Question Number	Answer		Mark
18(a)	Draws best fit straight line on graph	(1)	
	Use of two corresponding pairs of values of I and t	(1)	
	Use of gradient = $-1/CR$	(1)	
	$C = 2.17 \times 10^{-5}$ (F) (rounds to 2.2×10^{-5})	(1)	4
	Or		
	Draws best fit straight line on graph	(1)	
	Use of two corresponding pairs of values of I and t	(1)	
	Use of $\ln I = \ln I_0 - t / CR$	(1)	
	$C = 2.17 \times 10^{-5}$ (F) (rounds to 2.2×10^{-5})	(1)	
	Example of calculation Gradient = -0.189 s^{-1}	(1)	
	0.191 s ⁻¹ = 1 / $C \times 240~000~\Omega$		
	$C = 2.17 \times 10^{-5} \mathrm{F}$		
18(b)(i)	Use of $\Delta E_{\text{grav}} = mg\Delta h$	(1)	
	Use of $E_k = \frac{1}{2} mv^2$ and conservation of energy	(1)	
	$v = 0.46 \text{ m s}^{-1}$	(1)	3
	Example of calculation $E_{\text{grav}} = 0.028 \text{ kg} \times 9.81 \text{ N kg}^{-1} \times 0.011 \text{ m} = 3.02 \times 10^{-3} \text{ J}$ $3.02 \times 10^{-3} \text{ J} = \frac{1}{2} \times 0.028 \text{ kg} \times v^2$ $v = 0.464 \text{ m s}^{-1}$		
18(b)(ii)	Use of $V = V_0 e^{-t/CR}$	(1)	
	Or Use of $\ln V = \ln V_0 - t / CR$		
	$t = 1.4 \times 10^{-4} \mathrm{s}$	(1)	2
	Example of calculation ln (5.43 V / 6.18 V) = $-t/2.2 \times 10^{-5}$ F × 49 Ω $t = 1.39 \times 10^{-4}$ s		
18(b)(iii)	Use of $W = mg$	(1)	
	Use of $p = mv$	(1)	
	Use of $F \Delta t = \Delta p$	(1)	
	F = 93 N which is (much) more than the weight of sphere A, so the suggestion is incorrect (e.c.f from (b)(i) and (b)(ii))	(1)	4
	Example of calculation $W = mg$ = 0.028 kg × 9.81 N kg ⁻¹		

$F = 0.013 \text{ N s} / 1.39 \times 10^{-4} \text{ s}$ = 93 N	
	I
= 0.013 N s	
$p = 0.028 \text{ kg} \times 0.464 \text{ m s}^{-1}$	
= 0.275 N	