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Under the Supervision of
Usman Khan
2021

College of Computing & Information Sciences PAF-KIET Main Campus, Karachi Pakistan



TeleMedicine

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Main Campus, Karachi, Pakistan

CERTIFICATE

This project "TeleMedicine" presented by Subhan Hussain (9315) Sahar Saleem (8684) under the direction of their project advisor and approved by the project examination committee, has been presented to and accepted by the CoCIS, in partial fulfilment of the requirements for the bachelor's degree of Computer Science.

Mr.Moneeb Ahmed Usmani (Project Advisor)	
	Usman Khan (FYP Committee Head)
Dr.Khalid Khan	

(Director CoCIS)

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Abstract

Our project **TeleMedicine** design for medical stores. It is very fast, reliable and easy to use. It provides all the information to the admin about the inventory. It will mange and control all the stock, our project convert the manual chemist inventory in to automated inventory system. It manage all the records in a very organized form Telemedicine is a web application to maintain all type of data and our android application will capable to sell medicine online. A user can order online. This idea will provide medicine in lockdown situation because it's a home-base delivery application.

Acknowledgements

First of all, we would like to acknowledge Our Lord the Almighty Allah for everything He blessed us with and without Whom no endeavor including this one could have been successful than we would like to acknowledge our parents, all the teachers, institutes and mentors that have always supported us and helped us reach this level. Our most humble regards to the Director CoCIS, Khalid Khan, our Program Managers, Kashif Bashir and the outstanding FYP committee members, Nadeem Qamar and Abdul Wahab that have time and again guided us, tested us and clarified many problematic aspects of our work. Adding to the long list we are grateful to have had Moneeb Ahmed Usmani as our advisor.

Subhan Hussain Sahar Saleem 2020-2021

1. Introduction

Our project is basically design to reduce the workload of the chemist. our project convert the manual chemist inventory in to automated inventory system It manage all the records in a very organized form.

1.1. Motivations

This project could be the wishful fulfillment for any Medical Store categorized for ease. While designing KIETBOOK, main concerns were to be addressed, platform independency. A further concern was to build the system in a generic way. It has to be possible for future developers to expand the system. Therefore, the system will have a modular structure.

1.2. Objectives and Scope

The principle objective of the Medical Shop Management System is to deal with the subtleties of Medical Shop. Our main objective is to manage the data of medical shop, stock and sells . Our project is made to reduce the workload manually and use digital or online technology to manage the medical store It is very use friendly , fast and reliable.

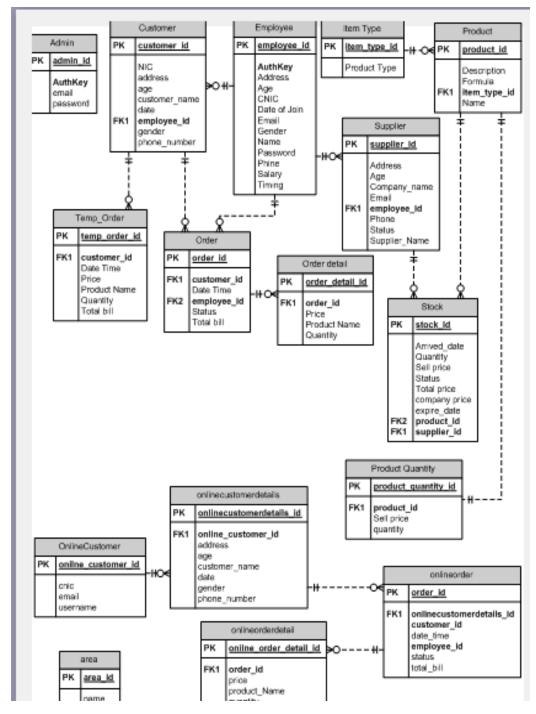
2. Methodology

Our approach was based on the waterfall methodology, Because the waterfall model is a breakdown of project activities into linear sequential phases, where each phase depends on the deliverables of the previous one and corresponds to a specialization of tasks. The approach is typical for certain areas of engineering design.

3. Design and Implementation

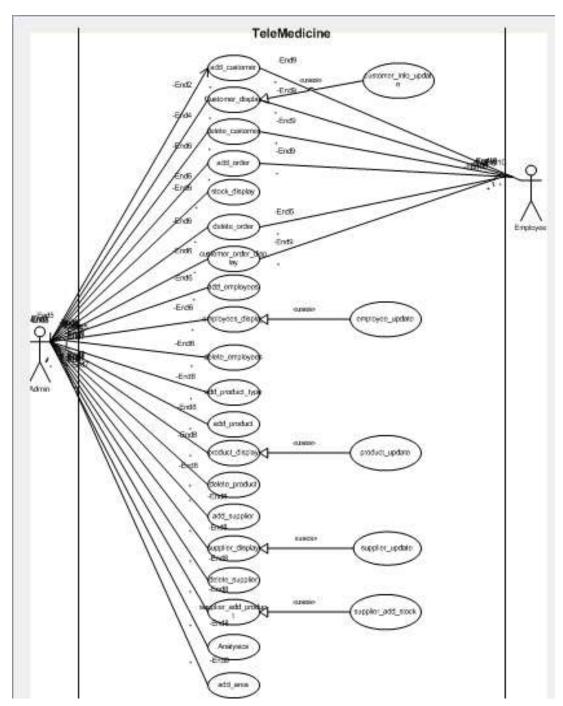
3.1.Design

3.1.1 ERD



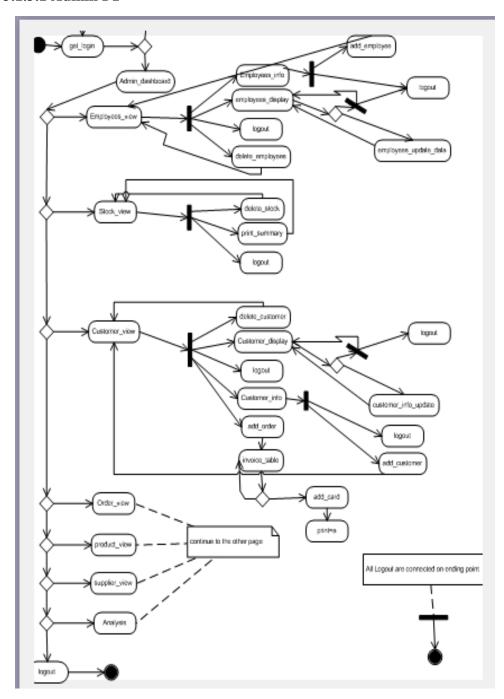
This is the erd diagram of our project which shows all the graphical representation of database and tables or events

3.1.2 Use Cases

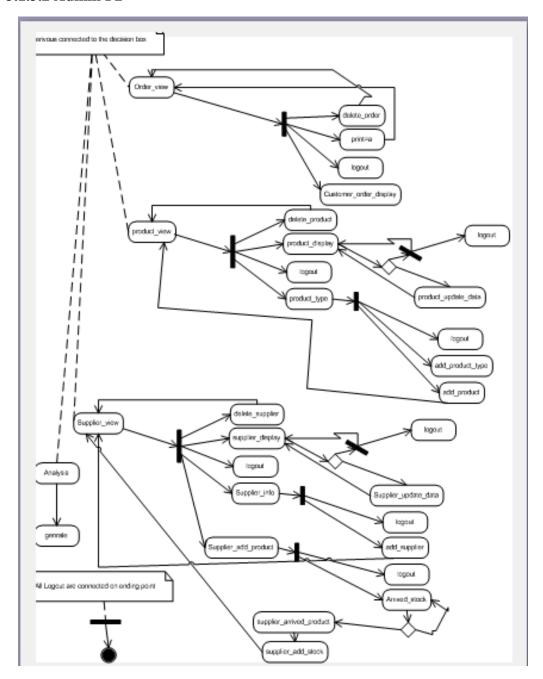


This is the use case diagram it will show how user will perform its tasks Each utilization case is addressed as a grouping of straightforward advances, starting with a client's objective and finishing when that objective is satisfied.

3.1.3 Activity Diagram 3.1.3.1 Admin P1

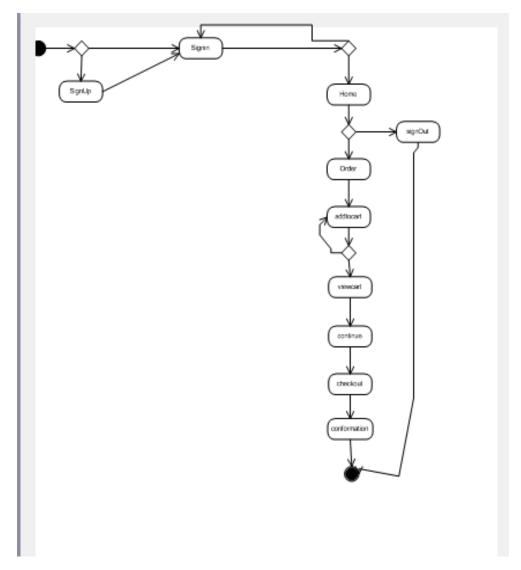


3.1.3.2 Admin P2



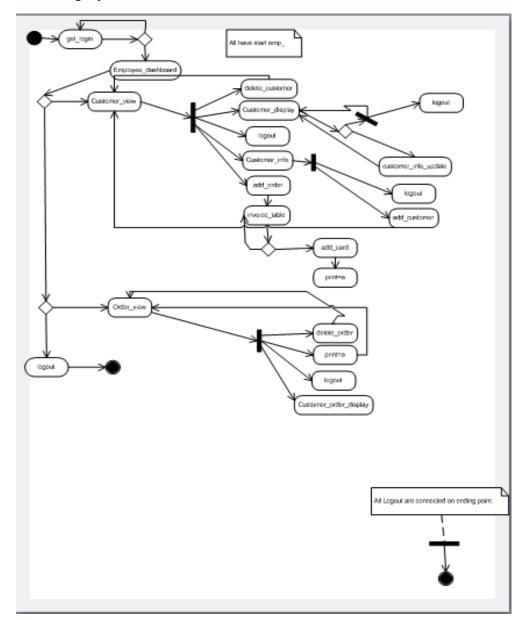
Movement chart outwardly present a progression of activities or stream of control Movement chart are regularly utilized in business prosses modeling.they can likewise portray the means in a utilization case outline.

