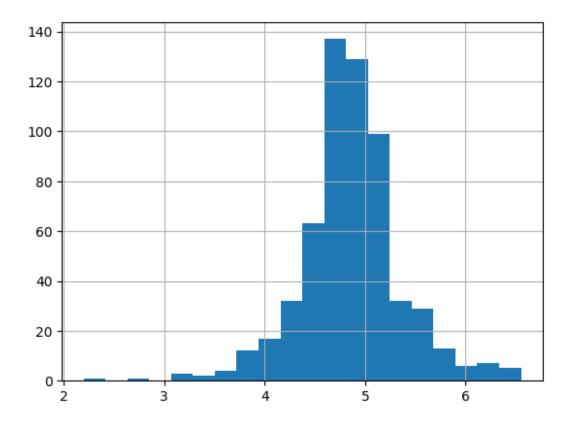
Loan Approval Prediction Using Machine Learning

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn import svm
df = pd.read csv('loan-train.csv')
df.head()
    Loan ID Gender Married Dependents
                                            Education Self Employed \
                                             Graduate
0
   LP001002
              Male
                         No
                                                                   No
                                      1
1
   LP001003
              Male
                        Yes
                                             Graduate
                                                                   No
   LP001005
              Male
                                      0
                                             Graduate
                        Yes
                                                                  Yes
3
   LP001006
              Male
                                      0
                                         Not Graduate
                        Yes
                                                                   No
   LP001008
              Male
                         No
                                      0
                                             Graduate
                                                                   No
   ApplicantIncome
                     CoapplicantIncome
                                                      Loan Amount Term \
                                         LoanAmount
0
               5849
                                    0.0
                                                NaN
                                                                  360.0
1
              4583
                                              128.0
                                 1508.0
                                                                  360.0
2
              3000
                                    0.0
                                               66.0
                                                                  360.0
3
               2583
                                 2358.0
                                              120.0
                                                                  360.0
4
              6000
                                    0.0
                                              141.0
                                                                  360.0
   Credit_History Property_Area Loan_Status
0
              1.0
                           Urban
                                            Y
1
               1.0
                           Rural
                                            N
2
                                            Υ
              1.0
                           Urban
3
                           Urban
                                            Υ
               1.0
4
               1.0
                           Urban
df.shape
(614, 13)
df.info()
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 614 entries, 0 to 613
Data columns (total 13 columns):
#
     Column
                         Non-Null Count
                                          Dtype
 0
     Loan ID
                         614 non-null
                                          object
 1
     Gender
                         601 non-null
                                          object
 2
     Married
                         611 non-null
                                          object
 3
     Dependents
                         599 non-null
                                          object
4
     Education
                         614 non-null
                                          object
 5
     Self Employed
                         582 non-null
                                          object
 6
     ApplicantIncome
                         614 non-null
                                          int64
```

```
7
     CoapplicantIncome
                         614 non-null
                                         float64
 8
     LoanAmount
                         592 non-null
                                         float64
9
     Loan Amount Term
                         600 non-null
                                         float64
 10 Credit History
                         564 non-null
                                         float64
11 Property Area
                         614 non-null
                                         object
    Loan_Status
                         614 non-null
12
                                         object
dtypes: f\overline{loat}64(4), int64(1), object(8)
memory usage: 62.5+ KB
```

Checking for missing values

```
df.isnull().sum()
Loan ID
                      0
Gender
                      13
                       3
Married
                      15
Dependents
                      0
Education
Self Employed
                      32
ApplicantIncome
                       0
CoapplicantIncome
                      0
LoanAmount
                      22
Loan_Amount_Term
                      14
                      50
Credit_History
Property Area
                       0
Loan Status
                       0
dtype: int64
df['loanAmount_log'] = np.log(df['LoanAmount'])
df['loanAmount log'].hist(bins=20)
<Axes: >
```

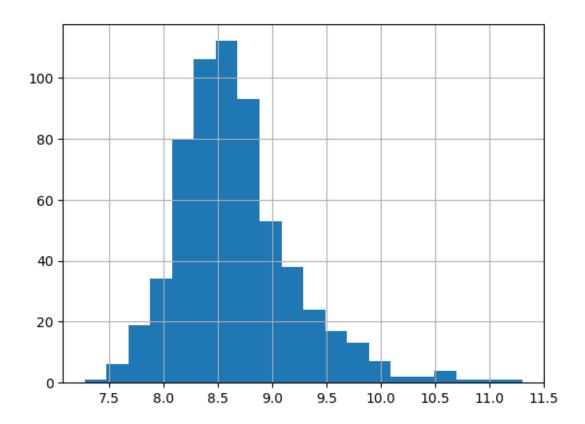


Looks fine.

