

# **Session: SPARK SQL**

## Assignment

Student	Name:	Subham	Visha

Course: Big Data Hadoop & Spark Training

#### **Assignment** – Introduction to Spark SQL and UDF.

## Contents

Dataset	Error! Bookmark not defined.
Introduction	<u>2</u>
Dataset	2
Problem Statement	<u>2</u>
Task – 1 - Change firstname, lastname columns	3



#### Introduction

In this assignment, we are going to perform SPARK SQL concepts.

#### **Dataset**

```
[acadgild@localhost hadoop]$ cat Sports data.txt
lisa,cudrow,javellin,gold,34,2015,USA
mathew,louis,javellin,gold,34,2015,RUS
michael, phelps, swimming, silver, 32, 2016, USA
usha,pt,running,silver,30,2016,IND
serena, williams, running, gold, 31, 2014, FRA
roger, federer, tennis, silver, 32, 2016, CHN
jenifer,cox,swimming,silver,32,2014,IND
fernando,johnson,swimming,silver,32,2016,CHN
lisa,cudrow,javellin,gold,34,2017,USA
mathew,louis,javellin,gold,34,2015,RUS
michael, phelps, swimming, silver, 32, 2017, USA
usha,pt,running,silver,30,2014,IND
serena, williams, running, gold, 31, 2016, FRA
roger, federer, tennis, silver, 32, 2017, CHN
jenifer,cox,swimming,silver,32,2014,IND
fernando,johnson,swimming,silver,32,2017,CHN
lisa,cudrow,javellin,gold,34,2014,USA
mathew,louis,javellin,gold,34,2014,RUS
michael,phelps,swimming,silver,32,2017,USA
usha,pt,running,silver,30,2014,IND
serena,williams,running,gold,31,2016,FRA
roger, federer, tennis, silver, 32, 2014, CHN
jenifer,cox,swimming,silver,32,2017,IND
fernando, johnson, swimming, silver, 32, 2017, CHN[acadgild@localhost hadoop]$
```

#### **Problem Statement**

Using udfs on dataframe

1. Change firstname, lastname columns into

Mr.first\_two\_letters\_of\_firstname<space>lastname

for example - michael, phelps becomes Mr.mi phelps

2. Add a new column called ranking using udfs on dataframe, where:

gold medalist, with age >= 32 are ranked as pro gold medalists, with age <= 31 are ranked amateur silver medalist, with age >= 32 are ranked as expert silver medalists, with age <= 31 are ranked rookie



### Task - 1 - Change firstname, lastname columns

Mr.first\_two\_letters\_of\_firstname<space>lastname

For example - michael, phelps becomes Mr.mi phelps

Please see the codes used below,

- 1. val SportsData = sc.textFile("/home/acadgild/hadoop/Sports\_data.txt")
- 2. val schemaString =
  - "firstname:string,lastname:string,sports:string,medal\_type:string,age:string,year:string,count ry:string"
- val schema = StructType(schemaString.split(",").map(x => StructField(x.split(":")(0),if(x.split(":") (1).equals("string"))StringType else IntegerType, true)))
- 4.  $val\ rowRDD = SportsData.map(\_.split(",")).map(r => Row(r(0), r(1), r(2), r(3), r(4), r(5), r(6)))$
- 5. val SportsDataDF = spark.createDataFrame(rowRDD, schema)
- 6. SportsDataDF.createOrReplaceTempView("Sports\_Data")
- 7. val Name = udf((firstname:String, lastname:String)=>"Mr.".concat(firstname.substring(0,2)).concat(" ")concat(lastname))
- 8. spark.udf.register("Full\_Name", Name)
- 9. val fname = spark.sql("SELECT Full\_Name(firstname, lastname) FROM SportsData").show()

We will proceed with the tasks,

In order to proceed we need to import some dependencies as shown below,

- import org.apache.spark.sql.Row;
- import org.apache.spark.sqr.kov
  - org.apache.spark.sql.types.{StructType,StructField,StringType,NumericType,IntegerType};
- import org.apache.spark.sql.functions.udf

```
scala> import org.apache.spark.sql.Row;
import org.apache.spark.sql.Row
scala> import org.apache.spark.sql.types.{StructType,StructField,StringType,NumericType,IntegerType};
import org.apache.spark.sql.types.{StructType, StructField, StringType, NumericType, IntegerType}
```

