



使用.NET 8 開發雲原生應用程式

Marcus @ .NET Conf







Hello!



I'm Marcus

- 後端打雜工
- #自我學習 #分享 #可觀測性

分享經驗

- COSCUP \ MOPCON \ DevopsDays
- .NET Conf、Will 保哥線上技術分享
- 微軟活動: 打造化繁為簡的雲原生平台
- 2023 ITHome 鐵人賽 DevOps 組佳作



Fb:m@rcus 學習筆記





Agenda

What is Cloud native Apps?
 .NET 8 in Cloud Native Apps
 Observability, Resilience and Manageable
 Demo:.NET Cloud Native apps
 Takeaway



WARNING

本次分享旨在與聽眾分享本人對於.NET 8 的個人觀點,本場不會談論任何技術細節,期待看到大量技術、工具實務細節的朋友們,可能會大失所望。為不耽誤您的青春,請趁其他教室關門前前往。

#新人(Newcomer) #開發者(Developers) #維運者(Operators)

















Artificial Intelligence

ASP.NET Blazor Full Stack



Cloud Native Apps

雲原生應用程式







Cloud native technologies empower organizations to build and run scalable applications in modern, dynamic environments such as public, private, and hybrid clouds. Containers, service meshes, microservices, immutable infrastructure, and declarative APIs exemplify this approach.

These techniques enable loosely coupled systems that are resilient, manageable, and observable. Combined with robust automation, they allow engineers to make high-impact changes frequently and predictably with minimal toil.

What is cloud-native application?

雲端原生技術賦予組織在如公共雲、私有雲和混合雲等現代化、動態的環境中,建立和運行可擴展應用程式的能力。容器(Containers)、服務網格(, service meshes)、微服務(microservices)、不可變基礎設施(immutable infrastructure) 和 宣告式 API(declarative APIs) 是此方法的範例。

雲端原生技術使系統能夠鬆散耦合,從而實現具有 彈性(resilient)、可管理 (manageable) 和 可觀察(observable) 的特點。結合強健的自動化,它們使工程師能夠頻繁且可預測地進行重大變更,同時將勞碌工作降至最低。





.NET 8 如何協助 Developer











Observability

可觀測性





The 3 pillars of Observability











Detect

Troubleshoot

Root Cause

Seconds/SLI/KPIs

Service dependencies

Unlimited detail



Metrics

Traces

Structured Log

Do I have a problem?

Where is the problem?

What is causing the problem?





OpenTelemetry: 蒐集遙測數據的新標準

Open Source via CNCF

- 2nd Popular Project
- OpenTelemetry = OpenCensus + OpenTracing
- Support Logs, Metrics, Distributed tracing

OpenTelemetry (%)

Mission

- 無所不在的高品質、可攜式遙測
- 願景:有效的可觀測性世界

Specifications

- OTel Specification
- OTel Protocol
- Open Agent Management Protocol
- OTel Semantic Conventions.

