# **Extensible Software for Research**

principles and an example in julia



#### **Contents**

Why should you care?



#### **Research Software Personas**

- research software engineers
- statistics researcher
- applied user



# A day in the live of ...

a statistics researcher

- work with a specific type of model
  - linear regression, deep learning, ...
- have an idea
- test it
- make it available to applied researchers



#### Now we need software

- ightharpoonup to test  $\rightarrow$  prototype
- to make it available → deploy

What's the fastest way to get there?

existing software

It would be nice if they could extend existing software



#### But ...

- understand 1000s of lines of code
- make changes, possibly breaking stuff
- get maintainers to adopt their changes

these hurdles are often too high!



### A day in the live of ...

- to test: barebone, minimal reimplementation
  - waste of time
  - not well tested
  - hard to reproduce
- to deploy: put their code on github
  - bad user interface, no documentation
  - missing features
  - incompatible to existing software



### **My Experience**

- **▶** from R → julia
- most R packages are very hard to extend
- most julia packages are very easy to extend



#### **Culture**

- care about extensibility
- developer documentation
- assume their code is read



#### **Software Design**

You need to be able to add new features...

- without understanding existing code
- without changing existing code
- syntactical requirements need to be clear and easy communicable!



#### Two modes of extension

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In Julia, everything has a type:

```
a = 1.0
typeof(a) # Float64
b = "hello"
typeof(b) # String
```



You can define your own types:

```
struct ClockTime{T}
    time:: T
end

my_time = ClockTime(5.0) # ClockTime{Float64}(5.0)
my_time.time # 5.0
```



#### A function is a collection of methods:

```
typeof(1.0) # Float64
typeof(1) # Int64

@code_llvm 6.0*7.0
@code_llvm 6*7

methods(*)
```



We can write our own addition:

```
import Base: +

function +(x::ClockTime{T}, y::ClockTime{T}) where{T}
    return ClockTime((x.time + y.time) % T(24))
end

my_time = ClockTime(11.2)
your_time = ClockTime(18.4)

our_time = my_time + your_time
```



#### **Goal achieved**

We have just written extensible code.

I have memory problems, and I only care about full hours.

```
my_time = ClockTime(UInt8(5))
your_time = ClockTime(UInt8(8))
our_time = my_time + your_time
```



I want to multiply sparse matrices of clock times

```
using SparseArrays
import Base: zero, *

function *(x::T, y::ClockTime{T}) where T
    return ClockTime((x * y.time) % T(24))
end

zero(x::ClockTime{T}) where T = ClockTime(zero(T))
zero(::Type{ClockTime{T}}) where T = ClockTime(zero(T))
```



Let's define some matrices!

```
a = zeros(ClockTime{Float64}, 20, 20)
a[1,1] = ClockTime(5.0)
a[1,2] = ClockTime(11.673)
a[6,9] = ClockTime(17.23)
a[16,4] = ClockTime(20.87)
a_sparse = sparse(a)
b = zeros(20, 20)
b[3,9] = 1
b[6,9] = sqrt(2)
b[19,1] = \pi
b[4,5] = e
b_sparse = sparse(b)
```



```
using BenchmarkTools
@benchmark b_sparse*a_sparse
BenchmarkTools.Trial: 10000 samples with 199 evaluations.
Range (min ... max): 422.864 ns ... 12.295 µs
 Time (median): 453.877 ns
 Time (mean \pm \sigma): 566.627 ns \pm 648.451 ns
Memory estimate: 2.22 KiB
@benchmark b*a
BenchmarkTools.Trial: 10000 samples with 1 evaluation.
Range (min ... max): 56.683 µs ... 1.323 ms
       (median): 57.111 µs
 Time
       (mean \pm \sigma): 59.411 µs \pm 18.922 µs
 Time
Memory estimate: 23.75 KiB
```

#### A few days in a methods researchers life

- Do you have any ideas why this does not converge?
- Staring puzzled at the theory (should work?!).
- Staring very puzzled at the implementation in C++.
- Rinse and repeat for a couple of days and researchers.



#### An hour in our life

- **▶** Look at the formula:  $ridge(x, \lambda) = \lambda \sum_{i=1}^{p} x^2$
- ▶ Implement in Julia: ridge(x,  $\lambda$ ) =  $\lambda$  \* sum(x.^2))
- add 30 lines of API (formal requirements)
- Enjoy.



#### Two hours in our life

- Original simulation takes weeks on a dedicated workstation.
- Original simulation freezes our cluster due to bad parrelization.
- Simulation in Julia takes 2 hours on my laptop.



#### Why?

- Some investments in extensibility
- division of labor:
  - optimizing linear algebra is done by Intel
  - numerical optimization is done by dedicated experts
  - differentiation is automated
- modern infrastructure



# **But why?**

usability



# The effectiveness of usability

- usability ≠ lazyness
- enables quick prototyping
- allows domain experts to contribute their expertise
- theorethical and technical development move in lockstep



# How to improve usability?

- 1. Extensible Software
- 2. Dokumentation
- 3. User Interface



#### **Dokumentation**

- Dokumentation for Users
- Dokumentation for Contributors



#### **User Interface**

- Frictionless
- Connected to prior knowledge

