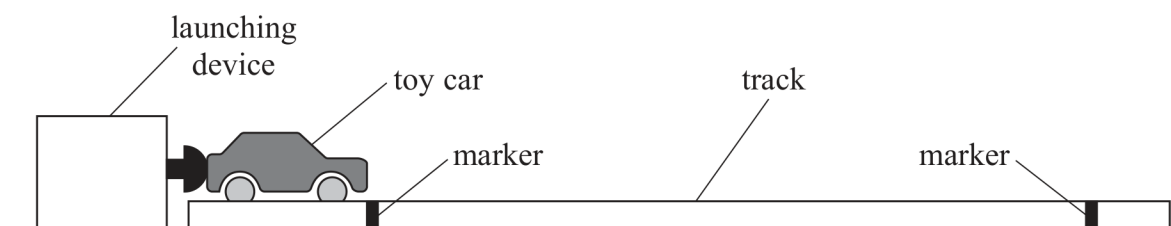


- 4 A student investigated the motion of a toy car along a horizontal track using the apparatus shown.



The launching device applies a force on the car. The force causes the car to accelerate. The mean value of the applied force during each launch is F .

- (a) The student used a stopwatch to measure the time the toy car took to travel between the two markers.

She recorded the following measurements.

| Time/s | 3.57 | 3.61 | 3.54 | 3.51 |
|--------|------|------|------|------|
|--------|------|------|------|------|

- (i) Determine the mean value of time in s.

(2)

Mean value of time = s

- (ii) Determine the percentage uncertainty in the mean value of time.

(2)

Percentage uncertainty =

- (b) The student adjusted the launching device to vary the mean force F applied to the car.

For larger values of F there was a greater percentage uncertainty in the measurement of time.

Describe how different apparatus could be used to measure the time, so that the percentage uncertainty is reduced.

(2)

- (c) For each launch, the launching device applied the force to the car for a constant time t . For each value of F the student determined the mean velocity v of the toy car.

The relationship between F and v is given by

$$Ft = Mv$$

where M is the mass of the toy car.

- (i) Explain why a graph of F against v can be used to determine a value for t .

(2)



(ii) The student recorded the following results.

| F/N | $v/\text{m s}^{-1}$ |
|--------------|---------------------|
| 0.5 | 0.28 |
| 1.5 | 0.84 |
| 2.5 | 1.40 |
| 3.5 | 1.97 |
| 4.5 | 2.52 |

Plot a graph of F on the y axis against v on the x axis on the grid opposite.

(5)

(iii) Determine a value for t using the gradient of your graph.

$$M = 0.125 \text{ kg}$$

(3)

$t = \dots\dots\dots$