Implementations

- OTel SDKs
- OTel Collector
- OTel API





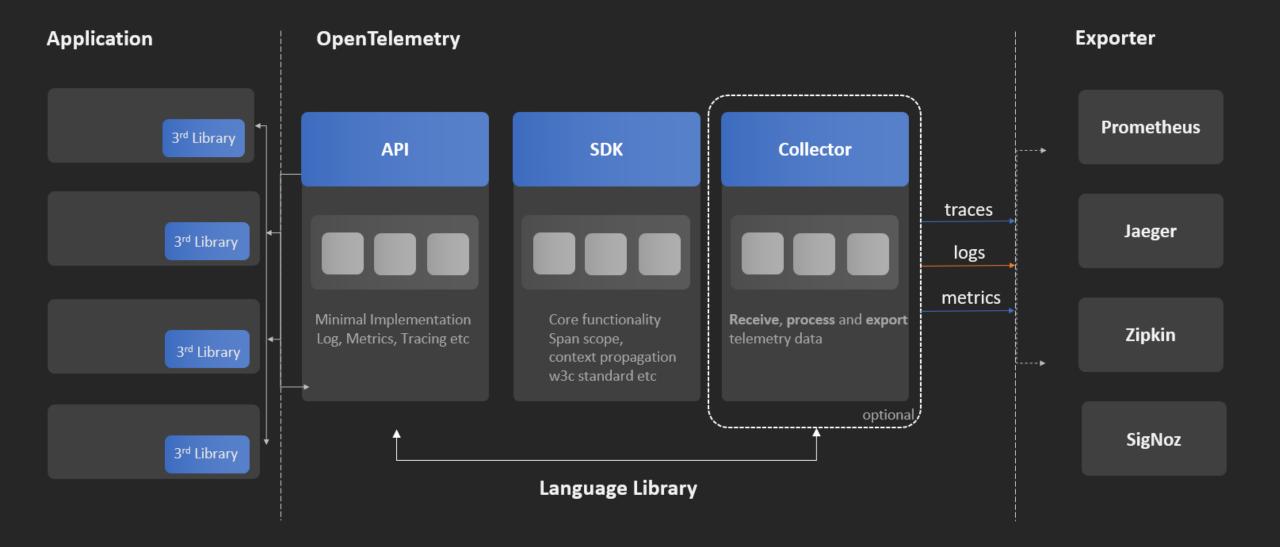
OpenTelemetry: Cloud Native Telemetry

OpenTelemetry	Tracing	Metrics	Logs
Instrumentation APIs	All languages		
Canonical implementations	All languages		
Data infrastructure	collectors		
Interop formats	w3c trace-context, write formats for observability		





OpenTelemetry: OTel









Metrics

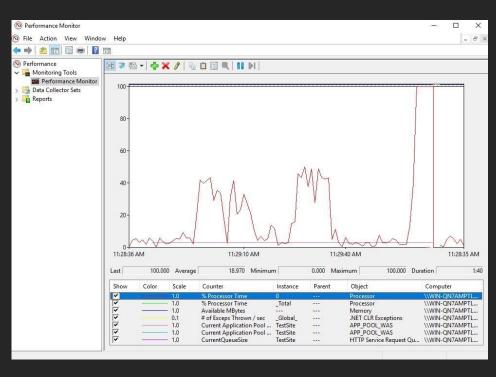
Do I have a problem?





Metrics: API History

- PerformanceCounter
 - System.Diagnostics.PerformanceCounter
 - Windows only, Windosw OS 效能計數器
- EventCounters
 - .NET Core 3.1+
 - 支援變化率和平均值,不支援直方圖和百分位數、多維指標
- Third-party APIs
 - For APM vendors, AppDynamics, Application Insights, DataDog..etc





Metrics: API History

- .NET 6+
 - System.Diagnostics.Metrics
 - Instrument : counter · Gauge · Histograms
 - Key/value tags add dimensions to metrics
 - Observed through OpenTelemetry
- .NET 8
 - Build-in metrics for ASP.NET core & HttpClient
 - IMeterFactory
 - Testing Fake for Meter



Metrics: Collect

```
builder.Services.AddOpenTelemetry().WithMetrics(opts => opts
    .SetResourceBuilder(ResourceBuilder.CreateDefault().AddService("BookStore.WebApi"))
    <u>.AddMeter(builder.Configuration.Ge</u>tValue<string>("BookStoreMeterName"))
    .AddAspNetCoreInstrumentation()
    .AddRuntimeInstrumentation()
    .AddProcessInstrumentation()
    .AddUt1pExporter(opts =>
        opts.Endpoint = new Uri(builder.Configuration["Otlp:Endpoint"]);
    }));
```

