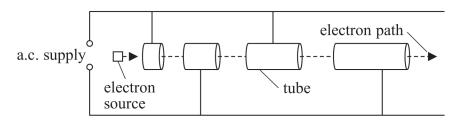
**(6)** 

13 Some particle physics experiments use electrons which are accelerated to very high energies by a linac. The diagram shows the first section of the linac.



\*(a) Explain why the distances between consecutive tubes increase in the first section of the linac but are almost equally spaced in the last section of the linac.


(b) In some experiments, a high-energy electron collides with a stationary atom. In or	ther
experiments beams of high-energy electrons, travelling in opposite directions, collide head-on. New particles can be created from collisions.	
Deduce which type of collision is more likely to produce new particles with the largest mass.	
	(3)
(Total for Question 13 = 9	marks)