Question Number	Answer		Mark
3(a)	Mass (of solution) obtained using a (top pan) balance	(1)	
	Volume (of solution) measured with a measuring cylinder	(1)	
	• Calculate density = mass / volume ( $\rho = m / V$ )	(1)	
	·		3
3(b)	Positive intercept on the refractive index axis	(1)	
	Refractive index increases as mass of salt added increases	(1)	
	refractive index		
	mass of salt added mass of salt added		2
3(c)	• Measure $\theta_2$ for different $\theta_1$	(1)	
	Measure at least 5 pairs of angles	(1)	
	• Plot graph of $\sin \theta_1$ against $\sin \theta_2$	(1)	
	Refractive index is the gradient of the line	(1)	4
3(d)(i)	• Use of $n_1 \sin \theta_1 = n_2 \sin \theta_2$ (with $n_1 = 1$ )	(1)	4
	• Max value = 1.38	(1)	
	• Min value = 1.30	(1)	
	Example of calculation		
	$n_{max} = \frac{\sin 33.5^{\circ}}{\sin 23.5^{\circ}} = 1.384$		
	sin 32.5°		
	$n_{min} = \frac{1.296}{\sin 24.5^{\circ}} = 1.296$		
			3
3(d)(ii)	Use of half range of values	(1)	
	• Percentage uncertainty = 3 (%)	(1)	
	Allow ecf from (d)(i)		
	Example of calculation		
	Range of values = $1.38 - 1.30 = 0.08$		
	Half range of values $= 0.04$		
	percentage uncertainty = $\frac{0.04}{1.34} \times 100\% = 3\%$		
	1.34 1.34		2
	Total for question 3		14