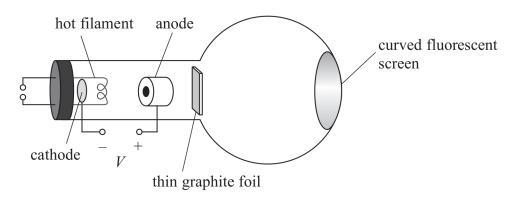
(2)

3 A student investigated the diffraction of electrons using an electron beam tube as shown.



The potential difference, V, accelerates electrons from the hot filament towards the thin graphite foil.

The electrons diffract as they pass through the foil, producing a ring pattern on the curved fluorescent screen as shown below.



(Source: © ANDREW LAMBERT PHOTOGRAPHY/SCIENCE PHOTO LIBRARY)

- (a) The student used vernier calipers to measure the diameters of the rings on the curved screen.
 - (i) Give **two** reasons why vernier calipers are more appropriate for these measurements than a transparent ruler.

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(ii)	Describe how	the student	should	measure	the	diameter	of a	ring	as	accura	tely
	as possible										

(2)

(b) The student used the diameter of the rings to determine the wavelength λ of the electrons.

He repeated this for two more values of V.

The student also determined the value of a constant a using the formula

$$a = V \lambda^2$$

The results are shown in the table below.

V/kV	$\lambda / 10^{-12} \mathrm{m}$	$a / 10^{-18} \mathrm{m}^2 \mathrm{V}$
200	2.67	1.23
250	2.44	1.11
300	2.14	1.32

							_	
(i)	Determine	the	mean	value	of a	in	m^2	V.

(2)

Mean value of
$$a =$$
 m² V

(ii) Determine the percentage uncertainty in the mean value of a.

(2)

Percentage uncertainty in the mean value of a =



(iii)	A different student repeated the investigation using six values of V . She plotted a
	graph of V against $\frac{1}{\lambda^2}$ and determined the constant a from the gradient.

Give **two** reasons why this is a better method to determine a value for a.

(2)

(c) The value of a can also be calculated using the formula

$$a = \frac{h^2}{2em}$$

where

h is the Planck constant

e is the electron charge

 m_{a} is the electron mass.

(i) Calculate the value of h, in J s, when a is 1.46×10^{-18} m² V.

(2)

$$h =$$
 Js

(ii) The percentage uncertainty in the calculated value of h is 6%.

Comment on the accuracy of your calculated value of h.

(2)