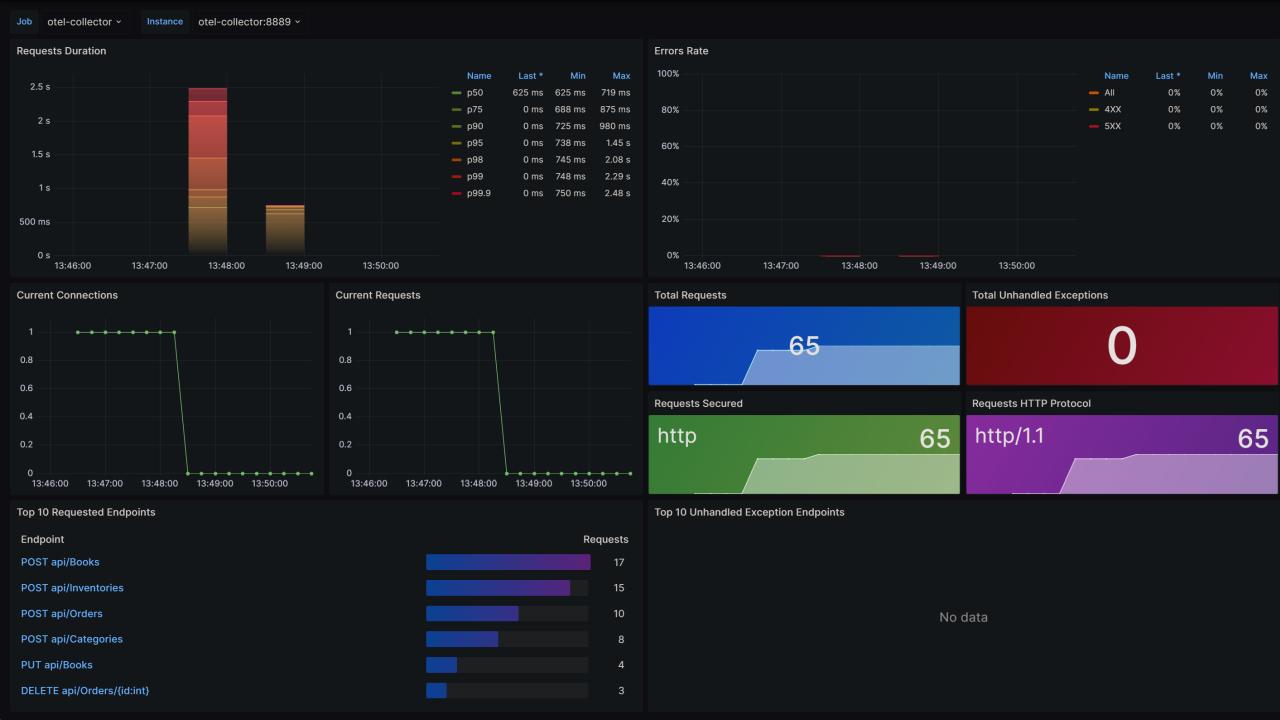




Metrics: Collect

- Microsoft.AspNetCore.Server.Kestrel
 - kestrel.active connections
 - kestrel.connection.duration
 - kestrel.rejected connections
 - kestrel.queued_connections
 - · kestrel.queued_requests
 - kestrel.upgraded_connections
 - · kestrel.tls handshake.duration
 - kestrel.active tls handshakes
- Microsoft.AspNetCore.Http.Connections
 - signalr.server.connection.duration
 - signalr.server.active connections
- Microsoft.AspNetCore.Hosting
 - · http.server.request.duration
 - http.server.active_requests
- Microsoft.AspNetCore.Routing
 - · aspnetcore.routing.match_attempts
- Microsoft.AspNetCore.Diagnostics
 - aspnetcore.diagnostics.exceptions
- Microsoft.AspNetCore.RateLimiting
 - aspnetcore.rate_limiting.active_request_leases
 - aspnetcore.rate_limiting.request_lease.duration
 - aspnetcore.rate_limiting.queued_requests
 - aspnetcore.rate_limiting.request.time_in_queue
 - · aspnetcore.rate limiting.requests

- System.Net.NameResolution
 - dns.lookup.duration
- · System.Net.Http
 - http.client.open_connections
 - http.client.connection.duration
 - http.client.request.duration
 - http.client.request.time_in_queue
 - · http.client.active_requests







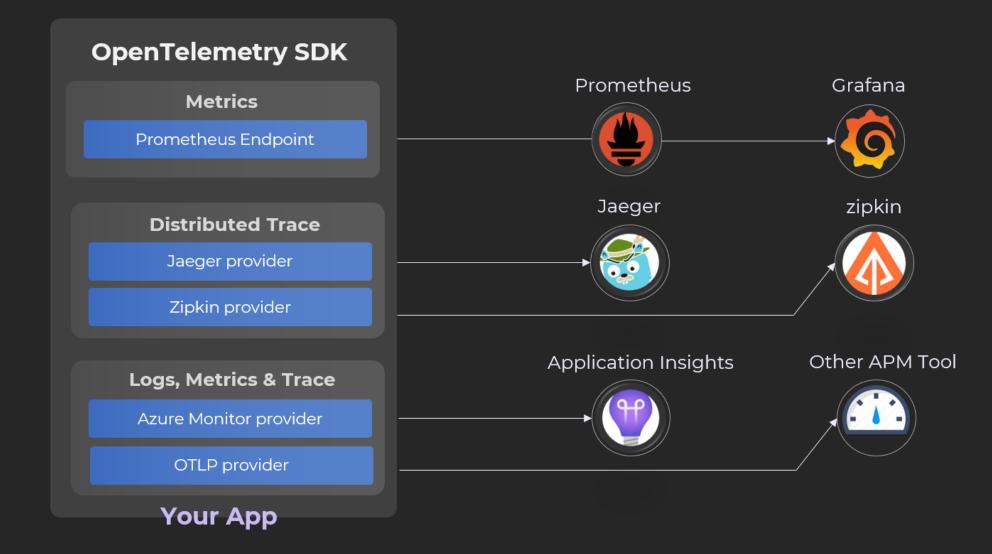
Traces

Where is the problem?