3.1.3.3 Customer(android)



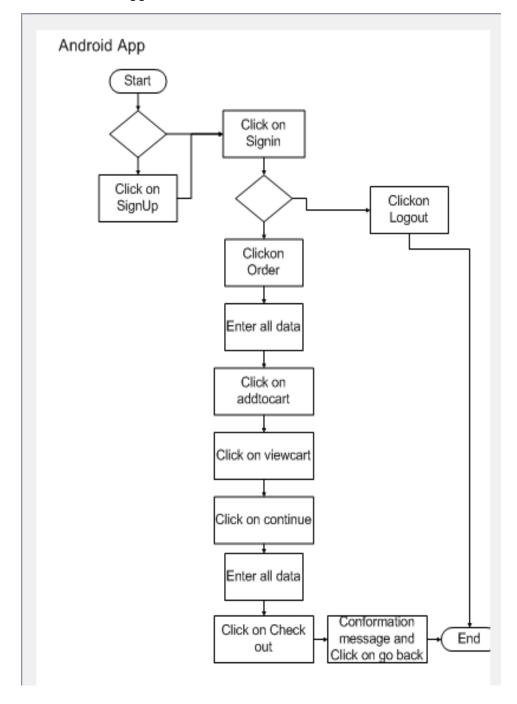
Activity diagram visually present a series of actions or flow of control Activity diagram are often used in business prosses modeling.they can also describe the steps in a use case diagram

3.1.3.4 Employee

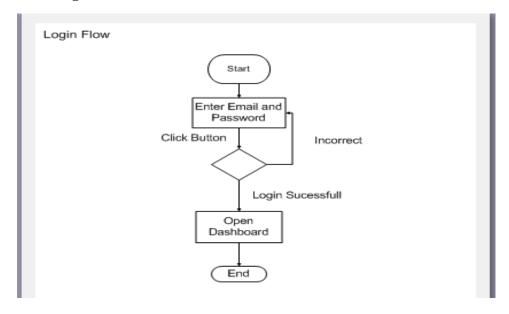


Activity diagram visually visually present a series of actions or flow of control Activity diagram are often used in business prosses modeling.they can also describe the steps in a use case diagram