```
# Let's create and add acolumn for total income = applicant income +
co-applicant income

df['TotalIncome'] = df['ApplicantIncome'] + df['CoapplicantIncome']
df['TotalIncome_log'] = np.log(df['TotalIncome'])
df['TotalIncome_log'].hist(bins=20)

<Axes: >
```



Fill Null values

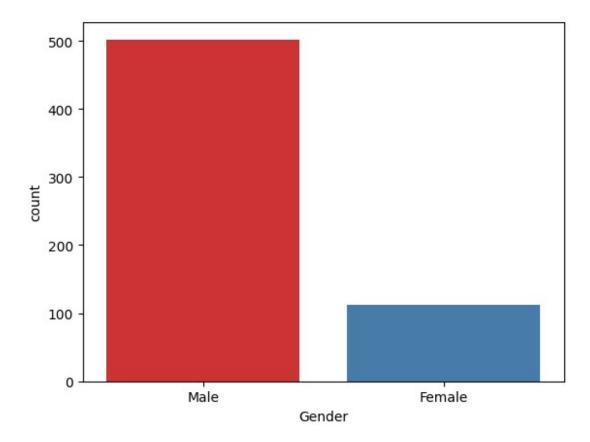
```
df['Gender'].fillna(df['Gender'].mode()[0], inplace = True)
df['Married'].fillna(df['Married'].mode()[0], inplace = True)
df['Self Employed'].fillna(df['Self Employed'].mode()[0], inplace =
True)
df['Dependents'].fillna(df['Dependents'].mode()[0], inplace = True)
df.LoanAmount = df.LoanAmount.fillna(df.LoanAmount.mean())
df.loanAmount log = df.LoanAmount.fillna(df.loanAmount log.mean())
df['Loan Amount Term'].fillna(df['Loan Amount Term'].mode()[0],
inplace = True)
df['Credit History'].fillna(df['Credit History'].mode()[0], inplace =
True)
df.isnull().sum()
Loan ID
                     0
                     0
Gender
                     0
Married
Dependents
                     0
                     0
Education
Self Employed
                     0
ApplicantIncome
                     0
CoapplicantIncome
                     0
```

