

LEVERAGING DATA ANALYSIS FOR OPTIMAI



MARKETING CAMPAIGN SUCCESS

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LEVERAGING DATA ANALYSIS FOR OPTIMAL MARKETING CAMPAIGN SUCCESS

PROJECT REPORT

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 OVERVIEW

In today's data-driven world, businesses can greatly enhance their marketing campaign success by leveraging data analysis. By harnessing the power of data, organizations can gain valuable insights into customer behaviour, preferences, and market trends, allowing them to make informed decisions and optimize their marketing efforts.

Social Impact: The application of data analysis in marketing campaigns has social impacts related to privacy and data protection, personalization and user experience, targeting vulnerable populations, the digital divide and accessibility, bias and discrimination, and environmental considerations. It is important for organizations to prioritize ethical practices, protect privacy rights, and ensure inclusivity and sustainability in their data-driven marketing strategies.

Business Model/Impact: Leveraging data analysis in marketing campaigns has a significant impact on businesses by enabling them to make data-driven decisions, optimize targeting and personalization, measure campaign success, and enhance overall marketing effectiveness. It helps businesses increase customer engagement, improve conversion rates, and drive revenue growth. However, it also requires careful attention to privacy, ethical considerations, and inclusivity to mitigate potential negative social impacts. Ultimately, the effective use of data analysis in marketing can lead to improved business performance and competitiveness in the digital age.

1.2 PURPOSE

Data analysis in marketing involves collecting and analyzing various types of data, such as customer demographics, purchase history, online behavior, social media interactions, and campaign performance metrics. Through advanced analytics techniques, businesses can uncover patterns, correlations, and trends within this data to gain a deeper understanding of their target audience.

2. LITERATURE SURVEY

It would provide a comprehensive overview of the current state of knowledge in the field of market campaign and would provide a foundation for the analysis and reportcreation aspects of the project.

2.1 EXISTING PROBLEMS

While leveraging data analysis for optimal marketing campaign success offers significant benefits, there are several existing problems that organizations may face. These include:

- Data Quality and Integration: Data analysis relies on the availability
 of high-quality, accurate, and relevant data. However, organizations
 often struggle with data quality issues, such as incomplete or
 inconsistent data, data silos, and difficulties in integrating data from
 various sources. Poor data quality can lead to inaccurate analysis results
 andhinder effective decision-making.
- **Data Privacy and Security:** The use of customer data for analysis raises concerns about data privacy and security. Organizations must comply with data protection regulations and ensure that customer data is collected, stored, and used in a secure and ethical manner. Balancing the need for data analysis with privacy concerns is an ongoing challenge.
- Skills and Resources: Effective data analysis requires skilled professionals with expertise in data analytics, statistics, and data visualization. Many organizations struggle to attract and retain qualified data analysts and data scientists. Additionally, organizations may lack the necessary infrastructure, tools, and resources to effectively leverage data analysis techniques.
- Interpretation and Actionability: Analyzing data is just the first step. Interpreting the analysis results and translating them into actionable insights can be challenging. Marketers need to bridge the gap between data analysis and effective decision-making, ensuring that the insights gained from data analysis are actionable and can be implemented in marketing campaigns.
- **Bias and Ethical Considerations:** Data analysis can be subject to bias, both in data collection and analysis techniques. Biased data or biased interpretations can lead to flawed marketing strategies or discriminatory practices. Ensuring fairness, transparency, and ethical considerations in data analysis is essential to mitigate potential biases.

2.2 PROPOSED SOLUTION FOR IDENTIFIED EXISTING PROBLEMS

Data Quality and Integration: Establish data quality standards and data governance practices to ensure data accuracy, completeness, and consistency. Implement data integration and data management solutions to consolidate data from various sources and eliminate data silos. Invest in data cleansing and data validation processes to improve the overall quality of the data.

Data Privacy and Security: Comply with data protection regulations and establish robust data privacy policies and procedures. Implement stringent data security measures, including encryption, access controls, and regular security audits. Implement anonymization or pseudonymization techniques to protect personally identifiable information (PII) while still enabling effective analysis.

