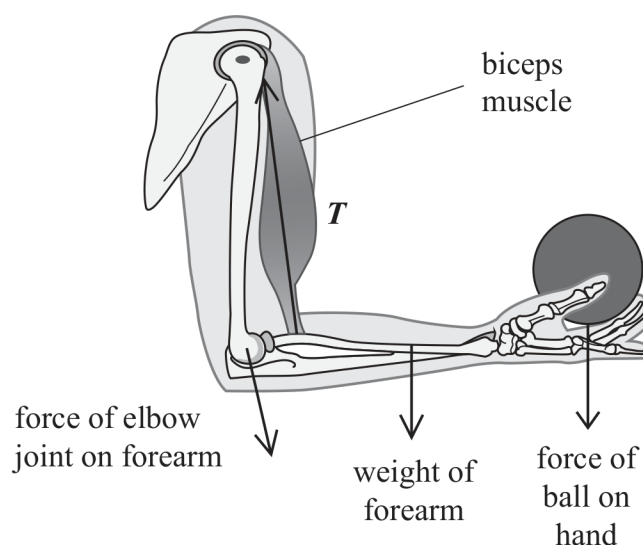


- 15 Muscles move body parts by contracting and relaxing. For the forearm to hold a ball in the position shown, the biceps muscle contracts, creating a tension T in the muscle as shown.



A student modelled the forces on the forearm using a uniform beam and spring arrangement as shown below. The length and weight of the beam were the same as the length and weight of the forearm.

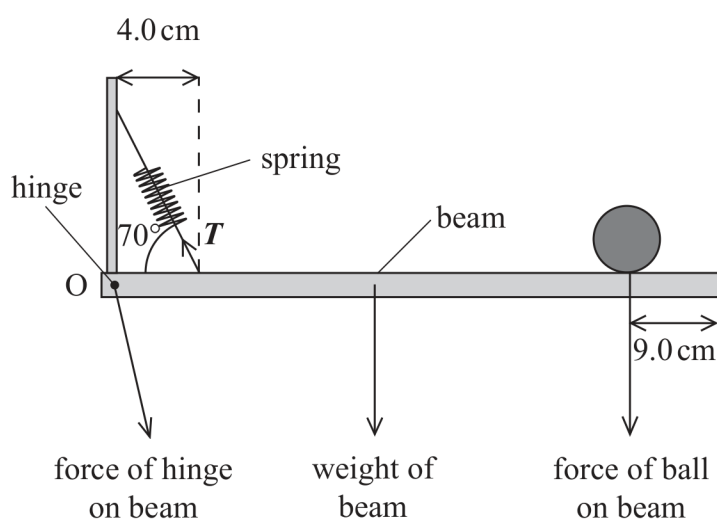


Diagram
not to scale



- (a) It can be assumed that the biceps muscle acts as a spring at an angle of 70° to the beam, 4.0 cm from the pivot O.

Determine the magnitude of T . You will need to estimate the total length of the forearm and hand.

force of ball on beam = 4.5 N

weight of beam = 15 N

(5)

Estimate of total length of forearm and hand =

$T =$

- (b) Explain a limitation of using a beam to model the forearm.

(2)

(Total for Question 15 = 7 marks)