

# ***“SESSION – 5”***

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**Q]** Consider a set of N integers. Write a C function to find the maximum and minimum integer among them along with their positions.

## ALGORITHM

**STEP 1:** Start

**STEP 2:** Declare the Function ie sumofarray.

**STEP 3:** Take Integer values of min, max and i.

**STEP 4:** Run a For Loop ie (i=1;i<n;i++).


**STEP 5:** Run a If-Else statement ie if (min>a[i]) then initialize min=a[i] or if(max<a[i]) then initialize max=a[i].

**STEP 6:** Print Minimum of array and Maximum of array.

**STEP 7:** Print the statements ie Enter size of the array and enter elements in array.

**STEP 8:** In the main function call the function sumofarray

**STEP 9:** Stop.

main.c	Run	Output
<pre>1 #include &lt;stdio.h&gt; 2 int sumofarray(int a[],int n) 3 { 4     int min,max,i; 5     min=max=a[0]; 6     for(i=1; i&lt;n; i++) 7     { 8         if(min&gt;a[i]) 9             min=a[i]; 10        if(max&lt;a[i]) 11            max=a[i]; 12    } 13    printf("minimum of array is : %d",min); 14    printf("\nmaximum of array is : %d",max); 15 } 16 int main() 17 { 18     int a[1000],i,n,sum; 19     printf("Enter size of the array : "); 20     scanf("%d", &amp;n); 21     printf("Enter elements in array : "); 22     for(i=0; i&lt;n; i++) 23     { 24         scanf("%d",&amp;a[i]); 25     } 26     sumofarray(a,n); 27 }</pre>		<pre>/tmp/V8QLJ8tj0Y.o Enter size of the array : 5 Enter elements in array : 7 8 9 4 5 minimum of array is : 4 maximum of array is : 9</pre>

**Q]** Write a C program to calculate the weighted average of a list of 'n' numbers, using the formula:  $avg = f_1x_1 + f_2x_2 + \dots + f_nx_n$

### ALGORITHM

**STEP 1:** Start.

**STEP 2:** Take Integer values of n, i.

**STEP 3:** Take Float values of num[100], sum to 0.0 & avg.

**STEP 4:** Print the statement Enter the numbers of elements.

**STEP 5:** Run a While (n>100 || n<1) print the statements Error! And enter the number again.

**STEP 6:** Run a For Loop (i=0;i<n;i++) and print the statement Enter the number and print i+1.

**STEP 7:** Initialize sum+=num[i].

**STEP 8:** Calculate the average =sum/n and print avg.

**STEP 9:** Stop.

main.c	Run	Output
<pre>1  #include &lt;stdio.h&gt; 2  int main() { 3      int n, i; 4      float num[100], sum = 0.0, avg; 5 6      printf("Enter the numbers of elements: "); 7      scanf("%d", &amp;n); 8 9      while (n &gt; 100    n &lt; 1) { 10         printf("Error! number should in range of (1 to 100).\n"); 11         printf("Enter the number again: "); 12         scanf("%d", &amp;n); 13     } 14 15     for (i = 0; i &lt; n; ++i) { 16         printf("%d. Enter number: ", i + 1); 17         scanf("%f", &amp;num[i]); 18         sum += num[i]; 19     } 20 21     avg = sum / n; 22     printf("Average = %.2f", avg); 23     return 0; 24 } 25</pre>		<pre>/tmp/M1AxfzmLdf.o Enter the numbers of elements: 5 1. Enter number: 5.6 2. Enter number: 6.8 3. Enter number: 7.7 4. Enter number: 8.2 5. Enter number: 9.3 Average = 7.52</pre>

**Q]** Write a C program to create a 1dimensional array, input number from user and store in array.  
Print all numbers along with the occurrence.

### ALGORITHM

**STEP 1:** Start.

**STEP 2:** DEFINE AL to 5 as well as MAX to 5.

**STEP 3:** Under the main function take float value of N[AL]


**STEP 4:** Print the statement Input the 5 members of the array

**STEP 5:** Run a For Loop (i=0;i<AL;i++) and scanf (&N[i]).

**STEP 6:** Run again a For Loop (i=0;i<=AL;i++) and if N[i] is less than equal to MAX .

**STEP 7:** Then Print i and N[i] and return 0.

**STEP 8:** Stop.

main.c	Run	Output
<pre>1 #include &lt;stdio.h&gt; 2 #define AL 5 3 #define MAX 5 4 5 int main() { 6     float N[AL]; 7     int i; 8     printf("Input the 5 members of the array:\n"); 9     for(i = 0; i &lt; AL; i++) { 10         scanf("%f", &amp;N[i]); 11     } 12     for(i = 0; i &lt;= AL; i++) { 13         if(N[i] &lt;= MAX) { 14             printf("A[%d] = %.1f\n", i, N[i]); 15         } 16     } 17     return 0; 18 } 19</pre>		<pre>/tmp/IrBmLPtpnm.o Input the 5 members of the array: 1 2 3 4 5 A[0] = 1.0 A[1] = 2.0 A[2] = 3.0 A[3] = 4.0 A[4] = 5.0 A[5] = 0.0</pre>

