Compiler Design Lab (CS 306L)

Week 2: Symbol Table Implementation

- 1. A symbol table is an important data structure created and maintained by compilers in order to store information about the occurrence of various identifiers such as variable names, function names, objects, classes, interfaces, etc. The symbol table is used by both the analysis and the synthesis parts of a compiler. Symbol table can be implemented in one of the following ways:
 - Linear (sorted or unsorted) list
 - Binary Search Tree
 - Hash table
 - And other ways.

CODE:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#define HASH_TABLE_SIZE 100
struct Variable {
                  char
name[50]; char
data type[50];
                char
size[50]; char
dimensions[50];
                  char
address[50];
              struct
Variable* next;
};
```

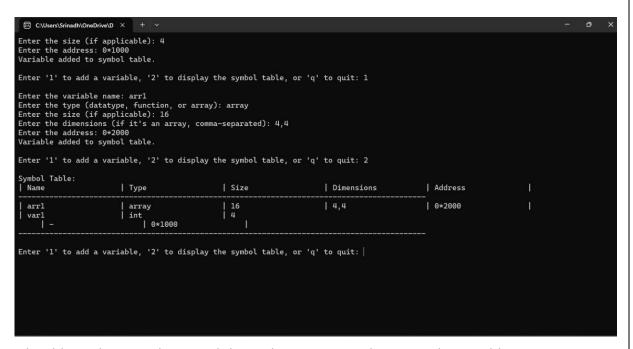
```
struct Variable* hash_table[HASH_TABLE_SIZE];
unsigned int hash(const char* name) {
unsigned int hash value = 0; while (*name)
      hash value = (hash value << 5) +
*name:
           name++;
  }
  return hash_value % HASH_TABLE_SIZE;
}
void add variable(char name[], char data type[], char size[], char dimensions[], char
address[]) {
             struct Variable* new variable = (struct Variable*)malloc(sizeof(struct
Variable));
            strcpy(new variable->name, name); strcpy(new variable-
>data_type, data_type); strcpy(new_variable->size, size); strcpy(new_variable-
>dimensions, dimensions); strcpy(new variable->address, address);
new variable->next = NULL;
  unsigned int index = hash(name); new variable-
>next = hash table[index]; hash table[index] =
new variable;
}
void display_symbol_table() {
printf("\nSymbol Table:\n");
  printf("| %-20s | %-20s | %-20s | %-20s | %-20s |\n", "Name", "Type", "Size",
"Dimensions", "Address");
  printf("-----\n");
for (int i = 0; i < HASH_TABLE_SIZE; i++) {
```

```
struct Variable* current = hash table[i];
                                              while
(current != NULL) {
                          printf("| %-20s | %-20s | %-
20s | %-20s | %-20s |\n",
          current->name, current->data type, current->size, current->dimensions, current-
>address);
                 current =
current->next;
     } printf("------
----\n"); }
             char choice; char name[50], data type[50], size[50],
int main() {
dimensions[50], address[50];
  while (1) {
                 printf("\nEnter '1' to add a variable, '2' to display the symbol table,
or 'q' to quit: ");
                scanf(" %c", &choice);
    switch (choice) {
       case '1':
         printf("\nEnter the variable name: "); scanf("%s", name);
                                                     scanf("%s",
printf("Enter the type (datatype, function, or array): ");
data type);
                    printf("Enter the size (if applicable): ");
scanf("%s", size);
                          if (strcmp(data type, "array") == 0) {
printf("Enter the dimensions (if it's an array, comma-separated): ");
scanf("%s", dimensions);
         } else {
           strcpy(dimensions, "-");
         printf("Enter the address: ");
scanf("%s", address);
```

```
add variable(name, data type, size, dimensions, address);
printf("Variable added to symbol table.\n");
         break;
       case
'2':
         display_symbol_table();
break;
       case
'q':
         for (int i = 0; i < HASH_TABLE_SIZE; i++) {
struct Variable* current = hash_table[i];
while (current != NULL) {
                                          struct
Variable* temp = current;
                                        current =
                             free(temp);
current->next;
            }
}
           return
0;
default:
         printf("Invalid choice. Try again.\n");
    }
```

OUTPUT:

Using Hash Table



Using Hash Table we have implemented this code First we need to enter the variable name, datatype, size, and address. If it is the Function we need to mention the dimension of the code.

Using LinkedList

CODE:

#include <stdio.h>

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>

struct Variable { char
name[50]; char
data_type[50]; char
size[50]; char
dimensions[50]; char
address[50]; struct
Variable* next;
};
```

```
struct Variable* head = NULL;
void add variable(char name[], char data type[], char size[], char dimensions[], char
address[]) { struct Variable* new variable = (struct Variable*)malloc(sizeof(struct
Variable)); strcpy(new variable->name, name); strcpy(new variable-
>data type, data type); strcpy(new variable->size, size); strcpy(new variable-
>dimensions, dimensions); strcpy(new_variable->address, address);
new variable->next = head; head = new variable;
}
void display symbol table() {
struct Variable* current = head;
printf("\nSymbol Table:\n");
 printf("| %-20s | %-20s | %-20s | %-20s | \n", "Name", "Type", "Size",
"Dimensions", "Address");
 printf("-----\n");
 while (current != NULL) { printf("| %-20s | %-20s |
%-20s | %-20s | %-20s |\n",
       current->name, current->data_type, current->size, current->dimensions,
current>address);
    current = current->next;
 }
 printf("-----\n"); }
int main() { char choice; char name[50], data type[50], size[50],
dimensions[50], address[50];
```

```
while (1) {
                 printf("\nEnter '1' to add a variable, '2' to display the symbol table, or
'q' to quit: ");
                  scanf(" %c", &choice);
    switch (choice) {
      case '1':
         printf("\nEnter the variable name: ");
scanf("%s", name);
                             printf("Enter the type (datatype,
function, or array): ");
                                scanf("%s", data_type);
printf("Enter the size (if applicable): ");
                                                scanf("%s",
              if(data type == "array"){
size);
               printf("Enter the dimensions (if it's an array, comma-separated): ");
scanf("%s", dimensions);
                              }
                              else{
                                      printf("-");
                              }
         printf("Enter the address: ");
         scanf("%s", address);
         add variable(name, data type, size, dimensions, address);
printf("Variable added to symbol table.\n");
         break;
      case '2':
         display_symbol_table();
         break;
      case 'q':
```

```
while (head != NULL) {
struct Variable* temp = head;
head = head->next;
free(temp);
    }
    return 0;

    default:
        printf("Invalid choice. Try again.\n");
    }
}
```

```
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Enter the type (datatype, function, or array): int
Enter the size (if applicable): 4
-Enter the address: 0*1000
Variable added to symbol table.
Enter '1' to add a variable, '2' to display the symbol table, or 'q' to quit: 1
Enter the variable name: arr1
Enter the type (datatype, function, or array): array
Enter the size (if applicable): 16
-Enter the address: 0*2000
Variable added to symbol table.
Enter '1' to add a variable, '2' to display the symbol table, or 'q' to quit: 2
 Symbol Table:
                                   | Type
                                                                     | Size
                                                                                                        | Dimensions
                                                                                                                                          Address
 | Name
  arr1
                                   | array
| int
                                                                                                                                             0*2000
                                                                                                                                             0*1000
 Enter '1' to add a variable, '2' to display the symbol table, or 'q' to quit: |
```

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