```
LoanAmount_Term 0
Credit_History 0
Property_Area 0
Loan_Status 0
loanAmount_log 0
TotalIncome 0
TotalIncome_log 0
dtype: int64
```

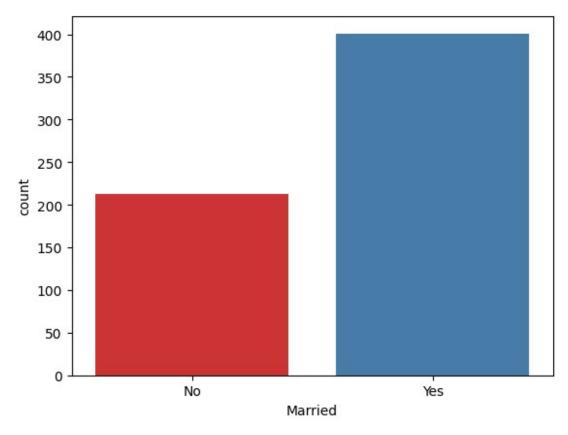
• No missing values now.

Some Exploration and Visualization

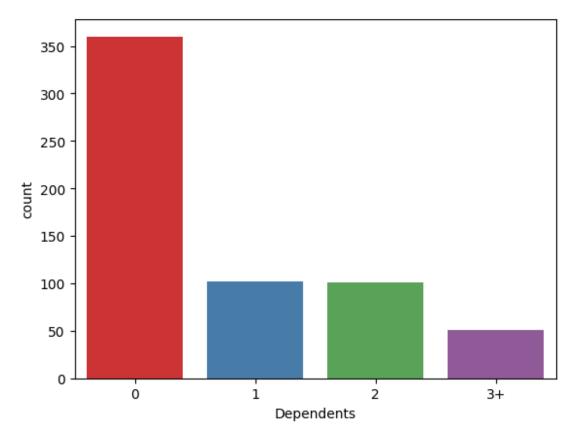
```
# Percentage of missing value in Gender
print("per of missing gender is %2f%%" %
((df['Gender'].isnull().sum()/df.shape[0])*100))
per of missing gender is 0.000000%
# Percentage of people of take loan by Gender
print("number of people who take loan as group by gender:")
print(df['Gender'].value_counts())
sns.countplot(x='Gender', data = df, palette = 'Set1')
number of people who take loan as group by gender:
Gender
Male
          502
Female
          112
Name: count, dtype: int64
<Axes: xlabel='Gender', ylabel='count'>
```

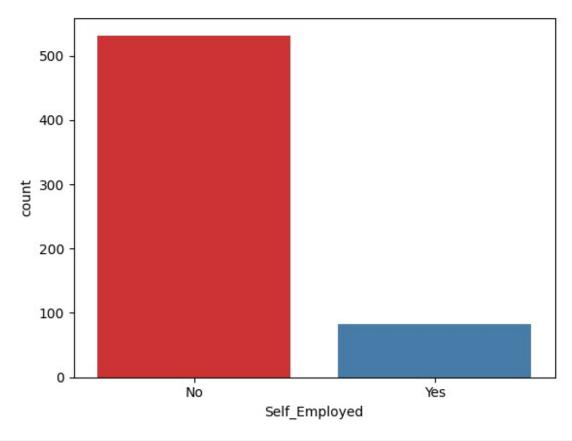


• Number of observations in each category bins are displayed using bars.

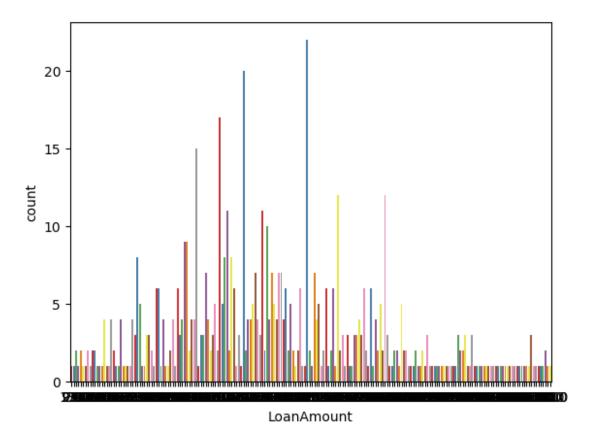


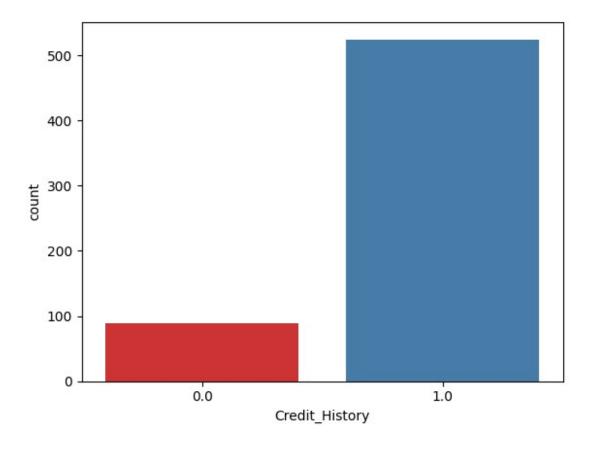
```
# Percentage of people of take loan by Dependents
print("number of people who take loan as group by dependents:")
print(df['Dependents'].value_counts())
sns.countplot(x='Dependents', data = df, palette = 'Set1')
number of people who take loan as group by dependents:
Dependents
0
      360
1
      102
2
      101
3+
       51
Name: count, dtype: int64
<Axes: xlabel='Dependents', ylabel='count'>
```





