Problem Statement

• This data set is a Beer data-set for your Data Science case-study round. You are expected to build a Machine Learning model which predicts the overall rating of the beer. ("review/overall" column in "train.csv" is your dependent variable.)

Machine Learning Problem Formulation:

- Formulating this prediction problem as a regression problem.

Metric Used:

- Root Mean Square Error(RMSE): https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/generated/sklearn.metrics.mean_squared_error.html
- R^2 or Coefficient of Determination: https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/generated/sklearn.metrics.r2_score.html

Data and Datatypes:

- index int64
- beer/ABV float64
- beer/beerld int64
- beer/brewerld int64
- · beer/name object
- · beer/style object
- review/appearance float64
- review/aroma float64
- review/overall float64
- review/palate float64
- review/taste float64
- · review/text object
- review/timeStruct object
- review/timeUnix int64
- user/ageInSeconds float64
- · user/birthdayRaw object
- user/birthdayUnix float64
- user/gender object
- user/profileName object

Approach:

- 1. Data Acquisition
- 2. Data Loading
- 3. Exploratory Data Analysis and Handling nulls
- 4. Data Preprocessing
- 5. Data Vectorisation
- 6. Modelling
- 7. Conclusion

Let's Begin!!

In [2]:

cd drive/My\ Drive/Algoscale

/content/drive/My Drive/Algoscale

Load Libraries

In [378]:

```
nltk.download('stopwords')
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import numpy as np
import xgboost as xgb
from tqdm import tqdm
from sklearn.svm import SVC
from keras.models import Sequential
from keras.layers.recurrent import LSTM, GRU
from keras.layers.core import Dense, Activation, Dropout
from keras.layers.embeddings import Embedding
from keras.layers.normalization import BatchNormalization
from keras.utils import np utils
from sklearn import preprocessing, decomposition, model_selection, metrics, pipeline
from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV
from sklearn.feature extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer, CountVectorizer
from sklearn.decomposition import TruncatedSVD
from sklearn.linear model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
from sklearn.naive bayes import MultinomialNB
from keras.layers import GlobalMaxPooling1D, Conv1D, MaxPooling1D, Flatten, Bidirectional, SpatialD
ropout1D
from keras.preprocessing import sequence, text
from keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping
from nltk import word_tokenize
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
stop words = stopwords.words('english')
[nltk data] Downloading package stopwords to /root/nltk data...
[nltk data] Package stopwords is already up-to-date!
```

Load Dataset

```
In [379]:

train = pd.read_csv('train.csv')
```

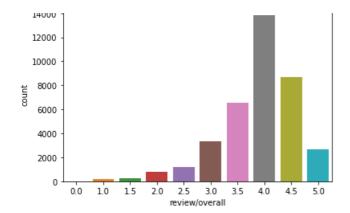
Exploratory Data Analysis

```
In [380]:
train.head()
```

Out[380]:

| | index | beer/ABV | beer/beerld | beer/brewerld | beer/name | beer/style | review/appearance | review/aroma | review/overall | review/palate |
|---|-------|----------|-------------|---------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|--------------|----------------|---------------|
| 0 | 40163 | 5.0 | 46634 | 14338 | Chiostro | Herbed / Spiced Beer | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 |
| 1 | 8135 | 11.0 | 3003 | 395 | Bearded Pat's Barleywine | American Barleywine | 4.0 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.5 |
| 2 | 10529 | 4.7 | 961 | 365 | Naughty Nellie's Ale | American Pale Ale (APA) | 3.5 | 4.0 | 3.5 | 3.5 |
| 3 | 44610 | 4.4 | 429 | 1 | Pilsner Urquell | Czech Pilsener | 3.0 | 3.0 | 2.5 | 3.0 |
| 4 | 37062 | 4.4 | 4904 | 1417 | Black Sheep Ale (Special) | English Pale Ale | 4.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.5 |

```
In [381]:
train.shape
Out[381]:
(37500, 19)
In [382]:
train.columns
Out[382]:
Index(['index', 'beer/ABV', 'beer/beerId', 'beer/brewerId', 'beer/name',
       'beer/style', 'review/appearance', 'review/aroma', 'review/overall',
       'review/palate', 'review/taste', 'review/text', 'review/timeStruct',
       'review/timeUnix', 'user/ageInSeconds', 'user/birthdayRaw',
       'user/birthdayUnix', 'user/gender', 'user/profileName'],
      dtype='object')
In [383]:
features = train[['index', 'beer/ABV', 'beer/beerId', 'beer/brewerId', 'beer/name',
       'beer/style', 'review/appearance', 'review/aroma', 'review/overall',
       'review/palate', 'review/taste', 'review/text', 'review/timeStruct',
       'review/timeUnix', 'user/ageInSeconds', 'user/birthdayRaw',
       'user/birthdayUnix', 'user/gender', 'user/profileName']]
In [384]:
label = train[['review/overall']]
In [385]:
features.shape
Out[385]:
(37500, 19)
In [386]:
label.shape
Out[386]:
(37500, 1)
In [387]:
#Imbalanced Data
ax = sns.countplot(x=label['review/overall'], data=label)
print(label['review/overall'].value counts())
4.0
     13868
       8666
4.5
       6551
3.5
       3319
3.0
5.0
       2671
2.5
       1193
        807
2.0
1.5
         248
1.0
         176
0.0
          1
Name: review/overall, dtype: int64
  14000 F
```



Imbalanced DatasetMaximum rating: 4Minimum rating: 0

In [388]:

```
features.info()
```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 37500 entries, 0 to 37499
Data columns (total 19 columns):

Column Non-Null Count Dtype _____ 0 index 37500 non-null int64 beer/ABV 37500 non-null float64 37500 non-null int64 2 beer/beerId 37500 non-null 3 beer/brewerId int64 4 beer/name 37500 non-null object beer/style 37500 non-null object 5 review/appearance 37500 non-null float64 7 review/aroma 37500 non-null float64 37500 non-null float64 8 review/overall 9 review/palate 37500 non-null float64 10 review/taste 37500 non-null float64 11 review/text 37490 non-null object 12 review/timeStruct 37500 non-null object 13 review/timeUnix 37500 non-null int64 14 user/ageInSeconds 7856 non-null float.64 15 user/birthdayRaw 7856 non-null object 16 user/birthdayUnix 7856 non-null float64 17 user/gender 15314 non-null object 18 user/profileName 37495 non-null object dtypes: float64(8), int64(4), object(7)memory usage: 5.4+ MB

Columns having null values :

- review/text
- user/ageInSeconds,
- user/birthdayRaw,
- user/birthdayUnix,
- · user/gender,
- user/profileName

In [389]:

```
features.isnull().sum()
Out[389]:
```

index 0
beer/ABV 0
beer/beerId 0
beer/brewerId 0

```
peer/name
beer/style
review/appearance
review/aroma
review/overall
review/palate
                       0
                       0
review/taste
review/text
                       10
review/timeStruct
                       0
review/timeUnix
                       0
user/ageInSeconds 29644
                   29644
user/birthdayRaw
user/birthdayUnix
                    29644
user/gender
                    22186
user/profileName
dtype: int64
```

Handling nulls

```
In [390]:
```

```
from datetime import timezone
# Imputing with mean values of birthdays in unix timestamp
features['user/birthdayRaw'] = pd.to_datetime(features['user/birthdayRaw'],errors='coerce')
df = features[features['user/birthdayRaw'].notnull()]

birthDays = []
for i in df['user/birthdayRaw']:
   birthDays.append(time.mktime(i.timetuple()))

def Average(lst):
   return sum(lst) / len(lst)
mean = Average(birthDays)
```

```
In [391]:
```

```
# Replace empty/null values with median since i am taking age groups to be near and robust from o
utliers
features['user/ageInSeconds'].fillna(features['user/ageInSeconds'].median(), inplace=True)
features['user/birthdayRaw'].fillna(mean, inplace=True)
features['user/birthdayUnix'].fillna(features['user/birthdayUnix'].median(), inplace=True)
features['user/gender'].fillna('missing', inplace=True)
```

```
In [392]:
```

```
features = features.dropna()
```

