

Australian statement of hazardous nature: Classified as hazardous according to criteria of Safe Work Australia

Section 1 - Identification

Product Name Dichloromethane, stabilized with ethanol

CAS No 75-09-2

Synonyms Methylene chloride; Methylene dichloride

Product Code 390700000; 390700010; 390700025

Address ThermoFisher Scientific Australia Pty Ltd

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03 9757 4559 or +613 9757 4559

Telephone / Fax Numbers Tel: 1300 735 292

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E-mail address ANZinfo@thermofisher.com

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Uses advised against This product does not contain any substance(s) on the Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents list.

This product does not contain any substance(s) subject to Prohibition, Authorization or Restriction. This product does not contain any substance(s) listed on the voluntary National

Code of Practice for Chemicals of Security Concern.

Section 2 - Hazard(s) Identification

Classification under Safe Work Australia

Classified as hazardous according to criteria of Safe Work Australia

Physical hazards

No hazards identified

Health hazards

Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2
Carcinogenicity Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure) Category 3

Environmental hazards

No hazards identified

Label Elements

ACR39070 Version 3 06-May-2025 Page 1/10





Exclamation Mark

Health Hazard

Signal Word

Warning

Hazard Statements

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer

Precautionary Statements

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

P264 - Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

P280 - Wear eye protection/ face protection

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention

P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

Other information

Causes formation of carbon monoxide in the blood. Carbon monoxide may cause adverse effects on the cardiovascular system and the central nervous system

The vapor has narcotic effect and in high concentrations induces unconsciousness which can be fatal

Do not use in areas without adequate ventilation.

Vapors are heavier than air and can cause suffocation by reducing oxygen available for breathing

Decomposes in a fire, giving off toxic fumes: phosgene and hydrochloric acid, Carbon monoxide

Empty containers pose a potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut, puncture of weld containers

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

Section 3 - Composition and Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS No	Weight %
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	0.2

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

ACR39070 Version 3 06-May-2025 Page 2/10

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention.

General Advice If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Use personal protective equipment as required.

First Aid Facilities Eyewash, safety shower and washroom.

Most important symptoms and

effects

Difficulty in breathing. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Causes central nervous system depression: Continued or high exposures by inhalation will cause anaesthetic effects. This may result in a loss of consciousness and could prove fatal: Causes formation of carbon monoxide in the blood. Carbon monoxide may cause adverse effects on the cardiovascular

system and the central nervous system

Notes to Physician A patient adversely affected by exposure to this product should not be given adrenaline

(epinephrine) or similar heart stimulant since these would increase the risk of cardiac

arrhythmias. Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Phosgene, Hydrogen chloride gas.

Decomposition Temperature

> 120°C

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire fighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

Emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation.

Environmental Precautions

Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

Methods for Containment and Clean Up

Clean-up methods - small spillage

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Ventilate the area.

Clean-up methods - large spillage

Typically only supplied is small quantiites as packaged goods.

ACR39070 Version 3 06-May-2025 Page 3/10

If extremely toxic or used in larger quantities ensure a spillage action plan is in place. Evacuate area. Control the source and/or contain the spill if safe and able to do so. Use temporary diking, sand bags, dry sand, earth or proprietary booms/absorbent pads if available. Obtain advice on containment, neutralisation and clean-up from local emergency responders.

Reference to Other Sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Precautions for Safe Handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation.

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including any Incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Do not store in aluminum containers.

AS/NZS 2243.10:2004, Safety in laboratories - Storage of chemicals

Section 8 - Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

Exposure limits

AUS - Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment - Guidance Note on the Interpretation of Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment [NOHSC:3008(1995)]

Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment [NOHSC:1003(1995)] updated in August, 2005. Safe Work Australia

ACGIH - Threshold Limit Values - Ceiling (TLV-C) guidelines by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) for controlling worker exposure to airborne chemical concentrations in the workplace.

UK - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Fourth edition. Published 2020.

DE - MAK and BAT values of Hazardous Chemical Compounds in the Work Area. Published by German Research Foundation on July 1, 2011

NZ - Workplace Exposure Standards and Biological Exposure Indices (6th edition). New Zealand Department of Labor

Component	Australia	New Zealand WEL	ACGIH TLV	The United Kingdom	Germany
Ethyl alcohol	TWA: 1000 ppm	TWA: 200 ppm	STEL: 1000 ppm	TWA: 1000 ppm TWA;	200 ppm TWA MAK;
	TWA: 1880 mg/m ³	TWA: 380 mg/m ³		1920 mg/m ³ TWA	380 mg/m³ TWA MAK
	_	STEL: 800 ppm		WEL - STEL: 3000 ppm	_
		STEL: 1520 mg/m ³		STEL; 5760 mg/m ³	
				STEL	

Biological limit values

UK - Biological Monitoring Guidance Values provided by the UK's Health and Safety Executive (HSE) Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 (as amended) and EH40/2005.

