

LAB-4

Prepare Lab Sheet of MYSQL Statements for following.

1. Create tables Teacher (Id INT PRIMARY KEY, Tname VARCHAR(20)) and Student (id INT PRIMARY KEY, Sname VARCHAR(20));

Ans:

Query:

```
CREATE TABLE Teacher (  
    Id INT PRIMARY KEY,  
    Tname VARCHAR(20)  
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE Student (  
    Id INT PRIMARY KEY,  
    Sname VARCHAR(20)  
);
```

Result:

mysql> desc Teacher;

```
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
| Field | Type   | Null | Key | Default | Extra |  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
| Id    | int    | NO   | PRI | NULL    |       |  
| Tname | varchar(20) | YES |     | NULL    |       |  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
2 rows in set (0.04 sec)
```

mysql> desc Student;

```
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
| Field | Type   | Null | Key | Default | Extra |  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
| Id    | int    | NO   | PRI | NULL    |       |  
| Sname | varchar(20) | YES |     | NULL    |       |  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
2 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

2. Insert values like {(“1,”Ram”), (2,”Hari”), (3,”Sita”)} in Teacher and {(“2,”Hari”), (3,”Sita”), (4,”Gita”)} in Student.

Ans:

Query:

```
INSERT INTO Teacher (Id, Tname) VALUES  
(1, 'Ram'),  
(2, 'Hari'),  
(3, 'Sita');
```

```
INSERT INTO Student (Id, Sname) VALUES  
(2, 'Hari'),  
(3, 'Sita'),  
(4, 'Gita');
```

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Result:

```
mysql> select *from teacher;
```

```
+----+-----+
| Id | Tname |
+----+-----+
| 1  | Ram   |
| 2  | Hari  |
| 3  | Sita  |
+----+-----+
```

3 rows in set (0.00 sec)

```
mysql> select *from Student;
```

```
+----+-----+
| Id | Sname |
+----+-----+
| 2  | Hari  |
| 3  | Sita  |
| 4  | Gita  |
+----+-----+
```

3 rows in set (0.00 sec)

3. Write query to find names of Union of Teacher and Student.

Ans:

Query:

```
SELECT Tname FROM Teacher UNION SELECT Sname FROM Student;
```

Result:

```
+-----+
| Tname |
+-----+
| Ram   |
| Hari  |
| Sita  |
| Gita  |
+-----+
```

4 rows in set (0.01 sec)

4. Write query to find intersection of names Teacher and Student using Distinct and Inner Join

Ans:

Query:

```
SELECT DISTINCT T.Tname FROM Teacher T INNER JOIN Student S ON T.Tname = S.Sname;
```

Result:

```
+-----+
| Tname |
+-----+
| Hari  |
| Sita  |
+-----+
```

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+-----+

2 rows in set (0.02 sec)

5. Write query to find intersection of names Teacher and Student using IN and Sub query

Ans:

Query:

```
SELECT Tname FROM Teacher WHERE Tname IN (SELECT Sname FROM Student);
```

Result:

+-----+

| Tname |

+-----+

| Hari |

| Sita |

+-----+

2 rows in set (0.01 sec)

6. Write query to find Teacher MINUS Student using Left Join

Ans:

Query:

```
SELECT T.Tname FROM Teacher T LEFT JOIN Student S ON T.Tname = S.Sname WHERE S.Sname IS NULL;
```

Result:

+-----+

| Tname |

+-----+

| Ram |

+-----+

1 row in set (0.01 sec)

7. Find the number of offices in the Office table from the COMPANY Database in Lab-1 using COUNT function.

Ans:

Query:

```
SELECT COUNT(*) AS office_count FROM Office;
```

Result:

+-----+

| office_count |

+-----+

| 5 |

+-----+

1 row in set (0.06 sec)

8. Write a query to count the distinct names of Employees.

Ans:

Query:

```
SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT Ename) AS distinct_name_count FROM Employee;
```

Result:

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```
+-----+
| distinct_name_count |
+-----+
|          5          |
+-----+
```

1 row in set (0.01 sec)

9. Write a query to find sum of salary of Employees.

Ans:

Query:

```
SELECT SUM(Salary) AS total_salary FROM Employee;
```

Result:

```
+-----+
| total_salary |
+-----+
| 200000.00 |
+-----+
```

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

10. Write a query to find average of salary of Employees.

Ans:

Query:

```
SELECT AVG(Salary) AS average_salary FROM Employee;
```

Result:

```
+-----+
| average_salary |
+-----+
| 40000.000000 |
+-----+
```

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

11. Write a query to find Maximum PF Amount from the PF Table.

Ans:

Query:

```
SELECT MAX(Amount) AS max_pf_amount FROM PF;
```

Result:

```
+-----+
| max_pf_amount |
+-----+
|    5000.00 |
+-----+
```

1 row in set (0.04 sec)

12. Write a query to find Minimum PF Amount from the PF Table.

Ans:

Query:

```
SELECT MIN(Amount) AS min_pf_amount FROM PF;
```

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Result:

```
+-----+
| min_pf_amount |
+-----+
|    1000.00 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```