In [393]:

```
features.isnull().sum()
```

Out[393]:

```
index
                    0
beer/ABV
beer/beerId
beer/brewerId
beer/name
beer/style
                    0
review/appearance
                    0
review/aroma
                    0
review/overall
                    Ω
review/palate
review/taste
                    0
review/text
                    Ω
review/timeStruct
review/timeUnix
                    0
user/ageInSeconds
                    0
user/birthdayRaw
user/birthdayUnix
                    0
user/gender
```

mear/nrofilaNama

```
dtype: int64

In [394]:
features.head()
```

Out[394]:

| | index | beer/ABV | beer/beerld | beer/brewerld | beer/name | beer/style | review/appearance | review/aroma | review/overall | review/palate |
|---|-------|----------|-------------|---------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|--------------|----------------|---------------|
| 0 | 40163 | 5.0 | 46634 | 14338 | Chiostro | Herbed / Spiced Beer | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 |
| 1 | 8135 | 11.0 | 3003 | 395 | Bearded Pat's Barleywine | American Barleywine | 4.0 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.5 |
| 2 | 10529 | 4.7 | 961 | 365 | Naughty Nellie's Ale | American Pale Ale (APA) | 3.5 | 4.0 | 3.5 | 3.5 |
| 3 | 44610 | 4.4 | 429 | 1 | Pilsner Urquell | Czech Pilsener | 3.0 | 3.0 | 2.5 | 3.0 |
| 4 | 37062 | 4.4 | 4904 | 1417 | Black Sheep Ale (Special) | English Pale Ale | 4.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.5 |
| 4 | | | | | | | | | | F |

```
In [395]:
```

```
features=features.reset_index()
```

Data Preprocessing:

Q) How can you use "beer/name", "beer/style" and "review/text" as features to predict the overall rating of the beer ?

```
In [396]:
```

```
### Dataset Preprocessing
from nltk.stem.porter import PorterStemmer
import re
ps = PorterStemmer()

def preprocessor(dataset,col):
    corpus = []
    for i in range(0, len(dataset)):
        review = re.sub('[^a-zA-Z]', ' ', dataset[col][i])
        review = review.lower()
        review = review.split()
        review = review.split()
        review = [ps.stem(word) for word in review if not word in stopwords.words('english')]
        review = ' '.join(review)
        corpus.append(review)
    return corpus
```

In [397]:

```
beerNames = preprocessor(features,'beer/name') ## Preprocessing Beer Names
features['clean_beerNames'] = beerNames
features.drop('beer/name',axis=1,inplace=True)
```

In [398]:

```
beerTypes = preprocessor(features,'beer/style') ## Preprocessing Beer types
features['clean_beerTypes'] = beerTypes
features_drop('beer/style'_avis=1_inplace=True)
```

```
reacutes.utop ( Deet/Scyte ,axts-1, thptace-11ue)
In [399]:
#View the top types of beer in our dataset whose frequency is greater than 500
beernames = features['clean beerNames'].value counts()
print('Number of beer names are : {0}'.format(len(beernames)))
print(beernames[beernames > 500])
Number of beer names are: 1671
founder breakfast stout
                                       1882
founder kb kentucki breakfast stout 1438
founder centenni ipa
                                      1063
founder red rye pa
                                      1051
founder dirti bastard
                                        983
                                        948
pilsner urquel
founder doubl troubl
                                       857
founder imperi stout
                                       805
                                       799
founder devil dancer
founder backwood bastard
                                        778
founder porter
                                        675
founder nemesi
                                        670
aecht schlenkerla rauchbier rzen
                                       665
b r crusher oatmeal imperi stout
                                       635
founder curmudgeon old ale
                                       574
stoudt doubl ipa india pale ale
                                      538
Name: clean beerNames, dtype: int64
In [400]:
beerNameList = []
for i in range(16):
 beerNameList.append(beernames.index[i])
print(beerNameList)
['founder breakfast stout', 'founder kb kentucki breakfast stout', 'founder centenni ipa', 'founde
r red rye pa', 'founder dirti bastard', 'pilsner urquel', 'founder doubl troubl', 'founder imperi
stout', 'founder devil dancer', 'founder backwood bastard', 'founder porter', 'founder nemesi', 'a
echt schlenkerla rauchbier rzen', 'b r crusher oatmeal imperi stout', 'founder curmudgeon old ale'
, 'stoudt doubl ipa india pale ale']
In [401]:
beertype = features['clean beerTypes'].value counts()
print('Number of beer types are : {0}'.format(len(beertype)))
print(beertype[beertype > 500])
Number of beer types are : 95
                                  4490
american doubl imperi stout
american ipa
                                  3048
american doubl imperi ipa
                                  2871
scotch ale wee heavi
                                  2133
                                  2030
russian imperi stout
american pale ale apa
                                  1711
american porter
                                   1687
                                  1462
rauchbier
rye beer
                                  1355
czech pilsen
                                  1130
                                  1021
fruit veget beer
                                    971
english pale ale
                                   783
old ale
doppelbock
                                   669
american barleywin
                                   522
euro pale lager
extra special strong bitter esb
Name: clean beerTypes, dtype: int64
```

In [402]:

beerTypeList = []
for i in range(17)

```
TOT I THE TAME (1//.
 beerTypeList.append(beertype.index[i])
print(beerTypeList)
['american doubl imperi stout', 'american ipa', 'american doubl imperi ipa', 'scotch ale wee
heavi', 'russian imperi stout', 'american pale ale apa', 'american porter', 'rauchbier', 'rye beer
', 'czech pilsen', 'fruit veget beer', 'english pale ale', 'old ale', 'doppelbock', 'american barl
eywin', 'euro pale lager', 'extra special strong bitter esb']
In [403]:
#Recode the beer names keeping only top beer names (all others at NA)
from pandas.api.types import CategoricalDtype
features.clean beerNames= features.clean beerNames.astype(CategoricalDtype(categories=beerNameList
In [404]:
#Recode the beer types keeping only top beer types (all others at NA)
features.clean beerTypes= features.clean beerTypes.astype(CategoricalDtype(categories=beerTypeList
In [405]:
features.info() ## Introduced NA into clean_beerNames and clean_beerTypes
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 37485 entries, 0 to 37484
Data columns (total 20 columns):
                 Non-Null Count Dtype
 # Column
___
    _____
                         _____
                        37485 non-null int64
37485 non-null int64
 0
    level 0
     index
                        37485 non-null float64
 2 beer/ABV
 3 beer/beerId 37485 non-null int64
4 beer/brewerId 37485 non-null int64
   review/appearance 37485 non-null float64
    review/aroma 37485 non-null float64 review/overall 37485 non-null float64
    review/overall
 8 review/palate
                        37485 non-null float64
 9 review/taste 37485 non-null float64
 10 review/text
                        37485 non-null object
11 review/timeStruct 37485 non-null object
12 review/timeUnix 37485 non-null int64
13 user/ageInSeconds 37485 non-null float64
 14 user/birthdayRaw 37485 non-null object
 15 user/birthdayUnix 37485 non-null float64
                        37485 non-null object
 16 user/gender
 17
    user/profileName 37485 non-null object
18 clean_beerNames 14361 non-null category
19 clean_beerTypes 27022 non-null category
dtypes: category(2), float64(8), int64(5), object(5)
memory usage: 5.2+ MB
In [322]:
beertext = preprocessor(features, 'review/text') ## Preprocessing Beer text
features['clean beerText'] = beertext
features.drop('review/text',axis=1,inplace=True)
In [406]:
features.isnull().sum()
Out[406]:
                          Ω
level 0
index
beer/ABV
beer/beerId
                          0
beer/brewerId
```

```
review/appearance
review/aroma
review/overall
review/palate
                        Ω
review/taste
review/text
                         0
review/timeStruct
                        0
review/timeUnix
user/ageInSeconds
user/birthdayRaw
                        0
                         0
user/birthdayUnix
user/gender
user/profileName
                        0
clean_beerNames
                   23124
clean beerTypes
                   10463
dtype: int64
In [408]:
features['beer/beerId'].value counts()
Out[408]:
11757
        1882
19960
        1438
5441
        1063
16074
        1051
7463
         983
          1
1
63735
26853
42273
41116
67406
           1
Name: beer/beerId, Length: 1731, dtype: int64
In [409]:
beerId = features['beer/beerId'].value counts()
print('Number of beer ids are : {0}'.format(len(beerId)))
print(beerId[beerId > 500])
Number of beer ids are : 1731
11757
       1882
        1438
19960
5441
         1063
        1051
16074
7463
         983
429
         946
34146
         857
21822
         805
17538
         799
         778
35036
         675
7348
727
         665
         635
33644
24905
          574
20470
         538
Name: beer/beerId, dtype: int64
In [410]:
beerIdList = []
for i in range (15):
 beerIdList.append(beerId.index[i])
print(beerIdList)
[11757, 19960, 5441, 16074, 7463, 429, 34146, 21822, 17538, 35036, 7348, 727, 33644, 24905, 20470]
In [411]:
```

```
#Kecode the peer names Keeping only top peer names (all others at NA)
from pandas.api.types import CategoricalDtype
features['beer/beerId'] = features['beer/beerId'].astype(CategoricalDtype(categories=beerIdList))
In [412]:
features['beer/brewerId'].value counts()
Out[412]:
1199
        14968
         2936
14879
         2349
263
          1809
3268
          1277
27133
15607
            1
3207
             1
3408
17783
             1
Name: beer/brewerId, Length: 212, dtype: int64
In [413]:
brewerId = features['beer/brewerId'].value counts()
print('Number of brewer ids are : {0}'.format(len(brewerId)))
print(brewerId[brewerId > 500])
Number of brewer ids are : 212
1199
        14968
394
          2936
14879
         2349
         1809
263
3268
          1277
395
          1225
365
          1069
          1016
1417
          908
14
          834
           785
568
1075
           666
1315
          601
Name: beer/brewerId, dtype: int64
In [414]:
brewerIdList = []
for i in range (15):
 brewerIdList.append(brewerId.index[i])
print(brewerIdList)
[1199, 394, 14879, 263, 3268, 395, 365, 1, 1417, 14, 568, 1075, 1315, 9020, 60]
In [415]:
#Recode the beer names keeping only top beer names (all others at NA)
from pandas.api.types import CategoricalDtype
features['beer/brewerId'] = features['beer/brewerId'].astype(CategoricalDtype(categories=brewerIdLis
t))
In [416]:
features.columns
Out[416]:
Index(['level_0', 'index', 'beer/ABV', 'beer/beerId', 'beer/brewerId',
       'review/appearance', 'review/aroma', 'review/overall', 'review/palate',
       'review/taste', 'review/text', 'review/timeStruct', 'review/timeUnix',
       'user/ageInSeconds' 'user/hirthdauRaw' 'user/hirthdauIIniv'
```

```
'user/gender', 'user/profileName', 'clean_beerNames', 'clean_beerTypes'], dtype='object')
```

In [417]:

```
features.drop(['level_0', 'index','review/timeStruct','user/profileName','user/birthdayRaw'],axis=
1,inplace=True)
```

Checking Correlations

In [418]:

```
f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(20, 10))
sns.heatmap(features.corr(method='spearman'), annot=True, cmap="YlGnBu")
```

Out[418]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f39290b0be0>



In [419]:

```
features['beer/brewerId'] = features['beer/brewerId'].cat.add_categories('0')
features['beer/brewerId'].fillna('0', inplace=True)
```

In [420]:

```
features['beer/beerId'] = features['beer/beerId'].cat.add_categories('0')
features['beer/beerId'].fillna('0', inplace=True)
```

In [421]:

```
features = features.sample(frac=1).reset_index(drop=True)
```

In [422]:

```
features
```

Out[422]:

| | beer/ABV | beer/beerld | beer/brewerld | review/appearance | review/aroma | review/overall | review/palate | review/taste | review/text |
|---------|----------|-------------|---------------|-------------------|--------------|----------------|---------------|--------------|--|
| 0 | 5.20 | 0 | 263 | 3.5 | 4.0 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 4.0 | slightly hazy, brownish- orange with a |
| 1 | 3.80 | 0 | 0 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | Had a bottle purchased from my Local Netto sto |
| 2 | 10.50 | 21822 | 1199 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 4.5 | 5.0 | 5.0 | acquired through trade with rysberg01 (good tr |
| 3 | 8.30 | 11757 | 1199 | 5.0 | 4.0 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 | Kudos to Derek for getting this gem on draft i |
| 4 | 8.30 | 11757 | 1199 | 4.5 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 2.5 | 4.0 | Bottle tasted side by side with KBS.\t\tPours |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| 37480 | 5.79 | 0 | 395 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.0 | 4.0 | I really enjoyed BBC's Dark Star Porter so I'm |
| 37481 | 10.50 | 21822 | 1199 | 4.5 | 4.0 | 5.0 | 4.5 | 4.5 | A- Pours very dark brown and settles pitch bla |
| 37482 | 9.00 | 0 | 394 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 5.0 | 3.5 | 4.5 | 750ml bottle from hopdog via trade. Thanks for |
| 37483 | 10.00 | 20470 | 394 | 4.0 | 3.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.5 | Pouring into a snifter from a room temperature |
| 37484 | 7.00 | 0 | 394 | 4.5 | 3.0 | 4.0 | 3.5 | 4.0 | A_pours a slightly dark golden hue with a crea |
| 37485 r | ows × 15 | columns | | | | | | | |

In [375]:

4

features['review/overall'] = train['review/overall']

Train-Test Split(70:30)

```
In [428]:
```

```
#spit data into train and test
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(features, features['review/overall'], test_size
=0.3, random_state=64)
```

```
X_train.shape, X_test.shape, y_train.shape, y_test.shape
```

```
((26239, 15), (11246, 15), (26239,), (11246,))
```

In [362]:

```
# features.drop(['product_category_2'],axis=1,inplace=True)
```

Vectorise Numerical Features

```
In [430]:
```

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")

def numerical_vectorizations(m,o):
    scalars = StandardScaler()
    scalars.fit(m.values.reshape(-1,1))
    print(f"Mean : {scalars.mean_[0]}, Standard deviation : {np.sqrt(scalars.var_[0])}")

    standardized_train = scalars.transform(m.values.reshape(-1, 1))
    standardized_test = scalars.transform(o.values.reshape(-1, 1))
    return standardized_train,standardized_test
```

In [439]:

```
X_train.head(5)
```

Out[439]:

| | beer/ABV | beer/beerld | beer/brewerld | review/appearance | review/aroma | review/overall | review/palate | review/taste | review/text | r |
|-------|----------|-------------|---------------|-------------------|--------------|----------------|---------------|--------------|---|----------|
| 7109 | 6.1 | 0 | 1075 | 4.5 | 3.0 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.0 | I dont believe that I tasted the freshest can, | |
| 35069 | 6.5 | 0 | 1199 | 3.0 | 4.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 4.5 | a- pours into my Ommegang glass a yellow/ almo | |
| 19313 | 11.2 | 19960 | 1199 | 4.0 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 5.0 | 4.5 | Serving glass: Poured from bottle into Snifter | |
| 26489 | 5.6 | 0 | 9020 | 4.0 | 3.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | A: Very dark brown, almost black in color. Nic | |
| 17543 | 5.0 | 0 | 394 | 4.0 | 3.5 | 4.0 | 3.5 | 3.5 | A 12 ounce bottle poured into a standard shake | |
| 4 | | | | | | | | | | ▶ |

In [433]:

```
std_train_1 ,std_test_1 = numerical_vectorizations(X_train['beer/ABV'], X_test['beer/ABV'])
print("After Column Standardisation: ")
print(std_train_1.shape, y_train.shape)
print(std_test_1.shape)
```

Mean : 7.406236899272076, Standard deviation : 2.319127447613784
After Column Standardisation:
(26239, 1) (26239,)
(11246, 1)

In [443]:

```
X train['beer/beerId'] = pd.to numeric(X train['beer/beerId'], errors='coerce')
```

```
X_test['beer/beerId']= pd.to_numeric(X_test['beer/beerId'], errors='coerce')
std_train_2 ,std_test_2 = numerical_vectorizations(X_train['beer/beerId'], X test['beer/beerId'])
print("After Column Standardisation: ")
print(std train 2.shape, y train.shape)
print(std test 2.shape)
Mean: 5943.76675940394, Standard deviation: 10100.361946145329
After Column Standardisation:
(26239, 1) (26239,)
(11246, 1)
In [445]:
X_train['beer/brewerId'] = pd.to_numeric(X_train['beer/brewerId'], errors='coerce')
X test['beer/brewerId'] = pd.to numeric(X test['beer/brewerId'], errors='coerce')
std train 3 ,std test 3 = numerical vectorizations(X train['beer/brewerId'],X test['beer/brewerId']
print("After Column Standardisation: ")
print(std_train_3.shape, y_train.shape)
print(std_test_3.shape)
Mean: 1797.1352947901978, Standard deviation: 3589.554166655147
After Column Standardisation:
(26239, 1) (26239,)
(11246, 1)
In [446]:
X_train['review/appearance'] = pd.to_numeric(X_train['review/appearance'], errors='coerce')
X test['review/appearance'] = pd.to numeric(X test['review/appearance'], errors='coerce')
std_train_4 ,std_test_4 =
numerical vectorizations(X train['review/appearance'], X test['review/appearance'])
print("After Column Standardisation: ")
print(std_train_4.shape, y_train.shape)
print(std test 4.shape)
Mean: 3.900605968215252, Standard deviation: 0.5862084923908392
After Column Standardisation:
(26239, 1) (26239,)
(11246, 1)
In [447]:
X train['review/aroma'] = pd.to numeric(X train['review/aroma'], errors='coerce')
X test['review/aroma'] = pd.to numeric(X test['review/aroma'], errors='coerce')
std_train_5 ,std_test_5 = numerical_vectorizations(X_train['review/aroma'], X_test['review/aroma'])
print("After Column Standardisation: ")
print(std train 5.shape, y train.shape)
print(std_test_5.shape)
Mean: 3.8724227295247533, Standard deviation: 0.6758052389772954
After Column Standardisation:
(26239, 1) (26239,)
(11246, 1)
In [448]:
X train['review/palate'] = pd.to numeric(X train['review/palate'], errors='coerce')
X test['review/palate'] = pd.to numeric(X test['review/palate'], errors='coerce')
std train 6 ,std test 6 = numerical vectorizations(X train['review/palate'], X test['review/palate']
print("After Column Standardisation: ")
print(std train 6.shape, y train.shape)
print(std_test_6.shape)
```

```
Mean: 3.854624795152254, Standard deviation: 0.6642882434802061
After Column Standardisation:
(26239, 1) (26239,)
(11246, 1)
In [449]:
X train['review/taste'] = pd.to numeric(X train['review/taste'], errors='coerce')
X test['review/taste']= pd.to numeric(X test['review/taste'], errors='coerce')
std train 7 ,std test 7 = numerical vectorizations(X train['review/taste'], X test['review/taste'])
print("After Column Standardisation: ")
print(std train 7.shape, y train.shape)
print(std test 7.shape)
Mean: 3.9232440260680668, Standard deviation: 0.7122330678961271
After Column Standardisation:
(26239, 1) (26239,)
(11246, 1)
In [450]:
X train['review/timeUnix'] = pd.to numeric(X train['review/timeUnix'], errors='coerce')
X_test['review/timeUnix']= pd.to_numeric(X_test['review/timeUnix'], errors='coerce')
std train 8 ,std test 8 =
numerical vectorizations(X train['review/timeUnix'], X test['review/timeUnix'])
print("After Column Standardisation: ")
print(std train 8.shape, y train.shape)
print(std test 8.shape)
Mean: 1232749622.1694806, Standard deviation: 71678951.5104187
After Column Standardisation:
(26239, 1) (26239,)
(11246, 1)
In [452]:
X train['user/ageInSeconds']= pd.to numeric(X train['user/ageInSeconds'], errors='coerce')
X test['user/ageInSeconds']= pd.to numeric(X test['user/ageInSeconds'], errors='coerce')
std_train_9 ,std_test_9 =
numerical vectorizations(X train['user/ageInSeconds'], X test['user/ageInSeconds'])
print("After Column Standardisation: ")
print(std_train_9.shape, y_train.shape)
print(std_test_9.shape)
Mean: 1115745687.1463852, Standard deviation: 153821653.59656808
After Column Standardisation:
(26239, 1) (26239,)
(11246, 1)
In [453]:
X_train['user/birthdayUnix']= pd.to_numeric(X_train['user/birthdayUnix'], errors='coerce')
X test['user/birthdayUnix'] = pd.to numeric(X test['user/birthdayUnix'], errors='coerce')
std_train_10 ,std_test_10 =
numerical vectorizations(X train['user/birthdayUnix'],X test['user/birthdayUnix'])
print("After Column Standardisation: ")
print(std_train_10.shape, y_train.shape)
print(std test 10.shape)
Mean : 302589759.8841419, Standard deviation : 153821653.59224394
After Column Standardisation:
(26239, 1) (26239,)
(11246, 1)
```

Tn [468] •

```
features.head(5)
```

Out[468]:

| | beer/ABV | beer/beerld | beer/brewerld | review/appearance | review/aroma | review/overall | review/palate | review/taste | review/text | revi |
|---|----------|-------------|---------------|-------------------|--------------|----------------|---------------|--------------|---|------|
| 0 | 5.2 | 0 | 263 | 3.5 | 4.0 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 4.0 | Pours a slightly hazy, brownish- orange with a | |
| 1 | 3.8 | 0 | 0 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | Had a bottle purchased from my Local Netto sto | |
| 2 | 10.5 | 21822 | 1199 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 4.5 | 5.0 | 5.0 | acquired through trade with rysberg01 (good tr | |
| 3 | 8.3 | 11757 | 1199 | 5.0 | 4.0 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 | Kudos to Derek for getting this gem on draft i | |
| 4 | 8.3 | 11757 | 1199 | 4.5 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 2.5 | 4.0 | Bottle tasted side by side with KBS.\t\tPours | |
| 4 | | | | | 188 | | | | | ▶ |

Vectorise Categorical Features

```
In [458]:
```

```
from collections import Counter
{\tt def} categorical_vectorization(m,o):
    my_counter = Counter()
    for word in m.values:
       my counter.update(str(word).split())
    category_dict = dict(my_counter)
    sorted_dict = dict(sorted(category_dict.items(), key=lambda kv: kv[1]))
    ## we use count vectorizer to convert the values into one hot encoded features
    vectorizer = CountVectorizer(vocabulary=list(sorted dict.keys()), lowercase=False, binary=True)
    vectorizer.fit(m.values)
    print(vectorizer.get_feature_names())
    one_hot_train = vectorizer.transform(m.values)
    one_hot_test = vectorizer.transform(o.values)
    return one_hot_train, one_hot_test
In [459]:
std train 11 ,std test 11 = categorical vectorization(X train['user/gender'], X test['user/gender']
print("After Column Standardisation: ")
print(std train 11.shape, y train.shape)
print(std_test_11.shape)
['Female', 'Male', 'missing']
After Column Standardisation:
(26239, 3) (26239,)
(11246, 3)
In [465]:
```