Exposure Controls

Engineering Measures

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use only under a chemical fume hood.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles (Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337 - Eye protectors for Industrial

applications)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

ACR39070 Version 3 06-May-2025 Page 4/10

Glove	material B	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	AUS/NZ Standard	Glove comments
Vito	on (R)	< 120 minutes	0.7 mm	AS/NZS 2161	As tested under EN374-3 Determination of
Nitrile	rubber	< 4 minutes	0.38 mm		Resistance to Permeation by Chemicals
P	VA	> 360 minutes			

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing

Repiratory Protection Use an AS/NZS 1716 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or

> other symptoms are experienced. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained in line with AS/NZS 1715 on the use

and maintenance of repiratory protective devices

low boiling organic solvent Type AX Brown conforming to EN371 (or AUS/NZ equivalent) **Recommended Filter type:**

Valve filtering: EN405 or Half mask: EN140 plus filter, EN 141 (or AUS/NZ equivalent) Recommended half mask:-

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. **Hygiene Measures**

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Colorless **Appearance Physical State** Liquid

Odor sweet

Odor Threshold No data available

Not applicable Insoluble in water

Melting Point/Range -97 °C / -142.6 °F **Softening Point** No data available

Boiling Point/Range 39 - 40 °C / 102.2 - 104 °F @ 760 mmHg

Flash Point Method - No information available No information available

Evaporation Rate No data available Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable

Liquid Lower 13 vol % **Explosion Limits**

Upper 22 vol % 350 mbar @ 20 °C **Vapor Pressure**

Vapor Density 2.93 (Air = 1.0)

Specific Gravity / Density 1.325

Bulk Density Not applicable Liquid **Water Solubility** 20 g/L (20°C)

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

log Pow Component Ethyl alcohol -0.32

556 °C / 1033 °F **Autoignition Temperature**

Decomposition Temperature > 120°C

0.43 mPa.s @ 20 °C Viscosity **Explosive Properties** No information available **Oxidizing Properties** No information available

Other information

C H2 CI2 Molecular Formula

ACR39070 Version 3 06-May-2025 Page 5/10

Molecular Weight 84.93

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity None known, based on information available

Stability Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Incompatible products, Excess heat.

Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizing agents, Strong acids, Amines, Aluminium, . Zinc: Powdered aluminum

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Phosgene. Hydrogen chloride gas.

Hazardous PolymerizationNo information available.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

Information on Toxicological Effects

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

OralBased on available data, the classification criteria are not metDermalBased on available data, the classification criteria are not metInhalationBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Ethyl alcohol	LD50 = 10470 mg/kg		LC50 = 117-125 mg/l (4h)
•	OECD 401 (Rat)		OECD 403 (rat)
	3450 mg/kg (Mouse)		20000 ppm/10H (rat)

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 2

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 2

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

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Component	Test method	Test species	Study result	
Ethyl alcohol 64-17-5 (0.2)	Mouse Ear Swelling Test (MEST)	mouse	non-sensitising	
04 17-3 (0.2)	OECD Test Guideline 429 Local Lymph Node Assay	mouse	non-sensitising	

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Ethyl alcohol	AMES test	in vitro	negative
64-17-5 (0.2)	OECD Test Guideline 471	Bacteria	_
	Gene cell mutation		
	OECD Test Guideline 476	in vitro	negative
		Mammalian	_

(f) carcinogenicity; Category 2

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

ACR39070 Version 3 06-May-2025 Page 6 / 10

(g) reproductive toxicity;	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met		
Component Test method		Test species / Duration	Study result
Ethyl alcohol 64-17-5 (0.2)	OECD Test Guideline 416	Oral / mouse 2 Generation	NOAEL = 13.8 g/kg/day
04-17-5 (0.2)	OECD Test Guideline 414	Inhalation / Rat	NOAEC = 16000 ppm

Developmental Effects Component substance is listed on California Proposition 65 as a developmental hazard

(h) STOT-single exposure; Category 3

Central nervous system (CNS) Results / Target organs

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Target Organs None known.

