

Question Number	Answer	Mark
18(a)	<p>Light directed through one polarising filter (1)</p> <p>Filter is rotated until no light passes through (1)</p> <p><b>Or</b> filter is rotated and light changes intensity (1)</p> <p>(Answers involving use of more than one polarising filter can only potentially score MP2)</p>	2
18(b)(i)	<p>Distance between (adjacent) slits</p> <p><b>Or</b> grating spacing</p> <p><b>Or</b> line spacing</p> <p><b>Or</b> slit spacing</p> <p><b>Or</b> <math>\frac{1}{\text{lines per m}}</math> (1)</p>	1
18(b)(ii)	<p>Use of <math>\tan\theta = \frac{\text{distance from central maximum to first order}}{\text{grating to screen distance}}</math> (1)</p> <p>Use of <math>n\lambda = d\sin\theta</math> (1)</p> <p>number of lines per mm = 950 (1)</p> <p>(MP1 – award if <math>\sin\theta</math> calculated from Pythagoras) (Use of Young’s Double Slit equation scores 0)</p> <p><u>Example of calculation</u>  <math>\tan\theta = 1.61\text{m} / 2.74\text{m}</math>, <math>\theta = 30.4^\circ</math>  <math>d = n\lambda / \sin\theta = (1)(532 \times 10^{-9} \text{ m}) / \sin(30.4^\circ)</math>  <math>d = 1.05 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}</math>  number of lines per m = <math>1 / 1.05 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m} = 9.52 \times 10^5 \text{ m}^{-1}</math>.  number of lines per mm = 952</p>	3
18(b)(iii)	<p>Measuring distance from from first order maxima on one side of the central maxima to the first order maxima on the other side (1)</p> <p>Increasing distance from diffraction grating to screen (1)</p> <p>It would decrease <u>percentage</u> uncertainty (1)</p> <p>(MP3 is dependent upon awarding MP1 or MP2)</p>	3
<b>Total for Question 18</b>		<b>9</b>