```
# Percentage of people of take loan by Loan_Amount
print("number of people who take loan as group by Loan Amount:")
print(df['LoanAmount'].value_counts())
sns.countplot(x='LoanAmount', data = df, palette = 'Set1')
number of people who take loan as group by Loan Amount:
LoanAmount
146.412162
              22
              20
120.000000
              17
110.000000
100.000000
              15
160.000000
              12
240.000000
               1
214.000000
               1
               1
59.000000
166.000000
               1
253.000000
               1
Name: count, Length: 204, dtype: int64
<Axes: xlabel='LoanAmount', ylabel='count'>
```





Selecting Rows and Columns for Input and Output (Dependent/Independent Variables)

(= cp ca.c	, I						
<pre>df.head()</pre>							
Loan_ID 0 LP001002 1 LP001003 2 LP001005 3 LP001006 4 LP001008	Male Male Male Male	No Yes	Dependents 0 1 0 0 0	Educat Gradi Gradi Gradi Not Gradi Gradi	Jate Jate Jate Jate	Employed \ No No Yes No No	
Applicant 0 1 2 3 4	tIncome 5849 4583 3000 2583 6000	Coappli	1508.0 0.0 2358.0	LoanAmour 146.41216 128.00006 66.00006 120.00006	52 90 90 90	mount_Term 360.0 360.0 360.0 360.0 360.0	\
Credit_H. TotalIncome 0 5849.0 1 6091.0	istory P \ 1.0 1.0	U	Area Loan_S Irban Kural	itatus loa Y N	anAmount_l 146.4121 128.0000	62	

```
1.0
               Urban
                        Υ
                             66.000000
3000.0
3
        1.0
               Urban
                        Υ
                            120,000000
4941.0
        1.0
               Urban
                            141.000000
6000.0
 TotalIncome log
0
     8.674026
1
     8.714568
2
     8.006368
3
     8.505323
     8.699515
# Gender, Married, Dependents, Education, Loan Amount Term,
Credit History, LoanAmount log, TotalIncome
X = df.iloc[:,np.r_[1:5, 9:11, 13:15]].values
# Only Loan Status column
y = df.iloc[:, 12].values
Χ
['Male', 'Yes', '0', ..., 1.0, 66.0, 3000.0],
    ['Male', 'Yes', '1', ..., 1.0, 253.0, 8312.0], ['Male', 'Yes', '2', ..., 1.0, 187.0, 7583.0],
    ['Female', 'No', '0', ..., 0.0, 133.0, 4583.0]], dtype=object)
У
'Υ',
    'Y',
    'Y', 'Y', 'N', 'Y', 'N', 'N', 'Y', 'N', 'Y', 'N', 'Y',
'Y',
    'Y',
    'N',
    'N',
    'Y',
    'Y',
    'Y',
```

```
'N',
'Y',
'Y',
'N',
'N',
'Y',
'Y',
'N',
'Y',
'Y',
'N',
'Y',
'Y'.
'N',
'Y',
'Y',
'Y',
'Y',
'Y',
'Y',
'Y',
'Y',
'Y', 'N', 'Y', 'Y', 'Y', 'N', 'N', 'Y', 'N', 'Y', 'N',
'Y',
'Y',
```

```
'Y',
'Y',
'Y',
'Y',
'Y',
'Y',
'N',
'N',
'Y',
'Y',
'N',
'N',
'N',
'Y',
'Y', 'Y', 'N'], dtype=object)
```

Spliting dataset for training and testing purpose

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size = 0.2, random_state = 0)
```