**Step -1** - we are creating a RDD from Input DataSet,



```
scala> val SportsData = sc.textFile("/home/acadgild/hadoop/Sports_data.txt")

18/01/11 16:52:56 WARN SizeEstimator: Failed to check whether UseCompressedOops is set; assuming yes

SportsData: org.apache.spark.rdd.RDD[String] = /home/acadgild/hadoop/Sports_data.txt MapPartitionsRDD[1] at textFile at <console>:26

scala> SportsData.foreach(println)

firstname.lastname.sports.medal_type.age.year.country

lisa.cudrow.javellin.gold.34.2015,RUS

mathew.louis,javellin.gold.34.2015,RUS

michael.phelps.swimming.silver.32,2016,USA

usha.pt.running.silver,30,2016,IND

serena.williams,running.gold.31,2016,FRA

roger,federer,tennis.silver,32,2016,CHN

lisa.cudrow.javellin.gold.34.2017,USA

mathew.louis.javellin.gold.34.2015,RUS

michael.phelps,swimming.silver,32,2017,USA

usha.pt.running.silver,32,2014,IND

serena.williams,running.silver,32,2017,USA

usha.pt.running.silver,32,2014,IND

serena.williams,running.silver,32,2017,USA

usha.pt.running.silver,32,2017,USA

usha.pt.running.silver,32,2014,IND

serena.williams.running.gold.31,2016,FRA

roger,federer,tennis.silver,32,2014,IND

serena.williams.running.gold.31,2016,FRA

roger,federer,tennis,silver,32,2017,USA
```

**Step -2** – we are defining a schema since it is a text file and splitting the input file using the delimiters and extracting the rows from it.

```
scala- val schemaString = *firstname:string,lastname:string,sports:string,medal_type:string,gaer:string,country:string*
schemaString: String= firstname:string,lastname:string,sports:string,medal_type:string,gaer:string,country:string*
scala- val schema = StructType(schemaString.split(*,*).map(x => StructField(x.split(*:*)(0).if(x.split(*:*)(1).equals(*string*))StringType else
scala- val schema = StructType(schemaString.split(*,*).map(x => StructField(x.split(*:*)(0).if(x.split(*:*)(1).equals(*stringType).stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,stringType,st
```

We have created the **dataframe** by passing the RDD which reads the file and schema to spark session object-

The schema of the created **Dataframe** can be seen below.



**Step - 3** - Here we are defining the UDF which will take 2 strings (columns) as input and will concatenate them with Mr. appended in it and now we need to register the UDF. Here we doing the same and giving it an alias as **Full\_Name**.

Finally we can apply this UDF on the columns to give the required result-

#### **Expected Output**

**ACADGILD** 



### Task - 2 - Add a new column called ranking using udfs on **dataframe**, where:

- gold medalist, with age >= 32 are ranked as pro
- gold medalists, with age <= 31 are ranked amateur
- silver medalist, with age >= 32 are ranked as expert
- silver medalists, with age <= 31 are ranked rookie

The UDF below, UDF that we have used to define the new column

```
val Ranking = udf((medal: String, age: Int) => (medal,age) match
{
case (medal,age) if medal == "gold" && age >= 32 => "Pro" case
(medal,age) if medal == "gold" && age <= 32 => "amateur"
case (medal,age) if medal == "silver" && age >= 32 => "expert"
case (medal,age) if medal == "silver" && age <= 32 =>
"rookie" })
```

Here we are classifying each player based on age and the medal he has got,

```
val Ranking = udf((medal: String, age: Int) => (medal,age) match
nking:'org.apache.spark.sql.expressions.UserDefinedFunction = UserDefinedFunction(<function2>,StringType,Some(List(StringType, IntegerType))
```

Below code shows the registering of UDF and command to add a new column,

```
🍁 spark.udf.register("Ranks", Ranking)
```

val RankingRDD = SportsDataDF.withColumn("Ranks", Ranking(SportsDataDF.col("medal"),SportsDataDF.col("age")))

```
ala> spark.udf.register("Ranks", Ranking)
es3: org.apache.spark.sql.expressions.UserDefinedFunction = UserDefinedFunction(<function2>,StringType,Some(List(StringType, IntegerType)))
cala> val RankingRDD = SportsDataDF.withColumn("Ranks", Ranking(SportsDataDF.col("medal"),SportsDataDF.col("age")))
ankingRDD: org.apache.spark.sql.DataFrame = [firstname: string, lastname: string ... 6 more fields]
```

And the desired result is shown in the below screen shot,



## **Expected Output**

rstname	lastname	sports	medal	age year	country	Ranks
	cudrow					Pro
	louis					
	phelps				USA	
	pt				IND	rookie
serena	williams	running	gold	31 2014	FRA	amateur
roger	federer	tennis	silver	32 2016	CHN	expert
jenifer	cox	swimming	silver	32 2014	IND	expert
	johnson				CHN	expert
lisa	cudrow	javellin	gold	34 2017	USA	Pro
mathew	louis	javellin	gold	34 2015	RUS	Pro
michael	phelps	swimming	silver	32 2017	USA	expert
usha	pt	running	silver	30 2014	IND	rookie
serena	williams	running	gold	31 2016	FRA	amateur
roger	federer	tennis	silver	32 2017	CHN	expert
jenifer	cox				IND	expert
ernando	johnson	swimming	silver	32 2017	CHN	expert
lisa	cudrow	javellin	gold	34 2014	USA	Pro
mathew		javellin			RUS	Pro
	phelps				USA	
usha	pt	running	silver	30 2014	IND	rookie