos TWA: 50 ppm 8 horas TWA: 150 mg/m³ 8 horas Pele	minuten STEL: 600 mg/m³ 15 minuten TWA: 100 ppm 8 uren TWA: 300 mg/m³ 8 uren	tunteina STEL: 100 ppm 15 minuutteina STEL: 300 mg/m³ 15 minuutteina Iho
0	A	D	0	Dalam I	N
Component Dilithium	Austria MAK-KZGW: 4 mg/m ³	Denmark	Switzerland STEL: 0.2 mg/m ³ 15	Poland	Norway
tetrachlorocuprate	15 Minuten MAK-KZGW: 0.4 mg/m³ 15 Minuten MAK-TMW: 1 mg/m³ 8 Stunden MAK-TMW: 0.1 mg/m³ 8 Stunden		Minuten TWA: 0.1 mg/m³ 8 Stunden		
Tetrahydrofuran	Haut MAK-KZGW: 100 ppm 15 Minuten MAK-KZGW: 300 mg/m³ 15 Minuten MAK-TMW: 50 ppm 8 Stunden MAK-TMW: 150 mg/m³ 8 Stunden	TWA: 50 ppm 8 timer TWA: 150 mg/m³ 8 timer STEL: 300 mg/m³ 15 minutter STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutter Hud	Haut/Peau STEL: 100 ppm 15 Minuten STEL: 300 mg/m³ 15 Minuten TWA: 50 ppm 8 Stunden TWA: 150 mg/m³ 8 Stunden	STEL: 300 mg/m³ 15 minutach TWA: 150 mg/m³ 8 godzinach	TWA: 50 ppm 8 timer TWA: 150 mg/m³ 8 time STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutter. value calculated STEL: 187.5 mg/m³ 15 minutter. value calculated Hud
Component	Bulgaria	Croatia kože	Ireland TWA: 50 ppm 8 hr.	Cyprus	Czech Republic TWA: 150 mg/m ³ 8
Tetrahydrofuran	TWA: 50.0 ppm TWA: 150.0 mg/m³ STEL : 100 ppm STEL : 300.0 mg/m³ Skin notation	TWA-GVI: 50 ppm 8 satima. TWA-GVI: 150 mg/m³ 8 satima. STEL-KGVI: 100 ppm 15 minutama. STEL-KGVI: 300 mg/m³ 15 minutama.	TWA: 350 ppin 8 in. TWA: 150 mg/m ³ 8 hr. STEL: 100 ppm 15 min STEL: 300 mg/m ³ 15 min Skin	Skin-potential for cutaneous absorption STEL: 100 ppm STEL: 300 mg/m³ TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 150 mg/m³	hodinách. Potential for cutaneous absorption Ceiling: 300 mg/m³
		0 '' ''			
Component Tetrahydrofuran	Nahk TWA: 50 ppm 8 tundides. TWA: 150 mg/m³ 8 tundides. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutites. STEL: 300 mg/m³ 15 minutites.	Gibraltar Skin notation TWA: 50 ppm 8 hr TWA: 150 mg/m³ 8 hr STEL: 100 ppm 15 min STEL: 300 mg/m³ 15 min	Greece STEL: 250 ppm STEL: 735 mg/m³ TWA: 200 ppm TWA: 590 mg/m³	Hungary STEL: 300 mg/m³ 15 percekben. CK STEL: 100 ppm 15 percekben. CK TWA: 150 mg/m³ 8 órában. AK TWA: 50 ppm 8 órában. AK lehetséges borön keresztüli felszívódás	STEL: 100 ppm STEL: 300 mg/m³ TWA: 50 ppm 8 klukkustundum. TWA: 150 mg/m³ 8 klukkustundum. Skin notation
Component	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg	Malta	Romania
Tetrahydrofuran	skin - potential for cutaneous exposure STEL: 100 ppm STEL: 300 mg/m³ TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 150 mg/m³	TWA: 50 ppm IPRD TWA: 150 mg/m³ IPRD Oda STEL: 100 ppm STEL: 300 mg/m³	Possibility of significant uptake through the skin TWA: 50 ppm 8 Stunden TWA: 150 mg/m³ 8 Stunden STEL: 100 ppm 15 Minuten STEL: 300 mg/m³ 15	possibility of significant uptake through the skin TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 150 mg/m³ STEL: 100 ppm 15 minuti STEL: 300 mg/m³ 15 minuti	Skin notation TWA: 50 ppm 8 ore TWA: 150 mg/m³ 8 ore STEL: 100 ppm 15 minute STEL: 300 mg/m³ 15 minute