Encoding categorical columns

```
[1, 1, 0, \ldots, 0.0, 149.0, 249],
       [1, 1, 3, \ldots, 1.0, 200.0, 363],
       [1, 1, 0, ..., 1.0, 160.0, 273],
       [0, 1, 0, ..., 1.0, 182.0, 301]], dtype=object)
Labelencoder y = LabelEncoder()
y train = Labelencoder y.fit transform(y train)
y_train
0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1,
1,
      1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1,
0,
      1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,
1,
      1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0,
0,
      1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1,
1,
      0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,
1,
      1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1,
0,
      0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1,
1,
      0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1,
1,
      0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1,
1,
      1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,
1,
      1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1,
1,
      1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1,
1,
      1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1,
1,
      1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1,
1,
      1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0,
0,
      1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,
1,
      1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1,
1,
      1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,
```

```
0,
       1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0,
1,
       1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0,
1,
       1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1])
# Now, encoding testing data
for i in range(0,5):
    X test[:,i] = Labelencoder x.fit transform(X test[:,i])
X_test[:,7] = Labelencoder_x.fit_transform(X_test[:,7])
X_{test}
array([[1, 0, 0, 0, 5, 1.0, 84.0, 85],
       [0, 0, 0, 0, 5, 1.0, 112.0, 28],
       [1, 1, 0, 0, 5, 1.0, 324.0, 104],
       [1, 1, 0, 0, 5, 1.0, 110.0, 80],
       [1, 1, 2, 0, 5, 1.0, 97.0, 22],
       [1, 1, 0, 1, 3, 0.0, 165.0, 70],
       [1, 1, 3, 0, 3, 1.0, 157.0, 77],
       [1, 0, 0, 0, 5, 1.0, 405.0, 114],
       [1, 0, 0, 0, 5, 0.0, 124.0, 53],
       [1, 1, 0, 0, 5, 1.0, 128.0, 55],
       [0, 0, 0, 0, 5, 1.0, 84.0, 4],
       [1, 1, 1, 0, 5, 1.0, 95.0, 2],
       [0, 0, 0, 0, 5, 1.0, 280.0, 96],
       [1, 1, 2, 0, 5, 1.0, 236.0, 97],
       [1, 1, 0, 0, 5, 1.0, 96.0, 117],
       [1, 1, 1, 0, 5, 1.0, 67.0, 22],
       [1, 0, 1, 1, 5, 1.0, 190.0, 32],
       [1, 0, 0, 1, 5, 1.0, 132.0, 25],
       [0, 0, 0, 0, 5, 1.0, 93.0, 1],
       [1, 1, 0, 1, 5, 0.0, 181.0, 44],
       [0, 1, 0, 0, 5, 0.0, 120.0, 71],
       [1, 1, 0, 0, 5, 1.0, 143.0, 43],
       [1, 1, 2, 0, 5, 1.0, 108.0, 91],
       [1, 1, 2, 0, 5, 1.0, 165.0, 111],
       [1, 1, 0, 0, 5, 1.0, 58.0, 35],
       [1, 1, 1, 0, 5, 1.0, 250.0, 94],
       [1, 0, 0, 0, 5, 1.0, 187.0, 98],
       [1, 1, 0, 0, 5, 1.0, 187.0, 110],
       [1, 1, 3, 0, 5, 0.0, 128.0, 41],
       [0, 0, 0, 0, 5, 0.0, 103.0, 50],
       [1, 1, 0, 0, 5, 1.0, 228.0, 99],
       [1, 0, 0, 1, 5, 1.0, 48.0, 46],
       [1, 1, 1, 1, 5, 1.0, 90.0, 52],
       [1, 1, 0, 0, 5, 1.0, 180.0, 102],
```

```
[1, 1, 0, 0, 5, 1.0, 146.41216216216216, 95],
[0, 1, 0, 1, 5, 0.0, 178.0, 57],
[1, 1, 0, 0, 5, 1.0, 172.0, 65],
[1, 0, 0, 1, 5, 1.0, 126.0, 39],
