Question Number	Answer						Mark	
15(a)	<ul> <li>Use of W</li> <li>W = 0.47</li> </ul>	$f = F_{\text{ave}} \times x$ J				(1) (1)	2	
	Example of calculation $W = 0.5(2.6 \text{ N} + 9.6 \text{ N}) \times 0.5 \times \pi \times 0.049 \text{ m}$ W = 0.47  J							
*15(b) (i)	This question assesses a student's ability to show a coherent and logically structured answer with linkages and fully-sustained reasoning.  Marks are awarded for indicative content and for how the answer is structured							
	and shows lines of reasoning.  The following table shows how the marks should be awarded for indicative content.							
	Number of indicative marking points seen in answer	Number of marks awarded for indicative marking points	Max linkage mark available	Max final mark				
	6	4	2	6				
	5	3	2	5				
	4	3	1	4				
	3	2	1	3				
	2	2	0	2				
	1	1	0	1				
	0	0	0	0				
	The following table shows how the marks should be awarded for structure and lines of reasoning.						6=	

	Answer shows a coherent and logical	Number of marks awarded for structure of answer and sustained line of reasoning					
	structure with linkages and fully sustained lines of reasoning demonstrated throughout						
	Answer is partially structured with some linkages and lines of reasoning						
	Answer has no linkages between points and is unstructured						
	Guidance on how the mark scheme should be a should be added to the mark for lines of reason indicative marking points which is partially str reasoning scores 4 marks (3 marks for indicative structure and some linkages and lines of reason points, the same five indicative marking points (3 marks for indicative content and no marks for Indicative content:	uing. For example, an uctured with some ling ve content and 1 marking). If there are no lowould yield an overa	answer with five kages and lines of c for partial inkages between				
	<ul> <li>(Aternating p.d. produces) alternating current in input coil</li> <li>(Alternating/varying current produces) a varying magnetic field in core</li> <li>Or (Alternating/varying current produces) a varying magnetic field in second coil</li> <li>There is a change in magnetic flux linkage with (second) coil</li> <li>E.m.f. induced</li> <li>Complete circuit, so current in capacitor circuit</li> <li>Diode produces direct current</li> </ul>						
15(b)(ii)	<ul> <li>Evidence of attempt to determine m</li> <li>Use of emf = NA dB/dt</li> </ul>	(1)					
	• Max emf = 610 V	(1) (1)	3				
	Example of calculation Gradient = $1030 \text{ T s}^{-1}$ Emf = $1030 \text{ T s}^{-1} \times 1700 \times 3.5 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}^2$ = $613 \text{ V}$						
15 (c)	<ul> <li>Calculate V<sub>0</sub> / e</li> <li>Read time constant from graph = (4.5 s)</li> <li>Use of time constant = RC</li> <li>Use of W = ½ CV²</li> <li>W = 270 J which is greater than 0.47 J, so the electrical method stores the most energy</li> </ul>						
	OR  • Draws tangent to line at t = 0 s						

- $V_0 / 2 = V_0 e^{-t\frac{1}{2}/RC}$ 
  - $RC = t_{\frac{1}{2}} / \ln 2$
  - Records time for V to decrease to  $\frac{1}{2}$  (= 3.1 s)

= 270 J

• Use of  $W = \frac{1}{2} CV^2$ 

Example of calculation  $V_0 / e = 600 \text{ V} / e = 221 \text{ V}$ Time constant = 4.5 s $4.5 \text{ s} = 3000 \ \Omega \times C$  $C = 1.5 \times 10^{-3} \text{ F}$ 

**Total for Question 15** 

 $W = \frac{1}{2} \times 1.5 \times 10^{-3} \text{ F} \times (600 \text{ V})^2$ 

## • W = 270 J which is greater than 0.47 J, so the electrical method stores the most energy

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