Observing .NET Apps with OpenTelemetry

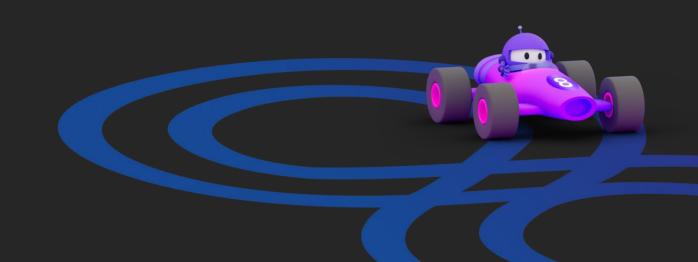






Demo

.NET Cloud Native apps







Structured Log

What is causing the problem?



Logging API: ILogger

- ILogger is an abstraction over multiple log sources
 - Usually featched via dependency injection (DI)
 - Usually using Ilogger<T> where T provides the name of the log source
- Source are configured in code & configuration
 - Automatic in ASP.NET applications
 - Namespace: Microsoft.Extensions.Logging
- LogLevel
 - Information · Warning · Error · Trace · Debug

Benchmarking the different approaches.

- Simple to use, but sub-optimal in high frequency applications
- Parameter expressions have to be calculated, ref values are boxed
- Don't use string interpolation, You lose the structured logs

```
// Using interpolation instead of structured logging
_logger.LogInformation($"Writing hello world response to {person}");
```

Correct number of parameters

```
// missing Reason
_logger.LogInformation("hello world to {Person} because {Reason}", person);
```



Logging API: LoggerMessage

- .NET 6 use Action delegate parameters are strongly-type (no boxing)
- provider LoggerMessageAttribute to create logging delegate

```
[LoggerMessage(Level = LogLevel.Information,
Message = "Hello World! Logging is {Description}.")]
    static partial void LogStartupMessage(ILogger logger, string description);
```

- Generates similar code to LoggerMessage.Define
- Automatically handles exception parameters





Logging API: LogProperties

- .NET 8, Personal Identifiable Information (PII)
- Logging whole objects with the LogProperties Attribute
- Namespace
 - Microsoft.Extensions.Telemetry.
 - Microsoft.Extensions.Telemetry.Abstractions

```
[LoggerMessage(Level = LogLevel.Debug,Message = "Generated Forecast")]
private static partial void GeneratedForecast(
    ILogger logger,
    [LogProperties] WeatherForecast forecast); // [LogProperties]
```

Logging API: LogProperties

Properties all written out

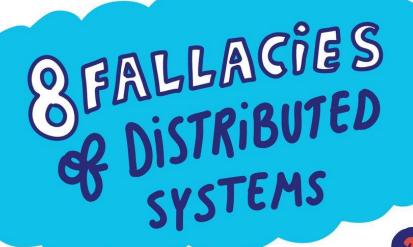
```
"EventId": 0,
"LogLevel": "Debug",
"Category": "Handler",
"Message": "Generated Forecast",
"State": {
  "Message": "{OriginalFormat}=Generated Forecast, forecast.TemperatureF=125, forecast.
 "{OriginalFormat}": "Generated Forecast",
  "forecast.TemperatureF": 125,
  "forecast.TemperatureC": 52,
  "forecast.Date": "11/27/2023"
```





Resilience

彈性



Latency is zero.

The network is secure.

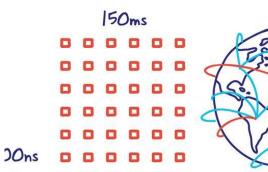
Client

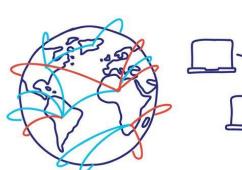
Topology doesn't change.

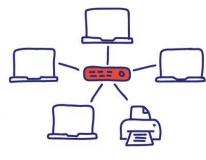
Server

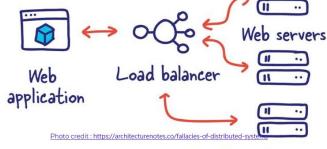
Bandwidth is infinite.