```
X train['clean beerNames'] = X train['clean beerNames'].cat.add categories('missing')
X test['clean beerNames'] = X test['clean beerNames'].cat.add categories('missing')
X_train['clean_beerNames'].fillna('missing', inplace=True)
X test['clean beerNames'].fillna('missing', inplace=True)
X train['clean beerTypes'] = X train['clean beerTypes'].cat.add categories('missing')
X_test['clean_beerTypes'] = X_test['clean_beerTypes'].cat.add_categories('missing')
X_train['clean_beerTypes'].fillna('missing', inplace=True)
X test['clean beerTypes'].fillna('missing', inplace=True)
In [471]:
preprocessed beerNames tr = []
for i in X train['clean beerNames']:
 preprocessed_beerNames_tr.append(i.replace(' ','_'))
preprocessed beerNames te = []
for i in X_test['clean_beerNames']:
  preprocessed beerNames te.append(i.replace(' ',' '))
In [473]:
preprocessed beerTypes tr = []
for i in X train['clean beerTypes']:
 preprocessed_beerTypes_tr.append(i.replace(' ',' '))
preprocessed_beerTypes_te = []
for i in X_test['clean_beerTypes']:
 preprocessed beerTypes te.append(i.replace(' ',' '))
In [474]:
X train['clean beerNames_processed'] = preprocessed_beerNames_tr
X train.drop('clean beerNames',axis=1,inplace=True)
X test['clean beerNames processed'] = preprocessed beerNames te
X test.drop('clean beerNames',axis=1,inplace=True)
X train['clean beerTypes processed'] = preprocessed beerTypes tr
X train.drop('clean beerTypes',axis=1,inplace=True)
X test['clean beerTypes processed'] = preprocessed beerTypes te
X test.drop('clean beerTypes',axis=1,inplace=True)
In [476]:
std_train_12 ,std_test_12 = categorical_vectorization(X_train['clean_beerNames_processed'], X_test[
'clean_beerNames_processed'])
print("After Column Standardisation: ")
print(std_train_12.shape, y_train.shape)
print(std_test_12.shape)
['stoudt_doubl_ipa_india_pale_ale', 'founder_curmudgeon_old_ale',
'b_r_crusher_oatmeal_imperi_stout', 'founder_nemesi', 'aecht_schlenkerla_rauchbier_rzen',
'founder_porter', 'founder_backwood_bastard', 'founder_devil_dancer', 'founder_imperi_stout',
'founder_doubl_troubl', 'pilsner_urquel', 'founder_dirti_bastard', 'founder_centenni_ipa',
'founder_red_rye_pa', 'founder_kb_kentucki_breakfast_stout', 'founder_breakfast_stout', 'missing']
After Column Standardisation:
(26239, 17) (26239,)
(11246, 17)
In [477]:
std_train_13 ,std_test_13 = categorical_vectorization(X_train['clean_beerTypes_processed'],X_test[
'clean_beerTypes_processed'])
print("After Column Standardisation: ")
print(std train_13.shape, y_train.shape)
print(std test 13.shape)
```

```
['extra_special_strong_bitter_esb', 'euro_pale_lager', 'american_barleywin', 'doppelbock', 'old_ale', 'english_pale_ale', 'fruit_veget_beer', 'czech_pilsen', 'rye_beer', 'rauchbier', 'american_porter', 'american_pale_ale_apa', 'russian_imperi_stout', 'scotch_ale_wee_heavi', 'american_doubl_imperi_ipa', 'american_ipa', 'american_doubl_imperi_stout', 'missing']
After Column Standardisation:
(26239, 18) (26239,)
(11246, 18)
```

Vectorise Text Features

```
In [494]:

print("Final Data matrix")
print(X_tr.shape, y_train.shape)
print(X_te.shape,y_test.shape)
```

hstack((std test 1,std test 2,std test 3,std test 4,std test 5,std test 6,std test 7,std test 8,st

d test 9,std test 10,std test 11,std test 12,std test 13,std test 14)).tocsr()

```
Final Data matrix (26239, 5048) (26239,) (11246, 5048) (11246,)
```

```
In [509]:
```

```
y_train_enc=np.array(list(y_train))
y_test_enc=np.array(list(y_test))
```

MODEL 1: RandomForest Regressor

```
In [500]:
```

```
n_{jobs} = -1,
                     verbose = 1)
result = clf.fit(X_tr, y_train_enc)
# Summarize results
print("Best: %f using %s" % (result.best_score_, result.best_params_))
means = result.cv results ['mean test score']
stds = result.cv results ['std test score']
params = result.cv_results_['params']
for mean, stdev, param in zip(means, stds, params):
    print("%f 1(%f) with: %r" % (mean, stdev, param))
Fitting 5 folds for each of 12 candidates, totalling 60 fits
[Parallel(n jobs=-1)]: Using backend LokyBackend with 2 concurrent workers.
[Parallel(n_jobs=-1)]: Done 46 tasks | elapsed: 1.7min
[Parallel(n jobs=-1)]: Done 60 out of 60 | elapsed: 2.9min finished
Best: -0.374505 using {'max depth': 5, 'n estimators': 100}
-0.454021 1(0.010649) with: {'max_depth': 1, 'n_estimators': 100}
-0.459571 1(0.011199) with: {'max_depth': 1, 'n_estimators': 300}
-0.457620 1(0.010934) with: {'max_depth': 1, 'n_estimators': 500}
-0.457919 1(0.011349) with: {'max_depth': 1, 'n_estimators': 700}
-0.416678 1(0.013544) with: {'max_depth': 3, 'n_estimators': 100}
-0.414791 1(0.010798) with: {'max_depth': 3, 'n_estimators': 300}
-0.414401 1(0.008702) with: {'max_depth': 3, 'n_estimators': 500}
-0.412911 1(0.008955) with: {'max depth': 3, 'n estimators': 700}
-0.374505 1(0.019761) with: {'max_depth': 5, 'n_estimators': 100}
-0.380577 1(0.013408) with: {'max_depth': 5, 'n_estimators': 300} -0.380776 1(0.012326) with: {'max_depth': 5, 'n_estimators': 500}
-0.379835 1(0.012900) with: {'max_depth': 5, 'n_estimators': 700}
In [502]:
rfr = RandomForestRegressor(max depth=5, n estimators=100)
rfr.fit(X_tr, y_train_enc)
Out[502]:
RandomForestRegressor(bootstrap=True, ccp alpha=0.0, criterion='mse',
                      max_depth=5, max_features='auto', max_leaf_nodes=None,
                       max samples=None, min impurity decrease=0.0,
                       min impurity split=None, min samples leaf=1,
                      min samples split=2, min weight fraction leaf=0.0,
                       n_estimators=100, n_jobs=None, oob_score=False,
                       random_state=None, verbose=0, warm_start=False)
In [514]:
from sklearn.externals import joblib
# Save the model as a pickle in a file
joblib.dump(rfr, 'rfr.pkl')
Out[514]:
['rfr.pkl']
In [584]:
from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error
from math import sqrt
predict_train = rfr.predict(X_tr)
predict target = rfr.predict(X te)
rms = sqrt (mean squared error (y test enc, predict target))
print(rms)
```

0.4038541839384915

```
In [585]:
```

```
from sklearn.metrics import r2 score
coefficient of dermination = r2 score(y test enc, predict target)
print(coefficient of dermination)
```

0.6761037707275874

MODEL 2: XGBoost Regressor

In [513]:

```
import xgboost as xgb
# initialize Our first XGBoost model...
regr = xgb.XGBRegressor(silent=False, random state=15)
#regr = MultiOutputRegressor(regr1)
# declare parameters for hyperparameter tuning
parameters = {'learning_rate':[0.01,0.1],'n_estimators':[200,300,500],'max_depth':[1,2,3]}
# Perform cross validation
clf = GridSearchCV(regr,
                    param grid = parameters,
                    scoring="neg mean squared error",
                    cv=2,
                    n jobs = -1,
                    verbose = 1)
result = clf.fit(X_tr, y_train_enc)
# Summarize results
print("Best: %f using %s" % (result.best score , result.best params ))
means = result.cv results ['mean test score']
stds = result.cv results ['std test score']
params = result.cv results ['params']
for mean, stdev, param in zip(means, stds, params):
   print("%f 1(%f) with: %r" % (mean, stdev, param))
```

Fitting 2 folds for each of 18 candidates, totalling 36 fits

