

## PADELEM:-

Public spaces such as libraries can offer a peaceful and productive environment for people to work and study. **Often, visitors go into public spaces trying to find available seats only to find out there are none.** This results in wasted time and frustration for the visitors.

## SOLUTION:-

It is important to be aware of the crowd levels and available seats in advance to avoid these inconveniences. An electronic device designed to indicate the number of available seats in a public space in real-time would be an innovative solution. This can help individuals plan their time more effectively and make the most out of their visit.

## MORKING PRINCIPLE:-

An IR human counter works on the principle of detecting human presence using infrared radiation. The device consists of an IR transmitter and an IR receiver placed at a certain distance from each other. When a person passes between the transmitter and the receiver, the IR radiation emitted by the transmitter is interrupted, causing a change in the output of the receiver. This change in output is detected by a microcontroller or a processor, which registers it as a count. The device can be programmed to count people entering and exiting a specific area and subtract the visitors from the available seats (the number of seats would have been programmed beforehand). It will then display available vacant seats in the public area. The device would feature an LCD display, which would show the number of seats available at any given time. Once all the seats are occupied, the LCD display would indicate a message displaying that the space is full.