



東北大學  
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# 软件工程

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## 5.4 Dynamic Modeling

# Dynamic Modeling

- **State diagram is replenishment of class description. It depicts all the states that a class' instance may experience and the causing events.**
- **An event may be an action which causes state change.**
- **An event may be a message from another object, or meeting some conditions.**

# Dynamic Modeling

- **Not all classes need state diagram.**
- **Some classes have clear states changing according to conditions and events.**

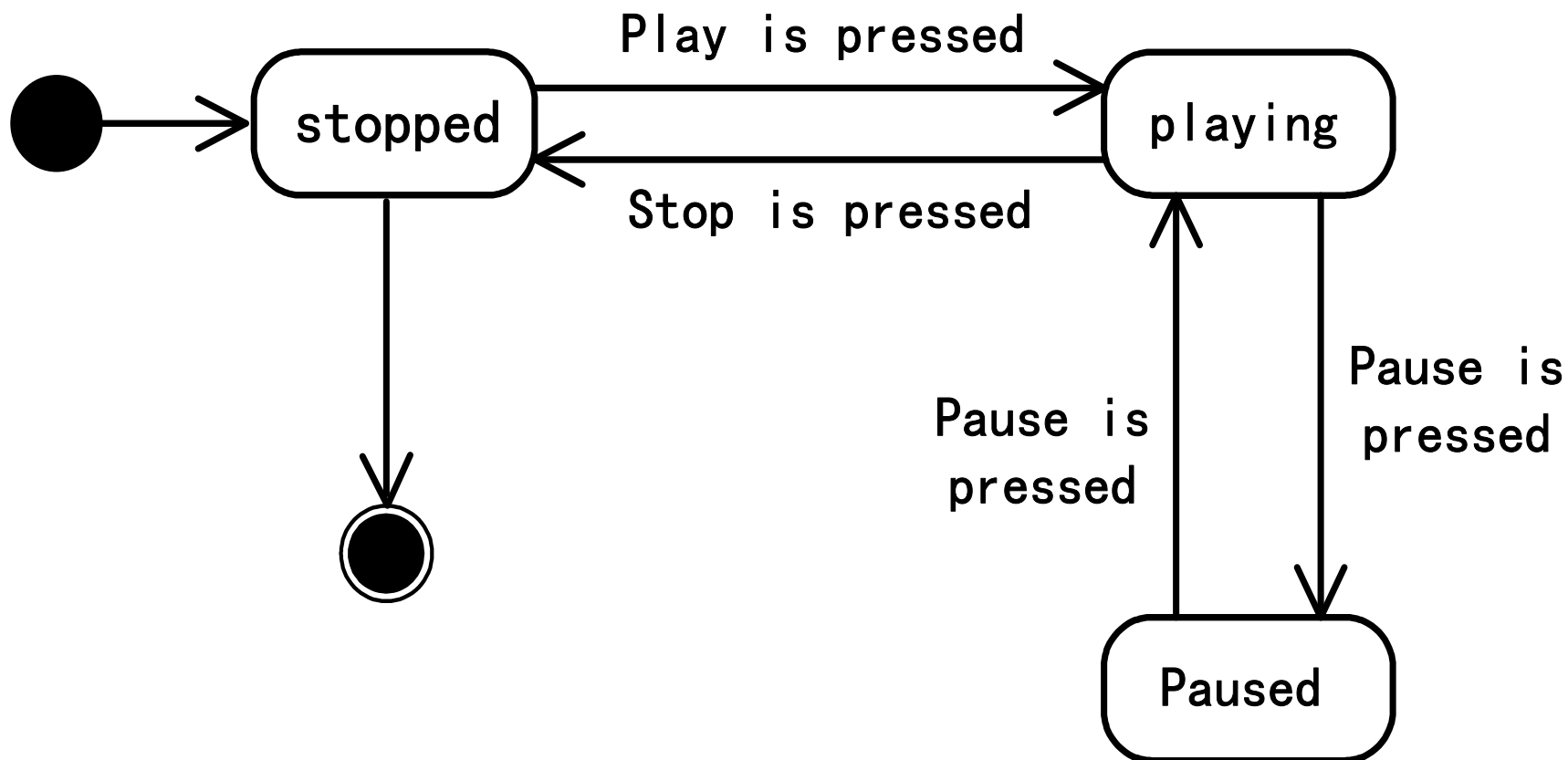


## ➤ Case 1

**Draw a UML state diagram to model the control program for a portable CD player. Include three states: *stopped*, *playing*, and *paused*. Also, include three events possible in any state: *pause\_is\_pressed*, *stop\_is\_pressed*, and *play\_is\_pressed*.**

# Dynamic Modeling

## ➤ State Diagram for *CDPlayer*





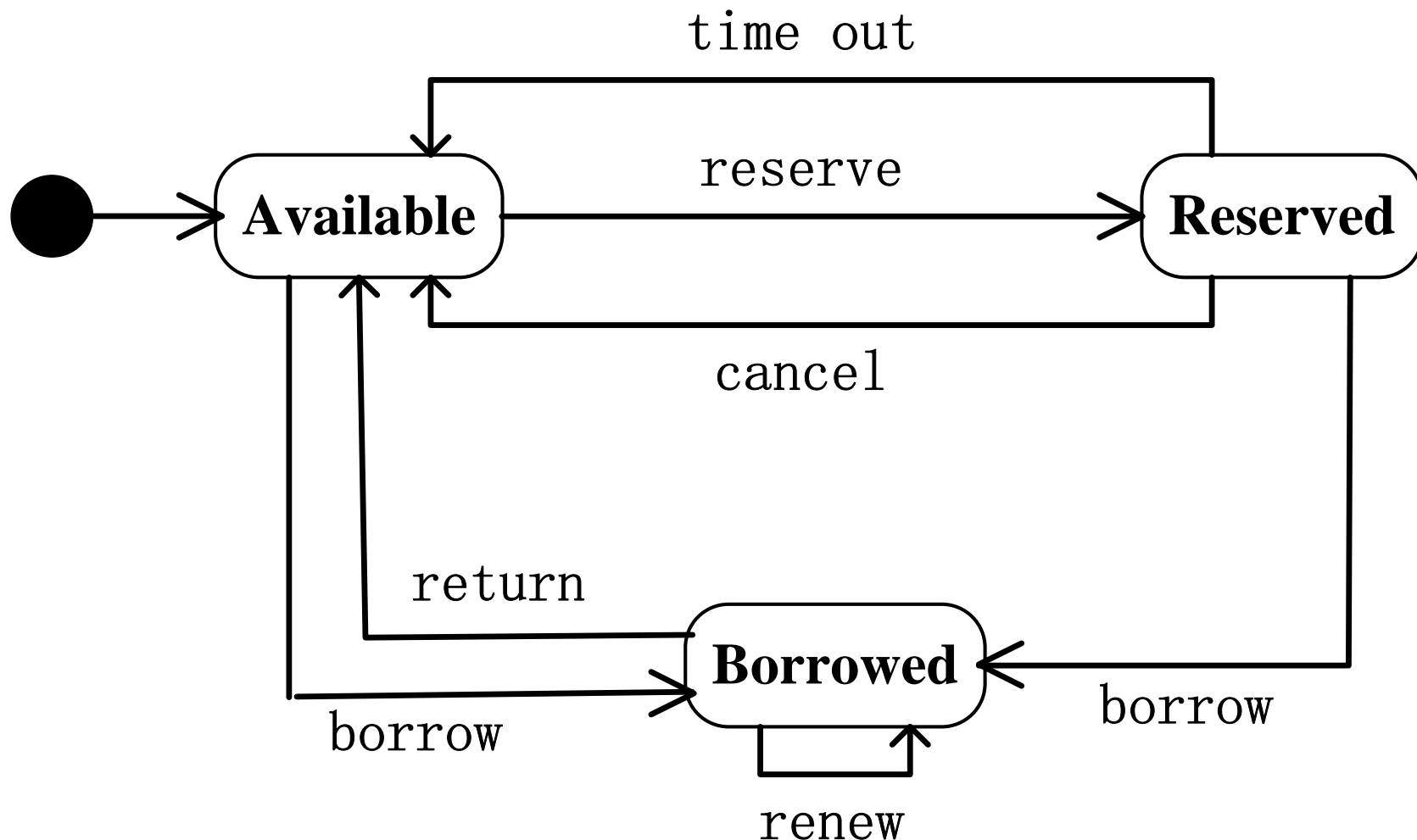
## ➤ Case 2 :