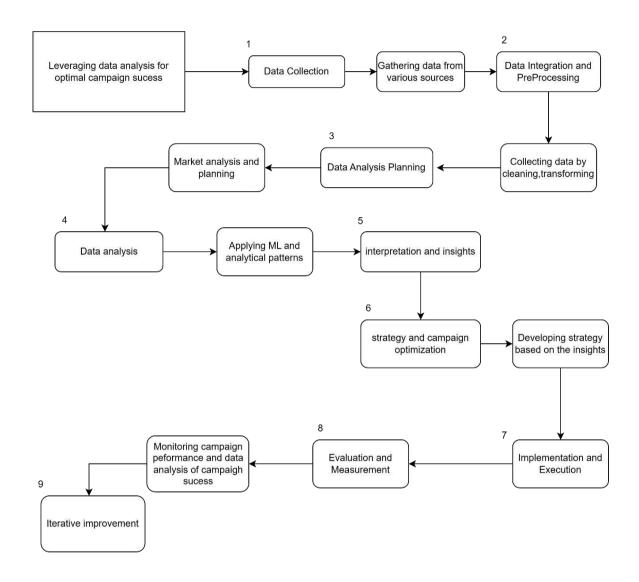
Skills and Resources: Invest in training and upskilling programs for marketingteams to enhance their data analytics capabilities. Collaborate with external partners or consultants with expertise in data analysis to fill skill gaps. Leverage data analytics tools and platforms that are user-friendly and require minimal technical expertise.

Interpretation and Actionability: Foster collaboration between data analysts and marketing teams to ensure a shared understanding of analysis results. Communicate analysis findings in a clear and actionable manner, translating them into specific marketing strategies and tactics. Conduct regular feedback loops and review sessions to evaluate the impact of data analysis insights on marketing campaigns and refine approaches Accordingly.

Bias and Ethical Considerations: Establish robust data collection methods that minimize biases and ensure representative and diverse datasets. Implement bias detection and mitigation techniques during data analysis to identify and address any inherent biases. Foster a culture of ethical data usage and establish ethical guidelines and frameworks for data analysis and decision-making.

3. THEORITICAL ANALYSIS

3.1 Block diagram



3.2 Hardware /software designing

Theoretical Analysis: Hardware/Software Designing for Leveraging Data Analysis in Marketing Campaigns When considering the hardware and software requirements for leveraging data analysis in marketing campaigns, several factors need to be takeninto account.

These factors include the volume and complexity of the data, the computational power required for analysis, the scalability of the solution, and the integration with existing marketing systems. Here's a theoretical analysis of the hardware and software aspects:

HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS:

- Processing Power: To handle large volumes of data and perform complex data analysis tasks, a robust hardware infrastructure is needed. This may include high-performance servers or cloud computing resources capable of handling extensive computational tasks efficiently.
- **Storage Capacity:** Since data analysis in marketing campaigns involves processing and analysing vast amounts of data, there should be sufficient storage capacity to store the datasets. This can be achieved through large- capacity storage devices or cloud-based storage solutions.
- Networking Infrastructure: A reliable and high-speed network infrastructure is crucial for seamless data transfer between various components of the marketing campaign system. This includes networking equipment such as routers, switches, and high-bandwidth connections.

SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS:

- Data Management Systems: Effective data management is essential for leveraging data analysis in marketing campaigns. This may involve implementing a robust database management system (DBMS) or a data warehouse solution to store and organize the marketing data efficiently.
- Data Integration Tools: Integration with various data sources is often required in marketing campaigns. Software tools that facilitate data integration, such as extract, transform, load (ETL) tools or data integration platforms, can help collect and consolidate data from multiple sources.
- Data Analysis and Visualization Tools: To perform data analysis and derive meaningful insights, software tools specifically designed for data analysis are needed. This may include statistical analysis tools (e.g., R, Python libraries), visualization tools (e.g., Tableau, Power BI), or machine learning frameworks(e.g., TensorFlow, scikit-learn).
- Marketing Automation Platforms: Integration with marketing automation platforms can enhance the effectiveness of marketing campaigns. These platforms often provide features such as campaign management, customer segmentation, and personalized targeting, which can be complemented bydata analysis insights.
- Security and Privacy Measures: Given the sensitivity of marketing data, robust security measures must be in place to protect data privacy and prevent unauthorized access. This includes implementing encryption protocols, access controls, and adhering to relevant data regulations.