Latency







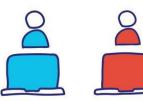


The network is reliable.

Standby web servers

Transport cost is zero.

There is one administrator.







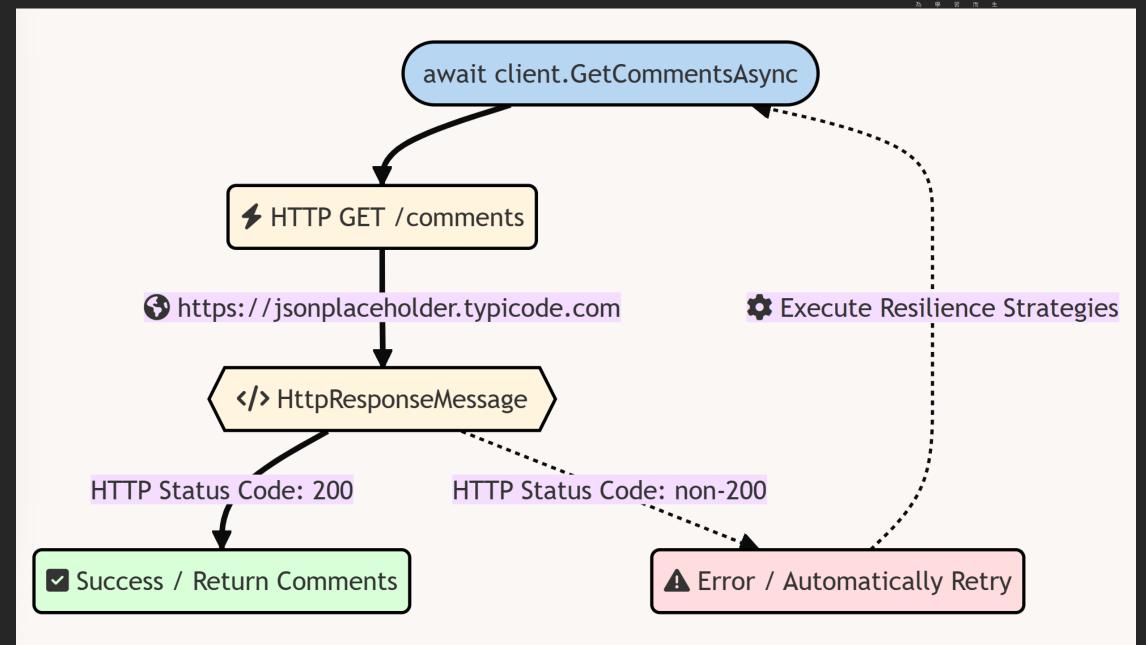


1 he network is homogeneous.



Resilience: Polly

- Handling transient failures and improve the resilience of your applications.
- Most popular .NET resilient library (almost 500 million)
- Microsoft & Polly community to develop the v8 version
 - Unified sync/async flows \ Built-in telemetry \ fluent syntax
- Namespace
 - Microsoft.Extensions.Resilience.
 - Microsoft.Extensions.Http.Resilience





Resilience: Resilience pipeline

- API for build and using HTTP resilience pipelines
 - Customer pipeline
 - Standard / standard hedging pipeline

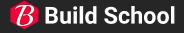
```
var pipeline = new ResiliencePipelineBuilder<HttpResponseMessage>()
    .AddRetry(new RetryStrategyOptions<HttpResponseMessage>
    {
        MaxRetryAttempts = 4,
        Delay = TimeSpan.FromSeconds(2),
        BackoffType = DelayBackoffType.Exponential
    })
    .AddTimeout(TimeSpan.FromSeconds(5))
    .Build();
```



Service Discovery

- Service Discovery
 - A service registry, which is a database of services and their locations
 - A client, which queries the registry to find out where a service is
 - Health check
- Microsoft.Extensions.ServiceDiscovery
 - .NET 8
 - builder.Services.AddServiceDiscovery()

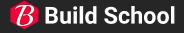




Cloud Native Apps 特性

- Observable
 - •讓你更了解系統的狀況,實作 OpenTelemetry
 - Signals: Metrics \ Trace \ Logging and Profiling
- Resilient
 - 彈性 / 靈活度
 - •實作 Polly V8
- Manageable ?





.NET Aspire

雲原生應用開發框架





CNCF Landscape



如何







Why .NET Aspire

The feedback from Developers

- How to get my web App to talk to API app?
- What should I do with dev/Production config?
- Should/shouldn't I use containers?
- What should I do with E2E logging/monitor?
- How to put them together property?
- How to put useful package together properly?





