```
In [7]:
```

```
# IMPORTANT: RUN THIS CELL IN ORDER TO IMPORT YOUR KAGGLE DATA SOURCES
# TO THE CORRECT LOCATION (/kaggle/input) IN YOUR NOTEBOOK,
# THEN FEEL FREE TO DELETE THIS CELL.
# NOTE: THIS NOTEBOOK ENVIRONMENT DIFFERS FROM KAGGLE'S PYTHON
# ENVIRONMENT SO THERE MAY BE MISSING LIBRARIES USED BY YOUR
# NOTEBOOK.
import os
import sys
from tempfile import NamedTemporaryFile
from urllib.request import urlopen
from urllib.parse import unquote, urlparse
from urllib.error import HTTPError
from zipfile import ZipFile
import tarfile
import shutil
CHUNK SIZE = 40960
DATA SOURCE MAPPING = 'urecamain:https%3A%2F%2Fstorage.googleapis.com%2Fkaggle-data-sets%
2F685533%2F1202495%2Fbundle%2Farchive.zip%3FX-Goog-Algorithm%3DGOOG4-RSA-SHA256%26X-Goog-
Credential%3Dgcp-kaggle-com%2540kaggle-161607.iam.gserviceaccount.com%252F20240331%252Fau
to%252Fstorage%252Fgoog4 request%26X-Goog-Date%3D20240331T094739Z%26X-Goog-Expires%3D2592
00%26X-Goog-SignedHeaders%3Dhost%26X-Goog-Signature%3D1950b257d7db3e5ba7f18f6cfc32600b2fb
d7374725bb70456070193ad2f5aece3c95dcf0b7aa46911e9552e40dff151d259b0ae484c3c47921d5e52544b
ac0293a85e85cc6436dc076f43b27460550821865b235b3bfa04567def1a4c4333da02f1270a7fe74fb2c4ce9
62175eb9500f5a2c7a0c00f26872d037fd97ebf579261891d1f4ea2392ee7ca69aab478182a1346a3337b2911
0fb2bd71c8b0f959922206e3462050bcc74179bd3c313bba29dd7140351a99f482d7a5811b2d624a0841226e8
b3fbb90d85f34b871b54daa2cde6eec0fb6ca74a0654bb8accaabe77875aa78c522721a6b5687294bf8b2d735
1de1eb9faf8424bc77b2205672f7da67'
KAGGLE INPUT PATH='/kaggle/input'
KAGGLE WORKING PATH='/kaggle/working'
KAGGLE SYMLINK='kaggle'
!umount /kaggle/input/ 2> /dev/null
shutil.rmtree('/kaggle/input', ignore_errors=True)
os.makedirs(KAGGLE INPUT PATH, 0o777, exist ok=True)
os.makedirs(KAGGLE WORKING PATH, 00777, exist ok=True)
try:
 os.symlink(KAGGLE INPUT PATH, os.path.join("..", 'input'), target is directory=True)
except FileExistsError:
 pass
trv:
  os.symlink(KAGGLE WORKING PATH, os.path.join("..", 'working'), target is directory=Tru
except FileExistsError:
  pass
for data source mapping in DATA SOURCE MAPPING.split(','):
    directory, download url encoded = data source mapping.split(':')
    download url = unquote(download url encoded)
    filename = urlparse(download url).path
    destination path = os.path.join(KAGGLE INPUT PATH, directory)
        with urlopen (download url) as fileres, NamedTemporaryFile() as tfile:
            total length = fileres.headers['content-length']
            print(f'Downloading {directory}, {total length} bytes compressed')
            data = fileres.read(CHUNK SIZE)
            while len(data) > 0:
                dl += len(data)
                tfile.write(data)
                done = int(50 * dl / int(total length))
                sys.stdout.write(f''r[{'=' * done}{{' ' * (50-done)}}] {dl} bytes download
ed")
                sys.stdout.flush()
```

```
data = fileres.read(CHUNK_SIZE)
    if filename.endswith('.zip'):
        with ZipFile(tfile) as zfile:
            zfile.extractall(destination_path)
    else:
        with tarfile.open(tfile.name) as tarfile:
            tarfile.extractall(destination_path)
        print(f'\nDownloaded and uncompressed: {directory}')
    except HTTPError as e:
        print(f'Failed to load (likely expired) {download_url} to path {destination_path}

')
    continue
    except OSError as e:
        print(f'Failed to load {download_url} to path {destination_path}')
        continue

except OSError as e:
        print(f'Failed to load {download_url} to path {destination_path}')
        continue
```

Downloading urecamain, 101454621 bytes compressed [========] 101454621 bytes downloaded Downloaded and uncompressed: urecamain Data source import complete.