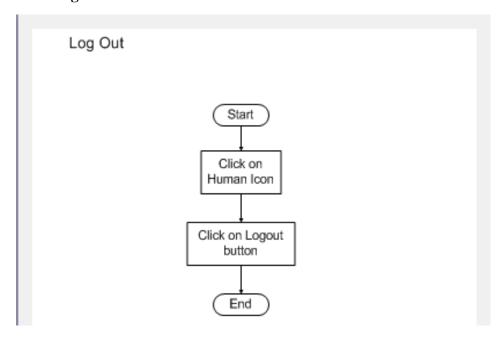
3.1.4 Flow Diagrams 3.1.4.1 Android App



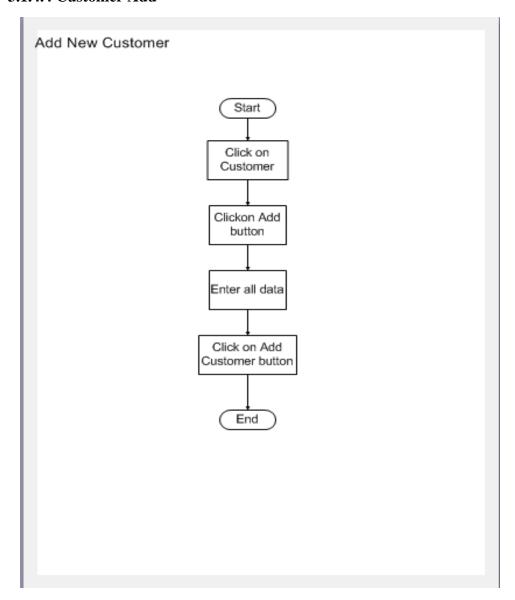
3.1.4.2 Login



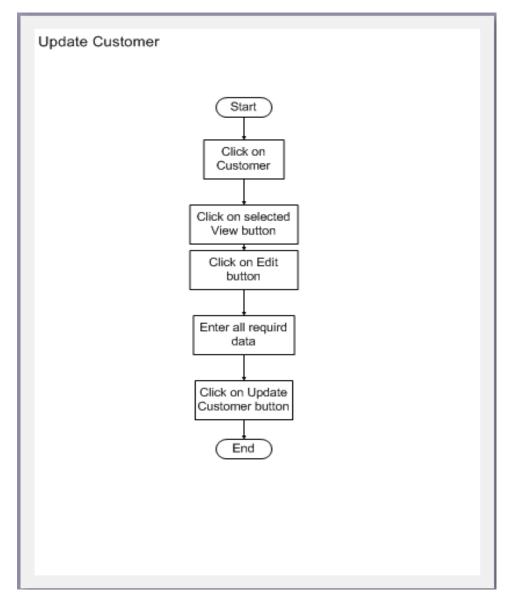
3.1.4.3 Logout



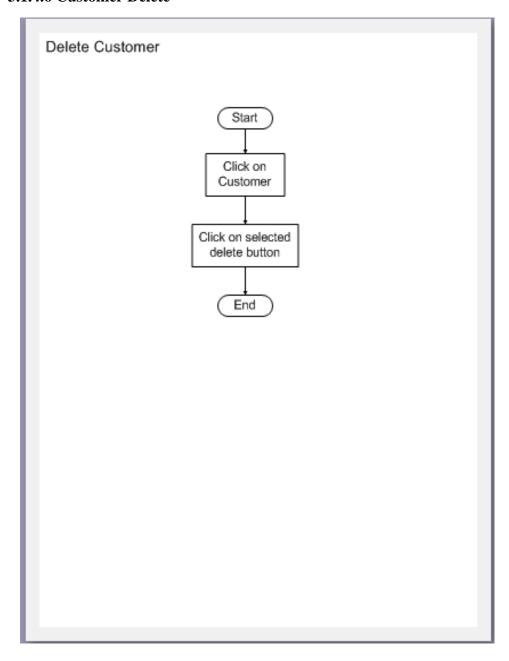
3.1.4.4 Customer Add



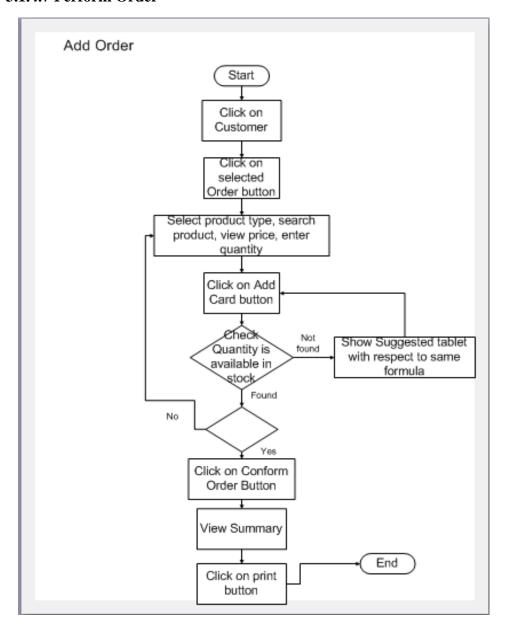
3.1.4.5 Customer Update



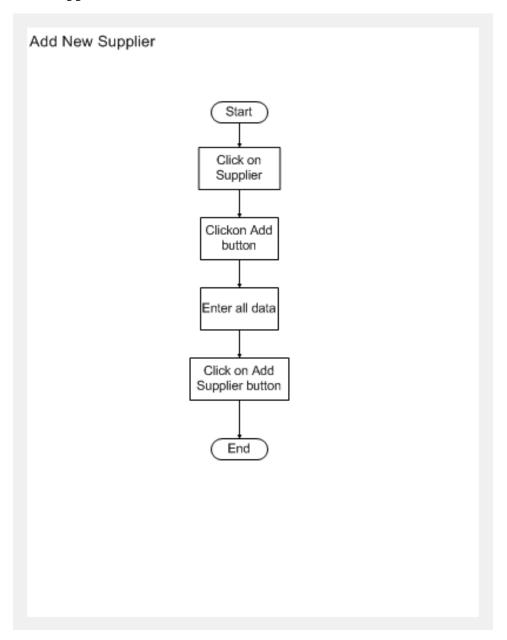
3.1.4.6 Customer Delete



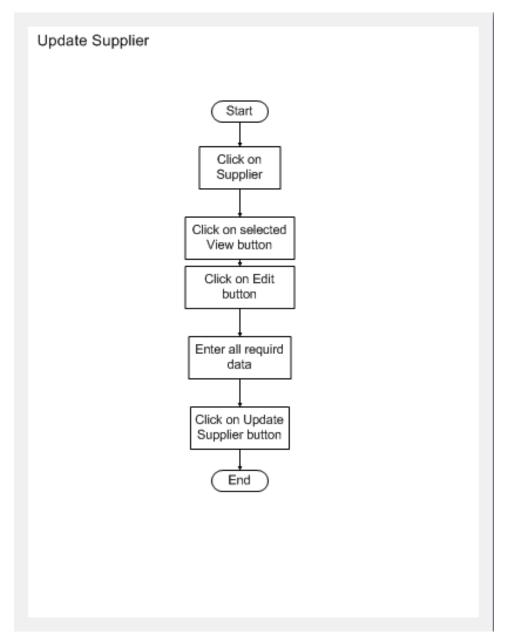
3.1.4.7 Perform Order



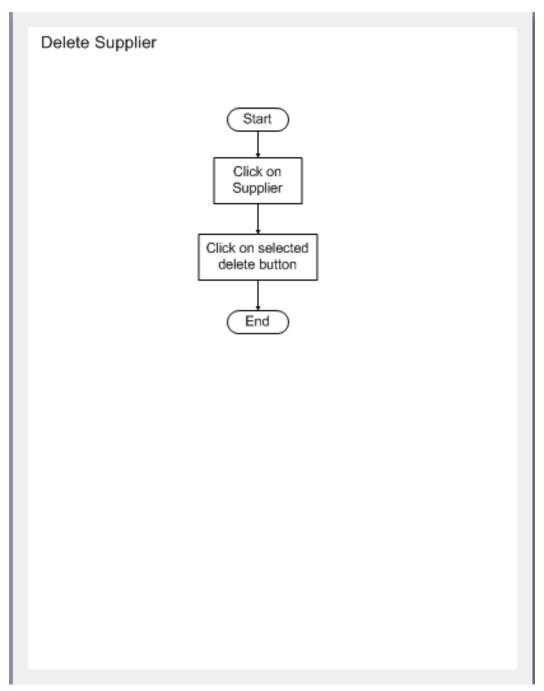
3.1.4.8 Supplier Add



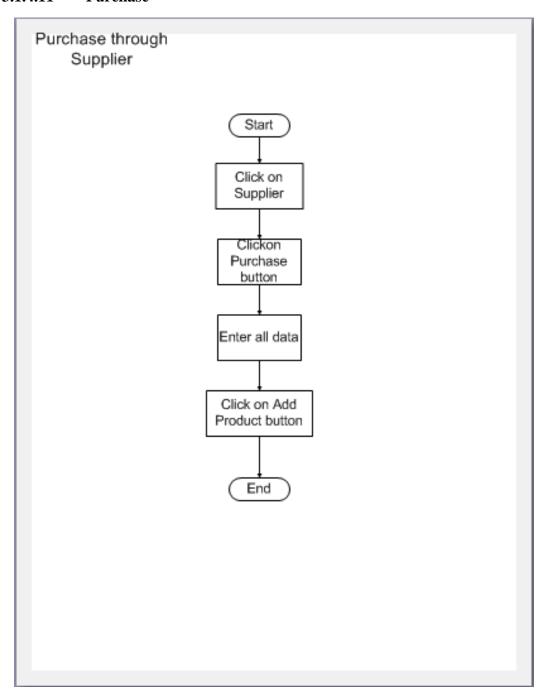
3.1.4.9 Supplier Update



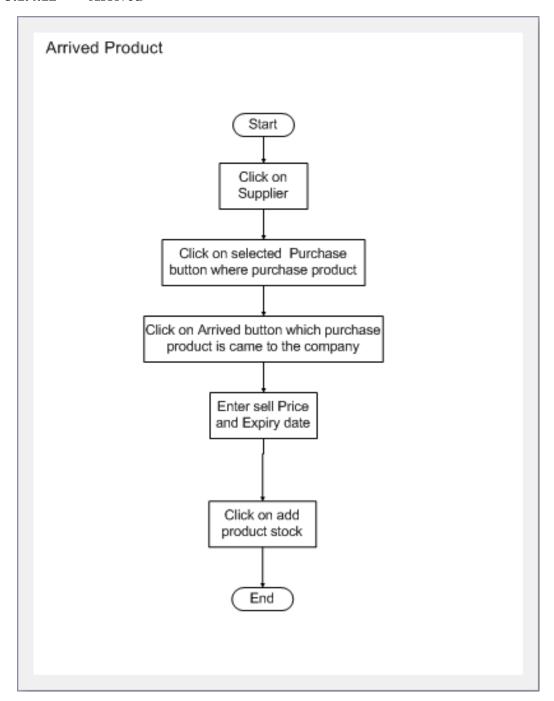
3.1.4.10 Supplier Delete



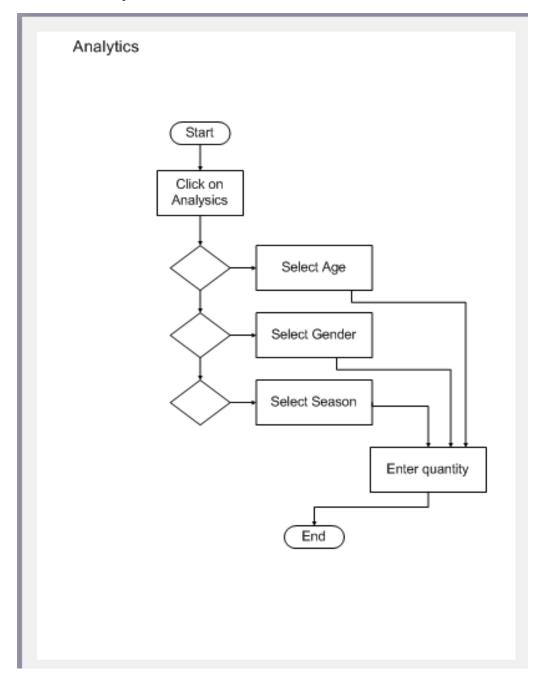
3.1.4.11 Purchase



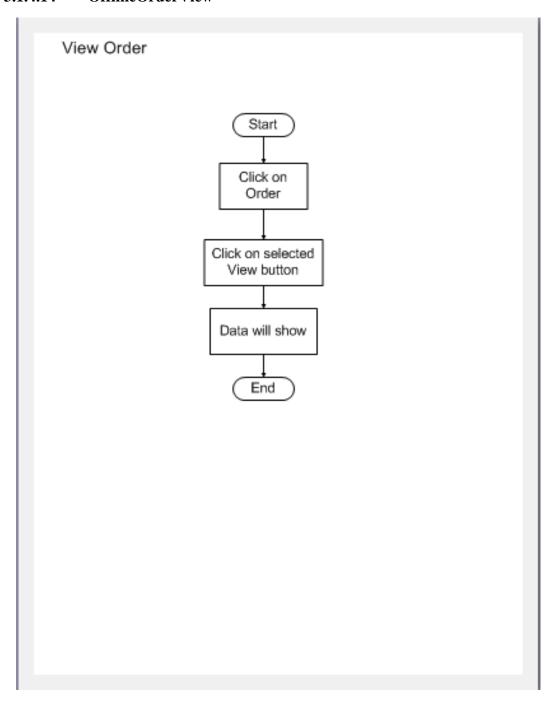
3.1.4.12 Arrived



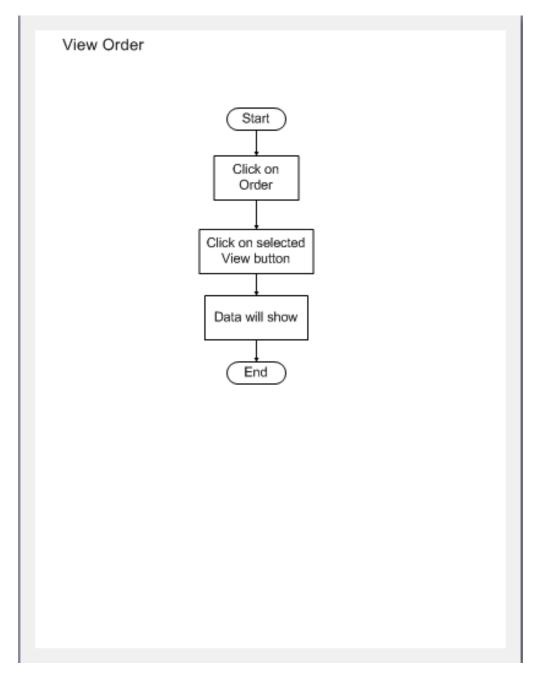
3.1.4.13 Analytics



3.1.4.14 OfflineOrderView

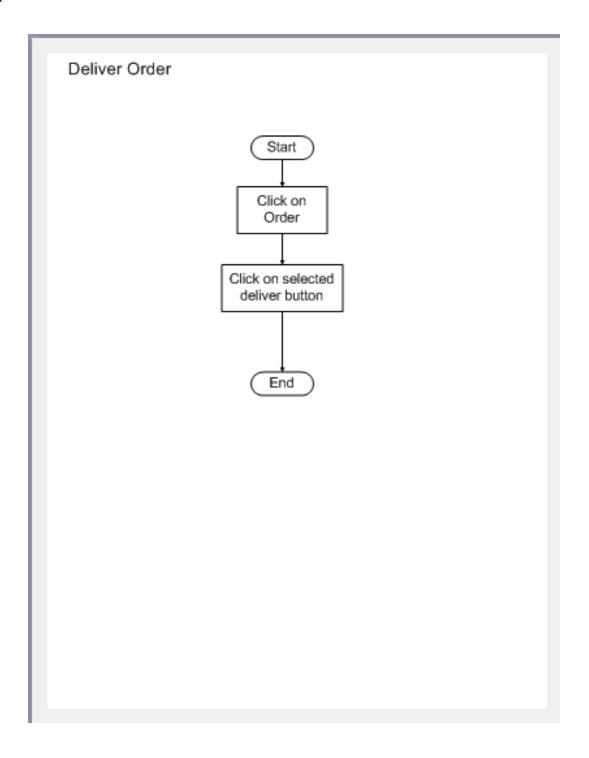


3.1.4.15 OnlineOrderView

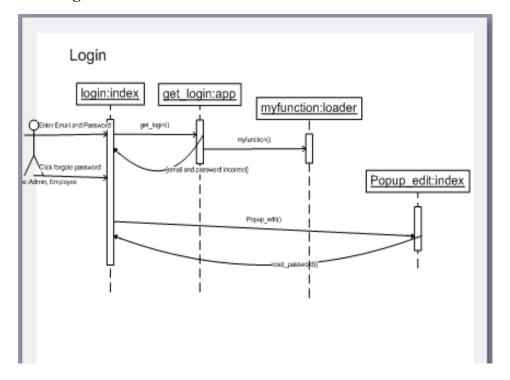


This represent the work flow or process. A flowchat can also be defined as a diagrammatic representation of an algorithm step by step approach to solving a task