[1, 1, 0, 0, 5, 1.0, 128.0, 75],
[1, 1, 2, 1, 5, 1.0, 108.0, 24],
[0, 0, 0, 0, 5, 1.0, 80.0, 9],
      3, 0, 5, 0.0, 123.0, 68],
[1, 1,
[1, 1, 2, 0, 2, 1.0, 17.0, 0],
[1, 1, 1, 1, 5, 1.0, 158.0, 67],
[1, 0, 0, 0, 5, 1.0, 76.0, 21],
[1, 0, 0, 0, 5, 1.0, 187.0, 113],
      1, 0, 5, 1.0, 116.0, 18],
[1, 1,
[0, 0, 0, 0, 5, 1.0, 115.0, 37],
[1, 1, 1, 0, 5, 1.0, 128.0, 72],
[1, 0, 0, 0, 5, 1.0, 140.0, 78],
[1, 1,
      3, 1, 5, 1.0, 74.0, 8],
[1, 1, 0, 0, 5, 1.0, 130.0, 84],
[1, 1, 0, 1, 5, 1.0, 107.0, 31],
[1, 0, 0, 0, 5, 1.0, 146.41216216216216, 61],
[1, 1, 0, 0, 5, 1.0, 112.0, 19],
[1, 1, 0, 0, 5, 1.0, 259.0, 107],
[1, 1, 0, 0, 5, 1.0, 95.0, 34],
[1, 0, 0, 1, 5, 1.0, 133.0, 74],
[1, 1, 2, 0, 5, 1.0, 168.0, 62],
[1, 0, 0, 0, 5, 1.0, 120.0, 27],
[0, 0, 0, 0, 5, 0.0, 137.0, 108],
[0, 0, 0, 0, 5, 1.0, 214.0, 103],
[1, 1, 0, 1, 5, 1.0, 115.0, 38],
[0, 0, 0, 0, 5, 0.0, 76.0, 13],
[1, 1, 2, 0, 5, 1.0, 133.0, 69],
[1, 1, 1, 0, 5, 1.0, 315.0, 112],
[1, 1, 0, 0, 5, 1.0, 160.0, 73],
[1, 0, 0, 0, 5, 1.0, 136.0, 47],
[1, 1, 0, 0, 5, 1.0, 182.0, 81],
[1, 0, 0, 1, 5, 1.0, 96.0, 60],
[1, 0, 0, 0, 5, 1.0, 67.0, 83],
[0, 1, 0, 0, 5, 1.0, 130.0, 5],
[1, 1, 2, 1, 5, 1.0, 157.0, 58],
[1, 1, 1, 1, 3, 1.0, 137.0, 79],
[0, 1, 0, 0, 5, 1.0, 144.0, 54],
[1, 1, 0, 1, 4, 1.0, 124.0, 56],
[1, 0, 0, 0, 5, 1.0, 90.0, 120],
[1, 0, 3, 0, 5, 1.0, 320.0, 118],
[1, 1, 2, 0, 5, 1.0, 112.0, 101],
[0, 0, 0, 0, 5, 0.0, 116.0, 26],
[0, 0, 0, 0, 6, 1.0, 113.0, 33],
[1, 1, 1, 0, 5, 1.0, 500.0, 119],
[0, 0, 0, 0, 5, 1.0, 194.0, 89],
```

```
[1, 1, 2, 0, 5, 1.0, 187.0, 92],
       [1, 0, 0, 0, 6, 1.0, 71.0, 6],
       [1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1.0, 111.0, 90],
       [1, 1, 0, 0, 5, 1.0, 110.0, 45],
       [1, 1, 2, 0, 5, 1.0, 200.0, 109],
       [1, 0, 1, 0, 3, 1.0, 113.0, 17],
       [1, 1, 1, 0, 5, 1.0, 104.0, 36],
       [0, 1, 0, 1, 5, 1.0, 100.0, 16],
       [1, 0, 0, 0, 5, 1.0, 74.0, 7],
       [1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1.0, 172.0, 88],
       [1, 1, 3, 0, 4, 0.0, 180.0, 87],
       [0, 0, 0, 0, 5, 1.0, 71.0, 3],
       [1, 0, 0, 1, 3, 0.0, 126.0, 59],
       [1, 0, 0, 0, 3, 1.0, 175.0, 82],
       [1, 0, 0, 0, 5, 1.0, 144.0, 66],
       [1, 1, 2, 1, 5, 1.0, 81.0, 51],
       [1, 1, 1, 0, 5, 1.0, 187.0, 100],
       [1, 1, 0, 0, 5, 1.0, 211.0, 93],
       [1, 1, 0, 0, 5, 1.0, 100.0, 15],
       [1, 1, 2, 0, 5, 1.0, 120.0, 106],
       [1, 0, 0, 0, 3, 1.0, 120.0, 105],
       [1, 1, 3, 0, 5, 1.0, 128.0, 64],
       [1, 0, 0, 0, 5, 1.0, 125.0, 49],
       [1, 0, 0, 1, 5, 1.0, 104.0, 42],
       [0, 0, 0, 0, 5, 1.0, 88.0, 10],
       [1, 1, 0, 1, 5, 1.0, 95.0, 20],
       [1, 1, 3, 1, 3, 1.0, 81.0, 14],
       [1, 0, 0, 0, 5, 1.0, 200.0, 76],
       [0, 0, 0, 0, 5, 1.0, 135.0, 11],
       [1, 0, 0, 0, 6, 1.0, 113.0, 18],
       [1, 1, 2, 0, 5, 1.0, 70.0, 23],
       [1, 1, 0, 1, 5, 0.0, 201.0, 63],
       [1, 1, 0, 0, 3, 0.0, 90.0, 48],
       [0, 0, 0, 0, 5, 1.0, 84.0, 30],
       [1, 0, 0, 0, 5, 1.0, 134.0, 29],
       [1, 1, 2, 0, 5, 1.0, 176.0, 86],
       [1, 1, 3, 0, 5, 1.0, 130.0, 115],
       [1, 1, 0, 0, 5, 1.0, 436.0, 116],
       [1, 1, 3, 1, 3, 0.0, 70.0, 40],
       [1, 1, 1, 0, 5, 1.0, 96.0, 12]], dtype=object)
y_test = Labelencoder_y.fit_transform(y_test)
y_test
array([1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0,
1,
       1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1,
1,
       1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1,
1,
```