ACR42905

Slovak Republic Ceiling: 300 mg/m³

Component

Tetrahydrofuran

Russia

MAC: 100 mg/m³

Minuten

Slovenia

TWA: 50 ppm 8 urah

Sweden
Binding STEL: 100 ppm

Turkey

Deri

absorption

Dilithium tetrachlorocuprate, 0.1M solution in THF

TWA: 50 ppm 8 saat Potential for cutaneous TWA: 150 mg/m³ 8 urah 15 minuter Binding STEL: 300 TWA: 150 mg/m³ 8 saat Koža TWA: 50 ppm STEL: 100 ppm 15 mg/m³ 15 minuter STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutah TWA: 150 mg/m³ TLV: 50 ppm 8 timmar. dakika STEL: 300 mg/m3 15 NGV STEL: 300 mg/m3 15 minutah TLV: 150 mg/m³ 8 dakika

timmar. NGV

Revision Date 06-Dec-2024

Biological limit values

List source(s):

Component	European Union	United Kingdom	France	Spain	Germany
Tetrahydrofuran				Tetrahydrofuran: 2 mg/L	Tetrahydrofuran: 2 mg/L
				urine end of shift	urine (end of shift)

Component	Gibraltar	Latvia	Slovak Republic	Luxembourg	Turkey
Tetrahydrofuran			Tetrahydrofuran: 2 mg/L		
			urine end of exposure or		
			work shift		

Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.

MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours

MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

MDHS 99 Metals in air by ICP-AES

MDHS 91 Metals and metalloids in workplace air by X-ray fluorescence spectrometry

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

Component	Acute effects local (Dermal)	Acute effects systemic (Dermal)	Chronic effects local (Dermal)	Chronic effects systemic (Dermal)
Tetrahydrofuran 109-99-9 (97-98)				DNEL = 12.6mg/kg bw/day

Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)
Tetrahydrofuran 109-99-9 (97-98)	DNEL = 300mg/m ³	DNEL = 96mg/m ³	DNEL = 150mg/m ³	DNEL = 72.4mg/m ³

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

See values below.

Component	Fresh water	Fresh water	Water Intermittent	Microorganisms in	Soil (Agriculture)
		sediment		sewage treatment	
Tetrahydrofuran	PNEC = 4.32mg/L	PNEC = 23.3 mg/kg	PNEC = 21.6mg/L	PNEC = 4.6mg/L	PNEC = 2.13mg/kg
109-99-9 (97-98)	-	sediment dw	-	-	soil dw

Component	Marine water	Marine water sediment	Marine water Intermittent	Food chain	Air
Tetrahydrofuran	PNEC = 0.432 mg/L	PNEC = 2.33mg/kg		PNEC = 67mg/kg	
109-99-9 (97-98)		sediment dw		food	

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Γ	Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
	Butyl rubber	See manufacturers recommendations	-	EN 374	(minimum requirement)
	Neoprene gloves				

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing.

Inspect gloves before use. observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information) gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion. gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: low boiling organic solvent Type AX Brown conforming to EN371 or Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to EN14387

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

141

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid

Appearance Red brown

Odor No information available
Odor Threshold No data available
Melting Point/Range No data available
Softening Point No data available
Boiling Point/Range No information available

Flammability (liquid) Highly flammable On basis of test data

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Liquid

Explosion Limits No data available

Flash Point -17 °C / 1.4 °F Method - No information available

ACR42905

Dilithium tetrachlorocuprate, 0.1M solution in THF

Autoignition TemperatureNo data availableDecomposition TemperatureNo data availablepHNo information availableViscosityNo data available

Water Solubility Miscible

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Componentlog PowTetrahydrofuran0.45

Vapor Pressure No data available

Density / Specific Gravity 0.910

Bulk DensityNot applicableLiquidVapor DensityNo data available(Air = 1.0)

Particle characteristics Not applicable (liquid)

9.2. Other information

Molecular FormulaCl4 Cu Li2Molecular Weight219.24

Explosive Properties Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability

May form explosive peroxides. Hygroscopic.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and

sources of ignition. Exposure to moist air or water.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Copper oxides. Hydrogen chloride gas.

Section 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

Oral Category 4

DermalBased on available data, the classification criteria are not metInhalationBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Toxicology data for the components

ACR42905

Dilithium tetrachlorocuprate, 0.1M solution in THF

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Tetrahydrofuran	1650 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	180 mg/L (Rat) 1 h
			53.9 mg/L (Rat) 4 h

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Category 2 (c) serious eye damage/irritation;

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory Skin

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Tetrahydrofuran	Local Lymph Node Assay	mouse	non-sensitising
109-99-9 (97-98)	OECD Test Guideline 429		

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Tetrahydrofuran	OECD Test Guideline 476	in vivo	negative
109-99-9 (97-98)	Gene cell mutation	Mammalian	
	OECD Test Guideline 473		
	Chromosomal aberration assay	in vitro	negative
		Mammalian	

Category 2 (f) carcinogenicity;

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect

Component	EU	UK	Germany	IARC
Tetrahydrofuran				Group 2B

(a) reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	Test method	Test species / Duration	Study result
Component	rest method	rest species / Duration	Study result
Tetrahydrofuran	OECD Test Guideline 416	Rat	NOAEL = 3,000 ppm
109-99-9 (97-98)		2 Generation	

(h) STOT-single exposure; Category 3

Respiratory system, Central nervous system (CNS). Results / Target organs

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met (i) STOT-repeated exposure;

None known. **Target Organs**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met (j) aspiration hazard;

Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

delayed

Symptoms / effects, both acute and Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness,

tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Causes central nervous system depression.