# In [8]:

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing import image
from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import RMSprop
import tensorflow as tf
import os
```

### In [ ]:

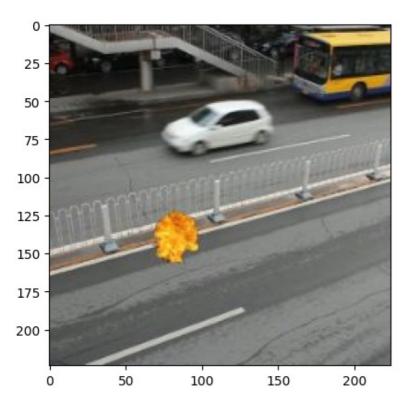
```
img = image.load_img(r'../input/urecamain/Train/Fire/SynDay1221.jpg')
```

### In [10]:

plt.imshow(img)

## Out[10]:

<matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7f511caefc70>



#### In [11]:

```
train = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1/255)
validation = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1/255)
In [12]:
train dataset = train.flow_from_directory(r'../input/urecamain/Train',target_size=(50,50)
),batch size=3,class mode='binary')
validation dataset = validation.flow from directory(r'../input/urecamain/Vali',target siz
e=(50,50), batch size=3, class mode='binary')
Found 6003 images belonging to 2 classes.
Found 2000 images belonging to 2 classes.
In [13]:
input shape = (50, 50, 3)
model = tf.keras.models.Sequential([
       tf.keras.layers.Conv2D(filters = 64,
                            kernel size = 3,
                             activation='relu',
                             input_shape=input_shape),
       tf.keras.layers.MaxPool2D(2),
       tf.keras.layers.Conv2D(filters= 64,
                            kernel size = 3,
                             activation='relu'),
       tf.keras.layers.MaxPool2D(2),
       tf.keras.layers.Conv2D(filters= 64,
                             kernel size = 3,
                             activation='relu'),
       tf.keras.layers.MaxPool2D(2),
       tf.keras.layers.Conv2D(filters= 64,
                            kernel size = 3,
                             activation='relu'),
       tf.keras.layers.MaxPool2D(2),
       tf.keras.layers.Flatten(),
       tf.keras.layers.Dropout(0.2),
       tf.keras.layers.Dense(1,activation='sigmoid')
In [14]:
model.compile(loss='binary crossentropy',optimizer = 'adam',metrics=['accuracy'])
In [ ]:
model fit = model.fit(train_dataset,epochs=18 ,validation_data=validation_dataset)
623 - val loss: 0.3595 - val accuracy: 0.8485
Epoch 2/18
589 - val loss: 0.3282 - val accuracy: 0.8470
```

Epoch 3/18

Epoch 4/18

Epoch 5/18

886 - val loss: 0.3444 - val accuracy: 0.8710

012 - val loss: 0.2718 - val accuracy: 0.8905

184 - val loss: 0.2841 - val accuracy: 0.9010

```
Epoch 6/18
269 - val loss: 0.2889 - val accuracy: 0.9085
Epoch 7/18
325 - val loss: 0.2479 - val accuracy: 0.9245
Epoch 8/18
442 - val loss: 0.2394 - val accuracy: 0.9180
Epoch 9/18
549 - val loss: 0.2808 - val accuracy: 0.9235
Epoch 10/18
589 - val loss: 0.3572 - val accuracy: 0.9020
Epoch 11/18
668 - val loss: 0.3907 - val accuracy: 0.9085
Epoch 12/18
635 - val loss: 0.2691 - val accuracy: 0.9220
Epoch 13/18
703 - val loss: 0.3653 - val accuracy: 0.9045
Epoch 14/\overline{18}
732 - val loss: 0.3350 - val accuracy: 0.9100
Epoch 15/18
777 - val
     loss: 0.5036 - val accuracy: 0.9160
Epoch 16/18
798 - val loss: 0.3927 - val accuracy: 0.9250
Epoch 17/18
830 - val loss: 0.4397 - val accuracy: 0.9255
In [ ]:
validation dataset.class indices
In [ ]:
dir path = r'../input/urecamain/Test/Non-Fire'
fire, nonfire = 0,0
for i in os.listdir(dir path):
  img = image.load img(dir path+'/'+i, target size=(50,50))
  X = image.img to array(img)
  X = np.expand dims(X,axis=0)
  images = np.vstack([X])
  val = model.predict(images)
  if val==0:
    fire+=1
    print(0,end=' ')
  else:
   nonfire+=1
    print(1,end=' ')
In [ ]:
print(fire, nonfire)
```

In [ ]:

fire, nonfire = 0,0

for i in os.listdir(dir path):

dir path = r'../input/urecamain/Test/Fire'

img = image.load img(dir path+'/'+i, target size=(50,50))

```
X = image.img_to_array(img)
X = np.expand_dims(X,axis=0)
images = np.vstack([X])
val = model.predict(images)
if val==0:
    fire+=1
    print(0,end=' ')
else:
    nonfire+=1
    print(1,end=' ')
In []:

print(fire,nonfire)
```

In [ ]: