Object-Oriented Programming Concepts in CoinMarketCap API Implementation

- **1. Encapsulation:** Encapsulation involves bundling the data (attributes) and methods (functions) that operate on the data into a single unit called a class. In the CoinMarketCap API implementation:
 - The CoinMarketCap class encapsulates the functionality related to making requests, scraping data, processing data, and sending back JSON responses.
 - Each API endpoint (e.g., StartScraping, ScrapingStatus) is encapsulated within its own class, allowing for clear separation of concerns and modularity.
- **2. Abstraction:** Abstraction refers to hiding the complex implementation details and showing only the essential features of an object. In the CoinMarketCap API implementation:
 - The internal implementation details of data scraping and processing are abstracted away from the client.
 - Clients interact with the API endpoints (StartScraping, ScrapingStatus) without needing to know the intricacies of how the data is fetched and processed.
- **3. Inheritance:** Inheritance enables a class (subclass) to inherit properties and behavior from another class (superclass). In the CoinMarketCap API implementation:
 - Django's APIView class is inherited by StartScraping and ScrapingStatus classes to leverage its functionality for handling HTTP requests and responses.
 - Celery's shared_task decorator is used to create task functions (scrape_coin_data_task) that inherit from Celery's base task class, allowing for distributed task execution.
- **4. Polymorphism:** Polymorphism allows objects of different classes to be treated as objects of a common superclass. In the CoinMarketCap API implementation:
 - The StartScraping and ScrapingStatus classes override the post and get methods, respectively, of Django's APIView class to customize their behavior according to the specific API endpoints.
 - The scrape_coin_data_task function conforms to the signature expected by Celery's task decorator, enabling it to be executed asynchronously as a Celery task.
- **5. Composition:** Composition involves creating complex objects by combining simpler objects or components. In the CoinMarketCap API implementation:
 - Various components such as Django, Celery, requests, and BeautifulSoup are composed together to build a robust API for scraping cryptocurrency data from CoinMarketCap.
 - The scrape_coin_data function composes multiple components (e.g., requests for making HTTP requests, BeautifulSoup for parsing HTML) to scrape data from the CoinMarketCap website.
- **6. Encapsulation of Operations:** Encapsulation of operations involves bundling related operations together within a class. In the CoinMarketCap API implementation:
 - The CoinMarketCap class encapsulates all operations related to interacting with the CoinMarketCap website, including making requests, parsing HTML, processing data, and generating JSON responses.

- Each API endpoint class encapsulates the operations specific to that endpoint, promoting encapsulation and modular design.
- **7. Modularity:** Modularity refers to breaking down a system into smaller, independent modules or components. In the CoinMarketCap API implementation:
 - Each API endpoint (StartScraping, ScrapingStatus) is implemented as a separate module, promoting code organization and maintainability.
 - The tasks.py module contains task functions that are executed asynchronously using Celery, ensuring scalability and performance.
- **8. Separation of Concerns:** Separation of concerns involves dividing a system into distinct sections, each responsible for a specific aspect of functionality. In the CoinMarketCap API implementation:
 - The views.py module contains classes for handling HTTP requests and responses, while the tasks.py module handles asynchronous task execution.
 - The CoinMarketCap class encapsulates the logic for data scraping and processing, promoting separation of concerns and code reuse.

Overall, the CoinMarketCap API implementation follows object-oriented principles to achieve a modular, maintainable, and scalable design. By encapsulating functionality, abstracting implementation details, and promoting code reuse, the API provides a robust solution for scraping cryptocurrency data.