INTEGRATION CONSIDERATIONS:

Efficient integration between hardware and software components is crucial for leveraging data analysis in marketing campaigns. This includes ensuring compatibility between the hardware infrastructure and the software tools, establishing data pipelines for smooth data flow, and implementing data connectors or APIs for seamless integration with other marketing systems (e.g., customer relationship management software, email marketing platforms).

To leverage data analysis for optimal marketing campaign success, organizations should consider a well-designed hardware and software infrastructure. This infrastructure should provide the necessary processing power, storage capacity, data management tools, analysis and visualization capabilities, and integration with existing marketing systems. By addressing the hardware and software requirements effectively, organizations can unlock the potential of data analysis and make data- driven decisions to enhance the effectiveness of their marketing campaigns.

4. EXPERIMENTAL INVESTIGATIONS

When working on the solution of leveraging data analysis for optimal marketing campaign success, several experimental investigations can be conducted to analyze and evaluate the effectiveness of the approach. These investigations involve collecting and analyzing data, implementing data analysis techniques, and measuring the impact on marketing campaign outcomes. Here are some possible experimental investigations for this project.

Data Collection and Preprocessing:

Identify relevant data sources: Investigate different data sources available for marketing campaigns, such as customer data, sales data, social media data, website analytics, etc. Gather and preprocess data: Collect the required data from various sources and preprocess it by cleaning, transforming, and integrating the datasets into a unified format suitable for analysis.

Customer Segmentation:

Define customer segments: Experiment with different segmentation approaches based on demographic, behavioral, or psychographic factors to identify distinct customer segments.

Analyze segment characteristics: Conduct exploratory data analysis to understand the characteristics, preferences, and behaviors of each customer segment.

Evaluate segment targeting: Implement targeted marketing strategies for different segments and measure the effectiveness in terms of response rates, conversion rates, and overall campaign performance.

Predictive Modeling and Campaign Optimization:

Develop predictive models: Build machine learning models to predict customer behavior, such as purchasing patterns, churn likelihood, or response to marketing stimuli.

Optimize campaign parameters: Experiment with different campaign parameters, such as messaging, timing, channel selection, and personalization, based on the predictions from the models.

Measure campaign performance: Track key performance metrics, including campaign reach, engagement, conversion rates, and return on investment (ROI), to assess the impact of optimization strategies.

A/B Testing and Experimental Design:

Design A/B tests: Conduct controlled experiments by splitting the targetaudience into test and control groups, and compare the performance of different marketing approaches or variations.

Test campaign elements: Test different elements of marketing campaigns, such as headlines, visuals, call-to-action buttons, or promotional offers, toidentify the most effective variations.

Analyze test results: Analyze the experimental results using statistical methods to determine the significance and impact of different variations on campaign success.

Real-time Monitoring and Adaptive Campaigns: Implement real-time monitoring: Set up systems to monitor campaign performance and customer interactions in real-time.

Incorporate adaptive strategies: Apply machine learning algorithms to analyze real-time data and make adaptive decisions, such as dynamically adjusting marketing messages or budget allocations based on changing customer behavior or market conditions.

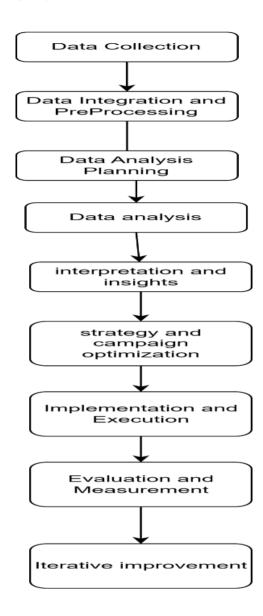
Evaluate adaptive approaches: Assess the effectiveness of adaptive strategies by comparing the performance of adaptive campaigns with traditional static campaigns.

ROI Measurement and Attribution: Establish ROI measurement frameworks: Develop methodologies to measure the return on investment for marketing campaigns, considering both online and offline channels.

Attribute marketing impact: Implement attribution models to analyze the contribution of different marketing touchpoints and channels in driving customer conversions.