11.2. Information on other hazards

ACR42905

Revision Date 06-Dec-2024

Endocrine Disrupting Properties

Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

Section 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecotoxicity effects

Do not empty into drains. May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
Tetrahydrofuran	2160 mg/l LC50 = 96 h	EC50 48 h 3485 mg/l	
	Pimephales promelas	EC50: >10000 mg/L/24h	
	Leuciscus idus: LC50: 2820		
	mg/L/48h		

12.2. Persistence and degradability Product contains heavy metals. Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Special

pre-treatment is necessary

Persistence

May persist, based on information available.

Degradation in sewage

treatment plant

Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste

water treatment plants.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

May have some potential to bioaccumulate

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Tetrahydrofuran	0.45	No data available

12.4. Mobility in soil

The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems . Will likely be mobile in the

environment due to its water solubility. Highly mobile in soils

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent

and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

12.6. Endocrine disrupting

properties

Endocrine Disruptor Information

Co	pmponent	EU - Endocrine Disrupters Candidate List	EU - Endocrine Disruptors - Evaluated Substances
Tetra	ahydrofuran	Group III Chemical	

12.7. Other adverse effects

Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

Section 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused **Products**

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging

Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers

Dilithium tetrachlorocuprate, 0.1M solution in THF

Revision Date 06-Dec-2024

retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and

empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

European Waste Catalogue (EWC) According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but

application specific.

Other Information Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the

application for which the product was used. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in

compliance with local regulations.

Switzerland - Waste Ordinance Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations. Ordinance on the Avoidance and the Disposal of Waste (Waste Ordinance,

ADWO) SR 814.600

https://www.fedlex.admin.ch/eli/cc/2015/891/en

Section 14: Transport information

IMDG/IMO

14.1. UN number UN1993

Technical Shipping Name

Technical Shipping Name

Flammable liquid, n.o.s.

Tetrahydrofuran

Technical Shipping Name
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)
14.4. Packing group

Tetra
3

ADR

14.1. UN number UN1993

14.2. UN proper shipping name Flammable liquid, n.o.s.

Technical Shipping Name
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Tetrahydrofuran

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 14.4. Packing group II

<u>IATA</u>

14.1. UN number UN1993

14.2. UN proper shipping name Flammable liquid, n.o.s.

Technical Shipping Name

Tetrahydrofuran

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 14.4. Packing group II

14.5. Environmental hazards No hazards identified

14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required.

<u>14.7. Maritime transport in bulk</u> Not applicable, packaged goods according to IMO instruments

Section 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
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Dilithium tetrachlorocuprate, 0.1M solution in THF

Dilithium tetrachlorocuprate	15489-27-7	-	-	-	-	X	KE-11001	ı	-
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	203-726-8	-	-	Х	X	KE-33454	X	Х

Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
Dilithium tetrachlorocuprate	15489-27-7	-	•	-	•	-	X	-
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	Х	ACTIVE	X	-	Х	Х	Х

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed **KECL** - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization		REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Dilithium tetrachlorocuprate	15489-27-7	-	-	-
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	-	Use restricted. See entry 75. (see link for restriction details)	-

REACH links

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) -	
		Notification	Requirements	
Dilithium tetrachlorocuprate	15489-27-7	Not applicable	Not applicable	
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	Not applicable	Not applicable	

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)? Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

Take note of Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

National Regulations

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

WGK Classification Water endangering class = 1 (self classification)

Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Tetrahydrofuran	WGK1	

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)	
Tetrahydrofuran	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84	

ACR42905

Revision Date 06-Dec-2024

Swiss Regulations

Article 4 para, 4 of the Ordinance on the protection of young people in the workplace (SR 822.115) and Article 1 lit, f of the EAER regulation on hazardous work and young people (SR 822.115.2).

Take note on Article 13 Maternity Ordinance (SR 822.111.52) with regards expectant and nursing mothers.

Component	Switzerland - Ordinance on the Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR 814.81)	Switzerland - Ordinance on Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC)	Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure
Tetrahydrofuran 109-99-9 (97-98)		Group I	

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment/Reports (CSA/CSR) are not required for mixtures

Section 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer

EUH019 - May form explosive peroxides

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances **KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances **ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air **Transport Association**

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate VOC - (volatile organic compound)

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

On basis of test data Physical hazards **Health Hazards** Calculation method **Environmental hazards** Calculation method

Training Advice

Dilithium tetrachlorocuprate, 0.1M solution in THF

Revision Date 06-Dec-2024

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts. Chemical incident response training.

Creation Date07-Dec-2009Revision Date06-Dec-2024Revision SummaryNot applicable.

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006. COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

For Switzerland - Compiled in accordance with the technical provisions referred to in Annex 2, Number 3, ChemO (SR 813.11 - Ordinance on Protection against Dangerous Substances and Preparations).

Disclaimer

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End of Safety Data Sheet