**Draw a UML state diagram for a book in a Library Mgmt. System. Include three states: *available*, *borrowed*, and *reserved*. Also, include events possible in any state: *borrow*, *return*, *reserve*, *cancel reservation*, *reservation times out* and *renew*.**

# Dynamic Modeling



## ➤ State Diagram for *Book* in Library Mgmt. System.

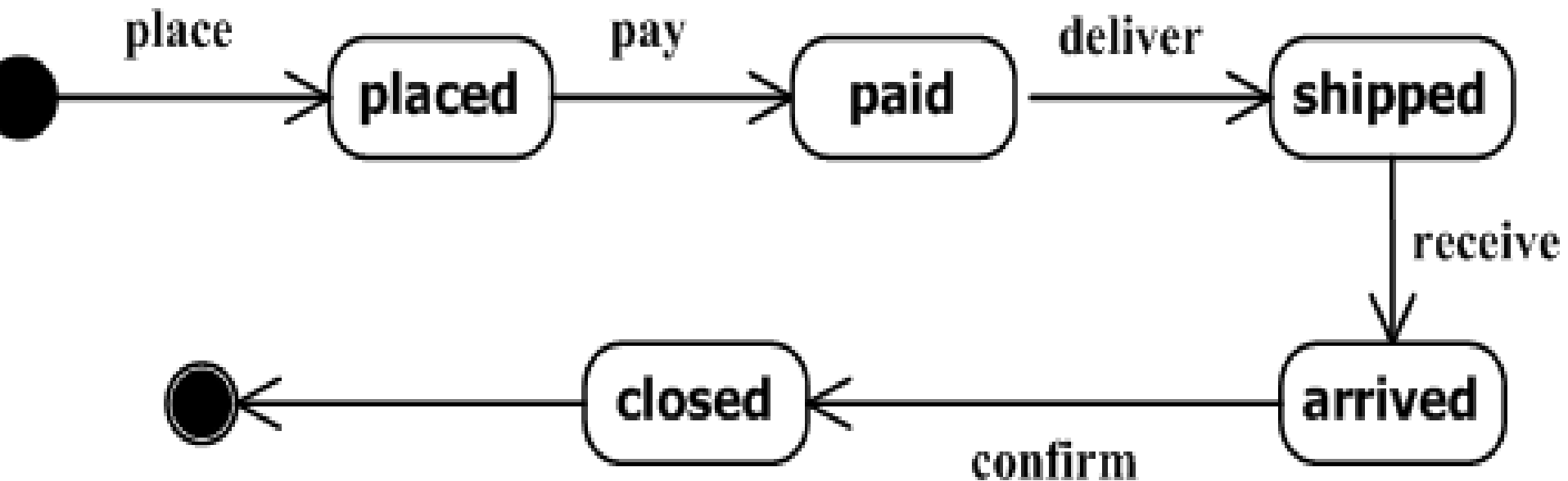




# Dynamic Modeling

## ➤ Case 3 ---- *Order* in an eShop system

An order goes through the states of *placed*,  
*paid*, *shipped*, *arrived*, *closed*.



# Case 4: Elevator