Optimize budget allocation: Utilize the insights from ROI measurement and attribution analysis to optimize budget allocation across various marketing channels and activities. By conducting these experimental investigations, organizations can gain valuable insights into the effectiveness of leveraging data analysis in marketing campaigns. These investigations allow for data-driven decision- making, optimization of marketing strategies, and continuous improvement in campaign performance, ultimately leading to better outcomes and increased marketing effectiveness.

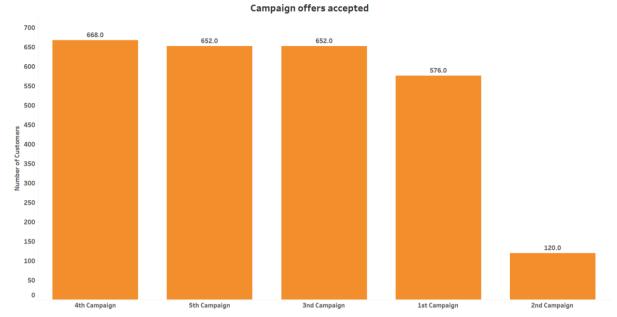
5. FLOWCHART

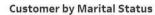


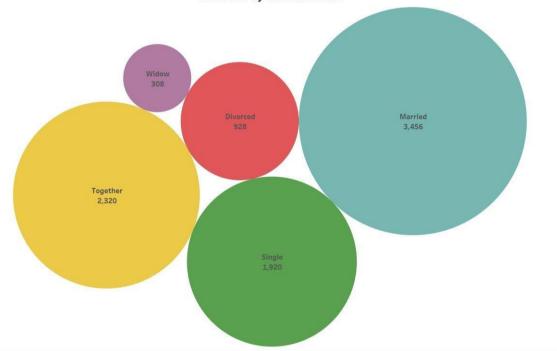
6. RESULT

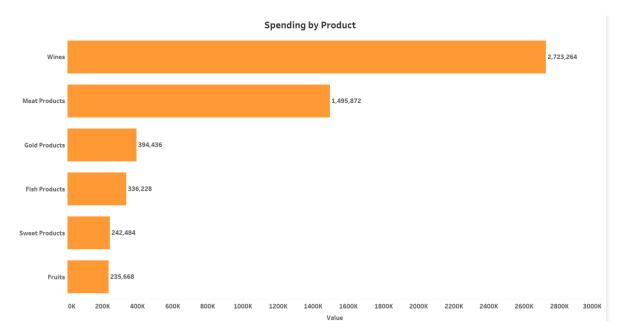
DATA VISUALIZATIONS:



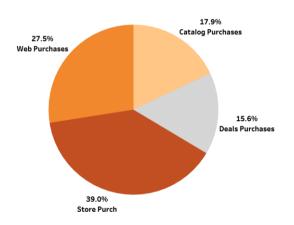


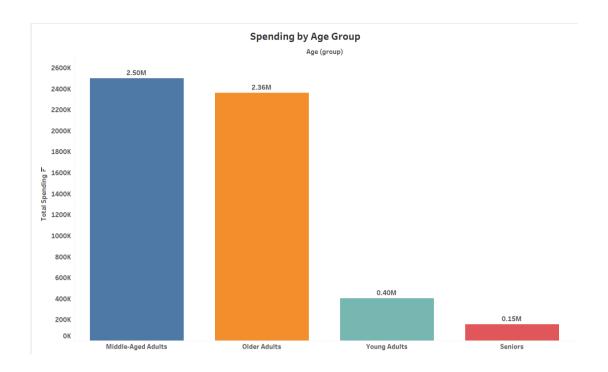




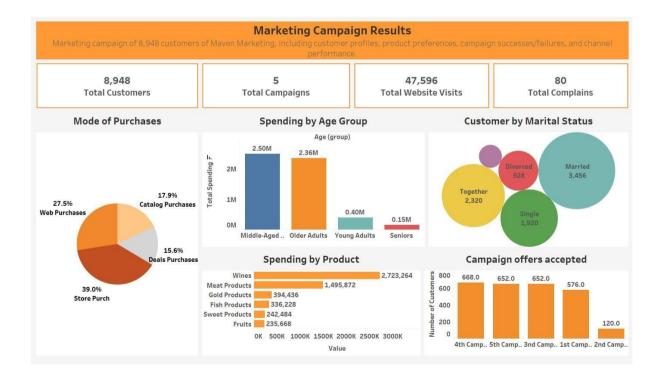


Mode of Purchases



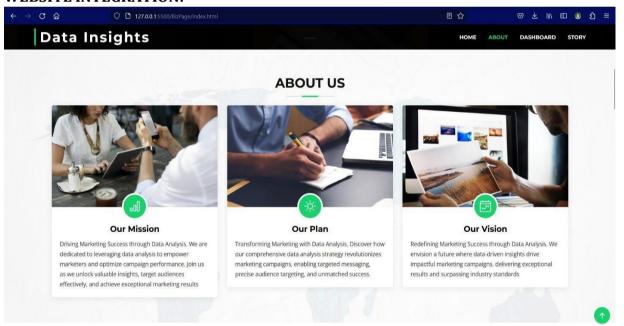


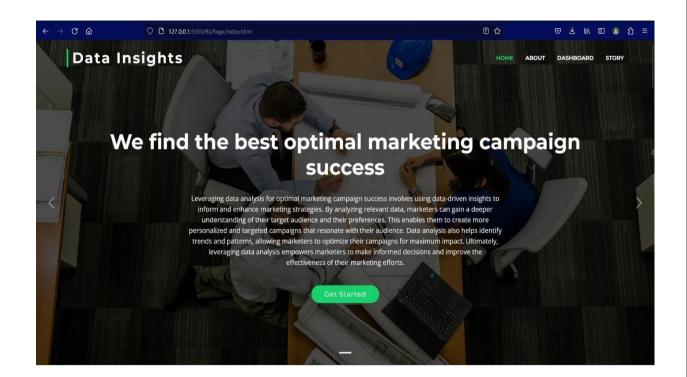
DASHBOARD:



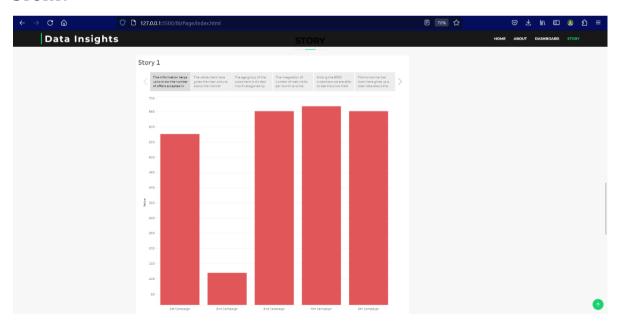


WEBSITE INTEGRATION:





STORY:



7. ADVANTAGES AND DISADVANTAGES

Pros of Leveraging Data Analysis for Optimal Marketing Campaign Success:

- **Data-driven Decision Making:** Data analysis enables marketers to make informed decisions based on objective insights rather than relying solely on intuition or guesswork. This leads to more effective and targeted marketing strategies.
- **Improved Customer Understanding:** Data analysis helps marketers gain a deeper understanding of customer behavior, preferences, and needs. This knowledge allows for personalized marketing campaigns that resonate with specific customer segments, leading to higher engagement and conversion rates.
- **Enhanced Campaign Performance:** Leveraging data analysis can optimize marketing campaigns by identifying the most effective messaging, timing, channels, and offers. This leads to improved campaign performance, higher response rates, and increased return on investment (ROI).
- **Predictive Modeling and Forecasting:** By using data analysis techniques, marketers can develop predictive models to forecast customer behavior and outcomes. This enables proactive decision-making and the ability to anticipate customer needs and preferences.
- Continuous Improvement: Data analysis provides valuable insights that drive continuous improvement. Marketers can analyze campaign results, gather feedback, and make data-driven adjustments to refine marketing strategies and achieve better results over time.

Cons of Leveraging Data Analysis for Optimal Marketing Campaign Success:

- **Data Complexity and Quality:** Data analysis relies on the availability of high-quality and accurate data. However, data can be complex, fragmented, or contain errors, which can impact the reliability and accuracy of analysis results.
- Privacy and Ethical Considerations: The use of customer data for analysis
 raises privacy and ethical concerns. Marketers must ensure compliance with
 data protection regulations and maintain transparency in data collection, storage, and
 usage to protect customer privacy.