```
[Parallel(n_jobs=-1)]: Using backend LokyBackend with 2 concurrent workers.
[Parallel(n jobs=-1)]: Done 36 out of 36 | elapsed: 15.5min finished
[14:03:21] WARNING: /workspace/src/objective/regression_obj.cu:152: reg:linear is now deprecated i
n favor of reg:squarederror.
Best: -0.151329 using {'learning rate': 0.1, 'max depth': 3, 'n estimators': 300}
-0.430181 1(0.004293) with: {'learning_rate': 0.01, 'max_depth': 1, 'n_estimators': 200}
-0.225236 1(0.001070) with: {'learning_rate': 0.01, 'max_depth': 1, 'n_estimators': 300}
-0.178862 1(0.000172) with: {'learning_rate': 0.01, 'max_depth': 1, 'n_estimators': 500}
-0.391738 1(0.005370) with: {'learning_rate': 0.01, 'max_depth': 2, 'n_estimators': 200}
-0.200125 1(0.002185) with: {'learning_rate': 0.01, 'max_depth': 2, 'n_estimators': 300} -0.163583 1(0.000525) with: {'learning_rate': 0.01, 'max_depth': 2, 'n_estimators': 500}
-0.382820 1(0.005374) with: {'learning_rate': 0.01, 'max_depth': 3, 'n_estimators': 200}
-0.191962 1(0.002092) with: {'learning rate': 0.01, 'max depth': 3, 'n estimators': 300}
-0.157296 1(0.000189) with: {'learning_rate': 0.01, 'max_depth': 3, 'n_estimators': 500}
-0.158629 1(0.000190) with: {'learning_rate': 0.1, 'max_depth': 1, 'n_estimators': 200}
-0.156491 1(0.000178) with: {'learning_rate': 0.1, 'max_depth': 1, 'n_estimators': 300} -0.155045 1(0.000182) with: {'learning_rate': 0.1, 'max_depth': 1, 'n_estimators': 500}
-0.153168 1(0.000642) with: {'learning_rate': 0.1, 'max_depth': 2, 'n_estimators': 200}
-0.152583 1(0.000671) with: {'learning_rate': 0.1, 'max_depth': 2, 'n_estimators': 300}
-0.152508 1(0.000494) with: {'learning_rate': 0.1, 'max_depth': 2, 'n_estimators': 500}
-0.151579 1(0.000055) with: {'learning_rate': 0.1, 'max_depth': 3, 'n_estimators': 200} -0.151329 1(0.000320) with: {'learning_rate': 0.1, 'max_depth': 3, 'n_estimators': 300} -0.151749 1(0.000193) with: {'learning_rate': 0.1, 'max_depth': 3, 'n_estimators': 500}
In [516]:
```

```
xgb1 = xgb.XGBRegressor(learning rate= 0.1, max depth= 3, n estimators= 300)
xgb1.fit(X_tr, y_train_enc)
[14:05:46] WARNING: /workspace/src/objective/regression obj.cu:152: reg:linear is now deprecated i
n favor of reg:squarederror.
Out[516]:
XGBRegressor(base score=0.5, booster='gbtree', colsample bylevel=1,
             colsample_bynode=1, colsample_bytree=1, gamma=0,
             importance_type='gain', learning_rate=0.1, max_delta_step=0,
             max depth=3, min child weight=1, missing=None, n estimators=300,
             n_jobs=1, nthread=None, objective='reg:linear', random_state=0,
             reg_alpha=0, reg_lambda=1, scale_pos_weight=1, seed=None,
             silent=None, subsample=1, verbosity=1)
In [518]:
from sklearn.externals import joblib
# Save the model as a pickle in a file
joblib.dump(xgb1, 'xgb.pkl')
Out[518]:
['xgb.pkl']
In [586]:
from sklearn.metrics import mean squared error
from math import sqrt
predict train = xgb1.predict(X tr)
predict target = xgb1.predict(X te)
rms = sqrt(mean squared error(y test enc, predict target))
print(rms)
0.37872831629803483
In [587]:
from sklearn.metrics import r2 score
coefficient_of_dermination = r2_score(y_test_enc, predict_target)
print(coefficient_of_dermination)
0.7151525911018723
In [520]:
result = pd.DataFrame()
result['y_test'] = y_test
result['y_predicted'] = predict_target
In [524]:
result[10:15]
Out[524]:
      y_test y_predicted
30632
        4.0
              3.857816
17353
        3.5
              3.662436
31272
        3.5
              3.929962
```

MODEL 3: Linear Regression

In [532]:

```
from sklearn import linear model
from sklearn import ensemble
alpha = [10 ** x for x in range(-6, 3)]
# initialize Our first XGBoost model...
regr = linear model.LinearRegression()
# declare parameters for hyperparameter tuning
parameters = {'fit intercept':[True,False], 'normalize':[True,False], 'copy X':[True, False]}
# Perform cross validation
clf = GridSearchCV(regr,
                    param grid = parameters,
                    scoring="neg_mean_squared_error",
                    cv=2,
                    n jobs = -1,
                    verbose = 1)
result = clf.fit(X_tr, y_train_enc)
# Summarize results
print("Best: %f using %s" % (result.best score , result.best params ))
means = result.cv_results_['mean_test_score']
stds = result.cv results ['std test score']
params = result.cv_results_['params']
for mean, stdev, param in zip(means, stds, params):
   print("%f 1(%f) with: %r" % (mean, stdev, param))
```

Fitting 2 folds for each of 8 candidates, totalling 16 fits

rms = sqrt(mean_squared_error(y_test_enc, predict_target))

```
[Parallel(n jobs=-1)]: Using backend LokyBackend with 2 concurrent workers.
[Parallel(n jobs=-1)]: Done 16 out of 16 | elapsed: 2.8min finished
Best: -0.241081 using {'copy_X': True, 'fit_intercept': True, 'normalize': False}
-0.241083 1(0.004304) with: {'copy_X': True, 'fit_intercept': True, 'normalize': True} -0.241081 1(0.004302) with: {'copy_X': True, 'fit_intercept': True, 'normalize': False}
-0.241081 1(0.004301) with: {'copy_X': True, 'fit_intercept': False, 'normalize': True}
-0.241081 1(0.004301) with: {'copy X': True, 'fit intercept': False, 'normalize': False}
-0.241083 1(0.004304) with: {'copy_X': False, 'fit_intercept': True, 'normalize': True}
-0.241081 1(0.004302) with: {'copy_X': False, 'fit_intercept': True, 'normalize': False} -0.241081 1(0.004301) with: {'copy_X': False, 'fit_intercept': False, 'normalize': True}
-0.241081 1(0.004301) with: {'copy X': False, 'fit intercept': False, 'normalize': False}
In [533]:
lr = linear_model.LinearRegression(copy_X= True, fit_intercept= True, normalize=False)
lr.fit(X_tr, y_train_enc)
Out [533]:
LinearRegression(copy X=True, fit intercept=True, n jobs=None, normalize=False)
from sklearn.metrics import mean squared error
from math import sqrt
predict train = lr.predict(X tr)
predict target = lr.predict(X te)
```

```
0.4193538332053493

In [589]:

from sklearn.metrics import r2_score
coefficient_of_dermination = r2_score(y_test_enc, predict_target)
print(coefficient_of_dermination)

0.6507648460116796
```

MODEL 4: Deep Learning Models (MLP)

In [535]:

brinc(ims)

```
import keras
from keras.models import Sequential
from keras.layers import Dense
from keras.wrappers.scikit_learn import KerasRegressor
from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_score
from sklearn.model_selection import KFold
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
from keras.callbacks import ModelCheckpoint
```

In [592]:

