EiffelRSS

LOGFILE Developer Guide

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Abstract

 ${\tt LOGFILE}$ represents a file which can be used for logging messages during the program execution.

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1 Overview 1

1 Overview

LOGFILE represents a file which can be used for logging messages during the program execution.

Each message has its own priority (a positive integer value) and each logfile a certain user defined threshold. If the priority of the message is greater or equal than the threshold, it gets written to the log file together with a timestamp.

See figure 1 for an overview of the cluster.



Figure 1: BON diagram of cluster LOGFILE

Figure 2 shows the class LOGFILE.

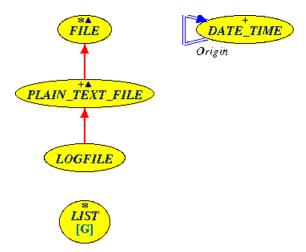


Figure 2: BON diagram of class LOGFILE

2 Usage 2

2 Usage

```
class USAGE_EXAMPLE
create make
feature - Initialization
 make is

    Creation procedure.

   do
     -- Create logfile
      create log_file.make_filename("logfile")
     -- Set the threshold
      log_file.set_threshold(log_file.Error)
     - Output a message with one line and priority \
      - critical
      log_file.log_message("One line test message", \
      →log_file.Critical)
     - Output a message which won't be logged
      log_file.log_message("Not important enough", \
      →log_file.Info)
     - Output a multi-line message
     log_file.log_message("Line One%NLine Two%NLine \
      ¬Three", log_file.Error)
   end
feature -- Arguments
  log_file: LOGFILE
     -- Logfile
end — class USAGE_EXAMPLE
```

The output of the above example is

```
[16:02:37 05 JAN 2005]: One line test message
[16:02:37 05 JAN 2005]: Line One
Line Two
Line Three
```

3 Features 3

3 Features

3.1 Initialization

3.1.1 make_filename

```
make_filename (a_filename: STRING) is

-- Create logfile object with a_filename as file name
```

Note that the default threshold which will be set if you create the object with this procedure is zero.

3.1.2 make_filename_threshold

```
make_filename_threshold (a_filename: STRING; a_threshold

-: INTEGER) is

-- Create logfile object with a_filename as file name

-and a_threshold as output threshold
```

3.2 Access

3.2.1 messages_logged

```
messages_logged: INTEGER

— The number of messages which got logged
```

3.2.2 output_threshold

```
output_threshold: INTEGER

— The current threshold used
```

3.3 Constants

```
Developer, Info, Notice, Warning, Error, Critical, Alert,
-, Emerge: INTEGER is unique
-- Some predefined constants which can be used as a
-priority
```

3 Features 4

3.4 Basic Operations

3.4.1 set_threshold

```
set_threshold (a_threshold: INTEGER) is

— Set the output threshold to a_threshold
```

Sets a new threshold, which must be a positive integer value. Each message which the object receives after the execution of this command is only written to the logfile if its priority is greater or equal the threshold.

3.4.2 log_message

```
log_message (a_message: STRING; a_priority: INTEGER) is

-- Log the message to the logfile if a_priority is
-equal or greater than the threshold
```

This is the actual command to send a message to the object. If the priority is high enough, a timestamp with format

```
[[0]hh:[0]mi:[0]ss [0]dd mmm yyyy]:
```

gets added. If the message containts line breaks, all lines will get correctly indented.

Attention: Note that there is no guarantee that the operating system will physically write the data to the disk. At least it will end up in the buffer cache, making the data visible to other processes.