- Skill and Resource Requirements: Data analysis requires specialized skills
 and resources. Marketers may need to invest in training or hire data analysts or
 datascientists to effectively leverage data analysis techniques. This can increase
 the cost and resource requirements for marketing campaigns.
- **Data Bias and Interpretation Challenges**: Data analysis can be subject to biases and misinterpretations. Biases in data collection or sample selection can lead to skewed analysis results, while misinterpretation of data can lead to flawed marketing strategies or misguided decision-making.
- Implementation Complexity: Implementing data analysis techniques and integrating them into marketing processes and systems can be complex. It requires coordination between marketing teams, data analysts, and IT departments, which can pose challenges in terms of implementation timelines and organizational alignment.
- Technology and Infrastructure Dependencies: Leveraging data analysis for for marketing campaigns requires the availability of suitable technology infrastructure and data management systems. Organizations may need to invest in hardware, software, and IT infrastructure to support data analysis initiatives. It's important to note that while the benefits of leveraging data analysis for marketing campaign success are substantial, addressing the associated challenges is crucial to ensure the effective and ethical use of data andmaximize the benefits derived from data analysis techniques.

8. APPLICATIONS

Leveraging data analysis for optimal marketing campaign success has numerous applications across various aspects of marketing. Here are some key applications:

- Customer Segmentation: Data analysis allows for the identification and segmentation of customer groups based on demographics, behaviors, preferences, or purchasing patterns. This segmentation enables targeted marketing efforts tailored to specific customer segments, resulting in more personalized and effective campaigns.
- Personalization and Targeting: By analyzing customer data, marketers can gain insights into individual preferences and behaviors. This enables the customization of marketing messages, offers, and recommendations to create personalized experiences for customers, leading to higher engagement and conversion rates.
- **Campaign Optimization:** Data analysis helps optimize marketing campaigns by identifying the most effective strategies, channels, and

messaging. It enables marketers to measure and analyze campaign performance, make data-driven adjustments, and continuously optimize campaigns for better results and higher ROI.

- Predictive Analytics: By leveraging data analysis techniques, marketers can develop predictive models to forecast customer behavior, such as purchase likelihood, churn probability, or response to marketing stimuli. This empowers marketers to proactively design campaigns and strategies based on anticipated customer actions.
- Customer Lifetime Value (CLV) Analysis: Data analysis can help
 estimate the lifetime value of a customer by analyzing historical data
 and predicting future customer value. This information enables
 marketers to prioritize and allocate resources to high-value customers,
 develop loyalty programs, and implement retention strategies.
- Market Research and Competitive Analysis: Data analysis allows for the exploration of market trends, competitor strategies, and customer sentiment. It helps marketers understand market dynamics, consumer preferences, and competitive landscape, enabling them to make datainformed decisions and stay ahead of the competition.
- Marketing Attribution: Data analysis enables marketers to measure and attribute the impact of marketing activities across multiple touchpoints and channels. It helps identify which marketing efforts contribute most to customer conversions, enabling optimized budget allocation and resource allocation.
- **Real-time Monitoring and Optimization:** By leveraging real-time data analysis, marketers can monitor campaign performancecustomer interactions, and market trends in real-time. This allows foragile decision-making and the ability to adapt campaigns onthe-fly, resulting in improved effectiveness and responsiveness.
- Social Media Analysis: Data analysis can extract insights from social media platforms, including sentiment analysis, social listening, and identification of influencers. This information helps shape social media strategies, content creation, and customer engagement initiatives.
- Customer Experience Enhancement: Data analysis helps identify pain points, preferences, and satisfaction drivers along the customer journey. By understanding customer experiences, marketers can optimize touchpoints, improve customer satisfaction, and drive customer loyalty.

These applications highlight the wide range of opportunities that leveraging data analysis presents for optimizing marketing campaigns, improving customer engagement, and driving business growth.

