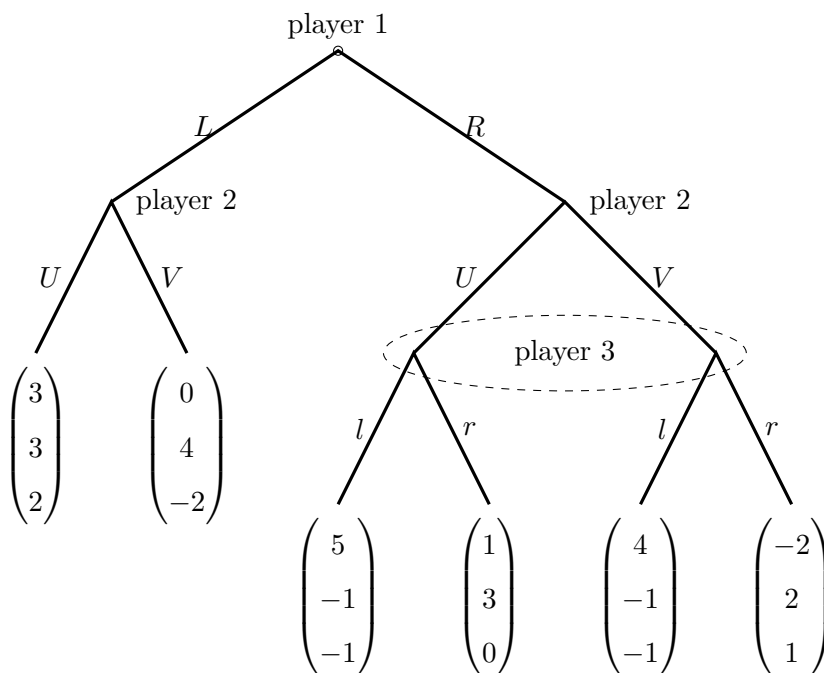


1. For the extensive-form game given below



- Write down the normal-form of the game.
- Find all pure strategy NE of the game.
- Find all subgame perfect NE of the game.

Answer:

(a) The normal-form

	UU	UV	VU	VV
L	3, 3, 2	3, 3, 2	0, 4, -2	0, 4, -2
R	5, -1, -1	4, -1, -1	5, -1, -1	4, -1, -1

l

	UU	UV	VU	VV
L	3, 3, 2	3, 3, 2	0, 4, -2	0, 4, -2
R	1, 3, 0	-2, 2, 1	1, 3, 0	-2, 2, 1

r

(b) Pure NE

$$(R, VU, r), \quad (L, VV, r)$$

(c) SPNE

$$(R, VU, r).$$

To see this, note that in the subgame after L , player 2's optimal choice is V . In the subgame after R , the NE is (U, r) .

	l	r
U	-1, -1	3, 0
V	-1, -1	2, 1

2. Two players, 1 and 2, simultaneously choose a number between 0 and 3, that is, $s_i \in \{0, 1, 2, 3\}$.

If the sum of numbers they choose is less than or equal to 3, $s_1 + s_2 \leq 3$, each player i gets s_i dollars. However, if the sum they report is greater than 3, $s_1 + s_2 > 3$, each player gets 0 dollars. Identify all pure NE.

Answer. The strategic form

		player 2			
		0	1	2	3
Player 1	0	0, 0	0, 1	0, 2	0, 3
	1	1, 0	1, 1	1, 2	0, 0
	2	2, 0	2, 1	0, 0	0, 0
	3	3, 0	0, 0	0, 0	0, 0

Four pure NE:

$$(3, 0), (2, 1), (1, 2), (0, 3), (3, 3).$$