

Question Number	Answer	Mark
3(a)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Diagram showing rubber band suspended/clamped at one end (e.g. hanging from a clamp stand) (1) Force applied to band (e.g. slotted masses hanging on free end) (1) Measure initial length using a ruler Or mark position of bottom of band on ruler (1) Measure new length/position and calculate extension (1) Additional detail to improve accuracy e.g. method for reducing parallax Or additional detail to improve safety e.g. ensure feet are not under the masses in case they fall (1) <p>MP2-5 could be awarded for information shown on the diagram (e.g. metre rule and set squares seen on the diagram).</p> <p>Allow MP3 and 4 for set-up where 0 on metre rule is aligned with end of band before masses are added, to measure extension directly.</p>	5
3(b)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Estimates the area inside the loop by counting squares Or estimates the area inside the loop by using simple shapes (1) Calculates the energy of each square Or calculates the energy for one shape (1) Energy transferred = 0.85 to 1.00 J (1) <p>MP1 and 2 Accept calculation of area under both curves which are then subtracted</p> <p><u>Example calculation</u> 77 squares counted Energy of 1 square = $0.5 \text{ N} \times 0.025 \text{ m} = 0.0125 \text{ J}$ Energy transferred = $77 \times 0.0125 \text{ J} = 0.96 \text{ J}$</p>	3
Total for question 3		8