Scaling the dataset

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler

ss = StandardScaler()
X_train = ss.fit_transform(X_train)
x_test = ss.fit_transform(X_test)
```

Creating and Training the Model

1. Using Random Forest

```
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
rf clf = RandomForestClassifier()
rf clf.fit(X train, y train)
RandomForestClassifier()
# Let's use this model to predict
y pred = rf clf.predict(x test)
y pred
array([1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0,
       1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0,
1,
       1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1,
1,
       1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,
1,
       1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1,
1,
       1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1])
# Checking Accuracy of the prediction
from sklearn import metrics
print("Accuracy of Random Forest Classifier is",
metrics.accuracy score(y pred,y test))
Accuracy of Random Forest Classifier is 0.75609756097
```

• Quite Low accuracy. Let's try another algorithm for creating the model.

2. Using Naive_Bayes Algorithm

```
from sklearn.naive bayes import GaussianNB
nb clf = GaussianNB()
nb_clf.fit(X_train, y_train)
GaussianNB()
y pred = nb clf.predict(X test)
print("Accuracy of Gaussian Naive Bayes is",
metrics.accuracy_score(y_pred,y_test))
Accuracy of Gaussian Naive Bayes is 0.6829268292682927
y pred
0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,
1,
     1,
     1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1,
1,
     1,
     1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1])
```

3. Using Decision Tree Clasifier

4. Using K-Neighbours

```
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
kn_clf = KNeighborsClassifier()
kn_clf.fit(X_train, y_train)
KNeighborsClassifier()
y_pred = dt_clf.predict(X_test)
print("Accuracy of KNeighbors Classifier is",
metrics.accuracy_score(y_pred,y_test))
Accuracy of KNeighbors Classifier is 0.7235772357723578
```

Random Forest has the best prediction of all.