

- 3 A liquid is placed inside a closed container. Some of the liquid evaporates.

The pressure of the vapour above the surface of the liquid increases to a maximum value. This maximum pressure is called the saturated vapour pressure.

- (a) The table shows data for the saturated vapour pressure  $P$  at different absolute temperatures  $T$ .

$P / \text{kPa}$	$T / \text{K}$		
7.8	308		
17.0	323		
34.6	338		
66.1	353		
120.1	368		
208.1	383		

- (i) Plot a graph of  $\log P$  against  $\frac{1}{T}$  on the grid opposite. Use the additional columns for your processed data.

(6)

- (ii) Determine the gradient of the graph.

(3)

Gradient = .....



(iii) The gradient of the graph of  $\log P$  against  $\frac{1}{T}$  is given by

$$\text{gradient} = -\frac{X}{2.30k}$$

where  $X$  is a constant with unit joules, and  $k$  is the Boltzmann constant.

Determine the value of  $X$  in joules.

(3)

$X = \dots\dots\dots$  J

(b) Liquids boil when the saturated vapour pressure is equal to atmospheric pressure.

Determine the boiling point of the liquid in  $^{\circ}\text{C}$  when the atmospheric pressure is 100 kPa.

(3)

Boiling point =  $\dots\dots\dots$   $^{\circ}\text{C}$

(Total for Question 3 = 15 marks)