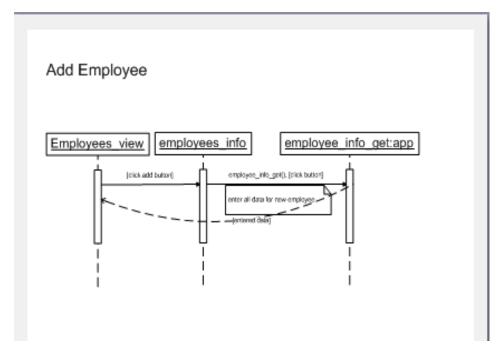
3.1.4.16 OnlineOrderDeliver



3.1.5 Sequence Diagrams 3.1.5.1 Login

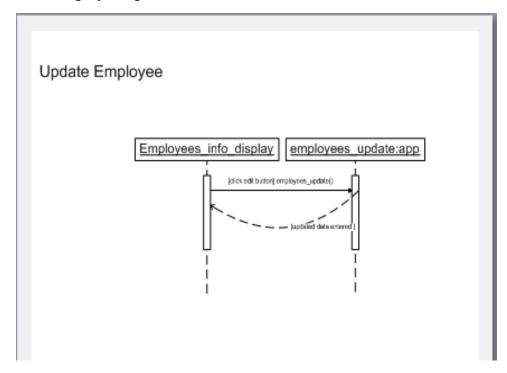


3.1.5.2 Employee Add

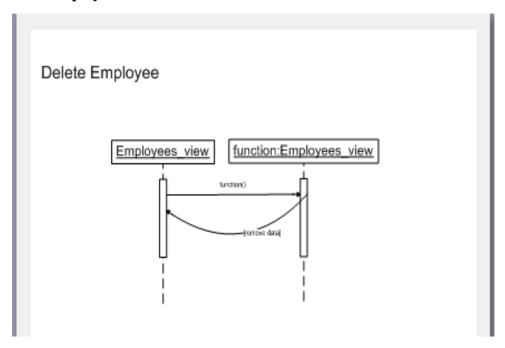


A sequence diagram shows object interactions arranged in time sequence. It depicts the object involved the scenario and the sequence of message exchange between the object.

3.1.5.3 Employee Update

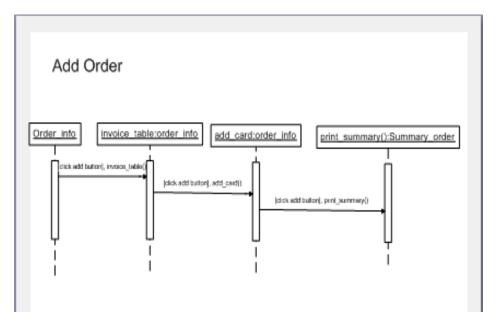


3.1.5.4 Employee Delete

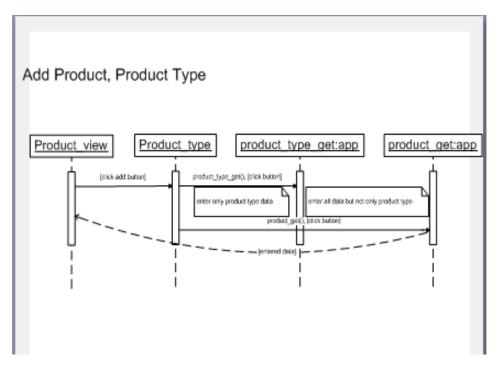


A sequence diagram shows object interactions arranged in time sequence. It depicts the object involved the scenario and the sequence of message exchange between the object.

3.1.5.5 Order Add

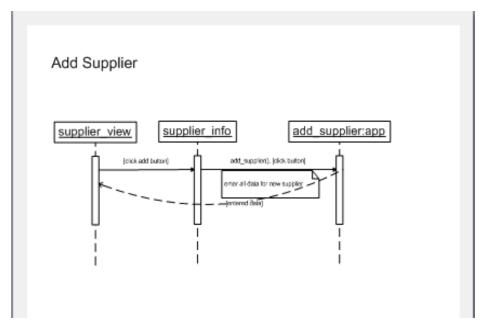


3.1.5.6 Product Add



A sequence diagram shows object interactions arranged in time sequence. It depicts the object involved the scenario and the sequence of message exchange between the object.

3.1.5.7 Supplier Add



A sequence diagram shows object interactions arranged in time sequence. It depicts the object involved the scenario and the sequence of message exchange between the object.

3.2 Results

3.2.1 Overall Description

- This product is creating for professional Medical Store Because Pakistan haven't a good
- Medical Store Management System which have all functionalities but in this have many function such as maintain inventory sales report stock report and others.
- The functionality of the product is to store large amounts of data uploaded by the admin

3.2.2 Product Functions

TeleMedicine Functions:

- Create Employees for performing work, add users, supplier, Product.area
- Update Employee, Supplier, Product, Customer.
- Delete Employee, Customer, Supplier, Product, Order, Stock.
- Purchase Tablets/Syrup/Capsule/etc.
- Print Invoice
- Stock report

- Sales report
- If any medicine is not available in stock so suggest other medicine with respect to formula
- Full detailed/Description of Any Product
- Forgot password by email using authentication of firebase

3.2.3 User Classes and Characteristics

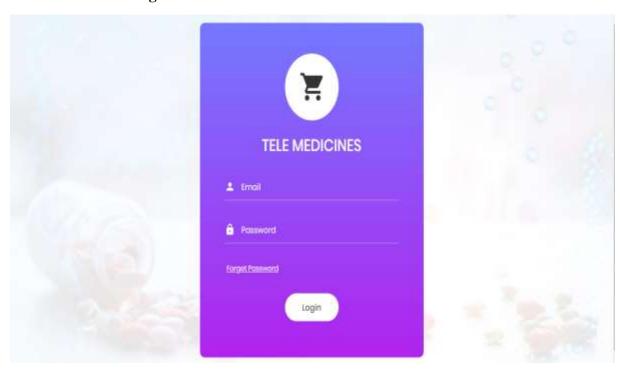
There are 3 basic user classes involving multiple roles.

- One is for Admin who has more rights than any other user and can insert/modify any kind of data. Such as supplier, Stock and Product. They have the best technical expertise and the highest privilege levels. They are the all type of rights.
- Other is Employee who have only some right Such as add a customer, perform order, view order that is only the thing, there is no other rights who have admin just because of security reasons.
- Third user class is the one who have only the right which is perform Order.

3.3 Features Overview

The features included in TeleMedicine are below.

3.3.1 Login Screen



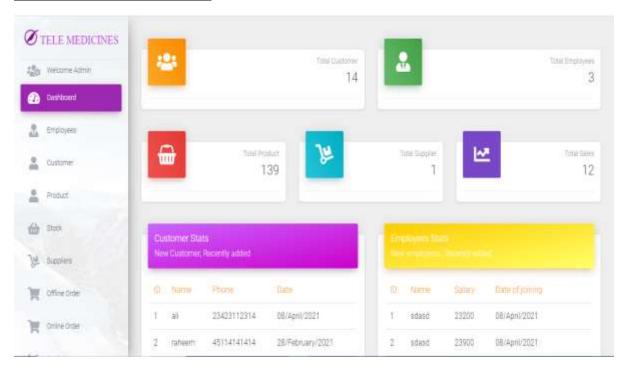
3.3.2 Created Modules

The modular structure dictated that the features be split up according to users and their privileges, resulting in a more secure ad robust system which restricts unauthorized accessibility and at the same time provides the

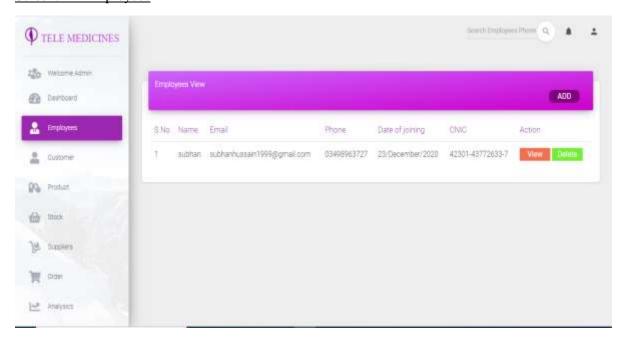
necessary functionality as needed by the user. The two following modules were created on web.

3.3.2.1 Administrative Module

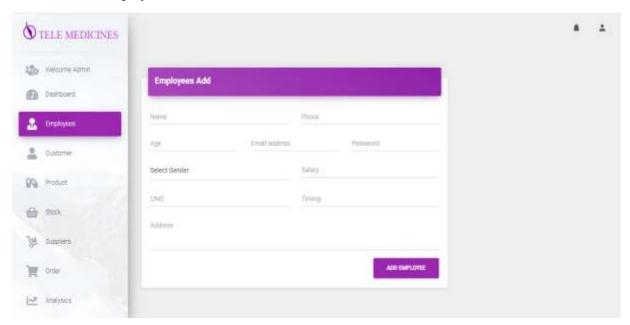
Screen: Administrator Dashboard



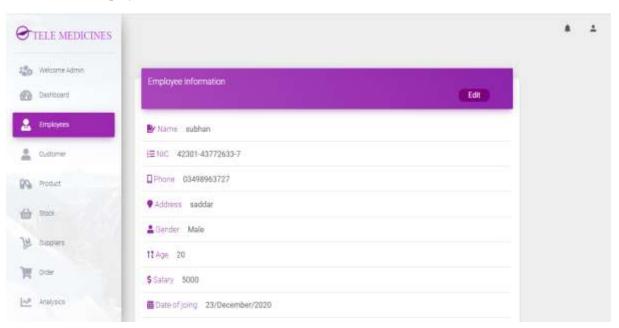
Screen: All Employees



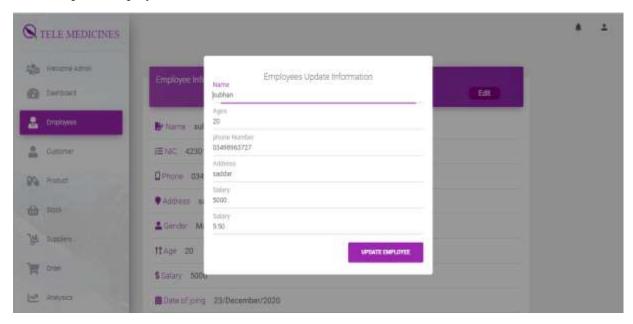
Screen: Create Employee



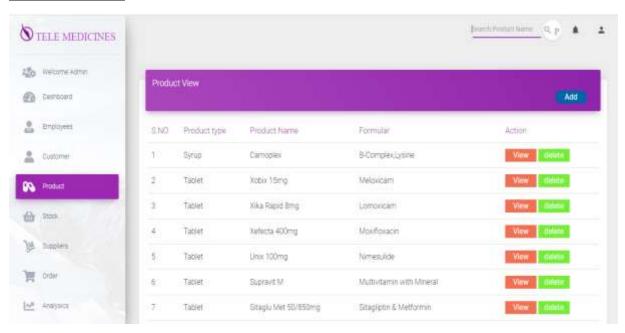
Screen: View Employee



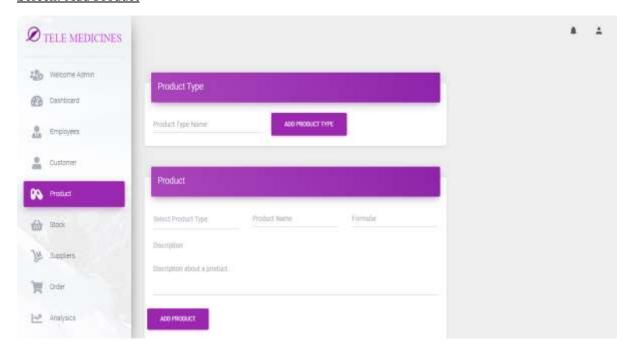
Screen: Update Employee



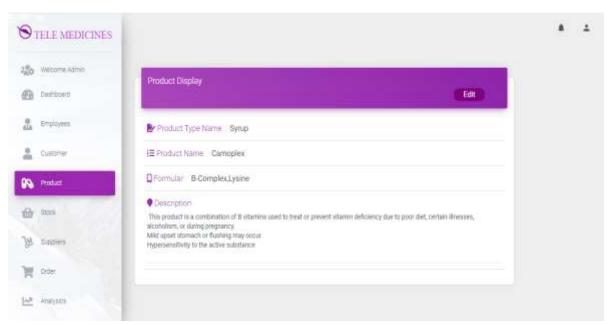
Screen: All Product



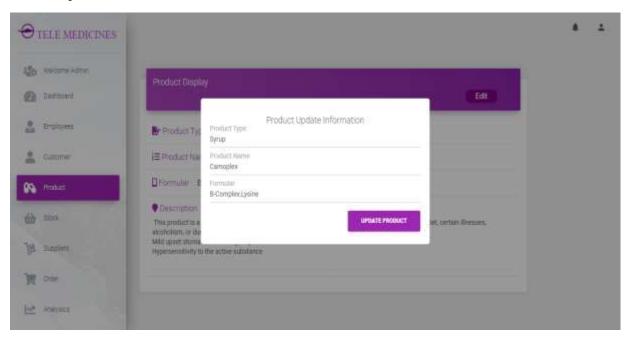
Screen: Add Product



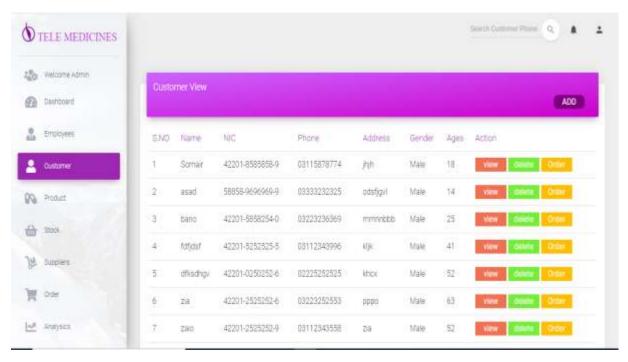
Screen: View Product



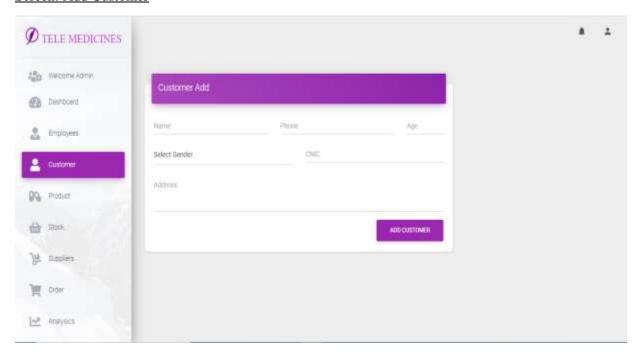
Screen: Update Product



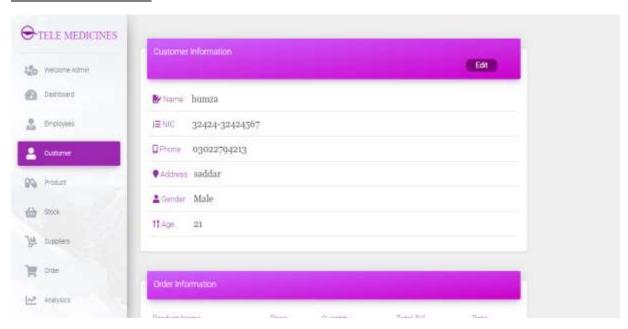
Screen: All Customer



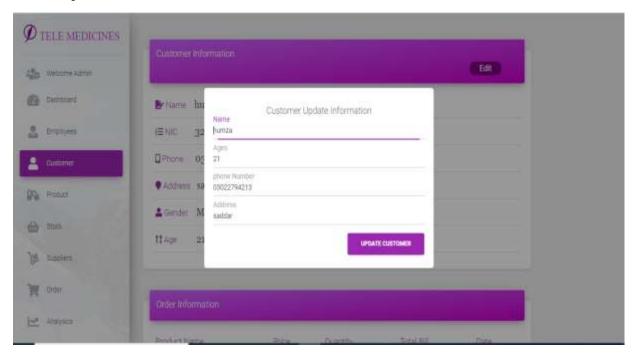
Screen: Add Customer



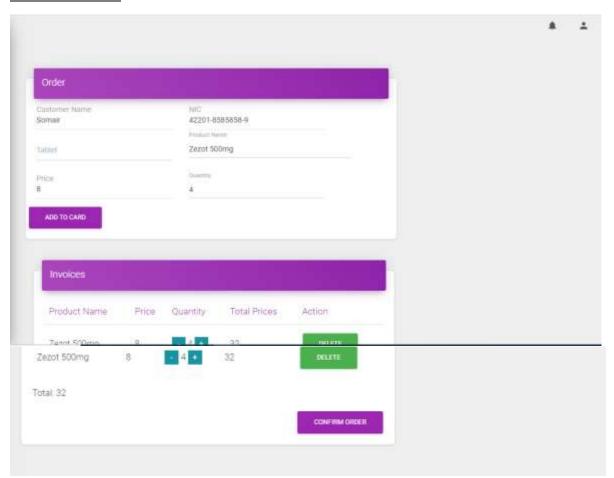
Screen: View Customer



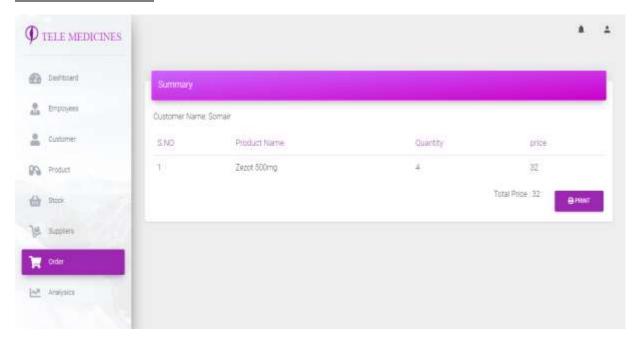
Screen: Update Customer



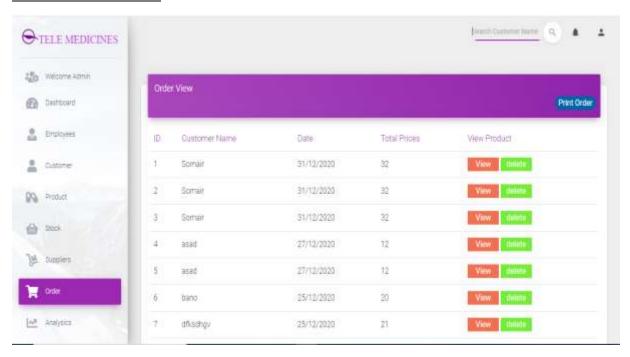
Screen: Add Order



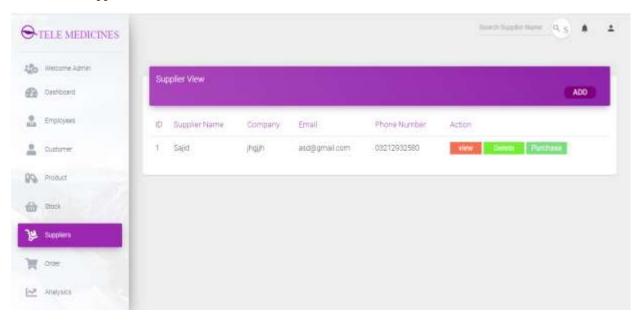
Screen: Conform Order



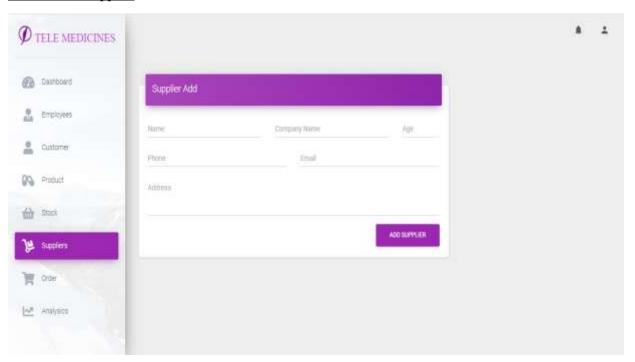
Screen: Print Sales Order



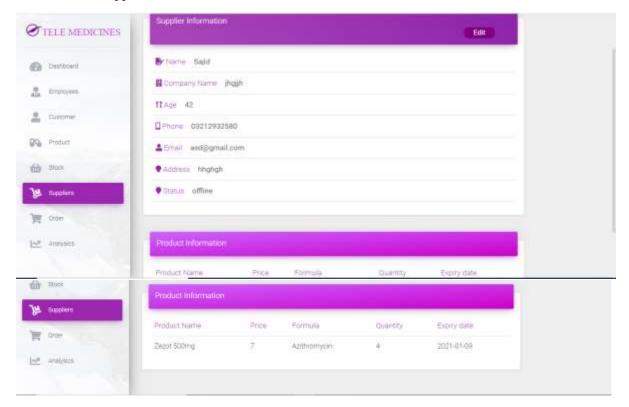
Screen: All Supplier



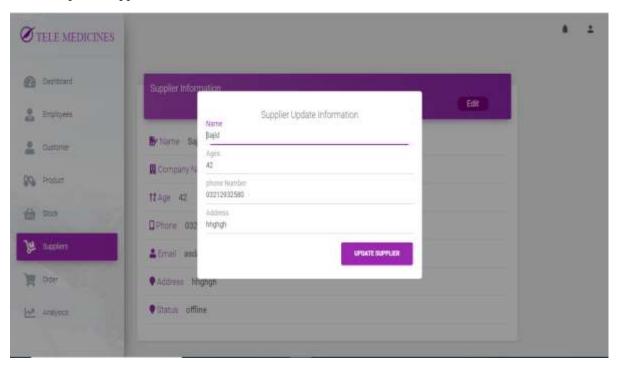
Screen: Add Supplier



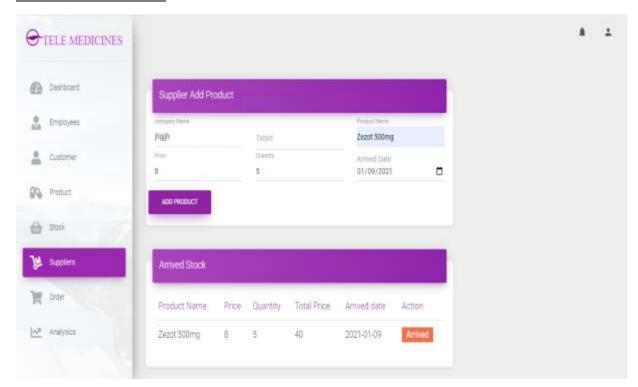
Screen: View Supplier



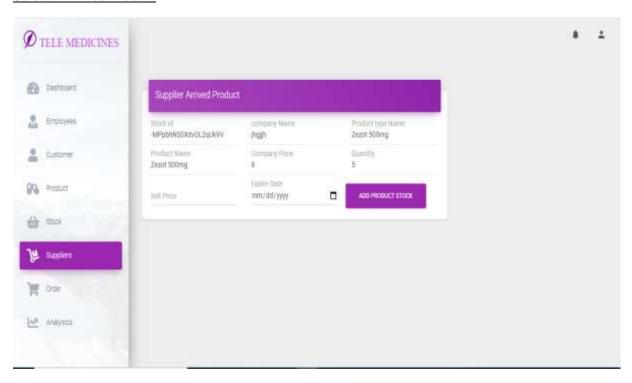
Screen: Update Supplier



Screen: Purchase Product



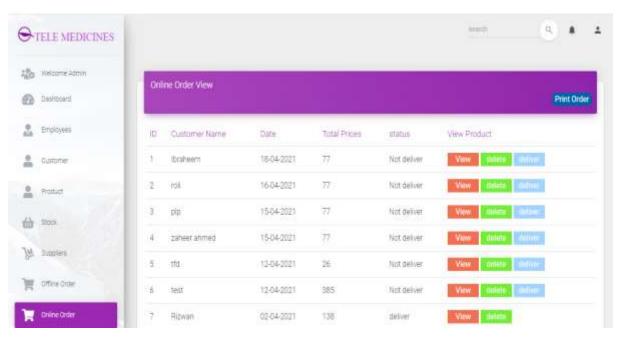
Screen: Arrived Product



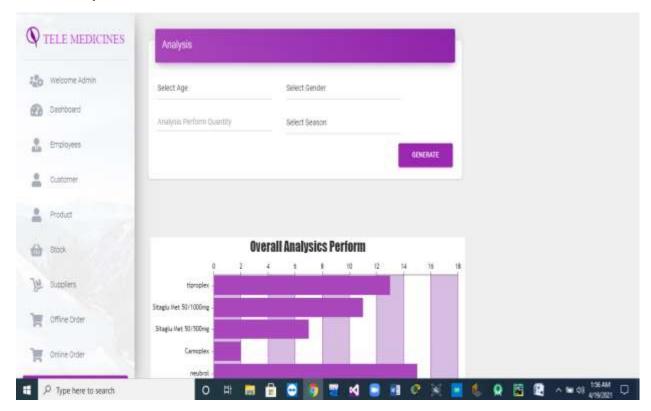
Screen: Stock



Screen: Online Order

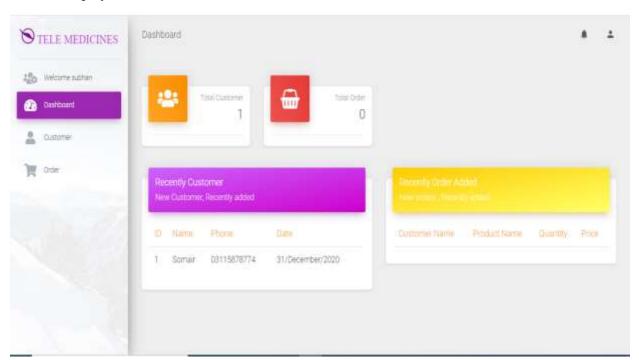


Screen: Analytics



3.3.2.2 Employee Module

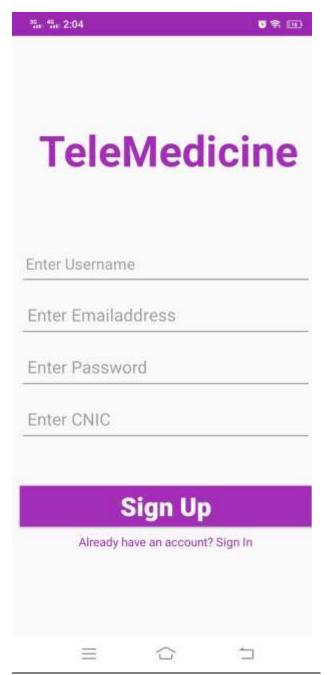
Screen: Employee Dashboard



Employee have only customer and order privilege.

3.3.2.3 Android App

Screen: Sign Up



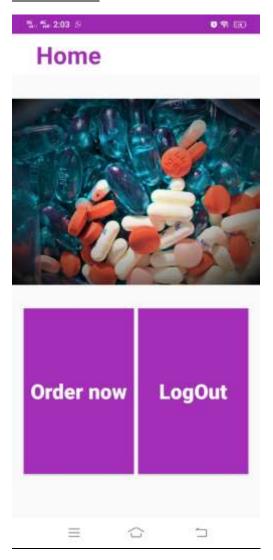
Screen: Sign In



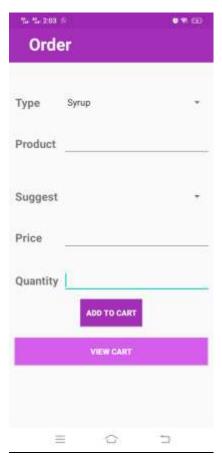
Screen: Forgot Password



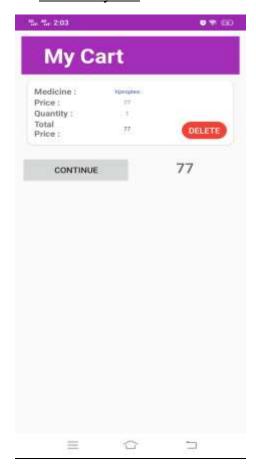
Screen: Home



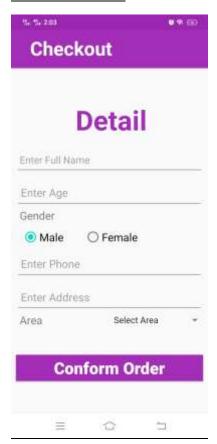
Screen: Order



Screen: My Cart



Screen: Check Out



Screen: Conformation



4 Conclusion

