

Question Number	Answer	Mark
<b>18a</b>	Flux linkage (1) weber / Wb (1)	<b>2</b>
<b>18b</b>	Evidence of attempt to determine maximum gradient of graph (1) Use of $\Delta B / \Delta t$ (1) use of area of coil = $\pi r^2$ (1) use of $\Phi = BA$ (1) Use of $\mathcal{E} = \frac{d(N\Phi)}{dt}$ (1) $\mathcal{E} = 1.4$ V range 1.2 to 1.6 V (1) <u>Example of calculation</u> gradient = $0.6 \text{ T} / 0.006 \text{ s} = 100 \text{ T s}^{-1}$ Area of coil = $\pi(0.003 \text{ m})^2 = 2.83 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}^2$ $\mathcal{E} = 500 \times 100 \text{ T s}^{-1} \times 2.83 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}^2$ $\mathcal{E} = 1.4 \text{ V}$	<b>6</b>
<b>18c</b>	There is a change in the magnetic flux (linkage with aluminium disc) (1) <b>Or</b> disc is cutting magnetic field/flux So an <u>e.m.f.</u> is <u>induced</u> (1) Leads to a current (in the disc) (accept eddy current) (1) Force acts on the disc, as there is a current in a magnetic field (accept reference to motor effect, FLHR or $F = BIl$ if current in disc has been mentioned) <b>Or</b> field due to current in disc interacting with field due to magnet to cause force on disc (1) According to Lenz's law <b>Or</b> the direction of e.m.f./current is such to oppose (the cause of) the change in flux (1) The disc moves to reduce this change (the same direction as the magnet) so correct suggestion (1)	<b>6</b>
	<b>Total for question 18</b>	<b>14</b>