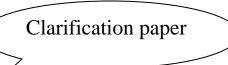


English Language

9th grade



Topic: To-infinitive

The to-infinitive is found in various sentence constructions.

1. To answer the question why? to indicate the purpose of something.

E.g. I went to Mexico to see my family.

2. After certain verbs. (would like, want, need, decide, hope, expert, plan, forget, seem, try, promise, offer, refuse, learn, manage, advise, ask, encourage, invite, order, persuade, remind, tell, warn, expect, intend).

E.g. I would like to play football.

3. After adjectives.

- E.g. She was happy to see him come home.
- E.g. It's difficult to learn a language.
- E.g. It's easy to solve this type of questions.

4. After question words (except why)

E.g. I don't know where to go and what to do.

5. After something, anywhere, anything, nowhere, etc....

- E.g. Is there anything to eat?
- E.g. There's nowhere to go at night.

6. After expressions with quantifiers (enough, too much, a lot, plenty of etc...)

- E.g. You have had enough time to solve the questions.
- E.g. I bought many oranges to make juice.
- E.g. There wasn't enough snow to ski.