The entire duration of the project has been a considerable learning opportunity with unique challenges that we tried to face head-on and with as much enthusiasm as we can manage. The achievement of our stated goals has proved to be a culmination of an entire year's worth of learning new things and making mistakes, the end product is something which we are proud to present in front of the committee.

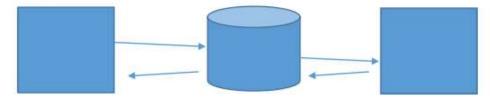
5 References

- https://stackoverflow.com/questions/51484261
- https://www.w3schools.com/python/ref_string_maketrans.asp
- https://github.com/datacamp/courses-introduction-to-python/blob/master/chapter2.md

• Others

6 Appendix A – Development Environment

Diagram for Understanding



Android app

firebase

Web App

Noted: This is the reason why we don't need api for connecting because we communicate firebase android app to firebase to web app, web app to fire base to android app

6.1 Operating Systems(s)

6.1.1 Windows

- Microsoft Windows is a progression of graphical interface working frameworks created, advertised, and sold by Microsoft
- Microsoft presented a working climate named Windows on November 20, 1985 as a graphical working framework shell for MS-DOS because of the developing revenue in graphical UIs (GUIs). Microsoft Windows came to overwhelm the world's PC market with more than 90% portion of the overall industry, surpassing Mac OS, which had been presented in 1984.
- As of April 2014, the latest adaptations of Windows for PCs, cell phones, worker PCs and implanted gadgets are separately Windows 8.1, Windows Phone 8.1.
- Developer Microsoft
- Version Windows 10
- Environment 64 Bit
- Website-windows.microsoft.com

6.2 Programming Language(s)

6.2.1 Python

Python is a broadly utilized universally useful, undeniable level programming language. It was made by Guido van Rossum in 1991 and

further created by the Python Software Foundation. It was planned with an accentuation on code meaningfulness, and its sentence structure permits software engineers to communicate their ideas in less lines of code. Python is a programming language that allows you to work rapidly and incorporate frameworks all the more productively.

