## Tech Layoffs Analysis 2020 - 2024

```
In [2]: # importing the pandas lib
import pandas as pd

# Read the Excel file
data = pd.read_excel('tech_layoffs.xlsx')

# Display the first 10 datas
data.head(10)
```

Out[2]:		#	Company	Location_HQ	Country	Continent	Laid_Off	Date_layoffs	Percentage	Со
	0	3	ShareChat	Bengaluru	India	Asia	200	2023-12-20	15.0	
	1	4	InSightec	Haifa	Israel	Asia	100	2023-12-19	20.0	
	2	6	Enphase Energy	San Francisco Bay Area	USA	North America	350	2023-12-18	10.0	
	3	7	Udaan	Bengaluru	India	Asia	100	2023-12-18	10.0	
	4	14	Cruise	San Francisco Bay Area	USA	North America	900	2023-12-14	24.0	
	5	16	Bolt	San Francisco Bay Area	USA	North America	130	2023-12-14	29.0	
	6	20	Invitae	San Francisco Bay Area	USA	North America	235	2023-12-13	15.0	
	7	21	Etsy	New York City	USA	North America	225	2023-12-13	11.0	
	8	27	Chipper Cash	San Francisco Bay Area	USA	North America	15	2023-12-11	33.0	
	9	31	Zulily	Seattle	USA	North America	839	2023-12-08	100.0	

```
print('Basic Statistics for Per entage Column: ')
        # Basic Statistics for Per entage Column
        data['Percentage'].describe()
        Basic Statistics for Per entage Column:
        count
                 1418.000000
Out[3]:
        mean
                   21.901584
        std
                   20.661776
                    0.044980
        min
        25%
                   10.000000
        50%
                   15.000000
        75%
                   27.000000
        max
                  100.000000
        Name: Percentage, dtype: float64
```

```
# Getting the unique number of companies
In [49]:
         unique_companies = data['Company'].nunique()
         # Display
         print('Number of Unique Number of Companies: ',unique_companies)
         Number of Unique Number of Companies: 1128
         # Top 5 Companies who have maximum number of layoffs
In [20]:
         top_country = data['Country'].value_counts().head(5)
         # Display
         top_country
         Country
Out[20]:
         USA
                    905
         India
                    101
         Canada
                     79
                     52
         Israel
         Germany
                     51
         Name: count, dtype: int64
In [50]: # Getting the Average Percentage
         average_percentage = data['Percentage'].mean()
         # Display
         print('Average Percentage: ',average_percentage)
         Average Percentage: 21.90158431069137
In [51]: # Getting the Unique Industries no of Companies related to that Insdustry
         unique_industries = data['Industry'].value_counts()
         # Display
         unique_industries
```

```
Industry
Out[51]:
         Finance
                            200
         Retail
                            117
         Healthcare
                            104
         Transportation
                             92
         Food
                             90
         Marketing
                             84
         0ther
                             80
         Consumer
                             66
                             57
         Real Estate
         Security
                             54
                             52
         Crypto
         Education
                             51
         Data
                             48
         Media
                             47
         HR
                             39
         Travel
                             37
                             30
         Logistics
         Sales
                             27
                             24
         Recruiting
         Support
                             22
         Product
                             22
                             20
         Infrastructure
                             17
         Fitness
         Construction
                              9
                              7
         Legal
                              7
         Hardware
                              5
         Aerospace
                              5
         Energy
                              3
         Manufacturing
         Name: count, dtype: int64
In [22]: # Layoffs Across the Continents
         continent_highest_layoffs = data['Continent'].value_counts()
         # Display
          continent_highest_layoffs
         Continent
Out[22]:
         North America
                           986
         Asia
                           196
         Europe
                           143
         South America
                            53
         Australia
                            29
         Africa
         Name: count, dtype: int64
```

## **Tech Layoffs Chart**

# Ploting the Chats and Graphs using Mathplotlib

```
In [17]: # Import of Matplotlib to Plot the Graphs
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

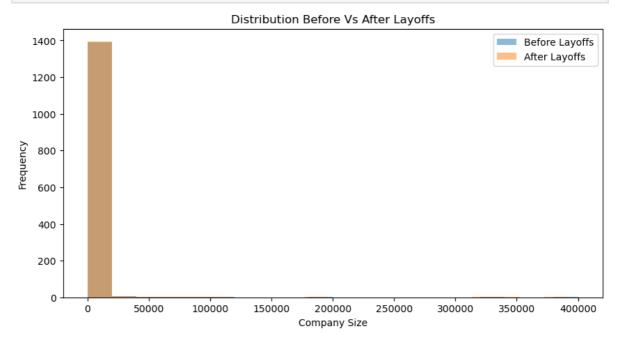
plt.figure(figsize=(10,5))

plt.hist(data['Company_Size_before_Layoffs'], bins=20, alpha=0.5, label='Before_Layoffs']
```