9. CONCLUSION

In conclusion, experimental analysis plays a crucial role in leveraging data analysis for optimal marketing campaign success. By conducting experiments, analyzing data, and making data-driven decisions, organizations can enhance their marketing strategies, improve campaign performance, and achieve better outcomes. Experimental investigations such as customer segmentation, predictive modeling, A/B testing, and real-time monitoring allow marketers to gain valuable insights into customer behavior, preferences, and campaign effectiveness. These insights enable them to tailor marketing efforts, optimize campaign parameters, and make timely adjustments forbetter results.

Through data analysis, marketers can identify distinct customer segments, develop predictive models to forecast customer behavior, and optimize marketing campaigns accordingly. A/B testing helps compare different variations and approaches, providing insights into what resonates best with the target audience. Real-time monitoring allows for agile decision-making and adaptive strategies, ensuring campaigns stay relevant and effective. Additionally, ROI measurement and attribution analysis enable marketers to measure the impact of marketing campaigns and allocate resources effectively. By continuously analyzing and refining marketing strategies based on experimental results, organizations can drive continuous improvement and maximize campaign success.

However, it's important to consider the challenges associated with data complexity, privacy concerns, skill requirements, and interpretation biases that may arise during experimental analysis. These challenges should be addressed to ensure the accuracy, reliability, and ethical use of data in marketing campaigns.

In summary, experimental analysis empowers marketers to leverage data insights and make informed decisions for optimal marketing campaign success. By embracing data analysis techniques, organizations can enhance customer understanding, personalize marketing efforts, optimize campaigns, and ultimately achieve higher engagement, conversions, and ROI.

9. FUTURE SCOPE

The future scope of leveraging data analysis for optimal marketing campaign success is promising, as advancements in technology and data analytics continue to reshape the marketing landscape. Here are some key areas of future development:

- 1. Advanced Machine Learning and AI: The integration of advanced machine learning algorithms and artificial intelligence (AI) techniques will further enhance data analysis capabilities. These technologies will enable more accurate predictive models, automated decision-making processes, and personalized marketing strategies based on real-time customer data.
- 2. **Big Data and Real-time Analytics:** As the volume, velocity, and variety ofdata continue to grow, the ability to process and analyze big data in real-timewill become crucial. Real-time analytics will allow marketers to quickly identify patterns, trends, and opportunities, enabling them to make timely and impactful marketing decisions.
- 3. **Customer Journey Analytics:** The focus will shift towards understanding and optimizing the entire customer journey, from initial awareness to post- purchase experiences. Data analysis techniques will be used to analyze customer touchpoints, identify pain points, and deliver personalized experiences at each stage of the journey, resulting in improved customersatisfaction and loyalty.
- 4. **Social Media and Influencer Analytics**: Social media platforms will continue to play a significant role in marketing campaigns. Advanced analytics will enable marketers to extract valuable insights from social media data, such as sentiment analysis, social listening, and influencer identification. This will help shape social media strategies, enhance brand engagement, and leverage the power of influencers effectively.
- 5. **Cross-channel Integration**: Data analysis will enable better integration and synchronization of marketing efforts across multiple channels and touchpoints. Marketers will leverage data insights to deliver consistent messaging, personalized experiences, and seamless interactions across various online and offline channels, providing customers with a cohesive andengaging brand experience.
- 6. **Predictive Personalization:** The future will witness the rise of predictive personalization, where marketers will leverage data analysis and machine learning algorithms to anticipate individual customer preferences and needs. Personalized recommendations, tailored offers, and targeted marketing messages will be dynamically delivered to customers, driving higher engagement and conversions.

- 7. Ethical and Transparent Data Usage: With increasing concerns around data privacy and ethics, there will be a greater emphasis on responsible andtransparent data usage. Marketers will need to implement robust data governance frameworks, comply with regulations, and establish trust withcustomers by ensuring their data is used ethically and securely.
- 8. Augmented and Virtual Reality: As augmented reality (AR) and virtual reality (VR) technologies become more prevalent, data analysis will play a vital role in understanding user interactions and optimizing AR/VR marketing experiences. Marketers will leverage data insights to create immersive and personalized AR/VR campaigns that resonate with customers.
- 9. **Voice and Conversational Marketing:** With the rise of voice assistants and chatbots, data analysis will enable marketers to analyze customer interactions and conversations. This will help refine voice search strategies, improve chatbot responses, and deliver more personalized and contextually relevant marketing experiences.
- 10. **Data-driven Storytelling:** Data analysis will enable marketers to uncovercompelling stories within the data and use them to create impactful narratives. By combining data insights with storytelling techniques, marketers can engage customers on an emotional level, making marketing campaigns more memorable and persuasive.