Major Implementations: Flask Framework, Pycharm Python Language Paradigms:

Multi-paradigm: structured,imperative, object-oriented,event-driven, task-driven,functional, generic,reflective, concurrent

Developer& Designer- Microsoft

Appeared in -2000

Website - msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/aa288436(v=vs.71).aspx Also we use java script.

Language name which we use:

- Python
- Java script
- Html + Css

6.3 Programming Paradigm

6.3.1 Object-oriented programming

Object-oriented programming (OOP) is a programming worldview that addresses the idea of "objects" that have information fields (ascribes that portray the article) and related strategies known as techniques. Items, which are generally occasions of classes, are utilized to cooperate with each other to plan applications and PC programs.

6.3.2 Object-oriented analysis and design

Object-oriented analysis and design (OOAD) is a mainstream specialized way to deal with investigating, planning an application, framework, or business by applying the item situated worldview and visual demonstrating all through the advancement life cycles to cultivate better partner correspondence and item quality.

6.4 Communication and Leadership

6.4.1 Democratic Decentralized

The crucial delegation of power among group mates remains that power is equally distributed as well as the responsibility. We both had the veto power to decide upon the development processes and methodologies and the functions and modules were distributed while we worked separately on them with the consensus and co-operation of our partner. The power did not rest

with any one particular individual and overall it was a constructive and toand-fro development.

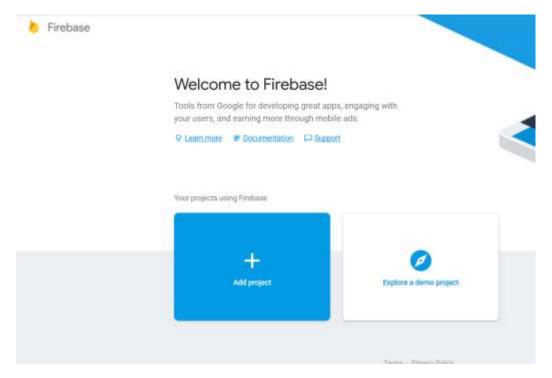
7 Appendix B – Tools and Software

Pycharm 2020.2.1

7.1 Pycharm

PyCharm is a coordinated improvement climate (IDE) utilized in PC programming, explicitly for the Python language. It is created by the Czech organization JetBrains. ... PyCharm is cross-stage, with Windows, macOS and Linux forms.

7.2 Firebase



Firebase is Google's versatile application advancement stage that helps you fabricate, improve, and become your application. Here it is again in greater letters, for sway: Firebase is Google's portable application advancement stage that helps you construct, improve, and become your application.

7.3 Android Studio

Android Studio is the authority coordinated improvement climate for Google's Android working framework, based on JetBrains' IntelliJ IDEA programming and planned explicitly for Android advancement.

8 Appendix C – Code 8.1 Web_Code

```
Email.py
#<---->
from Controller import Configure
import pyrebase
#<---->
# <----->
firebase = pyrebase.initialize_app(Configure.firebaseConfig)
auth = firebase.auth()
db = firebase.database()
storage = firebase.storage()
#<---->
def a(email1,password):
  admin session id = auth.create user with email and password(email1, password)
 data={
   "email":str(email1),
   "password":str(password)
  }
db.child('Admin').child(admin_session_id['localId']).push(data)
if __name__ == '__main__':
 a("admin",password="admin")
Login validation.pv
#<---->
from Controller import Configure
from Controller import libraries
#<---->
# <----->
firebase = libraries.pyrebase.initialize_app(Configure.firebaseConfig)
auth = firebase.auth()
db = firebase.database()
storage = firebase.storage()
#<----->
def Admin local id(local id):
 result=db.child("Admin").child(local_id).get().val()
 if result!=None:
   for d3,(key,value) in enumerate(result.items()):
     admin_id=key
admin_email=db.child("Admin").child(local_id).child(admin_id).get().val()
```

return admin id,admin email["email"]

```
else:
    return None
auth.py
from flask import render template, request, session, g, flash, Flask, redirect, url for
from Controller import Configure
import pyrebase
firebaseConfig = {
  "apiKey": "AIzaSyAAZSDa4A3ytc-QbeIYCV86QPzlexS2HOg",
  "authDomain": "telemedicines-123c0.firebaseapp.com",
  "databaseURL": "https://telemedicines-123c0.firebaseio.com",
  "projectId": "telemedicines-123c0",
  "storageBucket": "telemedicines-123c0.appspot.com",
  "messagingSenderId": "490806536805",
  "appId": "1:490806536805:web:73a3b462b3e52df8c5748c",
  "measurementId": "G-OPEMY0KWSO"
def connect_firebase():
# add a way to encrypt those, I'm a starter myself and don't know how
  username: "telemedicinefyp@gmail.com"
  password: "telemedicinefyp123"
  firebase = pyrebase.initialize app(firebaseConfig)
  auth = firebase.auth()
  #authenticate a user > descobrir como não deixar hardcoded
  user = auth.sign in with email and password(username, password)
  #user['idToken']
  # At pyrebase's git the author said the token expires every 1 hour, so it's needed to refresh
it
  user = auth.refresh(user['refreshToken'])
  #set database
  db = firebase.database()
  return db
Customer.py
from Controller import libraries
from Controller import Configure
firebase = libraries.pyrebase.initialize_app(Configure.firebaseConfig)
auth = firebase.auth()
db = firebase.database()
storage = firebase.storage()
def customer info(customer name,nic,phone number,age,gender,address,emp id):
    date=libraries.datetime.datetime.now()
    date=date.strftime("%d/%B/%Y")
    data={
       'customer name':str(customer name),
       'NIC':str(nic),
       'employee_id':None,
```

```
'phone_number':str(phone_number),
       'age':str(age),
       'gender':str(gender),
       'address':str(address),
       'date':str(date),
       'employees_id': str(emp_id)
    db.child('Customer').push(data)
    return True
  except:
    return False
def customer_id(customer_id):
    customer_id1=""
    for k, (key, value) in enumerate(customer_id.items()):
         customer_id1 = key
return customer id1
  except:
    return 1
def get_customer_information(customer_result,nic):
    customer name="""
    customer_nic="""
    phone=""
    address=""
    gender=""
    ages=""
    id="""
    for k, (key, value) in enumerate(customer_result.items()):
       if value["NIC"] == nic:
         customer_name = value["customer_name"]
         customer_nic = nic
         phone=value["phone_number"]
         address=value["address"]
         gender=value["gender"]
         ages=value["age"]
         id=key
    return customer_name,customer_nic,phone,address,gender,ages
  except:
    return False
def update_customer_data(user_data,nic,name,age,phone,address):
    for d2, (key, value) in enumerate(user_data.items()):
       if nic == value["NIC"]:
         data = {
            'customer_name': name,
```

```
'age': age,
            'NIC': nic,
            'phone number': phone,
            'address': address
          print("key ", key)
          db.child("Customer").child(key).update(data)
          return True
  except:
     return False
def get_customerid(customer_result,nic):
  try:
    cust id=""
     for k, (key, value) in enumerate(customer_result.items()):
       if value["NIC"] == nic:
         cust_id=key
     return cust id
  except:
     return False
def get_customer_order_information(customer_result,cust_id):
    order_id=""
    product_name="""
     price="""
     quantity=""
     totalbill=""
     record list=[]
     for k, (key, value) in enumerate(customer_result.items()):
       list=[]
       if value["Customer id"] == cust id:
          product_name = value["Product Name"]
          quantity=value["Quantity"]
          price=value["Price"]
          totalbill=value["Total bill"]
          list.append(product_name)
          list.append(quantity)
          list.append(price)
          list.append(totalbill)
          record_list.append(list)
     print(record list)
     return record_list
  except:
     return False
Order.py
from flask import render template, request, session, g, flash, Flask, redirect, url for
```

