

Assignment

VARIABLES, DATA TYPES, OPERATORS

1. Digit Sum Calculator Ask the user for a number and calculate the sum of its digits. Example: 753 → 7 + 5 + 3 = 15

```
num = input("Enter a number: ")
digit_sum = sum(int(d) for d in num)
print("Digit sum:", digit_sum)
```

2. Reverse a 3-digit Number Input a 3-digit number and print it reversed. Input: 123 → Output: 321

```
num = input("Enter a 3-digit number: ")
if len(num) == 3 and num.isdigit():
    print("Reversed:", num[::-1])
else:
    print("Please enter a valid 3-digit number.")
```

3. Unit Converter Build a converter that takes meters and converts to: centimeters

feet

inches

```
meters = float(input("Enter distance in meters: "))
print("Centimeters:", meters * 100)
print("Feet:", meters * 3.28084)
print("Inches:", meters * 39.3701)
```

4. Percentage Calculator Input marks of 5 subjects and calculate total, average, and percentage. Display grade based on the percentage.

```
marks = [float(input(f"Enter marks for subject {i+1}: ")) for i in range(5)]
total = sum(marks)
average = total / 5
percentage = (total / 500) * 100
```

```
print("Total:", total)
print("Average:", average)
print("Percentage:", percentage)
```

```
if percentage >= 90:
    grade = 'A'
elif percentage >= 75:
    grade = 'B'
elif percentage >= 60:
    grade = 'C'
elif percentage >= 50:
    grade = 'D'
else:
    grade = 'F'
```

```
print("Grade:", grade)
```

CONDITIONALS

5. Leap Year Checker A year is a leap year if it's divisible by 4 and (not divisible by 100 or divisible by 400).

```
year = int(input("Enter a year: "))
if (year % 4 == 0 and year % 100 != 0) or (year % 400 == 0):
    print("Leap year")
else:
    print("Not a leap year")
```

6. Simple Calculator Input two numbers and an operator (+ - * /) and perform the operation using if...elif...else .

```
a = float(input("Enter first number: "))
b = float(input("Enter second number: "))
op = input("Enter operator (+, -, *, /): ")
```

```
if op == '+':
    print("Result:", a + b)
elif op == '-':
    print("Result:", a - b)
elif op == '*':
    print("Result:", a * b)
elif op == '/':
    if b != 0:
        print("Result:", a / b)
    else:
        print("Cannot divide by zero")
else:
    print("Invalid operator")
```

7. Triangle Validator Given 3 side lengths, check whether they can form a valid triangle.

```
a = float(input("Enter side A: "))
b = float(input("Enter side B: "))
c = float(input("Enter side C: "))

if a + b > c and a + c > b and b + c > a:
    print("Valid triangle")
else:
    print("Not a valid triangle")
```

8. Bill Splitter with Tip Ask total bill amount, number of people, and tip percentage. Show final amount per person.

```
total = float(input("Enter total bill amount: "))
people = int(input("Number of people: "))
tip_percent = float(input("Tip percentage: "))

tip = total * (tip_percent / 100)
```

```
final_amount = total + tip
per_person = final_amount / people

print(f"Each person should pay: {per_person:.2f}")
```

LOOPS

9. Find All Prime Numbers Between 1 and 100 Use a nested loop to check divisibility.

```
for num in range(2, 101):
    is_prime = True
    for i in range(2, int(num**0.5)+1):
        if num % i == 0:
            is_prime = False
            break
    if is_prime:
        print(num, end=' ')
```

10. Palindrome Checker Ask for a string and check whether it reads the same backward.

```
text = input("Enter a string: ")
if text == text[::-1]:
    print("Palindrome")
else:
    print("Not a palindrome")
```

11. Fibonacci Series (First N Terms) Input n , and print first n terms of the Fibonacci sequence.

```
n = int(input("Enter how many terms: "))
a, b = 0, 1
for _ in range(n):
    print(a, end=' ')
    a, b = b, a + b
```

12. Multiplication Table (User Input) Take a number and print its table up to 10:

5 x 1 = 5

5 x 2 = 10

...

```
num = int(input("Enter a number: "))
```

```
for i in range(1, 11):
```

```
    print(f"{num} x {i} = {num*i}")
```

13. Number Guessing Game

Generate a random number between 1 to 100

Ask the user to guess

Give hints: "Too High", "Too Low"

Loop until the correct guess

```
import random
```

```
target = random.randint(1, 100)
```

```
guess = None
```

```
while guess != target:
```

```
    guess = int(input("Guess the number (1-100): "))
```

```
    if guess < target:
```

```
        print("Too low!")
```

```
    elif guess > target:
```

```
        print("Too high!")
```

```
    else:
```

```
        print("Correct!")
```

14. ATM Machine Simulation

Balance starts at

10,000

Menu: Deposit / Withdraw / Check Balance / Exit

Use a loop to keep asking

Use conditionals to handle choices

```
balance = 10000
```

```
while True:
```

```
    print("\n1. Deposit\n2. Withdraw\n3. Check Balance\n4. Exit")
```

```
    choice = input("Choose an option: ")
```

```
    if choice == '1':
```

```
        amt = float(input("Enter deposit amount: "))
```

```
        balance += amt
```

```
    elif choice == '2':
```

```
        amt = float(input("Enter withdrawal amount: "))
```

```
        if amt <= balance:
```

```
            balance -= amt
```

```
        else:
```

```
            print("Insufficient funds")
```

```
    elif choice == '3':
```

```
        print("Current balance:", balance)
```

```
    elif choice == '4':
```

```
        break
```

```
    else:
```

```
        print("Invalid option")
```

15. Password Strength Checker

Ask the user to enter a password

Check if it's at least 8 characters

Contains a number, a capital letter, and a symbol

```
import re
```

```
password = input("Enter a password: ")
```

```
if (len(password) >= 8 and
```

```
    re.search(r"\d", password) and
```

```
re.search(r"[A-Z]", password) and
re.search(r"[!@#$%^&*(),.\?\"':{}|<>]", password)):
    print("Strong password")
```

else:

```
    print("Weak password. Try again.")
```

16. Find GCD (Greatest Common Divisor)

Input two numbers

Use while loop or Euclidean algorithm

```
a = int(input("Enter first number: "))
```

```
b = int(input("Enter second number: "))
```

while b:

```
    a, b = b, a % b
```

```
print("GCD is", a)
```