```
from keras.initializers import he normal
from keras.layers.normalization import BatchNormalization
#Initialising the ANN
model = Sequential()
#Adding the input layer and first hidden layer
model.add(Dense(units =150, kernel initializer=he normal(seed=None), activation= 'tanh',
                input dim=X tr.shape[1]))
#Add the first hidden layer
model.add(Dense(units =100, kernel_initializer=he_normal(seed=None), activation= 'tanh'))
model.add(Dropout(0.2))
#Add the second hidden layer
model.add(Dense(units =80, kernel initializer=he normal(seed=None), activation= 'tanh'))
model.add(BatchNormalization())
model.add(Dropout(0.2))
#Add the third hidden layer
model.add(Dense(units =50, kernel initializer=he normal(seed=None), activation= 'tanh'))
#Add the fourth hidden layer
model.add(Dense(units =30, kernel_initializer=he_normal(seed=None), activation= 'relu'))
model.add(BatchNormalization())
#Add the fifth hidden layer
model.add(Dense(units =10, kernel initializer=he normal(seed=None), activation= 'relu'))
model.add(BatchNormalization())
#The output layer
model.add(Dense(units =1, kernel initializer=he normal(seed=None), activation= 'elu'))
print(model.summary())
```

Model: "sequential_8"

Layer (type) Output Shape Param #

| dense_32 (Dense) | (None, | 150) | 757350 | | | |
|---|--------|------|--------|--|--|--|
| dense_33 (Dense) | (None, | 100) | 15100 | | | |
| dropout_11 (Dropout) | (None, | 100) | 0 | | | |
| dense_34 (Dense) | (None, | 80) | 8080 | | | |
| batch_normalization_7 (Batch | (None, | 80) | 320 | | | |
| dropout_12 (Dropout) | (None, | 80) | 0 | | | |
| dense_35 (Dense) | (None, | 50) | 4050 | | | |
| dense_36 (Dense) | (None, | 30) | 1530 | | | |
| batch_normalization_8 (Batch | (None, | 30) | 120 | | | |
| dense_37 (Dense) | (None, | 10) | 310 | | | |
| batch_normalization_9 (Batch | (None, | 10) | 40 | | | |
| dense_38 (Dense) | (None, | 1) | 11 | | | |
| Total params: 786,911 Trainable params: 786,671 | | | | | | |

Non-trainable params: 240

None

```
In [593]:
#Compiling the ANN
\#opt = keras.optimizers.Adam(1r=0.0015, beta 1=0.9, beta 2=0.999, epsilon=None, decay=0.0, amsgrad
model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='mean squared logarithmic error', metrics=['mse'])
#Fitting the ANN to the training set
model_filepath = 'ann2.h5'
checkpoint = ModelCheckpoint(model filepath, monitor = 'val loss', verbose=1, save best only = True
, mode='min' )
history=model.fit(X_tr,y_train_enc, validation_data=(X_te, y_test_enc), batch_size=32, nb_epoch=50,
callbacks=[checkpoint])
model.load_weights (model_filepath)
Train on 26239 samples, validate on 11246 samples
Epoch 1/50
26239/26239 [============== ] - 11s 434us/step - loss: 0.3873 - mse: 4.0829 - val 1
oss: 0.0296 - val mse: 0.4580
Epoch 00001: val_loss improved from inf to 0.02957, saving model to ann2.h5
Epoch 2/50
26239/26239 [============= ] - 11s 411us/step - loss: 0.0184 - mse: 0.3447 - val 1
oss: 0.0134 - val_mse: 0.2362
Epoch 00002: val loss improved from 0.02957 to 0.01342, saving model to ann2.h5
Epoch 3/50
26239/26239 [============ ] - 11s 424us/step - loss: 0.0139 - mse: 0.2654 - val 1
oss: 0.0120 - val mse: 0.2185
Epoch 00003: val loss improved from 0.01342 to 0.01195, saving model to ann2.h5
Epoch 4/50
26239/26239 [============= ] - 11s 420us/step - loss: 0.0123 - mse: 0.2354 - val 1
oss: 0.0092 - val mse: 0.1798
Epoch 00004: val loss improved from 0.01195 to 0.00923, saving model to ann2.h5
Epoch 5/50
26239/26239 [============ ] - 11s 413us/step - loss: 0.0111 - mse: 0.2158 - val 1
oss: 0.0087 - val mse: 0.1705
Epoch 00005: val loss improved from 0.00923 to 0.00873, saving model to ann2.h5
Epoch 6/50
26239/26239 [============= ] - 11s 412us/step - loss: 0.0104 - mse: 0.2035 - val 1
oss: 0.0085 - val mse: 0.1689
Epoch 00006: val loss improved from 0.00873 to 0.00851, saving model to ann2.h5
```

```
Epoch 7/50
26239/26239 [============= ] - 11s 413us/step - loss: 0.0098 - mse: 0.1930 - val 1
oss: 0.0081 - val mse: 0.1614
Epoch 00007: val loss improved from 0.00851 to 0.00810, saving model to ann2.h5
26239/26239 [============= ] - 11s 412us/step - loss: 0.0095 - mse: 0.1878 - val 1
oss: 0.0084 - val mse: 0.1648
Epoch 00008: val loss did not improve from 0.00810
Epoch 9/50
26239/26239 [============= ] - 11s 413us/step - loss: 0.0089 - mse: 0.1766 - val 1
oss: 0.0084 - val mse: 0.1651
Epoch 00009: val loss did not improve from 0.00810
Epoch 10/50
26239/26239 [============= ] - 11s 410us/step - loss: 0.0085 - mse: 0.1681 - val 1
oss: 0.0083 - val mse: 0.1613
Epoch 00010: val loss did not improve from 0.00810
Epoch 11/50
26239/26239 [============= ] - 11s 411us/step - loss: 0.0080 - mse: 0.1605 - val 1
oss: 0.0086 - val_mse: 0.1656
Epoch 00011: val loss did not improve from 0.00810
Epoch 12/50
26239/26239 [============ ] - 11s 412us/step - loss: 0.0076 - mse: 0.1554 - val 1
oss: 0.0089 - val mse: 0.1687
Epoch 00012: val loss did not improve from 0.00810
Epoch 13/50
26239/26239 [============== ] - 11s 408us/step - loss: 0.0074 - mse: 0.1517 - val 1
oss: 0.0084 - val mse: 0.1624
Epoch 00013: val loss did not improve from 0.00810
Epoch 14/50
26239/26239 [============= ] - 11s 409us/step - loss: 0.0072 - mse: 0.1486 - val 1
oss: 0.0091 - val mse: 0.1713
Epoch 00014: val loss did not improve from 0.00810
Epoch 15/50
26239/26239 [============== ] - 11s 412us/step - loss: 0.0068 - mse: 0.1422 - val 1
oss: 0.0086 - val mse: 0.1665
Epoch 00015: val loss did not improve from 0.00810
Epoch 16/50
26239/26239 [============ ] - 11s 410us/step - loss: 0.0067 - mse: 0.1377 - val 1
oss: 0.0090 - val mse: 0.1740
Epoch 00016: val loss did not improve from 0.00810
Epoch 17/50
26239/26239 [============= ] - 11s 411us/step - loss: 0.0063 - mse: 0.1326 - val 1
oss: 0.0090 - val_mse: 0.1701
Epoch 00017: val loss did not improve from 0.00810
Epoch 18/50
26239/26239 [============ ] - 11s 415us/step - loss: 0.0060 - mse: 0.1280 - val 1
oss: 0.0087 - val mse: 0.1709
Epoch 00018: val_loss did not improve from 0.00810
Epoch 19/50
26239/26239 [=============== ] - 11s 408us/step - loss: 0.0056 - mse: 0.1212 - val 1
oss: 0.0091 - val mse: 0.1765
Epoch 00019: val loss did not improve from 0.00810
Epoch 20/50
26239/26239 [============ ] - 11s 413us/step - loss: 0.0055 - mse: 0.1180 - val 1
oss: 0.0092 - val mse: 0.1738
Epoch 00020: val loss did not improve from 0.00810
Epoch 21/50
26239/26239 [============= ] - 11s 415us/step - loss: 0.0052 - mse: 0.1131 - val 1
oss: 0.0091 - val mse: 0.1767
Epoch 00021: val loss did not improve from 0.00810
Epoch 22/50
26239/26239 [============ ] - 11s 409us/step - loss: 0.0049 - mse: 0.1083 - val 1
```

