

Question Number	Answer	Mark
16(a)	<p>Use of moment = <math>F x</math> (1)</p> <p>Use of <math>\Sigma(\text{moments}) = 0</math> (1)</p> <p><math>R_1 = 3.7 \text{ kN}</math> <b>and</b> <math>R_2 = 8.6 \text{ kN}</math> (1)</p> <p><u>Example of calculation</u></p> <p>Taking moments about rear axle:</p> <p><math>R_1 = (1.8 \text{ m} \times 1.23 \times 10^4 \text{ N}) / 6 \text{ m} = 3.69 \times 10^3 \text{ N}</math></p> <p>Taking moments about the front axle:</p> <p><math>R_2 = (4.2 \text{ m} \times 1.23 \times 10^4 \text{ N}) / 6 \text{ m} = 8.61 \times 10^3 \text{ N}</math></p>	3
16(b)	<p>Use of <math>\Sigma F = m a</math> (1)</p> <p><math>\Sigma F = 6.77 \times 10^4 \text{ N}</math> (1)</p> <p><u>Example of calculation</u></p> <p><math>\Sigma F = (1.23 \times 10^4 \text{ N} / g) \times 5.50 \text{ g} = 6.77 \times 10^4 \text{ N}</math></p>	2
16(c)	<p>Reference to <math>P = W / t</math> <b>Or</b> <math>\Delta W = F \Delta s</math> (1)</p> <p>Force decreases as velocity increases (1)</p>	2
	<b>Total for question 16</b>	<b>7</b>