DIP Assignment - 3.

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 $\bigcirc$  given g(x+1,y) + g(x-1,y)

For s(n+114) = center lies at (1,0) == it is a -ve axes

 $\frac{d^{+}}{d^{-}} = \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2$ so do modulo.

For S'(1-1)y) = at (1,0) . The ornel ~

- FFT equation. 15.

 $F\left(X(\omega,\omega)\right) = X(K,Y)$ 

 $\chi(m_1 \pi \pi)$ ) =  $\Lambda(m_1 \pi)$  =  $J_2 \pi k \pi$  - $J_2 \pi k \pi$  [from lecture  $\chi(K_1 k)$ ] =  $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \chi(m_1 m)$  e  $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \chi(m_1 m)$  e  $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \chi(m_1 m)$  e  $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \chi(m_1 m)$ 

 $f(x(n-1)0) = \sum \sum x(n-1)n = \frac{-j 2\pi(n-1)n}{n} = \frac{-j 2\pi(n-1)n}{n} = \frac{-j 2\pi(n-1)n}{n}$   $= \sum x(n-1)0) = \sum x(n-1)n = \frac{-j 2\pi(n-1)n}{n} = \frac{-j 2\pi(n-1)n}{n} = \frac{-j 2\pi(n-1)n}{n}$   $= \sum x(n-1)0 = \sum x(n-1)n = \frac{-j 2\pi(n-1)n}{n} = \frac{-j 2\pi(n-1)n}{n} = \frac{-j 2\pi(n-1)n}{n} = \frac{-j 2\pi(n-1)n}{n} = \frac{-j 2\pi(n-1)n}{n}$ 

 $f(x(n,0)) = \lambda(n,m) = \frac{-j 2\pi \cdot 0 \cdot m}{N}$   $= \lambda(n,m) = \frac{-j 2\pi \cdot 0 \cdot m}{N}$   $= \frac{-j 2\pi \cdot 0}{N}$ 

=f(8(n+1,4)+8(n-1,9))=2(n+1)+2(n+1)

 $F(\chi(K,L)) = \chi(n,m)e + \chi(n,m) = \frac{-j 2\pi \cdot o \cdot n}{N}$ At K, 1=0.

x(n,m).1+ n(n,m). 1

= 2. A(n)n)

 $F[X(K,L)] = a(n,m) e^{-j2\pi t} \frac{Mn}{2n} + a(n,m) e^{-j2\pi t} \frac{Mn}{2n}$ =  $\chi(n,m)$  e +  $\chi(n,m)$  e =  $\chi(n,m)$  e +  $\chi(n,m)$  e given the Highest Frequencies are at  $K = \frac{N}{2}$ ,  $l = \frac{m}{2}$ The fughest frequencies are

it is either =0 or =0

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i.e., band-pass filtering.

Low-pass biltering.

For N=odd; N=even = +0.

Tesuencies

Tesuencies

it varies.

[passes him frequencies] [rejects high frequencies]

given the image has a periodic horizontal lines ( referred online source).

To remove this horitontal lines, to Use Notch filters. which are helpful to remove these kind of noises.