```
oss: 0.0099 - val mse: 0.1927
Epoch 00022: val loss did not improve from 0.00810
Epoch 23/50
26239/26239 [============== ] - 11s 413us/step - loss: 0.0048 - mse: 0.1049 - val 1
oss: 0.0096 - val mse: 0.1870
Epoch 00023: val loss did not improve from 0.00810
Epoch 24/50
26239/26239 [============ ] - 11s 412us/step - loss: 0.0046 - mse: 0.1020 - val 1
oss: 0.0099 - val mse: 0.1886
Epoch 00024: val loss did not improve from 0.00810
Epoch 25/50
26239/26239 [============= ] - 11s 412us/step - loss: 0.0043 - mse: 0.0962 - val 1
oss: 0.0098 - val mse: 0.1898
Epoch 00025: val loss did not improve from 0.00810
26239/26239 [============= ] - 11s 416us/step - loss: 0.0043 - mse: 0.0960 - val 1
oss: 0.0098 - val mse: 0.1916
Epoch 00026: val_loss did not improve from 0.00810
Epoch 27/50
26239/26239 [============ ] - 11s 413us/step - loss: 0.0040 - mse: 0.0893 - val 1
oss: 0.0098 - val_mse: 0.1901
Epoch 00027: val loss did not improve from 0.00810
Epoch 28/50
26239/26239 [============ ] - 11s 411us/step - loss: 0.0039 - mse: 0.0877 - val 1
oss: 0.0101 - val mse: 0.1967
Epoch 00028: val loss did not improve from 0.00810
Epoch 29/50
26239/26239 [============== ] - 11s 409us/step - loss: 0.0038 - mse: 0.0856 - val 1
oss: 0.0102 - val mse: 0.1981
Epoch 00029: val loss did not improve from 0.00810
Epoch 30/50
26239/26239 [============ ] - 11s 411us/step - loss: 0.0039 - mse: 0.0879 - val 1
oss: 0.0101 - val mse: 0.1962
Epoch 00030: val loss did not improve from 0.00810
Epoch 31/50
26239/26239 [============ ] - 11s 410us/step - loss: 0.0035 - mse: 0.0788 - val 1
oss: 0.0105 - val mse: 0.2045
Epoch 00031: val loss did not improve from 0.00810
Epoch 32/50
26239/26239 [============= ] - 11s 433us/step - loss: 0.0034 - mse: 0.0779 - val 1
oss: 0.0102 - val mse: 0.1993
Epoch 00032: val loss did not improve from 0.00810
Epoch 33/50
26239/26239 [============ ] - 11s 410us/step - loss: 0.0034 - mse: 0.0767 - val 1
oss: 0.0104 - val_mse: 0.2036
Epoch 00033: val loss did not improve from 0.00810
Epoch 34/50
26239/26239 [============= ] - 11s 410us/step - loss: 0.0033 - mse: 0.0756 - val 1
oss: 0.0104 - val mse: 0.2058
Epoch 00034: val loss did not improve from 0.00810
Epoch 35/50
26239/26239 [============= ] - 11s 413us/step - loss: 0.0030 - mse: 0.0699 - val 1
oss: 0.0105 - val mse: 0.2063
Epoch 00035: val loss did not improve from 0.00810
Epoch 36/50
26239/26239 [============= ] - 11s 411us/step - loss: 0.0030 - mse: 0.0687 - val 1
oss: 0.0101 - val mse: 0.1972
Epoch 00036: val loss did not improve from 0.00810
26239/26239 [============== ] - 11s 412us/step - loss: 0.0029 - mse: 0.0664 - val 1
oss: 0.0107 - val mse: 0.2076
```

```
Epoch 00037: val loss did not improve from 0.00810
Epoch 38/50
26239/26239 [============== ] - 11s 412us/step - loss: 0.0028 - mse: 0.0660 - val 1
oss: 0.0107 - val mse: 0.2100
Epoch 00038: val loss did not improve from 0.00810
Epoch 39/50
26239/26239 [============ ] - 11s 410us/step - loss: 0.0027 - mse: 0.0637 - val 1
oss: 0.0110 - val mse: 0.2166
Epoch 00039: val loss did not improve from 0.00810
26239/26239 [============ ] - 11s 413us/step - loss: 0.0027 - mse: 0.0634 - val 1
oss: 0.0106 - val mse: 0.2086
Epoch 00040: val loss did not improve from 0.00810
Epoch 41/50
26239/26239 [============ ] - 11s 412us/step - loss: 0.0026 - mse: 0.0606 - val 1
oss: 0.0107 - val mse: 0.2117
Epoch 00041: val loss did not improve from 0.00810
Epoch 42/50
26239/26239 [============ ] - 11s 412us/step - loss: 0.0025 - mse: 0.0594 - val 1
oss: 0.0105 - val_mse: 0.2069
Epoch 00042: val loss did not improve from 0.00810
Epoch 43/50
26239/26239 [============ ] - 11s 412us/step - loss: 0.0025 - mse: 0.0572 - val 1
oss: 0.0111 - val mse: 0.2198
Epoch 00043: val loss did not improve from 0.00810
Epoch 44/50
26239/26239 [============ ] - 11s 412us/step - loss: 0.0023 - mse: 0.0550 - val 1
oss: 0.0105 - val mse: 0.2078
Epoch 00044: val loss did not improve from 0.00810
Epoch 45/50
26239/26239 [============ ] - 11s 410us/step - loss: 0.0023 - mse: 0.0538 - val 1
oss: 0.0108 - val mse: 0.2142
Epoch 00045: val_loss did not improve from 0.00810
Epoch 46/50
26239/26239 [============= ] - 11s 413us/step - loss: 0.0022 - mse: 0.0520 - val 1
oss: 0.0106 - val_mse: 0.2102
Epoch 00046: val loss did not improve from 0.00810
Epoch 47/50
26239/26239 [============= ] - 11s 410us/step - loss: 0.0023 - mse: 0.0529 - val 1
oss: 0.0107 - val mse: 0.2133
Epoch 00047: val loss did not improve from 0.00810
Epoch 48/50
26239/26239 [============ ] - 11s 411us/step - loss: 0.0022 - mse: 0.0513 - val 1
oss: 0.0111 - val_mse: 0.2209
Epoch 00048: val_loss did not improve from 0.00810
Epoch 49/50
26239/26239 [============= ] - 11s 412us/step - loss: 0.0021 - mse: 0.0491 - val 1
oss: 0.0111 - val mse: 0.2233
Epoch 00049: val loss did not improve from 0.00810
Epoch 50/50
26239/26239 [============= ] - 11s 410us/step - loss: 0.0021 - mse: 0.0505 - val 1
oss: 0.0109 - val mse: 0.2171
Epoch 00050: val loss did not improve from 0.00810
In [594]:
y_pred = model.predict(X te)
```

In [597]:

from math import sqrt

from sklearn.metrics import mean squared error

```
predict_target = model.predict(X_te)

rms = sqrt(mean_squared_error(y_test_enc, y_pred))
print(rms)
```

```
In [597]:
```

```
from sklearn.metrics import r2_score
coefficient_of_dermination = r2_score(y_test_enc, y_pred)
print(coefficient_of_dermination)
```

0.6795726965998063

Pretty Table

```
In [599]:
```

```
# Please compare all your models using Prettytable library
# http://zetcode.com/python/prettytable/
from prettytable import PrettyTable

#If you get a ModuleNotFoundError error , install prettytable using: pip3 install prettytable

x = PrettyTable()
x.field_names = ["Model Used", "RMSE","R^2 (Coefficient of Determination)"]

x.add_row(["Random Forest Regressor", 0.4038, 0.6761])
x.add_row(["XGBoost Regressor", 0.3787, 0.7151])
x.add_row(["Linear Regression", 0.4193,0.6507])
x.add_row(["MLP(Deep Learning", 0.3975,0.6795])
print(x)
```

| Model Used + | RMSE | R^2 (Coefficient of Determination) |
|---|--|--|
| Random Forest Regressor XGBoost Regressor Linear Regression MLP(Deep Learning | 0.4038 0.3787 0.4193 0.3975 | 0.6761 0.7151 0.6507 0.6795 |

Conclusion:

- · XGBoost has performed best.
- I have taken only the top frequent values for few features to decrease the categories, so that processing is fast. If we would work with the entire categories then may be the result would have changed for good.

```
In [ ]:
```

```
In []:
```