

1) Program to Display All Prime Numbers from 1 to N

```
class PN {  
    static void prime_N(int N) {  
        int x, y, z;  
  
        System.out.println("All the Prime numbers within 1 and " + N + " are:");  
  
        for (x = 1; x <= N; x++) {  
            // Omit 0 and 1 as they are neither prime nor composite  
            if (x == 1 || x == 0)  
                continue;  
  
            // Using flag variable to check if x is prime or not  
            z = 1;  
  
            for (y = 2; y <= x / 2; ++y) {  
                if (x % y == 0) {  
                    z = 0;  
                    break;  
                }  
            }  
  
            if (z == 1) // If flag is 1 then x is prime but if flag is 0 then x is not prime  
                System.out.print(x + " ");  
        }  
    }  
  
    public static void main(String[] args)  
    {  
        int N = 45;  
  
        prime_N(N);    } }  

```

2) Program to Check Armstrong Number between Two Integers

```
import java.io.*;
import java.math.*;

class gfg {

    // Function to print Armstrong
    // Numbers between two integers
    static void ArmstrongNum(int l, int h)
    {
        for (int j = l + 1; j < h; ++j) {

            // Calculating number of digits
            int y = j;
            int N = 0;
            while (y != 0) {
                y /= 10;
                ++N;
            }

            // Calculating the sum of nth
            // power of all the digits
            int sum_power = 0;
            y = j;
            while (y != 0) {
                int d = y % 10;
                sum_power += Math.pow(d, N);
                y /= 10;
            }

            // Checking if the current number
            // i is equal to the sum of nth
            // power of all the digits
            if (sum_power == j)
                System.out.print(j + " ");
        }
    }

    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        int n1 = 50;
        int n2 = 500;
        ArmstrongNum(n1, n2);
        System.out.println();
    }
}
```

3) Program for factorial of a number

```
class fact {
    // Method to find factorial
    // of given number
    static int factorial(int n)
    {
        int res = 1, i;
        for (i = 2; i <= n; i++)
            res *= i;
        return res;
    }

    // main method
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        int num = 5;
        System.out.println("Factorial of " + num + " is "
            + factorial(5));
    }
}
```

4) Program for compound interest

Formula to calculate compound interest annually is given by:

$$\text{Compound Interest} = P(1 + R/100)^t$$

Where,

P is principal amount

R is the rate and

T is the time span

```
import java.io.*;
```

```
class ci
{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        double principal = 10000, rate = 10.25, time = 5;

        /* Calculate compound interest */
        double CI = principal *
            (Math.pow((1 + rate / 100), time));

        System.out.println("Compound Interest is "+ CI);
    }
}
```

5) Programs to print triangles using *

```
public class Main {  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
  
        int rows = 5;  
  
        for (int i = 1; i <= rows; ++i) {  
  
            for (int j = 1; j <= i; ++j) {  
  
                System.out.print("* ");  
  
            }  
  
            System.out.println();  
  
        }  
  
    }  
  
}
```

6) Program to Print Inverted half pyramid using *

```
public class Main {  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int rows = 5;  
  
        for (int i = rows; i >= 1; --i) {  
            for (int j = 1; j <= i; ++j) {  
                System.out.print("* ");  
            }  
            System.out.println();  
        }  
    }  
}
```

7) Program to Print Floyd's Triangle .

```
public class Main {
```

```

public static void main(String[] args) {

    int rows = 4, number = 1;

    for(int i = 1; i <= rows; i++) {

        for(int j = 1; j <= i; j++) {

            System.out.print(number + " ");

            ++number;

        }

        System.out.println();

    }

}

```

- 8) Java program for Method Overloading by Using Different Numbers of Arguments.

```

class multi {

    static int Multiply(int a, int b)
    {

        // Return product
        return a * b;

    }

    static int Multiply(int a, int b, int c)
    {

        // Return product
        return a * b * c;

    }

}

class hello {

    // Main driver method
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {

```

```

        // Calling method by passing
        // input as in arguments
        System.out.println(multi.Multiply(2, 4));
        System.out.println(multi.Multiply(2, 7, 3));
    }
}

```

9) Program for implementing interface.

```

interface Language {
    void getName(String name);
}

class ProgrammingLanguage implements Language {

    public void getName(String name) {
        System.out.println("Programming Language: " + name);
    }
}

class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        ProgrammingLanguage language = new ProgrammingLanguage();
        language.getName("Java");
    }
}

```

10) Program to implement Java Inheritance

```

class Animal {

    String name;

    public void eat() {

        System.out.println("I can eat");

    }
}

class Dog extends Animal {

    public void display() {

        System.out.println("My name is " + name);

    }
}

```

```
}
```

```
class Main {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        Dog labrador = new Dog();  
        labrador.name = "Rohu";  
        labrador.display();  
        labrador.eat();  
    }  
}
```

11) Program to implement Default Method in Java Interface

```
interface Polygon {  
    void getArea();  
  
    // default method  
    default void getSides() {  
        System.out.println("I can get sides of a polygon.");  
    }  
}
```

```
class Rectangle implements Polygon {  
    public void getArea() {  
        int length = 6;  
        int breadth = 5;
```

```

    int area = length * breadth;

    System.out.println("The area of the rectangle is " + area);
}

// overrides the getSides()
public void getSides() {
    System.out.println("I have 4 sides.");
}
}

// implements the interface
class Square implements Polygon {
    public void getArea() {
        int length = 5;
        int area = length * length;
        System.out.println("The area of the square is " + area);
    }
}

class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {

        // create an object of Rectangle
        Rectangle r1 = new Rectangle();

        r1.getArea();
        r1.getSides();
    }
}

```



```
// create an object of Square

Square s1 = new Square();

s1.getArea();

s1.getSides();

}

}
```

12) Program on packages.

```
package pack;

public class A
{
public void msg(){System.out.println("Hello");
}
}
```

```
package mypack;

import pack.*;
```

```
class B{

public static void main(String args[]){
A obj = new A();
obj.msg();
}
}
```