

# **Rego Cheat Sheet**

## Rules The building blocks of Rego

## Single-Value Rules

Single-value rules assign a single value. In older documentation, these are sometimes referred to as "complete rules". (Try It)

```
default allow := false
allow if {
  input.user.role == "admin"
  input.user.internal
}
default request_quota := 100
request_quota := 1000 if input.user.internal
request_quota := 50 if input.user.plan.trial
```

#### **Multi-Value Set Rules**

Multi-value rules generate and assign a set of values to a variable. In older documentation these are sometimes referred to as "partial set rules". (Try It)

```
paths contains "/handbook/*"

paths contains path if {
   some team in input.user.teams
   path := sprintf("/teams/%v/*", [team])
}
```

#### (Output)

```
{
  "paths": ["/handbook/*", "/teams/owl/*", "/teams/tiger/*"]
}
```

# **Multi-Value Object Rules**

Multi-value rules can generate and assign a set of keys and values to a variable. In older documentation these are sometimes referred to as "partial object rules". (Try It)

```
# Creates an object with sets as the values.
paths_by_prefix[prefix] contains path if {
   some path in input.paths
   parts := split(path, "/")
   prefix := parts[0]
}
```

#### (Output)

```
{
   "paths_by_prefix": {
      "a": ["a/123.txt", "a/456.txt"],
      "b": ["b/bar.txt", "b/foo.txt"],
      "c": ["c/x.txt"]
   }
}
```

#### Iteration Make quick work of collections

#### Some

Name local query variables. (Try It)

```
all_regions := {
  "emea": {"west", "east"},
  "na": {"west", "east", "central"},
  "latam": {"west", "east"},
  "apac": {"north", "south"},
}
allowed_regions contains region_id if {
  some area, regions in all_regions

  some region in regions
  region_id := sprintf("%s_%s", [area, region])
}
```

#### (Output)

```
{
  "allowed_regions": [
     "apac_north", "apac_south", "emea_east", ...
]
}
```

#### **Every**

Check conditions on many elements. (Try It)

```
allow if {
  prefix := sprintf("/docs/%s/", [input.userID])
  every path in input.paths {
    startswith(path, prefix)
  }
}
```

# Control Flow Handle different conditions Logical AND

Statements in rules are joined with logical AND. (Try It)

```
valid_staff_email if {
  regex.match('^\S+@\S+\.\S+$', input.email)

# and
  endswith(input.email, "example.com")
}
```

#### **Logical OR**

Express OR with multiple rules, functions or the in keyword. (Try It)

```
# using multiple rules
valid_email if endswith(input.email, "@example.com")
valid_email if endswith(input.email, "@example.org")
valid_email if endswith(input.email, "@example.net")

# using functions
allowed_firstname(name) if {
    startswith(name, "a")
    count(name) > 2
}
allowed_firstname("joe") # if name == 'joe'
valid_name if {
    allowed_firstname(input.name)
}
# using 'in'
valid_request if {
    input.method in {"GET", "POST"}
}
```

#### (Output)

```
{
   "email": "opa@example.com", "name": "anna", "method": "GET"
}
```



# Testing Validate your policy's behavior

#### With

Override input and data using the with keyword. (Try It)

```
allow if input.admin == true

test_allow_when_admin if {
  allow with input as {"admin": true}
}
```

#### **Objects**

Produce key:value data. Note, keys must be unique. (Try It)

```
is_even[number] := is_even if {
   some number in [1, 2, 3, 4]
   is_even := (number % 2) == 0
}
```

#### (Output)

```
{
    "is_even": {
        "1": false, "2": true, "3": false, "4": true
    }
}
```

# **Debugging** Find and fix problems

#### **Print**

Use print in rules to inspect values at runtime. (Try It)

```
allowed_users := {"alice", "bob", "charlie"}
allow if {
   some user in allowed_users
   print(user)
   input.user == user
}
```

#### (Output)

```
// alice
// bob
// charlie
```

## **Builtins** Handy functions for common tasks

#### Regex

Pattern match and replace string data. (Try It)

```
example_string := "Build Policy as Code with OPA!"
check_match if regex.match('\w+', example_string)
check_replace := regex.replace(example_string, '\s+', "_")
```

#### (Output)

```
{
   "check_match": true,
   "check_replace": "Build_Policy_as_Code_with_OPA!"
}
```

# Comprehensions Rework and process collections

#### **Arrays**

Produce ordered collections, maintaining duplicates. (Try It)

```
doubled := [m |
   some n in [1, 2, 3, 3]
   m := n * 2
]
```

#### (Output)

#### Sets

Produce unordered collections without duplicates. (Try It)

```
unique_doubled contains m if {
  some n in [10, 20, 30, 20, 10]
  m := n * 2
}
```

#### (Output)

```
{
    "unique_doubled": [20, 40, 60]
}
```

#### **Strings**

Check and transform strings. (Try It)

```
example_string := "Build Policy as Code with OPA!"

check_contains if contains(example_string, "OPA")
check_startswith if startswith(example_string, "Build")
check_endswith if endswith(example_string, "!")
check_replace := replace(example_string, "OPA", "Styra")
check_sprintf := sprintf("OPA is %s!", ["awesome"])
```

#### Aggregates

Summarize data. (Try It)

```
vals := [5, 1, 4, 2, 3]
vals_count := count(vals)
vals_max := max(vals)
vals_min := min(vals)
vals_sorted := sort(vals)
vals_sum := sum(vals)
```

#### (Output)

```
{
  "vals_count": 5,
  "vals_max": 5,
  "vals_min": 1,
  "vals_sorted": [1, 2, 3, 4, 5],
  "vals_sum": 15
}
```



## **Objects: Extracting Data**

Work with key value and nested data. (Try It)

```
obj := {"userid": "18472", "roles": [{"name": "admin"}]}
# paths can contain array indexes too
val := object.get(obj, ["roles", 0, "name"], "missing")
defaulted_val := object.get(
   obj,
   ["roles", 0, "permissions"], # path
   "unknown", # default if path is missing
)
keys := object.keys(obj)
```

#### (Output)

```
{
  "val": "admin",
  "defaulted_val": "unknown",

  "keys": ["roles", "userid"]
}
```

## **Objects: Transforming Data**

Manipulate and make checks on objects. (Try It)

```
unioned := object.union({"foo": true}, {"bar": false})
subset := object.subset(
   {"foo": true, "bar": false},
   {"foo": true}, # subset object
)

removed := object.remove(
   {"foo": true, "bar": false},
   {"bar"}, # remove keys
)
```

#### (Output)

```
"removed": { "foo": true },
"subset": true,
"unioned": { "bar": false, "foo": true }
}
```

The Rego Cheat Sheet is maintained by Styra, the creators of OPA, and the Styra community. If you have any questions, suggestions, or would like to get involved, please join us on our Slack.