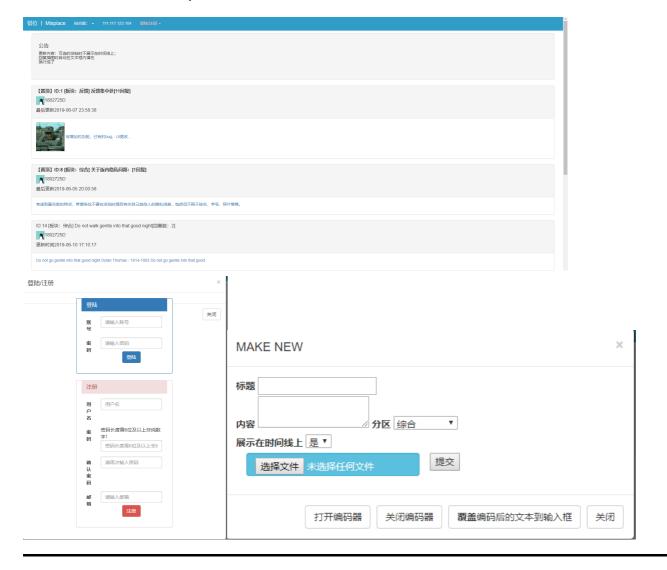
#2 基于Flask和Bootstrap实现的匿名聊天站

0. 项目描述

- 纯属兴趣,在课余时间开发,技术水平有限,功能和一些bug有待完善;
- 需求描述: 匿名聊天,保证类似正常论坛聊天功能的同时不在帖子中显示用户真实信息(包括昵称);
- 开发人员: 袁廷洲, 赵书彬;
- 项目技术:
 - 语言: Python+SQL, JavaScript+HTML+CSS;
 - 框架: Flask, bootstrap;
 - 库: flask衍生库(flask_sqlalchemy), pymysql, PIL/pillow, JQuery等;
 - 数据库:MySQL;
- api: QQsmtp;
- demo网站: 154.8.233.189
- 源代码仓库: https://github.com/tzY15368/nmb

1. 基本界面(有bootstrap自带的移动端适配)



2. 部分实现功能的 要点细节和业务逻辑(基于Python的flask框架写成):

• 登陆/注册(前端使用弹出的模态框,后端使用了session和md5加密实现)+邮箱验证(使用了QQ邮箱的smtp api):

```
#后端Python代码
#session+md5登陆
@app.route('/logout')
def logout():
    session.clear()
    return redirect(url_for('home',logout=1))
@app.route('/login',methods=['GET','POST'])
def login():
    if request.method == 'GET':
        return return500()
    form = loginform()
    if form.validate on submit():
        email = form.name.data#其实是email
        password = form.password.data
        print(email,password)
        result = User.query.filter(User.email==email).first()#唯一辨识符
        if result == None:
            return redirect(url_for('home',err=1))
        elif result.password == password:
            session['account']=result.email
            session['kookies']=result.kookies
            session['avatar']=result.avatar
            active_ip=request.remote_addr
            User.query.filter(User.email==email).update({'active_ip':active_ip})
                db.session.commit()
            except Exception as e:
                print(e)
            return redirect(url for('homepage'))
        else:
            return redirect(url_for('home',err=1))
    else:
        return redirect(url_for('home',novalidation=1))
@app.route('/signin',methods=['GET','POST'])
def signin():
    if request.method == 'GET':
        return return500()
    form = signinform()
    if form.validate on submit():
        username = form.name.data
        psw1 = form.password1.data
        psw2 = form.password2.data
        email = form.email.data
        #print(username, psw1, email)
```

```
if psw1 != psw2:
           print('密码与确认密码不同')
           return redirect(url_for('home',err=1))
       try:
           newuser =
User(username=username,password=psw1,email=email,active_ip=request.remote_addr,pas
sword_hash=md5(psw1),confirmed=False,admin=False)
           db.session.add(newuser)
           db.session.commit()
           session['account']=email
           session['kookies']='00000000' #注意这是饼干而不是cookie
           psw_hash = User.query.filter(User.email==email).first().password_hash
           if not psw_hash:
               return return500('psw_hash is None')
           try:
               sender(email, 'http://www.ftmagic.xyz:6060/api/confirmation?
code='+psw_hash)
           except Exception as e:
               print(e)
               return return500('邮件发送失败')
           return redirect(url_for('homepage'))
       except Exception as e:
           db.session.rollback()
           print(e)
           return redirect(url_for('home', signin_error=1))
   else:
       return redirect(url_for('home',novalidation=1))
```

• 通过邮箱验证api实现限制未验证用户发帖(饼干系统),并通过饼干系统将id匿名化从而实现匿名功能 (前端只显示用户饼干名称,而不显示id,也不传递任何含用户信息的数据):

```
# 制造饼干 (md5加密)
import hashlib
import time

def md5(arg):
    md5_pwd = hashlib.md5(bytes('abd',encoding='utf-8'))
    md5_pwd.update(bytes(arg,encoding='utf-8'))
    return md5_pwd.hexdigest()

def md5single(arg):
    return hashlib.md5(arg.encode("utf-8")).hexdigest()#与前端js中方法一致
if __name__ == '__main__':
    print(md5(str(time.time())))
    print(md5('123'))
    print(md5single('123'))
```

```
# 重新制造饼干(匿名id)
@app.route('/newkookie',methods=['GET','POST'])
def newkookie():
   if checklogin():
        return redirect(url_for('home',nologin=1))
    if check_confirmation():
        return redirect(url_for('homepage',no_confirmation=1))
    account = session.get('account')
    kookie = cookie(User.query.filter(User.email==account).first().username)
    result = User.query.filter(User.email == account).update({'kookies': kookie})
        db.session.commit()
       try:
            oldkookie =
str(User.guery.filter(User.email==account).first().oldkookies)
            oldkookie += (kookie+'-')
User.query.filter(User.email==account).update({'oldkookies':oldkookie})#保存历史
kookie
            db.session.commit()
            session['kookie'] = kookie#s设置新kookie
        except Exception as e:
           db.session.rollback()
            print(e)
           return return500()
    except Exception as e:
        db.session.rollback()
        print(e)
        return return500()
    return redirect(request.referrer)
```

- 记录用户IP且形成IP-id对应的限制;
- 不同板块发表帖子, 回复帖子:

3. 有待完善的功能

- 待增加验证登陆时专门的密码验证加密方式,前端向后端发起ajax请求,后端返回salt,前端加密提交数据与后端比对
- cookie系统的完善

4. 主要收获

- 实践了后端的MVC模式(比较简化,M和C合并在一起了);
- flask_sqlalchemy提供的ORM,可以把复杂的SQL语句给包装成更加面向对象,易于理解的样子;
- 仅用cookie作登陆状态验证是不安全的,而session+md5可以一定程度缓解问题(但是没有彻底解决,存在伪造sessionID的可能);
- btw, 小幅改动即可变成实名版(删除饼干系统, 替换为id);