Example: How to add Redis Cache to Project

Add StackExchange.Redis package

Add AspNetCore. HealthChecks. Redis package

Add Redis in DI and configure from appsettings.json

Add Redis health check for availability

Add Redis Client to output logging to ILogger

Do plumbing Redis client events/profilers to metrics

Do wrapping Redis client with resiliency policy & logic

Add Aspire.StackExchange.Redis.OutputCaching package

Add builder.AddRedisOutputCache("cache");

Override default configuration through appsetting.json

Now

.NET Aspire





.NET Aspire is



.NET Aspire is a stack for build **resilient**, **observable**, and **configurable** cloudnative application with .NET



.NET Aspire includes a curated set of components enhanced for cloud-native fundamentals including Telemetry, Resilience, Configuration, Health Checks and composition

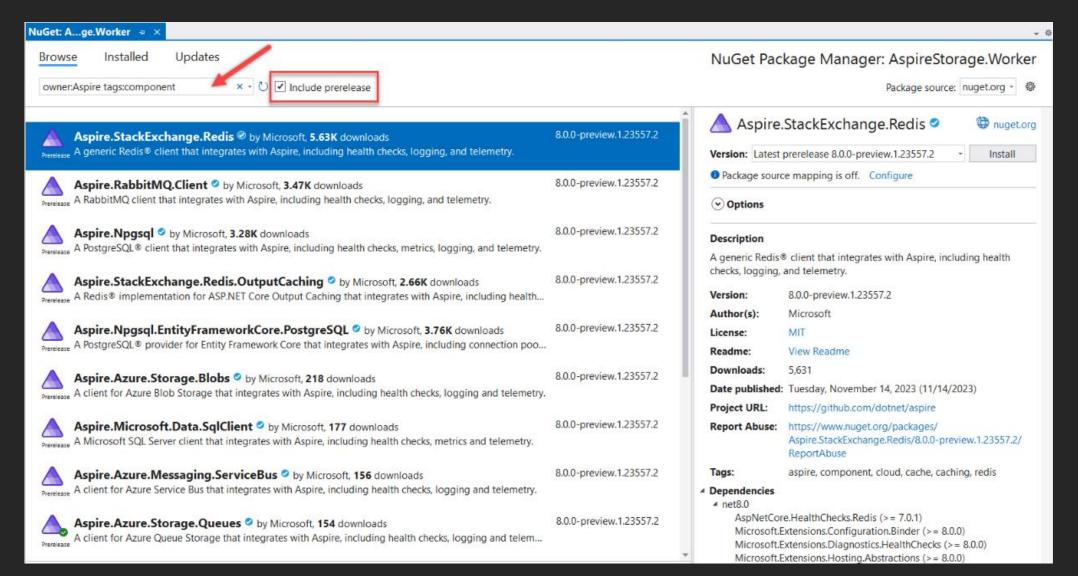


.NET Aspire makes it easy to **discover**, **acquire** and **configure** essential dependencies for cloudnative application on day 1 to 100





.NET Aspire Components







Demo.NET Aspire Dashboard







.NET Aspire

目的:

- 簡化開發分散式系統的複雜性
- Tye,實驗性質開發人員工具
- AppHost \ ServiceDefault
- Dashboard
 - 作為應用程式監控和檢查
 - 追蹤應用程式日誌、追蹤和配置
- Preview 階段



Takeaway

總結











Resilience



Health Checks



Testing/Fakes

Extensions.Resilience

Extensions.Http.Resilience

Extensions.Diagnostics.HealthChecks.Common

Extensions.Diagnostics.Probes

Extensions.Telemetry

Extensions.Compliance.Redaction

Extensions.Http.Telemetry

AspNetCore.Testing

Hosting.Testing

Extensions.TimeProvider.Testing





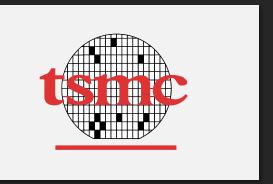
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- Cloud-native development with .NET 8
- Improving your application telemetry using .NET 8 and OpenTelemetry | .NET Conf 2023
- Observability 101 @ITHome 鐵人賽

特別感謝

.NET Conf TAIWAN





















以及各位參與活動的你們





THANK YOU

{ .NET Conf • Everyone }

Any question?

- Marcus 的學習筆記
- in marcus tung