Question Number	Answer	Mark
11a	Use of $n_1 \sin \theta_1 = n_2 \sin \theta_2$ with both 1.33 and 1.52 seen angle of refraction = 37° (1)	2
	Example of calculation $n_1 \sin \theta_1 = n_2 \sin \theta_2$ 1.33 sin (43°) = 1.52 sin r $r = 36.6^{\circ}$	
11b	Use of $\sin C = 1/n$ (1) critical angle = 61°	
	OR Use of sin C = 1 / 1.14 (if ratio calculated in (a)) critical angle = 61° (1)	2
	(Allow an ecf of n_1/n_2 ratio from (a)) Example of calculation	
	$\sin C = 1/n$ $C = \sin^{-1} (1.33/1.52) = 61.0^{\circ}$	

4

Total for question 11