from Controller import Configure

```
import pyrebase
from datetime import datetime
firebase = pyrebase.initialize_app(Configure.firebaseConfig)
auth = firebase.auth()
db = firebase.database()
storage = firebase.storage()
def delete_temp_order():
  try:
    db.child("Temp_Order").remove()
    return True
  except:
    return False
#----Sorted date ho ri hey
def sorted_Expire_date(array):
  array.sort(key=lambda date: datetime.strptime(date, "%Y-%m-%d"))
  return array
def Order list(Order list):
  Product_list = []
  Order_list = Order_list.split(',')
  count = 0
  length = int(len(Order_list) / 3)
  for i in range(0, length):
    product = []
    for j in range(0, 3):
       product.append(Order_list[count])
       count = count + 1
    Product list.append(product)
  return Product_list,length
def order(product_id,quantity,prices):
  try:
    data={
       "product id":str(product_id),
       "quantity":str(quantity),
       "price":str(int(prices)*int(quantity))
    db.child('Temp_Order').push(data)
    return True
  except:
    return False
def Order info(customer id,employee id,total price,time,date,status):
  try:
    data={
       'Customer_id':str(customer_id),
       'Employee_id':str(employee_id),
       'Total_price':str(total_price),
       'Time':str(time),
```

```
'Date':str(date),
       'Status':str(status)
    print(data)
    db.child('Order').push(data)
    return True
  except:
    return False
     8.2 App_Code
SignUp.java
package com.example.telemedicine;
import androidx.annotation.NonNull;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
import android.content.Intent;
import android.content.pm.ActivityInfo;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.text.TextUtils;
import android.util.Patterns;
import android.view.View;
import android.widget.Button;
import android.widget.EditText;
import android.widget.TextView;
import android.widget.Toast;
import com.basgeekball.awesomevalidation.AwesomeValidation;
import com.basgeekball.awesomevalidation.ValidationStyle;
import com.basgeekball.awesomevalidation.utility.RegexTemplate;
import com.google.android.gms.tasks.OnCompleteListener;
import com.google.android.gms.tasks.Task;
import com.google.firebase.auth.AuthResult;
import com.google.firebase.auth.FirebaseAuth;
import com.google.firebase.database.DatabaseReference;
import com.google.firebase.database.FirebaseDatabase;
import com.kaopiz.kprogresshud.KProgressHUD;
import java.util.regex.Pattern;
public class SignUp extends AppCompatActivity {
  EditText txtusername, txtemail, txtpassword, txtcnic;
  Button btnsignup;
  TextView txtalredyhaveaccount;
  KProgressHUD hud;
  DatabaseReference databaseReference;
  FirebaseDatabase firebaseDatabase;
```

```
private FirebaseAuth firebaseAuth;
  Awesome Validation awesome Validation;
  @Override
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
    setContentView(R.layout.activity_sign_up);
    setRequestedOrientation(ActivityInfo.SCREEN_ORIENTATION_PORTRAIT);
    txtusername = findViewById(R.id.txtUsername);
    txtemail = findViewById(R.id.txtEmail);
    txtpassword = findViewById(R.id.txtPassword);
    txtcnic = findViewById(R.id.txtCnic);
    btnsignup = findViewById(R.id.btnSignup);
    txtalredyhaveaccount = findViewById(R.id.txtAlredyhaveaccount);
    databaseReference =
FirebaseDatabase.getInstance().getReference("OnlineCustomer");
    firebaseAuth = FirebaseAuth.getInstance();
    awesomeValidation = new AwesomeValidation(ValidationStyle.BASIC);
    //Validation Start
    awesomeValidation.addValidation(this,R.id.txtUsername,
         RegexTemplate.NOT_EMPTY,R.string.invalid_name);
    awesomeValidation.addValidation(this,R.id.txtEmail,
         Patterns. EMAIL_ADDRESS, R. string. invalid_email);
    awesomeValidation.addValidation(this,R.id.txtPassword,
         ".{6,}",R.string.invalid_password);
    awesomeValidation.addValidation(this,R.id.txtCnic,
         ''\\d{5}[-|]\\d{7}[-|]\\d'', R.string.invalid_cnic);
    txtalredyhaveaccount.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
       @Override
       public void onClick(View v) {
         startActivity(new Intent(getApplicationContext(),SignIn.class));
       }
    });
    btnsignup.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
       @Override
       public void onClick(View v) {
         final String username = txtusername.getText().toString().trim();
         final String email = txtemail.getText().toString().trim();
         String password = txtpassword.getText().toString().trim();
         final String cnic = txtcnic.getText().toString().trim();
         if(awesomeValidation.validate()){
```

```
firebaseAuth.createUserWithEmailAndPassword(email, password)
                .addOnCompleteListener(SignUp.this, new
OnCompleteListener<AuthResult>() {
                  @Override
                  public void onComplete(@NonNull Task<AuthResult> task) {if
(task.isSuccessful()) {
customer information = new customer(username,email,cnic);
FirebaseDatabase.getInstance().getReference("OnlineCustomer")
.child(FirebaseAuth.getInstance().getCurrentUser().getUid())
.setValue(information).addOnCompleteListener(new OnCompleteListener<Void>() {
@Override
public void onComplete(@NonNull Task<Void> task) {
hud = KProgressHUD.create(SignUp.this)
.setStyle(KProgressHUD.Style.SPIN_INDETERMINATE)
.setLabel("Please wait")
.setDetailsLabel("Account Created")
.setCancellable(true)
.setAnimationSpeed(2)
.setDimAmount(0.5f)
.show();
startActivity(new Intent(getApplicationContext(), SignIn.class));
                       });
                     } else {
                       Toast.makeText(SignUp.this, "Authentication Failed",
Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
                });
        }else{
    });
  }
  @Override
  public void onBackPressed() {
    super.onBackPressed();
    Intent i=new Intent(SignUp.this,SignIn.class);
    startActivity(i);
```

```
}
```

9 Appendix D – Team Members

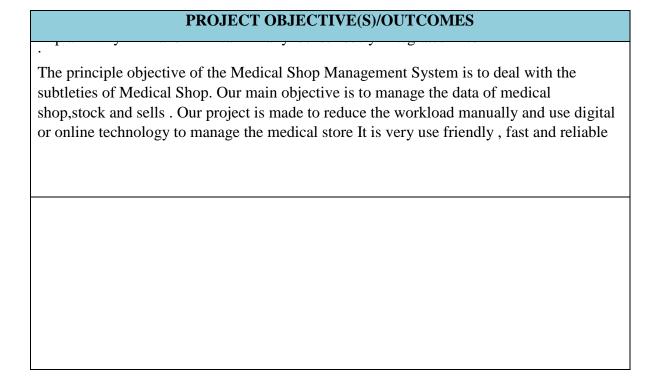
Subhan Hussain (September 9, 1999) I am a student of Bachelors of Computer Science and I am currently in the final semester at PAF-KIET. Have furnished my skills at the .NET framework using C# and also Python. Email: a03112343992@gmail.com

Sahar Saleem (November 14, 1998) I am a student of Bachelors of Computer Science and I am currently in the final semester at PAF-KIET. Have furnished my skills at the .NET framework using C# and also Python. Email: saharsaleem2017@gmail.com

10 Annexure I – Copy of Approved FYP Proposal

SEMESTER 8 TH		FALL 20	020	O YEAR 2020			2020-2021	
TITLE OF PROPOSED PROJECT								
	TeleMedicine							
Proj	ect Catego	ory (cho	oose one)	□ Produc	Product based Re			earch-based
SUPERVISOR INFORMATION								
Supe	ervisor Na	me:	(leave blank)			Organizatio	n/	(leave blank)
						Designation	ì	
Cont	tact No:		(leave blank)			email:		(leave blank)
STUDENT(S) INFORMATION								
S# Student ID				Name				
1	8684			SAHAI	SAHAR SALEEM			
Contact No: +923410339			10339879	email:	email: SAHARSALEEM2017@GMAIL.COM			
2	9315			SUBHA	SUBHAN HUSSAIN			
Contact No: +9234			98963727	email: <u>a03112343992@gmail.com</u>			com	
PROJECT AREA/TOOLS								
Tools Required: ANDROID S			STUDIO,	PYCH	AM			
Area/Specialization: AI								
Area/Specianzation.			4.11					
	SUMMARY OF PROPOSED PROJECT (MAXIMUM 300 WORDS)							
			•			•		able and easy to
use.	It provides	all the	information to	o the admi	n abou	t the inventor	v. It	will mange and

Our project TeleMedicine design for medical stores. It is very fast, reliable and easy to use. It provides all the information to the admin about the inventory. It will mange and control all the stock. our project convert the manual chemist inventory in to automated inventory system. It manage all the records in a very organized form Telemedicine is a web application to maintain all type of data and our android application will capable to sell medicine online. A user can order online. This idea will provide medicine in lockdown situation because it's a home-base delivery application.



FUNCTIONAL FEATURES

For FYP 1:

- 1. Web application
- 2. Medical store complete inventory maintains
- 3. Invoice
- 4. Complete detail of all medicine will display
- 5. It is also worth mentioning that this medicine is for a disease

For FYP 2:

- 6. If a Medicine is not available, then suggest another Medicine with same formula
- 7. Analytics perform on the bases of season, age, gender, area, etc, e.g. kis season mein kon c med zada sale ho rahi hay to is say pata chalay ga k kis season mein kon c bimari zada hoti hay
- 8. Online ordering through mobile app (only customer order)

For Proposal Defense Purpose

PROPOSED ADVISORY COMMITTEE				
S#	Faculty Name	Signature		
1	Nadeem qamar			
2	Abdul wahab			
3	Marks	6/10		
4				

FYP Committee

FYP COMMITTEE				
S#	Member(s) Name	Designation	Signature	
1	Syed Nabeel Ali (FYP Coordinator)	Lecturer		
2	Mr. Kashif Bashir (Head of the Department)	Asst. Professor		
3	Dr. Muhammad Khalid Khan (Director CoCIS)	Professor		
	Date	00/00/0000		

Jury remarks:

- Medical store ki poori inventory maintain ho ge
- Invoice banay ge
- Agar aik medicine available nahein hay , to us he formulae ki dusri medicine suggest ker day dusri company ki
- Analytics perform kernay hein

- With respect to season, age, gender, area, etc, e.g. kis season mein kon c med zada sale ho rahi hay to is say pata chalay ga k kis season mein kon c bimari zada hoti hay
- Purchaser jo medicine purchase ker raha hay wo medicine kin kin merz mein use ho sakti hay, ye mention ho
- Her medicine ki complete info bhi display ho
- Web + mob app
- Ye idea stds ka nahein hay, faculty ka idea hay laikin stds apni merzi say is idea per agree hein kaam kernay k liye

— Ye project live chalana hay warna saari requiments poooti honay k bawajood fail Kuch requirements medical store walay ki khud ki hon ge , wo bhi impelement kerni hein

11 Annexure II – Software Planning & Costing Planning

a. Milestones for Semester One

Week	Student Task
Meeting 1	Requirement gather
Meeting 2	Diagrams and Prototype on paper
Meeting 3	View of web
Meeting 4	Perform Order and create entire database
Meeting 5	Perform Supplier work, Stock
Meeting 6	Perform all operation

b. Milestones for Semester Two

Week	Student Task
Meeting 1	Gathering Live DataSet
Meeting 2	Perform Analytics
Meeting 3	View of Android App
Meeting 4	Perform Order and Insert data in database
Meeting 5	Testing
Meeting 6	Bug Removing and Testing

11.1 Hardware & Software Requirements

11.1.1 Hardware

- Android
- Tablet
- General PC

11.1.2 Software

- chrome
- Firefox

11.2 Costing

The project is expected to cost at least PKR 90,000

12 Annexure IV – Test Case Specifications

Tests Designed By: Subhan Hussain & Sahar Saleem

Tests Executed By: Subhan Hussain & Sahar Saleem

Test Case ID: 001

Test Priority: High

Test Title: Regression Testing

Pre-conditions: The software has been fully developed after new enhancements and updates

Test Steps Test data Expected Result Actual Result Staus (Pass/Fail)

- 1 Open Final Compilation Project Compile Successfully Compiled Successfully Pass
- 2 Compile
- 3 Debug

Post-conditions: The project is functioning adequately

Test Case ID: 002

Test Priority: High

Test Title: Scalability Testing

Pre-conditions: The GUI design for html5 and Smart Phone is complete

Test Steps Test data Expected Result Actual Result Staus (Pass/Fail)

- 1 Change Viewing Platform Project GUI remains intact GUI remained intact Pass
- 2 Load the project
- 3 Run the project

Post-conditions: The screen adjusted itself rather than distorting any images and View