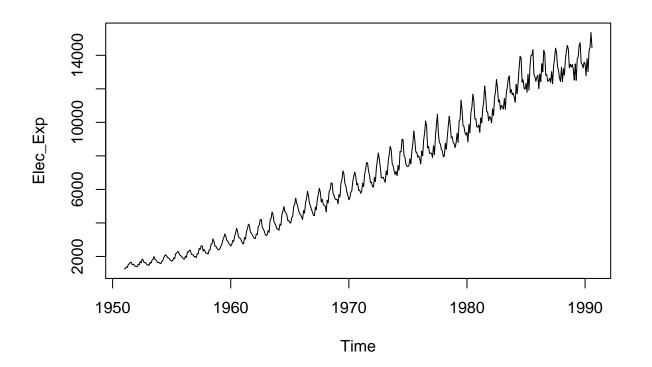
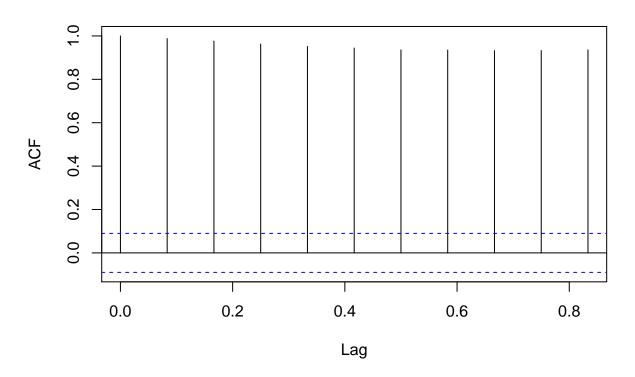
Forecast Monthly electricity expenditure

```
directory_req <- 'C:\\R_working\\'</pre>
knitr::opts_knit$set(root.dir = directory_req)
filename <- 'monthly_electricity.txt'
input_data <- read.table(file = filename, sep = " ", skip = 1, col.names = c('Elec_Exp'))</pre>
print(head(input_data,10))
      Elec_Exp
##
## 1
           1254
## 2
           1290
## 3
           1379
## 4
           1346
           1535
## 5
## 6
           1555
## 7
           1655
## 8
           1651
## 9
           1500
## 10
           1538
x \leftarrow ts (input_data, frequency = 12, start = c(1951,1), end = c(1990, 8))
plot(x)
```



Elec_Exp



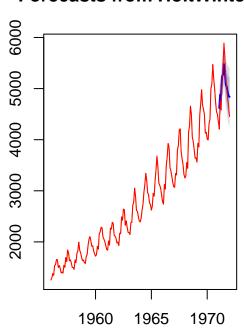
```
#pick arbitrary k (between 1960 and 1988)
k=1971
x_train <- ts (input_data, frequency = 12, start = c(1956), end = c(1971))
# predictions to be made for K+1 using holtwinters
# first range of alpha beta = 0.2,0.2, gamma = 0.1
x_fit<-HoltWinters(x_train,alpha = 0.2, beta = 0.2, gamma = 0.1,seasonal="additive")</pre>
# second range of alpha beta = 0.9,0.9, gamma = 0.1
x_fit1<-HoltWinters(x_train,alpha = 0.9, beta = 0.9, gamma = 0.1,seasonal="additive")</pre>
#plot of forecast versus actual time series
library("forecast")
## Loading required package: zoo
##
## Attaching package: 'zoo'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
       as.Date, as.Date.numeric
## Loading required package: timeDate
```

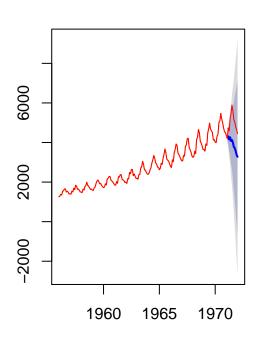
```
## This is forecast 7.3
par(mfrow=c(1,2))
plot(forecast(x_fit,h=12),type="l",col="orange")
lines(ts (input_data, frequency = 12, start = c(1956), end = c(k+1)),col="red")

plot(forecast(x_fit1,h=12),type="l",col="orange")
lines(ts (input_data, frequency = 12, start = c(1956), end = c(k+1)),col="red")
```

Forecasts from HoltWinters

Forecasts from HoltWinters





```
print(x_fit$$SE)

## [1] 4683232
print(x_fit1$SSE)

## [1] 3563559

#pick arbitrary k (between 1960 and 1988)
k=1988
x_train <- ts (input_data, frequency = 12, start = c(1956), end = c(1988))

# predictions to be made for K+1 using holtwinters
# first range of alpha beta = 0.2,0.2, gamma = 0.1

x_fit<-HoltWinters(x_train,alpha = 0.2, beta = 0.2, gamma = 0.1,seasonal="additive")

#plot of forecast versus actual time series</pre>
```

```
plot(forecast(x_fit,h=12),type="l",col="orange")
lines(ts (input_data, frequency = 12, start = c(1956), end = c(k+1)),col="red")
```

Forecasts from HoltWinters