**Q]** Write a C program to remove all duplicate elements in a one dimensional Array.

## ALGORITHM

**STEP 1:** Start.

**STEP 2:** In the main function, take integer values of arr[10], i, j, k and Size.

**STEP 3:** Print the statement Enter number of elements.

**STEP 4:** Run a For Loop, (i=0; i<Size; i++) and (j=i+1; j<Size; j++) and then run a if-else statement.

**STEP 5:** if(arr[i] == arr[j]) then arr[k] = arr[k+1].

**STEP 6:** Decrement Size—and j--.

**STEP 7:** Print the statement Final Array after Deleting Duplicate Array Elements.

**STEP 8:** Print arr[i].

**STEP 9:** Stop.

```
2  #include <stdio.h>
3  int main()
4  { int arr[10], i, j, k, Size;
5      printf("\n Please Enter Number of elements in an array : ");
6      scanf("%d", &Size);
7      printf("\n Please Enter %d elements of an Array \n", Size);
8      for (i = 0; i < Size; i++)
9      { scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
10     }
11     for (i = 0; i < Size; i++)
12     { for(j = i + 1; j < Size; j++)
13         { if(arr[i] == arr[j])
14             { for(k = j; k < Size; k++)
15                 { arr[k] = arr[k + 1];
16                 }
17                 Size--;
18                 j--;
19             }
20         }
21     }
22     printf("\n Final Array after Deleteing Duplicate Array Elements is:\n");
23     for (i = 0; i < Size; i++)
24     { printf("%d\t", arr[i]);
25     }
26     return 0; }
```

/tmp/IrBmLPtpnm.o

Please Enter Number of elements in an array : 5

Please Enter 5 elements of an Array

4 6 7 4 6

Final Array after Deleteing Duplicate Array Elements is:

4 6 7

**Q]**WACP to multiply two matrices and then find the Transpose of the resultant matrix: (a) without pointer.

## **ALGORITHM**

**STEP 1:** Start.

**STEP 2:** In the main function, take integer values of  $a[][]$ ,  $transpose[][]$ ,  $r, c$ .

**STEP 3:** Print the statement Enter rows and columns.

**STEP 4:** Run a For Loop,  $(i=0; i < r; i++)$  and  $(j=0; j < c; j++)$  thereby assigning elements to the matrix.

**STEP 5:** Now, Printing The Matrix  $a[][]$ .

**STEP 6:** Now, Compute the Transpose. i.e.  $transpose[j][i] = a[i][j]$ .

**STEP 7:** Print the Transpose of the Matrix.

**STEP 8:** Run Two For Loops i.e.  $(i=0; i < c; i++)$  and  $(j=0; j < r; j++)$ .

**STEP 9:** Print  $transpose[i][j]$  and check if  $(j == r-1)$ .

**STEP 10:** Stop.

main.c



Run

Output

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2
3 int main() {
4     int a[10][10], transpose[10][10], r, c;
5     printf("Enter rows and columns: ");
6     scanf("%d %d", &r, &c);
7
8     // assigning elements to the matrix
9     printf("\nEnter matrix elements:\n");
10    for (int i = 0; i < r; ++i)
11    for (int j = 0; j < c; ++j) {
12        printf("Enter element a%d%d: ", i + 1, j + 1);
13        scanf("%d", &a[i][j]);
14    }
15
16    // printing the matrix a[][]
17    printf("\nEnter matrix: \n");
18    for (int i = 0; i < r; ++i)
19    for (int j = 0; j < c; ++j) {
20        printf("%d ", a[i][j]);
21        if (j == c - 1)
22            printf("\n");
23    }
24
25    // computing the transpose
26    for (int i = 0; i < r; ++i)
27    for (int j = 0; j < c; ++j) {
28        transpose[j][i] = a[i][j];
29    }
```

/tmp/wof7p9tZpI.o  
Enter rows and columns: 2  
3

Enter matrix elements:  
Enter element a11: 1  
Enter element a12: 4  
Enter element a13: 0  
Enter element a21: -5  
Enter element a22: 3  
Enter element a23: 7  
Entered matrix:  
1 4 0  
-5 3 7

Transpose of the matrix:  
1 -5  
4 3  
0 7

