14 The work functions of four metals are shown in the table.

Metal	Work function / J
potassium	$3.62 \times 10^{-19}$
magnesium	$5.89 \times 10^{-19}$
tungsten	$7.18 \times 10^{-19}$
iron	$7.41 \times 10^{-19}$

(a) State what is meant by	y work	function
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(1)

(b) When light with a frequency of  $6.32 \times 10^{15} \, Hz$  is incident on a metal, photoelectrons are released with a maximum kinetic energy of  $3.60 \times 10^{-18} \, J$ .

Determine which of the four metals the light is incident on.

1	~	`
	-6	-1
٧.	J	J



	Ultraviolet radiation is incident on a potassium plate. If the radiation behaved as a vave, there would be a time delay before electrons were emitted from the plate.	
(i	) Calculate the time taken for a potassium atom to absorb enough energy to release an electron.	
	intensity of ultraviolet radiation = $38.0  \text{mW}  \text{m}^{-2}$	
	area over which a potassium atom absorbs energy = $8.10 \times 10^{-20}  \text{m}^2$	(2)
		(3)
	Time taken =	

(ii) In practice, electrons are emitted from the plate as soon as the ultraviolet radiation is incident on the plate.

Explain how this provides evidence for the particle nature of electromagnetic radiation.

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(2)