In summary, the future of leveraging data analysis for optimal marketing campaign success will be driven by advancements in technology, the increasing availability of data, and the need for personalized and seamless customer experiences. By harnessing the power of data and adopting emerging technologies, marketers will be able to unlock new opportunities, drive innovation, and achieve greater marketing effectiveness in the years to come.

PROGRAM

A/R testing function

```
# Sample code for segmenting your email list based on customer behavior
import pandas as pd
# Load your customer data into a Data Frame
customer_data = pd. read_csv('customer_data.csv')
# Segment your customers into engaged and non-engaged
engaged_customers = customer_data[customer_data['engagement'] >= 0.5]
non_engaged_customers = customer_data[customer_data['engagement'] < 0.5]
# Sample code for A/B testing
import random
# Split your email list into A and B groups
def split_email_list(email_list, split_ratio):
  random. shuffle(email_list)
  split index = int(len(email list) * split ratio)
  group_ a = email_list[:split_index]
  group_b = email_list[split_index:]
  return group_a, group_b
# Sample code for analyzing email open rates and click-through rates
# Calculate open rate
open_rate = (total_opened_emails / total_sent_emails) * 100
# Calculate click-through rate
click_through_rate = (total_clicked_links / total_opened_emails) * 100
# Sample code for optimizing send times
# Analyze email open times
best_send_time = analyze_send_times(customer_data)
# Predictive analytics can be performed using various machine learning libraries in Python like
scikit-learn.
# Personalization can be done using templating engines or email marketing platforms that support
dynamic content.
import pandas as pd
import random
import smtplib
from email. mime. multipart import MIME Multipart
from email. mime. text import MIME Text
# Load customer data
customer_data = pd. read_csv('customer_data.csv')
# Segment your email list based on engagement score
engaged_ customers = customer_ data[customer_data['engagement_score'] >= 0.5]
non_engaged_customers = customer_data[customer_data['engagement_score'] < 0.5]
# Split your email list into A and B groups for A/B testing
group_ a, group_ b = split_ email_ list(engaged_ customers['email'], 0.5)
```

```
def split_email_list(email_list, split_ratio):
 random. shuffle(email_ list)
 split_index = int(len(email_list) * split_ratio)
 group_ a = email_ list[:split_ index]
 group_ b = email_ list[split_ index:]
 return group_a, group_b
# Send personalized emails
def send_personalized_email(receiver, subject, message):
 sender_email = 'your_email@example.com'
 sender_password = 'your_password'
 # Set up the email server
 server = smtplib. SMTP('smtp.example.com', 587)
 server .starttls()
 server. login(sender_ email, sender_ password)
  # Create the email
 msg = MIME Multipart()
 msg['From'] = sender_email
 msg['To']
               =
                     receiver
 msg['Subject'] = subject
 msg. attach(MIME Text(message, 'plain'))
  # Send the email
 server. sendmail(sender_ email, receiver, msg. as_ string())
 server. quit()
  Personalized email content
subject = 'Special Offer for You!'
message_template = 'Hello, {first_name}!\n\n We have a special offer on {product}. Purchase it now
and save ${amount}. Visit our website at example.com.'
# Send personalized emails to group A
for email in group_ a:
 customer = engaged_ customers .loc[engaged_ customers['email'] == email]
 personalized_ message = message_ template. format(
                    name=customer['first_
                                                       name'].values[0],
                                                     history']['product'],
   product=customer['purchase_
   amount=customer['purchase_history']['amount']
 send_personalized_email(email, subject, personalized_message)
# Send a generic email to group B
generic_message = 'Hello,\n\n Check out our latest products at example.com.'
for email in group_b:
 send
               personalized_
                                      email(email,
                                                          subject,
                                                                          generic_
                                                                                           message)
```

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