(i) aspiration hazard; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

delayed

Symptoms / effects, both acute and Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Causes central nervous system depression: Continued or high exposures by inhalation will cause anaesthetic effects. This may result in a loss of consciousness and could prove fatal: Causes formation of carbon monoxide in the blood. Carbon monoxide may cause adverse effects on the cardiovascular system and the central

nervous system

Section 12 - Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity effects

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae	Microtox
Ethyl alcohol	Fathead minnow	EC50 = 9268 mg/L/48h	EC50 (72h) = 275 mg/l	Photobacterium
	(Pimephales promelas)	EC50 = 10800 mg/L/24h	(Chlorella vulgaris)	phosphoreum:EC50 =
	LC50 = 14200 mg/l/96h			34634 mg/L/30 min
				Photobacterium
				phosphoreum:EC50 =
				35470 mg/L/5 min

Persistence and Degradability

Persistence Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

Component	Degradability
Ethyl alcohol	OECD 301E = 94%
64-17-5 (0.2)	

Bioaccumulative Potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)	
Ethyl alcohol	-0.32	No data available	
Mobility	The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from		

Endocrine Disruptor Information

Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential

The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility. Disperses rapidly in

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Waste from Residues/Unused **Products**

Do not allow into drains or watercourses or dispose of where ground or surface waters may be affected. Wastes, including emptied containers, are controlled wastes and should be disposed of in accordance with all federal, E.P.A., state and local regulations. Assure conformity with all applicable regulations.

Contaminated Packaging

Do not reuse empty containers. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point.

Page 7/10 ACR39070 Version 3 06-May-2025

Other Information Chemical wastes should be disposed through a licensed commercial waste collection

Chemical wastes should be disposed through a licensed commercial waste collection service. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which

the product was used. Do not empty into drains.

Section 14 - Transport Information

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN1593

Proper Shipping Name DICHLOROMETHANE

Hazard Class 6.1 Packing Group III

<u>ADG</u>

UN-No UN1593

Proper Shipping Name DICHLOROMETHANE

Hazard Class 6.1 Packing Group III

Component	Hazchem Code
Ethyl alcohol	2YE
64-17-5 (0.2)	2Y

IATA

UN-No UN1593

Proper Shipping Name DICHLOROMETHANE

Hazard Class 6.1
Packing Group

Environmental hazards No hazards identified

Special Precautions No special precautions required

Additional information None known

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National Regulations Australia

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters.

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

Classified as a scheduled poison according to the Standard for Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.

Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)

Component	Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)	Additional information
Ethyl alcohol - 64-17-5	Present	-

ACR39070 Version 3 06-May-2025 Page 8 / 10

Australian - Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents Substance List

This product does not contain any substance(s) on the Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents list.

Chemicals of Security Concern

This product does not contain any substance(s) listed on the voluntary National Code of Practice for Chemicals of Security Concern

National pollutant inventory Subject to reporting requirements

Component	National pollutant inventory			
Ethyl alcohol - 64-17-5	10 tonne/yr. Threshold category 1			

Prohibition or notification/licensing requirements

Shown below are details of specific prohibition/notifications or licencing requirements when they apply.

This product does not contain any substance(s) subject to Prohibition, Authorization or Restriction.

International Inventories

Component	AICS	NZIoC	EINECS	ELINCS	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	PICCS	ENCS	ISHL	IECSC	KECL
Ethyl alcohol	X	Χ	200-578-6	1	X	X	-	Х	Х	Х	Х	KE-13217

Legend: X - Listed. '-' - Not Listed. R - Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 6 risk management rule under TSCA. **KECL** - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

International Regulations

Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

Persistent Organic Pollutant This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

Rotterdam Convention (PIC) Not applicable

Basel convention on the control of transboundary movements of hazardous wastes and their dispoal

Take note that wastes may be subject to export, import, or transit controls pursuant to the Basel convention and/or local regulations implementing the Basel convention.

Component	Basel Convention (Hazardous Waste)	Australian Hazardous Waste Act - Categories of Wastes to Be Controlled
Ethyl alcohol - 64-17-5	Annex I - Y42	Y42 except Halogenated solvents

Con	nponent	CAS No	OECD HPV	Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS)	for Major Accident	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report
					Notification	Requirements
Ethy	rl alcohol	64-17-5	Listed	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Restricted to industrial use and to approved professionals.

ACR39070 Version 3 06-May-2025 Page 9 / 10

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

Section 16 - Other Information

Legend

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air **Transport Association**

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

NZS 5433:2020 - Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit **DNEL** - Derived No Effect Level

POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical

Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime

Dangerous Goods Code ADG - Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road

and Rail

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Chemical incident response training.

Revision Date 06-May-2025

SDS sections updated, 2, 4, 6, 8, 15. **Revision Summary**

This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is prepared in accordance to and complies with the requirements of Safe Work Australia - Work Health and Safety Regulations (WHS Regulations).

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet

ACR39070 Version 3 06-May-2025 Page 10/10