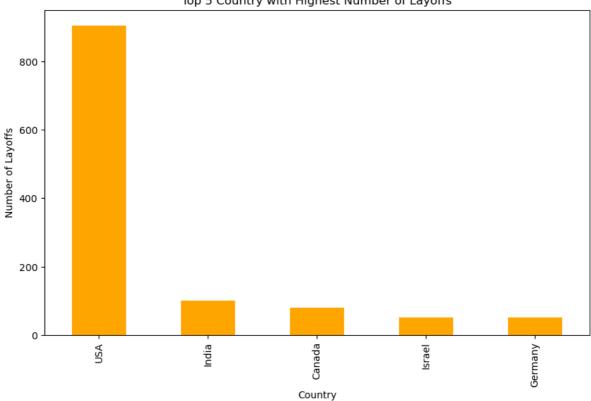
```
plt.hist(data['Company_Size_after_layoffs'], bins=20, alpha=0.5, label='After
plt.xlabel('Company Size')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')

plt.title('Distribution Before Vs After Layoffs')

plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



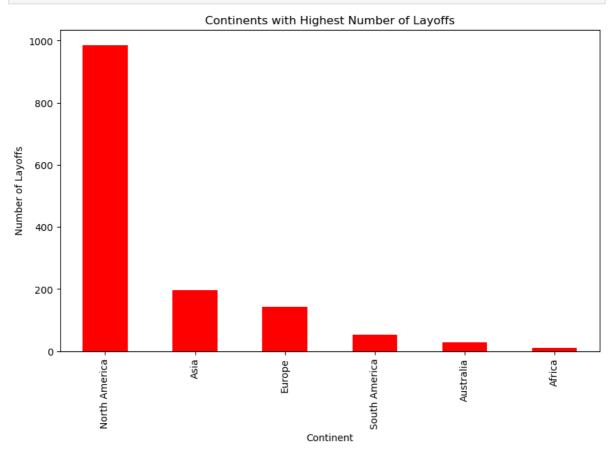
Top 5 Country with Highest Number of Layoffs



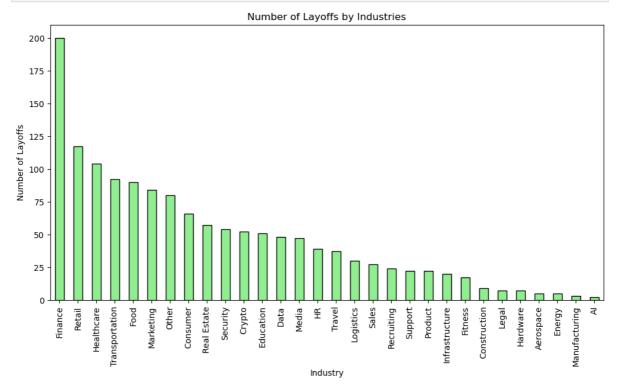
In [26]: continent\_highest\_layoffs.plot(kind='bar', figsize=(10, 6), color='red')
 plt.title('Continents with Highest Number of Layoffs')

plt.xlabel('Continent')
 plt.ylabel('Number of Layoffs')

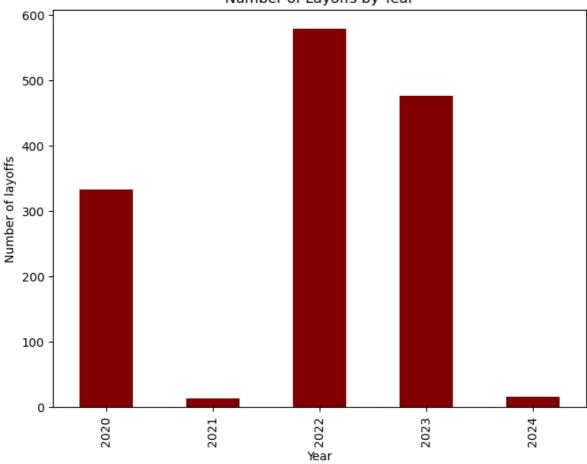
plt.show()



```
In [52]: unique_industries.plot(kind='bar', figsize=(12, 6), color='lightgreen', edge
    plt.title('Number of Layoffs by Industries')
    plt.xlabel('Industry')
    plt.ylabel('Number of Layoffs')
    plt.show()
```



### Number of Layoffs by Year

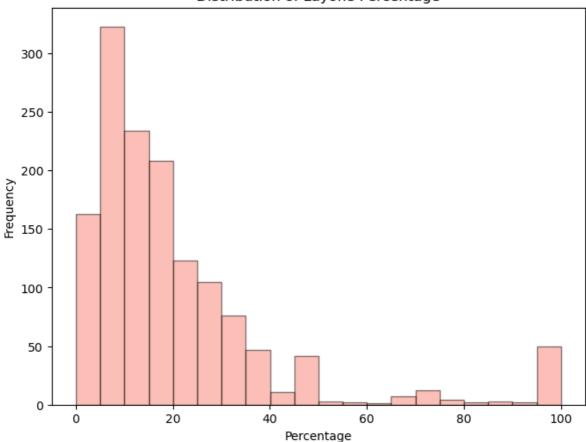


```
In [40]: plt.figure(figsize=(8,6))
    data['Percentage'].plot(kind='hist', bins=20, alpha=0.5, color='salmon', edg

plt.title('Distribution of Layoffs Percentage')
    plt.xlabel('Percentage')
    plt.ylabel('Frequency')

plt.show()
```

#### Distribution of Layoffs Percentage



```
In [43]: location_wise_layoffs = data['Location_HQ'].value_counts().head(10)
location_wise_layoffs
```

```
Location_HQ
Out[43]:
                                     388
          San Francisco Bay Area
         New York City
                                     160
          Bengaluru
                                      64
          Boston
                                      60
         Los Angeles
                                      51
          Seattle
                                      51
          Tel Aviv
                                      47
         London
                                      45
          Toronto
                                      42
          Berlin
                                      42
         Name: count, dtype: int64
```

```
In [48]: location_wise_layoffs.plot(kind='bar', figsize=(12, 6), color='skyblue', ed@
plt.title('Layoffs Accross Locations (Top 10)')

plt.xlabel('Location')
plt.ylabel('Number of Layoffs')

plt.show()
```



