



COMPUTER VISION 1

Homework 1

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Computer Vision Report – Homework 1

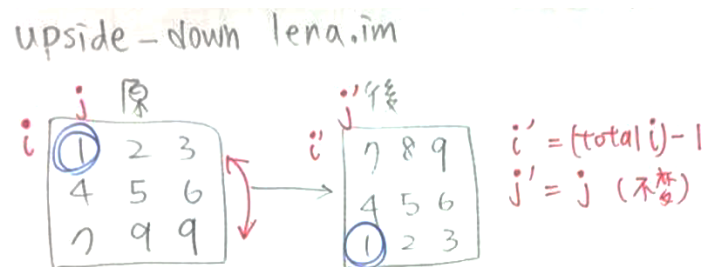
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Question1. Use B_PIX to write a program to generate :

(a) upside-down lena.im

*使用到的概念說明:

影像上下顛倒，其實就等於是影像的高度中心點為支點，上下翻轉，因此，在每一個 pixel 要顛倒時，只需要顛倒一半的高度長的 pixel 就好，如以下的矩正概念:



lena.bmp



upsidedown.bmp

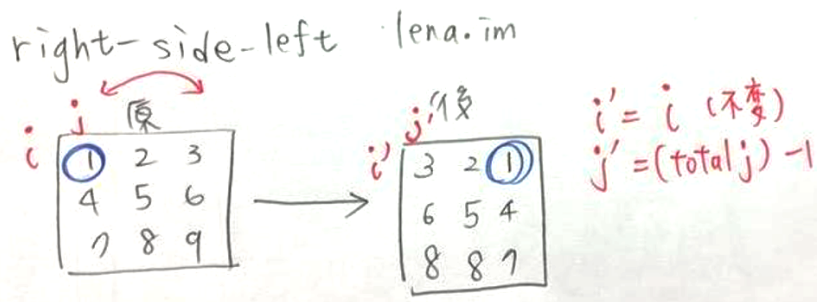
Source Code (upside-down lena)

```
LENA = imread('lena.bmp');  
INFO = imfinfo('lena.bmp');  
for i =1:INFO.Height/2,  
    for j =1:INFO.Width,  
        DRAWER = LENA(i,j);  
        LENA(i,j) = LENA(INFO.Height-i,j);  
        LENA(INFO.Height-i,j) = DRAWER;  
    end;  
end;  
imwrite(LENA,'upsidedown.bmp');
```

(b) right-side-left lena.im

使用到的概念說明:

影像為左右顛倒，其實就等於是以前影像的寬度的中心點為支點，左右翻轉，因此 在每一個 pixel 要顛倒時，只需要顛倒一半的寬度長的 pixel 就好。如以下的矩陣概念:



lena.bmp



rightsideleft.bmp

Source Code (right-side-left lena)

```
LENA2 = imread('lena.bmp');  
INFO2 = imfinfo('lena.bmp');  
for i = 1:INFO2.Width/2,  
    for j = 1:INFO2.Height,  
        DRAWER2 = LENA2(j,i);  
        LENA2(j,i) = LENA2(j,INFO2.Width-i);  
        LENA2(j,INFO2.Width-i) = DRAWER2;  
    end;  
end;  
imwrite(LENA2,'rightsideleft.bmp');
```

(c) diagonally mirrored lena.im

使用到的概念說明: 影像的鏡像對稱, 可以先做一次上下翻轉, 在做一次左右翻轉, 即可完成 L E N A 的鏡像對稱。

- 1.Up-side-down 一次圖檔後存入 `usd1.bmp`
- 2.在right-side-left 一次圖檔後存入 `diagonallymirror.bmp`
- 3.得到對角線鏡像圖檔 `diagonallymirror.bmp`



`lena.bmp`



`usd1.bmp`



`diagonallymirror.bmp`

Source Code (diagonally mirrored lena)

```
LENA3 = imread('lena.bmp');
INFO3 = imfinfo('lena.bmp');
for i = 1:INFO3.Height/2,
    for j = 1:INFO3.Width,
        DRAWER3 = LENA3(i,j);
        LENA3(i,j) = LENA3(INFO3.Height-i,j);
        LENA3(INFO3.Height-i,j) = DRAWER3;
    end;
end;
imwrite(LENA3,'usd1.bmp');
LENA4 = imread('usd1.bmp');
INFO4 = imfinfo('usd1.bmp');
for x = 1:INFO4.Width/2,
    for y = 1:INFO4.Height,
        DRAWER4 = LENA4(y,x);
        LENA4(y,x) = LENA4(y,INFO4.Width-x);
        LENA4(y,INFO4.Width-x) = DRAWER4;
    end;
end;
imwrite(LENA4,'diagonallymirror.bmp');
```

Question2.

(a) rotate lena.im 45 degrees clockwise

Source Code (rotate lena)

```
LENA = imread('lena.bmp');  
LENA = imrotate(LENA, 315, 'bilinear');  
% Rotate 315 degrees counter-clockwise -> Rotate 45 degrees clockwise  
imwrite(LENA, 'rotate lena.bmp');
```



lena.bmp



rotate lena.bmp

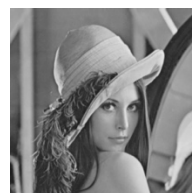
(b) shrink lena.im in half

Source Code (shrink lena)

```
LENA = imread('lena.bmp');  
LENA = imresize(LENA, 0.5, 'bilinear'); %shrink lena.im in half  
imwrite(LENA, 'shrink lena.bmp')
```



lena.bmp



shrink lena.bmp

(c) binarize lena.im at 128 to get a binary image

Source Code (binarize lena)

```
>> LENA = imread('lena.bmp'); % 讀取影像檔案 lena.bmp
>> BinarizeLENA = im2bw(LENA,0.5);
>> imwrite(BinarizeLENA,'Binarize lena.bmp');
```



lena.bmp

Binarize lena.bmp

```
Filename: '/Users/suwanlin/Documents/MATLAB/lena.bmp'
FileModDate: '22-Sep-2016 13:41:35'
FileSize: 263224
Format: 'bmp'
FormatVersion: 'Version 3 (Microsoft Windows 3.x)'
Width: 512
Height: 512
BitDepth: 8
ColorType: 'indexed'
FormatSignature: 'BM'
NumColormapEntries: 256
Colormap: [256x3 double]
RedMask: []
GreenMask: []
BlueMask: []
ImageDataOffset: 1078
BitmapHeaderSize: 40
NumPlanes: 1
CompressionType: 'none'
BitmapSize: 0
HorzResolution: 2834
VertResolution: 2834
NumColorsUsed: 0
NumImportantColors: 0

Filename: '/Users/suwanlin/Documents/MATLAB/Binarize lena.bmp'
FileModDate: '25-Sep-2016 11:39:45'
FileSize: 32830
Format: 'bmp'
FormatVersion: 'Version 3 (Microsoft Windows 3.x)'
Width: 512
Height: 512
BitDepth: 1
ColorType: 'indexed'
FormatSignature: 'BM'
NumColormapEntries: 2
Colormap: [2x3 double]
RedMask: []
GreenMask: []
BlueMask: []
ImageDataOffset: 62
BitmapHeaderSize: 40
NumPlanes: 1
CompressionType: 'none'
BitmapSize: 32768
HorzResolution: 0
VertResolution: 0
NumColorsUsed: 2
NumImportantColors: 0
```