



NAT

Network Address Translation



NAT is used in routers.

NAT translates a set of IP addresses to another set of IP addresses.

Network Address Translation



NAT helps preserve the limited amount of IPv4 public IP addresses.

IPv4 address

67 . 123 . 45 . 67

There are 4,294,967,296 public IPv4 addresses available.



Engineers developed private IP addresses and network address translation (NAT).



Two different types of IPv4 addresses.

Public

66 . 94 . 234 . 13

Publicly registered
on the internet.

Must have a public IP to
access the internet.

Private

10 . 0 . 0 . 1



Two different types of IPv4 addresses.

Public

66 . 94 . 234 . 13



Private

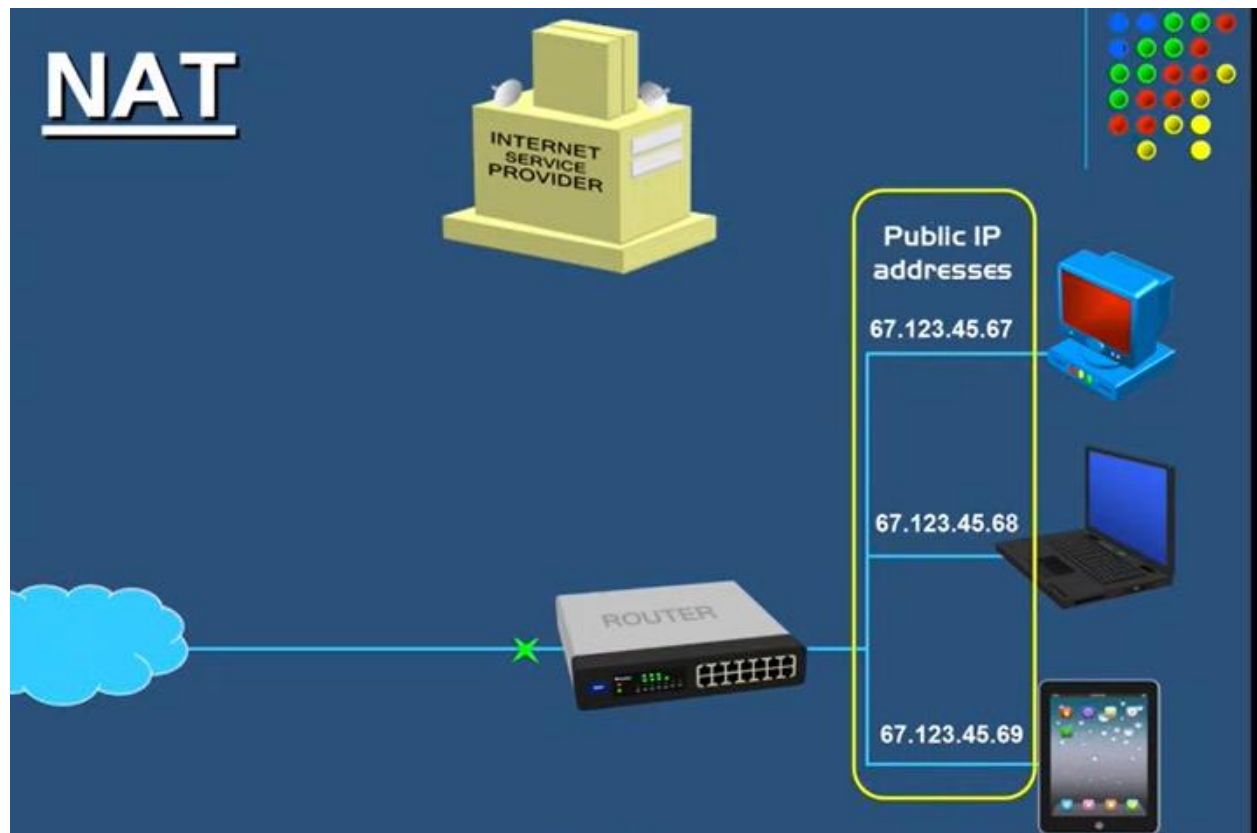
10 . 0 . 0 . 1

Not publicly registered.

Cannot directly access
the internet with a
private IP.

Only used internally.

NAT



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The private IP addresses will be translated by **NAT** to the public IP address.



67.123.45.67

10.0.0.3



PowerCert

NAT



NAT translates:

- Private to public
- Public to private



67.123.45.67

10.0.0.1



10.0.0.2



10.0.0.3



PowerCert

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In the future, we won't need NAT or private IP addresses.

New generation of IP address, called **IPv6**



76DC:4F59:34CF:71CD:9DC6:89CD:45D6:67A2

Every device will have its own public IP address.

Capable of producing over 340 undecillion IP addresses.

340,282,366,920,938,463,463,374,607,431,768,211,456