

Medical Diagnosis System

A Project Report

submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirements

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by

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ABSTRACT

This project focuses on the detection of Parkinson's Disease using machine learning techniques. The primary objective is to develop a predictive model that can accurately classify individuals as either healthy or having Parkinson's Disease based on vocal features. The methodology involves data collection from a publicly available dataset, preprocessing the data, and applying a Support Vector Machine (SVM) model for classification. Key results indicate an accuracy score of approximately 87.18% on both training and test datasets, demonstrating the model's effectiveness. The conclusion emphasizes the potential of machine learning in early diagnosis and the importance of further research to enhance model accuracy and applicability in clinical settings.



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CHAPTER 1

Introduction

1.1 Problem Statement:

Parkinson's Disease is a progressive neurological disorder that affects movement. Early detection is crucial for effective management and treatment. This project addresses the challenge of accurately diagnosing Parkinson's Disease using vocal features, which can serve as non-invasive indicators.

1.2 Motivation:

The project was chosen due to the increasing prevalence of Parkinson's Disease and the potential for machine learning to assist in early diagnosis. The impact of this work could lead to improved patient outcomes and a better understanding of the disease.

1.3Objective:

The main objectives of the project are:

- To develop a machine learning model that can classify individuals as healthy or having Parkinson's Disease based on vocal features.
- To evaluate the model's performance and accuracy.

1.4Scope of the Project:

The project focuses on the analysis of vocal features from a specific dataset. Limitations include the reliance on the quality of the dataset and the need for further validation in clinical settings.





CHAPTER 2

Literature Survey

- 2.1 Review relevant literature or previous work in this domain. Previous studies have utilized various machine learning techniques for the detection of Parkinson's Disease, often focusing on different physiological signals
- 2.2 Mention any existing models, techniques, or methodologies related to the problem. Common methodologies include the use of SVM, Random Forest, and Neural Networks for classification tasks in medical diagnostics.
- 2.3 Highlight the gaps or limitations in existing solutions and how your project will address them.
 - Many existing models lack robustness and generalizability. This project aims to enhance model accuracy by utilizing a comprehensive dataset and optimizing feature selection.





CHAPTER 3 Proposed Methodology

3.1 **System Design**

Provide the diagram of your Proposed Solution and explain the diagram in detail.

Requirement Specification 3.2

Mention the tools and technologies required to implement the solution.

- 3.2.1 Hardware Requirements: Standard computing resources for model training.
- 3.2.2 Software Requirements: Python, Scikit-learn, Pandas, NumPy, Matplotlib.



CHAPTER 4

Implementation and Result

4.1 Snap Shots of Result:







4.2GitHub Link for Code: https://github.com/Subhankargit1/Medical-Diagnosis-System.git

CHAPTER 5

Discussion and Conclusion

5.1 Future Work:

Future work could involve exploring additional features, utilizing larger datasets, and implementing more complex models to improve accuracy.

5.2 Conclusion:

The project demonstrates the potential of machine learning in the early detection of Parkinson's Disease, contributing to the field of medical diagnostics.





REFERENCES

[1]. Ming-Hsuan Yang, David J. Kriegman, Narendra Ahuja, "Detecting Faces in Images: A Survey", IEEE Transactions on Pattern Analysis and Machine Intelligence, Volume. 24, No. 1, 2002.