```
30
31 // printing the transpose
32 printf("\nTranspose of the matrix:\n");
33 for (int i = 0; i < c; ++i)
34 for (int j = 0; j < r; ++j) {
35     printf("%d ", transpose[i][j]);
36     if (j == r - 1)
37         printf("\n");
38 }
39 return 0;
40 }
```

**Q]** Write a C Program to Print The Inverse Of A Matrix.

### ALGORITHM

**STEP 1:** Start.

**STEP 2:** In the main function, take integer values of `mat[3][3]`, `i` and `j` and take float for determinant.

**STEP 3:** Print the statement Enter elements of matrix row wise .

**STEP 4:** Run two For Loops `i` and `j` .

**STEP 5:** Now, Printing The statement Given Matrix is .

**STEP 6:** Now, Print `mat[i][j]`.

**STEP 7:** Now, finding the Determinant and print the value of determinant after calculating it.

**STEP 8:** Again Run the two For Loops and print `mat/determinant`.

**STEP 9:** Stop.

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 int main(){
3     int mat[3][3], i, j;
4     float determinant = 0;
5     printf("Enter elements of matrix row wise:\n");
6     for(i = 0; i < 3; i++){
7         for(j = 0; j < 3; j++){
8             scanf("%d", &mat[i][j]);
9         }
10        printf("\nGiven matrix is:");
11        for(i = 0; i < 3; i++){
12            printf("\n");
13            for(j = 0; j < 3; j++){
14                printf("%d\t", mat[i][j]);
15            }
16            //finding determinant
17            for(i = 0; i < 3; i++){
18                determinant = determinant + (mat[0][i] * (mat[1][(i+1)%3] * mat[2][(i+2)%3] -
19                    mat[1][(i+2)%3] * mat[2][(i+1)%3]));
20            }
21            printf("\n\ndeterminant: %f\n", determinant);
22            printf("\nInverse of matrix is: \n");
23            for(i = 0; i < 3; i++){
24                for(j = 0; j < 3; j++){
25                    printf("%.2f\t", ((mat[(j+1)%3][(i+1)%3] * mat[(j+2)%3][(i+2)%3]) - (mat[(j+1)
26                        ]%3][(i+2)%3] * mat[(j+2)%3][(i+1)%3]))/ determinant);
27                }
28                printf("\n");
29            }
30            return 0;
31        }
```

/tmp/IrBmLPtpnm.o  
Enter elements of matrix row wise:  
5 6 7  
9 8 4  
1 -7 6  
Given matrix is:  
5 6 7  
9 8 4  
1 -7 6  
  
determinant: -417.000000  
  
Inverse of matrix is:  
-0.18 0.20 0.08  
0.12 -0.06 -0.10  
0.17 -0.10 0.03



**Q]** Write a C program To store Names of some Authorized Persons of an organization. Develop a feature to control access of unauthorized person with their name.

## ALGORITHM

**STEP 1:** Start.

**STEP 2:** In the main function, take integer values of  $i, j, n$  and `char c[10][20]` and `temp[20]`.

**STEP 3:** Print the statement Enter number of strings as well as Print Enter the Strings.

**STEP 4:** Run a For Loop ( $i=0; i \leq n; i++$ ) and display `gets(c[i])` and `puts(c[i])`.

**STEP 5:** If (`strcmp(c[i], c[j]) > 0`) then display `strcpy(temp, c[i])`, `strcpy(c[i], c[j])` and `strcpy(c[j], temp)`.

**STEP 6:** Now, Print the Statement Sorted List is .

**STEP 7:** Now, run a For Loop ( $i=0; i \leq n; i++$ )

**STEP 8:** Print `c[i]`.

**STEP 9:** Stop.

main.c

```
1
2 #include<stdio.h>
3 #include<string.h>
4 int main()
5 { char c[10][20], temp[20];
6   int i, j, n;
7   printf("\nEnter number of strings: ");
8   scanf("%d", &n);
9   printf("\nEnter the strings: ");
10  for(i=0; i<=n; i++)
11  { gets(c[i]); }
12  puts(c[i]);
13  for(i=0; i<=n; i++)
14  { for(j=i+1; j<=n; j++)
15  { if(strcmp(c[i], c[j]) > 0)
16  { strcpy(temp, c[i]);
17    strcpy(c[i], c[j]);
18    strcpy(c[j], temp);
19  }
20  }
21  } printf("\nSorted list is:\n");
22  for(i=0; i<=n; i++)
23  printf("\n%s", c[i]);
24  return 0;
25 }
```



Run

Output

```
/tmp/z1TUYC3tB8.o
Enter number of strings: 3

Enter the strings: Suraj
Sam
Sub

Sorted list is:

Sam
Sub
Suraj
```

***THANK YOU***

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