# mysql语句及数据库的基础操作

## 1, 增添删改语句

```
增: insert
删: delete
改: update
查: select or show
```

#### 2, 库操作

检查数据库是否正常运行

```
service mysql start
service mysql status
```

出现绿色光标即 active (running) 表示数据库正常运行

创建数据库: create database dbname; (注: dbname是你所创建数据库的名字,我创建的是k2,所以就是create database k2;)

```
nysql> create database k2;
->
-> create database k2;
ERROR 1064 (42000): You have an error in your SQL syntax; check the manual that corresponds to your MySQL server version for the right syntax to use near 'create database k2' at line 3
nysql> create database k2;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
```

创建带字符的数据库: create database mydb2 CHARACTER SET=utf8;

显示数据库: show databases;

删除数据库: drop database dbname;

```
Database
| information schema
  fake
 mysql
 performance_schema
 sys
6 rows in set (0.01 sec)
mysql> drop database fake;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 \text{ sec})
mysql> show databases;
| Database
 information_schema |
 k2
 mysql
 performance_schema
 sys
```

## 3,表操作

创建数据库表(创建一个表名为: employee, 该表中含有id, name, sex, birthday, job字段):

```
create table employee
(
   id int,
   name varchar(40),
   sex char(4),
   birthday date,
   job varchar(100),
);
```

```
mysql> use k2;
Database changed
mysql> create table employee
   -> (
   -> id int,
   -> name varchar(40),
   -> sex varchar(4),
   -> birthday date,
   -> entry_date date,
   -> salary decimal(8,2),
   -> resume text
   -> );
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
```

表中增添image字段: alter table employee add image blob;

修改值: alter table employee modify () varchar ();

删除列: alter table employee drop ();

修改表名: rename table () to ();

删除表: drop table user;

查询表数据: select () from;

查看创建表语句: show create table tablename;

查看表结构: desc tablename;

# 4.常用的MySQL语句命令\*\*

进入MySQL命令行: MySQL -u root -p;

查看所有数据库: show databases;

创建数据库: create database dbname;

删除数据库: drop database dbname;

选择数据库: use database;

查看所有表: show tables;